

ENDERBY AND DISTRICT NEWS

Mrs. Palmer was an Enderby visitor from Mara, on Monday.

St. George's annual bazaar will be held in K. of P. Hall, Nov. 30th.

Henry Hendrickson shot his first deer on his day off in the hills this week.

Mrs. W. A. Russell left for Vanderhoof on Monday, to join her husband.

Parish of Enderby, 23rd Sunday after Trinity: Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Mattins and Holy Communion, 11 a.m.; Evensong, 7:30 p.m.

Dr. C. J. McCullough closed his dental office in Enderby this week for the winter, and will confine himself to his Armstrong office.

E. J. Mack and E. B. Dill brought home another pair of deer as the result of a three-day outing in the Mabel Lake valley hills, the past week.

Chas. Hawkins, Thos. Robinson, C. G. Piper, Laurie Long and Alec Dale enlisted for home guard service this week, and left for Kamloops on Monday.

A "house warming" was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Hassard last Monday evening, a large number of Enderby young people taking part in the happy event.

The Red Cross market stall advertised last week will be opened from 2 till 5 o'clock, and will be held in the storeroom next to the Enderby Music Store, Bell Block.

A change in the timetable of the Okanagan line, inaugurated this week brings the morning train in 40 minutes earlier (11:24) and the afternoon train nearly an hour later (5:08).

There will be a meeting of the executive of the Horticultural and Enderby Horticultural Society at 8 o'clock Friday evening, Nov. 5th, in the City Hall. All interested are invited to be present.

Miss Hazel Stevens returned this week from a several weeks visit to Seattle and eastern cities. She was accompanied from Seattle by Miss Lewis, who will spend a few weeks with her in Enderby.

Already many orders are being received for Christmas Cards at the Walker Press, and we anticipate a heavier run on them this year than last. It will be to your interest, therefore, to make your selection early.

We are glad to state that Miss L. Terhune, teacher of the Ashton Creek school, who has been ill at the Armstrong Hospital, is now convalescent. Mr. Eric Freeman of Armstrong is substituting during her absence.

The Halloween entertainment in K. of P. Hall last Friday evening, given by the children of the Methodist church and friends, proved a great treat to a crowded house, and each number was most creditable alike to the children and those through whose efforts they were so well trained.

Another trainload of troops for Vancouver moved out of the Valley last night. This leaves only two regiments at the Vernon camp, and these will probably be ordered out in a few days. The 47th, which was sent to New Westminster a week ago, has received orders to go to the front at once.

Mr. Geo. Robinson left on Saturday to take a position as engineer at a point on the Washington side, south of Pentiction where they can cut the logs on the Canadian side

and saw it into lumber on the American side. Mrs. Robinson will join him for the winter at an early date.

Mr. H. J. Hyham is the new freight agent at the C. P. R. station. He comes from Revelstoke and will be joined next week by Mrs. Hyham. They have rented the Robinson cottage for the winter.

Schoolmaster Hughes is on the anxious seat this week. His 17-year-old daughter left the Old Country to cross the ocean to join her father last week. He expects Miss Hughes to arrive next week, and is preparing the Cobb cottage for their residence.

Word was received at Mara this week from Miss Langdon to the effect that her brother, Major Langdon, has been reported "missing." He was at the front in Flanders, and, according to report, was last seen talking to a group of his men, when all were blown up by a mine explosion.

"The Waterloo of the Conspirators," is the title of the next episode of the "Million Dollar Mystery," to be shown at the Opera House next Friday and Saturday evenings. The closing episodes of this remarkable picture drama are drawing large crowds. No one should miss the pictures this week and next.

ANOTHER HUNDRED THOUSAND

Orders have been issued by the Militia Department to recruit another hundred thousand troops for Overseas service. Recruiting officers are already active. This week Lieut. Logan and Lieut. Lewall were in Enderby from Vernon looking for men either for Home Guard or Overseas service. Lieut. Logan will be in town again on Saturday, when he will be pleased to meet any men desiring to enlist. Men over age are being taken for home guard work to relieve the younger men for overseas.

Anyone prepared to enlist may correspond with Recruiting Officer, 30th B. C. H., Internment Camp, Vernon.

When you want something in the line of buns and cakes, Joe has it.

HOSPITAL MEETING

Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. S. Polson, Miss Gibbs and Miss Forster, and Messrs. Dow, Keith, F. Dill, S. Polson, Gibbs, Murphy, Davies and Walker attended the public meeting called for Tuesday evening in the City Hall to consider ways and means for continuing the Cottage Hospital.

The meeting was called to order by Rev. Mr. Dow, who, as chairman of the board of management appointed at a meeting held in August, explained the objects of the meeting. He explained that, under existing arrangements, whereby the Woman's Auxiliary had undertaken to pay the rent of the hospital, and also the sum of \$25 per month towards keeping the housekeeper for the same, the total cost to the auxiliary and the board was \$45.00 per month. Sometime in the summer, he said, a board of management was elected to co-operate with the ladies of the auxiliary, and since that time the board had held monthly meetings to transact such business as was brought before it in connection with the hospital.

Recently, however, the board had entertained doubts as to its legal status, and its powers, and it was the purpose of this meeting to find out if the citizens of Enderby were ready to stand behind the board of management and give the practical support that was necessary in order to place the hospital on a better business basis. It was explained that certain citizens were contributing something in the neighborhood of \$25 per month, towards the required amount, but this left \$20 per month to be made up. The question was as to how this should be done.

The question was discussed from all sides and the middle, and the meeting finally decided that the hospital should be continued under the present management. But as to the method of raising the necessary funds, it was the general opinion of all present that it was not just or reasonable to appeal to and have to depend upon the generosity of a few individuals for the funds required. If the hospital was a good thing for the town, then the town

as a whole should contribute to its maintenance and not place it as a tax upon the few. And to bring this feeling down to concrete form, it was decided that the board of management previously elected should be endorsed by this meeting, and they empowered to appear before the City Council and urge that a monthly grant of \$45 be made to the board for meeting the above-mentioned requirements, and to report at a subsequent meeting if the Council did not feel disposed to make the grant.

The board was empowered to carry on all negotiations for the city in all matters relating to the management of the hospital, with the superintendent of same, and to make such arrangements as the board deems necessary, in conjunction with the superintendent, looking to the best interests of the public.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

Enderby Branch

The Executive Committee acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the undermentioned donations:

Miss E. Cooke	\$ 5.00
Reginald Hadow	1.00
R. & J. S. Cooke	10.00
H. Cooke	5.00
Miss S. Cooke	10.00
H. Knapp	2.00
Mrs. H. Marshall	.50
Total	\$ 33.50

The above donations were originally given to the machine gun fund, but the Government having intimated that a sufficient number of these guns had been arranged for, the donors kindly authorized Mr. Winter, secretary-treasurer of the fund, to hand them over to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Previously acknowledged \$289.30

The committee are receiving from headquarters and distributing to soldiers' relatives in this district month by month, a considerable amount of money, and are anxious to make as ample returns to the Fund as possible. They therefore appeal to the public to keep the Canadian Patriotic Fund in mind, and do what they can to help. Any contribution, however small, will be thankfully received and faithfully applied.

Donations may be handed to any of the officers of the Fund, or to The Enderby Press.

GRAHAM ROSOMAN, Hon.-Sec.

BACK AT HIS POST

Premier Asquith returned to his post as leader in the House of Commons on Tuesday, and his long expected speech on the conduct of the war was delivered. In his address Premier Asquith stated that Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British forces on the Franco-Belgian front, was now in command of one million men.

Mr. Asquith said the total casualties in France and Flanders amounted to 377,000. He asserted the Germans had not made a net gain of a foot of ground since April.

Mr. Asquith said there was full agreement between Great Britain and France to maintain the independence of Serbia and not let her become the prey of the sinister and nefarious combination of Germany, Austria and Bulgaria.

The premier asserted the financial situation of Great Britain was serious and that the nation must be prepared to make far better sacrifices than it had yet done to enable it to sustain the burden imposed by the war.

Premier Asquith said he strongly believed the recruiting plan of the Earl of Derby would succeed and that compulsion would be unnecessary. He added, however, that the war must be won and that rather than not win, he would have no hesitation about making fresh proposals to the House involving some sort of legal obligation.

Mr. Asquith asserted he was as confident as ever that the Allies were going to carry their righteous cause to a triumphant issue; and he was not going to shift the burden from his shoulders until satisfied he was unable to bear it. He would not surrender the task as long as he enjoyed health and the confidence of the King and the country.

The premier accepted his full share of the responsibility for the first attack on the Dardanelles, which resulted in failure, with the loss of several ships. He said this attack was made after full investigation and consultation with naval experts and that it was sanctioned by the government, notwithstanding some doubts in the mind of the government's principal advisers.

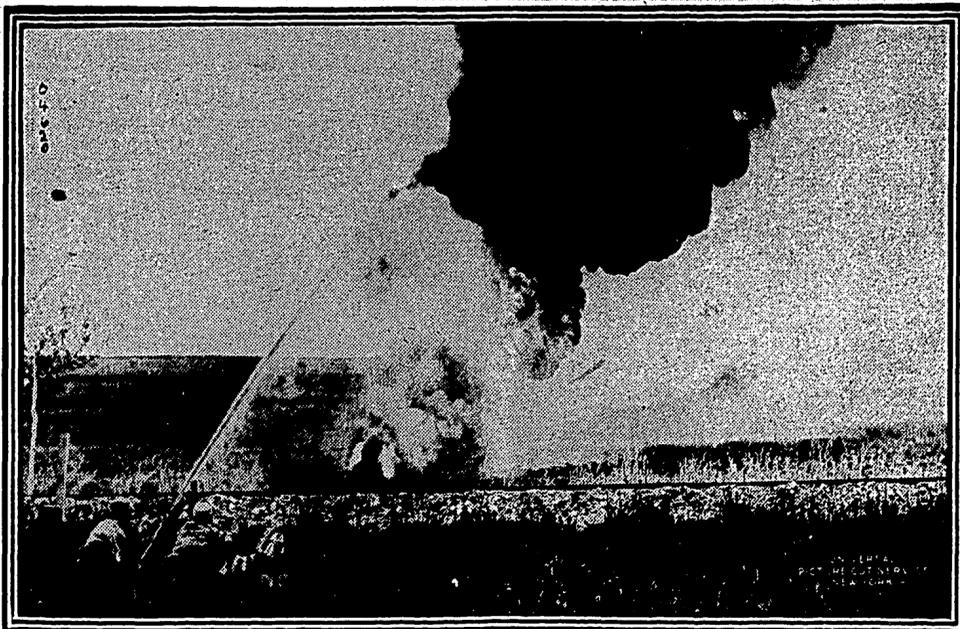
In referring to the situation at the Dardanelles, Premier Asquith pointed out that the Allied forces were holding up 200,000 Turks and added: "The situation in the Dardanelles is receiving the most anxious consideration of the government, not as an isolated thing but as part of the larger strategical question raised by reason of developments in the Balkans."

RED CROSS WORK

As the result of last month's Red Cross work several parcels were packed and dispatched to headquarters at Toronto. The following is a list of contents: 24 prs socks, 1000 mouth wipes, 250 face cloths, 16 hospital nightshirts. From the 20th Century Bible Class: 3 nightshirts, 6 pyjamas, 5 prs socks, 36 handkerchiefs, old cotton, 6 pillowslips, 1000 mouth pieces, 182 washcloths.

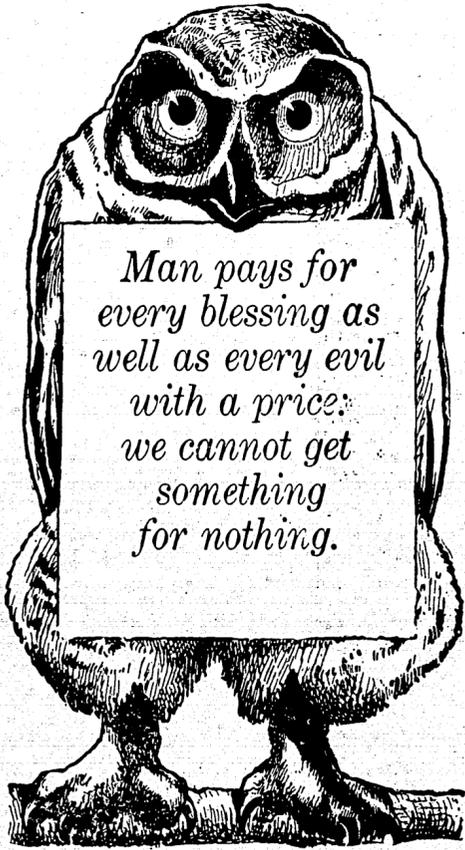
The next Red Cross working party will be held at Mrs. E. Mack's house, on Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m.

The Hospital whist drive last evening was a huge success. Twenty-three tables, followed by few hours dancing.



LIQUID FIRE AS USED IN WAR

Photograph taken somewhere in France recently, shows how the soldiers spray the trenches of the enemy with this deadly instrument. The flame from this gas sends off a sickening smoke.



Man pays for every blessing as well as every evil with a price: we cannot get something for nothing.

THE ENDERBY PRESS AND WALKER'S WEEKLY

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1915

CONCENTRATION MEANS ATTAINMENT

When the men and women in any community centre their mental energy upon an object to be attained—an object that means in its attainment their individual and combined betterment—they must win—cannot lose. And this community or any other community is and must be just what the individual members of the community are determined it shall be. We hear much about hard times, poor business, etc., but very little about the magnificent possibilities of Enderby and district. And yet, in spite of the croaking, one can see with a discerning eye, that splendid progress is being made right under the croaker's nose. If the same amount of development work goes on that has characterized the district within the past year or two, it will be but a little while until all the wooded section of the district are cleared and under cultivation. It is marvelous how much work has been done in this direction in the past year. And when these many hundreds of acres of fertile land are brought to the producing stage, then will Enderby come into its own. Be of good cheer. All cannot go to war. But all can combine to make the home district "blossom like the rose" and become productive.

No power on earth can successfully combat the concentrated power of the human mind; no combination of circumstances ever can interfere with the successful culmination of a movement having for its object the upbuilding of a community and the development of its dormant possibilities; no community of men and women of developed mental power can be defeated in its objects if they be honorable and just; no community of men and women can long centre its thought upon its fuller and completer development without attracting to its aid the mental stimulus and power of a host of other strong men and women similar-minded.

But it requires concentrated thought and effort to do it. Selfishness can have no place in such a movement. Community-interest must come first and must be the prime object all along the way. Not of the few individuals, but of all.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER DEAD

Sir Charles Tupper, the veteran Canadian statesman, a former Prime Minister of Canada, and the sole surviving member of the Fathers of Confederation, died at his home in England last Saturday morning, Oct. 30th, aged 94 years.

For half a century Sir Charles Tupper was in the very forefront of Canadian affairs. In that time he was premier of his native province, Nova Scotia, minister of finance, minister of railways and canals, high commissioner for Canada in London, Prime Minister of Canada, and in all of these positions Sir Charles had a most distinguished career. His great resolution and courage in the face of any difficulty, however appalling, were sufficient to inspire the most doubtful follower, and his wonderful vision enabled him to foretell the splendid possibilities of Western Canada at a time when his prophecies were derided as airy vaporings. He lived to see all such prophecies fulfilled. In recent years he became physically weak, but his mind was as clear and active as when he was in the prime of life.

WHY THE WORK MUST BE SLOW

Our people are too eager to grasp at straws in reading the published war news. We must keep the courage up, and we must develop the will to do, but it must be as the result of sane, reasonable deduction, if any good is to come of it; otherwise we build up our spirits today as the result of a censored "straw," only to have them cast down tomorrow. In looking to the new battlefield, in the Balkans, we must recognize that conditions are against us, and while they are against us we must not expect too much. The shorter line to base of supplies has operated up to the present time in favor of the Allied armies. Paris is nearer the Western front than Berlin; so is London. When Warsaw was held by the Russians the Slav army also had an important advantage over the Germans. But since the fall of Warsaw the advantage has been in favor of the enemy. In the Western front the advantage is still with the Allies, and it is the same on the Italian front. But in the Balkans the advantage of shorter communications is all the other way. From London and Paris to the Western front it is less than 50 miles, while from Berlin it is 450 miles. From Berlin to the Eastern front it is 600 miles, from Petrograd less than 200. From Berlin to the Balkan front it is 650 miles, with direct rail connections all the way. From London to the Balkan front it is 3000 miles, and from Paris 2000, mainly by water. These distances tell their own story, and must count against the Allies.

As for the Dardanelles campaign, that, says Captain Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, the British press representative in that campaign, is already lost. With the connecting link forged by the enemy with the Bulgarians through Serbia, Berlin will be given short, all-rail connections with Constantinople, whereas the British and French forces will be 2000 and 3000 miles away. This military writer says the Turks have 800,000 troops under arms, and the longer they fight the more formidable they become through experience in the methods of defence.

Where, then are we to look for victory? Capt. Granville Fortescue, in his forthcoming book, "What of the Dardanelles?" says it must be on the Western front if at all. Capt. Fortescue, of the United States cavalry, saw the Dardanelles and Gallipoli Peninsula campaign from the Turkish side as an American correspondent and a London despatch says the fact that his book has been passed by the censor is declared to be the most significant piece of news received for a long time from the Dardanelles.

"The Balkan crisis comes at an opportune time," says he. "Evacuation of the Dardanelles can now be excused as a military necessity. He who pushed the plan can escape indictment of his folly in the East. What would have been a blow to English prestige can be explained away. The gigantic failure and its cost, 100,000 casualties, will become history."

This writer then goes on to point out what military men now believe of the probable outcome. "If this war is to end in something more than an inconclusive draw, Germany will have to be beaten in France and Flanders. Whenever pressure is brought to bear in this zone, far-flung German corps fly back to it like springs suddenly released, and if the Teuton staff can induce its opponents to exhaust their energies in other fields, the lost sections of France and Belgium will never be recovered."

It is on the Western front, therefore, close to heart of the British Empire, that the star of hope shines.

It is a good thing while enjoying what you have to work for what you lack.

STOCK EXCHANGE AND OTHER LOANS

In a speech in Vancouver a week or more ago, Mr. Stevens, M.P.P., stated that, while in ordinary times the banks of Canada had about ninety million dollars of their Canadian depositors' money in New York to gamble in Wall-Street short-loans, they now have \$165,000,000 of Canadian money there on the stock exchange, and he asked why. So far as is known he is still waiting for an answer—and is liable to wait. But the answer is simple: Because on stock-exchange loans—short, big and rapidly made—the banks can clean up 25 and 50 per cent as easily, or more easily, than they can make 6 and 8 per cent at home. Canadian bankers are not going to put out money in the home town at 6 and 8 per cent when they can spirit it to New York and play the stock exchange on gilt-edge security and call loans. The bankers are not to blame. They are running a money-making business, and when the law permits them to gather in the deposits of the Dominion through their thousands of branches it is only natural for them to take it and lend it where the security is good and the turn-over is daily instead of quarterly or longer as it would be at home. It's the system that we want to get after—not the men who profit by it. War times are the bankers' harvest. Money flies to where it can make the biggest cleanup in the turn-overs with the least amount of risk.

Sitting upon the stool of Possibility is a waste of time with Certainty just around the corner.

We cannot always choose our surroundings, but we can lend a hand in making them bearable.

Buy your Flour while the prices are low!

We have the following brands:

ROBIN HOOD GLENORA
MANITOBA RADIUM
GRAHAM WHOLE WHEAT CENTENNIAL

Bran, Shorts, Middlings, Feed Flours, Wheat, Oats Crushed Oats, Barley Chop and a good line of Cereals.

Farmers wishing sacks for grain, etc., can purchase here.

We deliver to any part of the city

TEECE & SON, Old Polson Mercantile Block, Enderby

Specials in Lumber while they last:

No. 4 Novelty Siding, - - - - \$10.00 per M
No. 2 2x4 and 2x6, - - - - \$13.00 per M
No. 2 Mixed Lath, - - - - \$1.75 per M
Short Cordwood, - - - - \$3.75 per load
Dry Blocks, - - - - \$1.50 per load

SAVE MONEY—Buy your winter's fuel NOW.

OKANAGAN SAW MILLS, Ltd. Enderby

King Edward

A name that stands for the best in hotel service

King Edward Hotel, P. H. MURPHY, Proprietor, Enderby

Order Your Xmas Greeting Cards Before the Rush

This year, perhaps more than at any other time, a Christmas remembrance will be most appreciated by the folks at home, and by friends far away across the ocean. A word of greeting to the loved ones in war-stricken Europe would gladden the heart and, for a brief spell, at least, turn the mind from channels of doubt and uncertainty into those of cheerfulness and fellowship.

Expensive Christmas gifts will be out of the question this year. It will be a year when a personal letter or a Christmas Card will be more acceptable than anything else.

Why not make up your mind NOW, that you will send your friends some message of cheer on a Christmas Card?

Can you think of anything more acceptable or more appropriate, than a Private Christmas Card, with the message you wish to send printed in gold, with your name and address, such as we are now taking orders for?

In ordinary seasons these are put up in lots of a dozen at from \$1.50 to \$2.50 and \$3.50 a dozen. This year we are making a flat rate of \$1.50 for the first dozen and from 75c to \$1.00 for the second or subsequent dozen.

We are now showing the samples. Come in to the office of The Walker Press and make your selection.

You cannot get anything better anywhere for the money. Don't send out of town. Let us prove to you that we can give you better service, neater printing, and better quality right here.

The Walker Press

Renew for The Press, \$2 per year

Stay Them Not

By ALICE M. PEACOCK

Written on hearing a mother say, "I love my son too well to let him go to the war."

Say not that we lack affection
When we bid our dear ones fight;
When we'd have their arms uplifted
In the cause of Truth and Right.

Do not love them? Ah! God knoweth
How our hearts are wrung with pain;
All our joys forever blased
Should they ne'er come back again.

Do not love them? Far, far dearer
Than our own poor lives are they;
But we joy to know they're striving
Tyranny and wrong to stay.

The dearest treasures we possess
Laid on their country's altar;
With anguished hearts, that daily pray,
Lord, let them never falter.

O, when duty loud is calling,
Honour clearly points the way;
Would we have them shrink or falter?
Selfish we, to bid them stay?

Mothers, think of Belgium's maidens;
Shall your daughters share their fate?
Or shall other arms defend them
While their brothers idly wait?

See the Lusitania sinking
Hear the helpless victims shriek;
For the tyrant hath no pity
For the helpless and the weak.

Think, O, think, of little children
Murdered while they calmly sleep;
Seeds of blood the tyrant sowed;
Shall he not the harvest reap?

Would you have your son a shirker?
Shrinking from life's pain and smart:
"He that seeks his life shall lose it,"
Lose the good and better part.

Tell us not we have not counted
All the full and fearful cost;
While our anguished hearts are crying,
Better life than honour lost.

Great the burden laid upon us,
Sharp the cross that we must bear,
But with courage, calm, undaunted,
We our Country's woe will share.

USE OF AGRICULTURAL LIME

Any farmer interested in learning the uses of lime in applying to agricultural lands, should send for a copy of Circular Bulletin No. 14, put out by the Provincial Department of Agriculture. A large proportion of the soils of British Columbia, it says, are in need of lime. Although mainly applied to sweeten sour or acid soils, lime has three other important uses—it improves the texture of soils, especially heavy clays, it makes plant food in the soil more available to crops, and it is a plant food. The benefit of liming is seldom a result of the last-mentioned use, for most soils contain enough lime as a plant food.

Soil acidity is detrimental to fertility in several respects. Most important is that acidity tends to check the growth of alfalfa, clover, and other most valuable leguminous plants. It is the lack of lime in many sections of the Province that prevents the culture of alfalfa. New lands are inclined to be acid and are benefitted by an application of lime, although common red clover seems to do well on them for a number of years in spite of the acid. The accumulation of acid in peaty soils very often makes them unproductive until this acid is neutralized by the application of lime.

A simple and reliable method to detect soil acidity is by the use of blue litmus-paper. Secure some of this paper from a druggist, and when the soil is moist from rain make a slit in it with a clean knife. Insert a strip of blue litmus-paper and close the soil for fully five minutes. If the paper becomes dotted with pink spots or becomes entirely pink, the soil is acid. The test can also be made as follows: Take a handful of the soil and form a ball. Break the ball in half and put the paper between. Dry soil can be tested in the same manner by wetting with soft water, preferably rain-water. Always allow fully five minutes to elapse before examining the blue litmus-paper.

In a summary of the findings of the Department the bulletin states that ground limestone can probably be more cheaply procured and handled than any other form; that lime should be top-dressed, not plowed in; that barnyard manure, or commercial fertilizers are necessary in addition to lime to keep up the fertility of soils, and that for the economic use of all fertilizers, including barnyard manure, lime is necessary.

DISTRIBUTION OF SEED

The annual distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples will consist of spring wheat (about 5 pounds), white oats, (about 4 pounds), barley (about 5 pounds) and field peas (about 5 pounds) These will be sent from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes (in 3-lb. samples) will be carried on from several of the Experimental Farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Each application must be separate and must be

signed by the applicant. Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. If both samples are asked for in the same letter only one will be sent. Applications on any kind of printed form cannot be accepted.

The destruction by fire of the cereal building at Ottawa, which contained grain-cleaning machinery and a large stock of seed grain for distribution, may make it necessary to curtail the distribution to a certain extent. The Department will fill as many as possible of the applications which conform to the rules; but requests received after the end of December will probably be too late. Samples cannot be sent in response to applications (no matter when received) which fail to state clearly the needs of the applicant, his experiences in crop-raising, and the character of the soil on which he intends to sow the seed.

All applications for grain (and applications for potatoes) should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealists, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage. If otherwise addressed, delay and disappointment may occur. Application for potatoes from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage prepaid) to the superintendent of the nearest branch Experimental Farm in that province.

OUR HOPE LIES IN CO-OPERATION

There is not a public man in Canada today who is as quick to grasp a situation, and is as conservative in his deductions, as Mr. George Bury, vice-president of the C.P.R. And he does not beat about the bush in his remarks on any subject of real importance. A week or more ago, Mr. Bury paid a visit of inspection to the West, and while at Victoria he told the Colonist his impressions gained on the trip.

"In respect to conditions in British Columbia," said he, "I made an extensive motor tour through the Southern Interior, and on all sides noticed indications of returning prosperity. I was very glad to see such progress in mixed farming. This is the keynote to true progress and prosperity for the whole country. Produce more and import less. A couple of years ago we used to have New Zealand butter, Australian mutton, and vegetables from Oregon and Washington consumed in large quantities all over the West. Today Canada is exporting butter to Australia and New Zealand, which shows that we are making progress toward the point of actually becoming an exporting country instead of an importing one. During my trip through the Boundary and Okanagan districts we noticed many signs of new settlement in the valleys, where the farmers are going in for mixed production. I am confident that the future of British Columbia depends very largely upon the degree in which you produce from the soil.

"With the conclusion of the war, I look for greater activity in Canada than ever before. It will be but natural for us to have an immense immigration from Europe. I do not suggest that we are likely to witness any speedy return of a period of inflated values or anything approaching a 'boom,' nor do we want it. What the country needs is steady, solid progress, and I am confident that we have made the turn and are well set going along that road."

APPARENT IN CONTRAST TO THE ACTUAL

"If there were needed any evidence of the actual, as contrasted with the apparent, condition of the European struggle, it could be found without difficulty in statements of German public men German newspapers and German people. After 15 months of strife, after conquests, victories, triumphs—unequaled—since the Napoleonic era, who is it that is talking peace?

"Take the public statements of German statesmen, take the comments of the press, is there any mistaking the fact that in all, at some point, the word peace crops up? Victorious peace, or some other beaded peace it is, to be sure, but peace. Travellers returning from Germany recently agree that the only real qualification to German confidence is found in the apprehension of a protracted war. Peace now means victory—but next year."—New York Tribune.

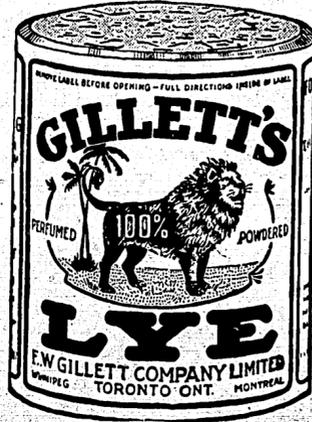
THE RAW FUR MARKET

Being interested in the welfare of our readers, and particularly those who each winter make a business of trapping, we wish to call to their attention the fact that it is absolutely necessary for them to keep in touch with the fur market at all times. We know of no better way to get this valuable information than through "The Shubert Shipper," a publication issued at every change in the market, by A. B. Shubert, Inc., Chicago, Ill.. Many thousands of trappers and fur shippers in the United States and Canada would as soon go without their traps and guns as to miss a copy of The Shubert Shipper. It is not a magazine—it contains no advertisements, and every word in it is good, sound, reliable market news on every branch of the fur industry. Address as above and the publication will be sent you free of all cost.

When a merchant permits the catalogue house to get in closer touch with his patrons than he himself will get, he cannot complain of business going out of the home town.

Recipe for keeping the home business in the home town—an ad in the home paper.

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



SAVING EVERY SCRAP

However lavish the British army was at the commencement of hostilities, and indifferent to expenditure, things are now completely changed, and the strictest economy is being enforced. Absolutely nothing is allowed to be wasted. According to one correspondent at the front, everything is sorted into different parts and various sheds, and the smallest pile and the smallest shed is that which contains the really useless rubbish. One shed has shoes—piles and piles of them—half worn, wholly worn, solesless, perhaps. They are matched as to pairs, repatched, hob-nails put in them, painted with castor oil, and are as good as new.

In another place one sees a stack of sacks piled up to the ceiling, full of buttons which have come off the really worn out uniforms. These are going back to the factories at home. But no uniform is thrown away until it is in rags. It can be cleaned, washed and disinfected at least five times, and then mended by the women especially engaged in this work. And when quite done for that khaki is not thrown away. After it is cleaned, if it is quite in rags, it is sent home, where it is sold for \$150 a ton.

Oil cans, for instance, have holes pounded in them and the men use them as braziers in the trenches during the winter. Peasants are employed in darning up old horse rugs, and they are made as good as new under those patient fingers. Every little piece of leather is saved, all rings and tips of iron. Old cartridge cases are melted down for use.



SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2500 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent of sub-Agent of the district in which rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights as may be considered necessary for the working of the mine, at the rate of \$10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—58782.

Have a Tailored Suit

Customer's Own Material Made Up. Prices from \$15.00 up. Cleaning, Pressing & Repairing. A. E. WEST. Ladies' and Gents' Tailor.

Twelve bread tickets for \$1.00 at Joe's.

BEAVER

Get "More Money" for your Furs

Beaver, Foxes, Muskrat, Wolves, Marten, Fisher, White Weasel and other Fur bearers collected in your section

SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the world dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS a reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for more than a third of a century. A long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published.

Write for it—NOW—it's FREE

A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. Dept. 66 CHICAGO, U.S.A.

Fresh Meats

If you want prime, fresh meats, we have them. Our cattle are grain-fed and selected by our own buyers from the richest feeding grounds in Alberta, and are killed and brought to the meat block strictly FRESH.

We buy first-hand for spot cash, and can give you the best price possible

G. R. Sharpe,
ENDERBY, B. C.

E. J. Mack

Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
ENDERBY, B. C.

Good Rigs; Careful Drivers;
Draying of all kinds.

Comfortable and Commo-
dious Stabling for teams.

Auto for Hire

Prompt attention to all customers

Land-seekers and Tourists in-
vited to give us a trial.

O. K. Barber Shop

Baths in connection
H. HENDRICKSON, Proprietor
Next the Fulton Block, Enderby

SECRET SOCIETIES

A.F. & A.M.

Enderby Lodge No. 40
Regular meetings first
Thursday on or after the
full moon at 8 p. m. in Odd-
fellows' Hall. Young
brethren cordially invited

R. E. WHEELER JNO. WARWICK
W. M. Secretary

ENDERBY LODGE

No. 55, K. of P.
Meets every Monday evening
in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cor-
dially invited to attend.

R. E. HARKINS, C. C.
G. G. CAMPBELL, K. R. S.
R. J. COLTART, M. F.

Hall suitable for Concerts, Dances and all public
entertainments. For rates, etc., address,
F. FRAVEL, Enderby

PROFESSIONAL

D. C. J. McCULLOUGH,
DENTIST

Hours, 9 to 12 and 1 to 5.
By appointment only

Polson Block, at bridge. Enderby

A. C. SKALING, B. A.

Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public.
(Money to Loan)

BELL BLK. ENDERBY, B. C.

A cross in this space indicates that if you will refer to your printed address on this paper you will learn the date of expiry of your subscription to the Press, and that it would give us great pleasure to hear from you in the matter.

Cold Weather Clothing

Shoepacks for the Boys, are more serviceable and less expensive than Rubbers.

Sweaters and Sweater Coats for Men and Boys, will keep the body warm at less cost than anything you can wear.

Light and Heavy Woolen Underwear for Men & Boys at low prices.

Heavy Shoes, Belgian Socks, Fall and Winter Suits, Felt Hats, Etc., for Men & Boys.

Come in and let us fit you out for the cold weather. We can do it right, and at little cost.

W. J. Woods

WANT ADS

WANTED—A few dozen pullets; must be cheap. Write full particulars and price, to S., Walker Press.

MATERNITY NURSING. Mrs. West, Enderby. m4-1f

SCHOOL REPORTS

Ashton Creek School
No days school was in session, 20 No. Pupils in attendance, 13. Average daily attendance, 11.5. Preliminary year, Ruth Baxter. Partial course, Jean Lindsay. Senior Third, Betty Baxter and Jaroslav Rabboch. Junior Third, Jaroslav Stainer and Clifford Boyd. Second Reader, Joe Olich and Vlosta Stainer. First Reader, Dorothea Baxter, Jaroslav Stamberg and Arthur Boyd. First Primer, Joe Miska and Paul Stainer. Perfect in attendance, Betty Baxter, Dorothea Baxter, Vlosta Stainer and Paul Stainer. Perfect in Punctuality, Betty Baxter and Dorothea Baxter.

LILY M. TERHUNE, Teacher
Sub., ERIC FREEMAN.

Enderby Egg Circle Shows a Good First Half-Year's Business Done

A well-attended meeting of the Enderby Egg Circle was held at the City Hall Saturday afternoon to hear the report of the secretary-manager on the operations of the Circle for the past six months. The report, while complaining of the lack of interest and half-hearted support given the manager, and calling attention to weaknesses in the organization up to the present time, nevertheless gave ample evidence of what was in store for the poultrymen of the district if they will but centralize their efforts and concentrate upon producing for the market, which seems to be almost unlimited. The report was read by President Wilkinson:

Chairman Enderby Egg Circle: Dear Sir: As the half-yearly meeting of the first year of this association is to be held on the 30th inst., I consider that the occasion is a suitable one on which to bring before you and the association an unqualified statement regarding my position as manager, and my intention with regard to my relations with your association in future. It is within your recollection that I was personally mainly instrumental in starting this association. I did so in the firm belief that there existed an opening for the sale of first-class eggs and poultry, and that markets could without much trouble be found for the disposal of our poultry produce.

That this is the case is amply borne out, as in no instance have I had any difficulty in disposing of our eggs, and I am weekly in receipt of orders almost to an unlimited extent, which, owing to the lack of support which has been accorded the Egg Circle from farmers generally in the district, I have not been able to fill. This has caused a considerable financial loss to the district.

Not only have the farmers and poultry keepers generally kept aloof from the association, but I have also to complain of lack of support from within the circle. The members have not been sending me all of their eggs all the time. The result of this is that I have had difficulty in meeting our existing contracts. Members have not been supporting me to the extent which I have every right to expect, by not bringing their eggs in to the appointed place at the time set down for them to do so, which times were fixed with their approval so far as could be done, having due regard to the proper carrying on of affairs and keeping our promises to customers as regards time of shipments, etc. In consequence of this, I have frequently been compelled to make extra journeys to and from Enderby, which could have been avoided had members done their plain duty.

By starting this Egg Circle, I had in view the benefit not only of my own business as a poultryman, but that of others also, and the district generally, and to that end I was quite prepared to sacrifice (and I did sacrifice) much of my time for little remuneration. I now state that in future I will

not do this. I am willing to give two days a week to pack and ship eggs for the Circle, but no more, unless the association is willing to pay me adequately for my lost time at rates to be agreed upon.

I have not only given my time, but the use of horse and buggy, and my wife also has worked very hard on your behalf.

I wish to thank those members who have loyally supported me and sent in every egg they had to send, whether in large or small quantities, but unless every member does this all the time, it is quite useless to carry on.

The future of the association is in your hands. You all can, if you hustle around, get more members, but if you continue to carry out the favorite policy of the district, sitting with folded hands and mouths wide open waiting for the plums to drop into them, you will find that there will be no plums to drop.

I hear complaints on all sides about hard times. Here is an association which pays cash to its members—has paid out \$1,965.62 to the end of September—the first six months of its existence—and yet the countryside is too indifferent to help it out for their own good. If I withdraw as manager, I withdraw altogether, as I decline to have my own business hampered by any connection with such lack of energy and foresight.

C. F. BIGGE, Sec.-Man. Following the reading of the report, a summary of the statement showing the results of the half-year's operations, together with a statement made by Mr. G. Rosoman who audited the accounts submitted to him, was read and duly accepted. The statement showing the financial condition of the Circle, made clear how economically the operations had been conducted.

The amount of money passing through the hands of the manager to the members of the Circle for eggs sold, was \$1,965. The actual working expenses in connection with the handling of this amount of business was given at \$53.65. In addition to this amount, the sum of \$41.46 was spent in the purchase of supplies, egg cartons, stationery, etc., and the sum of \$81.92 was paid out in freight. To these amounts, the sum of \$97.90, remuneration paid to the secretary-manager, must be added, giving a total of \$274.90 as the actual operating expenses on \$1,965 worth of business.

The following list was submitted showing the members participating in the half-year's business, and to what extent:

Turner & Donaldson, 808 doz	\$222.92
Mrs. Lawes, 785 1-4 doz	220.80
Mr. Cowan, 738 1-2 doz	205.43
Mr. Jaquest, 672 doz	182.07
Mrs. Gray, 426 doz	116.40
Cameron & Bigge, 337 doz	90.60
Mr. Robinson, 316 1-2 doz	86.14
Mrs. Butchard, 212 3-4 doz	59.88
Mrs. Wells, 206 doz	50.45
Mr. Knapp, 184 1-2 doz	48.72
Mr. T. Sharpe, 166 doz	53.53
Mrs. Marshall, 148 doz	42.18
Mr. Hall, 143 1-2 doz	31.29
Mrs. Strouger, 139 1-2 doz	35.85
Mrs. Smith, 107 doz	33.12
Mr. Forster, 94 1-2 doz	25.57
Mr. Lucas, 91 doz	25.92
Mr. Preston, 74 3-4 doz	20.35
Mrs. Stapleton, 73 1-2 doz	18.46
Miss Seymour, 43 1-4 doz	10.04

Considerable time was allowed for a general discussion of the points raised in the secretary-manager's report, in the hope of solving the problem of inducing a heartier effort on the part of the members to lessen the work of the manager and at the same time bring about a more efficient service. Heretofore it has been the policy of the Circle to deduct one cent per dozen for working expenses. This plan has not proved entirely satisfactory, in that it did not make certain the raising of a sufficient amount to clear. It was finally decided to try the monthly pooling system, mak-

Grocery Specials This week

Fry's Cocoa, pound, 45c
Sardines, 3 tins for 25c
Baking Powder, 2 1-2 lbs 45c

Low Prices on all goods and Best Quality

H. TOMKINSON, Grindrod

It's the Low Price @ High Quality that makes McClary's Famous Steel Range the most satisfactory Range on the market

Prices \$45.00 and up, according to size and trimmings.

Heating Stoves

We have a large line of coal and wood Heating Stoves. Look them over and you will be sure to get what you want at the lowest possible price.

Our stock of Builder's Hardware, Building Paper and all Household Hardware is very complete.

We run a Plumbing and Tin Shop and can make you anything to order in Tin, Copper or Sheet Iron.



Plumbing, Heating, Tinsmithing. Bring along your repairs.

ing the sales of each month pay the operating expenses of the month. The executive was also empowered to make more stringent regulations regarding the delivery of eggs to the packing centre by the members.

President Wilkinson reported an effort being made by the poultrymen of Grindrod and Mara looking to the establishing at these points of branch depots to work in conjunction with the Enderby Circle, and he promised to give some time to aiding in these arrangements.

The price now prevailing for eggs was, 50c for No. 1s, 36c for No. 2s and 18c for No. 3s. All members having water-glass eggs were also advised to report the quantity they have on hand.

A vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Rosoman for his gratuitous services as auditor of the Circle's accounts.

In a letter to the president of the Circle, Provincial Poultry Inspector Upton gave some information which all poultrymen could profit by if they would, in connection with the feeding of alfalfa meal. "Alfalfa meal," says he, "is a very enriching food, and when fed properly to fowls gives very good results in keeping the liver toned up, as well as supplying a form of green food. Keeping the liver in good shape would have the tendency to keep the yolk of a good color, but this, of course, depends on other things as well. To really get the best results from alfalfa meal when it is fed to fowl, it must be soaked. We would advise soaking one-half of a 10-quart pailful of the meal in boiling water, then allow it to become nearly cold when we mix in a little shorts or middlings to make the same more palatable, and this would probably be enough to give 50 fowls every other day."

HALLOWEEN PRANKS

It seems that the most interesting thing to the ordinary policeman is a citizen of the feminine gender clothed in men's pants. There is something in the waddle that is sure to rouse a policeman's suspicions. Halloween evening seems to be the accepted time for such an auspicious occasion, and no matter where you go, you'll always find one or two Halloween spirits of the female type "out on a lark." In Vancouver some policeman ran down a bevy of maidens attired in their young men's clothes, and then they apologized for being so rude. Enderby's policeman, the gallant Bob, is generally up-to-date in all matters relating to such things, and while the Vancouver policemen were running such Halloween spirits down in Vancouver he was

emulating their gallantry in the streets of Enderby. And the ladies do tell us Bob can run!

LATEST WAR SUMMARY

The lid has been on more tightly than ever the past week in all the battle fronts. It would seem, however, that little gains have been made at any point but in Serbia, and here, it is generally conceded by all military men, the Serbians have been all but conquered. T. P. O'Connor, in a cable to the Vancouver World, sized up the situation in these words: "The last week has been the most confusing since the beginning of the war. While there is a certainty of tremendous events, and perhaps strange changes, nobody knows what shape these portentous things will ultimately take. There is no doubt whatever there will be initial gains for Germany on this front as on all others, but she will find herself in the end against a wall of steel."

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't die in House. 15c-25c. At drug and country stores

Enderby Music Store Clearing SALE

It was my original intention to clear out the whole of my stock of Musical Goods, Fancy China and Glassware, Wall Paper, etc., by the 15th of September, as other opportunities were offering. If times were normal I should have succeeded in doing so, but owing to business conditions, and my having to accept the Christmas Goods ordered in the early Spring, I am left still with a large stock of all lines carried by me. These goods must be cleaned out by January 1st. My prices will surprise you, and I ask you to call and inspect. Sheet Music, from 5c up. Accordeons, from \$3.00 up. Violins, from \$3.75 up. China Cups & Saucers, 15c up. All kind of China Goods suitable for Christmas presents at rock bottom prices.

Toys and other Christmas Goods yet to arrive, and will be cleared out at low prices. Sewing Machines that will do good work and guaranteed to sew as well as the best, at from \$10 up.

J. E. CRANE, Proprietor

Satin Slippers All colors \$3.50	MUNRO & CO. ARMSTRONG	Empress Shoes from \$3.50
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Sale of Silk Dresses

At Prices previously unheard of, to make room for big shipments of Christmas Goods. We are offering Silk Dresses at less than the cost of the Materials.

Silk Dresses for \$4.95
Good quality Messaline Silk; colors of Navy, Brown, Tan, Rose, Saxe, etc. A good variety of styles to select from; nearly all different. Priced at \$6.75 to \$10.75; selling for \$4.95 each.

Afternoon and Party Dresses, in many pretty designs in Lace, Chiffons and Net; regular, \$16.50; NOW \$6.95 to \$9.75

Fine quality Serge Dresses, \$3.95
Well-made Dresses at a remarkable price. Come in Navy, Belgian Blue, Tan, Brown, etc., trimmed Dresden Silk, Lace, etc. Don't delay, these won't last long at \$3.95 each.

MILLINERY SPECIAL \$1.99
Dress & Tailored Hats; a number of attractive models, grouped for quick selling; all colors, at \$1.99.

NEW FALL COATS JUST IN
We will trade potatoes, carrots and parsnips for anything in Dry Goods
KNITTED SILK TAMS JUST IN