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THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

A Journal Devoted Especially, to the Interests of Comox District.

THE NEWS, EIGHTEENTH YEAR, CUMBERLAND B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1910 SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 A YEAR

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This hot weather means va-vacation time and you wi l no doubt want to get away for a visit somewhere. You will want a

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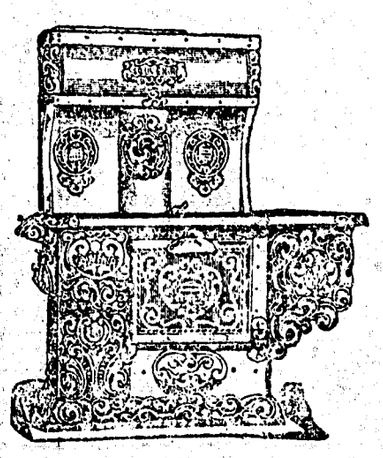

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8 DAY SALE!

Our Special Sale for Eight Days is going strong. Hundreds of people visited the store on Saturday and benefitted from the good values they received. Everything in the store in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, is reduced.

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Next door to the Royal Bank of Canada, Cumberland.

A Climb in the Rockies.

[By T. F. Barron, B.A.]

On August 14th, 1909, the Banff local, "Crag and Canon," published the following:

"On Monday afternoon a party comprising Misses Amy Thrimble, G and M McLean, Winnipeg; H. Tweedie, Messrs G Standish, Ed. Akhurst, Harry Hazelden, and Rev W J Haggith, all of Banff; Mr T J Barron, Courtenay, B.C. and Rev. H, Wood, Saskatoon, Sask., drove out to Lake Minnewanka, Corporal Townsend, R. N. W. M. P., joining the party on the way, and went per launch to the lakeside camp at the foot of Aylmer Pass, where they bivouacked for the night. Next morning the climb of Mount Aylmer was made the summit being attained about noon, and the camp at the lake again about 12½ hours from the time of the morning start. The tired but happy climbers came back to Banff on Tuesday evening."

Being one of this party I am in a position to give a fuller account of the above mention climb, which account I now send you for the Cumberland News, according to my promise some time ago.

Our party left the town about 4 p.m. in two sections for Lake Minnewanka, where we expected to meet the small steamer which plies the waters of that magnificent lake.

Each member of the party was provided with a steel pointed Alpine stock, corked shoes, and a pair of blankets. A commissariat had been appointed to look after meals, nevertheless everyone had in addition a supply of his own.

The drive to the lake was full of interest at every point, leading past gigantic mountains, foaming cascades and deep canons. En route we met a party of young ladies on horseback cantering at a good speed. They were all riding astride and looked rather fierce as they approached. They seemed to be enjoying themselves.

We reached the lake shore about 6 o'clock and soon saw our steamer in the distance. Just as we had all boarded the steamer, Corporal Townsend and another man came paddling up in a canoe, and at the request of some our party the Corporal joined us to act as guide.

We steamed a few miles up the lake to the foot of Mount Aylmer, where we intended to camp for the night. The scenery, as we steamed along was magnificent beyond de-

(Continued on page 8.)

Development League.

The Development League met on Monday evening, there being present, President Shaw, Secretary Acton and Messrs Cartwright, McLeod, Wilt. Clinton, Smithe and Siddall.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted.

Several communications were received, three of which asked for information about the district. The communications were received and filed.

The League is in receipt of two hundred copies of "Vancouver Island," beautifully illustrated and full of very interesting reading matter. It is a history of the island's resources and is compiled by The Vancou-Island Development League.

A communication was received from Hon. Wm. Templeman, re customs house officer for Cumberland, stating that he had forwarded communication received from the league to the Minister of Customs.

A communication committee was appointed consisting of Messers Smithe and Shaw, to act in conjunction with Secretary Acton.

It was regularily moved and seconded that the league draw up and circulate a petition asking that the sewer loan by law be again placed before the people, and that Messrs Smithe, Acton and Shaw have charge of the matter.—carried.

Rev. Freeman was introduced to the league by the president.

Mr. L. Nunns spoke on the overland mail service, and said, that while in Victoria, the Inspector had asked him if we could do without it. Mr. Smithe and Mr. McLeod suggested that the service be improved instead of being discontinued.

It was regularly moved and seconded that the Provincial Game Warden be asked to give this portion of the district, their portion of the feathered game being distributed. It was also moved and seconded, that we ask for a paid game warden for this portion of the district.—carried.

Another Old Timer Passes From Our Midst.

Once again we announce the death of another respected old timer, in the person of Christina Roy, (aged 72 years) beloved wife of Mr. Wm. Roy, who resides near Cumberland. The deceased lady had been ailing for some time and took a sudden turn for the worse, from which she never recovered, passing away peacefully on Thursday night, at 10.45. The late Mrs. Roy leaves a husband, two daughters and a son to mourn her loss, Mrs. [Dr.] Millard, Courtenay; Mrs. Findley, who resides in the upper country; and David Roy, who lives on the farm. The funeral took place on Saturday, June 23rd, for interment in the Presbyterian cemetery Sandwick, the Reverend D. McGillivray officiating. The pallbearers were Messrs Robt. Grant, A. H. Peacey, Richard Dowdall, Wm. Duncan, Thos. Cairns and P. Downey.

CARD OF THANKS.

To the dear friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in life's greatest trial, and those who so deftly wove together the beautiful flowers, we tender our sincere thanks.

William Roy and Family.

At The City Hall.

A novelty in moving pictures will be the Vancouver Fire Brigade fighting a recent fire which happened in that city, and which will be reproduced on the curtain in the City Hall, on next Monday evening. This is the most up to-date film that has ever been shown here and should be seen by everybody.

RECEIVED TOO LATE.

We have just received a shipment of jute Rugs & Mattings too late to put in stock and will be placed on sale at once as we do not wish to carry them over for another season

Japanes Jute Mats, pretty designs 3 x 6 ft. $1.50
Japanese Mattings, worth 30 & 35c. NOW 20c.
Japanese Mats, 3 x 6 - - - NOW 50c.
Ladies' Fancy Stockings in Helio, Myrtle and Oxblood 25c.

CAMPBELL BROS.
Dunsmuir Avenue Cumberland

His Courtship.

By HELEN R. MARTIN,
Author of "Tillie: A Mennonite Maid."

Copyright, 1907, by McClure, Phillips & Co.

(Continued.)

He was warned at length by the sputtering of the wick in his lamp how the hours had flown.

"It is goodby as well as good night," he said as he rose and held out his hand to her. "I am going away tomorrow."

The sudden blankness of her face almost alarmed him. She turned white, and she seemed unable to speak.

"But I shall be back within a week," he hastened to reassure her. "And I shall be able to tell you everything then, I hope. Did you think I meant I was going to break my promise to you?"

"Going away?" she repeated dully, ignoring his question. "You are going away?"

"Believe me," he begged her, "that I shall keep my promise to you. You shall know all that I know within a week."

"I do believe it. It is not that. It is—that you are going away."

He was puzzled. "It will be dull for you, you mean, after the excitement of our talks in this room."

She drew a long breath, and her eyes fell from their intent gaze into his.

"I mean—since you came here the world has seemed full of light. When you go no doubt it will return to its original color."

"What color is that?" he asked, smiling.

"A pale drab."

He did not for an instant give a sentimental interpretation to her words.

"Perhaps it will be well for your eyes to have a week's rest from the lurid light of my presence, for I hope to bring back news to you that will dazzle you sure enough unless I am greatly disappointed."

"News that will dazzle me? You mean that you are going to try to secure me a teacher's position?" she asked, with humble gratefulness.

"You would call that dazzling news, Eunice, if I came back with a position for you at teaching school? Well, well, everything depends upon one's point of view, of course. There are some young women to whom that would appear a 'pale drab.' I shouldn't wish it to my meanest enemy."

"Then that isn't what you meant?"

"You will be disappointed if I say no?"

"I am in such suspense about my future. I am quite determined to leave here and it would be a relief to me to have something definite in view."

"You may feel entirely at peace about that, Eunice. I promise you I'll take care of it for you."

"You are sure you can find me a place and that I am not imposing on your kindness to ask it of you?"

"If I take a day off and roll up my sleeves to it I may be able to accomplish it—don't give it a moment's anxiety!"

The contrast between the prosaic lot of a teacher to which she looked as a good almost too great to be hoped for and the brilliant fate he knew to be possibly hers struck him dramatically.

All the while he had been talking to her tonight he had been trying to catch sight of that index to her identity given in the "confession"—the two little moles under her left ear. He had not been able to see them, and the fear began to trouble him that they were not there to be seen. He now decided that he could not go on his errand to her aunt without this proof to add to all his other evidence.

He put his question with a directness that startled her.

"Pardon my inquisitiveness, but do you have two small moles on your neck under your left ear?"

His inquiry seemed to her irrelevant to the point of madness.

"What has that to do with it?"

"To do with what?"

"With anything. I mean what do you want to know for?"

"To be able to identify you as the daughter of your father. Please tell me."

"Yes, I have."

"May I see them?"

She turned her head and he saw the small dark spots on her white neck.

"Thank you. If you had the least like what there is [illegible] to you, little girl!—now, if I don't go away at once I shall be tempted to tell you the whole thing. It will be an infinitely better story, I confidently believe, if I keep it until my return."

He clasped her hand, which rested cold in his [illegible] a few hours' sleep before his departure in the early morning.

CHAPTER XIX.

MR. AND MRS. MORNINGSTAR held counsel together and came to some astute conclusions.

"If that there Doc didn't have enough pin up his sleeve to down us with he wouldn't have the dare to speak up to us so positive," Mr. Morningstar gloomily reasoned. "To be sure, I wouldn't give in to him and make over all that there money to the girl if I didn't have afraid he'd spoil me far more'n that yet—like what he sayed he'd do."

"Abram Morningstar, you ain't going to up and throw Eunice at him girl!" his wife exclaimed incredulously.

"Will you leave me know, then, how I'm gettin' out of it?" he demanded.

They were together in the kitchen just after Kinross' departure on his week's absence. Mr. Morningstar was still too ill from his cold to leave the settee, and his wife was in the act of putting a mustard plaster on him when he opened up the discussion of what lay so heavily on their hearts.

"He must have took a shine to Eunice," Mrs. Morningstar lamented, "to be takin' up fur her like what he's doin'. I don't know what's got into the men, such dumm taste as they all show. There's Ollie—she's twicet as fat and has nicer cloes and near twicet the schoolin' as what Eunice's got. The girl's just that tricky she makes eyes at the men behind our backs, pop, that's wot!"

"I've been thinkin' it out how we could spite him back," Mr. Morningstar said, lowering his voice and indicating with a twirl of his thumb the departed boarder. "If we do have to give Eunice them $3,000 we kin keep it in the family and get ahead of that darned towner by marryin' her to Abe right aways. Ain't? You see, what that city sharper's after is to git them $3,000 fur hisself. It ain't often a girl—even a towner—has that much to bring to her mister. Abe couldn't git no girl round here with that much. If we do have to give her the money we couldn't do better by Abe than to leave him marry her."

"Well, mebbe," Mrs. Morningstar answered, considering the matter as she buttoned her husband's shirt over the plaster. "But it would rile me to have to marry our Abe to a girl we brang up on charity."

"That ain't neither here nor there," Mr. Morningstar sneered irritably at this sentiment. "What we want is to settle these here finances without no more loss than we can't help."

"There's this to say," Mrs. Morningstar added—"if she marries Abe mebbe that underhanded Hen Mucklehenny will be comin' back to our Ollie when he sees he can't have Eunice."

"Yes, we'd be spitin' him too." Mr. Morningstar fairly smacked his lips with satisfaction. "The hand of Providence would be in it, and it would all work out for his honor and glory. Yes, I tell you the Lord sees a many a thing head of hisself that way!"

"You're spitin' every one but the one I'd like to spite," snapped Mrs. Morningstar, "and that's that deceitful girl, with her sneakin' ways and her playin' her tricks behind a body's back after all we done fur her a'ready!"

"Seems we haven't darst to talk about that no more—what we done fur her. Seems she done everything fur us," Mr. Morningstar sarcastically added. "Now, look a-here, mom; we'll fix it up between Abe and Eunice before the Doc gits back. See? I'll go ahead and tell Abe he has the dare to pass his promise to Eunice, and you kin tell her she dare have Abe now without workin' no more tricks to git him."

It was a bitter thing to Mrs. Morningstar, this task allotted to her, but it was to become more bitter still before she was through with it.

It appeared for a moment that it was going to be made easy. Abe, entirely unsuspicious of what was brewing, came to his mother that very evening after his day's work was over with a passionate protest against her opposition to his marrying Eunice and a plea that she "leave" him have the girl.

"To be sure, Eunice she knows you're agin it, so she purtends she don't want me. You go tell her you're in fur it—our gettin' promised together—and certainly then she'll be only too glad to git me."

This was Abe's point of view.

"Glad to git you! Well, I guess mebbe!" Mrs. Morningstar retorted. "It's a wonder you wouldn't look higher, Abe Morningstar."

"I have wonderful tired, mom, of hearin' of this 'lookin' higher.' I got my age—I'm a man and it's my own affairs if I look high or low for my wife. Eunice she suits me all right. Even if she won't have no aussteuer and ain't got nothin' comin' to her, she's anyhow not one to spend at the rices or to run, and she's so handy at the work I'd never have to hire fur her. So if I am lookin' low, I ain't doin' so bad, takin' it all in all. If you and pop would only stop kickin' I'd soon git her to pass her promise. And I tell you right here, mom, I'm goin' to marry her, anyhow—whether yours like it or whether yours don't. So yours might as well stop your kickin.' To be sure it would make me less work persuadin' Eunice if yours would stop kickin'. She's awful stubborn headed about it."

Mrs. Morningstar sniffed contemptuously.

"Oeh, but men is dumm things! Her stubborn headed about takin' you!—when she's been makin eyes at you and trying to git you ever since you was in long pants a'ready and she was in long frocks!"

"I ain't took notice she was tryin' to git me," Abe answered sullenly. "I can't never git her to be even sociable with me. And before she'd go buggy ridin' or to a circus with me! Cert'nly that was because she had afraid of yours."

"Well, Abe, seein' this here's the way you feel and you bein' my own son that way, I'll put to aside my regrets and leave her have you. I'll tell her tomorrow."

Abe was astonished at his easy success with his mother. He had anticipated a complete routing.

"Will you make it all right with pop?" he eagerly and gratefully inquired.

With subtle diplomacy she answered that he would.

It was not until the next evening that she brought herself to broach the subject with Eunice.

When the evening chores were finished and the girl was about to take her lamp to go up to bed, she stopped her and made her sit down with her in the kitchen.

"I got to speak somepin to you," she began in a tone of sullen reluctance, her whole person bristling with the antagonism she felt against her enforced concession. "Me and pop's been talkin' it over, and we conceited we'd tell you that you'd worked pretty good and steady fur us and now that you're got your age and ain't got no more claim on us we wouldn't like to see you throwed out on the world neither, seein' how we brang you up like our own. So we just conceited that rather'n let you unpurteeted on the world we'd keep on bein' parents to you, though, to be sure, we thought to look higher fur our Abe, him bein' our only son."

Eunice, sitting opposite her at the kitchen table, was looking at her rather vaguely. But at this reference to Abe her eyes lost their absent gaze, and she met her foster mother's eyes with a fixity which the latter found almost disconcerting.

She made no reply, but waited in silence for Mrs. Morningstar's ramblings to come to a focus.

"To be sure, our Abe could do a lot better. But then, seein' you've got him so's he thinks he wants you, why, us we're not puttin' no hindrance in your way. You kin have him."

(To be Continued.)

Things Theatrical.

Vera Michelena is to appear in "The Flirting Princess."

Frederick Lewis is to rejoin the Sothern-Marlowe company.

Nance O'Neil has made a big personal success in "The Lily."

Frank Daniels is playing an indefinite engagement at Daly's in New York in "The Belle of Brittany."

Dick Lee, to prove his versatility, undertook lately to play a different character in each of the four acts of "A Little Brother of the Rich" in New York.

Miss Mary Moore, the leading lady of Sir Charles Wyndham, who is accompanying him on his American tour, is also a partner with him in his London theater.

The place of George Arliss in "Septimus" has been taken by Claus Bogel, who was the star's understudy. Mr. Bogel played the role of the French soldier in the story.

Recent Inventions.

To a Philadelphian has been granted a patent on a machine to pass tobacco leaves in bundles under X rays to kill the small insects which infest them.

A patent has been granted on an electric rat trap which resembles a rather flat bell. When a rat climbs up on it to reach the bait it completes a fatal circuit.

A piano stool that will accommodate but one person under ordinary circumstances, but which contains leaves which can be spread to hold two to play duets, has been invented by a Chicagoan.

By inventing a hairpin the prongs of which normally are close together, but which may be sprung open to insert, a Pennsylvania woman has designed a device more secure than pins of the usual form.

Author of the Miller Bill.

On account of the very general interest aroused throughout the Dominion by the long and hard-fought struggle in the Canadian Parliament over the bill to abolish gambling on the race track, many people who have never met or ever seen the author of the bill, Mr. Henry Horton Miller, M.P., are naturally curious to know what kind of man this is, who has succeeded in putting up such a stiff fight for his measure that the recognized political parties, and even the Ministry itself, have been divided, with a final result that the closest division ever recorded in the Commons was reached, the bill being just defeated by a majority of one, and that although many of the most powerful debaters and strongest party leaders on both sides were against the measure. In personal appearance, Mr. Miller is exactly the type of a man who would be expected to promote such a bill and to fight to the last ditch to secure its passage. Tall, gaunt, rather ungainly in figure and carriage, with a set "dour" face and a heavy, determined-looking jaw, he might pose without make-up for a Cromwellian trooper or a member of the Roundhead Parliament. You cannot hear him speak in Parliament, or engage in five minutes conversation with him, without being convinced that he is a man of cast-steel convictions, and possessed of determination to carry out anything he undertakes to do, if it can be done. He is a good, practical speaker too; not an orator, but a user of plain blunt language which expresses just what he means. The bill was certainly pushed for all it was worth in Mr. Miller's hands, and if he does not bring it up again, and secure its adoption, those who know him well will be surprised. Mr. Miller, who represents South Grey in the House of Commons, is the son of a father of Scotch and American descent brought up in Canada, and of a Canadian mother of Irish descent. Owen Sound was his native place, and he was born in 1861. He lives at Hanover, Ont., where he is a dealer in real estate. He is a Methodist and actively interested in the local church and in the governing body of that denomination.

A Victoria Tragedy.

A pathetic fatality occurred at Kiacatoo Station, Victoria, Australia, recently, when Charles Russell Street met his death. He was conveying the news from an out station to Mr. S. Waite, of the death of his father-in-law, and when within 150 yards of Waite's house was struck dead by lightning, which also killed the horse he was riding.

FOOT OF THE HORSE.

Disease and Deformities Prevented by Early Attention to Young Stock.

Most owners of large breeding establishments of racing stock are fully alive to the importance of supplying conditions under which the feet of their young stock shall have every chance of proper development, paddocks of sound turf or dry porous subsoil, well shaded and well watered. With careful housing in roomy, loose boxes, on comfortable dry straw beds, surroundings are provided under which nature seldom fails to supply this valuable stock with such feet as in all probability will never, unless afterward abused, give the animals or their owners any cause of trouble. I find with many small breeders the last consideration very frequently is the condition and care of the feet of their young horses, says W. R. Gilbert. Many times I have seen promising two and three year olds with ragged, split feet and growing into all shapes but the right one when the most simple early attention would have prevented disease or deformity.

Instances are easily forthcoming as to the influence of surrounding conditions upon foot development. Place two foals at birth under quite opposite conditions, each having good feet. Tie

READY FOR THE SHOE.

one on wet meadows, where its feet are seldom or never on firm ground; the other upon dry uplands. From the meadows you have soft, flat, weak feet, while upon the uplands they have grown a good shape, tough and endurable in texture.

The best stable treatment is simple cleanliness and occasional dressing with good oil. In fact, treat the horses' feet in the same way you would your best harness.

If a young horse with sound feet be taken from a dry pasture he will be fit for shoeing at once, so far as the feet are concerned, but a colt should have his first training lessons in the stables and not in the shoeing forge and when quiet to handle should be shod.

I am sure that certain kinds of bedding are a cause of unsoundness in the feet of horses. I have not yet met with anything so good as wheat straw. The damp portions of litter should be removed daily and the animal exercised on hard ground. Each morning the litter should be carefully looked over and the dry portion removed to the sides of the box and every particle picked out of the feet.

Sawdust from the fir or pine order, I believe, has a damaging effect on the hoof, but that from woods such as elm, ash or oak is a fairly good substitute for straw.

Working the Brood Mare.

A knowledge of just what is right and safe to do with a working brood mare will prevent some little mistake which perhaps may have serious consequences and will enable one to make the best possible use of her time. While a mare may safely be worked hard and steadily from the day she is bred until the day she drops her foal, she should be kept clear of excessively hard pulls and strains, such as are apt to occur in hauling grain on the road in a hilly country, working with smooth shoes or none at all when the roads are icy and hauling feed and manure through muddy fields and feed lots in the early spring.

Careful hauling on the road and steady work in the field, putting in crops and tending them are very safe for the mare. I have used mares at spring plowing up to the day their foals were dropped, says a horseman.

Dairy Wisdom.

Winter butter sells at a fancy price, but not when the milk and cream are allowed to collect kitchen and cellar odors.

Too much cream for the calf is about as bad as too much money for the boy.

Milk cows should be groomed not more than one hour before milking. A stiff brush should be used to remove dry matter and places soiled with fresh manure cleaned by washing.

Take the milk to the house directly after you are through milking. You cannot afford to run the risk of losing or getting filth into the food you have received from your cows.

Mangers Too High and Deep.

If horses could speak there would be a general outcry against the mangers in use, says the Farm Journal. Most of them are set too high and are too deep, besides being tight on the bottom instead of slatted to let the dust and hay seed through. Dust is one of the horse's worst enemies and often injures his breathing apparatus, causing him misery for life. Every manger should have a hayrack in front of it, and this should have a slatted bottom. The horse that gets his hay in this manner, pulling it through a rack level with the manger, will not breathe it and will not have dust in his eyes.

SOIL FERTILITY.

How to Build Up Land That Has Been Overworked.

The only way to build up and hold the fertility of the soil is to feed a large part of the crop and return the manure to the land. If manure cannot be had, the next best thing is to plow under crops grown for the purpose. There should be deep plowing, but no subsoiling. Leguminous crops should be grown for the nitrogen they bestow upon the soil.

Most soils, even when very poor, as a general thing, contain plenty of plant food except nitrogen, though sometimes other elements are lacking. The texture must be improved in order to increase fertility and plant food and humus added. Tillage goes a great way toward improving texture, but this alone is not enough. Humus must be added, and in doing so plant food is added, making the soil more permeable to air and water.

Humus is supplied to the soil, first, by the addition of stable manure, and this is probably the best method, calling for more forage crops and more stock; second, by planting crops for the purpose of turning them under (plowing under green crops is called green manuring); third, by growing clover and timothy, which are usually left down for several years, during which time their roots thoroughly penetrate the soil. Old roots decay and new roots grow. After the sod is plowed up considerable vegetable matter is turned under. With the mass of roots in the soil, this adds considerable humus. The advantage from the cultivation of clovers and alfalfa is found in the fact that they are deep rooted plants, and when their roots decay they have channels deep into the earth, thus aiding in the absorption of rains and letting in air to sweeten the soil.

Probably the most rapid way to build up a wornout soil when barnyard manure is not plentiful is to give it a course of treatment such as described, then grow only forage crops, buy grain to feed with them and return all the manure thus produced to the land. Dairy farming permits such a system to be followed, and no other type of farming builds up land so quickly.

Professor W. J. Spillman, agriculturist, in charge of farm management investigations, United States bureau of plant industry, says another type that gives quick results is to grow a succession of pasture crops for hogs, keep the hogs on these pastures and feed them a fourth to a half ration of grain. In middle latitudes the following system is adapted to this type of farming: Grow corn enough for the pigs on part of the farm, sowing either cowpeas or crimson clover or rye in the corn yearly to keep up fertility. The two latter crops furnish winter pasture for the pigs. On the remainder of the farm run the following three year rotation: Sow oats in early spring, follow by rye sown early in August, follow this by sorghum the following spring, in September or October sow rye again after the sorghum, late the next spring sow either sorghum or cowpeas and begin over again with oats the succeeding spring.

Tree Planting.

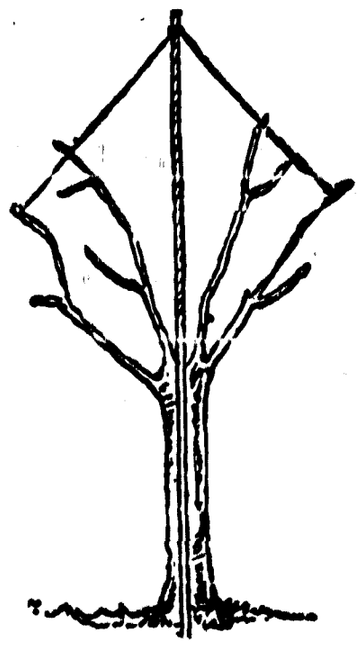
For extensive planting white pine at present is the only tree which can be obtained in large numbers. It is also a tree which is adapted to almost any kind of soil and which makes a quick growth of valuable timber. The blight which has attacked the pines during the past few years is somewhat of a drawback to the growth, and more or less attention is being directed to other trees, including spruce and chestnut.

Comfort For Sick Animals.

A sick animal should be placed in a well disinfected and dry box stall with plenty of bedding and sunlight (avoid drafts). In cold weather place a blanket on the animal, feed sparingly with digestible food, such as bran mashes made of linseed tea; keep manger sweet and clean. Water should be pure and clean and warmed when necessary. It is always necessary for new milk cows to be given warm water.

Guy Pole Support For Fruit Trees.

If fruit trees are long limbed and high headed, support with a guy pole. Lash the guy pole to the tree at the foot and at the forks. Branch guy



PROP FOR FRUIT TREES.

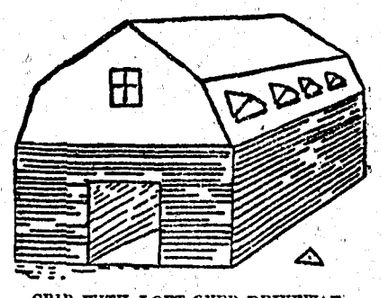
wire and tie to clubs, stake pieces of board and support several limbs. There is no reason why guys cannot be left permanently. Props will slip out and limbs split down and disfigure valuable trees.

Farm and Garden

PRACTICAL DOUBLE CORNCRIB

Well Arranged For Granary and Other Storage Purposes.

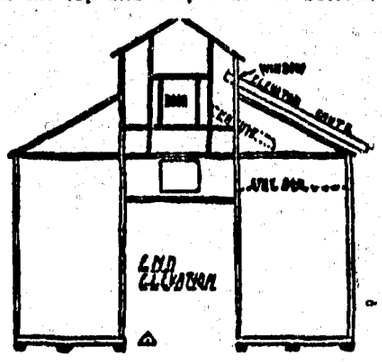
A convenient double corncrib may be fifty feet long, with eight foot wings and an eight foot driveway through the center. The space over the driveway may be used as a granary, access to the same being through large windows in each end of the building. Oats are particularly well suited to be stored in a place like this



CRIB WITH LOFT OVER DRIVEWAY.

on account of their lightness as compared with other grains. The roof should be of the hip design, and on the lower slant cupolas every ten feet should be made, through which the end of the conveyor or elevator may be inserted. In place of the four cupolas one may be substituted which will run the entire length of the roof, being closed by a hinged door.

The second illustration shows the end elevation of a double corncrib, which is described as follows: This plan is for a 24 by 36 building, with a dog house roof extension, which has four windows on each side, used as holes to run corn into, also for light. A chute at the end of the elevator conducts the corn into the bin. The chute is made portable, so that it fits in either space. The dog house has a door at either end, so that a conveyor can be used if desired. The dog house extension has three good features. First, it furnishes plenty of light and a good circulation of air; second, it affords an opportunity to fill the crib from bottom to roof and from end to end, and, third, it furnishes a fine place to hang and dry seed corn. The foundation is made of concrete, 6 by 6 at the top and 8 by 8 at the bottom,

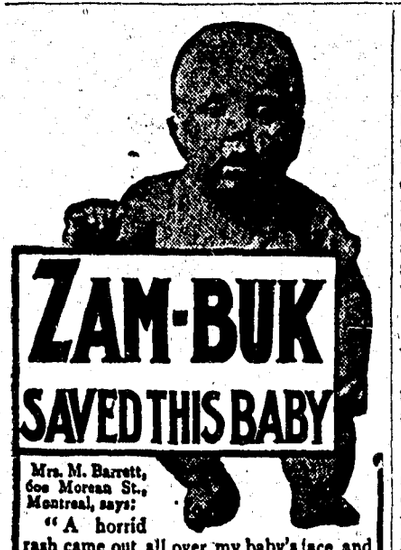


DOUBLE CRIB WITH CHUTE.

started below frost line, and the inner walls and driveway are also to be made of solid concrete. The dimension stuff is a matter of choice. For outer sills select 6 by 6, and for the inner or the solid walls 2 by 8 answer the purpose very well, laid down flat, with a 2 by 6 set on edge and studding cut out so they come out flush with the outside of the wall. For siding take the bevel edge crib siding, leaving a space of one and one-half inches between the boards.

Apples in Boxes.

This subject would be threadbare with all the discussion it has had of late were it not for the urgency of the facts. The apple barrel is by no means a satisfactory package, especially to the shipper of good apples, and in spite of obstacles the apple box is making progress. A larger proportion of last year's apple crop was sold in boxes than ever before. These facts came most painfully to the attention of eastern apple growers when all through the winter months Oregon apples in boxes sold at good prices in all eastern cities, while New York and New England fruit was a drug in the market. It was a situation which could leave no doubt in the eastern apple grower's mind that something has to be done. Naturally the eastern grower, who sees his market thus cut out from under him, thinks first of boxing his own apples. He considers also the fancy packing, trademarking and other selling devices at which the western men are so clever. All these schemes he must adopt, imitate or improve. But there is one thing more, and a very important one, which must be taken into the account. The eastern grower must grow better fruit. Eastern apples are conceded to be of better quality than Pacific coast stock, but the eastern grower has relied quite too much on this single fact. The western apples are allowed to have the best color and finish, but again the eastern grower has taken this estimate too much for granted. The high quality of New York and New England apples must be preserved, augmented and then advertised. The fruit must be carefully hand thinned on the trees in order to get a uniform grade for box packing. The color and appearance must be improved by better care. Western methods of co-operative packing, shipping and selling must be adopted. These are large reforms here pointed out, and the eastern farmer is a hard subject for reform, but these improvements have all got to be made. Otherwise the Oregon apple grower will appropriate the entire eastern market and the eastern apple grower will go into the milk business.



ZAM-BUK SAVED THIS BABY

Mrs. M. Barrett, 606 Moreau St., Montreal, says:

"A horrid rash came out all over my baby's face and spread until it had totally covered his scalp. It was irritating and painful, and caused the little one hours of suffering. We tried soaps and powders and salves, but he got no better. He refused his food, got quite thin and worn, and was reduced to a very serious condition. I was advised to try Zam-Buk, and did so. It was wonderful how it seemed to cool and ease the child's burning, painful skin. Zam-Buk from the very commencement seemed to go right to the spot, and the pimples and sores and the irritation grew less and less. Within a few weeks my baby's skin was healed completely. He has now not a trace of rash, or eruption, or eczema, or burning sore. Not only so, but cured of the tormenting skin trouble, he has improved in general health."

Zam-Buk is sold at all stores and medicine vendors, 50c. a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 6 boxes for $2.50. A certain cure for all skin diseases, cuts, burns, etc., and for piles.

Zam-Buk

The Cause

Woggs—Yesterday must have been an unfortunate day up your way. I see there were four autos smashed, two trucks overturned, a trolly car derailed and a score of pedestrians hurt.

Boggs—Yes, confound it, and I told that kid of mine to keep his new velocipede off the street.—Puck.

$100—REWARD—$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Biggs—"Do you believe that the use of tobacco impairs the memory?"

Diggs—"Not necessarily. I haven't been able to forget that cigar you gave me two weeks ago—but perhaps there was no tobacco in it."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Physician—"I have told you to take long walks in the open air, and you are not doing it."

Confirmed Dyspeptic—"I know it, doctor, but you told me I was to take them on an empty stomach."

When going away from home, or at any change of habitat, he is a wise man who numbers among his belongings a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. Change of food and water in some strange place where there are no doctors may bring on an attack of dysentery. He then has a standard remedy at hand with which to cope with the disorder, and forearmed he can successfully fight the ailment and subdue it.

"My wife," he proudly said, "has made me what I am." "That's the way with a man," replied Mrs. Strongmind. "Always blaming it on the woman."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

"I pride myself on the fact," said the haggard-looking poet, "that I have never written a line which any father might not read to his daughter."

"That is," added the philosopher, "if by any chance he should think it worth while to do so."

Desperation

Billie—Wot's up, Eddie?

Eddie—Why, dog gone it; it's too cold to go swimmin' an' a feller can't go skatin' 'cause de ice ain't froze, so all I can do is to go ter school. Jest like my measly luck!

Train Girls to Be Colonists

Lady Ernestine Hunt, the noted horsewoman and traveller has established a school at Cosham Park, near Portsmouth, where she is training girls to become useful colonists. The girls, who are from eighteen years old upwards, are taught housewifery, needlework, home nursing, first aid, gardening, riding and driving. No servants are kept, all the house and stable work being done by the pupils, who ride astride.

"What's your order, sir?" asked the waiter.

"Bring me," said the wild eyed customer, "some medium boiled potatoes and some eggs with the jackets on."

"Sir?"

"I don't know whether I've got that right or not, waiter," said the wild eyed man, "but do the best you can with it. A big red automobile had to jump out of my way about two minutes ago to keep me from running over it, and I'm a bit flustered."

Consul Edwin N. Gunsaulus, of Johannesburg, reports that the consumption of iron and steel in the Transvaal mines is estimated at 50,000 tons yearly, valued at $4,500,000. Of this, $3,000,000 consist of rails, sleepers, pipes and fittings, rock drills, etc. The Central South African railway, whose principal offices are in Johannesburg, also buys 32,000 tons of rails and sleepers annually.

A Little Wisdom

You can turn a crank down, but he always turns up.

A woman is loved for her virtues, and adored for her weaknesses.

The world expects a man to make a fool of himself over a woman, but it never forgives a woman who makes a fool of herself over a man.

To know thyself is wisdom; to know how to impart that knowledge to others—that's cleverness.—Smart Set.

It Is a Liver Pill.—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with have their origin in a disordered liver, which is a delicate organ, peculiarly susceptible to the disturbances that come from irregular habits or lack of care in eating and drinking. This accounts for the great many liver regulators now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there is none superior to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Their operation though gentle is effective, and the most delicate can use them.

"Tommy," said the boss, "you quit smoking two or three months ago, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir," answered the office boy.

"How much have you gained in weight?"

"Well, sir, countin' it in pickles I reckon I've gained about four pounds."

Country Editor—"I'm glad you brought these spring poems early."

Spring Poet—"Yes, sir."

Country Editor (putting them in the stove)—"Yes, sir! Most spring poets wait till the weather gets too warm to use them."

WOMAN'S CHARMS

Of Skin, Hands and Hair Preserved

For preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands; for allaying minor irritations of the skin and scalp and for preventing them from becoming chronic; for imparting a velvety softness to the skin; for sanative, antiseptic cleansing and, in short, for every use in promoting skin and hair health and bodily purity, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are unsurpassed. In the speedy and economical treatment of torturing, disfiguring eczemas, rashes, itchings and inflammations, Cuticura succeeds when all else fails.

Milliner's assistant—"That feather, madam, makes you look ten years younger."

Antique Lady—"Then I'll take the hat. But I think perhaps, a second feather might make it even more becoming."

"I was born in a log cabin on a farm," began the tramp, but he got no further.

"And is this all you have made of such splendid opportunities?" cried the man he hoped to touch. "You deserve no consideration whatever."

And he angrily passed along.

A Corrector of Pulmonary Troubles.—Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in curing disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes as no other preparation can.

Wearied with his everlasting hike, the Wandering Jew stopped to rest.

"What's the use?" he exclaimed. "I can't keep up with old man Weston to save my life! He's forty miles ahead of me and going like the wind!"

Running a trembling hand through his flowing beard, he proceeded to heap a few choice maledictions on the [illegible]

OLD CHUM Cigarettes

TEN FOR TEN CENTS

AFGHAN AMENITIES.

Jealous Natives Cut Off Their Wives' Noses.

Dr. Theodore L. Pennell, a medical missionary, lecturing at the Caxton Hall, London, recently, on his experiences among the wild tribes of the Northwest Frontier of India, said while at Bannu it was no unusual thing to be called upon to supply artificial noses for the wives of men who, in a fit of jealousy, had cut off the ends of the noses of their women folk.

One man who had cut his wife's nose off altogether was told by the doctor that, in order to make a good job of the repair, it would be necessary to send to England for an artificial nose.

On being told that the cost would be thirty rupees the man hesitated. Asked the reason of his hesitation, the man said, "Well, it's this way, sahib, I can get a new wife for eighty rupees." (Laughter.) "However," proceeded the doctor, "he agreed eventually to have the old wife patched up."

"Every year," he added, "we are called upon to make new noses, and some of the ladies are very well satisfied with the result."

Robbery and brigandage were the profession of some of the tribes, especially the Waziris. When a child was born his mother usually placed him in a hole in the wall of the mud-house, and said to him, "Learn to be a thief." Thieving was largely done by digging under the walls of the mud-houses.

But the Waziris also had a sense of humor. Last year there was a big assemblage of chiefs at a certain centre to meet a political officer respecting the lawlessness of the tribes. Having been sumptuously entertained, they presented the officer with a beautiful antelope as a mark of appreciation.

Before the chiefs had reached their hills on the return journey a message arrived stating that an antelope had been stolen from the house of a Nawab.

Speaking of the blood feuds of the various tribes, Dr. Pennell said these were so intense that it was only possible to cultivate land within gunshot range of the villages, each of which possessed a gun tower with loopholes for firing. Each man worked in the fields with a rifle over one shoulder and cartridges in his belt, in order to be ready for all emergencies.

In such a district the advantages of European surgery were naturally much appreciated, and a doctor could pass from one tribe to another without fear; in fact, each tribe would provide him with an escort to the boundary of the next tribe.

Patients come to the hospital at Bannu from as far away as Cabul, and often there would arrive at the hospital a string of the blind, each holding on the other in front, and a man who could see a little leading the lot.

In the course of an interview with a reporter, Dr. Pennell gave another illustration of matrimonial jealousy among the border tribes.

"One day," he said, "an Afghan chief who had been across the border came back and saw his wife speaking to a man over the wall in his compound. He at once drew his sword, cut off his wife's head, and threw it to the man, saying, 'If you want to speak to her now, you can.'"

Many of the patients at the hospital are the victims of frontier raids. One man who was admitted there for treatment had been shot by his uncle. The bullet had gone through his lung, but careful nursing pulled him through.

"When he was convalescent," said Dr. Pennell, "he called me one day to his bedside and said. 'Oh, sahib, I want you to give me some cartridges.' I said, 'What do you want the cartridges for?' Pointing to his chest, he replied, 'I have this score to pay off.'

"I said, 'I am very sorry to hear that. We have had a difficult task to cure you, and now very shortly we shall have the same trouble with your uncle.' He said, 'Oh, no, you need not be afraid of that, sahib. I am a better shot than he is.' We did not get the uncle in, and we heard eventually that he had killed him."

Surrounded by Blacks.

A thrilling tale of five English officers and a few native troops having been besieged for three months by cannibal hordes comes from Obundu, in Southern Nigeria. The besieging Munchis are almost the only Nigerian tribe not subdued by British advance. They are tall, powerful savages, and fight with poisoned arrows and a long native sword. The Britishers had with them a company of the Southern Nigerian Rifles and two Maxim guns. The Munchis have been attacking them spasmodically for three months past, and for two weeks the troops had practically no rest. Three-quarters of the company were on outpost duty round the station, and the whole company were under arms every day from 3.30 a.m. till an hour after dark. One officer sat up every night and the rest slept in their clothes. On hearing of their straights a relief force of native troops was sent out from headquarters, which after a splendid forced march, covering 200 miles by river and 100 miles by road in 6 1-2 days, arrived in the beleaguered [illegible]

Africa's Color Problem.

Replying to the toast of his health at a farewell banquet given by the Chamber of Mines at Johannesburg, Lord Selborne spoke about the colored races in South Africa who were *not natives — people of partly white* and partly black origin. He believed the tendency to drive colored people down to the position of Kaffirs was unjust and unwise, because they often had the thoughts and feelings of the white man, and, one day we might have to face a great concerted movement of native races. Lord Selborne prophesied that in the event of such a terrible catastrophe they would not the leader of the native races to be a colored man with the feelings, character, and superiority of the white man, if they persisted in the tendency to degrade the colored people to the condition of the natives.

Germany's Aerial Navy.

Germany's aerial navy already contains fourteen vessels.

PAIN ALMOST DROVE HIM WILD

DISEASE DEFIED TREATMENT WAS CURED AT ONCE BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES."

Mr. H. Marchessault, High Constable of the Province of Quebec, who lives at St. Hyacinthe, thought he was going to be disabled for life.

A terrible pain in the back kept him in the house and under the doctor's care for months. Nothing seemed to give relief.

Then he tried "Fruit-a-tives," the famous fruit medicine. Note the results.

"Fruit-a-tives" cured me of chronic pain in the back that was so severe that I could not drive my horse," writes Mr. Marchessault.

If you have Weak Kidneys and that Biting Pain in the Back, by all means try "Fruit-a-tives," which is made of fruit juices.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, or trial box, 25c. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

The Pioneers

Call us no more the men who made
This newer world, this golden West,
'Twas done of old by Him who laid
The blasts of Birth and bade them rest!

God made it all, long years ago,
That he who comes and sows and delves
Might still his primal manhood know,
We're but the men who made ourselves!

—Arthur Stringer, in Canada Monthly

CURED HER KIDNEYS

Mrs. John Pettigrew, of Central Economy, N.S., was practically helpless from rheumatism.

She could not stoop, and her limbs ached so that it was torture for her to be up and around the house.

As Mrs. Pettigrew put it, "I was all crippled up. I saw Gin Pills advertised and sent for some, and after takink only two boxes, am a different woman. Gin Pills are the only things that helped me, and I cannot say too much for them."

If you have that dreadful pain in the back—if you are tortured with rheumatism—get Gin Pills at once.

Write National Drug & Chemical Co. (Dept. N. U.), Toronto, for free sample. Regular size at dealers, 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50.

Big Sister—"Yes, Willie, you may divide the apple, but you must give me the larger half because mamma says we mustn't be greedy."

Twenty tons of ostrich feathers, valued at more than £100,000, were recently carried by the Mauretania to New York.

Warts are disfigurements that disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure.

Little Boss—"What's fiction, Jack?"

Small Jack—"Pa says it's a story that ends by saying 'they married and lived happily ever after.'"

"George tells me I have a regular Cupid's bow mouth." "Yes, and he tells me that he wouldn't mind that so much if you didn't shoot it off so often."

THROW AWAY ALL YOUR FEARS

BACKACHE, GRAVEL AND RHEUMATISM VANISH BEFORE DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Proved Once Again in the Case of Mrs. Fred Krieger, Who Suffered From the Worst Forms of Kidney Disease.

Palmer Rapids, Ont. (Special).—The thousands of Canadians who live in daily terror of those terrible forms of Kidney Disease known as Backache, Gravel and Rheumatism, will be deeply interested in the story of Mrs. Fred Krieger, of this place.

"I was for years a great sufferer from Kidney Disease, Gravel, Rheumatism and Backache," Mrs. Krieger states. "It all started through a cold, but I got so my head ached, I was nervous, my limbs were heavy, I had a dragging sensation across my loins, and I was totally unfit to do anything.

"Reading about wonderful cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills led me to buy some. After using a few I found they were doing me good and this encouraged me to continue their use. Eight boxes made me well.

"I have been able to do my own work ever since and to-day I am completely cured. Dodd's Kidney Pills gave me health and I feel like a new woman.

If you keep your kidneys strong and healthy you can never have Backache, Rheumatism or Gravel. Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to make the Kidneys strong and well.

A Fair Probation Officer

"Millie, I acknowledge that I misjudged you and spoke too hastily the other evening. Will you pardon me?"

"N-no, I can't do that, Geoffrey; but I'll put you on parole and you may report to me—well, say once or twice a week."

"A man never knows how many friends he has until he gets into politics."

"True," answered Senator Sorghum, "nor how few he has until he gets out of office."—Washington Star.

Placed

Poet—I've got a little poem among the ruins of Rome that——

Editor—Well, just leave it there, and close the door as you go out.

CLAIMS OF THE LEGITIMIST.

Princess Ludwig of Bavaria Is Stuart Successor to the British Crown.

Probably but few Canadians are concerned with the claims of the legitimists to the throne of Great Britain. The question is one of startling interest to many in Europe who still recognize for one reason or another the direct descendants of the house of the Stuarts as the true heirs to the British throne.

The Legistimists are strong enough to issue a "Legitimist Kalendar" which furnishes all the court information for the adherence of the Legitimist claims which ordinary people find in Whittaker or Burke

Every year on the anniversary of his death decorations are strewn about the statues or the graves of Charles the Martyr, as they call Charles I. On last Jan. 30, on account of certain demonstrations by the Legitimists previously, they were forbidden to place a wreath on the statue of King Charles at Whitehall. It is only fair to say the Stuart descendants do not countenance the demands of their indiscreet friends.

The present Stuart descendant who would but for the Act of Settlement be entitled to sit on the British throne is the Princess Louise (or Ludwig) of Bavaria, born Mary Theresa Henrietta Dorothea, and formerly Archduchess of Austria-Este-Modena. As Queen of England and Scotland her title would be Mary IV. and III., by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, etc. She was born July 2, 1849, and succeeded her uncle, King Francis, Nov. 20, 1875. She married in 1868 his Royal Highness Louis Leopold Joseph Marie Aloysius Alfred, eldest son of the Prince Regent of Bavaria, and has had thirteen children.

In a table of descent recently compiled, and containing about 7,000 names, Queen Victoria was regarded as no nearer the throne by right than to be No. 4,369 on the list, while King Edward and his son George were 4,370 and 4,371 respectively, and Princess Victoria Mary came lower down on the list as No. 4,464.

Princess Louis lives very quietly at Munich, and has no personal pretensions to the throne of Britain. Her husband rules over Bavaria in place of his uncle, the mad King Otho. She is very well known in England and is popular with everyone with whom she comes in contact.

Queer Taxes.

Henry VIII. taxed beards, and graduated the tax according to the status of the wearer. For example the Sheriff of Canterbury was constrained to pay the sum of three shillings and fourpence for the privilege of sporting his venerable whiskers. Elizabeth likewise fixed a similar tax on every beard of over a fortnight's growth. Elizabeth was also bent on making the country of a religious turn of mind, and all who stayed away from church on Sunday rendered themselves liable to a fine. In 1695 it was decided that the arrival of every child into the world should be greeted by a tax. The birth of a child to a duke cost the proud but harassed father thirty pounds, whilst the advent of a commoners' child into the world was hailed with a tax of two shillings. Moreover, it was an expensive matter to die, and bachelors and widowers also were compelled to pay for the privilege of single blessedness. With the advent of more constitutional days freak taxation did not cease. It was due to William Pitt that the window tax was instituted. In the reign of George I. it was necessary to have a license in order to sell hats. Then there was the tax on hair powder, and the tax on watches and clocks. In the reign of George III. a duty of two *shillings and sixpence* was imposed on bricks. At a later period in the same reign bricks were divided, for the purposes of taxation into common and dressed bricks, and the duty on each kind of brick was regulated according to its size.

Actress and Social Worker.

Miss Tita Brand, the well-known actress, who so ably assisted her mother, Miss Marie Brema, in the production of Gluck's famous opera "Orpheus" at the Savoy, in London, recently, has interested herself largely in the social welfare of women, and five years ago started a weaving school at Westminster for the benefit of East End girls, with a view to saving some of them from the factory work which often proves so detrimental to health and character. Practically the whole of Miss Brand's dresses, as well as those worn by her mother, are made from the material woven by the girls at the Brema Looms—for such is the name Miss Brand has given to her weaving school. Miss Brand herself has a practical knowledge of weaving although she confesses that she is quite a novice in the manipulation of the looms when compared with her "dear girls."

Maori Salutations.

The Maori natives of New Zealand have many quaint and queer customs. One of these, somewhat akin to the British habit of kissing or shaking hands, is called the "Hongi," and consists of rubbing noses, much as a pair of affectionate horses might do [illegible] observed at the meeting of friends. They have the faculty of calling up affecting memories at will till tears flow freely. Falling on each other's necks, their heads covered with their garments, they wail, sob and chant over the many phases of their life since the [illegible]

To Seek Buried Hoard.

An appeal is being made in Johannesburg to finance a treasure-hunting expedition. The treasure is the supposed hoard of old Chief Sekekuni, who is believed to have buried it in a certain cave in 1879. The story goes that the treasure consists of two big skins full of sovereigns and a pot filled with diamonds. Details connected with the burying of the hoard have been obtained from an old native and funds are being asked for in order to finance the expedition.

Heat.

Though heat will make a solid or a liquid incandescent, it can only increase the pressure of a gas.

LA GRIPPE

Arrested, and Consumption Cured

Mr. G. D. Colwell, of Walkerville, Ont. was stricken down with La Grippe in 1906 and it left him in very bad condition. He says: I was all run down and bordering on Consumption. I could not sleep at nights, had awful sweats, and coughed nearly the whole time. This is how I was when I began to take Psychine, in a low nervous state; but from the first bottle I began to improve. It did marvels for me and brought me back to health in no time, making a new man of me. It fortifies the body against the attacks of La Grippe and is a sure preventative. I always take Psychine if I feel a cold coming on and it puts me right in no time."

NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT PSYCHINE

For Sale by all Druggists and Dealers, 50c. & $1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM LIMITED, TORONTO

PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

In a Class By Herself

Magistrate—You say your wife threw a cup at you and hit you?

"Yes, your honor."

"She's one in a thousand."

Disgusted Diner—"You ought not to have killed this fowl."

Restaurant Proprietor—"Why sir?"

Disgusted Diner—"You've robbed it of an old age pension."

AN EXCELLENT REMEDY FOR ALL BABIES

Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent remedy for babies of all ages. They cure all stomach and bowel troubles; make teething easy; dispel worms; and make baby fat, good-natured and healthy. They are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst to contain absolutely no opiate or narcotic, and thus they can be given to the new born baby with perfect safety. Mrs. Benoit Martin, Avignon, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent remedy for babies and should be in every home where there are young children." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Draw Your Own Inferences

"Who is the best boy in school, Lemuel?"

"Well, Willie Jones has his lessons best, but I walk home with teacher most."

At the Yarmouth Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found MINARD'S LINIMENT most beneficial for sun burn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

ALFRED STOKES, General Secretary.

"Mr. Rivers, what is the basis of your dislike for the catalpa?"

"It grows things that look like hat-pins, ma'am."

The Austrian government has set the price of the output of its radium laboratory at 400 crowns a milligram, or at the rate of $36,500,000 a pound.

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ABSORBINE

Cures Strained Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Sores, Wire Cuts, Bruises and Swellings, Lameness, and Allays Pain Quickly without Blistering, removing the hair, or laying the horse up. Pleasant to use, $2.00 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Horse Book 9 D free.

ABSORBINE, JR., (mankind) $1.00 bottle. For Strains, Gout, Varicose Veins, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Prostatitis, Allays pain.

W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 187 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

LYMAN Sons & Co., Montreal, Canadian Agents.

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Stop That Limp

Change that limping, useless horse into a sound, healthy horse, willing and eager to do a good day's work.

Don't let a Spavin, Curb, Splint, Sprain, Ringbone or any other Lameness keep your horse in the stable. Cure it with

Kendall's Spavin Cure

It cures without leaving a scar, blemish or white hairs—because it does not blister.

Port Kells, B.C., June 14th 1909

"Have been using your Liniment for years and find it all that you represent. Have not been without it for 10 years."

GEORGE GORDON

$1. a bottle—6 for $5. Excellent for household use. Sold by all dealers. Ask for free book "A Treatise On The Horse" or write us for copy. 55

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. Enosburg Falls, Vt.

The Cumberland News
issued Every Tuesday by the
Comox & Cumberland
Publishing Company.

This paper will not hold itself responsible for the opinions of others, as may appear in its columns from time to time.

TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1910,

LAND ACT.
Form of Notice.

Rupert, Vancouver Island Land District.
District of Rupert, east of small lake about ¾ of a mile north of Georgie Lake.
TAKE NOTICE that I, Matilda Louise Cropley, of Vancouver, occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase following described lands:
Commencing at a post planted three miles north of S.W. corner of township 8; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains, crossing small river; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains to point of commencement, being about 160 acres.
ALFRED E. CROPLEY, grazier,
Vancouver.
Applicant for that land on the eastern shores of Georgie Lake, Rupert District
Dated June 1st, 1910.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
Form of Notice.

Vancouver Island Land District.
District of Rupert, on the eastern shores of Georgie Lake.
TAKE NOTICE that I, Matilda Louise Cropley, of Vancouver, occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land. Commencing at a post planted one mile north of the S.W. corner of township 8; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west as far as the waters' edge of said lake; thence following the shore and lake in a south-west direction to point due north of point of commencement; thence south to point of commencement containing about 100 acres.
WINIFRED ALMA CROPLEY,
spinster, Vancouver.
Applicant for that land east of Small lake, about 3-4 of a mile north of Georgie Lake.
Dated June 1st, 1910.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
Form of Notice.
Coast Land District.
District of New Westminster.
TAKE NOTICE that Ida Thulin, of Lund, B.C., occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands;—Commencing at a post planted at the east corner of H R. M., 104, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the place of beginning. IDA THULIN,
EDWARD BERGLUND, Agent.
Dated March 22nd, 1910.

Seeds
OF EVERY KIND, in any quantity, by the package or by the pound,
Ornamental Shrubs
Fruit Trees
Grown to suit the B. C. climate.
.....
Catalogue Free by Mail
Royal Nurseries & Floral Co., Ltd.
706 Granville Street
P. O. Box 1003
VANCOUVER. B. C.

S.S. "LITHIA"
Licensed for 30 passengers
Towing and freighting to all points.
Good Accomodation for Passengers
Special terms to parties by the day or week.
For particulars apply to—
J. B. HOLMES, Agent
or to
G. H. WOOD, Master
Phone 44. Comox, B. C.

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Cook's Cotton Root Compound
The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effectual Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3; No. 3, for special cases, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (formerly Windsor)

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. (formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont.

"There is a small town on Vancouver island called Cumberland and when they run short of improvement money, they send a man to Victoria and he comes back with a promise of help. That promise is usually made good."—The Abbotsford Post.

NOTICE.

I offer my private brewery stock for sale amongst the shareholders of the Pilsener Brewing Company, up to August 1st, 1910; after that date, I will sell to any outsider who wishes to buy.

FRANK X. DILLMAN.

IN THE ESTATE OF ADAM McKELVEY, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all claims against the Estate of Adam McKelvey, deceased, who died in November, 1909, must be presented, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before the 20th day of August 1910; and take notice that after such date the Executrix of the said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regards only to the claims with which they shall then have notice and the Executrix will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by her at the time of such distribution.
Dated at Cumberland, B. C. July 9th, 1910.
P. PHILLIPPS HARRISON
Solicitor for ANNIE CALHOUN
Executrix.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Apply Mrs. J. L. Roe, Hospital Street.

Form No. 9
LAND ACT.
Form of Notice.
New Westminster Land District.
District of Comox
TAKE notice that Fanny Franzen occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land:
Commencing at a post planted at the North East corner of Lot 1615 N. W. D. thence East 80 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence South 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.
FANNY FRANZEN,
Applicant.
Charles Franzen, Agent.
Dated May 26th, 1910.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
Form of Notice.
New Westminster Land District.
District of New Westminster.
TAKE NOTICE that John W. Glanville, of Lund, B. C. occupation storekeeper, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—
Commencing at a post planted about 16 chains west of S. E. corner of T. L. 29141, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to the point of commencement.
JOHN W. GLANVILLE.
Name of Applicant (in full).
Date June 17th, 1910

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District,
District of Range 2.
TAKE notide that William Leek, of Vancouver, occupation Engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—
Commencing at a post planted on the beach about one and a half miles South East from the South East corner of C. L. 3358, thence North eighty (80) chains, thence East eighty (80) chains, thence South (80) chains, thence West (80) chains, to point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty acres, more or less.
WILLIAM LEEK
Name of Applicant
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9,
Form of Notice.
Coast District,
District of Range 2.
TAKE notice that Verna Leek of Vancouver, occupation Spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands;—
Commencing at a post planted at the North West corner of No. 1, thence West eighty (80) chains more or less to C. L. 3358, thence North eighty (80) chains along C. L. 3358, thence East eighty (80) chains, thence South eighty (80) chains, to the point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres more or less.
VERNA LEEK
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9,
Form of Notice.
Coast District,
District of Range 2.
TAKE notice that Elanor Leek of Vancouver, occupation Married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—
Commencing at a post planted at the North West corner of No. 1, thence North eighty (80) chains, thence East (80) chains thence South eighty (80) chains, thence West (80) chains, to point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty acres, more or less.
ELANOR LEEK
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Katherine Brown, occupation widow, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No. 2 (being two miles north of the southwest corner of No 1) thence north eighty (80) chains, thence west eighty (80) chains, thence south eighty (80) chains, thence east eighty (80) chains, to the point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres, more or less.
KATHERINE BROWN,
Name of applicant
Dated June 4, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District,
District of Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Annie Bremner, of Boston, occupation spinster, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No. 2 (being two miles north of the southwest corner of No. 1) thence north eighty (80) chains, thence east eighty (80) chains, thence south eighty (80) chains to point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres, more or less.
ANNIE BREMNER,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Coast District.
District of Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Edwin P Bremner, of Vancouver, occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands. Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 4 (being three miles north of the southwest corner of No 1) thence north eighty 80 chains, thence west eighty, 80, chains, thence south eighty, 80, chains, thence east eighty, 80 chains to point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty (640) acres more or less.
EDWIN P BREMNER,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District,
District of Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Helen Shannon, of Boston, occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands; Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 6, being four miles north of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
HELEN SHANNON,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9,
Form of Notice.
Coast District.
District of Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Walter Leek, of Vancouver, occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands; Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 4 (being three miles north of the southwest corner of No 1) thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty, 640, acres, more or less. WALTER LEEK,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of notice.
Coast District Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that William H. Whalen, of Vancouver, occupation, gentleman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 6, being four miles north of the south west corner of No. 1; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing six hundred and forty acres, more or less.
WILLIAM H. WHALEN,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District.
District of Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that George Whalen, of Vancouver, occupation, contractor intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about one mile west from the north west corner of No 2, being two miles north and two miles west of the south west corner of No 1; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, more or less to C. L. 3358, thence west, 80 chains along said license to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
GEORGE WHALEN,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Robert B. Ellis of Vancouver, occupation, broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the south west corner of No. 10, being two miles north and two miles west of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, more or less, thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
ROBERT B. ELLIS,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that John G. Armstrong, of Vancouver, occupation, clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 11, being three miles north and two miles west of the south west corner of No. 1; thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
JOHN G. ARMSTRONG,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Gertrude Holland, of Vancouver, occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No 11, being three miles north and two miles west of the S. W. corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
GERTRUDE HOLLAND
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 4th, 1910.

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ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Burton Holland, of Vancouver; occupation, accountant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No 12, being four miles north and two miles west of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
BURTON HOLLARD,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 7th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No, 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Alex F Bremner, of Boston, occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 12, being four miles north and two miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. ALEX F. BREMNER.
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 7, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice,
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that John Moravic, of Vancouver, occupation constructor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 14, being five miles north and two miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. JOHN MORAVIC,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Joseph Moravic, of Vancouver, occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 14, being five miles north and two miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. JOSEPH MORAVIC,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6, 1910

LAND ACT.
Form No 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that William Haines, of Vancouver, occupation foreman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No 16, being six miles north and two miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. WILLIAM HAINES,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6 1910

LAND ACT.
Form No 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that George C. Pratt, of Vancouver, occupation accountant, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner of No. 16, being six miles north and two miles west of the south west corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. GEORGE C. PRATT,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6, 1910

LAND ACT.
Form No 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Dave Ferguson, of Vancouver, occupation butcher intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted near the beach at the southwest corner of No 11, being two miles north and three miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, more or less to shore line, thence east 80 chains along shore line to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
DAVE FERGUSON,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6, 1910

IF YOU WANT
GOOD PRINTING
GIVE US A TRIAL

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2
TAKE NOTICE that John M. Stewart, of Vancouver, occupation carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of No 11, being three miles north and three miles west of the southwest corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less. JOHN M. STEWART.
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Alexander McPhee of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of No. 12, being four miles north and three miles west of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 940 acres, more or less. ALEXANDER McPHEE,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Naomi McPhee, of Vancouver, occupation, married woman intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of No. 14, being five miles north and three miles west of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
NAOMI McPHEE,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Coast District, Range 2
TAKE NOTICE that Lewis J. Bull, of Vancouver, occupation, foreman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the north west corner of No. 16, being six miles north and three miles west of the south west corner of No 1, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
LEWIS J. BULL,
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 6th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9.
Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Alexander J. Stewart, of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted on the shore about 2½ miles in a south easterly direction from the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
ALEXANDER J. STEWART,
Name of Applicant.
Date June 9th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that Elizabeth Jane Smith, of Vancouver, occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of No. 1, thence south 80 chains, more or less to shore line, thence east 80 chains along northern boundary of No. 29, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.
ELIZABETH JANE SMITH,
Name of Applicant.
Date June 9th, 1910.

LAND ACT.
Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.
TAKE NOTICE that David Dawson Milur, of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the south east corner of No. 1 thence north 80 chains thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.
DAVID DAWSON MILUR
Name of Applicant.
Dated June 9th, 1910.

FOR SALE—A five roomed house on half lot. For further particulars apply at this office

FOR SALE—Smith Premier Typewriter in good order. Cost $125.00 will sell for $50.00. Apply at this office.

LAND ACT.

Form No. 9. Fo m of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.

TAKE NOTICE that William F. Smith, of Vancouver, occupation, carpenter, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM F. SMITH,
Name of Applicant.

Dated June 9th, 1910.

LAND ACT.

Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.

TAKE NOTICE that Margaret McKivor, of Vancouver, occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 3, being two miles north and one mile east of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

MARGARET McKIVOR,
Name of Applicant.

Dated June 9th, 1910.

LAND ACT.

Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.

TAKE NOTICE that Annie Higham, of Vancouver, occupation, married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 5, being three miles north and one mile east of the south west corner of No. 1, thence 80 chains north, thence 80 chains east, thence 80 chains south, thence 80 chains west, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

ANNIE HIGHAM,
Name of Applicant.

Dated June 9th, 1910.

LAND ACT.

Form No. 9. Form of Notice.
Coast District, Range 2.

TAKE NOTICE that Maggie Armstrong of Vancouver, occupation, married woman intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the north east corner of No. 7, being four miles north and one mile east of the south west corner of No. 1, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, to the point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

MAGGIE ARMSTRONG,
Name of Applicant.

Dated June 9th, 1910.

Always the same, and just as good as ever. The "Grand Duke" Cigar.

An Ad in the NEWS pays. Try it.

New England Hotel

Under New Management.

First-Class Board by the day, week or month.

Reasonable Rates

The Bar has been newly replenished with the with the choicest of wines liquors and cigars.

James Walters,
Proprietor

CUMBERLAND, B. C.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.

FORM OF NOTICE.
Coast Land District,
District of New Westminster.

TAKE NOTICE that Olof Holst, of Cumberland, B.C., occupation rancher, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—Commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner and applied for by Ida Thulin, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to the place of beginning.

OLOF HOLST.
Edward Berglund, Agent.

Dated March 22nd, 1910.

BEER BEER

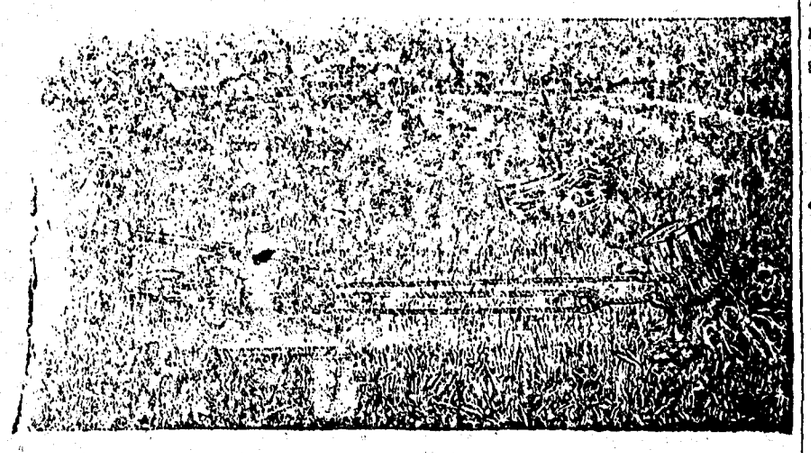
The drink of strong men and healthy women.

UNION BREWERY BEER

Drink U. B. C. Bohemian

The UNION BREWING Co., Nanaimo, B.C

HERCULES Stump Pullers



Walworth-Rolston Co. Ltd

1020 Westminster Ave., Vancouver, B. C.

Cumberland Livery and Feed Stable...

JOHN BRYDEN
Proprietor

FIRST : CLASS
RIGS : OF : ALL
KINDS

wood and Coal Hauled

Dunsmuir Avenue
CUMBERLAND, B. C.

Union Hotel

SAMUEL C. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

English 4 x BURTON always on tap also, the famous MILWAUKEE BEERS—Anheuser, Bohemian, Schitz, &c. "OLD GREY BEARD" SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds.

The Boarding and Lodging Department, under the immediate superintendence of Mrs Davis, will be run a First class in every respect.

RATES, ... $1 00 per day upwards.

Not only is it a nice mild smoke, but the "Grand Duke" Cigar has all those necessary qualities which give so much satisfaction to the smoker.

Advertisers will confer a favor by bringing in their ads, not later than Monday, as this will enable the printers, to insert it in the next issue on the following Tuesday.

Satisfaction — Buy a "Grand Duke" and have satisfaction. Union made, hand made, and made from clear Havana Filler.

FOR SALE—A Ford Runabout Automobile, 15-18 Horsepower 4 cylinder, all Newly painted, new tyers, and everything completed;-price $700.00. Apply to J. R. Johnston, Courtenay Hotel.

You can now obtain the Cumberland News for for $1.00 a year. Let us send it to you. Payable in advance.

Old papers for sale at the News Office.

Lever Brothers, Toronto, will send you free a cake of their famous Plantol toilet soap, if you mention this paper.

E. C. Emde Pipe fitting and General repairing.

Form No. 9.
LAND ACT.
FORM OF NOTICE,
Coast Land District.
District of New Westminster.

TAKE NOTICE that Mary Thulin, of Lund, B.C., occupation married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted half mile east of the North East corner of claim applied for by Ida Thulin, thence South 80 chains thence East 80 chains thence North 80 chains thence West 80 chains to place of beginning.

MARY THULIN, Applicant.
Edward Berglund, Agent.

Dated March 22nd 1910.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

IN THE MATTER of an application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to part of Section One, Comox District

NOTICE is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof to issue a Duplicate Certificate of Title to above land issued to John Baptiste Giddings on the 30th day of July 1896 and numbered 2275a.

J. P. McLEOD,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C.
The 18th day of June 1910.

MADE IN CANADA

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Most Perfect Made

SOLD AND USED EVERYWHERE

E. W. GILLETT CO., LTD.
TORONTO,
ONT.

The Courtenay Hotel

Every convenience for guests.

The Central Hotel for Sportsmen

None but the Best of Wines and Liquors at the Bar

RATES REASONABLE

John J. Johnston, Prop

Go to

JOHN McLEODS

FOR FIRST-CLASS
CANDY, FRUITS,
CIGARS & TOBACCOS

NOTICE

Every Monday and Tuesday I will be in town to deliver Fresh Butter and all kinds of Vegetables and also potatoes; will sell cheap.

CHIU YEUK,
Sandwick.

P. DEMATIS

Dealer in
ALL KINDS OF
Fruit, Candy Cigars Cigarettes & Tobacco.

Bonora Block,
CUMBERLAND, B.C.

FAIRFIELD STORE

J. JACK, PROP.

A Fine Assortment of the Choicest Candies, Fruits and Tobacco
Vancouver Ice Cream.

Dunsmuir Ave. Cumberland

NEW YORK CLIPPER

IS THE GREATEST
THEATRICAL SHOW PAPER
IN THE WORLD.

$4.00 Per Year. Single Copy, 10 Cts.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

SAMPLE COPY FREE.

FRANK QUEEN PUB. CO. (Ltd),
PUBLISHERS,
47 W. 27TH ST., NEW YORK.
ALBERT J. BORIE, MANAGER.

MOTOR

Bicycle Bargains

We have on hand at the present time four special bargains in second-hand Motor Cycles as follows:

One Wolf 2 H. P. Price $100
One Wolf 2 H. P. splendid condition Price $125
One F. N. & 3 H P. good order Price $160
One Minerva 4 H. P. tires worn, Price $100

Thos. PLIMLEY

1110 Gov,t Street, Victoria, B.C.
☞ Opposite Spencers

Several snaps in second-hand cars of different sizes, also ladies' and Gent's Bicycles.

E. C. Emde, dealer in stoves and ranges; also plumbing and pipe fitting and general repairing. Local Agent for the Oliver Typewriter.

NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons—except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same.

By order
W. L. COULSON,
General Manager.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Having built a large warehouse and mill at Courtenay, I will in future keep on hand a stock of all kinds of Hay, Grain, and Feed at lowest market rates. A specialty will be made of roller crushed feed for horses which will make a saving of one third in the cost of feed. Orders given the teamster or by phone will be promptly filled. Thanking you for your patronage in the past and soliciting a continuance of the same on broader lines, I beg to remain

Yours to command,
BYRON CRAWFORD.

A cup of BOVRIL will drive away that feeling of lassitude so common in warm weather. BOVRIL gives vigour and tone to the entire system.

BOVRIL

UNION S. S. CO., of B.C. Ltd

Week-end service between Vancouver, Nanaimo, Union, Comox, by the steel Clyde built twin screw steamer "COWICHAN"

Sailing as under—

Leaves Vancouver, Saturday 8 p m
Arrives Nanaimo, Saturday 12 p m
Arrives Union, Sunday 6 a m
Arrives Comox, Sunday 8 a m

Returning:—

Leaves Comox, Sunday 4 p m
Leaves Union Sunday 5 p m
Arrives Nanaimo, Sunday 11 p m
Arrives Vancouver Monday 7 a m

Stage leaves Union for Cumberland every Sunday morning on arrival of "COWICHAN;" and leaves Cumberland Hotel at 1 p m, connecting with steamer Union.

NOTICE

Any person or persons, cutting, removing or taking any blocks, timber or wood, of any description belonging to the Wellington Colliery Co'y., or from or off the land of the said Company, will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

W. L. COULSON,
General Manager,
Wellington Colliery Co,y.

C. H TARBELL

HIGH GRADE STOVES

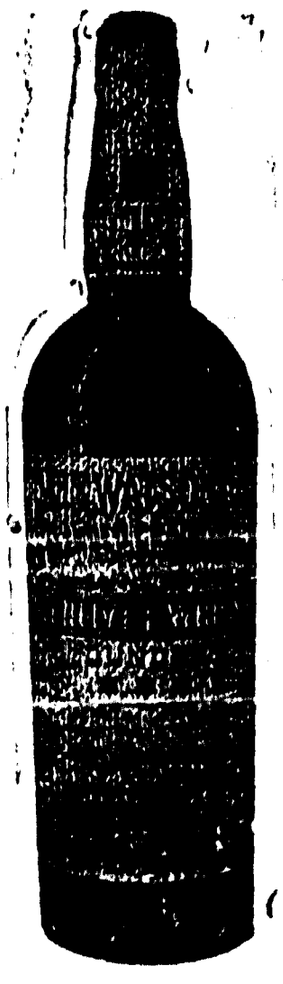
And all KITCHEN UTENSILS

Sportsmens Goods and General Hardware

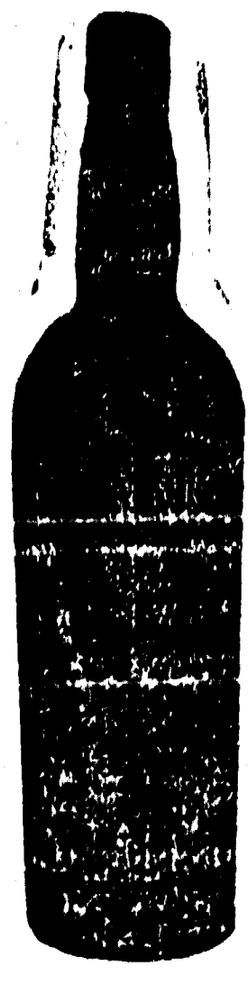
V. Bonora,

.. Manufacturer of ..

Mineral Waters



Wholesale Dealer
in
Wines, Liquor and Beer



P. O Box 116
Phone 29 . . .

CUMBERLAND

SIR WILLIAM MOVES

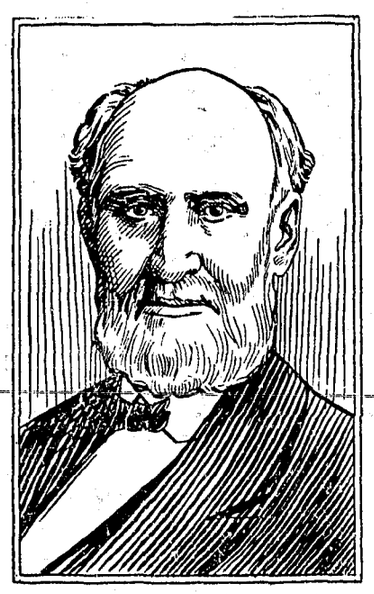
VENERABLE TOBACCO KING TAKES NEW OFFICES.

Head of Great Firm Takes His Official Staff From Their Little Dingy Old-Fashioned Headquarters and Sets Them Down In the Seventh Floor of the Guardian Building In Montreal—Must Keep Pace With Times.

If you want to do business with Sir William Macdonald of Montreal, from this time forth, you can do it over the telephone, by calling Main 7860, or you can take the elevator up to the seventh floor of the Guardian Building on St. James street and interview him personally. Sir William has given permission to the public that they may do one, the other or both. In fact, Sir William has allowed it to become known that hereafter the tobacco business is to be run on strictly up-to-date principles. And there's a reason.

Sir William is moving.

For forty-four years, day in and day out, rain or shine, snow or sleet, Montreal's richest, most philanthropic and most eccentric citizen has been driven, in winter wrapped in a good old buffalo robe, in a typical Canadian cariole, in summer in a closed coupe, from his home on Sherbrooke street, to a modest, almost retiring, dingy set of offices in one of the well aged three-storey stone houses in Notre Dame street. One flight of



SIR WILLIAM MACDONALD.

creaking stairs and a glazed door confronts the visitor with the announcement that within is "The Office of Sir William C. Macdonald." Further advertising would be superfluous.

A wood cut from a musty edition of Dickens and a pen to write as Dickens wrote when he told the tale of Martin Chuzzlewit and his counting house hidden away in the heart of London, might well describe Sir William and his surroundings. Everything is in keeping, for everything is old. The simplest of office furniture, an ancient clerk or two, the tick tock, tick tock of a common kitchen clock, the rustle of the ledger, not another sound—here is the head and brains of that vast tobacco business which is known from one end of the Dominion to the other.

But Sir William is moving.

He walked over to St. James street the other day to look over the new offices, which had been taken for him, for the first time. They are on the seventh floor of a modern office building. Sir William received his first shock when he found himself facing the elevator.

"Going up?" shouted the boy.

"I never have gone up, never in my life," *murmured the old gentleman* tremulously, "but I presume it is not too late to begin. Yes, I shall try it."

Sam Finley, somewhat of an architect there in Montreal, also a yachtsman, and an all-round good fellow, is the present tenant on the seventh floor. When Sir William walked in, Finley was busy, oh, so very busy, on the telephone. As he hung up the receiver, Sir William, shaking his head and his stick both at the instrument, said:

"Do you use one of those?"

"Yes, sir," smiled the genial Finley. "Do half of my business on it. It's the only half I have time to do."

"I never *spoke into one in my life*," said Sir William solemnly, "but now," (more solemnly) "I believe the demands of my business are quite as wearing on me as yours on you. I shall have a telephone."

Although not over enthusiastic over the modern conveniences in his new offices, Sir William took quite a fancy to some of the furniture with which Mr. Finley, who prides himself on having something of an artistic eye, has decorated his place of business.

"Would you be selling anything, now," asked the old tobacco king.

"Sell? It's all for sale, myself into the bargain," replied Mr. Finley, on [illegible]

"Well, I was thinking," mused Sir William, "that 'twould be a great pity if *move that washstand*."

"But the washstand, sir, is a part of the building. It goes with the [illegible] be necessary to buy that."

"Ah," and the old gentleman's face cleared perceptibly, "I was not aware of that. I have had no occasion previous to this to make use of such an article. But, it is as well. Everything will be modern." And one could almost imagine that there was a tinge of sadness in his voice.

"I am told, Sir William, that you had fully made up your mind to remain in your offices forever," said Mr. Finley, by way of conversation, as he started towards the door.

"Young man, there is no forever," replied the knight.

"From the outside it did look as though the first floor was sinking to a level with the cellar. Perhaps that *influenced you to move?*" queried the architect.

"I'll not start a hare for you to chase. Young man, I bid you good-day."

A MANX DEADLOCK, TOO.

The Little Isle of Man Is Having Trouble With Its Taxes.

It is a curious coincidence, says The Manchester Guardian, that there should at present be serious constitutional conflict between the branches of the Manx Legislature arising out of the veto of the Legislative Council, or Manx Upper House, on the financial arrangements believed necessary by the people's representatives. But in the Isle of Man, the people's grievances against the Upper Chamber go much deeper than in England. There is not a single direct tax in Man, the whole national income arising from duties on necessaries of life and from customs. Moreover no tax can be put on by the House of Keys, and not a penny spent except with the governor's consent and the approval of the non-elected Upper House. There has for long been an outcry against this state of things. When old-age pensions became the law in the United Kingdom, a strong agitation for pensions arose in the Isle of Man, and with one or two exceptions members of the House of Keys were all elected to provide pensions and secure the passing of estate duties. Lord Raglan promised to have the Estate Duties bill prepared and to allocate receipts to pensions, and on this understanding the Keys passed both bills and so allocated the funds. On the bills reaching the Legislative Council, however, the Upper House postponed indefinitely the consideration of the Pensions bill, and, in accepting estate duties, limited the scope to three years and passed the proceeds into the general revenue. These actions have caused great resentment in the Isle of Man, and it is certain that the House of Keys will refuse to pass the Estate Duties bill on these terms. In all probability they will refuse to give the governor any more money for general purposes until he provides for old-age pensions. As the revenue requires strengthening, and public works are starved, the governor is in an awkward situation. The Keys are determined to get some control of the Executive. Manx' constitutional reform, long demanded, is bound to be brought nearer when the attention of the Imperial authorities is called to the non-representative character and enormous powers of the Manx Upper Chamber.

A NOTED PUBLISHER.

Mr. Arthur Spurgeon Speaks Well of Canada's Literary Outlook.

A recent visitor to Toronto who has won friends wherever he has gone is Mr. Arthur Spurgeon, J.P., of London, England, general manager for Cassell & Co., one of the most noted publishing firms in the world. In a speech before the Empire Club on May 6, he spoke highly of the outlook for

MR. ARTHUR SPURGEON.

Canadian literature. Mr. Spurgeon, who is president of the International Association of Journalists, was born at Lakenham, Norwich, in 1861, and was educated at Carrow School and privately. He served a journalistic apprenticeship in the office of The Norfolk News and Eastern Daily Press, Norwich; was managing editor, Lowestoft Weekly Press, 1885-91; was on the staff of National Press Agency as special Parliamentary representative, and later as managing editor, 1894-1905; is founder of London Society of East Anglians; chairman of The Plymouth Daily Mercury, and Fellow of the Institute of Journalists. He has written many leading articles and descriptive sketches in daily and weekly press. He is going as delegate to the Publishers' International Congress at Amsterdam next month as president-elect of the Publishers' Circle, London, Eng. He has been general manager of Messrs. Cassell & Co. of London, New York, Toronto and Melbourne since 1905.

Another Injustice to Ireland.

Some amusing stories are told by Mr. Charles T. King in his book, "The Asquith Parliament." Here is one about the President of the Local Government Board. Mr. John Burns had one day been chatting with the Prince of Wales, when he was greeted by an Irish member who is enthusiastic over tobacco-growing in Ireland. "Look here, Mr. Burns," said the Irish member, eagerly, "will you do me a favor?" "What is it?" "Will you ask the Prince of Wales to smoke a cigar made from tobacco grown in Ireland?" "Certainly not," said Mr. Burns, with his well-known emphasis. "Why not?" asked the Irish member. Mr. Burns drew himself up, squared his shoulders, looked the Irish member straight in the face, and replied: "Because, as a Minister of the Crown, it is my duty, as well as my privilege, to protect his Royal Highness from assassination!"

Hard on the Steward.

T. P. O'Connor while in America told many a story about absentee landlords.

"One of these men," said Mr. O'Connor, "wrote to his Kerry steward from a Piccadilly club in the troublous days of Land League and moonlighters:

"'Tell the tenants that no threats to shoot you will frighten me.'"

FORCING YOURSELF TO TAKE FOOD

The Tortures of Indigestion Banished by the Tonic Powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Victims of indigestion have small choice between two evils—on the one hand a starvation diet, which means great weakness and depression of spirits, and on the other hand forcing themselves to take nourishment in spite of the acute suffering inflicted by each meal.

In the search for a cure they find common medicines upset the stomach and render the food more difficult to digest. Laxatives are violent and weakening, and so-called "pre-digested foods" merely evade the cause of the trouble and the stomach steadily grows weaker.

The common sense way of curing indigestion is the Dr. Williams' way—the making of new, rich blood by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that gives tone to the weakened system and invigorates the distressed digestive organs. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured thousands of the worst cases of indigestion through their simple tonic treatment and one excellent example of these cures is the case of Miss M. Y. C. Roberge, Gobel, Que., who says: "For upwards of nine years I suffered almost continuously the tortures of indigestion. At times I had no appetite; at others there was a craving for food, but whatever I took caused me the greatest pangs. As the result of the trouble I suffered from violent headaches, and I grew pale and weak. I tried many different medicines; some gave me a little relief, but none gave me any permanent benefit until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had only taken these a few weeks when I found such help as I had not found before. The pains after eating gradually disappeared, my appetite grew better, and after using the Pills for a couple of months I found myself completely cured, and have not since had a twinge of the trouble. I gratefully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who suffer from any form of indigestion."

Through their action on the blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure such troubles as anaemia, indigestion, sick headaches, rheumatism and all forms of nervous troubles such as neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, and partial paralysis. These Pills are especially valuable to growing girls and women and cure the headaches, sideaches and other pains known only to them. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Conversational

Mrs. Gushet (at the musicale)—I had so much to tell you, and now the pianist has just stopped.

Mrs. Nuit—Oh, let's encore him.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Mistress—"Dinah, you are from the south, are you not?"

Cook—"Yes'm, kind o' from the south: I wuz the fust yaller chile borned on Armour Avenue."

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes

Relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine for your Eye Troubles. You will like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write for Eye Books Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto. 2

Paris has thirty-two miles of underground railways and the construction of twenty-three miles more has been authorized.

A Cure for Fever and Ague.—Disturbance of the stomach and liver always precede attacks of fever and ague, showing derangement of the digestive organs and deterioration in the quality of the blood. In these ailments Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have been found most effective, abating the fever and subduing the ague in a few days. There are many who are subject to these distressing disturbances and to these there is no better preparation procurable as a means of relief.

Willie—Does your son take to arithmetic?

Gillis—Indeed he does. Last year he took false weights and measures; this year he is studying rebating, and next year he will take up commutation of fines.

Minard's Liniment lumberman's friend

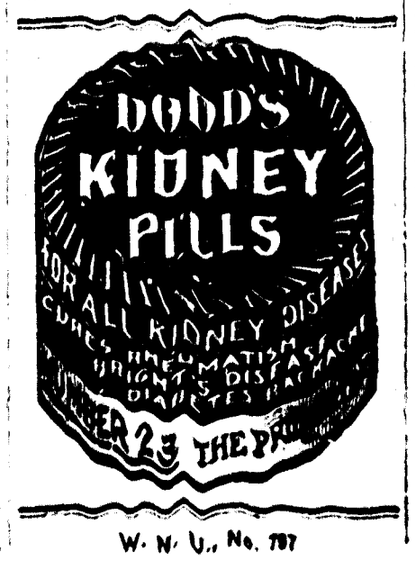
A $20 gold piece, beaten into gold leaf, will cover more than 15 square yards of surface.

Thousands of mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

Tomkins—"Your wife seems to be a very thoughtful woman."

Thompson—"She is. She thinks of all kinds of things to keep me out late."

Only one out of every fifteen persons [illegible] both eyes in perfect condition.



W. N. U., No. 797

GRAHAME WHITE, AVIATOR.

Rejected the Army to Become a Pioneer In Motoring.

Mr. Grahame White strikes one as a typical flying man. Young (he is only just thirty), tall, and lithe, he looks as hard as nails, and gives the impression of being practically without nerves.

He was originally intended for the army, but his taste lay in the direction of engineering, and he followed his inclination. His love of sport is inherited, his father being a famous yachtsman. At Bedford Grammar School young Grahame White is chiefly remembered for his success as a cyclist. When fifteen he and his brother were *joint owners of a small* motor-car, and his experiences with this machine tempted him to the motor industry. He not only established a business for making motor-cars, but raced them, winning many prizes.

From motoring to aviation was but a natural step. His early experience with motors was, of course, of considerable service to him in his flying experiments, but his connection with aviation is quite recent. He had not even seen any flying until the Rheims meeting last August. He was so taken with the new sport that he there and then ordered a Bleriot machine, and was himself astonished at the quickness with which he learned to fly.

Less than a month ago he acquired the latest improved type of Farman biplane, fitted with a Gnome fifty horse-power rotary motor, and his instant mastership of this wonderful machine at once inspired him to try for the Manchester record.

A plucky attempt was made recently by Mr. White to win the prize of $50,000, and at first his success seemed assured.

He was compelled by adverse weather and engine trouble to wait, at Lichfield, with sixty-nine miles still to be traveled, until too late to comply with the conditions under which the prized is offered.

Mr. White started on his great journey soon after five in the morning from Park Royal, his mother and sister being present to wish him good luck.

The machine rose easily and gracefully, the engine worked beautifully, and everything thus early promised well for the daring young aviator's trip.

Flying splendidly, Mr. White soon left the accompanying motor-cars behind. At one period he attained a speed of sixty miles an hour.

At Rugby he made the first of the two stops he was allowed on the journey, and after having some refreshments left for Crewe, which was to be his second halting place.

Fortune, however, decreed otherwise, for, numbed with cold, and feeling sorely in need of rest, Mr. White descended for a second time at Hademore, near Lichfield.

While awaiting more favorable conditons his biplane was seized by a boisterous wind and overturned, suffering damage that was repaired in time for a flight the following week only by the fiercest exertion on the part of his mechanics.

Scottish and Irish Bogs.

The recent "bog-slide" in County Roscommon, recalls the fact that Ireland has still close on 2,830,000 acres of bog-land, varying in depth from nineteen feet to a few inches. Scotland is also "rich" in bog. Rannoch Moor, for instance, is nearly twenty miles square. Moss Flanders, in Perthshire, still contains over 10,000 acres of peat, and it is reported that the deep Black Moss contains 800,000 cubic yards of peat. The reason why so few calamitous bog-slides take place in Scotland compared with Ireland is due to the varying constituents of the bogs, their situation, and the higher cultivation of neighboring lands. After a long spell of rain—the usual forerunner of an Irish bog-slide—great quantities of water accumulate at the bottom of the bog. The mosses and dense plant life on the surface, or close to the surface, prevent evaporation, and the pressure of the steadily accumulating water either rises the superincumbent mass and makes it overflow its natural boundaries, or bursts a subterranean passage. Where, however, the fringe, of the bogs have been reclaimed, as in the case of most of the Scottish bogs and the land in the neighborhood drained and more or less cultivated, artificial escapes are created which drain off the floods. Hence the main reason for the paucity of bog-slides in Scotland compared with Ireland, where the bog lands are still in a "state of nature."

Tea is Ireland's Curse.

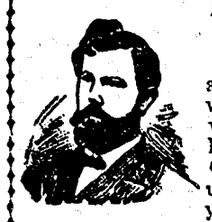
Some interesting sidelights on the life of the peasantry in Ireland are contained in the reports of the Inspectors of National Schools, which have lately been issued. The report says: "The use of tea is now carried to such dangerous excess that it ranks before alcohol as an enemy of the public health. To aggravate the situation it is in the very poorest parts of the country that the tea evil is most active and hurtful. It is only the cheap sort of tea that reach these poor people; and, let the quality be good or bad, the tea is so prepared for use that the liquid, when drunk, has the properties of a slow poison. The teapot stewing on the hearth all day long is kept literally on tap; the members of the family, young as well as old, resorting to it at discretion."

Beresford Suit Ends.

The curious romance of the late Lord Delaval Beresford, known throughout Mexico as "Lord Beresford," and a colored woman, has just reached a financial conclusion through the payment in currency and land of $300,000. When, after the death of Lord Delaval Beresford in a railway accident in America three years ago, Lord Charles Beresford came to settle his brother's estate, he was confronted with the claims of the colored woman, who represented that she was the wife in common law of Lord Delaval. Lord Charles entered a suit in Mexico to oust the woman from the estate and disclaim her as his brother's heiress, with the result above noted. The entire estate was valued at over $20,000,000.

The Doctor's Answers

By Dr. Lewis Baker.



The questions answered below are general in character; the symptoms or diseases are given and the answers will apply to any case of similar nature. Those wishing further advice free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Ellwood Sts., Dayton, Ohio, enclosing self-addressed envelope for reply. If unable to obtain any of the drugs mentioned of your regular druggist, go to some prominent large retail drug store which is sure to be well stocked.

George B.—You state your symptoms are constant thirst, feverishness, pains in the back and groin, swelling of the ankles, puffs under the eyes, inflamed eyelids, painful, smarting, and frequent urination, sleeplessness, catarrh, etc., and you are correct in surmising that your kidneys and bladder need a good tonic treatment. Have any well-stocked druggist mix *the following: 1 oz. fl. ext. buchu*, 1 oz. comp. fl. balmwort and 4 ozs. comp syrup sarsaparilla. Take a teaspoonful before or after meals and one when retiring. Drink plenty of water between meals. Eat slowly. Abstain from alcohol. Continue treat- 6 to 8 weeks.

George W.—You have dyspepsia, if your symptoms are bloating and belching, pains in the stomach, foul breath, headache, weakness and dizziness. You should avoid pastries and sweets for some time and take a teaspoonful after each meal, of the following:

3 oz. essence of pepsin, 1 oz. comp. essence cardiol and 2 oz. syrup of ginger. Mix. The foregoing will usually correct and cure any case of indigestion or dyspepsia.

Frank—Your extreme thinness is unnatural. You should weigh 25 pounds more. Your trouble is due to inability of the digestive tract, or alimentary canal, to absorb the proper elements that go to make flesh and fat from the food taken into your system. I know many who have gained a pound a day for 30 days through the use of the following prescription. Your sister will find it very strengthening, while increasing her weight. You can both use it to great advantage.

3 ozs. essence of pepsin, 3 ozs. syrup hypophosphites comp., 1 oz. tincture cadomene, (not cardamom), and 1 oz. comp. essence cardiol. Mix. Take a teaspoonful after meals and one before retiring. Continue for 30 to 90 days.

Mrs. S.—Your complaint is a very common one and is commonly termed "whites." In reality it is leucorrhea, and if permitted to become chronic is very weakening and causes many complicated female diseases.

Write me again, giving full name and address and all symptoms, and I will mail you prescriptions and outline a thorough curative treatment for all female diseases.

Business Man.—Your condition is not beyond hope. Timidity, insomnia, nervousness and inability to act rationally and naturally as a healthy, vigorous person would, can soon be overcome, and abounding new health can be felt surging in rich, red blood through the entire system if the following treatment is faithfully adhered to. Use the following powerful, though harmless nerve tonic in teaspoonful doses 3 to 4 times a day: Comp, fluid balmwort 1 oz., comp. essence cardiol 1 oz., tincture cadomene comp. 1 oz. (not cardamon), and comp. syrup sarsaparilla 3 ozs. Mix all together.

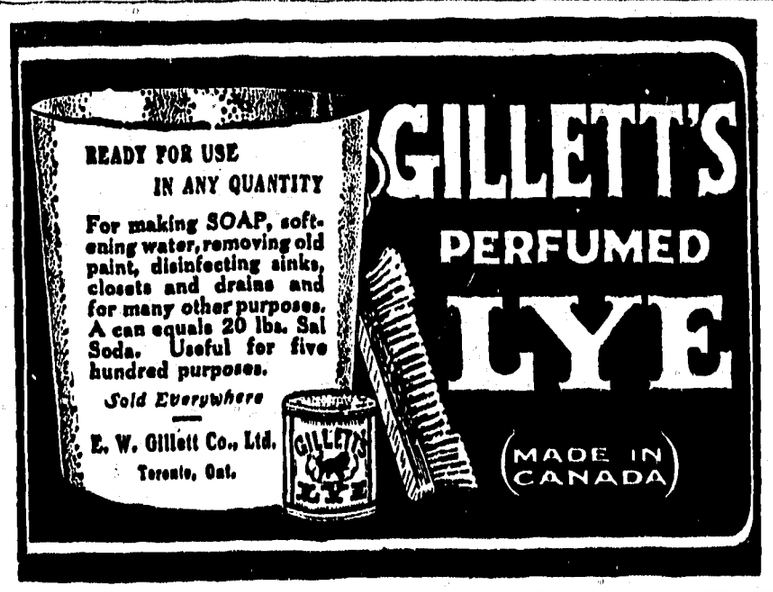
City Lass—The following formula is said to be used by a noted beauty specialist for increasing the flesh of the bust, arms and neck. If properly used it should prove very satisfactory and round out your figure as desired: Comp. tincture cadomene 1 oz. (not cardomon), glycerine 2 ozs., rosewater 3 ozs., and 1 teaspoonful of borax. Mix. Shake well and apply to the neck, arms and bust, rubbing and massaging until completely absorbed. Then wash the parts treated with hot water and soap and dry thoroughly. Then massage with olive oil or sheep tallow. Apply morning and night for several weeks or months as the case may require.

Fred:—Ask your druggist to prepare you a solution of boracic acid with which to treat your inflamed and watering eyes.

2 in 1 SHOE POLISH

means foot comfort. It keeps leather soft and pliable—makes shoes last longer. Does not contain any Turpentine, Acids, or other injurious ingredients. Brilliant and lasting—one rub does the trick. ALL DEALERS, 10c. 2

THE F. F. DALLEY CO., LIMITED, Hamilton, Ont., and Buffalo, N.Y.



Warning the Editor

"Who's the author of 'The Rake of the Gulch' that you're printin'?"

"I am," said the man at the desk.

"Well, if the Piute ain't shot and fed to coyotes in the last chapter you kin stop my paper."

A Colorado man has invented a tool for removing the wire stitches from magazines.

The average annual death rate of armies of the world in time of peace is less than one per hundred.

In the Nursery

Mother—Why did you hit your brother on the nose?

Johnny—I was evolving a plan for universal peace.

New south Wales has reclaimed 2,000,000 acres of land by irrigation.

A rapid growth of the finger nails is considered to indicate good health.

Paper may be made a good electrical conductor by impregnating it with carbon.

Blood Poisoning Started from Wound

An accident which threatened worst results until DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT was applied

No wound or hurt but has most serious possibilities unless antiseptic treatment is applied to prevent blood-poisoning.

Lives are often saved by having at hand a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Its antiseptic properties prevent blood poisoning and it is so remarkably healing that cure is soon brought about.

This case will interest you. Mrs. C. Hopkins, St. George, Ont., writes: "I feel like shouting the praises of Dr. Chase's Ointment. One day last year while threshing, my son got badly hurt by having the prongs of a fork run into his leg. In a day or two it began to get very sore and blood poisoning set in. We did everything for it but it would heal in one place and break out in another. This kept on for three months when finally we got a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

"In about a week's time we noticed a marked change. By using three boxes he was cured completely. He has had no return of the trouble. My husband was cured of a bad case of piles by the use of two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is a wonderful ointment."

Dr. Chase's Ointment is useful in scores of ways in every home. While its great reputation has been made as a cure for eczema and piles there is not a case of itching or irritated skin disease in which it will fail to bring relief.

The better you become acquainted with Dr. Chase's Ointment the better you will appreciate its wonderful soothing, healing qualities. Any druggist will tell you of its remarkable records of cures.

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Write for free copy of Dr. Chase's Recipes.

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CALISTHENICS for MOTHER and CHILD

Support the body at the waist line

Mother's horizontal bar.

The knee should be raised at right angles.

To encourage deep breathing.

REGULAR and systematic exercise cannot be instituted too early in the training of little children, and the results will be doubly beneficial if the enjoyment of play can be associated with the daily drill. There will never be any difficulty in securing the child's enthusiastic co-operation, for it is natural for the little one to be active, and when mother joins in the gymnastics the result is foreseen.

I advise these light gymnastics, or calisthenics, to be taken in the early morning hours for about ten minutes each day. The clothing should be comfortably loose and there should be paid strict attention to the order and work. Do not allow any foolishness to enter into the exercise, and insist upon a concentration of the mind, which is always beneficial in this kind of action.

The first exercise should be taken after the command of "Forward, bend!" is given. Over the strong arm of the mother the little child should bend until the hands touch the floor. This is not difficult for the soft, flexible bones of a little one. Have this movement repeated four or five times.

The balancing movement should then be taken. With hands on hips, a backward movement should be taken. Be sure to support the body at the waist line, as this will prevent any straining of the muscles of the child, and will also give the little gymnast a feeling of security.

A leg movement is the next in order. With the knee straight, it must be raised at right angles with the body, then slowly lowered. This should be repeated slowly and carefully, and the other limb given its due exercise in the same way.

The next exercise is especially delightful to a little child. Upon mother's horizontal bar the girl or boy can take a firm grip and be lifted from the ground; the head must be kept well raised, and there must never be any overtaxing of the arm muscles.

Last, and very important, is the exercise to encourage deep breathing. The arms should be straightened out in front of the body and slowly moved to the sides. As this is done, the baby must take a deep breath. The exhalation naturally follows when the arms are brought together again. It is quite easy to inculcate a habit of deep breathing—one that is sadly neglected by the average woman—and I advise you to emphasize this step in the daily drill.

When the wisdom of mother is added to the earnest work of the child, the calisthenics will give what usually results from well-directed efforts, a quick and beneficial result. Your little girl or boy is not too young for the daily drill, and ten minutes each day can certainly be spared to give the little one a systematic training.

ON DEEP HEMS

IT HAS been found that the lightweight silk dress does not hang to the satisfaction of fastidious woman, and its hem has been deepened to bring about a firmness at its lower edge.

The idea is equally applicable to marquisettes, voiles, organdies and swisses. This "newfangled" hem is a half yard deep. Fashion notes do not refer to the added cost of a garment whose hem alone necessitates some yards more material, but they assure us, as we would ourselves surmise, that the skirt is visibly improved.

It occurs to us to argue in favor of it as a saving in petticoat flounces and in dress trimming.

It goes without saying that the perfectly hung skirt—the exquisitely fitted dress—demands less decoration than the makeshift which shrieks out for a kindly, a concealing adornment.

On the more elaborate satins and liberty crepes this deep hem is, in reality, a facing of inexpensive broadcloth, of flannel or of cashmere.

In applying the bias facing there is no difficulty in the fitting of its bias width to even a circular skirt, but the summer frock, which involves a hem of its own material, will require careful handling in the matter of its turn-up to prevent a twist.

The laying of the hem against the under side of the skirt will involve a lapboard and a careful hand for smoothing and the laying in of the occasional pleat, to say nothing of the straight eye required in planning these pleats or darts so that they slope in a line with the seams of the skirt.

The deep hem is usually put in by hand. It may be stitched by machine at times when there is concealing decoration, such as the narrow lace frill around the middle of the skirt, "after 1830," or the row of fringe.

Tucking to the depth of eighteen or twenty-seven inches sometimes takes the place of this abnormal hem in some of the white mull dresses from Paris.

Graduated tucks, beginning with a six-inch one as a hem and decreasing each one a half inch until one inch is reached, will be the attractive skirt finish of some of the lawns.

Six tiny ruffles below the knees, or six rows of narrow cotton fringe, will cover very well and effectively the bottom of a skirt if a full inch is left bare between each two lines of the decoration.

All of this is but a return to the outlines and the trimmings of other days.

This is the day of revivals, and we welcome them.

ADVICE ON SOCIAL CUSTOMS

Mrs Chester Adams most cordially invites her friends to bring to her their Social Problems and Perplexities by letter at any time

WHEN TO INTRODUCE

AN INTRODUCTION is a formal presentation of one person to another in a courteous manner. It is not a collection of words that must be hurled at two mortals without a regard for the place of meeting. It is about the time for introductions that I wish to speak today.

Introductions need not be made in public unless there is a decided restraint. Then the two strangers should be briefly introduced, merely as a matter of convenience. If a momentary halt be made on the street, the third friend need not be presented; but if there promise to be lengthy conversation, it would be much better to make a formal presentation. At clubs, where a group of people will be thrown together for a little time, it is expedient that the name of each one be mentioned to the others by the person of most authority.

The pleasure of small affairs is greatly enhanced by general introductions. A hostess should call to her aid one or two friends who will assist her in presenting guests to each other.

At a formal dinner the hostess need not introduce every one, but must be sure to present the guests who are to go in together to dinner. Subsequent introductions can be made in the drawing room. The guest of honor should be introduced to every other some time in the course of the evening.

Never interrupt a conversation to make an introduction. When a guest in departing, it is unnecessary to introduce him to others.

At a private dance the guests are introduced by a hostess to the daughter or friend who is helping her to receive, and, as the opportunities occur, as many introductions should be made as possible. At large balls it is proper to secure the permission of the woman before a man is presented.

On a day at home the guests who are near at hand are introduced by the one who receives, but at a large reception the hostess must not leave her place to make introductions. She presents a newly arrived guest to the one beside her.

Keep in mind the comfort of your friends. The best guide is the consideration of other people's feelings. This, added to a clear idea of the customs of well-bred people, will always solve the difficulties that may present themselves.

Solutions to Social Problems

Letters of Consolation

Dear Mrs. Adams,

Are letters of consolation, received after a death in the family, to be answered, and if so, how long a time should elapse before doing so? Is it necessary to use mourning paper? "BILLY."

Letters of condolence should be answered; but the recipient of such notes is privileged, however, to wait until she has enough self-control to [illegible] the rules of conventionality regarding mourning, mourning stationery should be used.

The Better Way

Dear Mrs. Adams,

Suppose a young man asks me to dance, and I refuse because I do not care to dance with him on account of the way he swings me when dancing, would it be all right for me to dance that particular number with another young man? JEWEL.

You could not with courtesy refuse one man a dance and then dance that same number with another. The better plan would be to accept, and then, while dancing, tell him that if he doesn't act properly, you will have to stop. It may be that he does not realize how rudely he is conducting himself, and your little hint may prove helpful. Of course, if he will not reform his ways and you refuse to dance with him, it will be necessary for you to deny yourself that dance. This is politeness due your hostess, who is supposed to have asked acceptable persons to the dance.

To Forget Him

Dear Mrs. Adams,

I feel quite despondent and hope you can advise me. I worked in the same department with a young man who showed every indication of caring for me, but as I have a very unfortunate characteristic of being rude to those for whom I care most I offended him several times. He has been transferred to another office, and I have been told he has also transferred his attentions. We now meet but very seldom, and then he barely notices me. I know it is my fault, which makes it all the harder to bear. I am very sensitive, and worry gets me into a terrible physical condition. Won't you tell me how to forget him? I am engaged to be married, but I really cannot endure the idea of marrying him. My girl friend says I merely care for the other because he is beyond my reach. Do you think this is so? NELLIE.

The only way you can forget the young man is to keep your mind occupied with your work. You are quite unfair to your fiance if you are cherishing thoughts of another man and are allowing him to believe you are sincere. What your girl friend says is pretty true. If the young man were attentive to you, perhaps you would not care for him so much.

Never Met Him

Dear Mrs. Adams,

1. I received a postal requesting me to write, from a young man whom I have never seen nor met. In some manner he got my name and address. Shall I write?

2. If a young man calls on me regularly and I am not engaged to him, is it wrong to encourage other young men?

3. Is it wrong to bible young men, making them believe you are in love with them when you are not? MABEL.

1. No. You do not know what risks you would be taking if you reply to his postal card.

2. Until you are engaged to a man you are at liberty to accept the attentions of other young men.

3. It is wrong because it is doing yourself and the men an injustice. Have you ever thought what a reputation a young girl would win by such actions?

Paying Carfare

Dear Mrs. Adams,

1. Is it proper for a boy to pay a girl's carfare if he is standing on the car platform when the girl enters the car and speaks to him? Both are well acquainted.

2. Is it proper to call girls up on the telephone and talk to them if we are not acquainted with the girls?

3. I went with a girl last summer and I allowed her to wear my ring. I have asked her for it several times and she has not given it to me yet. What shall I do to recover it? THREE BOYS.

1. It is not necessary, and neither is it courteous, for a boy to pay a girl's carfare, unless he is her escort.

2. No! It would be placing the girls in embarrassing positions.

3. Why not write the girl a letter requesting her to return your ring? Her self-respect should prompt her to return it immediately.

To Win Back Her Love

Dear Mrs. Adams,

Will you kindly tell me a way to win back the love of my wife? J. E. T.

First of all, find out what you have done to lose her love, and then try to atone for your misconduct. She surely has some reasons for ceasing to love you; and I think a heart-to-heart talk and the turning over of a new leaf may restore peace and happiness.

A Jealous Girl

Dear Mrs. Adams,

Would you kindly advise me what to do if a girl is jealous of me for keeping company with a young gentleman? She likes him and is always saying things about him and me which are not true.

AN ANXIOUS GIRL.

Do not lose your dignity by doing anything to a girl who is unfortunate enough to own a jealous disposition. Persistent kindness on your part may cause her humiliation and prevent her from heralding false reports.

Name on Cards

Dear Mrs. Adams,

1. I am 19 years old and the older of two sisters (the other of eight) [illegible]. About a year ago I had cards given to me and have used them frequently until a few days ago, when I [illegible]. They are printed with my full name and are two and one-half inches by one and one-half inches. I [illegible] stances, and my sister and mother [illegible] would be too formal and out [illegible] place for me to have them [illegible] only my last name and prefix [illegible] do you think? When I call on girls who have no servants, should my card be handed to the girls or left unnoticed when I enter?

2. What type do you prefer for name cards?

3. Does lavender-colored stationery signify anything? I heard it meant "love."

4. What is the meaning of a stamp turned upside down in the upper right-hand corner?

5. Do I write what would be considered a good letter? I am very anxious to learn and become intelligent. "THE BRONX."

1. Either older or elder may be used. It is quite proper to use either the full name or the surname, with the prefix Miss, on your cards. Never hand a visiting card to the hostess. If there is no servant in evidence, leave your card inconspicuously on the tray either when entering or leaving.

2. English script and block letters are the best styles of lettering.

3. The color of one's stationery has no significance. It is always in better taste, however, to use white or cream.

4. Carelessness on the part of the sender.

5. Your letter is straightforward, which is one of the first requisites for good letter-writing.

A Bad Combination

Dear Mrs. Adams,

1. Is it proper to wear a light blue evening coat with a dark brown afternoon dress in the afternoon? If dressed like this, should a hat be worn?

2. What must one say if one is asked to dance and wishes to accept?

3. Tell me how to express myself in thanking a man who [illegible] home [illegible] tertainment? AMY Z. E.

1. Such a combination is in bad taste and would make the wearer quite conspicuous. A long, dark coat worn with the dark brown dress and an afternoon hat would be much better. Last summer the evening cloak worn over a lingerie dress was quite permissible at the seashore and other summer resorts, but to adopt this style in the winter, wearing the light evening cloak over a dark dress, would be quite ridiculous.

2. "I shall be glad to," or "Yes, I [illegible] dance with you [illegible] already engaged," are suitable answers.

3. You may show your appreciation by telling him you had a very pleasant evening, but do not thank him, as he [illegible] one to be grateful for having the privilege of your company.

Requested to Recite

Dear Mrs. Adams,

If a young girl 15 years old were requested to recite in a society of boys by one of its members, would it be proper for her to do so?

Would it be absolutely necessary for a girl of 15 years old to have a chaperon when attending a party with a boy friend? ELOISE.

Yes; but a chaperon should go with her to the entertainment.

Yes.

Leaving Cards

Dear Mrs. Adams,

How many cards should a married woman leave when calling upon a married woman, a widow and an unmarried woman?

When one has made a formal call and it has been returned, how soon should a second call be made?

If the lady is at home when making the second call, should cards be left; and should the same number be left as when making the first call? MARION.

A married woman when calling upon a married woman leaves one of her own cards and two of her husband's. A married woman calling upon a widow or an unmarried woman leaves one of her own cards and one of her husband's.

Do not allow more than six weeks or two months to elapse before returning the second call.

Yes. If, however, the calls are very frequently made, she need not leave her card.

Letters Unanswered

Dear Mrs. Adams,

I used to be quite friendly with a young man, but haven't seen him for a year. He is now away at college and I wrote him a letter, which he answered. I sent another letter, but he didn't answer the second. Would it be proper for me to write and ask him to send my letters back, or shall I write and ask him the reason for not writing?

If a girl is engaged and the gentleman breaks the engagement, saying she is to blame, is it proper for her to return the diamond ring? "BLOND."

You made a mistake when you took the initiative in starting a correspondence with the young man. It would be better to let the matter stand as it is. There is no reason why you should ask for the return of your letters. If he is anxious to write, you will receive a letter from him in due time.

If the engagement is broken, it would be proper for the girl to return the diamond ring.

For the Amateur Cook

WHEN boiling vegetables, be sure the water is at the boiling point before putting the vegetables in it. If it is cold or lukewarm the freshness and savor of the food will leak out into the valueless surrounding water. Place the saucepan over the hottest part of the stove, so that it will boil as quickly as possible, and be careful that the boiling does not cease until the contents are thoroughly cooked and about to be removed.

[illegible] whether a cake has been cooked long enough is to insert very lightly in the center a common wooden skewer, such as butchers use for meat. If it comes out clean and dry, the cake is done; if, on the other hand, the skewer is sticky, the cake needs a little more cooking.

It is useful to remember that after the water has been strained off potatoes, they should be given three or four sharp jerks so as to toss the potatoes. This has the effect of making them white and floury.

Here are two hints that [illegible] do not strictly relate to cooking, but come within the cook's province. [illegible] that has slightly spoiled may be sweetened and rendered fit for further use by stirring in a little soda.

We

are now established in our new premises and invite your inspection of our stock. We have just opened out a new line of

DRESSERS and STANDS Ranging in Price From $65 to $15 PER SET

Our stock is now LARGER and BETTER ASSORTMENT IN ALL LINES than ever before.

The Furniture Store

A. McKINNON

McPhee Block, Cumberland, B. C.

Locals.

FOUND—One large wooden tank, about half a mile off Shelter Point, on June 1st. Owner can have same by paying expenses.

Alex. Salmond, Comox, B. C.

See C. C. Segrave if you want a Piano, Organ, Sewing Machine, agent for all sorts of musical instruments, Cumberland, B. C.

Mr. W. J. Goard, the reliable piano tuner, is in our midst again. As this is a special trip all orders for work must be left at the Office of the News, as soon as possible.

LOST—On Sunday last, a nickel case open face watch, with silver chain and name engraved on outside case. Finder will please return to this office or to A. Erickson, Vendome Hotel.

We understand that Mr. Shaw the President of the Development League, has been informed by Mr. Manson, that after a lenghty interview with the Educational Department, they have decided to allow it to stand as heretofore with the school question, and that he had also arranged so that the $9000 will be available for sewerage purposes, should the people pass the by-law

Mrs. John Bickle and family of Ladysmith, arrived on Thursday last, and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Bickle and Mr. and Mrs. E. Bickle.

Mr. W. A. Wilkinson, of Vancouver, arrived in town on Thursday last, on a short business trip, and returned on Saturday. Mr. Wilkinson has a fine business location on Broadway, and is quite sanguine of success.

Mr. P. Monte's residence on the Lake Trail road was destroyed by a bush fire last week.

Mr. A. L. Ray, of Union Bay, and Miss Haggart, late of this city, are to be married at Victoria on July 29th.

Miss McKenzie, assistant to postmaster Nunns, left by Friday's boat on a two weeks vacation to Victoria and Vancouver

FOR SALE—Six ringed kitchen range, in good condition. Apply this office.

Walter Woodburn has sold his Courtenay business to S. J. Piercy.

Mrs. Watson Monroe of Vancouver, arrived last week, and is [illegible] Wall.

Mr. James Rowan, of Nanaimo, father of Alex Rowan, arrived on Thursday last and remained on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Harrison left by Sunday's boat for Nanaimo.

Mr. James McKenzie and Mr. R. Hudson left for Vancouver by Sunday's boat.

BIRTH—At Cumberland on July 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. William Thomson a daughter

Mrs. W. Hayman was a passenger to Comox by Tuesday's boat.

Mrs. F. Anley and Mrs. Davies were passengers from Comox to Vancouver by Sunday's boat.

Miss Ingham, Miss E. Thomson and Miss Kemp left by Sunday's boat on a holiday trip to Seattle.

The fire brigade met in their hall on Monday evening. The principal business being the arranging for a banquet to be held shortly.

Our popular fellow townsman Mr. Bert Stevenson will leave on Friday morning for Seattle, where he will be married on August 3rd, to Miss Gertrude Kirkman of that city, formerly of Nanaimo. After the ceremony the happy couple will proceed to New York on their honeymoon. On their return which will be in about five weeks, they will take up ther residence here. Mr. George Cassidy, of Ladysmith, will perform the duties of constable during Mr. Stevenson's absence.

Mr. Joe Potter has started a billiard room at McKinnon's old stand, Dunsmuir Avenue. Mr. Potter has two fine tables.

Mr. John Jack will leave in a few days for Glasgow, Scotland.

The Ladies of the Maccabees of Cumberland held their second annual picnic at Roy's Beach on Tuesday. The ladies were entertained by Mesdames Willard, J. R. Gray, B. W. Bailey and A. McKinnon. They report having had a most enjoyable outing. One of the features of the day was a launch ride on the "briny" by some of the ladies, which was greatly appreciated. Quite a number of the ladies who are camping at "Manhattan" Beach, joined the party from Cumberland. There were about fifty sat down to supper, to which they did ample justice.

Rev. Mr. McGillivray took the service at Sandwick, Sunday afternoon for Rev. Mr. Menzies, who has gone away for a short holiday.

Mr. W. Duncan took the evening service in the Agricul. Hall, and gave a very impressive gospel address.

Mr. [illegible] visit to Vancouver.

Mr. Beaton has bought a piece of land on the Lake Trail, which he is busy clearing, in order to build a home for his family.

Joe Potter arrived home by Saturday's boat.

Harry Wallace, of Vancouver, formerly of this city, arrived on Saturday evening last.

The new post office fixtures have arrived.

When in doubt Lead Trumps, and when you want a Cooling and Refreshing Beverage

Drink Pilsener

The Purest and Best BEER on the Coast. and made in Cumberland.

(Continued from page 1.)

scription. The sail on this lake is one of the chief attractions at Banff. We passed dense forests and lofty crags and mountain peaks on every side.

About seven o'clock we reached our camping ground. The men proceeded at once to put up the tents, while the ladies prepared supper. Everyone was extremely hungry and expressed their keen enjoyment of the supper.

After the dishes were washed up we sat around the camp fire and listened to stories of camping and mountain climbing. As it was necessary to make an early start we did not stay up very late.

At the sound of the rustic reveille we rose early, breakfasted, packed up our articles safely in the tents and began our march, with Corporal Townsend leading. This was about 5 o'clock. We had to cross a bit of fallen timber, which was somewhat troublesome. The Corporal remarked that we would vote our climb one of the hardest eight miles we had ever done.

Mount Aylmer is the highest mountain near Banff, being some 10,365 feet above sea level.

About 9 o'clock we had a second breakfast. We were by this time well up on the rocky sides of the mountain. About 10 a.m., we reached the ridge of the long roof-shaped spur of Mt. Aylmer. On one side of this roof were considerable scrub and vegetation. A previous climbing party had come upon a band of mountain sheep here, and we kept very quiet in hopes that we too might see some of these big horns. But we were disappointed.

Walking along this ridge, we came on to the side of Mount Aylmer proper, and climbing began in earnest. About 11.30 o'clock we reached a small glacier where the party had lunch and a good rest. We had reached a very high altitude by this time, and it was beginning to tell on some of us, especially those who, like myself, had come from low altitudes. I found it necessary to rest pretty often now. By the time I had climbed to 200 or 300 feet from the summit I felt as though I might collapse entirely. The last 200 feet was the most difficult of all, and I decided to go no further lest I should collapse and cause delay. One man did almost collapse at the top.

The view from the summit was very grand. The prairies of Alberta and Saskatchewan were visible in the dim distance.

The names of the members of our party were written on a sheet of paper and put in a bottle, which was deposited in a safe place among the rocks at the summit.

While waiting for the rest of the party to return, I made good use of my time in observing and studying everything in sight. The awful grandeur of those lofty peaks on every side was almost overpowering. It almost terrified one. All the rest of the party were completely out of sight and I was entirely alone. One experiences a terrible sense of lowliness when alone among these awful peaks and crags, and I felt a great sense of relief when I heard the voices of the others returning.

Perhaps the most beautiful sight was Lake Minnewanka, far below. Never in my life have I beheld anything so lovely as the waters along the base of the mountains. I think I never have seen so beautiful a green—rich and living. Then the colors kept changing continually. But tourists say that there is no place in the world where the colors are so beautiful as in the waters of Lake Louise, near Laggan. That is a place I have not seen yet.

It took about an hour to climb the last 200 or 300 feet, but it only took about 20 minutes to return.

Our party now continued the descent until we reached the glacier again. The timber line was far below this, and not far above the glacier vegetation ceased entirely.

I collected quite a few specimens of mountain flowers. One thing I noticed was the plants, which at lower altitudes attain to quite a size, were very diminutive at this height. I had to look closely before I could recognize one or two of them, they seemed so very small.

We had to climb along some narrow ledges—not more than 6 to 9 inches in places—and it made one feel "creepy." You could have a bad tumble if you slipped. I was astonished at the ease with which one or two of the ladies climbed. It did not seem to trouble them at all, even in difficult and dangerous places. But one of these ladies had been training with the Canadian Alpine Club, and they are required to do some very difficult climbing.

Soon we were back at the wooded base of Mount Aylmer. Several of our party were much exhausted. As for myself I soon recovered my normal condition on reaching a lower altitude.

We reached camp about 5 o'clock where we soon had supper and got packed up ready for the steamer.

Corporal Townshend reckoned we had made the climb in 12 1-2 hours, from start to finish. This was a record, he said. After we reached the wharf I asked the Corporal if he felt very tired, but he laughed and said, "I feel ready to start back to climb it again. I am used to that sort of work." I felt thankful I did not have to attempt it again, yet I would not have missed the climb. That was a day never to be forgotten.

Miss Turner, of Nanimo, arrived last week and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Furbow.

Mr. and Mrs. Hector Stewart, of Vancouver, arrived in town last week and are touring the district in their auto. Mrs. Stewar is a sister of Mrs D. Kilpatrick.

New Westminster again defeated Montreal at lacrosse on Saturday last, by a score of 13 to to 5.

BIRTH—At Cumberland July 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Maxwell a daughter.

CUMBERLAND TAILOR

S. ISAKA, PROPRIETOR PHONE 21

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Suits Made to Order from $20 to $35 All Work First Class

Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

A FEW PERSONS WANTED.

To complete syndicate now forming for the purpose of buying 4,000 acres of B. C. fruit land, $50.00 cash required and large profits assured. Send for prospectus and full particulars to the

Kootenay Fruit Land Syndicate,
325 HOMER STREET,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

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LADIES' TAILOR-MADE COSTUMES A SPECIALTY
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AND IN ANY STYLE YOU WISH.
PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
Prices From $20 to $40.
CUMBERLAND, - - - B. C.

Capital $5,000,000. Reserve $5,700,000

The Royal Bank of Canada.

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SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to SAVINGS ACCOUNTS and interest at Current Rates allowed on Deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

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DUNSMUIR AVENUE CUMBERLAND,

PIANO POLISH THE VERY BEST

Try a Bottle of this Polish. It will make your Piano, Organ or Furniture LOOK LIKE NEW . . . . . .

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WE HAVE MONEY

To invest in any sound proposition. TIMBER COAL, or AGRICULTURAL LANDS.

Make a clear sketch and write fully in your first letter if you want a definite answer.

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Garden, Field and Flower **Seeds**

New crop now arriving from our growers in England, France Holland, Canada and the United States. All tested as to vitality and purity on arrival The best is good enough for our customers. Catalogue free. Business will be continued at our old stand until May. After that in new location, which will be announced later. Address

M. J. HENRY, 3010 Wesminster Rd, Vancouver