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VICTORIA B. C.

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

A Journal Devoted Especially, to the Interests of Comox District.

THE NEWS, NINETEENTH YEAR. CUMBERLAND B. C., TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1911 SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 A YEAR

The Store of Quality

The Store Of Quality

THE BIG STORE

Spring Hat Talk.

"George Washington and his little hatchet." You all know the story. Now the difference between George Washington and us is that while "George" couldn't tell a lie, we can—but don't have to when talking about our business. We never say so much to its advantage as when we state "a few truths."

A FEW HAT TRUTHS.

Our Styles are the latest. They are original, novel, and attractive.

Only the best material used in the manufacturing of our Hats.

Our Hats have only to be seen to meet with ready sale.

BEST OF ALL OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

A LOOK AT OUR STYLES WILL CONVINCE.

Fancy Shirts: We carry a full and complete range and nifty dressers can rely on having the very newest materials and patterns.

All we ask is for you to compare our values.

WE LIKE TO SHOW OU GOODS

Simon Leiser & Co., Ltd.

Dunsmuir Ave., Cumberland.

MAROCCHI BROS

GROCERS & BAKERS

AND PROPRIETORS OF

CUMBERLAND BOTTLING WORKS

Agents for Pilsener Brewing Company's BEER
Wholesale Dealers in all Kinds of
Wines and Liquors.

SECOND STREET

Dr. Kerr, dentist, will be at Courtenay from Friday, April 28 to Saturday May 6th.

Mrs. Gillanders, of Vancouver, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Abrams is in town on a visit to her parents,

W McLellan won the $5. gold piece at the Cumberland Hall on Saturday evening. In future when the ticket is drawn and none come forward to claim the prize, another ticket will immediately be drawn, and so on ,until it is claimed.

Capt. Vigors who for several months past has been visiting the Old Country returned last week to Comox, accompanied by Mrs. Vigors.

John McKay, his wife and five daughters arrived here from Scotland last week. They hail from within five miles of John o' Groats,

Mrs. J. B. Bennett has returned to her home in Vancouver.

Manager Lawrence of the Big Store, arrived home on Saturday evening from a business trip to Vancouver.

H. Murdock was a passenger by Sunday's outgoing steamer.

Dr. and Mrs. McNaughton arrived home from Vancouver on Saturday evening. They intend leaving for the east in a few days, where the doctor will take a post-graduate course before returning to resume his work here.

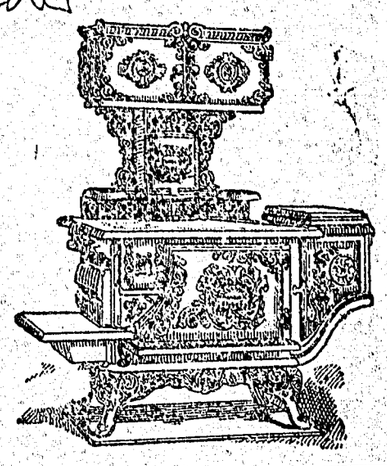
Mayor McLeod and Robert Grant arrived home on Friday evening from an auto trip to Nanaimo.

Rev. B. C. Freeman will leave on Wednesday for Vancouver, to attend the Annual Methodist Conference to be held this month in that city.

Miss Tranter, who has been the guest of Rev. B. C. and Mrs. Freeman for the past two months, returns to her home in Victoria on Wednesday morning.

Mr. T. Banks will leave by Wednesday' boat for Vancouver, to attend the Methodist Conference as a lay delegate.

"The Grim Reaper" has been busy gathering his harvest in our city during the past month.



FOR

STOVES

AND

RANGES

Furniture and Household SUPPLIES

Wallpaper

Paints

Varnish

Oils' Etc.

TRY THE

The Magnet Cash Store.

T. E. BATE, Cumberland.

Obituary.

It is with sincere regret and a sense of personal loss that we feel in announcing the death of Edith Thomson, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Thomson of this city, in her nineteenth year. The sad event took place suddenly at her home on Friday evening Without a moment's warning she was called away, whilst apparently in the best of health and spirits. Edith was in her room dressing for the Presbyterian entertainment in Cumberland Hall, and her mother thinking her somewhat long in her preparations, entered her room to see what was the cause of delay, and found her daughter lying on the floor unconcious. The doctors were hastily summoned, but in spite of every effort on their part failed to retain the vital spark which apparently had already been extinguished. The news of her sudden demise came as a great shock to the community, for many here knew the bright and happy girl from infancy, The deeply afflicted family have the deepest sympathy of the entire community in their sad and sudden bereavement. The funeral which was very largely attended, took place from the family residence on Monday afternoon to the Presbyterian cemetery. Sandwick, Rev. T. Menzies officiating

May time brings its resignation, and may the shores of eternity that receives her soul, surround it with everlasting sunshine and flowers.

"For none return from those Spirit shores,
Who cross with the boatman cold and pale,
We hear the dip of the golden oars,
And catch a gleam of the snowy sail.

"We only know that their barques no more
May sail with us o'er life's stormy sea;
Yet somewhere, I know, on the unseen shore
They watch and beckon and wait for me"

FLORAL TRIBUTES.

Wreaths—Mr and Mrs James Godfrey, Mr and Mrs A Crossan and family, Mr and Mrs James Crossan and family, Nanaimo; Mr and Mrs L A Mounce, Mr and Mrs C Whyte, Mr and Mrs John Matthews, Mr and Mrs H Parkinson, Mr and Mrs A Somerville, Mr and Mrs D Walker, Miss M Hornal, Misses Cunliffe and Gray, Mr and Mrs E A Wood, Mr and Mrs J N McLeod, Mrs Bertolei, Mrs Scavarda, Mr and Mrs James Abrams, Mr and Mrs J Walters, Boys of the house—Albert Anthony, Harvey Leithhead, David Austin, R Bailey, A Grant.

Crosses—The Family. John Neave, New Westminster; Miss Mary Walker, Nanaimo Hospital; Miss Maggie Milligan, Mrs D Piket, Miss Stevenson, Mr and Mrs Colin Campbell, Courtenay; Mr and Mrs Tapella, Mr and Mrs John Robertson and family, Mr and Mrs Cyril Piercy, Comox; Mr and Mrs A Cameron, Mr and Mrs T E Bate.

Sprays and Boquets—Misses Kate and Maggie Dudley, Mr and Mrs Harry Farmer, Miss Kate Dunbar, Nanaimo; Mrs Cowan and daughter, Mrs Anthony and girls, Mr Henry Traina, Vancouver; Mr and Mrs Geo Thompson, Mr and Mrs Geo Johnston, Mr and Mrs Wm Neave, Mrs Annie Wilson, Grand Chief Pythian Sisters, Roy and Jack Jenkins, Mr and Mrs Crewe, Nanaimo; Mr and Mrs G Rowe, Union Bay; May and Nellie Walker, Mr and Mrs Richards, Mr and Mrs L W Nunns, Mr and Mrs J Stewart, Mr and Mrs Creech, Miss Maggie Richards, Viola Matthews, Mr and Mrs Noel McFarlane, Mrs K Woods and Miss Potter, Mr and Mrs T Horbury, Mr and Mrs J Liddle, Mrs S Magnone, Miss M Tarbell, Mr and Mrs R H Robertson, Mr and Mrs T Bickle, Mr and Mrs Frank Cloutier, Mr and Mrs C Segrave, Mr and Mrs Yarraw, J Webster, jr., R Webster, Eva Coe, Mr and Mrs J Cooke, Mr and Mrs Rickson, Mr George Clinton, Mr and Mrs Smithe, Cumberland; Miss C Davis, Courtenay.

Globes—Mr and Mrs G Robertson, Mr and Mrs P P Harrison Young Britons, Mr and Mrs Rowan and family, Mr and Mrs McIlado, Mabel Coe, Mr and Mrs Pickup, Gladys Horne, E De Beau, Mr and Mrs Cartwright, Lawrence Matthews, Emblems of Pythian Sisters, Masonic [illegible] pillow; Mr and Mrs R H R[illegible]son, crescent; Mac[illegible] John Cameron, [illegible] Mrs T Hudson, [illegible] and Mrs T Bennett, [illegible].

The follow[illegible] bearers: A. Anthony, H. [illegible] J. Whyte, J. [illegible] A. Walker.

Mr. McKee of Campbell [illegible] staff, left on Friday last for Harrison Hot Springs for the benefit of his health.

THE CORNER STORE

Summer Suits!

Our Summer Suits are at hand. Quality and Prices are Right,

Dress Goods!

The following goods have arrived and are in the best of condition:

Laces and Embroideries, Ginghams, Prints, Vestings, Summer Dress Goods, Etc.

J. N. McLEOD, *Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland*

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT
ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER

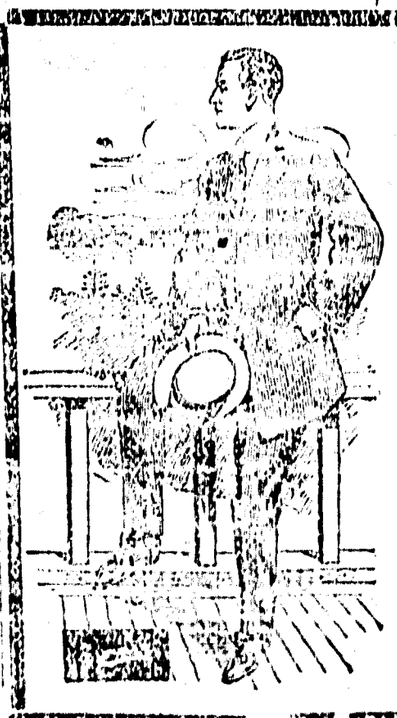
CAPITAL, - $10,000,000 REST, - $7,000,000

THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

of The Canadian Bank of Commerce will receive deposits of $1 and upwards, on which interest is allowed at current rates. There is no delay in withdrawing the whole or any portion of the deposit. Small deposits are welcomed. 234

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, to be operated by any one of the number or by the survivor. A joint account of this kind saves expense in establishing the ownership of the money after death, and is especially useful when a man desires to provide for his wife, or for others depending upon him, in the event of his death.

CUMBERLAND, BRANCH..... .....W. T. WHITE, Manager



OUR SPRING FURNISHINGS FOR MEN.

Embraces all that is newest, best and correct. We want you to call and inspect them—the very latest in Spring and Easter apparel for careful dressers.

SPRING SUITS

We have the handiwork of Canada's foremost clothes makers, tailored from selected English and Scotch fabrics. Suits that will measure up to every man's particular requirement,

We invite you to look now whether you buy or not.

THE FIT-RITE STORE

Campbell Bros.

The Riverman

By STEWART EDWARD WHITE

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(Continued.)

Chapter 24

THUS Orde, by the sheer good luck that sometimes favors men engaged in large enterprises, not only frustrated a plan likely to bring failure to his interests, but filled up his crews. It may be remarked here, as well as later, that the "terrors of the Saginaw" stayed with the drive to its finish and proved reliable and tractable in every particular.

The Rough Red's enormous strength, daredevil spirit and nimbleness of body made him invaluable at this dangerous work. The crews on the various beats now had their hands full to keep the logs running. The slightest check at any one point meant a jam, for there was no way of stopping the unending procession.

Jams on the river, contrary to general belief, are of very common occurrence. Throughout the length of the drive there were probably three or four hangups a day. Each of these had to be broken, and in the breaking was danger.

Orde after the rear was well started patrolled the length of the drive in his light buckboard. At times he remained at one camp for several days watching the trend of the work. The improvements made during the preceding summer gave him the greatest satisfaction, especially the apron at the falls.

No trouble was experienced until Heinzman's rollways were reached. Here Orde had boomed a free channel to prevent Heinzman from filling up the entire river bed with his rollways. When the jam of the drive had descended the river as far as this Heinzman had not yet begun to break out. Hardly had Orde's first crew passed, however, when Heinzman's men began to break down the logs into the drive. Long before the rear caught up Heinzman's drive was in the water, mingled with the sixty or eighty million feet Orde had in charge.

The situation was plain. All Heinzman now had to do was to retain a small crew, which should follow after the rear in order to sack what logs the latter should leave stranded. As it was impossible in so great a mass of timbers and in the haste of a pressing labor to distinguish or discriminate against any single brand, Heinzman was in a fair way to get his logs sent downstream with practically no expense.

"Vell, my boy," remarked the German quite frankly to Orde as they met on the road one day, "looks like I got you dis time, eh?"

Orde laughed.

"If you mean your logs are going down with ours, why, I guess you have. But you paste this in your hat—you're going to keep awful busy, and it's going to cost you something to get 'em down."

Thrust them aside into eddies.

Orde's drivers kept a sharp lookout for "H" logs and wherever possible thrust them aside into eddies and backwaters. This, of course, merely made work for the sackers Heinzman had left above the rear. Soon they were in charge of a very fair little drive of their own. Their lot was not enviable.

One day when Orde's buckboard drew into camp he sent Bourke away to repair damages while he called the cookee to help unpack several heavy boxes of hardware. They proved to contain about thirty small hatchets, well sharpened and each with a leather guard. When the rear crew had come in that night Orde distributed the hatchets.

"Boys," said he, "while you're on the work I want you all to keep a watch out for these 'H' logs, and whenever you strike one I want you to blaze it plainly so there won't be any mistake about it."

"What for?" asked a Saginaw man.

A riverman nudged him.

"Just do what you're told to on this river and you'll see fun sure."

Three days later the rear crew ran into the head of the pond above Reed's dam. To every one's surprise, Orde called a halt on the work and announced a holiday.

Now, holidays are unknown on drive. Barely is time allowed for eating and sleeping. Nevertheless all that day the men lay about in complete idleness. The pond filled with logs. From above the current, aided by a fair wind, was driving down still other logs—the forerunners of the little drive astern. At sight of these some of the men grumbled. "We're losin' what we made," said they. "We left them logs and sorted 'em out once already."

Orde sent a couple of axmen to blaze the newcomers. A little before sundown he ordered the sluice gates of the dam opened.

"Night work," said the men to one another.

Sure enough, after supper Orde suddenly appeared among them.

"Get organized, boys," said he briskly. "We've got to get this pond all sluiced before morning."

The men took their places.

"Sluice through everything but the 'H' logs," Orde commanded. "Work them off to the left and leave them."

The sluicing, under the impetus of a big crew, went rapidly. "There's near a million an hour going through there," speculated Orde, watching the burdened waters of the chute. And in this work the men distinguished easily the new white blaze marks on Heinzman's logs, so they were able to shunt them one side into the smoother water, as Orde had commanded.

As the last log shot through Orde cried, "Tear out the booms!"

The chute to the dam was approached, as has been earlier explained, by two rows of booms arranged in a V, or funnel, the apex of which emptied into the sluiceway and the wide, projecting arms of which embraced the width of the stream. The logs, floating down the pond, were thus concentrated toward the sluice; also the rivermen, walking back and forth the length of the booms, were able easily to keep the drive moving.

Now, however, Orde unchained these boom logs. The men pushed them ashore, clamped in their peavies and, using these implements as handles, carried the booms back into the woods. Then everybody tramped back and forth, round and about, to confuse the trail. Orde was like a mischievous boy at a school prank.

The blazed logs belonging to Heinzman, drifting slowly, had sucked down into the corner toward the power canal, where, caught against the grating, they had jammed. These logs would have to be floated singly and pushed one by one against the current across the pond and into the influence of the sluice gate. Some of them would be hard to come at.

"I guess that will keep them busy for a day or two," commented Orde.

This, as Orde has said, would be sufficiently annoying to Heinzman, but would have little real effect on the main issue, which was that the German was getting down his logs with a crew of less than a dozen men. Nevertheless Orde in a vast spirit of fun took delight in inventing and executing practical jokes of the general sort just described. One day the chore boy, who had been over to Spruce Rapids after mail, reported that an additional crew of twenty had been sent in to Heinzman's drive. This was gratifying.

"We're making him scratch gravel, boys, anyway," said Orde.

The men entered into the spirit of the thing. In fact, their enthusiasm was almost too exuberant. Orde had constantly to negative new and ingenious schemes.

"No, boys," said he, "I want to keep on the right side of the law. We may need it later."

Logs rarely jam on rising water, for the simple reason that constantly the surface area of the river is increasing, thus tending to separate the logs. On the other hand, falling water, tending to crowd the drive closer together, is especially prolific of trouble. Therefore, on flood water the watchers scattered along the stretches of the river had little to do—save strand Heinzman's logs for him.

Up to a certain point this was all very well. Orde took pains not to countenance it officially and caused word to be passed about that, while he did not expect his men to help drive Heinzman's logs, they must not go out of their way to strand them.

"If things get too bad, he'll have spies down here to collect evidence on us," said Orde, "and he'll jug some of us for interference with his property. We don't own the river."

Inside of two weeks Orde had the great satisfaction of learning that Heinzman was working—and working hard—a crew of fifty men.

"A pretty fair crew, even if he was taking out his whole drive," commented Orde.

The gods of luck seemed to be with the new enterprise. The water held out to carry the last stick of timber over the shallowest rapids. Weather conditions were phenomenal—and perfect. All up and down the river the work went with vim and dash.

After this happy fashion the drive went until at last it entered the broad, deep and navigable stretches of the river from Redding to the lake. Here, barring the accident of an extraordinary flood, the troubles were over. On the broad, placid bosom of the stream the logs would float. As Orde sat in his buckboard, ready to go into town for a first glimpse of Carroll in more than two months, he gazed with an immense satisfaction over the broad river moving brown and glacierlike, as though the logs that covered it were viscid and composed all its substance. The enterprise was practically assured of success.

For awhile now Orde was to have a breathing spell. A large number of men were here laid off. The remainder, under the direction of Jim Denning, would require little or no actual supervision. Until the jam should have reached the distributing booms above Monrovia the affair was very simple. Before he left, however, he called Denning to him.

"Jim," said he, "I'll be down to see you through the sluiceways at Redding, of course. But now that you have a good, still stretch of river I want you to include in our drive all the Heinzman logs from above you possibly can. If you can fix it, let their drive drift down into ours."

"Then we'll have to drive their logs for them," objected Denning.

"Sure," rejoined Orde, "but it's easy driving, and if that crew of his hasn't much to do perhaps he'll lay most of them off here at Redding."

Denning looked at his principal for a moment, then a slow grin overspread his face. Without comment he turned back to camp, and Orde took up his reins.

* * * * * * * *

"Oh, I'm so glad to get you back!" cried Carroll over and over again as she clung to him. "I don't live while you're away. And every drop of rain that patters on the roof chills my heart, because I think of it as chilling you. Dear heart, don't leave me again."

She shook her head at him slowly, a mysterious smile on her lips. Without explaining her thought she slipped from his knee and glided across to the tall golden harp, which had been brought from Monrovia. The light and diaphanous silk of her loose peignoir floated about her, defining the maturing grace of her figure. Abruptly she struck a great crashing chord.

Then, with an abandon of ecstasy, she plunged into one of those wild and sea blown, saga-like rhapsodies of the

"Oh, it's you, you, you!" she cried.

Hungarians, full of the wind in rigging, the storm in the pines, of shrieking, vast forces hurtling unchained through a resounding and infinite space.

"What is that?" gasped Orde.

She ran to him.

"Oh, it's you, you, you!" she cried.

He held her closely. "Do you think it is good to get quite so nervous, sweetheart?" he asked gently then. "Remember"—

"Oh, I do! I do!" she broke in earnestly. "Every moment of my waking and sleeping hours I remember him. Always I keep his little soul before me as a light on a shrine. But tonight—oh, tonight, I could laugh and shout aloud like the people in the Bible, with clapping of hands!" She snuggled herself close to Orde with a little murmur of happiness. "I think of all the beautiful things," she whispered, "and of the noble things and of the great things. He is going to be sturdy, like his father—a wonderful boy, a boy all of fire"—

"Like his mother," said Orde.

She smiled up at him. "I want him just like you, dear," she pleaded.

(To be continued.)

DREAD THEIR ANCESTORS.

So the Gwari Pagans Appease Their Spirits With Food and Drink.

It is always a matter of great difficulty to get any really satisfactory idea of the religion of pagan tribes. During a stay of some three years among the Gwaris, however, I was able to form some notion of what was at the back of their minds. They have an idea of a supreme being, but do not worship him in any way that I have been able to discover. Probably this idea is just their paganized conception of the Mohammedan Allah.

Their actual worship is more closely connected with the spirits of their ancestors. They appear to live in dread lest these spirits should work damage to their farms, and with this in view they are careful to supply them at regular intervals with food and drink, which are deposited near their graves. These tombs are in the case of chiefs in the royal compound, and huts are built over them, wonderfully decorated with bright colors. In other cases the graves may be dug in some lonely place away from the houses of the living and often in the depths of the forest.

A spirit house which I have often visited is in a woodland glade within half a mile of my compound and belongs to the family of the chief butcher of Kuta. Owing to its proximity to my abode it has fallen into disuse, as the pagans became somewhat chary of performing their mysterious rites so near the white man.

Some departed spirits are supposed to inhabit the large trees which are to be found in almost every pagan town, and small earthenware pots containing food may be seen surrounding these trees.

It is not often that one can see the Gwaris at their religious exercises, but a few months ago, on entering a Gwari village, I saw a man kneeling in front of one of these small spirit huts with a pot of some drink in his hand, apparently expostulating with the spirit—possibly because it had treated him badly—and occasionally pouring some of the contents of the pot upon the outside wall of the hut. —Wide World Magazine.

At the Well Bottom.

"They say," remarked the student, "that truth lies at the bottom of a well."

"I guess that's right," rejoined the old lawyer, "judging by the amount of pumping we have to do in order to get a little of it."

Friend of Horses.

Police Constable Woods stated at the Southwestern Police Court, London, that he had obtained 800 convictions in cases of cruelty to horses.

Sir William Van Horne on Reciprocity

Writes Following Letter Expressing His Views on Reciprocity Agreement Between U. S. A and Canada

Sir,—I regret that, having to leave for England on Thursday I shall not be able to attend the meeting of the Anti-Reciprocity League next week, and to give my views in person on the question of reciprocity. What I have to say on the subject has no reference to party politics (for I have nothing to do with politics), nor to any particular interests. I speak only as an individual, who for the past thirty years has been working heart and soul for the upbuilding of this country, and one to whom the great development of the past two decades has been a source of immense pride and satisfaction.

To my amazement and distress and shame I now see the magnificent work of a generation traded away for a vague idea or a childish sentiment—the splendid commercial and industrial position we have reached and our proud independence bartered for a few wormy plums, and I feel it my duty to join in the protest which is heard from every section of the country. Today we are in an enviable position, with a commerce three times as great per capita as that of the United States, and without a cloud in our sky save the one which has just now been raised. Does not commonsense tell us to stay where we are and let well enough alone?

Was Heavy Blow

The terminiation of the old reciprocity arrangement by the United States in 1866 was a heavy blow to Canada, and the fourteen years which followed were full of trials and despondency, for Canada then had no west; she was thrown back on herself by the Great Lakes, and she had not in herself a great market for the support of any manufacturing concern of any consequences. She cut her trees, and lived as best she could. During these years annexationists were bred of hopelessness and many good and honest people urged annexation as the only future open to the country. Then came, in 1879, our national policy, and factory chimneys began to appear above our tree tops and their number rapidly increased; and then came the Canadian Pacific railway opening up our great west, and from that time Canada advanced by leaps and bounds.

The United States by the McKinley tariff added brick upon brick to her wall against us, but Canada prospered more and more. She was beginning to find herself. Then came the Dingley tariff, which crowned the United States tariff wall with broken glass bottles and barbed wire, and then Canada quite found herself. Hear what Senator Beveridge, the chief mouthpiece of the administration at Washington in the reciprocity matter, says about this policy of his government: "Not the Bourbons of France in the time of Louis XVI., not the Tories of England in the period of George III. ever insisted on a policy so blind so foolish, so ruinous as that so-called statesmanship which, instead of fostering a purchasing market in Canada is making Canada a manufacturing competitor." And hear Senator Beveridge again: "There must be reciprocity with Canada. Our tariff with the rest of the world does not apply to our northern neighbor. That policy already has driven American manufacturers across the Canadian borders, built vast plants with American capital on Canadian soil, employing Canadian workmen to supply trade.

Keep Capital at Home

"That capital should be kept at home to employ American workingmen to supply Canadian demand. We should admit Canadian wood pulp and Canadian paper free in return for Canada's admitting agricultural implements, our engines, pumps and other machinery free. We should freely admit Canadian lumber to American planing mills in return for Canada's freely admitting other American manufacturing products to Canadian markets.

"We should have a special tariff arrangement with this intimate neighbor and natural customer. This would mean millions of dollars profit every year to Canada's factories. Reciprocity would mean vast increases in Canada's purchases from us."

As I said twenty years ago in speaking of this same subject of reciprocity, it is not necessary that a small boy should be a school boy to know what all this means. And if Indiana, which is a second rate state, is to gain millions by reciprocity, what millions must the great manufacturing states gain? and who would pay all these millions? Canada. What else? The other day Mr. Fielding, in a cable message to the Canadian high commissioner in London, said that for fifty years the people of Canada, and both of its political parties had wished for reciprocity. That was true of the sixties and seventies, but it has not been true since. For the past twenty years we have heard only an occasional whine from some survivor of Canada's dark age. We have heard nothing for many years back of commercial union, reciprocity, and all these fads which grew from empty pockets.

Tariff Was Accepted

The Liberal party came into power eighteen years ago. The tariff was accepted by them as a national need. It was improved in many ways and with great judgment, and perfection was given Great Britain, and our whole country applauded and was content. Thousands of miles of railway were built, and our ocean steamships increased by hundreds. Our commerce and manufactures reached a height never before dreamed of. The government, and particularly Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding, had the respect and confidence and good will of everybody, even of their political opponents. Now out of a clear sky comes Mr. Fielding, plunging like Icarus into darkness and threatening to take us all with him.

Was there ever such an exhibition of crawling and cringing as Canada's representatives have just now given at Washington?

We have heard much of the dignified attitude of our government on the subject of reciprocity—a dignified attitude which was assumed after repeated snubs. We have been told that if there was anything more to be said about reciprocity it must be said at Ottawa. But at the first sign from Washington we have seen Canada's representatives hurrying there and without consultation with one of our business interests, and apparently without consultation with their colleagues, hastily assenting to terms vitally affecting our vast and complicated trade and commerce, and perhaps involving our political future.

Serious Consequences

I refuse to believe that our honored premier was a willing party to what has been done; but whether he was or was not, the certain consequences to the country are so serious as to quite overshadow all personal considerations and these consequences should be averted somehow. Anyhow, the well-being of the country and its self-respect are at stake, and the shameful thing that is proposed is surely against the wishes of four-fifths of its people, and I doubt if it would, if clearly understood, find a dozen supporters in the dominion. It is perhaps not possible to make a tariff quite satisfactory to every community, every interest and every individual, but rightly considered, our tariff has come pretty near to this. Some of the farmers in the Canadian north west want reciprocity in the hope that it will bring them better prices for wheat and cheaper agricultural implements. It will do neither to any appreciable extent.

They should remember that our tariff wall has made them prosperous. They have only to compare our exports of wheat and flour to foreign markets with our total production of wheat to realize the extent and value of this home market. And as regards to agricultural implements they have only to compare the prices paid immediately south of the boundary to see that in most cases the American manufacturer pays the duty and the extra freight; and he can do this because the cost of his works is only a fraction of what the farmers pay, nearly all the rest going to profit and to that of the middle man. Reducing the tariff will not cheapen the implements; it will only add to the American manufacturers' profit. But if a comparison is made with the selling prices south of the boundary cash prices should be compared with cash and not cash with credit prices.

Gain Very Slight

We are told that some farmers in the maritime provinces favor reciprocity in the expectation that it will bring better prices for their potatoes and apples. All the possible gain in that way may be easily known by looking at the prevailing prices of these things in the New England states. It isn't much and our neighbors expect reciprocity to bring the prices down. On the other hand, there are easily reached and ample markets for these things where the farmer of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick may with a little effort secure twice as much as they are now getting from their potatoes and apples, and at the same time quadruple the demand by reducing the prices one-half to the consumer. Take Cuba for instance, where a barrel of potatoes yielding the Canadian farmer 75 cents reaches the consumer at seven dollars, and so with apples. The Canadian trade commissioner at Havana will verify this statement. Our farmers count on exporting potatoes and apples to the United States while these same things are exported from the United States to Cuba and elsewhere. Ontario suffered in her butter, eggs, cheese and such things until the Dingley tariff compelled a turn to other markets, which proved to be more profitable. Aside from the fisheries, of which I do not know enough to speak, I do not believe there is any industry anywhere in Canada that cannot find a way to be better off without reciprocity than with it; and with many industries the question is a vital one. And even with our codfish, judging from the prices to consumers in the West Indies and Central America, it may be well that we are, as with potatoes and apples, overlooking what might easily be made our very best market.

Cannot Correct It

Let us not run away with the idea that if we make a mistake in this matter of reciprocity we shall be able to correct it at pleasure. We may not be permitted to do it. It should be remembered that there are such things as vested interests of nations, which, real or alleged, are terribly binding upon the weaker party. When Mr. Hill has extended his seven or eight lines of railway into the Canadian northwest—lines which have for some years been resting their noses on the boundary line waiting for reciprocity or something of the kind to warrant them in crossing, and when other American channels of trade have been established, affecting our territory, and when the American millers have tasted our wheat and the American manufacturers have got hold of our markets, is it probable that we shall be permitted to recede? Not a bit of it. We are making a bed to lie in and die in.—Sincerely yours,

(Signed) W. G. VAN HORNE

Down With 'Em!

Young Lord Fairfax, in a brilliant after-dinner speech at the clubhouse in Tuxedo, praised woman.

"Down with the misogynist," said Lord Fairfax. "Down with that cynical type of male brute who says with the Cornish fisherman:

"'Wimmens like pilchards. When 'em's bad 'em's bad, but when 'em's good, 'em's only middlin.'"

"My husband is just awful when he wants to find anything. You never saw a man throw clothes around the way he does." "Where did he learn to be so untidy?" "Why, he was in the New York custom house for four years."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Cobweb designs in veils are not new, but hold their popularity.

Cold coffee may make the boarder hot.

All the trains for misfortune run express.

DOCTORS TELL HOW "CUTICURA" CURED SKIN DISEASES

One says, "I have Great Faith In Cuticura Remedies." Another, "They Always Bring Results."

"I wish to let you know of a couple of recent cures which I have made by the use of the Cuticura Remedies. Last August, Mr. ——— of this city came to my office, troubled with a severe skin eruption. At first I could not understand the nature of the case. I finally traced it to his occupation, as he was a painter and decorator. It was dermatitis in its worst form. It started with a slight eruption and would affect most parts of his body—thighs, elbows, chest, back and abdomen—and would terminate in little pustules. The itching and burning was dreadful and he would almost tear his skin apart, trying to get relief. I recommended all the various treatments I could think of and he spent about fifteen dollars on prescriptions but nothing seemed to help him.

"In the meantime my wife who was continually suffering with a slight skin trouble and who had been trying different prescriptions and methods with my assistance, told me she was going to get some of the Cuticura Remedies. But as I did not know much about Cuticura at that time I was doubtful whether it would help her. Her skin would thicken, break and bleed, especially on the fingers, wrists and arms. I could do nothing to relieve her permanently. When she first applied the warm baths of Cuticura Soap and applications of Cuticura Ointment she saw a decided improvement and in a few days she was completely cured.

"I lost no time in recommending the Cuticura Remedies to Mr. ———, and this was two months ago. I told him to wash with warm baths of the Cuticura Soap and to apply the Cuticura Ointment generously. Believe me, from the very first day's use of the Cuticura Remedies he was greatly relieved and to-day he is completely cured through their use. I have great faith in the Cuticura Remedies and shall always have a good word for them now that I am convinced of their wonderful merits." (Signed) B. L. Whitehead, M.D., 108 Dartmouth St., Boston, Mass., July 22, 1910.

As though in confirmation of this most convincing statement, G. M. Fisher, M.D., Big Pool, Md., writes: "My face was afflicted with eczema in the year 1897. I used the Cuticura Remedies and was entirely cured. I am a practicing physician and very often prescribe Cuticura Remedies in cases of eczema, and they have cured where other formulas have failed. I am not in the habit of endorsing patent medicines, but when I find remedies possessing true merit, such as the Cuticura Remedies do, I am broad-minded enough to proclaim their virtues to the world. I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and must say I find your Remedies A No. 1. I still find the Cuticura Remedies as good as ever. They always bring results."

Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Mailed free, on request latest 32-page Cuticura Book on the speedy treatment of skin diseases.

He Got His

Standing by the entrance of a large estate in the suburbs in Glasgow are two huge dogs carved out of granite. An Englishman going by in a hack, thought he would have some fun with the Scotch driver.

"How often, Jock, do they feed those two big dogs?"

"Whenever they bark, sir," was the straight-faced reply. — New York Times.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Miss Dixon—"No, Mr. Hixon, I do not love you, but I respect you, and I am sure you will make some excellent woman a most excellent husband."

Mr. Hixon — "Well, won't you please give me a letter of recommendation to he woman?"

Shiloh's Cure quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. - - - 25 cents.

Gibbs — "What makes you think they had theatres in Pharaoh's time?" Dibbs — "Didn't Joseph's brethren remove him from the family circle and put him into the pit?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Excited old lady (to car driver)—Car Driver (an Irishman, quite confidentially) — "Troth, madam, and how end I, on twenty-one bob a week?"

GREAT TRIALS ON TRANSCONTINENTAL

ALPHONSE JONELLE TELLS TALE FILLED WITH HUMAN INTEREST

Hardships attending work brought on Kidney Diseases which threatened his life—Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him.

Chicoutimi Ville, Chicoutimi Co., Que. (Special).—The trials of those men who push the great railroads through the obstacles Nature thrusts in their way have been proclaimed in many a page of fiction. But no story ever told is of more absorbing interest or teaches a greater moral than the actual experiences of Alphonse Jonelle, foreman on the Transcontinental, and well known here.

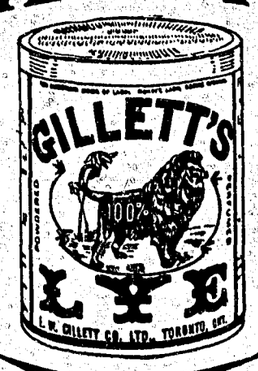
"I contracted Kidney Disease working on the Transcontinental, where I am a foreman," Mr. Jonelle states. "My skin had a harsh, dry feeling, and it itched and burned at night. I was always tired. Then came the pangs of rheumatism, and I finally got so bad I could not attend to my work. For five years I suffered, and in the end Bright's Disease developed. Then I began the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Six boxes cured me completely. Dodd's Kidney Pills also cured my wife who was suffering from Kidney Disease."

From all parts of Canada, and every day, reports come of Kidney Disease cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. There is never a case reported where Dodd's Kidney Pills have failed. They never fail.

W. N. U., No. 837.

GILLETT'S

THE Standard Article



SOLD EVERYWHERE

Ready for use in any quantity.

Useful for five hundred purposes.

A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

Use only the Best.

For Making Soap.

For Softening Water.

For Removing Paint.

For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. 50c and $1 a bottle; $6 and $11 dozen, of druggists and harness dealers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—15 years. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

The Question

Mazie—"Why, Argyl, papa would not raise his hand to a young man."

Argyl—"Does he feel the same about his feet?"

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents

A man may be working for all he is worth and not be worth much at that.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

"Your new butler seems clumsy." "For a butler, yes. But he may be a detective that my wife has engaged. In that case, I think he waits on table fairly well."—Washington Herald.

No Idle Time on His Hands

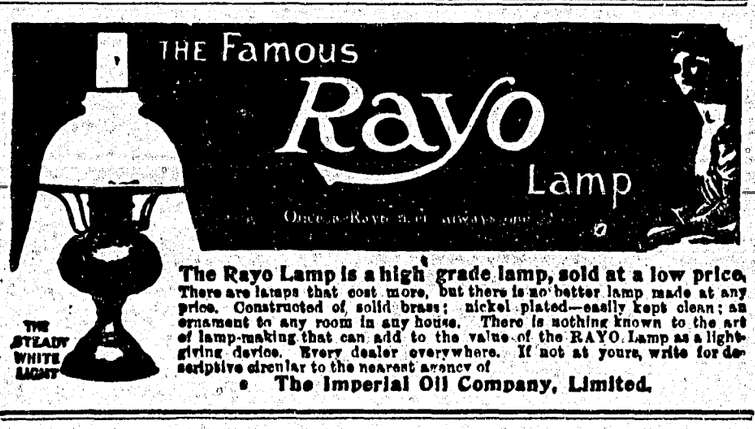
"Squire," asked the visiting friend, "how do you manage to occupy your time in this little village?"

The only justice of the peace in Skedunk leisurely bit off a large chunk of plug tobacco and chewed it in silence a few moments.

"Bill," he said, with a judicial solemnity, "I can beat any man in six counties pitchin' horseshoes."

To Men Who Live Inactive Lives.—Exercise in the open air is the best tonic for the stomach and system generally, but there are those who are compelled to follow sedentary occupations and the inactivity tends to restrict the healthy action of the digestive organs and sickness follows. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills regulate the stomach and liver and restores healthy action. It is wise to have a packet of the pills always on hand.

You can't always tell how glad a man may be to see you by the way he shakes hands.



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

Appleford Counter Check Book Company, Limited.

Factory and Offices: HAMILTON, ONT.

(Not in the Trust.)

The best equipped factory for producing Counter Check Books in Canada.

Capacity

50,000 *Counter Check Books per Day.*

We are supplying the Largest users of Counter Check Books in Canada with our "IMPERIAL BOOKS."

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY, LIMITED.

WHEN IT COMES TO

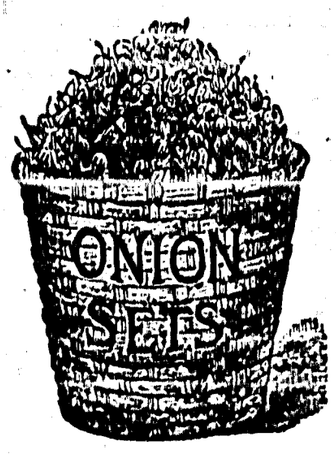
PAPER BAGS and MATCHES

We are everywhere with the standard goods. Paper and Matches are our specialties. Let us know your wants—we'll do the rest.

The E.B. Eddy Co. Ltd

HULL, CANADA

TEES & PERSSE, LIMITED, Agents, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Fort William and Port Arthur.



BRUCE'S SEEDS SATISFY

Established 61 Years.

The excellence of our Stocks, which are carefully tested for purity and germination, our long experience and connection with the best Growers of the World, and the great care exercised in every detail of our business is the secret of our success. All we ask is a Trial Order.

SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer the best grade of Onion Sets as follows:

Dutch Sets, White..	30c quart
Dutch Sets, Yellow	25c quart
Top or Button Onions	35c quart
Multipliers, English Potato,	30c quart
Multipliers, White Potato,	30c quart
Mutipliers, Shallots.	25c quart

Heaped Measure. All Post Paid.

Bruce's Seeds are Cheapest because they are the best.

FREE—Our handsomely illustrated 104-page catalogue of Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Poultry Supplies, Garden Implements, etc., for 1911. Send for it.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario

Established Sixty-one Years

FARM HINTS

Varied Items of Interest to the Farming Community.

BULLS.

Any man who pretends to feel an interest in his live stock, should guard well the health of the bull which heads his herd.

A sickly, ill-kept and half-starved bull will only give in return a like bunch of calves.

Good feed, good care and plenty of exercise are absolutely necessary to guarantee thrift and vigor to a sire.

One of the quickest and surest ways to make the herd deteriorate is to be lax in attention to your bull.

Hogs.

More than half the hogs raised in this western country never get the treat to good clean bedding.

Filthy pens with damp hard floors are an indication of slovenness on the part of the owner, and in addition to this shows very little forethought on his part.

It is generally thought that the pig is not a clean animal—this is a mistake. If given half a chance, the pig would demonstrate otherwise, and then too, as far as the farmer was concerned, he would find he was undoubtedly repaid by an increased price when he took his stock to market.

Brood Sows.

Along about March and April each year the complaints are pretty general with many farmers about tough luck they have had with their brood sows—small litters and a sickly-looking bunch of pigs.

The farmer then realizes his mistake in not making the proper selection of his brood sows before the winter began. He also figures that the sire wasn't much good either. He does not, however, figure that very little bedding and damp floors had a great deal to do with his present misfortune. Seldom do we ever count our own errors, it is always the other fellow's. As a matter of fact the damage in done, now to get on a good permanent footing for the future.

In picking brood sows bear this in mind:

Look for the past records—1st, prolific; 2nd, careful mothers; 3rd, good sucklers, and pass up the closely built gilts that are inclined to fatten.

Don't allow them to follow the cattle, they may get too fat.

Give them plenty of exercise, dry bedding and ventilation. Flesh forming and not fat-producing food is what they need.

Unless the sow is in good health at farrowing time, she stands a mighty poor chance of rearing a bunch of healthy pigs.

Shipping Dressed Poultry.

After the fowls have been dressed and are thoroughly cooled, they will be ready for packing. Poultry dressed for market should be kept off feed at least 24 hours previous to slaughter, and should be drawn before it is packed for shipment. The action of the air on the inside of the fowl will cause it to spoil, and make it impossible to keep in good condition. Use a flat box in which two layers of poultry can be packed. Wrap the head of each bird in paper so that any blood that may be left in the head will not come in contact with the body and soil it. In some cases the whole bird is wrapped in waxed paper.

Start a layer in the bottom of the box; take each bird separately and fold the head to one side, and place it in the box with the head up. Continue in this way until the bottom layer is filled. Put the upper layer in the same way except that the head is in the middle and the side of the box may be opened when it reaches the market and a nice uniform lot of poultry will meet the eye of the purchaser.

The poultry may be packed in barrels or larger boxes, but small flat boxes are preferred, because they are easier to handle and there is less danger of spoiling while they are being shipped.

It is a good plan to establish a permanent trade with some commission firm, meat dealer, or a large hotel, to supply them with poultry. This will insure a better price than when shipped only occasionally.

Poultry should be sent by express so as to be on the road the least possible time. The cases, when shipped, should be plainly marked for whom and from whom they are, the number of birds in the case, and the weight.

Mr. D—— went to the club, leaving Mrs. D—— with a lady friend, whose abilities as a scandalmonger and mischiefmaker were pre-eminent. When he returned he just poked his head into the drawing-room, and said, with a sigh of relief, "The old cat's gone, I suppose?" For an instant there was a profound silence, for as he uttered the last word he encountered the stony stare of the lady who had been in his mind. Then his wife came to the rescue. "Oh, yes, dear," she said "I sent it to the cat's home in a basket first thing this morning."

"So I hear you've made a lot of money on the Stock Exchange?" said the young man's uncle. "Yes, sir." "That shows how one may, with proper luck and promptness, succeed if he will only take advantage of his opportunities." "But I lost that and several thousand more to-day." "Young man, how often have I told you that such transactions are merely gambling, and that you are bound to come to grief sooner or later if you dabble in them?"

"The late Count Tolstoi loathed physicians," said a Russian diplomat at a dinner in Washington.

"You remember how Tolstoi ridiculed physicians in 'War and Peace?' Well, I heard him ridicule three of them to their faces over a vegetarian dinner at Yasnaya Polyana.

"'Physicians,' he said, bitterly, looking up from a plate of lentils, 'may be divided into two classes—the radicals, who kill you, and the conservatives, who let you die.'"

Too Easy

"A tradition," explained the teacher, "is something that has been handed down from father to son. Can you mention some familiar tradition?"

"Yes'm," promptly answered little Tommy Goodman, "my clothes are traditions."

"That's too threadbare, Tommy; you will remain half an hour after school is dismissed."

Mrs. Crawford—You can have all the bread and butter you like but no more cake.

Willie:—Say ma, how is it I can never have a second helping of any of the things I like?—Lippincott's.

Famous British Admiral.

Tells What Zam-Buk Did For Him.

Many famous persons have testified to the great value of Zam-Buk, and amongst the most recent is Admiral Rodney M. Lloyd. Writing from the Royal Naval Club, Portsmouth, England, Admiral Lloyd says:

"I have found Zam-Buk most reliable for healing cuts and abrasions; while for the relief of skin irritation it is invaluable."

Another famous user of Zam-Buk is Mr. Frank Scudamore, the War Correspondent, who supplied Canadian papers with their dispatches during the Boer war, Mr. Scudamore says: "Some poisonous dye on my underclothing came in contact with a small ulcer on my leg and blood poisoning set in. Inflammation, pain and swelling followed. My medical man's treatment did not seem to do any good, as ulcer after ulcer broke out, until my left leg from knee to foot was one mass of sores. I had seventeen deep ulcers at one time. I could not put my foot to the ground and was really in a pitiful state. A friend advised Zam-Buk, and I applied this herbal balm. It was really wonderful how it soothed the pain and aching and gave me ease.

"I continued with it, leaving off all other treatment, and at the end of a week's treatment my leg was not like the same. A few boxes of Zam-Buk healed all the sores, and bit by bit new, healthy skin covered the places which had been so deeply pitted and scarred by ulceration and blood poison. The limb is now perfectly healthy, and with no marks of the old ulcers. For this splendid result I have only Zam-Buk to thank."

Zam-Buk is a cure for piles, eczema, cold cracks or chaps, ulcers, ringworm, poison, cuts, abscesses, burns, children's rashes, abrasions, and for all skin injuries and diseases. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations and substitutes.

Little George—"Oh, mother, I made a fine swop with one of the fellows who goes to school. I've traded my mouth-organ for a spelling paper marked one hundred."

If a cough makes your nights sleepless and weary, it will worry you a good deal, and with good cause. To dispel the worry and give yourself rest try Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It exerts a soothing influence on the air passages and allays the irritation that leads to inflammation. It will subdue the most stubborn cough or cold, and eventually eradicate it from the system, as a trial of it will prove to you.

The creaking of a door can be stopped at once by rubbing on the hinge with a piece of soap or with the lead of a black pencil.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS. E. SHARP.

Hawkshaw, N.B., Sept. 1st, 1905.

Mrs. Woggs—What is the highest compliment a man can pay a woman?

Mr. Woggs—When a man says: "If she is on the committee at that church supper, I'll go."

"What has become of all the wire-pulling senator?"

"There is an improvement on it, my dear. Wireless pull."

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send No., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE

136 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

BRAIN WORKERS

who get little exercise, feel better all round for an occasional dose of

"NA-DRU-CO" Laxatives

They tone up the liver, move the bowels gently but freely, cleanse the system and clear the brain. A new, pleasant and reliable laxative, prepared by a reliable firm, and worthy of the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark.

25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, MONTREAL. 21

Coal More Important

"Edison says some chemist will presently discover how to manufacture gold."

"What good will that do as long as nobody finds out how to make hard coal?"

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

"Where you goin', Mamie?"

"Why, I'm just goin' to make a bon-fire of dis box of love-letters from my former admirers. I'm engaged now, and I promised my fiance that I'd destroy 'em."

Scratched for 40 Years.

Used D. D. D. Six Months—All Itching Gone

This is the actual experience of Anne Croman, Santa Rosa, Cal., with the wonderful D.D.D. Prescription.

D.D.D. is the proven Eczema Cure, the mild wash that gives instant relief in all forms of skin trouble.

Cleanses the skin of all impurities—washes away blotches and pimples, leaving the skin as smooth and healthy as that of a child.

Write today for a free trial bottle of this wonderful Excema Cure to the D.D.D. Laboratories, Dept. T.F., 49 Colborne Street, Toronto. It will give you instant relief.

(For sale by all Druggists)

"What kind of an appointment do you want?" "Well," said the applicant, "what I'd like is one of those positions in which a man can make a bit by seeing that nobody else has a sinecure."

A SEVERE CASE OF NEURALGIA

Cured After Long Years of Suffering by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is an excellent reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the most severe cases of neuralgia, sciatica, and other complaints in the group that are known as disorders of the nerves. This group also includes St. Vitus dance and paralysis, and the common state of extreme nervousness and excitability. Each of these complaints exist because there is something the matter with the nervous system. If the nerves have tone—are strong and healthy, you will not have any of these complaints. The reason Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders is that they restore weak, run-down nerves to their proper state of tone. They act both directly upon the nerves and on the blood supply. The highest medical authorities have noted that nervous troubles generally attack people who are bloodless and that the nerves are toned when the blood supply is renewed. It is thus seen that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders by curing the cause of the trouble.

Mrs. J. C. Adams, Norris Lake, Man., says: "I am writing you at my husband's request to let you know the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to him. He is a river driver and therefore much exposed to all kinds of weather and wetting. As a result he had an attack of rheumatism, and then to add to his misery a severe type of neuralgia set in, locating on the left side of the face, and causing him such terrible pain that it would drive him almost wild. He was treated by several doctors, and finally went to Winnipeg, where they blistered his head and applied hot plasters which really only added more to his misery, and he returned home still uncured. In this way he suffered for nearly six years, trying all sorts of medicine, but never finding a cure. One day while he was suffering I went to a store to get a liniment, but they did not have the kind I wanted, and the storekeeper asked me what I wanted it for. I told him about my husband and how he suffered, and he placed a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills on the counter saying, "Take my advice, this is what your husband should take." I took the Pills home with me and my husband started taking them. I am not sure how many boxes he took, but one thing is certain, they completely cured him, and he has never since had a touch of those torturing pains. You can tell how much he suffered when I say that the hair on the side of his head in which the pain was located turned quite gray. It looks odd, but he says it does not matter since the pain is gone. I believe he would not have been living now had Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not cured those terrible pains, and you may be sure we gratefully recommend them to all our friends and all suffering ones."

Sold by all dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mr. James Payn, speaking of individual interpretations of general rules, says that, in going his rounds one night with the officer on guard at one of the English dockyards, he heard the original views of the Irish sentry on this point. "If you see a convict escaping," said the officer, "what is it your duty to do?" "Sure sir, and I'm not to fire till the last extremity." "Quite right. But what do you consider the last extremity to be?" "Just around the corner of the dockyard there, sir," was the practical reply.

As Good as an Inch

"Do you call getting within a mile of the pole discovering it?"

"Well, it's as near as I should want to come to discovering it, and have to get back."

BLOOD BAD IN THE WINTER

Indoor Life, Too Little Exercise, Breathing Impure Air, Eating Artificial Foods.

Is it any wonder that the system becomes poisoned with impure waste matter in the winter time, when you think of the artificial life we lead?

With doors and windows tight shut we breathe the same air over and over again until it is incapable of purifying the blood.

In vain effort to cast the poisons out of the system the liver and kidneys are worked overtime until they too are played out. Then comes the pains in the back, the headaches, the attacks of constipation and indigestion.

The quickest and most certain way to overcome this condition is by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They act definitely and directly on the liver and kidneys, awaken them to renewed energy in filtering poisons from the bowels and remove the cause of indigestion, backache and other body pains.

You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are unique in their combined action on the liver and kidneys and for this reason stand without a rival as a means of purifying the blood and cleansing the filtering and digestive systems.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A man feels important about most anything that seems of no importance to others.

'Tis a Marvellous Thing.—When the cures effected by Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil are considered, the speedy and permanent relief it has brought to the suffering wherever it has been used, it must be regarded as a marvellous thing that so potent a medicine should result from the six ingredients which enter into its composition. A trial will convince the most skeptical of its healing virtues.

Outside the sun is shining,
The sky is clear and blue;
Don't let tomorrow's forecast
Get anything on you.

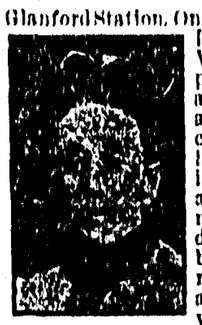
You will sneeze, perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it. Take a dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

Reuben: "Josh says that city feller gev him a hundred an' some odd dollars fer that horse of his'n."

Silas: "You ain't heerd the hull of it. When he took them dollars to the bank he found they was all odd."

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.



Glanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of the uterus, and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully until I began taking your medicine. It has also helped other women to whom I have recommended it."—Mrs. HENRY CLARK, Glanford Station, Ontario.

Gardiner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Maine.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

The Cumberland News
issued Every Tuesday by the
Comox & Cumberland
Publishing Company

This paper will not hold itself responsible for the opinions of correspondents, as may appear in its columns from time to time.

TUESDAY, May 2nd. 1911.

FOR SALE—A 6-roomed house on Maryport Avenue, between Second and Third streets. Apply this office.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

The SS. Princess Mary will sail as under:—

Leave Victoria Tuesday, 7.00 a.m., for Nanaimo, Union and Comox.

Leave Comox Wednesday 8.00 a.m., for Union, Nanaimo and Vancouver.

Leave Vancouver Thursday, 9.00 a.m., for Nanaimo, Union and Comox.

Leave Comox Friday, 8.00 a.m. for Union, Nanaimo and Vancouver.

Leave Vancouver Saturday, 9.00 a.m., for Nanaimo, Union and Comox.

Leave Comox Sunday, 12.15 a.m., for Union, Nanaimo Vancouver and Victoria.

IF YOU WANT

GOOD PRINTING

GIVE US A TRIAL

FOR SALE—One incubator and two brooders, Capacity 360. Price $50 for the lot. Apply this office.

COURT OF REVISION.

A Court of Revision will be held in the City Council Chambers on Thursday, May 18th, 1911, at 7.30 p.m., for the purpose of hearing complaints, if any, against the assessment of property in the City of Cumberland for the year 1911

Any person or persons having complaint must give notice in writing at least ten days before the date of meeting.

ALEX. MCKINNON, City Clerk.
Cumberland, B.C., April 5th, 1911.

10% BONDS 10%

An Attractive Offering for a Short Term Investment.

We can offer the conservative investor for a short while only an opportunity of placing his surplus funds in a high-class security bearing a rate of interest of ten per cent.

Only 150 of these Convertible Debentures at a par value of $100 each, available.

Do not gamble in stocks, shares and other forms of speculation, but INVEST where your principal and interest is secured.

WRITE for further particulars of this Bond issue which is particularly attractive to investors. Prompt application is necessary as number is limited.

CANADIAN SECURITIES, LIMITED.

Vancouver Office:—
1101 Dominion Trust Building,
Vancouver, B. C.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Comox Division of Victoria Water District.

(a.) The name of Company in full: The Campbell River Power Company, Limited

The head office: Offices of Barnard & Robertson, 514 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, showing amount paid up $50,000, divided into 500 shares of $100 each; amount paid up $40,000

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No............

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is Upper Campbell Lake, Vancouver Island

(c.) The point of diversion: About The foot of Campbell Lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second) 30 cubic feet.

(e.) The character of the proposed work dam and sluice gates.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): In at some point on the land along the bank of the Campbell River, about one half mile below Campbell River Falls.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used power purposes.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage ....
None.

(i) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return: The water is to be returned to the Campbell River at a point about one mile below the Campbell River Falls and the difference in altitude will be about 300 ft.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: About 320 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the second day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the twenty-fourth day of February, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: The crown, the British America Timber Co., Ltd., of Victoria, B.C., North Pacific Lumber Co., Ltd., of Vancouver, B.C.; P. Cudahy, of Chicago, Illinois: International Timber Co., of Vancouver, B C.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works.

(a) The construction or operation of works or the supply or utilization of water under the "Water Act, 1909."

(b) To apply for and obtain under the provisions of the "Water Act, 1909," or to purchase or otherwise acquire water records or water licenses.

THE CAMPBELL RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
G. H. Burns; W. Wallace Grime,
P.O address Box 724 Directors.
Victoria, B.C.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Comox Division of Victoria Water District.

(a) The name of Company in full: The Campbell River Power Company, Ltd

The head office: Offices of Barnard & Robertson, 514 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, showing amount paid up $50,000, divided into 500 shares of $100 each; amount paid up $40,000.

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No...........

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is Upper Campbell Lake, Vancouver Island

(c.) The point of diversion: At the foot of Upper Campbell Lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second) 30 cubic feet.

(e.) The character of the proposed works dam and sluice gates.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same) At some point on the land along the bank of the Campbell river about one half mile below Campbell river Falls.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used power purposes.

(h) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage........... ....
None.

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return: The water is to be returned to the Campbell river at a point about one mile below the Campbell river Falls and the difference in altitude will be about 300 feet.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works about 320 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the eighth day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the twenty-fourth day of February, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet. The British American Timber Co., Ltd., of Victoria, B.C; North Pacific Lumber Co., Ltd, of Vancouver, B C; P. Cudahy, of Chicago, Illinois; International Timber Co., of Vancouver, B.C., Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works.

a. The construction or operation of works or the supply or utilization of water under the "Water Act, 1909."

b. To apply for and obtain under the provisions of the "Water Act, 1909," or to purchase or otherwise acquire water records or water licenses.

THE CAMPBELL RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED; G. H. Burns, W. Wallace Grime, Directors
P. O. address: Box 724 Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIBE

for the

NEWS

$1.00 a Year

Job Work promptly

And Neatly Done.

SPATES

The TAILOR.

CLEANING, PRESSING AND REPAIRING.

Ladies' Work a Specialty.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that George Leicester Rimington, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the Southwest corner of lot 552; thence north 80 chains, thence west 75 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 75 chains, to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less.

GEORGE LEICESTER RIMINGTON,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 9th 1911

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Patrick William Leslie Clark, of Vancouver, B.C., law clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 552; thence east 80 chains, thence south 61 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 16 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 576 acres, more or less.

PATRICK WILLIAM LESLIE CLARK.
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 9th, 1911.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Examining Warehouse, Vancouver, B.C.," will be received until 4.00 P.M., on Monday, April 24, 1911, for the construction of an Examining Warehouse, Vancouver, B.C.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of Mr. J. R. Cyr, Superintendent of Public Buildings for Manitoba, Post Office Building, Winnipeg, Man., Mr. Wm. Henderson, Resident Architect, Victoria, B.C., at the Post Office, Vancouver, and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, March 22, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

IF YOU WANT GOOD PRINTING GO TO THE NEWS. FIRST-CLASS WORK

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William Caldwell, of Lanark, Ont., mining man, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of Lot 490, Carrington Bay, Sayward District, thence following the north boundary of lot 490 easterly for 40 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west to the shore line thence southwesterly and following the shore line to the point of commencement, containing less than 80 acres. WILLIAM CALDWELL.
Jno. Manson, agent
Dated Feb. 28th, 1911,

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Sidney Heasman, of Vancouver, B. C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 552; thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to place of commencement containing 640 acres, more or less.

SIDNEY HEASMAN,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 8th, 1911

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Nanette Joseph, of Vancouver, B. C., Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands;—

Commencing at a post planted at the Southeast corner of lot 547; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

NANETTE JOSEPH,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 7th, 1911

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Arthur Rowland Best, of Vancouver, B.C., transport agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of lot 516, on the north boundary of lot 547, thence north 80 chains, thence east 75 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 75 chains to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less.

ARTHUR ROWLAND BEST,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 7th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Samuel Heasman, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 550; thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 75 chains (more or less) thence north 5 chains, thence west 85 chains, thence north 35 chains to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less. SAMUEL HEASMAN.
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent
Dated March 8th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.

District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Frances Brougham, wife of W. F. Brougham, of Vancouver, B.C., intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 40 chains west of the southeast corner of lot 547; thence east 120 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 120 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres, more or less.

FRANCES BROUGHAM.
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent
Dated March 8th, 1911.

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins, Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. (formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont.

APPLICATION FOR STORING WATER

(s) The place of the proposed reservoir for storing Comox Lake, B.C.

(t.) The means by which it is proposed to store the water by a dam at outlet of Lake.

(u,) The area of the reservoir site or sites at each foot in depth above the outlet 8000 acres.

(v.) How is it proposed to acquire the land necessary for the purpose By purchase if necessary.

(w.) Approximately the number of acre feet intended to be impounded 80,000.

(x.) Whether it is proposed to lower the water in any natural lake or standing body of water, and, if so, then—

1. The anticipated extent of the lowering Not lowered.

2. The means proposed to be adopted to lower and refill.....

3. The nature and character, in detail, of the works proposed to be constructed to provide for the discharge and penning back of the water By concrete dam with regulating gates controlling the discharge.

[Signature]

WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LTD.,
W. L. COULSON, General Manager.
(P.O. address) Victoria, B.C.

January 16th, 1911.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Division of Comox District.

(a.) The name of Company in full: Wellington Colliery Company, Limited. The head office Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, showing amount paid up $2.000,0000 divided into 20,000 shares of $100 00 each fully paid up

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No.....

(b.) The name of lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is) Puntledge River.

(c.) The point of diversion: At a point above the falls on the Puntledge River, Comox District.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second): 670.

(e.) The character of the proposed works: Generating plant, power works, and electric works, and plant and other machinery and conveniences necessary for producing power.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): On or in the vicinity of the Wellington Colliery Company's Ltd. property and holdings in Comox District.

(g.) The purposes on which the water is to be used: Generating electricity, and for light, heat, power, operation of motors, engines, and machinery of all kinds and generally for the exercise of all powers and priviloges of a power company under Part IX. of above Act.

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return At a convenient place below the Stoughton Falls in the vicinity outlet Brown River, Sections 10 and 14 Tp., 9, Comox District. The point of return is about 200 feet lower altitude than the point of diversion.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: None.

(k.) This notice was posted on the sixteenth day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the commissioner on the 23rd day of February, 1911

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licenses who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: Wellington Colliery Company, Ltd.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works

(Signature)

WELLINGTON COLLIERY
W. L. COULSON, General Manager.
(P.O. address) Victoria, B.C.

Extract from the MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

(a) To acquire by purchase, grant, lease or in any other manner.....water or rights to water .....

[d] To carry on the business of..... electric light, heat and power supply.....

[u] To manufacture and use as a motive power electricity.....and to manufacture or acquire plant, machinery, apparatus, and materials of every kind for the production and distribution of electricity, .. to generate, use or dispose of supply or distribute electricity .....for lighting or motive power.....and to construct, lay down, establish, and carry out cables, wires, flues, accumulators, lamps and works.

TAKE NOTICE that William F. Smith, of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north, east corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. WILLIAM F. SMITH,
Name of Applicant.

Dated June 9th, 1910.

Special Holiday Brew

For Sale by all Hotels in Kegs or Bottles

The UNION BREWING Co., Nanaimo, B.

HERCULES Stump Pullers
- - FOR SALE BY - -
Walworth-Rolston Co. Ltd
1020 Westminster Ave., Vancouver, B. C.

Hotel Union
SAMUEL DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.
English 4 x BURTON always on tap also, the famous MILWAUKEE
BEERS—Anheuser, Bohemian, Schitz, &c. "OLD GREY BEARD"
SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds.
The Boarding and Lodging Department, under the immediate superintendence of Mrs Davis, will be found a First class in every respect.
RATES, ... $1 00 per day upwards.

MADE IN CANADA
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Makes Your EXPENSES Light
Makes Your BISCUITS Light
Makes Your CAKES Light
Makes Your BUNS Light
Makes Your LABOR Light
ORDER FROM YOUR GROCER.
E. W. GILLETT CO., LTD. Toronto, Ont.

The Courtenay Hotel
Every convenience for guests.
The Central Hotel for Sportsmen
None but the Best of Wines and Liquors at the Bar.
RATES REASONABLE
John Johnston, Prop

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having built a large warehouse and mill at Courtenay, I will in future keep on hand a stock of all kinds of Hay, Grain, and Feed at lowest market rates. A specialty will be made of roller crushed feed for horses which will make a saving of one third in the cost of feed. Orders given the teamster or by phone will be promptly filled. Thanking you for your patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same on broader lines, I beg to remain

Yours to command,
BYRON CRAWFORD.

UNION S. S. CO., of B.C. Ltd

NANAIMO-UNION BAY- COMOX - CAMPBELL RIVER ROUTE,
Sailing as under—
Twin-screw steamer "COWICHAN"
Leaves Vancouver Thursday 6 p m
Arrive Union (for Cumberland) Friday morning
Arrives Comox Friday morning
Arrive Campbell River Friday noon
Returning:
Lv Comox Friday 4 p m
" Union Bay " 5 "
" Nanaimo midnight
Leaves Vancouver, Saturday 8 p m
Arrives Nanaimo, Saturday 12 p m
Arrives Union, Sunday 6 a m [for Cumberland]
Arrives Comox, Sunday 8 a m
Returning:—
Leaves Comox, Sunday 4 p m
Leaves Union Sunday 5 p m
Leaves Nanaimo, Sunday midnight
[Subject to change without notice]

BOVRIL
is indispensable in the camp, and for all impromptu meals. Add a little BOVRIL to your canned meats and soups and note the difference.

BOVRIL sandwiches are nutritious and toothsome.
67

NOTICE

Any person or persons, cutting, removing or taking any blocks, timber or wood, of any description belonging to the Wellington Colliery Co'y., or from or off the land of the said Company, or anyone tipping rubbish anywhere except at the dump provided, or neglecting to level it when tipped to the satisfaction of the Company, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

W. L. COULSON,
General Manager,
Wellington Colliery Co,y.

NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons—except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same.

By order
W. L. COULSON,
General Manager.

C. H TARBELL
HIGH GRADE STOVES
And all KITCHEN UTENSILS
Sportsmens Goods and General Hardware

FAIRFIELD STORE
J. JACK, PROP.
A Fine Assortment of the Choicest Candies, Fruits and Tobacco Vancouver Ice Cream.
Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland

P. DEMATIS
Dealer in
ALL KINDS OF
Fruit, Candy Cigars Cigarettes & Tobacco.
Bonora Block,
CUMBERLAND, B.C.

Go to
JOHN McLEODS
FOR FIRST-CLASS
CANDY, FRUITS,
CIGARS & TOBACCOS

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Port Augusta hotel, situated at Comox, B.C. J. B HOLMES,
Dated October 11, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Gardiner Alexander Brady Spencer of Alameda Cal., occupation plumber, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted about 30 chains west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north to south shore of Wolf Lake, thence westerly along south shore to west end of lake, thence east along north shore about 40 chains, thence north to place of commencement, containing 400 acres more or less.

Scribed on post, G.A.B.S.'s N.E. corner.

GARDNER ALEXANDES BRADY SPENCER.
Dan Clark, Agent
Dated December 14th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that John Henry Kerrinsh Richardson, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation Steamboat Steward, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 40 chains north of the southwest corner of Section 3, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

J. H. K. R's N E corner.

JOHN HENRY KERRINSH RICHARDSON.
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that James Bradshaw, of Emporia, Florida, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the S.E. corner of Section 24, township 20, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

Scribed on post J B's S.E. corner,
JAMES BRADSHAW,
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Charles Judson Miner, of Geneseo, N.Y., retired farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the SE corner of Section 24, Township 20, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. CHARLES JUDSON MINER
Scribed on post CJM's SW corner
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that George Cirtus Larocque Miller, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanical engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile east of the north west corner of Section 18, Township 9, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains to place of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post GCLM's SW corner.
GEORGE CIRTUS LAROCQUE MILLER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 20th, 1910

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Harry Patten Archibald of Vancouver, B C, engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 4 chains north of E M Leeson's southwest corner, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains to place of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less

Scribed on post H.P.A.'s S.E cor
HARRY PATTEN ARCHIBALD.
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated Dec 11th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Fndora Mae Leeson of Vancouver, B. C, occupation Widow, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about one mile north and 40 chains east of the S. E. corner of Section 4, Township 8, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post EML's S.W. corner.
ENDORA MAE LEESON,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 11th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE NOTICE that Adelaide Ester Clark Brown, of Brookfield N. Y., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at southwest corner of Section 19, Township 9, thence north 80 chains,, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post A.E.C.B's S.W. cor
ADELAIDE ESTER CLARK BROWN.
Dan Clark, agent,
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Richmond Charles Biss of Vancouver, B. C., Broker intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at ¼ post between Section 18k, Township 9, and Section 13, Township 20, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains; thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less:

Scribed on post RCB's N E cor.
RICHMOND CHARLES BISS,
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Ruqert

TAKE notice that Della Brooks, of Vancouver, B. C., Married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at post planted at the northwest corner of Section 30, Township 9, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on Post D. B's N. W cor.
DELLA BROOKS,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 17th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

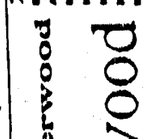
TAKE NOTICE that Edward Dyke, of Binghamton, NY. coachman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 20, hence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post ED's N.E, corner.
EDWARD DYKE,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Thomas Frederick Tasker, of Vancouver, B.C., telegraph operator, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Section 18, Township 9, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post TFT's N.W corner.
THOMAS FREDERICK TASKER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effectual Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3; No. 3, for special cases, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. Formerly Windsor.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Bertram James Tasker of Vancouver, B. C. occupation Express Manager intends to to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 110 chains west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post N¼B J. T's N.E.

BERTRAM JAMES TASKER,
Dan Clark, Agent
Dated December 14th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Marguerite Leitch of Vancouver, B.C., occupation Saleslady, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of Section 34, Township 20, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post, M.L.'s N. E. cor.
MARGUERITE LEITCH,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Edna Fisher Spencer of Alameda, Cal., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of Section 2 Township 21, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post E.F.F.'s S W.cor.
EDNA FISHER SPENCER
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Haidee Ashby of Vancouver, B.C., married woman intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of Section 3, Township 21, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less

Scribed on post, H A.'s S.E. cor.
HAIDEE ASHBY
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Lillian Sheppard, of Vancouver, B.C., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post LS's S.E. corner.
LILLIAN SHEPPARD.
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 13th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that William Wadman Sheppard, of Vancouver, B. C., cabinet maker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the southeast corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post W W S's S E. corner.
WILLIAM WADMAN SHEPPARD,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 13th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that William Kendrick Tasker, of Vancouver B.C. manufacturers agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 1 mile east of the northwest corner of section 18, Township 9 thence east 80 chains thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post WKT's N.W. corner,
WILLIAM KENDRICK TASKER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Isabella Monkhouse of Vancouver, B. C., sales clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of section 35, Township 21, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post IM's N. W. corner.
ISABELLA MONKHOUSE,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 20th, 1910

G. T. Kent. F.W. Hawes A.E. Sherwood
Kent, Hawes & Sherwood
Real Estate, Commission and Forwarding Agents.
160 Hastings St. W.
Vancouver, B.C
Phone 5240

PISO'S
IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes
AND GRANULATED LIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00.
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00.
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Special Notice
TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.
Agents Wanted by B. SHRAGGE, 396 Princess St., Winnipeg, to purchase for him scrap copper and brass, cast and wrought iron, old rubber boots and shoes and crown lager quart, pint and whiskey bottles.

ABSORBINE
will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Bruises, Soft Bunches. Cure Boils, Fistula or any unhealthy sore quickly; pleasant to use; does not blister under bandage or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Horse Book 7 D free.
ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, $1.00 per bottle. Reduces Varicose Veins, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Goitre, Wens, Strains, Bruises, stops Pain and Inflammation.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 137 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.
LYMANS, Ltd., Montreal, Canadian Agents.
Also furnished by MARTIN HOLE & WYNNE CO., Winnipeg; THE NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Winnipeg & Calgary; and HENDERSON BROS. CO., Ltd., Vancouver.

FREE
Practical Model Steam Engine given free for selling post cards.

The above cut shows our new upright engine. Height 9 inches' Base 4 inches. It has Blued Steel Boiler with iron Fire Box and Metal Base, handsomely finished in colors. Every engine is thoroughly tested before packing and is fully guaranteed. We give it free for a few hours work selling our postcards. Write us today for $2.00 worth of our beautiful Litho-Art postcards to sell at 3 for 5c. Sell them and return money and we will send engine to you all charges paid.
Western Premium Co.,
Dept. 100. WINNIPEG, MAN.

When Buying Gifts
Remember that there's something in silver for everybody. To be sure of giving silver that is perfect in design and finish see that the trade mark
1847 ROGERS BROS.
is stamped on spoons, forks, knives and fancy serving pieces.
"Silver Plate that Wears"
Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped
MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

Here's a Home Dye That ANYONE Can Use.

HOME DYEING has always been more or less of a difficult undertaking—Not so when you use
DY-O-LA
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS
Send for Sample Card and Story Booklet 99 The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Can.
JUST THINK OF IT!
With DY-O-LA you can color either Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye. No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods you have to color.

The Smart Pupil

Teacher — "Name three heavenly bodies directly associated with our earth."

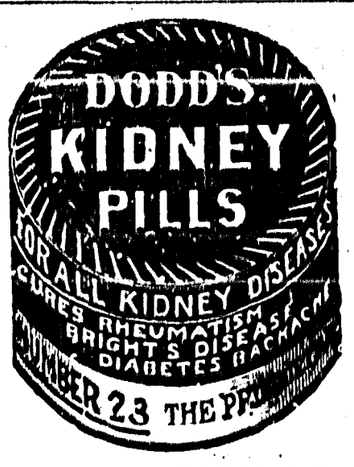
Pupil—"Monoplanes, biplanes, and dirigibles."

A Remedy for Bilious Headache.—To those subject to bilious headache, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as the way to speedy relief. Taken according to directions they will subdue irregularities of the stomach and so act upon the nerves and blood vessels that the pains in the head will cease. There are few who are not at sometimes subject to biliousness and familiar with its attendant evils. Yet none need suffer with these pills at hand.

To speak of them as "sleeping cars" is to violate the purity of our language.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

The more a woman deserves to have a man love her the more she can love him.



W. N. U., No. 837.

A SKILFUL ARCHITECT.

The Canadian Muskrat Is Cleverer Than the Beaver.

When it comes to ingenuity in construction and system in domestic arrangements the beaver, master builder that he is, can give the little Canadian muskrat few pointers. In building its house the muskrat selects a spot on the low marsh land that will be flooded at high tide or high water if on non-tidal margins. The animal tunnels from the bank of the stream or lagoon or pond, as the case may be, beginning below the edge of low water mark, to the site it has selected for its home.

These preliminaries completed, the muskrat cuts with its chisel-like teeth the broad, strong stalks and leaves of the flag and long, coarse grass. These materials the busy little builder carries to the building site, where it braids and twists them together in circular form and builds them layer upon layer, gradually narrowing the structure until a firm, cone shaped house is the result. This is further strengthened and made comfortable by a liberal mixture of mortar made by the muskrat out of the marsh mud.

The interior of a muskrat's house is always divided into two floors or stories. Sometimes it will have as many as four apartments, one above the other. The number is believed to be regulated by the expected height of the water. Access to them from below is by a chamber or gallery built around the inner edge of the house and rising like a spiral stairway. The muskrat expects and wants the ground floor of its house to be flooded, but there must always be a dry, warm room at the top. The interior is lined with a sheathing of dry grasses and leaves. The only entrance and exit to the house is the subterranean passage from the bank of the water, the ground floor being on a level with that tunnel.

The Irishman Had Him.

John Tolmie, who represents North Bruce in the House of Commons, tells among his good stories, of the time when the joke was neatly turned on him.

An Irishman, who knew that Mr. Tolmie was Scotch and that he had been a politician for a great many years, asked why it was that Scotchmen showed such great ability in opposite directions. "Scotchmen are either preachers or politicians," said the Irishman.

"The Irish are just as remarkable," said Mr. Tolmie. "They are either policemen or—". The remainder of the remark was drowned by the laughter of the listeners.

At a gathering of the Bruce Old Boys' Association in which most of the people were Scotch, Mr. Tolmie told how he had got back at the Irishman. But an Irish Old Boy at the gathering turned the laugh on Mr. Tolmie. Said the Irishman: "I must admit that it takes about half the Irish as policemen to keep the other half out of jail, but Mr. Tolmie mustn't forget that it takes half the Scotch as preachers to keep the other half out of Hades."

Too Careful.

In politics as well as in business it is sometimes necessary to do things with a rather free hand, and it was perhaps the lack of ability to so rise to the occasion that made a former occupant of a Cabinet position in the Ontario Legislature not altogether suited to his position.

When this man was appointed, a newspaper man got from him some information for a write-up. The Minister was asked if he would like a few copies of the paper in which the write-up was to appear, and he said, "Yes, send me a dozen."

The newspaperman saw the Minister a few days later and said: "I've given you a pretty good show in that write-up. Don't you think you ought to get quite a number of papers and send them to some of the country editors?"

"It's a splendid idea," said the Minister enthusiastically. "How many papers did we arrange for you to send me?"

"Oh, we said about a dozen."

"Well," said the Minister in a tone indicating great decision, "send me two dozen, and send the bill to me."

A Lucky Find.

Charles T. Currelly, the well-known Canadian archaeologist, tells of a curious piece of luck which befell him on one occasion. He was working with a party of one hundred men on the excavation of a number of important tombs in Egypt, when a native came to him with the story of an interesting discovery some distance away. Leaving the work on which he was engaged, he went to the place described by the native, only to find that it was a wild-goose chase. On the way back, however, from this fruitless expedition he noticed a pile of gravel which appeared to him to be of an unnatural arrangement. He stopped and sunk a pit. To his surprise and delight, a tomb was discovered which proved to be that of the Pharaoh "which knew not Joseph." This monarch had completely hidden his tomb, building it in an out-of-the-way place, and like that of the poorest peasant; underground, however, a veritable palace had been constructed.

New Brunswick Amendments.

J. K. Pinder, one of the present members of York County in the N.B House of Assembly, once did some work for the old Conservative Government on Grand Island Bar in the River St. John, which was very severely criticized by his political opponents.

Some years later Mr. Pinder was making some remarks in the House which rather ruffled the temper of a member on the opposite side, who called out: "What about Grand Island Bar?"

"I do not wonder at the question," replied Mr. Pinder, "for all of the honorable member's troubles in Ottawa have sprung from the work on 'bars,' but there is this difference, that there is plenty of water on Grand Island Bar."

BUY COCKSHUTT DRILLS
CASTINGS ARE RIVETTED TO FRAME. NO BOLTS TO SHAKE LOOSE IN ROUGH LAND.

Young Wife—"Oh, Edward, you do believe that I am always thinking of economy, don't you?"

Young Husband—"Mabel, your shilling telegram this afternoon, telling me where to go and save threepence on a carpet-broom, warns me that you are thinking of it too much."

MIRACULOUS RESULTS IN DUNVEGAN, C.B.

GIN PILLS Brought Relief

"I suffered untold misery even when under treatment from the best doctors for over ten months, and nothing seemed to do me any good or relieve my painful condition. My trouble was Inflammation of Kidneys and Bladder.

I finally determined to go to the Victoria Hospital, Halifax, for treatment.

Two days, however, before my intending departure, a neighbor called and happening to have a GIN PILL in his pocket, insisted on my taking it. I did so and six hours after taking it, the results and benefits I derived were simply nothing more or less than miraculous. Instead of going to the hospital, I sent for a box of GIN PILLS with the result that I am a cured man. I recommend GIN PILLS to everyone suffering from Kidney Trouble."

Lewis MacPherson.

Take GIN PILLS on our positive guarantee that they will cure you or money promptly refunded. 50c. a box—6 for $2.50—sent on receipt of price if your dealer does not handle GIN PILLS. Sample box free if you write us. National Drug and Chemical Co., Dept. N.U., Toronto. 52

A grape fruit is a lemon that has had a chance.—Puck.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia

All the trains for misfortune run express.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

One never hears of a lawyer going to law on his own account.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

True beauty is sweetness, and sweetness is the spiritualizing of the gross, the corporal, and the earthly.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

A little girl fell from a ladder. Her mother picked her up in terror, exclaiming, "Oh, darling, how did you fall?" "Vertically," replied the little girl, without a moment's hesitation.

SEND FOR THIS BOOK BEFORE YOU BUILD ANOTHER BUILDING

Concrete is the Best Material

—from every standpoint—wherewith to build things about the farm. This recently-published book, *"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete,"* will prove to you the superiority and "in-the-long-run" economy of

"CONCRETE" as a Building Material

You, as a progressive farmer, owe it to yourself to read this book before you attempt any further improvements.

The retail price of the book is 50 cents——but we will send it, absolutely free, to any farmer who will fill out and send to us the coupon below.

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY, Limited
51-60 National Bank Building, Montreal

You may send me a copy of your book,
"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."
Name .....
Address .....

Too Much

"Your wife has received some sudden shock. What has happened?"

"I don't know, doctor. I came home early last night——"

"Ah, that probably accounts for it."

AN INVALUABLE MEDICINE FOR ALL BABIES.

Mrs. R. McEwen, Thornloe, Ont., writes: "I think Baby's Own Tablets an invaluable medicine for little ones. I used them for my own child when he was small and last summer when I had a baby visitor whose food did not agree with him, I sent for another box of the Tablets and they quickly helped him." It is testimonials such as this that have made Baby's Own Tablets popular—that have shown them to be an invaluable medicine for little ones. The Tablets always do good—they can never do harm. Once a mother has tried them for her litle one she will have nothing else. For with the Tablets she feels safe. They are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain no harmful drugs. Baby's Own Tablets may be had at Medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"How are you getting on with your new motor car?"

"Oh, I'm all right," replied Mr. Chuggins. "But I'd feel a lot more comfortable if the streets were not so full of careless pedestrians."

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.
CALGARY :: WINNIPEG :: REGINA
The Largest Printers' Supply House in Canada. We Carry in Stock Cylinder Presses, Job Presses, Paper Cutters, Type and Material. Can Fill Orders for Complete Equipment from our Stock. We are the Largest Ready Print Publishers in the West. We Publish Ready Prints from our Winnipeg, Calgary and Regina Houses. : :
Order From Nearest Branch

The Teacher—"Willie, can you tell what steam is?"

Willie—"Sure—it's water gone crazy with the heat."

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

A student of human nature declares that most men like to be jollied and are willing to pay for it.

Heart-Breaking

Mrs. Bridely—"Am I your little pet?"

Mr. Bridely—"Nope."

Mrs. Bridely—"Boohoo! Reginald!"

Mr. Bridely—"I'm not allowed to keep pets in this flat."

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

Most of the words the baby can say he can't, but you fib about them.

HAVE *you* TRIED
EMPIRE
NAVY CUT
Cigarettes-
?

"ONLY MY WIFE"

"Walked out next—letting his wife follow."

"They wait until mother is seated."

A BRIGHT-EYED, wide-awake girl supplies the pivot of today's Familiar Talk.

"I stepped into the elevator of our apartment house this morning," she tells me, "and found already there a man and his wife who live upon the floor above us. I know them by sight as fellow-dwellers in the building, but I have not so much as a speaking acquaintance with them. I bowed slightly in entering the elevator, and the man instantly removed his hat and kept it off until we reached the lowest floor. Then he moved aside to let me pass out of the elevator and himself walked out next, leaving his wife to follow.

"That man is a highly respectable lawyer and moves in excellent society. He dresses and looks like a gentleman. I forgot to say that he had an unlighted cigar in his mouth when I first caught sight of him, and he jerked it out as he pulled off his hat. The two walked up the street ahead of me. He stopped at the first corner to strike a match and smoked furiously as far as I could see them, the wind blowing the smoke right into his wife's face.

"The incident set me to thinking. Is there any reason why one should cease to be a gentleman because he is married?"

I said: "I once asked that question of one of the truest gentlemen ever made, after witnessing a similar instance of boorishness on the part of a husband. He answered promptly and with a fine disdain that did him credit. 'If a man has never been a gentleman until he is married, then is his opportunity to make himself one.'"

The hero of the elevator episode was probably assiduous in the practice of loverly attentions during his courtship. He, so to speak, took off his hat whenever he thought of the girl he spent months in convincing that she was an angel and all the rest of it. And, having won her by courtesy and tender devotion, he shows her less respect in demeanor and speech than he manifests toward strangers of her sex.

By one of the synchronized happenings we misname "coincidences," there flashed into my mind while the girl was still talking a message I had to deliver to a business man, and with a brief apology I went to the telephone.

"Who wishes to speak to him?" asked the clerk in the man's outer office, stationed there to protect his principal from useless interruptions.

I gave my name. In perhaps three minutes the person wanted spoke at the other end of the wire. He is the pink of courtesy in society and to clients—or so I thought—and his surly response was a surprise. The "Well, what is it?" was very like a growl.

When I spoke I could almost feel the clearing of the atmosphere. His tone was laughingly apologetic.

"Oh, is it you? I got the name wrong. I thought it was my wife who called. Names get queerly mangled through the receiver. What can I do for you?"

I gave my message, hung up the receiver, and faced my young friend with a sad smile.

"One more illustration," I said. "When he thought it was only his wife he snarled. His mistake discovered, he cooed like a dove. Yet, as I chance to know, he is very fond of his wife,

"Roses such as you used to send her."

and she is devoted to him. They are rated as a model couple."

Neither of these men is a deliberate deceiver. When they were in love, and in hot pursuit of the one woman upon earth who, they fondly believed, could make them perfectly happy, they were in dead earnest. Every vow was sincere; the promises of future devotion were honest. Marriage was disillusion.

In his very clever novel, "The Married Life of the Frederic Carrolls," Jesse Lynch Williams says, among other notable things, in dealing with this inevitable disillusion:

"A mere boy and girl, carefully trained to be uncongenial, utterly unacquainted, but thinking they knew each other well, because they had wanted each other so much. Did they propose to keep on sighing and dying for blisses and kisses? With the best intentions, it is difficult to keep on longing for what one already has."

When I read the extract to my young visitor, she added sagely in up-to-date prose:

"You don't run after a street car when you have caught it!"

Every word of all this is true. It must be, or everybody would not be so certain that courtship and wedlock are two utterly different states. I did not begin this plain talk with John with any hope of disproving the accepted fact. What I am driving at is to plead for the wife's lawful rations of gentle speech and civility. Being loyal to the core of her heart, she may never admit to herself that you have ceased to respect her now that you know her for what she is. Still less would she listen to the suggestion that the suitor played a part systematically during the wooing and the betrothal. She clings to her faith in your nobility of spirit, your rectitude and high ideals, as she holds to her existence. She turns a deaf ear to the mass of evidence to the contrary hurled at us by cynical bachelors, divorced husbands and poets of every age and degree.

When Tennyson says of the Locksley Hall lover:

> "He will hold thee, when his passion shall have spent its novel force,
> Something better than his dog, a little dearer than his horse—"

the woman into whose hands you have committed the keeping of your name, your honor and your house resents the implication that her John is of the same strain. When you snarl at her over the telephone and uncover your handsome head to a wisp of a girl you chance to encounter in the elevator, while you sit in your wife's parlor with your hat on by the hour; when you find fault with dinners of her cooking and tell her, as I heard one man say to the wife who had been a bride eighteen months before, that the gown selected with express reference to his taste "looks like the devil"; when day after day goes by without a word of appreciation of her continual efforts to serve and to please you—be sure she will excuse you to her own bruised sensibilities and would fight with her own mother were she to censure you.

More than one of your friends has remarked upon the "quiet tastes Mary has developed since her marriage. And what a lively, flyaway girl she was!"

Do you tempt her to be anything but sedate and domestic? You come home tired, irritable and hungry. It is the acknowledged duty of the wife to meet you with a smile and to rack invention for devices for cheating you into cheerfulness. How do you greet these fond tricks?

> "When the little wife laughs and makes cheer—"

do you untie the knot in your forehead and curve the straight line of the tight lips? Do you recognize your favorite dessert with a grateful smile at the head of the table? Do you set the boys an example of affectionate deference to the pale woman, who, as one loving son told me of his invalid mother the other day, "laughs when any other woman would whine"? She slept badly last night and had a headache when you went downtown after breakfast. If you had not been so absorbed in thoughts of the perplexities and cares that might beset you in office or shop, you would have noticed that she ate nothing but a bit of toast and washed it down with a cup of strong coffee. If you had cast your thoughts back to preceding days, you might have recalled that she had the very slenderest of appetites, although never complaining. Do you guess what it would have been to the appetiteless woman to receive during the day a plump squab or tender broiler or fresh sweetbread, a basket of fruit or a box of roses such as you used to send to her every Saturday when you were engaged; or a magazine or book you know she would never think of buying for herself?

Some writer, whose name deserves to be recollected, tells what he calls "a pretty romance" of a gentleman of the old school, who made it a point always to cut out the tenderloin from a steak and send it to his wife at the other end of the table before he helped anybody else.

I am proud to say that I know of three households in which neither father nor child ever draws up his or her chair to the table until the father, himself, and in his absence one of the boys, has seated the mother in her place of honor. I remark as a significant—if trifling—circumstance, that in none of these homes has the mother ever appeared en dishabille at breakfast, or failed to dress becomingly and carefully for dinner. One man, in commenting upon this, said that "for his part, he had no time for frills at home. He was dog-tired by the time night came, and liked to come to the table in his shirtsleeves, if he felt like it."

It never occurred to him to inquire how his wife liked the sight of a sloven opposite to her, or what effect his disregard of decencies—alias "frills"—had upon growing children.

If catechized upon this head, he would have answered that his wife "was too sensible to care about show of any kind."

"'Oh, is it you? I thought it was my wife.'"

If this be true with her, she is the one and only wife I have ever seen who did not "care." It has been said that we attach more importance to keeping up appearances than men. I put the feminine characteristic in a different form. We have all heard the sad little tale of the New England woman who lay dying in the farmhouse she had managed for fifty years. Her husband—a rugged Puritan of the hardest grain—hung over her, with moist eyes and faltering voice:

"Oh, Betsey! you have been a good wife to me!" he groaned out.

The glazing eyes opened wide upon his; the dried lips moved. He put his ear to them to catch the parting words:

"Why didn't you tell me that before?"

Don't wait so long, dear John of the unseeing eye and lagging tongue! I don't think it is possible for you or for any other man to guess how we women hunger and thirst for recognition of what we do and what we feel for those to whom we minister all our life long. Nor how hard it is to train ourselves to take your love for granted. If we are good wives we want you to tell us so before we are laid upon a deathbed. If you respect us in your heart, we long for exhibitions of that respect. Put it to yourself how differently you comport yourself toward your neighbor's wife and toward your own. Your wife "ought to know it all by now."

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

IMPORTANT NOTICE

BECAUSE of the enormous number of letters sent to the Exchange, I must ask contributors to limit their communications to 100 words, except in cases of formulas or recipes which require greater space. I want all my correspondents to have a showing in the Corner, and if my request in this respect is complied with it will be possible to print many more letters.

Salt-Rising Bread

I AM going to tell "Troubled Housewife" how to make salt-rising bread. My brothers made and sold it for years and seldom had any bread that was not nice and sweet and white. They nearly always went to the mill and got coarsely ground meal, but I have made my bread with the fine cooking meal, and it is just as good.

First, have ready a quart bowl, a two-quart basin with a cover and a bread pan. Do not use these for anything else, as the bread spoils if put into any receptacle that is not perfectly sweet. At noontime put a little meal—perhaps a small teacupful—into the bowl, add a quarter teaspoonful of ginger and soda and a teaspoonful of sugar, but no salt. Scald the meal well. This is where some persons make a mistake, for the scalding must be thoroughly done. Be sure that every grain is scalded, and even if the mixture looks too thin, it will thicken while rising. I set my bowl in a pail and hang this on the clothes bars over a gas fire. It will not be light until the next morning. We made a place to keep it warm, such as my brothers had, by cutting a hole in a bread tin, setting the bowl in the other end of the tin and putting a lighted lamp under the hole after nailing the tin to the wall and covering with another tin. Salt-rising bread will stand more heat than cold, and to keep it at a temperature just below scalding is all that is wanted. I sometimes have had the bread pan so hot that I could scarcely handle it when the sponge was rising. In the morning put into the two-quart basin a little water and the meal emptyings, if they are light (as they should be); stir in enough flour to make a good sponge and set on the stove bracket until light. Watch the mixture to keep it from scalding and do not let a draught strike it. Have flour in your bread pan; shake it down and make a hole in the center, and when the sponge is light, put it into the hole, with as [illegible] desired quantity of dough, and add a little salt. Stir again to a stiff batter and sprinkle the top with flour. When light, mold until the dough is smooth. Fill tins about two-thirds full, and when the dough has risen until it begins to peep over the edge of the pans, bake.

When the bread is rising in the bread pans and in the loaves, keep it high up on top of the cupboard or on the upper shelf, as it will not stand cold or a draught.

I hope "T. H." will have good bread, and I am sure that she will if she follows directions. HELPER (Limestone, N. Y.).

I have given this letter at length. There have been so many different recipes, and so many conflicting testimonies with regard to salt-rising bread, that I am sure there are not a few housemothers who will be glad to have the minute directions of one who knows whereof she speaks. One may, as the children say, "begin at the beginning" with this "helper" and follow the various stages of bread-making from dough to perfect loaf.

Mint Jelly

Kindly give a recipe for mint jelly.
H. S. W. (Philadelphia).

Use as a foundation for the mint jelly a plain apple jelly, and in winter, just before taking it from the fire, flavor with essence of mint, to be purchased from grocers and druggists. In summer one may bruise and press the leaves of fresh mint, adding just enough scalding water to make the green juice flow freely. The success of the winter product depends upon the excellence and quantity of mint essence used. Be sure to have the apple jelly foundation stiff enough to permit the addition of the mint juice without making the jelly too thin.

Recipe for Nut Filling

Please tell me how to make a dressing for nut sandwiches.

Kindly tell me also if grape juice is a temperance drink.
E. B. (Germantown, Pa.).

Do you not mean a nut filling instead of a nut dressing? Watch the Corner for a recipe for nut sandwiches.

Yes, unfermented grape juice is certainly a temperance drink.

Homemade Ginger Ale

I notice that you say a recipe for homemade ginger ale has been printed in your Corner. I failed to see it. Will you mail it to me soon.
Mrs. J. A. N. (St. Nicholas, Pa.).

I have explained to you by post that with upward of 100 letters a day to be answered it is impossible for me to send recipes by mail. Nor do I recall the particular one to which you refer. Will any reader having trustworthy directions for a home brew of ginger ale supply the want of our correspondent?

Lard Instead of Butter

Some time ago some one asked if a good cake could be made with lard instead of butter. You said you thought it would taste of the lard, but you wished some expert cake maker would try it and let the result be known. Since then I have tried it twice, and each time the cake—a white one—was delicious. I had a half dozen people sample each cake without telling them why I wanted them to express their opinions. Every one pronounced the cakes fine.

Can you tell me why light bread gets dry so soon? In two days after making it it is dry, although I keep it in a tight tin breadbox. My rolls and bread are perfect, but the bread will dry so quickly. I make it with water.
Mrs. K. E. T. (Louisville, Ky.).

I am sure that other housewives besides myself will be interested in knowing of your success in using lard in your cake. The information you give is welcome in this day when prices are soaring high, and when the cost of butter is a considerable item to the frugal housewife.

One reason your bread dries out quickly is because you mix it with water instead of with milk. The oily matter in milk and in shortening—be it lard or butter—is an effective agent in keeping bread moist and fresh. The fact that many bakers put little or no shortening into their bread accounts for the fact that the "baker's bread" of commerce dries out so much more quickly than does the wholesome homemade loaf.

Guava Jelly

"P. E. M.," of Los Angeles, asks for a recipe for guava jelly, which I now send:

Prepare the fruit by washing and steaming. Place in a double boiler, allowing "pound for pound" of fruit juice and sugar, with not a drop of water at any stage. Allow the mixture to boil over a moderate fire for about half an hour, and the result is a delicious jelly.

I tried "Fannie M'C.'s" "pickled rind," also "H. E. G.'s" "chutney sauce," and found them both excellent.
N. Y. (California).

Thanks for your clear and satisfactory letter. I hope that "P. E. M." will see the good recipe for guava jelly.

Angel Charlotte Russe

A correspondent signing herself "N. M. P." asks for the reprint of the recipe for "Angel's Charlotte Russe." I inclose a printed recipe which I cut from a newspaper and which I think is the one asked for.

Angel Charlotte Russe

One and a half tablespoonfuls of gelatine, ½ cup of cold water, 1 cup of sugar, ½ dozen stale macaroons, rolled; 1 dozen marshmallows cut into small pieces, 2 tablespoonfuls of chopped candied cherries, ¼ pound of chopped and blanched almonds, ¼ cup of boiling water and 1 pint of heavy cream. Soak the gelatine in cold water and dissolve in boiling water. When the mixture [illegible] almonds, macaroons, marshmallows and cherries. Flavor with vanilla or cooking sherry. Turn into a mold first dipped into cold water and chill. Remove from the mold and serve with angel cake.

The recipe sounds delicious. Thank you!

Edible Snails

The following letter shows how cosmopolitan we are becoming, as it tells how one of our readers, a New Yorker, cooks and serves snails in her own home. While I know that snails can be bought at French restaurants I had not appreciated the fact that they are served in American homes. I thank this correspondent for her interesting letter and well-written recipe.

In reply to "Grace D.": Snails do not require feeding, as the edible variety grow on grapevines and feed themselves. The small gray ones are the best, although they spoil and die more quickly than the large variety. I will herewith add a creole recipe for 100 snails:

Five cents' worth of parsley, 3 dried red peppers, 1 pound of butter, 1 large clove of garlic. Hash these ingredients very fine until well blended, and add salt. Soak the snails in strong salt water for twelve hours, or until the "white wall" which they build over themselves is softened. Wash several times and put into a kettle, and cover with boiling water to which has been added a sprig of parsley, a bit of thyme, 2 or 3 cloves, an onion, ½ cup of vinegar, or, if one prefers it, a pint bottle of white wine (sauterne). Boil for twenty-five minutes; remove and drain. With a toothpick or nutpick take each snail from its shell, breaking off the tail, or soft end, which is to be thrown away, as it is the refuse. Place the snails in a cool place until the next day. Now thoroughly clean and brush the shells, which is the only troublesome part of the preparation. Lay them cavity side down until they are drained of all water. In each shell place a snail, pushing it as far back as possible with the pick or the finger, and cover with the hashed preparation. Dip each filled shell in finely grated stale breadcrumbs, and about five minutes before the time for serving place in a hot oven. Eat immediately, as they become tough if allowed to stand. They are delicious. And while I am almost ashamed to confess it, my husband and I could eat 75 or 100 at a meal. The seasoning must be very strong in garlic.
Mrs. A. L. (Fordham, N. Y.).

Genuine Spanish Soup

Seeing that one of the members wants a recipe for genuine Spanish soup, I give you the following recipe, which I follow very often:

For a family of six boil in enough water to supply all six slices of toast. In another vessel brown until crisp a head of garlic in a half cup of salad oil. When well browned take out the garlic, pour the boiling water and the toast into the oil and let all simmer slowly for a few minutes, adding salt and pepper to taste. Serve in individual bowls, putting in the bottom of each bowl a raw egg before pouring in the soup.

This is the genuine "sopa de ajo" which my husband, being Spanish, takes every evening.

I will gladly give to any of the members recipes for Spanish or Mexican dishes.
B. de B. (Mexico).

I receive so many queries with regard to Spanish dishes that I am sure many of our readers will be glad to avail themselves of your kind offer. I thank you, in their name and my own, for your letter and your kind suggestion.

An Inexpensive Pie

May a California member contribute a recipe she knows to be trustworthy?

Pineapple Pie

One cup of sugar, 2 eggs, 2 tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, piece of butter the size of an egg.

Stir all into the juice of one can of pineapple; boil together for 5 minutes. When cold, add the pineapple cut into small pieces. This will make filling for two pies. Bake the crust first; put in the pineapple mixture and cover with whipped cream.
EDITH N. (San Francisco, Cal.).

A tempting dessert and easily made. And if you will examine it you will perceive that it is not expensive. Our California member is invited to favor us again.

Lard in Cake

In answer to "R. P." (Chicago) I can say confidently that lard may be used in making plain cake. I have so used it for five years. Butter is much nicer, of course, but I would never, under any conditions, use a cupful or even half a cupful of lard. A heaping tablespoonful is plenty and safe. No one could detect it. Many of the farmers' wives hereabouts use it. It was by chance that I first learned of the practice, as I am from Brooklyn, N. Y., and have lived here but nine years. The cake in which the heaping spoonful of lard is used calls for from 2 to 3 cupfuls of flour. As a rule, the cooks and housekeepers here do not care to admit that they use lard in this way, but they do!

And why not? It is as wholesome, and cheaper than butter.

Please tell me how the baking soda is added in the recipe for never-failing cake. Is it mixed with the cream or with the flour? I am anxious to know.
S. S. (Alden, Ill.).

I should stir the soda into the cream, and be sure it was dissolved before adding it to the rest of the ingredients. The old way of dissolving it in hot water meets with little favor nowadays.

How to Cook Snails

A correspondent asks for recipes for cooking snails and [illegible] committee of the whole. It is a pleasure to respond to the best of my ability. Only the large shelled or "Roman snail" is used as food, or rather as a delicacy, in southern countries. They are used in the winter alone. During that season a lid is formed which makes the shell air-tight. None with [illegible] open should be eaten. Here it is:

Wash and boil twenty-five unopened snails [illegible] are still hot pull out the boiled snails from the shells. Chop them and add 2 ounces of butter, 2 tablespoonfuls of breadcrumbs and the same of cream, 1 tablespoonful of parsley; salt, pepper and spice to taste. Refill the cleaned shells, reheat and serve hot. LOUISE E. H. M. (Chicago).

Foreigners who eat and like snails ask, in return for our exclamation of wondering disgust, "Why not, as well as oysters and shrimps?"

"Or, for that matter, why is a clean land snail more objectionable as an edible than your diamond-backed terrapin, your soft-shelled crab and the bullfrog legs you rate as a delicacy?"

It may be, as they affirm, a matter of prejudice and custom that we despise the snail and enjoy clams and turtle. It is possible that, dispassionately considered, the grayish, glutinous, gruesome mass devoured in my sight by a Russian count opposite me at a Roman hotel was not a whit more offensive to him than a bowl of oyster bisque to me. All the same, prejudice and custom are mighty and prevail in the American cuisine and home. Your method of disposing of the crustacean creepers is the least objectionable of which I have any knowledge, and we thank you for the recipe.

Limewater

STATISTICS prove that a large proportion of all the babies born die while teething. It becomes a serious question to the anxious mother how she can aid nature at this critical time. When the tooth is almost ready to appear, a judicious rubbing, or allowing the child to bite hard, safe substances, is often healthful and beneficial.

Have you never been alarmed at some sudden attack of sickness, and, when your good doctor was summoned, had him affirm the cause to be teething, when nothing in the appearance of the mouth would indicate the coming of a new tooth? We think any mother who has taken careful observation will [illegible] that often, when the tooth is first forming, the whole organization is more disturbed than when the tooth is about ready to make its appearance.

Now, how can we help matters more than by supplying a child what its [illegible] making? If we take the trouble to look into the matter, we shall find that every tooth is composed largely of lime.

As soon as your baby has reached a suitable age for cutting teeth, put a few drops of limewater in his milk at each meal. By thus supplying your child with just what he needs at this critical time, you will aid nature in her work, and prevent many troublesome, if not fatal, results.

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Ladies' and Gentlemen's Suits Made to Order
from $20 to $35 All Work First Class

Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

What have you to Sell?

We are starting a campaign to advertise Victoria and the Island generally in all parts of Canada, Great Britain and the United States, and we want your assistance in this work.

There is going to be great development on the Island in the immediate future, and you and we must do our part in this expansion

Development means the influx of people and money and we want you to assist us in properly placing both.

What have you for sale? Write and give us the following particulars:—

Description of property and number of acres
Number of acres of cleared and wild land
Number of acres of good soil
Number of acres under cultivation and the nature thereof.

In a word, tell us all about your property and, if possible, send us photos of it.

Quote price and terms, and make the price an appeal to reason.

R. V. WINCH & Co., Ltd.
Successors to ROBERT WARD & Co., Ltd.
Temple Building Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

City Council

The city council met in regular session on Monday evening, there being present Alds. Banks, Stewart, Parnham, Maxwell, Willard and the Mayor

The minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted.

The matter of city workmen's wages was left in the hands of the board of works.

Accounts:—J. Potter ...$ 1.50
Electric Light 40.60
R. Grant & Co 2.13

The matter of nightwatchman's wages was brought up and discussed. Ald Willard moved, seconded by Ald Parnham, that the city pay half the nightwatchman's salary, and do away with public subscription to help support same.

City Solicitor Harrison presented a list of registered owners of property in the city as requested.

The City Clerk was again instructed to write the government re extension of city limits, he having reported that he had not received an answer to the communication sent some time ago

Liquor License By law of 1911 was read, and permission asked to introduce same at next regular meeting of council.

The fire brigade presented the following requests before being taken over by the city:—

That it shall be a volunteer company of not more than twenty eight members.

That they elect their own officers, subject to the approval of the council.

That $2.50 be paid in cases of fire [illegible] section of an hour, for the first hour, and $2.50 for every successive hour while the water is turned on the building.

The exclusive right of fire hall and the council also to fit up a room for firemen's quarters.

The council to overhaul all hose after fires, test hydrants, etc.

These requests were agreed to and accepted by the council. The department will be taken over on January 1st, when [illegible] are taken.

The council will hold a special meeting on Monday evening next to consider the matter of sewerage. The city solicitor will be asked to be present to draft a by-law. Council adjourned.

Applications Wanted.

CITY OF CUMBERLAND.

APPLICATIONS marked "Application for City Police" will be received by the undersigned up to Monday, May 22nd, at 6 p.m., for the position of City Police for night duty. Duties to commence May 31st.

Salary $80 per month and one suit of clothes per year.

Applicant must be of good moral character and of strictly temperate habits

A. McKINNON, CITY CLERK.
City Hall, May 2nd, 1911.

FOR SALE—A frame cottage situated on the corner of Derwent Avenue and Third St. Well fenced. For further particulars apply A. McKinnon, Cumberland, B. C.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS SALE, Consisting of swing staging, ladders, step ladders & etc.
H. J. Theobald

WHITE WYANDOTTE and PEKIN DUCK hatching eggs —$6.00 per 50; $10 00 per 100. IMPROVED SHARPLES STRAWBERRY PLANTS—$4 50 per 500.
L. F SOLLY,
LAKEVIEW POULTRY FARM,
Westholme, E. & N. Ry.

Owing to the absence of the pastor, services will not be held in the Methodist church on Sunday next.

WANTED—A few boarders in private family. Apply this office.

Ladies Hospital Auxiliary will meet in K. of P. Hall on Thursday evening, at 7.30.

Rev. Robertson, of Ladysmith, occupied the Presbyterian pulpit on Sunday last.

No doubt it was good. Alex, but don't let her hug and kiss you at the picture show, it is not the place Take her home.

Mrs. Walton, mother in-law of Wilson Dunn, will leave for her home at Victoria on Wednesday.

The sailing of S. S. [illegible] Thursday, May 4th, to Comox Bay and River and Way Ports is cancelled She will resume her usual run on Saturday, May 6th.

COMMUNICATIONS

EDITOR NEWS:—There has been a vast quantity of alarmist criticism in the Conservative press, some of which is in bad taste as well as bad political judgment. It is really the opinions of men who are either directors or servants of corporations who are interested in high tariff in Canada and the States. They argue that our railways will become lines of rust, etc., but Sir Donald McKenzie approves of the agreement, and Mr. William Wayte, of the C.P.R., says it is bound to come.

Its opponents appear to forget that Canada is part and parcel of the North American continent, and that it is impossible to make her a part of Europe. We can no more continue to keep up a high tariff wall between us and the States than you could between England and Scotland. It is natural that we should desire to trade with our nearest neighbors and be the best of friends. To do this ought not to be a surprise or a reproach.

It is argued that the tariff is a solid buttress against union between us and the States. But Canada goes in for co-operation whilst in the States it has never succeeded; consequently, corporations are supreme there. Therefore, if we succeed in corporation it will prove a stronger buttress than any tariff wall. Besides the States can throw down their wall to-morrow if that would mean annexation. The feeling of the west is even more of opposition to monopoly than to the tariff.

The C.P.R., in many respects, is an admirable corporation. It has enjoyed a monopoly of our carrying trade, but it has piled on excessive freight rates to the cost of everything we import Even competition appears to give little relief to the economic situation. The railways were, and still are, hard masters. The consumer groans under their despotism, but reciprocity will end all that as it will open up new outlets for Canada's products and trade. As the C.P.R. has recently paid a ten per cent dividend, carrying millions forward, it surely now should reduce freight rates, popularize Canadian trade routes, and begin to serve the Empire as well as itself. It was their combination with the cattle shippers that killed our live stock trade, a trade that would encourage mixed farming, now a necessity in the West.

Further, under the agreement, the monopoly of the millers and elevator companies will disappear to the advantage of the farmer, the producer and consumer. It will also wipe out the carrier and middlemen monopolies. Surely it is the legitimate work of a Liberal government to put the interests of the people the workers, before any consideration for strong and wealthy corporations

The manufacturers shrewdly fear that if the farmers of both countries abandon protection for their own products they will want to know why the manufacturers should continue to receive it and make them pay two profits on manufactured articles of 17½ per cent. If you want to get down to the real cause of the Conservative opposition to reciprocity it is simply political selfishness. The moving force in favor of lower tariffs and cheaper living is the grain growers' association of the west, 30,000 strong.

(Continued in our next issue.)

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UNION WHARF, B. C., Sub-Brach, Open Thursdays

H. F. MONTGOMERY, Manager.

Presbyterian Entertainment.

Cumberland Hall last Friday evening was well filled with an appreciative audience, when the Sunday school children assisted by a few of their elders, presented the very pretty and musical operetta "A Feast of Flowers." The solos and choruses were all well rendered, as was also the drills, which included fairies representing the different seasons, The Queen of Flowers, her bodyguard and tiny train-bearers, Uncle Jake and wife and several others. After crowning the Queen, each in turn entertained and did homage to her Majesty. The costumes were all very pretty and uniform, and the stage artistically decorated with trellis-work, roses, corn stalk, caterpillars, etc. Great praise is due to all who contributed in any way toward the success of the entertainment, and especially to Mr. and Mrs. Parnham for their painstaking care in training the children.

Among the mourners at Miss. Thomson's funeral were Chief of Police Grosgan and John Rowan of Nanaimo, old friends of the family, who came from that city to pay the last tribute of respect to the daughter of their friends.

CARD OF THANKS.

To the dear friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in life's greatest trial, also for the beautiful and numerous floral offerings and letters of condolence, we tender our sincere thanks. The waves of sorrow break upon every shore, and we can but hope that friends so true will gather around each one of them should sorrow invade their homes.

JOHN THOMSON AND FAMILY.

P. PHILLIPPS HARRISON

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