

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

NINTH YEAR.

CUMBERLAND, B. C. WEDNESDAY, SEP. 3, 1902.

141

FLOUR FLOUR

OGLIVIES HUNGARIAN
—AND THE—
LAKE OF THE WOODS
—ARE THE BEST—

BREAD FLOURS
Made in the Dominion,
FOR SALE at and on view in the windows of
THE BIG STORE.

SIMON LEISER.

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HARDWARE MILL AND MINING MACHINERY,
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—BABY CARRIAGES—

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Rubber Tire Wheels. \$14 to \$35

—GO-CARTS—

That are adjustable to any position, com-
plete with Parasol Top, Cushions and Rub-
ber Tire Wheels. \$11.40 to \$25

Our Assortment of Patterns was never as
large as this season—Our Makes the Best

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VICTORIA, B. C.

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...AND THE...
VOCALION ORGAN.

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at Moderate Rates

COUNCIL MEETING.

(August 28th.)

Minutes read and adopted.
Communications—From G. W.
Clinton re placing electric lights.
Referred to Council to inspect posi-
tions.

From Mrs. Woodhus re scavenger
charges. Laid over until next night
of meeting.

From P. Letvloff complaining of
cow bells ringing at nights. Laid
on table.

Accounts—H. Mitchell, \$14.35;
R. Grant & Co., \$8.20; J. P. Wat-
son, \$13.50; A. H. Peacey, \$12.65.
Referred to Finance Committee.

The Government Inspector of
Animals report read that certifi-
cates had been issued to milk ven-
dors Messrs Harvey and Harrigan
ordered to be filed.

Re Scavenger By-law Ald. Bate
gave notice that he would at next
night of meeting bring in an
amendment to section 10 of the by-
law of 1898.

The Clerk was instructed to noti-
fy owners of horses not to allow
their animals to run at large in the
city limits; also, to notify owners
of cows that they must keep their
cows in in at night or the Council
would be compelled to bring in a
by-law to prevent animals running
at large.

The Mayor stated that T. Hud-
son would remove telegraph pole on
3rd street, near Court-house, if
Council had the hole dug at proper
place.

Clerk was instructed to call for
tenders for painting building No.
2 and 3.

Council adjourned.

Great Fire at Rossland

Fifteen Business Places and Twice
as many Residences were
Utterly Destroyed—Damage
estimated at \$75,000.

Rossland, Aug. 25.—Fire swept
sections of four business and resi-
dential blocks here this afternoon,
destroying property roughly esti-
mated to amount to a quarter of a
million dollars. Fifteen business
places and twice as many residences
were utterly destroyed. No casual-
ties are reported as yet.

The fire broke out precisely at
three o'clock in P. Burns & Co.'s
butcher shop, just south of the cor-
ner of First Avenue and Spokane
street. In 20 minutes this build-
ing was gutted, and the blaze, fan-
ned by a strong southeast wind, had
spread north and east jumping
First avenue to a row of 3-story
business houses.

By five o'clock the fire was under
control. The Trail fire brigade ar-
rived on a special train and assist-
ed the city in quelling the flames.
Damage estimated at \$75,000.

Cumberland Electric Lighting Company.

Notice of Sale of Shares

According to a verbal agreement
with the Public a limited amount
of this stock will be sold from
August 15th to September 13th in-
clusive. Shares will not be sold
after above date.

Inquire of GEO. CLINTON, Presi-
dent, or C. A. STAPLES, Secretary
and Treasurer.

13-8-02 5t

LOCALS.

Mrs. Glassford has returned from
a visit to Vancouver.

A number of news items are om-
itted this week on account of pres-
sure of other matters.

A daughter was born to Mr. and
Mrs. Barrett at Vancouver which
did not survive its birth.

Mrs. Shillitoe of Cumberland was
removed to the hospital on Thursday
last for medical treatment.

Mrs. Little and Mrs. Collis and
family have returned to their homes
in Cumberland from the beach.

Mr. Wm. Moore was the lucky
winner of D. Richards' horse and
cart which was raffled last week.

The Cumberland High School
opened on Tuesday morning with
an enrolment of pupils. Mr.
Simpson, the master, arrived here
on Thursday last.

The display of B. C. fruit at the
Winnipeg exhibition is said to be
an unusually large one. Part of the
fruit will form what is known as a
commercial exhibit.

The funeral of the late Peter de
la Cruz who died at Cumberland
hospital on Tuesday last, took place
on Wednesday morning. The de-
ceased had no relatives in this coun-
try.

Mrs. Rowe and family of Nanaimo
has been spending a week in Cum-
berland and Comox with her sisters
Mrs. W. Mounce and Mrs. Parkin.
They returned to Nanaimo on
Friday morning.

Fifteen writs have been issued
against the Crow's Nest company,
by relatives of miners killed in the
disaster of May last amounting to
Two hundred and twenty nine
thousand dollars.

Rev. Wm. Hicks and family re-
turned to Victoria by Friday's stea-
mer. Mr. Hicks' business visit to
Cumberland being most successful,
he having disposed of several of the
high grade Mason and Risch piano-
fortes.

An exhibition of lime light views
was given in Grace Methodist Sun-
day School on Tuesday evening last
under the direction of Rev. Mr. Cal-
vert of New Westminster. An im-
promptu concert was also given
which closed a highly successful
evening's entertainment.

PHOTOGRAPHS

At PAUL'S STUDIO,
CUMBERLAND.

For this week all Photos at
..... about Half-Price

\$5.00 Photos at \$3.00 per doz.
\$4.00 Photos at \$2.00 per doz.
\$3.50 Photos—Cabinets, Album
..... Size, \$2.00 per doz

DUNSMUIR AVE., CUMBERLAND

Labor Day Pic-Nic.

The basket pic-nic in aid of the
Public School Library fund was
largely attended, a number of citi-
zens with their families taking ad-
vantage of the cheap rate and
pleasant weather to attend. A spot
more delightful than Union Bay
could not have been chosen, al-
though many availed themselves of
the opportunity of visiting their
friends who are camped at Gartley's
Point. Those who did not care to
prepare baskets for the outing were
liberally feasted at the Wilson
House where everything is always
to be found in season and of the
best quality. Mr. Bennet is to be
congratulated on the success of these
outings which he has so thought-
fully arranged for the double pur-
pose of benefiting the school library
and giving parents and children
the benefit of a day's outing at the
sea shore.

Times are unusually dull at
Union Bay, but one ship the "Glory
of the Seas" being in port.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

Many attended the baptismal
ceremonies of this sect, held last
Saturday near their camp grounds
on the Courtenay River, and not a
few converts were baptized.

Sale of Pure Bred Sheep

The Department of Agricultural
has been advised by Mr. Chas. W.
Paterson, deputy commissioner of
agriculture of the N.W. Territories,
and secretary of the territorial sheep
breeders' association, that an auc-
tion sale of pure bred sheep will be
held at Medicine Hat, on Tuesday,
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
the 30th of September, and the 1,
2, 3, of October, in conjunction with
the Agricultural Exhibition of that
place. The Department will afford
our local sheep breeders a good op-
portunity of introducing fresh blood
into their flocks. Any further in-
formation can be obtained on ap-
plication to Mr. J. R. Anderson,
deputy minister of agriculture, Vic-
toria.

LIVE STOCK JUDGES FOR FALL SHOWS 1902.

The following judges are placed
at the disposal of the Department
of Agriculture of British Columbia
by the Dominion Department of
Agriculture:—D. C. Anderson,
Rugby, Ont.—cattle, sheep, and
swine; J. Davidson, Ashburn, Ont.
—beef cattle, heavy horses; John
Jackson, Abingdon, Ont.—sheep,
swine, cattle; John Gardhouse,
Highfield, Ont.—horses, beef cattle,
sheep, swine; C. R. Cotterell, Mil-
ton, Ont.—poultry.

Mr. Cotterell and Mr. Jackson will
attend the Comox Fair on the 24th
and 25th inst. This is the first
year that Comox has two days' fair.

Write for a copy of the "Invent-
or's Help" through the agency of
Messrs. Marion and Marion Patent
Attorneys Washington, D. C.

A GIRL OF GRIT.

By MAJOR ARTHUR GRIFFITHS.

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"Why, certainly. A man worth millions. He interested us all. Took it quietly enough, though. Rather ordinary sort of sportsman. Tall enough, but no show about him. For so rich a man he went very plainly dressed—only a Derby hat and a business suit."

"Hands some young man, eh? Tall, fair, holds himself well?" I suggested.

"Why, no. Rather mean, I should say. Fair, yes; thickset, coarse looking, but I had no talk with him. He and his friends were in the inner room with the consul himself."

"His friends?" I hazarded.

"I suppose so, but he might have found better. There was that Lawford, Jimmy they call him. I don't know much about him. No good anyway. And there was Colonel McQuay, who ran the Cyclostonia swindle out west, and a little black faced Spanish chap who looked hungry enough to eat him, clothes and all. If you're a friend of Captain Wood's, Snuyzer, I'd warn him against being too thick with that crowd."

"Warn him?" I said to myself as I walked away from the consulate. "If he'd listened to me, he would have never got into this fix."

Much as I had been surprised by the promptitude with which these unscrupulous foes had got him into their toils I was now amazed with the breadth, the boldness of their scheme. It was as clear to me as if I had seen it all in print. To seize, sequester, securely hold their prisoner, with heaven knows what added ill usage—it might be make away with him utterly—while his double, some cleverly set up, second self, their puppet or confederate, personated him, acted for him, making ducks and drakes of his fortune, acquiring every red cent that was movable and within reach, without fear of interference or retribution, provided only they kept fast hold of their prey.

How far was it in my power to meet and frustrate these felonious but astutely planned measures? At least I had one or two threads, one or two claws, in my hand.

I believed that I could exactly locate the present place of Captain Wood's detention. I knew the very house or its outbuildings in which he was imprisoned. To get him out must be my next job. If he were once free, much mischief, the worst certainly, might be prevented. But whether he were immediately released or not it was of little less importance to follow up his persecutors to ascertain what they were doing and work to counteract and defeat them.

Three of them, at least, I had heard of, thanks to my friend at the consulate, two by name and clear identity. The third should be discovered through the other two.

My next moves were clearly and imperatively marked out for me.

As I passed along the Strand I called in at Norfolk street. No sign from Joseph, so all was presumably without change in the Strathallan road. Next to Clarges street.

Time was getting on. Close on 3 p.m., and nothing done as yet in Mr. Wood's behalf. I was impatient, eager to act for him, and yet I knew I must proceed regularly. The man Savory had returned, and I knew by his face that he had drawn blank in Laburnum street. Of course no Mr. Wood was there. I did not require to be told that. Savory was also satisfied now, a good deal on the evidence of the collie dog which he had taken with him.

"Master Willie was nowhere on the premises. Roy will answer for that. I told him to go look, although the woman of the place—it was a sort of second rate lodging house—called him a dreadful dog and tried to stop him. Roy's teeth helped him to quest right through the house."

"Fine fellow! We'll take him with us to look for Mr. Wood. Eh, Roy?"

He was like a Christian, that dog, for he made friends at once, wagged his tail and put his nose in my hand. When Savory added on some gibberish with "lloolooloo, go search, Roy," he first howled and yelped, then ran up and down the hall entry like a mad thing.

"Where are we going, sir?" asked Savory, growing respectful as he recognized my authority.

"To Scotland Yard straight. They wouldn't listen to me this morning. Now perhaps—What have you got there?"

"It's a letter, sir, brought by hand half an hour ago for Mr. Wood, marked, 'Very immediate.' D'ree? But—you wouldn't surely?"

This was in alarmed protest as I was about to break the seal.

"Wouldn't I, though? Why, it's a question of life and death with Captain Wood. Anything and everything that is likely to help us must be made use of. I stand on that, and here goes."

But just as I was about to open the letter we were interrupted by the arrival of a tall, military looking gentleman, with a fierce face and a very booming, overbearing manner. We were standing in the hallway, the man Savory and I, for although he knew what my business was he did not trust me

enough to let me go up stairs. The front door was just ajar, he inside and I still on the stoop, when this high-falutin, masterful sort of gentleman came up and said to both of us:

"Is this where Captain Wood lives? Look sharp. I want to know."

There was a shortness in his tone and manner which, being a free born American, I could not stomach at all. He might have been a slave driver talking to black Africans, and I looked at him in a way to warn him not to raise my dander.

"Come, speak out. Which is the man of the house? Is Captain Wood in? I must see him at once. I am Sir Charles Collingham."

At this Savory bowed low. They are a mean, lickspittle lot, these Brits, when there's any talk of titles or big toads in their puddles.

"Yes, yes, Sir Charles, quite so. I know you now. But Captain Wood is not in."

"Where shall I find him? I must see him at once. It is a matter of duty. Where is he?"

"That's just what we want to know," I put in. "It puzzles us entirely. He has got into some mess somewhere, and we can't tell for certain what has happened to him or where to find him."

"And who the devil are you, pray?" asked my gentleman insolently. "And what in heaven's name have you to do with Captain Wood? You are an American, I perceive."

"Waal, that's so, and what difference does that make? Ain't I good enough to know Captain Wood or for you to talk to?" He had pretty well raised my dander this time.

"Pshaw! I've nothing to say to you. I don't know you, and I don't want to know you, and you may go to the devil your own road as soon as you please."

And without waiting for more he brushed past me, pushing Savory aside and saying:

"I must go up to his rooms. There are some papers up there I want. Show the way, please," and he ran up stairs.

Of course I followed. I was as much concerned about Captain Wood as he was. Besides, I felt it due to my self respect and position as one of your most-trusted agents to call this overbearing Britisher to account.

The new visitor, General Sir Charles Collingham, as I presently heard he was called, was the first in the room, and he went straight to the bureau or escritoire, at which I expect Captain Wood did his writing business. The general fell upon the papers and turned them over with much haste and excitement. Then he turned to Savory and said in the same peremptory tone:

"Where is the dispatch box from my office sent here last night? I don't see it. Fetch it, will you?"

"But it went to the captain this morning, Sir Charles, with his portmanteau and other things."

"Great powers! How could it when you don't know where he is?"

"If you will permit me to explain," I here put in, although I wonder I went on, for I saw clearly on his face that he thought me an interfering noisily together beneath his contempt. But as I told my story his manner changed, his look of utter incredulity and amazement gave way to one of absorbed interest, and by the time I had finished he had thrown himself into the nearest armchair with a loud and prolonged whistle, an evident let off to his disturbed feelings.

Then he sprang to his feet and walked up and down the room like a madman, talking to himself aloud:

"It's not possible. It's too preposterous. I cannot, ought not, to believe it. But yet, by the Lord Ham, strange things do happen."

Then he pulled up short and faced me as if I were a criminal and a tough.

"I suppose you are to be trusted? Who and what do you call yourself? You haven't dreamed all this, have you? weren't drunk last night?"

"I am a water drinker, Sir Charles Collingham, and take it from choice hot, according to my physician's rule. I replied severely. "You, I conclude, from your title, are a British army officer, but I do not consider you a gentleman to make such aspersions."

"Come, come, don't lose your temper. I never do—it's a mistake—in business, and you haven't told me yet who you are and what you have to do with Captain Wood."

The shortest way was to give him one of my cards. He was not unacquainted with the name of Sarabaud and said so courteously enough. Indeed, he became now so civil that, judging him to be really a person of importance, I gave him a brief outline of the plot to which we believed Captain Wood had fallen a victim.

"You think it is the money, do you? Nothing else?" he asked sharply.

"Why, what else could there be?" He hesitated for a moment, but said at last:

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Love at First Sight.

His Dog—Are you certain that your mistress loves my master?

Her Dog—Why, it was love at first sight. She pushed me off the sofa to let him sit down.

In order to be in perfect health one must be temperate in eating. The meals should be regular. Regularity is one of the golden rules of a well ordered life.

FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

HONEST WORDS OF ADVICE FROM ONE WHO KNOWS.

Algoma Young Lady Speaks Strong, Plain Counsel to her Suffering Sisters—Tells Them her own Experience as Proof.

Blind River, Ont., July 7.—(Special.)—Anyone who might to-day see Miss Emily Liddle of this place for the first time would find it hard to believe that only a few months ago she was an invalid.

Miss Liddle suffered from Female Weakness and Backache, and for months was so ill as to be unable to attend to her household duties, the slightest task being too much for her in her weakened condition.

She was terribly run down, and nothing seemed to do her any good or afford her the slightest relief, till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. From the very beginning they seemed to help her, and although at first the improvement was slow she persevered and gradually grew stronger, till to-day she is in better health than she has ever known before.

Miss Liddle is very grateful for her remarkable deliverance, and strongly recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills to all her lady acquaintances who need help. She has given for publication a very strong letter of recommendation in which she says:

"I would most heartily and conscientiously advise all young women troubled with Female Weakness, in any form, to try the remedy that cured me after everything else had failed, and that remedy is Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"For months at a time I was so low and weak that I found it impossible to attend to my household duties, my back used to ache something dreadful. Now I feel strong and better than I ever did, and Dodd's Kidney Pills did it all. They are worth their weight in gold to any young woman suffering as I used to suffer."

"They built me up wonderfully and I cannot speak too highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills as a medicine for sick women."

Our Debt to Our Mothers.

Inn MacLaren in The Christian Endeavor World paid the following beautiful tribute to mothers:

"The person to whom you owe more than you can ever pay or even imagine is your mother. She endured more for you, served you more patiently, loved you more fondly, thought of you more bravely, than any other person you have known on earth or will ever know save your wife or your husband, if indeed they can always be excepted. If your mother be spared to you, then are you bound to make her a first charge on your life, as you desire a peaceful conscience and as you shall answer before the judgment seat of God. She must be encompassed with every observance of comfort and honor and gentleness and love, with sacrifices also, if so be it will please her, of tastes and occupations and time and even friendship, and after you have done all that you can think of and any one can suggest you will still remain a hopeless bankrupt for the love where-with she loved you."

The Warhorse.

The horse in war is expensive, fragile and a fool. He is greedy, and his food is as bulky as himself. He requires an expert to keep him efficient under hard work and a miracle to keep him alive under heavy fire. He must be watched and guarded more carefully than the lines of communication both in action and in camp. He is a coward. The race of them that snorted "ha! ha!" among the trumpets, the noise of the captains and the shouting, is dead. If it ever lived at all outside the inspired mind of the plague stricken poet. He is a traitor and will desert to the enemy at the first opportunity, probably with three days' rations in his saddlebags and a useful ride in the bucket.

Identified.

The general postoffice at Paris once received a letter addressed "To Monsieur, My Son, Rue —," etc. They were going to send it to what in France corresponds to our dead letter office, but a clerk objected.

"There must be two fools in that family," he said. "We shall find out to whom it belongs."

Sure enough, in a few days a stupid looking youth entered and said to the clerk:

"I'd like to find out if you haven't kept here a letter for me from my father."

"Yes, sir," replied the clerk. "Here it is."

A Mutton Chop.

Before cooking a mutton chop for an invalid plunge the meat into boiling water for about two minutes. By doing so the albumen in the meat forms a white covering on the outside and prevents the gravy from running out during the process of cooking.

STORIES MADE WITH FEET.

Animal Tracks in the Wood Which Betray Identity.

Each animal makes its own kind of track in the mud, snow or dust. No two make exactly the same. The track of a coon is never like that of a fox, and the track of a fox is readily distinguished from that of a rabbit or small dog. And, more than that, the track of one coon may differ from that of his own brother, so that one can sometimes distinguish the track of a given individual and by seeing it on different occasions get something like an insight into its life. Thus a famous grizzly in the west was known by his track. One of his toes had been cut off by a trap, and the difference that made in his track was easy to see.

To come nearer home, our common animals sometimes have unpleasant experiences with steel traps. The marks of these on their feet often add a peculiarity that identifies the animal. In other cases the track is extra-large or small or is crooked, but it always keeps the main features of its kind. The track of one sort of animal rarely need be mistaken for that of another, and the A-B-C of tracking is to learn the chief kinds of footmarks that are to be found in your region. The way to learn tracks is to draw those that you find, always sketching them right from nature, never from memory, and it is always best to make them exactly life size.

Puzzled.

"Well, daughter," observed the kind father, "now that you have gone through college at an expenditure of four years' time and \$6,000 in real money, and as near as I can study it out, you show a net gain intellectually of being able to recite your class yell and possess a new and strange accent in your voice, I can't help but wonder what is that vocation in life you said all this education was to fit you for. Were you intending to be a brake-man?"

A Sad Mistake.

Visitor—Pardon my curiosity, my good man, but what are you in prison for?

Prisoner—I am serving time for stealing \$50,000 from the bank I worked for.

Visitor—That was a sad mistake.

Prisoner—I know it. Curse the day I didn't steal \$100,000.

Naturally.

Jones—What struck you most significantly in that hurricane you described at the club last night?

Browne—Well, I should say it was the blow.

Buttons were used in Troy. Schliemann found over 1,800 of gold.

Needles antedate history. They were first made in America in 1680.

Lamps were used before written history. Thousands of ancient lamps have been found.

In the poorest quarters and tenements of London there is nearly always a flower pot in the windows.

The Sultan of Morocco will not allow a single lightning-rod to be set ways a flower pot in the windows.

Curtains were employed for bedsteads in the eleventh century; they were afterwards transferred to windows.

Mosaic floors, laid with small pieces of different colored stones set in regular patterns, were known to the Egyptians 2300 B. C. In Babylon floors of this kind dated from 1100 B. C. They were common in the Athenian and Roman houses.

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C. E. McPHERSON,
Gen. Pas. Agt., Winnipeg.

The first patent for a sewing machine was issued in England in 1790. This early invention was not successful, and other patents were issued in 1804, 1818 and scores of times since.

The proprietors of Parlee's Pills are constantly receiving letters similar to the following, which explains itself: Mr. John A. Bean, Waterloo, Ont., writes: "I never used any medicine that can equal Parlee's Pills for dyspepsia or liver and kidney complaints. The relief experienced after using them was wonderful." As a safe family medicine Parlee's Vegetable Pills can be given in all cases requiring a cathartic.

Outer blinds for windows were unknown until the fourteenth century. The Venetian or interior blinds are so called because they were first used in Venice.

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure, and effectual. Try it, and mark the improvement in your child.

Dishes of gold and silver used in table service in 900 B.C. were found at Troy by Dr. Schliemann. One of these was about the size now employed.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Tea pots were the invention of either the Indians or the Chinese, and are of uncertain antiquity. They came to Europe with tea in 1610.



MISS DOROTHEA KLUMPKE.

She is the Foremost Woman Astronomer in the World.

Miss Dorothea Klumpke, an American woman, after years of struggle and study has achieved the proud title of the greatest woman astronomer in the world. Twenty-one years ago Dorothea Klumpke, left San Francisco, where she was born, to go to Paris to study music. Her dreams of becoming a prima donna faded into a mist as her



MISS DOROTHEA KLUMPKE.

studies of technique left her worried and discouraged. Inspired by a view of the grim old observatory which she saw daily from her window, where it had stood since the days of Louis XIV., she determined to study astronomy and enter that building, where no woman had ever been employed. This wild dream dominated her life and absorbed all her energies.

She devoted herself to higher mathematics and was the first woman to gain the degree of doctor of mathematics at the Paris Academy of Sciences. She studied optics, physics, chemistry, the use of the telescope, stellar photography and other essentials. She mastered them all and fought her way bravely through a maze of prejudice and opposition.

When she tried for the degree of doctor of science, the French professors, fearing the innovation of a woman scientist, made her examination as difficult as their ingenuity could suggest. For two hours this delicate, fair-haired, blue-eyed, gentle, feminine woman stood at the blackboard—and triumphed.

In 1887 she won a place in the observatory in open competition with fifty Frenchmen, and with five associates, all women, she has for the last seven years been working on a photographic map of the heavens.—Ledger Monthly.

What She Needed.

"I don't know what to do about my daughter Lucy," said a perplexed mother who had come to an outspoken but kindly old physician for advice. "She seems so listless and does not seem to have any interest in life and she's so irritable at times. I don't think that she has exercise enough, and I want to know what you think about my sending her to a gymnasium or to dancing school. She's tired of her bicycle, and the lawn tennis season is past. What would you advise?"

"How old is she?" asked the doctor. "Nearly nineteen."

"Can she cook?"

"Oh, no; she knows nothing about cooking."

"Can she sweep?"

"No; my maid does all the sweeping."

"Does she take care of her own room and make her own bed?"

"No; I do that. Her room is next to mine, and I've always attended to that."

"Does she have any part whatever in the household duties?"

"No; I cannot say that she has."

"No duties, no responsibilities, no sense of obligation, no part in the work to be done in every household?"

"Well, no."

"Then, madam," said the doctor frankly, "your daughter has no need of a gymnasium in which to spend her pent-up energies. I don't wonder that she is irritable and unhappy."

"What would you advise?" asked the mother weakly.

"I would advise you to make her feel that she has a part and a place in your home life; that its duties must be borne by all the members of the family in common and that she must do her part toward contributing to the general comfort of the home. A girl of her age with no home duties, no responsibilities, no interest in her home, needs more than a gymnasium or a dancing school to make her helpful and happy."

—Philadelphia Ledger.

Show That Love Exists in the Home.

There is abundant reason for urging upon the home circle, rich or poor, the culture of love, without which no true home culture can exist. How can it

be done? First, be willing to show the love that already exists. It is like a plant with shriveled, drooping leaves. Bring it out into the light; show it; put it in the warmth of the sun.

Is the husband and father silent, gloomy, withdrawn into himself, brooding perhaps over the fact that, no matter how hard he tries, he never can meet the family demands? Show him that you know he is tired; that you love him for his constant effort; that you love him the same even if he may have failed to do all he had hoped. Show him that you are his constant help. You get on with a little for this time, sure that the next time he will succeed.

If you are his daughter, and have acquired the habit of thinking of him chiefly as a man from whom the money comes for the things you need, get out of that relation by planning to do or get something for him. Has your mother been in the habit of reminding him that your birthday was at hand? Find out his birthday and begin to plan for that, a little gift from every child, a song sung for father, a little speech from his little son, a little fun in which you coax him to share—it may mean a new life to him because it means a new sense of how truly you love and believe in him.

When it comes to showing the dear mother how you love her, be sure you get father to help in planning the good time for her.—Mary Lowe Dickinson in Success.

Eleanora Duse's Dramatic Career.

It was in the little town of Vigevano, between Piedmont and Lombardy, that Eleanora Duse, the greatest tragedienne of Italy, was born about forty years ago. Her father and grandfather were actors, and in the hard life of a band of strolling players at county fairs, in the ruins of Roman circuses and in the mean little open air theaters of provincial towns Eleanora made her debut at the age of thirteen. Her life was one of suffering, hardship and privation, and often she went through her part bravely when almost faint from hunger, and it was the school of suffering that developed and gave soul and intensity to her wonderful dramatic powers. Her power is largely due to these trials.—Ledger Monthly.

Protect the Ankles.

Doctors say that unprotected ankles are responsible for many of the illnesses from which women suffer, a very large proportion of which have their origin in what is termed "just an ordinary cold." These ordinary colds would be much less ordinary if only women could be persuaded of the extreme folly of wearing low shoes in cold or wet weather. There is but little risk of taking cold in the most inclement weather during the walks if the feet and ankles be well protected. Either stout boots should be worn, coming well over the ankle, or else gaiters in addition to thick boots.

To Clean Laces.

Cover a bottle with white flannel, carefully baste on the lace to be cleaned and rub with white soap. Place the bottle in a large jar filled with warm suds, let it remain two or three days, changing the water several times, and boil with the finest white clothes on washing day. When the water has become somewhat cool, remove the bottle, rinse several times, wrap a soft, dry towel around it to absorb the moisture, remove the towel and place the bottle in the sun until the lace is thoroughly dry, when it may be unwound.—Housekeeper.

That Little Touch.

The smartly gowned girl knows that it is the touch that makes all the difference between a daub and a painting, between mere clothes and an artistic costume. She has observed that exquisite taste presents itself in details—trifles light and airy; yet sufficiently weighty to turn the scale from failure to success, from inferiority to distinction. Because of this she is always on the alert to discover that little touch which makes the smart girl smart.—Woman's Home Companion.

Don't Be Masculine.

The line between an intellectual woman and a masculine one seems so distinct that it is wonderful how any one ever confounds them; but it is done, and we see every day some girl so far forgetting the charm of womanhood as to imitate the language, manners and as far as possible the dress of men. This is neither wise nor attractive. If she wishes to imitate men, let it be in their best and strongest attributes, and not in their weaknesses.

The Vinegar Cruet.

To remove vinegar stains from the cruet fill nearly full of warm water; then add a teaspoonful of lye and let stand for a couple of days. Rinse thoroughly, and they will be clear and bright. If the water pitcher gets covered with a sort of coating and you cannot wash it off, try cleaning it with a lemon rind. It always works like a charm, removing every particle of the lime.

One of Mrs. Gould's Closets.

At Georgian Court, Lakewood, N. J., Mrs. Gould has a closet almost as large as the average ball bedroom, which is used exclusively for underwear. Its walls on three sides are lined with

shelves on which the daintiest of French lingerie is stowed away between sachets of soft silk the size of the shelves themselves.

Children's Stockings.

To save darning and to increase the wear of children's stockings put a piece of wash leather at the back of their shoes. This will prevent the shoes slipping at the heel and will add to the comfort of the little wearer.

It should be a positive duty in every well-regulated home to come down to breakfast with a cheerful morning face, to find fault with nothing and to talk of pleasant things.

For a lunch fit to be eaten by the most fastidious serve a veal cutlet, scalloped tomatoes, cheese, wafers and tea. It is thoroughly enjoyable.

Wet a cloth in cider vinegar, wrapping cheese in it, to keep moist and prevent molding.

Remember that a few growing plants adorn any room.

Expert Needleworkers.

It is considered that Japanese men are among the best needleworkers in the world, their only equals being the women of Russia.

The First Review.

The first literary review was published in Paris in the latter part of the seventeenth century, in the reign of Louis XIV. It was called the Journal des Savans and was much like the literary reviews of today. The founder of the review was M. de Sallio, a famous French litterateur.

The Sleepy Fisherman.

Drowsy on a river bank:
That is all my wishin'.
Wake me up when evenin' comes:
Life's too short for fishin'.
—Atlanta Constitution.

Without Effort.

"Is he a hard drinker?"
"Indeed no! It's the easiest thing he does."
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

The Fisher.

The tired fisherman now thinks,
As home he slowly winds,
"I have no fish to string, but I
Will surely string my fish."
—Chelsea (Mass.) Gazette.

Slate Mining.

Slate is got out of the ground by means of blasting, holes being bored into it with steam drills. With derricks and hoisting chains, the rough slabs are lifted to the edge of the quarry, and then they are rolled upon trucks to the shanty of the "splitter."

London's Substratum.

It is said that the flint which forms the substratum of London is nothing but petrified sponges. An examination of the fossil sponge, or flint, shows its structure.

Olivelike Shells.

On the Pacific coast are found numerous little shells of sea snails of a species called the "olivella," because of their resemblance to olives, out of which the Indians used to cut disks that were extensively used for coins.

Vienna Coffee.

Vienna coffee is not hard to make. To a strong coffee add some thick sweet cream and then put on ice. When served in whatever sort of glass you may prefer, add some ice cream.

Garlic in Salads.

An easy way to impart a tang of garlic to salads is to put a clove of garlic in a quart bottle of oil and let it remain there for twenty-four hours. In that time the oil will have absorbed a flavor which is quite strong enough for a delicate taste.

Money in North China.

In the interior towns of northern China slips of the bark of the mulberry tree bearing the imperial "chop" and a stamp which denotes their worth have long been used as we use banknotes. Marco Polo found this kind of money there in his time, and they still have an extensive local circulation.

North Sea Codmen.

A North sea codman carries an outfit of lines which extends eight miles in length and has usually fixed upon it the amazing number of 4,680 hooks, every one of which must be baited.

Nut Candy.

Adults as well as children like nut candy. Butter a plate and place in it half a pint of hickory nut kernels, a pint of maple sugar boiled until thick. When hard, pour over the kernels and stir quickly.

Canine Intelligence.

By barking and scratching at him until he awoke a dog in Berlin has saved his master from death by asphyxiation. The man's wife had turned on the gas in the room where he was asleep, with the deliberate intention of causing his death.

Ebony.

Ebony sometimes becomes discolored and whitish. The natural color may be restored by sponging it off once or twice with a strong decoction of nutgalls to which a quantity of iron filings or rust has been added.

MANUAL TRAINING.

Historic System That Has Been Adopted at Various Centres in Canada—Model at Westmount, Que.

Manual training—which consists in the systematic training of the senses, of the hands and eyes and obviously of the mind through them—has theoretically existed for over a century, but it is only in recent years that the practical application of this principle has been made any wise extensively. Only in the past three years has Canada known any of the advantages of this system in actual practice. An incentive to its adoption was given by the royal commission, appointed in 1897, to determine how far and in what form manual and practical instruction should be included in the primary schools in Ireland. That commission held 93 meetings, of which 57 were sittings for the receiving of evidence. The members secured information in all from 186 qualified persons, and visited, besides 119 schools, in most of which they had an opportunity of seeing the system in operation. The report subsequently submitted contained such an unqualified endorsement that Prof. James W. Robertson, of Ottawa, immediately directed his energies towards introducing the system into Canada.

Through the munificence of Sir William O. Macdonald, the first steps were taken. He provided a fund large enough to enable a beginning to be made in one centre in every Province of the Dominion, including the equipment of benches and tools, the necessary improvement of the rooms, the salaries of the instructors, and the expense of maintenance for three years. The fund is also sufficient to permit the teachers, in training at one Normal School, in every Province, to receive instruction by thoroughly qualified instructors. Altogether provision has been made for 6,000 boys and the Normal School teachers for three years. To obtain the best possible results, it has been found necessary to engage a competent staff of teachers from Great Britain, though several assistants have been engaged in Canada. Special courses are provided for Canadian teachers, who show great interest in the work, and many of them will soon become proficient as instructors.

The beginning in the Province of Quebec was made by the establishment of a manual training department in the model school at Westmount, while centres of instruction have also been established in Waterloo, Knowlton and Bedford. Agreements have been made with the school authorities in the other provinces as follows: In Ontario—Ottawa, Brockville and four in Toronto; in Quebec—Westmount, the Model School, Montreal, Waterloo, Knowlton and Bedford; in New Brunswick—Fredericton; in Nova Scotia—Truro; in Prince Edward Island—Charlottetown and Summerside; in N. W. Territories—Regina and Calgary; in British Columbia—Victoria and Vancouver. In this way an object lesson in manual training will be given in each Province for three years, by which time, it is hoped, the necessity for culture of this character will be recognized as imperative. Already good results are observable at Westmount, where 180 pupils are constantly in attendance. Classes for teachers are conducted on Saturday morning.

Manual training is a means of developing mental, more than muscular power; and is not a short cut or a long step towards learning a trade. A child is one and indivisible, although in seeking clearness of explanation we speak of the body, the emotions, the intellect and the will. Sound education implies progress in intelligence, in practical ability, and in desire and capacity to work with others for the good of all. It involves the training of the body and its senses, the training of the intellect, and the training of the moral nature also. Manual training fittingly finds its place in such an education. It is a means in the development of moral as well as mental power. Books are only agencies; and there are others no less suitable. Indeed some of us think that materials, tools, and exercises with them, plants, instruments and exercises with them, are much more useful than books alone can be, particularly during the public school age of children. To cultivate the emotions into an intelligent outgoing towards noble ends, to develop the intellect in its spiritual outreach and grasp of verities, to have these operating in a sound body trained to obey the decisions of the will, itself quickened to sustained efforts by love of the truth and by faith in the Unseen Power which maketh for righteousness: to bring about these—nothing lower, nothing less—is the purpose of worthy education.

Manual and practical instruction (under the name of schools of industry) was advocated a century ago, mainly as a means to fit the children of artisans to earn their own living successfully. These schools were more generally promoted in Germany than elsewhere and were not exceptionally a success. Manual and practical instruction is now recommended as an educational means for developing intellectual and moral qualities of high value in all children, without particular regard to the occupations they are to follow afterwards. It is not technical education, although it gives, during the period of general education, the necessary preparation whereby any one may derive the full measure of

benefit from technical education at a later age.

The Manual Training Room is not a workshop where operations are carried on with a view to the commercial value of the articles turned out. A workshop is a money-making institution, whereas a room for Manual Training, as part of a school, is for the training and developing of the children, without regard to the intrinsic value of the work turned out, or length of time required to make any particular object. The course is really a series of exercises so arranged as to have educational results.

Why the Negro Stands Bent.

The African is better protected against the evil effects of the excessive heat than his white brother in two ways. The texture of his cuticle is exceptionally well adapted to encourage free perspiration, and his natural temperament does not incline him to borrow trouble.

The Japanese Army.

The tallest men in the Japanese army go into the artillery and the most active into the cavalry. The lowest height is 5 feet 2 inches.

Alaskan Homesteads.

Alaska, it is said, can furnish homesteads of 320 acres each to 200,000 families.

Plated Goods.

Plated goods will soon become tarnished when not in constant use. Clean them with a piece of flannel dipped in vinegar and then in plate powder, rub well and afterward polish with a leather, when all marks will be removed.

The Japan Current.

The Japan current is about 500 miles wide off Japan. When it passes San Francisco it has widened to 1,000 miles.

Chocolate as a Food.

An interesting experiment was recently made by a Frenchwoman. With a view to testing the sustaining powers of chocolate, she lived upon that for sixty days and lost but fifteen pounds in weight in the interval.

How to Take Ink Out of Paper.

To take ink spots out of white paper, wash the spot with a camel's hair brush dipped in a solution of oxalic acid. When the ink has disappeared, wash with pure water.

Why a Bulldog Is So Called.

As to the derivation of the word bulldog, it is only necessary to state that at one time this species was exclusively used in bull baiting, and from that circumstance arose the name by which it is universally known. A cross between this and the terrier is appropriately termed the bull terrier.

Glazing Pens.

The glazing of pens, in some varieties considered an important operation, is done with lac dissolved in naphtha.

Immature Fowls.

Never breed from immature fowls, no matter how handsome or perfect in looks. Continued early breeding is taking the very heart and life out of pure bred stock. Only well-matured fowls should be used for breeding.

Life on Islands.

People usually live longer in islands and small peninsulas than on continents. Barbados, Greece, Madeira and the Shetlands are all favorable to long life.

The Solano.

The solano is a hot southeast wind, loaded with fine dust, which blows across Spain. It produces great uneasiness throughout the country. The Spanish have a proverb which says, "Ask no favors during solano."

Slate.

Slate forms naturally in layers, and the "splitter," following the grain, or "ribbon," with a large chisel, separates the blocks into strips of about the proper thickness for roofing slate.

Stilton Cheese.

Stilton cheese acquires its green color from a vegetable growth, while some other kinds are rendered green by the addition of powdered sage leaves.

Acids and Teeth.

All acids are injurious to the teeth. Medicines containing acids should be taken through a glass tube and the mouth rinsed with a little borax and water.

Many Tombs For One Island.

There are said to be more than 3,000 prehistoric buildings in the island of Sardinia. They are almost all in fertile districts and are built in groups which are separated from one another by wide and generally barren spaces. These buildings, it is supposed, were tombs.

Japan Fruits.

Fruits originally cultivated and probably native in Japan include the orange, pear, peach, sour plum, almond, grape, persimmon, loquat, pomegranate, gingko or salisburia and fig.

Our First Launching.

The first vessel launched by the early American colonists was the Blessing of the Bay, launched in Massachusetts bay July 4, 1631.

FIND THE SUNNY SIDE.

Try to Get Out of the Gloom and the Shadows of Life.

Nothing contributes more to the highest success than the formation of the habit of enjoying things. Whatever your calling in life may be, whatever misfortunes or hardships may come to you, make up your mind resolutely that, come what may, you will get the most possible real enjoyment out of every day; that you will increase your capacity for enjoying life by trying to find the sunny side of every experience of the day. Resolutely determine that you will see the humorous side of things. No matter how hard or unyielding your environment may seem to be, there is a sunny side if you can only see it. The mirth provoking faculty, even under trying circumstances, is worth more to a young man or woman starting out in life than a fortune without it. Make up your mind that you will be an optimist; that there shall be nothing of the pessimist about you; that you will carry your own sunshine wherever you go.

There is longevity in the sunny soul that eases our joys and makes our sides shake with laughter.

There is a wonderful medicinal effect in good cheer. Good news and glad tidings have a magic effect even upon invalids.

We often see a whole store or factory or home transformed by one sunny soul. On the other hand, we have seen them blighted and made dark by a gloomy, morose, fault-finding person.

Always Dry.

Life consists in a series of changes of tissue, and the human economy is simply, so far as its material part is concerned, a machine and primarily depends on food as the most important factor in keeping it in working order. When it is said that we commence to die as soon as we are born, it of course means that certain parts of the body immediately begin to perish; their existence is ephemeral; they come and go, are replenished and decay. They are the drying parts of that system of life which may last a little while, but which must eventually yield to the inexorable law of nature. The nails, the hair, etc., are observable as an instance of this decay. The same rule applies to every other organ and tissue of the body, though it is not palpable to the naked eye. The skin is always peeling. The food that is taken in the one hour nourishes the system and effects that which was taken the hour before.

How Birds Migrate.

Many of the smaller and weaker birds, like the flycatchers, vireos, wrens, kinglets and bluebirds, in order to avoid their enemies, the hawks, make their long flights by night, stopping for rest and food in the daytime. The larger and bolder ones, like the hawks and crows, and those of extremely rapid flight, like the swallows and humming birds, migrate fearlessly by day, and there are some, like the Canada geese, which travel just when they choose, by day or night. Migrating birds usually fly at a height of from one to three miles, and this enables them to see the rivers, the mountain ranges and the coast line. By these they direct their course, the old birds remembering the way they came before and the young ones following.

Peculiar Table Customs.

In a book entitled "Domestic Manners of the Middle Ages" we are told that in those days dinner tables were covered by a "nappe," or tablecloth. Upon it were placed a large saltcellar, bread and cups for wine, but no knives or plates. The reason for the absence of the knives arose from the common practice in vogue of people carrying their own knives in a sheath attached to their girdle.

In an early work, written by Lydgate—"Rules for Behavior at Table"—the guests are told to bring no knives unscoured to the table, which can only mean that each one was to keep his own knife—that is, the one he carried with him—clean.

Notifying the God.

One of the odd things the visitor to Burma will notice is the large number of bells about the pagodas. These bells are usually hung on sacred posts a few feet above the ground.

They are sweet toned, as all Burmese bells are, but they are not furnished with tongues. The worshiper who comes to pray before the pagoda strikes one of these bells with a wooden mallet. This is to attract the attention of the god.

Surprising Statements.

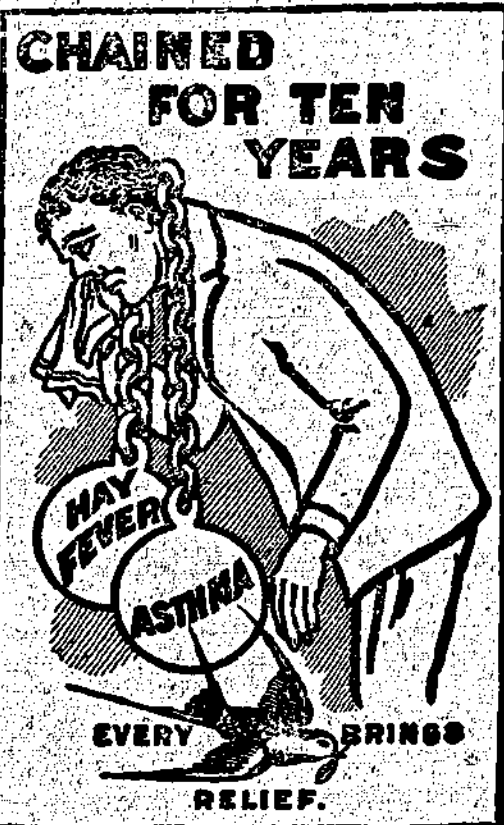
One account of an accident to a royal motor car near Arriccia announces that "fortunately a number of pheasants were working close by, and with their help the motor car was righted." This surprising statement is only the reverse of the traditional printer's error by which "Lord X. was stated to have gone out with a party of fends to shoot peasants."

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Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

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Write Your Name and Address Plainly.



There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. Wells, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and Asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, Asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-sized bottle."

Rev. Dr. Morris Wechsler,

Drs. TART BROS. MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: Your Asthmalene is an excellent remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever, and its composition alleviates all troubles which combine with Asthma. Its success is astonishing and wonderful.

Gentlemen: I write this testimonial from a sense of duty, having tested the wonderful effect of your Asthmalene, for the cure of Asthma. My wife has been afflicted with spasmodic asthma, for the past 12 years. Having exhausted my own skill as well as many others, I consented to see your sign upon your windows on 130th Street, New York. I at once obtained a bottle of Asthmalene. My wife commenced taking it about the first of November. I very soon noticed a radical improvement. After using one bottle, her Asthma has disappeared and she is entirely free from all symptoms. I feel that I can consistently recommend the medicine to all who are afflicted with this distressing disease.

Gentlemen: I was troubled with Asthma for 22 years. I have tried numerous remedies, but they have all failed. I ran across your advertisement and started with a trial bottle. I found relief at once. I have since purchased your full-sized bottle, and I am ever grateful. I have family of four children, and for six years was unable to work. I am now in the best of health and doing business every day. This testimony you can make use of.

TRIAL BOTTLE SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its present session for an Act to incorporate a Company with power to construct, equip, maintain and operate a single or double line of railway, to be operated by steam, electricity or any other mode or power, at and from the City of Victoria in the province of British Columbia; thence North west by the most feasible route to a point at or near Seymour Narrows in the said Province of British Columbia; and with power to construct, establish, maintain and continually operate a railway ferry steamship service for the purpose of transferring for reward passengers and passenger and freight cars from the said point at or near Seymour Narrows in Vancouver's Island to a point on the Mainland of the Province of British Columbia; and with further powers to build, equip, maintain and operate branches of the said railway from any point on the main line thereof to any point in Vancouver Island; and with power to build and operate tramways in connection with the said railway; and with power to build, construct, equip, maintain and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railways and branches; and with power to generate electricity for the supply of light, heat and power, and for all, any and every other purpose mentioned in Sections 80, 81, 82 and 83 of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897," and to do everything necessary or incidental to the carrying out of all or any of the objects referred to in the said sections; and with power to exercise all the powers given to the Company by Parts IV and V of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897," and with power to build, own and maintain saw-mills; and to carry on a general express business, and to build, maintain and operate bridges, roads, ways, ferries, wharves, docks, steamboats, steamships, coal bunkers, and other works; and to make traffic or other arrangements with railway, steamship or steamboat and other companies; and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the Company and to acquire land bonuses, privileges or other aid from any Government or Municipality, or other persons or bodies corporate, and with power to build wagon roads to be used in the construction of such railway and in advance of same, and to levy and collect tolls from all persons using, and on all freight passing over any of such roads built by the Company, whether before or after the construction of the railway, and with power to sell out its undertaking; and with all other usual, necessary or incidental rights, or privileges as may be necessary or conducive to the above objects,

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial, Municipal, and all taxes levied under the Assessment Act, are now due for the year 1901. All the above named taxes collectible within the Comox District are payable at my office, at the Court House, Cumberland. Assessed taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz:—

If paid on or before June 30th, 1901:—
Three-fifths of one per cent. on real property.
Two and one-half per cent. on assessed value of wild land.
One-half of one per cent. on personal property.

Upon such excess of income:—
CLASS A.—On one thousand dollars and not exceeding ten thousand dollars, one per cent. up to five thousand dollars, and two per cent. on the remainder.
CLASS B.—On ten thousand dollars, and not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half per cent. up to ten thousand dollars, and two and one-half per cent. on the remainder.

CLASS C.—On twenty thousand dollars, and not exceeding forty thousand dollars, two and one-half per cent. up to twenty thousand dollars, and three per cent. on the remainder.

CLASS D.—On all others in excess of forty thousand dollars, three per cent. up to forty thousand dollars, and three and one-half per cent. on the remainder.

If paid on or after 1st July, 1901:—
Four-fifths of one per cent. on real property.
Three per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.
Three-quarters of one per cent. on personal property.

On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars, in accordance with the following classifications; upon such excess the rates shall be, namely:—

CLASS A.—On one thousand dollars, and not exceeding ten thousand dollars, one and one-half per cent. up to five thousand dollars, and two and one-half per cent. on the remainder.

CLASS B.—On ten thousand dollars, and not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, two per cent. up to ten thousand dollars, and three per cent. on the remainder.

CLASS C.—On twenty thousand dollars, and not exceeding forty thousand dollars, two and one-half per cent. up to twenty thousand dollars, and three and one-half per cent. on the remainder.

CLASS D.—On all others in excess of forty thousand dollars, three and one-half per cent. up to forty thousand dollars, and four per cent. on the remainder.

Provincial Revenue Tax, \$3 per capita.

JOHN BAIRD,

Assessor and Collector.

Cumberland, B. C., 11th January, 1901.

My 22

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at Moderate Rates

Cold Storage: Air Dry System.

Our facilities for Storing Perishable Articles are now complete. Eggs, Butter, Game, Fowl and Meats of kinds Stored at Reasonable Rates.

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P. O. Drawer 45.

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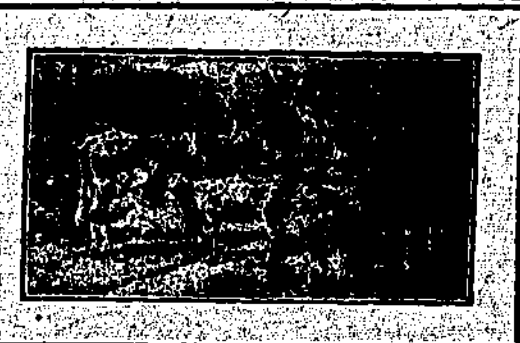
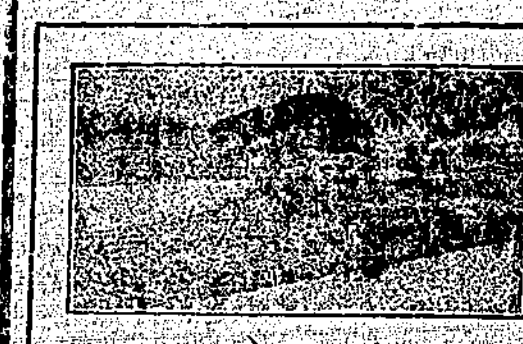
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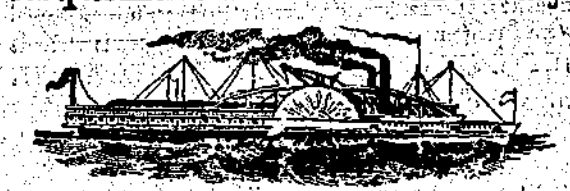
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WRITE FOR PRICE CIRCULARS.



THERE'S MONEY IN IT. SHIP YOUR FURS HIDES DEERSKINS and SENECA TO McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. High Prices. Prompt Returns. WRITE FOR PRICE CIRCULARS.

Nanaimo & Nanaimo, B.C.



Steamship Schedule Effective Tuesday, January 21, 1902

s. s. "City of Nanaimo."

Leaves Victoria Tuesday, 6 a.m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgrave, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis and Gabriola.

Leaves Nanaimo Tuesday, 3 p.m., for Union Wharf and Comox direct.

Leaves Comox and Union Wharf Wednesday, 12 noon, for Nanaimo and way ports.

Leaves Nanaimo Thursday, 7 a.m., for Comox and way ports.

Leaves Comox Friday, 7 a.m., for Nanaimo direct.

Leaves Nanaimo Friday, 2 p.m., for Victoria, calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Ganges, Fulford and North Saanich.

Leaves Victoria Saturday, 7 a.m., for Island Ports, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgrave, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis, Fernwood, Ganges, Fulford and Victoria, when freight or passengers offer.

Special arrangements can be made for steamer to call at other ports than those above mentioned when sufficient business is offered.

The Company reserves the right to change sailing dates and hours of sailing without previous notice.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Black Diamond Nursery

QUARTER WAY Wellington Road

HUTCHERSON & PERRY

20,000 Fruit Trees to choose from. Large Assortment of Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Evergreens. Small Fruits in Great Variety.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. sl2tc P. O. BOX, 190.

SMOKE

KURTZ'S OWN

KURTZ'S PIONEER, or

KURTZ'S SPANISH BLOSSOM

CIGARS

The Best in B. C. and made

by Union Labor in

Kurtz & Co's,

Pioneer Cigar Factory

Vancouver, B.C.

TO THE DEAF.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave \$10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 14517 The Nicholson Institute, 78 Eighth Avenue, New York, U.S.A.

SALE OF LANDS FOR UNPAID TAXES, &c.—Continued.

Name of Person.	Short Description of Land.	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1901.		Total Taxes Unpaid.	Expenses and Costs.	Total Amount due.
		Real Property.	Wild Land.			
Hutton A W.	Section 26 Tp 3 S 160 acres	110 40	110 40	110 40	4 00	114 40
Do.	35	110 40	110 40	110 40	4 00	114 40
Do.	36	110 40	110 40	110 40	4 00	114 40
Elmer H. D. M.	24 and 25 Tp 10 S 160 acres	120 00	120 00	120 00	4 00	124 00
Cameron J. C.	35	12 80	12 80	12 80	4 00	16 80
Varney Henry	35	6 40	6 40	6 40	4 00	10 40
Walker Wm. and Cullen H. A.	17 Tp 35 S 160 acres	128 00	128 00	128 00	4 00	132 00
Eaton R. B. and Cameron O. H. M.	17 Tp 35 S 160 acres	1 60	1 60	1 60	4 00	5 60
Williams O. C.	6 pt Malcolms Island, 125	23 35	23 35	23 35	4 00	27 35
Bucknell R. E.	Pt of sec 9, 20 and 21, Malcolms Id., 153	30 00	30 00	30 00	4 00	34 00
Whidden A. B.	34 and 50	14 40	14 40	14 40	4 00	18 40
Whidden A. B.	17 and 20 Tp 23 S 160 acres	12 80	12 80	12 80	4 00	16 80

SAYWARD DIVISION.

Galletly King & Co.	0 52 517 acres	180 12	180 12	180 12	4 00	184 12
Blackett, St. C. & M. King	54 156	130 50	130 50	130 50	4 00	134 50
Manion M.	54 117	53 40	53 40	53 40	4 00	57 40
Galletly King & Co.	07 395	142 20	142 20	142 20	4 00	146 20
Britt Henry	19 NW 1/4 160 ac's	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Casey Louis	109 220 acres	55 00	55 00	55 00	4 00	59 00
King Albert and Casey L.	123 238	65 35	65 35	65 35	4 00	69 35
Bryant J. and Dickson J. D.	126 140	9 60	9 60	9 60	4 00	13 60
Bowater Cornelius	128 160	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Snowden N. E.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Morello D. estate	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
King M. C.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Jones W. H.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Norman Harry	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Hansen Hans A.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Smith John H.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
W. H. H. D.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Widgren W.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Taylor Wm.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Grant H. and Hill E. B.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Joyce Alfred	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
James W. H.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Blackett J. St. C.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Galarno A. L.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
McKenzie John	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Perlette John	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Hastings	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Paterson Chas.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Walker Robt J.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Doray Albert	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Rae Matthew	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Wilson Ernest	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Hale R. H.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Silva Joseph	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Newcombe Chas. E.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Harding W. G. jun	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Sales John	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Winter C. H. W.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Johnson James	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Healey Richard	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Morane Pete	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Grand Wm.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Ashton George	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Renard Ferdina	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Gordon Walter E.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Netherfield John	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Anderson John E. T.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Rathbone L. J.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Fulton J. A.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Kennedy David	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Mogg John Wm.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Taylor John H.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
McCarthy John	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Crook Charles	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Kelly Phillip	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Berett Peter	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Eden Thos.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Deane Ben.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Ross Lawrence J.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Jones Fred B.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Pope James	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Second Anderson	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00
Hall Pierce W.	182 176	84 00	84 00	84 00	4 00	88 00

HERNANDO ISLAND.

Raine Francis James	Part of Section 1 6 acres	1 20	1 20	1 20	4 00	5 20
Hammersley & Keith	2 252	14 80	14 80	14 80	4 00	18 80
Raine F. J.	2 107	78 00	78 00	78 00	4 00	82 00
Hammersley & Keith	2 80	21 60	21 60	21 60	4 00	25 60
Harris W.	3 172	16 00	16 00	16 00	4 00	20 00
Borison D. D.	3 172	16 00	16 00	16 00	4 00	20 00
Vernon A.	3 172	16 00	16 00	16 00	4 00	20 00
Strange T. W.	4 127	28 00	28 00	28 00	4 00	32 00
Roferty W. J.	5 164	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20
Smalley Wm.	5 80	18 00	18 00	18 00	4 00	22 00
Raine F. J.	5 160	18 00	18 00	18 00	4 00	22 00
Smalley Wm.	6 77	18 00	18 00	18 00	4 00	22 00
Hammersley & Keith	6 80	78 00	78 00	78 00	4 00	82 00
Gibbs Albert Otto	6 159	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Raine F. O.	7 16	7 20	7 20	7 20	4 00	11 20
McAdams Robert	7 16	12 00	12 00	12 00	4 00	16 00
Raine F. O.	8 30	40 80	40 80	40 80	4 00	44 80
Lewis R.	8 34	53 34	53 34	53 34	4 00	57 34

CORTES ISLAND.

Gordon A. M. R.	Pt of Section 1 20 acres	0 01	0 01	0 01	4 00	4 01
McKinlay Wm.	2 135	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Gordon A. M. R.	2 102	30 00	30 00	30 00	4 00	34 00
Shaw Bernard A.	2 133	14 40	14 40	14 40	4 00	18 40
McClintock E. B.	2 112	30 05	30 05	30 05	4 00	34 05
MacKinnon Jno McL.	3 157	18 80	18 80	18 80	4 00	22 80
Halerow Henry	3 148	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
MacKinnon Jno McL.	4 2	0 44	0 44	0 44	4 00	4 44
Manson John	4 116	70 80	70 80	70 80	4 00	74 80
Crispin Jacob	4 112	48 00	48 00	48 00	4 00	52 00
Jurgensen Claus C.	5 153	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
McNeil Andrew	6 158	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Tosy James	6 159	8 20	8 20	8 20	4 00	12 20
Lowe D. B.	6 127	28 00	28 00	28 00	4 00	32 00
Coulter R. B. and Halerow A.	7 210	72 00	72 00	72 00	4 00	76 00
Healy Alexander	15 & 16 158	14 40	14 40	14 40	4 00	18 40
Healy Walter	16 166	9 60	9 60	9 60	4 00	13 60
Healy Horace	8, 16 and 17 160 acres	28 00	28 00	28 00	4 00	32 00
Robson Annie Isabel	21 142 acres	1 45	1 45	1 45	4 00	5 45
Allen Wilford C.	21 46	9 35	9 35	9 35	4 00	13 35
Vaughan Frank P.	23 35	7 20	7 20	7 20	4 00	11 20
Vaughan E. H.	24 60	7 20	7 20	7 20	4 00	11 20
Vaughan E. H.	31 80	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Vroom J. P.	33 160	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Robertson W. H.	34 80	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20
Robertson W. H.	35 81	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20
Neddie Willis Morgan	35 109	36 84	36 84	36 84	4 00	40 84
Yowart Joseph	35 153	4 80	4 80	4 80	4 00	8 80
Tibbets Mark	36 43	12 54	12 54	12 54	4 00	16 54
Drinkwater W. B.	38 & 39 160	16 00	16 00	16 00	4 00	20 00
Ketchum Chas.	45 40	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20

SAYWARD DIVISION.

McDonald D.	Pre-emption No 212 Twin Island 160 acres	78 00	78 00	78 00	4 00	82 00
Thompson Tuper	461 160 acres	40 00	40 00	40 00	4 00	44 00
Cavin Thos.	467	40 00	40 00	40 00	4 00	44 00
Vaughan P.	464	40 00	40 00	40 00	4 00	44 00
Adams James	730	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Malcolm Walter	731	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Murphy John	807	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Curran W. H.	932	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
McCallum Frank	952	36 00	36 00	36 00	4 00	40 00
Corby Henry	1070	24 00	24 00	24 00	4 00	28 00
Kelstrup Chas.	1312	28 00	28 00	28 00	4 00	32 00
Willis Wm. Thurston	1697	24 00	24 00	24 00	4 00	28 00
Schmidt Carls Jos.	1877	23 00	23 00	23 00	4 00	27 00
Stuart John Chas.	1507	10 20	10 20	10 20	4 00	14 20
Manson W. J.	1700	6 40	6 40	6 40	4 00	10 40
Hague Henry	1741	6 40	6 40	6 40	4 00	10 40
Campbell Wallace	Part of Sec 16 Tp 3 S 40 ac's	1 60	1 60	1 60	4 00	5 60
Campbell Wallace	20	0 80	0 80	0 80	4 00	4 80
Walker Wm.	17 & 18	10 00	10 00	10 00	4 00	14 00
Doray Louis	20	32 00	32 00	32 00	4 00	36 00
Ballamuro Isidore	20	9 60	9 60	9 60	4 00	13 60
Proux Alex	20	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20
Campbell Wallace	21	3 20	3 20	3 20	4 00	7 20
McArthur Jas A.	29	14 40	14 40	14 40	4 00	18 40

SALE OF LANDS FOR UNPAID TAXES, etc.—Continued.

Name of Person.	Short Description of Land.	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1901.		Total Taxes Unpaid.	Expenses and Costs.	Total Amount due.
		Real Property.	Wild Land.			
SAYWARD DIVISION—Contd.						
Taylor W. J.	Part of Sec 29 Tp 3 S 150 acres		171 60	171 60	4 00	175 60
Campbell Wallace	35 183	3 20		3 20		7 20
Taylor W. J.	35 183		360 00	360 80		264 80
Gray J. B. and Gordon W.	35 183		43 20	43 20		47 20
Do. and Do.	35 To 4 40	2 40		2 40		6 40
Flowers Rd.	Pre-emption 1785 100	3 20		3 20		7 20
Martin John	Part of Sec 24 Tp 6 S 160	23 00		23 00		32 00
Haggerty James J.	26 160		24 00	24 00		28 00
Merrill Levi	18 Tp 7 S 160	25 00		25 00		32 00
McPherson Norman	19 163	3 20		3 20		7 20
McCallum Chas.	Pre-emption 1641 120	0 60		0 60		13 00

CUMBERLAND, B.C., WEDNESDAY, September 3, 1902.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Tuesday, the 7th day of October, A.D., 1902, at the hour of Ten o'clock, in the forenoon, at the Court House, Cumberland, I shall Sell at Public Auction the Lands in the list hereinafter set out, of the persons in said list hereinafter set out, for the Taxes remaining unpaid by said persons on the thirty-first day of December, A.D., 1901; and for the costs and expenses of said sale:

Name of Person.	Short Description of Land.	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1907.		Total Taxes	Expenses and Costs	Total Amount due
		Real Property	Wild Land.			
Armelft P. A. C.	Bk 5 of lot 194, 14 acres		35 00	35 00	4 00	39 00
Allderson J.	NW 1/4 sec 3, T ⁵ S 88 acres		88 00	88 00		92 00
Brown George	Lot 3 bk 1 Sharp's addition to sec 61	5 34		5 34		9 34
Bushell E. B.	Lots 105 & 205, 350 acres	240 00		240 00		244 00
Brodie Peter	Lot 2 bk 1 of lot 194, 5 acres	12 50		12 50		16 00
Buckle John	Bk 1 of lot 186, 8 acres	20 00		20 00		24 00
Blair H.	Lot 6 bk 4 Sharp's addition to sec 61	3 30		3 30		7 30
Bickle E. W.	Bk 18 of lot 180, 8 acres		20 00	20 00		24 00
Clarke W. H.	Section 31, 160 acres	250 00		250 00		254 00
Cassidy E. W.	S 1-2 of lot 185, 70 acres	3 20		3 20		6 34
Cassidy E. W.	Lot 7 bk 7 Sharp's addition to sec 61	5 34		5 34		9 34
Coulter H.	N 1 2 lot 188, 50 acres	0 40		0 40		10 40
Curtis Geo D.	Part of lot 140, 15 acres	9 00		9 00		13 00
Caher Hugh	Lot 193, 10 acres	48 00		48 00		52 00
Creighton J. W.	Part of lot 110	12 95		12 95		16 00
Chapman J. B.	Lot 7 bk 1 Sharp's addition to sec 61	6 00		6 00		37 63
Cheney Wm	Part of Sharp, ad'n to sec 61, 2 5 Acres	33 88		33 88		13 00
Crawford John	Bk 5 of lot 126, 5 acres		0 00	0 00		62 00
Derbyshire James	Lot 185, 160 acres	48 00		48 00		24 00
Dempster Chas	Bk 16 of lot 182, 8 acres	20 00		20 00		10 00
Dee R.	Lot 72 of lot 110	12 95		12 95		6 40
Dobson D.	Lots 14 and 15 of lot 115, 2 acres	2 50		2 50		13 00
Dixon John D.	S 1/2 of sub lot 20 of lot 186, 4 acres	4 82		4 82		8 82
Dineen Wm	Lot 4 bk 1 of Sharp's addition to sec 61		41 27	41 27		45 27
Fletcher F. V.	Bk 3 of lot 184, 16 1/2 acres	5 68		5 68		9 63
Gilgovey J.	Lot 16 bk 1 of Sharp's addition to sec 61	4 00		4 00		35 23
Ginsley Robert	Lot 18 of lot 115, 4 1/4 acres	5 69		5 69		39 33
Gilmers Robert	House and lot on sec 61	35 83		35 80		39 60
Hawksby Wm	Lot 129, 178 acres	24 54		24 54		28 54
Hooper Chas	W 1/2 of lots 52 and 53 of sec 61	56 90		56 90		60 90
Haworthwaite & Co	Part of lot 194, 28 7 1/2 acres	02 65		02 65		100 50
Heathorn Estate	Section 71, 160	186 50		186 50		24 00
Hague H.	Bk A, ept of lot 70, 15 acres	20 00		20 00		25 00
Hay G.	Bk 5 of lot 130, 8 acres	21 50		21 50		11 50
Hughes Ed	Lot 4 bk 1 of lot 194, 5 acres	7 50		7 50		0 02
Horth Nils	Section 3, bk 6 of Sharp's addition to sec 61	5 02		5 02		8 00
Hoye Thos	Lot 11 bk 3 of lot 87	4 20		4 20		7 20
Higgins John	NE corner of S 1-2 of lot 188, 10 acres	01 50		01 50		95 86
Irwin Thomas	Part of sec 35 and sec 30 Tp 7, 552 acres	187 83		187 83		101 83
King and Casey	Lot 87, 190 acres	174 03		174 03		138 03
Lindberg Estate	Lot 36	7 00		7 00		29 30
Lynch Matthew	Lot 31	25 30	134 08	25 30		11 00
Loehy John	Lot 3 bk 1 of sec 1	7 30		7 30		1 30
Miller Wm	Lot 5 subd 275 of sec 1	7 30		7 30		9 44
Miller John J R	Lot 3 bk 6 of Sharp's addition to sec 61	0 00		0 00		13 00
Miller John J R	" 147, 100 "	57 60		57 60		61 00
Mason L.	" 118, 91 "	118 77		118 77		117 77
Mair J. N. or Geo Byrne	" 235 and 230, 402 acres	108 54		108 54		117 44
Merrifield J Nathan	" 5 and 6 of bk 1 of sec 1	11 82		32 50		15 62
Merrifield J.	" 24 and 25 of lot 110			32 50		36 50
Morrison M.	" 5 bk 2 of lot 194, 5 acres			12 50		16 80
Mauson Andrew	" 103 of lot 110			16 25		20 33
Mackie W. H.	" 8 bk 2 of Sharp's addition to sec 61	5 68		5 08		8 03
Martin Chas	" 1 and 4 bk 4	8 73		8 73		12 72
McKay Alex	SW 1-4 of sec 37 Tp 9, 160 acres	37 33		37 33		41

Name of Person	Short Description of Land	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1901.		Total Taxes Unpaid	Expenses and Costs	Total Amount due
		Real Property	Wild Land.			
NELSON DIVISION.						
Morton W H	Lot 12, 160 acres	25 00		25 00	4 00	29 00
Morton W H	" 13, 160 acres	32 00		32 00	"	36 00
McIntosh P	" 20, 160 acres	6 40		6 40	"	10 40
Williams A D	Part of secs 36 & 31, Tp 10 & 11, 430 acres	95 00		95 00	"	90 00
NEWCASTLE DIVISION						
Grove W H	Lots 6 and 12, 320 acres		309 92	309 92	"	313 92
Kelsa T L	" 27, 172 acres	31 40		34 40	"	33 40
May John	" 22, 160 acres	50 16		50 16	"	54 16
Whitman James	" 40, 158 acres		23 70	27 70	"	27 70
DENMAN ISLAND						
McIntosh James	Part of sec 10, 167 acres	125 25		125 25	"	120 25
Pickard Thomas	" 9, 167 acres	180 00		180 00	"	184 00
HORNBY ISLAND						
Bestor Estate	Part of section 11, 167 acres		96 00	96 00	"	100 00
Doney Richard	" 2, 40 acres	7 20		7 20	"	11 20
Ford Wm	" 2, 123 acres	42 40		42 40	"	46 00
Ford Thos	" 12, 85 acres	23 06		23 06	"	27 06
Gilly James	" 10, 26 acres		10 00	10 00	"	20 00
Chambers Julius	" 10, 31 acres		21 00	21 00	"	26 00
Michael O T	" 17 and 10, 97 acres	22 61		18 06	"	22 66
Sutton F J	" 16, 80 acres	18 06		40 00	"	44 00
Smith David N	" 12, 35 acres		900 00	900 00	"	904 00
Taylor W G	" 2, 4 and 5, 600 acres	32 00		32 00	"	36 00
Wilson Walter	" 12 and 13, 153 acres	43 00		43 00	"	62 00
GROUP I—MAINLAND						
Bryce James	Lot 507, 102 acres		101 40	101 40	"	103 40
Capetley H T	" 1474, 203 acres		36 00	36 00	"	40 00
Green Jaines Estate	" 1872, 1876, 1877, 793 acres	101 52		101 52	"	105 52
Hosper E J	" 18 3, 150 acres	24 00		24 00	"	28 00
Hosper Robert	" 1470, 150 acres		36 00	36 00	"	40 00
Herman E B	" 1573, 232 acres		57 03	57 00	"	61 00
Herman E B	" 1574, 320 acres		34 32	34 32	"	38 32
Haasen Albert	" 1064, 143 acres		37 20	37 20	"	41 20
Johnson Asda	" 1033, 153 acres		45 03	45 00	"	49 00
Johnson Asda	" 1521, 151 acres		208 14	208 14	"	212 14
Industrial Power Co of BC	" 45, 2775 acres		32 01	32 01	"	36 04
McLaren J M	" 1475, 181 acres		132 36	132 36	"	136 36
McLaren J M	" 1481, 735 acres		30 00	30 00	"	34 00
McFarlan J A	" 1616, 100 acres		48 00	48 00	"	52 00
Miner Mason and Hsalm	" 797, 100 acres		28 03	28 03	"	32 06
Knobe E H	" 1477, 360 acres	20 43		20 43	"	24 46
Swanson Alfred	" 1030, 167 acres	5 40		5 40	"	9 40
Simpson W	" 1031, 135 acres		48 00	48 00	"	52 00
Seydore G	" 1042, 160 acres		44 76	44 76	"	48 76
Coranzen S	" 1577, 149 acres		23 00	23 00	"	27 00
Coranzen S	" 1040, 167 acres	26 03		23 04	"	27 04
Flanning R	" 1470, 123 acres				"	
RUPERT DIVISION						
Robson Hon J Est	Sec 1, 167 acres		127 20	127 20	"	131 20
Thut Wm	Part of sec 5, 47 acres		14 40	14 40	"	18 40
Robson Hon J Est	" 9, 160 acres		127 20	127 20	"	131 20
Rudge & Hason	" 9, 160 acres	0 00		201 00	"	205 00
Holmeken D J D	" 10, 93 acres	31 00	442 56	442 56	"	446 56
Hy A Tassell James	" 23, 100 acres	14 40	38 83	153 23	"	107 23
Bradford John et al	" 35 to 47, 3162 acres		1570 73	1579 73	"	1583 73
Woolliatt P G	" 68, 97 acres	24 00		24 00	"	28 00
Smith Joseph G	" 69, 130 acres	14 40		14 40	"	18 00
Smith David	" 1, Tp 10, 150 acres	4 30		4 30	"	8 30
Priest E of Maurer Jones & Priest	" 1, 170 acres	112 00		112 00	"	116 00
Cook Stephen	" 8, 180 acres	102 02		102 02	"	106 02
Ingersoll John	Pre-emption 777, 160 acres	98 20		98 20	"	102 20
Mallory W H	" 925 "	30 00		30 00	"	34 00
Fader Elijah J	" 940 "	36 00		36 00	"	40 00
Kennedy George	" 1075 "	30 00		30 00	"	34 00
Huat B H & Wm Brothie	" 1663 "	6 40		6 40	"	10 40
Crackath Chas E	" 1739 8 acres	3 27	94 60	94 60	"	98 60
Placez J H	Part of sec 2, Tp 2, 157 acres		31 00	31 00	"	35 00
Placez J H	" 11, 140 acres		249 00	249 00	"	253 00
Mason H S Est	" 12, 160 acres		335 83	335 83	"	339 83
Hart M est, and Bank of BC	" 10, 630 acres		127 06	127 06	"	131 06
Priest E of Priest & Jones	" 17, 151 acres		121 28	121 28	"	125 28
Leckner E E	" 20, 431 acres		394 67	394 07	"	398 07
Hnou David T	St sec 28, Tp 2, 103 acres		70 00	70 00	"	74 00
Rand C D	Part of sec 13, Tp 3, 320 acres		240 00	240 00	"	244 00
Maclure F S	" 14, "		120 00	120 00	"	124 00
Rand C D	" 15, 640 acres		345 60	345 60	"	349 60
Darin Jordana	" 17, 638 acres		265 20	265 20	"	269 20
Mason H S	" 18, 160 acres		98 40	98 40	"	102 40
King Homer S	" 18, 320 acres		67 20	67 20	"	71 20
Wilson Wm	" 19, 640 acres		134 40	134 40	"	138 40
Wilson Wm	" 34, "		441 60	441 60	"	445 60
Redmond W H	" 14, Tp 4, 320 acres		90 00	90 00	"	100 00
Skinner E M	" 16, 160 acres		1 35	1 35	"	5 35
Clark W R est	" 20, 129 acres		54 00	54 00	"	58 00
Skinner E M	" 21, 150 acres		89 03	89 03	"	93 03
Mitchell J H and E M	" 22 S 1, 23 Tp 4, 960 acres		67 50	67 50	"	71 50
Brown P R and Jenkinson OW	" 23 Tp 4, 320 acres		662 40	662 40	"	666 40
Mason, Holland & Brown	" 33 & 34, 1250 acres		14 00	14 00	"	14 00
Brown and Jenkinson	" 35, 640 acres		289 00	289 00	"	293 00
Kains Tom estate	" 4, Tp 5, 450 acres		512 00	512 00	"	516 00
John B H	" 7, 810 acres		250 00	250 00	"	254 00
Kains Tom estate	" 0, 183 acres		2 40	2 40	"	2 80
John B H	" 18, 265 acres		240 00	240 00	"	244 00
Murhead James	" 1, Tp 6, 640 acres		77 78	77 78	"	81 78
Wilson Chas	" 4, "		120 00	120 00	"	124 00
Wilson Chas	" 9, "		153 00	153 00	"	157 00
Mason H S estate	" 11, "		288 00	288 00	"	292 00
Murhead James	" 12, "		255 00	255 00	"	259 00
Skinner E M	" 13, 62 acres		153 00	153 00	"	157 00
Brynes Geo, est	" 14, 610 acres		274 40	274 40	"	278 40
Brynes Geo, est. and Mount est	" 15, "		240 00	240 00	"	244 00
Mason Holland and Brown	Sec 16, 17, 18, and pt of 19, Tp 6, 2240 acres		896 00	896 00	"	900 00
Gallotely A J C	" 19 pt, 160 acres		28 80	28 80	"	32 80
Mason Holland and Brown	" 20, 480 acres		192 00	192 00	"	196 00
Brynes Geo, estate	" 21, 640 acres		256 00	256 00	"	260 00
Skinner E M	" 22, 460 acres		241 50	241 50	"	245 50
Brynes Geo, estate	" 23, 160 acres		279 30	279 30	"	283 30
Skinner E M	" 24, 84 acres		27 72	27 72	"	31 72
Brynes Geo, estate	" 25, 23 acres		12 91	12 09	"	16 09
Jensen Wm	" 26, 30 acres		15 75	15 75	"	19 75
Gallotely A J C	" 27, 160 acres		34 01	34 01	"	38 01
Walls J P et al	" 28, 160 acres		19 08	19 08	"	23 08
Goodwin Allen	" 30, 149 acres		30 88	30 88	"	34 88
Somerville Wm	" 3, Tp 7, 186 acres		61 23	61 23	"	65 23
McCallum A B estate	" pt 4 and pt 5, 544 acres		179 52	179 52	"	183 52
Gallotely A J C	" pt 8, pt 9, pt 10, 450 acres		161 70	161 70	"	165 70
McCallum A B estate	" 2 pt, Tp 9, 160 acres	9	12 80	12 80	"	16 80
Huson A W	" 3 pt, 160 acres		144 00	144 00	"	148 00
McCallum A B estate	" pt 23 and pt 24, Tp 9, 320 acres		57 03	57 03	"	61 03
McCallum A B estate	" pt 24, 25, 160 acres		72 00	72 00	"	76 00
Huson A W	" pt 25, 160 acres		110 40	110 40	"	114 40
McCallum A B estate	" pt 26, 160 acres		72 00	72 00	"	76 00

CUMBERLAND NEWS, September 3, 1902.

SALE OF LANDS FOR UNPAID TAXES, &c.—Continued.

Name of Person.	Short Description of Land.	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1901.		Total Taxes	Expenses and Costs.	Total Amount due.
		Real Property.	Wild Land.			
Hanson A W	Section 14-25 Tp 9 N 160 acres	110 40		110 40	4 00	114 40
Do	" 35 "	110 40		110 40		110 40
Do	" 36 "	110 40		110 40		110 40
Eberis Hon. D M	24 and 25 Tp 10 1080 acres	12 80		12 80		12 80
Cameron J C	" 35 " 137 acres	6 40		6 40		6 40
Vancey Henry	" 8 Tp 35 1 090 acres	128 00		128 00		128 00
Walker Wm and Cullen H A	" 17 " 56 acres	1 00		1 00		1 00
Eaton R B and Cameron C H M	" 17 " 56 acres	23 35		23 35		23 35
Anderson Chas M	" 6 pt Malcolin Island, 125	30 00		30 00		30 00
Illomson O P	" 34 and 50 " 165	14 40		14 40		14 40
Williams G C	" 17 and 20 Tp 23 160 acres	12 80		12 80		12 80
Buckhall R E						
Whidden A B						

SAYWARD DIVISION.

Galletly King & Co	52 517 acres	180 12	180 12	180 12		180 12
Blackett J S O & M King	54 150 "	130 50	130 50	130 50		130 50
Manson M	54 117 "	53 40	53 40	53 40		53 40
Galletly King & Co	57 395 "	142 20	142 20	142 20		142 20
Britt Henry	10 N V 1 160 acres	30 00	30 00	30 00		30 00
Casey Louis	109 200 acres	50 00	50 00	50 00		50 00
King M and Casey L	120 222 "	55 35	55 35	55 35		55 35
Bryant J and Dickson J D	123 253 "	9 00	9 00	9 00		9 00
Bowyer Cornelius	125 145 "	84 00	84 00	84 00		84 00
Snowden N P	128 170 "	2 13	2 13	2 13		2 13
Morsello D estate	132 170 "	174 02	174 02	174 02		174 02
King M	132 233 "	14 40	14 40	14 40		14 40
Jones W H	133 145 "	14 40	14 40	14 40		14 40
Norman Hans A	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Smith John H	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Wyllie Harley D	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Wildgrub W	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Taylor Wm	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Grant H and Hill E B	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Joyce Alfred	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Jones W R	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Blackett J S O	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Gabruo A L	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Farlane John	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Haskins Geo	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Petersen Chas	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Walker Robt J	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Dorsey Walter	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Roe Matthew	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Wilson Ernest	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Hale P H	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Silva Joseph	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Newhouse Chas E	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Harding W G jun	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Sykes Tom	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Winter C H W	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Johnson James	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Haley Richard	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Moran Pete	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Grand Wm	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Ashton George	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Rundford John	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Gordon Walter E	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Netherfield John	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Anderson John E T	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Rathbone L J	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Fulton J A	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Kennedy David	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Mage J W	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Taylor John H	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
McCarthy John	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Crook Charles	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Kelly Phillip	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Bentch Thos	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Belding W J	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Rose Lawrence J	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Jones Fred B	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Pope James	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Second Anderson	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40
Hall Pierce W	133 135 "	20 40	20 40	20 40		20 40

HERNANDO ISLAND.

Raine Francis James	Part of Section 1 6 acres	1 20	1 20	1 20		1 20
Hammersley & Keith	" 2 232 "	14 80	14 80	14 80		14 80
Raine F J	" 2 80 "	78 00	78 00	78 00		78 00
Hammersley & Keith	" 3 172 "	21 60	21 60	21 60		21 60
Harris W W	" 3 43 "	10 00	10 00	10 00		10 00
Verdon A	" 3 703 "	10 00	10 00	10 00		10 00
Strange T W	" 4 104 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Refinery Wm	" 5 80 "	18 00	18 00	18 00		18 00
Raine F J	" 5 160 "	44 00	44 00	44 00		44 00
Smalley Wm	" 6 77 "	18 00	18 00	18 00		18 00
Hammersley & Keith	" 6 80 "	78 00	78 00	78 00		78 00
Gibbs Albert Otto	" 6 159 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Raine F O	" 7 16 "	7 20	7 20	7 20		7 20
McAdams Robert	" 8 50 "	12 05	12 05	12 05		12 05
Raine F O	" 8 90 "	40 80	40 80	40 80		40 80
Lewis R	" 8 pt 9 194 "	53 34	53 34	53 34		53 34

CORTES ISLAND.

Gordon A M R	Pt of Section 1 20 acres	6 01	6 01	6 01		6 01
McKinlay Wm	" 2 135 "	30 00	30 00	30 00		30 00
Gordon A M R	" 2 133 "	14 40	14 40	14 40		14 40
Shaw Bernard A	" 2 112 "	30 05	30 05	30 05		30 05
McClinton R H	" 3 157 "	18 80	18 80	18 80		18 80
MacKinnon Jno McI	" 3 148 "	30 00	30 00	30 00		30 00
Halcrow Henry	" 4 115 "	0 44	0 44	0 44		0 44
MacKinnon Jno McI	" 4 111 "	76 80	76 80	76 80		76 80
Mason John	" 5 153 "	44 00	44 00	44 00		44 00
Graner Jacob	" 6 163 "	38 00	38 00	38 00		38 00
Jurgensen Claus C	" 6 159 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
McNeil Andrew	" 6 127 "	28 00	28 00	28 00		28 00
Itey James	" 7 313 "	72 00	72 00	72 00		72 00
Love D B	" 15 & 16 155 "	14 40	14 40	14 40		14 40
Conker S R and Halcrow A	" 16 160 "	9 00	9 00	9 00		9 00
Hay Alexander	" 8, 10 and 17 160 acres	28 00	28 00	28 00		28 00
Hay Walter	" 21 142 acres	72 00	72 00	72 00		72 00
Hay Horace	" 21 46 "	1 45	1 45	1 45		1 45
Robson Annie Isabel	" 23 35 "	9 35	9 35	9 35		9 35
Allen Wilford C	" 24 80 "	7 20	7 20	7 20		7 20
Vaughan Frank P	" 31 80 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Vaughan E H	" 34 80 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Vaughan E H	" 35 81 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Vroom J F	" 35 100 "	36 84	36 84	36 84		36 84
Robertson W H	" 35 153 "	4 80	4 80	4 80		4 80
Neudic Willie Morgan	" 36 43 "	12 54	12 54	12 54		12 54
Yowart Joseph	" 38 & 39 160 "	16 00	16 00	16 00		16 00
Tibbette Mark	" 45 40 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Drinkwater W B						
Ketchum Chas						

SAYWARD DIVISION.

McDonald D	Pre-emption No 212 Twin Island 160 acres	78 00	78 00	78 00		78 00
Thompson Tuper	" 461 20 "	40 00	40 00	40 00		40 00
Cavin Thos	" 464 "	40 00	40 00	40 00		40 00
Vaughan F	" 730 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Adams James	" 731 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Malcolm Walter	" 807 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Murphy John	" 802 "	36 00	36 00	36 00		36 00
Onraan W H	" 882 "	24 00	24 00	24 00		24 00
McCallum Frank	" 1179 "	28 00	28 00	28 00		28 00
Corley Henry	" 1312 "	24 00	24 00	24 00		24 00
Kelstrup Chas	" 1597 "	28 00	28 00	28 00		28 00
Willis Wm Thurston	" 1577 "	19 20	19 20	19 20		19 20
Schmidt Carlis Jos	" 1507 "	6 40	6 40	6 40		6 40
Stuart John Chas	" 1709 "	6 40	6 40	6 40		6 40
Mason W J	" 1741 "	1 00	1 00	1 00		1 00
Ilague Henry	Part of Sec 10 Tp 3 40 a/s	0 80	0 80	0 80		0 80
Campbell Wallace	" 17 & 18 " 160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Campbell Wallace	" 20 " 160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00		32 00
Walker Wm	" 20 " 160 "	9 00	9 00	9 00		9 00
Denny Louis	" 20 " 160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Ballamure Isidoro	" 20 " 160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Proux Alex	" 21 " 160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20		3 20
Campbell Wallace	" 20 " 160 "	14 40	14 40	14 40		14 40
McArthur Jas A						

SALE OF LANDS FOR UNPAID TAXES, etc.—Continued.

Name of Person.	Short Description of Land.	Unpaid Taxes at 31st December, 1901.		Total Taxes	Expenses and Costs.	Total Amount due.
		Real Property.	Wild Land.			
Taylor W J	Part of Sec 23 Tp 3 150 acres	171 60		171 60	4 00	175 60
Campbell Wallace	" 30 " 183 "	3 20	360 00	363 20		366 40
Taylor W J	" 30 & 31 " 320 "	43 20	43 20	86 40		86 40
Gray J H and Gordon W	" 31 " 120 "	2 40	2 40	4 80		4 80
Do	" 36 Tp 4 160 "	3 20	3 20	6 40		6 40
Flowers Rd	Pre-emption 1783 160 "	28 00	28 00	56 00		56 00
Ellis G	Part of Sec 24 Tp 6 160 "	24 00	24 00	48 00		48 00
Haggerty James J	" 18 Tp 7 160 "	28 00	28 00	56 00		56 00
Murdick Levi	" 19 " 160 "	3 20	3 20	6 40		6 40
McPherson Norman	Pre-emption 1841 120 "	9 60	9 60	19 20		19 20
McCallum Chas						

SAYWARD DIVISION—CONTD.

Sayward Mill & Timber Co	Lot 4	100 acres	30 00	30 00	30 00	30 00
Russell J A	" 6 "	100 "	144 00	144 00	144 00	144 00
Nathan Henry	" 13 pt	39 "	35 10	35 10	35 10	39 10
Rand C D	" 14 and 15	1020 "	116 10	116 10	116 10	137 75
Leamy & Kyle	" 18 "	2000 "	1540 00	1540 00	1540 00	120 10
Ward W A	" 97 to 102	2000 "	1540 00	1540 00	1540 00	1540 00
Coleman Wm	" 108 "	160 "	36 00	36 00	36 00	18 40
Blackfield M J	" 107 "	185 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	18 40
Blackfield Edward	" 108 "	100 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	31 00
Brady John	" 109 "	126 "	9 60	9 60	9 60	13 00
Gray Wm B	" 111A "	160 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	13 00
McGregor Donald	" 114 "	160 "	30 00	30 00	30 00	40 00
Ellis G	" 116 "	160 "	30 00	30 00	30 00	32 00
Carbutt John F	" 117 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Fulton Martin L	" 118 "	70 "	0 40	0 40	0 40	10 40
Jackson Albert	" 130 "	100 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	8 80
Laundowne Baron G	" 131 "	100 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Kelley Harry	" 132 "	100 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	30 00
McKinnon John	" 140 "	222 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	30 00
Smith W Clifford	" 143 "	230 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	30 00
Smith Eustace	" 144 "	230 "	19 20	19 20	19 20	28 20
McKinnon John Y	" 145 "	101 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	18 20
North N H Christian	" 146 "	133 "	24 00	24 00	24 00	28 00
Gray David S	" 156 pt	160 "	4 40	4 40	4 40	44 00
Ellis Wm	" 156 "	164 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	8 80
Doig Ebenezer	" 158 pt	43 "	10 00	10 00	10 00	20 00
Burghart A S	" 215 "	160 "	30 00	30 00	30 00	40 00
Barke T W	" 216 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	82 00
Kellogg W R	" 221 "	113 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	8 80
Thompson James	" 222 "	611 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Kelly W B	" 274 "	156 "	19 20	19 20	19 20	23 20
H C Expanding Syndicate Ltd	" 283 "	16 1/2 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
McKinnon John Y	Section 23 W 1/2 T 1	1 00	84 00	84 00	84 00	88 00
Quinn Fred	Lot 379	147 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	13 00
Moorman Gustave	" 381 "	108 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	18 00
Jackson Geo H	" 382 "	108 "	4 40	4 40	4 40	8 40
Fielding R	Pre-emption 1670	16 1/2 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	13 00
Cash Martin	Lot 384	71 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	38 00
Gray Robert S	Pre-emption 1228	16 1/2 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Smith Alfred James	Lot 284	129 "	4 80	4 80	4 80	8 80
Quidnas Jos and Ormiston Geo	Pre-emption 1428	32 1/2 "	0 24	19 20	19 20	23 20
Stewart Wm D	" 1580 "	80 "	0 40	0 40	0 40	10 40
McGowan Kenneth	" 1596 "	160 "	0 40	0 40	0 40	10 40
McGowan Wm	" 1607 "	160 "	5 60	5 60	5 60	13 00
Oliver Silas F	" 93 "	160 "	14 00	14 00	14 00	50 00
Swatwell R F	" 360 "	160 "	11 00	11 00	11 00	48 00
Westers A Olaf	" 450 "	160 "	40 00	40 00	40 00	44 00
Davis W L and Hanson J	" 530 "	32 1/2 "	80 00	80 00	80 00	84 00
Walker W L	" 543 "	160 "	40 00	40 00	40 00	44 00
Gray Wm	" 573 "	160 "	40 00	40 00	40 00	44 00
Kamano Carey	" 580 "	160 "	40 00	40 00	40 00	44 00
Gangway G B	" 583 "	160 "	36 00	36 00	36 00	40 00
Russell S J	" 585 "	160 "	36 00	36 00	36 00	40 00
McGowan Wm Geo	" 586 "	160 "	36 00	36 00	36 00	40 00
DeWitt Thos	" 589 "	160 "	36 00	36 00	36 00	40 00
Caldwell Harrison	" 601 "	160 "	30 00	30 00	30 00	36 00
Verehere Anthony	" 610 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
Secord Anderson	" 1162 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
McDonald Daniel	" 1165 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
Cowan Peter	" 1166 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
Spaulding H A	" 1166 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
Abbott Wm	" 1303 "	160 "	32 00	32 00	32 00	36 00
McKenzie John	" 1353 "	80 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	13 00
Brown John	" 1337 "	120 "	23 35	23 35	23 35	27 35
Carey T and Theriault A	" 1353 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Lawton E	" 1361 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Hibst Edward P	" 1363 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Hickinson F R	" 1371 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Hartman J W	" 1372 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Hartman S J	" 1393 "	48 1/2 "	54 00	54 00	54 00	58 00
Bernhardt J, Bailey A J, Miles H	" 1437 "	160 "	9 60	9 60	9 60	13 60
Newman Geo Arthur	" 1440 "	160 "	24 00	24 00	24 00	28 00
McCormack Hiram	" 1421 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Blythe Wm E	" 1422 "	160 "	28 00	28 00	28 00	32 00
Hickinson Mrs E M	" 1438 "	160 "	10 00	10 00	10 00	20 00
Hickinson Fred W	" 1524 "	160 "	12 80	12 80	12 80	16 80
Cumner M D and Warren Geo	" 1526 "	160 "	12 80	12 80	12 80	16 80
Crosby John	" 1529 "	80 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Whalen W	" 1530 "	160 "	12 80	12 80	12 80	16 80
Johnson A E	" 1559 "	160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Reverber Wm	" 1575 "	80 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Mallard Wm H	" 1575 "	80 "	9 60	9 60	9 60	13 60
McLeod Jas T	" 1616 "	160 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Greenlaw Isaac	" 1622 "	80 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Sargent G W	" 1634 lot 378 "	80 "	9 60	9 60	9 60	13 60
Kelly Edward	" 1638 "	160 "	0 00	0 00	0 00	5 00
Baker Fred	" 1657 lot 377 "	80 "	1 00	1 00	1 00	5 00
Morrison John	" 620 "	160 "	4 00	4 00	4 00	44 00
Dobie Simon W	" 1171 "	80 "	10 00	10 00	10 00	20 00
Nichol John J	" 1806 "	80 "	1 00	1 00	1 00	5 00
O Neil Edward	" 1084 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
McDonald James	" 1085 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Stevens Harry	" 1688 lot 378 "	71 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
O Neil John	" 1691 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Lavery John	" 1695 "	80 "	3 20	3 20	3 20	7 20
Martin N man	" 1743 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
McLuskey Wm	" 1712 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Kelly Wm A	" 1738 "	160 "	6 40	6 40	6 40	10 40
Edgison John	" 146 "	160 "	78 00	78 00	78 00	82 00

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS
Issued Every Wednesday.
W. B. ANDERSON, EDITOR
The columns of THE NEWS are open to all who wish to express therein views on matters of public interest.
While we do not hold ourselves responsible for the utterances of correspondents, we reserve the right of declining to insert communications unnecessarily personal.
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 3, 1902.
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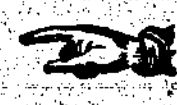
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9:25	Goldstream	4:50	
10:00	Koenigs	5:24	
10:45	Duncan	6:1	
	P.M.		
12:11	Nanaimo	7:31	
12:3	Wellington	Ar 7:55	

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BOWSER'S NEW TITLE

HE IS DUBBED COLONEL BY A COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL GUARDSMEN.

Is Quite Proud Until His Neighbor Brown Tells the Correct Meaning of an Inscription on a Sword Presented to Him.

[Copyright, 1901, by C. B. Lewis.]

There was a martial tread on the walk in front of the Bowser mansion the other evening, a gallant charge upon the steps, and Mr. Bowser unlocked and threw open the front door to exhibit himself with a sword buckled around his waist. As Mrs. Bowser received him with astonishment he paraded up and down the hall and let



HE BROUGHT HIS SWORD DOWN AND LUNGED AT THE CAT.

the tip of his war weapon go clank, clank, clank! It was still clanking when she innocently asked:

"You are not going to use that to split kindlings with this winter, are you?"

"If you don't know the difference between a sword and an ax, you'd better learn," he replied as he came to a halt.

"But it's so funny for you to lug home an old rusty sword. Is it to jab cats with?"

He gave her a look of mingled pity and disdain as he unbuckled the sword and hung it on the hall tree, and no more was said about the matter until after dinner. Then his military bearing became so noticeable that even the cat remarked it, and Mrs. Bowser could no longer restrain her curiosity.

"You must have got that sword for something," she queried as he brought his heels together and straightened up. He passed down the hall and buckled it on and drew the blade from its sheath and returned to "salute" with it and reply:

"Yes, I got it for something. When people speak of me to you, by what name do they call me?"

"Why, Mr. Bowser, of course."

"And how would you like to hear them call me Colonel Bowser?"

"But you are not a colonel, are you?"

"Not yet, not just this minute, but who knows what may happen? Nothing had about the title of Colonel Bowser, eh? And how would an envelope look addressed to Mrs. Colonel Bowser?"

"You—you must be going to join a military company?" she stammered, while the cat walked about as if on drill.

"That is the programme, madam," replied Mr. Bowser as he "saluted" again. "I have been thinking the matter over for some time and have come to the conclusion that it is my duty to serve my country."

"But you are too fat."

"What? What's that? How am I too fat? What do you mean by any such remark?"

"I mean you are rather short and fleshy and baldheaded," explained Mrs. Bowser in a very humble way.

"Oh! I am, eh? And you are the one to twit me about it? Well, it so happens that our military system takes in the short and fat and baldheaded as well as the tall and lean and knock-kneed. I thank you, however, and will remember the insult."

"You know I didn't mean it that way. It simply struck me as curious that after all these years you should want to play at soldiering."

"After all these years!" he shouted as he tripped over the scabbard and fell against the wall. "Woman, am I a thousand years old that you talk about all these years? And who said I was to play at soldiering? Am I a puppet or a man? Do I go into this thing to show off a uniform or to use this good blade to cut down the enemies of my country?"

And he brought his sword down and lunged at the cat in a way that bumped her back up and sent her under the piano on the double quick.

"I see an inscription on the blade. What is it?" asked Mrs. Bowser as he went parading around.

"Ah! You are interested, are you? Yes, there is an inscription. It is in Latin, 'Ne cede malis ne exeat nemo repute.' In plain English it means, 'When you have found a hero, give him this sword.'"

"And how did you come by it?"

"A committee of the national guard waited on me at the office this afternoon and handed it to me. They want me to be colonel of the regiment, and I have promised to take the place. I shall order my uniform tomorrow, and

when you see how soldierly I look I hope you will be proud of me. You can hardly understand the full significance of the honor at the first go off."

"And this committee—did you invite them out to drink?" she asked.

"Certainly."

"And they drank at your expense four or five times, didn't they?"

"Perhaps they did. But what of it?"

"Nothing, except that it looks to me as if they were after drinks."

"Woman, haven't you got the sense of a chickadee?" stormed Mr. Bowser. "Do you think everybody takes me for a fool? I suppose if the butcher came here this evening and asked me to buy a pair of ducks you'd try to make out that he took me for an idiot."

"But you have never been a soldier," she persisted, "and why should they make you colonel over all the others?"

"Why should they? For fifty different reasons, none of which need be stated to a blockhead of a wife. Madam, you will oblige me very much if you will retire to your own room. I rather expect another call from the committee."

"And more drinks!" she observed as she rose up to go.

Mr. Bowser glared at her as long as she was in sight and then glared at the cat until the feline crept under the lounge, and he was about to do a little sword exercise when the doorbell rang. He thought it was the committee, but it wasn't. It was his neighbor Brown, and as soon as Brown saw the sword he asked:

"What on earth are you doing with that old toad sticker?"

"Oh, it was presented to me today," modestly replied Mr. Bowser. "Perhaps you can read that Latin inscription."

Brown received the blade and worked away at the Latin for a moment and then translated. "He is the prize ass who wears this sword."

"What do you mean, sir?" demanded Colonel Bowser.

"That's what the inscription reads."

"I deny it."

"But it's so, Bowser. They've put on another job on you. I came in to have a game of checkers, but as you are out of sorts I'll wait till another evening. It's queer how often you get it in the neck."

"You are a liar!"

But Brown laughed good naturedly and took his leave, and a minute later Mrs. Bowser heard something. It was Mr. Bowser walloping that sword over the back of a chair and shivering the blade to pieces and then raising the window and throwing the pieces into the back yard. She called down to ask if he had stabbed himself in the leg, but he refused to answer. He was holding on to himself for fear he'd wreck the whole house. M. QUAD.

But he didn't.

"Gentlemen," said the man on crutches as he got into the street car with great difficulty and sat down with a sigh. "It may be that some of you went to the country for a vacation last summer?"

"I did," answered three different men in chorus.

"Perhaps you saw a bull in a field?"

"We did."

"And you wondered if he was alive?"

"We knew he was."

"Yes, but I didn't. I got over the fence to see. It turned out that he was, and the result is before you—two months gone by, and I shall have to use these crutches for at least another. Gentlemen, take no chances. He is always alive and loaded and ready."

Probably Not.

"Have you seen Jessie's latest photograph?"

"No."

"I wonder if it is a good likeness?"

"No, I'm sure it is not."

"Why?"

"Because she is immensely pleased with it."—Chicago Post.

An Awful Jolt.

"That's a swell stud you are wearing, Smith. I wish my friend Jones could get a glimpse of it."

"Is he a diamond expert?"

"No, he travels for a glass factory."

Died in Peace.

"And he died in peace with all the world."

"Yes. He even forgave the doctor who attended him."—Baltimore World.

A Week of Suicides.

During a recent week there were no fewer than twenty-seven suicides committed in Madrid. Love and financial troubles claim most of the victims.

A Very Old Stone.

The seat of the coronation chair of England is made of a monster slab of sandstone. Brewer's "Dictionary of Phrase and Fable" says, "It was brought from Scone by Edward I. and is said to be the stone upon which Jacob rested his head the night of his famous vision."

Sakhalin Forests.

The island of Sakhalin, the great penal colony of Russia, has splendid forests of fir and pine.

Paraffin.

Paraffin is a pure hydrocarbon, containing nothing else than carbon and hydrogen, being precisely the same ingredients as in ordinary coal gas, though in another form.

"NECK OR NOTHING"

The Story of a Reckless Man.

By JESSE POPE

They had christened him Sidney, and even his godmother found it inadequate. He was "Neck or Nothing" to his friends, "that blundering fool" to his critics. He had no enemies. In conversation he was as keen a sportsman as Drayton West, who led the country in execution he hardly kept pace with the rank and file, whose order he spoiled every time by his uncontrollable energy. He would start for a round of golf full of joy and promise and return within an hour to the clubhouse with bits of clubs sticking out of his pockets and a badly ricked back. They say that after one of his rounds they had to practically remake the links, and there's an old story of a ferocious swing of his when he missed the ball, twirled round like a teetotum and sat on the tee. At billiards he would dig holes in the table, send his ball through the window, and then complain of the light, while on the football field it was a case of save himself who can, for he was like a roaring bull let loose.

Those were exciting times, too, when he made up his mind to ride a bicycle and deputized Willy and a stable boy to support him. Willy was his smooth-faced younger brother, frail in health and slight in build. His courage, however, was indomitable, and he needed it, for the learner's struggles were simply superhuman. One would have hardly thought it possible for a mere man to twist metal tubes into such weird shapes, and when he made up his mind to fall off no power on earth could stop him. He always fell on Willy, who would go under like a sapling before the avalanche, merely ejaculating "Oh!" as the breath was crushed out of his frail body. Willy never murmured, but it became evident that he was sinking under the strain, and the pastime was abandoned.

When "Neck or Nothing" went to Monte Carlo no one was surprised that he lost all his money the first night. He took it very much to heart, refused to send for a remittance or borrow from his friends, tramped back across France and arrived home one daybreak in magnificent health and tatters. He brooded constantly over his losses—though no one else did—and spent one sleepless night trying to hit on some means of curtailing his expenses. Next day he left off collars, for collars, he argued, were an item of expense that was never paid for and he stuck to his point. There are not many men who can relinquish collars and still stand as well with the fair sex, but it is a fact that, after the first shock, "Neck or Nothing's" lady friends liked him better than ever. They called him Achilles II. and wrote some verses on the subject. Of course the reduction of his washing bill hadn't really anything to do with it, but to prove to the world the success of his experiment, he shortly afterward invested in a big racing motor car and went to the builders to bring it home himself. What happened on that journey no man knows. The route was original, anyhow, for we kept getting telegrams from all sorts of unexpected places. The start was propitious for "Going strong," "Absolutely the very best," "Faster and faster" were the first messages we received. Then, after a silence lasting a day and a half came a pitiful wire, "Send help!" followed in a couple of hours by another, "Send more help!"

A relief party started in hot haste, only to return apprehensive and crestfallen. The career had been easy to follow to a certain point, then the clever suddenly vanished. In many small towns "That ere motor car" formed the topic of street corner conversation. At one place it had been a resolute stand which had led to some friction between its goaded driver and a disrespectful rustic in a hay cart. The scene ended in a novel manner, for while our friend was taking frenzied headers into the complicated machinery and hurling menaces at the same time he received an electric shock of such violence that his opponent was bound in common humanity to jump down from his cart and help straighten him out.

At the next town the relief party became aware of such a sour and thwarted expression on the faces of the constables, such a nervousness about the horses and such a scarcity of dogs that they wisely refrained from further inquiry. However, after half a week's suspense, came the final telegram, "Arrive at 4 o'clock sharp," and at that hour quite a gathering turned out to welcome the wanderer. But the white highroad stretched before us long and bare, with nothing to relieve the monotony but an old road mender steering a noisy truck on his ancient tricycle. So much for "Neck or Nothing's" vaunted punctuality, and we still gazed at the point where the road disappears over the hill when the creaking stopped, the road mender dismounted, and there—wan, grim, wear and disheveled—stood "Neck or Nothing" himself. Some seized him by the hand, some, they say, felt upon his neck, but all with one voice exclaimed: "But where's the motor car?"

"Neck or Nothing" glanced at the rusty structure at his side.

"I'm sorry to disappoint you," he said, "but I swapped it with an old road mender for this. The poor old chap seemed willing. Heaven knows I was."

His voice sounded far away and unfamiliar, his face was refined by suffering, but he wore the grateful air of a man freed from a haunting care.

Shortly after this there happened to "Neck or Nothing" what happens to all—a trifling event to some, to him a catastrophe. He fell in love. It was just about this time that Flora first appeared upon the scene, and it was always poor Flora's fate to be a disturbing element. Life would have been so much more peaceful and so much less interesting without her. Her face was like a picture, her blue eyes melting and sympathetic and her voice so caressing that everybody's heart went out to her at once.

At first all went well, the girls took it

in turn to sit next to her and hold her hand; the men stood by and looked on. Gradually, however, this order of things became reversed, and then, of course, local politics grew complicated. It really wasn't Flora's fault—at least, she told us it wasn't. She always felt the need of affection, and if people did love her how could she prevent them from telling her so? It was not very long, as may be imagined, before her attention was turned to our hero. She was very gentle with him and took him so seriously that he took her seriously too. And one night at a dance, when he had torn her train and broken her fan, he was just going to tell her all his worries when Drayton West came up and claimed the next dance. Drayton West was well bred and good looking and left poor "Neck or Nothing" as fairly routed on the field as he was on the parquet. For the rest of the evening he sat alone in a corner of the gallery, looking down at the dancers—he never took his eyes off Flora, and I think she was quite aware of the fact. "Neck or Nothing" did not go to bed that night. He tramped twenty miles through brake and briar, and when next morning he presented himself before his enchantress he was wild eyed and determined. The interview was short and stormy.

"Will you marry me? Yes or no?" was the thunderbolt he launched at her graceful head. Flora sank down on the settee with a contented sigh, and in her tender hearted way, tried to temporize. But he would have none of it. He refused to come here and sit down, he refused to have a nice comfortable talk, he refused to be a good, sensible boy. "Yes or no," and "Yes or no" only, was the refrain. Of course this did not suit Flora at all. She didn't want to marry him, but she did want to be nice to him, but at length, finding him monotonously obdurate, she admitted regretfully enough:

"Well, if you will, of course it's no."

"Neck or Nothing" laughed loudly and rudely.

"Of course it is!" he cried and walked out of the room and out of the house, and to Flora's evident disappointment, he never came back.

For three whole months he detached himself from frivolous society, and if his friends missed him so did his tailor, for when first stricken, the need of Flora and new suits had been simultaneous symptoms. It was calculated that when the fever was at its height he changed his attire every twenty-five minutes, and what attentions he could spare from his divinity were bestowed on color schemes in socks and ties. But the answer was no, and our hero went home to find consolation in a pipe, an old jacket and boots that were big enough.

One day in autumn we all rode to Kenyethorpe. Flora was anything but an intrepid horsewoman, but she looked very beautiful in her habit, and Drayton West rode by her side. It was surely the finger of fate that drew "Neck or Nothing" to Kenyethorpe that day, for as we cantered down the High street we saw him riding toward us. "Neck or Nothing" rides that sort of a horse you can hit with a stump, and it doesn't mind. He called it a Welsh pony, and people said it was hollow, for its sides reverberated like a drum as he clattered along the road and belabored them. At the sound of his approach our horses laid back their ears and began to fidget, and there seemed some possibility of a stampede, when all of a sudden a fresh incident occurred which engaged everybody's attention. We happened to be on the bridge which crosses the sluggish little river Keny when there rose a sudden clamor, and we saw a child struggling in the water.

Flora went very white.

"Oh, do save it!" she cried.

Drayton West dismounted immediately and as he did so he glanced at his late rival and could scarcely repress a laugh, for, quick as thought, "Neck or Nothing" had dashed from his horse and leaped upon the parapet of the bridge. The next instant we saw him throw his arms above his head and dive elaborately into a couple of feet of water and half a foot of mud. Scared before, the child screamed with redoubled vigor at this fresh calamity, and Drayton West ran down the bank at the side of the bridge and drew her into safety with the handle of his hunting crop. When "Neck or Nothing" had got some of the mud out of his eyes and found, after a great deal of floundering, that he was standing in about two feet of water, he discovered that the rescue had been gracefully accomplished and the assembled company was incapable with laughter. But there were two exceptions—the wet child still shrank from him in terror, and I noticed that Flora's blue eyes were full of tears. "Neck or Nothing" saw them, too, and he at least had no doubt as to the emotion which brought them there.

Alas for the schemes of mice and men, that ride to Kenyethorpe hardly turned out as Drayton West had intended. We waited while "Neck or Nothing" got a change, and, on the return journey, Flora's horse had rather more of the Welsh pony's company than it cared about.

"Flora," said I the next day, "Neck or Nothing" seemed to find a great deal to say to you last night."

Flora smiled a little ruefully.

"Yes," she said with a sigh, "I expect I shall have to marry him."

And she did.—King.

An Outraged Doctor.

An elderly lady, who was very wealthy and who had an inflated idea of her own importance, owned a pet monkey, which suddenly became quite ill. The lady, whom we shall call Mrs. Portly Pompous, had the assurance to send for one of the most prominent physicians to attend the ailing simian.

When the doctor was introduced to his patient, he was very much enraged, but he did not betray it. He examined the sick monkey's pulse and asked the usual questions. In the corner of the room was a little boy, a grandson of Mrs. Portly Pompous. The doctor approached the boy, examined his pulse, and then said solemnly to the lady:

"Madam, your two little grandchildren are suffering from indigestion. Give them light food, with plenty of exercise, and they will soon come around all right."

After the doctor had said this he bowed himself out, with a feeling that he had in a measure vindicated his professional dignity. The bill which he sent in was so heavy that Mrs. Portly Pompous, who is somewhat stingy, almost had a fit over it.—Irish Times.

An Irish "Bull."

In the way of a thoroughgoing "bull" the following is very hard to beat. A certain club in the west of Ireland had among its members a certain discontented minority who were continually finding fault with the arrangements made by the committee. One of the malcontents, on one occasion, after calling at the club-room, left the following angry note on the board for the perusal of the committee: "Gentlemen, the hot water in the lavatory is perfectly cold; there is no cold water, as the tap is turned off at the main; there are no tips on any of the billiard cues, except one that is broken and of no use; the daily newspapers are constantly being mislaid, and the light is so bad that we can't read them."—London Standard.

Great Expectations.

"George has an automobile in view."

"Who, George? He couldn't buy the tire for one wheel."

"It belongs to the girl he would like to marry."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Defined by an Authority.

"Why do they call them Brooklynites?"

"Because that is the only time they are in Brooklyn."

As They See Themselves.

There never was a looking glass in country or in city. That ever could convince a lady. That she was ugly but pretty. —Philadelphia Press.

When We Notice Them.

"Yes," said the philosophical person, "wealth brings its disappointments."

"After we lose it," puts in the materialistic man.—Judge.

Proving Death.

A means of distinguishing death from cataplexy has been devised by Dr. Leonard of Marseilles, and submitted to the Academie des Sciences. He injects fluorescin, a strong coloring matter that is not poisonous, into the veins. A gram of fluorescin solution will color 45,000 liters of water. If there is any circulation, the body will turn grass green in two minutes, but the color passes away in a couple of hours without doing any harm.

All the Year Round.

There is no good reason why eggs should not be produced the whole year around, and why broilers could not be sold as well in the fall as in the spring. Spread the business over a great deal of the year and make a demand for poultry products by supplying them in an inviting manner. This is one way the business can be carried on all the year round.—Michigan Farmer.

Electric Speed.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic to the other.

Russian Photographers.

The Russian photographers have a strange way of punishing those who, having received their photo, do not pay their bills. They bang the pictures of the delinquents upside down at the entrance to their studios.

Bicycles in China.

The social laws of China act as a barrier to the native women riding bicycles. Japanese women think it would be unladylike to use the wheel.

London's Lake of Tea.

It has been calculated that something like 1,250,000,000 pints of tea are imbibed yearly by Londoners and that the teapot necessary to contain this amount, if properly shaped, would comfortably take in the whole of St. Paul's cathedral.

Watch Beats.

A watch that makes five beats a second makes 432,000 a day or nearly 158,000,000 in a year.

Stamped Envelopes.

The first stamped envelopes were issued in 1853 of the two denominations of 3 and 6 cents, and it was not until two years later that the ten cent envelope was added.

Salad Plants.

Salad plants comprise a group which may be arranged under the head of acetarous plants. Some have long been known as common vegetables and cooked and served as such, while others have been regarded simply as weeds by most native Americans.

For a Shampoo Mixture.

Make a froth of good toilet soap, and when lukewarm add to it the beaten yolk of an egg and a dessertspoonful of spirits of rosemary.

Cleaning Paint.

Paint should never be scrubbed, but wiped with a soft woolen cloth dipped in warm water. A slight touch of sand soap may be used on a stubborn stain. Dry with a piece of flannel cloth after a good rinsing.

Dresses of Gold.

The costliest dresses in the world are worn by the women of Sumatra. They are made of pure gold and silver. After the metal is mined and smelted it is formed into fine wire, which is woven into cloth and afterward made into dresses.

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

CUMBERLAND, B. C.

ARTIFICIAL EYELIDS

The latest surgical triumph is the grafting of a new set of upper and lower eyelids to the eyes of a man who lost his original set in a fire. The accident had left both eyeballs entirely unprotected, and there was danger of the victim losing his sight entirely. It was resolved to replace them by grafting four new eyelids if possible, by taking the skin from the hip of the patient. It was necessary to proceed slowly, but the experiment was successful from the start. The four new eyelids perform their normal functions naturally.

Ill-fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn Cure is the article to use. Get a bottle at once and cure your corns.

A Seunthorpe trade union has, at a cost of £7,000, erected twenty-five houses for its members. Each house has seven rooms, with bathroom, hot and cold water, service, etc. They are let on terms of easy repayment so that the occupiers will have acquired their homes in fifteen years.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed for ever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for Circulars free.

Address: J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are districts of London so overrun with foreigners that they practically have the place to themselves. The Bishop of London mentioned the other day, at a meeting in Westminster, that in many streets of the East End shopkeepers displayed in their windows "English spoken here," as if London were a foreign town.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs:—While in the country last summer, I was badly bitten by mosquitoes—so badly that I thought I would be disfigured for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your Liniment to allay the irritation, and I did so. The effect was more than I expected—a few applications completely curing the irritation, preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes.

Yours truly,

W. A. OKE.

Harbor Grace, Nfld., Jan. 8, 1898.

The recent inclement weather has destroyed "Dick Turpin's Stable," a dilapidated erection at the rear of a hotel near Bagshot, Surrey. In this stable, it is said, the famous highwayman used to house his "Bonnie Black Bess."

Minard's Liniment is best Hair Restorer.

I can safely say that no man ever attempted to bribe me, gentlemen. Voice in the Crowd—Don't be downhearted, old chap, your luck may change.—Tit Bits.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

Do we travel on time on this road? asked the seedy individual at the railway.

Sure, replied the ticket-seller. Well, gimme a ticket to Montreal to be paid for in thirty days.

Scientism.—This is unhappy an age of scepticism, but there is one point upon which persons acquainted with the subject agree, namely, that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a medicine that can be relied upon to cure a cough, move pain, heal sores of various kinds, and benefit any inflamed portion of the body to which it is applied.

Doolan (to the village doctor, who is a sportsman, and is not with his gun)—Sure, doctor, you are a careful man, for if yer phisic 'em yer all ways carry yer gun.—Glasgow Evening Times.

So rapidly does lung irritation spread and deepen, that often in a few weeks a simple cough culminates in tubercular consumption. Give heed to a cough, there is always danger in delay. Get a bottle of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, and cure yourself. It is a medicine unsurpassed for all throat and lung troubles. It is compounded from several herbs, each one of which stands at the head of the list as exerting a wonderful influence in curing consumption and all lung diseases.

Pepper castors were used by the Athenians, pepper being a common condiment. They were placed on the table with the salt in England in the sixteenth century.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

Tumblers of nearly the same shape and dimensions as those employed to-day have been found in great numbers in Pompei. They were of gold, silver, glass, agate, marble and other semi-precious stone.

A SURPRISED DOCTOR

SAID A CASE OF ST. VITUS DANCE COULD NOT BE CURED.

Called One Day and Found the Patient Ironing and Learned That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Had Succeeded Where Other Medicines Had Failed.

The sufferer from St. Vitus dance, even in a mild form, is much to be pitied, but when the disease assumes an aggravated form the patient is usually as helpless as an infant, and has to be watched with as much care. St. Vitus dance is a disease of the nerves and must be treated through them, and for this purpose there is no other medicine in the world acts so speedily as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Proof of this statement is found in the cure of Miss Louise Luffman, whose home is at Poucher's Mills, Ont., who was cured by these pills after two doctors had failed to benefit her in the least. The young lady's mother tells the story of her daughter's illness as follows:—"I do not think it possible anyone could be afflicted with a more severe form of St. Vitus dance than that which attacked my daughter, Louise. Her arms and legs would twitch and jerk, her face was drawn and finally her left side became numb as though paralyzed. Two doctors attended her, but their treatment not only did not help her but she grew steadily worse. Her tongue became swollen, her speech thick and indistinct, and she could neither sit still nor stand still. She could not hold anything in her hand and it was necessary to watch her all the time, as we feared that she would injure herself. The last doctor who attended her told me she would never get better, and it was then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After she had taken two boxes we could see an improvement in her condition. Her appetite improved, she could sleep better, and the spasms were less severe. From that on there was a marked improvement in her condition and one day the doctor who has said she could not get better called while passing and found her ironing—something she had not been able to do for months. I told him it was Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that was curing her and he said, 'Well, I am surprised, but continue the pills, they will cure her.' She used in all eight or ten boxes and is now as healthy a girl as you will find anywhere, and she has not since had a symptom of the trouble."

"If you are weak or ailing, if your nerves are tired or laded, or your blood is out of condition, you will be wise to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which are an unfailing cure for all blood and nerve troubles. But be sure you get the genuine, with the full name 'Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People' on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Only two glasses of liquor are served up out of a hundred at the village hotel in Chopwell, on Derwentside, now controlled by the Earl Gray Public-House Trust.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

Come as a Message of Hope to all Tired and Worried Mothers.

In homes where Baby's Own Tablets are used cross and fretful children are unknown. The little ones are cross because they are ailing and these Tablets are the best medicine in the world for stomach, bowel and teething troubles. They will make your baby well and keep it well, and they are guaranteed to contain no ingredients that can harm the smallest, weakest infant. Mothers everywhere give these Tablets the highest praise. Mrs. R. McMaster, Cookstown, Ont., says:—"My baby was much troubled with constipation and indigestion, and was very restless and peevish at nights. I gave her Baby's Own Tablets and she is now regular and rests well. I also find that the Tablets are a great help during the teething period."

Children take these Tablets just as readily as candy and crushed to a powder they can be given to the youngest, feeblest infant with none but good results. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

Combs were found in the earliest known graves.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

A girl of fourteen has made 3,500 consecutive punctual attendances at St. Ann's School, Soho. She has not been once absent or even late since she was five years of age.

MARKETS.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

WHEAT—More activity and strength have been manifested in the speculative wheat markets during the past week than for some time previously. There is a general complaint, however, that the public is not interested in wheat at present, and the market is left more to what is called the professional element, and without a widespread buying on the part of the public it is difficult to arouse enough buying enthusiasm to advance prices materially, so that while markets have been active and strong at times, the close of the week sees prices 1c to 1½c lower than a week ago. It has been a mixed market, sometimes the future deliveries have been the strongest, then again the cash or July delivery would be stronger than the futures, the result on the week is that the spread between the July and the September and December deliveries has narrowed fully 1c.

Manitoba wheat has been rather dull all week, except that there has been a fair demand for spot wheat to fill June contracts. Exporters are doing nothing and will not buy ahead. Through the week spot No. 1 northern has sold up to 74½c, and No. 2 northern, 72½c, in store, Fort William, and yesterday spot or June delivery was sold at 74c, 1 northern, 72½c, No. 2 northern. The best prices obtainable for July delivery, in store, Fort William, are 1 hard, 75½c, 1 northern, 73½c, and 2 northern, 71½c. These are sellers at 1c over these prices.

BUTTER—Creamery—Offerings are larger than they have been, but everything coming is absorbed by the local and shipping demand. Prices are better this week and dealers now quote 17c per pound for choice creamery 10-lb. at factory.

BUTTER—Dairy—Supplies are increasing and more than a fair proportion of the butter offering is of inferior quality. This seems to be inevitable where butter is accumulated from so many sections of country and from so many different people as is the case in Manitoba. The market was bare of second grades and in fact in everything in the shape of dairy butter, when this season opened and it will be a pity if it should be filled up again so soon with unsalable second grade stock. Some of the butter offered this week will hardly fetch 10c per pound. We quote 10c to 13c per pound commission basis according to grade.

EGGS—The market has advanced 1c per doz. this week owing to the good demand for eggs. Dealers are now paying 11c per doz. delivered here.

FLOUR—We quote Winnipeg jobbing prices as follows: Ogilvie's Hungarian, \$2.05 per sack of 98 pounds; Glenora Patent, \$1.90; Alberta, \$1.75; Manitoba, \$1.60; XXX, \$1.25.

MILLFEED—Bran is worth \$15 per ton in bulk, and shorts \$17 per ton in bulk, delivered, subject to usual trade discounts.

GROUND FEED—We quote: Oat chop, per ton, \$28; barley chop, \$24; mixed barley and oats, \$26; chop screenings, \$15.50; oil cake, \$30.

OATS—The demand for oats is light and prices are weaker. We quote: No. 2 white, 40c per bushel for carlots on track here; feed grades, 38c. At country points farmers are getting 31c to 34c for No. 2 white oats. Street oats are not offering.

HAY—The market is very firm as hay is becoming scarce. Prices hold at \$8 to \$9 per ton for fresh baled in carlots on track here.

HIDES—Receipts are light and the market unchanged as follows: No. 1 city hides, 6½c; No. 2's, 5½c; and No. 3's, 4½c. Kips and calf the same price as hides; deskins, 25 to 40c; slunks, 10 to 15c; horse hides, 50c to \$1.00.

WOOL—Receipts of Manitoba wool are light and the market is steady at 6 to 6½c per pound for unwashed fleece delivered here.

TALLOW—Local buyers are paying 5 to 6c per pound for tallow delivered here, according to grade.

SENECA—Receipts are light and market holds firm. Some in the trade here are quoting as high as 37c per pound for clean, bright root, delivered here, with lower prices for inferior grades.

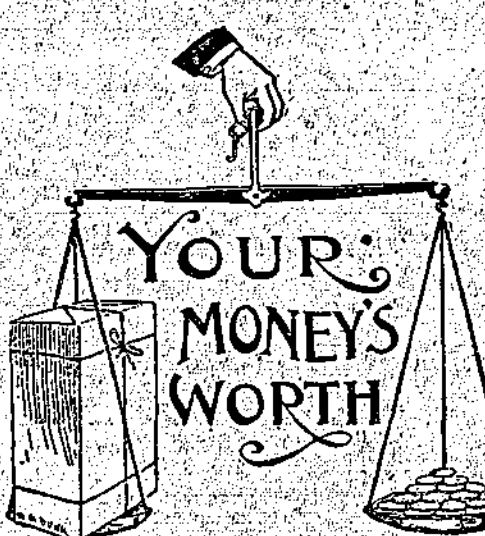
LIVE STOCK.—CATTLE—Fresh grass cattle are still scarce. Good butchers' grades are worth 5½c per pound delivered here and inferior lots 5 to 5½c. Some grass cattle have been sold this week at as low as 4c, their condition not being good.

SHEEP—Sheep are worth from 5 cents to 5½c per pound, off cars, Winnipeg, and lambs about the same.

HOGS—Receipts are moderate and prices unchanged at 6½c for choice hogs, averaging between 150 and 250 pounds, off cars, Winnipeg. Heavy and light weights 1c less.

MILCH COWS—Cows are scarce, and good milkers readily bring \$45 in this market, the range being from \$35 to \$45 each.

HORSES—There is a good demand for horses and dealers find no difficulty in disposing of all they can secure. The market is being largely supplied from Ontario. Prices are high.



In Every Sack

of OGILVIE'S FLOUR there's a hundred cents worth the best bread making material that ever passed the threshold of a mill.

We make it for particular people—those who know good bread and enjoy it while appreciating the fact that it possesses all the nutritive power of the grain.

Include it in your next grocery order, and know how good flour can be made.

BY ROYAL WARRANT
Millers to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales

The People of the West

SHOULD TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE BARGAINS OFFERED EVERY DAY IN

THE GLOBE

TORONTO

The subscription price can be made every week by watching the advertisements of the big stores and other dealers, especially if you take advantage of the

HALF-PRICE OFFER

The regular morning edition will be sent to any point west of North Bay (including the big Saturday illustrated edition) for one year for TWO DOLLARS. Regular price \$4.00 per annum. Cut this ad. out and mail it with Two Dollars to-day and have it start at once.

Address: THE GLOBE, TORONTO.

Americans are proverbially wide-awake. That is why they are buying Manitoba lands and Blue Ribbon Tea.

CLEAN SWEET DURABLE

E. B. EDDY'S

CLEAN SWEET DURABLE

BUTTER TUBS

are made from the best selected SPRUCE with GALVANIZED SPRING STEEL WIRE HOOPS, which are secure and will not fall off. Always ask your dealer for

EDDY'S WOODENWARE

Coffee pots are an Oriental invention, and are supposed to have come from Arabia in A. D. 1400. About the same time they were used in Persia, but they did not come to France until 1662, and made their appearance in England with coffee in 1650.

Wilson's

Fly Pads

(POISON)

One 10 cent package will kill more flies than 300 sheets of sticky fly paper. Clean and handy.

PETROTEX.

A preparation made from Crude BEAUMONT, TEXAS OIL.

Greatest medical discovery of recent years. A safe and speedy cure for all throat, bronchial and lung troubles, consumption in its earlier stages, and rheumatism.

Large bottle paid to any address on receipt of one dollar.

Address, Beaumont Medical Company, Box 589, Beaumont, Texas, U.S.A.

Lucifer matches were patented in 1834, while friction matches preceded them by thirteen years. The improved machinery by which matches are now made by the million at a trifling cost were the inventions of comparatively recent years.

No! No! No! No!

This word is used four times by Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, Official Analyst to the Dominion Government, in reporting the result of his analyses of Sunlight Soap.

"No unsaponified fat"; that means no waste.

"No free alkali"; that means no damage to clothes or hands.

"No loading mixture"; that means every atom is pure soap.

"No adulteration whatever"; that means pure ingredients.

Try Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—and you will see Prof. Ellis is right. He should know.

203



SEE HIM SMILE!

So would you when you smoke

LUCINA CIGARS.

That very sweet flavor will make any cigar smoker look pleasant.

MANUFACTURED BY

GEO. F. BRYAN & CO., WINNIPEG

HALCYON HOT SPRINGS, B. C.

Without question the best and most effective springs in Canada for the cure of rheumatism, kidney or liver troubles. The medicinal qualities of the water are unequalled. Splendid hotel accommodation; fine fishing and hunting. An ideal spot for the invalid.

W. N. U. No. 384.

Brooms were used in Egypt 2000 years before Christ.

HOW TO CURE HEADACHE.—Some people suffer untold misery day after day with headache. There is rest neither day or night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion. Mr. Finlay Wark, Lysander, P. Q., writes: "I find Parmelee's Pills a first class article for Bilious Headache."

Rocking-cradles for babies were used by the Egyptians many centuries before Christ. Among the pictures copied by Belzoni is one of an Egyptian mother at work with her foot on the cradle.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY
Subscription \$1.50 a year, in advance.

A. B. Anderson, Editor.

Advertisers who want their ad-
vertised, should get copy in by
9 a.m. day before issue.

Subscribers failing to receive The
News regularly will confer a favor by noti-
fying the office.

Job Work Strictly C. O. D.
Transient Ads Cash in Advance.

PERSONAL

Dr. Dalby is paying Cumberland
a business call.

Judge Harrison visited this city
on official duty last week.

Mrs. Ed. Walker was a passenger
to Nanaimo by Wednesday's steam-
er.

Mrs. Alex. Wayne and infant left
on Wednesday morning for North
Saich where they will reside with
Mr. Wain's parents.

Mrs. Rambler and son with Miss
Ruthie Clinton also left on Wednes-
day for Philadelphia. Mr. Geo. Cin-
ton accompanying them as far as
Vancouver.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30
(thirty) days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District commencing
at a post planted on the shore
at the north corner of Cape Mudge
and about 220 (two hundred and
twenty) chains in a north-westerly
direction along the beach from the
Cape Mudge Lighthouse and marked
J. Skinner's S.W. corner, thence
N.W. following the shore 40 (forty)
chains more or less and extending
seaward, and including the fore-
shore and land covered with water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

JOSEPH SKINNER

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District commencing
at a post planted on the shore
on the south end of Valdez Island
about 20, twenty, chains in a north-
westerly direction from the Cape
Mudge Lighthouse, and marked J.
R. Watson's N.E. corner, thence
south easterly following the shore
40, forty, chains more or less, and
extending seaward and including
the foreshore and land covered with
water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

JOHN R. WATSON

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
on the south end of Valdez Island
and about 140, one hundred and
forty, chains along the beach from
the Cape Mudge Lighthouse in a north easterly
direction and marked H. Watson's
S.W. corner, thence northerly fol-
lowing the shore 40, forty, chains
more or less and extending seaward
and including the foreshore and
land covered with water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

HUNTER WATSON.

NOTICE

WATER will be SHUT OFF
SUNDAY, 7th inst, from 7 a.m. to
10 p.m.

GEO. STEVENS.

MONSOON

TEA DIRECT from the GROWER to the CONSUMER
C. J. MOORE. Sole Agent

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
on the south end of Valdez Island
about 100, one hundred, chains
along the beach from the Cape
Mudge Lighthouse, in a north easterly
direction, and marked J. John-
son's, S.W. corner, thence north
easterly following the shore 40,
forty, chains more or less and ex-
tending seaward, and including
the foreshore and land covered with
water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

JONAS JOHNSON.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
on the south end of Valdez Island,
and about 180, one hundred and
eighty, chains along the beach from
the Cape Mudge Lighthouse in a
north easterly direction and marked
G. Skinner's S.W. corner, thence
Northerly following the shore 40,
forty, chains more or less and ex-
tending seaward, and including
the foreshore and land covered with
water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

GEORGE SKINNER

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
on the south end of Valdez Island about
20, twenty, chains in an Easterly
direction from the Cape Mudge
Lighthouse and marked G. Mc-
Keen's N.W. corner thence easterly
following the shore 40, forty,
chains more or less and extending
seaward, and including the fore-
shore and land covered with water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

GEO. MCKEEN.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the fore-
shore and rights thereof for fishing
purposes in Comox District, com-
mencing at a post planted on the
shore on the South end of Valdez
Island about 60, sixty, chains in a
north easterly direction from the

Cape Mudge Light House and marked
W. A. Wadhams' South West
corner, thence northerly following
the shore 40, forty, chains more or
less and extending seaward, and
including the foreshore and land
covered with water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

WM. A. WADHAMS.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
of Vancouver Island in Discovery
Passage, and about 40, forty, chains
from the corner of Pierce's Ranch,
in a northerly direction, and marked
H. J. Hutcherson's S.W. corner,
thence northerly following the shore
40, forty, chains more or less and
extending seaward, and including
the foreshore and land covered with
water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

HARRY J. HUTCHERSON

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that 30,
thirty, days after date I intend to
apply to the Honourable the Chief
Commissioner of Lands and Works
for permission to lease the foreshore
and rights thereof for fishing pur-
poses in Comox District, commencing
at a post planted on the shore
of Vancouver Island in Discovery
Passage, and about 35 feet, thirty
five feet, from the corner of
Pierce's Ranch, and marked
J. Rayner's S.W. corner, thence
northerly following the shore 40,
forty, chains more or less and ex-
tending seaward and including the
foreshore and land covered with
water.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1902.

JOHN RAYNER.

FOUND, about the first of August,
at the North end of Denman
Island, a CANOE with equip-
ment. Owner can have same by
proving property, and paying
salvage and advertising expenses.

27a 2t

J. COBURN.

FOR SALE, Cheap, a Good Bicycle
in first-class condition.—Apply,
"News" Office.

RUBBER - STAMPS.

Seals, Stencils, Price Markers,
Printing Wheels, Numbering
Machines, Band Dating, and
Numbering Stamps, Check Per-
forators, Rubber Type, Print-
ing Presses, &c., &c., &c.

Franklin Stamp Works,
VANCOUVER, B.C.

13-8-02 4t

To Have something Swell.

Take a Dry Sponge and pour on it a bucket of water
It will swell every time sure.

BUT we are not selling sponges, our line is—
SWELL BUGGIES

of all kinds. We have just received a Car Load of Open and Top Buggies
with Steel and Rubber Tires. Expresses of all kinds with Platform, Half-
Platform, Duplex and Elliptic or Hog-nose Springs. Buckboards, Carts,
Sulkies, etc., all of the most Up-to-Date Patterns and Finish. Guaranteed
for one year by the Makers and ourselves.

NANAIMO STEAM CARRIAGE WORKS,

13-12-02

STANLEY CRAIG, Prop.

MAGNET CASH STORE

New Lines of—

Rubber Garden Hose, Rakes,
Hoes, Axes, Hose Reels,
Spades, Shovels, Tarred and
Building Paper, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED - **LAWN SWINGS.**

Dunsmuir Avenue,

Cumberland, B.C.

A. H. PEACEY, Druggist & Stationer.

A NEW LOT OF

ROCHESTER & CANADIAN CAMERAS
PHOTOGRAPHERS' SUPPLIES,
PLATES, PAPER, MOUNTS, ETC.

NEW FANCY LEATHER GOODS
PURSES, CARD CASES, TOILET SETS

Try a Bottle of
FRAGRANT OLD ENGLISH
LAVENDER WATER

STORE OPEN Sundays from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m.
and from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Dunsmuir Ave.

Cumberland, B.C.

RAMS.

SHROPSHIRE : RAMS.

A Good Ram is half the Flock,
so Improve your Sheep.

— IT PAYS —

I have Pure Bred, and 7-8 bred
RAMS FOR SALE, and prices
right.

Place your orders now as possibly
early as you can, as I will be out of the business next
season.

I have also Pure Bred Black
Minorca Cockerels for Sale at
\$2.00 each.

GEO. HEATHERBELL,
HORNEY ISLAND.

13-8-02 4t

FOR SALE MAPLEHURST FARM, HORNB Y ISLAND, (COMOX DISTRICT).

Containing—
230 Acres — 200 Acres Fenced.
About 400 healthy Bearing Fruit Trees.
70 Acres cleared up good, and in crops
and hay land.
62 Acres cleared up rough, but good
pasture.
85 Acres bush—easy cleared.
13 Acres chopped and burned over.

The whole of the 230 acres is excellent
land and will grow any kind of grain and
root crops. Is suitable for beef, dairy or
sheep.

15,000 Cedar Rails in boundary and
field fences.

Large 7-roomed house—water in house.
2 Story Bank Barn, 32 by 75 feet. Sheep
Barn, Hen Houses, etc.

Buildings 5 years old. Abundance of
good water. Nearly 1 mile frontage on
Lambert Channel. 1 1/4 miles from Gov-
ernment Wharf.

Good Markets—Cumberland (Union
Mines), Nanaimo and Victoria.

Good shooting—Deer, grouse and
ducks plentiful.

Price,.....\$6000

1-3 cash, balance, 6 per cent.

Also, 246 Acres adjoining—good land, at
\$8 per acre.

Also, several Good Grade Jersey Cows,
Heifers to calve, and Yearling and
Heifer Calves.

Apply GEO. HEATHERBELL,
HORNB Y ISLAND.

14-5-02

VIOLIN.

D. THOMSON, TEACHER

Music for Dances, &c., supplied
at short notice. Orders left with
Mr. E. Barrett, at the Big Store,
will be promptly attended to.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

SALE OF Farm Stock and Implements

APPLY—"NEWS" OFFICE.

2-7-02

Baldness Successfully Cured By PROF. SCHAFFNER The Old "NEWS" BUILDING.

A remarkable cure effected. Cures bald-
ness of long standing by the use of PEER-
LESS HAIR RESTORE and ELECTRIC
MASSAGE TREATMENT, both of which
combined destroy all germs and invigorate
the roots which stimulates circulation of the
active forces that feed the hair follicles.

From one to two months treatment
will Restore Baldness of long standing.
Daily Treatment \$15 per month.

Parasites cause all hair trouble. Dandruff
is caused by a germ which saps the hairs
vitality. Vaseline and oils are of no benefit
to the hair, as dandruff germs thrive in
them, as well as in all grease. To cure dan-
druff, which is preceded by, and a sure in-
dication of, falling hair, it is necessary that
the dandruff germ be eradicated. From one
to three bottles of the Peerless Hair Re-
storer will cure the worst chronic case.

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Cumberland is prepared to give
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