

Okanagan Courier

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ENDERBY, B. C. THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1919.

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Greater Production of Wheat Urged for Okanagan Growers

Mr. A. C. Noakes, of Vancouver, spent the past week in the Armstrong-Enderby district. His mission was to buy wheat for the Victory Flour Mills, and he had many carloads lined up when the order-in-council came from Ottawa forbidding the buying and selling of wheat by anyone but the Canadian Wheat Board (recently appointed by Ottawa to handle the Canadian wheat crop.) When this order came through Mr. Noakes had to release the wheat contracted for.

SPALLUMCHEEN COUNCIL Funds for Trunk Roads - No Money for Postoffice Building at Armstrong This Year

The regular meeting of the Spallumcheen Municipal Council was held in the Municipal Hall on July 28, those present being Reeve W. H. Keary and Councilors Hassen, Henson and Somers. Communications were read from Pemberton & Sons and from Wood, Gundy Co., re interest coupons, in which it was stated that certain coupons had been returned unpaid, marked "no funds." The Reeve reported that the manager of the bank had given the Council a letter to the effect that there had always been ample funds and no coupons had ever been refused payment, also that the Council was trying to find out where the coupons had been refused. The Reeve read a reply to his letter to Hon. Martin Burrell, who stated that there was no ditch within their limits, and the Reeve and Clerk were authorized to instruct the municipal solicitor to prepare a by-law controlling the Deep Creek ditch within the limits of the municipality. The Clerk was instructed to funds available for a new post-office at Armstrong this year. Reeve Keary reported having met Dr. King and Dr. MacDonald in regard to work on the roads. They agreed to the original amount allotted to the municipality for the trunk road. J. W. Cross, Deep Creek commissioner, interviewed Council in reference to the dams and obstructions being placed in the ditch, stating that unless he can obtain support from the Council his hands are tied. It was moved by Coun. Hassen, seconded by Coun. Henson, and duly carried, that the Council request the Armstrong City Council, to pass a bylaw to govern the control of the water in Deep Creek ask Mr. Skelton's permission for the changes made in roads through his property and that in future any change in roads be referred to the Council and permission be obtained from the owner of the property before any change is made. Coun. Hassen reported that objections had been made to him in regard to hogs pasturing on lands on which Spring Creek runs, people below complained to use the water for domestic purposes. The Clerk was instructed to ask the solicitor what powers the city has in the matter. Mr. Fimple of the International Sales Co. interviewed the Council, asking for a refund of part of license fee charged and paid by him, stating that the fee was much higher than other municipalities. The Council could not see their way clear to make any change in the license fee. It was moved by Coun. Hassen, seconded by Coun. Somers, that the interest on taxes to the end of 1918 be rebated to all soldiers who served overseas with the C. E. F. who are rate-payers in the municipality, provided that all taxes are paid by October 15, 1919. Bylaws 221 and 223 were finally passed. Moved by Coun. Somers, seconded by Coun. Hassen, that the Reeve and Clerk be instructed to look into the matter of Bennett Creek ditch. The following accounts were passed by the finance committee and ordered paid: H. Swanson, \$176; R. E. Mitchell, \$54; D. Graham, R.O., \$10; T. W. Platten, \$5; H. H. Worthington, Del., \$4.20; A. Evans, \$3.50; Gus Schubert, \$105; J. Hodson, \$56; T. B. Scott, \$12; R. R. Berry, \$3.75;

Prussian bull. But what would the British do. They were just recovering from their bad reverses of the spring of 1918. Should they now fail, the outlook would be gloomy indeed. The world had not long to wait. On August 8 we went over the top with the gallant Canadians in the forefront. By September 9 it was known that the Huns were beaten. These are dates—and there are many there—that have been seared into our hearts as with a hot iron. Then followed rapidly the complete and overwhelming defeat of the enemy, followed by the armistice of November 11, 1918, the assembly of the Peace Conference in January, the signing of the peace terms by Germany on June 28, and the celebration throughout the Empire of Peace Day following the ratification of the Peace Treaty by the German Parliament on July 19, which day, owing to short notice, was not quite convenient for us here, so we assembled to give thanks to Almighty God for the victory He has granted us and the peace He has vouchsafed to us on this day. "What does peace mean to us? (1) Cessation of strife, with its consequent terrible loss of human life, with its loss of property, etc., with its loss of threatened loss of the 'golden rule' standpoint and the substitution in our hearts of a hatred that would have blotted out justice. (2) The honor of the British Empire has been maintained unscathed. (3) The right of the small nation to independent existence. (4) That right is stronger than might—the overthrow of a rampant, swaggering militarism. (5) The triumph of democracy. (6) And further, the Peace Treaty gives us the League of Nations, without which the terms of the Treaty of Peace could not be carried out.

Armstrong's Civic Peace Celebration

Sunday last was a day of thanksgiving and homage in Armstrong. The civic thanksgiving service, held at Recreation Park was attended by all citizens from town and country, and the services were most appropriately carried out and greatly enjoyed. The peace procession formed in line at the postoffice, and, headed by the city band, the Great War Veterans' Association, Forrester and Oddfellows, and joined by civilians afoot and in conveyances, marched to the grounds. As soon as all were assembled Mayor Wright read the formal summons to the people to engage in a service of thanksgiving for victory and peace. After alluding briefly to the epoch-making moment on June 28, when the treaty of peace was signed, Mayor Wright said: "Our Christian faith has taught us to regard the Supreme Being as the giver of all good, as the author or every noble endeavor and as the Great Exemplar of self-sacrifice and service. It is therefore fitting that on this day we should acclaim those who have shown forth His glory by deeds of arms, by service of mind or body, by faithfulness to hard duty, even to death. Let us, then, wholeheartedly pay our grateful homage to those brave souls who have won for the world the cause of humanity and peace and made possible in a League of Nations a higher development of the brotherhood of the human race. For those and all other benefits let us publicly and in all humble reverence ascribe all glory to Him who is the Sovereign Ruler of the world, our Captain and our God." Following hymnal singing by the congregation and Scripture readings by the Rev. J. Wesley Miller and the Rev. R. Rogg, Mr. B. S. Freeman delivered a stirring address. "Five years ago today" (August 3), said he, "Sir Edward Grey strengthened the heart of France by saying in the House of Commons that Great Britain would stand by her neighbor with all the might of her navy, etc., should Germany attack the northern or western coast of France. "Five years ago tomorrow during an interview between Sir Edward Goschen and the Chancellor of Germany the latter called the neutrality pact with Belgium 'a scrap of paper' and arrogantly asked if Britain had thought what it would cost to maintain that pact. At 11 p. m., August 4, 1914, Great Britain declared war against Germany. Five years ago, August 6, Mr. Asquith answered the question, 'What Are We Fighting For?' in the House of Commons. His answer was: (1) To maintain our honor by keeping our solemn promises; (2) To help the small nation to exist in independence. "So we entered the great war. So, like a knight of old, the British Empire put on her armor and, sword in hand, leaped into the fray, for the sake of honor, and for the sake of the weak and helpless. "High motives, indeed, worthy of a great victory and an enduring peace. "One year ago today the horizon was still dark. True, the Americans and French had stopped the last mad rush of the

are bad, or times are normal, it's all the same. They work hard. They keep plugging away; but they never get anywhere. They are not the people who have had misfortune or trouble, and they seem to have had steady work. What is the matter? They belong to the Noble and Antediluvian Order of the Shiftless. They never learned that 100 cents won't buy \$1.05 worth of goods, pleasure or indulgence. They never learned that if you spend a dollar and ten cents when you had only got a dollar and some credit that you owe ten cents and have mortgaged your credit. They are always asking favors. Always borrowing. Always hard up. They are not dishonest, or mean, or lazy, or anything, but just shiftless. "The Thrift Campaign is to teach people how to begin to save. It is not necessary to own \$100 to start saving. You don't even have to have \$10 to invest; \$1 will buy you gilt-edged Government security at 4 1/2 per cent. interest, compounded, and return you \$5 in every five years for every \$1, and believe me, the best of the big financiers say that \$5 saved will then will buy you what would cost you \$7 to \$8 today. But perhaps you can't spare \$1. Well, here's another proposition: Buy a 25c Thrift Stamp. Get a card with it. When you have saved sixteen of them the Government will give you a W. S. S. for them worth \$5. Now, will you make a start. Not much excuse for not doing it, is there? Start now. Don't be "Just Shiftless."

ENDERBY NOTES

Girls who eat onions during courtship are taking desperate chances. Mr. and Mrs. Percy Farmer, of Castlegar, B. C. are visiting Enderby for a few weeks. Miss Luella Oppertshauer is visiting her brother, and family, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Oppertshauer, of Enderby. Sergeant Harry Strickland paid a visit to his brother, Charles C., of Enderby, this week, leaving on Tuesday for New Denver. Mr. and Mrs. D. A. McLeod, of Squilax, B. C. visited Enderby on Wednesday on their way home from the Peace celebration. MARRIED—At Okanagan Centre, on August 5, Miss Bessie Jones, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jones, of Enderby, to Mr. William Garratt. Col. J. C. Hennicker recently had a new foundation put under his farm-house, near Enderby, and the building otherwise remodelled. He now has one of the most substantial homes in the district. Some improvements have been made to Mable Lake road this season, but visitors from Armstrong will declare much more work will have to be done to make the road passable with any degree of comfort. MARRIED—At Vernon, on August 4, Miss Fernella, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. Garratt, of Enderby, to Mr. Cliff Redman, of Winnipeg, Man. ing against overwhelming odds. As the Old Contemplatives they were unconquered and unconquerable, in captivity unbreakable in victory chivalrous; those who have brought a new glory to our race and passed on to us an imperishable tradition for our children—to our fighting men, officers of high and low command, men of all ranks and rating, the comrades of our navy, army and airmen, let us now pay our grateful homage in this hour of deliverance which their prowess has achieved. "And, lastly, to the dead: Let us pay homage to the glorious, the heroic dead, to those who passed in hours of bitterness and seeming defeat; who, while winning victory were not gladdened with its sight; to the dead who are worthy of all honors and of the gratitude of mankind; to the dead who lie in tended graves or rest unknown in foreign lands or upon the floors of the great ocean; to the dead who have given us victory and freedom and peace, and made a higher ideal of brotherhood and justice possible of realization; to the dead who are not dead, but live in the nearer presence of the Eternal God, where the ideals for which they fought and bled are the crowned realities, the very foundation of their life and blessedness."

Riders of the Purple Sage

Readers of Zane Grey's novels will be interested in the announcement that his most famous book, "Riders of the Purple Sage" has been pictured for the films and will be shown at the Enderby Theatre Tuesday, August 13, with William Farnum, the dynamic star, playing the part of Lassiter. The story has to do with several startling incidents that occurred in Utah in the early days of the Mormon settlement. Beginning with the abduction of a girl by one of the powerful dignitaries of the Mormon Church, the picture reveals the hunt of the girl's brother through the years for the man who wronged her, the tremendous power of the leaders of the cult over their followers, and the final accounting at the hands of Lassiter.

The Slavery of the Shiftless

There are people who and I know who never seem to bedevil off no matter what they earn. If times are good, or times

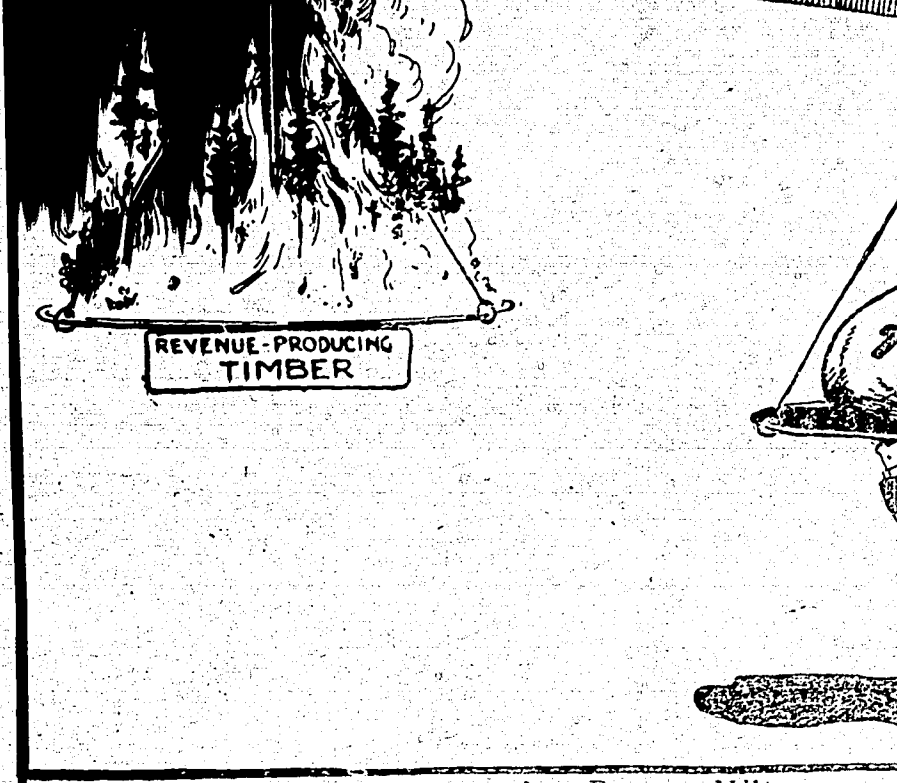
COAL SHORTAGE

Canada Is Sure to Experience Difficulty in Getting Supply from Mines to Consumers. Immediate action is urged by the Canadian Railway War Board in connection with next winter's supply of coal for Canada. "The impending shortage is real; the seriousness can not be exaggerated," said an official of the Canadian Railway War Board. "We are satisfied on that point, and the railways of Canada are themselves acting in accordance with the advice here given. Rumors that the coal famine talk from the United States is a scheme of the mine owners to bring about high prices are not borne out by the facts." A recent report by Fuel Controller McGrath alludes generally to the situation abroad as well as in Canada. He deals with the advance in the price of anthracite, saying that this had advanced in a marked manner, but that the advance, serious as it may be, is not so great, proportionately, as that in other items in the cost of living. That this increase in the cost of coal is not peculiar to Canada and hence, did not go into the pockets of the importers and dealers, is evidenced by the fact that the price advanced in the United States in proportion to the advance in Canada. Accepting 100 as a basis for comparison between different items, the price of coal advanced from 95 to 195, while wire nails advanced from 85 to 218; drugs and chemicals, 110 to 287; animals and meats, 115 to 350; grain and fodder, 115 to 317; groceries, 115 to 262; leather, 95 to 265; building materials, 105 to 267; woolens, 105 to 410; fish, 105 to 245; dairy products, 105 to 262. Advertisements have lately been appearing in the papers of the United States setting forth the situation with respect to the coal supply. These advertisements are issued by the National Coal Association, and it may be taken for granted that they represent the situation with reasonable accuracy. One advertisement draws attention to a chart, based on the United States Geological Survey report and shows the "perilous situation confronting coal consumers today." The advertisement says: "Production has been on the wrong side of the safety line since January. "Coal consumers have failed to buy for use during the coming fall and winter. Thus it has proved impossible to keep coal moving from the mines, and production in consequence has badly slumped. "Available mine labor has been reduced by the departure of miners to Europe. More than 40,000 already have arranged to leave. "Motive power and cars are waiting for coal transportation now. Soon the nation's great crops of grains and other products will congest the rails and

Peace Celebration at Vernon Attended by Huge Crowds

The citizens of Vernon spared no effort or expense in making the Peace Celebration of Monday and Tuesday a success, even to putting on traffic "cops" on Barnard avenue. Special trains were engaged for both days. These were well filled, and a string of automobiles, carrying their fires and sixes, lined the roads leading to Vernon from all directions. Armstrong and Enderby merchants closed their places of business Tuesday and all participated in the festivities of that day. The weather conditions were ideal. A light rain on Monday morning cooled the atmosphere and settled the dust. The parade and other outdoor events on Monday were of a high order. A banquet in the evening, set for a thousand guests, was followed by some fast boxing contests, which were witnessed by five or six hundred people. Tuesday's events consisted chiefly of baseball and football. In a hard-fought game of football, Vernon won from Kamloops, 1 to 0. Enderby lost to Vernon in the baseball game by a score of 2 to 7. It was not so bad a game as the score would indicate. Enderby several times having the bases full, but, failing in batting, didn't get their men home. Penticton won from Kelowna, the score standing 2 to 4. This put Penticton up against Vernon for the final game, and this proved one of the finest games of baseball ever seen on an Okanagan diamond. Had Black been in the box from the start of the game the score undoubtedly would have been in Vernon's favor; but, with Forrester pitching for Vernon, Penticton had a little the best of it. In the early part of the game Vernon scored twice and Penticton three times. Then both teams buckled down to tight playing and batters were shut out in one, two, three order. Few errors were made. The lacrosse game between Vernon and Armstrong was too much one-sided to be interesting. The Armstrong team played all around Vernon when any real playing was necessary. The score of 8 to 3 tells the story. An interesting exhibition of bucking and wild steer riding was given in the evening. Captain Hall gave several exhibition airplane flights, going through all the fancy diving and loops known to the profession.

GUARD AGAINST FIRE.



One Reason Why.

Copper's Melancholy

The origin of the celebrated hymn, "God Moves in a Mysterious Way. His Wonders to Perform" was a curious incident in the life of its author, William Cowper, the English poet. Cowper, a deeply religious man, was subject to attacks of the blackest melancholy. During one of these attacks he determined to end his life by throwing himself into the Thames River. He hired a cab to take him to the river, but a dense fog so confused the cabman that, after driving about for an hour, he admitted to his passenger that he was lost. Cowper, alighting from the cab in order to give the driver more careful directions for reaching the bridge, found that his wandering had brought him back to his own door. Strongly affected by what seemed to him almost a Divine interposition, Cowper dismissed the cab, hurried to his room and wrote his famous hymn.

A Place on a Hill

I have found a grassy garden on the summit of a hill. Where an old stump fence grows older in the sun. Where the grey pine trees are standing, very wise and very still, While they spread their thoughts to mellow in the sun. Where the wind crawls up the hill-side through the lawn, curving grass. And tumbles past the hill-crest into clouds: There's a place for learning secret words that very often pass. Between the quiet earth and friendly clouds. —H. E. Hoyt.

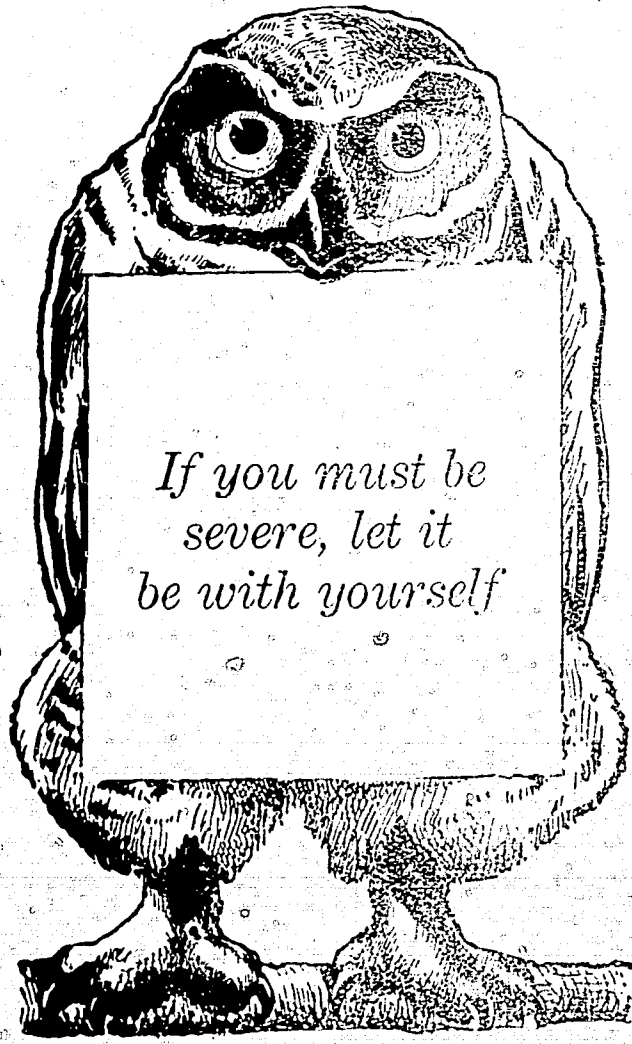
High Rate of Interest

"Edith is one of those girls whose interest in a man is governed by his wealth." "I see; the greater the principal the greater the interest." —Boston Transcript.

We are Better off in all ways not to have measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, etc., in childhood, just as we are better off not to have lost a finger, an eye or even a toe. Parents should be ever careful to protect their children in all known ways against every sickness.

Okanagan Commoner

In which is merged The Enderby Press and Walker's Weekly. Published every Thursday at Enderby, B. C., by The Walker Press, at per year: \$10.00 six months.



THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1919.

LOSING BIG INDUSTRY

Great Britain uses 160,000,000 pounds of tobacco a year. Here's a chance for British Columbia growers to get in on this. At present the United States supplies most of it. Perhaps there is no section in the Dominion of Canada where tobacco growing could be made as profitable as right here in the Okanagan. And yet how difficult it is to interest growers in the possibilities of the undertaking. No man has tried harder than Mr. L. Holman, of Kelowna, to encourage our growers to give tobacco growing a tryout. He made a success of it at Kelowna, and from tests made at Enderby and Armstrong and vicinity he is convinced that tobacco growing could be made as profitable here as at Kelowna. But Mr. Holman has received little encouragement to pay him for his effort. First, as the season opened, he offered tobacco seed to any grower who would plant it and care for the plants. Only a small number of growers took advantage of this offer. Then, later, he brought 1,500 tobacco plants to Enderby and Armstrong and offered them free of all cost to any one who would undertake to plant, care and harvest the crop. Several hundred of these plants were given out and were planted. How many are being cultivated and will be brought to maturity is problematical. Mr. Holman was in this district last week and visited at least one grower, where the tobacco plants had been planted. He found the ground overgrown with weeds and all the plants but three choked out. He felt that there will not be much progress in tobacco growing in this locality until our growers can be persuaded to take greater interest in the undertaking.

AN UNFORTUNATE CIRCUMSTANCE

It is unfortunate that Frank B. E. De Hart, of Kelowna, has been dismissed from the Provincial Land Settlement Board, as a result of the land deal recently exposed. Mr. De Hart is a "live wire." He is capable and experienced and should have made a valuable officer. It is a case of a good man being "used" by his friends, to his own downfall. A dispatch from Victoria under date of August 1 says: "By the passing of an order-in-council this morning Francis R. E. De Hart, of Kelowna, ceases to be a member of the board of directors of the Provincial Land Settlement Board. A telegram has been sent to him by the Minister of Agriculture advising him that His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor has approved of the order terminating from this date his connection with the board. "The government's action follows an investigation into the manner in which the Christian ranch was disposed of to the Land Settlement Board. "It has been the policy of the board to deal only with actual owners of land intended to be purchased. In this case information came to the government indicating that the Christian ranch was purchased from a third party on the recommendation of Mr. De Hart at a price considerably in advance of the figure at which the owners granted the option to the third party. In consequence of this procedure, which had been condoned by a member of the board, the Cabinet decided to dispense with the services of Mr. De Hart. It is stated, however, that the government investigation proved that Mr. De Hart did not benefit financially through the transaction which resulted in his dismissal."

PRACTICING BUSINESS

Retail store men in conference recently heard one of their number who had built up a big business in a small western town tell in a most convincing way of the secrets of his success. His name was Mann—just a plain, common sense, hard headed business man and merchant. He told how he started in a grocery business as a boy with \$1,600 capital, and the first week he opened up he had a fair sized advertisement in the local paper. "And I believe there has never been an issue of the paper from that time to this that our firm's name has not been advertised in," he said. Now the store he heads does a business of half a million dollars a year at retail, and he advertises more than ever, and says that with advertising he believes they can make the business run a million. Some of the advice he gave the assembled business men was: "First have something in the newspaper all the time. You say it is too much trouble to write the advertisements. Yes. But if

you spend a little time, even till midnight, to prepare some good advertising you will find it the biggest moneymaker you ever had. Have your salesmen talk advertising; study it, and back it up. Have your jobbers help you prepare advertisements. Take some jobbers' finely written and displayed advertising and apply it to your own business. Get them to print extra copies of their circulars and folders with your name on and send these out." And then he went on to impress those business men with the danger of not advertising, saying that the big mail order houses have lists of names by the millions; they know exactly in what communities they have the least competition, and they go after the business in those places where the business men do not advertise. And mark this further statement: "Eighty-four per cent. of the business failures are of non-advertisers. I beg of you to spend at least two per cent. of your gross sales in advertising, and back up this advertising properly and you will see wonderful results." Is there not a business sermon in this man's observations, since he is not connected in any way with newspapering, but has grown rich as he has grown gray in the mercantile business, and is counted one of the greatest business successses in the northwest?

DR. TOLMIE

It is good news to learn from Ottawa that Dr. S. F. Tolmie, of Victoria, has accepted the portfolio of Minister of Agriculture in the Dominion Cabinet. As has been said by another: "Tolmie" and "agriculture" in Canada have come to be accepted as almost synonymous terms. From Cape Breton to Vancouver Island the name of Dr. Simon Fraser Tolmie has now for some years been intimately associated with all branches of farming and the livestock industry. Besides being essentially a specialist and departmental man, he has successfully farmed on his own, and all his life has been devoted to Canada's principal business—the culture of the land and the production thereof. In addition to his stock farm on Vancouver Island Dr. Tolmie has a place on the river shore near Enderby, which has been managed by his nephew, Mr. Ed. Harrop.

Dr. Tolmie is a native son of British Columbia, having first seen the light of day at Cloverdale farm, near Victoria, January 25, 1867, the son of William Fraser and Jane Tolmie. He was educated at the public, collegiate and high schools at the provincial capital and at the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. But between the time of his school and veterinary studies Dr. Tolmie went through the farming "university of hard knocks" on the home farm, spending about seven years with his father and laying the foundation of his future work in practical details in every branch. He graduated in the Veterinary College in 1891, and practiced some time at Buffalo, N. Y., but the following year returned to Victoria and settled down to his profession for almost fifteen years.

The first public appointment of the new Minister of Agriculture was a provincial inspectorship under the contagious diseases of animals act, which post he resigned to take up duties for the Dominion government under the Department of Agriculture, which he performed for two years. He then became chief inspector, health of animals branch, and later was appointed representative of British Columbia for the Dominion Government Livestock Commission. Those two responsible positions he resigned in 1917 to accept nomination for Victoria as Unionist candidate in the coalition government.

Dr. Tolmie in 1891 married a daughter of Thomas K. Harrop, of Victoria, has two sons, one of whom served in the Royal Flying Corps, and two daughters.

GETTING BUSINESS

For a number of years this paper followed the practice common in most country weeklies of restricting its advertising columns to the use of the home merchant. Whether the home merchant spent \$5 a month on advertising in these columns or occasionally increased his space to double, or treble this amount, the newspaper was supposed to adhere religiously to the fixed policy of refusing to accept out-of-town business. Frequently we turned down advertising from out-of-town firms which would have meant eight or ten times the revenue to the newspaper that was coming from the local merchant. The result of this policy was not only detrimental to the newspaper but to the community as well, in that the newspaper's revenue would not pay for anything better than a little local "rag," which was not a credit to the publishers nor to the community. When the "Commoner" was started in Armstrong with the intention of making it a district newspaper the management determined to break away from the antiquated policy of refusing business from out-of-town firms. We felt it would be better for all concerned to place the newspaper on a business basis and sell what it had for sale—advertising space—to whomsoever wanted to buy.

For a time there was no local objection. Then we were informed by certain business men that they would no longer advertise in the home paper while it carried advertising for an out-of-town firm in their line of business. They desired a distinctly local paper, we were informed, and a restricted field. For this reason we changed back to the Armstrong "Advertiser" for Armstrong and continued the "Okanagan Commoner" for Enderby.

We sincerely desire to make these newspapers a credit to the district. We desire to make them as large and up-to-date as business will allow, and we sincerely desire the support of all in carrying out the policy inaugurated. We are not intending, however, to revert back to the fixed policy of the past. As a matter of principle, and in recognition of the rights of our subscribers, as well as the home merchant, we do not feel that we would be justified in so doing.

In this connection we would like to reproduce what "Printer and Publisher," a trade journal representing the newspapers of Canada, has to say on this point:

"Printer and Publisher" has several times taken the ground that it is a mistake for the papers to allow their field for drawing business to be narrowed down. Much worse is it to make a perpetual practice of warning—rather assuring—the merchants of the place that they are perfectly safe in your generous hands. In effect you lead them to believe that you are going to protect the field for them in so far as it is in your power to do so. They can advertise, but all the same they can feel—for you tell them so—that their territory is safe from invasion by outside competitors who might want to appeal to the dis-

Enderby Weather Report for Month of July, 1919

Table with columns: Date, Max, Min, Range, Rain, Pt. clear. Data for July 1-31, 1919.

B. C.'s Lumber Industry

"During the year 1918 the fluctuating demand caused by the emergency nature of all business was reflected in the lumber business of British Columbia; but the province during the last two or three years has obtained a footing which requires only sustained effort to secure for British Columbia lumber a market for at least 250,000,000 feet a year. The year 1918 saw the province most prominent in connection with the war, the total shipment and production of aeroplane spruce and fir from January to November, 1918, totalling 26,124,000 and 9,224,000 feet, respectively. The aggregate estimated value of lumber production for 1918 was \$54,162,523, against \$48,300,469 in 1917 and \$29,150,000 in 1915. The water-borne export of lumber from the province for 1918 totalled 88,069,029 feet, or more than 100 per cent. over 1917 or 1916; 17,024,536 feet went to China and 19,803,335 feet to Japan, as against 1,572,871 feet and 1,590,246 feet in 1917.—Trade and Commerce Bulletin.

trict through the perfectly legitimate manner of inserting their notice in your advertising columns.

"Publishers should beware of this ultra-loyal attitude to their own merchants. By all means treat fairly with them. Give them a reasonable amount of preference. If they are patronizing your paper sufficiently to give you a living, take the attitude that they are entitled to protection in their own field. But if you are in a place where miserable little contracts are doled out to you and where you are expected to take the most of these out-in-trade at the merchant's own price, then look out! "It is a mistaken idea that a paper is a sort of public institution subject to the dictation of every person who has occasion to spend a dollar or two with it every month. A newspaper, no matter whether it is a country weekly or a metropolitan daily, is a business proposition, as much as a foundry, a machine shop, or a general store. It is run in order that those men connected with it can make a decent living. Of course there is the other sense, which is generally recognized, viz., that part of its duty is to serve its community. The better it performs this function the better the living it will make.

"A paper has two sources of revenue—its circulation and its advertising. Do not say that it has its job-printing revenue, for it has not. The paper should stand on its own feet and not be an excuse for conducting a job printing establishment. The advertising is the large end of the business. The publisher has his white space to sell, and why should he be called upon to say that only those within a certain charmed circle can come along and buy what he has to sell, viz., his white space? Are any of his advertisers taking this attitude? Do they tell customers who happen to step in from outside this charmed circle that it will not be possible to take money from them or to do business with them? Certainly not. They generally are very pleased to find that they are getting business from a distance, and they take good care to treat this trade with a decided preference.

"Publishers looking to their own best interests should watch this condition carefully. They should never allow themselves to be jockeyed into the position where the merchants of the town can take it for granted that, whether they advertise or not, their field will have no appeal from outside merchants through the medium of the town paper."

STRIVES FOR THE BEST

The British Columbia Farmer, official organ of the United Farmers' of British Columbia, addresses its readers thus:

"Support our local newspaper. British Columbia is blessed with some of the best weeklies in Canada, and, generally speaking, local support seems to be forthcoming; but in some districts petty differences crop in to mar the good work that the newspaper can do.

"A good weekly newspaper is an asset to any district. It is the bureau of information for your district—and a mighty effective bureau it is, too. Support your local paper; with its weekly budget of local happenings every week it creates a fine community spirit, and community spirit helps a district to strive for everything that is best."

Special Reductions on all CANVAS FOOTWEAR

The big August sale of Summer Footwear commences on Thursday Morning. All lines are substantially reduced. Mail your orders today. All boots and shoes are sent by us prepaid. The following are a few of the many lines offered at big reduction:

- White Mary Janes for Ladies. Sizes, 3 to 6; reg. \$1.95 for \$1.19 pair; White Duck with rubber soles, low heel, ankle strap.
Tango Pumps for Ladies. Sizes, 3 to 7; reg. \$1.95 for \$1.19; White Canvas Pumps with brown rubber soles, low heel.
Outing Boots for Ladies and Misses. Ladies' sizes, 3 to 7; price \$2.75 for \$1.98; Misses' sizes, 11 to 2; reg. \$2.25 for \$1.60.
Extra high cut, strong White Duck Boots, White Rubber sole, with low heel, lace style. Excellent boot for holiday wear.

- Fairy Sandals for Children. Sizes, 6 to 10 1/2; reg. \$1.25 for 89c a pair; White Duck Canvas Sandals with White Rubber soles, in-step strap.
Brighton Mary Janes. Sizes, 6 to 10 1/2; reg. \$1.50 for \$1.05 a pair; Sizes, 11 to 2; reg. \$1.75 for \$1.20 a pair; White Duck with rubber soles and ankle strap.
Brown Canvas Boots for Ladies. Sizes, 2 1/2 to 7; reg. \$2.95 for \$2.39; Brown Canvas Balmorals, stitched rubber soles with low heel.

MAIL YOUR ORDERS IN. ALL CANVAS BOOTS WILL BE CHARGED AT ABOUT SALE PRICES.

The Hudson's Bay Company

Mail Order Department H. VERNON, B. C. British Columbia Interior Store. Canadian Food Control License No. 8-21018.

C. F. B. License No. 9-3409



If you havent tried our hams and bacon you have not tried the best GEO. R. SHARPE Wholesale and Retail Butcher Enderby

The best in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry is cheapest in the end: see us.

C. J. WHITEN

MANUFACTURING JEWELLER WATCHMAKER ENGRAVER Vernon, B. C.

We stock the Goods you need

now

- BINDER TWINE, 28c LB.
HAY CARS
HAY FORKS
HAY STEEL TRACK
REFRGERATORS AND OIL STOVES
ATLAS EASY SEAL FRUIT JARS

LET US KNOW YOUR REQUIREMENTS OR Mail them to us

Fulton Hardware

Enderby

CREAM

From June 13th

No. 1, 60c lb No. 2, 58c lb Butter Fat

at any shipping point in the Okanagan Valley.

A Farmers' Company. Financially sound. Payments for Cream made monthly. Deliver can to the railway company for dispatch to

Kelowna Creamery, Ltd.

Empty cans promptly returned.

"COMMONER" WANT ADS. ARE WINNERS. TRY ONE!

GUARD AGAINST FIRE



WHICH ROAD WILL YOU TAKE.

Are you going to do any Building or Repairing This Season?

THE FOLLOWING ARE GOOD VALUES:

- No. 4 Ceiling, Flooring and Siding... \$20.00 per M
No. 2 Dimension, 2x4 and 2x6... \$25.00 per M
16-inch Slab Green Wood... \$2.50 per load

OKANAGAN SAW MILLS, Ltd. ENDERBY

Do You Want Something Electrical

The Okanagan Electric

Vernon

We pay express to Armstrong and Enderby Agents for Northern Electric Farm Lighting Plants.

Is your subscription to the Commoner paid in advance?



Buy Paint NOW - and the BEST

Many people have allowed their homes to run down in appearance and are still putting off repainting thinking that paint will come down in price.



Even if paints were cheaper six or eight months hence, which is unlikely, because the supply of raw material has fixed the price far ahead and because thousands of house owners are exactly in your condition—bound to paint soon, remember that it is better to paint than repair. Your house can be painted more cheaply now than later.

B-H 'ENGLISH' 70% Pure White Lead (Brandram's Genuine B.H.) 30% Pure White Zinc 100% Pure Paint

And when you paint insist upon ordering the paint with a guarantee, B-H. "English." The paint that covers more and lasts longer.

'Save the surface and you save all' Paint & Varnish

Fulton Hardware Co., Ltd. Enderby's Service First Hardware Store

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON

ENDERBY CITY COUNCIL

Petition for Bylaw Compelling Saturday Night Closing Given Three Months' Hoist—Hydro-Electric Development

When the Enderby Council at its July meeting considered the petition received from Messrs. Teece & Son and others asking for the passage and enforcement of a bylaw compelling the closing of stores at 9 o'clock on Saturday nights, it was moved by Ald. Burnham and seconded by Ald. Collart: "That the petition be laid over for three months."

His Worship the Mayor reported that, with the other delegates, Ald. Collart and Mr. Oppertshausser, he had attended the convention held at Vernon on July 17 to further the scheme of hydro-electric development initiated by Mayor Clingan and others, and that the meeting had been of a highly representative and interesting character, a number of the men representing large interests, members of Parliament, engineers and others being present.

A letter was received from Mr. G. L. Williams, the surveyor appointed by the Hon. the Attorney-General to make the special survey now in course of completion, asking to be informed as to the earliest date that could be arranged for Court of Revision and stating that he could be in Enderby at any time after Aug. 10, but is anxious to have the matter attended to as soon as possible.

Decided to reply that the Council has endeavored to keep this matter in good shape during his absence on war service, but that they had no power to expedite the remaining procedure, which lay entirely between him and the government. Copy of Mr. Williams' letter to be forwarded to the Inspector of Legal Offices, his department being the one in charge of the matter.

An anonymous letter, signed "Ratepayer," was received, complaining that cattle and horses were at all times on the streets and that the writer was bothered with them and continually in suspense and would "hold the Council responsible for all damages." Constable Bailey, who was present, reported that in his opinion there was no ground for the complaint, as he patrolled the streets to a considerable extent and often to a very late hour and had not seen either cattle or horses. The few animals which had been impounded had been found near the centre of the town in daytime. The letter, being an anonymous one, could not be dealt with and was ordered filed.

The application for permission to install a gasoline pump, from Messrs. Jas. McMahon & Son, in front of their garage on the Vernon road, was granted. Constable Bailey reported that the hose on one of the reels was leaking in several places. In reply to a question from His Worship the Mayor, Mr. Bailey stated that the leaks were not at present very large ones, but he considered it his duty to report the fact of their existence. Decided to take no action for the present.

return the application fees paid by Messrs. Piper and Polson and to inform them that the municipal department would not, at the present time, allow the city to carry out the work. The Finance Committee recommended the payment of the following sums of money: H. F. Wilford, \$2.15; E. E. Harvey, \$15.50; A. C. Skaling, \$26.37; Canadian Municipal Journal Co., Ltd., \$15; Okanagan Saw Mills, Ltd., \$65.46; Okanagan Telephone Co., \$7.19; C. E. Dugdale, \$41.88; E. Sparrow, \$17; J. McMahon, \$10.75; C. Hawkins, \$4.50; City of Enderby, \$13.50; A. C. Skaling, \$11.50; G. A. Rands, \$2; Fulton Hardware Co., Ltd., \$5.25; A. C. Skaling, \$53.50; The Walker Press, \$69.30; A. M. Baird, \$52; Okanagan Commoner, \$1.25; A. Reeves, \$7.15; G. Rosoman, \$24.63; total, \$436.79.

For Great Britain and the United States are embarking upon the most colossal world competition in all history with the wrong kind of equipment. They are tackling world trade with the wrong tools. Two hundred and twelve nations and countries are doing business together under the simple, practical and universally understood metric system. Two nations are attempting to do business with the 212 under the old-fashioned, cumbersome, obsolete German system.

And the system they are using was discarded as worthless by Germany half a century ago! The two greatest (?) nations in the world are trying to do business with Germany's cast-offs! This, no doubt, is precisely as Germany had planned. Having tied a weight to the heels of her greatest trade adversaries, this cleverly cunning country removes her own weights and skims into world commerce on the wings of a system invented by an Englishman, James Watt, in 1783.

Think of the irony of it: An Englishman gives the world the logical, decimal system of measurement, which Germany adopts to her tremendous acceleration in commerce and power and enrichment by billions of dollars. In return Germany fastens upon the land of the Englishman to whom she owes so much the cumbersome jumble of quantity expression that is a terrible handicap to Great Britain in her world enterprises. And the real tragedy is this: The United States slavishly follows Britannia in her weights and measures and retains them, while all the rest of the world, except these two, adopts the decimal system, which everybody understands!

It is under this tremendous handicap that the United States enters world trade. In all her dealings with the Orient, with Oceania, with Latin America and the remainder of the world outside of British possessions this country must do business with two sets of measurements—the metric, to satisfy her customers; the German, to humor the obstinacy of her own manufacturers. But that obstinacy is calculated to cost those manufacturers tens of millions of dollars annually in lost time and lost orders.

Well Cared For "Mary, I hope you took good care of my animals while I was away?" "Indeed I did, mum; only once I forgot to feed the cat." "I hope she didn't suffer?" "Oh! No, indeed, mum; she ate the canny and the parrot!"

The Metric System A nation-wide movement is in progress in the United States for the adoption of the metric system of measurement. John H. Genie, financial editor of The San Francisco Bulletin, says of it: "The two stupidest nations! No! Not Russia and Germany. Not even Nigeria and Tumbuctoo. But Great Britain and the United States!" Now, what do you think about that? You don't believe it? They are the most enlightened nations? They are and they are not! In some things, yes. In one great vital essential of these vital times, no.

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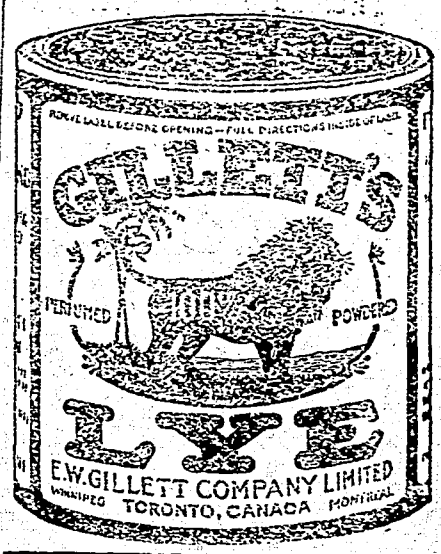
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An African frog sounds a call under water which can be heard for miles.

A. C. SKALING, B. A. Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. INSURANCE BELL, BLK. ENDERBY, B.C.

ENDERBY LODGE No. 88, K. of P. Meets 2nd & 4th Monday eve in Masonic Hall. Visitors daily invited to attend. O. R. STARR, G. C. H. M. WALKER, K. R. S. R. J. COLTART, M. F.

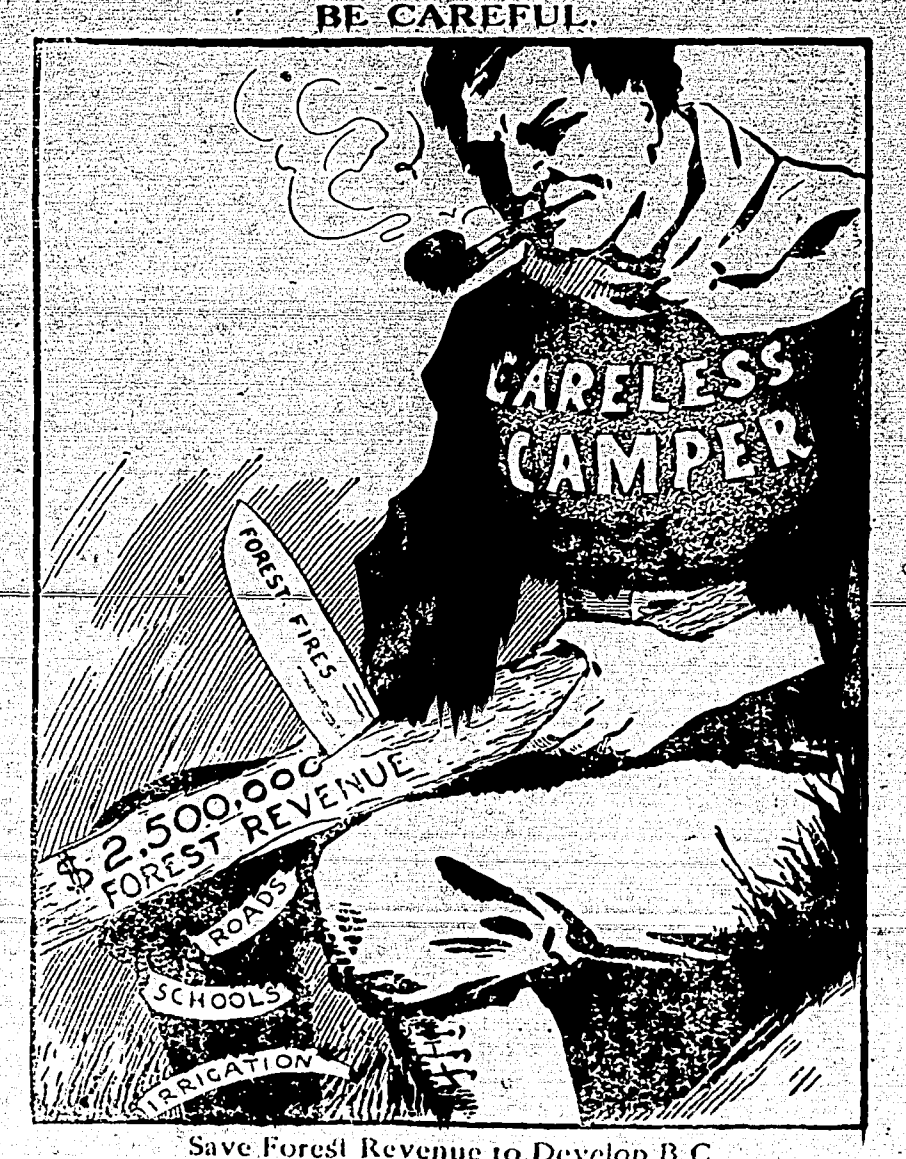
A.F. & A.M. Enderby Lodge No. 40 Regular meetings 1st & 3rd Thursday eve or after the full moon at 8 p.m. in Masonic Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited. S. H. STEWART, W. M. C. H. REVETT, Secretary

NOTICE TO CREDITORS In the matter of the Estate of James Wood, deceased.

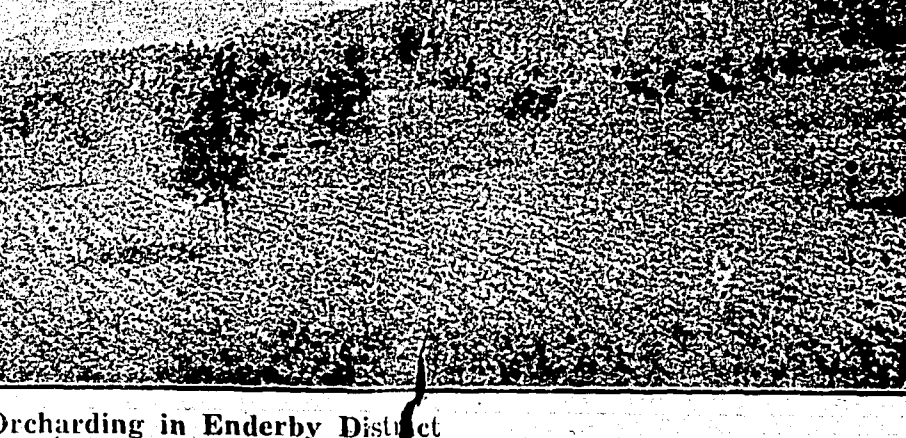
NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late James Wood, who died on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919, are required to send to A. C. Skaling, solicitor for the executors, Ann Priscilla Wood and John Charles Metcalfe, on or before the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1919, a full statement of their claims, and of any security held by them, duly verified by affidavit, and that after that date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only for the claims that have been duly filed with them; and all debts due to the said deceased are to be paid to the undersigned. Dated at Enderby, B.C., this 28th day of July, A. D. 1919. A. C. SKALING, Solicitor for the Executors.

Palace Livery Ed. Sparrow, Prop.

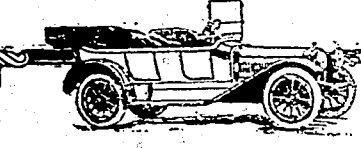
If you want a good driver, we have it. All kinds of light and heavy draying. Team work of all kinds. Harness repaired. Vernon Road Enderby



Save Forest Revenue to Develop B.C.



Orcharding in Enderby District



Gray Dort
The car of quality at a low price.

We are convinced the demand in Enderby and district will be for the better-class car. And we have anticipated this demand by taking the agency for the popular Gray Dort. If interested let us demonstrate to you the car's superior qualities.

Jas. McMahon & Son
New Garage - Vernon Rd.

New Garage
Now at your service

Tires, Tubes
General Accessories
Ford Parts & Repairs

Experienced in handling general
Auto repairing
All work guaranteed

Jas. McMahon & Son
Vernon Road Enderby

We carry a full line of cool refreshing drinks for hot weather such as lime, grape fruit, lemon, orange and apple cider juices.

Order your fruit jars now as we only have a limited supply on hand.
Tece & Son Enderby

Don't forget to take some

- TALCUM POWDER
- FACE CREAM
- BATHING CAPS
- WATER WINGS
- FILMS

On that Camping Trip

A. REEVES
Drugs and Stationery
Subscriptions taken for any magazine



MEET ME TO-NIGHT AT LEONARD'S BILLIARD PARLOR

Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc. Pipes and Pipe Tobaccos

Family Supply Store
MARA, B. C.

Having purchased the Wm. Elson stock and store, am now prepared to supply all requirements in family grocery supplies, dry goods and feed.

Burroughs' Adding Machines

402 Pender St. West Vancouver

Gossip mongers are saved many a step by the use of the convenient telephone.

Preparing Bees for Winter

According to F. W. Sladen, Dominion Apiarist, the preparation of the bees for winter should begin in July or early in August.

Every colony should have a young-laying queen before the end of this month. Year-old queens should only be retained if they are in full vigor. This means the raising of a large number of bees in August and September, and thus the first essential of good wintering—abundance of young bees in each hive—is fulfilled. A colony containing a young queen will also breed more bees and produce more honey in the following season than one containing an old queen.

If the bees are to be wintered out of doors July is none too early to see about getting the winter packing cases made, because the colonies should be placed in them in September. At the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, a case to hold four colonies in a block, with space for three inches of planer shavings at the sides and beneath, and eight inches on top, with outside entrances three-eighths of an inch wide by one inch high, has produced very good results in a place surrounded with a high board fence to protect the bees from wind.

The third and last important factor in preparing bees for winter is an abundance of wholesome stores, put away before cold weather. Clover honey, buckwheat honey, and syrup made from refined sugar have been found wholesome for wintering, but dandelion honey and some kinds of honey gathered in the fall have proved unwholesome. Colonies that have less of Canada. A ten-pound honey pail with a number of small holes punched in the lid makes a simple and efficient feeder for this purpose. It is placed upside down over the combs and covered with a super. Happily there are no restrictions controlling the sale of sugar this year, but it would be advisable to secure a sufficient supply in good time.

Thrill Inspiration

A member of the National War Savings Committee recently said:

"It is an inspiration to know that the war savings work, in both the United Kingdom and the Dominion is conducted with the high purpose of educating the public in the matter of thrift. This presents an almost insuperable difficulty, because there is no definite test as to the effectiveness of educational work. The education of the public is a very slow process. To educate your citizens and ours to save first and spend afterwards is an even slower process. Always there has to be faced that large group of men who are accustomed to ad-

judge undertakings on the basis of money return. In the thrift movement this cannot be done. One might as well endeavor to judge the value of a university by the earning powers of its students six months after graduation.

"And so your savings organization must see the road clear ahead and must keep to the roadway regardless of distracting forces. We must recognize that the world has never experienced such a need for capital as at present; that if capital is not secured we shall have a stifled industry and the evil results of unemployment; that if capital is secured it must come from one or another of two sources, namely, from credit inflation or from savings; that if credit inflation continues we shall have a continuously mounting cost of living, with its dangerous consequences.

"Thus, it is manifest that there is only one safe course before us, namely, to increase the capital of the world by widening the margin between production and consumption, that is, by increasing the sum total of saving. If I did not believe this to be the most important undertaking before the people of our nation, I should consider this work not worthy of my own efforts nor the efforts of those thousands of others who are associated with this movement."

GRINDROD NOTES

Mr. H. Johnson was in Grindrod on business last week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Wells were visitors to Armstrong this week.

The recent showers have done a lot of good to the grain crops, although they were very late in coming.

Mr. A. Turner, who has been visiting friends here for a few weeks, has returned to his home at Armstrong.

Haying in the district is now over. Despite the dry weather the crops were exceedingly good.

On Mr. Wier's farm as much as three tons to the acre was harvested, and on Mr. Blackburn's place one of the best crops in the Okanagan Valley was taken in. A man from the prairie who has settled here said that the district was wonderful. If the drought we had here had been on the prairie there wouldn't have been any crop at all. There is no irrigation needed here.

GRANDVIEW BENCH NOTES

J. Tomkinson saw three fine bears the other day.

Lawson Strouger returned on Saturday from a visit to Vernon.

Miss Lena Krebs spent the week-end with her parents at Canoe Creek.

Miss M. McSherry is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jim Lidstone, of Grandview Bench.

Wm. Tomkinson has bought a portion of the F. Dysart place on the Grand View Bench.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I have disposed of my merchandise business at Mara to N. Pavlos, and I bespeak for him a continuance of the patronage I have been favored with. I will liquidate and collect all accounts.
WM. ELSON, Mara, B.C.
July 20th 1919.

ARMSTRONG NEWS

Mrs. W. Carson, of Vancouver is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Noble.

Dr. Sumner returned on Monday from his trip to Seattle and other coast cities.

Mrs. G. Schubert, jr. returned last week from Grand Forks, where she has been visiting her parents.

Mr. D. N. Ferguson received a wire on Saturday stating that his mother had died on Friday night at Lacombe, Alta.

The regular meeting of the G. W. V. A. has been postponed from August 4 to August 11. A full attendance is desired.

Miss H. Schubert left on Thursday for Calgary, where she will enter the Holy Cross Hospital to study to be a nurse.

Miss Jean Murray returned from Vancouver on Friday, and will stop with her parents for a short time before taking up her duties in Vernon.

Some 500 men are now at work on the new Kamloops-Kelowna branch of the Canadian National Railways, half of whom are encamped close to Armstrong.

Mr. W. Sawyer has installed an electric machine which pops corn and roasts peanuts automatically. It is enclosed in glass so that patrons can see the whole operation from the time the corn falls from the bin into the popper on to the trough where it is buttered and from there into the bags and cartons.

Mr. Holman says it is about time tobacco plants grown in this district should be "topped." He adds that from twelve to fifteen leaves should be left on each stalk, no more. He will return to Armstrong and Enderby about August 20, when he will be pleased to give any grower such information as is required to bring the plants to the curing stage.

Woes of Small Women

A certain actress of New York who is much in the public eye of late has given voice to a plaint on behalf of those who are small of stature. She says:

"Small women are never taken seriously. Even the servants don't take her seriously. They think she is too little to have a servant and too little to boss the household, so they think they must run the house.

"A small woman may be a genius of finance, but no one believes it. They think she is too little to handle much money or to know how to invest or take care of it.

"Dignity and small women seem to most people an incongruous combination. Especially in Europe no small woman is considered beautiful. She can't even be cute, for there is no word that corresponds to 'cute' in foreign languages. That is a blessed American euphemism. If she tries to sell things or work seriously at charity bazaars or any such function men are much more apt to chuck her under the chin than they would a tall, stately woman.

"The most important parts on the stage can't be played by a very little woman. In order to become a big star the little woman has many handicaps to overcome.

"All little women love big hats but are told they are too short to wear them. So the milliner sells them little hats that they never like and think unbecoming.

"I can drive a motor car as well as any big woman, but I can't be seen behind the wheel, as the policeman stops the car to find out who the youngster is that is running away with the car. Also it's harder to see a chicken or dog over the hood.

"I might be a good tennis player, but can't reach the high balls, and couldn't hold many if I could reach them.

"I enjoy riding horseback, but everybody thinks I should ride a Shetland pony.

"I must stand for all insults regarding my size. I am too little to fight.

"When I go up to a railroad ticket office to buy a ticket the agent asks if I want a half-fare ticket.

"The management thinks that I am too little to go about alone; I must always have a chaperone.

"Everyone seems to think he must talk 'baby-talk' to a little woman in order to be understood. Our intellects are judged by our bodies.

"She goes to the modiste and admires a gown on a tall, striking model, but is told that such

a gown is designed for tall women, and all the models are 5 feet 6 inches in height. I think only only 6 inches difference in height would make no difference in looks, but can't convince the modiste lady that I am right."

When Swearing Helps

"John," said the clergyman to his new man, "do you—er—ever employ strong language?" The new man blushed, self-consciously. "Well sir," he faltered, "I—may be a little careless in my speech at times." "Ah," murmured the clergyman, "I'm sorry, John—I'm sorry! But we will converse on that at some more fitting time. Just now I want you to go to Jenkinson & Blenkinson and settle this bill for repairing my summer house. And you might talk to them, John, as if it were your own bill, in a careless-like sort of way. Will you, John?"

Praise the Lord

A fool has seldom been answered "according to his folly" with more appropriateness than was the local preacher who boasted at a dinner table that the Lord had opened his mouth to preach without sending him to college first. "Indeed," replied a curate who was present; "how very interesting. A similar event happened in Balaam's time."

Woman's dress may be considered a matter of form; but in this day and generation form is frequently a matter of dress.

Want Ads

FOR SALE—Three-year-old Jersey cow, in full milk; calved in the spring; all right every way; \$75. G. H. Smedley, Enderby.

FOR SALE—Seven-room dwelling on Knight street; three lots; good barn and outbuildings; water and electric light. Price and terms to suit on application, Commoner office, Enderby. 29-31

FOR SALE—A lady-like Pony, perfectly quiet with autos. Some fall rye; cistern pump with pipes and sandpitt. Chub & Pemberton, Enderby. 11p

WORK WANTED—By woman and two boys; picking fruit. Address, W., Commoner, Enderby.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Holstein-Friesian Bull; fee \$3; also thoroughbred Yorkshire Boar; fee \$2.50. Harris & Son, Enderby. 4p

LOST—Signet ring, monogram "J.W.L." Finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving at Commoner office, Enderby. 2p

FOR SALE—200 chicks, 40 laying hens; fat young broods; old enough for service or young on up for pork. Bernard Rosoman, Grindrod, B.C.

FOR SALE—In Enderby: 4-room bungalow with 3 or 4 lots; also 7-room house with 6 or 9 lots. Easy terms. Apply Mrs. W. J. Hatcher, Enderby. 18-2p

WHY DID THEY FEAR HIM?

Because he rode hard and shot straight—because to him womanhood was sacred, and he backed honor with two big black guns

WILLIAM FOX
Presents

William Farnum
as
LASSITER THE AVENGER

In a Picturization of Zane Grey's Famous Novel

Riders of the Purple Night

A Story of Love, Mystery and Adventure in the Great Southwest.

Staged by

Frank Lloyd

ENDERBY THEATRE, NIGHT OF AUG. 12. 50c. and 15c.

Having helped to adjust the situation in Europe, we are back at the old stand ready for business—painting, kalsomining, paper hanging. Try our prices.

C. G. PIPER
Box 43 Enderby

Jas. Dickson

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE GENERAL AGENT

Bel Block Enderby

Now is the time to order your supplies for the Preserving Season

We have stocked heavily in all sizes of Sealers: E-Z, Economy, etc. All kinds of tops available. Order early and avoid being disappointed should the supply become exhausted.

E. B. DILL
Men's Wear Groceries Enderby, B. C.
Canadian Food Control License No. 8-17170.

Men's & Boys' Summer Wear

Men's Sport Shirts, Balbriggan Underwear, Wash Ties, Straw Hats, and a full line of W.G. & R. Dress Shirts, Boys' Blouses, Sport Shirts, Cotton Jerseys, etc.
Men's and Boys' Outing Boots, with rubber sole, in white, black and tan.
Bathing Suits for Men and Boys.
Agents for 20th Century and Semi-Ready Clothing. Prices ranging from \$25.00 up. Come in and inspect our samples.

ENDERBY SUPPLY COMPANY

For Quick Sale

Two 4-inch tire wagons in good condition

Four Good Saddle Horses

One work team

W. J. Woods, Enderby

KING EDWARD
A name that stands for the best in hotel service

King Edward Hotel P. H. MURPHY Enderby
Proprietor

If you are intending to have an exhibit for the Armstrong Fall Show, prepare now to make that exhibit a prize winner.