

# THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

A Journal Devoted Especially to the Interests of Comox District.

THE NEWS, TWENTIETH YEAR.

CUMBERLAND B. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 11, 1912

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 A YEAR

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VICTORIA, B. C.

## The Big Store

### LADIES FALL COATS

THE VERY NEWEST SWAGGER STYLES in the newest and correct materials. There is something distinctive about these coats—IT'S THE FIT, "Culture Brand" Coats adapt themselves to every figure. We do not wish to be boastful, but so great is our confidence in the superior merits of this line, that we think every woman and girl should buy at this store. We invite you all to call and inspect our lines.

### NEW DRESS GOODS

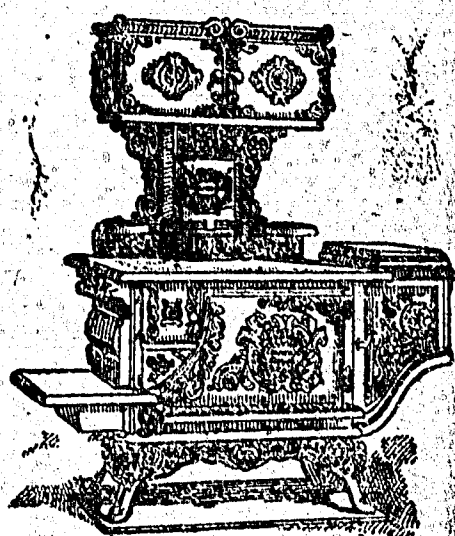
In Broadcloths, Serges, Cashmeres, Poplins and Worsteds

### NEW SILKS

In Taffetas, Paillettes, Noires, Peau de soies, Japan Taffetas, Messalines and Louisines.

New Fall Hosiery for all in every weight and price. See our Sweater Coats for style & price.

SIMON LEISER & CO., LD.



FOR  
STOVES  
AND  
RANGES

### Furniture and Household

Supplies

Baths,  
Lavatories,  
Plumbing,  
Plumbing  
Supplies



(MAGNET CASH STORE)

Phone 31

T. E. BATE

### The Cumberland Department Stores.

### GROCERY : BULLETIN

Magie Baking Powder, 12 oz tin, reg 25c..... sale 20c  
Small White Beans, reg 3 lbs for 25c..... sale 4 lbs for 25c  
Speckled Beans, reg 3 lbs for 25c..... sale 4 lbs for 25c  
Ramsey's Sodas, 2 lb tin reg 30c..... sale 25c  
Mooney's Sodas, 2 lb pails reg 35c..... sale 25c  
Parisian Bluing, reg 3 pkgs for 25c..... sale 4 for 25c  
Liquid Bluing, 2 pt bottles reg 25c..... now 20c  
Queen City Catsup, pt bottle reg 25c..... now 20c  
Blue Label Catsup, reg 35c..... now 30c  
Bakers' Sweet Chocolate, 1 lb packet reg 35c..... now 30c  
" Cocoa, 1 lb packet reg 35c..... now 30c  
Lynnington's Coffee Essence, reg 45c..... now 40c  
Canada Corn Starch, reg 15c..... now 10c  
Olympic Pancake Flour, reg 45c..... now 35c  
Five Roses Flower, 49 lb sack, reg \$2..... now \$1.30  
Marischino Cherries, 2 lb bottle reg 65c..... 50c  
Columbia Lime Juice, reg 40c..... now 30c  
Life Buoy and Sunlight Soap, reg 4 for 25c..... now 5 for 25c  
Granulated Sugar, 20 lb sack, reg \$1.50..... now \$1.40  
Parisian Bluing, reg 3 pkgs for 25c..... sale 4 for 25c  
Wild Rose Lard, 10 lb pails reg \$1.90..... sale \$1.75  
" " 20 lb pails reg \$3.80..... sale \$3.40

Phone 10

P. O. Box 100

### The Mortimer-Chester Boxing Contest

Billy Chester, who is to box Oscar Mortimer in the Cumberland Hall on Saturday evening, Sept. 14th, arrived on Tuesday evening with his manager, C. H. Campbell from Victoria, where Chester has been in training for the past two weeks. This will be an important event, as it will determine which of these boys will have a chance to meet Tommy Burns at Victoria in the near future. The advance sale of seats is going on at a rapid rate, a number of the best seats having been sold. Those purchasing reserved seats will be sure to receive their proper seats as the management guarantees to seat every person in his proper seat.

Halifax, N. S. Aug. 28.—At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Thomas W. Wilby started from the city hall on an automobile trip which he plans to end on the western coast of Vancouver Island six weeks hence, thereby demonstrating the practicability of the Canadian Highway.

The sidewalk men are making grand time this fine weather.

Trained Dog Show at Courtenay on Saturday, Sept. 14th. Don't miss it.

W. J. Gourd, piano tuner, of Vancouver, will be in Cumberland and vicinity from October 1st to 12th.

Rev. Mr. Cooke, of Victoria, preached in Holy Trinity church on Sunday evening.

A grand time is promised at the Mixtures Football Club dance to be held in Campbell's new store on Monday evening, Sept. 16th. Train will leave No. 7 at 8 p. m., returning at 2 a. m.

Mr. Mills of the Big Store returned on Thursday evening from a vacation trip to Vancouver.

Rev. J. Hood arrived home on Thursday evening from a meeting of the Presbytery held at Victoria.

Harry Creech left for Victoria by Sunday's boat.

Miss Lawrence who has been visiting her brother, Mr. W. E. Lawrence, left for Vancouver by Friday's boat.

Mrs. Coulthard, of Victoria, was the guest of Mrs. James Stewart last week and left on Saturday to visit her niece, Mr. (Judge) Bole, of New Westminster.

Miss Deney Smith, of Courtenay, will be at the Union Hotel on Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 16th and 17th, with a fine display of fall millinery.

"Hospital Day" on next Saturday, (Pay-Day.)

The late General Booth was of Hebrew origin.

### Football Boys Make Merry Labor Day

On the afternoon of Labor Day, a number of the prominent citizens of Cumberland journeyed to Mr. Sam Calhoun's ranch at Courtenay, to witness a football game between the "Thistles" of No. 5 mine, and the "Cumberland Mixtures." The weather was not at all desirable, a heavy shower having fallen about an hour before the game took place, this, with the addition of a heavy shower which fell during the progress of the game rendered the grass slippery, but in spite of this an excellent game was played. The two teams lined up about 3:30, the Thistles winning the toss, and for the first ten minutes it looked as though the Mixtures were in for a hard time of it, the ball hovering dangerously near the goal, and had it not been for the excellent defence, there would have been a different tale to tell. After fifteen minutes of hard playing, Brown of the Mixtures succeeded in scoring a hard earned goal. For the next ten minutes the Thistles continued to rush things a little, but a nice pass by Sutcliffe, and in spite of Clark's strenuous efforts to save it, another goal was added to the Mixtures' score by Watty Adams. (Skimpy.) In the second half, the Thistles started with a vim to try to recover their lost ground, but the Mixtures' defense was evidently too hard to break. But, "loek" was evidently taken off his guard, for Williams shot the ball past him with the speed of a rocket, which resulted in a goal for the Thistles. The rest of the game was without event,

although excellent playing was done by both sides. Although the ground was too slippery for good combination, the teams are to be highly commended on their excellent work. One conspicuous feature of the game was the absence of rough work as is usually seen when two local teams meet. The teams during the whole play seemed on the best of terms, playing as friends, not as foes. Barring one slight accident nobody was hurt or bruised in any way from the wanton meanness of any member of the teams. After the game was over, the players with their respective captains and trainers, retired to Mr. Calhoun's house, where an excellent tea was served by Mrs. Calhoun, and ample justice was done to the good things provided. After ten, short speeches were delivered by Mayor McLeod, honorary president of the Mixtures, President Brown of the Thistles, and President Dalby of the Mixtures. Each gentleman spoke in glowing terms of the efficient work done by the teams, and the kindness shown to them by Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun. Songs were rendered by Walter Adams and others, and a nappy meeting was brought to a close by the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "He's a jolly good fellow."

An entertainment by trained dogs and birds will be given in the Cumberland Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week.

Little Willie Fraser, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fraser of Union Bay, was taken to our local hospital on Wednesday, suffering from pneumonia. Willie has been having a hard time of it of late.

### Departmental Stores Under New Ownership

Probably one of the largest business changes that has taken place in this district, took place this week in the transferring of the Cumberland Department Stores to Macfarlane Brothers. When the stock is completed it is expected that the actual purchase price will exceed \$30,000. This paper we are sure voices the feelings of a large portion of the residents of Cumberland and district by expressing their regret at the decision both Mr. Wagenhauser and Mr. Onate have come to, to leave us with their families. Although during their residence here, they seemed always too taken up with their business to have time to make many friends, at the same time those who were fortunate enough to gain their acquaintance, found them men of exceptional qualities and they were always ready to take part in anything for the good of those in distress or for the good of our city. There are three brothers in the new firm, W. M., T. A. and M. E. R. Macfarlane, and they previous to coming west conducted a business for twenty three years at Campbell's Bay, County of Pontiac in the Ottawa Valley, where they were all raised. We feel sure that with their long business experience in this country and the excellent trading prospects the district is offering, the new firm are assured of success. As the brothers are all married and have families they will certainly help us out in our next census. Mr. Onate and his mother are shortly returning to England by way of Japan, Australia and South Africa. Mr. Wagenhauser tells us that after disposing of his interest in the Norfolk Rooming House on Granville St.,

Vancouver, he is returning to Vancouver Island, where, to use his own words, "the money making opportunities are so great, that it is difficult for any one to pick out the thing to start first."

"Slim" Turner was committed for trial by Magistrate Abrams on Tuesday in connection with the assault and robbery of several Chinamen some two weeks ago. He was taken to Nanaimo by Constable Stephenson on Wednesday morning. He may choose speedy trial or be tried at the Fall Assizes.

Mrs. James Abrams and Seymour Abrams are expected home from Vancouver Thursday evening.

Mrs. W. R. Theal left for her home at Chilliwack by Sunday's boat.

The very latest in mens' Fall Hats in every style and color are to be seen at The Big Store.

Dr. Kerr, dentist will be at Cumberland Hotel on September 16th.

### NEW ARRIVALS

#### Table Linens

A special line in table damask sets which are made in an extra good quality of Irish manufacture. For everyday use these sets are unequalled in appearance and wear, and are most acceptable for gifts.

#### Flannelettes

27 inches wide. A large and new assortment of the very newest and latest designs of stripes and colorings, in strong medium grades of a good wearing quality. See them, try them and buy them.

#### Hand Embroidered Linens

We are showing a fine assortment of these linens, consisting of very dainty centre pieces, tray cloths, sideboard cloths, runners and doilies. Prices, 50c to \$3.50.

#### Dress Goods

Our showing of these New Fall Arrivals are the best ever shown in Cumberland. There are some of the most popular materials for autumn wear and will take splendid dye; also a fine range of mixed goods for misses' and children's school dresses. Prices, 75c to \$5.00 and over.

Campbell Bros.



## IN THE BALANCE

By L. G. MOBERLY

Author of  
"Dan and Another," "A Tangled Web," "Sin of Allison Dearling," etc., etc.

WARD, LOCK & CO. LIMITED  
London, Melbourne and Toronto.

(Continued.)

She turned away from the gate directly the gentleman had gone, and went towards the house.

You would know this gentleman again?

Oh, yes. I should know him anywhere. You couldn't mistake him.

Thank you. You may stand down. I am afraid I must recall Lady Hennesley.

Mr. Wynne added reluctantly. As Dorothy again rose, every face in the room was turned towards her in that intense interest roused in the least inquisitive amongst us by anything which promises a dramatic moment.

Along the serried masses of people there passed an electric thrill. They realized subtly that the evidence of the last witness was of peculiar moment.

They felt it would be especially enthralling to observe what Lady Hennesley might have to say about the dark handsome gentleman from whom she parted in the park on the evening of the murder. The men and women in that inn room were not presuming more callous than others of their kind; each of them individually would have said, and probably meant what was said, that he or she felt deeply for Sir Miles' wife in her present painful position. Yet they all stared in her face as eagerly as though she were merely acting in a play for their entertainment, and the proverbial pin would certainly have been heard to ring on the floor, had it taken this opportunity of falling down.

I am sorry to have to worry you again, Mr. Wynne said courteously as Dorothy turned her flushed and troubled face towards him, but I am afraid I must ask you whether you saw anyone in the park, on Monday, after Sir Miles left you?

Yes, I saw an old friend of my husband and mine, Mr. Oliver Dyne-

court.

For an instant the room and its closely packed people wavered before Clare's eyes, then a mist seemed to shut them out, and through the mist Dorothy's voice, sounding thick and muffled, appeared to be repeating over and over again those two words—

Oliver Dynecourt—Oliver Dynecourt—Oliver Dynecourt.

If she had been obliged to say how long a time elapsed before the mist rolled away, and her surroundings became clear to her again, she would have answered, "Hours and hours."

In actual fact only a few seconds passed between Dorothy's utterance of Oliver's name and the Coroner's next question, which struck like a knell upon Clare's ear.

Did you observe anything unusual about Oliver Dynecourt's appearance?

Dorothy hesitated, for a tick of a clock only, but she perceptibly hesitated, and heads were thrust eagerly forward to observe her more closely.

For the second time that afternoon she looked across at her husband and again his smile flashed out in response to her look. How could she answer the question truthfully? This thought filled Dorothy's mind, whilst the new horrible fear that had sprung into being when John Dawson gave his testimony took more definite shape.

Oliver hunched forward, his hurried, nervous manner, the excitement of his whole bearing on that fatal Monday, came back to her now with the force of a blow. Could it be possible that she might have to face one of two awful alternatives? That either the man who had been her lover, or the man who was now her husband, would be found guilty of a cowardly crime?

And how much would depend upon her evidence? By some thoughtlessly uttered word, she might do infinite harm to one of those two men; and although she knew (oh! yes, in that moment of torturing anguish she told herself she knew quite well) that neither Miles nor Oliver could have had any part or lot in the crime she was nevertheless well aware that much might hang upon the words she spoke. All these reflections raced through her brain during her brief hesitation following on Mr. Wynne's last question; then she answered quietly—

Doctor Dynecourt looked worried and upset, he only spoke to me for a few minutes.

Did he mention Mr. Tritton to you?

Oh! no. I do not know that he even knew Mr. Tritton at all.

But he seemed upset?

He was surprised and a little startled at seeing me. We are—old friends and we had not met for some time.

Then I take it your conversation was purely personal?

Purely personal. Dorothy's color deepened, but her eyes met the Coroner's without flinching, and that gentleman said quietly—

Mr. Dynecourt did not mention to you why he had come to Mansmore?

No, Dorothy answered, wondering for the first time what could have brought Oliver into the neighborhood, whether he had any actual business or—whether—he had come down on the mere chance of seeing her?

No, she repeated, Mr. Dynecourt did not tell me why he had come. Possibly to see a patient.

He was with you only for a few minutes?

Only for a few minutes. A stab of recollection went through Dorothy's heart as she remembered the packed emotion of those few minutes.

And, when he said good-bye to you, where did he go?

I do not know. Dorothy's clear voice faltered, then regained its clearness. "I imagined he was going straight to the station. He went out of the wicket gate and along the lane."

"You have heard nothing of him since?"

"Nothing. But," she paused, "but I should not be likely to have heard in any case. There was no reason why Mr. Dynecourt should write to me."

Once more Dorothy was allowed to resume her seat, and Clare put a sympathetic hand over hers. After all, she thought, even though Dorothy had thrown over Oliver Dynecourt for his rival, it must have been terrible for her to meet Oliver unexpectedly, and still more terrible to be giving evidence which might fix guilt of a dreadful crime on one of the two men.

Sir Miles had nothing to add or take from his previous evidence. He had been detained at the Home Farm on that Monday evening; he had walked back to the Hall through the copse, and by the lane. He had met no one. He had had his stick with him, but thought he must have left it at the Home Farm or have dropped it. He gave a brief account of his meeting with young Tritton after his sitting to Mr. Bevan, but declared emphatically that the interview had been an entirely friendly one, and that they had parted on good terms. He absolutely denied having met the young man again. It was at this point in the proceedings that the Scotland Yard detective, Inspector Donaldson, whispered to the Coroner that the police would beg for an adjournment of the inquest, pending their further enquiries.

It is plain that we must hear what this Mr. Dynecourt has to say, he murmured, and there are one or two other matters of more or less importance which must be worked up. For today we can collect no further evidence.

Mr. Wynne nodded and was opening his mouth preparatory to proposing an adjournment, when a stir at the far end of the room, an opening door, and a little hubbub of voices, checked his words. He glanced impatiently towards the point from which the turmoil came, and seeing that the constable at the door was holding a heated colloquy with some person or persons invisible, he beckoned the man to his side.

What's all this disturbance? he said irritably. If you can't keep things quiet by the door, your work must be given to someone who can.

The honest country policeman reddened and looked uncomfortable.

"This lady, sir, he mumbled, a lady who wouldn't keep quiet, and I couldn't make her hold her tongue. (I should like to know who can still a woman's tongue, the Coroner interjected under his breath.) She says she has something to tell you, sir, and she must come in."

The Coroner looked at Inspector Donaldson, Inspector Donaldson looked at the Coroner.

You had better see what it is, said the former, and—

I'll soon settle her, replied the latter, but when, having reached the door, he saw the radiant vision which confronted him there, he drew in his breath sharply, and for a moment looked speechlessly at the lady who wouldn't keep quiet.

(To Be Continued)

Character in Walking

Obstinate people who, in argument rely more on muscularity than on intellectual power rest the feet flatly and firmly on the ground, walk heavily and slowly, and stand with legs firmly planted and far apart. Quick steps are indicative of energy and agitation. Tiptoe walking symbolizes surprise, curiosity, discretion, or mystery. Tumbling toes are often found with preoccupied, absent-minded persons. The whole body to be presented as stooping and motionless, with short, nervous, anxious steps. Slow steps, long or short, suggest a cool or reflective state of mind. When a purposeful purpose is hidden under a feigned smile the step will be slinking and motionless. The proud step is slow and measured, the toes are conspicuously turned out, the legs are straightened. Where the direction of the step wavers and follows every passing impulse of the mind, it is usually betokened by a shaky, hesitating and indecisive.

FOUND RELIEF ONLY FROM CUTICURA SOAP AND OINTMENT

My little girl when only a few weeks old broke out on the top of her head and it became a solid scab. Then her cheeks became raw and sore and after trying different remedies found relief only from using Cuticura Soap and Ointment. It lasted several months or more but after a thorough treatment with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment never had any return. (Signed) Mrs. W. S. Owen, Yachin College, N. C., May 26, 1911.

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Ointment have afforded the most successful treatment for skin and scalp troubles of infants, children and adults. A single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient. Although sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each will be sent free on application to Cuticura Drug & Chem. Corp., 51 Columbia Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

W. H. U. 927

**SUNBURN BLISTERS SORE FEET**

Everybody now admits Zam-Buk best for these. Let it give YOU ease and comfort.

Druggists and Stores everywhere

**Zam-Buk**

### Glasgow's Great Night School

In a big, five-storey-and-basement building in Glasgow, where the Technical College is located, 500 young specialists work amongst test tubes, text-books and assay furnaces daily. But at night the visitor sees the enrolment jump from 500 to more than 6,000, and along with the night course collegians two regiments of student workmen march in and the whole building is packed.

For ten shillings (\$2.50) a term, a Glasgow man may learn at the night trade classes the first principles of the plumber's or printer's trade, says the Technical World Magazine, and for seven an! sixpence (\$1.87) boiler-making or sheet metal work; for five shillings (\$1.25) how to cut cobblers' patterns or a course for a shoe store salesman.

There are rooms full of looms and fabrics and dyes, if the student cares to learn the principles and practice of textile manufacture, and there are other laboratories for bakers, watchmakers, tailors, furniture designers or sailors. Three in every four of his classmates will be older than twenty, so he need feel no shame at going to school again. Hundreds of the men he passes in the halls will have only a common school education.

That Public school buildings should be used only a few hours in the day-time implies an inadequate return on the taxpayers' investment. In Glasgow Scotch practicality has seen this and applied a remedy. Result: the efficiency of an education plant was multiplied by ten.

It is characteristic of the Scotch to solve a problem by commonsense, whenever such a problem arises. Are their schoolrooms empty at night? Then they must be filled! The invitation is given and the thing is done.

### Piece of Newton's Apple Tree

The British Royal Astronomical Society has recently become the owner of an interesting, because apparently well authenticated, relic of Sir Isaac Newton. This is a small log from the apple tree in the garden at Woolthorpe, on which the famous apple (the most famous apple since Eve and Eden, with the possible exception of those of Helen-of-Troy-and-Wilhelm-Tell), grew. Mr. C. W. Waller, of Burwash, Sussex, who presented the log to the society, sent the following history with it.—His father, born in 1807, was at school when ten or twelve, with the rector of Stoke, Lincolnshire, named Pearson. After a heavy storm news reached the school that Sir Isaac's apple tree had blown down. The rector and some of the boys at once set out for Woolthorpe, which is not far from Stoke. They found the tree, which for many years had been propped up to preserve it, lying on the ground. The rector obtained a saw, and cut a number of small logs from one of the limbs. Mr. Waller's father received one of these and preserved it with great care until his death, when it came down as one of the heirlooms to his son.

### Putting Him at His Ease

When Fred Hall was the city editor of the Tribune, says Drury Underwood in the Chicago Post, he was characterized by an extreme gravity, a full beard, an office straw hat with holes punched in it and a cornucopia. Courteous and considerate, he did not invite familiarity, and when some old timer around the shop called him by his first name the recruits looked up.

A reporter, budding into metropolitan journalism, after transplanting from a small town, failed to take proper cognizance of the gravity, the beard, the hat and the pipe. Approaching the hours when the majority were to go to supper, he went to the main desk and said:

Anything more just now, Fred?

Mr. Hall looked up, and replied:

Why be so cold and formal? Call me Freddie.

### The Way in Manx

A Manx employer has invoked the aid of a 17th century statute penalizing a laborer who leaves his employment without due notice with imprisonment on bread and water. There is another unrepented Manx law the enforcement of which would cause some agitation in the island. It enjoins all Scots to avoid the land with the next vessel that goes into Scotland, upon pain of forfeiture of their goods and bodies to prison. This law was the result of a series of raids on the Manx coast by a Galloway rover named MacCulloch, whose name inspired a prayer:

God keep the good corn.

The sheer and the bullock.

From Satan, from sin,

And Cutler MacCulloch!

### Early Rising in Kansas

I reckon, said the first farmer, that I get up earlier than anybody in this neighborhood. I am always up before 3 o'clock in the morning.

The second farmer said he was up ways up before that and had part of the chore done. The first farmer thought he was a liar and decided to find out. A few mornings later he got up at 2 o'clock and went to the neighbor's house. He rapped on the back door, and the woman at the house opened it. Where is your husband? asked the farmer, expecting to find the neighbor in bed. He was around here early in the morning, answered the wife, but I don't know where he is now.—Grove County (Kan.) Advocate.

### Inventions by Royalties

One of the eight daughters of the Archduke Frederick, the eldest brother of the Dowager Queen of Spain, is taking out a patent for a new form of candle. She is only following an example set by several other royalties. The most successful of these is the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, who has patented a screw which has been adopted by several German shipping companies. Prince Henry of Prussia holds the patent of an invention for preventing the clouding of wind screens on motor cars, and his nephew, the Crown Prince, has patented a special form of sleeve link. The Kaiser is credited with the invention of a brake for automobiles, but up to the present this has not been patented.

### Cherry Garden

Londoners, in cherry time, used formerly to flock to Hammersley to regale themselves with fruit at the famous Cherry Garden. Pepps, in June, 1864, records a visit to the place—To Greenwich, and so to the Cherry Garden, and thence by water singing finely. The site of the old garden alluded to in later time by Dickens, is now covered by a street whose name preserves its memory—Little more. You can still take a ticket to Cherry Garden pier.

### The Passing of Punch and Judy

And is it true that Punch and Judy dear to youthful English citizens, and a pleasant memory to their parents and grandparents as well, are to vanish from the land; that Punch and Judy with his inimitable squeak, and Judy who took her beatings with such unmoved calm, are to be read out of court? It is to be feared so, for the London Post says the law books look on the old puppets and their showman as "an obstruction," and one that should be removed. London is so full that the Post complains that busy men pursuing their relentless way down Spring Gardens must not be forced by bunches of crowd to diverge from the mathematically straight line which is the shortest and speediest way between two given points. But one cannot help remembering that once upon a time there used to be a Punch and Judy show in Palace yard and all good Britons were friends of the show and the showman. Now, it appears, old friends are forgotten, or considered simply as a nuisance, and Punch and Judy must succumb, and molder away in the hands of their present owners—or, in happier fortune—be cherished as specimens of old and once popular diversions.

Speaking of the days that were, the London Post says: Every Wednesday at 6 o'clock the house used to rise. Prompt to the minute came that loud and arresting cry which for so long as any of us can remember has announced the arrival of Punch and his consort. The legislators used to gather, and with care and solemnity the ancient drama was played through. Punch could not have got much nearer to the national heart than Palace yard. Now the national heart beats to other rhythms, and Punch is "an obstruction." That long road which he has followed through so many decades of unvaried journeying is leading him at last to its end in the land of shadows. He is almost the last of many figures that once were with him on the road to make the life of the wayfarer joyous. Where, for instance, is the old dancing bear that when we were little children so often used to bring us terror and delight? Years and years ago that rough and genial beast shouldered his ragged staff and marched away out of our lives for good.

There were times when McEee glowered in the fact that he was the father of nine children, even if they were on the lines of the proverbial human stepladder, but on the day when he was taking them out for a walk he felt charged.

He was walking along at a fairly good gait when he was halted by a policeman, who asked:

"I say, you, what you been doin'?"

Nothing, replied McEee. Why?

Well, what's the crowd following you for?

The British Empire supplies about three-fifths of the world's demands for gold.

### SALLOW FACES

Often Caused by Tea and Coffee Drinking

How many persons realize that tea and coffee so disturb digestion that they produce a muddy, yellow complexion?

A ten days' trial of Postum has proven a means, in thousands of cases, of clearing up a bad complexion.

A Washin. young lady tells her experience:

"All of us—father, mother, sister and brother—had used tea and coffee for many years until finally we all had stomach troubles more or less."

"We all were sallow and troubled with pimples, breath bad, disagreeable taste in the mouth, and all of us simply so many bundles of nerves."

"We didn't realize that tea and coffee caused the trouble until one day we ran out of coffee and went to borrow some from a neighbor. She gave us some Postum and told us to try that."

"Although we started to make it, we all felt sure we would be sick if we missed our strong coffee, but we tried Postum and were surprised to find it delicious."

"We read the statements on the pkg., got more and in a month and a half you wouldn't have known us."

"We all were able to sleep at night without any trouble, each one's skin became clear, tongues cleaned off, and nerves in fine condition. We never use anything now but Postum. There is nothing like it." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkg.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

### The Museum Lecturer

It is reported in Nature that the installation of an official guide to the collections of the British Museum has been such a success that the Natural History Museum at South Kensington has added a similar functionary to its staff. He will make two trips a day through the Museum, each one lasting an hour, and presumably involving a visit to and brief explanation of the most interesting and instructive habits. To say that this plan will double the educational value of the Museum is to state the case for it very mildly. For many of the visitors, probably the vast majority of them, the collections in such museums undescribed, mean nothing. The same thing is true to a lesser degree in zoological gardens, and even art museums. The provision of a lecturer, sufficiently (and obviously) scientific or artistic, so that the tipping problem was eliminated, would add enormously to the value of every public museum. There seems no way in which the amount of money necessary to secure the services of a really competent man for this position could be spent to better advantage.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Potted Roses

There was a time when Englishmen could celebrate St. George's Day by feasting on roses as well as wearing them. Old cookery books abound in recipes into which rose leaves enter.

One writer tells how to make potted roses. I first pound some of the most fragrant roses in a mortar, then I take the brains of birds and pigs well boiled and stripped of every particle of meat. I then add the yolks of some eggs, some oil, a little cordial, some pepper and some wine. After having beaten and mixed it well together, I place it over a slow fire. When this dish is brought to table the most delicious fragrance issues forth, covering the guests with delight. Every good housewife in the seventeenth century made rose water, which was used for flavoring food.—London Chronicle.

One He Didn't Make

The colony of artists living in St. Botolph street are having a laugh on a man who has been considerable of a nuisance to them the past few months. This man prides himself on a brusqueness that he mistakes for wit. The other night he was introduced to a young sculptor whose fame is getting beyond the confines of Boston.

So you are the chap that makes mud heads, are you, asked the witty man.

Not all of them, the sculptor remarked quietly.—Boston Traveler.

A Slander—Is it true that your daughter has married a highbrow, Mrs. Rockingham?

No, that story was started by some of the girls who were jealous. Daisy's husband is a writer, but his royalties amount to over \$40,000 a year.—Chicago Record Herald.

Both Experienced

He—Dearest, you are the first woman I ever kissed.

She (cynically)—You don't do it like an amateur.

He (wrathfully)—Decidell! one, how do you know the difference?—Baltimore American.

Could Not be Worse

Old gent—"Pon my word, madam, I should hardly have known you, you have altered so much."

Lady—For the better or for the worse?

Old gent—Ah, madam, you could only change for the better.

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callus comes out without injury to the flesh.

The Home of the Death Flower

The crew of the vessel which is sailing out to solve the mystery of the mammoth statues of Easter Island must steer clear of El Banoor, another Island of the Pacific. One of our early explorers, Hugh Arkwright, who sailed the Pacific in 1581, warns travelers against visiting El Banoor—the home of the death flower. This flower, we are told, is so large that a man can stand upright inside one of its blossoms. But if he does so he will surely fall asleep, lulled by the strange fragrance it distills. Then the flower folds its petals and suffocates him. And so he passes into death through splendid dreams, and gives his body to the death flower for food.—London Chronicle.

Are You Blue and Worried?

Nervous? Some of the time really ill? Catch cold easily and frequently suffer from biliousness or headache? The reason is that your system does not rid itself of the poisons in the blood; just as impossible as it is for the grate of a stove to rid itself of cinders. The waste does not go to exactly what the cinders do to the stove; make the fires burn low until enough cinders have accumulated and then prevent its burning at all. Your liver is sluggish—you are dull and heavy—sleep does not rest, nor is food appetizing. In this condition illness develops. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery eradicates the poisons from the body—a glyceric alternative extract made from bloodroot, golden seal and mandrake root, stone and queen's root, without the use of alcohol. No matter how strong the constitution the stomach is apt to be "out of kilter" at times; in consequence the blood is disordered, for the stomach is the laboratory for the constant manufacture of blood.

Mrs. BENJ. BROWN, of Port Dover, Ont., Feb. 10, writes: "I have been a great sufferer for years from throat trouble, catarrh, indigestion, female troubles, bloating, constipation and nervousness—at times I would be in bed, then able to be up again. Was under many different doctors' care, and would get better for a little while, then I would go down with chronic inflammation all through me. For nineteen years I had this poison in my blood. After trying nearly everything I got worse. I read in The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I have taken the Golden Medical Discovery, and Pleasant Pellets, and have used the bottles of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. I am now able to do my work and walk with pleasure. I feel like a new woman. I enjoy everything around me and thank God for letting me live long enough to find something that made me well again."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate liver and bowels.

The Northern Trusts Company

HEAD OFFICE, WINNIPEG

This company acts in the capacity of

TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR

and we shall be glad to forward copy of our Booklet "Something about Trusts, Trustees and Trust Companies," on request.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM PROPERTY AT CURRENT RATES OF INTEREST



## HOW THE FARMER WOULD LOSE BY A SAMPLE MARKET

Every day it is becoming more and more evident that the most ruinous results to the farmers of the West would follow the establishment of sample markets for grain at Winnipeg and Port William.

As a striking instance of the harm that would follow such a move, was brought out at an investigation of the traffic congestion on the Canadian railways before the Railway Commission at Ottawa. In giving their testimony J. W. Leonard of the C.P.R. and W. H. Biggar of the Grand Trunk Pacific stated that the congestion was very largely owing to their inability to secure rolling stock from the manufacturers as fast as it was required. All the car shops are behind hand with orders. In fact it is impossible for the car shops to turn out rolling stock as rapidly as the development of the country requires it. In this connection it was stated that the directors of one company had authorized the expenditure of \$13,000,000 in rolling stock, but could get no firm to fill the orders.

It will be seen by these statements which were uncontradicted, that the congestion of traffic and car shortages on the railways of the west are owing to the exceedingly rapid development of the country rather than to the neglect of the railway companies. And this wonderful development is as yet only in its early stages, and when it is completed how will our transportation companies be able to handle the traffic? The grain congestion of last fall was bad enough, but with the increased acreage under cultivation each year the conditions will grow worse as time passes, unless radical measures are taken to prevent it.

With these facts in view, what can be said of the criminal folly of establishing a sample market that will at one stroke take away twenty-five per cent. of the cars now available for the grain carrying trade. Before many years pass the grain crop of the west will be over five hundred million bushels. And when that time comes, even providing that the sample market is a qualified success, which is impossible, the twenty-five per cent. loss of cars will still be as great in proportion as it would be if the sample market were established today. Any intelligent farmer can figure out for himself what the loss would be to him, were the sample market established and the cars detained at Winnipeg as they would be for from twenty-four to forty-eight hours on every trip, and how much wheat would be left in his granary that would otherwise be shipped, sold and paid for. Remember that it would mean, under ordinary conditions, that one bushel out of every four is left on his hands at the close of navigation.

And why, in the name of ordinary common sense should the farmer be put to this loss and inconvenience? There is no reason whatever for his stands to lose at every turn. The only persons who could possibly be benefited are the men who would handle the wheat on the sample market, and would mix it and fix it so as to bring the most profit to themselves.

It is to the interests of every farmer to carefully study this sample market question in all its bearings. At present, the farmer is safeguarded on every hand by statutory laws which are fairly well observed, and the farmer now has full control of his own wheat on the market. If he don't like to sell to the local dealer for any reason, either on account of grade or price, he can ship himself. The railway companies are compelled by law to furnish him a car in his turn and place it at a landing platform for him. At Winnipeg an honest grade is assured him by a government inspector and the wheat is sold at a fair market price. In short, he is master of the situation.

Under the system of a sample market the opposite is the case. The farmer is master of nothing. His wheat goes to Winnipeg, a sample is placed on the table in the grain exchange and it is sold for whatever the buyer chooses to give him. All the guarantees of fair play which he now enjoys are sacrificed, and his grain is placed at the disposal of a crowd of speculators, who agree amongst themselves not to bid one against another, but to play into each other's hands for their mutual benefit.

An attempt is being made to mislead the farmers on this matter, and false ideas and spurious arguments are being used to trap the unwary. It is the old game of the spider and the fly. They make the statement that wheat which is between grades will bring a better price on a sample market for purposes of mixing with lower qualities. This is a fallacious argument. The farmer knows by past experience that the only people to profit by the mixing of grain are the dealers. In this regard a recent interview with Mr. J. H. Haslam who is well known throughout the west is worthy of careful consideration. Mr. Haslam who has just returned from Europe states that the western Canadian wheat is losing its pre-eminence on the British market, and he warns the farmers of the west that they must see to it that they send their best wheat pure to the Old Country if they wish to retain their hold on the market and secure the best prices. In the light of this, what becomes of the mixing argument? Two qualities of wheat cannot be mixed without lowering one of them, and in doing so you reduce the standard of all.

It must never be forgotten that the men who are seeking to establish a sample market are the men who have always sought to exploit the wheat trade of the west to further their own interests and deprive the farmers of a legitimate price for their grain.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Expeller always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

### MIGRATION OF BIRDS

#### Some Fly Two Miles High, Faster Than an Express Train

The problem of how small birds were able to manage long flights from other countries exercised the minds of naturalists for centuries. The first man to collect accurate information on the subject was the late Herr Gatlke. Living on the little island of Heligoland, in the direct route of migration, and entirely devoted to his subject, he was able to verify for himself many facts which had until then escaped notice.

For instance, he pointed out that birds on migration often flew very high—probably as much as 12,000 feet (over two miles) above the ground. That they do fly at a great height has been corroborated by astronomers, who have seen birds flying across the face of the moon at a height of not less than one mile.

Gatlke's ideas on speed were probably exaggerated, but only by a theory of a tremendously swift flight, at a high altitude could he account for the fact that certain birds were never or rarely seen in the countries between their Winter and Summer quarters. For instance, he pointed out that the blue throat, which winters in Africa and breeds in Scandinavia, is but rarely met with in any of the countries on the line of route—Italy, Greece and Southern Germany.

When they arrived in Heligoland they came in large flocks, and were tired and exhausted; also they always arrived at the same hour—somewhat late in the morning. He thought it probable that they left Africa at dusk the previous evening, and by flying at the rate of 180 miles an hour would be able to reach Heligoland in the one flight.

Between 1880 and 1887 the British Association granted some money to a special committee for the study of migration, and by means of schedules much information was collected about the birds that are killed annually at coast lights. Although many facts were thus obtained the observations in this respect are almost entirely dependent on weather conditions. In fact it may be said that the only migration that can be actually seen that which has partially failed, for it is only when delayed or held back by storms or fog that birds obviously on passage are encountered along the coast or in other places where they are not usually found.

In Denmark and Germany ornithologists have been experimenting by ringing birds and having those that are caught returned to the address given on the aluminum band placed on the bird's leg. In this way the habits of migration, speed, and direction of flight and other facts are discovered. Storke have given the most striking results from ringing. With one exception all storke that have been recovered in the first Autumn after ringing had traveled in a due south-easterly direction.

From Hungary to Palestine no ringing birds have been procured, but from Palestine four have been returned, from Alexandria one, Blue Nile one, Victoria Nyanza one, and no fewer than seven from the Transvaal, Natal, Basutoland, etc., while of the Hungarian storke (marked by the Hungarian office) no fewer than seventeen have been recorded from the various localities in South Africa. It is therefore practically certain that north German and Hungarian storke travel south-east to Palestine and thence on south to South Africa.—The Strand.

### Whiskers vs. Hamlet

Leading man in travelling company—We play Hamlet to-night, liddle, do we not?

Sub-manager—Yes, Mr. Montgomery.

Leading man—Then I must borrow the sum of two pence.

Sub-manager—Why?

Leading man—I have four days' growth upon my chin. One cannot play Hamlet in a beard.

Sub-manager—Um—Well, We'll put on Natchelt.

## COCKSHUTT FLOW COMPANY LIMITED

## Frost & Wood Binders

Widely used everywhere. Perfect, light running, meet the hardest conditions of cutting and binding.

## AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

### Blind Men Now See

Sometimes blindness is entirely due to nerves. A young farmer, hailing from Ohio, had been stone-blind for five years. The farmer had been under treatment by many eminent specialists, and had also entered a first-class eye-hospital, but no cure could be effected. The doctors were of opinion he was suffering from paralysis of the optic nerve, a disease considered hopeless. During last month the blind man began to suffer very much with his teeth, and at last he visited a dentist, who advised him to have three teeth extracted. Worn out with a long spell of toothache the farmer agreed; but no sooner did the dentist start to draw the second tooth than he jumped up and exclaimed:—I can see! I can see the light, the crack in the window! And turning to the dentist with glee, he added, joyfully:—I can see you. The whole affair seems to have been a miracle, as up to now no scientist has been able to connect the blindness with teeth. To a common-sense person the blindness appears to have been a case of 'nerves.' Possibly the man feared his sight was failing and worked himself into losing the sight of his eyes.

Another remarkable restoration of sight was the one which happened to a stonemason. He had been unable to see out of his right eye for over 30 years, but during one of the fierce gales which happened at Easter he had to cross a bleak common with the wind in his face, and a quantity of dust got into both his eyes. His right eye felt it the most, and began to stream with water. To try and relieve the pain the stonemason rubbed that eye gently but continuously for some seconds. When he reached home he discovered to his joy that he had perfect sight in both his eyes. Possibly many years ago a small piece of stone had got into his eye, and the extra flow of water and dust had enabled it to work its way out.

### Shearing Sheep With a Machine

Shearing sheep with a machine is practical for most farmers, says the South-east Agriculturalist. As with any other machine, a man should have some knack with machinery to do the best work. The greatest advantage in using this method of shearing is that you get practically all the wool. During the World's Fair at St. Louis they had a contest between the old-fashioned method of shearing by hand and the newer one of clipping the sheep with the machine. After the expert hand shearer had finished a sheep the machine would clip about thirteen ounces of wool. So the saving of wool would soon pay for the shearing machine.

A man with from 25 to 100 head of sheep should use the hand machine, but with larger flocks the power machine is more practical. If one's neighbor raises sheep, they can install a power plant with a line shaft to run as many machines as they wish with a small gas engine. When shearing time comes they can set a day, collect their flocks and help each other. I have such a plant in my barn with three machines run from a line shaft with a loose pulley, so each machine can be operated or stopped independently, as the shearers wish, by shifting the belt from the light to the loose pulley. We shear with this plant, running three machines, about 200 sheep in a day with the average farm hands. A quick, strong young man with practice should shear 100 or more, while the expert will turn off 200 with one machine. But the average farm hand, to do a nice job, will average about 75 a day.

One of the greatest advantages in having a shearing plant with several machines is that you shear your whole flock in a day, thus getting them back to grass with their lambs. If you are two or three days shearing there is considerable loss to the lamb crop from keeping them up. Machine sheared sheep also look much better.—Southern Agriculturist.

### Queer Collections

Collectors gather together articles more or less interesting, but probably few go in for such bulky objects as those chosen by a distinguished Britisher. Old doors are the object of his desire. His doors come from old houses, castles, and abbeys of historical interest. Some time ago he obtained, at considerable cost, a door through which, during the French Revolution, Marie Antoinette, Charlotte Corday, Danton, and Robespierre passed on their way to the guillotine. Lord Petersham, a noted man in his day, had a hobby for acquiring various kinds of tea and snuff. The Dowager-Queen of Italy has a collection of the feet and headgear of Royal personages of different periods. It is said to include a sandal worn by Nero, a pair of white slippers that belonged to Mary, Queen of Scots; shoes worn by Queen Anne and the Empress Josephine, and gloves that were once the property of Marie Antoinette.

### Dolly in Dismay

Dorothy—Mother, when I got married shall I have a husband like you? Mother—Certainly, my dear.

Dorothy—And if I stay single shall I be an old maid like Aunt Anna.

Mother—I think you will.

Dorothy (with a deep sigh)—Well I am in a fix.

### Ready for Anything

The new cook came out and did very well her first afternoon at Lonsdale. After dinner she approached the head of the house.

How early shall I have to get up in the morning? she enquired.

Well, said Mr. Subbubs, the first train for the city leaves here at 6.35.

You will have to get up about 6 if you want to make that.

### Tamed Birds

Curiosity is a strong feature in most birds. They will always investigate anything new and bright-looking.

A small blue titmouse we once kept indoors for a week was a regular Paul Pry. His little body found its way into everything. Indeed, he was nearly drowned because, if a pitcher was on the table, he was sure to go into it; and to get out again with wet wings was not easy.

The human voice is a great assistance in the taming of any wild creature. A soft, gentle tone and kind manner will go far to win the confidence of birdish hearts. In fact, it is only a matter of time and patience; the wildest specimens will become friendly.

At first their apparent tameness is mainly cupboard love, but in time it does often result in real personal affection. Then it is delightful to possess a bird who will welcome your coming with outstretched wings and every sign of overflowing joy.

A cardinal grosbeak which I once possessed for fourteen years would thus greet me, and the very tempting food would remain untouched while I warbled to me in the most gushing manner.

### Digby, N.S.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen—Last August my horse was badly cut in eleven places by a barbed wire fence. Three of the cuts, (small ones) healed soon, but the others became foul and rotten, and though I tried many kinds of medicine they had no beneficial result. At last a doctor advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and in four weeks' time every sore was healed and the hair has grown over each one in fine condition. The Liniment is certainly wonderful in its working. JOHN R. HOLDEN.

Witness, Perry Baker.

### Bicycles in War

A correspondent, interested in the hitherto neglected branch of the service, will be gratified to learn that the authorities are beginning to take serious notice of the possibilities involved in the use of the cycle in war. A great advance has been made of late in its employment for purposes of defence at home, in proof of which it is only necessary to refer to the increase in the number of purely cycle battalions maintained in the Territorial Force. But above and beyond that is the information contained in the new 'War Establishments,' which shows an increase in the number of bicycles in the regular Army, and a greater recognition of the motor cycle. A cavalry division has now 18 motor cycles and 371 ordinary bicycles, as against 118 of the latter hitherto. All this is very encouraging to those enthusiasts who have hitherto met with a somewhat cold reception from the Authorities in the advocacy of the cycle. But we regret there is no sign of any cyclists units in the Regular Army so far.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

### Ugly Feet Due to Bad Boots

Parents who desire to save their children much suffering from malformation of the feet in after-years will do well to pay careful attention to the advice given by the London County Council Medical Officer for Education. He warns parents against allowing their children to wear heavy rigid, improperly-shaped, boots, and points out that much of the footgear worn by school children is made regardless of anatomical considerations so that the foot is forced to conform to the shape of the boot.

Never mind about a foot being of a fashionable shape, and whenever possible pay a good price for a pair. See that the leather is of that softness and pliancy which will conform to the shape of the foot; otherwise, if the foot of the child is forced into a boot of unyielding leather, rendered unbendable by galls and rivets used in the process of manufacture, it is cramped, and the end is deformity.

The result of wearing badly-made and unsuitable boots is that the great toes of many children, before the age of 11, are found to be forced outwards from the middle line, and the majority of them are flat-footed. Then, again, many people seem to think that it is necessary that a child's ankles should be supported by a stiff-laced boot, which makes the ankle almost unmovable. This, of course, is quite wrong. The ankle, like the foot, should be free for any movement, otherwise a child is apt to get into the habit of shuffling along, or with an exaggerated movement of the knee-joint, lifting the foot off the ground and carrying it forward without any flexion of the ankle-joint, thus getting into that flat-footed manner of walking which is so ugly and prevents indulgence in healthful exercise.

Russia's army in times of peace numbers 1,200,000, and in case of war it can be nearly quadrupled.

### Regularity

of the bowels is an absolute necessity for good health. Unless the waste matter from the food which collects there is got rid of at least once a day, it decays and poisons the whole body, causing biliousness, indigestion and sick headaches. Salts and other harsh mineral purgatives irritate the delicate lining of the bowels. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills—entirely vegetable—regulate the bowels effectively without weakening, sickening or griping. Use

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills



## "I Want You to Have My New Portable Granary"

"I have a money-saving invention—handy granaries to allow field threshing over your farm. Move them about each year. You save long hauls at harvest time. In spring you scatter small straw stacks—no burning of straw."

"These granaries come in compact bundles. A boy can set up and bolt one together in a few hours. Four padlocks protect the grain. Separator delivery into a spout on the side or into roof manhole—saves work during threshing. Your grain is protected from vermin, wet and thieves. Sell it when you are ready, loading direct from the granary into your wagon, or bagging it. No musty or heated grain. Get my granary and be independent of elevators for selling. Sell at the highest price, no matter how long you store your grain. The Pedlar Granary protects you."

"Write me for my booklet. It shows how profitable my Granary is even on a single quarter-section farm. Use it for 1912. The Book Tells of Big Money for You."

**The PEDLAR PEOPLE Limited**  
WINNIPEG CALGARY EDMONTON  
75 Lombard St. Crown Block 608 3rd St. W.  
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Direct your inquiry to the Pedlar place nearest you. They will answer you promptly and save you time.  
"The Pedlar Granary is fire-proof. Think what that means!"

## B.C. COAST EATON'S FIR & CEDAR LUMBER

HIGH-GRADE

FREE FROM CONSTRUCTIONAL DEFECTS

Our lumber is high grade in every respect. It is the equal of any and superior to most of the lumber on the market. We can confidently recommend our Fir to be one of the most durable woods to be found. It is not susceptible to dry rot and will give equal service to Oak, but not weighing so heavy, effects a considerable saving in freight charges. It has convinced the experts, and is now one of the most extensively used woods in the West. Let it convince you.

All common lumber—shiplap and dimensions—is air-dried. All finishing lumber—moulding, flooring, doors, windows, casings, coiling, siding, etc.—is kiln dried, so that there is no danger of doors and windows warping.

**We Invite Correspondence**

Our Lumber Department is ready at all times to quote, on outside sized doors, windows, etc., conditionally that the buyer furnishes an itemized list in order that we may quote rock-bottom figures. If you intend building this summer, you will do well to obtain our prices—quality considered, they are unequalled. Any of the plans shown in our Spring and Summer Catalogue may be had for \$2.00, which amount will be refunded on receipt of order for lumber. However, if you prefer building from your own plans send us your bill of material and we will quote a price for all the material necessary, laid down in your own town.

**We Ship in Carload Lots Only**

**THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED**  
WINNIPEG CANADA

Slater.—This bill was innocent on its face, but beneath there lurked a most sinister significance. The speaker, Senator Clarke, was discussing the Little Rock measure of the bill introduced me. In fact, he said, of a Little Rock urethra's question. His question, innocent enough in appearance, dear knows, was this: Would you mind making a noise like a frog, uncle?

And why? said the uncle, with an amused smile, why, Tommy, do you desire me to make a noise like a frog?

Because, replied the urethra, whenever I ask daddy to buy me anything he always says, wait till your uncle cracks. New York Tribune.

Pat Knows Everything  
While—Paw, what is a labor of love?  
Paw—That's when a pitcher and a catcher help dig a baseball out of an umpire's eye.

Has 162 Living Descendants  
Henry Smallwood, aged 91, formerly employed as a chairmender of High Wycombe, has 162 descendants living, including 93 great-grandchildren. He has a brother aged 92 and a sister aged 80. A son, a grandson, a great-grandson, and a great-great-grandson are all named Henry.—London Daily Mail.

For testing guns safely the British army drew them from within steel cages, made strong enough to catch flying fragments should they burst.

## NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

are best for nursing mothers because they do not affect the rest of the system. Mild but sure. 25c. a box at your druggist's.

NATIONAL DRUGS AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

## FREE ADVICE TO SICK WOMEN

Thousands Have Been Helped By Common Sense Suggestions.

Women suffering from any form of female ill are invited to communicate promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands.

Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (Confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.





## The Cumberland News

Issued Every Tuesday by the  
Cormor & Cumberland  
Publishing Company.

This paper will not hold itself  
responsible for the opinions of others,  
as may appear in its columns  
from time to time.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 11 1912

## Form Of Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30  
days after date I intend to apply  
to the Honorable Minister of  
Lands for a license to prospect for  
coal and petroleum under the fore  
shore and under the water on the  
lands in and opposite the follow  
ing described lands situate in Ru  
pert District:—Commencing at a  
post planted on the sea beach at  
high water mark at the intersec  
tion of Sections 14 and 15, Town  
ship 2, Port McNeill, Rupert Dis  
trict; thence north fifty-five, 55  
chains more or less to high water  
mark on the north side of Port  
McNeill Harbor; thence easterly  
along the shore line to intersec  
tion of Sections 23 and 24, Town  
ship 2; thence southerly 68 chains  
more or less to high water mark  
on south side of said Port McNeill  
harbor; thence westerly along  
shore line to place of commence  
ment.

ROLAND A. LAIRD

Francis T. Tordiffe, Agent  
Dated this 8th day of April 1912

## Form Of Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30  
days after date I intend to apply  
to the Honorable Minister of  
Lands for a license to prospect for  
coal and petroleum under the fore  
shore and under the water on the  
lands in and opposite the follow  
ing described lands situate in Ru  
pert District:—Commencing at a  
post planted on the sea beach at  
high water mark at the intersec  
tion of Sections 12 and 13, Town  
ship 2, Port McNeill, Rupert Dis  
trict; thence north 80 chains, 80,  
thence west ten chains, 10, more  
or less to high water mark on  
Jedgo Point; thence westerly  
along shore line to intersec  
tion of Sections 23 and 24, Town  
ship 2; thence southerly sixty-eight  
chains, 68, more or less to high water  
mark on south side of Port McNeill  
Harbor; thence easterly along  
shore line to place of commence  
ment.

JOHN S. KENNEDY

Francis M. Tordiffe, Agent  
Dated this 8th day of April 1912

## LAND NOTICE

Sayward Land District  
District of Coast  
TAKE NOTICE that Charles O.  
Flynn, of New York, N. Y. occupa  
tion clerk, intends to apply for per  
mission to purchase the following  
described lands:—Commencing at a post planted  
7.24 chains east of the S. W. corner of  
lot 550, thence south 66.24 chains,  
thence west 30 chains, thence north 66.  
84 chains, thence east 30 chains to point  
of commencement containing 200 acres  
more or less.

CHARLES O'FLYNN

Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date May 10th, 1912

## LAND ACT.

Sayward Land District.  
TAKE NOTICE that John Stanis  
laus Carroll, of New York, N. Y. occu  
pation, engineer, intends to apply for  
permission to purchase the following  
described lands:—Commencing at a post  
planted at the S. W. corner of lot 550  
thence north 40 chains, thence west  
22.76 chains to the east boundary of lot  
548, thence south along said boundary  
30 chains, thence east 22.76 chains to  
point of commencement containing 91  
acres more or less.

JOHN STANISLAUS CARROLL

Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date May 10th, 1912

FOR SALE—A book all young  
sports should read. Price \$1.00  
Address letters, drawer 44, Nan  
aimo, B. C.

HAY FOR SALE—Thirty  
tons of good baled hay, price  
\$14 per ton at Grantham. F. H.  
Janes, Sandwick, B. C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR  
SALE AT THIS OFFICE

## SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT

District of Sayward, Range 1.  
TAKE NOTICE that I, Elizabeth  
Hannar, by my agent, George Ver  
dier, of Campbell River, V. I. occu  
pation married woman, intends to  
apply for permission to purchase  
the following described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted  
near the N. E. corner of lot 351  
thence south 10 chains (ten) thence  
east 20 chains (ten) more or less to  
the point of commencement con  
taining 20 acres (ten) more or  
less.

ELIZABETH HANNAH

Name of Applicant  
Date March 28th, 1912

## Sayward Land District

District of Coast  
Take notice that Isabel McKen  
ny, of Vancouver, B. C. occupa  
tion spinster, intends to apply for  
permission to purchase the follow  
ing described land:—  
Commencing at a post planted  
one mile east of the south-west  
corner of lot 550, thence west 80  
chains, thence south 40 chains,  
thence east 80 chains, thence  
north 40 chains to point of com  
mencement, containing 320 acres,  
more or less.

Isabel McKenny

Name of Applicant in full  
Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date March 15th, 1912

## Sayward Land District

District of Coast  
Take notice that Reginald Wa  
ters, of Vancouver, B. C. occupa  
tion, engineer, intends to apply  
for permission to purchase the fol  
lowing described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted  
1 mile east of the south west cor  
ner of lot 550, thence east 80  
chains, south 40 chains, west 80  
chains, north 40 chains to point  
of commencement containing 320  
acres more or less.

Reginald Waters

Name of Applicant in full  
Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date March 12th, 1912

## Sayward Land District

District of Coast  
Take notice that Francis Ger  
ald Hudson, of Vancouver, B. C.  
occupation gentleman, intends to  
apply for permission to purchase  
the following described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted  
at the south east corner of lot 547  
thence east 80 chains, thence  
south 45 chains to north bound  
ary of lot 550, thence west along  
said boundary, 80 chains, thence  
north 45 chains to this post.

Francis Gerald Hudson

Name of Applicant in full  
Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date March 12th, 1912

## Sayward Land District

District of Coast  
Take notice that Minnie Kerr,  
of Vancouver, B. C. occupation  
spinster, intends to apply for per  
mission to purchase the following  
described lands:—  
Commencing at a post plant  
at the south-east corner of lot  
547, thence west 40 chains, thence  
south 45 chains, thence east 40  
chains along the north boundary  
of lot 550, thence north 45 chains  
to point of commencement, con  
taining 180 acres.

Minnie Kerr

Name of Applicant in full  
Robert Henry Chestnut, Agent  
Date March 12th, 1912

THE VANCOUVER  
MINING JOURNAL

## NOW IN ITS 32ND YEAR

The leading mining periodical of  
the world, with the largest editorial  
staff of any mining publication.  
Subscription \$5.00 a year (includ  
ing B. C. Mining, Canadian, Foreign,  
Monthly copy free, send for book  
and sample)

PUBLISHED BY THE  
250 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK

FOR SALE—A black team of  
horses; a good general purpose  
team. Apply Smith Bros., Sand  
wick. Will sell cheap

Mrs. Simms will give lessons  
on the piano any time at her re  
sidence, except Tuesday.

## Form Of Notice.

Notice is hereby given that 30  
days after date I intend to apply  
to the Honorable Minister of  
Lands for a license to prospect for  
coal and petroleum under the  
foreshore and under the water on  
the lands in and opposite the fol  
lowing described lands situated in  
Rupert District:—Commencing at  
a post planted on the sea beach  
at high water mark at the inter  
section of Sections 14 and 15, Ru  
pert District; thence north fifty  
five, 55 chains more or less to  
high water mark on the north  
side of Port McNeill Harbor;  
thence following the sea beach at  
high water mark around the head  
of harbor to place of commence  
ment.

FRANCIS M. TORDIFFE

Dated this 8th day of April 1912

FOR SALE—The South East  
corner of Maryport Avenue and  
Second St., with buildings. Price  
\$925.00. Apply at this office or  
P. O. Box 644 Vancouver.

Wood's Phosphoric  
The Great English Remedy  
for all ailments of the whole  
body and especially of the  
lungs, kidneys, bladder, liver,  
stomach, and bowels. It is a  
purely vegetable preparation  
and is entirely free from  
any harmful or dangerous  
ingredients. It is a  
perfectly safe and reliable  
remedy for all ailments of  
the body and is a  
valuable aid to the  
system in all cases of  
debility, weakness, and  
disease. It is a  
perfectly safe and reliable  
remedy for all ailments of  
the body and is a  
valuable aid to the  
system in all cases of  
debility, weakness, and  
disease.

## ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO

## RAILWAY.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby  
given that the Esquimalt and  
Nanaimo Railway Company did  
on the nineteenth day of January,  
1912, deposit in the Land Registry  
Office in the City of Victoria, in  
the Province of British Columbia,  
plan, profile and book of reference  
showing the location of its pro  
posed line of railway from Black  
Creek to Campbell River, Van  
couver Island, being Mile 40 to  
Mile 72.3, as approved by the  
Board of Railway Commissioners  
for Canada.

DATED this twenty-second  
day of January, 1912.  
W. F. SALAMONY,  
Secretary.

Mrs. Simms will give lessons  
on the piano at her home in Jer  
usalem, formerly owned by Mr.  
James Stewart, on and after  
March 4th—until then in Camp  
naul.

## O. H. TARBELL

## HIGH GRADE STOVES

And all KITCHEN UTENSILS

## Sportsmens Goods

and

## General Hardware

## Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.  
TAKE NOTICE that Murray  
Gorlay, of Victoria, occupa  
tion, broker, intends to apply for per  
mission to purchase the following  
described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted  
at the N. E. corner of Lot 876,  
thence west 20 chains, thence  
north 20 chains to shore line,  
thence following shore line easterly  
and southerly to point of com  
mencement, containing 60 acres  
more or less.

MURRAY GORLAY

Name of applicant in full  
Date March 27th, 1912.

## Sayward Land District

District of Sayward  
TAKE NOTICE that Percy A. E.  
Wood, of Victoria, occupation bro  
ker, intends to apply for permission  
to purchase the following described  
lands:—

Commencing at a post planted  
at the S. W. corner of Lot 165,  
thence north 80 chains, thence west  
20 chains to shore, thence southerly  
following shore line to a point  
making 80 chains southerly, thence  
easterly following shore line to  
point of commencement, contain  
ing 160 acres, more or less.

PERCY A. E. WOOD

Name of Applicant in full  
Date March 23rd, 1912.

## Sayward Land District

District of Sayward  
TAKE NOTICE that Kyrle C.  
Symons, of Victoria, occupa  
tion, gentleman, intends to apply for  
permission to purchase the follow  
ing described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted at  
the N. W. corner of lot 316, thence  
south 20 chains, thence west 80  
chains, thence north 50 chains to  
shore line, thence east following  
shore line 80 chains to point of  
commencement, containing 280 ac  
res more or less.

KYRLE C. SYMONS

Name of Applicant in full  
Date March 28th, 1912.

## FORM OF NOTICE

## New Westminster Land District

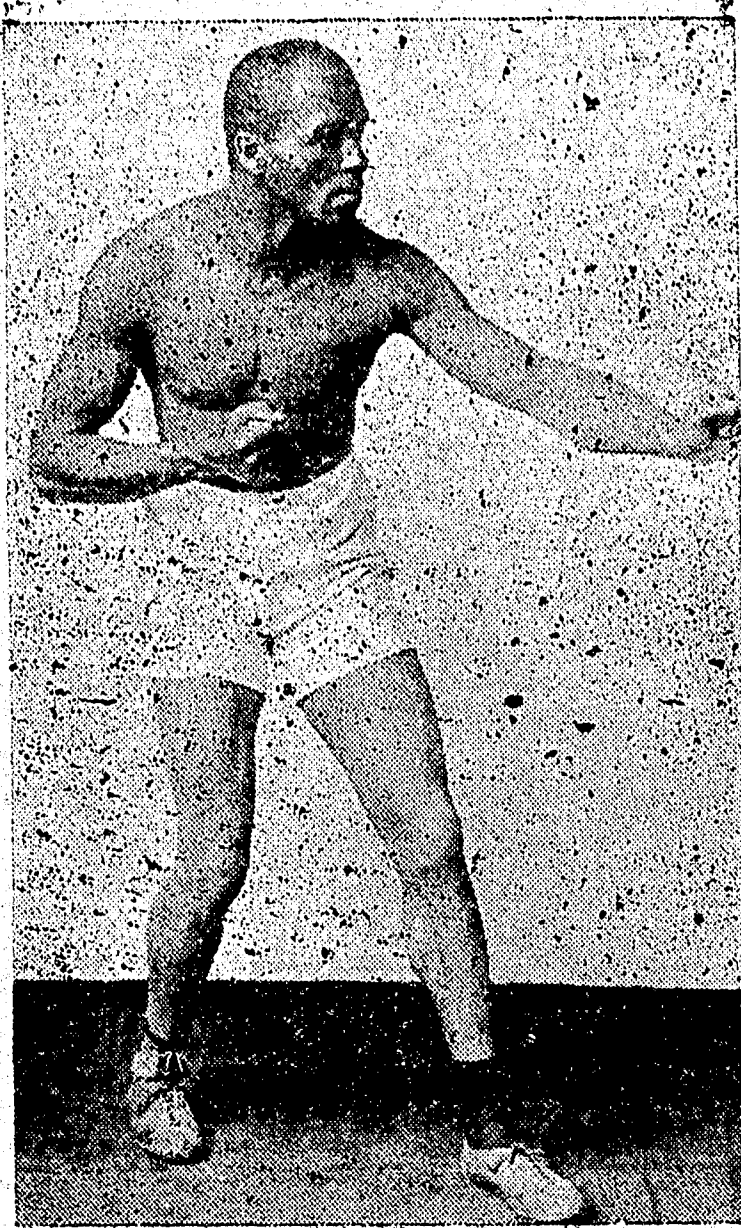
## District of New Westminster BC

## TAKE NOTICE that I, Henry

Piercy, of Sandwick, B. C. occu  
pation Farmer, intends to apply  
for permission to purchase the  
following described lands:—Com  
mencing at a post planted at the  
South-East corner, about one  
and a half miles from Lloyd  
Point, in Homfray channel,  
thence 20 chains north, thence  
20 chains west, thence 20 chains  
south, thence 20 chains east, to  
point of commencement, contain  
ing 40 acres, more or less.

HENRY PIERCEY

Applicant.  
Date July 17th, 1912. sept



## Oscar Mortimer

who is to meet BILLY CHESTER  
in a 15 round bout on Saturday evening,  
next, September 14th, in the Cumber  
land Hall, for the heavyweight champion  
ship of Canada.



## LAND ACT

Sayward Land District.  
District of Coast.

TAKE NOTICE that William Harry Burley of Vancouver, B. C., occupation Broker, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at high water mark about 40 chains east of Mayher Point, Read Island, thence east 20 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement containing 80 acres more or less.

WILLIAM HARRY BURLEY,  
Name of Applicant  
Jery Genazie, Agent.

Date May 28th, 1912.

## NOTICE

Cumberland &amp; Union Waterworks Co., Ltd.

Sprinkling will be allowed only two nights a week, viz., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, from 7 to 9 o'clock in the evening.

Leaky taps must be attended to at once.

Any changes or additions to existing piping must be sanctioned by the company.

By Order,

L. W. NUNNS, Secretary,  
Cumberland, B. C., June 29th, 1912.

## The Courtenay Hotel

Every convenience for guests.

The Central Hotel for Sportsmen

None but the Best of Wines and Liquors at the Bar.

RATES REASONABLE

John Johnston, Prop.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, we intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by us for the Verdome Hotel, situated on lot 1, block 3, Cumberland Townsite.

WILSON &amp; BRAMBERG.

Dated this 7th day of Nov., 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Cumberland, I intend to apply for a renewal of the hotel license held by me for the Cumberland Hotel, situated on lot 1, block 6, Cumberland Townsite.

WILLIAM MERRIFIELD,  
Dated this 7th day of Nov., 1911.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, B. C., for a transfer of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Port Augusta Hotel, situated at Comox, B. C., from John Charles Clarence to Amos Cottingham.

JOHN CHARLES CLARENCE,

Holder of Licence.

AMOS COTTINGTON,

Applicant.

Dated May 15th, 1912.

An Ad in the News  
pays. Try it.

## PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that all property owners are requested to connect their premises with the new sewers, wherever same are completed, on or before the 15th day of March, 1912, and if said connections are not made by the above date, the City Council will proceed to complete same at the expense of the property owners.

By order of  
The City Council  
A. McKINNON,  
City Clerk,

Cumberland, B. C. Feb. 20, 1912

ROOMS for rent at Marinelli's  
Rooming House, Derwent Ave.

FOR SALE—Three milk cows, first class milkers, also two heifers in calf, graded stock, three horses, two drivers and a general purpose mare, age three and four years. Apply to D. Roy, Roy's Beach.

## Union Steamship Co. of B. C. Ltd.

THE S. S. COWICHAN WILL SAIL AS UNDER

POWELL RIVER-COMOX-UNION-CAMPBELL RIVER route

Leave Vancouver Thurs. 2 p. m. Arrive Comox Friday 6 a. m.

Depart 7 a. m.

Arrive Union Bay Friday 7 a. m. depart 9 a. m. (For Campbell River, waypoints for Vancouver.)

NANAIMO DENMAN ISLAND-UNION BAY-COMOX ROUTE

Leave Vancouver Saturday 8 p. m. Arrive Nanaimo, 12 midnight

Arrive Union Bay, Sunday 6 a. m. Depart 5 p. m.

Arrive Comox, Sunday 8 a. m. Depart 4 p. m.

Subject to change without notice.



DRINK

Pilsener

The purest and best BEER, and  
made in Cumberland.

## Insurance!

Are you insured?  
Is your life Insured?  
Is your home Insured?  
Are Insured against sickness and  
accident?

Liability, Burglary and Automobile Insurance.

FOR INFORMATION WRITE THE

VANCOUVER ISLAND INSURANCE CO.,  
820 Fort Street - - - VICTORIA, B. C.

## NOTICE

Any person or persons, cutting, removing or taking any blocks, timber or wood, of any description, belonging to the Wellington Colliery Co., or from or off the land of the said Company, or anyone tipping rubbish of any description anywhere upon the company's land will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

W. L. COULSON,  
General Manager,  
Wellington Colliery Co.,

## NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons—except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same.

By order  
W. L. COULSON,  
General Manager.

# Subscribe for The Cumberland News

## Only \$1 per year

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Channing Stear Dunbar, of New York, New York, occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at north-east corner of lot 590, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

CHANNING STUART DUNBAR  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 23rd, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that John Arthur Daly, of New York, New York, occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-east corner of Lease 46, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

JOHN ARTHUR DALY  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 24th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Walter Bebell, of New York, New York, occupation laborer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 120 chains west and 10 chains north of the south-east corner of Lease 46, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement containing 320 acres more or less.

WALTER BEBELL BEST  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 24th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Charles Penny of Vancouver, B. C., occupation contractor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south-east corner of lot 578, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement containing 320 acres more or less.

CHARLES PENNY  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 19th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Myrtle Bonnette, of Vancouver, occupation Nurse, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of lot 551, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement containing 160 acres more or less.

MYRTLE BONNETTE  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 19th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Joseph Henry Baur of New York, occupation Salesman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 90 chains west and ten chains north of the south-east corner of lease 46, thence north 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence west 20 chains to point of commencement containing 40 acres more or less.

JOSEPH HENRY BAUR  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 25th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that James Bernard Dunn of New York, N. Y., occupation Teacher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of lot 585, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

JAMES BERNARD DUNN  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 24th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that John Leonard Ryan of New York, New York, occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of the north-east quarter of lot 581, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement containing 320 acres more or less.

JOHN LEONARD RYAN  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 24th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that John Cassidy, of New York, N. Y., occupation Fireman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 20 chains south and 80 chains east of the north corner of lot 551, thence west 80 chains to east boundary of lot 551, thence south 30 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 30 chains to point of commencement containing 60 acres more or less.

JOHN CASSIDY  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 20th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William August Blackford, of New York, N. Y., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 30 chains east and 40 chains north of the north-west corner of lot 551, thence west 80 chains more or less, to lot 551, thence 40 chains south along east boundary of lot 551, thence east 50 chains more or less, to lot 46, thence north 30 chains to point of commencement containing 260 acres more or less.

WILLIAM AUGUST BLACKFORD  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 20th, 1912.

## MOVING?

PIANOS AND  
FURNITURE

Freight, Wood and Coal Hauled

INDEPENDENT  
TRANSFER

RICHARDSON &amp; HAYWOOD

PHONE 57

Windermere Ave.

ORDERS TAKEN FOR NUT COAL

Sayward Land District.  
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Charles Henry Best, of New York, N. Y., occupation salesman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of lot 552, thence north 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence east 20 chains to point of commencement containing 40 acres more or less.

CHARLES HENRY BEST  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
D to June 20th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.  
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that George Stooke, of New York, N. Y., occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 20 chains south of the north-east corner of lot 551, thence east 20 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence south 40 chains to point of commencement containing 40 acres more or less.

GEORGE STOOKE  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 19th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.  
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that George Charles Stone, of New York, N. Y., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 40 chains west and 20 chains north of the north-east corner of lot 551, thence east 40 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 20 chains to point of commencement containing 20 acres more or less.

GEORGE CHARLES STONE  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 19th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William John Whiting of New York, N. Y., occupation Engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 80 chains south and 20 chains east from the north-east corner of lot 579 (on post 574) thence north 20 chains, thence west 30 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence east 30 chains to point of commencement containing 60 acres more or less.

WILLIAM JOHN WHITING  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 25th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Henry Alfred Ho, of New York, New York, occupation electrician, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north-east corner of lot 588, thence 40 chains east, thence 40 chains north, thence 40 chains west, thence 40 chains south to point of commencement containing 160 acres more or less.

HENRY ALFRED HO  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 24th, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William John Sullivan, of New York, N. Y., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 10 chains south from the south-east corner of lot 579 (on post 574) thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

WILLIAM JOHN SULLIVAN  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 21st, 1912.

Sayward Land District.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William August Blackford, of New York, N. Y., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 30 chains east and 40 chains north of the north-west corner of lot 551, thence west 80 chains more or less, to lot 551, thence 40 chains south along east boundary of lot 551, thence east 50 chains more or less, to lot 46, thence north 30 chains to point of commencement containing 260 acres more or less.

WILLIAM AUGUST BLACKFORD  
Fisher M. Gaskins, Agent.  
Date June 20th, 1912.

G. T. Kent, F. W. Hawes, A. E. Sherwood  
Kent, Hawes & Sherwood  
Real Estate, Commission and  
Forwarding Agents.  
160 Hastings St. W.  
Vancouver, B. C.  
Phone 5240

## NOTICE.

To whom it may concern:—

This is to notify the public that all freight charges on bonded goods cleared at Union Bay for the Comox Valley must be paid before goods can be forwarded.

By order

Canadian Collieries Dunsinuir Co.,

## NOTICE.

TENDERS for the renting of

Harmston Farm, Sandwick, will be received up to August 31st, 1912. All particulars to be had from L. R. Cliffe, Sandiek, B. C.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Lucius R. Cliffe.

FOR SALE—Edison 'Home' Phonograph and 4 dozen 4 minute records; will sell cheap. Apply Cumberland News Office.

Change of advertisements will not be received at this office later than 12 o'clock noon on Tuesdays.

TEACHER WANTED for Min to public school. Salary \$75.00 per month. Apply to Alex Somerville, Secretary, Minto, B. C.

FOR SALE—Marinelli's rooming house on Derwent Avenue. Good paying business, and excellent location. For particulars apply to V. Marinelli, Derwent Avenue, City.

## Union Hotel

J. H. McLEOD, PROPRIETOR.

English & BURTON always on tap also, the famous MILWAUKEE BEER—Anchor, Bohemian, Schlitz, &c. "OLD FASHIONED" SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds. The S. & L. Dining and Lodging Department, under the immediate supervision of Mrs. Davis, will be found first-class in every respect.

RATES. \$1.00 per day upwards.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS  
ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.



## KIDNEY PAINS IN THE BACK

COULD NOT STAND OR EVEN  
TURN IN BED—LEGS  
CREATLY SWOLLEN

All Doctor's Medicine Failed—Cure  
Effected by Use of

### DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Again this great medicine has triumphed over kidney disease of a severe type. From a bed of suffering and helplessness Mrs. Walsh was restored to health and strength by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Kidney pains in the back tortured her. Dropsical swellings had set in and she had no reason to hope for cure, since the doctor's medicine failed to even relieve her. Read what the husband says about this remarkable cure.

Mr. Thos. D. Walsh, Picton, N.S., writes:—"Two years ago my wife took to her bed after suffering for a long time from kidney pains in the back. She was not able to stand on her feet, or even turn herself in bed. The doctor's medicine was no benefit whatever, that we could see. Sometimes her legs would swell considerably. Reading about a woman in similar condition being cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, we purchased two boxes and when these were used she was able to sit up. With three more boxes she was restored to health and doing her own housework."

"As for myself I also found these pills all that is claimed for them. I give this statement in order that others may obtain the same ease from suffering as that experienced by my wife and myself."

One pill a dose, 25c. a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

#### Better Meat Nowadays

J. Ogden Armour defending packing house methods at luncheon in Chicago, said:—

"We eat thanks to the packers, more wholesome meat than we formerly did. My father used to tell about a farm boy who once called at a house and took an order for a leg of mutton. Then, a day or two later, the boy called again."

"You'll have to countermand that mutton order, m'am, he said."

"Yes. Why so?"

"The sheep's improv'n', said the boy."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Cadiz, the "white city" of Spain, has a centenary celebration this year, commemorating the adoption of a liberal constitution by the Cortes and the raising of the French siege in 1812 by the Duke of Wellington. Once one of the greatest ports of the world, Cadiz is still a most picturesque city, and is said to extend a warm welcome to American tourists.

**Clear Stomach, Clear Mind.**—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

#### Human Hair Lace.

They are making lace from human hair now. It is not for trimming dresses with, but is used for the parting of wigs. It is made by hand and the knots are held by a solution of wax, otherwise they would unravel. When this lace is used it takes an almost microscopic examination to detect the wig is not natural.

#### Phonograph Records

The family in the next flat to ours has a phonograph.

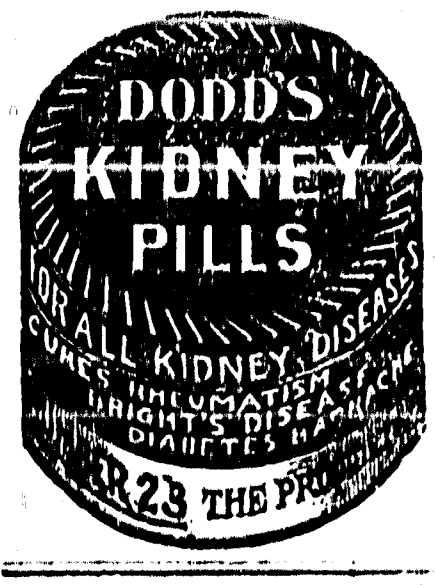
Have they any good records? Yes; they have one record for six hours continuous playing, and another of six hours and 20 minutes, almost continuous.—Washington Herald.

#### The Difference

Can any little boy, asked the new teacher, tell me the difference between a lake and an ocean.

I can, replied Edward, whose wisdom had been learned from experience. Lakes are much pleasanter to swallow when you fall in.

Professor Mahaffy was once examining a man who had put himself down as an agnostic on entering college. He was having a hard time at Mahaffy's hands over some difficult passages in a Greek book. I believe, said Mahaffy, that you are—are an agnostic in religious matters. The man foolishly nequiesced. Well, then, said the professor, I can quite assure you that you are an agnostic in Greek as well.



W. N. U. 607

#### The Undervalued Banana

The dictum that fruit should be eaten in their season, finds its limitations as regards variety in the temperate zones at certain periods of the year. There is, however, one fruit which is readily available fresh in American markets at practically all seasons, although it grows best from November to April in its tropical or semi-tropical home. It is unfortunate that an article of diet which meets certain nutritive requirements so well and is so easily obtained at reasonable cost as the banana should be the subject of much misunderstanding among both physicians and laymen. For despite the fact that over 40,000,000 bunches are reported to have been brought to the United States last year, it is popularly stated in many quarters that the banana is difficult of digestion and may give rise to alimentary distress.

A closer consideration of the composition of the banana may serve to elucidate the situation. The fruit is brought to our Northern markets green, and is ripened by artificial heat. This process can be hastened or delayed within certain limits, according to the momentary demands of the retail trade. The color of the peel gives evidence of the degree of ripeness. The green banana contains in the part exclusive of the skin about 1.5 per cent. of protein and 20 to 25 per cent. of carbohydrate, almost entirely starch. In the ripe banana, with yellow-brown peel, the edible part contains somewhat less (16 to 19 per cent) of carbohydrate; but that which remains is now almost entirely in the form of soluble sugar; the green, one-fifth starch. Most of the remainder of the edible pulp is water. Intermediate degrees of ripeness present starch and sugar in reciprocal proportions, varying between the limits set above.

Inasmuch as bananas are commonly eaten uncooked, it is obvious that more or less raw starch will be ingested if the fruit is not ripe, i.e., if the skin has not begun to shrivel and darken. Raw starch may be singularly irritating to the alimentary tract of man and is at best poorly utilized whether it be ingested in the form of uncooked potatoes, chest-nuts, bananas or other native starchy foods. No one would advise the use of uncooked potatoes; yet many people eschew a thoroughly ripe banana in the belief that the wholesome fruit is "rotten" when the skin becomes darkened, whereas they eagerly eat the yellow-green starch-bearing fruit at a stage of incomplete ripeness.

#### Whooping Cough

Whooping cough, which some mothers think can be cured by taking children near gasworks or through a tunnel, is the subject of more quaint superstitions than almost any other disease. In Northamptonshire it is believed that if a small quantity of hair is cut from the nose of the sick child, rolled in a piece of meat, and given to a dog, the whooping cough will be transferred to the animal. In Cornwall the child is fed with bread and butter which has been passed three times under the belly of a piebald horse. In Lancashire they still tell you that whooping cough will never attack a child that has ridden on a bear!

According to a new Swedish system of making use of peat, the material is powdered finely and blown into the furnace by a fan blast, and the dust is consumed while in suspension. The advantages of this method is that the degree of heat may be easily and quickly adjusted by regulating the amount of peat powder delivered into the interior of the furnace. This system is said to represent a greater efficiency than heretofore experienced in the utilization of peat for fuel, three parts of peat representing the same amount of energy as two of coal. In this shape it is also economical, as there is no fuel burned except where the power is needed.

#### As Old as the World

Cherries, which are beginning to appear in the market, were first cultivated in England about a century before Christ, but the best modern species of fruit were introduced into Kent from Flanders about the beginning of the 16th century. One of the very first cherry orchards was that at Teynham, near Faversham, from which much of Kent was afterwards supplied, and the "Garden of England" still maintains its supremacy, the chief orchards being along the Kentish borders of the Thames, the River and the Medway. Busino, Venetian Ambassador at the Court of James I., relates that it was a favorite amusement in the Kentish garden to try who could eat the most cherries, and gives details of one match wherein a young woman won with 20 pounds at a sitting.

Royal letter writers may expect that, in the vicissitudes of the centuries, their popularity will come to the test of that democratic implement, the auctioneer's hammer. Judged by this standard, King Edward III. and Queen Elizabeth have no reason to feel slighted. In London the other day one of the King's letters sold for \$1,450, and a letter from Queen Elizabeth to Henry III. of France brought \$1,225.

#### Family Spats

I might have married a millionaire, declared Everywoman. One of my old schoolmates is now one.

And several of your schoolmates are working right in this town for \$10 a week, retorted Everywoman, while one of them is just getting married, marrying a chap getting \$1,500 a year your average is fairly good.

And then Everybody set up a howl and they had to stop quarrelling to attend to him.—Pittsburgh Post.

The value of canned pineapples shipped from Hawaii during the fiscal year of 1911 amounted to two million dollars.

Mrs. Jollyboy: Where on earth have you been?

Mr. J.: I cannot tell a lie, I've been to my office.

Mrs. J.: That's where we differ. I can tell a lie when I hear one.

#### Christianity and Cricket

Cricket is peculiarly a Christian game. No pagan nation has played it. So a Melbourne paper is rebuking a couple of church clubs for coming to blows at the conclusion of a match. The Baptists started the trouble by offensive "barracking," which the Presbyterians indignantly resented. Words led to blows, much to the surprise of the spectators, who came to see cricket, not fighting. This is very sad. We thought football had a monopoly of that sort of thing. Happily the Australian and the South African teams are not members of the ecclesiastical clubs, so that there is no reason to fear that the "triangular tournament" will be marred by artifices.—London Chronicle.

#### Just a Starter

In order to impress upon his congregation the length of eternity, a colored preacher used the following illustration:

If a sparrow, brethren, should take a drop of water from the Atlantic Ocean at Coney Island, and with this drop of water in his beak should hop a hop a day until it reached the Pacific Ocean at San Francisco, and when it got this done should turn about and hop a hop a day all the way back to Coney Island, and keep on doing this very same thing until it had carried the whole Atlantic Ocean over into the Pacific, it would then only be early morning in eternity.—Everybody's Magazine.

#### Not a Somnambulist

What do you mean by laying hands on this young man? asked the policeman.

Why, replied Mr. Cornstessel, them clothes—

That's all right. He's a Marathon runner.

Excuse me, I thought he was walking in his sleep.—Washington Star.

#### Old Saw

Tramp—You know the sayin', mum: He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord.

Mrs. Subbubs—Very true. And since you speak in proverbs, I'll refer you to another old saw.

Tramp—Which one is dat, mum?

Mrs. S.—The one back in the woods.

## WEAK, TIRED PEOPLE

Are Usually the Victims of Pale, Watery Blood

Anemia is the medical term for poor or watery blood. It may arise from a variety of causes, such as lack of exercise, hard study, improperly ventilated rooms or workshops, imperfect assimilation of food, etc. The chief symptoms are extreme pallor of the face, lips and gums; rapid breathing and palpitation of the heart after slight exertion; headaches, dizziness, sometimes fainting spells and a tendency to hysterics; swelling of the feet and limbs, a feeling of constant tiredness and a distaste for food. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a certain cure for anemia, because they make new, rich blood, which stimulates and strengthens every organ and every part of the body. The following is one among thousands of cases of this serious trouble cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Miss Georgina Raymond, St. Jerome, Que., says: "About a year ago my health began to give out. I suffered from headaches, heart palpitation, dizziness and appeared to be threatened with a general breakdown. I was at this time employed in the family of a doctor, who seeing my condition, gave me medicine. I took this faithfully for some time, but with no benefit, and I grew much discouraged. Then a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, saying that she had found a cure through them in similar conditions. I took her advice, got a supply of the pills and took them regularly for some time. Gradually I became stronger and in the course of a month or so I was again enjoying the best of health, and have not since had the least return of the old symptoms. I can heartily recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all weak girls."

Sold by all medicine dealers at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, or sent by mail, post paid, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.

At the close of every winter when the ice from Lake Ladoga is floating down the Neva, the wooden bridge across the river which abuts on the Winter Palace, St. Petersburg, is swung round, in order to enable the ice to pass unimpeded. The operation was partially accomplished at dawn, not long since, when the cables connected with the bank snapped in a gust of wind. The bridge began to drift bodily down the Neva, and four tugs in the immediate vicinity were unable to restrain it. Alarm sirens were sounded and nearly a score more tugs came to the rescue. They just succeeded in averting a catastrophe. The structure, with its living freight of 150 workmen, was within 60 yards of the stone Nicholas bridge before it was got under control.

#### A Kindly Parent

Dad, said a Toronto kid to his father the other night, I want to go to the show tonight.

A show at night is no place for a kid like you. You should be at home in bed.

But I peddled balls and have two winners, said the kid, as he began to snifle.

All right then, answered dad, I will go with you to see that you don't get into trouble.

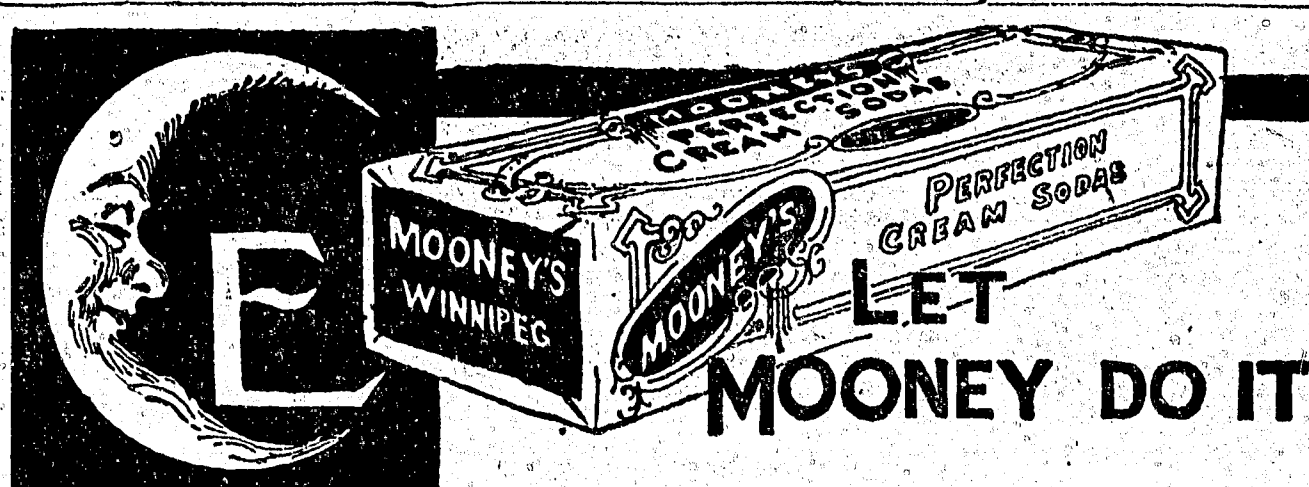
Decision Suspended—Father, our daughter is being courted by a poet.

The great trouble with the men who get to the front is that they feel so big we can't see over their heads.

Is that so, mother? I'll kick him out.

Not so fast. Investigate first and find out whether he works for a magazine or for a breakfast-food factory.

—Washington Herald.



DON'T BAKE—BAKE—BAKE IN THE HARD  
OLD FASHIONED WAY

It shortens your life, spoils your temper and ruins your looks.

Try the new way—the MOONEY way.

No spoiled baking. No overheated kitchens. Lots of leisure in the home.

MOONEY'S BISCUITS are so fresh, so crisp, so appetizing that they are largely taking the place of home baking with thousands of Western people. Ask for

## MOONEY'S PERFECTION SODA BISCUITS

In air tight, dust proof and damp proof packages

—or in sealed tins if you prefer them.

Made in the Big Sanitary Factory in Winnipeg.

#### Scotland's Songs

The great man had come at last, and all the youngsters were on the alert, cudgelling their little brains to remember the answers to all the questions likely to be asked them by his majesty's inspector.

He had gone the round of almost the entire school, and the staff of overworked teachers felt proud of the smartness and intelligence displayed by their pupils. It was now the turn of the last and brightest class in the school, who answered all questions with unfailing readiness. As a last poser the great one asked them to name some of Scotland's most famous songs. Quick as lightning the head boy answered with "Ye Banks and Braes," then came a somewhat lengthy pause, while the staff looked anxious.

Come, come! Surely you know another one. What! Not know that one with a world-wide reputation? encouraged the questioner, thinking of "Auld Lang Syne."

Straightway, to everyone's surprise the dull one at the back of the class shot up his hand.

Well, what is it? queried the tormentor.

In proudly important tones came with a roar:

"Stop Your Tickling Jock."

Through indiscretion, in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the strain. In such cases the safest and surest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

#### A Waif

By golly, I call this rubbing it in.

How now?

I sent this magazine two poems and they sent me back three.

Canada has more than one thousand two hundred newspapers, of which one-tenth are dailies.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The search for a cotton substitute has been going on in Europe for a long time, and many experiments have been made with the common nettle, which has been a promising plant on account of the strength of its fiber and its ready growth wild under the most discouraging conditions, with a large yield an acre.

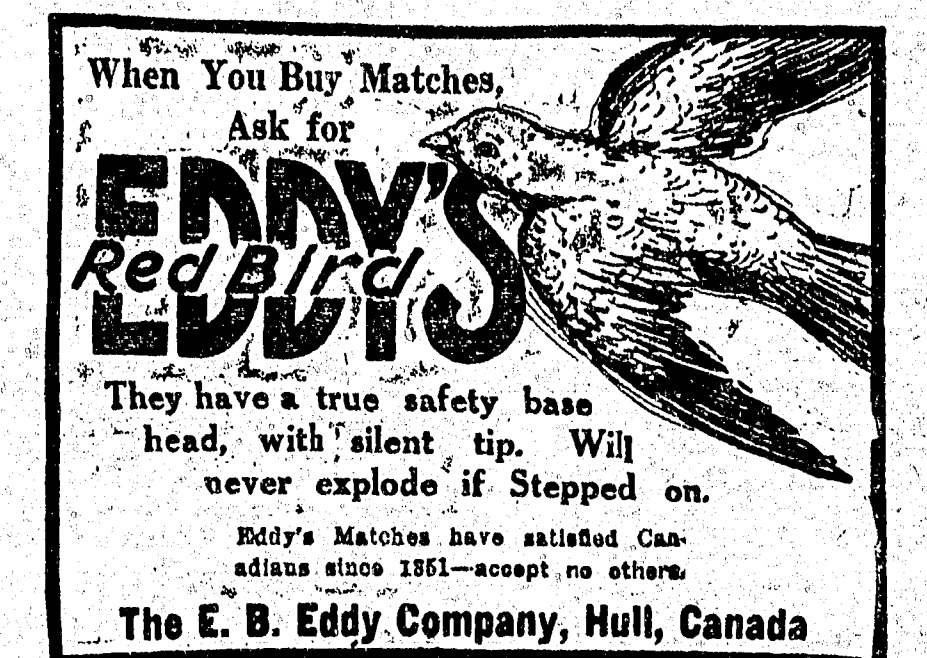
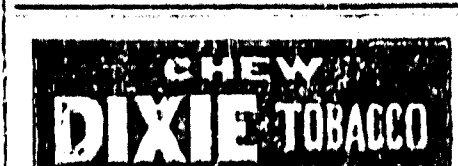
Like a Grip at the Throat. For a disease that is not classed as fatal there is probably none which causes more terrible suffering than asthma. Sleep is impossible, the sufferer becomes exhausted and finally, through the attack passes, is left in unceasing dread of its return. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful curative agent. It immediately relieves the restricted air passages as thousands can testify. It is sold by dealers everywhere.

#### Settled by a Widow

A buxom and winsome widow decided to continue her late husband's business (wholesale meat purveyor), and appointed his confidential and reliable man, one John Jinx, as her manager. John, though an astute and clever business man, could neither read nor write. The widow partly cured him of the latter defect by teaching him to write, "Settled, John Jinx," when giving a receipt for accounts paid to him.

The business improved and prospered, as likewise did the amatory feelings between the widow and John, the latter fruitfully in a proposal and acceptance of marriage. After the usual preliminaries the ceremony took place, followed by an adjournment to the registry to complete the legal formalities.

The necessary particulars were duly entered in the marriage register and happy John, somewhat blushing, took pen in hand and clearly and unmistakably wrote as his signature in the register: "Settled, John Jinx."—Tribune.



INSIST ON GETTING "EDDY'S"  
Washboards, Wood Pails and Tubs,  
Fibre Pails and Tubs.

#### My Name is Chester

The Prince of Wales' Paris incognito reminds a correspondent of London Opinion, that the late King Edward, who also used to be the Earl of Chester when at Biarritz, was once walking to the hotel when an American accosted him. Excuse me, sir, said the man, in the drawing, nasal accent of the Western Prairies, but are you the King of England? My name is Chester, the King answered, with his genial smile. Confound it! Then you've lost me a ten dollars bet, said the American, and slapping the king jocosely on the shoulder he walked away.

#### Misnamed

A tourist, who recently returned from a trip through the Southern States, relates this conversation, which he overheard between a farmer's wife and a negro alleged to be looking for work:

Be there any work around here, missus? asked the applicant.

Well, we do need a man, replied the woman. Do you want work?

Yessum.

Well, I'm looking for a man to do the odd jobs around the house, always be polite, willing to work, and never be inebriated.

Did you say you was looking for a hired man, missus? asked the negro.

Yes, whv do you ask?

Well, it 'pears to me that a hired man isn't what you want. You want a husband.

One of the richest countries in the world is that part of the Malay peninsula known as the Federated States. These provinces are still under the rule of their native chiefs or sultans, though they are assailed by a British adviser. The tin mines of these small States are more valuable than most gold mines, for they produce nearly half the world's supply of tin, and the result is an overflowing treasury for the States. Vast forests of rubber trees are also proving extremely profitable.

#### HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We have the undersigned have known P. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

Walling, Kham & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

#### A Question of Title

After another season, said Farmer Cornstessel, I guess we'll have a chef.

What's a chef? asked his wife.

A chef is a man with a big enough vocabulary to give the soup a different name every day.

Fierce Captain of company (in brusque tones) inspecting private's kit: Have you buttons on all articles?

Private—No, sir.

Fierce Captain—What article has no buttons on?

Private—My towel, sir.

## Botany v. Mercury

The sick and ailing will find a sure restoration to health and vigor in

### The Eclectic Botanic Treatment

The weak, nervous and debilitated are made strong and robust by Botanic Treatment. Skin and blood diseases, syphilis, lost vitality, eruptions and genital-urinary complaints; chronic and complicated diseases of men and women yield to Botanic Treatment when all other means have failed. Our preparations were given the gold medal as highest award at the International Exhibition in Brussels 1900, London 1910, Paris 1911. Consultation free, personal or by letter. Open 10-3-30.

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should carry a stock of the Wonder Fly Killer, a little device of seamless metal, unbreakable, and the sure exterminator of every kind of fly and mosquito. Retail at 1c. General agent, Joseph R. Wilson, 204 Stair Building, Toronto, or Nicholson & Hall in Alberta, and Esott & Harmer for Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

## When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, No Stinging, No Irritation. Try it for Red, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine is sold in each Packing. Murine is compounded by one of the most famous oculists in the world, and is used by successful Physicians for many years. Now dedicated to the public and sold by Druggists and Grocers. Murine Eye Remedy is sold in 1c. and 3c. bottles. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

## PURIFICO CURES

CANCER AND TUMOR

Canadian Branch: Purifico Co., Bridgeport, Ont.



## BRUNONIA

How a Town Took Its Name  
From a Mystery

By ELIZA B. TREAT

Names often fasten themselves upon things or places from some incident connected with them in their beginning.

There is a town in what is now the middle west, but half a century ago was the far west, called Brunonia. Singularly enough, the town took its name when it was in the rough from a man whose name no one knew. He came to the place a stranger, without introduction, and when asked his name said:

"Call me Brown; that's as good a name as any."

This man Brown turned out to be the embodiment of a mystery which set the inhabitants agog. When this mystery reached its climax the town showed signs of permanence, and a name was sought for. Some one suggested that they call it Brown. The proposition was laughed at till a young college graduate who had recently settled there suggested the Latin for Brown, or Brunonia. This euphonious word pleased the people, and the town was thenceforth known by that name.

Brown was a spare man, who wore his hair quite long and dressed in buckskin, his head covering being a sombrero. One looking at him would remark:

"What a strange looking man that fellow is!"

But he would not be able to determine wherein the strangeness lay. It was not in his costume, for a number of men thereabout wore buckskin, and long hair was a "plains" fashion. If it lay in any one thing it was in a sphinx-like expression the man always wore on his face. The strangeness of appearance was enhanced by a peculiar



JUMPED INTO BROWN'S ARMS.

far reticence, for Brown never told whence or why he came to the town or anything of his past or what he might hope for in the future.

Brown had not been long in his adopted home when it was noticed that he seemed either to be looking for some one or was conscious that some one was looking for him. A boy one day walking behind him down the main street noticed that at every corner he would turn his head to the right, then to the left, or vice versa, before crossing. The boy saw him cross half a dozen streets, and he never failed to look in both directions.

Brown was a handsome man, and this, taken in connection with the mystery attending him, attracted the young women of the place to him. A number of them at different times endeavored to secure some notice from him, but they all failed. He seemed insensible to feminine charms. This added to the wonder the men excited in every one and led to the theory among the younger persons that he had been crossed in love and among the older ones that he favored some woman he had wronged who was looking for him. There were men of the town who believed that a woman was looking for Brown; but, as to Brown having injured her, they thought it more likely that she had got him in her toils and made it hot for him.

So that as it may, the attention Brown attracted grew instead of declining. He was pointed out to strangers as the town curiosity, and they carried the story of the mystery to other places. It is quite possible, even probable, that this had some effect in fastening the name of Brown on the town.

With every month that passed the man's watchfulness increased. He was seen at times to start, but so adept was he in concealing the cause that those who noticed the startling effect thought that they were mistaken or that it was merely a nervous twitching.

The girl in the town, and one only, refused to put up with Brown's indifference. That was Ellen Wykoff. It was apparent that she was trying to penetrate the armor which protected him from those who sought to gain an inside view of him, and her efforts

were watched with a keen interest. For awhile he paid no more attention to Miss Wykoff than to any of the other girls. When in the morning he sauntered down the street she would waylay him at her gate and attempt to engage him in conversation. The only adornment in the town was a flower bed she cultivated in the front yard of her home. One morning she was seen to offer Brown a posy. He accepted it, but without fervor, and after having passed a few blocks away from the donor, where she would not see him, he dropped it.

All these incidents were observed by the watchful citizens, and some of them did a little spying. But that was after Miss Wykoff had seemed to make some headway with Brown. If they wished for information they must get it from another source than Ellen, for she proved to be very close mouthed. She had not been considered so before she sought Brown's attentions, and every one was surprised at her reticence. "Can it be," they said, "that this impenetrable man makes any one with whom he comes in contact impenetrable?"

Ellen Wykoff's efforts to break through Brown's shell continued, increasing the while up to a certain point, when it seemed that she had succeeded. At any rate, her efforts ceased and apparently from the fact that Brown seemed to have yielded. After that the two were often seen together, even to taking walks in each other's company, and Brown no longer threw away any posy the girl gave him.

But here arose another cause for tongue clatter. Was the condition between Brown and Ellen Wykoff that of lovers or of friends? There were those who held to the former and those who held to the latter opinion. All efforts to draw an admission of any kind from Ellen failed, and, as to Brown, no one ever thought of asking him any question whatever.

One day something occurred which led Brown's fellow townsmen to think that the mystery was solved. He was not seen on the street as usual nor the next day nor the next. Then came a woman, a coarse, disagreeable looking creature, who made inquiries about a man, giving a description resembling Brown.

If Mr. Brown was the man she wanted he had doubtless heard of her and taken a timely departure. She left, and the next day Brown reappeared. Brown was told that a woman had come into town and looked for a man answering his description, but the news didn't seem to trouble him. He said he'd been called away to look out for a legkey he had received, and it was not long before there were indications that he had really had a windfall.

The woman who was looking for him or some one like him did not return, but Brown kept up his watchfulness. Indeed, her appearance evidently had not changed the situation. He was the same mystery as before, and as time wore on many came to believe that she had been looking for another person.

Then came a man worse looking—if that could be—than the woman who had been there who was hunting for one whose description fitted her exactly. He did not seem to know Brown, and it was at once inferred that Brown had nothing to do either with the ill favored man or woman. He said he hadn't, and there were good reasons why he should be believed.

Every evening at 5 o'clock the stage drew up at the tavern on its way through the town. One evening while the crowd was awaiting the usual daily excitement the coach appeared at the other end of the street, and Brown, who was present, was seen to change color. Several persons who noticed him looked knowingly at each other as much as to say: "His enemy is coming. Look out." The coach came on, and sitting on the seat beside the driver was a comely woman of twenty. Seeing Brown, her face broke into a beautiful smile, and when the coach stopped she stepped down on to the wheel and jumped into Brown's arms.

The news spread throughout the town that the Brown mystery was solved. But the curious citizens were doomed to disappointment. Neither Brown nor the new arrival gave any explanation. Since they went to house-keeping together without any marriage ceremony it was inferred that they were man and wife. But Brown was a new man. He became a permanent resident of the place, and he and his wife—especially the latter—grew in the affections of their fellow townsmen. But neither ever lifted a word as to the story that every one believed was connected with them.

This much came from Ellen Wykoff. She averred that she had formed a resolution to get Brown's secret. For the purpose she pretended to have fallen in love with him. She found him a very honorable man, who felt it his duty to shut off a love that could not be returned. On her promise not to reveal what he said he informed her that he was a married man. But the rest of the mystery she could not get out of him.

Miss Wykoff learned, however, the cause of his looking up and down a street before crossing it. He was blind in one eye and to avoid accident had formed this habit. His starting came from the same cause, a shadow on his blind side being the most frequent cause.

It was soon after Mrs. Brown's arrival when the interest in their story—a story doubly interesting from remaining untold—that the town was named. Brown's legacy proved to be a bona fide one and sufficiently large to enable him to do a great deal for his adopted town. And doubtless this was another reason for his being called Brunonia.

## TIPPING IS ANCIENT.

In Shakespeare's Time It Used to Be Called Vailgiving.

The word tip is of comparatively modern origin, as it used to be vails, a shortened form of avails or profits. We speak now of the avails of an estate or of a business transaction. A hundred years ago they called gratuities to servants or waiters vails. Dr. Johnson's dictionary, published in 1755, defines vails as "money given to servants as a perquisite or present rather than in the way of wages." Dean Swift mentions a person "whose revenues, besides vails, amounted to £13." Shakespeare uses the word in the same sense where he makes one of the fishermen in "Pericles" say, "But hark you, my friend, 'twas we that made up this garment and there are certain condolences, certain vails." He wanted to be consoled with a tip.

The practice probably continued to grow after Shakespeare's time, for late in the eighteenth century a philanthropist and reformer of the period published a tract against indiscriminate almsgiving, and denouncing the vails practice as demoralizing both to those who gave and to those who accepted the gratuities. This early reformer was Jonas Hanway (1712-1780), who, after writing a book of eastern travel, undertook to reform some of the social vices of his day. He denounced vailgiving and practiced what he preached by refusing to pay more than the stipulated price for refreshments or for any kind of service or to give gratuities to servants who received wages. But his crusade died with him, and vails still survive under the odious name of tips.—Indianapolis News.

## ANTS HAVE FIVE NOSES

The Sense of Smell Is Very Important to These Insects.

In their antennae, or feelers, ants have five noses, each of which has its own duties to perform.

One nose tells the ant whether it is in its own nest or that of an enemy; another nose discriminates between odors of ants of the same species, but of different colonies; a third nasal organ serves the purpose of discerning the scent laid down by the ant's own feet, so that it may be able to retrace the way quite easily; a fourth nose smells the larvae and pupae, and the fifth nose detects the presence of an enemy.

If an ant be deprived of a certain nose, it will live peacefully with enemies, but if it retains its fifth nose it will fight the alien to the death. There is a difference in the functions of nose one and nose five, although they appear to be somewhat alike.

This sense of smell does not come till the ants are three days old. If, therefore, ants only twelve hours old are placed among others belonging to different colonies, they will grow up quite amicably and not understand that they are a mixed lot, because they will have grown up with ideas of scent in accordance with their surroundings. The sense of smell to them is as important as the sense of sight to human beings.

## Placid Hindu Servants.

Hindu servants are the most importunate people in the world. You may throw one downstairs or put him on the back. He accepts both with exactly the same expression of countenance. The Indian's religion is at the bottom of all his acts, all his feelings. He eats, sleeps, moves and has his being according to religious formula, and his doctrine of reincarnation forms his whole philosophy of life. The fact that you are the master now is due to the fact that you have been the servant in some previous reincarnation. He is the servant now, and the only chance for him to be reborn in the master's position is to learn all the lessons of his present incarnation. He takes everything philosophically. It is all a part of the day's work.

## Kept a Watch on His Men.

Sir Edward Harland was the founder of the great Belfast firm of shipbuilders. His lynx eyed vigilance was a legend at the works. It was said that he used to survey the workmen through a telescope from the windows of his residence, Ormiston. All the men felt that his eye was on them. A riveter who has a spite against a fellow worker on a ship can let a riveting hammer fall, apparently by accident, upon his victim. It was gravely alleged that Harland once by his telescope caught a riveter in this act and, as soon as he arrived at the works, walked up to the man and asked him:

## Glassy.

"I suppose," said the man in the yellow coat, trying to be chimney, "it doesn't hurt your glass eye when you get anything in it?"

"Does it look as if it would ever be likely to have a pane in it?" responded the other frigidly. And he gave him a glassy stare.

## The Limit.

"Miss Fry is the most inquisitive sort of girl. There is nothing doing but she manages to have her finger in it." "I notice she hasn't got the finger in an engagement ring yet."—Baltimore American.

## Intemperate.

Tambo—They tell me that the Stock Exchange is a most intemperate place toget— I should say so. Money gets tight, and the certificates often take a drop.—Satire.

If you wish to appear agreeable in society you must consent to be taught many things which you know already.—Talleyrand.

## FREEDOM OF LONDON.

It Carries With It the Right to Keep Pigs in St. James' Parish.

Many towns in Great Britain enjoy special and peculiar privileges. When, some years ago, parliament deprived the Cinque Ports of their ancient privileges, Brightlingsea, a Cinque Port "limb" or "appliance," was in some way overlooked. Consequently its inhabitants are still exempt from serving on juries, they cannot be taken by the press gang, and the town can still appoint its own ale taster. It is at Brightlingsea that the ceremony of electing the mayor takes place in the belfry of the parish church.

In at least one manner, that of the Earl of Carnarvon, the inhabitants may cheerfully disregard the enactments of the ground game act, passed twenty years ago. The ancient right of free chase and warren over freehold land is still in force there. Indeed it was actually exercised a very few years ago, and a private bill was brought into parliament designed to do away with it. The bill however failed to become law.

The freedom of the city of London carries with it, nominally, at any rate, the right to keep pigs in the parish of St. James, Piccadilly. But, if any one was disposed to avail himself of this liberty land in that part of London is somewhat too costly for profitable pig farming.—London Family Herald.

## HE HAD TO HURRY.

On the Dead Rush Because He Had No Time to Spare.

In Chicago there is a man whom his friends know as Inaburry Jones. One morning about 10 o'clock a man with southern blood in his veins saw Jones, whose energy he had often admired, tearing down State street as if propelled by the winds of heaven. It came over the southerner to follow Jones just to see where he was going and how tremendous a matter was dependent on his getting there.

Jones rushed into the Palmer House, rushed up to the cigar stand, grabbed a cigar, yelled back, "Puteromnyaccout," without stopping to sort the words, and dashed out, with the southerner panting hard behind. After tearing down Washington street for half a block he dived into the Field office building and just missed being jammed by the elevator doors in his determination not to lose a car.

The southerner took the next car up and entered Jones' office timidly, certain that he was about to come upon a conference of at least four of the most important men in Chicago's financial world. Inside he found Jones smoking his cigar behind the morning paper, his feet on his desk and his swivel chair tilted back comfortably.—New York Post.

## The Doomed Shepherd Dog.

The shepherd's dog that kills a sheep is doomed. The penalty is death. Stevenson in one of his essays tells a story of how John Todd, "the oldest herd on the Pentlands," once saw a dog he knew maneuvering toward a pool behind Kirk Yettou.

"John lay the closer under the bush and presently saw the dog come forth upon the margin, look all about him to see if he were anywhere observed, plunge in and repeatedly wash himself over head and ears and then (but now openly with tail in air) strike homeward over the hills." But the dog's high intelligence did not save him. John reported his doings, and he "was bad out to a dykeside and promptly shot." He was a sheep enter; he had betrayed his trust.—London Standard.

## Bears One Crop and Dies.

The sugo palm tree bears but one crop of fruit. Its load of nuts is its first and final effort in the way of fruit bearing. The nuts become ripe and are strewn in thousands around the tree until the great stem stands up by itself, empty and bare. The branches turn brown and drop one by one to the ground. Inside the trunk the work of decay is going on until what at one time was a mass of white sago and pith becomes nothing but a collection of rotten brown fibers. One day the trade wind blows more strongly than usual, and the leafless column of the trunk falls with a crash, destroying in its fall many of the young palms that are already springing from the nuts scattered some months before.

## Still Life.

They were looking at the canvases on exhibition in the artist's studio. "Does this one represent a real landscape?" inquired the portly gentleman with the double chin.

"Yes, sir," answered the artist. "That rude sketch in the foreground is a moonshiner's cabin in the mountains." "Oh, yes. This must be the painting called 'Still Life' in the catalogue."—Chicago Tribune.

## Same Thing.

"What is a den?" "A den, my son, is a place where wild beasts make their homes."

"No, I make a den in a man's house." "Eddie," interjected the mother, "your father's definition applies to that also."—London Express.

## Used to Deception.

"Did your husband ever try his hand at sustained fiction?" "Did he? For at least ten years he's been trying to make me believe he likes my cooking."—Chicago Tribune.

## What He Won't Tell.

"Does your husband tell you every thing?"

"Yes, everything except how much pocket money he spends himself every week."—Detroit Free Press.

## THE SOFT ANSWER.

General Scott's Retort to His Whist Partner's Apology.

After his retirement General Scott passed the summer of 1892 at Cozen's hotel, West Point, where every evening a party of gentlemen adjourned to the general's sitting room for their game. Being a good player, the host was usually victorious, but if he and his partner were ever beaten Scott's ire was made manifest.

One night it happened that the usual party was missing. What was to be done? The general must have his whist. There happened to be staying at the hotel a judge, who was asked to do the favor of taking the fourth hand. With some protest on his part he agreed to do it. By cutting for partners the general and the judge played together and were beaten—horribly beaten.

Knowing how it irritated the general to lose the game, the judge as he rose from the table said in his most dignified and courtly way: "I formerly played a fairly good game of whist, but have been out of practice so long that I am somewhat rusty. I hope that fact may be taken as an excuse for my mistakes."

Whereupon the general arose with equal dignity and retorted, "I am glad to learn that I have been playing with latent talent and not with a natural born fool!"

## MISSED THE MARK.

It Was Not the Minister's Fault That His Shaft Went Astray.

Mr. McDougall was a Scotsman, and of him a good story is told. He was a large, pompous man, intolerably self conceited and arrogant—in fact, his conduct toward his neighbors was so offensive that the good people successfully requested their minister to preach a sermon directed at their vain neighbor.

The day came. The little kirk was packed, though a few tender hearted ones stayed at home, not wishing to witness their neighbor's humiliation.

The sermon began, and Mr. McDougall disposed himself to listen. The man's infirmity was sketched with bold, severe strokes. He smiled with lofty superiority. As the denunciation grew more scathing his smile deepened with a touch of complacent pity. At the conclusion of the service he swaggered down the aisle. One of the elders joined him.

"Well, what did ye think of the sermon?" the latter ventured to ask.

"A great effort, sir," was the answer, "but personal. The minister aimed his shots too directly. Poor MacFarish! I felt sorry for him, but the man's conceit is enormous, sir!"

## A Sheer Waste of Money.

"When I played politics and little else," observed "Indian Jim" Finlay, "I was delegated to raise a subscription to buy a solid brass chandelier for a well known politician who first saw the light of day in the Emerald Isle. It was to be a present to him to be installed in the parlor of a new house he was about to move into. Among those I tackled for a contribution was an Irishman who had been born in the same town and came across the pond about the same time as the politician. I told him what was to be bought with the money, and as he put his name down for a five, he blurted out:

"I was born and brought up with Blank, and it is like throwing money in the river buying the likes of him a chandelier, as the devil of a note can he play on it."—Kansas City Journal.

## Boston's Spinning School.

Comparatively few people know that there was once a "spinning school" on Boston common. Winsor's "Memorial History of Boston" records that upon the arrival in Boston of some Irish spinners and weavers a spinning craze took possession of the town, "and the women, young and old, high and low, rich and poor, flocked into the spinning school, which for want of better quarters was set up in the common, in the open air. Here the whirl of their wheels was heard from morning to night." Thirty-five years later the Society For Encouraging Industry and Employing the Poor again used the common as a spinning school, about 800 young women appearing there, seated at their wheels, as a sort of example and advertisement.

## A Curious Will.

By the terms of the will of one Dr. Wildo of St. Ives parish, Huntingdonshire, England, his trustees were directed to append £50 in the purchase of a piece of land in St. Ives, the annual rent of which was to be set aside for the purchase of six Bibles at a cost of 7 shillings each. To decide who shall have them he requested his trustees to "prepare a saucer with three dice upon the altar table of the parish church and let the Bibles be raffled for."

## A Worse Stage.

Mrs. Crawford—Now that the honey-moon is over I suppose you and your husband has grown accustomed with his kisses? Mrs. Crabshaw—He has reached a worse stage than that, my dear. He has grown economical with his money.—Illustrated London.

## Solitude and the Crowd.

It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinion, it is easy to sell. It is hard to live after our own, but the great man is he who in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect sweetness the independence of solitude.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

The shortest life is long enough if it lead to a better, and the longest life is too short if it do not.—Cotton.

## WINNING A BRIDE.

Mark Twain's Wooing of Lovely Olivia Langdon.

## NOT HELPED BY HIS FRIENDS.

They Seemed to Agree That He Would Make About the Worst Husband on Record, but Miss Langdon's Father Took a Different View.

In Harper's Magazine Albert Bigelow Paine, the authorized biographer of Mark Twain, tells how the great humorist first met Olivia Langdon, who afterward became his wife. They met in New York. Young Charles Langdon, who had been on the voyage of the "Innocents," brought them together.

"At the old St. Nicholas hotel, which stood on the west side of Broadway between Spring and Broome streets, there were stopping at this time Jervis Langdon, a wealthy coal dealer and mine owner of Elmira; his son Charles and his daughter, Olivia, whose pictured face Samuel Clemens had first seen in the bay of Smyrna one September day. Young Langdon had been especially anxious to bring his distinguished Quaker City friend and his own people together, and two days before Christmas Samuel Clemens was invited to dine at the hotel. He went very willingly. The lovely girl of the miniature which he had first seen in her brother's stateroom had been often a part of his waking dreams. For the first time, now, he looked upon its reality. Long afterward he said:

"It is forty years ago. From that day to this she has never been out of my mind."

"His was not an untroubled courtship. When at last he reached the point of proposing for the daughter of the house neither the daughter nor the household offered any noticeable encouragement to his suit.

"There was only a provisional engagement at first. Jervis Langdon suggested, and Samuel Clemens agreed with him, that it was proper to know something of his past as well as of his present before the official parental sanction should be given. When Mr. Langdon inquired as to the names of persons of standing to whom he might write for credentials, Clemens pretty confidently gave him the name of the Rev. Mr. Stebbings and others of San Francisco, adding that he might write to Joe Goodman if he wanted to, but that he had fled from Goodman a hundred times and that Goodman would lie for him if necessary, so his testimony would be of no value. The letters to the clergy were written, and Mr. Langdon also wrote one on his own account.

"Clemens was in Jacksonville, Ill., at the end of March, 1890, and in a letter to his publisher states that he will be in Elmira two days later and asks that proofs of the book be sent there. He arrived according to schedule, anxious to hear the reports that would make him, as the novels might say, 'the happiest or the most miserable of men.' Jervis Langdon had a rather solemn look when they were alone together. Clemens asked:

"You've heard from those gentlemen out there?"

"Yes, and from another gentleman I wrote concerning you."

"They don't appear to have been very enthusiastic from your manner."

"Well, yes; some of them were."

"I suppose I may ask what particular form their emotion took?"

"Oh, yes; yes, they agree unanimously that you are a brilliant, able man, a man with a future, and that you would make about the worst husband on record."

"The applicant for favor had a forlorn look."

"There's nothing very evasive about that," he said.

"There was a period of reflective silence. It was probably no more than a few seconds, but it seemed longer."

"Haven't you any other friend that you suggest?" Langdon said.

"Apparently none whose testimony would be valuable."

"Jervis Langdon held out his hand. 'You have at least one,' he said. 'I be here in you. I know you better than they do.'"

"And so came the crown of happiness. The engagement of Samuel Langhorne Clemens and Olivia Lewis Langdon was ratified next day, Feb. 2, 1890."

## A Fortune in His Legs.

During the reign of Queen Elizabeth an English gentleman of wealth named Corbett, of a distinguished family near Shrewsbury, but that his leg was the handsomest in the country or kingdom and asked estates worth \$100,000 on the subject. He won the wager, and a picture is still preserved in the family mansion representing the process of measuring the legs of the different contestants.

## The Milky Way.

"Grandpa," said the small boy from the city, pointing to a wayward plant, "what is that?"

"That's milkweed," was the reply.

"Oh, I know," exclaimed the little fellow. "That's what you feed the cows so they will give milk."—Chicago News.

## Fine Teachers.

Fond Mother—Willie, where did you learn to swear like that? Young Teacher—In a shouting, noisy golf, grandpa's auto and your parrot.—Life.

Charm strikes the sight, but woe wins the soul.—Tops.



