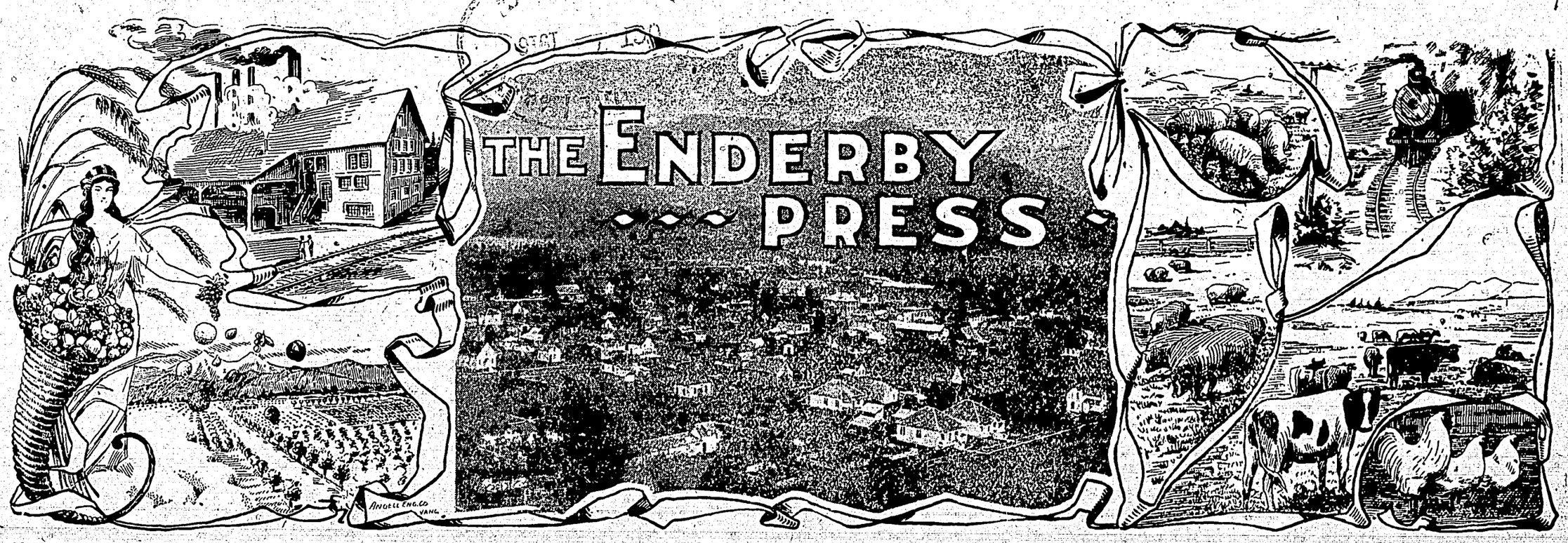


Enderby, B. C., October 5, 1916 AND WALKER'S WEEKLY Vol. 9; No. 32; Whole No. 452

ENDERBY AND DISTRICT NEWS

Buzz Johnston raffled his horse on Tuesday, it going to Geo. Dale, No. 79.

Quartermaster-Sgt. Barnes and Lieut. Hatcher spent Sunday in Enderby.

W. J. Lemke expects to leave for Bremerton the end of this week, to remain.

The convention of B.C. Municipalities will be held at Vernon Oct. 11th and 12th.

Pte. Jas. Pound is spending a few days at his Enderby home before leaving with his regiment.

The Red Cross stall will be held Saturday, Oct. 7th. All contributions are most acceptable.

Mr. and Mrs. Bigge, Mrs. Proctor and Miss Mowat are booked to leave for England on the 12th inst.

St. George's Church, Sunday, Oct. 8th: Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, 11 a.m., Evening Prayer, 7.30.

Mrs. Attenborough has been confined to her bed the past few days, suffering the joys and sorrows of la grippe.

Miss Ida Robinson is taking the position as assistant postmistress made vacant by the resignation of Miss Mowat.

The advertised meeting of Enderby and District Conservative Association last Saturday afternoon did not materialize.

The Government telephone office is now located at the Post Office, where long-distance messages can be sent and received.

Mrs. Kemp, who spent the summer months visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. West, returned to Winnipeg Wednesday.

Mrs. W. J. Woods and sister, Mrs. Lambert, returned from Mabel Lake last week, where they enjoyed a month at Leighton Beach.

Mrs. Henry Greyell is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Campbell, at Kamloops. Pte. Laurie Long, her brother, is lying ill at the Kamloops hospital.

Mrs. Jas. Martyn was called to Kamloops the past week by the sudden death in her brother's family of two children, 6 and 2 years of age.

Fred Tennant, of Vernon, will be in charge of Reeves' drug store a week or two, while Mr. Reeves takes a trip into the hills for game and sport.

Some time between Sept. 24th and 27th a good 6-ft. crosscut saw belonging to P. Rosoman, was stolen from a pile of logs by the side of his trail.

Grouse seem to be very scarce in most sections this season, and the reason given is that they are higher up in the mountains than usual at this time of year.

We are snifflin' an' snufflin', and sneezin' an' freezin'; wheezin' an' puffin'; bakin' and achin'—'cause we've got the grip. And all the fun is gone out o' ticklin' the toggle.

Mr. McNab is clearing land and making extensive improvements on his farm, adjoining that of Percy Rosoman, and is getting several head of stock from Alberta. He believes in nothing but the best and in making his crops walk to market.

Pte. Elwin Wheeler enjoyed a day or two at home this week, the last before going east with his regiment. Elwin Wheeler and Kenneth Strickland are the only Enderby boys in the signalling corps of the 172nd, which leaves shortly for the front.

Corp. Thos. Robinson is spending a few days at home.

Mr. J. S. Johnstone returned last Friday from a visit of some weeks with his sons at Boisevain. Mr. Johnstone says as soon as the cold weather started in Manitoba he the sunny Okanagan, where there concluded it was time to return to are no winter winds and snowdrifts are unknown.

Ira C. Jones was in Enderby a few days the past week, renewing old ties of friendship. Mr. Jones has the contract for the erection of a school house at Oyama. He will probably visit Enderby frequently this fall. The Oyama school is the sixth he has erected for the Provincial educational board.

The marriage of Mr. Percy W. Starr and Miss Nellie A. Hancock, well known in Enderby, was solemnized at the home of the bride's parents, Vancouver, by the Rev. R. J. McIntyre on September 27th. Only the immediate friends of the bride and groom were present. They left on the night boat for the Sound cities, and upon their return will reside at Abbottsford.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

The treasurer of the Canadian Patriotic Fund acknowledges the following contributions received during the past month:

Graham Rosoman	$ 2.00
A. Reeves	4.00
Red Cross Tea Rooms	10.00
Dr. H. W. Keith	10.00
Mrs. Reeves	4.00
Miss Laing	2.00
C. B. Winter	10.00
C. P. Ryan	2.00
Miss E. Cooke	1.00
Miss S. Cooke	2.00
	$47.00

Rev. C. Reed is expected to return from service in France shortly.

FORTUNE SCHOOL HONOR ROLL

For September

Division I.

Sr. Fourth—Esther Carlson, Carrie Carefoot, Roy Oakes, Kathleen Polson, Verna Peel, Ella Johnson.

Division II.

Jr. Fourth—Violet Grant, Matilda Oakes, Vera Sharpe.

Sr. Third—Ella McKay, Sadie Hassard, Agnes Sparrow.

Jr. Third—Elizabeth Dale, Alice Landan and George Carefoot equal, Elsie Lucas.

Division III.

Sr. Second—Clarence Burnham, Willie Dale, Henry Walker.

Jr. Second—Mabel Dale, Willie Sowden, Howard Carleton.

First—Esma Carleton, Mamie McKay, Evelyn Hawkins.

Division IV.

Second Primer—Ernest Carson, Sally Walker, Roy Olson.

First Prim—Robert Baird, Helen Glen, Elsie Sherlow.

SUCCESSFUL WHIST DRIVE

The whist drive given in K. of P. hall Tuesday evening by the ladies of Enderby interested in sending the boys at the front a Christmas package, was well attended, and proved an unqualified success. The ladies hoped to raise $25 by the effort, and this amount was exceeded by some seven or eight dollars, the proceeds being $31.50, with other amounts promised yet to come in. The ladies wish to thank all who contributed to the success of the affair.

Owing to the Tobacco Fund going out of existence, it is the wish of the ladies who now have the funds in hand to hold a meeting in the City Hall Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Oct. 9th, for the purpose of reorganizing, and they desire all who are interested to attend the meeting and assist in the work.

GEN. JOFFRE SATISFIED

Under date of Sept. 29th, General Joffre sent the following to the armies of the north: "The general commander-in-chief expresses great satisfaction to the troops who have been fighting unceasingly on the Somme for nearly three months. By their valor and perseverance they have given blows to the enemy from which he has had difficulty in recovering. Verdun relieved; twenty-five villages reconquered; more than 35,000 prisoners and 150 cannon taken; successive enemy lines broken through for a depth of ten kilometres—such are the results already obtained. In continuing the contest with the same tenacity, in redoubling their ardor, in union with our brave allies, the valiant armies of the Somme will be assured a glorious part in the decisive victory."

RED CROSS TEA ROOM

Proceeds for September	$47.38
Expenses	18.80
Patriotic Fund	7.00

The regular weekly sewing meetings will be resumed in the Red Cross room Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 10th.

Ten Zeppelins visited London and adjacent territory Sunday night and one of them was brought down by gunfire. The usual amount of damage in the open country is reported.

La Diva and D. & A. Corsets; full range sizes; style and fit guaranteed—at Speers.

LATEST WAR SUMMARY

Another Wireless Press report states that von Mackensen has ordered the evacuation of the Rumanian fortress of Silistria and Turtukai recently captured by the Teuton-Bulgarian-Turkish forces. A similar report to this was sent out last week from the same source, but official bulletins, either German, Bulgarian or Rumanian, have failed to mention any such movement.

Rumania's stroke against the Central Powers in throwing a force across the Danube into Bulgaria is the outstanding feature in the last war bulletin. If this army is sufficiently strong it constitutes a serious menace to von Mackensen's left flank. On the other hand, Berlin reports that Austrian and German monitors have destroyed the pontoon bridges across the Danube, in the rear of the Rumanian forces which had crossed the river and invaded Bulgaria.

On the Western front the British and Canadian troops have been subjected to desperate counter attacks by the Germans in an effort to retake the ground in the vicinity of Thiepval, which was captured by our troops. At last accounts the enemy had succeeded in retaking a small part of the trenches, but at all other points the British and Canadian troops were holding their ground.

Reports from the Eastern front indicate that the Russians are again attacking in an effort to reach Lemberg. Reports from that quarter do not make clear what progress has been made.

On the Italian front there does not seem to be any serious movement by either side.

In the Balkans, on the Saloniki front, the British, French and Italian forces are attacking the Bulgarian-German forces at several points, the report says, to prevent the enemy transfering any of his forces to other fronts, presumably Rumania or Transylvania. These are the important points at the present time, as it is here von Mackensen is attempting to take the offensive against the Russo-Rumanian armies which have set out to capture Constantinople.

"TREY OF HEARTS"

Manager Bobbs promises his patrons the best movie attraction of the film circuit—that master problem play in fifteen parts "Trey of Hearts." This is not a long-drawn-out serial, but is short, snappy and intensely interesting from first to last. It is one of the big features of the Universal Company, the producers of the best in movie plays. It will be shown two parts each week—seven weeks in all. Just the right length to suit the majority of people. The opening chapters and introduction will appear Friday and Saturday evenings of this week. Do not miss them.

There is no candy on the market purer than the Red Seal. This week Joe placed on his shelves a large shipment of this purest of candies. Also a fresh lot of the best chocolates made by Ganong. You know there is none better—and they are doubly delicious when fresh. Come in and let us serve you—Joe.

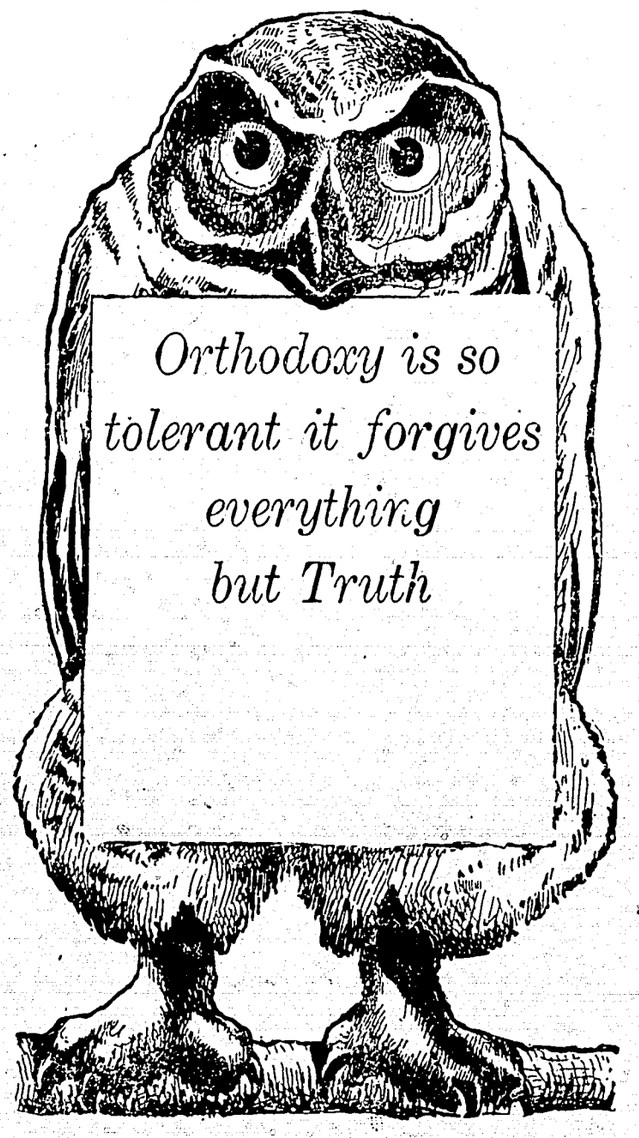
Turnbull's underclothing for children; all sizes. Buy early; combinations and two-piece. At Speers'

Men and Things as Seen Thro' Hank Reklaw's Periscope

Once more, through the diligent, persistent and resourceful efforts of City Clerk Rosoman, the City of Enderby is enabled to call its tax sale off. There will be no property sold for taxes by the City this year, unless, perchance, a "slip" occurs in the arrangements now made between the City and one of the largest owners of property in arrears, in which case it will be done through the courts, by suit, judgment and sheriff sale. At a special meeting of the City Council held Monday evening City Clerk Rosoman laid before the Mayor and Aldermen Sharpe, Faulkner and Fravel, a statement showing the results of efforts put forth the past few weeks. All ratepayers, excepting those exempt under the military service Act, and four others in arrears for 1914 taxes, had paid up. These four ratepayers between them own 67 parcels of land, on which taxes in arrears amount to $2,000, in round numbers. The total number of parcels of land levied upon in the city is 630, and the 1914 tax levy amounted to $16,611.85. One of these owners in arrears, and whose property was subject to tax sale, had deposited with the City Clerk a cheque post dated three weeks for the full amount of his 1914 arrears, some $1,500. To him are assessed 53 of the 67 parcels of land subject to tax sale. If the Council was prepared to accept his post dated settlement, this would leave only 14 parcels to come up for tax sale, the arrears on which would amount to $500. After due deliberation it was decided to accept the provisional settlement on the 53 parcels and call the tax sale off. Should the provisional settlement fail to materialize, and in forcing collection on the other 14 parcels, the Council felt that the City still had the suit, judgment and sheriff's sale course open.

In this connection, it might be well to state that in most localities the suit and judgment course is adopted as a means of forcing tax collections. By this course the cities are relieved of the necessity of taking over and holding for two years, at least, much property that would thereupon become non-productive in taxes. By the regular tax sale course, the law is all in favor of the property owner, who is unfortunate enough to be delinquent, in that it keeps the cost of execution low and gives the owner two years in which to redeem. The suit course, on the other hand, adds to the cost of execution and, under the judgment, the property may be sold outright with no time given in which to redeem. For this reason the City of Enderby has preferred to hold to the tax sale course. In future, however, it is possible the course of quicker action may have to be adopted, as it has been adopted in most of the cities in the Province.

That the tax sale can again be declared off must be a source of relief to the city officials, and more particularly to City Clerk Rosoman. Upon the City Clerk falls most of the blame from the thoughtless for all and sundry of the difficulties that must arise in times like these between the city and the individual ratepayer. No city could have a more conscientious or more capable clerk than it has been Enderby's good fortune to have since incorporation. To our personal knowledge, Mr. Rosoman has received many openings for the clerkship of other and larger cities than Enderby is or can ever hope to be. But he has repeatedly turned these down, and confines his work to keeping the executive and judicial life of Enderby up to its highest and best. Men are always prone to blame somebody else for their own faults or misfortune. And in small community life this is particularly noticeable. And the most likely, most convenient person to carry the burden is either the city clerk or the city constable. Both are a thorn in the flesh of the man who carries a grouch and wears it under his coat tail.



THE ENDERBY PRESS

AND WALKER'S WEEKLY

H. M. WALKER

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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1916

LIVE STOCK FARMING PAYS BEST

Time and again The Press has pointed out the great need of utilization of our raws materials at home if we are to bring this favored district up to it fullest and best development. The land available for agricultural purposes in this Valley is, comparatively speaking, small in acreage. The Valley is narrow, with rolling hills on either side. True, but very little of this land is now under cultivation. Most of it is still "in the rough." But if every acre available for agriculture were now under cultivation—as it surely will be some day in the near future—there would still be too little of it, and its value would be too high, for it to be given over to hay and grain growing for the open market. There are thousands of acres of farm land in the Northwest suitable for this kind of agriculture where there are ten acres that can be spared in the Okanagan Valley for the production of these raw materials. What we need here is to produce the finished commodity, with each farm raising only sufficient hay, grain, roots, etc., to feed to the stock raised thereon.

Cost accounting systems show that live stock farms return the highest rate of interest on investment. Prof. W. F. Handschin, of the University of Illinois, who has charge of the cost accounting work in that state, gives the following as the main advantages of live stock farming:

1. Utilizing of rougher lands to better advantage, and the utilizing of damaged feeds, cornstalks and straw.
2. Increasing of the fertility of the soil by feeding the crops raised and the careful use of the manure.
3. Cutting down the cost of horse and man labor by distributing it more equally throughout the year.
4. Increasing proportion of valuable crops due to the fact that the building up of the soil by the live stock system will increase the yield.

One of the new battleships just completed on the Clyde is said to be the mightiest dreadnaught the world has ever seen; with a speed greater than that of the speediest battle-cruiser; with armor and armament excelling that of all superdreadnaughts; with 150,000 horsepower engines, which would enable her to overtake and destroy any possible opponent.

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE

Canada is confronted by some immense problems; in the West we are running headlong into difficulties that present staggering consequences. For every British subject joining the colors we are receiving a Chinaman, or a Japanese, or a Bohunk to take his place—on the farm, in the mines, lumber camp or factory. Can you not foresee the consequences? Foreigners do not, as a rule, own property; they do not pay taxes; they do not spend the money they make in the country and have no interest here beyond that of making most of the opportunity which is now their's. Quietly but surely these people are getting a hold upon the resources of the country, which it will be impossible to break "when the war is over."

Another problem is suggested in a leaflet issued by the Minister of Trade and Commerce. He asks: "Are we to anticipate a flood of immigrants seeking homes in the last great West, or will that Westward flow be checked by the need of rebuilding devastated Europe, by emigration restrictions and by the sheer scarcity of men resulting from losses in war?" Another problem suggests itself in this querry: "Are we to face a period of diminished purchasing power combined with higher cost of production owing to dearer raw materials, higher taxes and higher wages? If such conditions develop, how long will they prevail? How can they best be relieved?"

These are a few of the problems which are to be considered at the conference of business men of Canada to be held at Toronto at an early date. There are hundreds of others. But there are other problems which may be classed as community problems—problems that each community must solve for itself. The one nearest the heart of all is that of individual welfare, for no community can be a healthful and helpful community if the individuals which combine to make it are not healthful and hopeful. The nearer self-sustaining each community becomes, the better will be the condition of its people individually. This can alone come by and through systematic co-operative effort. We must know the requirements of the community, then devise means of meeting these requirements. Are we doing this in this community? Or are we just "muddling along"? "Muddling through" used to be spoken by Britishers in a somewhat bravado spirit. We used to laugh at this national failing. But we are fast learning that the "muddling" must cease. We no longer can laugh at it. It is becoming too serious. We are now casting about in the hope of finding a way out. Shall we do so? Are we fit and ready for the ordeal we must pass through in order to find this way?

The Connaught tunnel at Rogers' Pass, will be formally opened about December 1st. The tunnel is five miles long and is double-tracked, all of which is laid except the steel on two miles of one track.

WITH FLOURING MILLS IDLE

With flouring mills at Vernon, Armstrong and Enderby, the latter with everything in shape to operate at two weeks' or a month's notice, some 200 carloads of wheat have been shipped east this fall from the northern part of the Okanagan. The mill at Vernon has been dismantled several years; that at Armstrong is only partly in condition, but the mill at Enderby was, when it ceased grinding some three years ago, one of the most up-to-date 500-barrel mills in the Province, and its product—Moffet's Best—was as good as the best on this or any other market. Today this mill lies dead. It has not turned a wheel for three years, though much of the machinery was put in new only a short time before it ceased grinding. Afflicted with the fruit myth, the farmers and merchants of the Okanagan killed the bird that laid the golden egg. They "fell" to the special inducements and rebates offered by eastern flour manufacturers and killed the home institutions which were employing large numbers of men and at the same time offering a ready home market for the wheat grown here.

British losses in September were somewhat less than those of August, when they reached something over 130,000. In September the casualties amounted to 5,439 officers and 114,110 men.

WILL SOMEBODY EXPLAIN

England is an importing nation; all her bread and meat are now brought from other countries. Yet bread and meat prices are lower in England than in Canada today. Why?

Our Canadian statesmen seem to believe that Canada can be induced to mobilize her resources simply by the suggestion coming from some department head. If this were true, why not do away with all army regulations and say to the men, "Here, boys, train as individuals in your own way in the matter of courage, strength and shooting, and some day you may fight for Britain as a soldier?"

If the ballots cast for Prohibition and Suffrage were not marked by the polling clerks as required by law, what will make the ballot a legal ballot?

"After Prohibition—What?" asks a reverend gentleman of a neighboring town. Unless history fails to repeat, it will be "wet" as prohibition is dry. The people always flop from one extreme to the other.

It doesn't look as if there was any likelihood of the Russian wheat reserve being released through the Dardanelles this year. Flour is $3 a barrel higher in the United States and Canada than it was a year ago, and millers declare it will retail at $10 a barrel in the near future.

Why is trying to do business without advertising like winking at a pretty girl through a pair of green goggles?

According to information received from London by the Washington government, no less than 262 vessels of all nationalities have been sunk by submarines between June 1 and September 24. In addition to these 15 were reported to have been sunk without warning, with a loss of 84 lives, a grand total of 277. A total of 66 neutral vessels were destroyed during the period.

No rust can attack the flues because they are so thoroughly aluminized, and they economize nearly every bit of heat.

McClary's Kootenay Range

Before you invest in a new range let me show you the Kootenay's sensible ideas for saving time and labor.

868

Sold by Fulton Hardware Company

Are you going to do any Building or Repairing This Season?

THE FOLLOWING ARE GOOD VALUES:

No. 4 Flooring and Ceiling	10.00	per thousand
No. 4 Drop Siding	$10.00	" "
Cull Boards	5.00	" "
No. 2 Dimension, 2x4 and 2x6	13.00	" "
No. 3 Cedar Bevel Siding	15.00	" "

OKANAGAN SAW MILLS, Ltd. Enderby

Preserving Season has Started

We carry all your requirements in that line: Sealers, Sealer Tops, Rings and Parawax. Also orders taken for fruit.

Our Motto—"QUALITY AND SERVICE"

TEECE & SON, 'PHONE 48 Bell Block, Enderby

King Edward

A name that stands for the best in hotel service

King Edward Hotel, P. H. MURPHY Proprietor **Enderby**

FRESH FISH

EVERY THURSDAY

GEO. R. SHARPE

WHOLESALE - RETAIL BUTCHER

E. J. Mack

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

ENDERBY, B. C.

Good Rigs; Careful Drivers; Draying of all kinds.

Comfortable and Commodious Stabling for teams.

Auto for Hire

Prompt attention to all customers

Land-seekers and Tourists invited to give us a trial.

O. K. Barber Shop

Baths in connection

H. HENDRICKSON, Proprietor

C. P. R. TIMETABLE

Southbound		Northbound
10.40 lv.	Sicamous	ar. 17.25
11.11	Mara	16.40
11.25	Grindrod	16.24
11.39	ENDERBY	16.09
12.05	Armstrong	15.40
12.23	Larkin	15.20
12.50	Vernon	14.55
13.10 ar.	Okanagan Ldg	lv. 14.40

H. W. BRODIE, G. P. A., Vancouver — JNO BURNHAM, Agt., Enderby

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent of sub-Agent of the district in which rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights as may be considered necessary for the working of the mine, at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—83575.

Are your Butter Wraps running low?

Better order some now

IN THE TRENCHHES

Pte. G. A. Neves writes from France: "Yesterday the Press was delivered to me in the trenches. That same morning Fritzie enlivened us with a few shrapnel shell. I tried to read the news, but the roar of our own guns made it difficult for me to keep my attention fixed on the paper. However, when the lull came, I was able to read in peace. Our regiment has been up against the real thing, including gas alarms. Am glad to say attended with few casualties. A queer sensation comes over a man, looking across No Man's Land for the first time. And what does a man see? Nothing, but barb wire entanglements and the parapets of the enemy, who is invisible. In the daytime, looking through a pariscope, if one is diligent, you may see an occasional German, but it is only a concealed sniper who can take a shot. Snipers on both sides are very alert during daylight, and no one intentionally attracts their attention, for they are specialists in sending a man over the Great Divide. At night, No Man's Land assumes a very mysterious aspect. For a moment everything will be so peaceful that it is very hard for a man to realise he is facing sudden death, then all of a sudden we hear the sharp rat-tat of the machine guns and the spasmodic rifle shots. Then without warning the big fellows begin coughing, which rudely disperses all a man dreams of home and peace, and I agree with Gen. Sherman, 'War is hell.' But it has taken 20th century civilization to produce the modern hell. . . . . Maurice Salt is with our crowd, and he is allright. I think he is the only Enderby boy with us. The rest are mostly coast men."

RUMANIA'S PRECARIOUS POSITION

Instead of Rumania being a source of help to the Allies, it looks now as if her joining the Entente against the Teutons is going to prove a pivot in the East in favor of the enemy. Apparently the sudden counter offensive assumed by Mackensen when Rumania took the field against the Austrians, was unlooked for by Rumania, and it was found to be impossible to cope with it and at the same time carry on the original plan of invasion of Austrian territory. A glance at the map will show the immense strategic value of the new movement for the Teutons. Rumania is shaped like a boot. The movement of Russo-Rumanian troops into Transylvania was made directly across the instep of the boot. It was a short-cut from Russia into Austrian territory. But at the moment Russian troops started into Transylvania from this direction, German-Bulgarian-Turkish troops invaded Rumania from Bulgaria at the heel of the boot. The Dobrudsha District embraces the heel of the Rumanian boot, and it is here the Teutons have succeeded in making their greatest gains. In order to meet this sudden invasion from an unlooked-for source, Russian and Rumanian forces have been forced to give up most of the territory captured in Transylvania, and Teuton reports under date of Sept. 30th state that "the encircling battle at Hermannstadt, which began Sept. 26th, has been won. Under command of General von Falkenhayne, German and Austrian troops defeated strong sections of the first Rumanian army, and the remainder of the enemy troops fled in disorder into the impassable mountain country."

It is not more than 125 miles across Rumania at the ankle of the boot, and, with the Austrian-German troops invading from the instep and the Bulgarian-German-Turk troops coming in from the heel, it would not be surprising to see the new Balkan front extending through Bucharest, the Rumanian capital, from the Bulgarian border to the Transylvanian passes, now reported to be in the hands of Austrian-German troops, virtually cutting off the toe of the boot.

THE WAR OF THE FUTURE

The Yale Review says there will be no territorial limits to the war of the future, and distance will provide no prophylactic against the annihilation of space. The war area is a definition of the past, and the Germans, who complained that Freiburg—when it was bombed by the French—was outside the sphere of military operations, have already dropped bombs on London; and women and children living almost on the borders of Wales have been killed by Zeppelin raiders coming from Central Europe. Ten years ago Count Zeppelin was laboriously seeking to construct a lighter than air ship which would travel a few dozen miles at eighteen miles an hour; ten years hence it will be as easy for airships from Europe to drop bombs on the Mississippi valley. Submarines can now cross the Atlantic; ten years hence they will circumnavigate the globe, and if England were beaten in this war the terms of peace would include the cession of the Bermudas, at least one West Indian island within easy reach of the Panama canal, and a chain of stations across the Pacific. Science, which is depriving Great Britain of her insular security, will not long leave America in its paradise of isolation.

Speaking of fire escapes, a woman was heard to remark the other day that her husband was the greatest fire escape on record—he had not built a fire in forty years—but, since Woman Suffrage had come into force, she said the fire escape would be a thing of the past.

Salt in water or other fluid retards the boiling.

AN ADVENTUROUS VOYAGE

Pte. Bernard Rosoman, who went overseas with the 103rd C. E. F., writes that he is now one of the regimental constables and likes the life immensely. He is stationed just 20 miles from where he was born. He says they have a fine lot of officers, and he especially likes Major Black. He says they had a somewhat adventurous voyage across the seas as they missed their convoy in the fog and, finding themselves alone, sailed in a zig-zag course for the latter part of the journey so as to avoid submarines. One day while the boys were in the bathing hole on the ship an officer rushed down and said, "For God's sake, boys, come up on deck or you will all die like rats in a trap in a few minutes!" Many rushed up on deck, leaving their clothes below, but Bernard said to himself if it was that bad he might as well stay where he was, and so dressed himself at his leisure, and by the time he got on deck the ship had evidently dodged the submarine or torpedo or whatever it was. Many of the boys lost money and belongings in the scamper with their clothes under their arms up to the deck.

THINKS HE HAS SERVED WELL

A correspondent writes the Press: "With the change of government a lot of appointments will inevitably be made, and Conservative foremen go out and Liberals take their places. This occurs with every change of government and is to be expected, in a general way. But when we think of these changes it is well that we pay tribute to those retiring foremen who have served well, and in this connection we wish to mention the name of Henry Baxter, who, ever since he took hold of the Mabel Lake section as road foreman has been a civil servant in the best sense of the word. Party politics were never discussed with the men at work on the roads. He would say, 'My instructions are to distribute the work among the settlers as much as possible,' and this he did regardless of their political leaning."

MEN WANTED FOR FORESTRY BATTALION

There is a demand for men to enlist in the 242nd Forestry Battalion. Several drafts of recruits have already proceeded overseas from this district to join this unit. The wages for experienced millwrights, sawyers, cooks, etc., are graded according to skill and efficiency, and applications for enlistment will be received by Quarter-master Sergeant H. A. Matier, at the Camp Headquarters in Vernon. The following scale of wages is paid:

Millwrights from $2.50 to $3.50 per day.
Mill sawyers from $2.50 to $3.00.
Cooks from $1.75 to $2.
Saw filers and hammermen from $5.50 to $6.
Filers from $2 to $2.50.
Edgermen from $2.25 to $2.50.

WAR EXPENDITURES GO UP

Interesting war finance figures are contained in the treasury statement issued Sept. 30th by the British Government. The exchequer balance sheet for the six months ending on that date shows: Total receipts, £1,968,687,085; total issues out of the exchequer, £1,942,038,803, an increase of nearly £1,000,000,000 over the corresponding six months of last year. Of the total receipts only £163,922,899 came from revenue, £1,043,000,000 being money raised by the creation of a debt, and nearly £432,000,000 on credit of ways and means. Revenue receipts show increases of £61,000,000 over the same period last year, nearly £19,000,000 of this being from property and income tax and more than £31,000,000 from duty on excess profits. The postal service showed an increase of £2,000,000; the customs an increase of £7,000,000.

RECRUITING FOR THE NAVY

Co-operation between the military and naval authorities is being arranged in connection with the enlistment of recruits in Canada for the British navy. Five thousand is the number sought. An officer of the R. N. C. V. R. will be at Salmon Arm October 10 to 14, when recruits will be examined and signed on. Previous experience is unnecessary. The pay is practically the same as for the regular army forces, with separation allowance where necessary. Kit and victuals free and liberal. Term of service, 3 years, or duration of war. Work consists of patrolling the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, guarding troop and munition ships, hunting submarines (as requisite.)

INSECT PESTS PLENTIFUL

Local agriculturists who have given the matter some attention, tell us that this year brought out almost every imaginable insect pest of the farm and orchard, as well as being one of the worst mosquito seasons on record. Black aphides abound in countless millions, but the absence is noted of the cabbage white butterfly (pieris brassicae) which is the parent of that destructive green caterpillar; also there have been no "daddy-long-legs" this year. The Cicadia, which annually ripsaws the young twiggs of thousands of apple trees, was also absent, and wasps have kept the house-fly pest down to the minimum.

Salt mixed with soda is a remedy for bee stings.

Department of Works

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

MARA SCHOOL

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tender for Oyama School," will be received by the Honourable the Minister of Public Works up to 12 o'clock noon of Tuesday, the 17th day of October, 1916, for the erection and completion of a two-room school-house and outbuildings at Mara, in the North Okanagan Electoral District.

Plans, specifications, contract, and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 28th day of September, 1916, at the office of L. Norris, Government Agent, Vernon; J. Mahony, Government Agent, Vancouver; W. Owen, Secretary of School Board, Mara; and the Department of Public Works, Victoria.

Intending tenderers can obtain one copy of plans and specifications by applying to the undersigned with a deposit of ten dollars ($10), which will be refunded on their return in good order.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque made payable to the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for a sum equal to 20 per cent. of tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. GRIFFITH,
Deputy Minister and Public Works Engineer, Public Works Department.

Victoria, B.C., September 26th, 1916.

Depends on What He's Full Of

"Men are like wagons," remarked the man who dispenses aphorisms. "They make the most noise when empty."

"Your trolley is off the wire," rejoined the contrary person. "A man makes the most noise when he is full."

SECRET SOCIETIES

A.F.&A.M.

Enderby Lodge No. 40 Regular meetings first Thursday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited

R. E. WHEELER, W. M. — W. J. LEMKE, Secretary

ENDERBY LODGE
No. 35, K. of P.
Meets every Monday evening in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.
W. G. PELL, C. C.
H. M. WALKER K. R. S.
R. J. COLTART, M.F.
Hall suitable for Concerts, Dances and all public entertainments. For rates, etc., address,
F. FRAVEL, Enderby

PROFESSIONAL

A. C. SKALING, B. A.
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public.
INSURANCE
BELL BLK. ENDERBY, B.C.

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SAVE MONEY
The Best Ever
issued: Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Fishing, Tackle, Baseball, Golf, Tennis, Lacrosse, Camping Outfits, all Summer and Winter Sports. We want
Every Man
who Hunts, Fishes, or plays any Outdoor Game to get our large free Catalogue. Prices right, satisfaction guaranteed. Immense stock, prompt shipment
You save money by getting Catalogue to-day.
T. W. Boyd & Son,
27 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal

FOR RENT—Brick cottage; six rooms and surface (brick) cellar all in good condition and close to mill. Apply, Walker Press.

Butter Wrapper Parchment

The Dominion law against the selling of butter without the words "Dairy Butter" or "Creamery Butter"—as the case may be—printed on the butter wrap, is a blessing in disguise to the average farmer. In the first place, if his Butter wrappers are neatly printed with his name and the brand of the butter on the label, the storekeeper can readily sell the butter at 5c a pound more than he can get for butter wrapped in paper that is not printed, and the butter-maker gets the advantage in 5c a pound more for his butter from the merchant.

It is the duty of every butter maker to comply with the law in this matter. Some butter makers have only a cow or two, and make so little butter that it does not appear to them that they can afford to have their butter wraps printed. They do not like the idea of having 500 or 1000 butter wraps on hand. To accommodate this class of butter makers, The Press has printed up a quantity of "Custom" Butter Wraps. They are printed with the words "Fresh Dairy Butter" but do not bear the name of the maker. However, these wrappers fill the requirements of the law governing this point, and can be bought in small quantities at the rate of 50c a hundred in 100 or 50 lots. If you do not require butter wraps in larger lots, take these wraps in lesser quantities.

In lots of 500, - - $2.75
In lots of 1000, - - 3.75

The Walker Press

DECLINE SUBSTITUTES

TIME TO THINK

Leslie's says this of conditions in the states, but if it were said of conditions in Canada it could not hit the nail more fully on the head:

"A man who built a bungalow with his own hands acknowledged that he hadn't the skill to hone a razor. This was nothing to his discredit. We are not all endowed with the same gift. Some have the gift of tongues, some of scientific knowledge, some of finance, medicine, law, and some of theology.

What this world needs is the right man in the right place. This nation needs most of all a statesman for a statesman's job. What would be thought of a clerk, machinist or barber who should undertake to solve the problems of astronomy, or to make the rounds of the physician in administering to the sick? Yet under our form of government we can and do elect to our lawmaking bodies men with no legislative experience, no conception of the limitations of the law and no business knowledge—men with smooth tongues and persuasive ways, persistent seekers for public place.

"As a result, we enact laws one year that must be repealed the next because they will not stand the test of the courts. All the time and money spent on such legislation is worse than wasted and the patient taxpayers foot the bill. Still worse, we have laws so unfair, inequitable and destructive that they cripple business, handicap trade and restrict commerce, and once more the taxpayers foot the bill.

"The craze for lawmaking that has encumbered the statute books with a mass of undesirable and unnecessary laws is the natural result of a system that tolerates mediocrity in high places. The oppressive and constantly increasing burden of taxation, national, state and municipal, has become a very serious matter. Who is to blame? Let the thinking people think."

COMING DOWN TO REASON

Birmingham, Eng., Oct. 3.—Viscount Bryce of Dechmont, former ambassador at Washington, addressing the Congregational Union today, decried the spirit of hate against the Germans and the talk of a lasting trade war. In conclusion, he advocated a league to restrain aggression and compel arbitration. "If there is to be a recurrence of wars, becoming more terrible with the unceasing advance of science," he said, "we may well despair of the future. . . . To indulge in revenge will be to sow the seeds of but wars. Nations cannot hate one another forever, and the sooner they cease to do so, the better for all of them. We must take all proper steps to defend ourselves from any dangers that might arise if after the war the enemy countries were to unite in an insidious hostility. That is at present no more than a possibility which may never arise. But the talk we now hear about starting after peace has been concluded, a new war of trade to follow the war of arms, has immense capacities for mischief. Such a trade war would prolong and embitter afresh those hatreds that ought to be allowed to die."

LOST—In Enderby on Sept. 26th, a black cocker spaniel, female; collar with brass studs and name plate. Anyone returning the dog will be suitably rewarded. Wm. Monk, Grindrod.

Armstrong Fall Fair Well Attended and Marked by Strong Features

The directors and officers of the Armstrong and Spallumcheen Agricultural Society provided every possible inducement to make the Fall Fair held last week an unqualified success. But all efforts it was possible to put forth could not overcome the handicap under which this district, in common with most others, is operating. In every department and in all classes, there was unmistakable signs of falling off, not only in numbers of exhibitors but also in quality and setup of the exhibits. This may be easily accounted for by the lack of help, owing to the large numbers going to the front, and the general depressed condition of the markets. For instance, with sugar high and flour $9 to $10 a barrel, there could not be any inducement offered that would have encouraged home-cooking, etc. Consequently the show cases usually filled with delicious bread, cakes, etc., were this year virtually empty. And with mothers and daughters knitting sox for soldiers, there was no time for fancy work, and this department fell far short of that of former fairs at Armstrong. In fruits and vegetables the showing was more nearly up to that of past years, but here, too, there was evidence of lack of care and finish on the part of the growers. The poulty exhibit, while good in quality in certain classes, lacked in numbers, there being but little competition. The horses, cattle and pigs exhibited were only ordinary, particularly as to condition. The single department showing an improvement over former years was that of sheep. Here there were many pens of the very best—marking, shape and condition.

Bruce Oldford was the only Enderby exhibitor in poultry. He had nine birds entered and won five firsts, three seconds and one third, besides winning the special for the best bird in the show—a Partridge Wyandotte hen.

J. H. Croft and W. T. Marshall were the principal exhibitors, if not the only ones, who in former years entered birds in any number, and were again on deck with numbers and quality.

In sheep, J. W. Philips' Leiscester ewes; W. N. Townsend's Southdown ram; W. T. Marshall's Shropshires, and H .E. Waby's Shortwools, took leanding place in these grades.

H. E. Waby's Red Polled cattle also were winners.

The show of bottled honey by J. F. Moore relieved the situation in the household arts division.

The Fair management made excellent provision for the entertainment of the large crowd of spectators, In the morning the Armstrong band was on the ground until the arrival of the 132nd military band from Vernon camp, accompanied by 300 or 400 soldiers. In the afternoon field sports, largely for the soldiers, were enjoyed by all, particularly the military physical exercises.

Hon Geo. E. Foster Speaks

An event which was not on the program, yet that elicited more genuine satisfaction than anything else in the day's doings, was an address by the Hon. Geo. E. Foster, who motored from Vernon to see the Fair, intending to proceed to the mainline that evening. Mr. Foster was introduced from the grand stand, and spoke to several hundred people. His message was one of inspiration, telling of the trying ordeal the Empire is now passing through, and of Canada's mission in the great struggle. We have sent thousands and thousands of men to the battle front to fight side by side with the British and French, and must yet send more. No man living, he said, can tell how long the war will continue; we can not know when it will end; but end it must some day. We cannot know how it will end; we can only hope and believe that when it does end it will be in a grand and complete victory for the just cause of Great Britain and her allies. To this end every effort must be put forth, every resource developed and every life consecrated; if not on the field of battle, then in the less heroic fields of commerce and production—fields quite as important as those at the front.

Mr. Foster is an orator of the first rank. His words were moderate, but intense, and his delivery powerful in its dignity and strong ring of sincerity. He told of the needs of the men at the front; of their valor and determination; he told of the need of the Motherland and of Canada; he told of the requirements of the community, the Valley of which we are a part; he told of the need of greater production, greater co-operation, fuller harmony and completer sacrifice; he urged the giving of the best we've got in an effort to solve the great problems confrontng the Dominion. Referring to the time when the war must end, he said it will be a time of great re-adjustment, not only in nations and in communities but in individual conduct of life, out of which must come a truer manhood, a fuller civilization and a completer understanding.

WIN GOLD MEDAL

Westerners will learn with interest that a gold medal was awarded to the Canadian Pacific Railway for the excellence of its exhibit at the Quebec Exhibition a few weeks ago. The gold medal was for the collective grain display, which was gathered in Western Canada, and was representative of the various grain crops of the Western Provinces. The daily attendance at the Quebec Exhibition ran as high as 75,000, and a very great interest in the agricultural possibilities of Western Canada was shown by the visitors.

TWENTY-FIVE MILLIONS A YEAR

Canada is now paying about $25,000,000 a year to the wives and dependants of the soldiers who have gone to the front. Separation allowances, which a year ago totalled about $1,000,000 a month, have now reached over $2,000,000 a month. In addition to this amount paid each month by the Dominion Treasury, the Patriotic Fund now expends nearly $1,000,000 a month, distributed among about 75,000 families.

Didn't Want Him Handicapped

Fond mother at christening, to parson: "His name is Kitchener Jellicoe Anzac Verdun Brown."

Parson: "We should be economical in war times, even in names. He might find it a serious handicap."

Fond father, in the background: "We don't want any handicap. Call him 'Jim!'"

Choice cakes and cookies—Joe's

Boys' Sweaters

We have a full line in stock, and are always pleased to show the goods. No longer necessary for you to send out of town for boys' clothing. Bring the boys with you; we'll fit them out snug for the cold weather at a price that will convince you it is better to buy at home.

In Groceries

We always can meet your needs with the best goods on the market and at right prices. Try us.

W. J. Woods

LET US SHOW YOU OUR NEW NO. 9 6-HOLE STEEL RANGE

The CITY QUEEN

This range has all the best features: Bright Burnished Top, Oven Thermometer, Large High Closet, Six 9-inch Cooking Holes, Large Copper Reservoir, Size of Oven 18x19x14 inches. Look this over; then think of the price; only, $45.80 cash, $48.00 on terms; and you will be convinced that this is the best value ever offered in a range. *A guarantee by the Manufacturers goes with every Range.*

We have also the largest line of Wood and Coal Heaters and Box Stoves ever shown in Enderby. The prices are low because we buy direct from the Manufacturers for CASH.

Old Heaters relined and all kinds of repair work done at reasonable prices.

We can supply you with repairs for any Stove, Range or Furnace on receipt of particulars of same.

We are pleased to give you quotations on Heating and Plumbing and all lines of Hardware. Mail orders receive our careful and prompt attention.

FULTON HARDWARE CO., Ltd

SEASONABLE OFFERINGS

ATLAS E.Z. SEALERS, half-gallons ..... $2.00 dozen
ATLAS E.Z. SEALERS, quarts ..... $1.50 dozen
ATLAS E.Z. SEALERS, pints ..... $1.25 dozen
JELLY GLASSES, Fluted ..... 60c dozen

FOR YOUR PICKLING

We offer GREEN AND RIPE TOMATOES, ONIONS and CUCUMBERS, PURE SPICES and HEINZ VINEGAR in WHITE WINE, MALT or CIDER.

PEACHES

ARE NOW ON IN FULL SWING. LARGE RIPE FRUIT, PICKED ESPECIALLY FOR OUR LOCAL TRADE, $1.00 per crate.
WE GUARANTEE THEM NO. ONE

DILL BROS.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS AND GROCERIES

XMAS PRESENTATION APPLES FOR THE OLD COUNTRY

We will deliver to any part of England, Scotland or Wales, a box of FANCY EXPORT APPLES for $3.50. Orders must be received by us not later than October 6th, and accompanied with Express Money Orders or Marked Cheque, with exchange added. WRITE THE ADDRESS PLAINLY so as to avoid mistakes.

OKANAGAN UNITED GROWERS LIMITED VERNON, B.C.

FOSTER'S WEATHER REPORT

According to Foster's weather forecast, a warm wave will follow the low temperature and storms which have prevailed since the last days of September. This warm wave is due to reach Vancouver on or about Oct. 6th, and the rise in temperature will be great. This is to be followed by storms and low temperature, "with unusually cool weather for a long period."

"We warn Alaska and that part of Canada lying in the Rockies and west of the Rocky ridge," concludes the report, "that for three to five months following Dec. 24th, they will get very excessive precipitation with deep snows in the mountains, and a cold, hard winter."

Will Have Charge of Registration

Mr. R. F. Green, ex-M.P., has been appointed a director of national service by the Federal Government, and will assume his duties at once. In his position which is created under the scheme recently approved by the Government for the registration of all men in Canada with a view to securing the maximum results in recruiting as well as providing for the maintenance of the home requirments, Mr. Green will be in charge of the work in Military District No. 11, covering the entire Province and the Yukon.

Looks for Dominion Elections

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto News (Conservative) declares that a federal election in Canada is certain within one year. The despatch says the Liberal party has decided, war or no war, not to agree to another extension of parliamentary term.

CITY OF ENDERBY

Compilation of Voters' List, Year 1917

NOTICE is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Municipal Elections Act, Householders and License Holders desiring to have their names placed on the Voters' List for the year 1917 are required to make a statutory declaration of qualification, which declaration must be delivered to the Clerk of the Municipality within two days after it is made, and not later than 5 (five) o'clock in the afternoon of the 31st day of October, 1916.

Form of declaration can be obtained at the City Hall.

Dated, October 2nd, 1916.

GRAHAM ROSOMAN,
City Clerk.

Electrical Goods and Fixtures

THE VERY LATEST IN LAMPS AT MODERATE PRICES:

HOT POINT IRONS

HOT POINT GRILLS

HOT POINT ELECTRIC STOVES

HOT POINT HEATERS

ELECTRIC SHADES FROM 25c up

LACO NITROGEN &
LACO TUNSTAN LAMPS, 35c up

Enderby Music Store

J. E. CRANE, Proprietor

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Shropshire ram lamb. Apply, George A. Andrews, Enderby.

GRAIN GRINDING AND WOOD SAWING. Apply, R. D. Murdoch, Enderby. o14

SHOOTING is absolutely forbidden over my property. Any person trespassing will be prosecuted. Signed— GEORGE R. LAWES

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—One registered Shropshire ram. Will pay cash for good fresh cow, or trade one four-year-old horse for same. E. H. Naylor, R.R. No. 1, Deep Creek.

WANTED—A girl for light housework; wages, $10. Apply immediately to Mrs. A. Rosoman, Grindrod. One cow to milk. 3t

EGGS—Guaranteed strictly fresh; 35 c per dozen. Mrs. E. Gray.

MATERNITY NURSING. Mrs. West, Enderby. m4-tf

FOUND—A string of Catholic beads initialed. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Apply, Walker Press.