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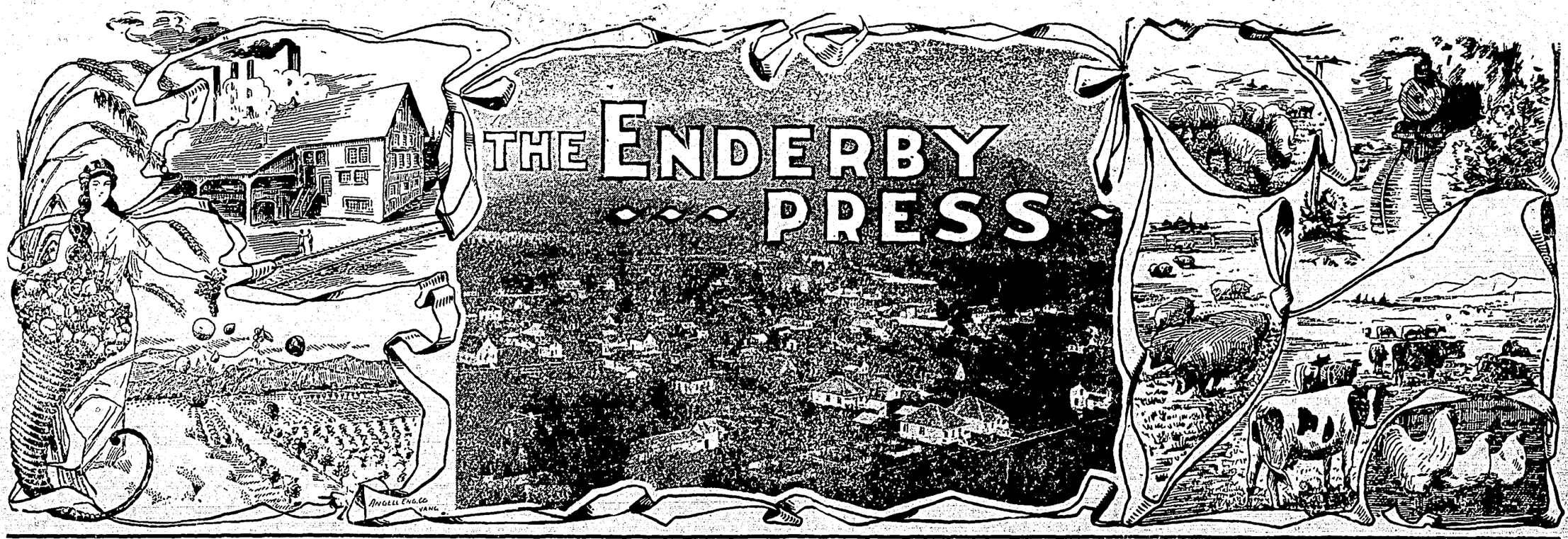


Enderby, B. C., March 18, 1915 AND WALKER'S WEEKLY Vol. 8; No. 3; Whole No. 357

ENDERBY AND DISTRICT NEWS

Born—On Saturday, March 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. G. Gordon Campbell, a daughter.

Mr. H. F. Flewwelling is spending some weeks in the Northwest.

When preparing the ground for the home garden do not forget the spuds.

Mr. A. O. Cochrane and Mr. S. A. Shatford, of Vernon, spent Wednesday evening in Enderby.

Methodist Church services: Sunday morning, "On the Banks of the Besor;" evening, "Money."

Parish of Enderby: 5th Sunday in Lent; Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Mattins, 11 a.m.; Evensong, 7.30 p.m.

The Hospital Auxiliary will hold a whist drive in K. of P. Hall Tuesday evening, April 6th. Admission, 35c.

Dr. Crawford has closed his dentil offices at Enderby and Salmon Arm and is now located at Kamloops.

It will be found on second thinking that when we blurt out just what we think we usually don't think.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney H. Speers and child returned from Nelson the past week to resume their residence here.

The Okanagan ships tons and tons of hay out of the Valley and tons of beef cattle and butter into the Valley.

The Okanagan Saw Mills has orders for all the poles stacked in the yards, and is shipping as rapidly as they can be handled.

Another of the series of social dances will be held in the Opera House, Wednesday, March 24th, and another on Easter Monday.

"I shall try to correct errors when shown to be errors, and I shall adopt new views so fast as they shall appear to be true views."

Messrs. Teece & Son this week bought the flour and feed business of Mr. H. F. Flewwelling and has combined the businesses with office at the Flewwelling store near the bridge.

In the words of the immortal George: "I hope I shall always possess firmness and virtue enough to maintain what I consider the most enviable of all titles, the character of an honest man."

The anniversary services in connection with the Methodist Church will be held on April 18th, and will be conducted by Rev. J. C. Switzer, of Kelowna. The anniversary concert will be held on the following evening.

The next meeting of the Women's Club will be held at the house of Mrs. Hendrickson, Enderby, on the 20th of March, at 2.30. Speaker, Mrs. Neve; subject "That Peace is Always More Advantageous to Humanity than War."

Constable Bailey arrested Henry Bowley last Friday evening, and he was fined $5 and costs for being drunk and disorderly. On Monday George Rogers was arrested on a charge of general vagrancy and was sentenced to 30 days in jail, whither he went quite joyously.

Dr. C. J. McCullough has taken over the practice of Dr. Crawford at Enderby, and will open the office at the old stand in the old Harvey building Friday morning. Dr. McCullough comes to Enderby well recommended. He has an office at Armstrong as well. His office hours will be from 9 to 12 and 1 to 5, by appointment only.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING

The regular meeting of the City Council last Monday was attended by all members, with His Worship the Mayor in the chair. After the reading of the minutes the application of Mr. G. L. Williams for direct connection with water main for his house on Johnson street was considered and laid over for one month.

The application of Mr. C. G. Piper for permission to use water from extension tap in connection with the Flewwelling property, was referred to the waterworks committee

An application was received form Mr. H. Teece for the refund of $5.50 levied in error in the year 1914 on his homestead. Refund allowed.

A reference was received from the board of police commissioners calling attention to the condition of the police cell. Ald. Dill, Ald. Sharpe and Ald. Grant were named as a committee to attend to the repairs required.

Moved by Ald. Faulkner and Ald. Dill "that all taxes on land and real property levied previous to the 31st day of December, 1913, be recovered, together with all costs, interest and charges in connection therewith, by the sale of such land and real property, the said sale to be held at the City Hall, Enderby, on Thursday, the 14th day of October, 1915." Carried unanimously.

The matter of re-survey of subdivisions 211 and 211a, consideration of which was postponed at the meeting of the Council held Feb. 15, was again brought up and, after discussion, was laid over for two weeks to enable the clerk to find out whether the Council can levy cost of re-survey on the lot owners.

The clerk was instructed to learn from Mr. Teece what he intended doing with regard to the extension of Evergreen avenue.

Ald. Dill, on behalf of the board of police commissioners, brought up the matter of the enforcement of the by-law forbidding the riding of bicycles on the sidewalk, and after some discussion a motion carried demanding that the by-law be enforced. In expressing his opposition to the enforcement of the by-law, His Worship the Mayor said he did not see the necessity of the law being enforced. He had a lame back and found it difficult to get around as much as he wished to if he had to walk. He thought the law should only be enforced against a reckless rider.

The opinion of the Aldermen, however, was strongly against this policy. It was argued by Ald. Faulkner that the smallest child had as much right to ride the sidewalks on a wheel as the chief magistrate, and Ald. Dill thought it was not the caper to wait until someone was ridden down on the sidewalks and possibly injured before the law is enforced. It was to prevent injury to pedestrians that the law was put on the books, and he was of the opinion that the time to enfore the law was before someone was injured not afterwards.

MR. HUGH MITCHELL DEAD

After several months of illness, dead came to Mr. Hugh Mitchell early Monday morning, and interment took place Tuesday afternoon in the Enderby cemetery. Mr. Mitchell was a native of Scotland, aged 71 years. As a young man he joined the 32nd Highlanders, with which regiment he served through the Crimean war. He received three medals for gallantry while in the service of his country. In 1892 he located in Alberta where he lived until three years ago when he moved to Enderby, where he has since resided. A widow and son survive the deceased, to whom the sympathy of the community is extended.

OKANAGAN AMBULANCE LEAGUE

The usual monthly meeting of the Okanagan Ambulance League was held in the City Hall on Saturday, Feb. 27th. A parcel has since been despatched to the headquarters of the Red Cross Society containing the following contribution from Enderby and Mara: 6 pajamas, 7 hospital nightshirts, 7 shirts, 24 pair socks, 14 cholerabelts, 2 pair of trousers, 3 pair mitts, 1 scarf.

POLITICAL OUTLOOK

Announcement has been made at Victoria that, owing to the inability of the several registrars being unable to prepare the voters' lists in the new ridings that have been made in the Province, the date of the provincial elections has been cancelled, and polling will not take place on April 10th, as was stated last week. No date has yet been set for the elections, and it may be two or three months hence that the polling will be held. It is understood that the order dissolving the house has not yet been signed, and will not be until the matter of new voters' lists is more definitely in hand.

Dominations will be made in the Okanagan on the dates set for the conventions, March 18th for the Conservative convention, and March 20th for the Liberal convention.

It is understood that only two names will come before the Conservative convention, Hon. Price Ellison, and Mr. W. H. Keary, of Armstrong and New Westminster. Mr. Ellison is seeking the nomination so that he may come before the electorate and personally clear himself of the cloud now overshadowing his otherwise clean record. It is understood that Mr. Stewart, of Armstrong, has been induced to resign from the pulpit in the Babtist church there to contest the seat in the Okanagan for the Liberals. It is just possible that other names will be proposed in the Liberal convention.

LIBERALS REORGANIZE

A reorganization meeting of the Liberals of Enderby was held in K. of P. Hall Tuesday evening. The meeting was well attended, and great interest was shown. The following officers were elected: H. W. Keith, president; E. J. Mack, vice-president; A. Reeves, secretary; executive committee, elected officers and J. Nichol, N. Landon, C. Hawkins, S. H. Speers.

The following delegates were elected to attend the Liberal Convention to be held at Vernon on the 20th: Messrs. Reeves, Mack, Keith, Landon, R. Davidson, Hawkins, R. Jones, Piper, Worthington and Speers, with the following substitutes: Messrs. Russell, Nichol, Pearson and S. Polson.

ENDERBY CONSERVATIVES

A meeting of the Enderby Conservative Associaton was held on Tuesday evening, with 35 or 40 members present, and the following delegates named to attend the convention to be held at Vernon on the 18th: Messrs. Hassard, Walker, Fulton, Faulkner, Gaylord, Hawes, Skaling, Barnes, Crane and Mac Ilwain.

The Enderby District Association elects 11 delegates, who are to be named at the various points.

LATEST WAR SUMMARY

The British troops are reported to have taken the offensive on the Western front the past week, and in the first rush captured from the enemy very important ground in the vicinity of Neuve Chapelle. The German losses in this fighting are said to number 10,000. The losses to the British have not been stated.

The German cruiser Drisden was overtaken by three British warships in the vicinity of Juan Fernandez Island, and in a short sea fight the German warship was sunk. Her officers and crew were saved.

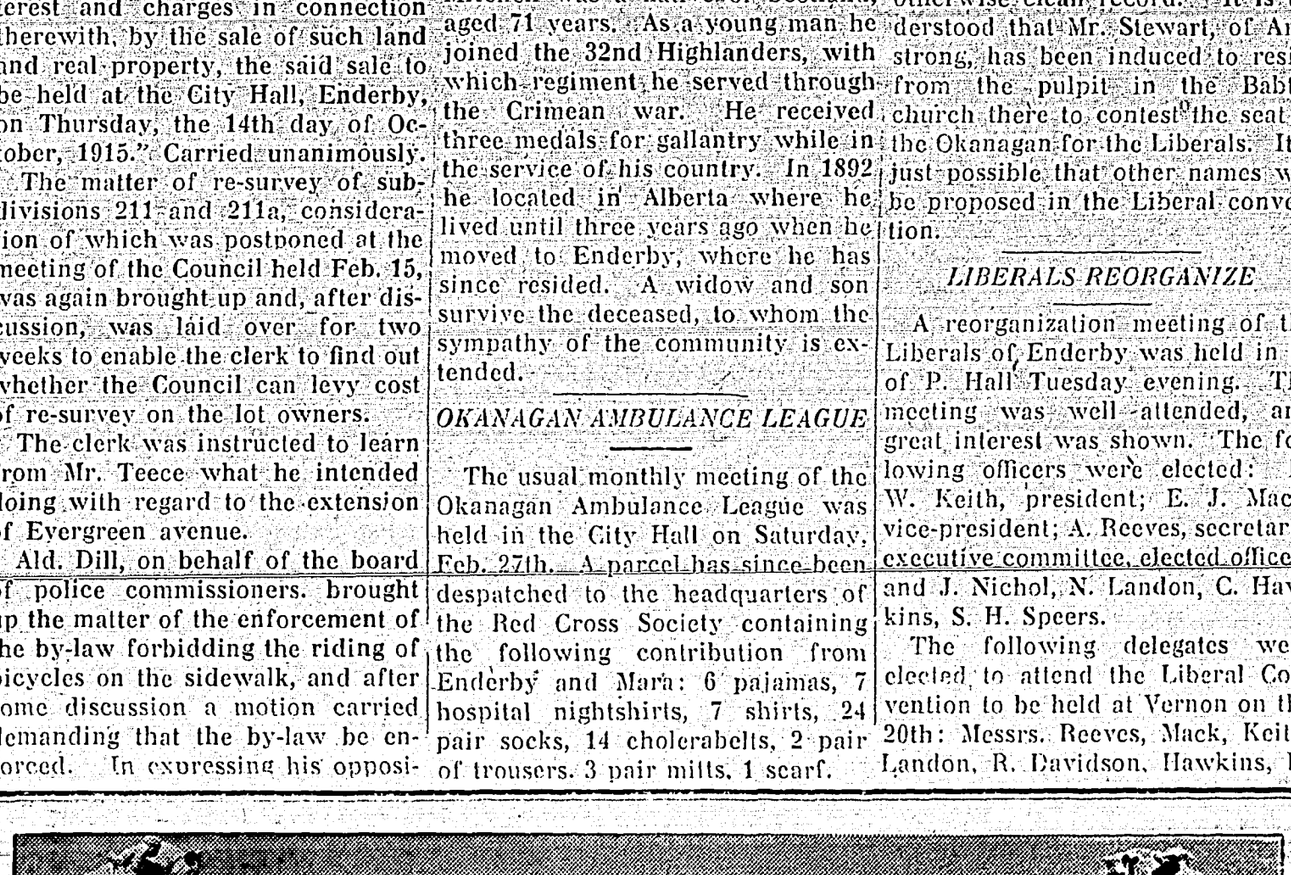
Little change is reported in the Eastern front. The Germans are said to be making another desperate effort to take Warsaw, and another desperate is being made by the combined German and Austrian army to drive the Russians out of Galesia and relieve Przemysl.

Little progress has been reported from the Dardanelles this week.

Enderby Tennis Club

All wishing to join the Enderby Tennis Club will kindly hand in their names to the secretary, Mr. R. C. Attenborough, at the office of the Northern Okanagan Land Company. New subscriptions are urgently needed.

Manager White, of the Bank of Montreal, was called to Armstrong on Thursday last to look after the management of that branch, owing to the sudden death of Mr. Proctor, who had managed the Armstrong branch for some time. Mr. Proctor had been ailing for some time but was able to attend to his duties up to the time of his death. The body was taken to Victoria for burial.



Panama-Pacific Exposition, Photo Showing Court of Four Seasons.

The beautiful Court of Four Seasons with Evelyn Beatrice Longman's classic statute of "Ceres" in the centre and a sweeping vista of bay, sky and Marine Hills in the distance.

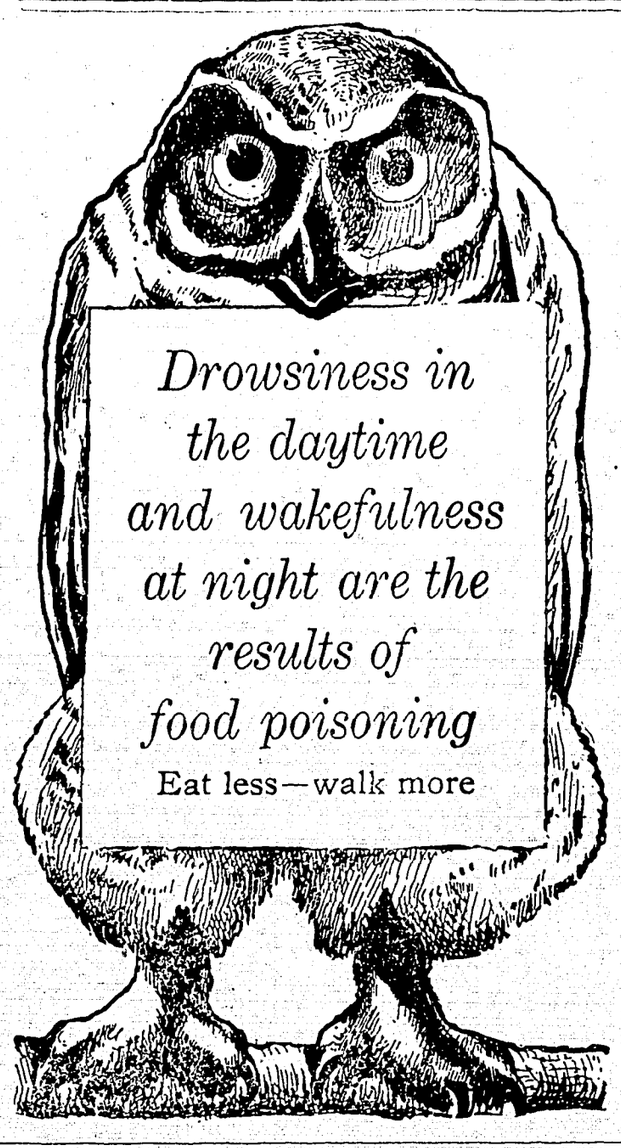
MILLINERY OPENING

Commencing Monday, March 15th we will show our carefully selected stock of Ladies' and Children's new and correct styles of Spring Hats, at moderate prices. Do not miss the opening days. The Elite Millinery Parlors, next Postoffice.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will hold a necktie social in the basement of the Church on Friday evening, March 26th. Admission 15c. Everyone guaranteed a jolly evening

SETTING EGGS FOR SALE—From pure-bred White Leghorns, $1.50 per setting of 13; from first-cross Wyandotte and White Leghorns, $1.00 per setting of 13; all from 2-year-old birds. Lawes, Enderby Heights.

The people are holding a Hard Times Dance in aid of the Red Cross, at Grindrod school house on the night of April 9th.



THE ENDERBY PRESS
AND WALKER'S WEEKLY

Published every Thursday at Enderby, B. C. at $2 per year, by the Walker Press.

Advertising Rates: Transient, 50c an inch first insertion, 25c each subsequent insertion. Contract advertising, $1 an inch per month.

Legal Notices: 12c a line first insertion; 8c a line each subsequent insertion. Reading Notices and Locals: 15c a line.

MARCH 18, 1915

MONEY LYING IN THE BANKS

The "Patriotism and Production" movement on the part of the Dominion Department of Agriculture was no doubt started with the most sincere desire on the part of the Hon. Martin Burrell to bring about a better condition for the agricultural industry of Canada. It was a patriotic move as well, and as such it will undoubtedly accomplish a great deal of good. But there is a limit to the efforts of our agriculturists. They cannot go beyond their means to open up new land or to plant more seed, all of which requires an outlay of no small amount of money, and if the farmers have not the money and cannot borrow it they cannot plant the acreage they would like to. When the war opened, the Dominion Government made provision for increasing the circulation, by enabling the banks of Canada to issue greenbacks on the credit of the Dominion to the amount of one hundred millions. This measure was similar to that under which the banks of England and the banks of the United States have been able to keep the business of these countries running on normal lines. The banks of England quickly took advantage of the measure, and there has been little difficulty experienced there in upholding the hands of the Government. The banks of the United States, like the banks of Canada, refused to circulate the $500,000,000 emergency issue provided by the American Government, and the National Government immediately established a string of government banks through which this emergency issue was circulated. These government banks acted between the people and the chartered private banks, with the result that the industries of the United States and the people had ample means with which to carry on the business of the country. The banks of Canada refused to handle the emergency issue provided by the Dominion Government. Did the Dominion Government do as the American Government did? No. The emergency currency was not put in circulation. It is not in circulation today. Furthermore, the banks of Canada have insisted upon drawing in the circulation medium they had out when times were normal. In this respect the banks of Canada have been very patriotic—to themselves. But the country and the people have been made to suffer. Perhaps in the larger manufacturing centres of Eastern Canada, the restricted circulation has not been so seriously felt, but in the less developed sections of the Northwest and the West communities have been drained to the limit of endurance, and municipalities throughout these sections are on the verge of bankruptcy. No advances will be made by the banks and municipalities have been for months unable to pay their bills. The agricultural industry and most other lines of business are similarly tied up. Between individuals it is largely a case of swap, and if the banks continue to tighten the cord that is choking the industrial life of the community, the people will be forced to go back to the period when shells were the medium of exchange—provided they can get the shells.

One would think from this that Canadians are bankrupt. But they are not. It is the result of the panic measure adopted by the banks. The finincial statement of the banks of Canada shows that they have over one billion dollars piled up in the banks. Commercial loans have greatly decreased, and the money in the bank vaults has been piling up, at tremendous cost to the industrial development of the Dominion.

In the first five or six weeks of 1915 Canadian industries and municipalities have been forced to borrow $37,000,000 from United States financial institutions. This money would not have been borrowed across the line if it could have been borrowed in Canada. At the same time our Canadian banks have been piling up millions in their vaults, until at the present time they have more than a billion dollars that they are withholding from circulation.

It seems to us that the Dominion Government would accomplish a great deal more in this movement for "Patriotism and Production" if some real patriotism were preached to the banks of Canada instead of to the farmers and business men of Canada. If the bonds and debentures of Canadian municipalities and industries are good security for American financiers to lend us $37,000,000 upon since the first of January, they ought to be good enough security for our Canadian financiers. If our Canadian bankers were patriotic and loyal to Canada and the Empire, they would not have one billion dollars lying idle in the bank vaults today.

NEWSPAPER SPACE

When a newspaper tells its readers the merits of advertising, or gives a little space to "shop talk," there are some people cruel enough to say that the newspaper is talking for business. And so it is. But not for the dollar or two that the "business" may bring. The newspaperman who knows his business realizes more than anyone else how important it is to the community to present a good business face. He knows this cannot be done if the merchants and businessmen of the community are indifferent to this important phase of community life. Therefore, the newspaper would not be faithful to the community if it neglected to call attention to the importance of keeping up a good business face. Men outside of newspaper offices and unacquainted with newspaper work, can not be expected to realize this. The average businessman unaccustomed to looking upon this phase of it, thinks only of making a dollar for every ten cents spent in advertising. And it must be a direct return or he cannot see it coming. It is gratifying, therefore, to find a plain statement of the case from a source not affiliated with any newspaper. Mr. E. A. Moore, an officer of the State Charities Aid Association of New York, told the Charities' Conference at Philidelphia recently that the newspapers deserve more credit than they commonly get.

"We," said Mr. Moore, speaking of those engaged in the various branches of organized charity in New York State, "do not ask the stationer to contribute the paper we use. We do not ask the owners of the buildings we occupy to contribute our quarters. But we do ask the newspapers to do the equivalent by giving us space which is money to them."

YES INDEED! YES INDEED!

Mr. Justice Saint Pierre recently said in dismissing the appeal of Mrs. Annie McDonald Langstaff, graduate of the McGill law school, for a writ of mandamus to compel the Quebec Bar Association to permit her to take the examination for admission to the bar: "I hold that to admit a woman and particularly a married woman, as a barrister—that is to say, as a person who pleads cases at the bar before judges and juries in open court and in the presence of the public, would be nothing short of a direct infringement of public order and a manifest violation of the law of good morals and public decency."

Poor Justice Pierre; what a Saint he must be! But, say, you; if "an open court and in the presence of the public" is such a corrupter of good morals and public decency, don't you think, if this is the best the men have been able to make of it in all these years of lawing and jawing, that it is about time a woman or two were permitted to get into it and show the men how to better things? We had no idea the open court had fallen so low in the estimation of the men who have spent their lives in it. But perhaps Mr. Justice Saint Pierre knows.

COMMERCIAL VALUE IN SENTIMENT

The Arlington, (California) Times has this to say of the commercial value of studying to do the things worth while, and what the Times says of California would apply with equal force to this or any other community: "The people of Southern California are making a study of the things that are really worth while. Among these they find that it is really worth while to be proud of their home and of their surroundings and to spend time and money in making their places and the public thoroughfares beautiful and attractive. They have found a commercial value in sentiment and every year they will get actual cash returns from such investments."

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Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, General Manager
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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed at current rates.
Interest credited 30th June and 31st December.
ENDERBY BRANCH E. J. WHITE, Manager

Specials in Lumber while they last:

No. 4 Novelty Siding,	$10.00 per M
No. 2 2z4 and 2x6,	$13.00 per M
No. 2 Mixed Lath,	$1.75 per M
Short Cordwood,	$3.75 per load
Dry Blocks,	$2.25 per load

Why not lay in your winter supply of wood NOW

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King Edward Hotel, P. H. MURPHY Proprietor Enderby

Alfalfa Hay

We have on hand good Alfalfa, which we are prepared to deliver anywhere in the City: one bale or one ton

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All Lines of Ruled and Unruled Writing Paper

In Short: Anything in Printing.

HAVE YOUR PRINTING DONE IN THE HOME TOWN.

THE WALKER PRESS

It will cost you just one-third of a cent a pound to have your Butter wrapped in your own neatly printed Butter Parchment, if you order from— THE WALKER PRESS

EATS DIRT
GILLETT'S
CLEANS LYE DISINFECTS

QUESTIONING THE POLICY

The London Weekly Nation discusses in its leading article the proposed reprisals of the Allies against shipping to and from Germany, and asks by what right England can refuse America leave to import dyes from Germany when England herself has issued licenses to her traders to buy dyes from that source.

"It seems clear to us that if the navy receives a general order to arrest all neutral shipping on suspicion of German origin or destination for their cargoes, our prize court and our foreign office will not lead uneventful lives." The Nation says it considers the Allies can tighten the existing siege of German coasts without setting up a siege against neutral nations or stopping trade "which we do not declare to be illegal, or against which we do not take measures that international law requires neutrals to respect."

Don't forget that it is your advertising that puts you on the map. Keep at your advertising. Don't give a big splash followed by a lot of silence.

UNION BANK
OF CANADA

With Cash in the Bank You Can Buy to Advantage

You know how everything costs more when you have to buy on credit. Why not practice self-denial a while if necessary, open a Savings Account in the **Union Bank of Canada,** and, with the money in hand, buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank balance, and you will have a good start towards financial independence.

Enderby Branch, J. W. GILLMAN, Manager

SECRET SOCIETIES

A.F.&A.M.

Enderby Lodge No. 40 Regular meetings first Thursday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited

R. E. WHEELER, W. M. JNO. WARWICK, Secretary

I. O. O. F.

Eureka Lodge, No. 50 Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, in I. O. O. F. hall, Metcalf block. Visiting brothers always welcome.

C. PARKINSON, N. G.
W. A. RUSSELL, V. G.
WM. DUNCAN, Sec'y.
J. B. GAYLORD, Treas.

ENDERBY LODGE
No. 35, K. of P.

Meets every Monday evening in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.

R. H. CRANE, C. C.
T. H. CALDER, K.R.S.
R. J. COLTART, M.F.

Hall suitable for Concerts, Dances and all public entertainments. For rates, etc., address, R. N. BAILEY, Enderby

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Good Rigs; Careful Drivers; Draying of all kinds.

Comfortable and Commodious Stabling for teams.

Auto for Hire

Prompt attention to all customers

Land-seekers and Tourists invited to give us a trial.

Enderby Growers' Association Completes a Very Successful Year

The annual meeting of the Enderby Growers' Association, held last Saturday afternoon in K. of P. Hall was well attended, and the spirit of the meeting was of the best. It showed conclusively that the co-operative movement has at last come to stay, and that the growers of this district are going to hang together, despite the hardships and the difficulties that all now realise must be met and overcome on the road to success. The spirit of those in attendance was not one of over-confidence, nor of sweet contentment. The past year, while showing a balance on the right side of the ledger for the Association, has not been one of satisfactory prices to the individual growers. Far from it. But all seemed to realise that Manager Dickson and the board of directors had handled the business as profitably as possible for them and without unnecessary loss.

President Little briefly reviewed the season's operations, after which the financial statement was read by the Secretary, Mr. Davies. The following assets were shown:

On hand and at bank		$ 439.13
Office & Warehouse fixtures		100.00
Accounts receivable—		
Okanagan United Growers, 3 p.c. reserve fund to be repaid at end of 3 years		238.85
Okanagan United Growers, shipments acct		297.30
Growers	$632.21	
Less doubtful accts	40.00	592.21
Inventories—		
Vegetables		8.52
Flour, feed, etc		632.39
Boxes, paper, nails, etc		150.21
Stationery & sundry supplies		20.00
Unexpired insurance		8.05
Incorporation expenses, less $30 written off		30.00
		$2,516.66
Liabilities—		
Accounts payable—		
Okanagan United Growers, 3 p.c. Reserve Fund		$ 238.85
Trade accounts		80.47
Growers' accounts		746.75
Bank of Montreal		700.00
Accrued interest		3.50
Share Capital—		
Nominal, $20,000, divided into 200 shares of $1 each		
Subscribed, 39 shares of $100 each, 20 p. c. called	$ 780.00	
Less amt arrears	100.00	680.00
Profit and Loss Account—		
Loss for year ended Feb. 28, 1914	108.70	
Profit for year ended Feb. 28, 1914	175.79	67.09
		$2,516.66

There was no written report submitted by the directors, it being explained by the chairman that the directors had not been able to get together before the meeting was called. As chairman, Mr. Little thanked the members of the board on behalf of the association members for their good work of the past season, and gave well-merited praise to Mr. Dickson for his able management. While he did not pretend to say that the prices received by the growers had been satisfactory, he believed the association had made very satisfactory progress. The market conditions had been bad, but this could not be complained of, in view of the general conditions as a result of the war. In spite of this the directors were able to report a balance of $67 on hand on the season's operations, after cleaning up the deficit of $108 on last season's business. Besides this they had also reduced the organization costs from $60 to $30, and had very few bad debts and no losses.

"But look at what we have had to pay for feed, to enable the association to make this showing," some might say. Those members forget what the price of feed would be if the association was not handling feed at all. Some will say that there is no advantage in joining the association as they can buy as cheap outside of the association as in it, and, while this may be quite true, they forget what the association has done for them in bringing down the prices. It was not the intention or the purpose of the association to enter into competition with the regular merchants. They had been approached by others handling feed in an effort to induce them to advance the prices, but the association had refused to entertain any such proposition. All they want to do is to keep the prices down to a reasonable living price, without injury to anyone. Their policy is one of constructive effort, not destructive.

The election of the board of directors for 1915 was then proceeded with. Result: Messrs. Little, Anderson, Forster, Davies Turner and Emeny.

Mr. Knight, accountant of the Bank of Montreal, was elected auditor.

This concluded the regular business and Mr. Robertson, manager of the Central Selling Agency, was called upon to give such information as he had in hand with regard to the past season's operations and also to lay down the policy for the approaching season.

Mr. Robertson congratulated the Enderby association on the advancement made the past season. He said though the amount of business handled at this point was comparatively small, yet it was gratifying to know that the net result showed a balance on the right side. The general advance made here was quite as satisfactory as had been made at any point where there was an affiliated organization.

He recited the experience of the selling organization since it was established two years ago. He thought then that all that would be necessary was for him to travel up and down the valley telling of the advantages of co-operation and the growers would cheerfully organize and work together. The past two years' experience had convinced him that the gospel of co-operation was as difficult to make people take advantage of as that other great gospel. It was here a little and there a little; by slow degrees will it be accepted.

He had received a great surprise at the recent meeting of Vernon association, where 150 growers were gathered, and not a dissenting voice had been raised, either to the past season's operations, unsatisfactory as they had been, or to the proposed new policy for 1915.

The feeling is growing; it is now positive, that the organization must succeed, is succeeding and will continue each year to become a larger factor in the development and prosperity of the Okanagan and the Province.

Mr. Robertson went carefully into the past season's operations and answered a vast number of questions dealing with the conditions of the markets and the difficulties encountered by the Central Selling Agency. He regretted as much as anyone that the necessity arose for them to send shipments on consignment. He was opposed to this policy, yet it was found absolutely necessary the past season. He was fully aware of all the criticism that had been levelled at him. It seemed to him at times that no matter what trouble arose, whether the weather or the war, the blame was put upon the shoulders of the manager of the Central Selling Agency. His critics seemed to forget that he was only carrying out the general policy endorsed by the men elected as directors. He was in their employ and had to submit for their approval any policy to be adopted before it could be put into operation. If blame were to be placed upon anyone it was only reasonable that the board of directors should have to take some of it. And this they were always prepared to do.

He explained that one of the reasons why the past season's low prices had hit the growers so hard was because at the opening of the season they had anticipated so much larger profits. In reality our growers got as good prices as the growers of the fruit centres of Washington.

At the very commencement of the shipping, just when the soft fruits were ready to move, the war broke, and immediately the housewives of the Northwest began to think seriously before buying. The price of sugar went up, and, though every effort was made by the fruit houses to increase the demand for fruit by encouraging early preserving, the effort was not successful.

The jobber wouldn't buy because the retailer wouldn't buy, and the retailer wouldn't buy because the people wouldn't buy. There was no demand, and no money to pay for the fruit if it were put out. Our soft fruits had to be moved, and we had to let them go on a low market.

The local competition in selling Okanagan fruits the past season had been a serious obstacle in the way of better prices for the growers. Fruit from the various points in the Valley had to go into the market in competition with other fruit from the same section. He cited one instance where McIntosh Reds were started at $1.50 per box—a very fair price. Another shipper offered the same variety of apples at $1.35; a further reduction was made to $1.25, and the jobbers finally bought them at $1.10 a box.

One Northwest buyer wrote him in these words: "Why don't you get together out there. We don't care what we have to pay so long as we know our competitors don't buy for less."

Another instance was cited in which these apples were offered and sold by a Valley shipper at 90c a box in carload lots. At the same time and to the same jobber, the Central sold the same variety of apples at $1.05 a box.

Central sold 15 carlaods of crab apples at $1.10 a crate. At the same time a competitor in the Vernon district had to dump 12 carloads after offering them at 90c.

[Continued on last page]

BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME

At the least cost and risk by planting your gardens and orchards with our Roses, Ornamental and Fruit Trees, grown only in B. C., at our well-known RIVERSIDE NURSERIES, at Grand Forks. No order too large or too small.

For prices and particulars apply

H. E. C. Harris, Enderby

FOR SALE—4-passenger Buick Motor Car. Best buy in the Okanagan; $175 cash. A. Fulton.

Fresh Meats

If you want prime, fresh meats, we have them. Our cattle are grain-fed and selected by our own buyers from the richest feeding grounds in Alberta, and are killed and brought to the meat block strictly FRESH.

We buy first-hand for spot cash, s can give you the best price possible

G. R. Sharpe,
ENDERBY, B. C.

Spring Cleaning Time
IS AT HAND

Book orders now to insure prompt attention. Painting, Kalsomining, Paperhanging. Box 43 Workshop near City Hall

C. G. PIPER, City Decorator

O. K. Barber Shop
Baths in connection
H. HENDRICKSON, Proprietor
Next the Fulton Block, Enderby

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent of sub-Agent of the district in which rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights as may be considered necessary for the working of the mine, at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Butter Wrapper Parchment

Has made three jumps in price since the beginning of the war, and the price is still on the up-grade. But we are still printing Butter Wraps at the old price, and will continue to do so while the stock of Parchment we have on hand lasts. It is going.

The Walker Press

Enderby Growers' Association Completes a Very Successful Year

[Continued from third page]

At this point many questions were asked Mr. Robertson with regard to the policy of the Central organization for 1915. In the matter of apple pack, Mr. Lawes called attention to the urgent need of a lower quality pack, in the matter of size, for the loose boxing of the cooking varieties of apples, otherwise in the non-irrigating districts such as Enderby, where the apples do not reach the size of the irrigated, the present pack means that the growers must lose a large per centage of their crop.

In reply Mr. Robertson said it was the intention of the Central Agency to put up a cooking grade pack, without wrapping, and the matter of size was being considered. He said the Central organization has made arrangements whereby the growers will be given their boxes at a much lower rate than that heretofore paid; he also stated that certain charges and duties had been levied by the Government which placed imported apples at a disadvantage to the amount of 21c a box, and another levy is about to be imposed which will give our apple growers an advantage of 27c a box over imported fruit. "If our apple growers cannot compete under these favorable conditions with the apple growers shipping from Washington, they should get out of the apple-growing business and into something else."

Mr. Robertson reported on the good work done by Central the past season in making trial shipments to South Africa, and said the returns from this shipment, and the excellent report received on the quality of the apples on reaching their destination, encouraged him to believe that an unlimited market for our hardiest varieties would be developed in this direction. The reports from Australia were as encouraging as those from the African shipment, and here, too, a profitable market had been found.

Discussing generally the proposed policy for the ensuing year, Mr. Robertson reiterated briefly the plans it is proposed to carry out, which were published in the Press of Feb. 25th.

Speaking in reply to the criticism which has been levelled at him, and particularly with regard to the salary which he has been getting as manager of the Selling Agency, Mr. Robertson said he felt it incumbent upon him to explain. "I want to say frankly that much of this criticism has been most unkind and uncalled for. Don't criticise me too much. The Board of Management of the United Growers have kept me here; they asked me to take the management the first year, and I consented in the hope of being able to assist in putting the fruit-growing industry on a better basis. I have done my best to accomplish the most possible in this direction. We have met many obstacles, and we have overcome them. We have made progress. If the Central desires me to take up the work this year, I have told them they may have my services at their own terms. I shall have nothing whatever to say about the salary to be paid me. I want to say that my reason for taking this stand is my determination to make this thing a success. In fairness to myself, I feel that I ought to make this statement."

Duty, Not Charity

Hon. Martin Burrell is reported to have made use of the following words in a speech he delivered a short time ago in Toronto: "The idea of big dividends should be relegated to a secondary place, and an attitude of generosity maintained to the honest borrower even to a point where prudence is strained."

Mr. Burrell was speaking about the Canadian banks, and he was right as far as he went, but he did not go far enough. He was wrong in two points. He was asking the banks to do as an act of charity something which it is their moral duty to do, and which it ought to be their legal duty to do. It is plain also that he was a victim of the bugaboo which the banks always bring into use when they wish to lock up their money.

For many years our Canadian banks have been telling us what a glorious banking system we of Canada are blessed with. And the Canadian people have been so accustomed to hearing this that they have allowed themselves to become deluded in this matter. The fact is, this is the first time our Canadian banks have had a chance to show how good—or bad—our banking system is. And they are certainly demonstrating what power they have. The Dominion Government has been defied by them and the assistance provided by the Government to tide the business of the country over these strenuous times has not been permitted by the banks to come into force. And the Dominion Government seems powerless to enforce its own decree.

By adopting the panicy policy they have, and contracting the circulating medium as they have have the Caandian banks adopted the most patriotic policy it was possible for them to put forward? They are doing things today that the people of Canada will remember, and as sure as there is another election in the Dominion, the party that does not come out boldly on a platform demanding better banking laws for the people will go down to well-deserved defeat. The attitude of the banks of Canada is doing a world of good, however, if only to stir up the feeling of the need of Government banks.

Canadians in Action

The Canadian troops at the front have lately been in more heavy fighting, this time in the vicinity of Neuve Chapelle, and reports from headquarters say they behaved with splendid courage. Several cases of individual heroism in the division have received warm commendation. The latest news of the battle shows that the Canadians played a prominent part. It will go down in history as one of the finest feats of the Canadian army. Several battalions were in hand-to-hand fighting, capturing trenches at the bayonet's point.

The Canadian artillery continues to do magnificent work. Describing the bombardment before the capture of Neuve Chapelle, a Canadian officer says:

"The doomed German trenches shook and quivered with the blast of lyddite, while the leaping earth clouds and the thick, whirling smoke showed where the shells dropped. The gunners leisurely located their positions, then the lyddite fairly rained down on the precise positions indicated. It was a veritable hell. The earth spouted in leaping columns of mud and smoke. It hung in gigantic heaps and before one heap settled it again hurled high. Soon the German trenches were obscured by billowing clouds of dense smoke, out of which huge lumps of earth, sandbags and timber projected, and through which came flashes of bursting projectiles. Over all was the deafening roar of detonations. The sight was wonderful, though terrible."

Not Pleased with Allies' Note

Washington, March 16.—Administration officials were giving careful study today to the provisions of Great Britain's order-in-council aimed at the stoppage of all commerce by sea to and from Germany, which they regard as unprecedented and as having a far-reaching effect on American commerce, particularly on shipments of cotton and importations of dyestuffs from Germany. That officials are keenly disappointed is evident and that vigorous protest will be lodged by the American government against the British action is virtually certain.

What perhaps displeased officials most was the prohibition on American commerce consigned to neutral countries and suspected of enemy destination. It forms the principal basis upon which the American government will insist on the freedom of its commerce from undue interference.

The probable course of the United States will be to wait an enforcement of the British order in specific cases, each one of which will be made the basis of strong protest.

Official hope for an early improvement of conditions for the commerce of neutral nations was destroyed by receipt of the British order together with information that Great Britain had declined to accede to the American government's informal proposal for the withdrawal of Germany's submarine campaign and England's ban on foodstuffs for German civilians.

CARD OF THANKS

Permit us through the columns of the Press to express our sincere thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted and comforted us in our great bereavement.

MRS. HUGH MITCHELL,
HUGH A. MITCHELL.

The best religion is to do good and have the world for your country.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS IN POULTRY NETTING BARB WIRE, GARDEN SEEDERS, EUREKA CHURNS, GARDEN TOOLS, PAINTS, OILS & VARNISHES.

TRY US FOR BUILDING PAPER, FELT ROOFING, AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

YOU WILL FIND OUR PRICES RIGHT AND TERMS REASONABLE.

IF YOU CANNOT CALL, WRITE. WE WILL SEND THE GOODS BY PARCEL POST, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT.

FULTON HARDWARE CO. LTD.
PLUMBING, HEATING, TINSMITHING

We can supply you with the following brands of Flour:

Royal Household **Glenora**
Centennial **Varsity**
Strong Baker **Hungarian**

A good supply of Cerials **Feed of Various Kinds**

We have a supply of SEED GRAIN on hand; also CLOVER, TIMOTHY and ALFALFA and SMALL SEEDS.

We deliver to any part of the city

TEECE & SON, next Hendrickson's Barber Shop, ENDERBY

The Poor Farmer

Sells his wheat for three dollars ten
(Gosh, I pity the farmer);
Gets six bits for one dead hen;
(Gosh, I pity the farmer.
Oats are bringing two-thirty four—
Travelling fast and may bring more;
Fresh eggs 35 cents at the store—
(Gosh I pity the farmer).
For calves he gets 12 cents a pound;
(Gosh, I pity the farmer);
Apples one-fifty if they're sound—
(Gosh, I pity the farmer).
Hay at 14 bones a ton,
Other prices upward run—
He's a lucky sonofagun—
(Gosh, I pity the farmer).
Furnace fire and telephone
(Gosh, I pity the farmer,)
He's the head boss, time's his own,
(Gosh, I pity the farmer).
Gets his paper each week day,
Drives an auto—discards the shay
Beyond the reach of the cabaret—
(Gosh, I *do* pity the farmer.)

Trouble of the Future

The Russky Viedomosti of Petrograd, prints an inspired article signed by Prince Eugene Trukettskey on "Constantinople and the Dardanelles," in which the prince says:

"Our friends and our foes alike ought to know what is the point of view of the Russian nation as well as what is said by diplomacy regarding the one and only solution which accords with the state interest of Russia—namely, Constantinople and the straits must be Russian. Every other solution, whatever its nature, is impossible of acceptance by us, because every other would only make the position of us worse than it was before the war began.

"French newspapers some time ago talked of neutralizing the Dardanelles, but when they know the Russian views they will doubtless change their opinions. We have seen, in the case of Belgium, how neutrality is respected nowadays, and the Turk at any rate, was several degrees stronger than a scrap of paper.

"The neutralization of the straits or the handing of them over to a minor power—for example, Bulgaria—only means that Russia would be cut off from the sea on the outbreak of war and would probably have enemy warships at work around the Black Sea coast line.

"This war is a war waged in common by the three Allies. When it is ended we must not enquire who has dealt Germany the heaviest blows or who inflicted on her the last defeat; who has enabled Belgium to be restored, or who has stood the main attack of the Turkish army. Nor, on the other hand, must the Allies raise the question of who forced the Dardanelles.

"Let the present war restore the territorial integrity of France. Let England be rewarded for her herioc efforts at the cost of Germany and Turkey But let the vital interests of Russia also be secured."

Enderby Music Store

For

High-Class Wall Decorations

In

Dyed Burlaps
Ceilings
Panel Borders
Varnish Tiles
Fibre Veneer
Sanatas
Cork Velours
Ingrains
Arabian Leathers
Wood - Krusta

Make your home restful, pleasing and inviting. Keep up with the times by decorating your walls with High-Class Hangings.

New Ideas—the best in quality—the best in decorative value—and the lowest prices possible with a small living profit.

J. E. Crane, Prop.

WANT ADS

I HAVE a crackerjack proposition for a good, live wire agent in Enderby. Write me at once. F. C. Ritchie, 132 Pemberton block, Victoria, B.C.

COWS FOR SALE—Two milch cows rising 7 years; good milkers; well broken and gentle; in calf to our pure-bred Ayrshire bull, Bessie's Model (26938) due to freshen on or about March 26th and 29th respectively. Apply to R. J. Coltart, Enderby. m28-2t

FOR SALE—Two heifers (coming in) and two milk cows. Wm. Roddau, Mabel Lake road, Enderby. m18-2t

TIMOTHY HAY FOR SALE—$10 per ton at stack. W. George, Grindrod. m11-2t

NO.1 DUCK EGGS FOR HATCHING Pure-bred White Pekin; $1.00 per setting of 11 eggs. Mrs. John McKay, Waterside, Enderby. a31

MATERNITY NURSING. Mrs. West, Enderby. m4-tf

SETTINGS OF "BRED-TO-LAY" White Leghorns for sale. H. F. Cowan, Enderby. f18-tf

FOR SALE— White Leghorn cockerels for breeding; good laying strain. Young pigs. H. F. Cowan, Enderby.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD and rooms; reasonable rates; Bradley house.

FOR SALE—Dressed Poultry. A limited number of Rhode Island Red and White Wyandotte cockerels, of good laying strains for sale. Also winter apples. Apply Geo. R. Lawes. tf28

Now is the Time to Order Your Spring Suit

Customer's Own Material Made Up. Prices from $15.00 up.
Cleaning, Pressing & Repairing. Ladies' and Gents' Tailor.
A. E. WEST **ENDERBY**