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VICTORIA, B. C.
136

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

TWELFTH YEAR. CUMBERLAND, B. C. WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 6, 1905

AT THE BIG STORE

—We are now showing our Fall Shoes.—

Good Shoes at Popular Prices

Here are a few lines we would like to show you.

A special line of Mens Calf Bals at .....$3.50 pr.

Mens Half length Field Boots, full kip, fine value....$3.50 pr.

Mens fish grain waterproof Bals, Blucher cut, leather lined throughout, Goodyear welted, A1 Hunting shoe, Extra value, ...$5.00 pr.

A line of Mens Tan field Boots, Full length, specially adapted to the requirements of this district.....See these

Try our Mens waterproof chrome Pig skin finish mining and lumbering boots, unequalled for wear, every pair guaranteed.....$6.00 pr.

Viscol Oil softens, preserves and waterproofs Shoes, makes them wear at least 3 times longer, we keep it 25c bottle

SIMON LEISER & Co Ld

Nicholles & Renouf, Ld.

61 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Just received large shipment of

IRON AGE

CULTIVATORS, SEED DRILLS, WHEEL HOES, ETC.

VERY LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Call and see them or write for catalogues and prices.

Telephone 82. Sole Agents for B.C. P.O. Drawer 563

HERE'S A POINTER.

A trial order will prove to you that by dealing with us you can get a better choice, a newer style, and a lower price than elsewhere. No other store in the West offers the choice shown on our 5 floors of

MODERN HOUSEFURNISHINGS

—We have Everything for Home Makers requirements.—

Our efficient MAIL ORDER SYSTEM is at your service

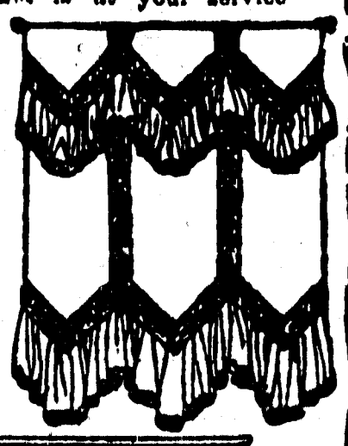
These Form the Second Floor.

Dainty Window Muslins, white or Ecru.—Price 20c per yd.

Beautiful Madras Muslins, 30 inch 25c yd, 50 inch 45c yard.

—Samples submitted Free—

"Bonne Femme" Curtains, like illustration,—Price $6.50 each.



Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

WEILER BROS.

HOME, HOTEL AND CLUB FURNISHERS - VICTORIA B.C.

Messrs Riggs and Whyte drove to Nanaimo on Saturday night, and Messrs McNeil and A Riggs accompanied them on their wheels Mr Whyte and A. Riggs returned Monday evening Mr S Riggs remaining over for the "City".

American Hams and Bacon 18c per lb, Napier & Partridge.

Calsimo, the best sanitary wall finish, in all shades, for sale by C. H. Tarbell.

Most particular People use only Hudson Bay Flour $6.50 per barrel. Napier & Partridge.

Royal Household Flour
$6.50 per barrel $1.65 per sack.
At the Big Store,

Local and Personal

The picnic given on Labor Day for the benefit of the Public School library was fairly well attended. Some of the people took their baskets and got off at Gartley's Point while the rest went on to Union Wharf. As luck would have it the people from the Wharf had arranged for a picnic to Denman Island and so the day was rather quiet for the visitors, the only attraction being the Australian Liner Aorangi, which everybody took the advantage o visiting.

ACCIDENT AT UNION WHARF

Daniel Duncan, while train breaking at Union Wharf, last Wednesday, fell off a car and was severely injured. He was taken to this place and into the Hospital, where he is steadily improving.

Peaches in splendid condition for Preserving at Napier & Partridges.

A Chinaman was killed in No. 4 last Wednesday.

New stock now in at the Big Store of Gents, Ladies, Youths rain coats. See these goods.

A daughter was born to Mr and Mrs Thos Wood of Grantham at the U. & C. Hospital on Thursday last.

A drop in Price. Five Roses Enderby and Hudson Bay Flour now only $1.65 per sack. Napier & Partridge.

Mrs Kirkwood and daughter left for their home in Vancouver on Friday morning. They have been guests of Mrs T, Whyte and Mrs Woodhus since July 12th Miss M, McNiven and Miss A McNeil accompanied them to remain for a holiday

Mrs Ed. Woods of Yukon is visiting Mrs M. Piercy of this town.

New lines of winter underwear for Ladies and Gents. At the Big Store.

Mrs J. Johnston is expected hom from the Upper Country this week

Among Thursday's passengers were Mrs J. Richards and family who were visiting relatives at Nanaimo, Mr L. W. Hall, and Mr Clarke of the News-Adverser staff who is paying the town a business call.

Antonio Delponte, who got lost on Friday while hunting with three companions at the head of the lake has turned up at Alberni, a wire being received to that effect yesterday to the joy of his friends here.

Some public spirited christians(?) have objected to the City dance hall being rented as a temporary house in a case of necessity Following this lead, there are others who will now object to its being let for amusement, as opposing private enterprise. Why make a distinction?

Programme of sports to be held in the Agricultural grounds, Courtenay, on Wednesday, Sept. 20th 1905, under the auspices of the C. A. & I. Association.

Free Gate.

The Cumberland Brass Band in attendance.

Trap shooting contest Prize $35.00.

Wrestling contest Prize $25.00 and Championship of Comox.

Foot ball Match Prize $25.00

100 yards Farmers race (Handicap) 1st Prize $10 00 2nd $5.00

Climbing Greasy Pole contest Prize one reaching the top of pole takes $5.00 to be fastened there.

100 yards Foot Race for boys under 12 1st $2 50 2nd $1.00

100 yards Foot Race for girls under 12 1st $2 50 2nd $1 00

Klootchman's Foot Race 1st $5.00 2nd $2 50

Grand Farmers Ball will be held at the Society's Hall at the usual hour; sumptuous supper. Good music.

Come one, come all. The fact that there is no appropriation this year to enable the Directors to hold the usual show should not keep one of us back from the fun. Therefore "Let us join the mad throng that goes marching along".

Entrance fee for races 25c.

Ball tickets per couple to include supper $2.00

Sports Committee—B. Crawford, S. Piercy, G. Roe, M. Halliday, J. Parkin.

The last week's Enterprise published the following apology. Which is accepted. A word of warning for the future is added however. The Enterprise staff is young to the business, and may be thankful that leniency enough was shown by the aggrieved party to give them the choice of apologising. Another time it might be different.

Readers of the Enterprize will remember Onlooker's letter in this paper several issues ago. We the editors of this paper beg leave to apologize for implying that the editor of the Cumberland News sold whisky to the Indians, while Government Agent. We could hardly believe that he would be guilty of such an act, and his denial of the fact is sufficient proof to us. It was not our intention, nor the intention of Onlooker, we feel sure, to cast any reflections on our worthy ex-government agent. We trust this will be satisfactory.

We have made some inquiries regarding the gentleman's conduct while government agent, and we learn that without doubt he was one of the most efficient and obliging officer the government ever had.

Nanaimo, 2nd—The marriage takes place this afternoon at Victoria of Mr A. Bert E. Booth, C. P. R. telegraph night operator of Nanaimo and Miss Jennie Merrifield daughter of Mr and Mrs Thomas Merrifield, Milton Street. Rev Mr Adams pastor of the Metropolian Methodist Church Viotoria performs the ceremony and the honey moon will be spent at the capital.

Dr. Staples, Thos. Hudson, S Shore, J. Piket and Mrs Piket, went on a hunting excursion to Denman on Friday last, returned home Monday evening

- 1905 -
WAll = Paper

JUST ARRIVED AT THE
The MAGNET
CASH STORE.

100 Patterns to choose from.
2 Double Rolls for 25cts, upwards.

House Lining, Mixed Paints, 50 Shades of Alabastine, Enamels, Stains, Varnish, Whiting, Brushes, etc.

T. E. BATE,
DUNSMUIR VE, Cumberland

- 1905 -
WAll = Paper

The Woodmen of Cumberland spent an enjyable day on the 4th, having joined the Courtney lodge at a picnic at Carwithen's farm, In the evening a large audience attended a dance in the Cumberland hall, which has been much improved by the addition of a new floor. Mrs W. Hudson and Messrs Murdock and Winningham supplied the music.

There were vegetables to spare yesterday on Dunsmuir Avenue. The horse driven by a Chinese vender having taken fright, and running into a telephone post upset the whole cargo.

THE BEST STORE

NOW that Cool Days and Chilly Evenings are approaching we would remind you that we have just opened up our

FALL STOCK

Warm Wool Underwear

Sweaters, Heavy Tweed Shirts, Blankets, Hosiery, Sox, and last but not least,

A Complete Assortment of Hats and Caps

For Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys

in all the Latest and most Up-To-Date Styles.

NAPIER & PARTRIDGE

BY·ROYAL·WARRANT·MILLERS·TO·H.R.H.THE·PRINCE·OF·WALES

Is "Royal Household" Really the Best Flour?

Thousands of women who do their own baking know it is the best, by results—they don't care about the reasons—but those who have not tried it may want to know why it is the best.

Of course any maker of flour—with the same experience—the same facilities for selecting the best wheat—the same tremendous plant equipment for milling, and the same process for Electrical Purification of flour could make just as good flour as ROYAL HOUSEHOLD—if he had the genius for flour making.

But no other flour maker in Canada has all these requisites and facilities, therefore no flour equal to ROYAL HOUSEHOLD is made in this country.

In these talks we shall give you good reasons why ROYAL HOUSEHOLD is the best flour and why it is the cheapest flour for you to use.

Ogilvie's "Royal Household" Flour

GROWTH NORTHWARDS

MUCH INTEREST ATTACHES TO CANADA'S DEVELOPMENT

Especially Since Announcement That Conference of Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Will Be Held to Settle Ownership of Territory by Which Hudson Bay Will Be Available to Them All.

After an absence of a year and fifty-one days, the steamer Neptune returned from its expedition to Hudson's Bay on Oct. 1, 1904, and its officers' report has now been made public by the Government. The vessel was despatched by the Department of Marine and Fisheries for the purpose of gathering information about this great northern sea and its coasts and carried a competent and well-equipped staff of scientists. Much interesting and valuable information has been acquired, but will not be available for some time, as only the preliminary report has thus far been made.

Traveled Nearly 11,000 Miles.

The Neptune steamed nearly 11,000 miles, 1,800 miles of the distance being through ice-floes, and this is believed to be the greatest ice mileage ever made by a vessel in one season. More than 2,000 miles of surveys were made, and 1,175 miles of log and compass surveys of coasts previously unsurveyed. The western coast of Hudson's Bay was geologically examined, while similar explorations were made on Southampton Island and Ungava Bay. Large collections of [illegible], fish and animals have been brought home, the manners, customs, physique and numbers of the Esquimaux noted wherever the vessel touched shore, and a series of careful astronomical and meteorological observations made. In addition to this scientific data, the officials of the Neptune, in the name of the Canadian Government, took possession of several islands hitherto unclaimed, and also kept a sharp lookout for violations of the Customs laws, which have hitherto been practically known in these northern latitudes.

Our Growth Toward the North.

In view of recent events in our country's development, an especial interest attaches to that great northern country tributary to Hudson's Bay. Our growth for the past few years has been toward the north, and our future growth must be in the same direction. In Quebec some new railway lines are following the compass; in Manitoba, Mackenzie & Mann are heading for James Bay, while our own Temiskaming Road is pointing in the same way. In the far west, we have only to note the boom north of Edmonton, and some years ago the discovery of the rich Dauphin District in Manitoba, to prove the general statement that our growth is ever northward. Regions at one time supposed to be inhabited only by the musk ox and the Arctic fox are now under cultivation, and are offering solid compensation for severe climatic conditions.

Shall Manitoba Have a Port?

In view of these developments, it is inspiring to recall a speech made in the Dominion Parliament in 1884, by Mr. Royal, then member for Provencher. Mr. Royal, referring to a previous occasion, when, as a Manitoban member, he had interviewed Sir John Macdonald upon the northern frontier of that Province, said: "I made mention that Manitoba might be some day a maritime Province." At that time, the prediction was received with incredulity, as indeed it might be in certain quarters to-day, not many of us realizing that this Province extends thus far north, and fewer still being aware that Churchill is farther south than Edinburgh. Can the Straits of Hudson's Bay be successfully navigated at certain suitable periods of the year? Upon the answer to this question depends the answer to the great question, "Shall Manitoba be a maritime Province in the sense that Nova Scotia is?"

By the Premier's announcement, when introducing the bills to erect Saskatchewan and Alberta into Provinces, that [illegible] would be held to determine the ownership of the land north of these new Provinces, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec to Hudson Bay, the question is enlarged to now include these five central Provinces of Canada.

The Problem of the Straits.

Hudson's Bay itself is not frozen over in the winter, but the straits, which separate it from the Atlantic Ocean, are. Moreover, they are impassable for eight months in the year. Confirmation of this fact was not needed from the observers on the Neptune. Previous explorations of Lieut. Gordon, who visited the bay three times as commissioner for the Dominion Government, had settled this question. According to Lieut. Gordon, suitable vessels can pass in and out of Hudson's Bay from July to the first week in October, having probably twelve clear weeks before the straits are blockaded. Earlier and later, the passage, if not absolutely impassable, is attended with so many dangers and delays as to make it quite impracticable for commercial purposes, where economy of time and fuel is essential. In exceptional years the straits may be navigable before the first of July, and remain open until the last week in October.

A New Route for Western Crops.

What, then, gives to these speculations practical value? The belief, held very strongly by some people, is that from a port on Hudson's Bay will yet be shipped the vast crops of Manitoba and Western Canada. The long overland haul from the west to the eastern seaboard it is which cuts the farmers' profits to the bone, and enriches correspondingly the transcontinental railroads. It was as a protest against freight rates of the C. P. R., that Hudson's Bay was first explored, with a view of determining the feasibility of a northern outlet for the grain. Could such be found, it was estimated that a saving of 15c to 20c a bushel would be effected. It is this hope which is inspiring the northern-bound railways, for it is obvious that they will reap a golden harvest if the prophecy of Mr. Royal is realized in their time. Of the tremendous importance to Canada of the solving of this problem, it is not needful to speak.

Encouragement.

"But" complained the young man, "if you don't care for me why have you been encouraging me all this time?"

"Encouraging you?" she answered. "Why, I haven't been doing that. Of course I have let you hold my hands some, but, gracious, if you call that encouragement you ought to see me when I'm with Jack."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Concerning Proverbs.

"You know," said the man who loves quotations, "that history repeats itself."

"No," answered the irascible person. "I don't know it. If history repeated itself I'd get rich winning election bets. The great advantage a man has in making proverbs is that nobody ever expects him to go before a jury and prove 'em."—Washington Star.

ANTS WHICH EAT ROCK.

Queer Dinner of Six Courses Which Spell Failure in Cable Construction.

The engineers in charge of a telegraph line at Hong Kong were surprised recently by the discovery that about seven miles of their cable, though it was well protected and laid underground in a concrete trough, had been severely damaged. For the greater part of the length oval holes had been bored quite through the casing down to the copper wire itself.

It was agreed that insects must have been the authors of the mischief, though what kind of insects was not obvious. It might be possible to find one which enjoys perforating lead. But these insects seemed to have drilled the holes not in order to make a passage, but by way of making a meal. They had taken a dinner of six courses, consisting first of tarred rope, then of tape, then of hemp fiber and lastly of india rubber. The copper strand had been too much for them.

Portions of the damaged cable were sent to the Natural History museum with a hope that some opinion might be given, and the oracle replied that there could be very little doubt that the damage was caused by white ants. Specimens of their peculiar forms of appetite and industry are kept in the museum, which show not only that they will eat lead, but will also bore through hard sandstone rock.—London Spectator.

Chinese Chicken Farming.

Canadians might go to school to the Chinese in the art of chicken farming. A traveler passing through the province of Chekiang a few weeks ago was struck with the enormous number of young chickens carried in the farmers' carts he met in the Tintal country. He made inquiries on the subject, and at length he was asked by a poultry farmer to go and inspect his rearing arrangements. The plant deals with 10,000 eggs at a time, and the average product is 5,000 chicks. The arrangements are simple and inexpensive. The eggs are examined at the end of the fourth day, and those that show no signs of fertilization are "sold cheap!"

Growing pigs do better with less corn and more clover, oats and bran, make better growth of bone and muscle and do not get fat so young, which is unfavorable.

An Unprofitable Plan.

It may be a happy family idea to confine the cows, horses and hogs all in one stable, but it never yields a happy or profitable result.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRTIETH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS HELD AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF THE INSTITUTION IN TORONTO, ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 21ST, 1905.

The Thirtieth Annual General Meeting of the Imperial Bank of Canada was held in pursuance of the term of the Charter at the Banking House of the Institution, 21st June, 1905.

Present:—Messrs. T. R. Merritt, (St. Catharines); William Ramsay of Bowland, Stow; Robert Jaffray; Wm. Hendrie, (Hamilton); Charles Cockshutt; D. R. Wilkie; J. W. Langmuir; Rev. T. W. Paterson; W. Bridgeman-Simpson; Edward Hay; Prof. Andrew Smith, F. R. C. V. S.; R. N. Gooch; J. W. Barry; A. H. Martens; Neil Robertson; R. W. Thompson; Frank A. Rolph; Peleg Howland; W. T. Jennings; C. H. Whethey; C. H. Stanley Clarke; Clarkson Jones; John Neilson; Alex. Neilson; John Stark; Chas. O'Reilly, M.D.; O. F. Rice; W. H. Cawthra; David Kidd, (Hamilton); James Bicknell, K.C.; J. M. Kains; William Spry; A. E. Webb; G. B. Smith; William Glenney, (Oshawa); David Smith; Harry Vigeon; Harry Wyatt; W. T. Boyd; H. C. Hammond; R. H. Temple; W. R. Hamilton; A. A. McFall, (Bolton); L. Ogden; H. P. Eckardt; A. Foulds; T. Gibson; John Graham; A. D. Cadenhead (Ocho. Rios, Jamaica); J. L. Blaikie; J. G. Ramsey; J. W. Beaty; A. P. Burritt; James Todhunter; W. G. Jaffray; V. H. E. Hutcheson; Frank E. MacDonald; Charles McGill; Thomas Walmsley; J. W. B. Walsh; I. J. Gould, (Uxbridge); W. C. Crowther; R. Inglis; J. H. Eddis; R. G. O. Thomson, and others.

The Directors beg to submit to the Shareholders their Thirtieth Annual Report and Balance Sheet of the affairs of the Bank as on the 31st May, 1905, giving the result of the business of the Bank for the year which ended that day.

Out of the Net Profits of the year after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts and for the usual contributions to the Pension and Guarantee Funds:

(a) Dividends have been paid at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, amounting to $300,000.
(b) Bank Premises Account has been credited with $25,041.73.
(c) Rest Account has been increased by $150,000.
(d) Profit and loss Account has been increased by $35,909.49.

Branches of the Bank have been opened during the year at Arrowhead, B. C.; Balgonie, N.W.T.; Broadview, N.W.T., and in Toronto at St. Lawrence market. Branches are being opened at New Liskeard, Ont., and at the Upper Bridge, Niagara Falls, Ont.

The authority given at the Annual Meeting in 1902 to increase the Capital stock by $1,500,000, of which $500,000 was issued that year, has been further availed of by the issue of the remaining $1,000,000, which will be allotted to Shareholders at a premium of 100 per cent. in the proportion of one new share for each three shares held on 30th June of this year. The additional Capital will enable the Bank to keep pace with the development of the country to accept a share of the new business which will be the result thereof, besides adding to the total amount of the notes of the Bank authorized to be placed in circulation.

Mr. J. A. M. Aikins, K.C., and Mr. Wm. Whyte, a Vice-President of the *Canadian Pacific Railway*, have been appointed to and have accepted the position of Local Directors at Winnipeg.

A By-law will be submitted for your approval changing the date of the Annual Meeting from the third Wednesday in June to fourth Wednesday in May, which your Directors think will be a more convenient date.

The Head Office and Branches of the Bank have been carefully inspected during the year, and your Directors desire to express their satisfaction with the faithful and efficient manner in which the Staff performed their duties.

T. R. MERRITT, President.

31st May, 1905.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Dividend No. 59, 5 p.c. (paid 1st of December, 1904)	$150,000 00	Balance at credit of account 31st May, 1904, brought forward	$140,606 56
Dividend No. 60, 5 p.c. (payable 1st of June, 1905)	150,000 00	Profits for the year ended 31st May, 1905, after deducting charges of management and interest due depositors and after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts and for rebate on bills under discount	510,951 22
	$300,000 00		
Transferred to Rest Account	150,000 00		
Written off Bank Premises and Furniture Account	25,041 73		
Balance of Account carried forward	176,516 05		
	$651,557 78		$651,557 78

REST ACCOUNT.

Balance at Credit of Account, 31st May, 1904	$2,850,000 00
Transferred from Profit and Loss Account	150,000 00
	$3,000,000 00

LIABILITIES.

Notes of the Bank in circulation		$ 2,571,577 00
Deposits not bearing interest	$ 4,347,290 05	
Deposits bearing interest (including interest accrued to date	19,629,678 12	
		$23,976,968 17
Deposits by other Banks in Canada		155,232 78
Total liabilities to the public		$26,703,777 95
Capital Stock (paid up)		3,000,000 00
Rest Account	$ 3,000,000 00	
Dividend No. 60 (payable 1st June, 1905, 5 per cent	150,000 00	
Rebates on Bills discounted	65,231 04	
Balance of Profit and Loss Account carried forward	176,516 05	
		$ 3,391,747 09
		$33,095,525 04

ASSETS.

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 826,600 61	
Dominion Government Notes	3,634,400 00	
		$ 4,461,000 61
Deposit with Dominion Government for security of note circulation		145,000 00
Notes of and cheques on other Banks		1,039,938 59
Balance due from other banks in Canada		340,952 80
Balance due from Agents in the United Kingdom		44,060 40
Balance due from Agents in Foreign Countries		1,597,217 91
		$ 7,628,170 31
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities	$ 451,402 09	
Canadian Municipal Securities and British or Foreign, or Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian	1,501,291 44	
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	1,409,568 15	
		3,362,261 68
Call and Short Loans on Stocks and Bonds in Canada		2,685,555 85
		$13,675,987 84
Other Current Loans, Discounts and Advances		18,573,718 81
Overdue debts (loss provided for)		80,027 20
Real Estate (other than Bank premises)		26,278 33
Mortgages on Real Estate sold by the Bank		87,999 56
Bank premises including Safes, Vaults and Office Furniture, at Head Office and branches		700,000 00
Other Assets, not included under foregoing heads		613 90
		$33,095,525 04

The usual motions were submitted and carried unanimously.

The Scrutineers appointed at the meeting reported the following gentlemen duly elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz.: Messrs. T. R. Merritt, D. R. Wilkie, Wm. Ramsay, Robt. Jaffray, Elias Rogers, Wm. Hendrie, James Kerr Osborne, Charles Cockshutt.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Mr. T. R. Merritt was elected President, and Mr. D. R. Wilkie, Vice-President, for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board.

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

Toronto, June 21st, 1905.

CUMBERLAND NEWS

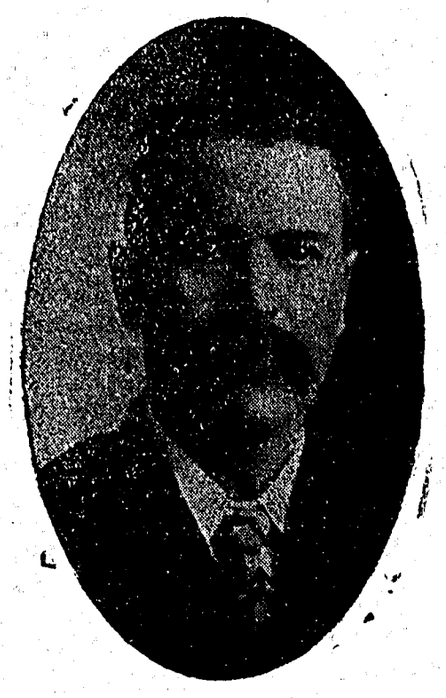
Cumberland, B. C.

WESTERN CANADIAN EDITORS.

A Series of Articles Describing their Lives, their Aims and their Influence.

40

ALEX. DUNLOP



ALEX. DUNLOP

Editor of the Neepawa Press.

A courage that is aggressive, that counts neither the number of its foes nor that of its friends when any question of principle is involved, that fights the more fiercely and more persistently because of rebuff or temporary check—this is the outstanding characteristic of the editor of the *Neepawa Press*. He is, indeed, courage incarnated. Few more daring leaders of an intellectual forlorn hope could be imagined than he. He hews to the line, and lets the chips fall where they may. His policy on public questions is at all times tested by the touchstone of fundamental principles and, the test once made, there remains for Mr. Dunlop nothing to do but fight. Whatever the decision, the result is the same, for, like the proverbial Irishman, Mr. Dunlop is bound to get into the scrap, either on one side or the other. If the matter commends itself to his judgment, he straightway arrays himself on the side of its friends, and he fights for it. If the matter cannot stand the tests Mr. Dunlop applies to its consideration, he just as promptly betakes himself to the ranks of its opponents, and, fights against it. He is no lukewarm Laodicean. He much prefers an avowed enemy to a half-hearted friend. He has the courage of his own convictions, and has little use for any spineless wobbler, any Mr. Facing-both-ways. Such temporizing irresolutes he abhors

And, as might be inferred from these strong personal characteristics, Mr. Dunlop hates with a perfect hatred those qualities which are the antithesis to his own. At all times fighting fair himself, he detests all forms of petty meanness and deceit, and for the man who "sells out for personal gain, or who betrays a trust or a friendship, his denunciation is apt to be almost ferocious in its vigor.

Allied with this combative temperament is clear-sightedness, fairness and organizing and executive ability of no ordinary kind. With all his love for a fight, Mr. Dunlop is no fire eater. Though strong in his own convictions, and equally strong in their assertion, he differentiates between personal issues and those of principle. He believes heartily in the saying of Shakespeare, "Strive mightily, but eat and drink as friends." He can oppose a man with whom he differs with the utmost strength, and yet be in the most friendly personal relations with him.

As a writer on public questions, Mr. Dunlop has few superiors in Western Canada. His style is the reflection of his personality. After reading an editorial in the Neepawa Press none can doubt the opinions of its editor. His comments on public matters are always short—from a quarter to a third of a column is about the largest editorials he writes—but in pithiness, directness and strength, they are models of expression. He never wastes a word and is at no pains to round off a graceful sentence, but his outspoken utterances are more widely read and pondered over than the finished work of a much more polished writer. He writes as he talks—a plain man to plain men—and this is one of the secrets of the power of the Neepawa Press in the Northwestern part of Manitoba.

Mr. Dunlop has behind him years of experience in the printing and publishing business. He was fifteen years of age when he came to Manitoba in 1871, so that now he is approaching the half century mark. He is on Ontarioan by birth, having been born near the village of Spencerville, in the county of South Grenville, in 1856.

On his arrival in Manitoba he at once became an apprentice in the printing office of Coldwell & Cunningham, the pioneer publishers of the West—who at that time owned the Weekly Manitoban. He stayed three years with the firm, acquiring the groundwork of a thorough knowledge of the mechanical side of newspaper work. In 1875 he was selected as foreman of the Winnipeg Free Press job department, holding that position until 1882.

That year was the year of the "boom," when land values soared skywards and fortunes were made and lost in a day. Over all the face of western Canada paper railways were projected and imaginary townsites laid out and the lots sold. The only railway certain of construction was the Canadian Pacific, and according to the surveys it was to take a northerly route, through the Yellowhead Pass, the principal point in the foothill country being Edmonton, the future of which was bright with the hopes of becoming a second prairie metropolis.

To Edmonton, therefore, Mr. Dunlop turned his eyes when making his future plans. He formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, the Hon. Frank Oliver, now Minister of the Interior in the Dominion government, and in 1882 the two young newspaper pioneers set off with a few cases of type, packed on a cart, on the 800 mile journey overland from Winnipeg to Edmonton. And when they arrived at the proposed crossing of the Saskatchewan, where the territorial metropolis was to be, and which at that time was nothing but a Hudson Bay fort with a few shacks and tents, they could congratulate themselves from a newspaper standpoint they were "on the ground floor." Thus was the Edmonton Bulletin, the oldest but one, of territorial newspapers, established.

The route of the Canadian Pacific railway was changed, and Calgary reaped the harvest that Edmonton had expected. When the C.P.R. selected the Kicking Horse instead of the Yellow Head as its trans-Rocky road, Edmonton was left two hundred miles from a railway. The prospects were not sufficiently alluring from a newspaper standpoint to warrant the continuance of the partnership of Oliver and Dunlop in the publicaton of the Bulletin. Mr. Oliver had other ambitions and stayed with the enterprise, while Mr. Dunlop, after a two years' engagement with the Manitoban and the Call, again returned to the Free Press, continuing with Western Canada's great daily for another period of seven years.

He then,—in 1896—went to Neepawa, and established the Press. It was a project requiring nerve and courage, for the population of Neepawa was then only 1,000, and the community was already served by the Register, which, under the editorship of Mr. Mathers, had secured a strong hold on the district, and was properly accounted one of the best country weeklies in the West. What accentuated Mr. Dunlop's difficulty was his stalwart Liberalism, for Neepawa was strongly Conservative in politics, and the Register reflected the prevailing local sentiment. But, with characteristic fearlessness, Mr. Dunlop tackled the proposition. He laid plans to at least divide the business with his competitor by aiming to produce a better paper.

Mr. Dunlop's ability to overcome and control unpropitious circumstances was never better proved than by the success attending his management with the Press. It is splendidly printed, and its makeup is equal to its press work. It gives all the news and Press subscribers know that when they have their paper there is little of consequence in the district of *Beautiful Plains* that is not there recorded. Its vigorous editorials are moulders of public opinion, and are widely read and copied into the city dailies.

Mr. Dunlop takes an acute interest in municipal as well as general politics. He sat three years in the council, and has twice been defeated for the mayoralty by small majorities. People say, however, that he is gaining in popular favor, and that he will yet get the prize to which he is considered fairly entitled by virtue of good service to the town both as a journalist and councillor.

Caller—Is your mother in, Ethel? Ethel—No, ma'am; she's downtown. Caller—Shopping? Ethel—Oh, no; I don't think she had time for that. She just said she was going to get some things she needed.

The Optimist, organ of the "Nolens Volens" colony, prints a cut of the prison. In the dome of the main building is shown open windows in the highest portion. The accompanying comment narrates that many years ago a prisoner attempted his liberty by means of a rope down which he was sliding when the cord parted and he fell first to the roof of the central building, then, bounding from there, hit the top of the cell block, where he acquired sufficient elasticity to land him on the ground. These unexpected incidents confused him and he was captured. Singularly the misfortune of his failure was not unmitigated.. He had been so afflicted with heart disease as to be unable to lie down for months. The fall knocked it completely out of him, and he was enabled thereafter to "sleep like a top." The Optimist cheerfully invites the palpitating public to come and try the remedy.

Rossway, Jan. 28, 1901.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good.

One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT warmed on flannels and applied on my breast cured me completely.

C. H. COSSEBOOM.

Rossway, Digby Co., N.S.

"If you steal—I don't care what it is—you'll repent it some day." "Bah! Didn't you ever steal a kiss?" "Yes, and I married the girl."

Mr. Hotayr—Yes, my dear, as the great Henry Clay said, "I would rather be right than be President." Mrs. Hotayr—Humph! I'm sure I don't see why. You have twice as good a chance of being President.

Its Power Grows With Age.—How many medicines loudly blazoned as panaceas for all human ills have come and gone since Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was first put upon the market? Yet it remains doing more good to humanity than many a preparation more highly vaunted and extending its virtues wider and wider and in a larger circle every year. It is the medicine of the masses.

Mrs. J—— was very nervous and a light sleeper. One night she thought she detected the odor of gas. For once in her life she acted bravely. She got up and went downstairs without awakening her husband. Finding the odor of gas stronger in the lower rooms she ran back to her bedroom. She shook her dosing spose two or three times very roughly, crying at the same time: "John! John! Get up! The gas is leaking and we will be smothered to death." Is it leaking very much?" sleepily asked John. "No; not so much." "Then put a bucket under it and come to bed."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Towne—Do you believe in dreams? Browne—I used to, but I don't any more. Towne—Not as superstitious as you were, eh? Browne—O, it wasn't a question of superstition. I was in love with one once and she jilted me.

They Cleanse the System Thoroughly.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills clear the stomach and bowels of bilious matter, cause the excretory vessels to throw off impurities from the blood into the bowels and expel the deleterious mass from the body. They do this without pain or inconvenience to the patient, who speedily realizes their good offices as soon as they begin to take effect. They have strong recommendations form all kinds of people.

"Hang the luck! I lost a peach of an umbrella today." "Yes, people don't seem to have any conscience about swiping umbrellas. How did you lose it?" "Well, it was standing against the wall in the restaurant. I kept my eye on it——" "You bet, you have to! Well?" "And just as I was getting up the fellow that owned it came along and took it!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Professor Chalkdown—Now, what little boy will make up a sentence illustrating the meaning of the word "triangle." Little Sammy—Well, if grubs won't catch 'em triangle worms."

Bela—Prof. Muggins tells me that the first principle of socialism is to divide with your fellow-man. Tom—Not as I understand it. On the contrary, the first principle of socialism is induce your fellow-man to divide with you.

"Dear Senator," wrote one of his youthful constituents, "please give me a simple rule for success in life." "My dear young friend," wrote the eminent statesman, "always put your best foot foremost. Dear Senator," rejoined the youthful constituent, "either you don't know anything about grammar or you think I have more than two feet."

Mary Ann—I've come to tell you, mum, that th' gasolene stove has gone out. Mistress—Well, light it again. "I can't. Sure, it went out through th' roof!"

W N U No 540

When Appetite Falls

AND THE MOST TEMPTING DISHES LOSE THEIR ATTRACTION A CUP OF DELICIOUS

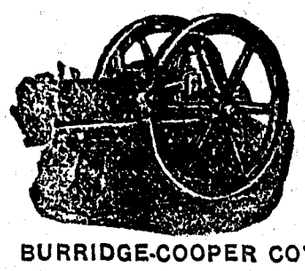
"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA IS ALWAYS ACCEPT ABLE. IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR FLAVOR OR VALUE.

Sold only in Sealed Lead Packets. 40c, 50c, 60c. per lb. By All Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

OHIO GASOLINE ENGINES



STATIONARY AND PORTABLE

IRON LATHES, 8-10-12 FT.; PLANES; BOLT CUTTERS; BAND SAW; COLUMN SHAPERS; WOOD LATHES; SURFACE PLANES; Steam ENGINES AND BOILERS; BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS; ELEVATOR MACHINERY, THRESHERS, BELTING.

Two 4-h.p. Gasoline Engines, 2nd hand.

BURRIDGE-COOPER CO'Y., LTD., 127 HENRY AVE., EAST, WINNIPEG.

A Smiling Face

signifies robust health and good digestion. You can always carry a smiling face in spite of care and worry if you keep your liver right and your digestion good by using

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

FITS Liebig's Fit cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only successful remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospitals in Europe and America. It is confidentially recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from

Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance,

or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, THEN SEND FOR A FREE TRIAL BOTTLE and try it. It will be sent by mail prepaid. It has cured where everything else has failed.

When writing mention this paper, and give full address. For sale by all druggists.

CURED

The Liebig Co., 179 King St. W., Toronto.

Defined—Gladys—I call it an automobile engagement. Maude—What's an automobile engagement? Gladys—*One that starts off all right, but* nobody's quite dead sure that it will be able to keep on going.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Mr. Newlywed—By the way, dearest, did I ever tell you about that beautiful heiress who once wanted me for a husband? Mrs. Newlywed—No, dear; you have never told me a lie yet that I know of.

Do not delay in getting relief for the little folks. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is a pleasant and sure cure. If you love your child why do you let it suffer when a remedy is so near at hand.

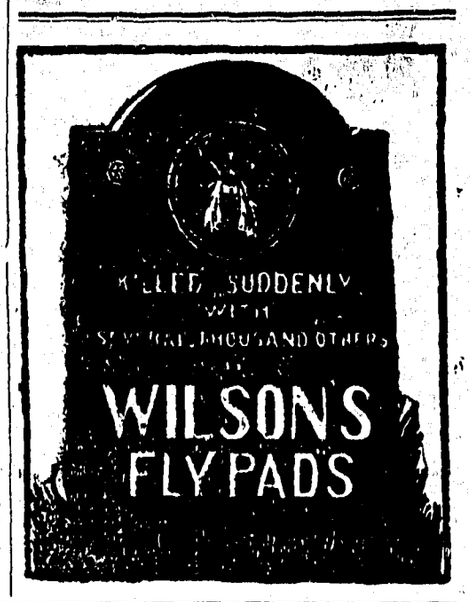
"Do you favor government ownership of railways?" "No," answers the man who travels. "Some of the porters are haughty enough now. I don't know what they would be if they were to loom up as government officials."

One of John Sharp Williams' recent stories tells of an old darkey who applied to a former employer for a recommendation. The old colored man had been faithful and his record was clean, so the employer wrote him a recommendation lauding him to the skies. The old darkey read it twice, and then ran his fingers through his wool. "U-m-m," he muttered. "Boss, dat's a good rec'mendation. Don' yo' deckon yo' could gib me a job yo'self if I's good as all dis says?"

They Advertise Themselves.— Immediately they were offered to the public. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills became popular because of the good report they made for themselves. That reputation has grown and they now rank among the first medicines for use in attacks of dyspepsia and biliousness, complaints of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, fever and ague, and the innumerable complications to which these ailments give rise.

Settlement Worker—What a well-behaved little boy he is! Burglar's Wife—And he comes by it natural, mum; his poor father never failed to have a sentence reduced owin' to good behaviour!

Edith—Poor Pauline! She was lost at sea. Lena—Oh, isn't that dreadful! And she so much wanted to be cremated.



GOLD STANDARD TEAS

GUARANTEED THE BEST.

GOLD STANDARD ASSAM CEYLON TEAS

First in Quality, First in Flavor, First in Public Favor. Packed for your protection in pound and half-pound lead packets; 3 lb. and 5 lb. tins.

ASK THE GROCER PUT UP BY

CODVILLE & CO., Winnipeg, Man.

Ayer's

What are your friends saying about you? That your gray hair makes you look old? And yet, you are not forty! Postpone this looking old.

Hair Vigor

Use Ayer's Hair Vigor and restore to your gray hair all the deep, dark, rich color of early life. Then be satisfied.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor restored the natural color to my gray hair, and I am greatly pleased. It is all you claim for it." Rev. N. J. Vandecar, Schenectady, N. Y.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Dark Hair

Extravagant Living.

The Emperor Franz Josef of Austria has good cause to grumble about his kitchen expenses. Although the actual cost of the food he consumes himself does not amount to $5,000 a year, he pays his chef, a Belgian, a salary of $10,000 per annum, and the kitchen expenses at the palace are never less than $75,000. The Emperor's chef always submits a menu for the following day's dinner to his royal master when dinner is served. Punctually at 6 o'clock his valet enters with a large tray, and while Franz Josef is eating his soup he scans to-morrow's menu and crosses off with a blue pencil anything he does not care for.

Be Kind Today.

Less spent on the dead and more spent on the living would bring about many happy results. Hearts are breaking, loved ones wait and tears flow all because of the withholding of kind words unspoken and letters never sent. The aged father and mother far off in the country would often be cheered did the son or daughter more frequently send them a letter. Behold the sad mistakes of others, their remorse, and profit by the same before it is too late. Today, now, speak the loving word, send the tender message, write the letter you put off day by day, and don't wait until you forget it or until bitter memories haunt you.

A Luxury.

"But," objected the heiress, "I have been accustomed to every luxury."

"That's all the more reason why you should marry me," replied the impecunious suitor. "I'm a luxury myself."

Canny John Sherman.

The late Secretary John Sherman showed his talent for financiering at an early age. He and two of his brothers had been given a sum of money with which to pay their board while on a shooting trip for a week at the house of a farmer near Lancaster, O., their home.

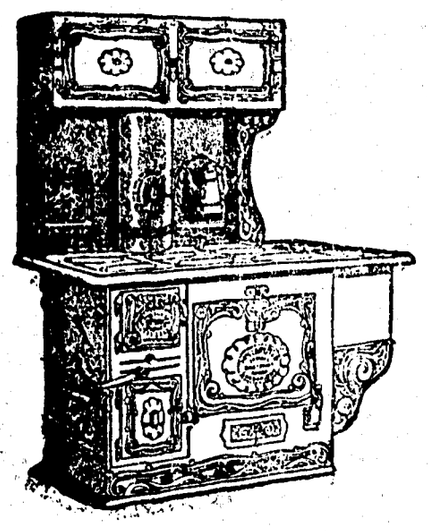
The week ended, John ordered the wagon and paid his board. But the farmer refused the money, saying that the sons of Judge Sherman would always be welcome guests. When John found that he did not have to pay his board he sent the wagon back to the barn and stayed another week.—Lippincott's.

Kootenay Steel Range

A GOOD BAKER

The oven in the Kootenay Range is scientifically proportioned to the size of the fire-box, so that no more fuel can be burned than is absolutely necessary to heat the oven.

The oven is lined with heavy sheet steel, which is a great radiator of heat and insures a uniform heat throughout the oven—no danger of a loaf of bread being half done on one side and burned on the other.



The Kootenay Range is built on scientific principles throughout, and should be carefully examined before buying any other.

Sold by all enterprising dealers.

Booklet free.

McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N. B.

C. H. Tarbell *Sole Agent.*

H. A. DILLON.

LICENCED AUCTIONEER and VALUATOR.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

CUMBERLAND B. C.

JAPANESE

RICE

at a Low Price.

Wholesale and Retail.

Sweet and Clean quality

50 lbs.....$2 65

K. ABE

No. 5 Japtown,....Cumberland B.C.

HOUSE CLEANING

Capable man will Wash Windows, Scrub Floors, do General House Cleaning, Wash Clothes or Cook.

Terms:—15c per hour; $1.25 per day.

LOU GEE

Leave orders at Hunden's candy store.

For Kalsomining, Paper-hanging Glazing and Painting. See RICH'D. McGREGOR, Cumberland Hotel.

Telegraphic News

Portsmouth, N. H., 1st—Japan through Baron Komura has agreed to the immediate conclusion of an armistice.

New Westminster, 1st—A sad story of unexpected disaster and sudden death over taking an Indian fisherman and his whole family as they were on their way home after a successful season fishing on the Fraser River was brought to light last night by the discovery of a battered boat at the mouth of the river. The find was made by the Str. Bel who noticed a large fishing boat rolling water logged in the trough of the sea. It was found that the boat was deserted and from the number proved to have belonged to Charles Gibson, an Indian from Cowichan who has been fishing on the Fraser river. He started to return home accompanied by his wife and six children last week, yesterday his boat was found and the chances are very small that the Indian fisherman and his family have escaped

Portsmouth, N. H., 1st—Japan has refused to consent to the cessation of hostilities until the treaty of peace has been signed. It is now expected that the text of the peace treaty will be completed by tomorrow night. In Japan especially there is expected to be a great popular outcry. "We know", said a member of the Japanese mission to day. "That we are going home to stones and perhaps dynamite.

Victoria, 1st—Word was received yesterday by Captain Balcom that on her first trip on the west coast the whaler Orion had captured wo sulphur whales. The whales are monsters and weighed 150 tons.

London, 1st—As the express from London to Cromer on the Great Eastern Railway was entering Witham station this morning several passenger cars left the track and crashed into the station building causing the death of ten persons six of whom were women, and seriously injuring twenty persons. The train was running at full speed as Witham is not a stopping place for express trains. The third car from the engine was the first to leave the rails and mounting the platform dragged another car along demolishing the buildings and then falling on its side commenced to burn. There was only one passenger in the car and strangely he escaped injury.

* * *

Faith Cure.

Fogg—Did I ever tell you of the wonderful case up at our house?

Bass—No. What was it?

Fogg—My Aunt Hannah never tires of telling how she preserved her furs and woolens from moths last summer by packing them with camphor balls. It turned out that these camphor balls were golf balls, but none of us have the heart to tell Aunt Hannah.—Boston Transcript.

Overcoming the Difficulty.

"I see that the question of reaching the north pole is now largely one of food supplies. Without food the most daring and endearing explorer is fatally handicapped."

"Then we can't commence too soon."

"To do what?"

"To train up a lot of explorers to exist on snowball muffins and ice fritters."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Her View of It.

"Mine!" cried the lordling. "All mine!" And he undertook to draw the girl to him.

"Yours!" retorted the beautiful but sophisticated maiden of wealth, drawing away. "Well, I guess not. You've got it wrong. I'm simply investing in a husband and a title as an addition to my establishment."—Chicago Post.

An Offer To All Poorly Paid Men

To every man, and woman too, who is struggling along against adversity, striving to make the best of an uncongenial position and a poor salary, the International Correspondence Schools, the standing and achievements of which are known and honoured everywhere, makes this offer:-If you will indicate by a mark like this X on the coupon below, which occupation you prefer, the I. C. S. will at its own expense and without obligation on your part, show you how it is not only possible, but actually easy for you to enter that occupation, not as a poorly paid apprentice, but with all the qualifications necessary to command a good salary.

Have you enough curiosity to ask HOW?

International Correspondence Schools, Scranton Pa.

Box 249 Victoria, B. C.

Please explain, without further obligation on my part, how I can qualify for a larger salary in the position before which I have marked X : : : :

Bookkeeper	Telephone Engineer
Stenographer	Elec. Light'g Supt
Ad. Writer	Mechan Engineer
Show card writer	Surveyor
Window Trim'r,	Station'y Engineer
Mech. Draughts'n	Civil Engineer
Ornam, Designer	Building Contrac'r.
Illustrator	Architec'l Dra'man
Civil Service	Architect
Chemist	Struct'l. Engineer
Textile Mill Supt	Bridge Engineer
Electrician	Foreman Plumber
Elec. Engineer	Mining Engineer

Name.....

City.....

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SOLID GOLD WATCHES
SOLID GOLD CANES
DRESSING CASES
CUT GLASS and
STERLING SILVER.

Inscription Engraving free and at short notice

P. STODDART.

Watchmaker and Jeweller.

WILLIAMS BROS.

Livery Stable

TEAMSTERS AND DRAYMEN
SINGLE AND DOUBLE RIGS FOR HIRE. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Third St., Cumberland, B C.

When in Cumberland

STAY AT THE.....

VENDOME.

ALL CONVENIENCES FOR GUESTS.

THE BAR IS SUPPLIED WITH

est Liquors and Cigars

R. S. ROBESTSON.

INTERESTING INSTRUCTIVE

"CORRECT ENGLISH.—HOW TO USE IT."

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE DEVOTED TO THE USE OF ENGLISH.

JOSEPHINE TRUCK BAKER, Editor.

Partial Contents for this Month.

Course in English for the Beginner.
Course in English for the Advanced Pupil.
How to Increase One's Vocabulary.
The Art of Conversation.
Should and Would: How to Use them.
Pronunciations (Century Dictionary).
Correct English in the Home.
Correct English in the School.
What to Say and What Not to Say.
Course in Letter-Writing and Punctuation.
Alphabetic list of Abbreviations.
Business English for the Business Man.
Compound Words: How to Write Them.
Studies in English Literature.

$1 a Year. Send 10c for sample copy

CORRECT ENGLISH, Evanston, Ill.

TENDERS.

Re Mortgage Sale of Property hereinafter mentioned

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to one o'clock p.m., Saturday, *February 11th, 1905*, for the purchase of the West half of North West quarter of Section Ten, and the West half of the South West quarter of Section Seventeen, Hornby Island, Nanaimo District, locally known as "C.T. Mitchell's Place."

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept any tender.

C.N. WESTWOOD, Mortgagee.
22 King's Road, Victoria, BC.

HENRY A. DILLON, J.P.

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE INSURANCE AGENT, COMMISSIONER SUPREME COURT BC

Rents received, debts collected, Farms valued, Deeds registered.

Deeds, Wills, Mining Papers, &c., drawn.

OFFICES, CUMBERLAND, B.C

"Ici on Parle Francais."

For CANDIES NOVELTIES, PICTURES, FRAMES and cleaning of frames.

D. HUNDEN
Cumberland

Livery AND Teaming

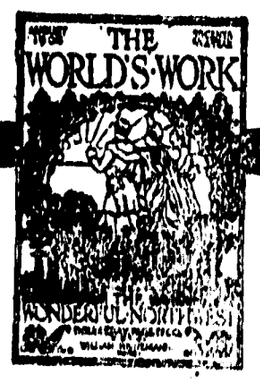
I am prepared to furnish Stylish Rigs and do Teaming at reasonable rates.

D. KILPATRICK
CUMBERLAND

THE

Wonderful Northwest

FREE SOUVENIR



FREE SOUVENIR

Gov. Jonnson of Minnesota says: "The Northwest furnishes the greatest possibilities, and I know of no magazine so thoroughly competent to exploit the wonders of this region as THE WORLD'S WORK."

MARK TWAIN writes: "Two days overdue and THE WORLD'S WORK has not yet reached me. Pray make a note of this. I should rather not have to resort to violence."

THE BIG SPECIAL AUGUST NUMBER OF THE WORLD'S WORK

will describe the marvelous development and the vast possibilities of the great Northwest. No other section of our country presents such a dramatic story of achievement and progress as that of the Northwest, from the expedition of Lewis and Clark to the great centennial at Portland. THE WORLD'S WORK will picture and describe its great industries—mining, farming, lumbering and fishing; its cities and people; its [illegible] railroads at home; its eminent men. Besides, this great magazine will describe

The Lewis and Clark Exposition at Portland

with maps, photographs and descriptive articles. It will be a necessary guide and handbook to everyone who visits the Exposition, the best souvenir for those who cannot go.

THE WORLD'S WORK

draws its inspiration from the same indomitable spirit of progress that has transformed the Northwest from a wilderness to a great civilized empire. Each month it describes the vital things in the world's life and the men who are doing them. It is a history of our own time—superbly illustrated.

Every Family in the Northwest Should Read THE WORLD'S WORK

FREE The beautiful cover of the Northwest Number (size 9½ x 12½ inches) [illegible] fully rolled in 1 tube to any address of this paper. [illegible] and for our special offer of this wonderful Northwest Number free. Mention this paper.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY, 133-137 East 16th St., New York

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.

This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

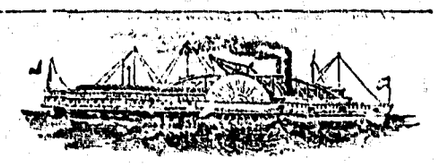
THE CUMBERLAND NEWS
Issued Every Tuesday.
W. B. ANDERSON, - - - MGR

The columns of THE NEWS are open to all who wish to express therein views on matters of public interest.

While we do not hold ourselves responsible for the utterances of correspondents, we reserve the right of declining to insert communications unnecessarily personal.

WEDNESDAY, September 6 1905

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry



S. S. "City of Nanaimo."

Sails from Victoria Tuesday, 7 a.m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich Cowichan Bay, Maple Bay and Crofton when freight or passengers offer.

Leaves Nanaimo Tuesday, 5 p.m., for Union Bay and Comox.

Leaves Comox Wednesday, 8 a.m., for Union Bay and Nanaimo,

Leaves Nanaimo Thursday, 7 a.m., for Comox and way ports.

Leaves Comox Friday, 7 a.m., for Nanaimo and way ports.

Sails from Nanaimo Friday, 2 p.m., for Victoria, calling at Crofton, Maple Bay, Cowichan Bay and North Saanich when freight or passengers offer

North Saanich when tide and weather conditions permit.

VANCOUVER-NANAIMO ROUTE.
S. S. "JOAN"

Sails from Nanaimo 7 a.m. daily except Sundays.

Sails from Vancouver after arrival of C.P.R. Train No. 1. daily, except Sundays, at 1 p.m.

TIME TABLE EFFECTIVE
APRIL 13th, 1905.

VICTORIA TO WELLINGTON.

No. 2—Daily. A.M		No. 4—Sunday P.M.
De. 9.00	Victoria	De. 3.00
" 9.28	Goldstream	" 3.28
" 10.24	Koenig's	" 4.24
" 11.00	Duncan's	" 5.00
P.M.		P.M.
" 12.35	Nanaimo	" 6.42
Ar 12.53	Wellington	Ar. 6.55

WELLINGTON TO VICTORIA.

No. 1—Daily A.M.		No. 3—Sunday A.M.
De. 8.00	Wellington	De. 3.00
" 8.20	Nanaimo	" 3.18
10.02	Duncan's	" 5.00
" 10.42	Koenig's	" 5.36
" 11.38	Goldstream	" 6.32
Ar 12.00	Victoria	Ar 7.00

Thousand Mile and Commutation Tickets on sale, good over rail and steamer lines, at two and one-half cents per mile.

Special trains and steamers for Excursions, and reduced rates for parties may be arranged for on application to the Traffic Manager,

The Company reserves the right to change without previous notice, steamers sailing dates and hours of sailing.

Excursion Tickets on Sale from and to all Stations, good for going journey Saturday and Sunday, returning not later than Monday.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager.

NOTICE.

Riding on locomotives and railway cars of the Union Colliery Company by any person or persons—except train crew—is strictly prohibited. Employees are subject to dismissal for allowing same

By order
FRANCIS D. LITTLE
Manager.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act extending the time for the commencement of the construction of the Company's line of railway and for the expenditure thereon, of ten per cent. of the amount of the capital and reducing the amount of the capital and permitting the Company to construct the railway in sections.

Dated the 24th January, 1905.

BARNARD & ROGERS,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

Cumberland Hotel

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MRS. J. H. PIKET, Proprietress.

When in Cumberland be sure and stay at the Cumberland Hotel, First-Class Accomodation for transient and permanent boarders.

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Thousands of Fruit and Ornamental Trees.. ..

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Green house full of Plants, Cut Flowers Floral Work. Catalogues free, or call and examine stock.

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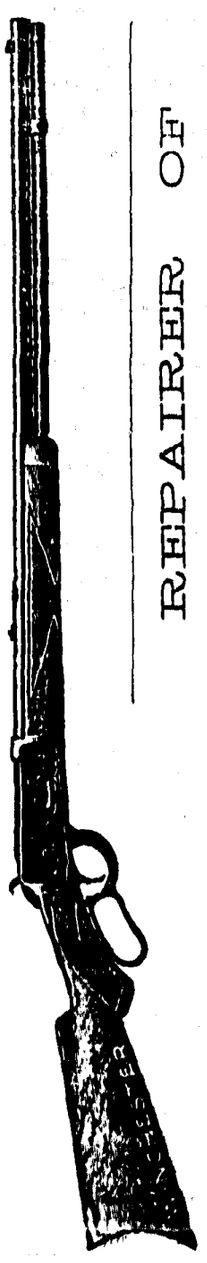

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BICYCLES FOR SALE.

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EGGS FOR HATCHING.
From Pure-blood Stock. Single Comb White Leghorn Wyckoff strain—the greatest layers in America—Eggs, $1.00 per 15. A few selected Cockerells for sale price $1.50 each.—Apply, John J. R. Miller, Little River Poultry Yards, Comox. Mail orders attended to.

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BREEDER of Holstein Cattle, Chester White Pigs, Barred Plymouth Rocks, &c.

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A UNION MADE CIGAR
FROM THE—
Cuban Cigar Factory

W. J. BOOTH, Proprietor,
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Union : Hotel

SAMUEL C DAVIS, PROPRIETOR

English 4 x BURTON always on tap; also, the famous MILWAUKEE BEERS—Anheuser, Bohemian, Schlitz, &c. "OLD GREY BEARD" SCOTCH WHISKY. Best Wines and Liquors of all kinds.

The Boarding and Lodging Department, under the immediate superintendence of Mas Davis, will be found First class in every respect.

RATES, ... $1 00 per day upwards.

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A Fine Selection of CAKES always on hand.
FRESH BREAD every day.
Orders for SPECIAL CAKES promptly attended to.

Dunsmuir Avenue, Cumberland.

UNION BREWING Co,
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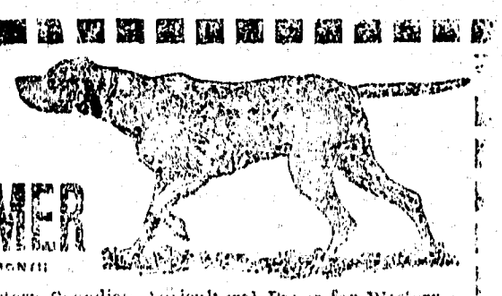
The yearly return of the Bock Beer season is of interest to the brewer as well as the public, and the

UNION BOCK BEER FOR 1904

Will again show that special care has been taken in the manufacture of the superior article. The Union Brewing Co.'s Bock has been brewed for a number of months and stored in their famous cellars until it has reached the proper age, and is now ON DRAUGHT AT ALL HOTELS.

POINTERS
IN REGARD TO THE
NOR'-WEST FARMER



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From Now to December 31, 1905, for $1.00

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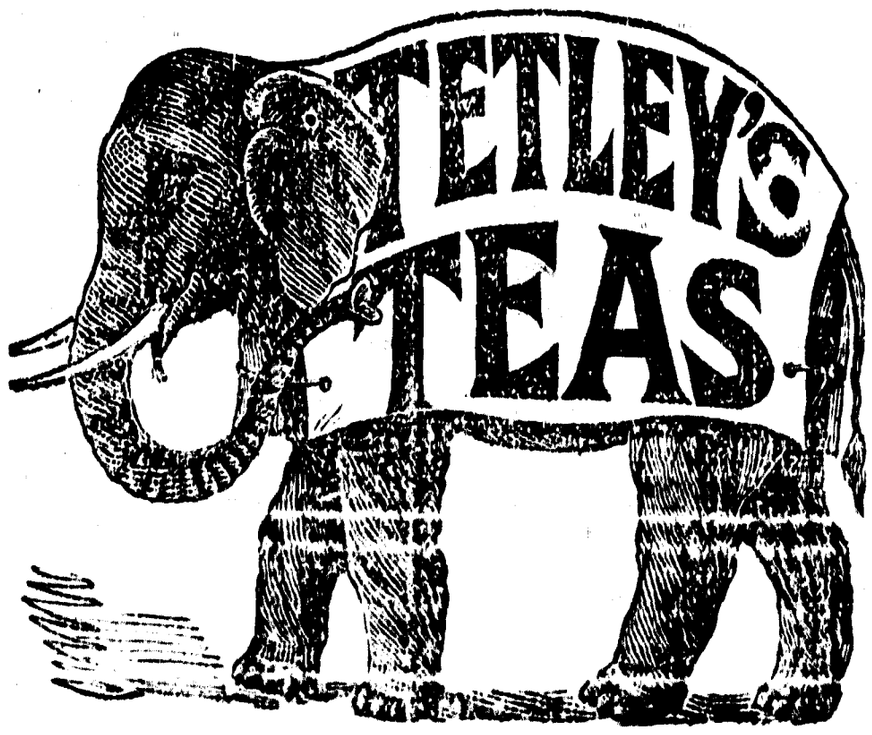

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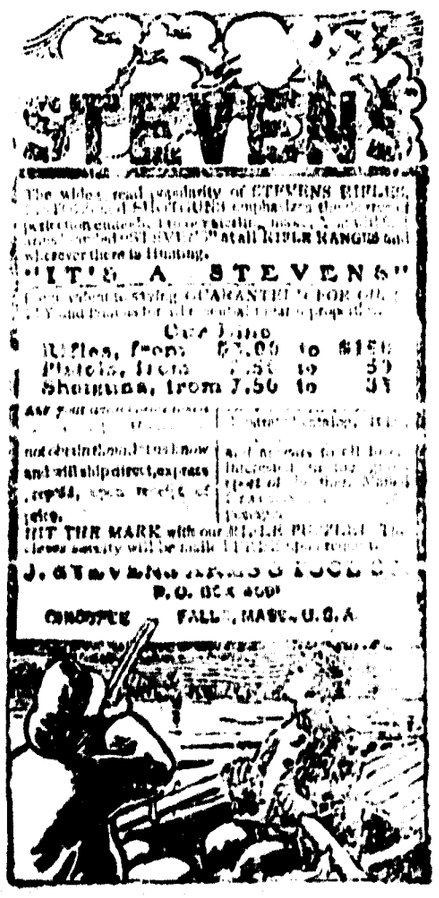


New Home of Winnipeg Free Press.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE PALATIAL QUARTERS OF THE MANITOBA FREE PRESS, WINNIPEG.

Western Canada's great daily newspaper, The Manitoba Free Press, is just settling down after having moved into its palatial new home on the corner of Portage avenue and Garry street, Winnipeg.

The building is the largest in the Dominion of Canada devoted to newspaper publication. Security, convenience and beauty are the three considerations paramount in its construction. As to security, the new Free Press building is as nearly fire-proof as it is possible to make it. The massive pressed brick and stone exterior, strong as it appears, is but an outer shell, the building being structurally a steel cage, with every one of its enormously strong columns and girders completely enclosed in brick, terra cotta or other fire resisting material. The floors throughout are of concrete, strengthened and braced by heavy steel netting buried in the material. On this concrete floor the outer wooden skin is laid. So non-combustible is the Free Press building that a fire could be started in any part of the premises, and the staff could stand around and watch it, secure in the knowledge that though the wooden floor, the doors, partitions and window frames might be consumed, absolutely no damage could be done to the structural framework of the edifice. The heavy losses which ordinarily result from floors collapsing during the progress of a fire, thus allowing heavy and expensive machinery to descend upon the top of other expensive plant in the lower stories, are altogether obviated by the concrete form of construction of the floors in the Free Press building. But to make assurance of protection doubly sure, a complete fire extinguishing plant has been installed, water being stored in an immense tank in the roof, supplied by powerful pumps from the artesian well, over 200 feet deep, in the basement.

The pump, feeding the reservoir, is in constant operation save when the tank is full, when an automatic device shuts it off. As the water lowers the same device automatically starts the pump working again. The well, which ranks next to the city wells in point of size, affords an abundant supply of water for the engines, the hydraulic newspaper and mailing elevators, the ordinary domestic wants, two drinking fountains, and the hose for sidewalk and street sprinkling. In addition to the capacious artesian well the Free Press possesses a fire stand pipe running from basement to attic. A second powerful duplex double action pump, attached to the steam plant and connected with the city mains, pumps water directly into the standpipe at a pressure sufficient to throw a stream of water through a three-quarter inch nozzle one hundred feet high.

In beauty of external design and of interior finish, the Free Press will bear comparison with any other newspaper office in or out of Canada. From the massive cut stone lower floors to its handsome cornice—which is moulded of copper—no detail that would add to its appearance has been omitted because of its cost. The rooms are lofty and spacious. The main office, in which the public transacts its business with the paper, is perhaps the most nobly proportioned and handsomely finished of any newspaper office on the continent, outside of New York. The staircases are constructed of marble and steel, the woodwork is of solid oak in antique finish. The furniture was expressly designed, and is in complete harmony with the rest of the building.

In the big pressroom in the basement, which is overlooked from the street on two sides, and on the third by a gallery specially built for the accommodation of visitors, so that the whole work of printing and mailing can be seen, are the two huge Hoe perfecting presses, one of which can turn out twenty-four thousand perfectly folded and printed 16-page papers in an hour, the smallest sized paper the Free Press ever presents to its readers. Working in conjunction, the two presses have a capacity of 34,000 16-page newspapers per hour. These monsters eat up five tons or ten thousand pounds of white paper every working day. In the matter of newspaper color printing, the Free Press plant ranks first in the Dominion, the big Hoe press being equipped with a specially constructed color deck capable of printing the paper at one operation in from one to four colors.

Adjoining this room is the mailing department, with its distributing and delivery rooms where the brigade of 130 delivery boys and an army of newsboys receive their supply of papers. To the rear is the power plant, the boiler room with three boilers, each of 100 h. p. and the power room, where three almost silent engines transform steam into electrical energy. Everything in the Free Press building is done by electricity, save keeping the accounts, writing the news, and operating the hydraulic mailing and newspaper lifts; water from the artesian well supplying the motive power for these machines. In the engine room are located power lathes and a complete repair shop, enabling the Free Press to repair quickly, and at any time, breakages in its machinery. So complete is this plant, that even a forge and anvil, together with a complete blacksmith's outfit, has been installed. Situated 1,500 miles from the point at which, in the case of a break to its big presses, the parts could be obtained, the Free Press relies upon its skilled employees and its own repair plant to make and replace broken parts.

The same careful provision is made to guard against a breakdown in its power and lighting plant. One huge boiler is always in reserve. A duplicate power and lighting plant is ready to start up at a moment's notice, and even in the event—a remote one—of the duplicate plant breaking down, a third is available in an instant through a conduit connection with the power and lighting plant of the Winnipeg Electric Street Railway company. Indeed every possible precaution appears to have been taken to prevent that greatest of disasters—a failure to get out the paper on time. The motors are so attached to the big newspaper presses that they can be disconnected inside of three minutes, and by an elaborate system of eye-bolts and over-head trolleys affixed to the steel ceiling girders, should an accident occur to one of these propelling machines which weighs over a ton, from fifteen to eighteen minutes suffice to change one motor for another.

The chances of an accident to its big newspaper press are rendered still more remote by the employment of an interesting piece of machinery attached to the press known as an electrical speed controller. There are many types of controller on the market, but the one adopted by the Free Press, the Kohler system, is conceded to be by far the most up-to-date, having many features not possessed by any other make. Owing to the heavy cost of installation only the largest newspapers in the United States have been able to adopt the Kohler system of speed control as applied to newspaper presses. When the Free Press introduced the first and only Kohler controller into Canada the makers remarked that Western Canadians must be a progressive people as Winnipeg had the distinction of being the smallest city on the American continent which owned one of their machines. Equipped with the Kohler system the huge press, with its 22,000 working parts, is under perfect control. Electrical starting and stopping tons at any one of these the press can be started, speeded up, slowed down, stations, with wires running from a switchboard, are located at convenient parts of the press and by pressing button and in case of accident, stopped instantly.

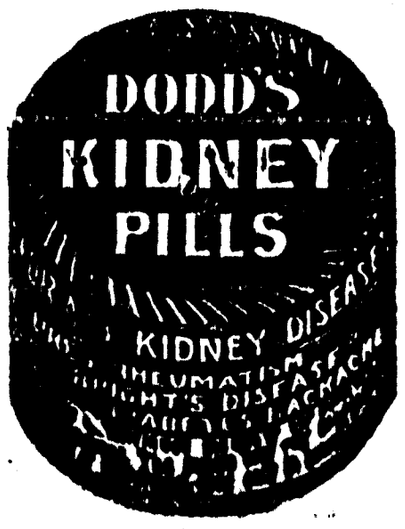
Conduits are constructed all through the building, and take the wires wherever power is required. In all the premises there is not a single power shaft, nor an overhead hanger dripping oil, nor a complication of belting. Every press, paper cutter, linotype, stereotype or other machine is driven by its own independent motor.

Over the press and power rooms, located in the basement, is the business office, already described, with the cylinder press room to the rear. A spacious hall glittering with plate glass leads to the speedy passenger elevator which gives access to the floors above.

That immediately above the business office is given over to the news writing department. Here are located the offices of the editor-in-chief, the editorial writers and sub-editors, each of whom has finely appointed quarters. The next floor is devoted to news setting. Here is the battery of eleven Mergenthaler Linotypes, on which is set the body of the news appearing twice daily in the Free Press. The "ad alley" in which the advertisements are set, is the most completely equipped in Canada, as is necessary when it is considered that the Free Press carries more advertising than any other paper in the Dominion. On this floor too, is the stereotyping department, in which the pages of type—technically known as "forms"—are cast by rapid and ingenious machinery into semi-cylindrical plates, of exactly the same curvature as the cylinders of the big Hoe presses in the basement, to which they are sent by a special elevator.

On the fourth floor is the job printing department, composing room and bookbinding, where printing of all kinds, from a dodger to a magazine, is produced. This floor is spacious, well lighted, airy, free from dust and affords healthful surroundings for the employees. No finer composing room exists anywhere. Above this is the attic storey, used for storage, and so constructed that the roof can be raised three or four storeys without any disturbance of work in the lower portion of building. From the roof, the outlook from which has already made it popular with visitors, a fine view of the city is obtainable.

A modern newspaper is one of the most wonderful products of complex organization. It is the combined result of many of the most remarkable and epoch marking inventions. The steam engine, the dynamo, the electric telegraph, which annihilates distance, the telephone, which carries the sound of human speech hundreds of miles, the Mergenthaler, which sets up lines of type as quickly as the operator can touch the keys, and the perfecting press, which devours huge rolls of white paper that but a short time before were part of a spruce forest—all these were necessary before the public could see at a glance what "moving accidents by flood and field "were happening at home and abroad; what statesmen and politicians were doing at Ottawa, at London, at Washington; the triumph of Togo, and the struggle between Oyama and Linevitch; the arrival of vessels bearing friends; the prospects of harvest and the prices of grain;—these, with local happenings of a less momentous but almost as interesting a character, and to some at least of the newspaper readers, the just as important business announcements of the merchants and business men, are all looked forward to twice a day, and make their appearance regularly, sometimes in spite of stupendous difficulties. Before this and other news can be read in the paper carelessly thrown by the delivery boy at a subscriber's door, hundreds of skilled and highly trained men must each contribute their quota to the net result, and all must work at the highest speed and effectiveness. It is the knowledge of these things that makes a newspaper office, which is the centre and gathering point of all these complex organizations, such a perennial centre of public attraction. When all the resources for securing and publishing the news are as complete as in the new home of the Free Press, it is no wonder that it is already one of the show places of Western Canada's biggest city, and that no visitor to Winnipeg will henceforth be considered to have seen all that should be seen until he has inspected the home of Western Canada's greatest daily newspaper.



This is What He Says

WHY HE PINS HIS FAITH TO DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Worn out With Chronic Kidney Disease—The Great Canadian Kidney Remedy Banished His Pains.

Acadie Siding, Kent Co., N. B., July 3.—(Special).—Calixte Richard, J. P., one of the most highly respected men in this part of the country, has joined the great army of those who pin their faith to Dodd's Kidney Pills. As usual Mr. Richard has good reasons for what he does and he states them as follows:

"I have ben troubled with Kidney Disease for forty years and the result was I found myself a worn out man at seventy-two. But after using two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I find all my pains are gone, and I can employ all my days with the best results. I cannot let the opportunity pass of letting the public know the great good Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me.

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all rheumatic pains by removing the cause—Uric acid in the blood. They put vigor and energy in place of the pain."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound, or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

There is a bookseller in Yorkshire who never tires of telling how once he "got even" with Alfred Austin, the poet laureate. This vendore of literary wares is a tall thin man, with sharp features and a distinctly intellectual head, and Mr. Austin seems to have taken an interest in him from the first. Often and often he visited the shop never to buy, but always to ask innumerable quesions. "How many books do you sell daily?" "Do they read me about here?" "What is the profit in bookselling?" These were samples of the poet's queries. Then came a day wenn he took up a copy of Omar Khayyam and asked, "Is this good?" "Don't know; never read it," replied the shopman. "What! You don't read the books you sell?" came the astonished question. "Certainly not," was the concluding phrase of the conversation. "If you were a druggist would that lead you to eat any the more opium?"

"Contentment," said Uncle Eben, "is better dan riches, but it's jes' as hard to git."

What Women Suffer.

AT ALL AGES THEY NEED RICH, PURE BLOOD TO SECURE HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

A woman needs medicine more than a man. Her organism is more complex, her system more delicate. Her health is disturbed regularly in the course of nature. If anything happens to interfere with that natural course, she goes through unspeakable suffering. In fact the health of every function and the happiness of every moment of a woman's life depends upon the richness and the regularity of her blood supply. That is the simple scientific reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are worth more than their weight in gold to women of all ages from fifteen to fifty. These pills actually make the rich, red blood that brings health and happiness and freedom from pain to every woman. Mrs. Neil Ferguson, Ashfield, N. S., says: "In justice to you, and in the hope that what I say may benefit other suffering women, I take pleasure in stating that I have found wonderful benefit from the use of Dr. using the pills I was so badly run down that I could scarcely go about; at times I suffered very much and felt that life was a burden. Thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I can now say I am enjoying better health than I ever expected to have again, and I can most heartily recommend these pills to other suffering women."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Ferguson because they filled her veins with the rich, pure blood so necessary to health and happiness of every human being. It is for this reason that these pills always cure such troubles as anaemia, neuralgia, heart trouble, indigestion, rheumatism, sciatica, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, kidney and liver troubles, and the special ailments of growing girls and women of middle age. You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine, but you should be careful to see that the full name, "Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People," is on the wrapper around each box. If you wish you can get the pills by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

INDESCRIBABLE PAINS STONE IN BLADDER

An Exceptionally Severe Case in Which a Helpless Sufferer was Restored by DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Gravel or stone in bladder is about the most painful ailment that ever afflicted mankind. It is the result of deranged kidneys, the uric acid forming in hard substances, which lodge in the kidneys and bladder. This horrible disease is prevented and cured by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Mr. Daniel Brown, English River, Ont., writes:—"For three years I suffered from urinary troubles, partaking of the nature of stone in the bladder or gravel, and the pain which I endured can scarcely be described. I was unable to do any work, and frequently discharged blood. Though I spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills I received no relief, and at last decided that I would never be able to work again.

"While in this condition I was advised to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and though I had no faith in them or anything else I decided to give them a fair trial. After using one box I felt a decided change for the better, and after taking five boxes I felt like a new man. I am entirely out of pain, and have no more discharge of blood. I can honestly recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to any fellow sufferer, and will cheerfully verify this statement to anyone writing me."

Mr. W. Bowen, postmaster and station agent at English River, Ont., writes:—"I have interviewed Mr. Daniel Brown of this place in regard to his long illness and cure, and hereby certify that the testimonial as given by him is correct."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

Smith, who had purchased a new horse warranted to be quiet to ride and a good trotter to boot, had invited a friend to accompany him for a trial drive. They had not gone very far when the horse bolted, ran against a heap of stones lying in the road, and pitched both occupants of the carriage violently into the lane. When they recovered the horse had disappeared, leaving the buggy shaftless and a heap of wreckage. Smith began to roar. "What on earth are you laughing at?" dejectedly inquired his friend. "Why, the fellow who sold me that horse lent me the buggy."

Bleeker—Say, old chap, I'm in beastly bad luck; need money badly and haven't the least idea where I can get it. Baxter—Well, I'm glad to hear that—I thought perhaps you had an idea you could touch me for it.

Itch, Mange, Prairie scratches, Cuban Itch on human or animals, cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. At all druggists.

"Yes, I called on the daughter of the great collar manufacturer last evening. The old gentleman must have been thinking about his business, for he gave me a turndown." "You are lucky. When I called he took me to the front door and gave me a turnover."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

She—They say there is only one person in fifteen who has perfect eyes. He (with uncommon fervor)—In fifteen? There's only one in a million! She—There you go again, Mr. Spoonamore! Always flattering somebody!

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is prepared from drugs known to the profesion as thoroughly reliable for the cure of cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, griping pains and summer complaints. It has been used successfully by medical practitioners for a nummber of years with gratifying results. If suffering from any summer complaint it is just the medicine that will cure you. Try a bottle. It sells for 25 cents.

"There's always somebody bobbing up with a scheme to extract gold from sea water." "Their real scheme is not to extract from sea water." "What, then?" "To extract gold from lobsters."

Respectable Deacon—I wish that young Canon Mayberry weren't obliged to preach to such a small congregation. Frivolous Widow—So do I. Every time he said "Dearly beloved" this morning I felt as f I had received a proposal.

Jim Bludso had announced that he would hold 'er nozzle agin the bank till the last galoot was ashore. "Why do you say 'nozzle,'" asked the stoker, making his way toward the gang plank, "when you mean 'bow'?" "Because," howled Bludso, as the flames roared above him, "it's got to be a word of two syllables, you blamed fool, to fit the rhythm of the line!" The rest is history.

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

Many a man chivalorously shouts of woman, "God bless her!" but fails to bless her himself.

"Don't know her? Why, she lives in the same square with you." "Yes, but she's not in the same circle."

"What's Stevens doing now?" "Nothing." "But I was told he was holding a government position." "He is."

He (after the ceremony)—Do you really think I shall make a good mate, darling? She—Oh, you're all right! How do you like your captain?

"That's an auction piano your daughter's got, isn't it?" asked the sarcastic woman next door. "No, indeed!" replied the proud mother indignantly. "What made you think that?" "O, probably because it's going, going, going' all the time."

BABY'S DANGER

A mother cannot watch her little ones too carefully during the hot weather. Dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera infantum, and disorders of the stomach are alarmingly frequent during the summer months, and unless the mother has at hand an efficient remedy to check and cure the trouble a little life may go almost before you realize the case is serious. At the first sign of any of these ailments the wise mother will give her little one Baby's Own Tablets, which promptly cure all hot weather ailments. Mrs. John Lancaster, North Portal, N. W. T., says: "My baby was attacked with diarrhoea and vomiting. I at once gave Baby's Own Tablets and the next day she was as well as ever. I am never without the Tablets in the house as I find they are the only medicine a little one needs." Other wise mothers will follow Mrs. Lancaster's example and keep the Tablets always at hand—their prompt use may save a little life. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Sunlight Soap

is a pure, evenly balanced soap. It makes a nice, cleansing lather for washing cut glass, giving it a brilliancy and sparkle. Sunlight Soap is best for every cleansing purpose.

Buy Sunlight.

Your money back for any cause of complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited
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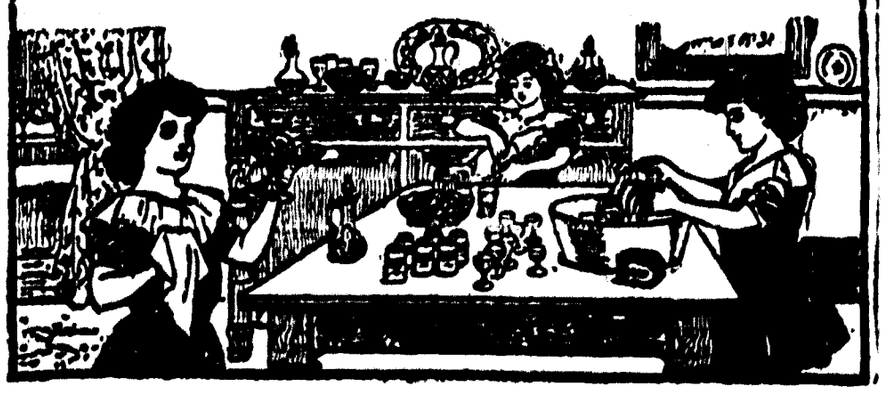

NOT FOUND WANTING

By KATE M. CLEARY

Copyright, 1905, by Kate M. Cleary

"You know, of course, that France Delamere is staying at the Oaks?"

"Yes, I know."

Harrison Hill, stretched out on the yellow beach under the shade of a huge umbrella, turned on his elbow and looked curiously at his friend.

"You know, too, that you're most idiotically in love with her!" he said quietly.

Dr. Bergen's patrician face flushed hotly under its deep bronze tan. "That's a nice speech to fire at a man!" he commented.

Harrison Hill laughed leniently. "Oh, you never mind what I say. That's one of the privileges of friends"—

"And fools," cut in Bergen coolly.

"You have me there," acknowledged Hill. "I believe those who wore the motley were permitted to express their opinions with some frankness. Well, you may class me with those if you wish. But I'm going to tell you straight that you're making a mistake about that girl. You admired her tremendously last winter in the city. Well, we all did, for that matter. But you had the best show of the bunch. She wouldn't look at a little three-for-a-cent chap like me, for instance. And you held off—you're holding off now. I wish I knew why! You're in love with her!" he repeated stubbornly. "I haven't known you all my life for nothing."

Max Bergen laughed uneasily and evaded a direct reply.

"Miss Delamere is a very beautiful young woman," he said. "She has wealth, social position, many friends"—

"You have all those," his friend insisted eagerly.

"I met her frequently last winter," went on the young surgeon. "She was always bediamonded, exquisitely costumed, perfectly coiffured. Her shoulders were like white marble, and her hands were the loveliest a man could look at. But—was there a woman's heart under that fair bosom? Did her

"FRANCE DELAMERE!" HE CRIED.

feet ever go on an errand of mercy? Was that perfect hand ever extended in kindly deed? I doubt it!"

"Ah, so that's the reason!" said Hill. "Well, I can't prove it, but I think you're tremendously mistaken."

"I wish to heaven you could prove it!" said Bergen, with an intensity that shook him. "I'd give ten years of my life to know France Delamere is what I wish to believe her!"

"Hark!" cried Harrison. His red head was lifted—listening. "Yes," he called, "Dr. Bergen is here!"

Both men were on their feet in an instant, Bergen towering over his companion. An excited group was bearing down on them. The foremost—a hysterical woman—spoke.

"It'll take so long to go up to the town. Dr. Frees is away anyhow. A woman's burned—a gasoline stove—we seen the fire in the back yard, sir!"

Bergen tossed his keys to Hill. "Run up to my room for my medicine case and follow me. Where did the accident happen?"

The woman knew him for one of the club city guests at the White Horses.

"Maybe you won't go," she whined. "It's over in Washerwoman's row."

Bergen was off on a run. He knew the poor part of this flourishing summer resort, where the laundry work of visitors was done by resident women. The little creature who met him at the gate of the frame cottage had an appealing face and an air of singular refinement. Her speech also confirmed the latter impression.

"She would put on one of my cotton dresses and help me," she explained. "She knew I was up with the baby all last night. Not that it's the first time she has helped, and"—

"But how did it happen?" he interrupted hastily.

"Fannie was sprinkling the clothes and laughing. She didn't know how to iron. But she said she could mind Teddie and do that at the same time."

"And the stove exploded?"

"Not right away, sir. I was ironing, and she noticed the stove was smoking—hard. Teddie had crawled up close to it. She just flew across the kitchen, tossed the child to me and grabbed up that stove—it's one of those little ones you put on the table. She carried it and flung it out in the yard, but just as it left her arms it went to pieces. It's a mercy," she added trembling, "it didn't explode an instant sooner!"

"She was a brave woman!" said Dr. Bergen.

He went into the small bedroom to look at his patient. She was lying on the cheap little bed. A print gown showed marks of fire, and on the left arm the flimsy material was burned away. The flesh revealed was badly scorched, but that lovely hand! The bewitching face that, drawn with pain, strove to smile up at him! Those deep, unforgettable eyes!

"France Delamere!" he cried.

"Women are so awkward!" she protested—and laughed.

He jerked off his coat and went to work, but his fingers trembled and there was a queer blur before his eyes. Hill came up with the bag and heard all that Greta Fallows had to say. On his way back he told his companion what she had said.

"She's a proud little woman. She would not take all that Miss Delamere would have given her, for she's poor, as you can see. But because they had been friends and neighbors when both were children she has allowed Miss Delamere to come and help her, chiefly in taking her children off to a secluded part of the beach and minding them, while she got through her laundry work. Is the injury bad, Max?" he ended anxiously.

"Nothing to what it might have been, thank God! They will bring her back to the Oaks this evening. I examined the stove. It was rotten—worn out. She saved the baby—all! But if"— He broke off shuddering.

"According to Mrs. Fallows, France's kindness to her is only part of what she's been doing for many poor women. So your opinion"—

"May God forgive me—and may she!" prayed Max Bergen. It was not professional, but next morning when he bandaged the poor arm he bent and kissed it.

"Will you be very angry if I tell you that I love you?" he questioned.

She smiled up at him from her couch.

"I'm afraid I would be very disappointed if you were never to tell me that!" she said.

At the whispered words his face grew radiant.

"But you don't know what has kept me so long from telling you! You don't know—what an idiot I was! You've no idea what I—I thought!"

A smile flickered around her mouth and lingered in her eyes. She laid velvety pink finger tips against his lips.

"I know what you have just said," she answered, "and that is—enough!"

Buried According to Religions.

An ancient custom still prevailing in many old burial grounds was described by a Richmond gentleman who has been interested in tracing family records.

"When my wife and I were in Y.," he said, "we had occasion to visit the graveyards of the quaint little town, many of my wife's people being buried in the neighborhood. It struck me as queer, finding similar names in all three graveyards. Scattered here and there they were, but always alike.

"I puzzled over it for a long time and finally asked the sexton. He was an old, old man and remembered away back to the beginning of things. 'I can tell you,' he said, wagging his gray head solemnly. 'It was customary in old times to divide families according to their religious beliefs. If husband and wife were Methodist and Baptist in life, after death the husband's grave was placed near some Methodist brother, while the wife's body went hunting for her Baptist sisters. In that way the families were scattered hither and yon, and the same name occurred perhaps five or six times in one graveyard.'"—Lewiston Journal.

His Tenderness.

The London Chronicle tells this story: She was a dreadful wreck when they brought her in to St. Bartholomew's hospital. The youthful surgeon worked away upon her face with sponges and plaster and cotton wool, wondering [illegible] she could have got into such a state. Clearly the woman had something to say, but she could not say it. When the surgeon had made a job of it he gently lifted the woman over his arm and asked, "How did it happen?" She raised a fist to shake over his shoulder and cried furiously: "E done it! 'E done it—'im!" Turning his head, the surgeon could see the man, who had been standing just under the flaring gas jet and watching the proceedings with the interest of a landed proprietor at a building operation. "The brute!" muttered the surgeon as he shifted the woman to her feet. She turned on him. "Brute!" she shrieked through her bandage. "You call 'im brute? And after he brought me all the way 'ere in 'is arms, bless 'im!"

Changed His Tune.

It was one Sunday morning in a Scotch kirk when the door was left open during service that a lamb that had lost its mother strayed into the church and began to disturb the congregation by its mournful cries and bleats. The minister leaned over his desk, woke the clerk, who sat below, and whispered to him in audible tones, "Sandy, remove that lamb." Sandy accordingly proceeded to catch the lamb, and when, after an exciting chase around the kirk, he had got it safely by the scruff of the neck he led it down the aisle, calling to it in the gentlest tones all the way, "Coom alang, my wee lammie; coom alang." The door was reached at last and quickly shut, but those of the congregation who were near that end of the kirk heard a scuffle and an angry voice saying, "Get out of the hoose of the Laird, ye brute!"

THE ECLIPSE AUGUST 29.

Remarkable Phenomenon Begins Near Winnipeg—Canadian Expedition.

On the 29th of August next Canada will be treated to one of the grandest and most striking of astronomical phenomena—a total eclipse of the sun. The body of the sun presents a brilliant surface known as the photosophere, which radiates to us our light and heat. Above this is a layer of gases known as the reversing layer, which absorbs portions of the sun's light and produces the well-known dark lines in the solar spectrum. At total eclipses, when the disk of the sun is cut off, this layer has been seen to produce a bright line spectrum, showing it to be glowing gas. Above this is a gaseous envelope known as the chromosphere, through which burst great flames of hydrogen and metallic vapors. Then comes the remarkable streamers of the corona, frequently extending out three or four million miles from the sun's disk. Too faint to be seen in sunlight as soon as the sun's disk is covered, this pale, yet striking, halo springs into view. Partly shining with its own light and partly by reflected light, its exact nature is not yet entirely settled. It is remarkable as containing an element not yet found on earth.

The eclipse begins near Winnipeg, sweeps across the country and reaches the Atlantic Ocean at Hamilton Inlet, Labrador. Here at Northwest River the Canadian expedition will have its station. Mr. W. F. King, chief astronomer, and Mr. J. S. Plaskett are in charge of the expedition, and will be assisted by Dr. Chant, Prof. De Lury, Dr. Marsh, and Messrs. John R. Collins, D. J. Howell and J. Edward Maybee, of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada.

For photographs a very complete equipment has been provided, consisting of a $3,000 20-inch coelostat, four cameras, one of 82-inch focus, two of 10-inch focus, and one of 40-inch focus, which will give an image of the sun 4.12 inches in diameter. In addition to these, for spectrographic work, there will be a Brashear 3-prism train spectroscope, an objective grating spectroscope and a prismatic camera. A number of telescopes will be used for visual observations.

Canadians in the British Army.

Mr. Henry J. Morgan, Ottawa, asks of the statement with reference to Major-General F. W. Benson, C.B. (all honor to him), that he "is the first, and, so far, the only Canadian who has risen to the rank of general in the British army," is not an error? In answer, he says: As far back as 1866, in a little brochure published by me, "The Place British-Americans Have Won in History," I gave the names of several native-born Canadians who had attained to this distinguished rank, among them being Lieut.-Gen. William Dunn, a native of Quebec; Major-Gen. John Charles Reckwith, C.B., K.H., a native of Halifax, N.S.; General Sir Thomas Willshire, K.C.B., a native of the same city; Gen. Sir Richard England, K.C.B., a native of Upper Canada; Gen. Sir W. F. Williams, of Kars, K.C.B., a native of Annapolis, N.S.; Major-Gen. Sir J. E. W. Inglis, K.C.B., the hero of Lucknow, a native of Halifax, N.S.; and Gen. William Cochrane, also a native of Nova Scotia. To this list permit me now to add the names of Gen. Sir George Drummond, G.C.B., the son of a Quebec merchant, who was born in that city in 1771, and, in the course of his career, successfully administered the government of his native province; Lieut.-Gen. Daniel Baby, a native of Upper Canada; Major-General Sir Edward Andrew Stuart, Bart., a native of Quebec; and Major-Gen. Charles W. Robinson, C.B., a native of Toronto.

Drinking Hot Water.

There are four classes of persons who should not drink large quantities of hot water: First, people who have irritability of the heart. Hot water will cause palpitation of the heart in such cases. Second, persons with dilated stomachs. Third, persons afflicted with sour stomachs. Fourth, persons who have soreness of the stomach or pain induced by light pressure. These rules are not for those who take hot water simply to relieve thirst, but as a means of washing out the stomach. Hot water will relieve thirst better than cold water and for that purpose is not to be condemned. But hot water is an excitant and in cases in which irritation of the stomach exists should be avoided.

Bowser vs. Poor Food

He Gets Excited After Reading a Commissioner's Report on the Subject.

STARTS A CAMPAIGN

Visits the Butcher and Grocer---Has a Struggle With the Coal Man.

MR. BOWSER had come home in good nature and eaten a hearty dinner and found no fault, and Mrs. Bowser was paving the way to ask him to drop into a neighbor's with her for an hour or two when he opened his evening paper and had scarcely glanced at the headings when he exclaimed:

"By John, but they are at it again, are they!"

"What is it?" was asked.

"Did you read this report of the pure food commission?"

"No."

"Well, there are about a thousand men in this country who ought to be hung up by the neck without trial. The commission reports that out of fifty-two articles of food examined each and every one was adulterated. They did not find one single sample of beer, wine or whisky that was pure. Sugar, flour, coffee, tea, milk—all were adulterated, and some of the jams and

"SIR, I AM OBLIGED TO CALL YOU A SCOUNDREL!"

preserves were positively injurious to health. I say that these rascals ought to be hanged."

"Aren't there laws against adulteration?" asked Mrs. Bowser.

"Of course there are laws, but the scoundrels manage to evade them in one way or another, and they will continue to do so until more radical measures are taken. Every householder ought to go for them with an ax."

"I wouldn't get excited about it if I were you."

"How can I help it? Here is a case where they found ten pounds of bone dust in fifty pounds of flour and another where a package of supposed Java coffee contained not one ounce of the real thing. Can I help but get excited when I read these things? Who knows what bones were ground up in that flour? Why, by thunder, they may have been the bones of that old horse that fell dead at our gate last summer."

"It is dreadful, but I don't see what you can do about it."

"And how much of that impure food comes into this house, Mrs. Bowser—how much? You do all the marketing, and do you ever take any pains to find out what is pure and what is poisoned?"

"How can I? We want oatmeal, and I buy a package. We want sugar and flour, and I buy them. How can I tell whether they have been adulterated or not?"

"How can you? How can you? But it is your business to find out these things. Say, now, there's the keynote of the whole thing."

"What things?"

"The way I've been feeling for the last five years. I've laid it to rheumatism and a dozen other things, and I've been examined by doctors and paid hundreds of dollars, and nothing has helped me because I've been a victim of food poison all the time. The puzzle is solved at last."

"But I've eaten just what you have and have felt no ill effects," she answered.

"That's nothing to do with it. Because you have a stomach like a horse it don't follow that I must have. Yes, Mrs. Bowser, for years and years you have been poisoning me with the food brought into this house. And there's another thing—how much clear bone has been contained in the meat brought into this house in the last year?"

"Why, how should I know?"

"But it is your business to know. You have a set of scales in the kitchen. Has the butcher worked off a ton of clear bone on you in the last twelve months—bone that we have had to pay for at the rate of 20 cents a pound?"

"You never told me to weigh the bone, and you know that no butcher will sell meat without some bone."

"Mrs. Bowser, it was your business as overseer of this house to weigh that bone and keep track of the amount, and that you have not done so proves that you have no care for my purse. Did you ever ask the grocer whether the flour you were ordering was pure or mixed with bone dust?"

"I—I don't remember."

"Did you ever throw out a hint that if we found sand in the sugar it would be the last order he would get?"

"No. He would have felt insulted."

"Insulted be hanged! I'll make a little trip around this neighborhood and see who'll feel insulted. By the seven wall eyed cats, but if they think I'm going to stand for such things they'll have their eyes opened!"

"What's the use of going around and raising a fuss when you know it can't do any good? Let the government get after these men and punish them as they deserve."

"I'll show you what good it'll do, and I am no man to wait for the government when a thing is to be done."

"Mr. Bowser, you are foolish. If you will wait"—

But he wouldn't. He pulled on his overcoat, and away he went. The butcher was the first one visited. He was leaning on his cleaver and wondering how many of the heads of the Chicago meat trust would be sent to jail when Mr. Bowser blew in and began:

"Sir, I have paid you hundreds and hundreds of dollars this last year for bones—the bones of cows, steers, sheep and hogs—and I'll be hanged if you get another cent out of me! You either send me clear meat or you get no more of my custom."

"You give me a pain, Bowser."

"What's that? Don't think to turn me off that way, sir. What with the adulterated food sold on every side and the old bones you ring in on us the people are being regularly highway robbed. If others want to stand it, well and good, but don't try it on me any longer. I'm patient and long suffering, but there comes a time at last when the worm turns."

"You'd better buy liver all the time. There's no bone in that."

"And you'd better go out of the scoundrel business before you bring up in state's prison! When I want liver, sir, I will buy liver. Good night, sir!"

There was no doubt in Mr. Bowser's mind that he had given the butcher a good polishing off and there would be no more bone sent with his orders, and his next visit was to the grocer's. He was given a pleasant good evening, but in response he replied:

"Sir, have you got one single article of food or drink in this shebang which is not adulterated?"

"I think so."

"Well, I don't. You, sir, have been killing me by slow degrees for the last five years. Every article Mrs. Bowser has ordered from you has sapped at my health. You have known right along that you had bone dust in your flour, sand in your sugar and chicory in your coffee, and yet you have warranted them pure and wholesome. Sir, I am obliged to call you a scoundrel!"

"There are certain things I can recommend," quickly replied the grocer, who knew pretty well how to take his man.

"I don't believe it. I don't believe you can show one thing which some unhung scoundrel has not tampered with.

"There are the potatoes, turnips and onions."

"Don't beg the question, sir. I called here to say that the next time you send me adulterated goods I will take your trail and follow it until the doors of prison close upon you."

"I will try to do better, Mr. Bowser."

"See that you do, sir—see that you do. It is only now and then that I take the law into my own hands, but when I do such men as you want to look out for me. Don't drive me to the dead line, sir."

There was another place to be visited, and Mr. Bowser walked in on the coal man, who was at work on his books, and said:

"Sir, in the last year you have cheated me out of hundreds of dollars by sending me short weight."

"Sir," replied the coal man as he laid down his pen, "you are an infernal liar!"

"What! What!"

"An infernal liar, sir!"

They went out together and had a struggle for life. At the finish of it Mr. Bowser was borne homeward at the hands of two men, and when they reached the front door one of them said to Mrs. Bowser, who answered the ring:

"Are you the wife of Mr. Bowser?"

"Yes, sir."

"Short, fat, baldheaded man who is always kicking?"

"Yes."

"Then here he is, and you'd better take him in at once." M. QUAD.

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LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

THAT SHEEP KILLING.

SIR,—As there appears to be quite a little discussion anent the sheep-worrying case tried before Magistrate Abrams and latterly by Judge Harrison, and the points at issue, and as there are few who know the real facts of the matter, I would be obliged if you would find space in your paper for this letter.

Regarding the accusation and verdict it will suffice to say that my two dogs were accused of worrying and killing six of Mr McPhee & Sons sheep; one of the dogs was acquitted chiefly because of the contradictory nature of the evidence given by the McPhees, and one was convicted—a large collie; but the verdict with regard to the acquitted dog might have been otherwise had my agent not insisted that the witnesses absent themselves from the court-room while each was being questioned, although Magistrate Abrams objected to the suggestion in these words;—"There is no occasion for the boys to go outside; the boys are honest." Their evidence plainly showed whether they were honest or not.

I shall confine myself to the convicted dog. If a person makes an exaggerated effort to tell a consistent story, and in so doing makes conflicting statements, it would be inferred that his evidence in part is untrue. This is what I shall endeavor to show with regard to the prosecutions evidence, and if I am successful in so doing, it will necessarily follow that the ends of justice was not properly served in the present instance, more especially, if no flaw could be found in the evidence for the defence.

In giving his evidence at the first trial Walter McPhee was positive he shot the dog, because it went floundering about among the ferns. At the second trial before Judge Harrison he was not sure whether he injured the animal or not, although, as he said, he was only 10ft. or 12ft. from it when he fired the shot, from a 30-30 calibre rifle. Now, I would like to draw particular attention to these conflicting statements, and also to the nature of the injury the dog received. With reference to the injury any one who doubts can see for himself as the marks left are permanent. The bullet entered low down on the right side of the neck, passed between the shoulder blades, pierced the upper part of the left lung, breaking one or two ribs in its exit on the left side. What inference could be drawn from this? That any animal could be shot in this manner, 10ft. or 12ft. off with a soft nosed bullet and yet not show evidence of injury? Why, the falsity of the second statement is so apparent, that it plainly showed itself to be a clumsy fabrication, and yet, it is possible the witness may have come to the conclusion latterly, that the animal was performing a number of acrobatic feats for his sole amusement. Asked where the animal went after the above performance, he answered that he lost sight of it among the ferns. Remembering the nature of the injury, is it within the bounds of probability, that such could be the case? The purpose of this witness was to kill the dog and yet he swore he fired only one shot—10ft. or 12ft. away remember. Asked before Magistrate Abrams in what direction the dog was going when he saw it again and why he did not fire a second time, he answered that it was N.W.—that is away from him—and that he was afraid he might shoot some one at Courtenay—Courtenay being behind him. The witness must surely have supposed that that gun would as likely as not set the Laws of Nature at defiance, that it had no connection with Gravitation, or the Laws of Energy or Motion, otherwise he should remember that

"An honest tale speeds best being plainly told."

About the time of the worrying three panthers were seen in the neighbourhood, one was killed and one injured. One of the witnesses when asked if he was aware of the fact, answered. Yes, another said No. The point I wish to bring out is the improbability of the latter being ignorant of the circumstance and the possibility that their sole aim was, the conviction of the dogs at any cost. Of course the latter witness was not aware of the former's answer. It might also be remarked here that the witness who answered in the negative fired twice at the other dog with a shot gun and missed it on both occasions although only 8ft. or 10ft. from it.

To rebut the preceeding statements of the prosecution the two witnesses of the defence swore to the following particulars:—That at about 6 a.m. three shots were distinctly heard near by the house 1½ miles from where the sheep were and immediately after the report of the third shot a howl as of pain was clearly heard, seemingly about twenty yards off The same thought immediately occurred to the two listeners that the dog was shot by an unscrupulous character; so, they immediately arose and proceeded to the place from which the sound seemed to have come and there they found the animal in a half stooping position, bleeding profusely from two ugly wounds, where the bullet made its entrance and exit. They helped the dog into the house between them, it being only able to move with the greatest difficulty; it was placed on a rug, from which place it was unable to move for about five days. An expert on gun-shot wounds, whom I called to examine the dog, said that it was impossible for the animal to have gone fifty yards, let alone 1½ miles, injured as it was, and yet Walter McPhee said that after he had shot it, he saw it in a different part of the field running in a N.W. direction.

In considering the evidence Judge Harrison said that if the animal had not been shot it would have been difficult for him to have arrived at a decision. If the dog had not been shot, or if the witnesses of the defense had not heard the shots, and immediately afterwards seen the consequent results, I would not have a scintilla of evidence to offer in refutation to the statements of the prosecution, unless it be the harmlessness of the dog and its advanced age—10 years—which particulars seem to have no weight in a case of this kind.

It must also be borne in mind that when an animal is accused of a crime it cannot act in its own defence, that one animal is not able to prove an alibi for another, although in the present instance, when the shots were fired, a foal near by tore around the field in which it was as if demented, probably doing its best to show in this manner its disapproval of the unspeakable individual—not to use a harsher term—who had the temerity to come to a neighbour's door to shoot his dog.

After considering the evidence, and being as impartial as it is possible to be under the circumstances, I cannot but conclude that the verdict was not in accordance with justice, and I also think that when the evidence of either side is almost wholly circumstantial—although not necessarily less strong on that account, as in the present case—Magistrates and Judges should use as great discretion and judgment as possible in giving their decisions.

DON. CAMPBELL.

Courtenay, Sept. 1905.

Mr J. Mahrer of Nanaimo was in town on business bent last week. Being of modest retiring disposition John did not show up in Cumberland until he had visited outlying points, but he had a good story to tell when he did visit us.

If you want the latest in Hats and Caps go to the Big Store

New Spuds $1.25 per sack. Napier & Partridge.

Mr Jas. Frame was rather seriously hurt by falling from a car of timber at the sawmill last week, He is improving.

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VANCOUVER B.C.

Mr and Mrs J. B. McLean and family leave on Friday on a visit to their relatives at Albotsford. They will remain two weeks.

Mr Geo. Tarbell and Master Clinton returned to Stanford University on the 27th to resume their studies.

If you want to get satisfaction on your hunting trips, buy your Ammunition etc. "At The Big Store" where they carry a large stock of hunters requisites.

Quite a number of sportsmen visited Denman Island for the first days shooting, among them being Mr T. Hudson, Dr Staples, Messrs J. Bryce, S. Shore, J Piket, R. Grant and others. Mr J. Bryden's gasolene launch conveyed some of the nimrods across the Sound.

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