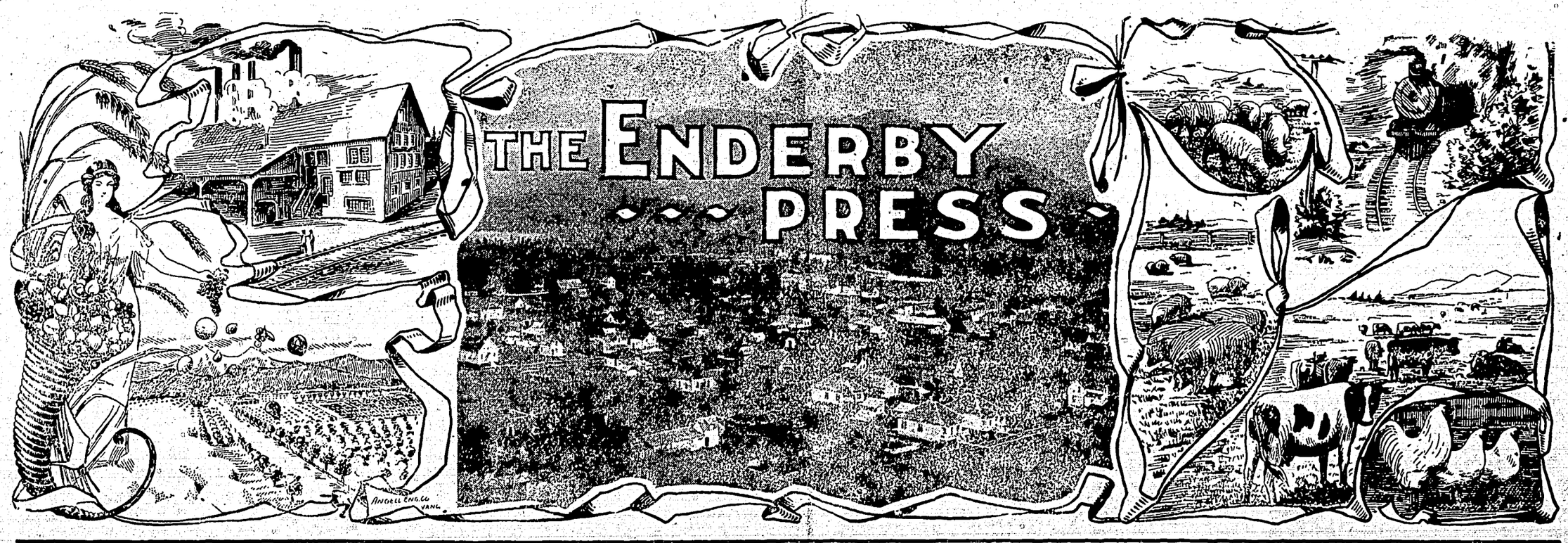


Enderby, B. C., May 4, 1916 AND WALKER'S WEEKLY Vol. 9; No. 10; Whole No. 430

ENDERBY AND DISTRICT NEWS

Good morning! Planting something?

Geo.Rands has moved to Vernon.

Decision marks the man of power.

Miss L. L. Smith left for Chase on Thursday.

God gives every bird its food, but He makes it hustle for it.

Born—At Vernon, May 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Polson, a son.

T. M. Lewis returned from a business trip to the coast on Friday

Pte. Geo. Mason, from Kamloops, spent the week-end with his family.

The contented man's corn-bread tastes better than the fault-finder's fruit-cake.

It is expected that Rev. and Mrs. Dow will return to Enderby from California this month.

Rev. Mr. Henderson will speak in K. of P. Hall this (Thursday) evening on Prohibition.

Mrs. E. J. Mack returned from a visit of a few months to her home in Toronto, on Sunday.

When you find a person good at making excuses you usually find one not much good for anything else.

Miss Townsend, who has been visiting Miss Gibbs the past few weeks, returned to Victoria on Friday.

Mrs. A. E. West had the pleasure of receiving her daughter, Mrs. Kemp, and child, of Edmonton, this week, who will spend the early summer months in Enderby.

All ladies having Red Cross sewing at home are requested to deliver same at the rooms by Tuesday next, as on that date it is desired to ship another case to headquarters.

A good cow will always command a good price regardless of market conditions. It pays to go in for good cows—it does not pay to go in for any other than good cows—whether to keep or sell.

Here's a motto that should be hung up in the office of every premier in Canada, from the Prime Minister down: "The Lord helps him who helps himself, but the Lord help him who helps himself while in the employ of this government."

What threatened to be a serious bush fire was burning along the railway track south of the Fortune Crossing Wednesday afternoon. Fences were burned for half a mile or more, and the brisk wind blowing fanned the flames into the timber and threatened to sweep a considerable portion of the hillside.

In the published estimates for the current year which appeared in these columns two weeks ago, the sum of $778 was given as the salary to be paid the gauge reader who is employed by the city to keep a record of the flow of Ashton creek, in compliance with a requirement of the geological department in connection with the city's application for permanent water rights. The linotype toggle toggled once too often. Instead of $778 the amount should have read $78.

A very enjoyable evening was spent at Mara hall last Friday evening when the Mara ladies held a sale of work in aid of the local church fund, after which their Enderby friends assisted them in a concert by giving a repetition of that laugh-provoking comedy, "The Aera Belle," and Mr. Winter sang a number of comic songs. The event was one of the most successful ever given at Mara, and enabled the ladies to realize a neat sum for the church work.

CITY COUNCIL SESSION

A special meeting of the City Council was held Monday evening, present, His Worship the Mayor, and Aldermen Johnston, Nichol, Faulkner and Fravel. The principal business calling the council together was to hear the complaints of water users who suffered having their water turned off in compliance with an order recently issued by the city. Of the 240 services, or thereabouts, supplied by the city, some 10 or 12 have failed to pay up arrearages, and instructions were given by the council a month ago that unless the sums in arrear up to June 30, 1915, were paid within 30 days the services would be turned off. The 30 days was up on May 1st, and the water turned off.

The case of a tenant illustrates what the city is up against occasionally in dealing with the water question. This tenant had paid the agent of the owner of the building six months' rent in advance, and included in the monthly rental was the water fees of $1.50 per month. The agent failed to pay the water rate and the tenant was to be deprived of water service by and through the neglect of the owner's agent. The matter was patched up by the tenant agreeing to pay to the city the amount of the monthly rental for the building until the amount of water fees in arrears is paid.

Other property owners were in attendance at the meeting and put before the council definite propositions as to how they would attempt to clean up the water rates unpaid.

The question of hospital was discussed at some length, but no action could be taken as the papers covering the property which the city had agreed to take over from Mr. Polson had not yet arrived and the transfer could not be made for another week or more.

The question of help for a few weeks in the City Office while the tax roll is being prepared caused some discussion among the members as to whether the request of the Clerk should be granted, and the amount per hour to be paid. It was finally moved by Aldermen Fravel and Johnston that the required assistant be granted for a period not to exceed in all the sum of $200 provided in the estimates for the year, and that the rate be 30c an hour.

"For Love and Money"

Under this captivating title chapter fourteen of the "Diamond from the Sky" will be shown at the Opera House Friday and Saturday evenings. Marmaduke Smythe, the man who brings the smile in this exciting drama, will again appear on the scene. He is in Los Angeles in search of "John Powell." In this episode a stage coach, horses and passengers are dashed to almost certain destruction over a mountain side.

Nainsooks and Bridal Cloths, made up ready to embroider, at Speers'.

A TOWN PICNIC

A meeting of citizens was held in the City Hall Tuesday evening to consider the advisability of attempting a town celebration on May 24th. This meeting was subsequent to another meeting held last Thursday evening at which it was decided to write Salmon Arm, Armstrong and Kamloops to learn if it would be possible to get ball teams from the first named towns and the military band from Kamloops. At the Tuesday evening meeting a letter was read from the Major Wolfenden of the 172nd Battalion, stating that they regretted they could not send their band to Enderby on that day as they were to have a big military day at Kamloops. Another letter was received from Salmon Arm saying it would be impossible to send a senior team from there as all the ball players had joined the forces, but intimating that the intermediate team might be available.

After considerable discussion it was decided that, owing to the impossibility of getting attractions on that day, it would be inadvisable to attempt a town celebration, but it was agreed that, as the married men of Enderby and Armstrong could put up a good game of base ball, the recreation ground should be turned over to them on that day.

It is the general feeling that the day should be observed by making the celebration, if it can be termed such, take on the form of a town picnic, with a cordial invitation extended to all and sundry to enjoy the day with us—a sort of "get together" day, with just enough sports thrown in to interest and afford an opportunity for the "rooters" to exercise their vocabulary. There will probably be races arranged for the children, with suitable cash prizes.

WHY SAVE—AND HOW

A pamphlet has been issued by the Parliamantary War Savings Committee in Britain entitled "Why We Must Save and How." As it is intended to illustrate the possibilities of saving by all classes there are necessarily many hints calculated to be of value the world over and especially in afflicted countries. In the first place it combats the notion that those people who spend all they make are necessarily benefitting trade. On the contrary those who save wisely advantage themselves, their neighbors and their country. Spending money on luxury gives a certain amount of employment, but nothing like the employment that investment in desirable and necessary articles does. The best way to convey the meat of this useful and timely pamphlet would seem to be to summarize its contents:

Thrift is a national duty, so that the money thus saved may be invested with the government.

The more goods we buy at home and the more we make and send abroad the richer the cou try becomes.

Every dollar borrowed abroad that might be obtained at home means money going out of the country.

By devoting all our energies to producing things useful and abandoning the purely ornamental and the luxurious we are helping the country.

The only money judiciously spent is that that keeps ourselves in health of mind and body and that by investment in productiveness helps in the progress of the land and the country.

Women are the main power in the campaign for thrift. As leaders of the home they can best foster economy in food and clothing.

Reduction in meat-eating might be generally practiced without loss of strength.

Economy and good digestion are aided by never eating bread that is not at least 24 hours old. Ten per cent of the cost of bread would be saved by rigidly adhering to this simple practice.

Fewer courses at dinner would not mean any wearing on the health, but less work and more saving.

Much money might be saved by spending less on hobbies.

Neighbors can benefit each other by systematically combining to buy food in quantities and sharing it.

Economy today means riches in the future.

The only luxury the Empire can afford is victory.

CREAMERY OPENS MONDAY

The Northern Okanagan Creamery will open at Armstrong on Monday the 8th of May, for the purpose of manufacturing butter and ice cream. As this is a co-operative concern it is impossible, the managers say, to state exactly, before the manufactured article is sold, how much can be paid to the patrons for their butter fat, but as near as can be estimated the price will not be less than 30c per lb. In any case the shareholders will get the net proceeds after deducting running expenses, which are said to be less than those of any other creamery in the Interior. Commencing on the 8th, and on every Thursday and Monday thereafter, cream may be shipped or delivered at the creamery at the shipper's expense, those sending by express having any express charges that may be paid for them deducted from their cheque. All accounts for cream will be paid on the 20th of each month for cream delivered up to and including the 15th of the month.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

The treasurer of the Canadian Patriotic Fund acknowledges the following contributions during the past month:

Okanagan Saw Mills, Ltd.	$45.00
E. Harrop	.75
G. B. Johnston	1.00
Geo. Folkard	.50
C. B. Winter	10.00
C. P. Ryan	2.00
J. McMahon	5.00
Miss E. M. Forster	.50
A. Reeves	4.00
Mrs. Reeves	4.00
Miss Laing	2.00
	$79.25

Fifteen Millions to C.N.R.

Supplementary estimates totalling $28,282,081 were tabled in the Dominion House Tuesday by Sir Thomas White, minister of finance. They include provision for a loan of fifteen million dollars to the C. N. R. and of eight millions to the G. T. R.

Delicious, wholesome, pure ice cream at Joe's. Home-made from Enderby cream.

LATEST WAR SUMMARY

On the Western front Paris reports the French to have made important gains in the vicinity of Verdun, where, on the north slope of Deadman Hill they took German trenches along a front of about three-fifths of a mile, and a depth of 500 to 600 yards. The battle of Verdun goes on seemingly indifferently, and there is fierce fighting in the vicinity of Ypres. It would seem that the very determined and dangerous offensive of the Germans at Verdun has failed. The only gain to the enemy for all this tremendous effort and consequent loss of life lies in the fact that it has delayed the spring drive of the Allies. Their losses, though not nearly so great as the German, are still formidable. These losses are apparently being made up by the Russian troops now being landed in France.

A London report says the rebellion in Ireland is now practically ended. The leaders and their followers in the rebellion in Dublin have surrendered unconditionally to the military authorities. The situation outside of Dublin, while not so satisfactory as in the city itself, is improving and the authorities expect that in a few days the end will come of armed rebellion in Ireland.

Canadian Casualty List

The last casualty list issued on Tuesday by the militia department brings the total Canadian losses so far reported from the battle at St. Eloi to 2856, made up as follows: Killed, 476; died of wounds and sickness, 201; found dead, 1; missing and believed to be dead, 13; unofficially reported killed, 1; missing and believed wounded, 5; missing, 114; missing and believed prisoner, 1; reported missing, 4; wounded, 1908; ill, 107; admitted to hospital, 2; suffering from shock 23.

Allowed to Retain His Sword

British casualties in the fighting about Mesopotamia during March and April reached 20,000, according to official announcement at Constantinople. The statement adds that among the prisoners taken with the surrender of General Townsend at Kut-el-Amara were four generals, 240 English officers, and 270 Indian officers. "The Turkish commander, Halil Pasha," the report adds, "allowed General Townsend to keep his sword."

General Compulsion Bill

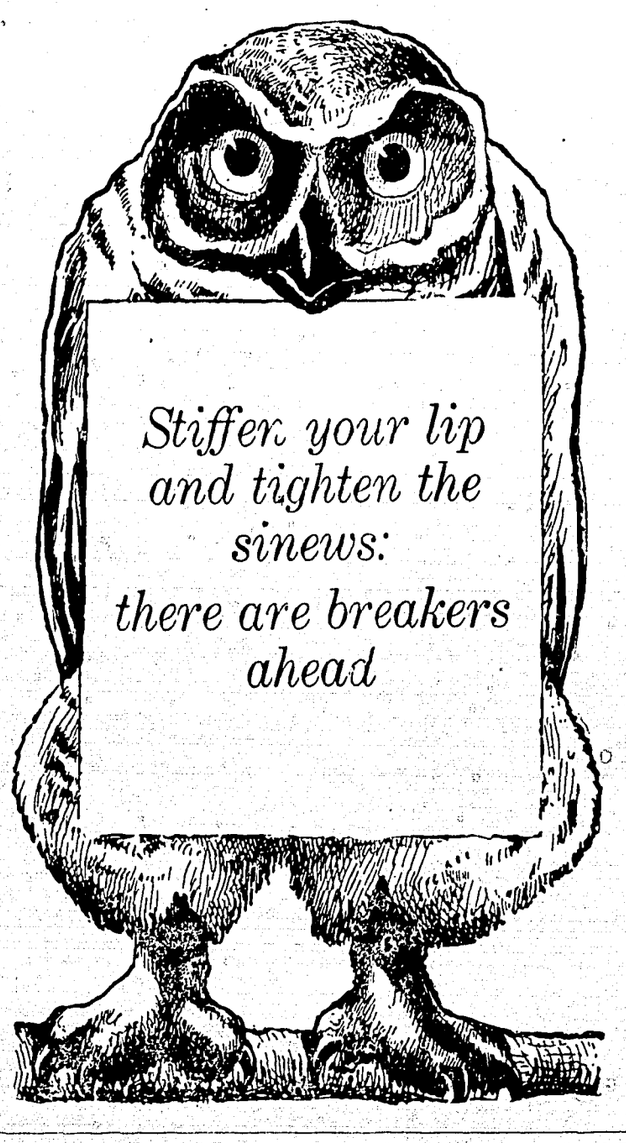
Prmier Asquith declared in the House of Commons Tuesday afternoon that a bill will be introduced this week providing for general and immediate compulsion. Mr. Asquith told the members of the House that the total naval and military effort of the British Empire since the beginning of the war exceeded 5,000,000 men.

A 15c tea will be held at the residence of Mrs. Winter, Thursday, May 11th, 3 to 6, in aid of the W.A.

Special 15 per cent discount on ladies' Oxfords, at Speers'.

You will find a fresh stock of delicious candies at Joe's.

Striped Voiles and printed Pongee, at Speers.'



THE ENDERBY PRESS

AND WALKER'S WEEKLY

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THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1916

THE SUCCESSFUL FARMER IS NO QUITTER

The successful farmer is no quitter. He may not always be an optimist. He may, indeed, indulge in a little psychological depression. In fact, he has been known occasionally to kick about the weather and the taxes, or tell about the bad roads over which he has to drive to market. He may kick about the poor market and low prices for farm produce. He may tell you that his is the hardest lot of all; that the pigs won't litter right; the cows don't pay their way; the sheep eat the wool off their backs; the hens lay well only when the price for eggs is down; the frost kills the fruit branch, the worms eat the vegetables and weeds and smut choke out the grain. But he goes right on sawing wood every day in the week, and one week after another. He doesn't fire his hired man and sell his team because he has an impression there's going to be too much rain or too much drouth to get a good crop, or because he's afraid of the Hessian fly, or the chinch bug or the grasshopper is going to eat it. If the rain keeps him from plowing the corn till the weeds get the start, he hustles a little harder and a few more hours every day till he gets the best of them. If the ground begins to dry out, he gears up to a faster speed, keeps the ground constantly stirred on top, and forces the water up from below to feed the roots of his growing dollars. He may kick some, but, God bless him, he's no quitter.

When animals are sick they stop eating. Man is the single exception—and woman. Overeating has caused and is causing more misery and sickness than all the booze every manufactured.

GENERAL TOWNSEND SURRENDERS

A Constantinople dispatch published under London date says the vice-chief commander of the Turkish army announces that the British garrison at Kut-el-Amara under General Townsend, which surrendered unconditionally, numbered 13,300 men. The official announcement of the surrender issued at London is as follows:

"After a resistance protracted for 143 days and conducted with a gallantry and fortitude that will be forever memorable, Major-General Townsend has been compelled by the final exhaustion of his supplies to surrender. Before doing so he destroyed his guns and munitions. The force under him consisted of 2,970 British troops of all ranks and services and some 6,000 Indian troops and their followers."

War is now costing the nations of Europe more than $90,000,000 a day, according to the estimates prepared in a booklet to be issued by the Mechanics and Metals National Bank of New York. Of this enormous total, the principal burden falls upon the entente allies. The bank estimates that the cost per hour to England, France and Russia is approximately $2,500,000, while to the Teutonic powers the cost is something over $1,000,000.

PLAIN SPEAKING

In a late issue the Financial Post, of Montreal, spoke plainly of war conditions, in the hope, no doubt of bringing to the attention of its readers—the financiers of Canada—the seriousness of the situation and the desirability of putting the country and the empire down to a more systematic basis as regards the handling of the war. It quotes Bismarck thus, "War is business and business is war," and in the course of a long editorial says:

"We fear the worst is yet ahead for us. We have to see the war through. Germany is offering peace terms to our allies. Her influence is very great and her propositions are generous. In view of the agreement existing among the allies the impression prevails, and is voiced by the newspapers, that such an arrangement is impossible. We can learn from usually well posted sources of information that unless Germany is soon reduced, it is not impossible that not only Belgium, but Russia, Japan, and Italy, and eventually France, may conclude independent terms, while we British may have to go on fighting for years. The financial and other terms which the British Government made with some of them—which the censor forbids quoting—shows how little sentiment enters into international deals. No longer are we British held in high respect by our allies. The mistakes and appalling incompetence of our Imperial political leaders are common talk among them, and their references to our capacity are not complimentary. Its general management is the greatest problem of Empire today. Our taxes in Canada are serious enough now, but they will be very much heavier unless the present cabinet is replaced by other men. The conduct of a war is like the conduct of an industrial institution, a great railroad corporation. Would the shareholders in any business institution entrust Mr. Asquith or Mr. Balfour with its management. Then why do we trust them to handle the greatest business problem the Empire has ever encountered? The longer they remain there the harder will we have to slave to pay the heavy tax of their incompetence."

WHEN HENS GET WOOZY

When the hens go "hic-adoodle do" it's time to look for the eggs to begin to drop. For hens that take a drop too much or get the drug habit, are not as a rule incompetent. As a matter of fact they lay more eggs than hens whose lives have been so lived that not the slightest breath of scandal has ever attached to them. This is the statement of Raymond Pearl, biologist at the Maine agricultural experiment station, at the annual convention of the American Philosophical Society held in Chicago a week or more ago. Mr. Pearl explained that an effort was made to learn what effect drugs and rum might have upon roosters and hens. At first alcohol was placed in drinking water, and the coop conventionalists refused absolutely to drink. Then it was decided that both ether and alcohol should be sprayed upon the backward barnyard specimens to see how they would act when woozy. In half an hour an entire hen coop full of specimens was as packed as a trunk and as giddy as all outdoors.

Mr. Pearl stated that when the hens and roosters were so pickled up that they were cackling "hic-adoodle do" the scientists began to take notes on their condition and upon what occurred. They were amazed to find that the hens laid more eggs than they had ever laid before and that both hens and roosters fattened up so that is was almost a crime to let them live. However, those who had imbibed grew lazy and quarrelsome, and in the end were not fit to eat, in a manner of speaking. For all the laymen present knew, this may prove something. From a strictly non-scientific point of view, it would seem that too much booze is no better for a hen than for a 'hic.'

REASONABLE COMPROMISE SUGGESTED

"Bruce," in T. P.'s Weekly, suggests this reasonable compromise between the Provincial Government and the Prohibitionists: "You'll be damned if you do and you'll be damned if you don't,' seems to be the position the government is in now in regard to compensation of the liquor interests if prohibition is carried at the forthcoming election. The Prohibitionists have uncompromisingly said no to any compensation proposals. They will undoubtedly try to defeat Premier Bowser's government if he inserts a compensation clause in the referendum. The liquor interests declare they will oppose and try to defeat the government if no compensation clause is inserted. A very persistent lobby has developed, a serious schism in the government ranks, and there is a strong section of the members who are in favor of compensation. It is claimed that in caucus they will be in the majority. However, it is extremely doubtful if they would go the length of defeating the government on the question if Mr. Bowser insisted on wholly complying with the wishes of the Prohibitionists. It would seem that there is here an opportunity for a fair compromise between the government and the Prohibitionists. Why not incorporate in the act a provision for a commission clothed with power to investigate, take evidence, adjudicate and reforth in the act. Such a commission could hear argument on both sides and all cases could be heard and disposed of probably within a year or eighteen months after the passage of the act."

Our stock of Groceries is complete and fresh and prices low

Bulk Tea, 3 lbs for $1.00 — Peanut Butter, 25c per lb.
Lux, 10c per package — Dutch Cleanser, 10c pkt.
Baking Powder, 5-lb tin, $1.00; 2½-lb tin, 55c

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TEECE & SON, 'PHONE 48 Bell Block, Enderby

Specials in Lumber while they last:

No. 4 Novelty Siding, - - - $10.00 per M
No. 2 2x4 and 2x6, - - - - $13.00 per M
No. 2 Mixed Lath, - - - - $1.75 per M
Short Cordwood, - - - - $3.75 per load

Order your winter's supply of wood NOW—Green Blocks, $1 a load

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King Edward

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Enderby Lodge No. 40 Regular meetings first Thursday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited

R. E. WHEELER, W. M. — W. J. LEMKE, Secretary

ENDERBY LODGE

No. 35, K. of P.

Meets every Monday evening in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.

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Pupil for the past five years of Roland Rogers, Esq., M.A., Mus.Doc., Oxfor., and Miss Oberhoffer, L.R.A.M.
Lessons on Pianoforte and in voice Production and Musical Theory. For terms apply to Box 583, City.

FRESH FISH

EVERY THURSDAY

GEO. R. SHARPE

WHOLESALE - RETAIL BUTCHER

FOR SALE

I find that I must close out my Cement Building Block and Brick business in Enderby, and am prepared to dispose of the following:

One Building Lot, 60x120, with storehouse and workshed.
Two Cement Brick Machines,
Building Block Machine,
Veneer Block Machine,
Pier Block Machine,
Moulds for Cemetery Supplies

Any reasonable offer considered. Cash or terms. For further particulars apply—

J. S. JOHNSTONE, Enderby

E. J. Mack

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

ENDERBY, B. C.

Good Rigs; Careful Drivers; Draying of all kinds.

Comfortable and Commodious Stabling for teams.

Auto for Hire

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Send for **FREE 1916 Catalogue,** 60 pages of *Bicycles, Sundries and Repair Material.* You can buy your supplies from us at Wholesale Prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON,
27 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.

Are your Butter Wraps running low?

Better order some now

Afternoon tea and other light refreshments served at Joe's.

LONG DELAYED AWAKENING

Britain! Our Britain! uprising in the splendor
Of your white wrath at treacheries so vile;
Roused from your sleep, become once more defender
Of those high things which make life worth life's while!

Now, God be thanked for even such a wakening
From the soft dream of peace in selfish ease,
If it but bring about the great heart-quickening,
Of which are born the larger liberties.

Ay, better such a rousing up from slumber;
Better this fight for His High Empery;
Better—e'en though our fair sons without number
Pave with their lives the road to victory.

But—Britain! Britain! What if it be written
On the great scrolls of Him who holds the ways,
That to the dust the foe shall not be smitten
Till unto Him we pledge redeemed days?

Till unto Him we turn—in deep soul-sorrow,
For all the past that was so stained and dim,
For all the present ills—and for a morrow
Founded and built and consecrate to Him.

Take it to heart! This ordeal has its meaning;
By no fell chance has such a horror come.
Take it to heart!—nor count indeed on winning
Until the lesson has come surely home.

Take it to heart!—nor hope to find assuagement
Of this vast woe, until, with souls subdued,
Stripped of all less things, in most high engagement,
We seek in Him the One and Only Good.

Not of our own might shall this tribulation
Pass, and once more to earth be peace restored,
Not till we turn, in solemn consecration,
Wholly to Him, our One and Sovereign Lord.

—John Oxenham, in London Daily Telegraph.

WILL THE SMALL NATIONS GO DOWN?

Twelve years ago that great British statesman, Joseph Chamberlain declared that "the day of small nations has passed away; the day of empires has come." But today's great war is to prevent, so far as possible, the bringing about of the collapse of the small nations and their merging into empires. Great Britain has declared through her diplomats that there shall be no peace until Belgium and Serbia are again free from the Teutonic yoke, and are permitted again to take upon themselves the independence they have lost as a result of the war. Germany, by the declaration of the German chancellor, Von Bethmann-Hollweg, not only is ready now to re-establish peace in Europe upon a true nationalistic basis but if she brings the war to a successful result will insist upon reconstruction upon such a basis. Not only shall Belgium be free, but the Flemings in Belgium shall be free. The Polish, Lithuanian, Livonian, and other peoples of Europe "must have a chance for free evolution along the lines of their mother tongue and natural individuality."

Robert Herrick, writing in the Chicago Tribune on the probable winding up of the war, voices the opinion of thousands when he says: "Conceivably the war will gradually relax its tension, with fewer bloody slaughters like those of Ypres and Verdun, with less expenditure of ammunition as the national credits become weaker. It will degenerate into the dreary daily grind of factory war in trenches until all men get heartily sick of the business and turn on the leaders who run it. It will be a sad time for women and children, with increasing poverty and anxiety. But it will be a fruitful time, nevertheless, for as never before the great nations will face ultimate realities, as private hoards are exhausted and public credits sink. The new generation will come forward rapidly of men who have become used to hardship and simplicity and effort; men and women who have lived lean, and tried themselves to the utmost. A healthier race than the peace-fat generation that tumbled into the great war!

"Therefore let the great war go on until the diplomatists, the statesmen, the financiers and businessmen who had a hand in its making have been eliminated from control, until leaders get into power who have the new sense of realities created by the war. The process of elimination has been going on ever since the beginning. The first notable reactionary to go was Count Berchtold, the Austrian prime minister, pliant tool of Hapsburg and Hohenzollern. The French have dispensed with Viviani, Delcasse, Millerand, Gallieni, and a number of smaller personalities; the English have dropped Winston Churchill, and Asquith himself and Grey are less securely seated than ever before. The Germans in dispensing with Von Tirpitz have made a large progress towards peace and the new order. Any day we may see Bethmann-Hollweg—him of the 'scrap of paper' fame—follow his less conservative colleague, together with Von Jagow and Zimmerman, into the outer silence, their places taken by less intractable statesmen whose hands are not stained with the guilt of the war. It is not conceivable that any peace could be made between the Asquith government and the present leaders of Germany, but it is entirely conceivable that an honorable peace might be made between men who have not themselves been directly responsible for the making of the war, who have not indulged in denunciations of each other, who have not put themselves on record for this or that intemperate policy. Perhaps this year will witness the exodus of the old order of statesmen.

THE "WRITTEN AND READ" FORCE

J. Burt Malette, writing in Printer and Publisher, of Toronto, gives this bit of advice to merchants: "Some time ago I had the good fortune to be connected with a certain large retail establishment in Calgary, and was given charge of the window trimming in addition to my former duties as manager. Directly after assuming control I determined to make a test case of window display when pitted against newspaper advertising as a direct result producer. So I placed on sale, agreeable with the buyer, using three of the local papers, 1,600 yards of fine English and French cretonnes, with values from $1.25 to $3.50 the yard, and ran them in at a price of 95c the yard. Although times were not particularly brilliant from a selling standpoint, we managed to scrape even the remnants off the bolts in a single day's selling, at a net selling expense of $22.50, a trifle over 2 per cent.

"Now compare this record with the following: It was nearing Thanksgiving and we decided to make the second and last test with a staple—linens for the table. Much of our stock was purchased far below market, consequently we were able to bunch about six lines in all, selling napkins at $1.95 the dozen; table damask, $1.28 a yard, and white spreads $2.25 each. We placed selling stock in excess of $250 in two of our most popular windows, keeping them there for four days. What result do you imagine was forthcoming? Gross sales of $35!

"Now consider the cost of selling. Windows, $3 per day per window, or $24. The actual loss of business to other departments through lack of newspaper advertising (which we had agreed to discontinue through the latter test, was reckoned at least $150 per day per section. All this, not to mention depreciation of goods in windows, etc. In short, it cost us over 75 per cent to do this $35 worth of linen business; not because the window was not appreciated, but because a volume of business from this source, unaided by the greater 'Written and Read' force was a sheer impossibility. We simply could not get the message across."

MINING IN BABINE LAKE DISTRICT

J. L. Ruttan returned last Sunday afternoon from a trip to the southern end of Babine lake, and told the Herald representative something of the mining prospects in a district of big promise. He is interested in the Sure Shot mining claim, which is located 12 miles from the southern end of Babine lake, on the north side. The claim is rich in silver, copper, lead and zinc, and recent assays have shown the material to run as high as two hundred dollars to the ton, showing that it is essentially a high grade body of ore. The assays disclosed the fact that silver and copper are the predominating metals. The lead, which is close to the shores of Babine lake, has been opened up in five places in a distance of 1000 feet, and in the entire length gives every indication of the existence of a large body of ore.

This news comes at a very opportune time, when interest in mining in various parts of the Province show a distinct revival. Mr. Ruttan has been much in touch with people in Minneapolis who are anxious to get into some good propositions, and who are prepared to build a concentrator if necessary. The Sure Shot was located by Edgar Boiling, one of the best-known prospectors of the North, and he is now carrying on development work at the property. In the vicinity of the Sure Shot are located other claims of great promise, such as Silver Island and Silver Fox. These claims have been proved to be of great richness, and it only requires capital for development purposes for this region to be the centre of a rich mining camp. Mr. Ruttan brought back a lot of fine looking samples with him.—Vanderhoof Herald.

WHO'S DOING THE "KEEPING"

The question has often been asked, somewhat facetiously perhaps, "do you keep cows, or do they keep you?" To many dairymen this has started a train of thought resulting in vastly improved prospects. To come right down to business, why do you keep cows? Surely it is in order that they may contribute handsomely towards income. If you are already satisfied on that point, well and good; but, one excellent result of cow testing is the solid fact that it helps men to increase their income considerably. That is one main objective point reached. The same story is repeated in all provinces in the Dominion. It runs something like this: from a man at Petersburg, Ont., "I have increased fourteen hundred pounds of milk per cow, and hope to go up another fifteen hundred," or this from a man at Barnston, Que., "My cows average almost two thousand pounds of milk more than two years ago," or again, from a man at Hagersville, Ont., "My herd is pretty near double in three years by weeding out," and once more, from St. Boniface, Que., "My seven cows brought in $145 more this year; my records showed me it paid to care for them better." The dairy division of the department of agriculture, Ottawa, will gladly send milk record forms if you write for them.

It is an old custom among rescue parties in mines to carry a canary or some other small bird in a cage in order to get delicate indications of the state of the air. Small birds, as well as certain species of mice, are very sensitive to vitiated or poisonous air and will droop and sicken before a human being is conscious of the change.

NO ALUM

PARAGRAPHS WITH A POINT

Stimulants seldom hurt a man—if he leaves them alone.

The sharper a man is the harder it is to make a tool of him.

Greatness is never thrust upon the man who leads an aimless life.

The sun is unselfish in that it shines for all, but stands in its own light.

A stag party would be a heap more enjoyable if a few dears were invited.

The lion may be the king of beasts but it takes the cow to put it over the household.

Whether it causes a woman more pleasure to hear herself praised or another woman run down is still a question that has not been settled.

The cheerful live longest in years and afterwards in our regards.

FOR RENT—Brick cottage; six rooms and surface (brick) cellar—all in good condition and close to mill. Apply, Walker Press.

There are more people pushing the developing end of my business than any other business in town—McPherson.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent of sub-Agent of the district in which rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights as may be considered necessary for the working of the mine, at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.--Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—83575.

O. K. Barber Shop

Baths in connection

H. HENDRICKSON, Proprietor

C. P. R. TIMETABLE

Southbound		Northbound
10.20 lv.	Sicamous	ar. 18.30
10.53	Mara	17.41
11.09	Grindrod	17.24
11.24	ENDERBY	17.08
11.50	Armstrong	16.38
12.00	Realm	16.28
12.11	Larkin	16.15
12.38	Vernon	15.48
13.00 ar.	Okanagan Ldg.	lv. 15.30

H. W. BRODIE, G. P. A., Vancouver — JNO BURNHAM, Agt., Enderby

All the Latest & Best

Lawn Mowers, $5.45 to $9.50

GOODS FOR FLY TIME:

Screen Doors, $1.50, $1.60, $1.85 and $2.00 each.
Fly Swatters, 10c each — Screen Windows, 35c and 40c each
Screen Meat Safes, $5.50 each — Tennis Rackets, from 60c to $6.00
Carpet Sweepers, $4.00 each — Gallon Ice Chests, $6.00 each

THE RAMBLER BICYCLE, absolutely guaranteed and *made in Canada*, Price, $32.00.

Large Assortment of Baseball Mitts, Bats, Balls, etc.

Our stock of Oil Stoves, Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers due in a few days.

Eureka combined Garden Seeders and Cultivators, at $14.50 each.

Large Wheel Cultivators, $8.00

We aim to serve you in all lines of Hardware at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

FULTON HARDWARE CO., Ltd

APPLES FOR THE SOLDIERS

The following letter from J. R. Seymour, chairman of the Canadian Red Cross Society, to the United Growers, has to do with the donations of apples that left this Province last fall for the enjoyment of the soldiers in foreign lands. That this generous gift of fruit was keenly appreciated can be seen from Mr. Seymour's letter, as well as from excerpts from the Bramshott, Eng., Weekly Chronicle which follow it:

Okanagan United Growers, Ltd., Vernon, B.C.

Dear Sir: It gives me great pleasure in forwarding you today a copy of the Bramshott Weekly Chronicle just received from England, referring particularly to the 47th Battalion and the receipt of the shipments of apples that went forward from B. C. last fall.

I have received letters from every regiment from B. C. that was in England and France at that time, and each and every one of the Colonials speak in a most appreciative manner of the kindness and thoughtfulness of the donors.

Yours truly, J. R. SEYMOUR,
Vice-Chairman.

The Weekly Chronicle says:

"This was a magnificent New Year's gift, and we are at a loss to know when the generosity of our friends at home will cease. We almost feel embarrassed at the quantities of gifts that come from time to time from those we have left behind. The Canadian Red Cross has done such a tremendous lot for her soldiers at the front. The Greater Vancouver organization closed the year with a report of 1,083 cases of goods sent to Toronto and London, Eng., amounting in weight to no less than 80,000 pounds and valued at $145,000. This was all material made up ready for our wounded, sick and diseased soldiers in the Red Cross hospitals, besides $30,000 cash sent to London for medical and surgical supplies that could be purchased in London. Then outside this there are countless numbers of socks that have been knitted for the boys at the front, and the wonderful work done by the Daughters of the Empire, to say nothing of the $34,854 raised in one day on the mainland of B. C. for the B.C. base hospitals.

"We do indeed thank the generous donors of these apples to us; the gift was more than appreciated for many had not even seen an apple, let alone tasted one, since we left home. We are glad that we are able, through the courtesy of Mr. Seymour, to publish a list of the contributors, and we know that all our units which received their portion of the gift will unite with us in giving thanks to one and all.

List of Donors: Vancouver merchants — Greek fruit merchants, 329 boxes; Vancouver Fruit & Produce Exchange, 86; King Edward Highschool scholars, 2; city of North Vancouver, 20.

Okanagan Valley — Summerland and Naramata, 438; Peachland, 106; Penticton, 322; Kelowna, 295; Vernon, 249; Armstrong, 8; Enderby, 5; Tappen, 23; Salmon Arm, 96.

Keremeos Valley—W. N. Armstrong, 10; Robt. Armstrong, 10; J. J. Armstrong, 10 (and three extra boxes, one for each son); Alex Morrison, 10; Wm. Ditmar, 10; the Misses Woodrow, 5.

Chilliwack Valley — Chilliwack City, 24; Fairfield Island, 7; Rosedale, 8; Cash contributed by L.O.L. No. 1470, $20; Chilliwack citizens, $10.75; Rosedale, $1.50; Fairfield Island, $5.

Taking the Bull by the Horns

Owing to the poor quality of the milk supply in an English city, a member of the municipal council arose one day and urged that august body to "take the bull by the horns and start a municipal milk supply." Which goes the fellow from the city one better who took the cow by the tail in an effort to do the milking.

IF YOU can ride a bicycle and talk intelligently about a motor to drive it, I can offer you a means of making money. Write Fred. A. White, 611 View St., Victoria, B. C. m4-4

MATERNITY NURSING. Mrs. West, Enderby. m4-tf

The Dear Child

Johnny—What language do they speak in heaven, Billy?

Billy—It ain't English, anyway. Our new baby is just from heaven and it can't speak a word of English.

Rev. Mr. Beatty, of the Methodist Church, has enlisted for active service.

LOST—A dark-red Jaeger Sweater, on road from Armstrong to Enderby. Please leave at office of Armstrong Advertiser or Enderby Press.

LOST—An 8-year-old bay mare, branded U on right foreleg. V. Doubek, Enderby. m4-2

FOR SALE—Two fresh cows, part Holstein. Lowes, Mabel Lake Road. m4-2

Heavy Farm Team For Sale

One mare in foal, weight 1350 lbs., 6 years old; one horse, weight 1450 lbs., 5 years old. Broke to all kinds of farm work and absolutely sound. If you want the best, investigate this at once. Can be seen in town.

A. FULTON, Enderby.

Cheap Buy in Driving Team

Good saddle or driving mare; also good saddle horse. Would make good driving team. Both for $100; separate, $75 for mare; $50 for horse. Am leaving Province and must sell. Wm. Kenyon, Mara.

NOTICE

In the Estate of Charles Groce Avery, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late Charles Groce Avery, who died on the 16th day of March, 1916, are required to send to Lillie Jane Avery, executrix of said estate, or the undersigned, her solicitor, on or before the 15th day of May, 1916, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified; and that after that date, the executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereof, having regard only to the claims which have been duly filed with her or her solicitor.

Dated at Enderby this 12th day of April, A.D. 1916.

A. C. SKALING,
Solicitor for Lillie Jane Avery, executrix of estate of Charles Groce Avery, deceased.

HOUSE TO RENT—On Knight St. Apply, Mrs. C. G. Piper.

OUR GROCERIES TASTE DIFFERENT

Have you tried them?
Our Prices are Unbeatable.

Below are a few Specials:

Ginger Snaps, regular 15c lb., for 10c
French Peas, regular 20c tin, for 15c
8-lb. sacks Rolled Oats, regular 40c sack, for..35c
Choice Mixed Biscuits, regular 25c lb., for..20c
Navel Oranges, regular 50c doz., for 40c
Lemons, regular 30c doz., for 25c
Old Dutch Cleanser, regular 10c tin, 3 for....25c
Dog Biscuits, regular $1 sack, for 80c
Choice Tea, regular 50c lb., for 40c
Raspberries, regular 25c tin, for 20c
Tomatoes, regular 15c tin, for 10c
Corn Starch, regular 15c pkt., for 10c
Plum and Peach Jam, regular 50c tin, for....35c
Soda Biscuits, regular 30c tin, for 24c
Sunlight soap, regular 4 for 25c, 5 for 25c
Rice, regular 8c lb., for 6c
Corn Flakes, regular 10c, three for 25c
Golden Wax Beans, regular 15c tin, for 10c

500 Sacks No. 1 Bread Flour, Regular $2.00 for $1.85

We pay carriage on all orders for Dry Goods when cash accompanies the order, and on all Grocery orders amounting to $10.00 and upwards, excepting Flour, Sugar and Feed.

Hudson's Bay Co.

Grocery Specials

Fresh Stock of A1 Quality

KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES
3 for 25c

BRAID'S TEA
3 lbs for $1.20

BRAID'S BEAN BLEND COFFEE.
3 lbs for $1.00

ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANAS,
40c dozen

LUX, 10c
OLD DUTCH, 10c
CORN STARCH, 10c

FLOWER POTS,
10c 15c 25c

W. J. Woods

Production and Thrift

CANADA'S CALL FOR SERVICE AT HOME

Produce More and Save More — The Empire needs food. If you are not in the fighting line you may be in the producing line. Labour is limited—all the more reason to do more than ever before. Grow food for the men who are fighting for you. The Allies need all the food that you can produce. Every little helps. You are responsible for your own work. If you cannot produce as much as you would like, produce all you can. Work with the right spirit. Put fighting energy into your effort and produce now when it counts. The more you produce the more you can save. Producing and saving are war-service.

Make Your Labour Efficient — In war-time do not waste time and energy on unimportant and unprofitable work. Economize labour. Put off unproductive work till after the war, and, if possible, help in producing something needed now. Let us not waste labour. Canada needs it all. If possible help to feed the Allies. Make your backyard a productive garden. Cultivate it with a will. Make your labour count for as much as possible.

Do Not Waste Materials — There should be no waste in war-time. Canada could pay the annual interest on her war expenditure out of what we waste on our farms, in our factories, in our homes. Every pound of food saved from waste is as good as a pound of increased production. The way for a nation to save is for every individual to save. France is strong to-day because of thrift in time of peace. The men and women of Great Britain are not only "doing" but are learning to "do without."

Spend Your Money Wisely — Practise economy in the home by eliminating luxuries. Wasting our dollars here weakens our strength at the Front. Your savings will help Canada to finance the war. Save your money for the next Dominion War issue. There can be no better investment.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

5

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE — THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

WALL PAPERS

The decoration of your walls is, surely more important than anything else in the house. You see more of the walls than anything else, why not have them satisfactory and beautiful?

Our new papers are beautiful in color, attractive in design and appeal to people of good taste, and the prices are moderate.

BEDROOM PAPERS, from 5c up

CUT-OUT BORDERS in beautiful Floral Patterns.

VARNISHED TILES, for bathroom and Kitchen.

Enderby Music Store

J. E. CRANE, Proprietor

Eggs for Hatching

White Wyandottes, White Leghorns and Barred Rocks. All from sound utility strains. $1.25 per setting of 15. C. G. Bigge, Gainford Ranch, Enderby.

White Wyandotte

Hatching Eggs, from pen of selected layers; imported male from 260-egg hen. $1.00 for 12 eggs.
SOWDEN, Enderby

N O W

Is the time to order your Spring Suit. Customer's own material made up. Prices from $15 up. Local agent for Canadian Apparel Co. Suits to your measure from $17.50. Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing.

A. E. WEST
Ladies' and Gents' Tailor.