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THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

A Journal Devoted Especially, to the Interests of Comox District.

THE NEWS, NINETEENTH YEAR, | CUMBERLAND B. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1911 | SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 A YEAR

The Store of Quality

The Store Of Quality

THE BIG STORE

Easter Pay-day

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS in the newest of Spring Goods throughout our Store.

Ladies' Silk Waists: A large assortment just in stock, in newest materials and latest styles.

Neckwear and Notions Dep't: Is stocked with all the latest for Ladies, young and old, and at every price.

Easter Millinery: Every day we are adding to the large range of dainty millinery at the most reasonable prices.

Boots and Shoes: The most complete range in this vicinity, from the best makers in Canada.

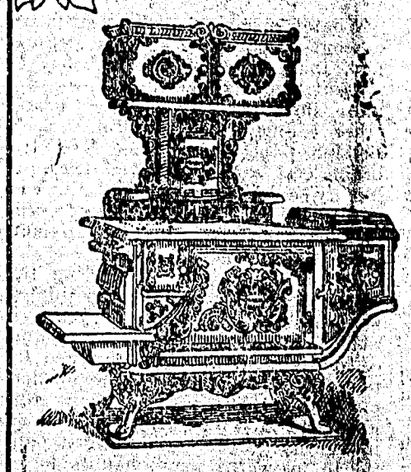
Whitewear for Ladies and Children- All we can say is that our line is complete and at every price.

All we ask is for you to compare our values

WE LIKE TO SHOW OUR GOODS

Simon Leiser & Co., Ltd.

Dunsmuir Ave., Cumberland.



FOR

STOVES

AND

RANGES

Furniture and Household SUPPLIES

Wallpaper
Paints
Varnish
Oils' Etc.

TRY THE

The Magnet Cash Store.

T. E. BATE, Cumberland.

THE CORNER STORE

Summer Suits!

Our Summer Suits are at hand. Quality and Prices are Right.

Dress Goods!

The following goods have arrived and are in the best of condition:

Laces and Embroideries, Ginghams, Prints, Vestings, Summer Dress Goods, Etc.

J. N. McLEOD, *Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland*

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT
ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER

CAPITAL, - $10,000,000 REST, - $7,000,000

THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

of The Canadian Bank of Commerce will receive deposits of $1 and upwards, on which interest is allowed at current rates. There is no delay in withdrawing the whole or any portion of the deposit. Small deposits are welcomed. 234

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, to be operated by any one of the number or by the survivor. A joint account of this kind saves expense in establishing the ownership of the money after death, and is especially useful when a man desires to provide for his wife, or for others depending upon him, in the event of his death.

CUMBERLAND BRANCH ..... W. T. WILLY, Manager.

It is now in order to have a most popular young lady contest. Will Messrs Forde & Hill or Mr. Curtis take the hint?

Mr. T. Bickle arrived home from Vancouver dy Saturday's boat.

Very much needed repairs are being done on our main street sidewalks.

C. H. Tarrbell's place of business has a fine appearance. The new plate glass front adding very much to the attractiveness of the store, which is at all times a model of neatness.

The Misses May and Vivian Bate, daughters of Mr. T. E. Bate, arrived home from Vancouver on Saturday night to spend their Easter vacation. Miss Vivian Bate is a nurse at the General Hospital, and Miss May Bate is attending Normal school.

Mr. John Williams, of Vancouver is in town.

Rev. D. McGillivray will leave by Wednesday's boat en route for Nova Scotia.

Mrs T. Bickle and Miss R. Bickle, are visiting Vancouver.

Baby Show in Cumberland Hall.

The most popular baby contest closed at City Hall on Saturday evening, resulting in a victory for No. 2, (Mrs. William Thomson's baby) by a majority of fourteen.

The vote of the two leaders was as follows:—

No. 0.....659
No. 2.....645

Mr. Curtis presented the prize to the baby victr at the close of the evenings entertainment. The prize was a handsome perambulator.

Mr. Palmer our high scholl principal and Miss. Winifred O. Lawson, were united in marriage last week at Vancouver.

Mrs. D. Anthony, of Vancouver is in town renewing old acquaintances.

The Ladies Hospital Auxiliary cleared over one hundred dollars at their tea on Saturday evening.

Mr. A. McKinnon has purchased Mr. Theobald's residence. It looks as if "Sandy" has not lost faith in the town.

We regret to have to announce the death of Mrs. Keenan, wife of Mr. W. J. Keenan of Union, B.C., which sad event took place on Sunday morning. The deceased had been ill for some time, but death, as it always does came suddenly at last, and took from the midst of her family, a loving and faithful mother and wife, on the bright Easter morning. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon from the family residence, Rev. D. McGillivray officiating.

The Pythian Sisters, Eagles and Knights of Pythias attended the funeral in a body.

John Jardine, M. P. P., ex-Liberal member for Esquimalt, who flopped to the Tories, is now a full-fledged member of the Esquimalt Conservative Association.

Rev. W. E. Morgan, Superintendent of Methodist Oriental Missions in B. C., arrived in town today. He will deliver an address in the Methodist church tomorrow (Wednesday) evening on "Our Oriental Work". Mr. Morgan has been in mission work in China, and can tell us some interesting things.

A joint debate by the members of the young men's clubs of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches is to be held in the vestry of Grace MethodistChurch on Friday evening next. The question of reciprocity, which is again to be the subject for discussion, ought to be getting clearer in some of our minds soon

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Theobald intend leaving here in a month's time for Toronto, where they will n future reside.

BIRTH—At Cumberland on Wednesday, April 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. T. Coumb a son.

FAREWELL AND PRESENTATION To Rev. D. McGillivray

The members and adherents of St. Georges Presbyterian church, gathered in the church on Monday evening to bid farewell to their pastor, Rev. D. McGillivray. The reverand gentleman was presented with an address and purse during the evening. The address was as follows:—

To Rev. D. McGillivray:

We the members and adherents of St. George's Presbyterian Church, Cumberland, B.C on the eve of your departure, desire to show our appreciation of the services which you have rendered this congregation.

By your untiring zeal and energy and your constant devotion to the work of the church, both in the pulpit and in administering to the spiritual necessities of those in sickness and distress, as well as by your kindly tactfulness, you have gained the respect and esteem of your congregation, and also of the community.

When you came to us as a missionary, about five and a half years ago, we could scarcely be called a congregation; but since then under your kind but firm guidance we have steadily grown and today we are developed into a strong and united congregation almost ready to become a self-sustaining body.

During your ministration the missionary spirit of the people has been awakened, and now we are regular contributors in fulfilling the command, "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature." When you came to us we were unable to provide you any accommodation; but now, through your indomitable courage and never failing resourcefulness, we have added to the church property a manse which is a credit to Presbyterianism, not only in the city, but also in this, our fair province.

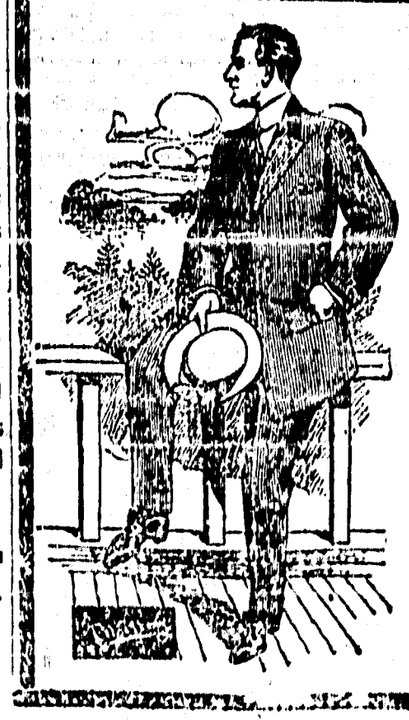
In taking leave of you we ask you to accept this purse, and trust that you will have a pleasant journey to your native province, and that you may speedily regain your usual bodily vigor

Signed on behalf of St. George's congregation,

R. Halcrow
D. Hunden
T. Bannerman
Elders.

The young men of St. George's Bible Class also presented Mr. McGillivray with a handsome suit case in recognition of his services among them.

Captain Sears of the Iroquois is charged with manslaughter.



OUR SPRING FURNISHINGS FOR MEN.

Embraces all that is newest, best and correct. We want you to call and inspect them—the very latest in Spring and Easter apparel for careful dressers.

SPRING SUITS

We have the handiwork of Canada's foremost clothes makers, tailored from selected English and Scotch fabrics. Suits that will measure up to every man's particular requirement.

We invite you to look now whether you buy or not.

THE FIT-RITE STORE

Campbell Bros.

The Riverman

By STEWART EDWARD WHITE

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(Continued.)

Chapter 20

"MY sweetheart," said Orde. "Poor mother! I wonder how she'll take it."

In the hallway of the Bishop house Orde kissed her.

"Be brave, sweetheart," said he, "but remember that now you're my wife."

Orde sat in the dim parlor for what seemed to be an interminable period. Occasionally the sounds of distant voices rose to his ear and died away again. Finally he heard the rustle of the portieres and turned to see the dim form of the general.

"Bad business! Bad business!" muttered the old man. "It's very hard on me. Perhaps you did the right thing. You must be good to her, but I cannot countenance this affair. It was most high handed, sir!"

Finally, after another interval, Carroll returned. She was sobbing violently. She came to him and for the moment hid her face against his breast. After a little she controlled herself.

"Jack, we must go tonight. She—she has ordered me out of the house and says she never wants to see my face again." She broke down for a second. "Oh, Jack, she can't mean that! And she's very bitter against Gerald. Oh, I told her it wasn't his fault, but she won't listen. She sent for that odious Mr. Merritt—her rector, you know—and he supported her. I believe he's angry because we did not go to him."

"Can't you just pack a bag and leave the rest until tomorrow? It's about hungry time."

"She says I must take every stitch belonging to me tonight."

They packed trunks until late that night. Carroll and Orde walked together to the hotel. Next morning an interview with Gerald confirmed them in their resolution of immediate departure.

"She is set in her opposition now, and at present she believes firmly that her influence will separate you."

Gerald smiled his fine smile.

"Goodby," said he. "Going to a train is useless and a bore to everybody."

Carroll threw herself on his neck in an excess of passionate weeping.

At the station the general appeared.

"There, there!" he fussed. "If your mother should hear of my being here it would be a very bad business. And you, sir, be good to her. And write your daddy, Carroll. He'll be lonesome for you." He blew his nose very loudly. "Here, my dear, open this envelope when you are well started. It may help cheer the journey."

He hurried them through the gate.

Carroll opened the envelope. It contained a check for $1,000.

"Dear old daddy!" she murmured. "Our only wedding present!"

Chapter 21

THE winter months were spent at Monrovia, where Orde and his wife lived for a time at the hotel.

Carroll soon became acquainted with the life of the place. Monrovia consisted of an upper stratum of mill owners and lumber operators, possessed of considerable wealth and some cultivation; a gawky middle estate of storekeepers and the lumber mill operatives. The class first mentioned comprised a small coterie, among whom Carroll soon found two or three congenials—Edith Fuller, wife of the bank cashier; Valerie Cathcart, whose husband had been killed in the civil war; Clara Taylor, wife of the leading lawyer of the village, and, strangely enough, Mina Heinzman, the sixteen-year-old daughter of old Heinzman, the lumberman. Though later the old German and Orde locked in serious struggle on the river, they continued to meet socially quite as usual, and the daughter of one and the wife of the other never suspected anything out of the ordinary.

Newmark received the news of his partner's marriage without surprise, but with a sardonic gleam in his eye. He called promptly, conversed politely for a half hour and then took his leave.

"How do you like him?" asked Orde.

"He's a very shrewd man."

Orde laughed.

"I don't dislike him," said Carroll. "I've not a thing against him. But we could never be in the slightest degree sympathetic. He and I don't—don't"—

"Don't jibe," Orde finished for her. "I didn't think you would. Joe's not much of a society bug."

Newmark had rented a small one story house situated just off Main street. Into this he retired as a snail into its shell. At first he took his meals at the hotel, but later he imported an impassive, secretive man-servant, who took charge of him com-

"Goodby," she said.

pletely. Neither master nor man made any friends. Carroll and Orde, out for a walk, passed this quaint little place.

"Jack," she begged, "I want a little house like that for our very own."

"We can't afford it, sweetheart."

"Not to own," she explained, "just to rent. It will be next best to having a home of our own."

"We'd have to have a girl, dear," said Orde, "and we can't even afford that yet."

"A girl!" she cried indignantly.

"You couldn't do the housework and the cooking," said Orde. "You've never done such a thing in your life, and I won't have my little girl slaving."

"It won't be slaving; it will be fun, just like playing housekeeping," protested Carroll. "And I've got to learn some time. I was brought up most absurdly, and I realize it now."

"We'll see," said Orde vaguely.

Later Carroll brought the subject up again, armed with sheets of paper covered with figures showing how much cheaper it would be to keep house than to board.

"You certainly make out a strong case—on paper," laughed Orde. "If you buy a rooster and a hen and she raises two broods, at the end of a year you'll have twenty-six, and if they all breed, even allowing half roosters, you'll have over 300, and if they all breed you'll have about 3,500, and if"—

"Stop, stop!" cried Carroll, covering her ears.

"All right," agreed Orde equably, "but that's the way it figures. Funny the earth isn't overrun with chickens, isn't it?"

Two days later Orde took her one block up the street to look at a tiny little house tucked on a fifty foot lot beneath the shadow of the church.

"It's mighty little," said he. "I'll have to go out in the hall to change my collar."

They ended by renting the little house, and Carroll took charge of it delightedly. What difficulties she overcame and what laughable and cryable mistakes she made only those who have encountered a like situation could realize.

"Kind of fun being married, isn't it?" said he.

"Kind of," she admitted, nodding gravely.

The business of the firm was now in shape. Boom arrangements had been made, the tugs were in the water, supplies and equipments were stored away, the foremen of the crews engaged and the crews themselves pretty well picked out. Almost before they knew it January and February had flown.

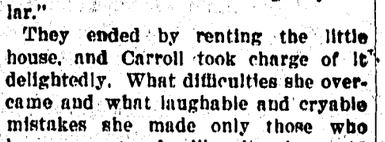
"We must pack up, sweetheart," said Orde.

"It's only yesterday that we came," she cried regretfully.

At Redding they explored together for three days the delights of the old fashioned house. Then Orde assumed his woods clothes and marched off down the street, carrying his bag on his back.

"He looks like a conqueror of wildernesses," cried Carroll, straining her eyes after his vanishing figure. Suddenly she darted after him. She clasped him by the shoulders.

"Goodby," she said. "You'll take better care of my sweetheart than you ever did of Jack Orde, won't you, dear?"



Chapter 22

ORDE had made his dispositions as the general disposes of his army. At this point five men could keep the river clear; at that rapid it would require twenty, and yet an emergency might call for thirty. Those thirty must not be beyond reach. Among the remoter wildernesses every section must have its driving camp. The crews of each would be expected to keep clear and running their own "beats" on the river. As fast as the river crew should overtake these divisions either it would absorb them or the members of them would be thrown forward beyond the lowermost boat, to take charge of a new division downstream. A walking boss would trudge the river trail or ride the logs holding the correlation of these many units. Orde himself would drive up and down the river, overseeing the whole campaign.

Orde found himself rather short handed. He had counted on three hundred men for his crews, but scrape and scratch as he would he was un-

"I'm working for you now."

able to gather over 250. However, later, when the woods camps should break up, he would pick up more men.

"They won't be rivermen like my old crew, though," said Orde regretfully to Tom North, the walking boss.

Until the logs should be well adrift Orde had resolved to boss the rear crew himself.

The rear crew being farthest up stream, Orde had taken the contract to break the rollways belonging to Carlin, which would be piled on the bank. Thus he could get to work immediately at the breakup and with out waiting for some one else. The lumber in Carlin's drive would keep the men below busy until the other owners should also have put their season's cut afloat.

(To be continued.)

Robes For Coronation.

Few people are aware that the guests at British coronations may not select their own costumes. The crown appoints a special official, whose duty it is to see that the noble guests are properly attired. It is within this official's power to refuse admission to defaulters, no matter what their rank; and at the coronation of King Edward one peer was actually excluded from the ceremony because he had endeavored to assert his independence in some trifling detail of attire.

Dukes must don robes or mantles of crimson velvet, edged with miniver, and their capes must be furred with miniver pure, and powdered with four bars or rows of ermine—i.e. narrow pieces of black fur. Their noble wives will only pass the crown official in safety if, over full court dress, their ducal capes are powdered with four rows of ermine, with a five-inch-broad edging, a two-yard train, and a coronet consisting of eight strawberry leaves, all of equal length, above the rim. And so on, from dukes and duchesses down to barons and baronesses.

The different grades of the peers may be detected by the number of rows of ermine on their cloaks. As has already been stated, dukes are entitled to wear four. The other peers wear: Marquises, three rows and a half; earls, three rows; viscounts, two rows and a half; barons, two rows.

The degrees of peeresses, on the other hand, are shown by the length of their trains upon the ground. These are prescribed by the Earl Marshal as follows: Duchesses, two yards; marchionesses, one yard and three-quarters; countesses, one yard and a half; viscountesses, one yard and a quarter; baronesses, one yard.

Novels With a Purpose.

There is no doubt that the best novel of this kind; and the most effective for its purpose of putting an end to slavery, was "Uncle Tom's Cabin." "Don Quixote" ridiculed the follies and abuses of chivalry out of existence. In "It's Never Too Late to Mend" the intolerable cruelties of our prison system were attacked, and "Hard Cash" exposed the equally flagrant wrongs practiced in lunatic asylums. "Oliver Twist" drew attention to the maladministration of the Poor Law, "Bleak House" struck at the Chancery Courts, while "Nicholas Nickleby" pointed out abuses in schools of the "Dotheboys' Hall" type. "All Sorts and Conditions of Men" brought about some amelioration of the conditions of life among the poor in the East End of London. One object of Tolstoi's "Resurrection" was the reformation of the incredible barbarities of the Russian prison system. "Danesbury House" is, perhaps, the most familiar of novels written with the object of righting the abuses of the liquor traffic.

How Byron Fought Fat.

Poetry and too pronounced plumpness do not harmonize well, and no one was more widely awake to this fact than Lord Byron. Many were the means he adopted for ridding himself of his unwelcome "adipose deposit."

In a letter to his soliciter he says: "I wear seven waistcoats and a great coat, run and play cricket in this dress till quite exhausted by excessive perspiration, use the bath daily, eat only a quarter of a pound of butcher's meat in twenty-four hours. By these means my ribs display skin of no great thickness and my clothes have been taken in nearly half a yard."

Hadn't Always the Price.

Lord Talbot DeMalahide, in a witty after dinner speech at Rye, came out strongly for woman suffrage. "Whenever I hear the suffrage combatted," said Lord Talbot, "on the score of woman's protected, sheltered, petted life, I think of a poor woman I once questioned in England. "This poor creature had been beaten by her husband in a drunken fury. The man had been drunk, it appears, for 10 days running.

"'My good friend,' I said to her, 'does your husband always drink like that?'

"'No, my lord,' she answered. Sometimes I gets hout o' work.'"

An Aged Family.

Five members of a family of six in the Island of Islay are receiving Old Age Pensions. Their combined ages amount to 446 years. The sixth becomes eligible for an Old Age Pension this year.

HOW ALIENS CREEP IN

THOUSANDS OF FOREIGNERS EVADE BRITAIN'S LAWS.

Return Excursion Tickets Are One of the Popular Methods of Getting Past the Officials — Second-Class Passengers Are Exempt From Inspection and Many Cross Channel In That Way.

Whatever may be the legislative outcome of the amazing siege at Stepney, there is no gainsaying that at present our immigration laws are more ineffective than those of any other country in the world, says a London paper. Any alien with the brains of a rabbit, however black his history or blighted his health, can easily enter England against the will of the authorities, and can, in fact, snap his fingers at them.

The latest method of evading the Aliens Act is to come to this country with the return half of an excursion ticket, which can always be purchased on the continent or obtained by post from London or from a confederate who has used the other half. Not long ago a Frenchman well-known in Leicester Square, thinking it politic to leave his usual haunts for a short time, went to Paris by a day excursion. While there he gave the return half of his ticket to an old comrade in crime, who with it came to London, giving a false name and address to the purser as he crossed the channel.

But there are many other dodges for evading the Aliens Act. One which results in hundreds of "undesirables" entering this country is systematically practised on some steamers. It is keeping the number on a ship just below the limit allowed for exemption from inspection. Originally a steamer which carried fewer than twenty steerage passengers was not, for the purposes of the act an immigrant ship, and was not, therefore, liable to inspection. Then the number of third-class passengers allowed for exemption was reduced to twelve, and now it is again twenty. Mark how matters have been adjusted accordingly. Some captains used regularly to bring over seventeen or eighteen third-class passengers, then nine or ten, and at present they are back again to the old number, except when they cut things very fine and arrive in the Thames with nineteen.

It is not uncommon for the aliens thus "scraped through" to include at least one who has been refused leave to land. He or she previously came to England in an immigrant ship, and was turned back owing to lack of means or for some other reason. No fewer than four rejected aliens were about a year ago dumped in a batch at Hull from a (technically) non-immigrant steamer.

The same steamers bring over many "undesirables' as second-class passengers, and thus defeat the object of the Aliens Act in another way. No sooner were second-class passengers exempted from inspection than such companies lowered their second-class fares till they were only a little higher than the steerage fares, and ever since many immigrants unable to pass inspection, as well as not a few of those refused permission to land, have triumphed over the authorities by coming to England in the intermediate class.

Shipping agents in continental ports also have many tricks whereby they dump "undesirables" on us. About eighteen months since, for instance, some of those at Bremen kept in stock letters of invitation written by people in this country. These they supplied — for a consideration — to aliens for showing to the inspectors when they reached England as conclusive proofs that there was not the remotest chance of their becoming burdens on John Bull.

A moderately wideawake immigrant, however, requires no assistance to enable him to enter England without even a "By your leave." What is to prevent him from shipping as a cattleman or sailor and landing at one of our ports as such? Nothing. As a fact, this game is played on us thousands of times every year. Out of the total number of cattlemen who arrived in this country in 1909 no fewer than 2,209 did not return on the cattle ships. Some may have left as ordinary passengers, but the majority doubtless remained in England. Whether they are likely to become good citizens may be gauged from the fact that thousands of cattlemen who have landed in this country have straightway sought the hospitality of the casual ward.

The ranks of Chinese residents in this country are steadily recruited in the same way. Of late years many "sailors" from the Celestial empire have married English girls and settled in our large ports, particularly Liverpool, where laundries "run" by their compatriots absorb some of them. Six or seven years ago an attempt was made to establish Chinese laundries in London, with the result that the promoters got such a fright from hostile crowds that the enterprise faded away. But in Liverpool, Birkenhead, and the Wallasey district there are many such laundries, and a few have recently been opened in towns so far inland as Stockport.

They compete strenuously, not only against our native laundries, but against one another. One described himself as a "Christian Chinaman," and his rival in the same street, boldly announced, "Me no relig on; me wash clothes!"

Still more undesirable immigrants work a passage to this country. One of the men responsible for the twenty-five or twenty-six casualties at Tottenham undoubtedly came to England as a fireman on a steamer, and probably the other desperado evaded the Aliens Act in a precisely similar manner. Both, at all events, were nominally sailors when they landed.

Health is the second blessing that we mortals are capable of, a blessing that money cannot buy.—Walton.

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READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

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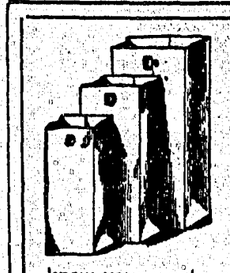
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Indiana, U. S. A.



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Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.

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Order From Nearest Branch

Germany's Poor Nobility

Professor Kekule von Stradnoitz has just made an interesting study of the condition of many of the ancient ennobled families of Germany. The professor takes his facts from the records of the Central Society for the Assistance of German Nobles. Here he finds that the descendants of families whose nobility is beyond question, are in some instances gaining a livelihood, such as it is, as clerks, shopmen and minor officials. Many have emigrated to America. Among these are scions of houses justly distinguished in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Not a few, having put in their term of military service, are now passing their days in the ranks.—London Globe.

"Why are you sobbing, my little man?"

"My pa's a millionaire philanthropist."

"Well, well! There's nothing to cry about, is it?"

"It ain't, ain't it? He's just promised to give me $5 to spend for Christmas provided I raise an similar amount.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Answered

"Fader," said young Isaacstein to his parent, "is it vicked to vork on de Sabbath?"

"Of course it is, mine poy," replied Mr. Isaacstein.

"Den vy do you open de shop on Saturday, vich is our Sabbath, fader?"

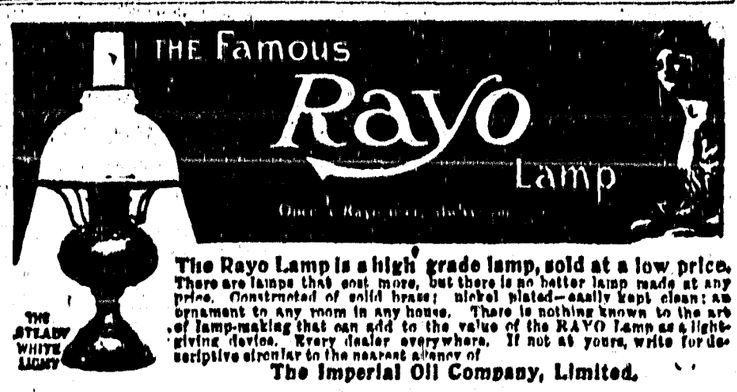
"Mine tear boy, ve do not vork den; ve takes monish—lots of monish!" added Mr. Isaacstein cheerfully, rubbing his hands.

"Den vot is vork, fader?" continued his son, pesistently.

"Vork, minepoy," said Mr. Isaacstein, impressively, "is ven you do somet'ing and gets nodings for it!"

Teacher—"I have been trying for some time to get the room so quiet that we could hear a pin drop. I have dropped the pin several times but you have been making so much noise that it has been impossible to hear it. What do you think we had better do, children?"

Reddy Backrow—"Tie a dumbell to it next time, teacher."—Brooklyn Life.



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

62

Another Modern Miracle Locomotor Ataxia Cured

The Sufferer Had Been Given Up as Incurable by Several Doctors---Hospital Treatment Also Failed---Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Worked the Miracle.

Before the discovery of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, locomotor ataxia was considered an incurable disease. It has been fully demonstrated, however, that this disease can be cured through the use of these pills, where the treatment is persisted in, and the directions carefully followed.

Locomotor ataxia is a disease of the spinal cord, and first shows itself in an inability to stand erect when the eyes are closed, or in the dark. It is characterized by peculiar disturbances of the gait, and difficulty in governing the motions of the legs. One of the commonest and earliest signs is a tired feeling, particularly noted in the knees and ankles. This sensation is provoked by slight exertion, and is not relieved by rest. Often a numb feeling is associated with it, and these two symptoms are always present in the early stages. As the disease progresses, there is an increase in the duration and extent of the numb feelings, covering at times the foot alone, then extending to the leg. The disease is usually of slow growth, and the increase and intensity of the symptoms is not noticed, but its progress is constant, and generally approaches a total lack of feeling in the legs, causing a wobbling gait and an entire inability to govern the steps. As the disease progresses the patient loses all control over bowels and water, and becomes utterly helpless, and has to be cared for like a child.

In proof of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure this terrible malady, Mrs. Sarah Jane Ruller, of Antler, Sask., says: "For seven years from 1900 to 1907, my son James was afflicted with locomotor ataxia. During that time he was treated by several of the best doctors in the West, but their treatment failed to be of any benefit, and he kept growing worse and worse, till finally he lost all control of his limbs, and could not move at all. I had to carry him from his bed to a chair, where I would have to tie him, to enable him to sit up. He was as helpless as an infant; he lost all control of his kidneys and bowels, and we daily looked for death to relieve him of his suffering. In 1905 we sent him to Brandon Hospital, hoping that the treatment there would benefit him. In this, though, we were disappointed, and the hospital doctor advised me to take him home, as they said they could do nothing for him. At this time a friend advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Being willing to try anything in the hope of finding relief for my boy, I bought a supply. In less than three months I noted a slight improvement in his condition. In six months he could walk once more and from that on the improvement continued, till now he is fully cured and once more able to attend school and do the chores about the house. What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for him is truly wonderful, and I would strongly recommend them to all sufferers, for they most certainly saved my boy's life."

In substantiation of what Mrs. Ruller says, Mr. A. E. Steele, the well-known lumber and coal dealer of Antler, writes: "With reference to what Mrs. Ruller says concerning her son's cure by Pink Pills, I have no hesitation in saying that what she says is absolutely true in every particular, as I am personally acquainted with the case."

This great cure is not the only one performed by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have brought thousands back to health and strength after some of the best doctors in the country have been forced to give up the case as incurable. Not only in cases of locomotor ataxia, but in cases of partial paralysis, sciatica, acute rheumatism, and many other severe ailments have they been successful. The whole secret of their wonderful success is in their power to make rich, red, health-giving blood—the one essential for good health. The pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or direct by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Regular

The Preacher—And does your husband vote as he prays?

The Wife—Oh, yes; about once a year!—Yonkers Statesman.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. - - - 25 cents.

Underground London contains 34,300 miles of telegraph wires, 3,003 miles of sewers, 4,530 miles of water mains, and 3,200 miles of gas pipes.

While a steel band may be stronger than a brass band, the latter is more successful in holding a crowd.

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

It makes a mother mad if her son's wife is deeper in the social swim than herself.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

If a metal pole be unprotected when placed in the ground it will rust seriously in about ten years.

His Position

"You have been with your firm a long time?" said a man to his old schoolfellow.

"Yes," answered his friend, with a patient expression of countenance.

"What's your position?"

"I am an employee."

"Yes, but what do you do?"

"Well, I am a doer and the others are tellers. It's like this. When the guv'nor wants something done he tells the cashier, and the cashier tells the bookkeeper, and the bookkeeper tells the assistant bookkeeper, and the assistant bookkeeper tells the chief clerk, and the chief clerk tells me."

"And what then?"

"Well, I haven't anybody to tell, so I have to do it."

She Wanted His Size Slipper

The curate had just arrived. He was young, handsome and single, and consequently very popular with the ladies of the parish, whose appreciation took the usual form of worked slippers.

A fair caller at his boarding-house thus interviewed the housekeeper: "You see, I wanted to make our dear curate a pair of slippers, and I thought you might lend me one of his old shoes to get the size."

"Law, miss," was the reply, "the shoes is all a-given out four days ago! And it was only yesterday morning a lady came here a-imploring of me to let her measure the wet footmarks in the reverend gentleman's bathroom immediately he had gone out."

"Well, how is marriage?" said a friend to the newly-married man.

"Oh, marriage is all right," replied the husband, "but woman is so curious."

"How is that?"

"Well, the morning after our wedding day my wife asked me for a hundred dollars. The day after she asked for a hundred more, and the third day for another hundred."

"What, three hundred dollars in three days? Why, man, what did she do with it all?"

"Oh," replied the young husband, "she didn't get it!"

On Sale Everywhere.—There may be country merchants who do not keep Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, though they are few and far between and these may suggest that some other oil is just as good. There is nothing so good as a liniment or as an internal medicine in certain cases. Take no other. The demand for it shows that it is the only popular oil.

Getting Ready for Him

The little girl entered the shop with the air of a real grown-up lady and stood by the counter with her wide blue eyes on a level with it.

"Well, Sadie!" said the shopkeeper.

"Sarah, if you please," she corrected.

"Well, Miss Sarah," he said; "what can I do for you?"

"I want to get a mitten, if you please, an' charge it to Mother."

"You mean a pair of mittens, don't you?"

"No," she said, with an impatient toss of her head; "I mean jus' on'y one; one that's suitable to give to a young man that's going to propose an' be rejected."

Scott's Emulsion
is the original—has been the standard for thirty-five years.

There are thousands of so-called "just as good" Emulsions, but they are not—they are simply imitations which are never as good as the original. They are like thin milk—SCOTT'S is thick like a heavy cream.

If you want it thin, do it yourself—with water—but dont buy it thin.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send No., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

What We Want

The body wants health; the imagination cries out for beauty; and the heart for love. Pride asks for consideration; the soul yearns for peace; the conscience for holiness; our whole being is athirst for happiness and for perfection.—Amiel.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. - - - 25 cents.

Fair exchange is no robbery, but usually one of the parties gets stuck.

"What do you think of anti-toxin?"

"I don't know much about the crusade but I'll join."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Pumice soap and ammonia will cure the worst case of tarnished brass. Just moisten the cloth with ammonia and rub it briskly over the soap and apply to the article to be cleaned.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

"Do you suppose Moses suffered as much as Pharaoh in the plague of darkness, Johnny?"

"No'm, he had lights."

"Did he? What kind of lights?"

"Israelites."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—My daughter, 13 years old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly,
J. B. LIVESQUE.

St. Joseph, P. O., 18th Aug., 1900.

More people have the gift of gab than the gift of silence.

You couldn't get the truth out of some men with a stomach pump.

After finishing some things it keeps us busy keeping them finished.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF

It makes no difference whether it is millinery, skirts or germs—the present season cannot claim anything new under the sun. The deeper we dig into the historical and traditional past, the more we realize we are legatees of the old days and races.

There was Mercury, the winged messenger of the Gods—behold the little cap-like bit of millinery and the wing trimming that is named after the fleet-footed one, which adorns the puffs and curls of the swift-fingered stenographer.

The ridiculous "hobble-skirt" would for dynasties of time have hampered the Chinese women's walking even if their feet were not crippled. The "hobble" is not only the native Chinese woman's straight, narrow style of skirt, but the queer Egyptian and Assyrian figures on stones unearthed by Archaeologists are extremely hobbled.

Centuries ago Russia and the European continent were swept by an epidemic of an influenza type that passed into history. Now and then it cropped out again in limited areas. Over twenty years ago the whole world was swept by this same disease in an aggravated form and generally named "La Grippe." Since then year by year we have known and experimented with the Grippe germ in all its forms and force. Much has been learned about the proper treatment of these cases, but the best specialists and doctors have agreed that the standard food-medicine which has done duty for nearly forty years is still the sheet-anchor for all Grippe victims. Scott's Emulsion relieves the cough, lessens the aches and relieves the prostrating weakness of this disease by thoroughly nourishing every part of the body with the oil food which the health of the body requires when Grippe germs are active. The Emulsion is especially useful in the lung form of the present epidemic which is the most severe and widespread we have had for more than twenty years.

THIS VILLAGE NOT DULL.

Remarkable Organization Brought Joy to Kentish Hamlet.

Hildenborough, in Kent, is the most remarkable hamlet in all King George's dominions. It is there that all the best balls are made for the British national game of cricket. Except for a few London commuters who live there, the entire population depends for livelihood on the manufacture of cricket balls. What distinguishes Hildenborough from every other village in England is the "Hildenborough Club" and the "Village Players," which have freed the village from that deadly dullness that is characteristic of a majority of small settlements.

The "Village Players of Hildenborough" are famous throughout England. Many noted actors have witnessed their acting. Among them have been Sir Henry Irving, Sir Squire and Lady Bancroft, Lady Beerbohm Tree and Mr. and Mrs. Kendal and others, all of whom have declared themselves amazed at the histrionic talent displayed. There were no women in the company at first. Later on they participated as the company grew capable of greater efforts. So great now is its skill that the London daily newspapers of consequence always send their critics to all first-night performances. Yet these workingmen are their own instructors, and have never had the assistance of either a professional actor or stage manager. Some of them were never in a theatre in their lives. The plays, every accessory and the music have their origin in the village.

The "Players" always devote the six weeks before Christmas to rehearsals. Every evening is used. On Sunday evenings knotty problems are discussed after the church service, which is held in the club theatre. The proceeds of the company's public performance in the six weeks following Christmas go a long way toward enabling the club to spend large sums of money during the whole of the year without much call upon the scantily lined pockets of the villagers. There was a time when many of the villagers got drunk regularly in order to keep themselves from remembering that there was nothing else for them to do.

Every possible need of the community is intended to be embraced by the Village Club. It is a night school, a playroom for adults, a sick benefit and burial society, a library, reading room, common parlor, a mishap benevolent fund, an orchestral society, debating society, cricket club, football club, chess, checkers, quoits, cycling, fishing and other clubs, a bank, and a taxpayers' association—all rolled into one. No villager has been known to get intoxicated since the club got hold of the place. Refreshments of all kinds are sold at the clubhouse practically at cost price. There are no paid servants. Even the cleaning is done in turn by volunteers on the weekly Cleanliness Committee.

The annual dues are 5s. ($1.20). All the villagers belong, women as well as men. The institution has nearly a thousand members.

All the members' savings in the bank are invested in loans to members, and the bank conducts a building society to enable members to own their own houses. The club is the soul of the village. There is no part of the village life in which it does not participate, from the growing of the biggest potatoes and cabbages, and the handsomest roses, down to the best batting averages at cricket, and the longest throw with a cricket ball, from the handsomest baby of the year to the prettiest home-made frock.

The orchestra started with two fiddles. For a while afterward every instrument was a solo instrument. Now there are weekly concerts by an excellent balanced band, led by the organist of the parish church.

The village schoolmaster was the father of the club. He wrote the first play and the organist composed the music. The policeman painted the scenery. For many a night the first rehearsals were something awful. The men thought it was necessary to "act," and they could not. When at last they realized they had only to be natural they achieved the touch of genius.

What Hildenborough has done can be accomplished by any village that will try. It is only necessary to start, and to keep in view the fact that the main object to be attained is simple happiness, and that to gain it each must be helpful to all and all to each.

Might Have Been Worse.

On a celebrated occasion in Vienna, when there was much excitement in all the European courts over affairs of international moment, the French ambassador was suddenly recalled by his Government. "It is a very grave affair, is it not," Prince Metternich was asked by a lady at a court ball, "this recall of the ambassador?" "Not so grave, I assure you, madame," the prince responded, "as it would have been if it had been the French ambassador's cook who was recalled. The ambassador can easily be replaced, but not his cook."

When the Cat Was Sacred.

In the middle ages brute animals formed as prominent a part in the devotional ceremonies of the time as they had in the old religion of Egypt. The cat Aelurus was embalmed after death and buried in the city of Bubastis because, according to Herodotus, Diana Bubastis, the chief deity of the place, was said to have transformed herself into a cat when the gods fled into Egypt.

Opened the King's Eyes.

When Fenelon was almoner to Louis XIV. his majesty was astonished to find one Sunday, instead of the usual crowded congregation, only himself and the priest. "What is the meaning of this?" said the King. "I caused it to be given out," replied the prelate, "that your majesty did not attend chapel to-day that you might see who it was that came here to worship God and who to flatter the king."

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

SITUATIONS VACANT

Men and Women Wanted to represent us locally. Two dollars per day salary and commission. No experience necessary. Write,

J. L. Nichols Co., Limited, Toronto.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Shoe Boils, Capped Hock, Bursitis are hard to cure, yet ABSORBINE

will remove them and leave no blemish. Does not blister or remove the hair. Cures any puff or swelling. Horse can be worked. $2.00 per bottle, delivered. Book 6 D free.
ABSORBINE, JR., (mankind, $1.00 bottle.) For Boils, Bruises, Old Sores, Swellings, Goitre, Varicose Veins, Varicosities. Allays Pain.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 137 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.
LYMANS, Ltd., Montreal, Canadian Agents.
Also purchased by MARTIN SOLE & WYNNE CO., Winnipeg; THE NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Winnipeg & Calgary; and HENDERSON BROS. CO., Ltd., Vancouver.

An Infallible Guide
when purchasing silverware—eliminating all guesswork—is to look for the trade-mark
"1847 ROGERS BROS."
The wonderful durability of this silverware has been proved during the past sixty years. It is the heaviest plate made.
Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped
MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS
"Silver Plate that Wears"

Here's a Home Dye That ANYONE Can Use.

HOME DYEING has always been more or less of a difficult undertaking—Not so when you use
DY-O-LA
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS
Send for Sample Card and Story Booklet 99
The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Can.
JUST THINK OF IT!
With DY-O-LA you can color either Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye. No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods you have to color.

Dominion Express Money Orders and Foreign Cheques
are payable all over the World.
Absolutely the best way to remit money by mail.
TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES ISSUED
Money sent by Telegraph and Cable
Foreign Money bought and sold.

Rates for Money Orders	
$5 and under	3 cents
Over $ 5 to $10	5 "
" 10 to 30	10 "
" 30 to 50	15 "

On Sale in all Can. Pac. Ry. Stations.

Blobbs—Subbubs has moved in town from Swamphurst. He complains of being run down.

Slobbs—Automobiles or gossiping neighbors?—Philadelphia Record.

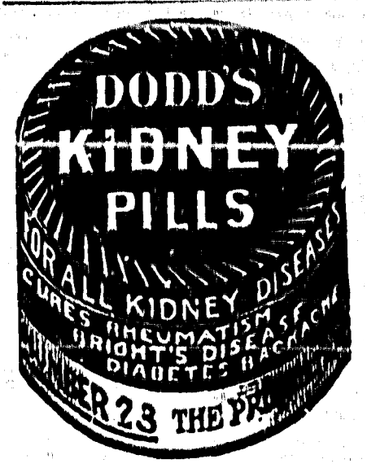
Impurities of the Blood Counteracted.—Impurities in the blood come from defects in the action of the liver. They are revealed by pimples and unsightly blotches on the skin. They must be treated inwardly, and for this purpose there is no more effective compound to be used than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They act directly on the liver and by setting up healthy processes have a beneficial effect upon the blood so that impurities are eliminated.

Keep an eye on the man who tries to flatter you.

The Chicago Fire could have been prevented with one pail of water but the water was not handy. Keep a bottle of Hamlins Wizard Oil handy and prevent the fiery pains of inflammation.

"Where is the cook?"

"She's in the kitchen preparing supper for the doctor wife, dinner for the doctor, and breakfast for the students."



The Cumberland News

issued Every Tuesday by the Comox & Cumberland Publishing Company

This paper will not hold itself responsible for the opinions of others, as may appear in its columns from time to time.

TUESDAY, April 18th, 1911.

FOR SALE—A 6-roomed house on Maryport Avenue, between Second and Third streets. Apply this office.

On account of Friday, April 14th, being Good Friday and a Dominion Bank Holiday, the Royal Bank of Canada's Sub-Branch at Courtenay will be closed on that day, but will open on Saturday for the usual hours.

FOR SALE—One incubator and two brooders, Capacity 360. Price $50 for the lot. Apply this office.

TENDERS will be received up to April 11th, for the painting of outside of house on Maryport avenue, occupied by James Abrams. Address S. Calhoun, Sandwick post office, B. C.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The children of the Presbyterian Sunday school under the supervision of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Parnham, will present an operetta at Cumberland Hall on the evening of April 28th.

Sheriff Trawford of Nanaimo, again paid Cumberland a visit last week.

COURT OF REVISION.

A Court of Revision will be held in the City Council Chambers on Thursday, May 18th, 1911, at 7:30 p.m. for the purpose of hearing complaints, if any, against the assessment of property in the City of Cumberland for the year 1911.

Any person or persons having complaint must give notice in writing at least ten days before the date of meeting.

ALEX. MCKINNON, City Clerk.
Cumberland, B.C., April 5th, 1911.

10% BONDS 10%

An Attractive Offering for a Short Term Investment.

We can offer the conservative investor for a short while only an opportunity of placing his surplus funds in a high-class security bearing a rate of interest of ten per cent.

Only 150 of these Convertible Debentures at a par value of $100 each, available,

Do not gamble in stocks, shares and other forms of speculation, but INVEST where your principal and interest is secured.

WRITE for further particulars of this Bond issue which is particularly attractive to investors. Prompt application is necessary as number is limited.

CANADIAN SECURITIES, LIMITED.

Vancouver Office:—
1101 Dominion Trust Building,
Vancouver, B. C.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a licence in the Sayward Division of Yale District

(a.) The name of Company in full: The Campbell River Power Company, Limited.

The head office: Offices of Barnard & Robertson, 514 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, showing amount paid up $50,000, divided into 50 shares of $100 each; amount paid up $40,000.

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No.....

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is Upper Campbell Lake, Vancouver Island

(c.) The point of diversion: At the foot of Upper Campbell Lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second) 30 cubic feet

(e.) The character of the proposed works dam and sluice gates.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same) At some point on the land along the bank of the Campbell river about one half mile below Campbell river Falls.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used: power purposes.

(h) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage..... None.

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return: The water is to be returned to the Campbell river at a point about one mile below the Campbell river Falls and the difference in altitude will be about 800 feet.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: About 320 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the eighth day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the twenty-fourth day of February, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: The British American Timber Co., Ltd., of Victoria, B.C; North Pacific Lumber Co., Ltd, of Vancouver, B.C; P. Cudahy, of Chicago, Illinois; International Timber Co., of Vancouver, B.C, Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works.

a. The construction or operation of works or the supply or utilization of water under the "Water Act, 1909."

b. To apply for and obtain under the provisions of the "Water Act, 1909," or to purchase or otherwise acquire water records or water licenses.

THE CAMPBELL RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
G. H. Burns: W. Wallace Grime, Directors.
P.O address Box 724
Victoria, B.C.

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Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works.

(a) The construction or operation of works or the supply or utilization of water under the "Water Act, 1909."

(b) To apply for and obtain under the provisions of the "Water Act, 1909," or to purchase or otherwise acquire water records or water licenses.

THE CAMPBELL RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
G. H. Burns: W. Wallace Grime, Directors.
P.O address Box 724
Victoria, B.C.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a licence in the Comox Division of Yale to ia Water District.

(a) The name of Company in full: The Campbell River Power Company, Ltd

The head office: Offices of Barnard & Robertson, 514 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, showing amount paid up $50,000, divided into 50 shares of $100 each; amount paid up $40,000.

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No.....

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is Upper Campbell Lake, Vancouver Island

(c.) The point of diversion: At the foot of Upper Campbell Lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second) 30 cubic feet

(e.) The character of the proposed works dam and sluice gates.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same) At some point on the land along the bank of the Campbell river about one half mile below Campbell river Falls.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used power purposes.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage..... None.

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return: The water is to be returned to the Campbell river at a point about one mile below the Campbell river Falls and the difference in altitude will be about 800 feet.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: About 320 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the eighth day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the twenty-fourth day of February, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: The British American Timber Co., Ltd., of Victoria, B.C; North Pacific Lumber Co., Ltd, of Vancouver, B.C; P. Cudahy, of Chicago, Illinois: International Timber Co., of Vancouver, B.C, Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works.

a. The construction or operation of works or the supply or utilization of water under the "Water Act, 1909."

b. To apply for and obtain under the provisions of the "Water Act, 1909," or to purchase or otherwise acquire water records or water licenses.

THE CAMPBELL RIVER POWER COMPANY, LIMITED. G. H. Burns, W. Wallace Grime, Directors.

P.O. address: Box 724, Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIBE for the NEWS $1.00 a Year

Job Work promptl And Neatly Done,

SPATES
The TAILOR.
CLEANING, PRESSING AND REPAIRING.
Ladies' Work a Specialty.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that George Leicester Rimington, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the Southwest corner of lot 552; thence north 80 chains, thence west 75 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 75 chains, to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less.

GEORGE LEICESTER RIMINGTON,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 9th 1911

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Patrick William Leslie Clark, of Vancouver, B.C., law clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 552; thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 16 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

PATRICK WILLIAM LESLIE CLARK.
Robert Henry Chesnut, agent.
Dated March 9th, 1911.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Examining Warehouse, Vancouver, B.C.," will be received until 4.30 P.M., on Monday, April 24 1911, for the construction of an Examining Warehouse, Vancouver, B.C.

Plans, specification and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at the offices of Mr. J. R. Cyr, Superintendent of Public Buildings for Manitoba, Post Office Building, Winnipeg, Man., Mr. W. Henderson, Resident Architect, Victoria, B.C., at the Post Office, Vancouver, and at this Department.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures; stating their occupations and places residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given,

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, March 22, 1911.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

IF YOU WANT GOOD PRINTING GO TO THE NEWS. FIRST-CLASS WORK

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that William Caldwell, of Lanark, Ont., mining man, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of Lot 490, Carrington Bay, Sayward District, thence following the north boundary of lot 490 easterly for 40 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west to the shore line thence southwesterly and following the shore line to the point of commencement, containing less than 80 acres.

WILLIAM CALDWELL,
Jno. Manson, agent
Dated Feb. 28th, 1911,

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Sidney Heasman, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 552; thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to place of commencement containing 640 acres, more or less.

SIDNEY HEASMAN,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 9th, 1911

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Nanette Joseph, of Vancouver, B.C., Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the Southeast corner of lot 547; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

NANETTE JOSEPH
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 7th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Arthur Rowland Best, of Vancouver, B.C., transport agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of lot 546, on the north boundary of lot 547, thence north 80 chains, thence east 75 chains thence south 80 chains, thence west 75 chains to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less.

ARTHUR ROWLAND BEST,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent.
Dated March 7th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE NOTICE that Samuel Heasman, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of lot 550; thence east 160 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 75 chains (more or less) thence north 5 chains, thence west 85 chains, thence north 35 chains to point of commencement, containing 600 acres, more or less. SAMUEL HEASMAN.

Robert Henry Chestnut, agent
Dated March 8th, 1911.

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT.
District of Sayward.

TAKE notice that Frances Brougham, wife of W. F. Brougham, of Vancouver, B.C., intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:—Commencing at a post planted 40 chains west of the southeast corner of lot 547; thence east 120 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 120 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 480 acres, more or less.

FRANCES BROUGHAM,
Robert Henry Chestnut, agent
Dated March 8th, 1911.

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old Veins. Cures Nervousness, Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. (Formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont.

APPLICATION FOR STORING WATER

(s.) The place of the proposed reservoir for storing Comox Lake, B.C.

(t.) The means by which it is proposed to store the water by a dam at outlet of Lake.

(u.) The area of the reservoir site or sites at each foot in depth above the outlet 8000 acres.

(v.) How is it proposed to acquire the land necessary for the purpose By purchase if necessary.

(w.) Approximately the number of acre feet intended to be impounded 80,000.

(x.) Whether it is proposed to lower the water in any natural lake or standing body of water, and, if so, then—

1. The anticipated extent of the lowering Not lowered.

2. The means proposed to be adopted to lower and refill.....

3. The nature and character, in detail, of the works proposed to be constructed to provide for the discharge and penning back of the water By concrete dam with regulating gates controlling the discharge.

[Signature]
WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LTD.,
W. L. COULSON, General Manager.
(P.O. address) Victoria, B.C.
January 16th, 1911.

WATER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Division of Comox District.

(a.) The name of Company in full: Wellington Colliery Company, Limited. The head office Victoria, B.C.

The capital, how divided, "showing amount paid up $2.000,0000 divided into 20,000 shares of $100 00 each fully paid up

(If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No.....

(b.) The name of lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is) Puntledge River.

(c.) The point of diversion: At a point above the falls on the Puntledge River, Comox District.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second): 670.

(e.) The character of the proposed works: Generating plant, power works, and electric works, and plant and other machinery and conveniences necessary for producing power.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): On or in the vicinity of the Wellington Colliery Company's Ltd. property and holdings in Comox District.

(g.) The purposes on which the water is to be used: Generating electricity, and or light, heat, power, operation of motors, engines, and machinery of all kinds and generally for the exercise of all powers and priviyleges of a power company under Part IX. of above Act.

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return At a convenient place below the Stoughton Falls in the vicinity outlet Brown River, Sections 10 and 14 Tp., 9, Comox District. The point of return is about 200 feet lower altitude than the point of diversion.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: None.

(k.) This notice was posted on the sixteenth day of January, 1911, and application will be made to the commissioner on the 23rd day of February, 1911

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licenses who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: Wellington Colliery Company. Ltd.

Attach copy of such parts of the Company's memorandum of association as authorize the proposed application and works

(Signature)
WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LTD.
W. L. COULSON, General Manager.
(P.O. address) Victoria, B.C.

Extract from the MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE WELLINGTON COLLIERY COMPANY, LIMITED.

(a) To acquire by purchase, grant, lease or in any other manner.....water or rights to water .....

[d] To carry on the business of..... electric light, heat and power supply.....

[u] To manufacture and use as a motive power electricity.....and to manufacture or acquire plant, machinery, apparatus, and materials of every kind for the production and distribution of electricity. .. to generate, use or dispose of supply or distribute electricity .....for lighting or motive power.....and to construct, lay down, establish, and carry out cables, wires, lines, accumulators, lamps and works.

TAKE NOTICE that William F. Smith, of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. WILLIAM F. SMITH,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 9th, 1910.

Special Holiday Brew

For Sale by all Hotels in Kegs or Bottles

The UNION BREWING Co., Nanaimo, B.

HERCULES Stump Pullers
- - FOR SALE BY - -
Walworth-Rolston Co. Ltd
1020 Westminster Ave., Vancouver, B. C.

Union Hotel
SAMUEL DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

English 4 x BURTON always on tap also, the famous MILWAUKEE BEER—Anheuser, Bohemian, Schlitz, &c. "OLD GREY BEARD" SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds.

The boarding and lodging department, under the immediate superintendence of Mrs Davis, will be on a First class in every respect.

RATES, ... $1 00 per day upwards.

MADE IN CANADA
MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Makes Your EXPENSES Light
Makes Your BISCUITS Light
Makes Your CAKES Light
Makes Your BUNS Light
Makes Your LABOR Light

ORDER FROM YOUR GROCER.

E. W. GILLETT CO., LTD.
Toronto, Ont.

The Courtenay Hotel

Every convenience for guests.

The Central Hotel for Sportsmen

None but the Best of Wines and Liquors at the Bar.

RATES REASONABLE

John Johnston, Prop

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having built a large warehouse and mill at Courtenay, I will in future keep on hand a stock of all kinds of Hay, Grain, and Feed at lowest market rates. A specialty will be made of roller crushed feed for horses which will make a saving of one third in the cost of feed. Orders given the teamster or by phone will be promptly filled. Thanking you for your patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same on broader lines, I beg to remain

Yours to command,
BYRON CRAWFORD.

UNION S. S. CO., of B.C. Ltd

NANAIMO-UNION BAY- COMOX - CAMPBELL RIVER ROUTE.
Sailing as under—
Twin-screw steamer "COWICHAN"
Leaves Vancouver Thursday 6 p.m.
Arrive Union (for Cumberland) Friday morning
Arrives Comox Friday morning
Arrive Campbell River Friday noon
Returning:
Lv Comox Friday 4 p m
" Union Bay " 5 "
" Nanaimo midnight

Leaves Vancouver, Saturday 8 p m
Arrives Nanaimo, Saturday 12 p m
Arrives Union, Sunday 6 a m [for Cumberland]
Arrives Comox, Sunday 8 a m
Returning:—
Leaves Comox, Sunday 4 p m
Leaves Union, Sunday 5 p m
Leaves Nanaimo, Sunday midnight
[subject to change without notice]

NOTICE

Any person or persons, cutting, removing or taking any blocks, timber or wood, of any descriptiodn belonging to the Wellington Colliery Co'y., or from or off the land of the said Company, or anyone tipping rubbish anywhere except at the dump provided, or neglecting to level it when tipped to the satisfaction of the Company, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

W. L. COULSON,
General Manager,
Wellington Colliery Co,y.

NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons—except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same.

By order
W. L. COULSON,
General Manager.

C. H TARBELL

HIGH GRADE STOVES
And all KITCHEN UTENSILS

Sportsmens Goods and General Hardware

FAIRFIELD STORE
J. JACK, PROP.
A Fine Assortment of the Choicest Candies, Fruits and Tobacco. Vancouver Ice Cream.
Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland

P. DEMATIS
Dealer in
ALL KINDS OF
Fruit, Candy Cigars Cigarettes & Tobacco.
Bonora Block,
CUMBERLAND, B.C.

Go to
JOHN McLEODS
FOR FIRST-CLASS
CANDY, FRUITS,
CIGARS & TOBACCOS

NOTICE is hereby given that on the first day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police, Victoria, for the renewal of the hotel license to sell liquors by retail in the hotel known as the Port Augusta hotel, situated at Comox, B.C. J. B HOLMES,
Dated October 11, 1910.

BOVRIL

is indispensable in the camp, and for all impromptu meals. Add a little BOVRIL to your canned meats and soups and note the difference.

BOVRIL sandwiches are nutritious and toothsome.

67

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Gardiner Alexander Brady Spencer of Alameda Cal., occuporion plumber, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted about 30 chains west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence north to south soore of Wolf Lake, thence westerly along south shore to wear end of lake, thence east along north shore about 40 chains, thence north to place of commencement, containing 400 acres more or less.

Scribed on post, G.A.B.S.'s N.E. corner.

GARDNER ALEXANDES BRADY SPENCER.
Dan Clark, Agent
Dated December 14th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that John Henry Kerrinsh Richardson, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation Steamboat Steward, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 40 chains north of the southwest corner of Section 3, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

J. H K. R's N E corner.
JOHN HENRY KERRINSH RICHARDSON.
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE NOTICE that James Bradshaw, of Emporia, Florida, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the S.E. corner of Section 24, township 20, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 320 acres more or less.

Scribed on post J B's S.E. corner,
JAMES BRADSHAW,
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated December 10th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Charles Judson Miner, of Geneseo, N.Y., retired farmer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the SE corner of Section 24, Township 20, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. CHARLES JUDSON MINER
Scribed on post CJM's SW corner
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 10th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that George Cirtus Larocque Miller, of Vancouver, B.C., mechanical engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile east of the north east corner of Section 18, Township 9, thence east 80 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 320 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post GCLM's SW corner.
GEORGE CIRTUS LAROCQUE MILLER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 20th, 1910

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT.
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Harry Patten Archibald of Vancouver, B C, engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 4 chains north of E M Leeson's southwest corner, thence north 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains to place of commencement, containing 160 acres, mor or less.

Scribed on post H.P.A.'s S.E cor
HARRY PATTEN ARCHIBALD.
Dan Clark, agent
Dated Dec 11th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Fudora Mae Leeson of Vancouver, B. C. occupation Widow, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about one mile north and 40 chains east of the S. E. corner of Section 4, Township 8, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post EML's S.W. corner.
ENDORA MAE LEESON,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 11th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE NOTICE that Adelaide Ester Clark Brown, of Brookfield, N. Y., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at southwest corner of Section 19, Township 9, thence north 80 chains,, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post A.E.C.B's S.W. cor
ADELAIDE ESTER CLARK BROWN.
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Richmond Charles Biss of Vancouver, B. C., Broker intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at ¼ post between Section 18k, Township 9, and Section 13, Township 20, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains; thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less;

Scribed on post RCB's N E cor.
RICHMOND CHARLES BISS.
Dan Clark, agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910,

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Della Brooks, of Vancouver, B. C., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at post planted at the northwest corner of Section 30, Township 9, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on Post D. B's N. W cor.
DELLA BROOKS,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 17th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Edward Dyke, of Binghamton, NY. coachman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted 2 miles west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 20, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post ED's N.E, corner.
EDWARD DYKE,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Thomas Frederick Tasker, of Vancouver, B.C., telegraph operator, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Section 18, Township 9, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post TFT's N.W corner.
THOMAS FREDERICK TASKER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effectual Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3; No. 3, for special cases, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE Cook Medicine Co., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

G. T. Kent. F. W. Hawes A. E. Sherwood
Kent, Hawes & Sherwood
Real Estate, Commission and Forwarding Agents.
160 Eastings St. W. Vancouver, B.C
Phone 5240

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Bertram James Tasker of Vancouver, B. C. occupation Express Manager intends to to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted about 110 chains west of the south east corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post N½B J T's N.E.
BERTRAM JAMES TASKER,
Dan Clark, agent
Dated December 14th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Marguerite Leitch of Vancouver, B.C., occupation Saleslady, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of Section 34, Township 20, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post, M.L.'s N. E. cor.
MARGUERITE LEITCH,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert

TAKE notice that Edna Fisher Spencer of Alameda, Cal., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of Section 2 Township 21, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post E.F.F.'s S W.cor.
EDNA FISHER SPENCER
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE notice that Haidee Ashby of Vancouver, B.C; married woman intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of Section 3, Township 21, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less

Scribed on post, H A's S.E. cor.
HAIDEE ASHBY
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Lillian Sheppard of Vancouver, B. C., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south corner of Section 24, Township 21 thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post LS's S.W. corner.
LILLIAN SHEPPARD.
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 13th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that William Wadman Sheppard, of Vancouver, B. C., cabinet maker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted one mile west of the southeast corner of Section 24, Township 21, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

Scribed on post W W S's S E. corner.
WILLIAM WADMAN SHEPPARD.
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that William Kendrick Tasker, of Vancouver B.C. manufacturers agent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 1 mile east of the northwest corner of section 18, Township 9, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post WKT's N.W. corner,
WILLIAM KENDRICK TASKER,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 19th, 1910.

RUPERT LAND DISTRICT
District of Rupert.

TAKE NOTICE that Isabella Monkhouse, of Vancouver, B. C., sales clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of Section 35, Township 20, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

Scribed on post IM's N W. corner.
ISABELLA MONKHOUSE,
Dan Clark, Agent.
Dated December 16th, 1910

MOTHERS WHO HAVE DAUGHTERS

Find Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Winchester, Ind. — "Four doctors told me that they could never make me regular, and that I would eventually have dropsy. I would bloat, and suffer from bearing-down pains, cramps and chills, and I could not sleep nights. My mother wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, and I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking one and one-half bottles of the Compound, I am all right again, and I recommend it to every suffering woman." — Mrs. MAY DEAL, Winchester, Ind.

Hundreds of such letters from girls and mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

The Labrador Coast

Dr. Grenfell says that the Labrador coast which he knows so well is every whit as beautiful as that of Norway, and he is working on a chart which will be accurate enough to guide pleasure craft through the bays and channels of that shore. There is really nothing to go to Europe for but the ruins.—Youth's Companion.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia

Anyway the railroad engineer gets a run for his money.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to them because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

Being unselfish is a virtue some people try to dispense with.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

Two women were strangers to each other at a reception. After a few moments' desultory talk the first said rather querulously:—"I don't know what's the matter with that tall, blonde gentleman over there. He was so attentive a while ago, but he won't look at me now." "Perhaps," said the other, "he saw me come in. He's my husband."

Pimples and Blackheads

Clear the complexion of disfiguring pimples, blackheads, redness, roughness, and other unsightly conditions; keep the hands soft and white, the scalp clean, the hair live and glossy, and preserve skin health by the use of Cuticura Soap assisted when necessary by Cuticura Ointment.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment

afford the most economical treatment for itching, burning, scaly humors of infants, children and adults. A single set is often sufficient. Sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U.S.A., for 32-page Cuticura Book on care and treatment of skin and hair. 30

FARM HINTS

Varied Items of Interest to the Farming Community.

SKIMMING SURFACE A CRIME

So Says E. R. Parsons, writing in the Dry Farming Congress Bulletin

This fall I have received so many letters of the same tenor that an answer through the Bulletin would seem desirable. One farmer writes: "I have been plowing my land about five inches, following strictly all the rules laid down for the conservation of moisture, but getting only about ten bushels to the acre, which is hardly payable. How can I increase my yield?" The trouble with this man is the trouble with all—farming too much on the surface. Deep plowing, deep rooting, and holding the moisture where it cannot evaporate, is the only antidote.

Besides the loss of moisture engendered by shallow plowing, we have to consider an equally serious evil—the combustion of humus. There is nothing facilitates this as much as shallow plowing and frequent shallow tilling.

Secretary Wilson has already drawn our atention to this by denoting it as "a vicious system of farming," and the only way around it, as I pointed out at the time, is by plowing deeper and cultivating the fallow less, but putting it in better shape for accumulating moisture.

In many places our sandy loams are already becoming exhausted and so devoid of humus that some of our farmers say it does not pay to plow them deeply.

Humus is a carbon compound, and when the oxygen of the air attacks it it becomes carbon dioxide—the carbonic acid gas so deadly to human life, so indispensible to plant life.

In dry climates, when humus is at or near the surface, this combustion can go on unimpeded; but in humid climates it is much slower on account of the water film around each particle which protects it from the oxygen.

Therefore, it is plain that, in order to save our humus, we must keep it damp, keep it away from the atmosphere, bury it as deeply as possible. This element of our soils is found almost entirely on the surface, being a product of the sod, and every atom of it that finds its way into the atmosphere is a dead loss to the farmer.

Pure humus is said to be able to hold 200 per cent. of water, whereas some soils will not hold over 20 per cent. without leaching.

Some farmers will contend that deep plowing on their soils does not bring results, and there is much truth in this, for often their last chance to raise a crop is to skim the surface again and use up the last particle of humus. But this, of course, is burning the candle at both ends. The remedy is to plow deep at the start, incorporate the surface humus with 10 inches of soil, and then if too thin to raise fair crops plow under more green material until the results are satisfactory.

The most handy crop for this work is fall rye, because it can be raised during the winter months and plowed under when a foot high in time for planting the regular crops. They say in Germany that land that will not respond to deep plowing is not agricultural soil, but where this is the case through lack of humus, it can be remedied, for our soils are usually rich in all the mineral elements, and barnyard manure and green crops will supply the other. A soil that is becoming exhausted for want of humus can be planted with alfalfa, which will eventually replenish it; but in order to obtain a stand, 8 to 10-inch plowing is necessary, and if the soil that is turned up is poor and thin, a top dressing of rotten manure of old corral dirt is the thing before drilling the seed in. By this method I have raised alfalfa on a sand bar, and after six years plowed it up and took off a crop of oats, and then back into alfalfa again, this time without manuring.

The hardest and most unpopular work that we have ahead of us is to convert the farmers of the West to deep plowing. It took England 40 years to do this, and Germany 40. In the meantime the average production of small grain increased from 11 bushels to 40 and 45, and potatoes in the island of Jersey on land plowed 16 inches and fertilized with seaweed for humus go from 600 to 800 bushels per acre. In order to obtain a lease on farming land in the above counties, the tenant has to enter into a contract to plow deep, rotate his crops, and put back into the soil what he takes out.

In this country, for the accumulation of moisture and the conservation of humus, deep plowing is absolutely necessary, and at the same time remarkably profitable; and in the exceptional case, where the land is too thin, it will pay a hundred-fold to fertilize it until you have a fairly rich seed bed 10 inches deep.

The Exception

It was married men's night at the revival meeting.

"Let all you husbands who have trouble on your minds stand up!" shouted the emotional preacher at the height of his spasm.

Instantly every man in the church rose to his feet except one.

"Ah!" exclaimed the preacher, peering out at this lone sitter, who occupied a chair near the door apart from the others, "you are one in a million."

"It ain't that," piped back this one helplessly, as the rest of the congregation turned to gaze suspiciously at him. "I can't get up—I'm paralyzed."

Not having heard anything of his wife for "28 long years," as he termed them, an applicant asked the Thames, London, court magistrate if he could marry again. The magistrate replied that if the wife turned up the second marriage would not be legal, but, as she had been missing such a long time, even if she did reappear, it was not likely that he would be prosecuted.

BUY COCKSHUTT DRILLS

THEIR SINGLE AND DOUBLE DISC BEARINGS ARE THE MOST DURABLE.

Do You Realize the Advantages of Concrete?

THE rising price of lumber has compelled the farmer to look for a suitable substitute.

Concrete, because of its cheapness, durability and the readiness with which it can be used for every farm purpose, has proven itself to be cheaper than lumber and far more durable. Our Free Book—

"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete"

shows the farmer how he can do his own work without the aid of skilled mechanics. It demonstrates the economy of Concrete construction as compared with lumber, brick or stone.

CANADA CEMENT CO., Limited
51-60 National Bank Building, Montreal

This Book Tells How Concrete Aids Farmers.

It shows how Concrete can be used to advantage on the farm in the construction of almost every practical utility.

Send for this book to-day. You'll find it intensely interesting, even if you don't intend to build for a while. It contains much useful information that will put you in the way of saving money. Among the subjects treated are: Barns, Dairies, Fence Posts, Feeding Floors, Hitching Posts, Root Cellars, Silos, Stables, Stairs, Stalls, Troughs, Walks, Well Curbs, and so forth.

REMEMBER.—This book is yours—a postal will bring it promptly. Write now.

You may send me a copy of *"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."*

Name.....

Address.....

.....

HERE IS A TALE WITH A MORAL

LITTLE EDITH HARRIS CURED OF DROPSY BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Two doctors said she would die, but to-day she is a healthy, happy girl —Healthy Kidneys in children the guarantee of a happy, useful life.

McTaggart, Sask. (Special).—That no child is too young to have Kidney Disease even in its worst form, and that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it in any form has been abundantly proven in the case of little Edith Harris of this place.

In May, 1903, this little girl, then two years old, was so swollen with Dropsy that her waist measure was increased from 18 inches to 34 inches. Two doctors said she must die. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her and today she is as merry and healthy a child as is to be found in the neighborhood.

In a recent interview her father says: "Edith is better than ever. She has no return of dropsy since she was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills over seven years ago. She goes to school and is healthy. I always keep Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house."

There's a moral for parents in this story. Many a child has grown up to a life of pain and suffering because its kidneys were neglected. A life of health and usefulness is assured if the Kidneys are kept in order with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

A well digger always gets in his work.

Bills are brave—at least they do not run when you foot them.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are a wonderful medicine for little ones. They never fail to give relief to the baby when his stomach or bowels are out of order; when teething is painful; when worms make their appearance or when any of the many childhood ailments seize him. What is more they are absolutely safe and cannot harm the youngest child. Mothers have the guarantee of a government analyst to this effect. Thousands of mothers, through gratefulness for what the Tablets have done for their children, strongly recommend them. Mrs. E. J. Ward, Galt, Ont., says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for over two years and would not be without them in the house. They are wonderful medicine for little ones." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The cuckoo clock had just chirped the half hour before midnight, and the girl in the parlour scene was weary.

"Mr. DeBorem," she said, as she vainly attempted to struggle a yawn, "I heard something about you the other day that I'm sure is not true."

"Indeed," he exclaimed, "what was it?"

"I heard someone say you were an easy-going chap," she answered.

A LIGHTHOUSE KEEPER'S STORY

From the lighthouse at Lobster Cove Head, Bonne Bay, Newfoundland, Mrs. W. Young sends an experience of Zam-Buk, which should certainly act as a true beacon light, guiding all sufferers from skin disease to a safe harbor of refuge.

Mrs. Young says: "I suffered with eczema for seven years, and to my great delight Zam-Buk has cured me. The disease started on my breast, and spread until it extended over my back. The itching and burning—especially when the affected parts were warm—was terrible; and yet when the eruption was scratched or rubbed, it turned to bad sores, and caused great pain. I went to a doctor and tried various prescriptions, but seemed to get no benefit, so tried another doctor. Again I got no relief, so tried a third doctor, and then a fourth. Although they all did their best for me I got no relief from my pain.

"Seven years is a long time to suffer, and I had got used to the thought that I never would be cured when I saw a report in 'The Family Herald' telling how beneficial Zam-Buk was in cases of skin diseases. I thought there would be no harm in giving this balm a fair trial, and bought some.

"Well, from the use of the very first box I saw Zam-Buk was going to do me good. I persevered with it, and the improvement it worked in my condition was really wonderful. It eased the irritation, stopped the pain, and the sores began to dry up and disappear. In short, I found Zam-Buk all that was claimed for it, and within a very short time it worked a complete cure in my case."

Not only for eczema, but for ulcers, abscesses, varicose veins, bad leg, poisoned wounds, cuts, cold sores, chapped places, piles, ringworm, children's eruptions, burns, scalds, and all skin injuries and diseases, Zam-Buk will be found unequalled. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful substitutes and imitations.

About Royal Names.

Apropos of the Coronation gift that is to be presented by the Marys of the realm to Queen Mary, it is worth recalling that Mary, Anne, and Elizabeth are the only familiar English names that have been borne by occupants of the throne in that country.

Among the queens and queens-consort of modern times we have had Henrietta Maria (wife of Charles I.), Catharine (wife of Charles II.), Dorothea (wife of George I.), Caroline (wife of George II.), Charlotte (wife of George III.), and Adelaide (wife of William IV.).

And, when speaking of royal names, it is as well to remember that King George V., according to a well-known authority on heraldry, has no surname. He is a descendant of the House of Guelph; but Guelph was only the baptismal name of the patriarch of the family, who died in 1101.

Since then his descendants have been ruling princes, and never needed a surname.

Coins 550 Years Old.

In digging a drain at Fakenham, Norfolk, a man has just found about two hundred gold nobles (a coin worth 6s. 8d.) of the reign of Edward III. The Treasury has been communicated with and an inquest will be held.

The coins were struck either at the Calais or London mint. Some issued between 1351 and 1360, in addition to the titles of King of England and Lord of Ireland, have that of King of France. Those issued between 1360 and 1369 have the title of Duke of Aquitaine. The nobles were almost pure gold, only half a grain of alloy being used. The design of the obverse is the king, armed and crowned, standing on a ship; from a masthead flies a streamer bearing the cross of St. George.

The value of the coins is probably some hundreds of pounds, and the man who made the discovery will receive a large share.—London Daily Mail.

Teaching a Dog.

For best results one should get a young dog and teach him his future duties gradually. Never allow him to leave the homestead alone and you will never have a dog that strays.

Never chain your dog. That is not necessary. Teach him his proper place and make him obey you upon gesture or word and he will not overstep his lines. Treat him like a brother, give him his food and cool water regularly and be kind to him at all times and you will have a noble animal.

Young Wasps Fried.

Young wasp grubs found in butter do not at first sight appear to be the most alluring dish in the world, yet they have been pronounced delicious by those hardy experimenters who have tried them. Fed as they are upon the sweetest juices drawn from fruits and flowers, they naturally possess a delicate flavor. Perhaps the best way to prepare them is to bake them in the comb.

Young Prince Resourceful.

Prince John, son of King George of England, although not much more than five years old, is of a resourceful disposition. When his father succeeded to the throne the little prince, then four years old, was anxious to know what chance he had of eventually becoming king. He was informed that having four elder brothers, the chance was decidedly remote. Upon that Prince John suggested that the only way out of the difficulty seemed that his four elder brothers should be killed, when nothing could prevent his succeeding to the throne.

What are Your Wayside Blessings?

Suppose that as a means of keeping our faces bright and our hearts cheerful we begin looking up our wayside blessings. There are "common ones"—sunshine, home, friends, health—the things we should most miss if we were deprived of them. There are others which are peculiarly your own. What are they?

Faultless in Preparation.—Unlike any other stomach regulator, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of long study of vegetable compounds calculated to stimulate the stomachic functions and maintain them at their normal condition. Years of use have proved their faultless character and established their excellent reputation. And this reputation they have maintained for years and will continue to maintain, for these pills must always stand at the head of the list of standard preparations.

Frank—"If something would only happen to the boat whereby I might rescue you!"

Ethel—"And after you had rescued me and borne me bravely to shore and I opened my eyes, then what?"

Frank—"Then I'd get my name in the papers."

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Love feels no burden, takes account of no labor; does not speak of impossibilities. Love watches, and, sleeping, does not sleep. Tired, it is not wearied; straitened, it is not constrained; frightened, it is not disturbed.—Thomas A. Kempis.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

On the Russian Christmas the Czar received several high school teachers. His Majesty's advice was: "Serve right manfully knowledge, the fatherland, and myself. Support those at the universities who wish to learn. I am convinced that their number will increase."

Many patent medicines have come and gone, but Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup continues to occupy a foremost place among remedies for coughs and colds, and as a preventive of decay of the lungs. It is a standard medicine that widens its sphere of usefulness year by year. If you are in need of something to rid yourself of a cough or cold, you cannot do better than try Bickle's Syrup.

Vicar—"Let me see, now. You say you can captain the village cricket and football teams, that you understand the art of getting up fancy bazaars, can play lawn tennis well, sing at the charity concerts, and make yourself agreeable at garden parties. You'll do excellently. Er—by the way—er—I suppose you could conduct the morning or evening service at a pinch, eh?"

Modern Curate—"Well, I don't know. I dare say I might manage to scramble through it."

Vicar—"Good, good, indeed! Then I think, Mr.—er—Mr.—ah—Mildflirt, thanks—you may consider yourself appointed."

Don't go too fast, young man, even if the road is smooth.

A farmer may think he is buying a gold brick, but he never does.

Friend—"And were you ever in Venice?"

Mr. Richquick — "Yes. Slowest town I was ever in. The sewers were busted all the time we were there!"—Puck.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS

A Germ Disease Which is Baffling the Doctors and Alarming the People Generally

It may be said that doctors are only agreed on two points regarding this much dreaded disease.

First, that it is a germ disease and second, like all germ diseases can only be fought with pure, rich blood.

Prevention is always the better way and that is why we are always talking about the wisdom of keeping the blood pure and rich and the nerves healthy and strong by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Rich, red blood is a deadly foe to disease germs whether they are germs of infantile paralysis, of colds, of consumption or any other disease.

Don't let the blood get thin and watery. Don't let the nerves get exhausted. The risk is too great. Every dose of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food goes to the formation of a certain amount of pure, rich blood. For this reason you are certain to benefit by this treatment.

You need not wait until you have some form of paralysis before testing this great medicine. Be warned by headaches, sleeplessness, irritability, failing memory and power of concentrating the mind. Restore the system while still you have something to build on.

Get new energy and vigor into the system by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Be sure you are right—but don't forget there are others.

If you get the worst of it try to make the best of it.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

Faint heart ne'er won fair lady—if it should prefer a brunette.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

"What is your highest ambition?"

"To get my wife to speak to me as politely as she speaks to the butcher when she is ordering a steak by telephone."—Chicago Herald-Record.

Send for free sample to Dept. N.U., National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

WHAT IS A BUFFET LUNCHEON?

THE buffet luncheon is, first of all, a great convenience to the hostess with no maid, as she can prepare it beforehand, then don her pretty clothes and be ready to receive her guests. This repast can be served at noontime and is also especially suited to the afternoon or evening reception. It usually consists of cold dishes, but one may have a hot beverage, which must be kept warm in an inner vessel set in an outer one of hot water over an alcohol lamp that can be lighted or extinguished at will.

In preparing for the buffet luncheon use the daintiest and prettiest of table linen. If the table is in good condition—highly polished or having the fashionable smooth and dull finish—do not put a cloth on it, but use a handsome centerpiece and doilies. Have flowers or ferns or a plant in bloom in the center of the board. On large doilies about this place the plates of sandwiches, thin bread and butter, finger rolls and cakes. If salad is served, have this at one end of the table and near it a pile of plates, on each of which is a small, folded napkin. Heaps of forks are laid by the plates. At the other end of the table from the bowl of salad may be the beverage decided upon, with cups, saucers and spoons. If besides a hot drink—or instead of one—there is served some kind of punch, have the bowl containing this on a small table in the corner of the dining room or hall, with glasses arranged about the bowl. If cold meat is served, this may be sliced thin and platters of it set on the sideboard.

One requires no regular waiters or waitresses for this function, but the hostess should ask several of her friends—preferably young girls—to assist her.

Let us suppose at first that the affair under consideration is a luncheon, served at 1 o'clock. To this one may invite a large number of guests, as one is not limited by the seating capacity of one's dining table. An attractive menu would consist of jellied bouillon, cold ham, chicken salad, bread and butter sandwiches, imitation pate de foie gras sandwiches, stuffed celery, ice cream, fancy cakes and black coffee.

Arrange the table as already suggested, putting all of the dishes, with the exception of the coffee and cups, on the table. At one end have a huge platter bearing thin slices of ham, prettily garnished with sprigs of parsley. Opposite this may be the bowl of chicken salad, its contents masked by a thick mayonnaise. Flanking this on each side have plates of sandwiches and rolls, while further on are the olives and stuffed celery and several small dishes of salted nuts. The ice cream and cake can be served at a side table.

When the guests are assembled in the drawing room the hostess gives the word to the intimate friends who are to assist her, and they go into the dining room, from which they carry to the guests the plates and napkins. They can then pass the various dishes, or—and perhaps this is easier—they may ask each guest if she will have ham and salad, and put these articles on the plates before taking them from the dining room. The sandwiches, rolls, etc., can, of course, be passed. The guests stand or sit about the dining room, hall and parlors. If one is the possessor of a number of small tables it is well to have these set in the various rooms, as they are very convenient for the buffet luncheon. Only one who has stood and tried to balance in her hands a plate, napkin and perhaps a cup of coffee, and still eat gracefully, knows how intensely uncomfortable one can be under such conditions. It is, therefore, a kindness to the guest to provide something upon which he or she may set plate, cup and saucer, if it be only the corner of a mantelshelf.

Of course, one of the young girls will preside at the ice cream table. If she can do so, it is convenient to have the ice cream made up into small individual forms, as these can be taken from the freezer a few at a time, whereas a large freezer of cream in the bulk, once opened, will melt quickly. The freezer of small forms can be covered again as soon as the desired number of ices has been removed. This is especially true of an afternoon affair at which the refreshments are served during a period of an hour or more. At a regular buffet luncheon all the guests are served at the same time, and the arrangements are thus simplified.

Therefore, at an afternoon or evening reception on the buffet plan, have viands that will not be injured by standing. Tea is, of course, out of place, and even chocolate should be taken soon after it is made. Coffee is not injured by keeping hot for several hours, always supposing it is not allowed to boil. The old-fashioned coffee urn was excellent for this purpose.

"The hostess should ask her friends—preferably young girls—to assist her."

"They can pass the various dishes."

For an afternoon or evening reception arrange the table as suggested for the luncheon. An evening affair has the advantage of having men present who will be glad to act as waiters and carry about plates, dishes and cups or glasses. One might serve turkey salad, pickled oysters, lettuce and cream cheese sandwiches, cake, coffee frappe and fruit punch; or another menu would consist of cold chicken, finger rolls, wafers, lettuce salad with roquefort cheese dressing, ice cream, cake, coffee. Of course one will have, in addition to these articles, fancy cakes, bonbons, etc. Instead of cold meat at one of these functions serve gelatine or veal loaf, or jellied chicken, or jellied tongue.

I will add recipes for some of the dishes which I have mentioned. The ingenious housewife will elaborate upon these few suggestions to suit her own taste and wishes.

"It is well to provide something upon which a plate can be set—even a mantel shelf."

Imitation Pate de Foie Gras Sandwiches

From a delicatessen shop get a piece of liverwurst or liver sausage. Remove the skin and, with the back of a spoon, mash the sausage to a smooth paste, moistening it slightly with a little melted butter. Spread this paste between crustless slices of white bread, cut thin.

Stuffed Celery

Lay stalks of crisp white celery in iced water for a half hour, wipe dry on a clean dish towel and fill the curved side of each stalk with cream cheese worked soft and slightly salted. Lay these stalks on a platter set directly on the ice until wanted.

Turkey Salad

Remove all bits of skin and all fat from cold roast turkey and cut (not chop) the meat into bits of uniform size. Sprinkle lightly with salt and white pepper and mix with half as much crisp celery cut into quarter-inch lengths. Pour a good French dressing over all, tossing and turning until all the fowl and vegetable are well coated with the dressing. Put into a chilled bowl lined with lettuce leaves, cover with a rich mayonnaise dressing and ornament with slices of hard-boiled eggs and beets cut into fancy shapes.

Lettuce and Cream Cheese Sandwiches

Remove the crust from a loaf of white bread and cut very thin. Between every two slices spread cream cheese, and lay on this a crisp lettuce leaf dipped into French dressing. Keep in a damp place or cover with a damp napkin until ready to serve.

Fruit Punch

Put into a punchbowl a quart of very strong lemonade, add a handful of green mint, slightly bruised; a bottle of maraschino cherries, eight slices of pineapple, cut into small dice; two oranges, cut up small, and three bottles of ginger ale. Add an abundance of ice, and when very cold serve.

Lettuce Salad, With Roquefort Cheese Dressing

Put into a chilled salad bowl crisp lettuce leaves and pour over them a French dressing, into which has been beaten grated or finely crumbled roquefort cheese in the proportion of two tablespoonfuls of the cheese to one and a half cups of dressing.

Veal Loaf

Cut two pounds of lean veal into bits, add a quart of cold water and simmer at the side of the range until the meat is tender. Add salt and pepper to taste and set aside until the grease forms on the top of the liquid. Skim, return the veal and liquor to the fire. Add a half pound of minced ham, the juice of half a lemon, a dash of mace and a tablespoonful of sherry. Stir all well together and pour into a mold wet with cold water. Set in the ice-chest for twenty-four hours, then turn this loaf out upon a cold platter, garnish with parsley or watercress and slice with a sharp knife.

Marion Harland

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

IMPORTANT NOTICE

BECAUSE of the enormous number of letters sent to the Exchange, I must ask contributors to limit their communications to 100 words, except in cases of formulas or recipes which require greater space. I want all my correspondents to have a showing in the Corner, and if my request in this respect is complied with, it will be possible to print many more letters.

Women Who Fail

YOUR article, "Concerning Allowances," has been faithfully read.

I do not like the tone of either of the letters it embodies. It would seem that the fault-finding comes from women who tried to "get husbands"; who, in fact, pursued the men. I note as a significant circumstance that very few women who married fifty years ago—or thereabouts—have cause for complaint or apply for divorce. I think the main reason is that in our girlhood lovers had to do their own courting. It is a younger generation of girls who think because they are "madly in love" with a man he must marry the pursuer, no matter what his feelings are.

The woman of the second letter seems to have used her "few thousands" as an attraction to secure the man. With her own money to live upon and the ability to earn more, she did not need to rush into marriage with this oversensitive soul. But "a willful man maun hae his willful way." Likewise the willful woman.

I hold that those women fail in their duty as wives when they rush into print with their domestic infelicities. When a woman marries she merges her life into that of the man she accepts and promises to love, honor and obey. And that should settle the question for all time. His welfare and interests are hers. She should keep him at his best; help to uplift him mentally and morally; rub out the worries and frets of his business day.

Many women seem to have exhausted all their enchantment in securing the lover and are unable to keep the husband. Our streets are thronged with this kind of [illegible] up the grind of the divorce mill at Reno.

If either of these women, who are both in comfortable circumstances, would bring themselves to look about them at the terrible distress meted out to others, it might make them content with their lot in life.

Brace up, sister writers! Hold up your heads and set a better example to those around you!

A MOTHER (Harrisburg, Pa.).

I have laid the letter of our sprightly protestant before our readers with little verbal alteration. Before turning it over to her fellow-women for discussion, I would demur with regard to one section. I do not think that women are as "anxious" to marry now as their predecessors of half a century ago were, as a class. Then girls were trained to look forward to marriage as the natural sequel to their maiden estate. Not one avenue of self-support was open to them where there are fifty now. They expected to be married and to be maintained thenceforward by the men upon whom they bestowed hands and (presumably) hearts. The title "old maid" carried with it obloquy it has lost entirely in this generation.

It is evident to the shallowest thinker that, when marriage has ceased to be the woman's only means of earning her living, it follows as a matter of course that to wed or not to wed is far more a question of free choice than of expediency, and in many instances of apparent necessity.

Without admitting to herself that she married for board, lodging and clothes, many a girl deliberately elected to be supported by a husband rather than be a pauper dependent upon the bounty of her nearest of male kindred. In taking an honorable stand in the working class of this day, she achieves independence.

If it be true that girls do the courting more openly, and actually, than the women of the mid-nineteenth century, I have yet to learn it.

The rest of the communication of the member from Harrisburg is submitted to the sex at large.

For the Cold Luncheon

And yet another protest from another mother:

Please let me say a few words in favor of cold luncheons.

If a mother will see that her child has a good breakfast of fruit, cereal, toast and cocoa or milk, that youngster can do very well with a cold luncheon at 12 o'clock, and there need be no worry over the "severe" study of the majority of [illegible] the stomach so that the food will not be digested.

A cold luncheon of good bread and butter and a much-maligned wedge of pie with fruit won't hurt any child who is well enough to attend school.

Teach children that soda water and candy are "treats," not steady diet, and give them good, plain food, well cooked, and there will be less trouble over "cold luncheons."

The half-fed, half-clothed children of the very poor are another proposition. They should be considered from a charitable standpoint.

I may add that that class of mothers do not read the Housemothers' Exchange.

Don't lump the whole lot of public school children together because some mothers are too poor and others too lazy to care properly for their offspring.

DAME VAN WINKLE (White Plains, N. Y.).

There is an admixture of common sense and truth in this protest that makes it more difficult to answer than if the writer were less intelligent and less honest in her convictions. I have room for but two exceptions to the general tenor of an exceedingly well-written letter.

First, The child who tried conscientiously to be perfect in every recitation in our public school must study to the full extent of his ability, and, if he be a fast-growing child, often beyond his strength. If the adult reader doubts the truth of the assertion, let him acquaint himself with the curriculum of grammar or high school and try in imagination to fit it to the mind of the young student. The course is undeniably "severe."

Second, Cold food is not assimilated by the stomach as easily as warm. When the digestive organs share in the general physical fatigue—amounting often to faintness and nausea—consequent upon a morning of "severe" mental application, the stomach should be braced into action by something more nourishing and quick in effect than the invariable sandwich, thick bread-and-butter and wedge of pie.

Hence my recommendation of a cup of hot soup, which prepares the alimentary apparatus to receive the solid, cold food.

Sugar-Cured Hams

We have a farm a few miles from town, and in the autumn our tenant renders lard for us, makes sausages, etc. He cures bacon and hams simply by laying them in brine. We don't care for them put up in that way. We should like to have ours "sugar-cured" hams.

Can you tell me where I can find something about this method, or describe it to me? Or how can I learn how it is done?

L. L. A. (Pekin, Ill.).

P. S.—No cookery book tells us anything on this subject. At least none that we have.

L. L. A.

Yet if I had room I could copy from Common Sense in the Household, published thirty years ago, a recipe for sugar-cured hams, just as they are put up in old Virginia to this very day.

I condense the formula to give you an idea of how to do it. Here is the recipe for the pickle in which the ham is laid for a fortnight or more after it is "treated" with a dry rub of salt:

Eighty pounds of meat, 2 quarts and 1 pint of fine salt, 4 pounds of sugar or 1 quart of the best molasses, 3 ounces of saltpeter.

The meat is packed in layers in a barrel, 2 quarts of salt strewed between these, and left to make its own brine. This, as it oozes from the meat, is drawn off through the bunghole and poured back in cupfuls over the hams.

At the end of the fortnight (or sixteen days) wash off the pickle and dip each ham, while wet, in bran, to form a crust and prevent the escape of the juices. Then hang in the smoke of smoldering hickory chips and sawdust. The fire must not go out, neither must it blaze. It should smolder for a month. At the end of that time take down the hams, brush off the brine, examine closely to make sure there are no "skippers" in the meat, and sew up in coarse muslin or sailcloth. Coat this with a mixture of beeswax and rosin and hang in a dry, cool place.

Meat preserved in this way will keep sweet for years. The justly celebrated "Smithfield hams" are cured thus.

In the book from which this compendium of the process is taken two pages are devoted to the details of curing pork. The recipes are heirlooms, and seasoned by a century of usage.

Truss for a Little Boy

I read in the Exchange some weeks ago that a woman offered a little boy's truss to any one who needs it.

I have a little nephew who has been ruptured ever since he was a baby. As there is a large family of children, eight in all, we could never buy a truss for the little fellow. I should be very glad to get this one. Please let me hear from you by return mail.

I inclose card for reply.

Mrs. H. F. J. (Cheyenne, Wyo.).

As happens so often that we have ceased to be surprised thereat, you forgot to inclose card or stamp. Still we are interested in the boy, and we should have answered by mail without delay if you had given the signature of the person offering the truss. We have had dozens of them, first and last, and we index alphabetically hundreds of new addresses every week. You see how difficult it would be for us to verify the donor of the article you would like to get. Let us have the signature, and inclose a stamped and self-addressed envelope, and we will do our best for the boy.

To Mrs. B. A. C.

I see that "Mrs. B. A. C." has some calico pieces which she does not want. As I work up into quilts every piece I can get, having a large family, I should be glad to get some of hers. I will cheerfully pay expressage upon all she can spare. Please send me her address, or let her know that I should like to get the scraps. I even make comfortables of old clothing that is not very badly worn.

Mrs. G. E. H. (Van Wert, Ia.).

As you did not inclose a stamp for reply, we are compelled to notify "Mrs. B. A. C." in this way of your desire and need. Otherwise, you would have had an earlier reply, and by mail. Should the owner of the calico bits have disposed of them before this meets her eye, will not other readers supply the want of the hard-working woman who appeals for what nobody else needs? Send to me for her address—inclosing a stamped and self-addressed envelope. A 2-cent stamp is a bagatelle to each of you. Multiply it daily by fifty, and count up the days of the week, month and year, if you would comprehend the drain upon editorial funds when this reasonable rule is habitually neglected.

And after writing, "Inclosed please find stamped and self-addressed envelope for reply," look again at the envelope to make sure that you put the stamp on.

Picking Wild Ducks

Knowing that many cooks—amateur and professional—dislike to prepare wild ducks for roasting, I should like to submit the inclosed method, which makes picking ducks a simple and easy task.

It may be of use to those who would rather throw a duck away than prepare it for cooking.

To Pick Wild Ducks

Remove the heaviest and longest feathers in the usual manner; cut off the head and wings. Melt a cake of paraffine in a deep pail or other vessel. Dip each duck in the melted paraffine, using a spoon to get it under the wings. Let the birds lie in the paraffine until this hardens. Then scrape all the paraffine off with a dull knife. You will then have a duck absolutely free from [illegible] and in perfect condition.

R. R. P. (Duluth, Minn.).

Every cook knows and recalls groaningly the tedious business of ridding the body of wild or tame ducks of the close, fine down which protects the under part of the waterfowl from wet as effectually as if it were incased in a mackintosh. The ingenious device laid before us by a masculine member of the Exchange is a boon to those who love the savory bird—and who does not? It is a prime favorite in my household. Yet I never heard until now of the picking-made-easy scheme here detailed.

Home Offered

We should be glad to hear from you with regard to the lady who wishes to get a nice home in a private family. There are but three of us in the family, and it would be pleasant to have a clean, "nice" person to help my wife. I would guarantee her a good home. I should like to know of what religion she is and her age. Please let me hear from you as soon as possible.

J. B. A. (West Philadelphia).

As you do not inclose a stamp for a reply, I take this method of making your wish known.

As you do not give the address of the person applying for the position—that is, the initials signed to the letter conveying her wishes—I must trust to the chance of the right person seeing your note in reference to the same. I should like to be of service to both parties, but this is not practicable without more definite information. We have not time to look up letters published in earlier issues of the Exchange, and our index of addresses is arranged alphabetically. If correspondents would make a mental note of these items of information, much annoyance and time will be spared to all concerned.

Jamestown Weed

I read in a Louisville paper last summer an article headed "Freak Farming." In this it was said that "jimson weed" may be raised with profit, being used as a drug. Also, that a woman in California sells the seeds at $2 an ounce.

Can you tell me if this be true, and the name of the firm that buys the seed?

If I am admitted to your Family, I will come again with some household hints that may be useful to the Exchange.

Mrs. M. J. O. (A Kentucky Housewife).

Business addresses are not admitted to the Exchange. Nor do I believe that the weed mentioned ever brings the price you name. But the question is sufficiently interesting to engage our thoughts and to be passed over to our agriculturists. The Jamestown weed—so called because it grew in profusion in and around Jamestown when the first colony was established on the James River has medicinal properties. The Indians made lavish use of it in salves and ointments, and smoked the dried leaves for some disorders. I recollect seeing, in my girlhood, the colored people boil it down in lard to a greenish paste which was in great request for ulcers and eruptions. It is news that the seeds are an article of commerce, commanding fabulous prices.

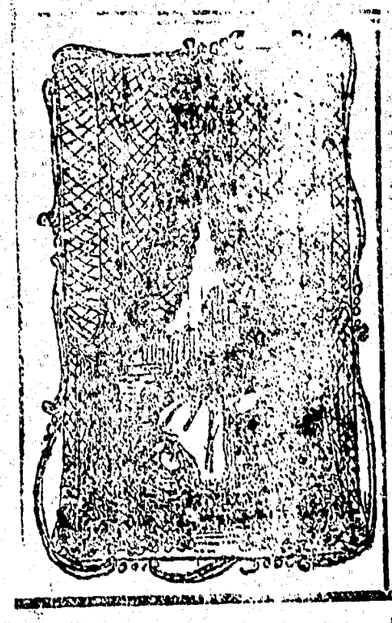
Will some of our readers who are versed in "freak farming" inform us further as to the virtues of the weed?

Rose Beads

Please favor me with a recipe for making rose beads.

Mrs. A. W. B. (Los Angeles, Cal.).

As I have a very hazy idea of what you mean by "rose beads," I am obliged to refer the query to those better advised upon the subject than myself. I shall be glad to publish the formula when I get it.



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HE SHALL ARISE

Each springtime we remember the voice that announced a resurrection in which we see the promise of a resurrection for all mankind. From the first Easter to this one, made holy by the flames of countless martyrdoms, made more holy by the memories of those deathbeds over which you yourself have leaned to snatch hope from the arms of despair, the promise has been passed from dying hand to dying hand It has made you, you believe, immortal— but have you ever thoroughly realized that it has given immortality to those whom you hate, those whom you scorn, those whom you do not even effectively believe to be human? If it has given you a soul, it has robbed you of the privilege of forgetting the souls of your fellows. "If ye then be risen with Christ," you have got to remember something higher than your own comfort; you have got to remember the mortal needs of your immortal companions; man shall arise.

Or, you don't believe it. You believe in our three score years and ten, and no more. The candle is snuffed out, and its light is nowhere. Still less, then, can you escape your duty. If your single life is bottled in the frail vase of the finite, then indeed is the finite charged with infinity. This is your only chance Whatever of evil you do cannot be undone; whatever of good you mean to do cannot be postponed to an eternal to morrow If you are to help man, you must help him now.

Believer or unbeliever, you must, then, lend your hand to all those millions of hands that are slowly raising the burden of our common lot. There is much to do, but we are doing it. Our political system is dishonored, but it will be cleaned, and you can help clean it. Our souls are weak with oppression, but they will be made strong, and you may help strengthen them, The big fact of social evolution you cannot deny; your duty in regard to it you cannot evade. Our social body "is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption: it is sown in dishonor; it is raised in glory; it is sown in weakness, it is raised in power."

Whatever happens in another world, in this one, from the protoplasm to your own cerebrum, we are marching forward; thro' despotism and republicanism we are plodding toward the Democracy of Man, which is the Kingdom of God Man shall arise.

—Cosmopolitan Magazine

FOR SALE- A frame cottage situated on the corner of Derwent Avenue and Third St. Well fenced. For further particulars apply A. McKinnon, Cumberland, B. C.

Mr. [illegible] left by Friday's boat for Vancouver.

City Council

The City Council met in regular session on Monday evening, there being present Aldermen Willard, Maxwell, Parnham, Stewart and the Mayor.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted.

Accounts:

Islander	$5 00
A. Mckinnon	88.55
B. C. Gazette	5.00
C. H. Tarbell	5.60
Elec. Light	38.40

Constable Gray's report:

Scavenger	$109.50
Night Watchman	67.00
Road Tax	54.00
Police Court	8 00
Dog Tax	7.00
Sample Room	4.00
Scavenger Buckets	60
Hall Rent	40.00

Chairman Maxwell of Board of Works, reported that they intended starting work on Allen avenue on Tuesday.

Alderman Willard reported on alleys being cleaned up.

The mayor reported on voters list, that they were working on same, and would report at next meeting.

T. E. Bate on behalf of the Citizens League addressed the council re invitation to Victoria Board of Trade to visit this city, and hoped that the council would see its way clear to take the matter up. The mayor addressed the council in the matter, stating that they expected about twenty to visit Comox and Courtenay, and asked that the council extend an invitation to the board. Ald. Willard also spoke in favour of same, and moved that committee from the council be appointed to act with committee of Citizens League. This committee was appointed, consisting of Aldermen Willard, Stewart and the mayor.

Communication from Citizens League re extension of city limits was on motion laid over until next meeting.

Council adjourned.

WANTED—A few gentlemen boarders in private family. Apply this office.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS SALE, Consisting of swing staging, ladders, step ladders & etc.
H. J. Theobald.

The Royal Bank of Canada wishes to inform the public, that it has been the custom for years, for banks to allow joint accounts to be opened in the name of two or more persons, to be operated by any one of them, and in the event of death to be paid to the survivor. This practice is not a new idea as many of the old timers here can affirm, they having operated accounts in that manner for years with us.

Mr B. W. Bailey of Vancouver, was in town last week on a business trip.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Editor of NEWS—

The dilemma of the council in regard to the proper policing of the city is the inevitable result of an impossible arrangement. When an arrangement was made with certain citizens by which they should voluntarily contribute to the salary of the night constable, no great amount of wisdom was needed to foresee that as soon as that constable's duties led him to interfere with those on whose voluntary contributions his support depended there would be trouble. That trouble has arrived on schedule time. The constable charged some of the hotel-keepers with infringement of the law. Those so charged have retaliated by refusing to contribute further to his support, and now demand that there be no night constable to spy upon them during the hours of darkness. And —here is the Big Stick!— they will not give anything toward the support of a night constable. A night watchman must not have any power to make any arrest, whatever crime he may see, or the city shall not get any financial aid from them.

No one is surprised at the position they take. It is the logical outcome of the situation But here is the surprise. Immediately that these gentlemen make the demand, the whole council and board of police commissioners are thrown into confusion, and some cry one thing and some another. Some even hold up their hands helplessly to these dictators, and dare to suggest leaving the city without a night constable. because these hotel keepers ask it. Of all absurdities this would be the limit, for a city to employ a nightwatchman, and refuse to invest him with the authority even of a special constable. Most private companies employing nightwatchmen on their own premises are careful to invest them with such authority to make them effective. Yet it is suggested that our city be left without such protection, because, forsooth, some hotel-keepers have refused to contribute to the constable's support! When was it ever heard that the city control was so publicly handed over to such dictators?

What shall be done? Simply cut the Gordian knot. Be independent of the control of any such voluntary contributors. Appoint such authority as is necessary for the proper enforcement of the law and the peace of the city by night as well as by day and pay for it out of the public funds.

CRITIC

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A brown sable collie dog answering to the name of Shep, from Courtenay, on Sunday, the 2nd, inst. Anyone harboring same, will be prosecuted according to law.

HUGH MORRISON,
Courtenay, B. C.

Dr D. E. Kerr, dentist, will be at Cumberland [illegible] April 12th, to 22nd, inclusive.

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Obituary.

The death of Mrs. Dunn, wife of Wilson Dunn of the News office, which occurred at the hospital last Saturday morning, has cast a gloom over the entire community. It is only a little over a year ago, that she came among us from Victoria, a bride. As a member of the Methodist church she joined heartily in its social and religious life, and made many friends by her quiet kindly helpfulness. Last Sunday afternoon, Easter Sunday, at two o'clock her friends here paid their last tribute of respect in a brief memorial service conducted in the undertaking parlors by Rev. B. C. Freemon. It was most fitting that the Easter Hope should enter largely into the spirit of the service. From the parlors the casket was conveyed to the train, en route to Victoria, to be interred among her relatives in Ross Bay cemetery on Tuesday. A number of sympathising friends accompanied the sorrowing husband and little Irene as far as Union wharf on their sad journey.

Mrs. J. B. Bennett of Vancouver arrived by Saturday's boat, and is the guest of Mr and Mrs. L. A. Mounce.

A petition to the Minister of Lands and Works, requesting that a road be constructed from Cumberland to dove Creek, has been placed in this office for signatures.

A very large assortment of Children Sailors and Tams, for spring, with prices most reasonable at the Big Store,

K. AIDA Merchant TAILOR

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SUITS MADE TO ORDER AND IN ANY STYLE YOU WISH.

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PHONE 29.... CUMBERLAND

The longer you live the more you learn.

I think you were all satisfied with your bargains last month and learned where to save money on your feed. I am sorry there was not enough to go around, but there is MORE ON THE WAY that I will sell at prices that will soon learn you that the more you feed the quicker your bank account will grow.

Winter will soon be over, and I'll tell you how to make another saving. Take a pencil and figure up the quantity of seed you will require for your spring work and send the result to me. Do this now while you think of it and I will make you a saving of from ¼ to 1 cent a pound on any kind of field seed you require. Don't forget the address—

A. B. CRAWFORD, - - Courtenay, B.C

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