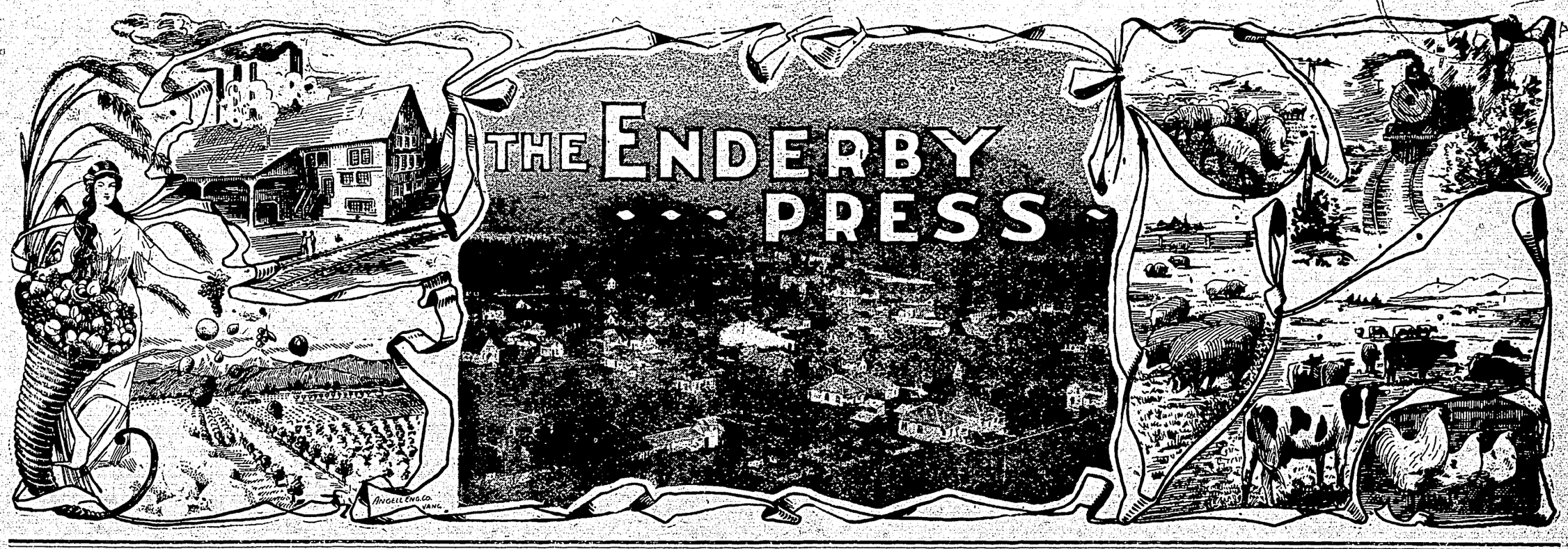
161
Library Legislative Assem
SEP 24 1910
A. B. C



Enderby, B. C., September 22, 1910 AND WALKER'S WEEKLY Vol. 3; No. 25; Whole No. 139

The Town and District and the Moving of the People

Sixty carloads of lumber from Enderby in 20 days is not so bad.

G. R. Manning has accepted a position in the Hutchison wagon shops.

Mr. Geo. Heggie has placed his boys in the University at Victoria.

Mrs. Speers pleasantly entertained a number of friends at her home last Thursday afternoon.

Born—At the Enderby hospital, Sept. 21st, to Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, of Mara, a daughter.

Another daily freight train is to be put on to help handle the business over the Okanagan branch.

The wife and family of Chas. E. Smitheringale, are spending the fall and winter in San Diego, Cal.

Married—At Armstrong, Sept. 20th, Mrs. Thos. Bell to Mr. Thos. Hughes, both of Enderby. Congratulations.

Miss Gibbs, after a visit of several months to the old home, returned to Enderby last Thursday morning.

Miss Priddle, after spending the summer in Enderby, the guest of Miss Gibbs, returned to her Old Country home this week.

A large number of guests enjoyed a delightful evening at cards in the home of Mrs. Henry Greyell, last Thursday evening.

C. R. Trusler, late of Armstrong, opened the Gem barber shop, in the old city office building in the Evans' block last Saturday.

W. T. Holtby returned from a trip to his mining property on Seymour Arm last week, and reports a very promising showing of ore.

Miss McIntyre reports a very well-attended millinery opening in the ladies' department of the Enderby Trading Co., last Thursday.

Armstrong's Agricultural Fair will open to-day, and will continue to-morrow. Exhibits from Enderby are numerous, especially in the poultry exhibit.

The Spokane pressed brick for the Bank of Montreal building arrived on Thursday last, and this week the brick masons are pushing work on the walls.

Rev. Mr. McIntyre has been asked to preach the anniversary service in the Knob Hill church this year, and has accepted, the service to be held Sunday week.

I think if I had a boy who would so far move back to savagery as to disturb the sanctity of the home by indulging in the charivari I would trepan him with a toothpick.

Next Sunday will be Rally Day in the Methodist Sunday School. A special program has been arranged, and a general invitation is extended to all to be present at the regular hour.

The cement-block home building of J. S. Johnstone is nearing completion, and is very handsome. It is two-story, with cottage roof, and adds very materially to the good appearance of that locality.

Miss A. Lawrence, late of London, Eng., and of extensive experience in ladies' tailoring in the world's metropolis, has taken up her residence in Enderby, and will do general dressmaking. She is domiciled with Mrs. S. Thompson.

Mrs. W. A. Lawson and daughter, of Toronto, spent some days at the Enderby hotel this week, on a visit with Mine Host Manning, her son-in-law. Mrs. and Miss Lawson were greatly impressed with the beauty of the country about Enderby, and with our ideal climate.

The annual harvest thanksgiving services will be held at St. George's Church on Sunday next. The church will be decorated for the occasion, and special music will be rendered by the choir.

Mr. Moffet has engaged an expert gardener to lay out the handsome grounds surrounding his home, and he hopes, next season, to show what the climate and soil of Enderby can do in producing God's truest messengers, the flowers.

The report that the Great Northern had squeezed into the ownership of the S. & O. is not true. Next year the C. P. R. will have the road put in condition to carry mainline engines, all the trestles filled in and four trains a day will handle the traffic.

They are exceeding the speed limit at New Denver. The Record tells of two men in a democrat driving a large bay horse past the office at a breakneck speed. If the horse had stumbled, the editor thinks the democrat might have been ruined.

Mrs. E. H. Lloyd, of the Cowan Cocoa Co., of Toronto, will give demonstrations in the preparation of cocoa, chocolate, etc., on Sept. 26, 27 and 28, at the Enderby Trading Co.'s store, and cordially invites the ladies of Enderby and district to call

Geo. R. Lawes is building a road to climb the hill back of his home property. It will give an easy grade to the orchard and vegetable patch on the hill top. He reports a fine crop of potatoes, and other vegetable roots. The fruit trees planted there are showing up exceptionally well.

The woods along the Spallumcheen are now beautiful with yellow, scarlet and varied shades of green; and falling leaves of gold, and the sad, sad voices of the dying foliage whisper of approaching winter, and make us wonder, wonder, wonder, how long our delinquent subscribers will remain so.

Thos. Pound showed 14 birds at the Vernon Fair last week, and won seven firsts and three seconds. His breeds were Black Orpingtons, Rhode Island Reds and Light Brahmas. Only one bird out of the 14 failed to get a prize. Mr. Coats was judge. He is named by the Provincial Agricultural Department, and will also judge the show at Armstrong.

The Enderby Athletic Club was organized on Tuesday evening, with a membership of 47. The following officers were chosen: Hon. Pres., Rev. E. F. Connor; Pres., W. E. Banton; 1st Vice-Pres., T. E. Woods; 2nd Vice-Pres., A. E. Evans; Sec., R.H.Crane; Treas., W. Duncan. The first schedule game of basket ball was played the same evening, resulting: Wheeler, 8, Duncan 5. The old Methodist church is being put to good service in providing a gymnasium for the young men.

The Grindrod bridge is now open to traffic. It is a well-built, substantial structure, and will prove a great boon to the farmers in that vicinity. It gives access to the railway just across the river, whereas before they had to haul their produce to Enderby. The government would have had the road finished to connect with the old Sicamous road, but there seems to be a difference of opinion as to where the road should run, and until the settlers can come to an agreement on this point, the road work is held up.

The people of Mara do things right when they make the effort. Last Sunday was Harvest Day in the Anglican church, and the school building, where the regular services are held, was beautifully decorated with the best of a bountiful harvest. At the conclusion of the service, the choicest fruit was gathered up to be sent to the hospital. Some of it found its way to the editor's sanctum and has been admired by many who have seen it on exhibition. Such apples!

Miss Bowes, a certificated medical and surgical nurse, came in on Monday from London, Eng. Miss Bowes is at present staying with Mrs. Skelton, of Hullcar. She has been doing private nursing in the Old Country, for such prominent physicians as Dr. P. Ferinwal, Dr. Symond, Sir Watson Cheyne, and Dr. Shakelton, father of the noted explorer. These names, together with the testimonials she has received from these medical men, are sufficient evidence as to Miss Bowes' capabilities, and we hope to see her make Enderby her permanent home.

"THE MANXMAN" TO-NIGHT

Frederic Clarke, the well-known and popular dramatic star, will appear to-night, in K. of P. Hall in a magnificent production of Hall Caine's most powerful worv, "The Manxman". This is one of those wonder stories of that master playbuilder, Hall Caine, and leads us through the gamut of human emotions, with life and love and ro-

mance bristling on every side, to a fitting ending. Caine's most brilliant propensity is the singular power of blending the lives of the rich and poor and teaching a powerful lesson in a highly entertaining way. He works his Manxman up to a sufficient climax with all the skill of his wonderful imagination. He gives his characters real flesh and blood hearts and souls, and never for an instant allows a note which jars with probability to creep into his theme. Mr. Clarke is under the management of Mr. J. Cosgrove, and is supported by a carefully selected company of players; his scenic equipment is second to none so far seen in this vicinity, and is especially adaptable to the K. P. hall stage.

Wanted.—Whiskers to shave at the Gem barber shop. Hair cutting a specialty. C. R. Trusler, old City office building, Cliff street.

Stepney Ranch Purchased by Syndicate of English Capitalists

Mr. Geo. Heggie returned from the coast Wednesday morning, where he has been on business connected with the transfer of the Stepney Ranch for the past two weeks.

Mr. Heggie says he never realized before how much English capital is crowding into Vancouver for investment—not in Vancouver property, however, but in farm lands throughout the province. There are thousands of dollars available for any safe land investment.

Mr. Heggie also reports the final transfer of the Stepney property. The deal was made by Mr. Heggie himself, and the property goes from the owners to the development company taking it over, there being no middle promoters to inflate the price.

The British Columbia General Development Syndicate, Ltd., with B.C. office at Vancouver, are the buyers. The price paid runs into six figures. It is a price that Mr. Heggie himself, as manager, put upon the property, and Mr. Heggie knows better than anyone else just what the Stepney ranch is worth. He has worked it for 20 years.

Stepney Ranch comprises 1300 acres of as fine land as can be found in any country. Five hundred acres are under the plow, and so thorough has been Mr. Heggie's management, that he has made these 500 acres pay 6 per cent. on the total valuation put upon the entire 1300 acres. The man who says farming cannot be made to pay in British Columbia does not know what he is talking about. This season Mr. Heggie sold $6,000 worth of wheat alone to the Enderby flouring mills to mix with the extra hard Manitoba Red in the manufacture of Enderby's pride flour "Moffet's Best"

In the Stepney Ranch, the B. C. General Development Syndicate have a property that is unexcelled. When the total acreage is brought under the plow and is made to produce the crops that are possible, the Stepney will be a marvel.

One of the splendid features about this deal, is that it was made by Mr. Heggie. He thus was remunerated, in a measure, at least, for the many years of ceaseless toil he has put upon the property in the management of it. To him comes the golden egg that usually drops into the hands of the foreign promoter who never sees the property, and the purchasers are the richer, too.

It is the intention of the new company to continue the development of the Stepney along similar lines as have been followed by Mr. Heggie. A new manager will take charge, Mr. Heggie leaving to take up the management of the Belgian Syndicate affairs at Vernon. More land will be cleared and brought under cultivation, and more orchards will be laid out. The land will be thoroughly developed, and then sold in small holdings. Already an offer of $500 an acre has been made for the 50 acres now in apples. In a few years this will be the bottom price for most of the Stepney land, set to trees.

LET'S GET BUSY OR GET DOWN

When the city had but one hose reel, the cry of the fire brigade was that if the Council would get another and lighter reel, they would get out and practice. This summer the Council added a second and lighter reel, but we have not seen anything that looked like practice. The City Fathers have, in addition, added a chemical engine and the basement of the City Hall has been fitted up to provide every convenience for the proper care of the fire fighting apparatus. Still we have not seen a move made on the part of the head of the fire brigade to get into shape for the winter. There has not been a practice run made with the fire reel sine the 24th of May, 1909. Some few weeks ago a member of the Fire Chiefs' Association of B. C. wrote a letter to this paper asking the local brigade if it were not time to get busy, and offering to lend any assistance required. But instead of recognizing the logic of the correspondents remarks, and broadly meeting the issue as everybody recognizes it should be met, the dog in the manger policy is pursued. The question of being prepared for fire fighting is more than a personal one. The winter season, a time when the greatest danger exists, is fast approaching. The welfare of the town is at stake. Isn't it about time we were either doing something or stepping down and allowing somebody else to do it? The City Fathers cannot do more than they have done. It remains for the fire brigade to get acquainted with the uses of the fire fighting apparatus, and to see that the testing of the fire hydrants is attended to. Do you not think so?

It is interesting to note that, in spite of the fact that only comparatively a small percentage of the orchards have yet matured, shipments during the past week or ten days have averaged between three-quarters of a car, and a whole car, the largest shipment being made last Monday when over 900 boxes were trundled aboard the Okanagan.—Penticton Herald.

Wm. Elson is packing his goods and anticipates soon to start on a journey to the Home Land. He finds many pieces of clothing left with him for repairs and to be cleaned, for which he can find no owner. Anyone having left clothing in his care will kindly call for same. WM. ELSON.

Apples Wanted—Choice apples and pears for District Exhibits. Highest price given. Apply for directions for gathering, &c., to George Lawes, Enderby.

The Summerland Review is this week installing a Unitype setting machine to handle the ever increasing business of that prosperous town.

ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Executive Council Chamber, Victoria, Tuesday, the 23rd day of August, 1910. Present: His Honor The Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Attorney-General and under the provisions of 61 Victoria, chapter 24, 1898, the "Game Protection Act", and Amendment Acts,

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, by snd with the advice of his Executive Council, doth order as follows:—

That the regulation under the said Act made by Order in Council No. 654, dated August, 3, 1910 provided that the "disabilities as to to the shooting of the Columbia Sharp-Tailed Grouse, commonly known as 'Prairie Chicken', shall be removed throughout the Province from the first day of October, 1910, to the 31st day of October, 1910, both days inclusive," be and is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'Province', therein, the words 'except in the Yale, Kamloops and Okanagan Electoral Districts'.

HENRY ESSON YOUNG,
Clerk, Executive Council.

GREDEL'S RESOLVE;

Or, THE RAISING OF ZWEIDORF.

CHAPTER VII. —(Cont'd)

"The white-livered plank-chipper, and I thought him limed; the spiritless shaving-sweeper, and I deemed my skin saved at his expense," murmured Hoffmann in the agony of his disappointment.

"Stop, Herr Zimmermann," suddenly exclaimed the captain. "If you'll none of our trade, perhaps you'll give me another cast of your own."

"Certainly," replied Caspar, pausing on the threshold of the door. "What can I do for you, Herr Hauptmann?"

"Well, I have need of a large chest. Can you make it for me?"

"Undoubtedly, but what sort of a chest?"

"A large strong chest. I want to send some useless lumber that hampers me here back to Brandenburg."

"Give me but the dimensions, and I'll warrant I please you," said Caspar.

"Well, it must be large. How big shall I say? I'm at a loss to explain these details. Hum, lend me your rule a moment."

"I regret," said Caspar, after fumbling in his pockets, "that I haven't one about me. But if you would give me some idea of the size, Herr Hauptmann."

"How can I? I know nothing of your measurements. A carpenter without his rule, forsooth. I thought you were accounted clever of your craft in Zweidorf too, Herr Zimmermann."

"I'll turn my back on none of my trade in the town," cried Caspar angrily.

"But give me some idea of the size. How can I guess what dimensions you require!" exclaimed Caspar imploringly.

"Bah!" returned the captain, "what do I know about sizes and dimensions? and when I ask for a rule to enable me to calculate, you haven't one. But I want a big chest—a very big chest—big, big, oh! big enough to hold you. Ha, ha, Herr Zimmermann, there is a measure for you! Ha, ha," laughed the captain, "you can have no excuse on the subject of size now, my friend."

"These are singular directions as to measurement," replied Caspar, joining in the laugh. "But they have this advantage, I stand no chance of forgetting them, having them always about me," and the carpenter indulged in a loud guffaw at his own joke.

As for Hoffmann, he felt as if a stream of cold water had suddenly been poured from the nape of his neck down his spine.

"What can the captain mean?" he muttered anxiously. "Zimmermann will find but little to laugh at, I think, before he has done with that chest."

"You will require this quickly, I suppose," said Caspar. "I will see that my men start on it at once."

"Thanks, Herr Zimmermann," replied the captain, indulging in a pinch of snuff. "I should wish to have it as soon as possible. And, by the way, it must be fitted with a good lock."

"Certainly, that shall be attended to. It shall be ready for you in two or three days at furthest. Stay," said Caspar, once more pausing on the threshold of the door, "we have not settled of what wood it is to be. Will good pine boards serve you? they are both light and strong."

"Admirably," and Von Hompesch once more had recourse to his snuff-box. "Only mind that it is big enough."

"Never fear. Big enough to hold me," exclaimed Caspar, laughing; "I'll not forget. Good day, Herr Hauptmann," and the carpenter made his bow and departed.

Hoffmann continued to stare in a dazed manner after Caspar for some few seconds, then turning to his chief he remarked timidly, "I am lost in conjecture."

"Hah! my prince of schemers, I have an inspiration that throws all your stale artifices into the shade," cried Von Hompesch triumphantly. "The audacity of the design, too, imparts a certain zest to the plot."

"That means that it is incomparably dangerous," rejoined Hoffmann, dolefully.

"Not at all, man. Herr Zimmermann will ride out of Zweidorf in that chest. If he be not at his ease the fault will rest with himself, since his carriage will be of his own building."

And once more the captain gave vent to a fit of low, almost silent laughter, peculiar to himself when his fancy was greatly tickled.

"But how is he to be got into it?" inquired Hoffmann, with a stare of hopeless bewilderment. "It were easy to do what we would with him were that lock you laid such stress on once turned upon him. Force is out of the question, it would bring the whole town about our ears. It strikes me there is a link wanting in your scheme there, Herr Hauptmann."

"He will make no resistance," replied Von Hompesch gravely. "There will never be dead man coffined more quietly than he."

A shudder ran through Hoffmann's frame, and for a second or two he was too much absorbed in his own probable danger to speak. At last he faltered out, "You wouldn't do him violence, surely?"

"Tush! man," replied Von Hompesch jeeringly. "Do you suppose I have quite forgot my trade. King Friedrich cares not for tall fellows except they be living. You shall see him step inside that chest like a tame monkey. I seek not to end his life, but his courtship."

CHAPTER VIII.

Martha, that lynx-eyed chambermaid of the "Golden Eagle," still suspicious and unbelieving with regard to Captain von Hompesch taking his rejection as final, watches jealously that gallant officer's every movement. Albeit she has taken payment from the opposition, there is no one more loyal than she to the lovers. If she has accepted gratuities from the captain, it is but to throw him off his guard, and in observance of all chambermaid's law, as she herself says. A spy in the enemy's camp is ever serviceable, but upon this occasion Martha takes little by her treason. The captain places little faith in her. He is not of the kind that babble forth their schemes ere they be well ripe, and even to those he depends on most is wont to be chary of his confidence. Even his right-hand man Hoffmann is not as yet aware of his master's intentions. He knows no more than that the chest is destined to work Caspar's destruction, or, to speak more correctly abduction. But how that is to be brought about the sergeant is as yet in ignorance.

The more he reflects upon it, the more Hoffmann recognizes the danger of any attempt to kidnap Caspar Zimmermann. To do him justice, he understands the temper of the town considerably better than his supercilious officer. He knows that "the greasy burghers," as his chief denominates them, can be and will be dangerous if outraged. He is aware that there is a mob in Zweidorf that can be easily roused and excited to mischief. These are facts that Captain von Hompesch simply laughs at. Accustomed to rule with a high hand in Prussia over the citizens, he forgets that he has no force to sustain him here, and that in the free town of Zweidorf the followers of the black eagle are, though looked upon with respect, by no means held in such awe as they would be within their own territories.

Martha meanwhile keeps her misgivings to herself. Her words of warning have drawn forth nothing but laughter from those that they most concerned. She resolves to depend henceforth upon her own astuteness, and only trust that when she next has occasion to warn those confiding lovers of danger, it may not be too late. Holding, as she does, that the captain will shortly attempt stratagem of some kind in the prosecution of his schemes, Martha determines to employ all her womanly weapons for the unravelling of his designs. Sergeant Hoffmann has shown himself strongly disposed to embark deeply in flirtation with her fair self, and the wily waiting-woman has decided to encourage him to the top of his bent.

She argues that there is little a clever girl cannot wheedle out of a lover, and she flatters herself that she will speedily attain an ascendancy over the sergeant that will at all events place whatever he may know at her disposal.

But she a little overrated her strength upon this occasion. The sergeant was a man of much experience. Though insignificant of person, and of by no means prepossessing appearance, he was anything but an unsuccessful wooer. Amongst the country girls, where he might be quartered, he was generally esteemed a favorite. Possesed of unfailing spirit, glib of speech, and with transcendent powers of lying, he was more popular than he deserved to be. He was always ready to promise marriage, and though he ever failed to keep such pledge, yet as the scene of his perjuries was perpetually changing, that did not militate much against him. He made love wherever he went in most promiscuous and liberal manner, and this expansiveness of heart it was true had at times involved him in awkward complications.

The sergeant, I regret to say, could hardly be called disinterested in his love. Although he prosecuted these affairs to some extent for amusement, yet he preferred that his lady-loves should be more or less endowed with goods and chattels. He was not at all above borrowing money or trinkets from them, and the soft-hearted landlady of a small cabaret he ever marked out as a special victim.

They are not badly matched, these two, but the sergeant possesses two incalculable advantages. First, that even if disposed he has not really much to tell. Secondly, that Martha but feebly comprehends of what fiction his tongue is capable.

It was with feelings of undisguised satisfaction that the chambermaid hailed the advent of her admirer the morning after she had arrived at the above decision. Both Gredel and her father were out of the way. The common room was deserted save herself. Martha saw the opportunity for a prolonged tete-a-tete, and determined to make the most of it.

"'Tis not often you favor us now, Sergeant," she replied with a coquettish toss of her head and an affected angry jerk of her spinning-wheel in reply to his salutation. "As your days in Zweidorf are numbered, you think it best, perhaps, to inure us to your absence by degrees."

"I give you small thanks for your tidings," returned the sergeant. "I had hoped we had some months to spend with you yet."

"Then you go not the right way to work, or your cunning fails you, 'Tis hard, too, when that slippery tongue of yours avails you nought."

"It's my understanding that is most in fault this morning. Your speech is a riddle to me," replied the sergeant, as he took a seat.

"Pouf! I speak plain, that is, for those gifted with common sense. You were sent here to 'list men, Herr Hoffmann, and I've your own word for it you make scant progress therein at present. I presume your masters will recall you right soon under such circumstances."

"Heaven only knows. The captain seems to think 'listing a woman will serve his turn. It's my belief if he could enroll Mistress Gredel under the standard he'd be well content to leave all the men in Zweidorf behind him."

"Hasn't she told him she'll none of him?" replied Martha, sharply.

"That may be, but it don't at all follow he'll none of her. She's nor the less likely to be his bride on that account."

The chambermaid's eyes sparkled; she had but to encourage this lover of hers a little to turn his brain inside out. It was far easier than she looked for, and a saucy smile wreathed her lips at the thought.

"I admire a man like that," she said at length. "A man who refuses to leave his love behind him whether she will or no. Most of you are only too glad to be quit of us. It would be long, Herr Hoffmann, ere you ran away with a maid, either with or without her consent," and Martha shot a most provocative glance from beneath her dark lashes at her companion.

(To be continued.)

CONTRADICTORY METHOD.

"Your establishment always seems to be in the best of condition."

"That is because I make it a standing rule to have everything in running order."

SHREDDED WHEAT

Builds Strong, Healthy, Sturdy Youngsters.

To serve—heat in oven, pour hot milk over it and salt to taste. Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton; two for 25c.

422

On the Farm

WHY NOT MORE SHEEP?

Before the days of the American tariff on sheep and wool, a flourishing business was done with sheep through the greater part of Eastern Canada. The breeder of pure-breds is still in the business, duties not interfering with his export trade; but on the farms of the mutton-producer, even the old sheep shed has disappeared; farmers themselves have forgotten the flavor of mutton chops, or leg of lamb, else surely there could be found a small flock somewhere back of the barns; and the children have to adopt a pig for pet, and wear factory-knit stockings and mittens. It was not always so.

It is not well that the sheep have gone from so many of our farms. They are splendid gleaners, at least eighty per cent. of the weeds in a pasture will be eradicated by sheep; very few weeds seeds, if any, escaping destruction. They get much in a pasture that all other stock refuse. In winter, they are splendid consumers of coarse roughages, as pea straw, stemmy clover, and barley and oat straw. They do not demand painstaking care, save at weaning time. Thus, they are a sort of inexpensive accessory, gathering up the loose waste ends, and converting them into a cash surplus

The dispersion of farm flocks, all over older Canada has an economic reason. Other reasons are frequently given, but they are inadequate. The cur dog is a nuisance; sheep surely will go through poorly built wire fences, if large flocks are maintained on small pastures; other stock prefer not to graze after sheep; but these reasons are insufficient. If sheep were paying relatively, as they did formerly, they would not have been thus abandoned. When sheep were in their zenith, dairying had scarcely appeared above the horizon, beef-making had so frequently and irregularly partial or total eclipse, that many men felt they could not rely upon it as their guiding star, and pork-production oscillated then as now. Now dairying is developed into a highly-profitable, permanent industry; beefmaking has probably become more restricted, but is more reliably profitable; pork production has shifted from fat pork to bacon, increasing the profit and constancy of the trade. But no such improvement can be noted in mutton production. The business stands too much where it did in the long ago. Lambs dropped in the spring are retained all summer and sold in the fall or early winter, when they are not especially desired. There is not a sufficient profit in the business, handled after this fashion, to continue its prosecution. This is the quasi economic reason of the decline in popularity of sheep in Canada.

But there is money, more money, in sheep and lambs than ever before, if the methods of procedure were adapted to the present demands. What is wanted particularly is lamb, not mutton. The market wants Christmas lamb, Easter lamb, spring lamb, early summer lamb. This trade is almost as easily met, and is highly profitable. The producer must plan his crop for the market he wishes to suit. If for Christmas and the post-Christmas trade, they must be fall lambs for Easter, they must be January lambs, and so on. What misses for January will sell later on almost as good a market. But always the lambs must be forced, and brought to market at from two to three months. At two months, the lambs can be brought to about forty pounds, and at three months sixty-five; the latter weight is getting rather heavy. For these fancy markets, the lambs at from two to three months will bring from seven and a half to ten dollars. A spring lamb, kept all summer, and marketed in the fall at 90 to 100 pounds, for five or six cents a pound will bring no more.

It is true here, as elsewhere, that the wool produced by most sheep will pay for their keep. They are worth much as gleaners; they are worth much as a source of wool and meat supply to farms; they are a delight to have about the farm-home, and they will pay, and pay well to those men who will adapt them to the market demands.—Farmer's Advocate.

KISSING.

Under the rule of the Puritans in former days, pleasure was frowned upon as a snare of evil, and the world was called upon to eschew it under pain of spiritual condemnation. To-day the Puritans have passed, but another band of mentors has arisen, still warning the nations against many things, but this time under threat of temporal punishment.

These are the preachers of sanitation and preventive medicine, who would have men walk the narrow path of hygienic righteousness. These are even harder masters than their spiritual forbears, for they will not let us be dirty, they will not let us eat too much, they will not let us live in stuffy houses, with doors and windows doubly sealed against a trickle of fresh air, and now they are even lifting their voices against the world-old custom of kissing.

The worst of it is, they are right, at least in a general way; for kissing, in its modern promiscuity, is pernicious, and should be condemned as dangerous.

The custom probably had its origin, not in affection, but in suspicion. In primitive times, when the sense of smell was perhaps more acute that that of sight, bringing the faces together was a means of identification, and of distinguishing friend from foe. We have now other better developed senses, psychic and physical, which tell us of friendship, and kissing has become a mark of affection rather than a test of it.

It is not against this that the hygienist—the sensible one—protests, but against the meaningless and dangerous habit of pecking at the lips of every one, especially of the defenseless infant. It is really an affront for a stranger, or even an ordinary friend, to kiss a baby on the lips, and the act should be resented.

Kissing among members of the family is hygienically permissible, fortunately. It is, of course, through the transmission of bacteria that kissing is harmful. But each family has its own domesticated bacteria; as it were, of the same species as those inhabiting other people, but somewhat modified by constant interchange. Against these each member of the family is in a measure immune. They are like an ill-natured pet dog that respects the members of the household with which he lives, and will not bite them, but snaps and snarls at strangers.

Kissing should, therefore, be a family greeting; for strangers or ordinary friends the hand-shake suffices. Above all, the baby's lips should be sacred.

COWARDLY EGG.

"When I arose to speak," said the martyred statesman, "someone hurled a base, cowardly egg at me, and it struck me in the chest."

"And what kind of an egg might that be?" asked the young man.

"A base, cowardly egg," explained the statesman, "is one that hits you and then runs."

A hook in the jaw is apt to finish both the fish and the fighter.

HOME.

SELECTED RECIPES.

Savory Sauce and Cold Lamb.—Melt one cup of currant jelly, add bits of shredded orange and chopped mint. Garnish with parsley or mint.

Fireless Cooker Recipe. — For oatmeal, boil one cup of oatmeal and one-half teaspoonful of salt with two cups of water for five minutes. Place, closely covered, in cooker, and allow to remain overnight.

Fireless Cooker Recipe.—For dried fruit, wash fruit and soak four hours in water which just covers it. Simmer in the same water on the stove five minutes, then place in cooker and allow to remain eight to ten hours. Less water is required than when fruit is cooked on the stove.

Fireless Cooker Recipe.—For baked beans, pick over and wash one quart of pea beans. Soak overnight in cold water. While preparing breakfast, or early the following morning, drain and cover with fresh water; bring slowly to a simmer. Cook until skin will burst. Drain, and add one-half pound of lean salt pork, one-half teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of molasses, and two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Cover with boiling water, cover pail, and cook gently thirty minutes. Place in cooker. Remove one-half hour before the evening meal, and brown uncovered in the oven.

Ham Mousse.—Mix two cups of boiled ham, chopped fine, one teaspoonful of mustard, a dash of Cayenne pepper, one teaspoonful of gelatine and one-half cup of whipped cream. Pack into a mold and place on ice. Serve with a cream sauce composed of one tablespoonful of vinegar, one teaspoonful of mustard, two tablespoonfuls of fresh horseradish, or horseradish sauce, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a dash of Cayenne pepper and one-half cup of whipped cream.

Fried Peaches.—The rich yellow Crawford peaches are the best. Wipe them clean, halve without peeling and remove the stones. Lay them flat side down in a frying-pan with just enough melted butter to prevent sticking to the pan. Fry slowly until half-done; then turn and fill the stone cavities with sugar. When done lift them carefully, with a spoon in each hand, into the saucers in which they are to be served, as the syrup will surely be spilled if they are carried to the table in a large dish first. Peaches prepared in this way make a suitable dessert for the little folks served with boiled rice which has been buttered and sweetened a little. For adults they are delicious with hot biscuits or sponge-cake.

DESSERTS.

Lemon Ice.—One quart milk, grated rind of one lemon, one-half cup sugar. Let these ingredients come to a boil, then set aside to cool. After cooling add juice of four lemons and freeze. When partly frozen add beaten whites of two eggs.

Marshmallow Delight.—Cut up one pound marshmallows. Whip one-half pint cream. Chop one cup English walnut meats, or put in candied cherries. Flavor with rum. Mix marshmallows and nuts, or the cherries. Pour over them beaten cream. Serve in sherbet glasses.

SMALL CAKE.

Rocks.—Three eggs well beaten, one cupful of butter, one and one-half cupfuls of brown sugar, three-quarters pound raisins, one-quarter pound of English walnuts in fine pieces, two cupfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in water. Drop teaspoonfuls on a buttered pan and bake slowly.

Oatmeal Cakes.—Cupful of butter or one-half lard and one-half butter, one cupful of sugar, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one cupful of sour milk, one level teaspoonful of soda, one egg, one cupful of raisins and mixed currants, two cupfuls of cracked oats, two cupfuls of flour. Drop on pans about size of walnut an inch apart. If sweet milk is used use two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. These have a nutty flavor.

SANDWICH RECIPES.

Toasted Sandwiches.—Take round of sandwich bread, cut off crust before slicing, slice bread in pieces, one-half inch thick. Mix one slightly beaten egg with one jar of club cheese, pinch of salt, and pepper (red). Butter bread with plenty of cheese, put on top two slices of crisply fried bacon, and put under broiler until cheese is melted. This makes a delicious sandwich of toasted bread, melted cheese, and broiled bacon.

Cheese Sandwiches.—For these sandwiches use graham bread. Spread it first with a thin coating of butter, then a coating of mustard, next a layer of cottage cheese, then add a layer of olives which have been chopped fine and mixed with mayonnaise dressing.

GIVEN UP BY HIS PHYSICIAN

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", THE FAMOUS FRUIT MEDICINE, SAVED HIS LIFE.

JAMES DINGWALL, Esq.

Williamstown, Ont., July 27th, 1908.

"I suffered all my life from Chronic Constipation and no doctor, or remedy, I ever tried helped me. "Fruit-a-tives" promptly cured me. Also, last spring I had a bad attack of BLADDER and KIDNEY TROUBLE and the doctor gave me up but "Fruit-a-tives" saved my life. I am now over eighty years of age and I strongly recommend "Fruit-a-tives" for Constipation and Kidney Trouble".

(Signed) JAMES DINGWALL.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50—or trial box, 25c—at dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

USE OF BRAN WATER.

Few housekeepers know the value of bran water in the household. Its uses are manifold and its cost but a trifle. As an effectual and harmless dirt remover it cannot be surpassed. In preparing it for use, place in a cloth bag some bran, upon which pour boiling water; let stand for several minutes; squeeze the bag out and remove, when the water is ready for use.

In washing woodwork, be it hardwood or painted, it will be found invaluable. The dirt is quickly removed and the original finish of the wood is retained.

For washing printed fabrics it has no equal, for it will not injure the most delicate colors.

If one would use bran water when washing the hair she would find it not only cleanses the scalp thoroughly but also imparts to the hair that beautiful luster so much desired.

Another important consideration is that the water does not injure the hands, like so many cleansing preparations; on the contrary it has long been known that bran is an excellent skin whitener and beneficial when used in the bath.

Lastly, it will cure chronic constipation, by drinking anywhere from three to five cups of bran water at intervals before breakfast. A few drops of lemon juice make it more palatable to some people. For this purpose it is well to soak the bran overnight in a covered receptacle and strain in the morning.

USEFUL HINTS.

Linen turns yellow because soap has been left in it at the laundry, owing to insufficient rinsing.

Tar on a cloth suit may be removed by successive applications of turpentine, naptha and benzine.

To remove a burnt taste from lard, slice some raw potatoes into it, and cook for a few minutes, and strain off.

Soiled linen should never be kept in bedrooms. A place for the linen basket should be found in an airy position.

Floors which are to be stained should be first prepared by painting with a very thin coating of size evenly applied.

To soften the skin of a fur rug, rub a little vaseline into the hands and then work the skin till it softens. This will take some time.

Save the ends of wooden matches, for they are useful in reviving a dying fire. If kept in a box, they are ready for use at any time.

Corkscrews are not always at hand when wanted. A good substitute is an ordinary large screw with a string attached to pull out the cork.

Dusters for old china and bric-a-brac should be made of cheese cloth. It is better than any other material, and the cheapest.

Wash black stockings thoroughly in soap and water, then again in a weaker solution, and finally in clear water; if treated like this, stockings will not crack.

When boiling anything quickly, do not leave a metal spoon in the saucepan, for much of the heat passes through the spoon, and boiling is checked.

Rinse silk handkerchiefs the last time in water with a little methylated spirits in it. Roll up in a cloth, iron on both sides, and they will have the gloss you desire.

Boiled water, when used for drinking purposes, should be prepared carefully. See that the water boils fast for fifteen minutes, then keep it covered till required.

Patent leather and kid boots will take a far brighter polish if they are first wiped over with a sponge dipped in milk. This must be allowed to dry before the polish is applied.

When preparing vegetables or fruits that stain the fingers, a very good plan is to previously rub the thumb and forefinger with a little grease, and it will prevent the stains that are so unsightly and difficult to remove.

Padding Embroidery Work—For this lint cotton is much better than thread; moisten the finger tips and roll the cotton size and length wanted, and put in place and work over it. No shrinking required, as most thread does.

Sometimes one desires to change the air of a room in, as it were, double quick time. Then the plan is to open the window wide, and to open the door and to swing it backwards and forwards very quickly, making it serve as a sort of fan.

To cure earache, warm a little salad oil to milk heat and drop it from a spoon into the ear. Another remedy is to roast an onion in the coals and take out the centre, put the fine point of this into the ear and let it remain several hours.

Should the knob come off the lid of a pan or kettle, a screw should be slipped through the hole, with the head to the inside of the lid, and a cork screwed on to the protruding end. This will make a knob that will not get hot, and that can be easily removed when dirty.

In some cases fried fish may be given to invalids, and is, of course, more relished. But the frying must be perfectly done, and no fat left soaking on the dish. It is better fried without the casing of egg and bread crumbs, which is likely to disagree with a delicate stomach.

Oil, fruit or paint stains can be successfully removed by means fo a homemade mixture composed of a teaspoon each of oil of lemon, peppermint, cloves and cinnamon, with wineglass of spirits of turpentine. This should be rubbed over the surface of the fabric with a piece of silk, an old handkerchief answering the purpose excellently.

To clean an ingrain carpet mix damp (not wet) cornmeal with dry salt and sprinkle carpet liberally. Leave it for an hour, then sweep it into the carpet with a clean broom and against the nap. This done, sweep again, this time with the nap. Lastly, strew a fresh supply of salted meal on the carpet and let it lie there for three hours before repeating the double sweeping.

DOUBTFUL NAME.

Some years ago a Nottingham clergyman in baptizing a baby paused in the midst of the service to enquire the name of the infant, to which the mother with a profound curtesy, replied: "Shady, sir, if you please." "Shady," replied the minister. "Then it's a boy, and you mean Shadrach, eh?" "No, please your reverence, it's a girl." "And pray," asked the inquisitive pastor, "how happened you to call the child by such a strange name?" "Why, sir," responded the woman, "if you must know, our name is Bower, and my husband said as how he should like her to be called Shady, because Shady Bower sounds so pretty!"

Nothing short of hard cash will make an impression on a heart of stone.

But fame seldom comes to the man who sits down and waits.

PILES

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.

Zam-Buk

FOR ALL SUMMER SORES.

MADE IN CANADA

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

Is the Standard Article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

Useful for 500 purposes—Sold Everywhere.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

THE WAYS OF ASSASSINS

THE LARANG USED BY MALEFACTORS OF CHINA.

Stab Their Victims in Abdomen, Trusting to Splenomegaly to Finish Their Work.

"Pathological assassination" is the term applied by a writer in The Lancet (London) to two recent cases which have occupied the attention of the press of two continents—the Hyde crime in Kansas City, and the numerous murders "to order" alleged to have been committed in Russia by a physician of noble blood.

"It is a question if a parallel can be found among western nations or savages at large to the use of the larang, which means in Malay language 'the forbidden,' and is used in Southern China and the Malay countries, such as Sarawak, for purposes of assassination," says The Lancet. "Mr W. H. Battle, in his recent oration on 'Internal Injuries,' delivered before Medical Society of London, exhibited a larang belonging to Dr. White Hopkins, who has been resident for some time in Sarawak. In shape the instrument resembles an iron dagger, and it is probably made out of

A LARGE TIMBER NAIL,

to which, with the aid of twine, an ornate curved crosspiece is fitted. The head of the nail is held so as to protrude from the loose sleeve of the malefactor who uses it. A stroke from this nail on the abdomen of a victim frequently brings about the latter's death from ruptured spleen, the calculation of Chinese assassins being that some 90 per cent. of those they attack are suffering from splenomegaly, due to malaria."

"The nearest approach to this truly fiendish form of assassination discoverable in the annals of legal medicine is murder by infection. In a case now sub judice in Russia a suspicious death is attributed to subcutaneous infection by cholera virus. Quite recently also a medical man, Dr. Clarke Hyde of Kansas City, was condemned to imprisonment for life for the murder of three victims, whom, with eight others, he is supposed to have infected with the virus of typhoid fever. This, we think, must be one of the first instances of a culture of a pathogenic germ being used for criminal purposes. It is a method capable of great extension and likely to trouble the medical legists of the future, though, fortunately, its use will necessarily be restricted to persons with some knowledge of bacteriology.

"Among primitive people the belief in

MURDER BY INFECTION

has often been entertained — as, for instance, by modern Russian peasants, who accuse medical men of deliberately spreading (on the principle of breaking windows to do good to the glaziers) the disease they have been striving to prevent. Then there are the historic cases of the plague poisoners of Milan and Geneva, who in the seventeenth century, were accused in numbers of disseminating the plague with the help of poisoned ointments, infected clothes, and so forth, in the interests of nurses and all the other employees in epidemics. Searching in works of travel one finds sometimes isolated cases of explorers being apparently allowed to die by sledge drivers, guides and others who have been interested in the loot of their master's property, and these cases are analogous, as the murder is done by enlisting the services of disease. Thus, in Dr. J. J. Hayes' 'The Open Polar Sea,' the death of a Mr. Sonntag is described, who, when manifestly suffering from a chill during a long sledge journey, was nearly drowned, and died presumably of cold shortly afterward. The Esquimau driver who was with him gave an unsatisfactory account of his death, and Dr. Hayes implies that foul play was suspected. The larang users, however, with their knowledge of a pathological condition and their calculation of probabilities, are easily ahead of all other competitors in iniquity."

Few people care if care did kill a cat.

Second thoughts are best in a case of love at first sight.

The trouble with some men is they have too many fool friends.

A woman isn't necessarily wise because she can fool a fool man.

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wn.

Canadian Appreciation

Langham Hotel, London.

Gentlemen,—I wish to express my appreciation of the 38 h.p. Daimler which you have delivered to me. Before shipping the car to Canada I made a three weeks' trial of it, covering some 1,200 miles. The car ran perfectly, and I never had the slightest trouble of any kind, and I think it quite lives up to the many claims you make for it. The silence, smoothness of running, and power of acceleration on hills is really remarkable.

My petrol consumption was 16 miles to the gallon, including a great deal of driving in traffic. The tyres show no appreciable signs of wear, and I think it will prove light on tyres.

I am really delighted with the car.—Yours sincerely,

(Signed) C. A. BOONE, of Toronto, Canada.

Daimler

"The Most Successful Car of the Year 1909"

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited,

COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

ENDERBY PRESS

Published every Thursday at Enderby, B.C. at $2 per year, by the Walker Press.

Advertising Rates: Transient, 50c an inch first insertion, 25c each subsequent insertion. Contract advertising, $1 an inch per month.

Legal Notices: 10c a line first insertion; 5c a line each subsequent insertion.

Reading Notices and Locals: 10c a line.

SEPTEMBER 22, 1910

EDITORIAL WOES—OR WOWS

In a recent issue of The Ledge, Editor Lowery says: "It is not infrequent that newspapers find themselves unappreciated by the men whom they have favored by their support."

And the editor of the Fraser Valley Record comes forward with the same plaint: "This paper once upon a time carried an ad from the local bank, but the term "genial" placed in an item before the manager's name was cause for serious results to the ad. The account to date was demanded an hour or so after the paper was issued."

Another editor told us the other day of the appearance of a beaming male parent at the door of the newspaper office and demanding that his paper be stopped, because the editor failed to make a local of the birth of the beaming male parent's son. The same editor was accosted by an Englishman late from the Mother Land, with, "I say, you; who awhthorized you to publish the bywth of my dawtah, sir!" The editor replied that it was customery to get such information from the parents, the doctors or the friends of the accused, but admitted that he did not go through the formality of taking out authorization papers before publishing the item of news.

"I would have you to understand, my deah fellah, that I do not wish you to pry into my private affairs! You may stop-ph my papah!"

And thus it goes. Sometimes an editor will offer a kindly-intended boost, and it will be taken by the boosted as a knock, and Sheol's to pay. And yet some men complain of the aggravating silence of the editor with regard to their business or their goings in and comings out!

JUST A SUGGESTION

No necessity of enlarging upon the eloquence of this appeal:

Winnipeg, Sept. 16-10.

Editor The Enderby Press:

Dear Sir: Have a carload of B.C. prunes on display in the Hudson Bay Company store here; actual amount, 900 cases; and have full charge. Got them sent out to very good advantage. Only wish they were Okanagan product. My display cards read: "B. C. Fruit," "Patronize Home-Grown Goods," "Canada for Canadians," and such-like. I have a table in the centre of the exhibit, and have answered questions about the Okanagan until I am hoarse. If the Board of Trade only had some booklets out I could be handing them to enquirers, and I do not think that I would be in any way encroaching on my employer's time, selling fruit.

Yours truly, WALTER ROBINSON

FORLORN HOPES

Over three months still remain before the end of the year is reached, but we feel justified in expressing the hope that no more patching of the City Council will be needed until a fresh deal is made.—Vernon News.

If the expression of any hope is permissible in connection with the official body of Enderby, it would be that they do not change their minds more than once a month from now until the end of the year in the matter of the Salmon Arm road and that precious water pipe.

FEW PRAIRIE CHICKENS

Hunters in this vicinity see very few prairie chickens and are of impression that the close season should have been retained here as well as in Okanagan, Kamloops and Kootenay electoral districts. It will be noticed that the government is importing prairie chicken from Mamitoba to stock certain districts where there are none, which would imply a scarcity that would scarcely warrant their slaughter in other portions of the province.—Hedley Gazette.

It's the Ideal Family Flour

Makes the lightest, most delicious bread; gives best results. Every baking makes more *BIG CHOICE LOAVES* than other flour. All representative grocers sell it.

The Columbia Flouring Mills Co., Ltd. Enderby, B. C.

SUIT LENGTHS

Knitted Blouses

Ladies, if you have not seen these new goods, you will be interested in examining them. For quality and style we never have had their equal.

Our Fall Millinery Opening was the Great Attraction last week

If YOU have not seen the new styles in Ladies' Hats step in and examine our Millinery Stock.

Children's Sweater Coats

BEST VALUE WE EVER HAD

Also Ladies' and Children's Underwear

A very nice line of Fancy Goods just received

Enderby Trading Co. Ltd.

Leaders in General Merchandise and Supplies

NOT UP TO ANTICIPATIONS

The Vernon News says, in speaking of the Agricultural Show there last week: Candour compels us to admit that the fair was hardly a credit to the premier fruit growing and agricultural section of the province. It was fairly good in some respects, but it might have been much better, and we confess to a very distinct feeling of disappointment at the scanty nature of the exhibits. * * * Having said this much, however, it does not follow that there is no room for praise. We are glad to be able to say that a finer looking selection of apples has never been spread on the tables in the exhibition building."

John Scanlan, better known as Walt Mason, whose skill in weaving profound truth in those short prose-jinglets on everyday life, which have been reproduced in nearly every paper in America from time to time, has made him one of our most eagerly read writers, was found dead in his studio in Philadelphia last week.

The cholera epidemic which originated in Southern Russia some weeks ago, has already claimed more than 100,000 victims, and is stretching its way across Asiatic Russia. The reports now in possession of the sanitary bureau show a total for the season of 182,327 cases, with 83,613 deaths.

BLANCHARD & ENGLISH

Enderby, B. C.

Contractors & Builders

Estimates Furnished and Work Guaranteed

SMALL DEBTS COURT

SITS every Saturday, by appointment at p.m Graham Rosoman, Police and Stipendiary Magistrate.

WATER ACT 1909

BY direction of the Board of Investigation, notice is hereby given that the Board will proceed to adjudicate upon claims to water on the following streams and tributaries thereto in the Similkameen and Osoyoos Water Districts, under authority of Part 3 of the Water Act, 1909:

Pine Creek,
Spring on Pre-emption No. 2986,
Spring on Ecks Pre-emption,
Shoot Creek,
Ellis or Nanisheen Creek,
James Creek,
Penticton Creek,
Spring on Pre-emption No. 2551,
Canon Lake
Second Creek,
Cedar Creek,
Little Penticton Creek,
Sheep Creek,
4-Mile Creek south on Dog Lake,
4-Mile Creek on east side Okanagan Lake,
Five-Mile Creek,
Johnson Creek,
Spring on Pre-emption No. 4507,
Spring near Pre-emption near 4-Mile Creek,
Spring near 1st Creek near Pre-emption 138s,
Spring on Sub-lot 19, L. 2711,
Alder Creek,
Maple Creek,
Creek 3 miles south on Dog Lake,
McLean Creek,
Lake near Kelowna-Penticton trail,
Spring, Penticton,
Steward's Dam,
Creek, Lot 286
7-Mile Creek (Lots 210 and 266,)
Camp, Old Camp, 9-Mile or Arawana Creek,
Creek on Lot 211,
Spring near southeast corner of lot 587,
South branch of Ellis Creek,
Spring, Lot 2551,

Meeting for the purpose of adjudication will be held at Penticton on or about October 20th, 1910; Okanagan Falls on or about October 25th, 1910; and Naramata on or about October 28th, 1910.

W. S. DREWRY,
Chief Water Commissioner.

Lands Department, (Water Branch), Victoria, B. C., July 15th, 1910.

PREPAIRING EXHIBITION BIRDS

Daniel J. Lambert, one of the best-known poultry judges and authorities in America, and teacher in the Rhode Island State College Poultty Department, gives a valuable secret for growers of exhibition poultry:

One of the secrets not generally known outside of professional pouliry judges and experienced exhibitors is the necessity of show males possessing good tails. By good, I mean those in size, shape and color as described in the Standard and in perfect condition when the bird is shown. I have often advised prospective exhibitors on this point more than others because I knew that if the tail were full fledged, unbroken and clean the balance of the bird would usually be in the pink of condition.

Of course, abounding vitality is a paramount requisite, and a cock or cockerel lacking in vigor will show it quicker in the carriage of his tail than in color of comb or in any other way.

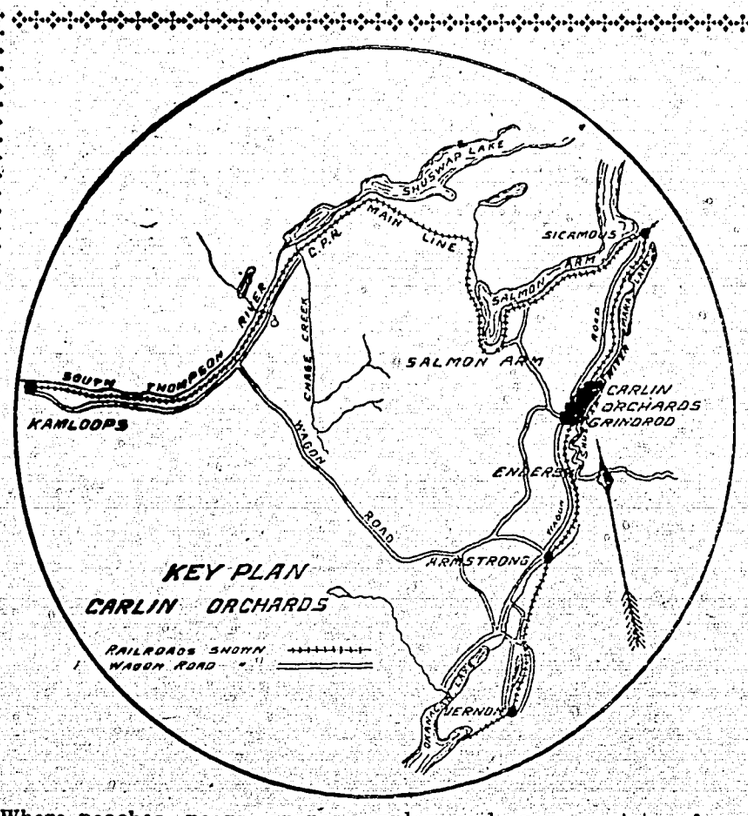
The most Standard-like tails are bred from ancestry possessing such themselves for at least two previous generations. High tails low tails, long tails broad and pinched tails are usually the result of poor breeding, while wry and squirrel tails are often caused by roosting too close to the sides or top of the building. A safe roost is at least eighteen inches from the walls and twenty-four from the rafters.

The time to show birds is when they are in their prime, neither immature or over ripe, as their tails are then all in and the proper length. This necessitates hatching at certain periods for particular shows and special preparation of cock birds to hasten or retard the molt. The growing cockerels must have plenty of room and a good range, with grass, shade, pure water and sound feed in abundance. A cock bird may be hurried with his molt by feeding a very narrow ration (one rich in protein deficient in carbohydrates) or retarded by giving one weak in protein and rich in carbohydrates

Lice, mites and nice show birds do not grow in the same coop. Vermin not only reduce the vitality of their victims, but injure the shape and lustre of their plumage. Prospective winners must be kept clean from the shell to the show-room; look carefully around the base of the tail of each bird for vermin. No oil or grease of any kind can be used on or around show birds, not even on their shanks, unless they are immediately wiped clean. It is easy to wash a bird nicely when you know how, but not so easy to get all the soap out of their tail feathers without breaking the web or otherwise injuring the sickles. It is much better to keep them away from dirt and filth so they will be clean and attractive at all times.

As the show season draws nigh say six or eiget weeks before the date of exhibition, they should be examined and all broken feathers in wing or tail removed so as to allow time for new ones to grow in their place. When these are growing be careful to see that the main feathers are unobstructed and the sickles curve nicely on the sides of the tail.

It is best to pen show males separately in a cage similar to exhibition coop, for at least two weeks before the show, allowing them to exercise, alone, under cover on a clean straw-covered sand floor. For transportation to the show use shipping coops high enough (thirty inches) for the bird to stand up in and wide enough (sixteen inches) so that the largest males can turn around without breaking, bending or injuring that all-important tail.



Fruit Lands in British Columbia

OFFER DECIDEDLY REMUNERATIVE AND ATTRACTIVE RETURNS.

The cultivation of fruits in this Province has become amost interesting art, and a highly profitable industry that provides the grower with a generous competence under the most ideal conditions and surroundings imaginable.

The most desirable fruit farming district in British Columbia is undoubtedly the

UPPER OKANAGAN VALLEY

Where peaches, pears, grapes, apples, and every variety of small fruits can be grown to perfection. The climate is particularly even and mild, the Summer temperature ranging from 70 to 90 degrees, while in Winter the average is 26 degrees above zero. No irrigation is necessary, the rainfall throughout the whole year being amply sufficient and well-distributed.

In this Upper Okanagan Valley is the CARLIN ESTATE, a portion of which has been subdivided by the owners into blocks ranging from 10 to 20 acres each, and placed with us for sale. This most desirable fruit land lies along the Okanagan Branch of the. C.P.R. and the Shuswap River, as shown on the key plan.

The soil is excellent, and the cost of clearing what little requires to be cleared will be small.

CARLIN ORCHARDS, besides being most ideally located, are a splendid investment, because when once planted and the trees brought to bearing, a greatly enhanced value is assured.

Conservative estimates place the value per acre when trees begin to bear at $500, and this figure steadily increases each year until at the end of the tenth year the value is $1000 per acre or more. In the meantime, while the larger fruit trees are being matured, every 10 acres under cultivation will produce at least $1000 annually in vegetables, small fruits, poultry and eggs. An active, energetic worker, and a more intense system of farming will much increase these returns.

WE ARE OFFERING CARLIN ORCHARDS AT PRICES RANGING FROM **$100 to $125 per acre**

Small cash payment down, and the balance extended over a term of three years.

We believe that CARLIN ORCHARDS are the very best opportunity that has been offered for some time to the man who wishes to become the owner of a small holding of good land in one of the most favored districts in the world.

After a thorough study of the Okanagan District, we feel thoroughly convinced that CARLIN ORCHARDS are the very best value in this wonderful wealth-producing Valley.

We know that this land will bear your closest investigation, and we earnestly urge you to conscientiously consider CARLIN ORCHARDS.

To aid you we have carefully compiled authentic information regarding the land, climate, markets, transportation, etc., which we will be pleased to forward, together with maps and pictures. We believe it to be to your interest to acquire this information about Upper Okanagan Valley. Your name and address on a post card, or any particular inquiries you wish to make will receive a prompt reply.

ROGERS, BLACK & McALPINE, SELLING AGENTS, 524 PENDER ST., VANCOUVER, B. C.

TO-NIGHT

Great Dramatic Event

K. of P. Hall
Enderby
Thursday

Sept. 22

Frederic Clarke

In the Dramatization of Hall Caine's great work:

"The Manxman"

A high-class Company of Players, under the management of J. COSGROVE, giving an entertainment of the highest rank, with special scenery and stage settings. "The Manxman" is a thrilling drama of the first rank.

Seats on sale at A. Reeves', to-night until 7:30. Prices: $1, 75c and 50c

GREDEL'S RESOLVE;

Or, THE RAISING OF ZWEIDORF.

CHAPTER VIII.—(Cont'd)

"I have not the captain's boldness in such matters, I confess," replied the sergeant, responding at once to the challenge. "Yet if I had but her consent, Martha, there's a girl in Zweidorf I'd not leave behind me."

"I own I should be hard to convince upon that point," retorted the girl, as she flashed her wicked dark eyes upon him. "But I'd dare swear there's a round dozen of us you tell the same tale to."

"May my wine taste like vinegar from henceforth if I speak not in earnest."

"Do you mean that you'd take me hence as your wife, Herr Hoffmann?"

"Even so, sweetheart, if you'd but give consent," replied the sergeant, promptly.

"Ah!" returned Martha, laughing. "I'm not given to believe in soft speeches for one thing, and I could not leave my mistress for another."

"But suppose that your mistress was leaving too? You've promised to stand by the captain in his wooing. Women's modesty, you know, sometimes stands in their own light, and they are not angry when gentle violence forces matrimony upon them. What do you say, my pretty Martha? Should the captain run off with Mistress Gredel, will you not consent to make me happy at the same time?"

"Ha, ha!" laughed the girl. "I see you would postpone our wedding indefinitely. Small chance is there of Gredel running away with the captain, but if you'd live upon scant hope, there's my hand, and when Gredel kneels at the altar with him, I'll kneel there with you—when she flies Zweidorf with him. I'll fly Zweidorf with you—and may the saints grant us life to see it. It's long lived we'll be, Herr Hoffmann, ere that comes to pass."

"Not so," replied the sergeant, blithely. "It is nearer than you think for."

"How so? how so? I don't understand you."

There was a malicious twinkle in the sergeant's eyes as he replied—

"Seal and sign, sweet, seal and sign. You can't expect me to show our cards till I have evidence that you are a partner in our game," and as he spoke the crafty Hoffmann edged his seat in close propinquity to the spinning-wheel.

"It is but a kiss, and I shall warm the truth out of him," thought the chambermaid.

"Why, what would you have?" she replied, laughing. "Fetch pens, ink, and paper, and see if I am backward," and as she spoke the black eyes once more flashed coquettishly upon her admirer.

"Nor shall you have that to accuse me of," cried the sergeant, as he stole his arm round her waist and snatched the inevitable tribute of her coquetry.

"Good gracious! don't—there's some one coming—get further away from me!" exclaimed Martha as she extricated herself. "How dare you?"

"It's that puzzles me," replied the sergeant, grinning. "It is always a marvel how such things come to pass. Yet if a man may not salute his affianced wife, why there's an end to kissing."

"How dare you speak of it?" retorted Martha sharply, with cheeks somewhat flushed by the exercise. "Isn't the old proverb enough for you, that you must needs gabble about such folly?"

"It was very pleasant while it lasted, and I'd rather be foolish than wise under the circumstances," retorted the sergeant.

The chambermaid eyed him keenly for a moment, and then said,—

"How you men fool us poor women! For two minutes I deemed you in earnest. That you would fain wed me when the captain should marry my mistress."

"And is not that what I am looking forward to," replied the sergeant. "When the captain carries off his mistress, shall not I bear off the maid, and leave these cafs of Zweidorf to meditate on their supineness in letting the two prettiest damsels of their town become prizes to the stranger?"

"Fair words, Herr Hoffmann," retorted Martha, "but I see not much diligence on your parts to make them good. The captain takes matters easily. Maidens are not won in that wise."

"Why, what would you? He gives your mistress time to change her mind. She cannot hesitate long between an officer of rank and a carpenter. At the worst, we shall have to use gentle violence to gain our ends."

"Good Lord!" cried Martha gaily, "but why are you so long about it? I can't say for my mistress, but if you don't run away with me soon, Herr Hoffmann, I must even look for a more enterprising lover," and throwing herself back in her chair the girl burst into a peal of laughter.

The sergeant responded by a dry noiseless chuckle. He was, to say the truth, immensely amused. He was perfectly aware that his fair companion was exercising all her charms for the subjection of his faculties—that she was carrying on this flirtation with a view to picking his brains.

He was distilling fiction for her behoof drop by drop, and smiled to see how greedily it was absorbed.

"I wish I was as certain about the carrying off the maid as her mistress," he said at length; "but, my fair Martha, unless you will vouchsafe some opportunity, it cannot be well accomplished."

"Am I not even now chiding you for being so tardy?" retorted the chambermaid, archly. "Tell me but when Gredel is going, and trust me to be there too. Don't mind my screaming, Herr Hoffmann and perhaps it will be proper to be slightly hysterical, but I'll come round time enough to be married, never fear."

"What a clever girl you are!" said the sergeant admiringly.

"But when's it to be, and how?" continued Martha. "On my faith, if you keep me waiting now that you've put running away into my head, I'll be off with Andy Koptz, the cobbler, though he's deaf, stupid, and hard on sixty. I'll not be balked of my fancy, Herr Hoffmann; and you take me not now, it's odds I fall into the hands of the first comer."

"Do not mock me, Martha, for I'm in earnest," said the sergeant, solemnly. "You'll not breathe a word to a soul if I tell you a secret?"

"I'm silent as the tomb," replied the girl.

"And you'll swear to be there with your mistress?"

"Yes."

"And promise to be my wife when Mistress Gredel becomes the captain's?"

"Yes."

"Give me your hand on it," and taking advantage of the situation, the sergeant once more snatched a kiss.

"Wretch!" cried Martha, as her palm fell innocuously on her sweetheart's cheek. "And now?"

"Why, when the captain tells me I'll tell you," replied the sergeant and before the duped chambermaid had quite recovered her faculties, he had left the room.

"The villain," murmured Martha, "the impostor, swindler, two kisses, as I'm a woman, and I am never a bit wiser for them. Take heed, Herr Hoffmann, of the return match. If I'm not quits with you ere long, may my wits forsake me."

CHAPTER IX.

The market-place of Zweidorf, it may be remembered, lay in the centre of the town a fine open quadrangle with a fountain in the centre. Four streets run into it, of which one ran from the main road on the south, a second debouched into it from the west, and it was in this that the "Golden Eagle" was situated, while the remaining two entered it at the north-east and south-east angles respectively. In the former of these last stood Caspar Zimmermann's house. It had a large open yard at the back, in which were piled planks, sawn oak, elms, and other woods, necessary in the carpenter's business, and where his less skilful journeymen did much of the rough work. Behind this yard came the poorer and more lawless quarter of the city; in fact running up northwards towards the "Bush" Tavern and the "Hinter-Pforte," or back door, were the dwellings of the unscrupulous, unfortunate, and the vicious of Zweidorf. This north-eastern quarter was ever regarded as a species of Alsatia by the well-to-do burghers, and many a stout citizen had expostulated with Caspar on establishing himself so near the borders of such a doubtful community.

But the premises were convenient and well-placed for business—the rent was low, and as Caspar laughingly assured them, his hands could guard his head. At all events, he throve and did well there, and at the present time was conducting the briskest business of any of his craft in Zweidorf.

It is a Saint's day or holiday of some sort, and all Herr Zimmermann's men are away. He alone is to be seen in the spacious workshop. Caspar is busy putting the last touches to a huge chest—that indeed for which he had received orders from Captain von Hompesch. He whistles carelessly over his work, and once or twice tests it by his rule; at length a low laugh escapes him.

"Egad, I must try it," he mutters, and raising the lid, Caspar deliberately gets in and lays himself full length in the chest. Another minute and he is out again.

"Fits me to a nicety," he exclaimed merrily; "only I've no mind to be at the labor of making my own coffin, I might take pattern of it. But I'll leave that job for other hands, I trow. It wants a trifle of planning yet to make the lock run easy;" and throwing off his coat, Caspar betook himself to the task.

A very few strokes under his practised hands produced the desired effect, and the carpenter clicked the well-oiled lock to and fro with apparent satisfaction.

"It will do now," he muttered at length. "I trust that will content Captain von Hompesch. If he has purchased goods since his coming wherewith to fill it, he has been a good customer to the town of Zweidorf. I thought these military gentlemen travelled with slender baggage. But if it takes a chest this size to hold a captain's superfluities, I would fain know how many carts go to a general's necessaries. Who knocks? Enter, whoever you are. What, Martha!"

"Even so, Herr Zimmermann," replied the chambermaid, as she crossed the threshold. "Here's more of your handiwork come to pieces. Gredel bade me give you this knitting-box back and tell you the hinge is again out of joint. If your work as a rule stand no better than this," continued Martha, laughing, "I fear your custom must be on the decrease."

"It's a very aggravating box that, and hard to deal with."

"It's nothing of the sort," retorted the chambermaid, "and it strikes me, you know perfectly well how to deal with it. However, Gredel says she will call for it herself ere long, so you'd best see to it speedily."

"I will put it right at once, especially as I am to have such prompt recompense for my labor," replied the carpenter.

"Ah!" laughed Martha. "I told her it stood more chance of quick alteration if she came to see about it herself. But what means this huge chest? What is it for?"

"That you must ask Captain von Hompesch. It is he who has ordered it," said Caspar, as he examined the knitting-box gravely.

"Then it's wanted for no good purpose, I'll warrant," exclaimed Marha brusquely. "And how long is it since you and he have sworn friendship?"

"I don't know that there is much friendship between us, but custom is not to be refused," continued Zimmermann, with a shrug of his shoulders. "As I told you before, his gold is as good as another's."

"But," said Martha, as she walked around the chest, "what can he want it for? why it is big enough for me to get into."

"Ah! to hold two of you," cried Caspar gaily. "I was bid make it large enough to hold myself, and I have done so."

"It is very strange that he should need so large a one," said the girl musingly. "Maybe he thinks of marriage, and does but show wise forethought for his wife's petticoats. It were good you took the hint and made another for yourself, Herr Zimmermann," and Martha clapped her hands, and, giving vent to a burst of laughter, seated herself on the object of her curiosity.

"I would there were no more than the making of its duplicate between me and a wedding," responded Caspar gloomily. "But Herr Sydow looks awry at me and shuffles whenever I make reference to his promise."

(To be continued.)

SHREDDED WHEAT

Contains more real body-building nutriment than meat or eggs---Costs much less

For any meal in combination with vegetables, baked apples, sliced bananas, stewed prunes and other fruits. Heat biscuit in oven to restore crispness.

Sold by all grocers, 13c. a carton, two for 25c. 2224

On the Farm

CREAMERY NEEDS.

Four outstanding needs in our creamery industry, so far as the patrons' duties are concerned, are thus enumerated in a folder entitled, "The Babcock Test vs. the Oil Test," issued by the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

(a) Richer or higher-testing cream supplied to our creameries.

(b) Separating done under more cleanly conditions.

(c) The cream cooled immediately after separating, and kept cool until delivered at the creamery or to the cream-drawer.

(d) The use of the Babcock test on the farm, for testing individual cows and the cream which is supplied to the creamery.

1. Regulate your separator to skim not less than a 30-per-cent. cream.

2. Be sure that the speed of the separator is maintained at the required number of turns of the handle.

3. Separate the cream in a room which can be kept clean, free from dust and impure air.

4. Wash the separator every time it is used. You would not think of asking anyone to eat his or her dinner off a plate which had not been washed since the previous meal. Therefore, why do some of our patrons ask people to eat butter which has been manufactured from cream separated with a separator which has not been washed since it was last used?

5. Cool your cream to a temperature of 50 degrees by setting the cans in ice, cold spring water or cold well water immediately after it has been separated.

6. Keep your cream cold and sweet until delivered to the drawer or at the creamery.

7. By sending sour, curdled cream to the creamery, you are the loser, not only in the quality of the butter manufactured from such cream, but also in your test. This means dollars and cents to you. Are you interested in dollars and cents? Is it not for the purpose of making money that you keep cows?

CROP ROTATION.

Weed eradication has long been a subject of experimentation at the Minnesota Station. Spraying with sulphate of iron has been practised, with more or less beneficial results, proving, however, a better retarder of weeds and of weed-seed development than an actual exterminator. The best results in destroying weeds have come from rotation of crops, according to an article by Prof. A. D. Wilson, Superintendent of the Division of Extension and of Farmers' Institutes, at the Minnesota Experiment Station. Two one-tenth-acre plots have been cropped under differing systems of cultivation over a period of sixteen years. One plot was cropped to a five-year rotation system of corn first year, grain second, grass third and fourth, and grain fifth year. The other plot was devoted to wheat each year, the land being plowed early in the fall, carefully disked and prepared for seed. The rotated plot is now substantially free from weeds. The wheat plot is infested with wild oats, though the Station has practised careful hand-pulling of weeds over the several years of experimentation. The two years that the rotation plot grew grass, the hay has been cut so early that weeds had no chance of maturing seed. When the plot was in corn, thorough stirring of the ground was practised, and weeds were killed before they ripened.—Farmer's Advocate.

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers

stop the meanest, nastiest, most persistent headaches in half an hour or less. We guarantee that they contain no opium, morphine or other poisonous drugs. 25c. a box at your druggists', or by mail from 29

National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, ... Montreal.

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wn.

Daimler

MOTOR CARRIAGES

AWARDED DEWAR TROPHY.

The Dewar Challenge Trophy is awarded yearly by the ROYAL AUTOMOBILE CLUB for the most meritorious performance of the year under the general regulations for certified trials.

The New Daimler engine has now been in the hands of the public for nearly 18 months, quite long enough to prove its merit; owners are sending in testimonials by every post and we should like to forward to any person or persons interested a complete set of literature fully explaining this marvellous new motor. Send also for our new illustrated booklet, "The Dewar Trophy and how it was won," a history of the Greatest Engine Test on Record.

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited,
COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

Heating Stoves

From $3 to $25

McClary's Kootenay Steel Ranges

are known all over Canada as the

BEST RANGE ON THE MARKET

They are sold at very reasonable prices, when you consider that every one of them is good for 20 to 25 years' hard wear.

PRICE RANGE FROM

$37 to $68

ACCORDING TO SIZE

We sell other lines of smaller steel ranges at prices ranging from

$14 to $30

Our STOVE line is complete, and we ask you to compare our prices with others before buying

Ask for particulars about

Plaster Board

This is a hard asbestos wall board which completely does away with the ordinary lath and plaster and does not cost nearly so much

OUR LINE OF

Loggers' Tools
Builders' Supplies
Paints, Oils and Varnishes

is complete, and we solicit your enquiries for prices

WE DO PLUMBING, TINSMITHING ROOFING AND HEATING

A. Fulton

Hardware, Tin & Plumbing Establishment.—Enderby

If you want to Buy, Sell or Trade

A FARM
A FRUIT LOT
A HOUSE
A BUSINESS LOT
or A BUSINESS

I have them at Mara, Enderby, Vernon, Victoria, Vancouver, Winnipeg, or elsewhere. Write to me. My new list is ready.

Chas. W. Little

Eldernell Orchard **Mara, B. C**

Enderby Representative—
ANOR L. MATTHEWS.

IN THE CHURCHES

CHURCH OF ENGLAND. St. George's Church, Enderby—Service every Sunday 8 a.m., 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. LATE celebration of Holy Communion 1st Sunday in month at 11 a.m. Sunday School at 10 a.m. N. Enderby Service at 3.15 p.m., 2nd Sunday in month. Hullcar—Service at 3 p.m. 4th Sunday in month. Mara—Service at 3 p.m. 1st and 3rd Sundays in month. Regular meeting of St. George's Guild last Friday in month at 3 p.m. in St: George's Hall. Rev. John Leech-Porter, Vicar.

METHODIST CHURCH—Service, Sunday 7:30 p. m. Junior Epworth League, Tuesday 8 p. m. Prayer Meeting, Thursday 8 p. m. Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.
C. F. CONNOR, Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Sunday School, 2:30 p.m.; Church service, 11 a. m.; Young People's meeting, Wednesday, 8 p. m.
D. CAMPBELL, Pastor.

British Columbia Fruit in Better Favor in Prairie Market

Reporting on the fruit market of the Prairie Provinces as he finds it, Commissioner Metcalfe says:

Calgary, Sept. 6.—In conversation with the selling agent for White & Crum, of Lewiston, Idaho, he stated they would handle six hundred carloads this season. Would market 200 carloads of that amount in these provinces. He further stated they were about sold out of the smaller large fruits, namely, plums, prunes, pears and peaches. Had only about five carloads of peaches to offer for sale now. White & Crum control to a great extent the output of Milton & Freewater, Ore., and also the Alpopai's Orchard Co.'s output of Wawawai, Wash. Prunes are being quoted from North Yakima, 40c per case in peach boxes. These are not packed, and are short in weight two pounds or more in comparison with the four-basket plum crate. The packages cost less, no paper being used, and no cost as to packing, and generally a poorer grade and quality of prunes from what I have seen than the fruit put up in plum crates with baskets and paper.

Jobbers at this point and other points have spoken to me of the wrapping of apples. They would prefer to have early and fall varieties that are well colored not wrapped. This would only apply to early and fall varieties, and where the distance is not too great. The reason assigned is that they show up to better advantage, being much more attractive in appearance, and for that reason sell more readily. Green varieties and winter apples would be better wrapped for keeping.

Medicine Hat, Sept. 7.—Car of American mixed fruits arrived here yesterday from Good & Co., Lethbridge, shipped to them by H. J. Shinn & Co., Spokane, for H. W. Ireland & Co., retailers here. The boxes were not marked, neither with name, grade, tier or variety of fruit. This should not be permitted on the part of the Dominion Government Inspectors to allow importers to offer for sale, without being marked in conformity with the requirements of the Fruit Marks Act. It is not fair to our growers and shippers in B. C. I may state I have seen some from B. C. not marked. Would advise growers and shippers invariably to do so; it is misleading to purchasers, whether they be jobbers, retailers or consumers.

Moose Jaw, Sept. 9.—Freight agent reports nine carloads of B. C. fruit arrived this point to date, and all in good condition. Dealers here report the arrival of Early Triumph peaches from B. C. in excellent condition, and of much better quality than anticipated, and are highly pleased with the product, and state they will handle in future. Dealers further report much larger quantities sold than ever before this season. Demand and consumption are greatly increased. A very fine carload of Bartlett pears arrived here yesterday from Kelowna for the Rex Fruit Company. Dealers report them excellent in every respect.

To summarize: Peaches from American points this date must be practically over, and if growers and shippers in B. C. can avoid making consignments for a time and push sales in the meantime, even at slightly reduced prices for peaches, with mixed carloads of other fruits, using this as an inducement to jobbers to buy until markets are relieved of the American product which prevail at present pretty generally at all the distributing points, I think it would be better. Jobbers here state they do not anticipate very low prices on prunes, and to meet the American competition in prunes I think it advisable, at present, to ship prunes in peach boxes and save cost in package paper and packing, and less weight of fruit in package; but would not advise this for the Lower Mainland shipper of prunes and plums, as they do not hold up so well in this package as in the four-basket crate, and it is necessary for fruit to arrive in good condition if the highest market prices are to be obtained. Pears and crabs are firm. I do not think our growers and shippers have any cause to worry about apples, as the jobbers feel disposed to handle our product, having knowledge of our pack, grade and quality of apples. But prices will be regulated by the American product offered, and our growers and shippers must be prepared to meet their prices for the same grade and quality of fruit.

A Larger Warming Closet

than ever, in the Kootenay Steel Range, because the improvement in the operation of the door adds nearly five hundred cubic inches to its capacity. Every inch inside can be used—and you can always depend upon it for keeping your food piping hot while you wait for some special dish to finish cooking. Made of heavy polished sheet steel, durable and easily cleaned. Besides this important feature, there are many exclusive advantages for you in the

KOOTENAY Steel Range

and the nearest McClary agent will point them out to you. He will show you why your money will be best spent for a Kootenay. Write today to the nearest McClary branch for Kootenay booklet. 53

McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N B., Hamilton, Calgary

For Sale by A. FULTON, Enderby

Snaps now Open:

NINETY ACRES of fine Agricultural land, situated one and one-half miles from Enderby, with good river front; all level, and would as a whole make an ideal mixed farm, havinglands suitable for fruit, large and small; also for grain, hay and vegetables. Thirteen acres slashed. Will sell on easy terms.

EIGHTEEN BLOCKS of land of one or two acres each. In the choicest residential portion of city; situated conveniently for school and business. A rare chance to secure a healthy site for a home, on reasonable terms.

For further particulars and list of properties, apply to—

H. W. HARVEY

Real Estate and Insurance Agent
Agent for The National Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford; The Nova Scotia Fire Insurance Co., The London Guarantee and Accident Co., Ltd.
ENDERBY GRINDROD

Hazelmere Poultry Ranch

White Holland Turkeys
Toulouse Geese
White and Partridge Wyandottes

Send for my mating list giving all the information of my winnings. My Partridge Wyandottes are the best on the Pacific Coast.
N. B.—A few S. C. White Leghorns and White Wyandotte cockerels for sale, from same strains as my winners. Prices on application.

MRS. WADDELL, Prop. **Enderby, B. C.**

JAMES MOWAT

Fire, Life, Accident Insurance Agencies

A Life Insurance policy in the Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool, Eng., is a valuable asset. A plain, straightforward contract, leaving no room for doubt as to its value.

The Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.
The Phoenix Insurance Co. of London.
British America Assurance Co.
Royal Insurance Coof Liverpool (Life dept)
The London & Lancashire Guarantee & Accident Co., of Canada.

BELL BLOCK, ENDERBY

SCHOOL SHOES for boys and girls must be made of solid leather—sham won't do where strength is essential. Then, too, they must be comfortable, foot-conforming, wear-resisting, weather-defying shoes, for the healthy, hearty school boy or girl steps on something besides carpet floors, and therefore needs not the finest, but the best fitting and the best, and year in and year out you will find this in the **Ames-Holden** School Shoes—Shoes built for hard service.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

AMES-HOLDEN SHOES

FATAL ACCIDENT ON ROAD

On Friday afternoon of last week, as Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Woodland, of Salmon Arm, were driving over the Kault road, at a point where the track is narrow, the rig struck a stump and both people were thrown out. Mr. Woodland fell clear of the cart and was not seriously injured, but Mrs. Woodland's foot caught in some way and she was dragged for about half a mile. Mr. Woodland ran after the horse as soon as he regained his feet, but when it was overtaken Mrs. Woodland was seriously bruised about the head and was unconscious. She was hurried to her home, and all that medical aid could do was done for her, but without avail. She passed away early Sunday morning.

BUSHWHACKING THAT COUNTS

There was a good deal of enthusiasm displayed among the settlers on Monday morning when between 25 and 30 men turned out with axes in hand to brush out a line for a new road over the Kault hill, so that the government engineer will have little difficulty in locating the road.—Salmon Arm Observer.

Uniform Grades

AND GOOD MILL WORK

in lumber will

Reduce the Cost of Building your Home

more than BAD lumber at *cheaper* prices. *First Cost* is by no means the *final cost.*

Figure it out and you will buy your lumber of—

A.R.Rogers Lumber Company, Ltd.

Their Legacy

The heavy hands of the grandfather clock had marked the passing of an hour, and the log on the hearth had burned down to a dull red since husband or wife had spoken. The man had drawn his chair close to the fire, and, with hands loosely clasped, sat gazing long and abstractedly, now at the glowing embers, now at the paper which lay folded on his knee.

Once or twice he looked across the room to where his wife sat at the bay window. The winter afternoon was drawing to a close, and her head was bent over the sock she was darning in her efforts not to lose the last fleeting gleam of sunshine.

At length he laid down his pipe, and there was a puzzled uneasiness in his glance as it rested on her. But the small head with its neat coil of grey hair remained bent, and after a moment's hesitation he resumed his gaze into the fire.

At length, carefully smoothing out the newspaper, he said slowly: "Well, Ellen, this will of Henry's is certainly a surprise, and it's hard to believe it all at once."

He paused and then continued: "He was always a queer fellow, was my cousin Henry, making money one day, losing it the next. No one ever heard of him since he went West to try his luck again. And now to think of his dying out there a rich man and leaving his fortune to us."

"And you are certain it is—to us?" the woman asked, with her eyes fixed on the sock.

"Why, yes—at least, that's what the paper here means by 'nearest of kin.' Henry never had any brothers or sisters, and mine are all dead. Besides us there's only my nephew Tom it could go to, and it will be his some day."

There was no answer, and the needle sped quickly to and fro. The man watched it silently for some minutes, then he noticed with quick pain that the hand which held it looked thin and worn. "Ellen," he said gently, "you shall have that dress now."

Then the woman looked up. She had a very sweet, gentle face, and in spite of the wrinkles it held more than one trace of past beauty and of past suffering."

"Why, what dress, Ben?" she asked.

"The one we saw in the shop window before we were married. I promised I'd buy it for you when I got rich; don't you remember it?"

There was a touch of disappointment in the question, and the woman was quick to detect it.

"Indeed, I do remember it, Ben," she said eagerly. "It was the loveliest pale blue with little daisies in it, and——"

"Green leaves," added the man.

"And it was so soft, and still it sounded silky. I have never seen another dress like it—and I have never wanted one so much."

"Well, you have had to wait a long time, but you will have it now," her husband said promptly; but she answered with a smile that was half regretful, half amused.

"Why, Ben, I was only a foolish young girl then. That blue silk must be old and worn out now, and faded, too, like my eyes. You said it matched them then."

"They're just the same now," the man persisted, but she retorted with a bright little laugh.

"Ben, dear, are you trying to make fun of me? A pretty sight I'd be in a pale dress now, an old woman with grey hair and wrinkles. No, no, this is good enough," and a rough, little hand stroked the black merino softly.

"It will be very nice of you, Ben," she said presently. "I've been thinking of all you can do now we're rich. There's that little plot adjoining our property to even off our garden you've been wanting for many years, and you can get another horse to take the place of Jack, as you were saying only yesterday how slow he had become."

"Um, yes, poor fellow! But I think he'd feel queer and I'd feel queer if I were to drive any other horse now. And as to that bit of garden, we couldn't take our neighbor's ground just because we are rich, could we?"

"No," the woman said quietly, but she looked across at the figure beside the fire with a very loving smile.

The man was looking at the tired little hands plying the needle, when he said:

"Ellen, you will not have to darn or mend any more now." The woman shook her head.

"That wouldn't do for me," she said. "I have grown so used to work that I couldn't stop now."

"Well, let us see what we are to do with our money," said the man cheerily. "I suppose you will have to work a little if you want to, but you said this morning that the furniture and dishes were worn out and shabby."

The woman looked at the table which was laid for the evening meal, and here her eyes rested on the Delf set which had been a wedding-gift. It was battered, with edges out of the cups and plates, and the handle of the teapot held in place by tightly wound wire. It brought to her mind the sorrow of their life, the death of their only child, whose baby fingers broke the handle.

"I don't think I could give up the old set," she said unsteadily. "We could keep it to look at sometimes, even if we had new ones, couldn't we, dear?"

The man did not answer. He was looking at the mended teapot, and the woman wondered if a child's frightened cry had come echoing to him across the years as it had to her.

"Ben," she said hesitatingly, "when you used to read to me of countries and places far away you used to say, 'When we are rich we will see that for ourselves.'"

"We can go now if—if you like," answered the other.

Then suddenly there was silence. The half-darned sock fell unheeded to the floor.

"Ben," she cried appealingly, "do you think if we were to go to Heaven rich my little one would know us? If our riches would change us so she would not know us. I think even there my heart would break."

A big, rough hand was laid tenderly on her own, and the man's voice was strangely husky as he said: "Ellen, I don't think we need Henry's money, after all," and, when she turned to him quickly, he added: "There's Tom."

"Yes," she whispered, "and he is young, and the money will mean far more to him than to us. I think somehow we have enough."

And when the darning was resumed a moment later the face which bent over it wore a look of joy and peace and the familiar place looked more cheerful and homelike than ever to the two that even for a short time had contemplated the many things that riches could buy.

GREEN IS UNLUCKY.

This is the Pronouncement of a Well-known Prophetess.

Green is an unlucky color, according to the latest pronouncement of Mme. de Thebes, the well-known "prophetess," says a London Daily Mail despatch from Paris. "I say, let English women, when they go back to color, beware of green," the seer said, in her quaintly - furnished apartments, hung with hundreds of plaster casts of the hands of noted personages, and with mascots and talismans.

"My reasoning is quite simple," she proceeded. "Happiness and success in life depend on the quantity of the rays one emits. Happiness depends on light and brightness. That is why the ancients chose white as their mourning color. Women ought to wear as much white as possible.

"When the world was shaped the trees were given their green to shade men from the sun, so green stands for darkness and is ill-starred. I have gone deeply into all this absorbingly-interesting question of the influence of colors, precious stones, and flowers on human destinies. One of my latest successes is to destroy the influence of the pig as a luck-bringer. Not an unclean pig, but the sacred elephant is the real mascot, and I am selling to my clients numbers of elephant charms in virgin-white onyx and solid silver. And look at my rooms!" Indeed, there were elephants in wood, china and silver everywhere.

NOTHING PERSONAL, OF COURSE.

"It is every woman's duty to keep young as long as possible," she said:

"Yes," he admitted, "but the great trouble is that so many women insist on keeping young after it is impossible."

ALL SILENT.

Have you overheard anybody recently wishing for an old-fashioned summer?

ENGLAND LOSING BLOOD

HER BEST PEOPLE LEAVING THE OLD LAND.

The National Stamina Wanes, and Population is Crowding Into Cities.

On the face of it, says the Manchester Guardian, it may not be well when a nation sends thousands of its sons across the sea. It depends entirely on the sort of sons it sends.

Emigration is rather like blood-letting. The letting of bad blood and of unwholesome humors oftimes relieves the patient, and even restores him to health; the letting of good blood, on the other hand, leads always to weakness, and, if prolonged, to death itself.

There are quite a lot of people who could be spared from England—our idlers, to wit, our wastrels, our detrimentals, moral and physical.

In the last census, more than six hundred thousand adults wrote themselves down as of "no occupation."

But these are not the people whom the emigrant ships bear off towards the setting sun. On the whole, our country is a pleasant sort of place for parasites, and, anyhow, the parasite is a clinging animal; the wastrel is an unenterprising one.

FIGHTERS AND WORKERS.

Those of our fellow-countrymen whom we are losing just now are, if not the best, at least of the best, that we have among us; those, at any rate, who can least happily be spared. England wants workers; England may want fighters, and England is parting with both . . . in many thousands.

If the phenomenon be a phenomenon of evil some slight comfort may be derived from the reflection that it is not a new phenomenon. It is constant and ever recurring. For a good many centuries there has been an outflow, a human outflow, from these islands. The very fact of the existence of the United States of America, with their eighty millions or so population talking English, speaks loudly of the emigration of the past.

EMIGRATION MADE EMPIRE.

Emigration, moreover, is the reason why so large a portion of the world's map is painted red. So many of our kin go to Canada now because so many of our kin went to Canada in days gone by. Had it not been for emigration there would be no Canada for our kin to go to; there would be only a waste land, or a strange, foreign land speaking a strange, foreign tongue.

A writer in a contemporary, much alarmed by the continued emigration, makes the statement that our population no longer increases. The census figures disprove this. In twenty years our population increased between six and seven million. The next census will no doubt show a further increase of three and a half millions in the past decade.

PLENTY OF A KIND.

So that we can spare a few hundred thousand emigrants, and still be strong in numbers. England is not, as the writer above referred states, "being turned into a desert."

What, in point of fact we are turning England into is a number of densely-packed industrial centres. In the last eight years London has increased its population by 300,000, Manchester by 100,000, Sheffield by 90,000, and so on through the list of all our great cities and towns—the cities and towns in which men work, in which they make things.

These people are fed to a great and to an ever-increasing extent by the labor of men who have emigrated in days gone by, and their children will be fed by the labor of men who are emigrating to-day. Speaking broadly, to export a laborer is sooner or later to import food, especially if that laborer happens to be landed at a Canadian port.

STRONG NAVY.

So long as we continue to worry about our navy we need not to worry about our food supply. Canadian producers will put it fast enough and in sufficient quantity upon the corn ships, if only our cruisers and battleships see to it that it gets here.

No, it is not the supply of agricultural produce that needs greatly to trouble our thoughts. It is the supply of agricultural men. If history teaches one great lesson more surely than another, it is that no civilization can be based, or can for long be sustained upon aught but agriculture, and the reason is that only the men bred in agricultural districts and trained by agricultural pursuits can hold a civilization against its foes from without.

YEOMEN THE REAL THING.

We should do well to remind ourselves from time to time that it was a few thousand agriculturists, not a few thousand factory hands, or bankers' clerks, or even professional footballers, who for three years or thereabouts kept a British army at bay in South Africa.

England is losing her agriculture, and she is losing it from many and multifarious causes, the first and most important of which is that the agricultural laborer has learned to dislike his job and learned how to escape from it—to Canada and other places.

SYMPATHY AS A CURE.

Marvellous Cures by Stone Gods in Japan.

Every one knows the comfort little people derive from a kiss on the bruised spot, a loving pat, soft and soothing, on the bumped head. Even folk of greater growth are not proof against such sympathetic alleviations of their pain of body or mind. A tender little bit of human nature is that told by Gilbert Watson in "Three Rolling Stones in Japan." The author visited a temple where one of the big stone gods was supposed to heal all bodily hurts.

"How does he work his cures?" asked I.

"By personal contact. Rub the place you wish healed with the same hand you have rubbed him. If we wait we will be sure to see some one try it."

No one came for a long time, save one old woman, who laid a little bunch of flowers between the feet of the image, in gratitude, doubtless, for restoration from disease. By and by a shrill childish cry made us turn. A little girl had fallen and hurt herself; the little knee had bruised itself against the sharp corner of an uneven flagstone. Tears welled up in her eyes and trickled down her cheeks as the small one held up her knee for the old woman's inspection. The rose-leaf skin was broken where the pavement had scratched it.

The old woman bent over the little sufferer and whispered consolation. The look of pain passed, and confidence took its place. Hand in hand, the two crossed over to the figure of the god. The woman clapped her hands, uttered a prayer, stroked the god's knee with her withered hand, and then rubbed the little human knee very tenderly.

The cure was effected at once; the child smiled up at the ugly deity gratefully, with naive affection in her eyes. The impassive stone statue seemed beautiful to her now. The dear old god had kissed her knee and made it well, so of course she loved him, and would think of him often, sitting there in the temple, waiting to heal little children who had hurt themselves.

THE WAR AGAINST HAIL.

Notwithstanding scientific demonstrations of its inutility, the practise of bombarding thunder-clouds with "hail cannon" continues in many of the vine-growing regions of France and northern Italy. The theory underlying this practice is that the discharges disrupt the clouds and prevent the formation of hail. Much money has been spent on the needful apparatus and many vine-growers have an enthusiastic confidence in it. A new effort to convince the advocates of the system that they are wasting their time and money has just been reported to the Paris Academy of Sciences. It is based upon a comparison of records of losses in the Department of the Rhone for 20 years before and for 10 years since the cannon were introduced, and it shows that the losses have slightly increased instead of diminishing since the war on hail was begun.

WHERE WE GET ASBESTOS.

More than four-fifths of the world's supply of asbestos comes from the Province of Quebec, in what is known as the serpentine belt, running through the townships of Thetford, Coleraine, Robertson and Broughton, about 100 miles from Montreal. While the history of the industry dates back to 1877, it has only expanded to its present proportions during the last few years. The province has already produced over $25,000,000 worth of asbestos, and is now averaging $2,000,000 worth a year.

NEW FIGHTING MACHINE.

Airships Will be Deadly on the Field of Battle.

In destroying troops on the ground the airship will take no serious risk. Its position makes it practically omniscent, so far as the movements of its enemies on the ground are concerned. Only prepared artillery can possibly hit it; therefore it will attack only when artillery is not ready. It will work to windward at a low level; then rise into the high winds of the "zone of safety," and swoop over unprotected bodies of infantry and cavalry with the speed of an express train. Or at night it will swing searchlights (steadied by wind-vanes and electrically focussed) hundreds of feet below its car, and fire from the dark above on a well-illuminated mark.

Manoeuvring will play the greatest part in its development as a fighting machine, and in general its tactics will be that of jiu-jitsu—a quick and sudden blow at a vital part, with no possibility of return.

It is at this point that the aeroplane will play its vitally important part. The speed of these craft will be some 20 miles an hour greater than that of the larger ships; they will be, by their small size and rapid and eccentric motion, absolutely immune from gun fire, and when fully developed, they can be counted on to carry at least two men and a machine rifle. Scouting aeroplanes will get in touch with the enemy while the airship is hidden below the windward horizon. Wireless equipment, for a short distance, can be carried by aeroplanes and the airships, similarly equipped, will be exactly informed of all openings for attacks before the enemy has an inkling of their whereabouts.

CANNOT PAY FINES.

Case of People Sent to Prison for Their Poverty.

The frequent committals to prison of persons who are unable to pay forthwith fines imposed upon them—often for minor offences—have been brought by the Howard Association to the notice of the British Home Secretary. The association has for many years contended that to send people to prison because of their poverty is disastrous alike to the individual and the State.

The late Home Secretary sent out a recommendation that time should be allowed for payment when the offenders had settled homes and occupations. The recommendation has, however, proved ineffectual, and the association asked the Home Secretary to receive a deputation on the subject.

Mr. Churchill at once granted an interview, at which the deputation suggested that nothing less than a law giving to offenders who had settled abodes a few weeks' grace before they were committed to prison would be effectual. Mr. Churchill had with him Mr. Masterman, Under-Secretary; Sir Evelyn Ruggles-Brise, K.C.B., Chairman of the Prison Commission, and Sir Edward Troupe, head of the Statistical Department.

The whole of these gentlemen heartily approved of the suggested reform, Sir E. Ruggles-Brise greatly strengthening the case by producing a list of men now undergoing imprisonment in a London prison who possessed settled abodes, and who declared that they could have paid their fines had a little time been allowed them. It was also stated that a Governor of a London prison recently said that at least one-fourth of those daily under his charge ought not to be in prison at all.

Mr. Churchill said the system was intolerable, and that he would give instant attention to the matter, for it was evident that the sons of poor people were sent to prison for small offences that would be condoned in the sons of wealthier people. He was grateful to the Howard Association for bringing this matter before him.

ELECTRICITY IN MILLS.

In the development of electricity as a motive power for cotton-mills in England, the plan has generally been adopted of using a separate motor in every room. In a German mill this system has been pushed even farther, each machine having its own motor, so that no shafting is employed. In Lancashire and Yorkshire many cotton and other mills have recently adopted electrical driving exclusively. It is claimed that there is a considerable increase in the output of the mills.

WORDS OF CAUTION TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Mothers must keep guard over the health of their little ones during the summer months. Summer is an anxious time for all mothers, but more especially for young mothers. It is the most fatal time of the year for babies and young children. It is then that stomach and bowel troubles come almost without warning, and often before the mother realizes there is any danger, the little one may be beyond aid. The mother must take strict caution to keep her little one's stomach sweet and pure and his bowels moving regularly. No other medicine can do this so quickly and thoroughly as Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets should always be kept in the house. An occasional dose will keep baby well or if illness comes on suddenly the Tablets will quickly remove the cause and make baby well and happy. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.

"Move inside, gents," cried the conductor on the crowded trolley. "Ye're breakin' the rules standin' on the platform here."

"Some o' them ain't," piped up a little man. "They're standin' on my feet."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

CAUTIOUS.

"Excuse me," said the old lady, as she entered the drug store, "but are you a registered pharmacist?"

"Certainly, ma'am," answered the clerk.

"You have a diploma, I suppose?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"How long have you been in the business?"

"About ten years."

"Well, I guess you are all right. Give me a couple of postage stamps, please."

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS have found Painkiller very useful. There is nothing equal to it in all cases of bowel troubles. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Painkiller."—Perry Davis'—25c. and 50c.

TRIED HER BEST.

"Thank you," she said, as he finally gave her his seat in the car. "It's almost impossible to stand on you feet."

"That was because I kept pulling 'em out of your way, ma'am," he replied.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Smite a fly on one cheek and he returneth to the other.

"What did you think of that girl at her coming-out party?" "Well, to be perfectly frank, I thought she'd better go back-"

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

A SUM IN ADDITION.

Herr Pastor—"I've made seven people happy to-day; I've just married three couples."

Friend—"But that's only six people."

Herr Pastor—"Well, how about myself?"

The destruction of the house fly is a public duty. Almost all Boards of Health are now carrying on a crusade against it. A bulletin recently issued by the Dominion Government states that no house fly is free from disease germs. Use Wilson's Fly Pads freely and persistently, and do your share towards exterminating this menace to the public health.

AT A DISADVANTAGE.

Two boys who managed to be rather unruly in school so exasperated their teacher that she ordered them to remain after hours and write their names one thousand times.

They plunged into the task. Some fifteen minutes later one of them grew uneasy, and began watching his companion in disgrace.

Suddenly the watcher burst out, with despair, between his sobs, and said to the teacher: "'Tain't fair, mum; his name's Bush, and mine Schluttermeyer."

About all you have to do to make a boy hate any particular kind of food is to tell him that it is healthful

HIS SPELLING.

Little Wee had been brought up to be polite, and not to interrupt when there was company unless it was very important. He always remembered this and kept very quiet. One day there were visitors, who talked and stayed and stayed, until poor little Wee was tired. He wished them to go, but not for anything would he let them see this.

All of a sudden he thought of a nice plan that his mother and father knew when he was too little to spell and they did not want to hurt his feelings. So in a little pause in the ladies' talk, Wee said, in his prettiest way, "Mother, please can't we be a-l-o-n-e?" And all the visitors laughed and kissed him good-by, and gave him his good mother all to himself.—Youth's Companion.

THE ONE THING.

There are a million things I want
And hope to get somehow;
But just a glass of lemonade
Is all I think of now.

Regarded as one of the most potent compounds ever introduced with which to combat all summer complaints and inflammation of the bowels, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial has won for itself a reputation that no other cordial for the purpose can aspire to. For young or old suffering from these complaints it is the best medicine that can be procured.

GOOD FISHING.

"How's fishing around here?"

"Great; this is one spot where there are no big ones to get away."

Wire Wounds

My mare, a very valuable one, was badly bruised and cut by being caught in a wire fence. Some of the wounds would not heal, although I tried many different medicines. Dr. Bell advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT, diluted at first, then stronger as the sores began to look better, until after three weeks, the sores have healed, and best of all, the hair is growing well, and is NOT WHITE as is most always the case in horse wounds.

Weymouth. F. M. DOUCET.

AN ADDER.

Tommy—"There's a girl at our school, mamma, they call 'Postscript.' Do you know why?"

Mamma—"No, dear."

Tommy—"Because her name is Adeline Moore."

SEE THAT YOU GET THE REAL THING.—Unscrupulous makers are putting up a counterfeit of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. The genuine is made by Davis & Lawrence Co.

ALSO THE TIN.

To a gentleman who had married the daughter of a rich biscuit baker a friend said:

"So you have taken, not the cake, but the biscuit this time?"

"Yes, and the tin with it," was the witty, if ungallant, reply.

"Man is Filled With Misery."—This is not true of all men. The well, sound of lung, clear of eye, alert and buoyant with health, are not miserable, whatever may be their social condition. To be well is to be happy, and we can all be well by getting and keeping our bodies in a healthful state. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will help all to do this.

The world is quite infatuated with the use of black and white stripes for simple morning frocks.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

NO GRAMMARIAN.

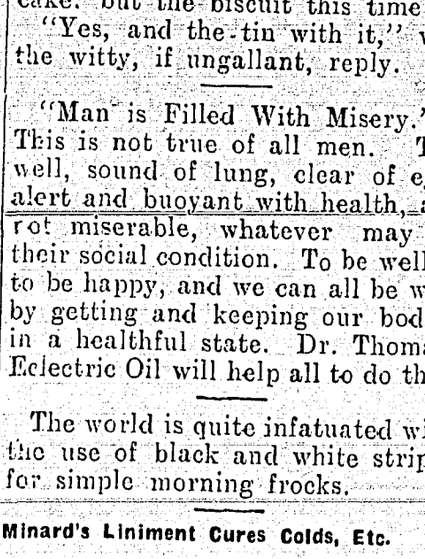
Weary Willie—Lady, kin youse give a poor feller a bite t' eat?

Mrs. Rurallum—Why, certainly. Did you see a pile of wood as you came in?

Weary Willie—Yes'm, I seen it.

Mrs. Rurallum—You mean you saw it.

Weary Willie (beating it while his shoes were good)—'Scuse me, lady, but I ain't no grammarian.



ISSUE NO. 30—10.

SHE WASN'T SKEPTICAL.

Young Lady—The last bread I got of you was so hard I couldn't eat it.

Baker (indignantly)—Young lady, I want you to know that I made bread before you were born.

Young Lady—Oh, I don't doubt it. I think that was some of it you sold me.

The Bowels Must Act Healthily.—In most ailments the first care of the medical man is to see that the bowels are open and fully performing their functions. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so compounded that certain ingredients in them act on the bowels solely and they are the very best medicine available to produce healthy action of the bowels. Indeed, there is no other specific so serviceable in keeping the digestive organs in healthful action.

A DROUGHT.

"They also advertised shower baths at the summer resort where we put in the summer."

"Didn't they have them?"

"Naw, there wasn't a shower all summer."

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads are the best fly killers made and will kill many times more flies than any other article.

RESIST EVIL.

If a bribe is offered you,
Promptly spurn it;
If you write a thing untrue,
Better burn it;
If you ever go amiss
And in stealing seek for bliss,
Should you merely steal a kiss,
Best return it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

HOW HE ADVERTISED.

"Wifie—"Be sure to advertise for Fido in the morning newspapers."

Next day the wife read as follows in the newspapers:

"Lost—A mangy lapdog, with one eye and no tail. Too fat to walk. Answers to the name of Fido. If returned stuffed, large reward."

An Easy Pill to Take.—Some persons have repugnance to pills because of their nauseating taste. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared as to make them agreeable to the most fastidious. The most delicate can take them without feeling the revulsion that follows the taking of ordinary pills. This is one reason for the popularity of these celebrated pills, but the main reason is their high tonical quality as a medicine for the stomach.

MICA AXLE GREASE

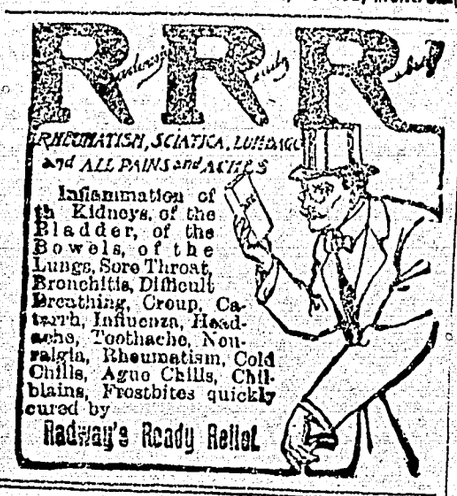
is the turning-point to economy in wear and tear of wagons. Try a box. Every dealer everywhere.

The Imperial Oil Co., Ltd.

"THE FENCE MAN," SELLS IRON and Wire Fences at factory prices. Write for booklet. Address, Toronto.

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house hangings, also **LACE CURTAINS** DYED AND CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 158, Montreal

R·R·R· RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and ALL PAINS and ACHES. Inflammation of the Kidneys, of the Bladder, of the Bowels, of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing, Croup, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, Frostbites quickly cured by Radway's Ready Relief.



EVER HEARD IT NEXT DOOR?

Myer—"In some countries sheet music is sold by the pound."

Gyer—"Yes, and a good deal of it is played by the same method in this country."

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the summer months, the house fly peril would soon be greatly diminished.

AS INDICATED.

Myer—"Ever notice that dilapidated old umbrella Jones carries?"

Gyer—"Yes. It is evidently one of the shades of his ancestors."

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

ABSENT-MINDED SCOTCHMAN.

The Scotchman could not find his ticket. On the conductor's second round it was still missing. "What's that in your mouth?" he asked. Sure enough, there was the missing ticket. The conductor punched it and went his way. "Ah, we'el," said Sandy, in reply to his fellow-passengers' banter, "I'm nae sae absent-minded as ye wad think. Yon was a vera auld ticket and I was jist sucken aff the date."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

FOR ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, IRON and Wood-Working Machinery, Gasoline Engines, Electric Motors and Contractors' Machinery, write H. W. Petrie, Limited, Toronto.

CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

COBALT STOCKS

Northern Crown Bank. Hamilton Cataract Co. Dominion Permanent. Home Bank Stock. Farmers Bank. Sun & Hastings Loan. And All Unlisted Stocks BOUGHT AND SOLD BY GREVILLE & CO., 43 Scott St., TORONTO Established 1895. Tel. Main 2189

Is Your Hearing Good?

The HEAR-O-PHONE will give you the benefits of good hearing. Send for free booklet, giving particulars and names of satisfied users. Also Special Offer for a Month's Home Trial. THE BRAND ELECTRO OZONE LIMITED, 334 Spadina Avenue, Toronto.

Queen's University and College KINGSTON ONTARIO.

ARTS
EDUCATION
THEOLOGY
MEDICINE
SCIENCE (Including Engineering)

The Arts course may be taken without attendance, but students desiring to graduate must attend one session. There were 1517 students registered session 1909-10.

For Calendars, write the Registrar, GEO. Y. CHOWN, B.A. Kingston, Ontario.

COOPER'S FLY KNOCKER

Positively protects horses, cattle, and all live stock from horn-flies, blow-flies, gad-flies, lice, mites, and all these insects which worry them almost to death in the hot weather.

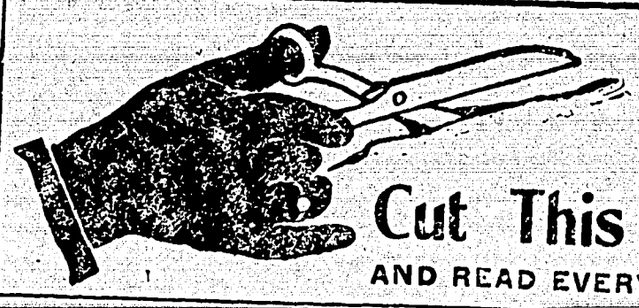
Your cows will give ⅓ more milk, your horses will work better, your sheep will be healthier, if you use FLY-KNOCKER.

Quickly, easily and economically applied with a sprayer. One gallon will protect 25 cows for two weeks, at a cost of less than one cent a day each.

$1.75 A GALLON
50c. A QUART

WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS TORONTO.

10 OMEGA WATCHES FREE



Cut This Out AND READ EVERY WORD

10 OMEGA WATCHES FREE

COUNT THE DOTS AND GET A PRIZE

in the outside circle around the Omega Watch

Have you a good eye, and a little patience. The combination may win you a valuable watch absolutely free, try it anyway, full particulars are printed below. "Read Every Word."

INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTESTANTS

Count the dots, write your name (stating whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss) and address plainly on a piece of paper or a post card, mark on the outside (For Dot Contest) and mail your answer so that we will receive it not later than Aug. 10th, 1910, to

ELLIS BROS., 108 YONGE ST., TORONTO

Answers may reach us any time on or before August 10th, 1910. Results will be announced in this paper early in September. The prizes will be awarded in the order they are drawn.

Some prominent disinterested person in Toronto will be requested to draw the winning answers.

Ten watches only will be given away but every one who answers correctly will receive a consolation prize.

If there are not ten correct answers the balance of the watches will be sent to the next nearest.

A Letter from one of Last Year's Winners

Cedarville, April 18, 1910.

Dear Sirs,—Last summer I won a 15-jewel Sterling Case Watch as third prize and I may say that it is O.K. in every respect.

And I may say that if Ellis Bros. do as much for others as they did in my case they will do more than they advertise.

If there are any who desire information in regard to the Omega Watch please direct him to me.

Wishing Ellis Bros. success, I remain, yours truly,
(Signed) John Gillespie, Cedarville, Ont.

LIST OF PRIZES

10 Prizes, Cash value $152.50, "Omega" Watches, all first class in every respect, 5 are Gent's sizes and 5 are Ladies' sizes.

Men's Prizes

1st Prize—"Omega" 21 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case. Cash value..... $25.00
2nd Prize—"Omega" 17 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case. Cash value $17.50.
3rd Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Banner" Gold Filled Case. Cash value..... $12.00
4th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Silver Oxidized" Case. Cash value..... $12.00
5th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Regal" Sterling Silver Case. Cash value..... $9.75

Ladies' Prizes

1st Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into "Regal" 14k. Solid Gold Case. Cash value..... $25.00
2nd Prize—"Omega" 17 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Sovereign" Gold Filled Case. Cash value, $17.50.
3rd Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into the best "Silver Oxidized" Case Cash value..... $12.00
4th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Silver Gilt Enameled" Case. Cash value..... $12.00
5th Prize—"Omega" 15 Jeweled, works fitted into best "Enameled" Case. Cash value..... $9.75

EVERY CONTESTANT WILL RECEIVE A PRIZE

To those who are not fortunate to win a watch we will send absolutely free of charge, a $1.00 (One Dollar) coupon, which we will accept at any time as part payment on an Omega Watch at the established selling prices. There is no time limit to the use of these coupons. We will still continue to honor the coupons which were distributed as prizes in our Omega Watch Dot Contest of 1909.

PARTICULARS

The winners of the five men's watches will be determined by drawing five answers from the correct ones received from men only. The winners of the five ladies' watches will be determined by drawing from correct answers received from ladies only.

ELLIS BROS. DIAMOND & WATCH IMPORTERS 108 Yonge St., TORONTO, Canada

Cure that Cold

Dominion
Laxative Cascara
Bromide
Quinine Tablets

Will cure a cold in a few hours. It is dangerous at this season of the year to let a cold hang on. And it is needless, too, when a box of Bromide Tablets will cure it so quickly.

A. REEVES
Druggist & Stationer
Cliff St. Enderby

We have just received a lot of

New furniture

and have more coming

Lowest Prices in the Valley

For the next 30 days will give BARGAINS in Carpets, Rugs and Mats.

W. T. HOLTBY
Furniture Dealer and Undertaker
BRADLEY BLK. ENDERBY

Cooking Stoves
Coal and Wood Heaters
Ranges, Etc.
I have added a standard line of these goods and am prepared to quote you prices.

Wm. H. Hutchison
ENDERBY

We can still show the Goods

Some prime stall-fed beef on cut at the present time

Our Sausage is still a Leader

Fish and Poultry

G. R. Sharpe,
ENDERBY, B. C.

E. J. Mack
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
ENDERBY, B. C.

Good Rigs; Careful Drivers; Draying of all kinds.

Comfortable and Commodious Stabling for teams.

Prompt attention to all customers

Land-seekers and Tourists invited to give us a trial.

Seeds of kindness will grow with every flower you cultivate.

Comment and Affirmation

Ever since Premier McBride declined to shape his railway policy after the plans laid by "Bruce" McConnell, he, "Bruce", has, by sarcasm, vituperation and argument been endeavoring to convince the people of British Columbia that the McBride Government is sending the Province to the dimnition bow-wows. Nothing seems too ridiculous for "Bruce" to fall upon in his determination to prove Premier McBride a false alarm. And all the while the people of British Columbia are smiling at "Bruce" as they might at a clucking hen having hatched a setting of duck eggs and being fearful of the safety of her brood as they make for the water. In his latest spasm "Bruce" says:

"Out of its own mouth the government of British Columbia stands condemned for its lack of a land settlement policy, and it is convicted of the folly of advertising the needs of the province while doing absolutely nothing to provide for them."

And then "Bruce" proceeds to condemn the policy of the government for the fact that for dairy products, eggs and poultry British Columbia sends out of the province in an average year $4,000,000. For meats nearly $3,000,000 are annually expended. From foreign countries British Columbia imports $1,865,542 worth of dairy products, fruits, vegetables and live animals. And, because of this, "Bruce" blames the government for not doing more to assist the settler to find more land upon which to settle. The truth is, and "Bruce" is in a position to know it, that the Government at Victoria is now doing, and has done, more to overcome the necessity of these enormous importations, and to assist the settler to get the supply into the markets than the settler is doing, or has done, to help himself. God knows—and so does "Bruce"—that there are thousands of acres held under private ownership in the vicinity of every town and village in the Province, which, though pre-empted years ago, is still as much "wild" land as it was before pre-empted. No government would be justified in spending public funds in a vain effort to find settlers who would go miles and miles beyond these wild lands and seek to pre-empt other wild lands, so far from transportation that they could not be made productive in twenty years. What we need in British Columbia is the development of the land which was taken up a quarter of a century ago,—land reasonably near transportation and civilization. And this fact should be pointed out and held in mind, for it is something that no unbiased mind can be blinded to, that no government is doing more, or could do more than the McBride Government has done and is doing to assist in the development of the British Columbia we already know. Let us find men who will assist in the development of the wild lands now held within the scope of our transportation facilities, and in the utilization of these lands, before we spend millions in opening up the wilderness far beyond these.

If one-hundredth part of the wild lands held under private ownership within a radius of five miles of every transportation centre in British Columbia were brought under the plow and developed to even one-half of its capacity, there would be no need to send away for one dollar's worth of the products quoted by "Bruce". Will "Bruce" deny this?

PROFESSIONAL

DR. H. W. KEITH,

Office hours: Forenoon, 11 to 12
Afternoon, 4 to 5
Evening, 7 to 8
Sunday, by appointment

Office: Cor. Cliff and George Sts. ENDERBY

W. E. BANTON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc.

Offices, Bell Block, Enderby, B.C.

SECRET SOCIETIES

A.F.&A.M.

Enderby Lodge No. 40 Regular meetings first Thursday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

FRED. H. BARNES, W. M. J. C. METCALF, Secretary

I. O. O. F.

Eureka Lodge, No. 50 Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, in I. O. O. F. hall, Metcalf block. Visiting brothers always welcome. J. A. McMorland, N. G., A. Reeves, Sec'y, E. J. Mack, Treas.

ENDERBY LODGE
No. 35, K. of P.
Meets every Monday evening in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.
J. N. GRANT, C.C.
C. E. STRICKLAND, K.R.S.
R. J. COLTART, M.F.

K. of P. Hall is the only hall in Enderby suitable for public entertainments. For rates, etc., apply to— R. F. JOHNSTONE, M. E., Enderby

Private Livery

Rubber-tired Single and Double rigs; stylish drivers; new harness; everything up-to-date and well-kept. When you wish a rig for a Sunday drive, speak for it early, as my finest turn-outs are usually spoken for in advance.

A. L. Matthews
Cliff Street Enderby

Fred. H. Barnes
BUILDER & CONTRACTOR

Plans and estimates furnished

Dealer in Windows, Doors, Turnings and all factory work. Rubberoid Roofing; Screen Doors and Windows. Glass cut to any size.
I represent S. C. Smith Co,, of Vernon. Enderby.

New Samples for Fall & Winter Suits & Overcoats
from House of Hobberlin, Toronto

Finest range in the City; prices from
$17 to $35

Fresh Fruits always on hand.

Sold agents for the famous Brooke, Bond Tea.

Wheeler & Evans

John S. Johnstone
Contractor and Builder, Enderby
Having added a cement brick machine to my cement plant, I am now prepared to enter into contract for all kinds of cement work. Portland cement, plaster and lime kept in

F. T. TURNER
Plumbing and Steam Fitting
All kinds of Tin and Zinc Articles Repaired
Rear Evans Blk Enderby

HAVE YOU EVER WORN A RYAN SHOE ?

We think you will buy them this coming season if you see the new ones on display in our window. The shoe itself must be seen to be appreciated. Compare the quality and price before sending away for a pair this fall.

Walter Robinson
CASH GROCER

Ladies:

Our Fall Dress Skirts are now in Stock

Also a very fine line of RAIN COATS

Shoes for the Men

Big Selection **Good Values**

Splendid Selection Ladies' Underwear

You are invited to come in and see these lines.

POLSON MERCANTILE CO.

Bank of Montreal

Established 1817

Capital, $14,400,000 Rest, $12,000,000
Undivided Profits, $699,969.88

Honorary President, Rt. Hon. LORD STRATHCONA, MOUNT ROYAL, G. C. M. G.
President, Hon. SIR GEORGE DRUMMOND, K. C. M. G.
Vice-President and General Manager, SIR EDWARD CLOUSTON, Bart.
Head Office, Montreal. London Office, 46-47 Threadneedle St. E.C.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1, with interest allowed at current rate

Branches in Okanagan District: Enderby, Armstrong, Vernon, Kelowna and Summerland
G. A. HENDERSON, Esq., Manager, Vernon A. E. TAYLOR, Manager, Enderby

Finest in the Country

"Enderby is a charming villiage with city airs. When Paddy Murphy shook the snow of Sandon off his feet he came here, and now owns one of finest brick hotels in the country. Although Paddy is an Irishman from Michigan, he calls his hotel the King Edward. In addition to the excellence of the meals, breakfast is served up to 10 o'clock, which is an added attraction for tourists."
(Extract from Lowery's Ledge.)

King Edward Hotel, P. H. MURPHY Proprietor **Enderby**

LOANS

Applications received for Loans on improved Farming and City property.
Apply to—

G. A. HANKEY & CO., Ltd. **VERNON, B.C.**

ENDERBY BRICK

THE BEST BRICK IN THE PROVINCE.

Specified in C. P. R. contract for facing Revelstoke Station. A large stock now on hand. Reasonable prices for large or small quantities. By far the cheapest material for a substantial house. Cool in summer; warm in winter: saves most of your painting, and half the cost of insurance.

The Enderby Brick & Tile Co. **Enderby**