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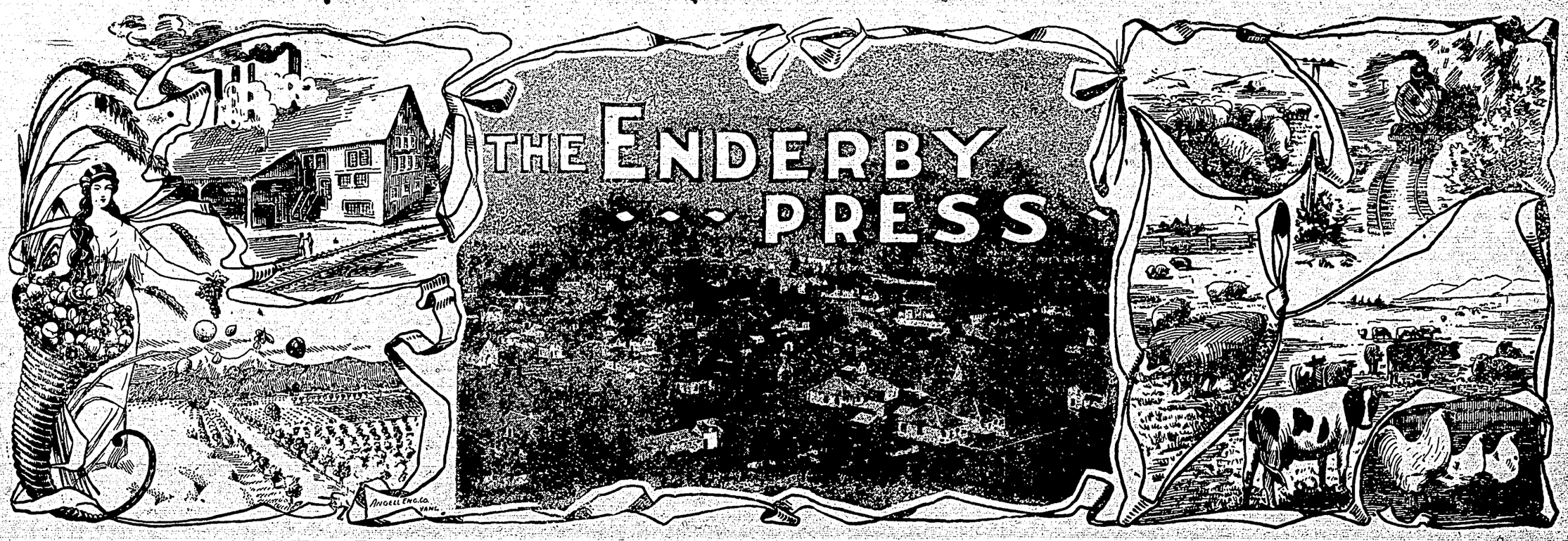

Enderby, B. C., December 30, 1909 AND WALKER'S WEEKLY Vol. 2; No. 44; Whole No. 96

Enderby Apples Draw Second in London

The following letter recently received by Mr. J. T. Reid of Vernon, from Mr. W. E. Scott, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, gives further particulars of the success of our Okanagan exhibit in the Old Country:

"You will be pleased to hear that we again won the Royal Horticultural Society's Gold Medal at Vincent Square, and in addition seven other medals for individual exhibits. The show that we made there this year was the biggest that has ever been put up in Great Britain and consisted of nearly 500 cases. The Okanagan was very well represented and there were numberless enquiries from prospective settlers. The Okanagan Fruit Union secured a silver-gilt Banksian, and Sterling & Pitcairn a silver-gilt Knightian, so that I consider the Okanagan people should be pleased with their success in the Old Country this year.

"The Islington show opened yesterday. His Majesty the King made a special visit to the gallery to see the British Columbia display. He expressed himself as delighted with it and seemed to take a great interest in everything that was told him. We have now exhibited at twenty centres and have still six more at which to show. This will bring our exhibition work to an end, and I shall then have had quite enough of it for a time.

"I met a great many people at the Royal Horticultural and elsewhere who knew the Okanagan well, and they were all very much pleased with the great showing made by the fruit."

From a private letter we are permitted to get some "inside" information, showing what has been done by the fruit from Enderby.

"I think you would like to hear that I met Mr. Redman," says the writer, "who is greatly interested in B. C. fruit culture and holds a post at the Imperial Institute. He told me that at the big fruit show at the Horticultural Hall, Westminster, Mr. Lawes' fruit won second best of all, the famous Widow Smith, of Spence's Bridge, winning first, but that Mr. Lawes' were the best packed of any shown from B. C., and had all the natural bloom on them when shown at the exhibition. He, Mr. Redman, was greatly struck by this fruit and made a point of showing it to the Duke and Duchess of Argyle, as being exhibits from a town in which his friends are interested. I was rather pleased, as he and I quarrel dreadfully over irrigated and non-irrigated fruit. I have always told him he must wait to see the fruit from Enderby."

This friend, writing from London, brings out the point that is always commended where Enderby fruit is shown. It stands up well—retains its rich, natural glow. This was the great point mentioned in its favor by the buyers in the Australian market. It is a point that cannot be ignored when catering to a distant market, and is one that will yet be the means of making Enderby apples famous in every apple market in the world.

ELECTRIC TRAM LINES

A special meeting of the City Council was held last Wednesday evening to hear a proposition to be submitted by Messrs E. G. Warren and G. S. B. Perry, on behalf of the Couteau Power Company.

The Couteau Power Co., is a company of Okanagan men, incorporated under the limited liability Act, and its purpose is to develop power from Shuswap Falls, and generate electricity to supply all the lights and power to be used in all of the Okanagan towns, and in addition to this to build and operate tram lines to cover the territory adjacent to all of the towns, for the convenience of the public. Mr. Warren, who was spokesman for the Company, said he did not have a definite proposition to make at this time, but wished to explain the purposes of the company and if the Council deemed it advisable, to secure from the city a resolution endorsing the project. The intention was to get the endorsement of all the towns in the Valley to the scheme in embryo, and then go to the Old Country and get $2,000,000 to carry it out—in other words to have something tangible in the way of possible business as a sort of guarantee for the bonds it would be necessary to issue. He asked for a resolution giving the proposed enterprise a franchise for 25 years, for the furnishing of light and power in Enderby.

The City Council heard the proposition with favor, and thought there would be no obstacle placed in the way of its consummation if, when the company is prepared to talk business, a proposition is submitted to the city showing wherein it would be advantageous for the city to grant such franchise. A resolution was passed to this effect at the regular meeting of the Council Monday night.

The curling rinks will be ready for the roarin' game this week—maybe.

Chas. Hancock spent Christmas with the old folks, returning to Vancouver on Wednesday.

Last month's shipments of lumber by the A. R. Rogers Co. amounted to a million and a quarter feet.

Christmas services will be celebrated by the children of the Presbyterian Sunday School next Saturday evening.

Manager Stevens, of the A. R. Rogers Co., left this week on a business trip to the Minneapolis office of the Company.

Supper will be served at the King Edward hotel for the dancers to be entertained New Years eve at K. of P. hall by the local Oddfellows.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Crane and children are spending the holidays with their brothers of Hullcar and Enderby, from Victoria.

The employees of the Columbia Flouring Mills presented Manager Moffet with a very handsome chain and locket for Christmas.

Chas. Metcalf, wife and child, arrived on Thursday night from the Old Country, and spent a joyous Christmas with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul.

Mrs. A. C. Leighton left on Monday night for Minneapolis, Minn., and Kentwood, La., where she will visit her daughters, Mrs. Johnston and Mrs. Lazar.

The Christmas tree exercises by the children of the Methodist Sunday School last Thursday evening were excellently conducted and greatly enjoyed by a large audience.

Upwards of fifty guests took advantage of the splendid Christmas dinner served at the King Edward on Christmas evening. Mr. Murphy served a meal of unusual excellence, and all were delighted. Others parties enjoyed the hospitality of the Enderby.

C. P. R. Agent Sharpe received a 70 Blazer, and a seat for the ladies' waiting room in his stocking Christmas morning, and he now smiles sweetly when he thinks how comfortable he has made the travelling public and patrons of his office.

Six months with hard labor was the sentence given William Herbert McCormick this morning at New Westminster, following his arrest as he stepped off the Princess May last night on her arrival from Skagway and northern British Columbia ports, charged with passing a worthless cheque on the Royal Bank of Canada.—Vancouver Province.

For Sale—Eight-roomed house, centrally located. $300 handles this; balance, 1, 2, and 3 years. Apply, Walter Robinson, Box 153.

Bright Outlook for North Enderby & Mara

Mr. Chas. W. Little has not subsided with the falling of the snow.

Mr. Little is the promoter of Mara and North Enderby property deals. He has done more to let the world know of the merits of land buys in this section than anything that ever happened. Last summer Mr. Little interested a number of people in Mara property and all are delighted with their purchases. Those who bought for speculation have in six months more than doubled their money on the parcels they have resold, and those who bought "for keeps" would not sell for three times the price they paid. They have that satisfied feeling.

Mr. Little continues to keep busy. He recently has made several very good deals, and has much more property to go through in the near future the deals being now in consummation

Mr. Little states that the outlook for Spring is brighter than he has known it in all the years he has been located at Mara. He has upwards of a hundred prospective buyers coming in to see land early in the year; has made arrangements with the representatives of no less than five colonization companies to come in and examine the large holdings he has to offer, and is assured of many more earnest homeseekers being interested by his system of publicity advertising

Mr. Little recently sold to Mr. G. C. Salt 160 acres of the Duncan place, near Enderby. It is very valuable land, lying between the trunk road and the river.

He also sold to Mr. Hayden forty acres of the A. M. Baird place, between Mr. Wheeler's ranch and the river. Also to Wm. Witalla, section boss at Mara, the old Wm. Long place, and now Mr. Long is going on a visit to the land of the Shamrock.

John Moser, the pioneer of Mara, is about to close a deal on the last of his old home holding, and has bought a 50-acre block near the Mara school property from Jno. McSorley.

MARA AT CHRISTMAS TIME

By far the most successful affair of its kind ever held at Mara, was the concert and Christmas tree held in the school house on the evening of December 24th.

As it is now quite a number of years since such an entertainment has been attempted in this locality, the promoters felt considerable doubt at first as to its probable success, but the showing on the evening of the 24th was evidence that such doubts were not well founded. Never was the need of a public hall of proper proportions brought before the people of Mara more forcibly, there being about 160 people present.

The beautiful decorations of the interior of the building reflected great credit on the committee who had this part of the work in charge. The programme, which was rather too lengthy to give here in detail, was excellent in every respect. Among the numbers especially worthy of comment were the carols rendered by the choir.

Mr. Davidson's violin solo was a revelation to music lovers, demonstrating in a most agreeable manner the power of this charming instrument in the hands of a skilled performer. E. Bennett's stump speech, and Mr. Hines' comic song were also well received, while several of the school children also contributed to the programme with recitations, etc.

Mr. W. B. Kellett, who has the happy knack of always saying the right thing in the right place, acted as chairman, to the complete satisfaction of all.

The appearance of Santa, and the dispoiling of the heavy-laden Xmas tree, brought happiness to the little ones, after which a bountiful repast, and the singing of "auld lang syne" brought this part of the evening to a close. A short dance followed for those of the population who like to "trip the light fantastic."

By sundry rumors that have wafted around Mara since, we have reason to believe that this is but the beginning, and we may expect another treat of this kind at no very distant date. This is good news, but what about the hall? Good people of Mara, isn't it about time we devoted a little energy in this direction?

What are we going to do about it?

M.C.R.

WALKER'S WEEKLY

Published every Thursday at Enderby, the Gate-Way of the famous Okanagan, Land of the Big Canadian Red Apple and the California of Canada

Entered in the Post Office at Enderby, B. C., as second-class matter.

"In order to be poor in the Okanagan, you have to waste an awful lot of Time and Money."

H. M. WALKER

ONE MAN'S POINT OF VIEW

WHEN Enderby was young, and the Enderby hotel was an inn —or tavern—Thomas W. Patterson, now Lieutenant-Governor of this mighty province of ours, used to hang his Dutch socks on a wire strung about the stove, and in other ways assisted the early pioneers in making the place as home-like as possible. Mr. Patterson was then a railroad builder, and he was engaged in the construction of the Okanagan branch of railway which has since operated in the Valley. One of the things which Mr. Patterson did at that time—it was something like 18 years ago—was to erect a stable on Mill street and for a long time after it became useless, he refused to remove it. Another thing that Mr. Patterson did at that time—somewhere about 18 years ago—was to erect a shed in which to store construction material on the railway right-of-way directly in front of the handsome residential property of the manager of the Columbia Flouring Mills Company. Mr. Patterson has been appealed to time and time again to remove this old construction shed, but it still stands. It is directly in line with the station and obstructs the view of the engineers as the incoming train approaches, is a most disreputable land-mark, and is filled with a lot of junk that would not bring thirty cents in a two million dollar deal. It is a disgraceful old rattle-trap, and has been out of commission fifteen years. In recent years all efforts to have the building removed have met with sphinx-like silence. Perhaps now that Mr. Patterson has been made Lieutenant-Governor he will take enough interest in this end of the province as to assist the little town of Enderby to make the approach to the city by rail a little bit more respectable.

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WITH the opening of the new year our citizens should take up the matter of policing the City of Enderby. In the past, this most important function of civil government has been very poorly observed, and as a result our city by-laws are all but dead-letters. They are put on the statute book and forgotten through our not having an officer conversant with them with power to see that they are enforced. Heretofore the City Council has taken upon itself the appointment of all constables and special police, and has had general supervision of the policing of the city. No doubt they have done so because our police commissioners have failed to do their duty. But as a Council, they have no legal right on the premises whatever. They may as well usurp the powers of the Board of School Trustees, and appoint our school teachers and carry on the business of the board. Each year the police commissioners are appointed. They shall consist of the Mayor, one councilman and a citizen not on the Council. The law prescribes that these commissioners shall have charge, and it shall be their duty, to take absolute control of the policing of the city. They shall report what policemen are in their opinion necessary, and make such appointment as they deem fit, and fix the salary to be paid, just as our board of school trustees does in relation to school teachers, and it shall be up to the city council to pay the salary named, and also such other expenditure as the police commissioners recommend for the carrying out of the laws and the maintenance of peace. There are many reasons why Enderby should have a regular policeman, and one capable and willing to perform his duties without fear, favor or prejudice, and it is up to our police commissioners for the coming year to find the man and fill the bill.

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MAGISTRATE ROSOMAN was recently approached by the peaceful old Indian whose home is on the reserve at the point in the bend of the river where the young people were wont to skate in the early part of the winter. The old man had a complaint, and one which should lead us to question how far all our churches, Sunday Schools and other Christianizing influences have brought us in advance of the Siwash, at least in the matter of human kindness. The old Indian had been away from his home since skating began, and on his return he found his fence broken down, his wood pile burned and his house entered and the windows broken. The fence rails and his cordwood had been used by the skaters to build bonfires on the river shore, and he presumed the white boys had entered his home and broken his windows. "What would you think," he said to Mr. Rosoman, "if old white man go way and Indian come, burn his wood, break down his fence, and get into his house and break window?"

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Postmaster Harvey has been all but swamped with work the past week. The delay of the incoming mail two days before Christmas, and then the two days mail coming upon him just when the biggest mail of the year was due, caused—or almost caused—a blockade, but he now has the tables cleared and everything is normal.

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Write it 1910.

POLICE COURT

In the Police Court Monday morning, before Magistrates Fred. H. Barnes and Graham Rosoman, Indian Francois Joe was charged by Special Constable Bailey with having inflicted grevious bodily injury on Roderick McLeod, by striking him on the head with a sling loaded with lead, and cutting him on the arm with a knife or other sharp instrument. The cut in the arm was a bad one, being five inches long, and having to be sewn up and bandaged by Dr. Keith. McLeod presented an appearance of somewhat worse for wear on coming into court, and the sling, which was produced in court and consisted of a blood-stained handkerchief with a ball of lead tied in the centre, was an ugly-looking weapon. It was taken from the Indian last Saturday evening. Prisoner pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to eighteen months' hard labor.

It having transpired in the course of the hearing that McLeod had supplied the Indian with liquor, the Court ordered him under arrest. He was found guilty and fined $50.00 with costs, or, in default of payment to go to goal for six months.

The two prisoners, hand-cuffed together, were taken by Special Constable Bailey, on Monday evening, to Kamloops, there to reflect on the consequences of celebrating Christmas Day not wisely but too well.

MAN'S GREAT ENDURANCE

FROM THE TROPICS TO NORTH AND SOUTH POLES.

His Wonderful Adaptability to the Various and Changing Conditions.

It is difficult to put limits to the power of physical endurance possessed by the human body. In circumstances that might well be expected to prove fatal men have survived, and sometimes with wonderfully little impairment of health and that only of a temporary nature. None of the lower animals can approach man in the adaptability which he thus exhibits to various and changing conditions. To-day there is much talk of polar explorations and to-morrow the traveller who most focusses public attention will perchance have escaped from equatorial furnaces, says the London Lancet. Man has braved alike the hottest parts of the tropics and the extremest cold of either pole; he has traversed the arid deserts and the malarious swamps. He has survived deprivation of food to a point which is absolutely surprising—for weeks if he has been able to obtain water, and even if deprived of water also his life has lasted for many days.

The limits of such endurance are influenced by the measure of passivity. The most striking results have been obtained when no exertion has been needed for the preservation of life, as in the case of those who have been entombed in mines or under avalanches, but there are

WONDERFUL INSTANCES

where life has been preserved in spite of extreme scarcity of food and water while all the time great physical exertions have been necessarily made. The voluntary sufferings of the anchorites in the earlier centuries of the Christian era excite our surprise not only because of the fanaticism which dictated the sacrifice but even more because of the power of endurance which enabled the holy man to survive his miseries.

Simon Stylites, who for more than thirty years of the fifth century lived on the summit of a stone column sixty feet high, just not starving himself and exposed day and night, summer and winter, to the inclemencies of the seasons, is the best known among hundreds of such self-torturers, while he had many imitators, and a form of rivalry existed in the devising of unpleasant modes of dispensing with the ordinary comforts of life and adding to the discomforts.

The practice has died out for the most part from the Christian Church, but in India even at the present day may be seen examples of the self-infliction of tortures for the purpose of acquiring merit, though it must be explained that the pain really felt by the fakir is probably not always so great as it appears. This indeed is the case with all spontaneous martyrs. The sufferings, great though they may be, are voluntary, and at any moment the victim, if he may so be called, can return to the usual conditions, and pain is always more easily borne when the sufferer can put an end to it when he pleases.

In many cases, however, the powers of physical endurance are exhibited in circumstances where it is entirely beyond the power of those who suffer to bring them to an end.

THE ANNALS OF THE SEA

contain innumerable instances where the survivors of wrecks have floated about for many days and even weeks exposed to a tropical sun and to the violence of storms, provided with only small quantities of food and water, rejoicing at being able to feast on a few barnacles found on floating timber or at catching a few drops of water from a passing shower.

Explorers too often undergo frightful exertions in making their way into the unknown parts of the earth, where they are exposed to conditions of life which it would be thought impossible for the physique to sustain, as well as to want of food or water. The records of the exploration of the interior of Australia contain many instances of extreme privation, none perhaps more striking than the well known expedition of Burke and Wills, although here both of the explorers died from starvation. Africa too has had its quota of brave explorers who suffered countless hardships in making their way through unknown lands, and of these Mungo Park surely deserves to be specially named.

Of all the parts of the world, however, the polar regions are preeminently trying. Those who endeavor to penetrate the Arctic solitudes find the conditions more unfavorable to life than in any other region, and it is hard to imagine a greater test of the endurance of the human body than a prolonged stay in these high altitudes. Not only are all the comforts of civilization wanting, but many of those things which are properly looked upon as necessities. Chief among these is warmth, for unless the body maintains its temperature all vital processes are impossible. For keeping the necessary temperature fire and

THE THICKEST CLOTHES

are indispensable, and these in a country where fuel is almost unobtainable and where every ounce of baggage adds to the extreme difficulties of transport.

Food, again, is very scarce, a few bears and birds, and where there is open water some seals and fish can be obtained, but practically the whole of the food has to be taken with the explorer; and the diet has to be generous in order to keep up the heat forming powers of the body. Water, or rather melted snow or ice, is indeed procurable, but it has often been shown that melted snow has a tendency to produce very harmful symptoms. It is clear that the lot of an Arctic or Antarctic explorer in many ways reaches the limits of human endurance, while the trials are not only prolonged but indefinite in their duration, yet the enthusiasm and thoroughness with which these expeditions are undertaken and carried through are in the highest degree praiseworthy.

The great cold, the violence of the wind and the difficulties of exploring in such conditions must have impressed all readers, enabling them to realize the horrors of the great expedition led by Sir John Franklin toward the north pole sixty years before. We have not indeed, and never shall have, the full account of that story, but we can piece together the fragments which have been brought to light—the leaving the ships, which had been fixed in the ice eighteen months, and the long, weary march overland of the 105 who then survived. They had insufficient food, they had spent three winters in the regions of snow and ice, and the additional exertion of dragging heavily laden sledges proved too much.

ONE BY ONE THEY DIED

on the way, so that ultimately not one survived of the 134 officers and men who had left England. The zeal, energy and perseverance they displayed are beyond all praise, and the physical endurance exhibited almost passes belief.

What qualities are of the chief value in enabling men to withstand excesses of heat and cold, shortage of food and excessive physical exertion? In the first place it is clear that mere muscular strength has but little influence, and from a consideration of many cases we are led to the conclusion that that type of man who is generally described as "wiry" is probably the best suited for any expedition where hardships are likely to be encountered. Simplicity in diet and more or less complete abstinence from alcohol seem also to be desiderata.

Above all in significance comes experience; a personal knowledge of the general conditions which are to be met with and a careful arrangement of the plan, with provision of a base supply, are also of the utmost importance. These things do away to a great extent with the feeling that the ordeal of pain to be endured is an indefinite one; they give to the expedition the cheer that comes of believing that by a certain time and in a certain place all will be well. There are many parts of the world which still appear as blanks on the map, and the restless energy of the human race will not be content till these are filled.

Utilitarians may raise the question of the value of these expeditions, but in their stimulating effect on the ideas and feeling of the people, quite apart from the commercial value of any discoveries, there is, it seems to us, a return for the exertions and privations of explorers. Consideration of what man can endure gives us a just pride in the powers of the well kept body and a pleasant mistrust in the accuracy of many of the screeds about physical degeneration.

Idleness is the master key to poverty.

"My dear old friend, how were you able to acquire such an immense fortune?" "By a very simple method." "What method is that?" "When I was poor, I made out that I was rich; and when I get rich, I made out that I was poor."

BURGLAR AS FUNNY MAN

SOME RECENT HUMORS OF BILL SIKES.

Instances When He has Shown Himself as Being a Real Joker.

The burglar is not generally regarded as funny man. But there are occasions when he seems as fond of cracking a joke as of cracking a crib, and this amid circumstances calculated to depress the gayest heart, says London Tit-Bits. Some time ago one of the craft broke into a village school at Oxford, and having selected such articles as attracted his attention, he espied a blackboard, and theron chalked the old familiar greeting, "Good morning. Have you used Pear's soap?"

"MUCH OBLIGED FOR THE TIP."

In another instance a certain Mme. David, concierge of the Boulevard Voltaire in Paris, having business on the top floor of the flats of which she was in charge, hung up this notice: "The concierge is upstairs." By the time she came down again the contents of her apartments had been rifled, and glancing at the notice she had put up, found that it had been reversed, and that Bill Sikes had written on the back a memorandum of his grateful thanks. "Much obliged for the tip," were the words; "all has gone off well." And it had, too; all that was worth taking, that is.

COOL AS A CUCUMBER.

A grimmer sort of humor, however, is sometimes evident. Even Mark Twain, that man of ten thousand jokes—himself burgled more than once—would probably laugh at the joke of a burglar who got into a house in the North of England some time ago. His valuable haul was stuffed into a Gladstone bag. Just as he was coming downstairs he was met by a substantial figure in white, with a silver candlestick in hand. It was that of the butler, who cried out: "Here! Here, I say; come back, you!"

"I beg your pardon," answered the burglar, as he once more mounted the stairs to where the butler stood. "Ah, thanks. Of course—the silver candlestick." Instantly blowing out the light, he seized the candlestick and made his way swiftly to the bottom of the stairs. Then with his hand on the door-handle he paused a second, and shouted back: "Are you sure that I have forgotten nothing else?"

WASTING BILL'S TIME.

The humor of the burglar often comes out in his disappointments, as well as in his grateful realizations, and discovers nothing for his trouble and pains except a few knick-knacks. The writer remembers reading a while back of a case of this kind. "By your deceit," so ran the note which the burglars left behind on a table in the house, "you have caused us considerable loss of valuable time. Your plate is cheap electro, and your candelabra made in Germany."

Though Bill Sikes probably knows as well as anybody that it is as dangerous to leave his handwriting about as his finger-prints, his sense of humor, as is evident, often overcomes his sense of security. There was a man who, disgraced in his practice as a medical man, gradually drifted into burglary, and in due time became known to his intimates, and then to the police, as Dr. Jack. One night the doctor and one of his friends entered a house. Having made a good haul and packed up, they went down into the kitchen for supper. All that they could find for the meal was a partly-consumed tin of salmon. This they scorned, and the doctor left behind half a sheet of notepaper on which was written: "Do you expect us to eat tinned salmon after what the doctors have said about it?" Unhappily for the fastidious doctor, the detectives knew his handwriting, and presently he was sent where even tinned salmon would be regarded as a veritable dainty.

A GRATEFUL VISITOR.

Another burglar of whom the police records have cognizance was more grateful for his repast. He broke into a house while the husband was out and after the wife had retired to rest. He did his work thoroughly, and then made his way to the kitchen, where he found a note on the dining-table. "Dear Fred," it ran, "you will find soup hot in the oven, as well as some bread and butter pudding.—Ethel." The burglar explored the oven, sat down to eat, presently rose satisfied, and before he left the premises acknowledged his obligations beneath the note he had found: "Dear Ethel,—Everything was O. K.—A Visitor."

It is, indeed, the will of the burglar to make jokes about the food he finds—the old hand, that is to say, for the young hand is too anxious to haul and be off to trouble about the food he finds in the houses he visits. Scotland Yard could tell of a case in which a burglar broke into a shop where the proprietor lived on the premises. First of all he attacked an alleged safe, and having left it empty, he made an excursion to the pantry of the house. Here he found part of a pie in a dish, and when he had consumed some of it he seems to have regarded himself as a critical expert in pie. At any rate, he found a sheet of paper and wrote upon it: "Dear Sir,—Permit me to inform you that your safe is too soft, and your pie is too hard. Why is this?—Yours truly, Bill."

TURNING THE OTHER CHEEK.

Some of the "scolars," as shop thieves are called by their friends, have given an Islington tailor a chance to exhibit a quaint notice, which is attracting many people. It says:—

Messrs. Help Yourselves and Co.

Please Take Note.—If the two light-fingered, smart young gentlemen who helped themselves to a roll of green suiting on 4th June will kindly return same, we will make them each a suit of clothes which will certainly help them to look smarter.

But instances of the humor of burglars could be multiplied almost indefinitely, so this article had better end with a note left behind by one who had operated in the house of a Scottish trader: "IOU for 5 silver spoons, ditto forks, 2 ditto candlesticks, 1 ditto inkstand, and £15 in cash."

PRESENTED A PALACE.

People of Santander Built it for King Alfonso.

When Queen Victoria of Spain visited Santander about two years ago she was delighted with the beauty of the district, and said that it reminded her of the country about her home in the Isle of Wight, says the London Daily Mail.

The people of Santander, when they heard of it, promptly begged through their Mayor, Don Luis Martinez, that King Alfonso would allow them to build him a Summer home there, and already on the Peninsula de lo Magdalena a new royal palace is approaching completion, the £40,000 required to build it being provided by the inhabitants of the town and natives who now reside in America and wish to show their patriotism.

The people wished also to furnish the palace, but King Alfonso would not allaw them to sacrifice so much money, saying he accepted the building only, and that he would furnish it himself. The committee therefore agreed to hand the building over to their Majestiyes, supplied with all modern appliances, such as electric light, heating appartus, gas and water, which will cost also a considerable sum.

The Peninsula de la Magdalena, which will soon be transformed into the royal park, is carpeted with a great variety of lilies, pinks and other flowers which grow wild on that rocky promontory and the sweet scents of which are said to be superior to those cultivated in gardens.

The new royal palace is about 110 feet above the level of the sea at high water and the length of the front is about 330 feet. It consists of four sections, one for the private use of the King and Queen, another for official receptions and court festivities, and the third and fourth, which serve as union to the rest, will be used for general service.

In the fourth will be the vestibule, grand hall, library, dining-rooms and billiard rooms. The private chapel, at the King's own command, will not be erected in the palace, but in a separate building adjoining, and in the place designed for it will be the grand banqueting hall.

The King and Queen's private suite contains the royal bedrooms, private sitting-rooms and drawing-rooms and rooms for the servants in attendance on their Majesties. For court festivities there is a grand salon, and several smaller rooms which will be used as anterooms.

In the upper storey above the bedrooms of the King and Queen are the nursery and rooms for the royal children and their attendants.

THE CONGO SITUATION

BRITISH INTERVENTION TO BE DEMANDED.

Meetings to be Held in England to Bring Home Facts of the Outrages.

Sir A. Conan Doyle and E. D. Morel have placed themselves at the head of a movement to hold mass meetings throughout the United Kingdom for the purpose of making the public realize the situation in the Congo and to arouse public opinion and thus force Government action. Sir A. Conan Doyle has just returned from Gibraltar. He says:

"We are going to hold a series of great public meetings in all parts of the Kingdom in order to bring home the facts of the present reign of terror and atrocious misgovernment in the Congo. The first Congo reform meeting will be at Newcastle, Nov. 8, followed by a great mass meeting in London on Nov. 19. All religious denominations will be united in this movement in the interest of humanity.

"Once the people of England know the facts and have heard the statements of eye-witnesses and seen the photographs of mutilated men, women and children I am sure they will rise with us and put an end to these crimes.

"The Government cannot do anything effectual until the people of the country are enlightened as to the real horrors, and stand behind the Government as a driving force. I wish the public to co-operate and call for an end to this orgy of blood, lust and greed.

"It is a significant fact that the heraldic shield of Antwerp, to which city most of the rubber from the Congo is sent, contains a bloody hand, severed at the wrist.

"A third of the whole population of the Congo, which formerly contained thirty million people, he said, had disappeared under Leopold's regime. Great towns of fifty and sixty thousand inhabitants have vanished. The question now is: Are cold-blooded and infamous men to continue to make capital out of suffering and misery?"

AUSTRALIA'S CAPITAL.

New South Wales Offers Site to Federal Government.

The New South Wales Legislative Assembly has agreed to offer to the Commonwealth, for the purpose of forming the Federal capital there, 800 square miles of the Yass-Canberra district, with the control of the rivers for water supply over an additional 510 square miles; also for the purpose of access to the sea, two square miles at Jervis Bay, with the right to construct a railway thereto, and further permission to connect with the Goulbourn-Cooma State Railway.

Mr. Wade, the New South Wales Prime Minister, in moving the resolution, made it clear that the New South Wales Government was willing to afford every possible facility for the early establishment of the Federal capital.

The site of the new Federal capital was decided upon by the Commonwealth Parliament nearly a year ago. The Yass-Canberra district lies nearly 200 miles to the southwest of Sydney, complying with the requirement of the Commonwealth Constitution that it shall be in the State of New South Wales, and be distant not less than 100 miles from Sydney. It is also provided in the act that the capital shall be within territory of an area not less than 100 square miles, to be vested in the Commonwealth. Yass, which is situated on the river of that name, is connected with Sydney by the Great Southern Railway, and is a growing town, with a population of between 2,000 and 3,000. Canberra is the name of a small place connected with Yass by coach.

"Is the baby strong?" "Well, rather. You know what a tremendous voice he has?" "Yes." "Well, he lifts that five or six times an hour."

Old Lady—"I want a watch that won't tick so loud." Clerk—"They all tick like this, ma'am; there's no other kind." Old Lady—"Oh! I know better. I've heard of them 'silent watches of the night' ever since I kin remember."

Mrs. Nurich was in a jeweller's shop. "Here are some new souvenir spoons we have just got in," said the assistant, placing a tray for her inspection. "Oh, ain't those lovely!" she exclaimed. "I must have some of those. Our cook makes such lovely souvenir!"

A MAINSTAY FOR ALL MEN

All Breadwinners Who Find Health Declining Should Take Dr Williams' Pink Pills.

Thousands of men throughout Canada are suffering to-day from a deplorable failure of strength without knowing that they are the victims of nervous exhaustion. The signs are plain. The sufferer cannot keep his mind on work, passes restless nights, turns against food and cannot digest it, feels exhausted after exertion, while headaches and fits of dizziness often adds to his misery. These symptoms denote that the nervous system is weakened and insufficiently nourished. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will promptly cure because they enrich the impure weak blood and thus give new strength and tone to the exhausted nerves. No other medicine can do this so promptly and so surely.

Mr. W. H. Hipson, East Pubnico, N. S., says:—"For a number of years I was troubled with violent headaches. When these spells came on the pain was so severe that I feared I would lose my senses. At the outset these headaches would come on about once a week. I doctored for the trouble and did everything possible to get relief, but without avail, and as time went on the attacks grew both in frequency and severity. The pain was terrible and with each attack seemed to grow worse. The only relief I could get was from a hot mustard foot bath, and the application of hot water and ammonia to my head; I would then have to be led to bed where I had to remain until the attack passed away. At this time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were brought to my notice, and while I scarcely hoped they would cure me, I decided to try them. After taking a few boxes I found that the attacks were not so severe, and I joyfully continued taking the Pills until I had used ten boxes when every symptom of the trouble had passed away, and I was in better health than I had ever enjoyed before. It is several years since my cure was effected, and as I have not had a headache since I feel that the cure is permanent. This is a plain statement of my case, but no words can tell what my sufferings really were and I believe that but for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would have been in my grave, for I could not have stood the pain much longer and doctors did not do me any good."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CAT AS AN INCENDIARY.

A remarkable discovery was made by a party of salvage firemen engaged in a cotton warehouse which on a recent Sunday night was the scene of a slight outbreak of fire, says the London Standard. While a search was being made among the debris it was noticed that several bricks had been removed from the wall, and a further examination revealed a live cat with a long string attached to its tail, upon which were the remains of some charred material that had evidently been saturated with inflammable liquid. The theory of the police is that the cat was deliberately sent into the warehouse, where the cotton was stored, the artificial tail having been lighted beforehand. The discovery confirms the police in the belief that the numerous cotton fires of the past few months have been the work of incendiaries, for the discovery of whom they have offered a reward of £500.

THE WISE MOTHER DOCTORS BABY WISELY

Now-a-days wise mothers do not dose their children with nauseous, griping castor-oil or pugatives, nor do they give them poisonous opiates in the form of soothing medicines. Baby's Own Tablets take the place of these harsh and dangerous drugs, and the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that the Tablets are absolutely safe, and will cure all stomach and bowel troubles, destroy worms, break up colds and make teething easy. Mrs. Thos. Craft, Binscarth, Man., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation and teething troubles, and do not know of any other medicine that can equal them. They are always satisfactory in their results." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOME.

SEASONABLE RECIPES.

Cooking Cranberries.—Take two quarts of cranberries, wash and put in one pint of water, and let boil till soft. Stir in a pinch of soda. Skim off froth. Sugar to sweeten. Cook like jelly, pour in a glass mold and let get cold. It is like preserves.

Plum Marmalade.—Wash a basket of red California plums and cut them into small pieces without removing the skins. Put the fruit into a porcelain or granite kettle, and let it boil ten minutes. At the end of that time add four pounds of granulated sugar and one pound of chopped raisins and boil twenty minutes longer. Add the rind of one and the juice of two aronges. Boil five minutes additional. Pour into jelly glasses or small jars and when cool seal.

Delightful Butter.—Cook down until juice is almost gone one can of unsweetened cherries. Add sugar and cook until of the consistency of jam. This is excellent and always fresh because made when ready to use.

Tutti Frutti.—One cupful of pineapple cut in small pieces, one cupful of currants, one cupful of cherries, one cupful of raspberries, one cupful of blackberries, six peaches, cut up in small pieces, one-half pound of figs, cut up, one lemon, one orange and rind of both, one-fourth pound of blanched almonds, three and one-half cupfuls sugar and a half cupful of boiling water. Boil from twenty minutes to one-half hour. Fine with cold meats.

CAKE MAKING.

Spice Cake.—Two cupfuls of sugar, light brown; one cupful of sour milk, one cupful of butter, one cupful of cornstarch, two cupfuls of flour, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful of nutmeg, one-half teaspoonful of allspice, five eggs; beat yolks with sugar and butter, add beaten whites last. One-half teaspoonful of soda, sour milk, one teaspoonful of baking powder, in flour. Frosting: Boil one and one-half cupfuls of granulated sugar and one-half cup of cold water until it hairs. Then pour into the beaten whites of three eggs and beat. When this commences to get stiff add one cup of raisins and beat until stiff.

Lemon Sponge Cake.—One cupful sifted sugar, one cupful cold water. Boil this till it becomes a thin syrup, add this while hot to beaten whites of five eggs. Beat this twenty minutes, then add the beaten yolks of six eggs, one cupful sifted flour added slowly, grater rind of one lemon, and piece of one-half lemon. Make a boiled frosting, add one-half the juice of one lemon. Use a square tin for cake frosting top. Have the oven just warm when the cake is put in, increasing the heat gradually, baking one hour.

Layer Cake.—Sift together in your mixing bowl one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of cream tartar, one-half teaspoonful of soda, break one egg in teacup and fill with sweet milk; pour in centre of mixing bowl, add three tablespoonfuls melted butter, beat thoroughly, bake in three layers.

Feather Cake.—Cream one cupful of sugar and one tablespoonful of butter, then add one to two teaspoonfuls of vanilla, then one cup of milk, and one egg beaten into a foam. Stir two scant cupfuls of well sifted flour into which has been added two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Bake in shallow pans and quick oven. Bake in layers.

PRESERVING.

Grape Jelly "A la Mode." — When making your grape jelly, if possible make a batch of purple grapes and one of green grapes at the same time. Fill the tumblers half full of the purple grape jelly first, when this has cooled pour the green grape jelly on that already in the tumblers. The result will be a beautiful jelly of two shades or red.

Uncooked Catsup—Chop fine one-half peck ripe tomatoes, two heads of celery, and two red peppers. Add one cupful of brown sugar, one-half cupful salt, one tablespoon each black pepper, cloves, and cinnamon, two tablespoonfuls mustard, one cupful of grated horseradish, one quart vinegar. Mix and bottle.

Canned Peppers.—Cut the stem end from sweet red peppers and with a pair of shears cut the peppers around and around in a long ribbon one-fourth of an inch thick. Cover with boiling water to which has been added salt in the proportion of one tablespoonful to a quart of water, and let them stand over night. Drain in a colander and pour over them enough cold water to freshen them, and put them in a glass fruit jar. For each quart of the peppers heat until boiling one and a half cupfuls of vinegar, one cupful of sugar, and a small piece of cinnamon stick. Pour this over the peppers and seal while hot. They make a fine garnish for salads and meats; also nice for sandwiches.

CLEANING.

Dry Cleaning.—Place a tin lard can containing gasoline in the centre of a tub and pour hot water around it to heat it. Put in garments and cover with flat lid. Let soak twenty to thirty minutes, then shake up and down several times good. Use soap if sciled. Hang in the air.

Lace and Net.—For lace curtains, net waists, and thin silks stir flour into cold gasoline until like thin starch and rinse the above mentioned articles after they have been cleaned. They will look like new. All cleaning should be done in the open air.

Collars.—To cleanse the collars of garments dissolve one part salt in four of alcohol, apply with a sponge, and rub well.

White Serge.—To clean white serge use a decoction of soapwort roots. The gown when washed will be white and soft to the touch. Soap hardens stuff goods and makes them yellow.

Felt Hats.—Felt hats may be cleaned by dipping a hard brush which has short hairs into spirits of ammonia. Rub well until the grease disappears.

Cleaning Carpets.—To clean carpets take one-half bar of white soap, one-half pound of powdered borax, one-fourth ounce of glycerine. Shave soap fine, put in four gallons of soft water, heat until dissolved, then let cool and it is ready for use.

To Wash Chiffon.—Chiffon should be washed in soap lather by carefully rolling and pressing between the hands, then rinsed in clean water and stiffened in gum water, one tablespoonful to a quarter of a pint of water. Roll in a cloth to absorb some of the moisture, but it must not be too dry when it is ironed. To iron chiffon it must be placed on the table wrong side up and ironed along the selvedge, as ironing across would displace the fibres and destroy the appearance of the delicate fabric. When the chiffon is being ironed it ought to be held up in front of the iron to remove crinkles that are produced by washing and to make it quite even and smooth.

GINGERBREAD.

Kentucky Gingerbread. — Cream together one cupful of butter and one and a half cupfuls of New Orleans sugar. Add four eggs beaten light, one and one-half cupfuls of New Orleans molasses, one cupful of buttermilk to which one teaspoonful of soda has been added, four cupfuls of flour, and two level tablespoonfuls of ground ginger. Bake in a shallow pan, in a moderately hot oven.

Ginger Cake.—One egg, one-half cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of butter, one teaspoonful of ginger, one-quarter teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-half cupful of sour milk, a level teaspoonful of soda, one-half cupful each of New Orleans and Porto Rico molasses, two teacupfuls of sifted flour. Mix the egg, sugar, and butter till light, then add the ginger, cinnamon, and molasses; dissolve the soda in the sour milk and add that; then add the flour, mixing all well together. Bake in a moderate oven.

Poor Man's Gingerbread. — Beat one egg, one cupful of sour cream, one cupful New Orleans molasses, one teaspoonful of ginger, one of salt, and one of soda. Mix well together; add one and three-fourths cupfuls of flour; beat well. Bake in a shallow tin and frost.

USEFUL HINTS.

Rice is used to advantage as a border for creamed meats and vegetables.

Put a bit of camphor away with silver not in use; it will prevent tarnishing.

Hard boiled eggs are suitable accompaniments for boiled fish or molded spinach.

When food cooking starts to burn, place at once in pan of cold water; it will remove all scorched taste.

To clarify fat, after frying throw in a few slices of raw potato, and simmer all for a few minutes.

Boiled or fried potatoes make an excellent garnish for fish, with the addition of parsley and lemon.

To skin sardines, dip each into boiling water, which will loosen the skin, and permit of its easy removal.

When mixing starch, the addition of a few drops of turpentine will give a fine gloss to collars and cuffs.

To make a green mayonnaise for a vegetable salad, add scalded chopped parsley to ordinary salad dressing.

Ham that is boiled in a bag and kept in it will remain moist and tender to the last slice. The greasy bag excludes the air.

To remove paint from linens rub with turpentine, then clean with French chalk dampened with alcohol.

When hashing cold meat add a little chopped parsley. It will improve both the taste and appearance.

Potatoes cooked in their skins are beautifully dry and floury if a small piece be cut off one end to allow the steam to escape in cooking.

A Swedish cook says sprinkle a little white sugar over sponge cake before baking it. It will come out of the oven with a dainty crust over the top.

A fowl should be wrapped in a floured cloth and be allowed to simmer very gently for an hour and a half, when it will be both tender and white.

When a knife has been used to cut onions wipe with a damp cloth and rub briskly with coarse salt. The objectionable smell will then entirely disappear.

Never serve greasy soup. If there is any fat on it when heated, take it off by laying pieces of kitchen paper on the surface; this will quickly absorb the grease.

Green peppers are good served with boiled rice in the following fashion: Cut them up and boil until tender. Season with salt, pepper and butter, and turn over the rice.

Carpets in rooms which are seldom used are apt to be attacked by moths. Salt sprinkled round the edges and well under the carpet before it is put down will generally prevent their ravages.

When making sauce set the butter in the stewpan first, and when bubbling hot add the flour. Stir both together for a few minutes, and then add the water, milk, or stock, and stir again till it boils.

Persons who are accustomed to use tea leaves for sweeping their carpets and find they leave stains will do well to employ fresh-cut grass instead. It is better than the tea leaves, and gives a brighter and fresher look.

When the jelly is put into the kettle to boil, drop into the kettle a small agate marble such as the children use to play with. This marble will keep in constant motion in the bottom of the kettle while the jelly is cooking and prevent burning.

Tablecloths generally begin to wear first where the folds come. To change the position of the folds is, therefore to prolong the life of the cloth. It is easily done by taking a few inches off one side and one end of the cloth, and hemming it again.

Some housekeepers put a peeled onion inside a fowl that is to be kept for any length of time. This absorbs germs that would otherwise infect the meat. Sliced onions or a bag of charcoal placed near meat of any kind has the same effect.

Why not take a cup of

BOVRIL

every morning through the fall and winter?

BOVRIL IS ALL BEEF

It contains all the nutriment of the beef in a concentrated and tasty form.

It will renew your blood and give you strength of nerve and muscle.

It will tone up the whole system.

Bovril Gives Health and Strength

NO REST FOR TERRIBLE ITCH

Till Oil of Wintergreen Compound Made His Skin as Pure as Ever.

Mr. James Lulloch, of Iron Bridge, Ont., considers the D. D. D. Prescription of oil of wintergreen, thymol, glycerine, etc., a wonderful cure for skin troubles. He has good reason to think so, too, according to his letter of Mar. 27, 1909.

"I have suffered for years," he says, "with eczema, and now, through using two bottles of your wonderful cure, my skin is as pure as it ever was.

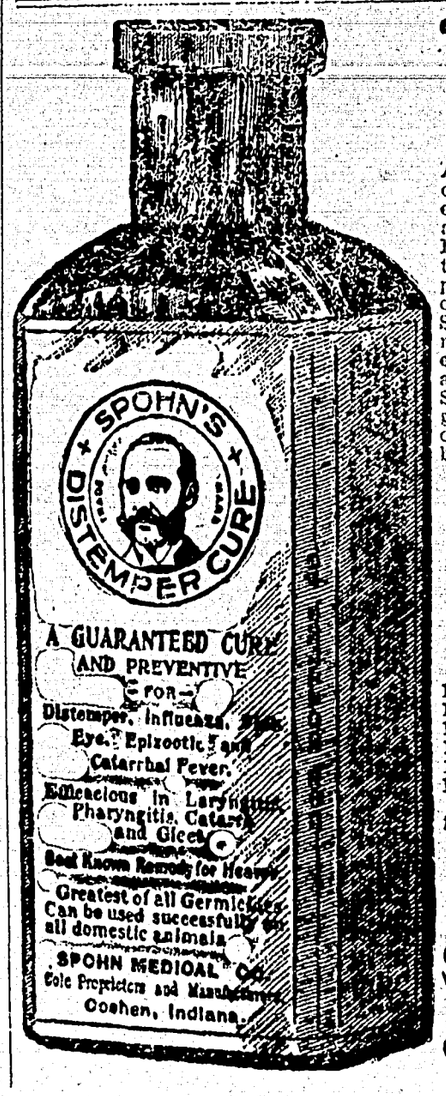
My face was so bad I could not see. I could not sleep. I could not rest for the terrible itch.

Thanks to your wonderful medicine I am cured."

As eczema is a germ disease, and as the germs are right in the skin, blood medicines will not cure it. The only effective way is to treat the itch where the itch is. D. D. D. Prescription penetrates the pores of the skin, kills the germs which cause the eczema, gives instant relief from the awful itch and permanently cures.

For free sample bottle of D. D. D. Prescription write to the D. D. D. Laboratory Department WL, 23 Jordan St., Toronto.

For sale by all druggists.



"SPOHN'S"

As this very remarkable preparation is now called, is the greatest Constitutional Remedy ever known for Brood Mares, Colts, Stallions and all other horses; also Distemper among Dogs and Sheep. This compound is made of the purest ingredients and not an atom of poisonous or injurious nature enters into its composition. Many persons are now taking SPOHN'S for La Grippe, Colds, Coughs, Kidney Trouble, etc., and it is always safe. It expels the Disease Germs from the body; acts directly on the Blood and Glands. SPOHN'S is now sold by nearly every druggist and harness dealer in the land, and any can get it for you. Fifty cents and $1.00 a bottle, and $6.00 and $11.00 the dozen.

Record of Annual Sales.

1st Year	1,053	Bottles Sold
2nd Year	4,364	" "
3rd Year	9,256	" "
4th Year	19,150	" "
5th Year	40,284	" "
6th Year	72,330	" "
7th Year	100,532	" "
8th Year	124,500	" "
9th Year	172,485	" "
10th Year	221,760	" "
11th Year	287,620	" "
12th Year	378,962	" "
13th Year	508,720	" "
14th Year	548,260	" "
15th Year	607,354	" "

Send for our Booklet of twelve good recipes for family and stock medicines, FREE.

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When you can build a home to Suit Yourself

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also a full line of building material. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

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You furnish the horse flesh and I will do the rest. In addition to my buggies, cutters and sleighs, my blacksmith shop and wagon works, I have placed in stock a complete outfit of single and double harness, lap robes, blankets, brushes, curry combs and horsemen's supplies. Everything new, and the best. Call and inspect. I believe I can save money for you.

Wm. H. Hutchison
ENDERBY

We can still show the Goods

Some prime stall-fed beef on cut at the present time

Our Sausage is still a Leader

Fish and Poultry

G. R. Sharpe,
ENDERBY, B. C.

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Rubber-tired Single and Double rigs; stylish drivers; new harness; everything up-to-date and well-kept. When you wish a rig for a Sunday drive, speak for it early, as my finest turn-outs are usually spoken for in advance.

Anor Matthews
Cliff Street Enderby

We are handling Mrs. F. Hassard's A1 Dairy butter. Polson Mercantile Company, Enderby.

ENDERBY PRESS

Published every Thursday at Enderby, B.C. at $2 per year, by the Walker Press.

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Legal Notices: 10c a line first insertion; 5c a line each subsequent insertion.

Reading Notices and Locals: 10c a line.

DECEMBER 30, 1909

IN WITH THE NEW !

The year that has passed has seen substantial progress made by Enderby and District. No year in the life of the town has seen a more substantial growth, or left us with brighter hopes of the future. Enderby has accepted the place assigned to her—the Gateway of the glorious Okanagan—and is making good up to the limit of her possibilities. The surest way to reform and inspire a community, or to get the best out of a country and bring the best into it, is for the individual to reform and inspire himself. The rest will take care of itself. And the best way to make the Okanagan one big red apple paradise is to make your home and your home grounds and your town one small red apple paradise. Improve, beautify, develop your home town, and the rest will take care of itself.

This is the policy that Enderby has adopted, and the results are manifold on all sides.

The coming year is full of promise. Increase, development, improvement, progress are promised on all hands. The past year and its progress, while not forgotten or ignored by any of our citizens, will not suffice. All feel that the good work has only begun—it is not ended.

Next year's cut of the A. R. Rogers Lumber mill, instead of being 12,000,000 as heretofore, will be 20,000,000. The capacity of the Columbia Flouring Mills will be increased from 300 barrels a day to 500 barrels. Our orchards and farms will double their output; and in every line of development we shall see operations greatly enlarged.

In another column Mr. Chas. W. Little tells us what the outlook is in the investment line, and Mr. Little is speaking only for himself. No doubt other real estate men could give as encouraging reports. Certainly, the Northern Okanagan is coming into its own.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION

The Northern Okanagan Poultry Association is to be congratulated on the success of its second year's poultry show. It was in every way superior to that of a year ago, and in many respects the finest display of fancy poultry that has been seen in the interior. A great deal of the credit for excellence of the exhibition should go to the retiring president, Mr. H. E. Waby, and the retiring secretary, Mr. J. C. English. The bulk of the labor attached to this exhibition as well as the first, fell to these officers, and they unselfishly performed the work without stint or price. The Association is now well launched, and it is only just and reasonable that others should fall into line and take up the work.

Mr. Petar, the new president, and Mr. Robinson, the new secretary, are thoroughly conversant with the work of the Association, having been closely associated with it from its inception, and we may expect the good work to go on under their guidance as well as it has advanced under the retiring officers. The season now opening promises even better than last, for the Association will profit by past mistakes, and many difficulties will be overcome thereby.

It is now the intention of the Association to erect a building suitable for exhibition purposes. It is not certain that sufficient funds can be raised for the purpose, but certainly no investment could be made by the city of Enderby that would bring more certain returns. The Poultry Association has asked but little, and big returns have been given for the assistance thus far given. Nothing has been a better advertisement for the district, or has brought Enderby more favorable criticism. If the annual show is to be made a permanent thing for Enderby, it is imperative that a suitable exhibition building be provided. It is understood that the K. of P. hall will not be available another year, and, besides, it is not large enough to accommodate the exhibition. If a building cannot be provided here, the Association will be forced to go elsewhere in order to accommodate the splendid exhibitions it is furnishing. Enderby cannot well afford to let the poultry show go elsewhere. We have a whole year before us in which to provide suitable quarters, and it behooves us to make the best of it as early as spring building commences.

THE UNCO GUID

The less we know about a good thing the more ready we are to condemn it. Evidently the good people of Peachland are peaches with the blush on. If we are to judge them by what a Peachland correspondent says in the Vernon News, we should say they were a cross between a clingstone and the bark of a rhinocerous, with one eye, no ears and a tail down the centre. The correspondent says:

"On Friday last, many of the residents of Peachland were fortunate enough to have the chance of seeing Miss May Roberts-Gillard's company in their fine performance of "Madam Satan." The audience were more than delighted with the acting of this company, and the management, should they return, will be welcomed and gratified by a much larger house. It is to be regretted that some persons should have considered it necessary to stump the town and do their best to pass judgment on a performance they had never seen, condemn it as immoral, and incidentally try to persuade the local authorities to forbid its production. Whilst most of us here appreciate efforts to preserve us from all worldly contact, we most emphatically object to having our morals regulated by those holding narrow-minded views of life. * * * Peachlanders may have the reputation of possessing a large element of the "unco guid," but after all we have a large and growing population of straight-forward, clean-minded and much-travelled residents who know when to attend clean, healthy performances and when to reject the unclean, without the assistance of those holding extreme and narrow-minded opinions."

TURKEY RAISING

There should be big money in raising turkeys. Locally bred birds are selling at the butcher shops at 30 cents a pound, while 28 cents is charged for the imported article.—Vernon News.

It was a great surprise and a great disappointment to Mr. Jull, the provincial poultry inspector, who visited the Northern Okanagan poultry show recently held at Enderby, to find that there was not a turkey on exhibition. He said our poultrymen were asleep to one of the best-paying branches of the industry. The Okanagan Valley, he believed, should make an ideal home for the turkey, and he hoped to see that branch of the industry developed.

GRADE "A" CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that I have inspected the premises and herd of Mr. A. McQuarrie, the herd consisting of 30 head of cattle, and find the same to be in a healshy condition. Each animal in the herd has been tested for tuberculosis withing six months of this date and declared free of that disease. The premises are in a sanitary condition within the meaning of the Regulations of the Provincial Board of Health governing the sale of milk and the management of dairies, cow sheds and milk shops.

Enderby, B.C., Nov. 25th, 1909.

H. H. S. GEORGE,
Inspector.

FOR SALE—A 5-room brick cottage on Regent street near the river shore; good location; in first-class condition. Mrs. R. H. Binch, Enderby, B. C.

I will cut stovewood any length, with steam saw, at $1.00 per cord. H. Greyell, Enderby.

After the Holidays

We find ourselves face to face with the every-day problems of life. One of these is to get the best value that money will buy in the staple articles of the home.

It is to our interest as well as to yours that we should make it to your advantage to spend your money at Enderby's old reliable Trading Company.

In woolen goods, felt footwear, neck scarfs, shawls, furs and muffs, heavy clothing, fur coats and caps, gauntlets and mits—in short, anything to keep you warm and healthy, we are especially well prepared to give you good service and the best value money can buy.

Come in and let us show you

Headquarters for Staple Groceries

Always pure and high-class. Try a tin of our Canadian Maple Syrup—Guaranteed Pure and Choice.

Our Canned Goods cannot be excelled. The choicest brands and fresh goods all the time.

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Undivided Profits, $699,969.88

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JAMES MOWAT

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THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO., CHICAGO, ILL. or— H. M. WALKER, Local Agent, Enderby

GENUINE BARGAINS

THE LAST DAY OF HARDWARE BARGAINS. I have one of the largest and most complete stocks of TIN and GRANITEWARE that you could expect to find in any Hardware Store, and I will sell you anything in this line at 75 cents on the dollar until January 1st. Heating Stoves, Cook Stoves, Steel Ranges at 90 cents on the dollar. ALL ARE BRAND NEW GOODS, bought direct from the largest and most reliable manufacturers in Canada—THE M'CLARY MANUFACTURING CO.,—and therefore at the lowest possible cost. Do not miss this opportunity to make the work in the kitchen a pleasure and not a drudgery.

We have a fine line of Skates, Cutlery and razors,—in fact, anything you could possibly wish to find in an up-to-date Hardware Store. We shall be pleased to have you call and inspect the goods. This puts you under no obligation to buy.

A. FULTON, Hardware, Tin & Plumbing Establishment, Enderby, B. C.

183

DOGOLOGY AS IT IS

The dog poisoner is a damnable brute, no matter what his creed or the fervor of his amen. Just now Enderby is having a taste of him. He is a rare specimen of a tribe of savages almost extinct. The Siwash is a prince beside him, and the ghoul a thing of honor. Now everybody will admit that dogs have some virtues and some faults which men do not possess. But the worst mange cur you ever saw is a white angel along side of the brute who packs a doctored beeksteak about to hand to a hungry dog. The average canine is a most industrious digger of holes in the summer time, and a pest about the stove in winter. The theory is that he is going to lie down in the hole he digs, but he does no such thing. He goes and lies down in the middle of the sidewalk, where people will have to step over him. In the winter you think he will just get warm, and then move on, but he doesn't; he stays. He never will get out of anybody's way. He even lies down in the middle of the street and tries to make carts, wagons and automobiles avoid him. Somebody has said that the average dog does not enjoy as large a vocabulary as the powdered puff or skigums dog. A phrase like "Does ums want ums itty bass?" would scare him to death. His advantages have not been such as to acquaint him with such hifalutin talk, but he does know a few simple phrase like "Get to blazes out of here, you dimmed pest!" He understands that perfectly; so give him a chance till the robins come.

THE BONNIE BRIAR BUSH

It will be great news indeed to all of us to learn that the Bonnie Briar Bush will be given here on January 7th. Mr. C. P. Walker has kindly cancelled one of his regular star course performances in order to send this sweet play. This Scotch comedy drama, which so well combines several of Ian McLaren's best known stories of life in Drumtochty, is sure to please all theatre-goers, especially our Scotch populace, as it is full of the atmosphere of the thistle, the heather, and "Dear Auld Scotland." The play is wonderfully true to life in its delineation of Scotch character, such characters as may even now be found in country towns in Scotland where the Calvinistic doctrines of redemption and damnation are lived up to so closely that domestic ties are apt to become sacrificed on what the "unco guid" consider the altar of religious duty.

In Iachlan Campbell is shown one whose heart is overflowing with tender love for his motherless daughter, yet he, in a moment of what he deems righteous wrath, drives her from his home, and, struggling against his fatherly affection, tries to make himself believe that his act was that of a just and God-fearing man. He is transformed from an ascetic and literal believer in the Calvinistic interpretation of the scriptures to one who, after all, sees some good in the Golden Rule. All this is very beautifully brought out in the play. The comedy element in the piece is strong and persistent. Its chief exponent is Postie, whose droll philosophy and witticisms are an excellent foil for the more serious portions of the play.

EXCELLENT POULTRY SHOW

Those who attended the Enderby poultry show bring back reports of a splendid display of birds, and keen competition.

There were about 400 birds on show and the judge, H. H. Collier, of Tacoma, expressed his surprise at the high standard already attained by the poultry breeders of the Okanagan Valley. Of the three exhibitors from Summerland, H. Bristow won a first and a second with his Silver Spangled Hamburgs; C. N. Borten's Single Comb White Leghorn cock won a first prize.

Some of the birds on exhibition were first-prize winners at the Yukon-Alaska-Pacific and were recently imported by the owners who paid very fancy prices for them. Mr. M. A. Jull, the provincial poultry inspector who recently visited Summerland was at the show and was greatly delighted with the class of birds exhibited.—Summerland Review.

OKANAGAN FRUIT IN DEMAND

A letter from a San Francisco wholesale house to E. E. Samson, Manager of the Okanagan Fruit Union, and recently published in the Vernon News, says:

"Now that the season is over and the last of the apples have gone to Australia, we think it only fair to write you, expressing our appreciation of your excellent pack. We consider your pack the best that has yet gone down to Sydney, and while you continue to treat us in the manner you have done this season we shall continue to buy your fruit; and we are prepared in future seasons to take as many of the sorts and sizes as are suitable for our market as you can supply."

"MAC" MAKING GOOD

The many friends of Schoolmaster McDonald and Mrs. Harlow will be delighted to learn of their success at Ashcroft. A despatch in the Vancouver Province says: All the school trustees and a number of the parents were present at the closing exercises in connection with the Ashcroft public school. Splendid progress is being made in studies, and a marked improvement is visible in deportment under the direction of Mr. H. MacDonald, principal, and Mrs. Harlow, assistant. Rev. T. H. Wright was called upon, and congratulated the teachers and pupils on their good work during the term. He was glad that love for the flag was being cultivated and trusted there would always be loyalty to the King and loyalty to the teachers in their work

CITY OF ENDERBY

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Enderby that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Office, Enderby, B. C., on Monday, the Tenth day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows: The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of this notice and 2 p. m. of the day of nomination. In the event of a poll being necessary, such poll shall be opened on Thursday, the Thirteenth day of January, 1910, at the City Office, Enderby ,of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected as Mayor are: That such person is a male British subject of the full age of twenty-one years; is not disqualified under any law, and has been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of the assessed value, on the last municipal assessment roll, of one thousand dollars, or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise duly qualified as a municipal voter.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected as an Alderman are: That such person is a male British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, is not disqualified under any law, and has been for six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office of land or real property in the city of assessed value on the last municipal assessment roll, of five hundred dollars, or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise duly qualified as a municipal voter.

Given under my hand at Enderby, B. C., this 30th day of December,1909

GRAHAM ROSOMAN,
Returning Officer.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF ENDERBY.

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the School District of Enderby, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Office. Enderby, B. C., on Monday, the Tenth day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing two persons to represent them as Trustees on the Board of School Trustees of Enderby, in the place of Mr. S. Teece and Mr. A. E. Taylor, whose terms have expired.

The mode of nomination shall be as follows: The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the School District as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of this notice and 2 p. m. of the day of nomination. In the event of a poll being necessary such poll shall be opened on Thursday, the Thirteenth Day of January, 1910, at the City Office, Enderby, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected as Trustee are: That such person is a householder in the School District, and a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, and is otherwise qualified under "The Public Schools Act, 1905," and amending Acts to vote at an election of School Trustees in the said District.

Given under my hand at Enderby, B. C., this 30th day of December,1909

GRAHAM ROSOMAN,
Returning Officer.

NOTICE

Spallumcheen Farmer's Institute.

The General Annual Meeting of the above will be held in the old I.O.F. hall, Armstrong, on Wednesday, the 5th of January, 1910, at 2 o'clock p. m., to receive President's report and the financial statement. Election of Officers for 1910, etc.

W. P. HORSLEY, President
JOHN B. BIRD, Secretary.

HOOT MON, HOOT!

Tell your frien's

The Bonnie Briar Bush is comin'

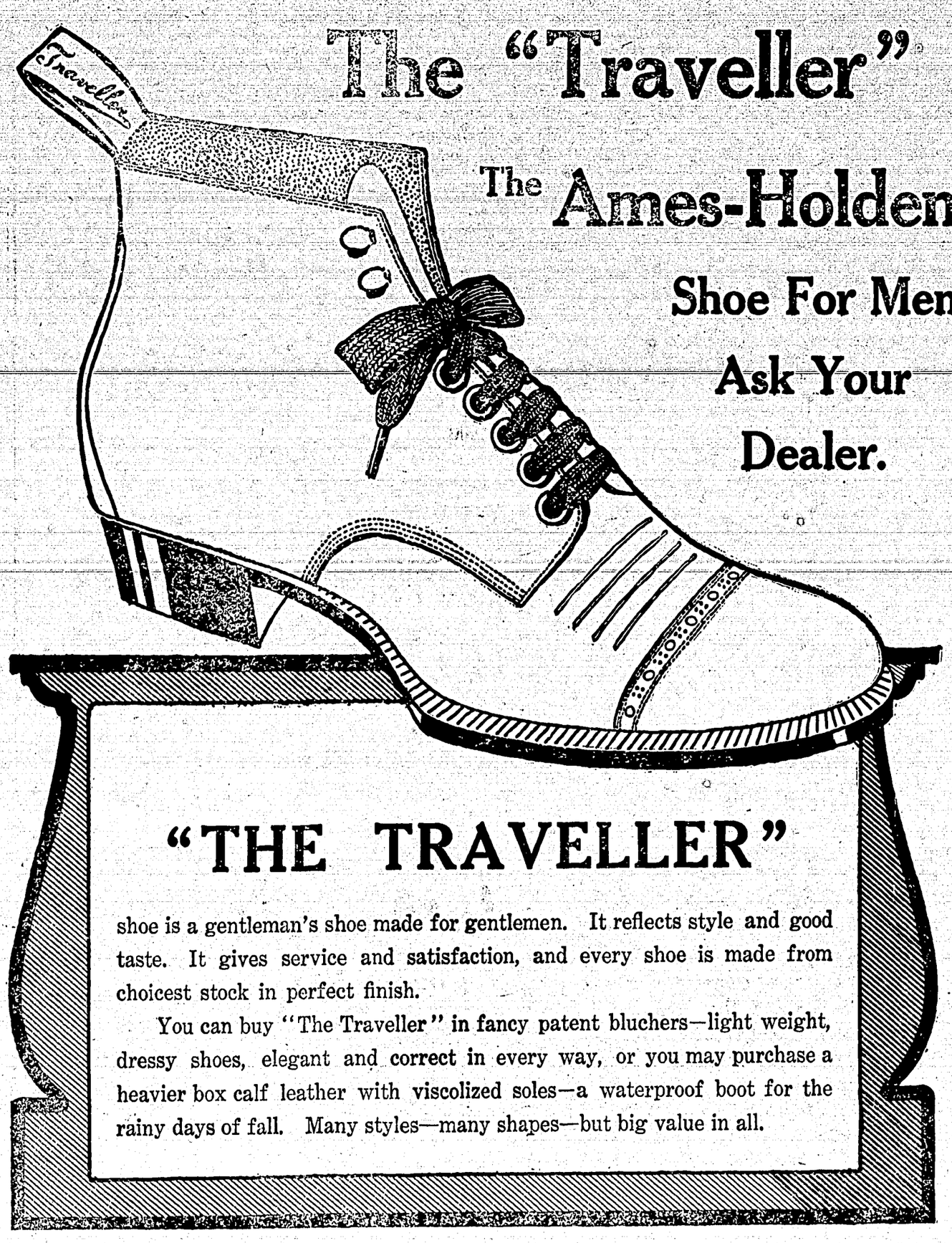
This Purest of Scotch Plays by Ian MacLaren (the Rev. John Watson, D. D.) will be played in

K. P. Hall, Enderby, Jan. 7th, 1910

A complete new production (adapted to any stage), a company of TWENTY, including a Scottish quartette, Scottish dancers, and oh, I almos' forgot, we have SANDY McPHERSON, the Piper

IT APPEARS THAT IAN M'LAREN'S STORY OF THE BONNIE BRIAR BUSH AS DRAMATISED BY JAS. MACARTHUR WILL NEVER GROW OLD. ITS SUCCESS HAS BEEN AND IS STILL PHENOMENAL, BUT IT NEVERTHELESS IS NOT A SUCCESS THAT CANNOT BE ACCOUNTED FOR. OF ALL THE GOOD PLAYS THAT HAVE GRACED THE STAGE, THE BONNIE BRIAR BUSH IS ONE OF THE BEST AND PUREST. IT IS A STORY OF HUMAN INTEREST UNFOLDING A LIFE'S CHAPTER IN THE SIMPLE SCOTTISH GLEN, SO TRUE TO NATURE AND LIFE AS TO APPEAL WITH IRRESISTIBLE FORCE TO THE AUDIENCE. IT IS A COMEDY-DRAMA WHICH LIKE GOOD WINE IMPROVES WITH AGE. IT IS FRAGRANT WITH THE HEATHER OF "BONNIE SCOTLAND," AND IS ENLIVENED WITH POINTED YET HARMLESS SCOTTISH WIT.

This is one of the sweetest plays ever put upon the stage. It has been procured for Enderby by Mr. C. P. Walker, who has already favored us with the best things ever seen here. Seats are on sale, or will be directly after Christmas, at A. REEVES' Drug Store. Get your seats early, as there is sure to be a big demand.



The "Traveller"

The Ames-Holden

Shoe For Men

Ask Your Dealer.

"THE TRAVELLER"

shoe is a gentleman's shoe made for gentlemen. It reflects style and good taste. It gives service and satisfaction, and every shoe is made from choicest stock in perfect finish.

You can buy "The Traveller" in fancy patent bluchers—light weight, dressy shoes, elegant and correct in every way, or you may purchase a heavier box calf leather with viscolized soles—a waterproof boot for the rainy days of fall. Many styles—many shapes—but big value in all.

L. S. GRAY
VERNON GREENHOUSES
VERNON, B. C.

Headquarters for
Cut Flowers
For the Interior.

CARNATIONS
AND CHRYSANTHEMUMS
A SPECIALTY.

Prompt attention given to orders for Funeral Emblems, Etc.
Prices Moderate.

PROFESSIONAL

DR. H. W. KEITH,
Office hours: Forenoon, 11 to 12
Afternoon, 4 to 5
Evening, 7 to 8
Sunday, by appointment
Office: Cor. Cliff and George Sts. ENDERBY

R. LINGFORD,
PHOTOGRAPHER
Studio at Salmon Arm. Will visit Enderby first week in every month. Photos on exhibition at Mrs. Pound's Restaurant.

W. E. BANTON,
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public, Conveyancer,
etc.
Offices, Bell Block, Enderby, B.C.

THE OKANAGAN MERCANTILE AGENCY
ENDERBY, B. C.
Debt Collection Everywhere on straight commission basis. Bad debts bought for CASH
W. A. DOBSON, Manager

SECRET SOCIETIES

A.F.&A.M.
Enderby Lodge No. 40
Regular meetings first Thursday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Oddfellows Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. F. PRINGLE, W. M. V. C. BRIMACOMBE, Secretary

I. O. O. F.
Eureka Lodge, No. 50
Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, in I. O. O. F. hall, Metcalf block. Visiting brothers always welcome. H. N. Hendrickson, N. G., A. Reeves, Sec'y, J. B. Gaylord, P. G., Treas.

ENDERBY LODGE
No. 35, K. of P.
Meets every Monday evening in K. of P. Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.
JAS. MARTIN, C.C.
C. E. STRICKLAND, K.R.S.
R. J. COLTART, M.F.
K. of P. Hall is the only hall in Enderby suitable for public entertainments. For rates, etc., apply to— R. F. JOHNSTONE, M. E., Enderby

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Jas. Evans and E. J. Mack, under the firm name of Evans & Mack, Liverymen, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, E. J. Mack having taken over the interest of Jas. Evans and will continue the business. All bills owed by the firm of Evans & Mack (if any) will be paid by Jas. Evans, and all accounts owing the firm must be paid to Jas. Evans on or before December 31st, 1909.

JAMES EVANS,
E. J. MACK,
Enderby, B. C., Dec. 9th, 1909.

NICOLA COAL

Orders taken for delivery at Enderby. Superior domestic coal; economical, and gives absolute satisfaction.
JAMES MOWAT, Agent.

SPIRIT OF OLD ENGLAND

SEEN IN THE GREAT BATTLESHIP INFLEXIBLE.

American Writer Calls it the Greatest Fighting Engine in the World.

Writing in the New York American John Temple Groves says:—

After all, the surpassing spectacle of the Hudson-Fulton Centennial was the battleships that lay at anchor on the bosom of the great river which bears the discoverer's name.

Other pageants were passing and set for a day. But the battleships of the nations lay there motionless and still for a fortnight, the observed of all observers and the cynosure of the millions who came to see.

GREATEST IN WORLD.

Pre-eminent among the battleships was the Inflexible, of the British Navy, described and admired as the greatest fighting engine in the world. I trust that every American citizen who was able to do so want to see the battleship Inflexible. I am sorry for those who failed to see this wonderful engine of war, and I am quite confident that any thoughtful man who enjoyed this opportunity must have come home admiring and reflective upon this surpassing pre-eminent and significant spectacle of the greatest celebration the world has ever known.

The pride of the English Navy is second to the new Dreadnought just launched upon the Clyde, but not yet in service, and so the flagship of Admiral Seymour holds for the time its title as the greatest battleship in the world.

GAVE HIM A THRILL.

I have not yet recovered from the thrill and respect with which I left the decks of this great iron monster of destruction. England is beyond question the greatest naval power in the world, and this, the greatest expression of its naval power and supremacy, should necessarily have been of tremendous interest to Americans, who possess what Admiral Seymour declares to be the second naval power of the earth.

SPIRIT OF ENGLAND.

The spirit of England is in the battleship Inflexible. One feels it as he treads its finished decks or observes the power and solidity of its machinery. One does not wonder at the influence which the English Government has so long exercised upon the world when he studies at close quarters this organized and thoroughly business engine of destruction. The thoroughness of England is in its machinery, in its iron power, in its remorseless effectiveness, in the careful and painstaking skill with which its turrets revolve at almost a child's touch, and in the tremendous guns which carry hurtling death across the seas. Spick and span from conning tower to the sailors' bunks, conserving every inch of space to the purpose of its creation, equipped to the last limit of modern perfection in its guns and machinery, scorning all narrow parsimony in perfecting the vast mission which it was set to perform, officered by trained, disciplined and dauntless men, with everything in order and system from the taut lines that carry the Admiral's flag at the masthead to the trenches of death in which the blood of the wounded was to be borne to the seas, this monster of battle—bloody yet beneficent, beautiful and baneful—stands as the type and the expression of the policy which has made the tight little isle for hundreds of years the mistress of the Seven Seas.

COMPELLING BENEFICENCE.

There are better thoughts around the Inflexible than the suggestions of carnage and of war written in its sombre cannon and its rattling guns. The battleship Inflexible is not only the engine through which England makes war upon its enemies and defends itself from its foes, but it is just as much the compelling beneficence by which it keeps the peace of its own little island and of the world.

MODEL FOR AMERICA.

We American people have just as much or more need than England for a mighty navy to maintain the supremacy of our prestige and our commerce upon the seas. We need just as much as England the strong defence which results in unequalled guns. We require just as thoroughly the bulwark of steel-plated hulls and battle-armored decks in protecting the splendid isolation which separates us in distance and in interest from the nations. But we need most of all as a great peace-loving and peace-conserving Republic the silent yet omnipotent power which great guns and armored hulls make for peace in this land of the free.

WHO MADE ENGLAND GREAT?

The power that has made little England great among the nations is the power that will make this Republic greater among the nations. If England's small territory, swept by channels and seas, has ben able for centuries to hold its own in commerce and in war against the mighty world, what might we expect of this great Republic, magnificent in territory, incomparable in riches and lacking only this essential equipment for the wonder and admiration of the world?

VITAL LESSON.

The vital lesson of this great centenial has been lost upon the American people if the sight of this greatest of England's battleships has not preached, day by day, through the ear and eye of this great metropolis, to the eye and ear of the country, the wisdom, the vigor and the necessity of England's policy upon the sea.

We are the richest country in all the world. We are better able by far than England to own the greatest navy in the world. And if America did own the greatest navy of the world, then America, and not England, nor any other nation, would be the master-power of the world and the irresistible conservator of peace among the nations.

CANNIBALS IN NIGERIA.

Inhabitants Found to be of the Lowest Type.

An interesting account of the pagan tribes brought under British administration by a recent military patrol in the remote parts of the Nigerian Province of Muri, on the Upper Benue, has been received at London. In many cases the villages visited had never before been seen by a white man.

The relations between the Government and the Wurkum people—the tribe chiefly concerned — had never been friendly, and the three expeditions previously sent against them having had no satisfactory result, a fresh force was sent into the country in consequence of attacks upon traders, and also for the purpose of finally bringing the Wurkum under control.

The people are described as being of the lowest type, every village being cannibal. Worship consists of the worst form of fetish. In most cases the entire population is naked.

The force started from Gateri, on the borders of the Bauchi and Muri Provinces, some thirty miles north of the Benue, and marched in a southeast direction over entirely new country, of which nothing was known except the extremely bad character of the people. The first places visited are described as "shocking," the inhabitants being among the lowest.

A large meeting of the people was called, and it was decided not to agree to the terms proposed by the British as punishment for the killing and eating of seven men. On the expiration of twenty-four hours' grace the force marched into the town, which was cleared after considerable opposition. Two counter attacks were beaten off. The pagans lost forty killed and and twenty wounded.

As a result of the patrol the pagan region in question will be effectively administered.

WHERE BEGGARS ORGANIZE.

Recently a novel meeting was held at Marseilles, France, when the beggars and street singers got together and formed an organization for the protection of their interests and to resist the encroachments of pretenders. A regular organization was effected, with constitution and by-laws. Limitations were placed upon membership. Headquarters will be established in Paris, and two one-legged men have been sent out through the country to warn the public against imposters.

QUANTITY NEEDED.

"My wife has put up sixty-four quarts of chili sauce."

"Isn't that too much for one family?"

"For one family, yes. But, of course, my wife has to supply all the neighbors with samples."

UNCLE EZRA SAYS:

"Tendin' to your own buzniz gives the other fellers a chance to do better."

GENTLE ART OF POISINING

SOME NOTORIOUS CRIMINALS OF OUR DAY.

Modern Law Breakers Could Give Shakespeare Some Valuable Pointers.

Shakespeare is missing a great deal by being dead. Especially in criminology. What wonderful tragedies he might have constructed out of twentieth century material!

Most of the things he missed were lacking because of the ignorance of his epoch. Dr. Cartas, over in France, has proved it in the course of a long and learned article in a scientific magazine.

GENTLE ART OF POISONING.

What, in point of cold fact, the ignorant dramatist of Shakespeare's epoch needed was a correspondence course on poisons from some of the notorious criminals of our day.

In the penitentiary in California is Mrs. Cordelia Botkin, who, from the evidence adduced at the trial which convicted her of the murder of Mrs. John P. Dunning, of Dover, Del., was the originator of the gentle are of poisoning by mail.

DEATH IN CANDY BOX.

Desperately in love with Mr. Dunning's husband, of whom she became enamored after his wife returned to her old home in the east because of illness, Mrs. Botkin impregnated a pound of candy with arsenic, laid a pretty, new lace handkerchief on top of the candy as a delicate and suspicion-disarming attention, signed "Mrs. C.," to a note that read, "With love to yourself and baby," and quietly dropped the fatal gift in a package mail box at Stockton, Cal., nearly a dozen yars ago.

Her rival, with a sister to whom she gave some of the candy, died within a few hours after eating the deadly sweets in her Delaware home.

USUAL BLUNDER.

There was no evidence, no chance of detection—except one such a woman never thought of. The husband hastened from Cuba, identified the handwriting and gave the clue which resulted in the artful poisoner's imprisonment for life.

But the infamous Mrs. Botkin was a bungling amateur in comparison with the fiend of modern poisoners, Jane Toppen—her real name Norah Kelly—the New England nurse who must remain forever the appalling stigma of her merciful vocation.

MODERN BORGIA.

Jane Toppen used her position as nurse to poison, all told, thirty-one victims, neither innocent youth nor helpless age being immune from her fiendish malignity.

She was congenitally devoid of the quality of human sympathy, and she poisoned for the pleasure of seeing her patients die. Her father and mother were both drunkards; the daughter, cursed before her birth, lived to be one of the most fearful curses humanity has known.

POETIC JUSTICE.

Madness followed her incarceration, madness of the most horrible kind, for her delusion was that she was pursued by her victims, all trying to poison her by means of the varied repertoire of foods and injections she herself had used to destroy them.

These are cases in which the identity of the poisoners has been ultimately discovered. But the death of Dr. William H. Wilson, of Philadelphia, who drank a bottle of ale sent him by express a year or so ago, is an example of the poisonings which are never solved.

COWARDLY MURDERS.

Whoever placed poison in the bottle of ale and deliberately sent it to the physician covered his or her tracks with such skill that the shrewdest detectives were baffled, and another mystery was added to the growing list of most cowardly murders. The killing of Mrs. Katherine Adams, of New York, who drank poison in a bottle of headache medicine, is well remembered by the majority of persons. Roland B. Molineaux was tried on this charge and acquitted.

Within four years, according to an itemized list compiled some time back, no fewer than fifty devilishly ingenious, fatal poisonings have taken place in the United States alone, and these by ways and means so unsuspected—from fresh, blooming roses to oysters in the shell—that the victims inbibed their toxins without the least idea of anything to menace them.

Beside such a record the more than primitive toxicology of Shakespeare and his times seems crude, indeed.

HERO OF INDIAN MUTINY.

Telegraph Operator Who Bravely Stuck to His Key.

The courage of a soldier can be exhibited in other places than the battlefield, as all know, or ought to know. Few soldiers have stuck to their post of duty in a better spirit than the telegraph operator in the following story:

He died not long since, an old man, in Calcutta, with the grand recollection that he had performed a deed which contributed greatly to save the Indian empire in the stressful days of the Mutiny.

At that time (1857) he was a mere lad, employed as an assistant in the telegraph service. His name was W. Brendish, and he sent, at the risk of his life, a dispatch from Delhi to Umballa, which bore the first news of the outbreak. This message, forthwith repeated to every town which could be reached proved of priceless value. Colonel Edward Vibart, in his "Sepoy Mutiny," tells the story of how, to quote the judicial commissioner of the Punjab, "the electric telegraph saved India."

It was the custom to close the telegraph offices on Sunday between the hours of 9 and 4 o'clock. On May 10, 1857, as the operator at Delhi was about to close his station he received a message from the Meerut office announcing an uprising in that section. At 4 o'clock, when the office was reopened, connections with Meerut were found to be interrupted.

On discovering the break in the connections, the chief sent the two lads to test the cable across the river. They found they could signal to Delhi, but not to Meerut and reported the fact on their return. It was too late to do anything that night, but the next morning, Mr. Todd, the chief, went out himself to investigate the line. He never returned, and, although his fate is unknown, there is little doubt that he was murdered.

The office was thus left in charge of the two lads. Signs of trouble began to be evident close at hand. Brendish, stopping from the door, met a wounded officer, who cried out to him, "For God's sake get inside and close your doors!"

The revolt crept closer and closer. The boys felt that their lives were in danger; soon they became sure of it. But before they fled to a place of comparative safety they waited to send out to the Indian world the news of the revolt. Brendish ticked out the message which leads Sir Edward to say:

"Look at the courage and sense of that little boy! With shot falling all around him, he stayed to manipulate the message that was the means of saving Punjab."

It is satisfactory to know that the government rewarded Brendish for his services by giving him a life pension.

MONKEY AS AUTHOR'S PET.

Quick Disposition of Manuscript—Displaying Orders.

A Paris contemporary, dealing with the love of great men for animals, gives an amusing account of Chateaubriand and his monkey. When he was engaged in preparing Fontane's works for the press, on returning one day he was met by the monkey.

"Ah, you rogue," said Chateaubriand, "your shamefaced look tells of mischief." The monkey was chained up, but as things did not appear much disturbed Chateaubriand thought no more of the matter until it was time to resume work. Fontane's manuscripts were not to be found.

At last Chateaubriand looked into the waste paper basket, and there were the manuscripts. The monkey had watched his master, and as he had seen him fold a sheet of paper and tear it into four, so he had dealt with Fontane's writings. With much labor they were pieced together and afterward published.

Chateubriand thought it advisable to see what else the monkey had done. His orders had disappeared from a drawer which was always kept closed. The servants searched everywhere for them, but they were not to be found. Nearly a week elapsed before they were traced, and then a domestic noticed that the monkey had suspended them to the cornice in a quasi symmetrical way.

The monkey was given his conge, and Chateaubriand replaced him by a cat, which was allowed a place on his master's writing table, and great was the pleasure he derived in playing with puss.—London Globe.

THE HORSE'S EXTINCTION

CRISIS IS APPROACHING IN ENGLAND.

Due to the Adoption of the Motor Both for Business and Pleasure.

In five years' from now there will scarcely be a single horse left in England except the few animals which are kept for pleasure and the small tradesman's horse, says Pearson's Weekly.

The 'bus horse and the cab horse are growing scarcer, not every year but every month and every week, and in a very short time they will be practically extinct.

The extinction of the horse is due to the general adoption of the motor both for business and pleasure. Since the introduction of the motor-'bus and the electric tram the big omnibus companies have taken thousands of horses off the road, and they are getting rid of others in large quantities almost every day. All the provincial horse-'bus companies are doing the same, and since the introduction of taxi-cabs the proprietors of hansoms and four-wheelers are following suit. In two or three years' time the only remaining hansom cab will be in a museum.

It is quite useless for horse-'buses to attempt to continue on the road except on a few cross routes which are unfitted for motor traffic.

SERIOUS PROBLEM.

The extinction of the horse is a very serious problem from the military point of view, and what we should do in the event of another big war it is impossible to say. In the South African War we had the horse-markets of the world to draw upon, but experts declare that we should never be able to do so in a big war again.

A War-Office statement reveals the fact that in the first year of a big war no fewer than 332,000 horses would be required, of which 180,000 would be riding horses. But at the present time there are only about 150,000 horses in the country suitable for cavalry purposes, and the birth-rate is declining in an alarming manner.

If war was declared at the present time we could not attempt to mobilize the Regulars and the Territorials, because we have not the horses to mount the men and convey the transport.

At the present time many of our Army horses are being used three times over. That is to say, that horses belonging to 'bus companies and job-masters which are now registered by the War Office to be called up for service with the Regulars on mobilization are also being used by the Yeomanry for their riding schools and their camps, and to a considerable extent by the infantry Territorials as well.

THE SAME HORSE

will very often attend camp with three different regiments in one year!

Every day suitable horses grow more impossible to obtain. As the demand for them for business and pleasure declines, so farmers cease to breed them, and in addition all the best mares in the country of a suitable type were sent out to the war in South Africa, few of them returning, and we are therefore breeding from inferior stock.

There is only one small gleam of satisfaction to the "horsy" man in the universal adoption of motor traction, and that is, strange to say, that it has given a tremendous filip to horse riding for pleasure. Possible this may also be partly accounted for by the fact that large numbers of men who had never previously been astride a horse learnt to ride during the war, but it is also largely due to the fact that, with the adoption of the motor, people of means get far less exercise in other ways than they did formerly.

The consequence is that there has been a big "boom" in horse riding for pleasure, not only amongst those who can afford to keep a horse of their own, but amongst others who can only afford to hire a mount for a Saturday or Sunday afternoon's ride.

What a grand old world this would be to live in if opportunity knocked at a man's door as often as the bill collector.

An aristocratic papa, on being requested by a rich and vulgar young fellow for permission to marry "one of his girls," gave this rather crushing reply:—"Certainly; which would you prefer, the nursemaid or the cook?"

WHAT NEGLECT DID FOR HIM

JAS. E. BRANT SUFFERED TORMENTS FROM KIDNEY DISEASES.

Then He Used Dodd's Kidney Pills and Became a Well Man—His Experience a Lesson for You.

Athabasca Landing, Alta., Oct. 25 (Special).—That Kidney Disease neglected in its earlier stages, leads to the most terrible suffering, if not death itself, and that the one sure cure for it in all stages is Dodd's Kidney Pills, is the experience of Mr. James E. Brant, a farmer residing near here.

Mr. Brant contracted Kidney Disease, when a young man, from a strain, and, like hosts of others, neglected it, expecting it to go away itself.

But it kept gradually growing worse, till after thirty years of increasing suffering the climax came, and he found himself so crippled that at times he could not turn in bed, and for two weeks at a time it was impossible for him to rise from a chair without putting his hands on his knees.

He could not button his clothes. He was troubled with Lumbago, Gravel and Backache, and tried medicines for each and all of them without getting relief, till good luck turned him to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Dodd's Kidney Pills started at the cause of his troubles and cured his Kidneys. With cured Kidneys his other troubles speedily disappeared, and to-day he is a well man.

If you cure your Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills you will never have Lumbago, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Dropsy or Bright's Disease.

YES.

Little Fred—"Are you a lawyer like papa?"

Dr. Smith—"Oh, no; I'm a physician."

Little Fred—"Then you are the man who goes to see sick people before they die."

It is an Officer of the Law of Health.—When called in to attend a disturbance it searches out the hiding-place of pain, and like a guardian of the peace, lays hands upon it and says, "I arrest you." Resistance is useless, as the law of health imposes a sentence of perpetual banishment on pain, and Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was originated to enforce that sentence.

A middle-aged woman once told us that her husband had never spoken a cross word to her. Later we discovered that she'd never had a husband.

Mrs. Robert E. Peary, more than nine years ago, favorably commented on Murine Eye Remedy after its application in her Family for Eye Troubles resulting from Measles and Scarlet Fever, and later recommended to the famous Explorer, the Man who now returns home as the Discoverer of the North Pole. Cold, Cutting Winds and Dust cause Red, Weak, Watery Eyes—Murine Eye Remedy affords Reliable Relief. Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago., for Illustrated Eye Books. Murine, 50c., by Mail from All Druggists.

Mrs. Gabbsby—"My! I was at the dentist's this afternoon, and he made me keep my mouth open a whole hour. It nearly killed me." Mrs. Stillwater—"Yes, but it might have been worse. If he had made you keep your mouth shut for half that time it would have killed you without a doubt."

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

The Collector (endeavoring to raise funds for a widow and orphans—"Now, Mr. Flanaghan, can I put you down for a small subscription?" Flanaghan (a very hard case)—"Shure, it's a very laudable object, and ye can put me down for a dollar, and Heaven knows I'd give ye the money if I had it."

Send for free sample to Dept. W. L., National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

QUALIFYNG FOR THE ARMY.

Nephew of Gen. Gordon Tells of His Experience.

In his "Memoirs of Eighty Years," Dr. Gordon Hake, who was a nephew of Gen. Charles Gordon, tells how he won the approbation of his uncle, later celebrated as the hero of Khartum. It was by a boyish feat which he learned in his school-days. Most boys feel a vaulting ambition at that age, but too few of them in later years fulfil its aims.

I may mention here, in taking leave of my boyhood, that there was a bath at Islington called Peerless Pool, to which in summer the boys of the school were sent to bathe.

It was a large mass of water, oblong in shape, with a wide promenade. There we would spend a whole afternoon, sent there by the authorities when the half-holiday was at hand.

There, to excite the wonder and applause of the other boys, I punished myself by taking the longest run to the water's edge that was obtainable within the enclosure, and by leaping somersault-fashion into the air to a great height and reaching the water in a seated posture.

In doing this I inflicted on myself a punishment equal to that of being flogged.

Being somewhat sheepish at the age of fifteen, I did not stand very high in the estimation of my uncle, General Gordon, while staying with him at Woolwich; but one day he took me down to the Thames to bathe.

There was a platform, probably for the soldiers to jump from into the water. This afforded me a long run, and I resolved on performing my feat.

My uncle was perfectly amazed at it, and often alluded to it with surprise in later years. After this display of my pluck, he was much in favor of my going into the army.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE DEAF.

A celebrated New York Aurist has been selected to demonstrate to deaf people that deafness is a disease and can be rapidly and easily cured in your own home.

He proposes to prove this fact by sending to any person having trouble with their ears a trial treatment of this new method absolutely free. We advise all people who have trouble with their ears to immediately address Dr. Edward Gardener, Suite 914, No. 40 West Thirty-third street, New York City, and we wish to assure them that they will receive by return mail, absolutely free, a "Trial Treatment."

NOT LOST AGAIN.

Mamma—"Oh John! John! What shall we do? Baby has swallowed its rattle!"

Papa—"Do? Nothing; now he'll have it with him all the time, and we won't have to be forever hunting it up when he cries."

The Beauty of a Clear Skin.—The condition of the liver regulates the condition of the blood. A disordered liver causes impurities in the blood and these show themselves in blemishes on the skin. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in acting upon the liver act upon the blood and a clear, healthy skin will follow intelligent use of this standard medicine. Ladies, who will fully appreciate this prime quality of these pills, can use them with the certainty that the effect be most gratifying.

"Humble as I am," said a loud-voiced orator at a meeting, "I still remember that I am a fraction of this magnificent empire." "You are, indeed," said a bystander, "and a vulgar one at that."

Wilson's Fly Pads, the best of all fly killers, kill both the flies and the disease germs.

YOUTH PLUS EXPERIENCE

The somewhat elderly but still handsome and well-preserved bachelor had long been an admirer of the young lady, but never had dared to tell her so.

At last, however, he mustered courage to say:

"Miss Jessie, I wish I were twenty years younger."

"Why so?" she asked.

"Because then I should be bold enough perhaps to ask you to marry me."

With a charming smile she shook her head.

"I should have to tell you no, Mr. Baxter," she said. "If you were twenty years younger you would be a great deal too young for me."

He took the hint—and a little while later the young lady, too.

WHY SUFFER FROM PILES?

Nature's Remedy is Zam-Buk.

Impressive Cures of Women Sufferers.

Wherever there is suffering from piles, Zam-Buk should be applied! There are lots of reasons for this, but one of the best is that in practically all cases of piles where the use of Zam-Buk is persevered with, complete cure—not merely relief—is the result.

Mrs. Wm. Hughes, of 253, Hochelaga Street, Hochelaga, Montreal, says:—"I suffered from blind, itching, and protruding piles for years. Sometimes they were so bad that I could hardly bear to move about. The inflammation, the burning smarting pain, the throbbing, the aching, the overpowering feelings of dullness and dark despair which this ailment brings, the shooting spasms of agony—all were so terrible that only sufferers from this awful ailment can understand!"

Bad as this case was, Zam-Buk triumphed, and Mrs. Hughes suffers no longer. It only needed a little perseverance with Zam-Buk, and in the end complete cure resulted.

Mrs. E. Boxall, of Scott Street, St. Thomas, says:—"For months without cessation I endured great pain from bleeding piles. For as many months I tried everything which I thought would give me ease, but in the end, dispirited and still suffering, I gave in."

Then it was she heard of Zam-Buk, and she adds:—"Although I feared Zam-Buk would be like the ordinary remedies—useless—I am glad it was not. It soon proved itself to be very different. It rapidly gave me relief, and after a time cured me completely. I would like to let all sufferers from piles know what a grand thing Zam-Buk is."

Mr. F. Astridge, 3, St. Paul Street, St. Catherine's, says:—"For five years I suffered untold agony from piles. At times the pain was so bad I could have screamed aloud. On a friend's advice I tried a box of Zam-Buk. It gave me considerable ease, and I persevered with the treatment until I was cured. I wish I could convince every sufferer from piles of the value of this great herbal balm."

So one could go on quoting case after case, and it is by working such cures that Zam-Buk has earned for itself its great reputation.

Now if you suffer from this terribly painful ailment just be guided by the foregoing cases!

For internal piles melt a little Zam-Buk and thoroughly soak a wad, made of clean but old linen. Then apply to the part. If the piles are external, application of Zam-Buk is still more simple. Do it upon retiring. Next morning you will be well satisfied!

Zam-Buk is a cure also for cold-sores, and chapped cracked hands, ulcers, festering sores, blood-poisoning, eczema, bad leg, ringworm, scalp sores, burns, scalds, and all skin diseases and injuries.

All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c. a box, or may be obtained post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price; 3 boxes for $1.25. You are warned, however, against cheap and dangerous imitations sometimes offered as being "just as good."

JUST SO.

"If possession be nine points of the law," queried the professor, "what is the tenth?"

"Hanging on to the nine with the tenacity of a bulldog," answered the bright law student.

Do not let a cold settle on your lungs. Resort to Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup at the first intimation of irritation in the throat and prevent disease from lodging in the pulmonary organs. Neglected colds are the cause of untold suffering throughout the country, all of which could have been prevented by the application of this simple but powerful medicine. The price, 25 cents, brings it within the reach of all.

We are apt to look upon candid friends as enemies.

Trouble never tries to dodge people who are looking for it.

Don't experiment with unsatisfactory substitutes. Wilson's Fly Pads kill many times more house flies than any other known article.

Tom—"I wish that I had Joe's good luck." Dick—"So he's generally lucky?" Tom—"Lucky! If he walked out of the window in his sleep at dead of night there would be another man going below carrying a feather bed."

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

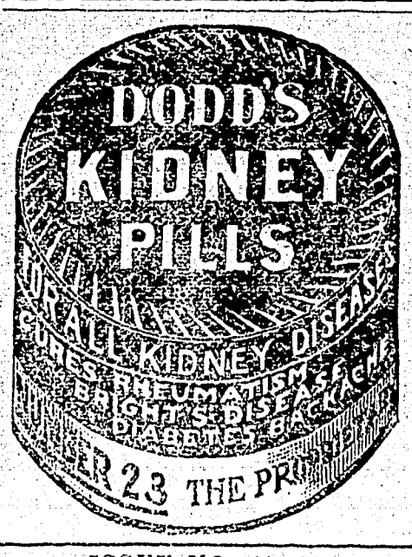
STRING TO THE KITE.

He—"Will you marry me?"

She—"Yes I'll marry you tomorrow."

He—"This is—er—rather sudden."

She—"Oh, not necessarily. Tomorrow never comes, you know."



ISSUE NO. 44—09.

MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES

We own and continually have to offer an attractive list of CANADIAN MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES, including those of Counties, Cities, Towns and School Districts of the highest standing, all of which have been purchased outright by us only after careful legal investigation.

These bonds yield the investor at present prices from

4 to 5 Per Cent.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED 26 KING ST E TORONTO

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house hangings, also **LACE CURTAINS** DYED AND CLEANED LIKE NEW.
Write to us about yours.
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 158, Montreal

Cash for Turkey Feathers
We buy Wing and Tail Turkey Feathers. Write for prices.
H. W. Nelson & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LEARN Dress and Mantle Cutting, Fitting, and Putting Together by mail in your spare time at home, on Cash or Instalment Plan. All thinking of taking a course this winter write for free particulars at an early date. Address
Sanders' Dress Cutting School
81 Erie St., Stratford, Ontario, Canada.

RRR
NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE and ALL PAINS
Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. For Headache (whether sick or nervous), Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints, and pains of all kinds, Radway's Ready Relief will in a few days effect a permanent cure.

MERE MATTER OF TIME.

"I say, waiter," said a guest in a Boston restaurant, "have you any fried oysters?"

"No, sir," replied the home-grown hash slinger, "but we have some oysters that are susceptible of being fried."

A Pill for Brain Workers.—The man who works with his brains is more liable to derangement of the digestive system than the man who works with his hands, because the one calls upon his nervous energy while the other applies only his muscular strength. Brain fag begets irregularities of the stomach and liver, and the best remedy that can be used is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are specially compounded for such cases and all those who use them can certify to their superior power.

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

AN IMPORTANT ITEM.

"Every wife ought to know how to make good bread."

"How can she unless the husband furnishes the dough."

The microscope in the hands of experts employed by the United States Government has revealed the fact that a house fly sometimes carries thousands of disease germs attached to its hairy body. The continuous use of Wilson's Fly Pads will prevent all danger of infection from that source by killing both the germs and the flies.

CAN THIS BE TRUE.

"After all," queried the maiden fair, "what is marriage?"

"Marriage," replied the young matron, "is the process by which a woman deprives herself of an escort."

Mark Twain says the only introduction to a literary audience that seemed to him the right word in the right place, a real inspiration, was as follows:—"Ladies and gentlemen, I shall not waste any unnecessary time in the introduction. I don't know anything about this man. At least, I only know two things about him. One is that he has never been in prison, and the other is, I can't see why he hasn't."

Kindly mention the name of this paper in writing to advertisers.

CANCER, Tumors, Lumps, etc., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Ltd., Collingwood, Ont.

SILVERCLOTH will clean your Silverware and other fine metals like magic. No powder or other aid required, the prepared cloth does all in a quick, clean, handy way. Price 25 cents. Send address for trial sample. Canada Silvercloth Co., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

COMIC RECITATION BOOK—Best collection published in English language; Ten cents. Arthur Rice, Granby, Que.

STOCKS.

TO INVESTORS—Your orders to buy or sell Cobalt or other Stocks will receive my personal attention. Cobalt and Gow Ganda Mining Claims for sale or exchange. S. M. Mathews, Broker, 43 Scott St., Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED.

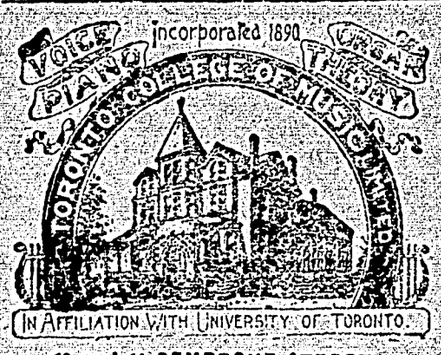
MEN AND WOMEN—DON'T BE IDLE—Show samples of our reliable medicines, superb toilet preparations, pure baking powder, and flavoring extracts to your neighbors and forward their orders to us. You can easily make form ten to twenty-five dollars a week and have permanent position. Goods sell on sight and repeat orders come fast. Book "How to Succeed" and particulars sent free. The Home Supply Co. Dept. 50, Merrill Building, Toronto.

WE WANT NOW IN EVERY UNREPRESENTED district a reliable agent to sell Pelham's Peerless fruit and ornamental trees. Consider this. Good pay, weekly, Exclusive territory. Stock guaranteed up to grade and delivered in good condition and all the advantages of selling well-known stock. Write now for agency for Fall and Winter months. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont.

LIVE AGENTS—MEN OR WOMEN—wanted to introduce high grade household specialties into every home; quick sales; big profits; send for free samples and catalogue. Cockburn Manufacturing Co., Brantford.

EDUCATIONAL.

YOU NEEDN'T GO AWAY FROM HOME to get an education. We teach you in your spare time. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Business Correspondence, Matriculation, Teachers' Certificates, Beginner's Course, Steam Engineering, Mechanical Drawing, Stock Raising, Agriculture, Journalism, Special English and 100 other courses. Ask for what you need. Canadian Correspondence College, Limited, Dept. K, Toronto, Can.



12 and 14 PEMBROKE STREET.
Examinations in February
SEND FOR CATALOGUE and SYLLABUS.
F. H. TORRINGTON, Mus. Dir.

TYPEWRITERS
Bargain prices, $15 to $65, (all makes) taken in exchange for Model 10 and 11 Remingtons. Many of these machines show little use.
Remington Typewriter Company, Limited, 144 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

A GREAT DEMAND FOR
PAPER STOCK
WASTE PAPER OF ALL GRADES.
Also Rags, Iron, Metals, Rubbers, Etc.
E. PULLAN, Adelaide and Maud Sts., Toronto, Ont.
Phone for particulars. Main 4693.

Ravages of Consumption
ALL HER RELATIVES HAD DIED OF CONSUMPTION

In the year 1890, 18 years ago, Mrs. C. S. Gesner, of Belle Isle, N.S., was in a sad condition. All her relatives had died of consumption, and there was every indication that she was going the same way.

At this point her husband suggested to try Psychine. The doctor who attended said Psychine was worthless; but it effected a wonderful cure. Eighteen years after in a letter bearing date August 14, 1908, Mrs. Gesner says, "I am better than I have been for years. My lungs have not troubled me since I took your treatment. My physician told me I could not take a better tonic than PSYCHINE, and I recommend it to all who are suffering from Lung Trouble and General Debility."

For sale by all Druggists 50c. & $1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM LIMITED, TORONTO

PSYCHINE
PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

You can quickly "break" a cold

by using Black Cherry Congh Syrup. A sure cure for Coughs and colds, and a pleasant remedy for all winter bronchial troubles. A trial bottle will convince you of its merits

A. REEVES
Druggist & Stationer
Cliff Street Enderby

When Furnishing Your Home

Do not overlook our Choice Line of

Grass & Rattan Chairs

MORRIS CHAIRS
ROCKERS

Leather Upholstered Goods
Parlor Tables, Bookcases, etc.

W. T. HOLTBY
Furniture Dealer and Undertaker
BRADLEY BLK. ENDERBY

F. T. TURNER
Plumbing and Steam Fitting
All kinds of Tin and Zinc Articles Repaired
Rear Evans Blk Enderby

POULTRY RAISING IN THE OKANAGAN

Some two years ago an Association was formed at Enderby, having a co-operative system in view. The promoters did not expect to revolutionize or change the whole system of the poultry industry; but they did hope—and still hope—in time to remedy certain existing conditions, which are greatly to the disadvantage of the industry as a whole. At the present time thousands of dollars are lost to the Valley through the importation of eastern eggs; consequently it is of vital importance that the poultrymen here should produce sufficient quantities to supply the home market at least.

The hen to-day may be considered the most profitable producer of the raw material on the land into a high-priced product—the egg. This system of economizing—together with the income from the eggs produced—should prove profitable.

As to choice of birds. There is no "best breed" of poultry. Buy good birds that are pure-bred. A cheap bird is always a poor one. It will eat as much as a good bird, but will not give the returns for the food consumed.

I trust this will satisfy some of the every-day enquiries.

G. S. ROBINSON,
Sec. Poultry Association.

ALL FOR CANADA

During the ten months ending with October, 9919 Americans, representing all but three of the states and territories of the United States, made homestead entries in Canada. With the figures for November and December still to be received from various registration offices, it is expected the entry list for the year will show over 11,000 Americans as homestead applicants. These homeseekers—the best class of homeseekers the world can produce—will bring into Canada probably on an average $5,000 each, which would mean $5,000,000 added to our financial wealth.

This does not represent a drop in the bucket of the actual wealth coming into Canada from the American side seeking investment in our mines and lumber industries, oil wells, railroads, etc. But these homesteaders bring with them what is infinitely more important than their wealth—they come with their natural pluck and energy, and the know how, to make a home with us.

British capital is also coming to Canada in large amounts. A despatch cabled from London a few days ago states that $35,000,000 had been deposited in the past few months in the banks of Canada by British investors. "That sum does not begin to represent the amount sent over in the last half year," says the Vancouver Province. "More than that sum has been transmitted to the prairie provinces alone; very large sums have come to British Columbia, and it is impossible to suppose that Ontario and the maritime provinces have not been as largely, if not more largely, recognized."

Good Values in all kinds of Winter Goods

RUBBERS BRACES
UNDERWEAR TIES
SWEATERS TUQUES
COAT SWEATERS
SHIRTS MITTS and GLOVES

Fresh Groceries always on hand.

Wheeler & Evans

ENDERBY Hotel

The Home of the Old-Timer and the abode of the New-Comer. All will find a warm welcome at the pioneer house and you'll be made to feel at home, no matter when you hang up your hat.

H. W. WRIGHT, Proprietor
Enderby

Fred. H. Barnes
BUILDER & CONTRACTOR

Plans and estimates furnished

Dealer in Windows, Doors, Turnings and all factory work. Rubberoid Roofing, Screen Doors and Windows. Glass cut to any size.
I represent the S. C. Smith Co. of Vernon. Enderby.

City Meat Market
THOS. E. WOODS, Proprietor

Having purchased the butcher business of R. Blackburn, I solicit a share of your business and guarantee good service.

Orders by Mail receive our prompt attention.

Special

These are the Prices To-day

Owing to market fluctuations, prices are subject to change without notice:

Moffet's Best Flour, $1.70 49-lbs
Three Star Flour, $1.60 per "
Drifted Snow Pastry, $1.60 "
Whole Wheat Flour, $1.55 "
Graham Flour, - $1.45 "
Four Star Chop, $1.35 per 80 lbs
Three Star Chop, $1.30 per 80 lbs
Two Star Chop, $1.25 per 80-lbs
Bran: $.90 per 70 lbs.
Shorts, $1.20 per 90 lbs.
Middlings, $1.30 per 90 lbs.
Oats, $1.35 per 100 lbs.
Oat Chop, $.90 per 60 lbs.
Wheat, $2.20 per 125-lbs
Barley Chop, $1.05 per 70 lbs.
Whole Corn, $2.00 per 100 lbs.
Cracked Corn, $2.15 per 100 lbs.

Also a full line of Cereals and Wheatlets at Right Prices. Free delivery to any part of the Enderby city.

Terms: Net Cash with order

The Columbia Flouring Mills Company, Ltd.
Enderby B C

John S. Johnstone
Contractor and Builder, Enderby

Cement Blocks and Exshaw Portland Cement on hand—the best on the market. All kinds of cement work and masonry promptly attended to.

Don't Buy Land

Until you have seen the District from Mara to Enderby.

It will surprise you, and please me to show you 16,000 acres of the choicest Okanagan land, and some of it is for sale at prices which are not inflated

Come here first or last, it does not matter which, but come.

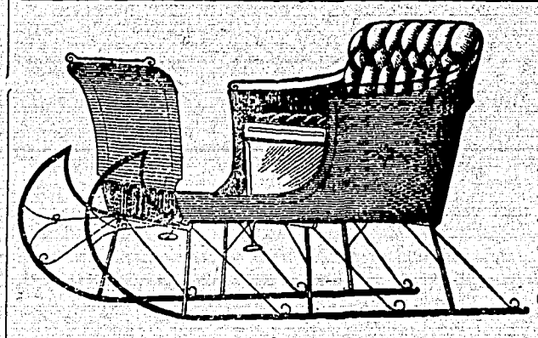
Chas. W. Little
Eldernell Orchard Mara, B. C

HENRY'S For Fall Planting
Bulbs from best European and Japan growers.
HOME-GROWN FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES
Garden, Field and Flower Seed
Wire Fencing and Gates.
154-Page Catalogue FREE
M. J. HENRY, Vancouver, B.C
NURSERIES

Finest in the Country

"Enderby is a charming villiage with city airs. When Paddy Murphy shook the snow of Sandon off his feet he came here, and now owns one of finest brick hotels in the country. Although Paddy is an Irishman from Michigan, he calls his hotel the King Edward. In addition to the excellence of the meals, breakfast is served up to 10 o'clock, which is an added attraction for tourists."
(Extract from Lowery's Ledge.)

King Edward Hotel, BELL & MURPHY Proprietors **Enderby**



E. J. Mack
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables
ENDERBY, B. C.

Cutters and Fashionable Winter turn-outs.
Good Rigs; Careful Drivers; Draying of all kinds.
Comfortable and Commodious Stabling for teams.

Prompt attention to all customers
Land-seekers and Tourists invited to give us a trial.

LADIES!

We have about half a window-ful of remnants of the exquisite China sets which were on sale Christmas week. There are some handsome pieces left, which we are going to sell at a discount of 10 per cent. First come, first served.

Handsome Leather Handbags

Nothing nicer. TEN per cent off on all that are left. This is a rare opportunity to get the best.

Sweaters at Cost

A window-ful of first-class garments; in as good condition as the day they came from the factory; they are yours at the factory price. All sizes and colors, from pure white to the fast blues and reds, also mixed colors.

In Staple and Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Nuts and Candies: remember us when buying

We handle Mrs. F. Hassard's A1 Dairy Butter

Old Postoffice Blk., Enderby THE POLSON MERCANTILE COMPANY