NOV 10 1914
VICTORIA B.C.

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

Devoted Especially to the Interests of Cumberland and Surrounding District.

THE NEWS, TWENTY FIRST YEAR | CUMBERLAND B. C., WEDNESDAY, NOV. 11, 1914 | SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 A YEAR

New Stock of Fall Suits for Men and Boys

Our Fall Range of Men's Overcoats in splendid values, and the styles are the very latest Prices from $8.50 to $27.00

Men's Suits, right up to the minute, at from $12 50 to $30 Our stock is complete and our services at your command

Boys' Suits—We have the largest showing of boys' Suits ever shown at the Big Store. Our prices are very moderate, and for quality you can depend on us.

Simon Leiser & Co., Ltd.

MAIL SERVICE

Commencing Thursday, Oct. 29th, the mails will arrive and be despatched as follows:

Arrive by E & N. train, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 p.m. Dispatched, Monday, Wednesdy and Friday at 10 a. m.

Arrive by S. S. Charmer, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Dispatched, Thursday and Saturday at 8. a. m.

Mails by S. S. Cowichan, have been discontinued.

Buy your School Supplies at Hudsons

Notice of renewal of city hotel's liquor licenses must be handed in to the city clerk 14 days previous to the meeting of the License Commissioners, which will be held on the second Wednesday in December.

Rev. deVere White left on Friday last, for Vancouver. He may go to the Front as chaplain of one of the Canadian regiments

Mrs. F. C. Amey, of Vancouver, was in town on Monday.

Pete Anderson and Dick Coe left last week for Alberta.

General Manager Lockard, of the Canadian Collieries, left last week for San Francisco.

The death took place on Sunday last, of Dora, the 14 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sandison, Lewis. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, interment taking place in the Cumberland cemetery, Rev. James Wood officiating.

A Grand Concert, under the auspices of Grace Methodist church, will be held in the City Hall, on Monday evening, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock. The best local and outside talent will take part. Admission 25 and 50cts.

The Ho-Ho Picture Shows are well patronized; and they have a right to be, for the pictures are of the best.

Mrs. J. H. McMillan, who is a patient at our local hospital, is doing nicely.

Mrs. Thos. Lewis and Mrs. J. Hill, left by train on Wednesday for Nanaimo.

Read the new serial story "Her Vengeance," by Basil Tozer, commenced in last week's issue of this paper.

We could stand a little more prosperity in B. C.

The Provincial Government are cutting down expenses by reducing the staff of some of the departments.

Mr. A. Barr, has left Mr. A. H. Peacey's employ, and has taken a position in a drug store at Powell River.

Saturday will be pay-day.

L. H. Croker, of the Bank of Commerce staff here, has been transferred to Ladysmith.

Cumberland and Bevan football teams played a draw game at the City Park on Monday afternoon. The score was 2—2.

See Rudond's Stove Prices in Window.

How The Great War Effects The Royal Families of Europe

This war, among many other painful things, has thrust a sword between the Royal Families of Europe, dividing them suddenly into friends and foes. King George opposes his first cousin, the kaiser. The king's nephew, the Duke of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, fights for Germany, while the Duke's mother the Dutchess of Albany, organizes relief work for England.

The Duke of Brunswick, nephew of Queen Alexandria, takes up arms for Germany, while his two aunts, the Dowager Empress of Russia and Queen Alexandria are in sympathy with the Allies. Prince Arthur of Connaught offers for active service, while his second cousin, the Crown Prince of Germany, leads an army.

GRANDSON OF VICTORIA

Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein, the grandson of Queen Victoria and son of Prince and Princess Christian, has been a major in the Prussian Army with an address at Potsdam hitherto, but now he joins the British army.

The Kaiserin first made the acquaintance of the future emperor when she was staying with Prince and Princess Christian of Cumberland lodge. If Greece is drawn into the conflict the kaiser's sister, the Queen of Greece, will find herself on the opposite side to many of her relatives

POSITION OF CZARITSA

The Czaritza is a granddaughter of Queen Victoria and first cousin to King George, but some of her near relatives are fighting for Germany.

Queen Mary and her brothers have close links of family relationship with Austria through the late Duke of Teck, but, of course, the present duke and his brothers are officers in the British army. The Austrian ambassador until war broke out was Count Mensdorf, a second cousin of King George. He was more at home in England, where he had been a popular diplomat for many years than anywhere else. The Cumberland family must have divided sympathies, for the duchess is a sister of Queen Alexandra and the Dowager Empress of Russia, while her son is heart and soul for Germany.

NEUTRALS ALSO INVOLVED

Spain is neutral, but that did not prevent Queen Ena from sending $2500 to the Prince of Wales fund. She could not resist it, as the daughter of Princess Henry of Battenberg and second cousin to the Prince of Wales. Denmark, Norway and Holland are likewise neutral countries in this war, but relatives of all these courts are at the front.

The Queen of Norway is a sister of King George, and it must be hard to conceal her feelings. She has placed part of her Norfolk house at the disposal of the hospital authorities. The Danish king and queen and various princesses have been so recently visiting their British relatives that they must have some intense interest in the war. Belgium's royal family has links of relationship with the British royal house. The ex-king of Portugal has offered his services to King George though his wife's relations are on the side of Germany.

For many a day there will be unpleasant reminders in royal circles of the severing effects of this war.

Harrison-Frame

Last Friday morning a very pretty wedding took place at the residence of the bride's parents, when the Rev. J. Hood celebrated the marriage of Miss Jessie Frame, eldest daughter of Mr John Frame and Mrs. Frame of Maryport Avenue, and Mr. William H. Harrison of Seattle. The bride was wearing her going-away suit of Garbalene novelty cloth in a pretty French blue shade, with which she wore a brocaded velvet toque and mount of the same shade trimmed with gold braid, and corsage bouquet of bridal roses, and looked very pretty. She was attended by her sister, Miss Agnes, who was becomingly attired in a chic purple broadcloth suit, with which she wore a white beaver hat. The bridegroom was attended by his friend, Mr. R. Gordon, of Seattle. The guests were limited to the intimate and immediate friends of the family. After the nuptial ceremony, the guests, with the bride and bridegroom, sat down to a sumptuous breakfast. The happy couple left by train for Victoria and Seattle, where the honeymoon will be spent.

The bride, who is accomplished, and deservedly popular, has been a member of our public school staff for several terms, and will be much missed. The NEWS joins their many friends in hearty congratulations and good wishes.

The Builders' Exchange, Victoria, has reduced wages 10 to 20 per cent.

Sir Richard McBride left London, England, on the 7th inst., homeward bound.

We miss the "old-timer" these days.

MACFARLANE BROS., LTD
"THE SQUARE DEALING HOUSE."

Recent Arrivals in Goods that Are Much in Demand include

Alloa Wheeling Yarns

A Choice Selection of Shades, imported from Alloa, Scotland

Ladies' Waterproof Coats

Two Lines—Plain Shades

Waterproof Coats and Capes

For School Children—all sizes

P. S.—Have you ever tried Robinhood Flour? You will probably receive this week a letter from the millers of this High Grade Flour, and we ask the favor of your consideration as to its contents. This is a personal matter between us. The list of names is furnished by ourselves. Try this flour; it is guaranteed to be the best on the market at any price.

MACFARLANE BROS., LIMITED
THE CORNER STORE CUMBERLAND

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Women's Patriotic Soc'ty

The third general meeting of the Ladies' Patriotic Society was held on Tuesday afternoon. Owing to the stormy afternoon, comparatively few were there. It was decided to discontinue work during the month of December, owing to it being a busy season in the homes. There was a general spirit of optimism in the meeting, and the ladies hope to take up the work again in January, with renewed vigor.

Owing to no work being done next month the committee is asking that all work may be completed and returned, by the last Tuesday of this month. The following parcel was sent to Vancouver this week:—10 Flannel shirts, 4 suits Pyjamas, 3 hospital nightshights, 4 helmets, 2 pairs of socks, 3 flannel bands, 6 kits. Altogether during the two months the Society has been at work, they have sent the following articles:—

48 pairs socks
36 flannel bands
38 pillow cases
55 flannel shirts
10 hospital nightshirts
1 pair putties
3 nightingales
16 helmets
29 bandages
13 suits pyjamas
1 pair cuffs
1 pair mittens
14 kits.

The committee will still be at the hall on the remaining Tuesdays of this month.

The Girls' Basketball Club hereby disclaim all responsibility for the use of their name on the invitations recently issued for the Masquerade Ball.

Signed, on behalf of the Club,
J. W. Wearmouth, Manager
Mary L. Elliott, Secretary

..CAMPBELLS..

EXTREME CARE in the matter of design selection of material and manufacture is put in these collars. Every fold collar is designed so as to afford ample tie-sliding space and is made with W. G. & R's. popular wear-resisting "Slip On Button Hole," the one that saves time and temper. These collars are sold 3 for 50c.

3 to a Box No handling by anyone from our hands to yours

JUST RECEIVED another Leader Line of Penman's Shawl Collar Sweater Coats for men and women in maroon and olive. All sizes.

CAMPBELLS

Her Vengeance

By Basil Tozer

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

Eira put out her hand and touched the little heap of dust. Neither spoke; there was nothing to say. Such hopes as two human beings have seldom known, had all vanished in that little pile of dust.

"Yet my boy did it—your father did it, Eira," the old man exclaimed. He turned and took from a shelf a large object, dull in color and irregular in shape, and in size about as big as a melon. It was seamed with innumerable cracks, and appeared to have been often broken and to have been as often carefulily put together again. At present it was secured by a multiude of fine wires, as if their support was neecssary to keep it together. The old man held it very tenderly in his hands.

"Here is the proof," he said. "Of course it is a failure, for it is full of flaws and so fragile that it shivers into fragments at a touch. But it is there, *Eira, it is there, and you know* your father cabled to me only the day before his death to say he had solved the problem of stability, the one difficulty left. Then he died, and the man who caused his death has never yet been punished."

"I know, I know!" Eira said quickly: "do not let us go all over that again."

"You think God will punish him," the old man said; "so do I, but I wish to be His instrument! Yet if we make no attempt to punish him—"

"When you say punishment you mean revenge, grandfather," Eira answered; "and we have neither the right nor the power to revenge ourselves."

"And so you will let this man remain in possession of the secret your father lost his life for, his great discovery that this man stole from him?"

"No," said Eira quickly, still playing with that heap of black dust that lay upon the linen sheet on the table. "No, I should be very willing to do anything to recover that. I would offer first to buy it back, and if he would not sell it, then I would get it from him in any other way I could. My father's memory has a right to the fame such a discovery would bring it, and his daughter has more than a right; she has a duty to vindicate his memory, and to let all the world know of his genius. Yes, I should be willing to work for that revenge, to risk my life for it, to do anything for it, to die for it, so as to prove what a great man father was; and let it be known how he was treated, and to let all the world judge between his memory and that cruel, rich Englishman who ruined him and drove him to his death." She spoke with passion, with a heaving breast and flashing eyes, and the old man had again on his strange face the look of a mysterious hate. "Yes," she said again, "I would do anything to do justice to father's memory and to let the whole world know that bad Englishman for what he is."

"Well, will you try?" her grandfather asked quickly; "are you brave enough to try?"

"Yes," she answered.

"When?"

"At once."

"It should have been my work," the old man said moodily, "but a man without a nose is too marked a figure for secret and delicate missions; so it falls to you, Eira."

"But are you sure this Englishman has the secret? Are you sure my father ever wrote it down at all?"

"I am sure he wrote it down, and I am sure that man has the paper still."

"Why has he not used it then?"

"Because it is written in a cipher he does not understand."

"Well, I am ready," she said.

"One thing more," the old man said. "You tell me I must not seek revenge on the man who ruined my son at the very moment of his great success. Well, but I've a more subtle mind than you, Eira, and I think at least I would like to have him here, on this spot, in this very house, perhaps, to witness our success."

"How could you make him come?" asked Eira. "If you gave him any hint of what we were doing, he would be at once warned. Even if I left a message for him after getting the paper from him, he would follow me and perhaps overtake me."

"Oh, child," the old man smiled. "I should not go to work like that. He should come of his own free will and yet not knowing why he came. All men are puppets to those who know how to pull the strings—which are called motives. Will you help me in my whim, Eira?"

"I think it is rather silly, grandfather," she said frankly.

"Oh, well, I am approaching my dotage, you know," he answered with his strange smile. "When will you start?"

"Today," she said.

"Tomorrow," he said. "Come into the next room. There's much we must settle and arrange. Yours will be no light task, Eira, to match yourself against such a man to win from him such a secret."

They went together into the adjoining room, where they talked long and earnestly, while in the apartment they had left the dull coals of the furnace flickered and glowed and expired, and *on the table still lay that small heap* of black dust in which such dreams had vanished—dreams of solving one of the most curious of nature's secrets and of winning as well almost unimaginable wealth.

CHAPTER I.

Look Before You Leap

"If one were to discover the secret of making diamonds!"

The sentence seemd to buzz in Hugh Tallentine's brain as if a tiny voice whispered it there ceaselessly, inspired by a sense of biting contrast between such illimitable dreams of wealth and the sorry truth of his own position.

"If one were to discover the secret of making diamonds!"

Hugh's uncle, James Hetherington, the head of the well-known firm of financiers, Messrs. Hetherington and Co. of Lombard street, in the city of London, had used that phrase twice over in speaking to him the day before, and he had dreamed of the words, for somehow they had struck forcibly on his imagination. But now it was broad day in the city of London, and no time for dreams, and Hugh turned again to the complicated figures and accounts he was dealing with.

Hugh possessed a very good head for figures, but not the most expert mathematician in the world can persuade two-and-two-to-make-five. Hugh pushed the papers from him with a sigh, and sounded the little bell that stood on his table.

"Has Mr. Logan come in yet from lunch?" he asked the errand boy who appeared to his summons.

"No, sir," answered the boy.

"Tell him I want to see him when he comes back, will you?" said Hugh.

"Yes, sir," returned the boy and retired, wondering why the governor seemed to be quite forgetting his own lunch today.

Hugh began to walk restlessly up and down the little office that seemed to have a curiously cramping effect on his tall and largely built form. "If one could discover the secret of making diamonds!" Now why was it that sentence would come bothering him so? Such a discovery was never likely to be made, certainly not by an unlucky chap like himself, whose energies day and night were absorbed in trying to prop up the tottering business his father had founded, and that, when it had come into his hands on his father's sudden death, he had found already on the verge of bankruptcy.

That was three years ago, and after much hard work had seemed to bring success in sight, the recent failure of a large German firm, with which he had had heavy commitments, had plunged him into greater difficulties than ever. It seemed to him too bad that in such a position his mind should be so plagued by such a silly phrase.

"If one could discover the secret of making diamonds!" Why then, one would have little need to bother over a few thousands of pounds.

Vexed at his inability to control his thoughts and to dismiss this haunting phrase from his mind, Hugh turned to his bookcase, where stood an imposing row of frigid and ponderous volumes on business, finance and commercial law. But behind those, tucked well out of sight of visitors who might have thought such books frivolous and unbusiness-like, were some dozen or two cheap reprints of masterpieces of literature, the Elizabethan dramatists, the Caroline wits, and even—tell it not on the Exchange, publish it not on the floor of "the house"—even a few volumes of poetry. For though Hugh had been better known at college as an athlete than as a student, he had a very real love for letters and would sometimes refresh his mind by turning from the sordid worries of business to the sweet languor of Keats, the fiery passion of Shelley, or to the godlike repose of Wordsworth.

Putting in his hand at random he drew out a copy of Plato, in Jowett's translation—Hugh was no great scholar—and opening it at random, read:

"Know this of a truth: that no evil can happen to a good man, either in life or death."

Hugh laughed and flung the book back.

"Does evil include bankruptcy, I wonder?" he said aloud; "or do I not come under the heading of a good man? No, Plato, you are not for me today."

He sat down at his desk again, and taking up his pen scribbled mechanically on the back of an envelope:

"If one were to discover the secret of making diamonds!"

(To be Continued)

Miss Young—What in your opinion is the best time for a girl to marry?"

Miss Elder—Whenever the man is willing.

HAIR AND SKIN BEAUTY

PRESERVED BY CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by occasional use of Cuticura Ointment.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page Skin Book, sent post-free. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 2K, Boston, U.S.A.

W. N. U. 1019

Removing Odors From Milk

A method has been discovered by the federal investigators at Washington, for removing disagreeable odors and flavors from milk. The taste caused by cows eating wild onions or garlic can be removed by blowing filtered and washed air through the milk for 30 to 60 minutes, according to the strength of the flavor to be removed.

It is necessary to heat the milk to a temperature of 145 degrees, as air blown through cold milk in a similar manner does not remove the disagreeable flavor. It also has a tendency to turn the fat into butter. It was found that the onion flavor is removed more quickly when milk is heated to 160 degrees, but this tends to produce a cooked taste and also reduces the cream line. In the case of cream with flavors of this kind, the same method can be used, except that it requires a slightly longer treatment. The loss in evaporation by using this method amounts to 2 or 3 per cent.

The Comparison Held

A lecturer went to Yonkers with a letter to a Yonkers citizen from a man in New Rochelle and succeeded in getting an engagement. His three hour lecture proved dull, dry and uninteresting. Next day Mr. Yonkers met Mr. New Rochelle.

"What did you mean," asked Yonkers, "by recommending that lemon lecturer?"

"I didn't recommend him."

"Well, I just guess you did. I've your letter right here in my pocket."

"Better read it over again—carefully."

Mr. Yonkers did. It was noncommittal:

"I have heard Mr. B.'s lecture. It is as interesting as it is instructive."

"And it wasn't either," said Yonkers.

"Then the comparison holds," said New Rochelle.—New York World.

Rise in Printing Paper

A shortage in wood pulp may be brought about with an indefinite continuation of the European war. This shortage may reach 1,000 tons daily and would seriously retard operations of paper manufacturers in the United States.

Prices have advanced, due to enforced curtailment, the average gain being about 20 per cent. Against more normal quotations of $38 to $40, sulphite pulp has risen to $46 to $48, and ground wood pulp has advanced from $19 to $22 to $22 to $25.

A Queer Question

"I have come to consult you," she said to the prominent lawyer.

"What is the trouble?"

"I have received three proposals of marriage, and I do not know which to accept."

"Which man has the most money?"

"Do you imagine," she asked, "that if I knew, I would consult you or any other lawyer?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

A Magical Towel

One of the newest sanitary devices for use in public or semi-public lavatories, like those in hotels and factories, is an electrical substitute for the towel. According to the Electrical World, this electrical hand drier is in appearance merely a sheet-iron case, with an opening in the top. In using it, you put your hands in the opening, and with your foot press a pedal at the bottom of the case. The pedal starts a blower, which in turn forces air through the electric heater, and sends a warm current of it over your hands. Your hands will, it is said, be thoroughly dry in from thirty to forty seconds—much less time than anyone ordinarily needs in order to dry them with a towel. The hand drier is quite sanitary, for in using it you do not have to touch any part of it.

Pat Ahead

An Irish soldier serving in India so disliked the climate that he decided to make an effort to get sent home. With this object he complained to the doctor that his eyesight was bad. "How can you prove that to me," said the doctor. At a loss Pat looked round the room before answering. "Well, doctor, you see that nail in the wall?"

"Yes," replied the doctor.

"Well," said Pat, "I can't."

Insurance and Assurance

What is the difference between insurance and assurance? An expert explained it. Fire, shipwreck, accident, burglary, mumps or any disease are eventualities, and you can consequently insure against them. But death is a certainty against which no company will insure you. But you secure the assurance that a definite sum of money will be paid on its occurrence. —London Chronicle.

The Reform He Advocated

The editor of a British weekly journal, wishing to know what reforms well known men desired to see effected during the year, once applied to Sir W. S. Gilbert, among others. The author of "The Mikado" answered: "Dear Sir,—A reform which I am particularly anxious to see carried into effect is that editors would cease to trouble busy people for gratuitous contributions."

Make up For It

"So Kate and Alice are not on speaking terms."

"No, but they more than make up for it by what they say about each other."—Boston Transcript.

The Irate Parent (who has been trying to satisfy Gerald's curiosity on every known subject under the sun)—Now, look here, Gerald, if you ask me another question, I whip you on the spot!

Gerald—W-what spot, dad? —Sketch.

Selfish

"I don't like Mrs. Wombat. Wants to talk about her poodle all the time."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. She never seems to care to hear about my canary."

TEETH AND THE APPLE

Expensive Sweets Said to Ruin the Teeth

Dr. Sims Wallace, late dental surgeon to the London Hospital, urges the adoption of a diet containing a good quantity of farinaceous food in a form which will stimulate mastication —brown bread and the eating of fresh fruit with every meal.

The importance of the proper care of teeth during childhood is becoming universally recognized, and the London county council have established a centre for the treatment of dental troubles of school children with X-rays.

According to investigation it was found that about 39 per cent. of the children of well-to-do parents have bad teeth, as against 27 per cent. from poorer homes. This is probably accounted for by the fact that, as the latter children eat coarser food, their teeth have more work to do, and are consequently stronger and cleaner. Their sweets are also fewer, and are mostly of the cheap, boiled sugar variety. These sweets break up cleanly in the mouth, whereas the caramels and chocolates eaten by the children of indulgent parents cling to the teeth and ferment.

Boys and girls should be given fruit in preference to sweets. Nuts and all hard fruits encourage mastication. The best fruit for this purpose is the apple. Eaten at the conclusion of a meal it leaves the teeth and mouth sweet and clean.

Practical Proof

"Yes, my son, I want you to make yourself ambidextrous. I want you to be able to use one hand just as skillfully as you do the other."

"That's me, dad. I can lick any boy in my class with either hand.—New York World.

India's Economic Growth

India's trade has increased during the last half century from $300,000,000 to more than $1,400,000,000. It has in operation 32,000 miles of railway, which places India fourth in the world in its railway mileage, carrying 330,000,000 passengers yearly at the rate of five miles for one cent. It maintains 76,000 miles of telegraph line, over which messages can be sent from more than 2,000 miles at a cost of only 12 cents.—Wall Street Journal.

Tale of Two Lakes

Lake Baikall, in Central Asia, and Lake Tanganyika, in Central Africa, furnish similar problems for scientists, as both are fresh water, removed from oceans, yet both contain deep sea fish.

Only the Seventh

Guest—Delightful party you are having tonight, old fellow.

Host—Yes. I am giving it to my wife. It is the seventh anniversary of her twenty-eighth birthday.—Censor.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Quick Change

"I would rather see my daughter married to a poor man whom she really loved than to the richest man in the world if she didn't care for him."

"Well, you get your wish. I saw her about ten minutes ago eloping with one of your underpaid clerks."

"Good heavens! Where? Speak, man! Maybe I can head them off before it is forever too late."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Gossip

"One-half of the women in this world retail gossip," remarked Mr. Stubb as he lit his after-super cigar.

"Quite considerate of you not to to say all of them retail gossip," snapped Mrs. Stubb as she washed the dishes.

"Oh, no, only half, Maria. The other half wholesale it."—London Express.

Pacific Blockades

The phrase "pacific blockade" is almost a contradiction of terms, but is used in international law for want of a better. It means the blockade of ports of another country in time of peace without the intention of waging war; in other words, it is a peaceable act of war. Some writers on international law insist that the blockade of the ports of a foreign country is itself an act of war without regard to the motive of future intentions, but as a means of reprisal or of compelling the settlement of international disputes it has become an established feature of the laws of nations.—Philadelphia Press.

Felt Her Part

"She did the mad scene very well."

"All primed for it. She had just been going over the meagre receipts in the box office."—Kansas City Journal.

The old gentleman's wife was getting into a carriage, and he neglected to assist her.

"You are not so gallant, John, as when I was a gal," she exclaimed, in gentle rebuke.

"No," was his ready response, "and you are not so buoyant as when I was a boy!"—Tit-Bits.

Amplifying It

"I understand Colonel Flushby gave a good account of himself in the war."

"So he did and has been giving a better one ever since."—Baltimore Sun.

Wife (after callers had gone)—How dare you scold me before company?

Hub—Well, you know, my dear, I don't dare to do it when we are by ourselves.—Boston Transcript.

Bad Blood

is the direct and inevitable result of irregular or constipated bowels and clogged-up kidneys and skin. The undigested food and other waste matter which is allowed to accumulate poisons the blood and the whole system. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills act directly on the bowels, regulating them—on the kidneys, giving them ease and strength to properly filter the blood—and on the skin, opening up the pores. For pure blood and good health take

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

ADHESIVE POSTAGE STAMPS

The First Crude Ones That Were Issued by Great Britain

The adhesive postage stamp had its origin in England as a direct outcome of the postal reforms introduced by Sir Rowland Hill, whose master mind created not only the inestimable boon of penny postage, but the means by which it was carried into effect—the adhesive postage stamps.

At the time of the passing of the uniform penny postage act in 1839 all postal charges were paid in cash (usually on delivery) involving an enormous amount of bookkeeping on the part of the post office, which would have been increased a hundredfold when the reduced rates of postage came into force but for the suggestion of the great postal reformer for "a bit of paper just large enough to bear the stamp and coated at the back with a glutinous wash," being subsequently embodied in the famous one penny black postage label and its consort, the twopence blue, which made their debut in May, 1840, and were the progenitors of all adhesive postage stamps.

For three short years Great Britain enjoyed a monopoly of this novel and handy method of collecting postage, until in July, 1843, the enlightened empire of Brazil followed suit with a series of native manufacture, adorned with large numerals of value in place of a design.

In 1848 the United States entered the field with two beautifully engraved portraits of Franklin and Washington, while the head of Ceres, the goddess of agriculture, found place on the first stamps of the French republic, engraved by the elder Barre, which made their debut on Jan. 1, 1849.—Strand Magazine.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Subways of Knowledge

The following definitions taken from school examination papers are examples of those school mistakes where one can see traces of the right idea without definite form in the writer's brain:

"The base of a triangle is the side which we don't talk about."

"The subjunctive mood is used in a doubtful manner."

"Rapids are pieces of water which run with great force down the middle of rivers."

"Excommunication means that no one is to speak to some one."

They furnish good illustrations of the smattering of knowledge, leading to only a partial development of the reasoning faculty, which is rather characteristic of our rapid fire present day system of education.

After 10 Years of Asthma Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy proved the only relief for one grateful user, and this is but one cure among many. Little wonder that it has now become the one recognized remedy on the market. It has earned its fame by its never failing effectiveness. It is earning it today, as it has done for years. It is the greatest asthma specific within the reach of suffering humanity.

Food Shortage Next Year

The London Chronicle says: "A timely warning to prepare against the inevitable shortage in the world's supply of foodstuffs is given by Lord Milner who points out that although the present harvest is abundant, immense decrease in the production of 1915 must result from the fact that all the able bodied males of France, Germany, Austria and Russia are now engaged in fighting.

"Of the 650,000,000 quarters of wheat and rye annually produced throughout the world, 350,000,000 come from these countries, and the other producing countries cannot possibly make up the deficiency.

"Lord Milner predicts that in the latter half of next year, if not before, all the nations which live on wheat or rye, will be competing fiercely for a share in the diminished supply."

The wireless station at the Eiffel Tower in Paris could easily get its messages to St. Petersburg direct, for it is the most powerful wireless station on the continent. The terrific "sparking" from its antennae, nearly 1,000 feet above the ground is so distinct that those conversant with the Morse code can read its time and weather reports in the streets of Paris without any instruments. But there is no powerful wireless station in Russia, and the roundabout route will be necessary. The British government is building a station more than 500 feet above sea level in a remote part of Oxfordshire, which will have a dozen masts, each as high as St. Paul's Cathedral. The station will be able, it is anticipated, to get into direct communication with Egypt in the daytime and possibly with India at night, when the ether is always a better carrier.

A friend told Sir Herbert Tree that another well-known actor had "gagged" in a Shakespeare play.

"Ah!" was the reply, "but you must remember that both he and I are licensed gaggists. Indeed, we might be called Gag and Maygag."—London Express.

"Why are you so down on Briggs, the hotelkeeper?"

"He gave me bad quarters in exchange for a good dollar."—Boston Transcript.

Testing a Man

An epigram of Myrtle Reed's seems to have made a hit with New York women. In "Threads of Gray and Gold" she writes:

"The only way to test a man is to marry him. If you live, it's a mushroom. If you die, it's a toadstool."

Bankruptcy

"Pa, what's bankruptcy?" a little boy once asked.

And pa, who had been "bit" that week, answered bitterly:

"Bankruptcy, my son, is where you put your money in your hip pocket and let your creditors take your wallet and coal."

The Perfect Life

"Their home life is ideal."

"Is that so?"

"Yes; she goes abroad in the summer and he goes south in the winter. Perfect, isn't it?"—Buffalo Express.

Ginger & Vim Follow the use of Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

25 and 60c. at all Druggists and stores. Take Abbey Vita Tablets for Sick Nerves.

Standards of Machinery

The statemen has frequently been made that farm machinery is not designed so much as it it built by rule of thumb. The fact that practically all of it must do its work while travelling over the ground makes economy of power and light weight the first consideration. Frequently the factor of safety in some important parts is cut to too low a point as a result and considerable experimenting is required before the machine is equally strong in every part. It has been felt, however, by the manufacturers and educators who are members of the American Society of Agricultural Engineers that some basic principles could be worked out in connection with farm machinery. The committee on standards has made a good start in this direction, but is first taking up some of the minor problems which cause a great deal of grief for both maker and user. The question of standardizing parts so that the cost of repairs can be reduced is regarded one of first importance. Such matters as standard screw threads; height of wheel, width of tire and width of tread in waggons; plough sizes and shapes; singletrees, doubletrees and eveners for implements, are all receiving attention by the committee, of which Prof. J. B. Davidson, of Iowa State College, is the active head. The gas engine is receiving its share of attention, especially in connection with a uniform method of rating the horsepower. This will apply to both stationary and traction engines. Some progress is being made also in recommendations for standard ignition apparatus. The committee will present a report at the December meeting of the society, and the papers will be printed.

Climbing Alps by Funicular Railway

Switzerland's industries are, as we all know, the making of mountaineers and milk chocolate; and the former, if Swiss statistics are to be trusted, is certainly flourishing. According to the official records of last year 7,500,000 "Alpinists" climbed the Alps—by funicular!

Mountain climbing by railway is becoming so popular that Switzerland now boasts of no fewer than forty-eight funicular railways of assorted lengths, from the little Mazil-Berne to the great Jungfrau line.

The latest Alpine sport is to breakfast at the station on your arrival, lunch in the Alps, and dine at your hotel in the evening—all within twenty-four hours.

Spoiled the Game

Alice was playing store with her youngest sister. Mother, asked to become a purchaser, played well her part, but in saying good-day stopped and kissed both children.

Sensitive Alice burst into tears.

"Oh, mamma," she wailed, "you've spoilt everything! You never kiss the man in the real store."

Koreans and Chinese

While the Chinese do not care for alcoholic drinks, but are addicted to opium, the Koreans like strong drink and do not care for opium.

Mean Interference

Bix—My wife is never happy when I am out of her sight.

Dick—My wife doesn't trust me, either.—Yonkers Statesman.

Flaked Corn

Sweet food the year round when you have Post Toasties.

Delicious bits of choicest Indian Corn, rolled thin as a leaf and toasted to a golden brown.

Brought to you fresh, crisp, and sweet, in moisture proof packages—always ready for the table.

Open the package in a jiffy, add cream or milk—maybe a little sugar.

For breakfast, lunch or supper—

Post Toasties ---Fine!

—sold by grocers

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of November 1914, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, for a renewal of the wholesale liquor license upon the premises known as Lot 24, Subsection 1, Nelson District.

PILSENER BREWING COMPANY.

Dated September 30, 1914

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Wilson hotel, situated at Union Bay B.C.

ALFRED RAPHE HORNE

Dated September, 23, 1914

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for a renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Union hotel, situate at Union, B.C. JOHN N. McLEOD

Dated September, 23, 1914

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of the Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Woodhus Stopping Place, situate at Oyster River, in the Province of British Columbia.

ANNIE WOODHUS.

Dated September 23, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Nelson hotel, situated at Union Bay, B.C. JOHN FRASER.

Dated September, 23, 1914

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Riverside hotel, situated at Courtenay, B. C. O. H. FRENCH

Dated September 23, 1914.

The Courtenay Hotel

Every convenience for guests.

The Central Hotel for Sportsmen

None but the Best of Wines and Liquors at the Bar.

RATES REASONABLE

John Johnston, Prop.

C. H TARBELL

HIGH GRADE STOVES

And all KITCHEN UTENSILS

Sportsmens Goods

and

General Hardware

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licence Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the Waverly Hotel, situated on lot 2, block 8, Cumberland Townsite.

FRANK DALLOS.

Dated November 11th, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the New England Hotel, situated on block 3, lot 3, Cumberland Townsite.

JOSEPH WALKER

Dated November 11th, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the "King George" Hotel, situated on lot 9, block 7, Cumberland Townsite.

VICTOR BONORA

Dated November 11th, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the wholesale liquor license held by me, situated on lot 12, block 6, Cumberland Townsite.

JOHN MAROCCHI

Dated November 11th, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the wholesale liquor license held by me on block 15, lot 6, Cumberland Townsite.

SAM MUSSATTO.

Dated November 11th, 1914.

UNION STEAMSHIP CO'Y

—of British Columbia, Ltd.—

THE S. S. COWICHAN WILL SAIL AS UNDER

COMOX—UNION BAY—NANAIMO—VANCOUVER—ROUTE

Leaves Comox, Sunday, 4 p. m. ..... Tuesday 11 p. m.

Leaves Union Bay, Sunday, 5 p. m. .... Tuesday, 12 o'clock, noon

For Denman Island, Nanaimo and Vancouver.

RETURNING—Leaves Vancouver, Saturday and Monday, 8 pm

For Nanaimo, Union Bay and Comox.

Subject to change without notice.

Union : Hotel

J. N. McLEOD PROPRIETOR.

English 4 x BEATON always on tap also, the famous MILWAUKEE BEER—Anheuser, Bohemian, Schlitz, &c. "OLD GREY BEARD" SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds

The Boarding and Lodging Department, under the immediate superintendence will be found First-class in every respect.

RATES. ..... $1 00 per day and Up

Crown Brand

Brewers' Dried Grains

Better, Cheaper Than Most Dairy Feeds

Vancouver Milling & Grain Company, Ltd.

Distributors NANAIMO, B. C.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Reserve, a notice of which appeared in the British Columbia Gazette on the 27th day of December, 1907, is cancelled in so far as it relates to lands covered by Expired Timber License No 42936 and known as Lot No. 374, Sayward District; and that the said lands will be opened for staking for pre-emption as unsurveyed lands in compliance with the provisions of the "Land Act" at 9 o'clock in the forenoon on Tuesday, August 11, 1914. For further information apply to the Government Agent, Vancouver, through whose office all applications must be made.

R. A. RENWICK,

Deputy Minister of Lands,

Lands Department, Victoria, B. C., June 10, 1914.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 7th day of August, 1914, for the purchase of License X 241; to cut 400,000 feet of timber on an area adjoining Lot 174, Little Valdes Island Sayward District. One year will be allowed for the removal of the timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C.

LOST OR STOLEN from No. 7 Depot, gent's bicycle, plated rims, straight handlebars; back wheel has free wheel hub brake, two patches on Dunlop tire, on back wheel. No mudguard on front wheel. Information to E. Brentnall, No. 8 Mine, or to Jas. Ward, City Police, Cumberland.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Trains will arrive at Cumberland from Union Bay at 8.30 on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, and will leave for Union Bay Wednesday and Friday at 7 in the morning, and on Saturday at 5.30 in the evening. There is no change in the S. S. Cowichan schedule.

NOTICE

Any person or persons, cutting, removing or taking any blocks timber or wood, of any description belonging to the Wellington Colliery Co'y., or from or off the land of the said Company, or anyone tipping rubbish of any description anywhere upon the company's land will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

J. R. LOCKARD,

General Manager,

Colliery Co,y.

NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same.

By order

J. R. LOCKARD,

General Manager.

Wood Wood Wood

Now is the time to place your order for SLAB WOOD

$2.50 ... per double load

From The

Star Livery Stables

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the notice of which appeared in the B. C. Gazette on the 27th day of December, 1907, is cancelled in so far as it relates to the following parcels of land:—the W. 1-2 of the S. E. 1-4, the S. W. 1-4 and the S. 1-2 of the N. W. 1-4 west of the river in Section 4; the S. E. 1-4, the S. E. 1-4 of the S. W. 1-4 and the N. E. 1-4 in Section 5; the S. 1-2 of the S. E. 1-4 in Section 8; the S. E. 1-4, the S. W. 1-4 and the E. 1-2 of the N. E. 1-4 in Section 16, and the E. 1-2 of the S. E. 1-4 and N. 1-2 in Section 21, all in Township 3, Sayward District, and the N. E. 1-4 of the N. E. 1-4 in Section 32; the N. E. 1-4 of the S. W. 1-4 and the N. W. 1-4, and N. 1-2 of the N. E. 1-4 in Section 33; the N. 1-2 of the N. W. 1-4 and the N. 1-2 of the N. E. 1-4 in Section 34; and the S. 1-2 and N. W. 1-4 of the N. W. 1-4 in Section 35, all in Township 6, Sayward District.

The said lands will be open for entry by pre-emption on Monday, the 18th day of May at the hour of 9 o'clock in the forenoon; all applications to be made at the office of the Government Agent, Vancouver. No Pre-emption Record shall include more than 40 acres of land except in cases where it is desirable to include small fractional portions of legal Subdivisions; information in which connection may be obtained from plans on view at the above mentioned Agency.

R. A. RENWICK

Deputy Minister of Lands

Lands Department, Victoria, B. C., February 11th 1914.

LIQUOR ACT 1910.

Section 42.

NOTICE is hereby given that one month from date, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial police for a license for the sale of liquor by wholesale in and upon the premises situated in the town of Courtenay, B. C, known and described as Lots 30 and 31, Section 61.

Dated this 15th day of April, 1914

UNION BREWING COMPANY Ltd.

Conrad Reitel,

Applicant

LIQUOR ACT, 1910.

Section 42.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 1st day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel licence to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Malaspina Hotel, situate at Lund, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1914

FRED THULIN

Applicant

LIQUOR ACT, 1910.

Section 42.

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 1st day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel licence to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Willows Hotel, situate at Campbell River, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1914.

CHARLES THULIN

Applicant

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the Cumberland Hotel, situated on lot 1, block 8, Cumberland Townsite.

WILLIAM MERRIFIELD.

Dated November 11th 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the Vendome Hotel, situated on lot 5, block 8, Cumberland Townsite.

JOSEPH DAMONTE

DOMINION TOBACCO

Dated November 11th, 1914.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NANAIMO HOLDEN AT NANAIMO.

IN THE MATTER OF Henry Richardson Shultz, deceased, intestate, late of Strandby, Rupert District, B. C.

AND

IN THE MATTER of the "Official Administrators Act."

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor Judge Barker, made on the 10th day of June 1914, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate of the above-mentioned deceased, and all parties having claims against the said estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified, to me on or before the 15th day of July 1914. AND all parties indebted to said estate, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated this 10th day of June 1914.

W. WESLEY WILLARD,

Official Administrator,

Cumberland, B. C.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the reserve of foreshore and of the coal under the sea fronting on Nelson and Newcastle Districts, notice of which appeared in the B. C. Gazette on the 6th day of January, 1910, is cancelled.

R. A. RENWICK,

Deputy Minister of Lands.

Lands Department, Victoria, B. C., 23rd June, 1914.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

IN THE MATTER of an Application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Section 5 Comox District.

NOTICE is hereby given of my intention at the expiration of one Calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to Thomas Beecroft Ussher, Lacon on the 3rd day of September 1891, and numbered 12567 A, which has been lost.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 23rd day of June 1914.

S. Y. WOOTTON

Registrar General of Titles.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910

(Section 35)

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the ninth day of May next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the granting of a license for the sale of liquor by retail in and upon the premises to be constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications to be filed with the Superintendent of Provincial Police, and to be known as the Pier Hotel, and to be situate at or near the government wharf at Royston Nelson District, British Columbia, upon the lands described as Lots 20 and 21 in Block E of the Subdivision of part of sections 4 and 6 A.

Dated this 1st day of April, 1914.

HARRY IDIENS.

Applicant.

Violin Strings, Talking machine needles and Victor Records for sale at the News office.

SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED

The Singer Agent is around every month. Leave your orders at the Cumberland News office, and they will be attended to promptly when the agent arrives in town.

PAINTING

Signs

Decorating

Branch Office, ... Wellington

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

No. 8 ...

SEALED TENDERS addressed ... will be received by the ... Minister of Public Works ... Tuesday, ... for the erection ... room school-house ... be erected in the City ...

Plans, specifications ... forms of tender may be seen after the 1st day ... 1914, at the offices of Mr. J. Baird, Government Agent, Cumberland, B. C.; Mr. A. J. ... Secretary of the School Board, Cumberland, B. C., and the Department of Public Works, Victoria.

By application to the undersigned, contractors may obtain a copy of the plans and specifications for the sum of ten dollars ($10), which will be refunded on returning same in good order.

Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for a sum equal to ten per cent of the amount of the tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or in the event of failing to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signatures of the tenderer and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. E. GRIFFITH,

Deputy Minister and Public Works Engineer; Department of Public Works, Victoria, B. C., April 28, 1914.

LOOK OUT!

for the Bike wagon with the Groceries

FRESH FILLED ...

FARM PRODUCE

One Mill is the product of the learned ...

FRESH MILK

Delivered morning and evening

L. MARUYA

GIVE US YOUR ORDER FOR JOB PRINTING

GO TO—

HUGH MOORE

FOR YOUR

Gen'l Blacksmithing

—AND—

Horseshoeing

Tubal St. ...

'O Cleaning and Repairing Shop

Mrs. Jenkins, Proprietress

Gentlemen's Suits Cleaned and Repaired. Ladies' Work a Specialty. ... Savings Building ...

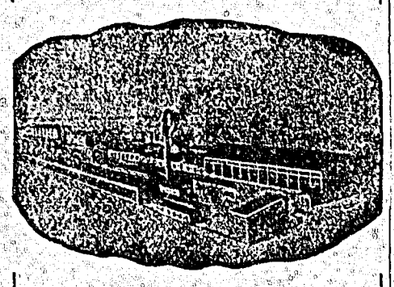
OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

THE JOHN INGLIS CO.,
LIMITED
ENGINEERS & BOILERMAKERS



Engines of all kinds, Boilers of all kinds, Plumbing Machinery, Tanks, Heavy Plate Work, etc.—Write for prices.

14 STRACHAN AVE.,
TORONTO, - CANADA

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel OUT of SORTS 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No1 No2 No3
THERAPION and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No follow up circulars. No obligations. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG. WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

PATENTS

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., head office, King street east, Toronto, Canada.

Oil Meal For Cattle

A publication recently issued by the department of commerce of the United States, dealing with cattle feeding in Europe, shows that there is an enormous consumption of oil meals of various kinds. Thus, Germany reports 1,417,920 tons of 2,205 pounds; the United Kingdom, 1,206,108 tons; Denmark, 564,715 tons; and the Netherlands, 458,646 tons, a total for these countries of 3,646,389 tons. Besides the cotton-seed meal imported from the United States and Russia and that manufactured in Germany and England from Egyptian and Indian cotton seed, much meal is made from linseed, sunflower seeds, rape seed, sesame, peanuts, soya beans, and palm kernels. American cotton-seed meal composes only 14 per cent. of the total of oil meals and cakes consumed in Europe. Denmark, which is called the greatest butter country in the world, feeds more than 200 ponds of cotton seed cake per head of cattle per year.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Kindness of the Boss

Little Tommy, who was about knee high to a half pint, was employed by a busy broker. One afternoon the broker was sitting at his desk trying to collect his thoughts as well as some coin when he suddenly looked up and signalled Tommy to draw near.

"Tommy," said the boss, digging down into his jeans, "here's a fifty cent chunk of silver. Take it and hustle off to some vaudeville show."

"Thank you very much sir," gratefully responded Tommy, freezing fast to the coin. "That's what I call being some good to a poor kid."

"Don't think that I'm being good to you," was the quick rejoinder of the boss. "I want you to learn a new tune. I can't stand the one you've been whistling for two months any longer."—Exchange.

With so thorough a preparation at hand as Miller's Worm Powders the mother who allows her children to suffer from the ravages of worms is unwise and culpably careless. A child subjected to the attacks of worms is always unhealthy, and will be stunted in its growth. It is a merciful act to rid it of these destructive parasites, especially when it can be done without difficulty.

The Modern Dancer

Madge—Do look at that girl, Billy; doesn't she dance like a chicken.

William—Yes, it the very poultry of motion.—Exchange.

Open to Conviction

"Some of your constituents are disagreeing with you," said the trusted lieutenant.

"Well, keep tab on them,' replied Senator Sorphum, "when enough disagree with me to constitute a reliable majority I'm going to turn around and agree with them."—Wasalngton Star.

W. N. U. 1019

Little Stamp Collector's Georgraphy

Talking of people and places round the dinner table the other night, some one mentioned Anguilla, says an English paper.

No one asked "Who is Anguilla?' There is something in the sound of the word which connects it with geography rather than history, and so somebody ventured a frank "Where is Anguilla?".

Every one looked as if he knew quite well, but from courtesy was waiting for his neighbor to explain. But no one spoke. Even our host always reckoned as a stand-by on such occasions, failed us. Then his little son came in (for it was holiday-time), and he was quite untroubled by the query. "Anguilla?" he remarked airily. "Oh, it's one of the Leeward Islands—quite a little one—the West Indies, you know."

We all said, "That's right!" condescendingly, and the tension abated somewhat.

"It's between the Virgin Islands and Guadeloupe," added this wonderful child; "the Virgin Island stamps are awfully rare!"

Then we understood; here was no prig, but a youthful philatelist.

He knew more geography than any of his seniors, but he didn't like learning geography—he liked collecting stamps.

Golfer's Great Catch

A good story is told of the late William Mollison, the actor. Playing on the Tayside links, he was driving off at the seventh hole (which stands on a high embankment with a burn in front), and after the usual waggle, he let go. But the head of his driver was loose. It came off and went into the burn and left him with nothing but the shaft, with the whipping straightened out—one end attached to the shaft and the other to the head of the club. There he stood a la angler, then he was heard to shout to his caddie: "Get the landing net ready, you fool! I've got a ten pounder here!"—World of Golf.

Parishioner (to departing minister)—We're all very sorry to lose you, Mr. Foodle.

Mr. Foodle (modestly)—Never mind, Mrs. Toodle. I've no doubt you will get a better man next ime.

Parishioner—Ah, no, Mr. Foodle. That's just what the last minister said when he left.—Sydney Bulletin.

More Important

"The customs inspector evidently realized that we were important people."

"Yes; he passed some baggage with hardly a glance, but when he came to us he was careful to go through everything."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Lesson in Morals

Mother—Now, Willie, you told me a falsehood. Do you know what happens to little boys who tell falsehoods?

Willie (sheepishly)—No, ma'am.

Mother—Why, a big black man with only one eye in the centre of his forehead comes along and flies with him up to the moon and makes him pick sticks for the balance of his life. Now, you will never tell a falsehood again, will you? It is awfully wicked.—Puck.

Found Something Better

After much pleading and a long service of good behavior a little 10-year-old boy was permitted to attend his first circus. He, of course, was much entertained, and returning home in an excited frame of mind, he rushed to his grandmother and exclaimed:

"Grandmother, grandmother, if you would attend one circus you would never go to another prayer meeting in your life."

Aunt Ethel—Well, Beatrice, were you very brave at the dentist's?

Beatrice—Yes, Auntie, I was.

Aunt Ethel—Then there's the half-crown I promised you. And now tell me what he did to you.

Beatrice—He pulled out two of Willie's teeth!—Punch.

Cost of a Failure

In Russia a man, intending to kill himself, got in front of a railway train, but was pulled aside.

Then the authorities took him in charge. They fined him for disorderly conduct, imprisoned him for imperiling human life and gave him solitary confinment for interrupting travel. It seems to be painfully difficult to leave Russia by any route.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Successful Ugly Women

Successful women are not always of irreproachable beauty or modeling. Thus the Princess d'Evoli of Louis XV.'s time was one eyed; the slit of Montespan's mouth reached her ears; Mme. de Maintenon was thin, meagre, yellowish; La Valliere, lame; Gabrielle d'Estrees one armed; Anne Boleyn, six fingered.—Westminster Gazette.

Brooks—Why aren't you wearing your patent leathers?

Franklin—The patent expired.—Penn Punch Bowl.

Fundamentally there is no such thing as private action. All actions are public in themselves or in their consequences.—Boyce.

Relief at Once Cure Certain

Conclusive Evidence That Dr. Chase's Ointment Cures Itching Piles

Mr. John G. McDonald, Pictou, N.S., writes: "I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles, and found that the first application gave relief. After using a few boxes of the ointment I was completely cured, and can recommend it highly to all sufferers from this disease. You have my permission to use this letter for the benefit of others."

Mr. James M. Douglass, Superior Junction, Ont., writes: "For about six years I suffered from piles, and often could not work for two or three days at a time, so great was the suffering from pain and itching. Doctors treated me in vain, and I tried many treatments before I came across Dr. Chase's Ointment. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment cured me, and for several months I have had no return of this annoying ailment."

There can be no doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment is the most effective treatment obtainable for every form of piles. 60 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Facts Versus Fancies

Richard Le Gallienne was sympathizing with a young writer whose book of poetry had been refused by twelve publishers.

"Real lovers of poetry," said Mr. Le Gallienne, "are unfortunately becoming rare. Too many people nowadays are like the judge.

"This friend was recommended by a poetic friend to read Shelley. The great man of the law said he supposed he ought to read a little poetry, and, having heard so much of Shelley, he would try him.

"'And what do you think of it?' said his friend to the judge after he had waded through a few pages of 'Epipsychidion.' 'Isn't it beautiful?'

"'Well, well—oh, yes. I daresay it is,' said the judge. 'But what I want to know is when are we going to get at the facts?'"—Washington Star.

English in Japan

The people of Japan have come to value proficiency in the English language. Over 100,000 boys and girls now study this form of speech in the Japanese secondary schools.

A recent ten-day conference of 500 teachers of English in Tokio, was conducted entirely in English, although all but about five per cent. were natives. Baron Kicuchi, president of the Imperial University, presided, and many of the university professors attended.

Some of the educators of Japan assert that English speech will be universal in that country within a few generations, although of course it will not supplant the Japanese tongue there.

The Dance of Death

The population of the world is about 1,623,300,000 persons.

The average age of all persons at death is thirty-three years.

Total of 47,372,727 persons die annually.

Total of 908,516 persons die weekly.

Total of 129,788 persons die daily.

Total of 5,308 persons died hourly.

Nearly ninety persons die every minute.

About three persons die every two seconds.

Sixty persons died while you were reading this item.—Ed. Howe's Monthly.

A Three Year Old

"Mother," said a three-year-old girl, "I don't think you know much about bringing up children, do you?"

"What makes you think that, dear?"

"Because you always send me to bed when I'm not a bit sleepy, and make me get up when I am."

Celluloid Cement

Celluloid articles can be mended with a cement made by dissolving bits of celluloid in acetone. It takes only a few minutes to make the cement, which is applied like glue, the broken edges are pressed together, and in fifteen minutes the cement is hard.

Out of Harm's Way

"And you say you never attend weddings any more?" asked the sweet young thing.

"No, I do not," replied the bachelor.

"And why not, pray?"

"Why, don't you see what's happening every day to innocent bystanders?"—Yonkers Statesman.

"Doctor," said he, "I'm a victim of insomnia. I can't sleep if there's the least noise, such as a cat on the back fence, for instance."

"This powder will be effective," replied the physician, after compounding a prescription.

"When do I take it, doctor?"

"You don't take it. You give it to the cat in some milk."

Diplomacy

Lady—I'm afraid one foot is bigger than the other.

Shopman—On the contrary, madam, one is perhaps smaller than the other.—London Opinion.

TELEPHONE STILL UNEXPLAINED

Even the Inventors Still Regard It With Amazement

The telephone remains the acme of all electrical marvels. No other device does so much with so little energy. No other engine operates with a breath. Nothing is simpler to operate and nothing is more difficult to comprehend. Even the inventors, who have lived with it for a third of a century, still regard it with amazement. It can be used by a child, yet it cannot be explained by any man of natural science or philosopher of the world. Not many months ago, the writer of an interesting article in the London Times says, I asked Alexander Graham Bell himself if he understood exactly what happened when a telephone reproduced a human voice. "No," he replied, "I only know what is done, but I do not know how it is accomplished."

How can a child's voice compel the vibration of a million pounds of copper wire, stretched 1,600 miles between Denver and New York? How can three conversations be held at the same time on only two pairs of wires? How can two people 1,000 miles apart exchange thoughts instantaneously via local chords, air, wire, and electricity? How can the same disc of sheet iron be both ear and tongue reproducing any voice and any language on the face of the earth?

No one at this stage of progress in electrical knowledge can answer these questions. No clock nor stop-watch can keep track of what the telephone does. No human system of time can measure its activities. As Herbert Spencer once remarked, the earth travels through 30 miles of space while your eye is reading this one line of type. But the earth, compared with the telephone vibrations, is a sloth of a world. In less time than you require for the winking of an eye, the wire of the telephone can flash a word across 1,000 miles of space.

Compromise

Doctor (laughing)—Some of those patients are the limit. The man who just left has several ailments, and for one I prescribe a cold plunge in the morning, while for another I told him to take a hot bath night.

Wife—And what did he say?

Doctor—He asked if it wouldn't do if he went at noon and took a lukewarm bath.

"We were going to marry our daughter to Li when we learned that he was spending all his money at that rascal Wang's, the man who runs the gambling house."

"What did you do then?"

"We married her to Wang."—Los Angeles Examiner.

"Mother, why do they play some of the music so low and some so loud?"

"So taht the people who are hard of hearing can get their money's worth."—Philadelphia Ledger.

At the club one night a member of a certain regiment found himself the centre of a group who were discussing the likelihood of an invasion of Mexico by the national guard. Cheerful remarks about the penetrative powers of Mauser bullets peppered about him. Everybody had kindly suggestions to make—such, for instance as that a medal neatly adjusted over each bullet hole would make him look as good as new. The victim took it very well.

"I'd like to contribute just one remark to this discussion," he said. "If I'm reported shot in the back, remember that I may have turned around to encourage my men."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

DAVID HENDERSON.
Belleisle Station, Kings Co., N.B.,
Sept. 17, 1904.

Different Views

Binks—Oh, I guess your rich aunt will remember you. You made a big hit with her by going into mourning when her cat died.

Jinks—True, but listen. Now the other relatives accuse me of poisoning the cat to get the opportunity.—Exchange.

Thoroughly Base

An old forger who has served five terms in various penitentiaries and who is now refraining from fancy penmanship in order to enjoy an uninterrupted vacation for a week or twain accords us the following epigram from the depth of his experience:

"I never realized the complete baseness of my nature until one day I found myself unconsciously raising my own check."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When a Mule Bites

When a mule begins to bites it is a sure sign that he has rheumatism in his hind legs and can't use them.—New Orleans Picayunne.

READ THE LABEL

FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONSUMER THE INGREDIENTS ARE PLAINLY PRINTED ON THE LABEL. IT IS THE ONLY WELL-KNOWN MEDIUM-PRICED BAKING POWDER MADE IN CANADA THAT DOES NOT CONTAIN ALUM AND WHICH HAS ALL THE INGREDIENTS PLAINLY STATED ON THE LABEL.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM

ALUM IS SOMETIMES REFERRED TO AS SULPHATE OF ALUMINA OR SODIC ALUMINIC SULPHATE. THE PUBLIC SHOULD NOT BE MISLED BY THESE TECHNICAL NAMES.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Slang in the White House

President Wilson's ability to evade the questions of newspaper men is the despair of the profession. He never refuses to answer queries, but he is so expert as a verbal fencer that he can answer all day without giving the information the writers want.

On one occasion, when he was surrounded by a host of the correspondents at the White House, he was asked a question by Matthew F. Tighe, who, as a cross-examiner of public officials, is a wonder.

"As to that," replied the president, smilingly, "in the vernacular of the day, 'you can search me.'"

"There are times, Mr. President, said Tighe, wistfully, "when I wish I could."

The Green Sailor

Mark Twain was once talking about a play that had failed.

"No wonder it failed," he said. "It's author was a greenhorn. He knew no more of stagecraft that young Tom Bowling knew of sailoring when he skinned before the mast.

"Greenhorn Tom, you know, being told to ge aloft one dark, wet night, started up the rigging with a lantern and an umbrella."

HOT WEATHER AILMENTS

A medicine that will keep children well is a great boon to every mother. This is just what Baby's Own Tablets do. An occasional dose keeps the little stomach and bowels right and prevents sickness. During the hot summer months stomach troubles speedily turn to fatal diarrhoea and cholera infantum, and if Baby's Own Tablets are not at hand the child may die in a few hours. Wise mothers always keep the Tablets in the house and give their children an occasional dose to clear out the stomach and bowels and keep them well. Don't wait till baby is ill—the delay may cost a precious life. Get the Tablets now and you may feel reasonably safe. Every mother who uses the Tablets praises them and that is the best evidence there is no other medicine for little ones so good. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

He Simply Asked

First Clubman—Well, how are you?

Second Clubman—Er—so so, perhaps. Last week I thought I was in for rheumatic fever, but just managed to stave it off, and today a twinge in my left shoulder suggests—well, it may be neuritis or—

First Clubman—My dear chap, I didn't mean it literally.—London Punch.

Reason For His Popularity

Stranger—The whole town seems to be turning out to his funeral. The deceased must have been very popular.

Native—Stranger, he was one man in a million. After he bought his car he gave everybody a ride that he had promised to.—Judge.

Then She'll Tell You

"Tell me," said the lovesick youth, "what's the best way to find out what a woman thinks of you."

"Marry her," replied Peckham promptly.—Philadelphia Press.

A Valuable Recipe

Wife—Whatever shall I do with all those trout you have brought back, dear? How shall I prevent them from smelling?

Angler (who had bought 'em)—Why, cut their noses off, of course, love!

Benevolent Old Gentleman

"Don't you think fishing a cruel sport?"

Fisherman—I should think it was. I've been sitting here five hours and never had a single bite; I've got three wasp stings, and been eaten up with flies, and the sun's taken all the skin off the back of my neck.'

"How would you classify a telephone girl? Is hers a business or a profession?"

"Nither; it is a calling."—Christian Register.

He goeth better than creepeth in his way than he that runneth out of his way.—St. Augustine.

INVENTIONS IN 30 YEARS

Civilization Has Been Developed by Later Ones

The nineteenth century has often been called the "Century of Invention." As a matter of fact, the real century of invention did not begin until 1820—when it was inaugurated by the discovery of photography—so that, as one might say, it is not finished yet. Since that date there has been a steady acceleration of mechanical discoveries, and in this line no period of equal length has been so productive as the opening years of the twentieth century—the most remarkable achievement being the actual realization, in the practical flying machine, of what mankind had come to regard as a mere dream of the visionary.

Human flight first became an accomplished fact in 1904. It must be admitted, however, that the idea of the aeroplane is by no means so new. In the Encylopedia Britannica of thirty odd years ago will be found, under "flight," a picture of a flying machine almost identical with that of the Wrights. Such being the case it may be asked, why was it not put to use? The explanation is simply that the only kind of motor thn available was the steam motor, which was impossibly heavy. It was the gasoline motor that made flying possible.

If we were to go back to the year 1880, and were deprived of the inventions which have been made during the last thirty our years, we should have an opportunity to realize the influence which a few men's ideas have had upon the development of civilization. We should find ourselves deprived of telephones, electric cars, bicycles, mechanical typesetters, cash registers and typewriters—the first writing machine having been put on the market in 1883."

A Standard Medicine—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

Easily Made Salad Dressing

Beat two eggs well, add half a pint of best vinegar, butter size of a hen's egg and half a teaspoonful of salt. Put this into a granite pan and set on stove. To prevent curdling stir rapidly and continue until it thickens like custard, then remove from stove, and while still hot stir in half a teaspoonful of made mustard thinned in as much vinegar, a sprinkling of pepper and, for those who like it, a teaspoonful of olive oil. Stir thoroughly until well mixed and set it in a cool place. Use the same as any dressing.—National Magazine.

The Box Was Good

Wife—Charles, wasn't that a good box of cigars I gave you on your birthday?

Husband—I never saw a better box, my dear.

He Refused Chicken Gravy

Johnny, out to dinner, twice refused chicken gravy, of which he was very fond. His hostess who had added macaroni to the gravy, finally said:

"Why, I thought you liked chicken gravy?"

"I do sometimes" replied Johnny, "but my mamma never puts the windpipes in."

"Why did you quit dealing with Squills the druggist?"

"He wasn't accommodating," replied the girl addressed. "The other day I phoned for him to send around a 2-cent stamp and he refused."

Sarcastic

"I try to mind my own business," said Mrs. Slothington.

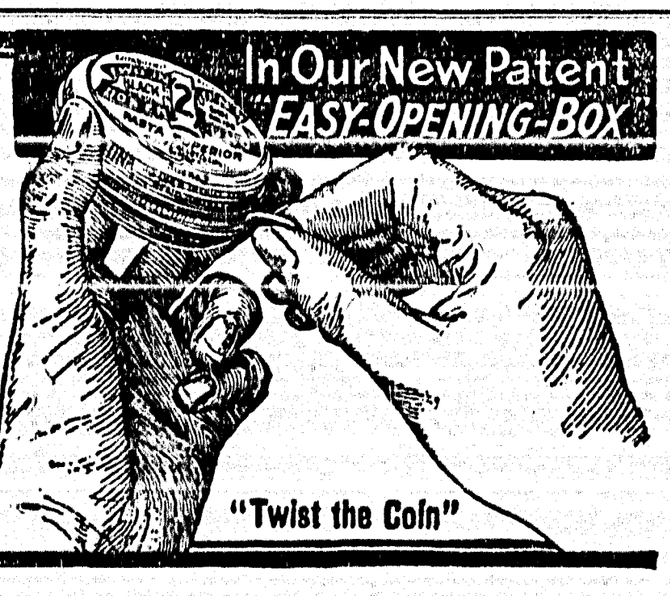
"I never saw any one," replied Miss Cayenne, "who endured failure with greater fortitude."—Washington Star.

Financier—That is not the same tale that you told me a few days ago.

Beggar—No, sir. But you didn't believe that one.—London Mail.

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

The POPULAR POLISHES
Black, Tan and White
10c All Dealers
THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LTD.
BUFFALO, N.Y. HAMILTON, ONT.



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A Real Lever Simulation

GOLD WATCH FREE.

A straightforward generous offer from an established firm. We are giving away Watches to thousands of people all over the world as a huge advertisement. Now is your chance to obtain one. Write now, enclosing 25 cents for one of our fashionable Ladies' Long Guards, or Gents' Alberts, sent carriage paid to wear with the watch, which will be given Free (these watches are guaranteed five years), should you take advantage of our marvellous offer. We expect you to tell your friends about us and show them the beautiful watch. Don't think this offer too good to be true, but send 25 cents to-day and gain a Free Watch. You will be amazed.—WILLIAMS & LLOYD, Wholesale Jewellers (Dept. 168), 60, Cornwallis Road, London, N., England.

Ontario Veterinary College

Under the control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. Established 1862.

Affiliated with the University of Toronto.

N.B.—College will re-open on Thursday, the 1st of October, 1914, in the new College Building, 110 University Avenue.

TORONTO, CANADA.

Calendar on Application.

E. A. A. Grange, V.S., M.S., Principal

CHILDREN TEETHING

BABY IS VERY COMFORTABLE AND LAUGHS DURING THE TEETHING PERIOD. THANKS TO

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

PURELY VEGETABLE—NOT NARCOTIC

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c we will mail you

THE ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited

58 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

CANADA'S SURPLUS WHEAT

Estimates Place Home Requirements at Sixty-Five Millions

The Monetary Times has obtained the following estimates of the wheat crop in Canada and of the requirements of the country. The figures have been obtained from one of the best posted millers in the Dominion: Wheat crop of western provinces, 135,000,000 bushels; of Ontario and other parts of Canada, 20,000,000. Total Canadian wheat crop, 155,000,000 bushels. Average consumption by population of, say, eight millions at five bushels per year, 40,000,000; required for seed, 20,000,000; required for feeding, 5,000,000. Total home requirements, 65,000,000 bushels. Exportable surplus, 90,000,000 bushels.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Quite Successful

A well known English bishop, as he was going about his diocese, stopped the porter of a lunatic asylum, and asked how a chaplain whom he, the bishop, had lately appointed, was getting on.

"Oh, my lord," said the man, "'is preaching is most successful. The idiots 'enjoys it partickler!"

Life's Little Sorrows

"Rich women have no real joys."

"No; the stores never have a clearance sale of diamond necklaces."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Sure of Herself

"Do you think," asked the widower, "you could learn to love my children as you would if they were your own?"

"Oh, yes," replied the anxious maiden. "I think I should *care more for* them really than if they were my own, because I shouldn't have to worry so much about them if they got hurt or were sick."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Don't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c., 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes 25c., 50c. Eye Book Free by Mail.

An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care

MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., Chicago.

W. N. U. 1019

MODERN JERUSALEM

Very Different From the Ancient City In Its Oriental Sitting

Probably no modern city is more disappointing to the expectant traveller than is Jerusalem. We think of it in its ancient glory. We picture to our imagination the magnificent temple with its golden roof and the other great buildings of the hill of Zion. We read of its being the rendezvous in passover times of a million pilgrims, and we naturally think of it as an enormous city, comparable to London or New York of the present day. We think of it in its oriental setting of 2,000 years ago, but as we approach in a modern railway train and climb the steep ascent which leads to the city behind an American engine our illusion disappears.

At last the guard calls out "Jerusalem," and we disembark a mile from the city, get into a rickety modern hack, which has evidently done duty in some more civilized community and are bounced over the rough roads and the intolerable cobblestones within the gates, until at last we are landed at our modern hotel, so different from the khan of ancient times.

And here our disillusion has only begun. The city of which we read as accommodating 1,000,000 guests on the feast day could hardly today entertain 1,000 strangers within its walls, and since a multitude of pilgrims come every year from Russia and Italy and France and Germany, these nations have erected great hotels outside the walls for the accommodation of pilgrims.

But these, fine and even magnificent as they are, take us not back to the Jerusalem of 2,000 years ago, but tell us only of the modern city, where half a dozen great nations are building these hotels and hospitals in order to gain political and commercial advantage and patiently awaiting the time when they can oust from his possessions the Turk, who has so long held sway within the sacred city.—Christian Herald.

The Solidarity of the Empire

The most astounding fact in this striking manifestation of imperial solidarity is its spontaneity and its unanimity. And this spontaneity, which has demolished in a moment the theories opposed to the principle of imperial unity, has shown the solidity of the bond which unites the varied parts of the empire. All the citizens of the empire today realize that there exists between them a solidarity of interest which all have a duty to defend in equal measure.—La Patrie.

Queen's Treasures

Among the specially treasured personal belongings which always go with the queen from one royal residence to another, are a Bible and a shawl, both wedding presents from the late Mrs. Gladstone. Altogether there are some thirty articles on the list, including ten photographs of different members of the royal family.

—Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Very Restive

The Caller—You say that your son dislikes the country and wants to go to the city. Does he seem very restive at home?

Mrs. Tungtwist—Yes; he's awful restive. He ain't done nothin' but rest since he graduated from college.—Princeton Tiger.

The Tourist (spending a week-end in the village, to the oldest inhabitant)—Well, I don't know what you do here. It's certainly the most dead-and-alive show I was ever in.

The Oldest Inhabitant—Ah, you ought to wait till next week, zur, and zee how the place 'ull be stirred up then.

The Tourist—Why, what's on next week?

The Oldest Inhabitant—Ploughin'.—Sketch.

The Grenadier Guards, in which the Prince of Wales now holds a commission, is the premier regiment of the Foot Guards, though it is not, of course, the oldest, an honor claimed by the Coldstreams. The Grenadiers, however, have been in existence for just over two centuries and a half, having been formed as a bodyguard for Charles II. The regiment has the King as its colonel-in-chief, while the Duke of Connaught is its colonel.

Corns Between the Toes

or on the soles of the feet, can be cured by a few applications of Putnam's Corn Extractor, which acts painlessly, quickly and with certainty. The genuine "Putnam's" always cures. Try it.

The young man had just been accepted. In his rapture he exclaimed, "But do you think my love I am good enough for you?"

His strong-minded fiancee looked sternly at him for a moment and replied "Good enough for me? You've got to be!"

"I am convinced," said Mrs. Twickenbury, "that we should save largely on dentist's bills if we should buy each of the children one of those new pyrotechnic toothbrushes."—Christian Register.

First Artist—The umbrella you lent me? I have lent it to a friend.

Second Artist—That is very awkward. The man who lent it to my friend tells me that the owner wants it.—Le Rire.

Climate and Weather

One day at school small Lola was called upon to explain the difference between climate and weather.

"Climate," answered the little miss, "is what we have with us all the time, but weather only lasts a few days."—Chicago News.

An Alternative

Passenger—Do I have to change cars in Chicago?

Excessively Polite Conductor—Not necessarily, madam. You can go back to New York if you want to.—Life.

When a clergyman announced that there would be a wave in the church an old lady whispered that she knew the party to whom he referred.—Tit-Bits.

ROBBING THE COAL PILE

Smoke That Goes up the Chimney Is Fuel Thrown Away

For the benefit of any one who may not see the analogy between a robbed coal pile and a smoking chimney it may be briefly and simply explained.

The visible part in smoke is nearly all carbon, either as soot or cinder, and carbon is the principal combustible part of coal—i.e., the useful part, the part capable of yielding heat. Carbon completely burned forms an invisible gas, carbon dioxide; therefore whenever the gases from a stack show black they contain carbon, which indicates that complete combustion has not taken place in the boiler furnace.

In other words, all of the available heat in the coal has not been realized. It is the same as though the corresponding part of the coal fed into the furnace has been thrown away, for, although it has passed through the furnace, it has been thrown away up the stack beyond recovery. Is this, then, so very different from robbing the coal pile?

The owner who through ignorance allows conditions to exist which are not favorable to the most economical operation of his boiler furnaces, although he is unwittingly robbing himself, is nevertheless stealing from his own coal pile.—Power.

"Oh, thank you!" exclaimed an elderly woman to a laborer, who surrendered his seat in a London bus. "Thank you very much."

"That's orl right, mum," was the rejoinder.

As the woman sat down the chivalrous laborer said:

"Wot I sez is, a man never ort to let a woman stand. Some men never gets up unless she's young and pretty; but you see, mum, it don't make no difference to me."

Its Virtue Cannot be Described.—No one can explain the subtle power that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil possesses. The originator was himself surprised by the wonderful qualities that his compound possessed. That he was the benefactor of humanity is shown by the myriads that rise in praise of this wonderful Oil. So familiar is everyone with it that it is prized as a household medicine everywhere.

The Bench and the Bar

Sir Edward Carson, the eminent lawyer, and leader of the Ulster covenanters, is usually very serious in demeanor, but he is a master in the art of making witty and telling retorts.

During one case in which he appeared, he had more than one passage of arms with the judge, who finally drew attention to a discrepancy between the evidence by two of Sir Edward's principal witnesses, one of whom was a carpenter and the other a publican.

"That's so, my lord," instantly retorted Sir Edward. "Yet another case of difference between the bench and the bar!"

"Do you play any instrument, Mr. Jimp?"

"Yes, I'm a cornetist."

"And your sister?"

"She's a pianist."

"Does your mother play?"

"She's a zitherist."

"And your father?"

"He's a pessimist."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Whist

An acquaintance of Talleyrand once remarked to him that he did not think it worth his while to learn the game of whist. Talleyrand's reply has been remembered until this day: "Not know whist, young man? What a dismal old age you are preparing for yourself!"

"Is this train running on time?"

"I should say so," answered the conductor. "It can't run any other way. The company has had to get so many extensions of credit that the whole road is running on time."—Washington Star.

Mother (sternly)—Young man, I want to know just how serious are your intentions toward my daughter.

Daughter's Voice (somewhat agitated)—Mamma! mamma! He's not the one!—Puck.

"Well, madam, is your husband out of danger?"

"It isn't quite sure; the doctor is coming again."—Le Rire.

One Consolation

First Photographer—You were rejected yesterday, weren't you?

Second Ditto—Yes, but got a clear negative.—Columbia Jester.

FOOD FACTS
What an M.D. Learned

A prominent Georgia physician went through a food experience which he makes public.

"It was my own experience that first led me to advocate Grape-Nuts food and I also know, from having prescribed it to convalescents and other weak patients, that the food is a wonderful rebuilder and restorer of nerve and brain tissue, as well as muscle. It improves the digestion and sick patients gain very rapidly, just as I did in strength and weight.

"I was in such a low state that I had to give up my work entirely, and went to the mountains of this state, but two months there did not improve me; in fact, I was not quite as well as when I left home.

"My food did not sustain me and it became plain that I must change. Then I began to use Grape-Nuts food and in two weeks I could walk a mile without fatigue; and in five weeks returned to my home and practice, taking up hard work again. Since that time I have felt as well and strong as I ever did in my life.

"As a physician who seeks to help all sufferers, I consider it a duty to make these facts public." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Trial 10 days of Grape-Nuts, when regular food does not seem to sustain the body, works wonders. "There's a Reason."

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Size of the Waves

The most experienced sons of the sea are apt to have very exaggerated ideas of the size of towering waves which break over the vessels during sea storms, and frequently waves are reported as having reached an almost impossible height. As a matter of fact it is extraordinary for a wave to attain a height of seventy feet, while the average size of great waves is considerably less. The mountainous seas often encountered by liners in the North Atlantic usually measure about forty feet, though the upward-shooting, quick-falling water attains a greater altitude. The big waves of the North Pacific rarely measure more than thirty feet, while the highest wave ever met by an Australian-bound liner in the South Pacific reached fifty feet. The big waves of mid-ocean are much larger than those encountered elsewhere, and it is very rare that a height of even twenty feet is reached by a wave in the Mediterranean.

A Suggestive Guess

Bishop Ingram, Lord Bishop of London, England, has a pleasant habit of chatting with anybody he may meet during his walks. One day in the country he came across a lad who was looking after some pigs by the roadside, and the bishop paused to ask him what he was doing, that being his usual opening to conversation:

"Moindin' swoine," the lad replied, stolidly.

The bishop nodded his head thoughtfully.

"Ah, is that so?" he commented. "And how much do you earn a week?"

"Two shillings," was the reply.

"Only two shillings?" remarked the bishop. Then he continued, pleasantly, "I, too, am a shepherd, but I get more than two shillings."

The lad looked at him suspiciously for a minute, then he said, slowly:

"Mebbe you gets more swoine nor me to moind."

Survivor of Siege of Lucknow

The death has just taken place at Edinburgh of Mrs. Elizabeth Anderson, who was one of the few remaining lady survivors of the siege of Lucknow. At the time of this stirring event in history, Mrs. Anderson's husband, Dr. Thomas Anderson, who was a son of Mr. Thomas Anderson, for many years secretary of the National bank, was a medical officer in India, and was stationed at Delhi. Mrs. Anderson was on a visit to Lucknow when the mutiny broke out, and she remained in the beleaguered city for nine months, and she used to recall that she was present in the talkhana, or cellar, to which Europeans went to escape the heat, immediately underneath the room to which Sir Henry Lawrence was taken when the distinguished general fell.

A New Cure For Warts

Dr. Felix Szontagh of Budapest recommends a new and simple method of treating warts. It consists in covering the wart and the surrounding skin, to the width of one centimeter with ordinary caoutchouc plaster and leaving it so covered for weeks—even, if necessary, for two or three months. Whenever the plaster becomes loose it must be removed and replaced by a new piece. As a rule, the plaster is to be changed once in three or four days.

Any adherent resident of the caoutchouc is to be removed with ether or gasoline, care being taken that the wart or the surrounding skin shall not be rubbed energetically, because irritation of the skin is not conducive to the disappearance of the wart. Doctor Szontagh says that he cannot explain the action of this simple method, and how it produces such excellent results from the cosmetic point of view, but it is certainly efficient. Perhaps the caouchouc contains some substance which softens the wart and causes atrophy.—Lancet.

England is the holder of the world's supply of tin, and the tremendous advance in the price of that metal, since war made demands upon it, the printers are feeling the increases in the cost of alloys used for linotype, monoline and other lines of type.

Of all the associations of Liege none can be recalled at the present time with a more genuine thrill of satisfaction than the memory of John Cockerill, the Englishman who founded the great iron and armament works which give the city its modern industrial importance. Liege has given his name to one of its principal quays, the neighboring Seraing commemorates him by a salute, and all Belgium would seem to have adopted the enterprising Briton's watchword, which was "Courage to the last."

British sailors have on their uniform a perpetual reminder of the navy's glorious past, though not every one wears them knows that the three rows of white tape round the edging of the blue collar and the black silk scarf knotted in front are links with Nelson. The white tapes commemorate Nelson's most famous victories—Copenhagen, the Nile, and Trafalgar—and the scarf is a token of perpetual mourning for the great admiral, adopted spontaneously by his seamen themselves, and retained ever since.

Got a Bargain

"I had my fortune told the other day," said one woman.

"What a waste of money!" said the other.

"Not at all. I gave the women 50 cents, and she informed me that I am to inherit $100,000. Wasn't that a good bargain?"—Washington Star.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Winning Ways

"What a pathetic face that young fellow has! His eyes seem so reproachful."

"Yes. In the lunchroom where he worked he pulled in more tips than all the other waiters combined."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Colonel—Did your son play in the varsity football match?

Mrs. M.—Indeed he did. Why, he was the star drawback.—London Opinion.

A weak mind is like a microscope, which magnifies trifling things, but cannot receive great ones.—Chesterfield.

Everybody calls them "The Speed Shells," for short.

Steel Lined, all the explosive force kept back of the shot. No side expansion. A straightaway blow that gets the load there *quick.*

You take a shorter lead on the fast birds—get more of them.

To get the *Speed Shells* be sure to see the *Red Ball Mark of Remington-UMC* on every box.

Also ask for the "Remington," our new low priced smokeless shell, made for the man who needs to consider price rather than extreme refinement.

To keep your gun cleaned and lubricated *right,* use Rem Oil, the new powder solvent, rust preventative, and gun lubricant.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Windsor, Ontario

No Increase in the Price of—
Cowan's Perfection Cocoa

To reassure our customers and the Trade generally in the face of so many advances and rumored advances in the cost of food products, Tea, Coffee, etc., we have decided to announce definitely that there will be no advance in price of COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA in 5-lb., 1-lb., ½-lb., ¼-lb. and 10c. tins, between now and Christmas. Further than this we cannot look ahead.

We believe it to be the duty of all Canadian Manufacturers to do their utmost during the present crisis to show their belief in the underlying soundness of Canada's commercial conditions. This announcement is made in face of the fact that the Cowan Company have had to pay an advanced price for some of their raw materials; but it is believed that increased demand from Atlantic to Pacific, because of falling foreign imports and embargos on teas and coffees, will offset other conditions and enable our largely increased factory to run full time with full or increased staff at full wages.

The Cowan Company, as manufacturers of an article of unusual food value, are sincerely anxious to do their share in allaying anxiety as to employment, wages and food supplies.

Do You Realize the Food Value of COCOA and CHOCOLATE?

Cocoa and Chocolate are foods as staple as flour. Cocoa is not a luxury, but a staple necessity of life, and, considered from the standpoint of its value as nourishment in concentrated form pure Cocoa at 50c. a pound is a most economical food.

The food value of Cocoa and Chocolate has been recognized for many years in Great Britain and Europe. The highest medical authorities have made the statement that Cocoa and Chocolate are the most sustaining of all foods in concentrated form. European soldiers almost universally carry Chocolate in their kits as an emergency ration in case of food shortage, or fatigue in forced marches, and viewed from this standpoint the late Queen Victoria's gift to her soldiers in South Africa, takes on a new significance.

We all appreciate Tea and Coffee, but, after all is said, these beverages are merely pleasant, slightly stimulating drinks, with little or no food value. Cowan's Perfection Cocoa, on the contrary is a splendid food as well as drink, and a delightful drink as well as food.

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa is sold by all Grocers in 5lb, 1lb, ½lb, ¼lb, and in 10c. tins.

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THE COWAN COMPANY, LIMITED
H. N. COWAN, President.

NEW MARKET FOR LIVE STOCK

The only Public Owned Stockyard in Canada.

SHIP YOUR CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP TO REGINA

Competitive Buying, Fair Weights, Highest Prices, Good Accommodation.

For information write to the

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSIONER, CITY HALL, REGINA

The New Live Stock Market.

Guard the rising generation by using always in the home

EDDY'S "SES-QUI" NON-POISONOUS MATCHES

Positively harmless to children, even if accidentally swallowed, because the composition with which the heads are tipped, contain no poisonous ingredients

What Germany Has Sacrificed

By act of war Germany cut herself off from trade with Great Britain that in 1911 amounted to $487,000,000; from trade with the Russian empire that in that year rose to $815,000,000, and from the French trade, which was then $266,000,000. German exports and imports rose from $3,639,000,000 in 1908 to $4,715,000,000 in 1912. The British navy aided by the French fleet in the Mediterranean and the small Russian fleet in the Baltic, has blockaded the vast bulk of this trade entering and departing in ships carrying yearly 100,000 cargoes from German ports, the chief of which are Hamburg, Bremen, Stettin, Altoona, Luebeck, Danzig and Warnemeunde. Of the great mercantile navy which the fleets of the Triple Entente are holding in check, more than three quarters belongs to the German nation.—New York Times.

"Why, Mrs. Murphy, you look quite festive today. What's the matter?"

"Wot! 'Aven't you 'eard my Bill comes out today?"

"But I thought the judge give him seven years."

"Yes, but they're letting 'im out nearly two years earlier cos 'e's behaved so well."

"Lor,' Mrs. Murphy, what a comfort it must be to 'ave such a good 'usband!"

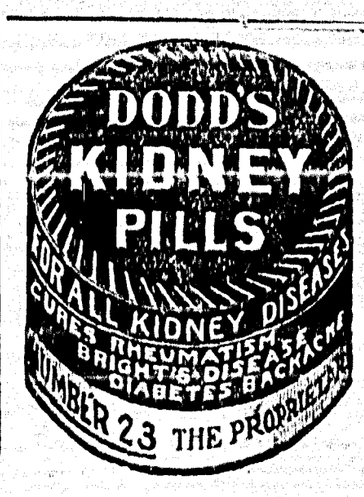
Miss Flirt—Jack told me last night that I was his very life.

Her Brother—Jack will soon find out how uncertain life is.—Boston Transcript.

Water Power

Few would expect to find any connection between a modern hydro-electric plant and a prayer. The connection is indeed remote, but not undiscoverable. The first application of water power to mechanical purposes was made by Buddhist priests when they employed the energy of running streams to the work of turning prayer wheels. That, then, may be said to constitute the origin of the application of water power to perform man's labors, the foreshadowing of the great industrial development now in progress for the harnessing of the world's waterfalls, rivers and streams.

A young man idle, an old man needy.—Italian Proverb.



IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NANAIMO HOLDEN AT CUMBERLAND.

IN THE MATTER of Sarah Ellenor Tyson deceased, intestate.

AND

IN THE MATTER of the "Official Administrators Act."

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor Judge Barker, made the 5th day of November, 1913, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate of the above-mentioned deceased, and all parties having claims against the said estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified, to me on or before the 15th day December, 1913. AND all parties indebted to said estate, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1913.

W. Wesley Willard,
Official Administrator,
Cumberland, B. C.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NANAIMO HOLDEN AT CUMBERLAND.

IN THE MATTER OF Daniel Mugan deceased, intestate, who died at Cumberland, B. C. on June 25th 1913.

AND

IN THE MATTER of the "Official Administrators Act."

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor Judge Barker, made the 5th day of November, 1913, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate of the above-mentioned deceased, and all parties having claims against the said estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified, to me on or before the 13th of December, 1913. AND all parties indebted to said estate, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1913.

W. Wesley Willard,
Official Administrator,
Cumberland, B. C.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

In the Matter of an Application for a fresh Certificate of Title to Lot 4, "Block 6F," Cumberland, Map 522 A.

Notice is hereby given of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of the Certificate of Title issued to George Richardson and Ruth Agnes Richardson on the 19th day of June, 1911, and numbered 116 F, which has been lost.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, British Columbia, this 24th day of September, 1914.

S. Y. WOOTTON
Registrar General of Titles.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for a renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Courtenay Hotel, situated at Courtenay, B. C.

Jesse K. Jeanneau

Dated October 21, 1914.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for a renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the [illegible] Hotel, situated at [illegible] Island, B. C.

[illegible]

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NANAIMO HOLDEN AT CUMBERLAND

IN THE MATTER OF John [illegible] also known as John Smyth deceased, intestate, who died at Cumberland on July 5, 1912.

AND

IN THE MATTER of the "Official Administrators Act"

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor Judge Barker, made the [illegible] day of November, 1913, I was appointed Administrator of the Estate of the above-mentioned deceased, and all parties having claims against the said estate are hereby required to furnish same, properly verified, to me on or before the 15th day of December, 1913. AND all parties indebted to said estate are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated this 11th day of November, 1913.

W. Wesley Willard,
Official Administrator,
Cumberland, B. C.

WATER NOTICE

FOR A LICENCE TO TAKE AND USE WATER.

NOTICE is hereby given that Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway of Victoria, B.C., intends to apply for a licence to take and use 100,000 gallons per 24 hours of water out of Sandy Lake (or creek) flowing in a northerly direction through Section [illegible] Dist. [illegible] and empties into Chase River near Nanaimo. The water will be diverted at the point of application and will be used on the Land Belt of the Railway. This notice was posted on the ground on the 2nd day of September, 1913, and a copy of application for a licence will be filed with the Water Recorder of Nanaimo District. Objections may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Victoria, B.C.

E. & N. RAILWAY
Applicant
H. E. BEASLEY
Agent
my7

WATER NOTICE

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Dated this 11th day of November, 1913.

W. Wesley Willard,
Official Administrator,
Cumberland, B. C.

SINGER

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THE COMBERLAND NEWS

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SOME CAUSES THAT LED TO GREAT WARS

INCIDENTS THAT BROUGHT ON HISTORIC CONFLICTS

The Cause of the Present Great World Struggle Can be Easily Traced, But All Wars Have Not Had Such an Apparent Origin—Notable Cases in History.

The real cause of the present war was undoubtedly the ambition of the German nation, arising from its well trained and prepared condition.

Directly the cause was the outrageous demand made upon Servia by Austria to permit Servians suspected of complicity in the murder of Archduke Ferdinand to be tried in their own land by Austrian officers. The involving of Russia had been expected, as had also the participation of Germany, who was certain to attack France as a precautionary measure, which would call in Great Britain to the fray by a side wind, viz., the forcible German entry of Belgium.

But all wars have not had causes so easily traced at the time, nor so obvious in their intentions.

A man may start a bit of a row in his own home by appearing unannounced with a clean shave after having worn a luxuriant hirsute adornment for years, but ordinarily the trouble does not go beyond his own door. Louis VI. of France was less fortunate. A visit to the Royal barber plunged two nations—France and England—into intermittent warfare which lasted 300 years.

According to the story, the Archbishop of Rouen persuaded the king to remove his beard in common with his subjects. The act led to so much friction with the queen that at last Louis divorced her, to become a few months later the wife of Henry II. of England. From this marriage centuries of bloodshed may be said to have followed.

In an iron cage in the tower of the cathedral in Modena, Italy, a bucket which 900 years ago was the cause of a terrible war may be seen today. Soldiers of Modena, in a mischievous mood, stole the bucket from a public well in Bolgona and refused to return it. The States were rivals and were jealous of each other and fights between soldiers of the two followed. This spark kindled a fire of war which devastated a large part of Europe and led to the imprisonment for life of the King of Sardinia, son of the German emperor.

A broken teapot started a war in China 250 years ago, which cost half a million lives! The teapot was the cherished possession of a dignitary high in favor with the emperor. When travelling through a lawless province in the northwest of China some of his retinue, who had fallen behind the main body, were intercepted by a band of robbers, and among the spoils teh teapot was found and contemptuously thrown on the ground and broken. The mandarin reported his loss to the emperor, a force of soldiers was sent out, and a long and terrible war ensued.

Lord Palmerston once said that only three men had ever known the exact nature of the troubles in Schleswig-Holstein, which led to two great wars. Two of them had died before the wars broke out, and he, the third of the trinity, had completely forgotten what it was all about.

The manipulation by Count Bismarck, then Prussia's Foreign Minister, of a telegram set Prussia and France flying at each other's throat in 1870. The French ambassador went to Ems, where Emperor William I. then was, to ask him not to approve the ambition of Prince Leopold to become the King of Spain. The king refused to give a definite answer, but Prince Anthony of Hohenzollern withdrew his scion's candidacy. A report of the conference was submitted by telegram to Count Bismarck, with authorization to publish it. Bismarck altered the text, and in the changed form gave it to the newspapers and through them to France, and the international war with all its horrors followed. Years later Bismarck confessed the forgery.

The war of the Spanish succession, in which the great Duke of Marlborough played a brilliant part, was said to be the outcome of a glass of water at a ball at the Tuileries in Paris. One of the court ladies had expressed a wish for a drink of water in the hearing of the British and Spanish ambassadors, who hastened to get it for her. Returning each with a tumbler, they found the fair bird had flown and was dancing with a French statesman. The English diplomat accidentally, it is presumed, brushed against the Spaniard and upset the glass he was carrying. This ridiculous incident inflamed the jealousies of the nations and turned the balance in favor of war.

The Seven Years War was largely due, according to his own confession, to the vanity of Frederick the Great in wanting to see his name figure largely in the gazettes.

The Sepoys were said to have believed that cartridges served out to them were greased with the fat of animals, unclean alike to Hindu and Mohammedan, and the Indian Mutiny was precipitated.

The Turko-Russian war was said to have been started by the hammer with which a Herzegovian blacksmith killed a tax collector who had insulted his daughter.

The stealing of a Castile lady's lace petticoat by a Moor led to many years of fierce warfare between the Spaniards and the Moors. The emptying of a bucket of a Florentine citizen on the head of a Milanese gave rise to an inter-provincial war in Italy.

Borrowing a tobacco pipe and failing to return it kindled a civil war which lasted for years among the rival races in Pamirs and Afghanistan. A dispute as to the relative attractions of snails and vipers as food started fifty yars of fighting between Milan and Pisa.

A clever man turns great troubles into little ones, and little ones into none at all.—Chinese Proverb.

DOGS IN ALASKA

Carry Great Loads Over Snow That Would Not Hold a Man

Dogs are surely the real thing for "mushing" in the cold country. To my mind they beat reindeer a mile. Most of them weigh less than 100 pounds, and they distribute their weight over their four feet, so that they can trot over a weak snow crust where a man would sink out of sight by breaking through the crust into the soft snow below. On a good, level, smooth trail ten dogs can trot along with a ton of freight behind them, and 500 or 600 pounds is a fair load on poor trails.

A peculiar thing is that a twelve foot sled, twenty-two to twenty-four inches wide, with runners two and one-quarter inches wide, bearing a load of 600 to 800 pounds, will not sink through a snow crust that will not bear a man. This occurs because two runners two and one-quarter inches wide and twelve feet long give a large area of bearing on the crust. This, coupled with the motion that keeps the sled passing over all the time, accounts for the remarkable fact I am speaking of.

One of the greatest dangers in "mushing" is encountering water under the snow on the river ice in very cold weather or breaking through into hollow places where the stream has sunk away from under the ice. This is the most dangerous of all, and often when it happens a man is frozen to death before he can get to shelter or get up his tent and start a fire.—B. S. Rodney in Albuquerque Herald.

MANY COMMODITIES AFFECTED

Luxuries Have to be Dispensed With and Home Manufactures Substituted

The war will touch almost every department of commercial life. Every day reveals some new commodity whose origin we had forgotten, but which will now be withheld for some time. Word comes that pipes will be scarce, for the meerschaum comes from Vienna, briar root from France, and amber from Germany.

It is reported that dye stuffs will be entirely cut off, as they come from Germany. The supply of drugs will be seriously affected also. Linoleum will be hard to obtain, because the workers in Dundee have gone to join the colors. The supply of burlap will be restricted, as the Dundee manufacturers of farlap are dependent upon India for the jute, which is taken to Dundee in German vessels. The cork used in the manufacture of linoleum comes from Spain and Portugal, but the high insurance on transportation and the risk prevents its shipment. American burlap, because of its weave and size, cannot be utilized for linoleum. Burlap prices have doubled since the war, and are expected to go still higher.

The lesson manufacturers of each country will learn is to make their goods conform to certain standard sizes, so that all the goods made in one country can be used in that country.

Food stuffs will, of course, show a shortage. As most of the imports come under the heads of luxuries, these can be dispensed with very well. Cheese, wines and meats can be replaced in this country although, on account of conditions of growth and ripening, each country secures a flavor which cannot be duplicated.

Maxims of the Great Napoleon

The following are some maxims of the great French soldier, Napoleon Bonaparte:

"Unity of command is a first necessity of war."

"Love is the occupation of the idle man, the distraction of the warrior, the stumbling block of the sovereign."

"A great captain ought to say to himself several times a day: If the enemy appear on my front, my right or my left, what should I do? If he finds himself embarrassed, he is ill posted."

"When a king is said to be a kind man, the reign is a failure."

"Heart! How do you know what your heart is? It is a bit of you crossed by a big vein in which the blood goes quicker when you run."

"The heart of a statesman should be in his head."

"High tragedy is the school of great men. It is the duty of sovereigns to encourage and spread it. Tragedy warms the soul, raises th heart, can and ought to create heroes."

"Bleeding enters into the combination of political medicine."

"The vice of our modern institutions is that they have nothing which appeals to the imagination. Man can only be governed through imagination. Without it he is a brute."

"Conscription is the eternal root of a nation, purifying its morality and framing all its habits."

"I regard myself as probably the most daring man in war who has ever existed."

"Love of country is the first virtue of civilized man."

"There are only two nations—East and West."

Whistler as a Courtier

Most of the stories of Whistler are rather "waspish," but one recalls a story that shows him in the light rather of a graceful courtier.

It happened that the then Prince of Wales paid a visit to an exhibition of pictures that was held by an art society of which Whistler, was the president. Whistler received the prince at the door, and as they entered the gallery his royal highness asked:

"What is the history of your society, Mr. Whistler?"

"Sir," replied the artist with a courtly bow, "its history begins today!"

The Biggest Talker in the House

Mr. Lloyd George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, is the greatest talker in the British Parliament.

The chancellor spoke 170 columns of "Hansard," while the prime minister comes sixth down the list with 108 columns. The member who asked the most questions was Mr. Fred Hall, of Dulwich, who put 359.

In one sort of contest Mr. Fred Hall is easily beaten by Mr. Will Thorne, the Socialist. The ordinary rate of speaking is 100 to 150 words a minute. Mr. Will Thorne puts his questions to the government at the rate of about 600 words a minute. Mr. Hall cannot do better than a mere 450 words a minute.

WAR GROWS MORE HUMANE

Improvement in Arms and Hospital Accommodation Is Responsible

In the American civil war eight soldiers died of disease to one from wounds. Experts expect that in the present general European struggle not more than three will fall victim to sickness to one killed on the field of battle. So it is expected that the present war, the greatest yet in history, also will be the most humane. There will be no disproportionate mortality list from disease and an army of cripples as an aftermath.

The modern high-power, quick-firing military rifle and the development in artillery will have much to do with the change. Those who die will die more quickly. Gangrene and infection will be practically unknown quantities it is thought.

Before the Russo-Japanese conflict the armies the world over used a large calibre bullet, made of unsheathed lead and greased to overcome friction in the barrel. The muzzle velocity was less than half that of the missiles now employed. Then, too, bayonet and sabre charges were more common. These resulted in hideous wounds, very difficult for surgeons to handle.

The bullets which are flying in Europe today are of less diameter than the ordinary lead pencil. They are jacketed with nickel, lead or steel and have tremendous velocity.

The soft, mushrooming bullet of the old day resulted in the shattering of bones and the crushing, rather than cutting, of tissues. Infection was almost inevitable, the grease being especially unsanitary. A wound in the abdomen was considered necessarily fatal. The death rate among the wounded was enormous.

In recent campaigns there are instances where soldiers shot in what were once considered vital spots have walked unsupported to the field hospitals.

THE STUDY OF WORDS

It's a Helpful Scheme to Use Your Dictionary Every Day

Writing an article "Treasure in Books," in the Woman's Home Companion, Laura Spencer Porter gives the following excellent advice about the advantages to be gained from the study of words:

"The study of words—it may sound to you a dry thing, yet I promise you it is not; very far from it.

"And this brings me to suggest that the habit of one of the great writers of studying carefully from a good dictionary five words each day is one from which we might all of us get a good deal of profit. Or take a good book of synonyms, for instance, and learn from it each day five words somewhat similar, comparing and weighing carefully the meanings and values of them.

"Notice the degrees of force in the following: To dislike, to hate, to loathe, to detest, to abhor. Each note struck is a little stronger, higher, we might say, like an ascending crescendo scale. So to instruct, to teach, to educate, are each quite different in meaning, with a great nicety of difference. So, rebuke, reprimand, censure, blame, are all of one color, but of how different shades of meaning. So, too, misfortune, calamity, disaster; so weak, feeble, decrepit, and what delicate difference between fame and renown or feminine and womanly and womanish."

United States Fruit and the War

Continuation of the general war in Europe will hurt the fruit growers of the United States. Figures compiled by the U.S. department of commerce show that in the year ended June 30 fruits amounting to $33,000,000 were shipped abroad. The greater part of these products were consumed in the countries now at war.

There has been a growing demand in Europe for these, particularly oranges, apples and dried fruits, which have commanded good prices.

Apples are the most popular imported fruit in foreign markets. Green or ripe apples sent abroad from the States last year brought $6,500,000, while dried apples brought a total of $2,70,000. Prunes, which are popular as a dessert on foreign tables, brought $4,666,000. Dried apricots sent abroad were worth $1,940,000, while the exports in raisins amounted to $1,000,000.

Canned fruits have found an increasing market and people in the old world last year paid $4,900,000 for them.

California and Florida oranges find larger markets in Europe each year. The total sale last year amounted to $3,825,000, as against $3,000,000 in the previous year. Pears alone shipped from this country brought $1,403,000. Europeans paid $717,000 for berries of various kinds and nearly $3,000,000 for various kinds of unclassified fruits.

War Secretary Sleeps With Job

Grim as war news is, it is not without its lighter side of amusing incidents, oddities and romance.

Lord Kitchener's first question when he entered the war office, to take up his new post, so it is said in the Sporting Chronicle, was addressed to the porter, "Is there a bed here?" he asked.

"No, my lord," replied the porter.

"Get one," said Lord Kitchener "I may be here for some time."

And it is said he has been eating and sleeping, as well as working, inside the war office almost ever since.

Strathcona's Romantic Marriage

The marriage of Lord Strathcona was a romance. He met the lady when he was twenty-nine and living on the coast of Labrador. She was a widow and had a little son. There was no priest or church within 1,000 miles and the marriage was a simple contract without ceremony. It was for this reason that when the high commissioner became a peer in 1897 a remarriage was held to be necessary and it was solemnized with the full ritual of the Church of England. The Labrador marriage was, however, ratified by special act of parliament.—London Tatler.

Cornering Chinese Eggs

England and Russia, according to E. Block, of Shanghai, a large exporter of Chinese eggs, has placed orders that will take up all the Chinese eggs on the market.

OPPORTUNE TIME FOR BUSINESS EXPANSION

THE WEST WILL BENEFIT FROM PRESENT CONDITIONS

High Prices For Grain Will Help the Farmers, and Every Line of Activity Will be Stimulated—Slogan of the West Should be to Stand Loyally Together.

Western Canada occupies a most favorable position at the present time. While Europe is in the throes of a gigantic war such as the world has never before witnessed, there is peace within our own borders. By reason of the present conditions, the farmers of the west will benefit. A better price will be secured for grain and all farm produce, and when the farmer benefits the whole west will share in his prosperity. Because of the partial suspension of trans-oceanic trade, the industries of Canada will be stimulated to supply our home demand. Goods that have heretofore been imported from Germany and elsewhere will be produced and manufactured in Canada.

Now is the favorable time for the expansion of business opportunities, and now more than ever before is the time for the people of the western provinces as well as the whole of Canada to stand loyally together. By supporting our local merchants we are contributing to the welfare of our own community and keeping the money in our own town and district. We should go further and buy only goods that are manufactured in our own town or province in preference to competing lines of goods. While the west is primarily a grain producing country, and agriculture will no doubt always be the chief industry, there are many other industries already established, which if loyally and consistently supported by the western people, will, in time, contribute immensely to the general wealth and importance of the west. Many lines of food products are being manufactured in the principal cities from Winnipeg to Vancouver, and if we insist on demanding from our local merchant only those articles which are manufactured in the west in preference to the imported, and often-times inferior articles, we will be contributing to one of the factors that is bound to assist the Canadian west is gaining the great commercial importance to which she is destined to attain.

It is not a time to talk of hard times and money stringency, but rather to assume a hopeful attitude, being firm in the conviction that ours is a country rich in natural resources and peopled with men who can by determination and industry overcome temporary difficulties, and seize the opportunities for business expansion that are thrust upon us by reason of the present world-wide disturbances.

About Bananas

Philadelphia's yearly imports of bananas reach 6,000,000 bunches a year, with a value of considerably over $4,000,000. So important is the trade that special steamers are run from the Caribbean to Philadelphia and other north Atlantic ports. The great fruit companies own huge plantations in the West Indies and virtually control the output of independent growers.

During the height of the banana season, from May 1 to about October 1, six fruit steamers arrive in Philadelphia port every week. Three of these usually belong to the United Fruit Company, two to the Atlantic Fruit Company and one to the Cuneo Importing Company. Each ship has a capacity for about 30,000 bunches.

The fruit is picked when green and carefully packed in straw in the holds of the ships. It slowly ripens during the voyage to the city. Much of the cargoes are sold in advance of the ship's arrival. When the vessel docks long lines of teams are found waiting at the wharves, ready to load up and make way for the newcomers.

Philadelphia, New York and Boston supply the market as far west as Chicago. New Orleans, the great banana port on the coast, supplies all west of that point and the Mississippi valley and south. The fruit that is shipped away from Philadelphia is packed in refrigerator cars and hauled by fast freight to the point of destination.

Bunches of bananas are graded according to "hands." The hands are the fan-shaped groups of bananas on the central stalk. There are about fifteen bananas on each hand. The bunches are designated as "sixes," or six-hand bunches, "sevens," "eights," and "nines." The latter include all bunches from nine hands up.

Cuban bananas come in during the summer only. Winter bananas come from Jamaica, Mexico and Colombia.

Most of the bananas brought in by the United Fruit Company come from Port Limon, Honduras; from Santo Marto, Colombia, and a quantity from Jamaica. These plantations are very large, produce a never-failing supply of the fruit at the lowest possible cost of production, and make the big fruit companies independent of the small owners.

Revolver Contest of the Nations

European and American names comprise the list of contestants in a recent marksmanship contest at the antipodes—the annual Indoor Revolver Championship Competition of the Shanghai Miniature Rifle and Revolver club, which is affiliated with the Society of Miniature Rifle clubs of Great Britain. To the white residents of Shanghai and to the military and naval men who are stationed there this is one of the chief sporting events of the year.

The championship gold medal was won by Mr. Freeman of the Legion of Frontiersmen, whose score was 402. One woman, Mrs. A. S. Fullerton, a resident of Shanghai, entered the contest. She made a score of 313, shooting Remington-UMC ammunition, as did Mr. Freeman. Standard American ten-ring targets were used, with a bull's-eye targets were used, with a 20 yards being allowed and the time limit being on hour. The highest possible score was 500. Mr. Freeman outdid his nearest competitor, Lieut.-Com. L. Preston-Thomas of H.M.S. Britomart, who has a reputation as one of the best revolver shots in the British navy.

SURGICAL WONDER

Idiot Child Made Sound by Organ Transplanation

Dr. Serge Voronoff, the well-known Paris surgeon, is said to have succeeded in grafting a monkey's tryroid gland (a gland whose functions are unknown, saddled upon the larynx and windpipe), on a child suffering from cretinism, and effecting a radical cure. (Cretinism is a state of imperfect mental development, or idiocy).

Dr. Voronoff described the case before the Paris Academy of Medicine. It was unanimously regarded as opening a new path in constructive surgery, rich in discoveries, which will diminish human suffering. The child, aged fourteen years, was attacked when eight by myxedema (atrophy of the thyroid gland) as a sequel to scarlet fever, and ever after has presented all the symptoms of severe cretinism.

Dr. Voronoff, in the presence of nineteen doctors, grafted to the child's neck the right lobe of the thyroid gland of a large baboon.

The child has since continued to grow rapidly in body and mind. While formerly apathetic and silly, she is now turbulent and sharp.

This is the first time that grafting of an organ from an animal to a human being has been accomplished with success.

A number of previous attempts were made by Dr. Alexis Carrel, of the Rockefeller Institute, of New York, but all failed.

It is believed that the operation may become common, and that numbers of cretins and imbeciles now leading a purely vegetative existence may be transformed into useful members of society.

Homes For Workers

The outrage of our American cities is the way we bid for home-seekers, when we have no homes to offer them, after we lure them to come. Our factories scour the country for workers, bring them in, and turn them loose, to find shelter wherever they can. Our business organizations offer bonuses for new factories, bidding for these which bring in the largest number of families. "Another factory! 100 families! More prosperity!" they announce, in big headlines.

One of the saddest sights of the slums is to see the thrifty wife of the working man, with her rosy brood of children, used to country air and sunshine, used to space, privacy, good surroundings, cleanliness, quiet, shut up amid the noise and dirt and confusion, in the gloom of the slum. That is an unusual family that can maintain the sanctity of its home life, in the tenements.

The brave fight may be made if the father and mother are spared, to hold control, and provide the bread. But how many working men in our cities, the records show, fall a prey to tuberculosis, typhoid, pneumonia, and other "house diseases!" How many mothers are beckoned from their little families by the same ghastly finder! Any one who will search the records will find that a startling number of dependent families become so on account of death or prolonged illness of the bread-winner.

And the children?

The ranks of the dependent and delinquent are recruited—in what percentage we ought to know, but any percentage is too large—from the families of the working men that are brought into our cities and dumped into our dilapidated old death-traps.

And so I say that the responsibility is upon those who import workingmen to see that there are decent homes for them when they come, and not to set snares to destroy them and their children.—Albion Fellows Bacon in The Survey.

EFFECT OF COLOR ON MIND

Brilliantly Colored Flowers Have Uplifting and Joyous Effect

People to whom certain colors represent sounds or motions have long been laughed at, but scientific work on the sun's rays is proving them to have justification for their theories.

Red, it appears, is the most exciting and stimulating of all colors and has a special effect on the activity of the brain. Blue, which so many people in an age of great nervous strain and tension find soothing, is so in reality. Unless you are in a depressed and melancholy state, sea-blue curtains at your bedroom windows have a beneficial effect, especially if you face south and get the morning sun.

Color, indeed, especially in flowers, has an extraordinary effect on the mental condition. The sight of crimson, pink and amethyst rhododendrons, growing in the open air has a curiously uplifting and joyous effect.

Toronto Boy Runs the Torpedo Squad

A Toronto boy is commander of the flagship which leads the British torpedo squadron in the North Sea. He is Harold Denison, who has just been appointed commander of the Amphitrite. Commander Denison is a son of Mrs. F. C. Denison of "Rusholme," Dundas street. He is one of the youngest men in the navy in such a high position.

Another former Toronto boy in the front is Capt. Teddy Grasett, nephew of Chief Grasett, and a graduate of the R.M.C.—Toronto Globe.

The First Revolver

The credit or discredit of the invention of the revolver belongs to a Swiss of Vallorbe, Jean Farncois Grobet, who in 1814 fashioned, with the collaboration of his son, the first "six-shooter" which as a matter of fact attracted the attention of the then minister of Russia at Zurich, Count Capo d'Istria, who sent a specimen revolver to Czar Alexander I. The royal recipient rewarded the inventor with a valuable ring, which it is to be presumed Grobet pawned, for he died a few years later in poverty.—London Telegraph.

A government wireless station will shortly be opened on Valentia Island, on the southwest coast of Ireland. It has been constructed by the wireless department of the post office, the installation being supplied by the Marconi Company. With a range of 500 miles, it is chiefly destined to keep Atlantic liners in touch with land two hours longer than is possible at present with the Crookhaven station.

THE VALUE OF OUR PUBLIC HIGHWAYS

FIRST ROADS WERE MADE FOR MILITARY PURPOSES

The Romans Were the Pioneers in Road Building, and Abundant Proof of Their Enduring Quality is Afforded in Roads Now Extant.

Because they got over the difficulties of levels most easily that way and on account of the general habit of using the waterways as by-ways, the first roads usually followed along the banks of rivers.

It is so today in Canada. It has been the rule in all the ages. But although that might answer well, when the trapper or hunter made chief use of the roads, it was different when armies had to be moved, and moved expeditiously. The short roads, wide and hard, became necessary.

Because Rome was essentially a military nation, the Romans were great road builders, as had been the disciplined Persians and Assyrians before them.

The Roman roads were the first real highways, and abundant proof of their enduring quality is afforded by the extensive remains that have been found in different parts of the country. The Roman engineer, chose high ground wherever he could, and he built his road high above the surface of the land through which he was marking it. His first object was to make a path between two points, so that troops could march from one to the other as quickly and as easily as possible.

The Roman road-makers, therefore, set out with the definite idea of making a road from one camp or military station to another.

The fact that the roads which the Roman engineer drove through wood and valley are, even after nineteen centuries have passed, so frequently found to be in a good state of preservation, speaks volumes for the thoroughness of the workmanship and the excellence of the materials which went to their making. Roman methods of road-making were different from those in vogue today, but were sound and were well carried out. First two parrallel ditches were cut, marking the edges of the proposed roadway. On the soil between the ditches was laid a layer of rubble stones about 5 inches deep; next a layer of concrete or stones mixed with lime and 15 inches deep; over that another 10 inches or so of nucleus—fine pounded material mixed with lime; and finally the top or back, which was made of paving stones, four or five inches thick, and cemented together.

Of course, the methods of the Roman road makers varied somewhat. Like the sensible, practical men they were, they used the material that was ready to hand. Thus, in the chalky soil of Kent, sections of the Roman road show it to have been made of alternate layers of chalk and gravel and flint. Then again when marshy ground had to be crossed, the Romans built a causeway consisting of six strata or layers, based on marsh mud, with piles about four feet in length and wood laid above them.

The advent of the stage coach showed the possibilities of quicker transit, and, incidentally, the necessity of improving the roads. Although as early as 1663 an act was passed authorizing the first toll-gates or turnpikes to be erected, this only applied to the Great North Road, and elsewhere the roads were almost as bad as ever.

The rebellion of 1745 gave a great impulse to the making of British roads for military as well as civil purposes. The military value of good roads once realized, steady progress was made in opening up communication between the different towns on both sides of the border.

The extension of the turnpike system, however, met with violent opposition from the populace, who regarded the toll-bars as so many barriers to freedom of movement. During the fifties of the eighteenth century bodies of armed men assembled to destroy the turnpikes and burn down the tool-houses. Troops had to be despatched to quell he disorder.

It is a remarkable fact that one of the first and most successful of British road makers was a blind man—John Metcalf, of Knaresborough, who was responsible for the construction of over 180 miles of roads in Lancashire, Yorkshire, Cheshire and Derbyshire.

Metcalf was a pioneer in the making of roads, a branch of civil engineering which was brought to the greatest degree of perfection it has ever attained by Thomas Telfort, the famous engineer. The system of surfacing introduced by Macadam early in the 19th century rendered possible the making of roads on lines that have ever since been found serviceable and enduring.

With the coming of motor traction, however, new conditions have arisen everywhere, and new problems have been presented which are apparently now in process of solution. Fast motoring has created a dust nuisance which tar-spraying is intended to mitigate. The speed of the motor car, too, renders it probable that in the near future it will be found necessary to provide special highways for motors. Then in industrial centres the coming of the motor wagon has rendered necessary the reconstruction of the road crusts to suit this heavier and faster traffic. Altogether our roads are rapidly coming into their own again, and the question of their upkeep and adaptation to changing conditions has become one of national importance.

The sewers of Paris which have suffered severely from the recent storms, are the most wonderful in the world, and constitute one of the sights of the city. Visitors are allowed to inspect them on certain days of each week, and it is certainly an experience to make a "personally-conducted tour" of the two main sewers. The journey is made on electric cars and launches, which draw up occasionally at brightly illuminated stations.

Cold Nights

Send in that the Winter is almost here

WOOD HEATERS

Blankets and Comforters in a full range of prices.

The Furniture Store

Cumberland

ROYAL SEWING PARTIES.

The lady in Royal lady in England has come forward to take part in some way or other in the various activities that have been started for helping the troops at the front or their relatives at home. One notable and curious result of this has been the breaking down that hitherto impassable class barrier. Queen Mary has arranged a series of sewing parties at Buckingham Palace at which a number of Royal ladies are regularly present. These parties have been instituted for the purpose of getting various garments in the way of shirts, socks, etc., made for English soldiers at the war. The gatherings are quite the most remarkable ever held in the walls of Buckingham Palace. At one of the tables, where flannel shirts are being cut out Queen Mary presides, assisted by the Princess Alexander of Teck, Princess Henry of Battenberg, the wife of an Oxford street tradesman, the spouse of a schoolmaster, and Lady Bertha Dawkins. At another table the president is the wife of a professor of languages at King's College, and next at her table the Princess Mary assists. The effect of these sewing parties will be seen long after the war is over. They have struck a blow at class differences in England and laid the beginning of a new social order. There have, of course, been signs of jealousy at these gatherings, but real friendships have sprung up among them between people who before the war were socially set as far apart as East is from West. Princess Maud of Fife (who it may be mentioned, became recently engaged to the Queen's sewing parties are quite the best plain needleworkers of the Royal Family, both in regard to rapidity and quality of her work) has become the intimate friend of the daughter of a solicitor who lives in a northern suburb. The princess became her week-end guest recently. Princess Henry of Battenberg has started a class for instructing girls of poor parents in the work of rendering first aid. The class meets at Kensington Palace twice a week. One hundred girls attend it and the Princess provides all the necessary expense out of her own pocket. These amount to about $25 a week. There are 20 surgeons employed to give instruction [illegible] The object of this [illegible] is to secure a plentiful supply of a type of nurse who "begin" in the official words of a circular from the War Office scheming the establishment of the [illegible] required in the event of [illegible] emergencies [illegible] in the event of an invasion of England.—Family Herald.

[illegible] At Cumberland [illegible]

Watch Repairing

DON'T SPEND GOOD MONEY for incompetent Watch Repairing, if your watch is not keeping time accurately LET LIGHTER FIX IT. Give Us a Trial.

F. Lighter

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, ILO-ILO Theatre Building

Cumberland, B. C.

CHURCH NOTICES

METHODIST CHURCH SERVICES.

Public Worship—Sunday, 7 p. m.

Bible Study (S. School) 2.30 p. m.

Young People's Society—Monday, 7.30 p. m.

Prayer meeting: Wednesday, 7.30 p. m.

Ladies Aid—First Tuesday of every month, at 7.30 p. m.

Pastor, Rev. Wm. Elliott, B. A.

ST. GEORGE'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Bible Class, 1.30 p. m.

Sunday School, 2.30 p. m.

Prayer Meeting, Wednesday evening 8.30.

Pastor, Rev. Jas. Hood.

Violin Strings for sale at the 'NEWS'

"UNCLE BILL."

"Uncle Bill," yer gettin' famous,
Yer name's a bye word in the fleet;
Night an' day my shipmates cuss yer,
In "langwidge" which is quite a treat.
An' when I think yer once was admiral,
I feel just like a Beecham's pill;
Oh, how I'd like to singe yer whiskers,
Human Butcher! 'Uncle Bill!'

I see'd yer onst, a high falutin',
I think 'twas Cowes' regatter week;
I thought yer figurehead was faulty,
With that moustache yer looked a freak.
My shipmates said: "He's only funny,"
I thought so for a while—until—
I read as 'ow yer scorned yer mother,
And marked yo, 'Wrong 'Un,'
Uncle Bill!

I reads as 'ow yer hurling thou'sands
To death—to suit your devil's brain;
An 'ow your imps are shootin' women,
Of churches wrecked, and children slain.
Truly, ye're a Royal Buster,
Born to do the devil's will;
But don't forgot the final muster,
Cut throat, War Horse,
Uncle Bill!

But we're waitin' firm and ready,
With our weather eye around,
Watchin' every move ye're makin',
Soon we'll 'ave yer safe an' sound.
Decks are cleared out on the ocean,
Come to meet us when ye will,
Sure as that our God is with us,
We'll keel haul yer, Uncle Bill!

W. A. ELLIS

Vancouver, B. C.

FOR SALE—2 months old pigs; $4 each. Apply R. Sorlan, Hornby Island.

Singer Sewing Machine Needles for sale at the Cumberland 'NEWS'

Otto Altschuler, of Courtenay, was taken from the south-bound train on arrival at Nanaimo on the 6th, and interned in Nanaimo gaol. He was supposed to be on his way to the United States.

A pleasing incident happened at the "Manse," on Mrs. Hood's receiving day, when one of her youthful admirers, accompanied by the young twin daughters of the home (although one day late,) invaded the reception room, and made a presentation to the popular hostess on the occasion of her birthday.

LOST—A fur lined coat, on Saturday, Oct. 24th, between Minto and Cumberland. Finder will please leave same at this office.

The Convention of the Moral and Reform Council, held in Victoria last week, was a unique and notable gathering, both the Roman Catholic church and most of the Protestant churches, as well as the Trades and Labor Council being represented. A fuller report will appear next week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Piercy, of Sandwick, left this week for Southern California, for the benefit of Mr. Piercy's health.

Baked Men.

Workers in porcelain factories are literally baked, but by some miracle of use and wont they remain sufficiently underdone to live. At least if they are not quite baked they endure a stronger heat than that which browns the Sunday sirloin. The furnaces wherein porcelain is finished are kept at the fiercest heat used in any industry. A chain of workmen, their heads and bodies swathed in fireproof garments, take the finished pieces from the fire one at a time and pass them to the cooling room. The man at the head of this chain—he who stands nearest the furnace—can work in only five minute shifts. In his interims of rest he lies on a mattress drinking glass after glass of ice water from the hands of a small boy. At lunchtime all about the chain of men steaks grill.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR

NOTARY PUBLIC CONVEYANCING

DUNSMUIR AVENUE CUMBERLAND.

Having bought the entire stock of Pailthorp & Idiens, of No. 8 Mine, I intend to carry on a

Slaughter Sale!

of Merchandise consisting of

GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
HARDWARE
CROCKERY and GROCERIES.

All Can Goods at wholesale prices which must be cleared out. Drop in and get prices on case lots.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

Special Prices on Saturdays

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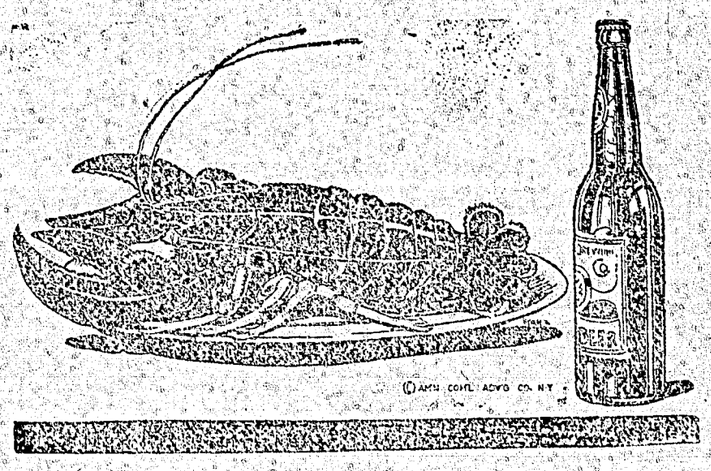
NEXT TO PEACEY'S DRUG STORE, DUNSMUIR AVENUE



Drink a Bottle of Pilsener, with your meals

Notice the good effect on appetite and digestion

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Also distributors for U.B.C and Newlife Beers, Nanaimo

MEN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR

Our Winter Underwear Stock is complete now and comprises some of the

BEST MAKES

Schofield's Heavy Rib, per garment .... $1 25 and $1 75
"Britannia" fine all wool, per garment $1 75
Pen Angle, fine all wool, per garment $1.50
Men's Shirts made of fine Scotch Zephyrs with French cuffs and collar to match $1 50
Men's Heavy Wool Sweaters ..... $4 00 to $6 50
Cord Velvets in all leading shades, 27 in. wide, extra value 65c yd

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SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to SAVINGS ACCOUNTS & interest at highest Current Rates allowed on Deposits of $1 and upwards.

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Choice Candies by all the leading makers.
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