THE CUMBERLAND NEWS.

NINTH YEAR. CUMBERLAND, B. C. WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1902.

GREAT

Mid-Summer

SALE

.....AT THE.....

BIG STORE

.....COMMENCING.....

SATURDAY, JULY 19th

FOR PARTICULARS SEE HAND-BILLS.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ld.

61 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

HARDWARE, MILL AND MINING MACHINERY, AND FARMING AND DAIRYING IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Agents for McCormick Harvesting Machinery.

Write for prices and particulars. P. O. Drawer 563.

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—BABY CARRIAGES—

With Parasol, Hood or Canopy Tops, and Rubber Tire Wheels..... $14 to $35

—GO - CARTS—

That are adjustable to any position, complete with Parasol Top, Cushions and Rubber Tire Wheels..... $11.40 to $25

Our Assortment of Patterns was never as large as this seasons—Our Makes the Best.

Write for Illustrations and give us an idea as to style wanted.

WEILER BROS., HOME FURNISHERS,

VICTORIA, B.C.

THE

HICKS & LOVICK PIANO CO.

AGENTS FOR

"MASON & RISCH" PIANOS.

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VOCALION ORGAN.

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Work of Every Description at Moderate Rates

COUNCIL MEETING.

(July 8th.)

Minutes read and adopted.

Communications—From M. Mitchell resigning as Alderman on account of moving away from Cumberland. Laid on table.

From Registrar General enclosing plan of townsite.

From School Board asking that truant officer be appointed. Laid on table.

From same enclosing estimates for expenses for next three months. Laid on table.

From same with estimates for High School for three months. Laid on table.

Accounts S. Leiser, $9.45; C. & U. Waterworks, $2.60; C. H. Tarbell, $9.85; Boyd & Burns, $1; R. Grant & Co., $41.64; H. Mitchell, $4.25; A. B. Crawford, $16.40; Registrar General, for plans, $12. Referred to Finance Committee.

Reports — From T. E. Banks, scavanger account. Received and filed.

Deferred business.

Mayor Willard gave casting vote for motion to keep ledger for scavenger accounts.

EARLY CLOSING BY LAW.

Ald, Bate asked if Ald. Partridge intended to press his motion to quash the by-law or withdraw from his position.

Ald. Partridge answered that he would go on.

Ald. Bate then produced a counter petition in favor of by-law, signed by the following:—C. Stevenson & Co. per H. Harford, M. Magnone, Magnet Cash Store, Simon Leiser per H. P. Collis, C. J. Moore & Co., also documents from Marrochi Bros., and Tanaka, asking that their names be removed from petition.

Ald. Reid then said that the whole thing was a farce and should be thrown out.

Ald. Bate agreed that it should.

Ald. Partridge spoke in favor of the petition to break the by-law. He had seen Ald. Bate Saturday, and offered to compromise by having the by-law amended to close at 7 o'clock instead of 6. Those people who have asked to have their names removed have no right to do so, especially in view of the way they have been worked on to cause them to to do so.

Ald. Bate moved that the petition be thrown out, seconded Ald. Robertson.

Ald. Calnan said he had always been against the by-law. It was a pulic insult that a person could not buy anything after 6 o'clock. As to petitioners to have names removed, he stated that they could not do this after petition had been received.

Ald. Partridge moved in amendment, seconded Ald. Reid, that the by-law be repealed.

Ald. Bate was surprised that anyone would work against what was a good by-law for employees.

Rev. Mr Wilkinson, who was present during the discussion, here asked permission to speak a few words. He was surprised that any Alderman could say that anyone had not the right to remove his name from a petition. No British law or justice could say that. Even if so, signers could sign a counter petition, thus annulling their original signature. The rev. gentleman then pointed out that the aim of the present age was to shorten the hours of labour for all classes of workmen, not to lengthen them, as seemed to be the intention of some, that would be a retrograde movement.

A somewhat heated discussion hereupon took place between the Aldermen, finally ending in both motion and amendment being withdrawn, the matter then standing where it had before, to be brought up at the next meeting. Mayor Willard was of the opinion that the matter should never have been brought up in Council, but that the merchants should first agree among themselves as to closing time, and not let the time of the Council be wasted in useless discussion.

Truant Officer—laid over.

School Estimates, $1035—received and filed.

Estimates for High School. It being intended that a fee be charged it had been estimated by the School Board that the school would be almost self-sustaining. Received and filed.

Ald. Reid said that Mr Comb had objected to pay $2 per month for scavenger as he had only seven boarders at present.

Ald. Robertson could not see why he should not pay this sum when all hotels had to do so, whether they had boarders or not. All boarding houses should be charged the same as hotels. He had never asked for a rebate when his number of boarders became less.

City Clerk here read financial statement for last half year. Received and filed and ordered to be printed in newspaper.

Re Geo. Steven's lot. It was decided to continue Third Street to the end of the city limits and that Mr Baird, the Government Agent, be notified that this would be done so that the government road could be changed to connect.

Council adjourned.

The Orangemen's Excursion.

The train last Friday evening took about 200 excursionists to the steamer "City of Nanaimo," which took them from thence to Nanaimo for the purpose of attending the Orange demonstration on the glorious 12th. Saturday saw that city thronged with visitors, large numbers having arrived from Vancouver and other mainland points, Victoria and other points on the route from that place—Saanich included. At one p.m. a procession of delegations from almost all the Orange Lodges on the Island, including Mt. Horeb, No. 1676, Cumberland, also Cumberland City Brass Band, and quite a number from the Mainland, formed in front of the I.O.O.F. Hall, and marched through the city finishing up at the Green, where speeches were made, and the programme of sports exhausted. Honours came to Cumberland, Miss Patmore winning the girls race, and H. Walker the 200 yard amateur. Mr Harford too, captured the running broad jump for professionals.

The excursionists returned by the Joan Sunday, tired but happy, and unanimous in praise of the systematic manner in which Mt. Horeb, No. 1676, had conducted a most enjoyable outing.

Mrs Dowdell and family are home after a two months visit to relatives at Tacoma and Victoria.

Many Nanaimo people took advantage of the excursion return trip on Sunday to visit Cumberland and Comox, amongst whom were noticed R. Bryden, C. Vanhouten, Mrs Greenshields and her sister Miss Bessie McDonald, who will spend the vacation with her parents at Comox Bay.

Coronation Day

will soon be here and you will want a.....

NEW SUIT

Don't forget we can fit you out in any style or color and

At ANY PRICE

Youths & Boys Clothing

All of the Latest Coronation Styles. All go at Reduced Prices for Pay-Day.....

—AT—

MOORE & CO.

PERSONAL.

Mr Pullen returned on Tuesday last from a visit to Victoria.

W. Wilkinson, jr., left on Wednesday last on a month's vacation to Mission City.

Nurse M. Smith has gone to Victoria to spend her summer holidays with friends.

Miss Sadie Grant of Nanaimo is visiting relatives in Cumberland and Comox.

Mrs Mateer, of Vancouver, is spending a few days with her relatives here.

Mayor Willard and Mr J. Ferbow left Nanaimo on the steamer Strathcona for a visit to Victoria.

The home of Mr and Mrs Moore at Nob Hill was brightened by the arrival of a little daughter last week.

Mrs Dr Jeffs, late of Cumberland arrived on the excursion train to renew acquaintance with old friends in this city.

Miss Bridges who has been attending the Normal School at Vancouver is spending the vacation with her parents at Comox.

Miss Mounce has returned from a visit to Victoria and Vancouver, and will be the guest of her brother L. A. Mounce, M.P.P., for the winter.

Dr Schaffner arrived from Seattle and Vancouver by Tuesday's train of last week, he will leave shortly to fulfil an important engagement in Victoria.

Mr G. Smith has sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to permit being removed to his home in Vancouver, he was accompanied by his mother and sister.

Mr F. D. Little was taken seriously ill last week at Victoria. Mrs Little left on Wednesday evening to attend him. He is now reported as being greatly improved.

A GIRL OF GRIT.

By MAJOR ARTHUR GRIFFITHS.

Copywright by R. F. Fenno & Co.

"A little check! There! Keep what's over after you've bought a nice bit of

"I will now wish you a very good morning."

jewelry for Mrs. S. You've been long suffering with me and shall be the first to share my luck."

Out in the streets, along King street, down Pall Mall, I trod the pavement with the conscious air of a man who had heard good news. Friends I passed saw it plainly on my face and rallied me on my beaming looks and buoyant demeanor. They had not left me when I walked through the swinging doors of Sykes & Sarsfield's bank. I was no longer the humble suppliant for a pitiful overdraft, but the possessor of a fine balance, who could hold his head high. Roy usually waited patiently outside, but today I encouraged him to enter at my heels.

CHAPTER II.

AT THE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

As I left the bank, where I had been most cordially received, with my sovereign purse full and the nice crisp notes for £250 carefully put by in my pocketbook, I began at last to believe in my fortune. There is a solid, unmistakable reality in the chink of good gold, while the supple civility of the great financiers, who had so lately looked black at my overdrawn account, proved how completely my position was changed.

The morning's adventures and surprises had occupied much time, and it was now getting late, past noon, in fact. We members of the "intelligence" made it a point of honor to be in good time at the office—an hour or more earlier than this. It had hardly occurred to me that I need not go to the office at all. You see, I had been some 13 years under discipline and not many hours an archmillionaire. Besides, there is such a thing as esprit de corps. I was a public servant, engaged in responsible work, and I could not, would not, have neglected it willingly; no, not for the wealth of the Indies.

So I stepped briskly down the steps below the Duke of York's column and crossed the park at my very best pace. For all that, I was overtaken near Birdcage walk by some one who hailed me without coming quite close.

"One word, sir, I pray, in your own best interests. But, sakes alive, keep back that hound. He is a fine beast, no doubt, but I'd rather have him farther away."

"Quiet, Roy! My dog will not harm you," I said civilly. "But at this moment I am very much pressed"—

"If you will allow me to walk with you a few yards, no more, I reckon I could make it plain to you that I have a good excuse for intruding upon your valuable time."

The park was as open to him as to me, and when he ranged himself alongside I made no objections. I confess I, too, was curious to hear what he had to say.

"You have enemies, sir," he began abruptly, and he looked so comical as he said this that I was rude enough to laugh. He was a broad shouldered, square faced, weather beaten looking man, with a florid complexion and a bulgy nose, irreproachably dressed in the very height of the fashion. But he had rather the air of a second class tragedian, with his long, black, curly hair and his voice so deep and so solemn as he conjured me to be serious.

"I reckon this is no laughing matter, captain. Guess your enemies will soon fix that. They mean mischief."

He spoke it like a sentence of death and seemed very much in earnest, yet I could hardly take it seriously.

"Such a threat scarcely affects me. You see, it is my business to risk my life. The queen has sometimes enemies, and hers are mine."

"These I speak of are altogether your own, captain—people who grudge you your new wealth."

"You have heard then?"

"Heard!" he cried, with great scorn. "There is nothing I do not know about you, captain. How did you enjoy the summer on the Cuyuni river, and were the maps you got at Angostura very useful to you?"

"Hush, man, hush! Who and what are you? What the mischief are you driving at?"

By this time we had entered Queen Anne's gate and were at the door of the office.

"Is this your bureau?" he now asked. "May I not go inside with you, only for one moment? The matter is urgent. It affects you very closely. Your danger is imminent. They are bound, these enemies, to do you an injury—a terrible injury."

"Oh, well, then, it must keep," I said petulantly. "I cannot give you any more time now; I am expected here. I suppose Sir Charles has arrived?" I asked of the office messenger, old Sergeant Major Peachey.

"Yes, sir, he has been here these three hours. He came—on his bicycle—soon after 9 a. m., and he has asked for you, I think, twice."

"There, your business must keep, Mr."—

"Snuyzer. I bow to your decision, but if you will permit me, I will call in Clarges street this evening at"—

"If you must come, come about 5. Good day," and I passed into the office.

I shared my room at the "intelligence" with a colleague, Swete Thornhill, of the artillery, a lively youth out of hours, but who stuck to his work manfully—more so than any of us, and we were by no means idle men.

"Thought you were dead," he said shortly, and without looking up from his papers; "wonder you took the trouble to come at all."

"I was detained by something special. Important business. 'Anyhow, it's no affair of yours,' I answered, rather nettled.

"Yes it is, when it throws me out of my stride. I wish you'd make up your mind either to come or stay away altogether. There has been a regular hue and cry for you all the morning, and I've been disturbed abominably. I have those calculations of the comparative penetration of the new projectiles in hand, and they take some doing."

"Well, keep your hair on. I don't want to disturb you. But who was it, anyhow?"

"The boss chief himself, Collingham, Sir Charles. He has sent three times for you, and came in twice. Wanted you for something pressing. Now, I believe, he is doing the job himself. Wise man. Do it a blamed sight better than you or any man Jack of us."

At this moment an office messenger came in with a huge bundle of papers, which he placed before me on my desk. They were enveloped in the usual green "jacket," which meant extreme urgency, and on the outside was written, in a big, bold hand, "Captain Wood—speak."

"He'll do most of the talking, I expect," went on Swete Thornhill maliciously. "He's fit to be tied. Go in, man, at once, and take your punishment."

The distinguished officer at that time head and chief of our department was Major General Sir Charles Collingham, V. C., K. C. B., one of the most notable soldiers of the day, ardent, fearless, highly skilled, strong in counsel, foremost in the field, who had served almost everywhere, in all the wars, great and small, of recent years and had made a close study of the science of his profession as well. He had traveled far and wide, knew men and many cities, was as much at home at court as in camp, popular in society, which he cultivated in his spare moments, although he allowed nothing to stand in the way of his work. The service came first, and first in the service was the all important, transcendently useful department, as he thought it, over which he presided.

Sir Charles expected—nay, exacted—a like devotion from us, his staff officers, whom in all matters of duty he ruled with a rod of iron. None of us liked to face him when he was put out, which, it may be said, was not seldom,

"Great Scott!" he roared. "You lazy, idle young villain!"

for he was choleric, although not cross grained. Under a stern face and rough manner he had a kindly nature far down, for he did not wear his heart upon his sleeve, certainly not for an erring subordinate, as he considered me just then.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Theatrical Scenery.

Movable scenery was first used in Italy in the year 1508. It was the invention of an Italian architect named Peruzzi.

Westminster Abbey.

Officials of Westminster abbey charge fees aggregating over $2,000 when a memorial is placed in the abbey.

Teach self-denial, and make its practice pleasureable, and you create for the world a destiny more sublime than ever issued from the brain of the wildest dreamer.—Sir Walter Scott.

The man who foolishly does me wrong, I will return him the protection of my ungrudging love; the more the evil that comes from him, the more the good shall go from me. Buddha.

With love the heart becomes a fair and fertile garden, glowing with sunshine and warm hues, and exhaling sweet odors; but without love it is a bleak desert, covered with ashes.—Charles Warren.

LEGS SO SWELLED HE COULDN'T WALK.

Kidney and Urinary Troubles were Followed by Dropsy ---- A Perfect Cure by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

This case of Mr. James Treneman, the well-known butcher, of 536 Adelaide street, London, Ont., is another proof that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are effective in the most severe and complicated diseases of the kidneys.

The double action which this famous prescription has on both the kidneys and liver is in a large measure responsible for its wonderful curative powers. When there are backache, frequent, difficult or painful urination, dropsical swellings, biliousness, constipation or stomach derangements, you may depend upon it that the kidneys are clogged and the liver sluggish.

It is at such times that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills prove themselves prompt to give relief and certain to effect a cure. The evidence to prove this fact is simply overwhelming.

Mr. James Treneman states:—"Two years ago I was laid up with Kidney disease and urinary troubles. Besides the pain and inconvenience caused by these troubles I became dropsical, and my legs would swell up so that I could scarcely go around at all. Hearing of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I procured a box and continued the use of this valuable medicine until now I can say for a certainty that I am entirely cured. I never took any medicine that did me so much good, and am firmly convinced that if it had not been for this medicine I would not be working to-day."

As a family medicine of tested and known worth, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have never been approached. They act directly on the kidneys and liver, regulate the bowels and ensure the perfect action of the digestive and filtering systems. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Blue Ribbon Goods.

All we can do is to pack the best goods in Canada and tell you about them. You know how good Blue Ribbon Tea is! Well, Blue Ribbon Coffee, Baking Powder, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Chocolate Icing and Jelly Powder are just as good as the Tea. Every Grocer keeps Blue Ribbon goods, so all you have to do is to ask for them.

Blue Ribbon Manufacturing Co.

People who never worry are entitled to a lot of credit they never get.

POOR DIGESTION

RENDERS THE LIFE OF THE DYSPEPTIC MISERABLE.

Food Becomes Distasteful and a Feeling of Weariness, Pain and Depression Ensues.

From LeSorelois, Sorel, Que.

Of the diseases afflicting mankind dyspepsia is one of the worst to endure. Its victims find life almost a burden. Food becomes distasteful; they suffer from severe pains in the stomach; sometimes excessive heart palpitation, and a general feeling of weakness and depression. Though this disease is one of the most distressing, it is one which, if the proper remedy is applied, can be readily cured. Thousands throughout this country bear testimony to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a never-failing cure. Among them is Mrs. Adolphe A. Latrousse, a well known and highly esteemed lady residing at Sorel, Que. She says:—"For two years I was a constant sufferer from bad digestion and its accompanying symptoms. Food became distasteful and I grew very weak. I suffered much from pains in stomach and head. I could not obtain restful sleep and became unfit for all housework. I tried several medicines without finding the least relief and I grew continually worse until in the end I would vomit everything I ate. I had almost given up hope of ever being well again when one day I read of a case similar to mine cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I determined to give these pills a trial and am happy today that I did so, as by the time I had taken eight or nine boxes my strength had returned, the pains which had so long racked me disappeared, my stomach would digest food properly and I had fully regained my old time health, and have not since had any return of the trouble."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a purely tonic medicine and unlike all purgatives do not weaken the system, but give life and energy with every dose. They are a certain cure for anaemia, dizziness, heart troubles, rheumatism, sciatica, indigestion, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance and the functional ailments that make the lives of so many women an almost constant source of misery. Sold by dealers in medicine, or sent post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2,50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It is only by trying to understand others that we can get our own hearts understood.—R. L. Stevenson.

DIAMOND BACK TERRAPIN.

Formerly Despised. They Are Now Considered a Delicacy.

Half a century or so ago diamond back terrapin were fed to slaves and hogs. Today they are the rarest delicacy known to the epicurian world, says the Philadelphia North American.

Then they sold for $1 a barrel, and laborers, when hiring out, specified that they must not be compelled to eat terrapin more than twice a week. Today a barrel is cheap at $800, and millionaires travel hundreds of miles for a chance to feast on this most delicious of all meats.

Of course this means genuine diamond backs. There are many imitations.

Every first class restaurant in the country features "terrapin a la Maryland" on its menu, but in not one case out of a hundred is the real terrapin served. The diner regales himself on what he believes to be Maryland's choicest dish. Instead he is merely eating fresh water turtles, "sliders" or "North Carolina goldens."

The reason is simple. Restaurateurs *don't serve real diamond backs* because they can't get them. The world's total terrapin population does not exceed 25,000 of legal size, and these are confined to the shores of the Chesapeake bay, the only place that produces them.

Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York enjoy a monopoly. These three cities get practically the entire output, but few ever find their way across the Blue Ridge. The epicure unfortunate enough to be born in Chicago or St. Louis must either come east or forego the joys of terrapin.

To select a real diamond back amateurs should be guided by these distinguishing and characteristic markings:

It is of a greenish, dark olive color, sometimes running to spotted gray, yellow on the plate which surrounds the shell and has concentric dark stripes along the plate on both shells. The sides of the head are a dirty white, sprinkled with small black spots. The bottom shell is of whitish yellow.

The males are much larger than the females and have the concentric streaks much better defined. The female has the more delicate flesh. The male can be distinguished by his toe nails, which are much longer than those of the female.

Hail and Bombs.

The plan of destroying hail clouds by exploding bombs among them was suggested nearly 100 years ago by Professor Parrot of Riga.

Hiccough.

For this affection, which is so often provokingly obstinate, close the ears with the tips of the fingers, exert a certain pressure therewith, and at the same time drink in small drafts any sort of a liquid offered by another person, and the hiccough will cease instantaneously.

We are fellow laborers with a common end—reverent to the lowest for its possibilities, emulous to the highest for its sublime perfections.—Alexander Wilder, M.D.

SYRUP OF FIGS

ACTS GENTLY ON KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS,

CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY;

DISPELS COLDS HEADACHES & FEVERS;

OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS,

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

He who says there is no such thing as an honest man, you may be sure is himself a knave.—Bishop Berkeley.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Genius at first is little more than a great capacity for receiving discipline.—George Eliot.

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is a speedy cure for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera, summer complaint, sea sickness and complaints incidental to children teething. It gives immediate relief to those suffering from the effects of indiscretion in eating unripe fruit, cucumbers, etc. It acts with wonderful rapidity, and never fails to conquer the disease. No one need fear cholera if they have a bottle of this medicine convenient.

If things fail to come your way, go around and head them off.

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS
Issued Every Wednesday.
W. B. ANDERSON, - - - EDITOR

The columns of THE NEWS are open to all who wish to express therein views on matters of public interest.

While we do not hold ourselves responsible for the utterances of correspondents, we reserve the right of declining to insert communications unnecessarily personal.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1902

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TIME TABLE EFFECTIVE
NOV. 19TH, 1898

VICTORIA TO WELLINGTON.

No. 2 daily. A.M		No. 8a P.M
De 9:00	Victoria	De. 4:25
" 9:28	Goldstream	" 4:53
" 10:9	Koen g s	" 5.34
" 10:48	Duncans	6:1
P.M.		P.M.
" 12:14	Nanaimo	7:41
A. 12:3	Wellington	Ar. 7:55

WELLINGTON TO VICTORIA.

No. 1 Daily. A.M.		No. 3 Saturday. A.M.
De. 8:05	Wellington	De. 4:25
" 8:26	Nanaimo	" 4:39
" 9:52	Duncans	" 6:05
" 10:37	Koenig's	" 6:46
" 11:18	Goldstream	" 7.32
Ar. 11:45	Victoria	Ar. 8:00 P.M.

Reduced rates to and from all points Saturdays and Sundays good to return Monday.

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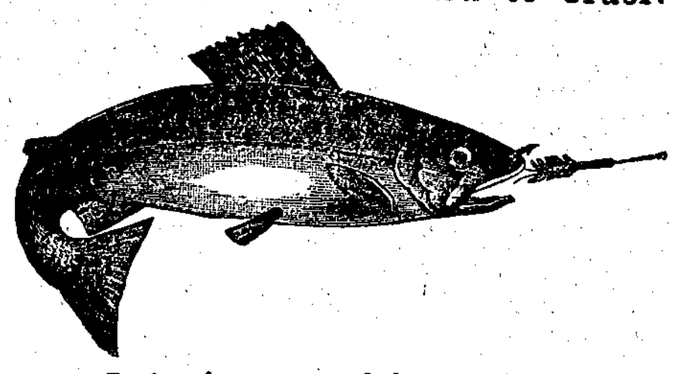

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French Polishing.
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NEWS OFFICE.

A GIRL OF GRIT.

By MAJOR ARTHUR GRIFFITHS.

Copywright by R. F. Fenno & Co.

"A little check! There! Keep what's over after you've bought a nice bit of

"I will now wish you a very good morning."

jewelry for Mrs. S. You've been long suffering with me and shall be the first to share my luck."

Out in the streets, along King street, down Pall Mall, I trod the pavement with the conscious air of a man who had heard good news. Friends I passed saw it plainly on my face and rallied me on my beaming looks and buoyant demeanor. They had not left me when I walked through the swinging doors of Sykes & Sarsfield's bank. I was no longer the humble suppliant for a pitiful overdraft, but the possessor of a fine balance, who could hold his head high. Roy usually waited patiently outside, but today I encouraged him to enter at my heels.

CHAPTER II.

AT THE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

As I left the bank, where I had been most cordially received, with my sovereign purse full and the nice crisp notes for £250 carefully put by in my pocketbook, I began at last to believe in my fortune. There is a solid, unmistakable reality in the chink of good gold, while the supple civility of the great financiers, who had so lately looked black at my overdrawn account, proved how completely my position was changed.

The morning's adventures and surprises had occupied much time, and it was now getting late; past noon, in fact. We members of the "intelligence" made it a point of honor to be in good time at the office—an hour or more earlier than this. It had hardly occurred to me that I need not go to the office at all. You see, I had been some 13 years under discipline and not many hours an archmillionaire. Besides, there is such a thing as esprit de corps. I was a public servant, engaged in responsible work, and I could not, would not, have neglected it willingly; no, not for the wealth of the Indies.

So I stepped briskly down the steps below the Duke of York's column and crossed the park at my very best pace. For all that, I was overtaken near Birdcage walk by some one who hailed me without coming quite close.

"One word, sir, I pray, in your own best interests. But, sakes alive, keep back that hound. He is a fine beast, no doubt, but I'd rather have him farther away."

"Quiet, Roy! My dog will not harm you," I said civilly. "But at this moment I am very much pressed"—

"If you will allow me to walk with you a few yards, no more, I reckon I could make it plain to you that I have a good excuse for intruding upon your valuable time."

The park was as open to him as to me, and when he ranged himself alongside I made no objections. I confess I, too, was curious to hear what he had to say.

"You have enemies, sir," he began abruptly, and he looked so comical as he said this that I was rude enough to laugh. He was a broad shouldered, square faced, weather beaten looking man, with a florid complexion and a bulgy nose, irreproachably dressed in the very height of the fashion. But he had rather the air of a second class tragedian, with his long, black, curly hair and his voice so deep and so solemn as he conjured me to be serious.

"I reckon this is no laughing matter, captain. Guess your enemies will soon fix that. They mean mischief."

He spoke it like a sentence of death and seemed very much in earnest, yet I could hardly take it seriously.

"Such a threat scarcely affects me. You see, it is my business to risk my life. The queen has sometimes enemies, and hers are mine."

"These I speak of are altogether your own, captain—people who grudge you your new wealth."

"You have heard then?"

"Heard!" he cried, with great scorn. "There is nothing I do not know about you, captain. How did you enjoy the summer on the Cuyuni river, and were the maps you got at Angostura very useful to you?"

"Hush, man, hush! Who and what are you? What the mischief are you driving at?"

By this time we had entered Queen Anne's gate and were at the door of the office.

"Is this your bureau?" he now asked. "May I not go inside with you, only for one moment? The matter is urgent. It affects you very closely. Your danger is imminent. They are bound, these enemies, to do you an injury—a terrible injury."

"Oh, well, then, it must keep," I said petulantly. "I cannot give you any more time now; I am expected here. I suppose Sir Charles has arrived?" I asked of the office messenger, old Sergeant Major Peachey.

"Yes, sir, he has been here these three hours. He came—on his bicycle—soon after 9 a. m., and he has asked for you, I think, twice."

"There, your business must keep, Mr."—

"Snuyzer. I bow to your decision, but if you will permit me, I will call in Clarges street this evening at"—

"If you must come, come about 5. Good day," and I passed into the office.

I shared my room at the "intelligence" with a colleague, Swete Thornhill, of the artillery, a lively youth out of hours, but who stuck to his work manfully—more so than any of us, and we were by no means idle men.

"Thought you were dead," he said shortly, and without looking up from his papers: "wonder you took the trouble to come at all."

"I was detained by something special. Important business. Anyhow, it's no affair of yours," I answered, rather nettled.

"Yes it is, when it throws me out of my stride. I wish you'd make up your mind either to come or stay away altogether. There has been a regular hue and cry for you all the morning, and I've been disturbed abominably. I have those calculations of the comparative penetration of the new projectiles in hand, and they take some doing."

"Well, keep your hair on. I don't want to disturb you. But who was it, anyhow?"

"The boss chief himself, Collingham, Sir Charles. He has sent three times for you, and came in twice. Wanted you for something pressing. Now, I believe, he is doing the job himself. Wise man. Do it a blamed sight better than you or any man Jack of us."

At this moment an office messenger came in with a huge bundle of papers, which he placed before me on my desk. They were enveloped in the usual green jacket, which meant extreme urgency, and on the outside was written, in a big, bold hand, "Captain Wood—speak."

"He'll do most of the talking, I expect," went on Swete Thornhill maliciously. "He's fit to be tied. Go in, man, at once, and take your punishment."

The distinguished officer at that time head and chief of our department was Major General Sir Charles Collingham, V. C., K. C. B., one of the most notable soldiers of the day, ardent, fearless, highly skilled, strong in counsel, foremost in the field, who had served almost everywhere, in all the wars, great and small, of recent years and had made a close study of the science of his profession as well. He had traveled far and wide, knew men and many cities, was as much at home at court as in camp, popular in society, which he cultivated in his spare moments, although he allowed nothing to stand in the way of his work. The service came first, and first in the service was the all important, transcendently useful department, as he thought it, over which he presided.

Sir Charles expected—nay, exacted—a like devotion from us, his staff officers, whom in all matters of duty he ruled with a rod of iron. None of us liked to face him when he was put out, which, it may be said, was not seldom,

"Great Scott!" he roared. "You lazy, idle young villain!"

for he was choleric, although not cross grained. Under a stern face and rough manner he had a kindly nature far down, for he did not wear his heart upon his sleeve, certainly not for an erring subordinate, as he considered me just then.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Theatrical Scenery.

Movable scenery was first used in Italy in the year 1508. It was the invention of an Italian architect named Peruzzi.

Westminster Abbey.

Officials of Westminster abbey charge fees aggregating over $2,000 when a memorial is placed in the abbey.

Teach self-denial, and make its practice pleasureable, and you create for the world a destiny more sublime than ever issued from the brain of the wildest dreamer.—Sir Walter Scott.

The man who foolishly does me wrong, I will return him the protection of my ungrudging love; the more the evil that comes from him, the more the good shall go from me. Buddha.

With love the heart becomes a fair and fertile garden, glowing with sunshine and warm hues, and exhaling sweet odors; but without love it is a bleak desert, covered with ashes.—Charles Warren.

LEGS SO SWELLED HE COULDN'T WALK.

Kidney and Urinary Troubles were Followed by Dropsy ---- A Perfect Cure by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

This case of Mr. James Treneman, the well-known butcher, of 536 Adelaide street, London, Ont., is another proof that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are effective in the most severe and complicated diseases of the kidneys.

The double action which this famous prescription has on both the kidneys and liver is in a large measure responsible for its wonderful curative powers. When there are backache, frequent, difficult or painful urination, dropsical swellings, biliousness, constipation or stomach derangements, you may depend upon it that the kidneys are clogged and the liver sluggish.

It is at such times that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills prove themselves prompt to give relief and certain to effect a cure. The evidence to prove this fact is simply overwhelming.

Mr. James Treneman states:—"Two years ago I was laid up with Kidney disease, and urinary troubles. Besides the pain and inconvenience caused by these troubles I became dropsical, and my legs would swell up so that I could scarcely go around at all. Hearing of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I procured a box and continued the use of this valuable medicine until now I can say for a certainty that I am entirely cured. I never took any medicine that did me so much good, and am firmly convinced that if it had not been for this medicine I would not be working to-day."

As a family medicine of tested and known worth, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have never been approached. They act directly on the kidneys and liver, regulate the bowels and ensure the perfect action of the digestive and filtering systems. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

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Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a purely tonic medicine and unlike all purgatives do not weaken the system, but give life and energy with every dose. They are a certain cure for anaemia, dizziness, heart troubles, rheumatism, sciatica, indigestion, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance and the functional ailments that make the lives of so many women an almost constant source of misery. Sold by dealers in medicine, or sent post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2,50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It is only by trying to understand others that we can get our own hearts understood.—R. L. Stevenson.

DIAMOND BACK TERRAPIN.

Formerly Despised, They Are Now Considered a Delicacy.

Half a century or so ago diamond back terrapin were fed to slaves and hogs. Today they are the rarest delicacy known to the epicurian world, says the Philadelphia North American.

Then they sold for $1 a barrel, and laborers, when hiring out, specified that they must not be compelled to eat terrapin more than twice a week. Today a barrel is cheap at $800, and millionaires travel hundreds of miles for a chance to feast on this most delicious of all meats.

Of course this means genuine diamond backs. There are many imitations.

Every first class restaurant in the country features "terrapin a la Maryland" on its menu, but in not one case out of a hundred is the real terrapin served. The diner regales himself on what he believes to be Maryland's choicest dish. Instead he is merely eating fresh water turtles, "sliders" or "North Carolina goldens."

The reason is simple. Restaurateurs don't serve real diamond backs because they can't get them. The world's total terrapin population does not exceed 25,000 of legal size, and these are confined to the shores of the Chesapeake bay, the only place that produces them.

Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York enjoy a monopoly. These three cities get practically the entire output, but few ever find their way across the Blue Ridge. The epicure unfortunate enough to be born in Chicago or St. Louis must *either* come east or forego the joys of terrapin.

To select a real diamond back amateurs should be guided by these distinguishing and characteristic markings:

It is of a greenish, dark olive color, sometimes running to spotted gray, yellow on the plate which surrounds the shell and has concentric dark stripes along the plate on both shells. The sides of the head are a dirty white, sprinkled with small black spots. The bottom shell is of whitish yellow.

The males are much larger than the females and have the concentric streaks much better defined. The female has the more delicate flesh. The male can be distinguished by his toe nails, which are much longer than those of the female.

Hail and Bombs.

The plan of destroying hail clouds by exploding bombs among them was suggested nearly 100 years ago by Professor Parrot of Riga.

Hiccough.

For this affection, which is so often provokingly obstinate, close the ears with the tips of the fingers, exert a certain pressure therewith, and at the same time drink in small drafts any sort of a liquid offered by another person, and the hiccough will cease instantaneously.

We are fellow laborers with a common end—reverent to the lowest for its possibilities, emulous to the highest for its sublime perfections.—Alexander Wilder, M.D.

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He who says there is no such thing as an honest man, you may be sure is himself a knave.—Bishop Berkeley.

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Genius at first is little more than a great capacity for receiving discipline.—George Eliot.

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W. B. ANDERSON, - - - EDITOR

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No. 2 Daily. A.M		No. 8a P.M
De 9:00	Victoria	De. 4:25
" 9:28	Goldstream	" 4:53
" 10:9	Koen g s	" 5.34
" 10:48	Duncans	6:1
P.M.		P.M.
" 12:14	Nanaimo	7:11
Ar. 12:3	Wellington	Ar. 7:55

WELLINGTON TO VICTORIA.

No. 1 Daily. A.M.		No. 3 Saturday. A.M.
De. 8:05	Wellington	De. 4:25
" 8:26	Nanaimo	" 4:39
" 9:52	Duncans	" 6:05
" 10:37	Koenig's	" 6:46
" 11:18	Goldstream	" 7.32
Ar. 11:45	Victoria	Ar. 8:00 P.M.

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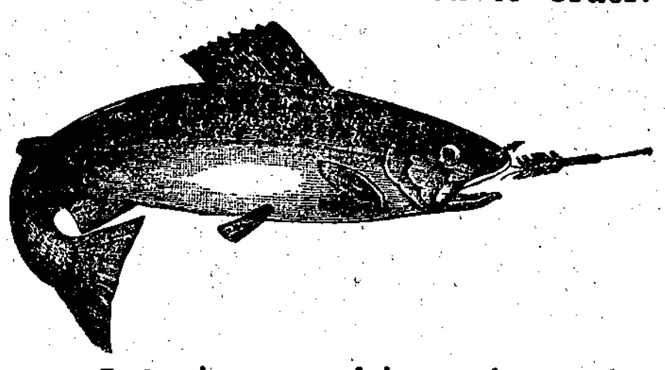

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BOWSER'S CONCEIT.

HE DECIDES THAT HIS GRAY HAIR GIVES HIM A FALSE APPEARANCE.

In an Attempt to Remedy the Fault and Renew His Youthful Appearance the Old Man Tries a Barber's Hair Dye, With Sad Results.

[Copyright, 1902, by C. B. Lewis.]

WHEN the Bowsers had returned to the sitting room from dinner the other evening, Mrs. Bowser detected Mr. Bowser taking sly glances at himself in the mantel mirror and evidently somewhat perturbed about his hair. She let it pass as one of his "streaks," but after a time he looked at her in a half ashamed way and asked:

"Do you notice how fast my hair is turning gray?"

"Not particularly," she answered. "You have been old enough these five

"WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY OLD ENOUGH?"

years to have gray hair. You haven't got a great deal, but what there is of it looks well."

"What do you mean by old enough?" he demanded, with the threat of a family row in his tones.

"Why, most men have gray hair after passing forty, don't they? You were forty-seven your last birthday, and"—

"Who said I was forty-seven?"

"Why—why"—

"There's no why-why about it. My true age is forty-two. If I look five years older, it's because I've had so much trouble with you. If you had your way about it, you'd make out that I was a doddering idiot. How old do you think folks take me to be with my hat on?"

Mrs. Bowser wanted to pass a peaceful evening, and she therefore put the figures at thirty-six.

"From thirty-six to thirty-eight," said Mr. Bowser as his vanity could be read in his face, "and I don't know why I should permit these hairs to make me look ten years older. Only yesterday Brown was saying that I had the step of a man of thirty."

"But what can you do with them?"

"I could dye them, I suppose?" he half questioned as something like a blush came to his face and he turned to the glass again.

Mrs. Bowser laughed at the back of his head. She didn't mean to, but she couldn't restrain herself. It was one of Mr. Bowser's funniest as well as latest fads.

"There you go with your giggle, giggle!" he shouted as he turned on her. "Is there anything so excruciatingly funny in my putting a little dye on my hair? During the last four weeks you seem to have lost what little sense you ever had."

"It just struck me as funny that you should turn to hair dye," she explained.

"Oh, it struck you, did it? You are always being struck if I make any particular move. I might have known that you would he-haw-he over it, but I was fool enough to ask your opinion. Nevertheless I shall go ahead and do as I please about it."

"That is, you will dye your hair, and perhaps you will look all the better for it. As you say, there is no need of your looking ten years older than you really are. Did you bring home a bottle of dye?"

"Well, yes. It's not the ordinary hair dye you find in the drugstores, with the smell of a dead horse about it, but something prepared expressly for me by Professor Caton, the eminent tonsorial artist."

"The eminent barber—yes," mused Mrs. Bowser. "He prepared something for you that will deceive even his fellow artists? Well, I should try it and see how it works. If you can look to be only thirty, I shall feel proud of you."

Mr. Bowser didn't know whether to glare or smile, but finally decided to go up to his room and apply according to directions. The family cat had been watching things as she lay on the lounge, and as he left the room she jumped down and looked at Mrs. Bowser in an inquiring way. She received a shake of the head in reply and walked over and sat down under the piano to await the coming of events. Mr. Bowser had won his point without loss of too much dignity, and he smiled as he sopped the dye over his scanty locks. He had paid $5 for that special preparation, and the eminent tonsorial artist had guaranteed that the results would be almost immediate. Not more than ten minutes had passed when a change could be seen, and the bottle and Bowser went down stairs together. Mrs. Bowser was reading and had no remarks to make, and it was ten minutes before she raised her eyes and took a look at the dyed hair. As she did so she gave a start of surprise and choked back an exclamation.

"What's the matter with you?" asked Mr. Bowser.

"I—I—nothing!"

"You jumped as if something had bitten you. Do you see any difference in my hair?"

"I think I will go up stairs. My head aches."

"Got another cold probably," he growled as she left the room. "She's also a bit mad about this hair dye. I'll take a look in the glass and"—

Those white hairs had not turned black, but a queer brindle, and Mrs. Bowser had realized that she must get out or explode. One look in the glass jumped Mr. Bowser a foot high, and as he came down on his heels he yelled:

"It can't be! It can't be! I must have dirt in my eyes!"

But the color of that hair was the color of a brindle cow, and when he had satisfied himself of the fact his heart stood still for a minute. Then a great wave of relief came.

"It's simply the first change, of course," he whispered. "One more application and it will be black. What a fool I was to get scared!"

He wasn't over three minutes in putting on another coat, and he held his head to the hot air register to dry the dye the quicker. When he straightened up and took another look in the glass, his hair was no longer brindle, but the color of a yellow dog.

"By thunder! By thunder!" was all he could say as he stood staring at himself, and the cat was rolling over the floor in hysterics.

Hope came again, however. This was probably three ply hair dye—brindle, yellow and black. The third application would take ten years off his age by bringing out the true gloss. It was made and dried in, and Mr. Bowser consulted the glass again. What he saw reflected was a head of celery green color, and what Mrs. Bowser heard was such a yell of fury and despair that she was sure the piano must have lifted up one of its legs. Some one seemed to be kicking over chairs and chasing the cat about for a few minutes, and then there was the silence of death. She waited for half an hour and then slipped down stairs. The cat lay on the floor as if dead, and Mr. Bowser was on his knees on the floor before a footbath full of soapsuds. He was seeking to restore his gray hairs and his old age, and as he soaped his green locks he muttered:

"I will see that eminent tonsorial artist tomorrow, and I will take him by the throat, and I will cry ha! ha! ha! and I will squeeze the life out of his lying, swindling carcass and trample on his quivering heart!"

And the cat lifted up her head and chuckled, and Mrs. Bowser softly retreated to her room. M. QUAD.

How It Ended.

Mac—What became of that girl you had the flirtation with at the seashore last summer?

Lewis—You mean the girl I thought I had a flirtation with. She married me.

No Taste.

The Elephant (on the links)—Then you have no taste for golf?

The Ostrich—Ugh! I should say not! I never could go gutta percha, and the irons have too many corners on them, don't you know, to digest without the aid of pepsin.—Puck.

Feelings Hurt

"You seem so very sad," said the tender to the locomotive.

"Yes, I suffer so many reverses at the hands of the engineer, you know," was the reply.

Silk.

Silk is the strongest of all vegetable or animal threads. It is three times as strong as a flaxen thread of the same size.

A Psychological Deduction.

"My dear," said the wife of the eminent professor, "the hens have scratched up all that eggplant seed you sowed."

"Ah, jealousy," mused the professor. And he sat down and wrote a twenty page article on "The Development of Envy in the Minds of the Lower Grade of Bipeds."

Emotion Wasted.

"It was terrible, even to see the villain die," said the emotional girl at the melodrama.

"Oh, well," consoled the old lady, "he would have died anyway. Did you notice how many cigarettes he smoked?"—Exchange.

The plans they have in the mint are nearly all money making schemes.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

THE PINGPONG FAD.

SOCIETY TAKES UP NEW GAME FOR INDOOR AMUSEMENT.

A Kind of Lawn Tennis That May Be Played on a Dining Table—Originated in England, Where It Is Popular—It Has Reached Society in This Country as Well.

Society's latest and most fashionable amusement is pingpong. Not to know it is to profess ignorance of the very latest fad. Pingpong is a sort of table tennis and gets its name from the peculiar noise made by the racket striking the ball. It is played with battle-doors and celluloid balls.

Pingpong comes from England, where it is immensely popular. In

PLAYING PINGPONG.

fact, so widely has it been taken up that players of acknowledged skill, though from humble walks of life are welcomed to the very best houses.

In Toronto, Ottawa and Montreal society has already acquired the pingpong habit, and it is spreading to other Canadian cities.

Pingpong is usually played on a dining table with a specially prepared celluloid ball. A table seven to nine feet long and half that width, without a cloth, is the field. Across the table is erected a net from five to seven inches in height, stretched on posts clamped to the table. The rackets are vellum covered bats of the kind that used to be known as battledoors.

The game is for two players, one at either end of the table. The player who first delivers the ball is called the server and the other the striker out. At the end of the first game the striker out becomes the server, and so on alternately. The ball served must drop anywhere on the table top beyond the net and is then in play. If it drops into the net or off the table, it counts to the striker out. There is no second service, as in lawn tennis.

If the ball in play strikes any object above or round the table before it bounces on the table itself, net or post excepted, it counts against the player. The server wins a stroke if the striker out fails to return the service or knocks the ball off the table. The striker out wins a stroke if the server serves a fault, fails to return the ball or returns it so it falls off the table.

On either player winning his first stroke the score is called fifteen for that player. On either player winning his second stroke the score is called thirty for that player. On either player winning his third stroke the score is called forty for

PINGPONG—SERVING.

that player, and the fourth stroke won by either player is scored game for that player.

If both players have won three strokes (forty in all), the score is called deuce, and the next stroke won by either player is scored advantage to that player. If the same player wins the next stroke, he wins the game. If he loses the next stroke the score is again deuce, and so on until either player wins the two strokes immediately following the score of deuce, when the game is scored for that player. The player who wins six games wins a set.

Pingpong is a successful indoor game because it gives an agreeable amount of physical exertion. It is not irksome, like cards and other social games that compel sitting still during an evening.

He Didn't Have to Kneel Down.

Flora—What a lovely ring! And it's a lady's ring too.

Horace—Yes, I thought you would like it.

Flora—Why, is it for me?

Horace—You are a lady, aren't you?

Flora—Oh, dear! This is so sudden!

Last Fate Worse Than His First.

Smith—Poor Wederly is having a hard time of it. His first wife got a divorce from him, you know.

Jones—Yes, and he has a hard time paying her alimony, I suppose.

Smith—Worse than that. She is his present wife's dressmaker.

Two Trials.

Tess—Aren't you going to choir rehearsal tonight?

Jess—No.

"You'd better. We're going to give that new hymn a trial."

"Can't. I'm going to give a new him a trial myself."

An Object Lesson to Grant.

This story is told of the first time Grant ever had charge of a large body of men sent out to give battle. He was colonel in the early part of 1862, detailed to go to the relief of an Illinois regiment, supposed to be surrounded by Confederates at Palmyra, Mo., but when he arrived the regiment had relieved itself by retiring. Grant then went out to Florida, in the same state, and as the regiment toiled over the hill beyond which the enemy was supposed to be in waiting Grant says he would have "given anything to be back again in Illinois."

At the top of the hill, instead of troops drawn up in battle array, Grant saw a deserted camp. "It occurred to me at once that Harris had been as much afraid of me as I had been of him," said Grant. "From that event to the close of the war I never experienced trepidation upon confronting an enemy, though I always felt more or less anxiety. I never forgot that he had as much reason to fear my forces as I had his."

A Trafalgar Incident.

There is a most striking and remarkable passage in the journals of Captain Frederick Hoffman which have been published under the title of "A Sailor of King George."

In giving his account of the concluding phase of Trafalgar Captain Hoffman, who was on board Collingwood's ship, says: "I must not omit that when the commander of the French fleet, Admiral Villeneuve, was brought alongside us instead of the Victory, he was informed it was not Nelson's ship. 'My God,' said he, 'you are all Nelsons!'"—London Globe.

Measuring the Heat of the Body.

By means of an ingenious instrument invented by Dr. Lombard of New York it is ascertained that a woman's body is warmer than that of a man by about three-fourths of a degree and sometimes as high as one degree, while in no instance has the warmth of a man's body been found to be greater than that of a female. It is also definitely ascertained that children are decidedly warmer than adults, the difference being about 1 degree F., the younger the child the greater the diversity. A difference in the heat of the sides of the body is discovered to be an invariable law. The left side of the head and extending downward to the base of the neck is much hotter than the right side.

A Merging of Formula.

A commercial traveler well known in the cycle trade on both sides of the Atlantic adds this to the collection of jokes on newly-made happy fathers:

The hero is the manufacturer of the wheel which the narrator sells. Being compelled to go away on a business trip about the time an interesting domestic event was expected, he left orders for the nurse to wire him results according to the following formula:

If a boy, "Gentleman's safely arrived."

If a girl, "Lady's safely arrived."

The father's state of mind may be imagined when a few days later he received a telegram containing the one word:

"Tandem."—The Denver News.

Frosting Aluminium.

To give a frosted surface to aluminium articles remove all grease and dirt by dipping them in benzine. After this dip them first into a solution strong enough to blacken the metal of caustic potash, next into a mixture of two parts nitric and one part sulphuric acid, then into concentrated nitric acid and lastly into a mixture of equal parts of vinegar and water, finishing by washing them thoroughly in water and drying in hot sawdust.

A HOUSE APIARY.

F. G. Herman, New Jersey, Tells All About How He Was Successful in Running One—The Plant.

The hives used are known as the Long Ideal and were made to order. They hold 20 Langstroth frames crosswise and are expressly used for extracted honey. The total cost of the hives, fixtures and house was $125, not counting the bees. The top row of hives rests on a frame just high enough so I can raise the covers and look into them comfortably, as the interior view shows; the other row rests on the floor. The hives are only one story, so there is no use for queen excluders and no tiering up to be done.

The hive entrances match the corresponding slots in the side of the house and when the bees enter the slot or entrance they go directly into their respective hives. Each alternate notice is painted a darker color for the purpose of helping the bees to mark their hive.

The bee house was built in March. About the middle of April, when the weather was favorable to open hives,

INTERIOR OF HOUSE APIARY.

I took the Long Ideal hives into my home apiary and transferred the bees and comb from the chaff hives into them. It was only necessary to take three frames at a time and lift them from one into the other. Toward evening, when the bees stopped flying, I closed the entrances with wire netting, loaded them on a wagon and drove to the bee house and they were soon arranged in position. The next day, which was pleasant, the bees came out in great numbers and evidently became somewhat confused as to which were their right hives and three hives were deserted, the bees having joined some of the others. But 17 built up nicely and in May I divided three of the stronger ones and made the full complement of 20. In the latter part of May I removed the division board and filled the hives with frames of comb foundation.

There was not a swarm to issue which was as I had hoped. The bees are always comfortable, being shaded from the hot sun, and they seem to have sufficient room on 20 frames in one body. It is very comfortable for the operator too. I took from this house in September 650 pounds of very nice honey, which brought $91. The yield in my home yard was much below the average, so that year can be classed a poor honey year. As there are enough surplus combs built I expect an average crop of 1,000 pounds a year from this house. No further expense is necessary, only rent and cartage in bringing home the honey. I visited the house during summer only once every week or two.—F. G. Herman, in Orange Judd Farmer.

GROUND GYPSUM.

Practical Experience in Using It to Advantage in the Stable.

Ground gypsum, according to one of our farm investigators, may undoubtedly be used to advantage in the stable. The nitrogenous compound in the urine by the aid of certain micro organisms, always present in the air, is converted very quickly into carbonate of ammonia. This is volatile and will escape if some suitable absorbent or fixer is not present. Gypsum is such a fixer, converting the carbonate into sulphate of ammonia, which is not volatile.

Practical conclusions from experiments are (1) that the proper place to use gypsum is in the stable, where undoubtedly the greater waste of nitrogen, as ammonia, frequently occurs, and (2) that when the manure heap is kept compact and moist there is not any considerable escape of ammonia.

Fermentation increased the availability of the phosphoric acid. It is to be noticed that a considerable loss of potash took place. This must be due to a certain amount of drainage from the manure soaking into the board floor. This drainage was no doubt increased by the water used in keeping the manure constantly moist. This result corroborates the conclusion that loss of potash cannot be entirely guarded against without a water tight, concrete floor if the manure is to be kept moist by rain or artificial means.

Shop Talk.

The only time some employers raise their clerks is when they play poker together.

She Was Not Dull.

"You've had some acquaintance with Miss Withers. Is she really as dull as most people seem to think her?"

"Dull? Well, I should say not. She cuts me every time we chance to meet."

THE PASSING OF MR. and MRS. JOSEPH BRUDER

By Henry Irving Dodge.

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By Henry Irving Dodge.

"Big Four" pulled into Beaver Meadows on the Rome-Watertown division, and Joseph Bruder and his wife got down from the passenger coach that was trailing behind six "flats" of rails. Bruder was six feet four and broad, and his wife was five feet and narrow. Bruder carried a huge valise that cost a dollar and had done service, also an ax. Mrs. Bruder wore mitts and a plaintive, piquant smile. In her eyes there was a standing apology for the disparity in their sizes. This seemed to be a sore point with the little woman, for she was ever on the alert for the quizzing glances of strangers, and if one should stand apart and glance at the odd couple he was sure to have his gaze arrested by a plaintive glance from the woman which said as plainly as speech, "Please don't make fun of us."

But the man never bothered his head about what other folks thought. He was a woodchopper, and that's all he knew or cared. Next to his wife he loved his ax, and it used to be his pride that he could put a keen enough edge on it to shave with. He used to lay his cheek fondly against the purple blade and pat it and call it his darling. And the ax seemed to understand him, for it would bark with quick delight when his giant arms swung it aloft and bite the maple and bury its nose to the point where the tempered steel joined the softer stuff.

When Bruder got off the train, he looked around in a sort of inquisitive, defiant way and put his hand clumsily around his wife and drew her shoulder over against his thigh. There was no one at the depot but the agent, a veteran in the business, the tenure of whose position was due to five toes that he had years before contributed to the annual list of accidents on the road. Smith had heard that Bruder was coming to take the place of one of the striking woodchoppers, and it filled him with grave concern. Almost all of his relatives belonged to the strikers, and his sympathies were deeply with them. On the other hand, it fell to his lot to show ostentatious loyalty to the company. Beaver Meadows was the chief "woodin' up" point of the road. For miles the contiguous country yielded nothing from its stubborn soil save stunted beech and knotted maple.

The president of the company that supplied the railroad with wood was Smith's backer. A nod from him would have dislodged that worthy from the comfortable niche that afforded him a comfortable living. So Smith was between the devil and the deep sea. His heart was with the strikers, his interest with the company. That's why his usually placid mind was filled with perturbation when he beheld the lumbering form of Joseph Bruder and the diminutive wife alight from the caboose of Big Four.

Bruder had an arm as long as his wife's tongue and could fell at a blow either kind of jackass, human or brute. Mrs. Bruder was the brains of the outfit. She took charge of the money, when there was any, allowing Joseph only enough for tobacco. Otherwise he was a teetotaler. On the whole, this strange couple was deemed a combination to be avoided. No one ever knew where they came from. On that score Bruder himself was silent, with a persistency that defied all the subtle influences of bucolic diplomacy. Surmise said he was an ex-convict, and as chapter and verse of his past were not forthcoming this comfortable theory crystallized into a very good counterfeit of fact.

When the woodchoppers learned that Joe Bruder was coming to take Cy Selden's job, they knew there would be trouble, for they were a determined lot. There was an understanding, however, a sort of feeling, although no words had been spoken, that somehow Smith would settle matters, and so it was determined that no one from among the strikers should meet Bruder at the depot and attempt by moral or muscular force to turn him back.

Smith knew what was expected of him by his friends and relatives; he also knew that the suspicious eyes of the president were upon him, and hence the delicacy of his position. He hated being "double faced," but he had a very comfortable niche indeed, and times were exceedingly hard in those parts. He reflected with considerable disgust that it was quite unjust that he, who had no personal interest in the matter, should be the one upon whose shoulders the task of adjusting the affair should be thrust.

That explains why Smith was perturbed upon the arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bruder. It also explains why he alone was at the depot to meet the distinguished pair. It is an axiom that good luck always comes to the lazy. Smith was a lazy man, which accounts for the piece of good luck which came to him on the morning of the arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Bruder.

Bab Armstrong's two-year-old baby boy had died of cholera morbus a few days before, and the sorrowing parents, who were farmers, had put the little creature in a simple pine box and were sending him down the road to be buried in the Armstrong family burying ground at West Camden. The tiny morsel of humanity was at that moment resting in the freightroom of the Beaver Meadows depot.

As Smith limped down the platform toward Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bruder he looked through the open door of the freightroom and got his inspiration. Then he accosted Bruder.

"Waitin' for Harris' team, ain't yer?"

Bruder looked at his wife, and she said, "Yes."

"Goin' ter work on the job, ain't yer?"

Again Bruder looked at his wife, and again she said, "Yes."

"Well, I'm right glad ter see yer," said the unconscionable diplomat effusively. "I tell yer, we've been havin' great goin's on aroun' here."

Again Bruder looked at his wife, and again she said "Yes" softly and pressed a little closer under the shelter of his mighty thigh.

"Between you and me," continued the wily Smith, "these woodchoppers—I mean the Beaver Meadow fellers," he hastened to explain as a slight contraction of Bruder's forehead warned him that any slur upon the craft would not be welcome—"don't know when they're well off."

He paused, and Bruder looked at his wife, but she remained silent.

"Of course I ain't got nothin' against these men here, and it may not sound well comin' from me, me bein' in the employ of this corporation, as ain't supposed ter show no partiality, but seems ter me these men is a little unreasonable. Yer see," he went on as neither Bruder nor his wife spoke, "times have been pretty hard around here, with crops failin' and a good deal of sickness in the neighborhood, and I think these men ought to been glad to get steady employment. Of course they're really in the power of the company, cos they ain't got no money, and the officers knows it, and so they cuts down their wages. Now, some of 'em finds out that the big fellers is makin' dead loads of money, and so they makes a big kick and goes on strike. So the company jest shuts down, and I heard the superintendent say as that they was goin' to start a process of starvation. Of course I don't want that to go no further."

"Did the company treat the men fair?" asked Mrs. Bruder.

"Of course it did," said Smith quickly. "Ain't they got a right to pay their money out any way they like? Couldn't these men pick up and leave if they didn't like it?"

"Most of these men has their own homes, hasn't they?" asked Mrs. Bruder.

"Yes, they has," said Smith, "but if they keeps on this way they won't have no one left in their homes." Then he added as he walked toward the office: "Ye'd better come in and sit down. Harris' team may not be here for an hour yet. They generally comes ter meet the down train. 'Big Four' is waitin' here fer it ter pass."

He adroitly halted the couple in front of the open door of the freightroom, and instantly the maternal eye of Mrs. Bruder caught the little coffin.

"Whose is that?" she asked.

"That's Cy Selden's baby," said Smith, lying heroically.

Mrs. Bruder looked at her husband, then back to Smith. "What ailed it?" she asked. "Cholera morbus?"

Smith drew closer and lowered his voice a bit. "That's what they give out," he said, "but between you and me it didn't have enough ter eat."

Just then Smith found sudden business in the ticket office, where he remained until he heard the booming of the down train, when he went out on to the platform to pass up the mails. He lingered for a moment and watched "Big Four" pull out from the siding; then he looked all around. There was no one in sight.

"How'd yer do it, Bill?" asked Jack Lundy that night, while a half dozen strikers smoked and listened.

"I didn't do nothin', and I don't know nothin'," snapped Smith. "They come, and they've gone, ain't they?" And then to modify the rebuke the good soul continued in a tone that smacked suspiciously of tenderness as he puffed his pipe reflectively in the darkness: "Strange; I used to know those folks years ago—didn't know it till terday—they was a good deal younger then—just married, I guess—they were pretty poor—had a little baby that died—I don't know, but folks aroun' there said the little thing died—cos it didn't—get—enough—ter eat."

It Was a Dream.

When a certain divine was a younger man and chaplain at the University of Pennsylvania, like other ministers who filled that position he was much troubled over the apparent lack of attention from the students during the morning exercises in the chapel.

The exercises hardly ever continued for more than fifteen minutes. Some of the students were in the habit of taking their books into the chapel and studying there during the services to make up for their tardiness of the night before in not preparing their lessons.

The young chaplain was desirous of breaking up the habit, so one morning preceding his customary five minutes' address he spoke as follows:

"Young gentlemen, last night I dreamed I was here in the chapel addressing you. And as I spoke I saw every eye fixed upon me, every man attentive, while in all the chapel there was not a book opened, and then I knew it was a dream."

German Scotch.

"A good story comes from Sydney," says the London Globe, "where letters have been received from two American business firms asking whether communications to Australian merchants should be written in English or 'in the language of the country.'

"It recalls an astonishing trade circular received a short time ago by a business firm in Glasgow from a German manufacturer, also written in what his versatile clerk had apparently taken for the language of the country. It was in the best 'kailyard' style and spoke of a 'muckle consignment o' chemicals.'"

At Second Hand.

A Highland laird who could not afford to keep his own piper was accustomed to employ the village piper when he had company.

On one occasion, through some oversight, Donald had not been given his preliminary glass of whisky before he began his performance. Accordingly, he found his bagpipe in a most refractory temper. The laird asked him what was the matter with it, and Donald replied that the leather was so hard that he could do nothing with it.

"What will soften it?" asked the anxious laird.

"Och, just whusky!" said Donald.

A tumbler of whisky was at once brought, which Donald immediately drank.

"You rascal!" said the laird. "Did you not say it was for the bagpipes?"

"Och, yess, yess," said Donald, "but she will be a ferry peculiar pipes this. She aye likes it blawed in."

Hot Brain Work.

Miss Spondulyks—Mr. Chappington, I wouldn't wear such a high collar if I were you. You don't know how absurd you look.

Chappington (week later)—Is this bettah, Miss Lily?—Chicago News.

True.

"The jury was out two days and then failed to come to an agreement."

"That proves conclusively that we ought to have women juries."

"Why so?"

"Well, you know a jury of women would have disagreed sooner than that."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Tough.

"He seems to be a hardened criminal," remarked the prosecutor.

"Yes," assented the judge; "I have sentenced him four times, but time seems to make no impression on him."—Philadelphia North American.

Bribed In Advance.

Briggs—So you are going to have your fortune told by the new astrologer down town. Let me give you a pointer. If you want him to predict that you will one day be rich, just give him a handsome tip.

Griggs—That's all right. I'll give him my note for a thousand or so, payable when I become a millionaire.

Infusorial Earth.

In the whole catalogue of "chemicals, minerals and rare elements," the prices of which are quoted every week by trade journals, perhaps no name is more puzzling to the uninitiated than "infusorial earth." Still, if one knows much about dynamite he is aware that this is the stuff employed as an absorbent to hold the nitroglycerin of that famous explosive. It was Nobel, the great Swedish engineer, who founded a number of attractive prizes to encourage scientific progress, who first discovered the trick by which nitroglycerin could be safely handled. Infusorial earth is composed of the silicious shells of minute vegetable organisms, diatoms which reveal wonderfully complicated and beautiful structures under the microscope.

Going Right Ahead.

Alphonso—Gwendolyn, why are you so cruel as to keep me waiting for my answer? It is now ten minutes since I asked you to be my wife.

Gwendolyn—Oh, pardon me. I forgot. I was simply choosing my bridesmaids.—Brooklyn Life.

Pen Steel.

The sheets of steel for penmaking are in their original condition eight feet long and three feet wide. From these strips are cut wide enough to permit of the cutting of three or four pens.

CROKER'S SUCCESSOR.

Man Who Designed the Oregon Is Made Supreme in Organization of New York's Tiger.

The man chosen leader of Tammany to succeed Richard Croker, so long the head of the New York Democrats, Mr. Lewis Nixon, knew less than half an hour before being chosen that he was even a possibility for the office. After expressing his desire for a rest, Mr. Croker said:

"I want to say for Mr. Nixon, that I've known him long and well, and I think he is just the man for the place. He is young and vigorous, energetic and keen and he can do the work. He will start in under good auspices and will succeed without doubt."

Mr. Nixon is a Marylander by birth. In common with nearly all

MR. LEWIS NIXON,
Tammany's New Chief.

others in the South at the time of the civil war, his parents were in moderate circumstances, but his education was in no manner neglected, owing to the fact that his father was a school teacher. His early training was such that a foundation was formed and those who knew him as an urchin were not surprised when he took the honors of his class in the United States naval academy at Annapolis.

Leaving the naval academy he so improved the opportunities extended to him through the courtesy of the British Admiralty as a result of his high standing at Annapolis that, when only 29 years old, he designed, in the marvelously short period of ninety days, three battle ships that have made the American navy respected the world over. They were the Oregon, the Indiana and the Massachusetts, all of which are known by their performances and which, at the time of their design, were admitted to be the most powerful vessels and the best all-round fighters afloat.

The ability and judgment so to grapple with mechanical problems, naval science and tactics and vexed questions of engineering and artillery as to give each factor its proper value in this great work won Mr. Nixon immediate recognition. It was eleven years ago that these battle ships were designed, and he protests now that his reputation should no longer rest upon that feat; yet the work that he then did shows that he possesses a mind capable of grasping the difficulties of conflicting positions and the acumen to give each its proper weight.

Mr. Nixon has lived in Manhattan borough more than seven years. His only votes have been cast in Manhattan. He has lived in most of the great cities of the world, London, Paris, Philadelphia and New York, and is cosmopolitan and liberal in practice and theory.

SWINBURNE.

Greatest Living Poet Busy Compiling a Volume of Selected Poems From His Own Works.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, who is now busy at work upon the compilation of a volume of poems selected from his works, is the foremost living poet and is regarded by many excellent critics as one of the

ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE.

greatest of lyric poets. Mr. Swinburne is now in his sixty-fifth year, and is still producing verses of genuine poetic force and fire. For many years he has been living in retirement, seeing no one save his most intimate friends, and to these he delights in reading his recently written poetry. The house of Theodore Watts-Dunton at Putney has been the poet's home for twenty years.

Swiss Schools.

The public schools in Switzerland are operated by the Government, and civil service rules are strictly applied. The teachers, who are mostly women, are very well paid and never discharged, except for cause. When they get so old they can't teach any more, they are pensioned liberally.

German Education.

Germany is now the best educated nation of Europe, yet only hundreds of years ago German teachers in many parts of the country were so poorly paid that they used to sing in front of houses in order to add to their income by alms.

It Cleans Jewelry.

Tooth powder is an excellent cleanser of fine filigree jewelry.

Common Cows for Beef Cattle.

It is not only possible to start with common cows as a foundation and build up a good herd of beef cattle, but it is one of the best moves that the average farmer can make, provided, of course, he has the common cows to begin with, says a Kansas correspondent of American Cultivator. There is no earthly reason why he should sell such a herd and proceed to put a lot of money in well-bred cows. I should advocate building up the herd every time from common stock, so that one would gain experience while making improvements. Place the average man without experience in possession of a fine herd, and he will in most cases abuse it through ignorance. If a man cannot breed carefully enough to build up a herd, he cannot handle fine bred animals well enough to keep them up to their standard. If there is going to be any failure, it is better to have it out with the common herd so the loss will be less keen.

Twelve Best Hardy Herbaceous Perennials.

These are easily and cheaply procured, last a long time, are easily cared for and propagated. The best 12 does not exhaust the list of really desirable sorts by a good deal. The following are recommended: Carnation, phlox, peony, daisy, aster, hollyhock, iris, lily, chrysanthemum (not quite hardy), narcissus, western evening primrose, (Oenothera Missouriensis) and spiderwort (Tradescantia Virginica.) They need no flower beds unless you have the time and inclination to care for them. Plant in shrubbery, borders and fence corners.

Land and Animals.

The hog is the animal for level, fertile grain land and the sheep for hilly, thin and worn land, as sheep graze closer to the ground than any other farm stock.

Making an Omelet.

A frequent cause of failure in making omelets is in the use of too many eggs at a time. Four eggs make an omelet easy to handle. If more are needed, it is better to make a second or even a third one.

To make a plain omelet beat the eggs thoroughly, not separating whites and yolks. Add a tablespoonful of milk and a saltspoonful of salt for every egg. Put a teaspoonful of butter on the end of a knife (a palette knife is best, but a case knife will do) and oil the omelet pan thoroughly on bottom and sides. Turn in the egg mixture and keep the pan in motion on a hot part of the stove so that one part will not cook faster than another. When the eggs have become sufficiently firm on the bottom of the pan, run the knife carefully under and loosen the omelet so that it will easily slide to and fro. Then cover for a minute or two and raise the pan a trifle from the stove, so that the bottom will not scorch while the top is "settling." Slide the knife under, fold the omelet over and serve at once.

Women of Today.

The women of today are better educated and hence superior in every way as wives, mothers, housekeepers and members of the community to those of a century ago, and they are treated with far more respect by the men of the household than formerly. Women's influence in all directions steadily increases with their higher development. Naturally they are far more contented and happy with all the privileges they now enjoy than they were under the old restraints. There is nothing that could be borrowed from the past which would improve their present condition.

When woman fully awakes to the beauty and value of science, philosophy and government, then will the first note of perfect harmony be touched; then will the great organ of humanity be played on all its keys, with every stop rightly adjusted, and the louder, loftier strains, the march of civilization will be immeasurably quickened.

In Wearing Veils.

"How many women are persistently ruining the 'bloom' of their lips and the contour of cheeks and all pleasant 'expression' by pinning their veils too tightly across the face," said a woman. "Observe the women on the streets, and you will see any number of them at frequent intervals 'pouting' out their lips so as to push off the pressure of the tightly drawn veil and all unconscious that the peculiar action has grown into a fixed habit or that it makes a perfect caricature of their faces every time they do it."

THE PLANET MARS.

Science Cannot Say Whether There Be Men There or Not.

To the popular mind all astronomical research ought of necessity to be concerned with the important questions whether there are men in the moon and inhabitants in Mars. To the first of these astronomy returns a decided negative. There is no life on the moon, and probably no life, either vegetable or animal, existed at any period of human history. To the second the answer is: We cannot tell. There may be men in Mars and there may not. The conditions of life there do not preclude the existence of human beings. We have in Mars rain and snow, sunshine and gloom, summer and winter, as on our earth.

Perhaps the closing years of the twentieth century will see astronomers armed with a telescope powerful enough to reveal towns and cities in Mars. Should ever such a discovery be made I could conceive of none greater in the whole range of time, none more upsetting or disconcerting. To the ordinary astronomer untroubled by such hopes the future lines of astronomical progress is simply and clearly defined, and that progress is simply to answer the old lines:

Twinkle, twinkle, little star,
How I wonder what you are.

This was the problem before our friend who wrote on astronomy a hundred years ago; this will be the problem before astronomers a hundred years hence.

Wisdom In City Directories.

The New York city directory for the early years of the nineteenth century contained an almanac and other features now considered to be extraneous to directories. The compilation was largely done by Abraham Shoemaker Mr. Shoemaker had a habit of ornamenting the margins of the pages with quaint old "saws" of this character:

A traveler should have a hog's nose, a deer's legs and an ass' back.

A little house well filled, a little field well tilled and a little wife well drilled are great riches.

A poor man must walk to get meat for his stomach, the rich man to get a stomach for his meat.

Tell a miser he's rich and a woman she's old, you'll get no money of the one nor kindness from t'other.

Love, cough and smoke can't well be hid.

Some Famous Dunces.

Literary history is crowded with instances of torpid and uninteresting boyhood. Gibbon was pronounced "dreadfully dull," and the utmost that was predicted of Hume in his youth was that "he might possibly become a steady merchant." Adam Clarke, afterward so deeply skilled in oriental languages and antiquities, was pronounced by his father to be "a grievous dunce," and of Boileau, who became a model for Pope, it was said that he was a youth of little understanding. Dryden was "a great numskull" who went through a course of education at Westminster, but the "stimulating properties of Dr. Busby's classical ferrule were thrown away upon the drone who was to be known as 'Glorious John.'"

Bodies Turned to Stone.

Human bodies buried in limestone countries are often turned to solid stone by the limewater which penetrates the graves. In other soils there are elements which sometimes so embalm the buried dead as to preserve form and features unchanged. Many such cases are on record. Robert Burns' body was disinterred in 1815 to be removed to a new tomb. To the surprise of all his friends the features were found to be as perfect as at burial. When the body of John Hampden, the famous English patriot and leader, was disinterred by Lord Nugent 200 years after burial, the form and features were as unchanged as if the corpse had been recently laid in the grave.

One of Dumas' Jokes.

Just for a joke Dumas once addressed a letter to "the greatest poet in Paris." The postoffice sent it to Lamartine, the idol of sentimental readers. He hesitated to open it and took it to Victor Hugo, who protested that his brother bard had far too humble an opinion of himself. After some conversation they agreed to decide by lot which of the two should open the envelope. The lot fell to Victor Hugo, who, taking out the letter, read, "My dear Alfred." It was written to Alfred de Musset.

A Capable Student.

In one of the Philadelphia colleges a professor of chemistry asked a student the other day, "Now, suppose you were called to a patient who had swallowed a heavy dose of oxalic acid, what would you administer?"

"I would administer the sacrament," replied the student, who, by the way, is said to be studying for the ministry and takes chemistry because it is obligatory.—Argonaut.

Reason For the Hit.

"Was Mrs. Gabbot's 'conversazione' a success?"

"Decidedly. Everybody chatted at a great rate."

"How did she ever manage it?"

"Oh, she had a musical programme, you know, that lasted all through."

ASTHMA CURE FREE

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

Write Your Name and Address Plainly.

There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. Wells, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and Asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, Asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-sized bottle."

Rev. Dr. Morris Wechsler,

Rabbi of the Cong. Bnai Israel.

New York, Jan. 3, 1901.

DRS. TAFT BROS'. MEDICINE CO.,

Gentlemen: Your Asthmalene is an excellent remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever, and its composition alleviates all troubles which combine with Asthma. Its success is astonishing and wonderful.

After having it carefully analyzed, we can state that Asthmalene contains no opium, morphine, chloroform or ether. Very truly yours,

REV. DR. MORRIS WECHSLER.

AVON SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1901.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: I write this testimonial from a sense of duty, having tested the wonderful effect of your Asthmalene, for the cure of Asthma. My wife has been afflicted with spasmodic asthma for the past 12 years. Having exhausted my own skill, as well as many others, I chanced to see your sign upon your windows on 130th street New York, I at once obtained a bottle of Asthmalene. My wife commenced taking it about the first of November. I very soon noticed a radical improvement. Aster using one bottle her Asthma has disappeared and she is entirely free from all symptoms. I feel that I can consistently recommend the medicine to all who are afflicted with this distressing disease.

Yours respectfully, O. D. PHELPS, M.D.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO. Feb. 5, 1901.

Gentlemen: I was troubled with Asthma for 22 years. I have tried numerous remedies, but they have all failed. I ran across your advertisement and started with a trial bottle. I found relief at once. I have since purchased your full-size bottle, and I am ever grateful. I have family of four children, and for six years was unable to work. I am now in the best of health and doing business every day. This testimony you can make use of as you see fit.

Home address, 235 Rivington Street. S. RAPHAEL, 67 East 129th St., New York City.

TRIAL BOTTLE SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO., 79 East 130th St., New York City.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its present session for an Act to incorporate a Company with power to construct, equip, maintain and operate a single or double line of railway, to be operated by steam, electricity or any other mode or power, at and from the City of Victoria in the province of British Columbia, thence North west by the most feasible route to a point at or near Seymour Narrows in the said Province of British Columbia; and with power to construct, establish, maintain and continually operate a railway ferry steamship service for the purpose of transferring for reward passengers and passenger and freight cars from the said point at or near Seymour Narrows in Vancouver's Island to a point on the Mainland of the Province of British Columbia; and with further powers to build, equip, maintain and operate branches of the said railway from any point on the main line thereof to any point in Vancouver Island; and with power to build and operate tramways in connection with the said railway; and with power to build, construct, equip, maintain and operate telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railways and branches; and with power to generate electricity for the supply of light, heat and power, and for all, any and every other purpose mentioned in Sections 80, 81, 82 and 83 of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897," and to do everything necessary or incidental to the carrying out of all or any of the objects referred to in the said sections; and with power to exercise all the powers given to the Company by Parts IV and V of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897;" and with power to build, own and maintain saw-mills; and to carry on a general express business, and to build, maintain and operate bridges, roads, ways, ferries, wharves, docks, steamboats, steamships, coal bunkers, and other works; and to make traffic or other arrangement with railway, steamship or steamboat and other companies; and with power to expropriate lands for the purposes of the Company and to acquire land bonuses, privileges or other aid from any Government or Municipality, or other persons or bodies corporate, and with power to build wagon roads to be used in the construction of such railway and in advance of same, and to levy and collect tolls from all persons using, and on all freight passing over any of such roads built by the Company, whether before or after the construction of the railway, and with power to sell out its undertaking; and with all other usual, necessary or incidental rights, or privileges as may be necessary or conducive to the above objects, or any of them.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 24th day of March, A.D., 1902.

ROBERTSON & ROBERTSON,
SOLICITORS FOR THE APPLICANTS

ASSESSMENT ACT AND PROVINCIAL REVENUE TAX.

COMOX DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax, and all taxes levied under the Assessment Act, are now due for the year 1901. All the above named taxes collectible within the Comox District are payable at my office, at the Court House Cumberland. Assessed taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz:—

If paid on or before June 30th, 1901:—

Three-fifths of one per cent. on real property.

Two and one-half per cent. on assessed value of wild land.

One-half of one per cent. on personal property.

Upon such excess of income—

CLASS A.—On one thousand dollars and not exceeding ten thousand dollars, one per cent. up to five thousand dollars, and two per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS B.—On ten thousand dollars, and not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half per cent. up to ten thousand dollars, and two and one-half per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS C.—On twenty thousand dollars, and not exceeding forty thousand dollars, two and one-half per cent. up to twenty thousand dollars, and three per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS D.—On all others in excess of forty thousand dollars, three per cent. up to forty thousand dollars, and three and one-half per cent. on the remainder.

If paid on or after 1st July, 1901:—

Four fifths of one per cent. on real property.

Three per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.

Three-quarters of one per cent. on pereonal property.

On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars, in accordance with the following classifications; upon such excess the rates shall be, namely:—

CLASS A.—On one thousand dollars, and not exceeding ten thousand dollars, one and one-half per cent. up to five thousand dollars, and two and one-half per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS B.—On ten thousand dollars, and not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, two per cent. up to ten thousand dollars, and three per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS C.—On twenty thousand dollars, and not exceeding forty thousand dollars, three per cent. up to twenty thousand dollars, and three and one-half per cent. on the remainder:

CLASS D.—On all others in excess of forty thousand dollars, three and one-half per cent. up to forty thousand dollars, and four per cent on the remainder.

Provincial Revenue Tax. $3 per capita.

JOHN BAIRD,
Assessor and Collector.

Cumberland, B. C., 11th January, 1901.
My 22

Union Brewery.

Fresh Lager Beer THE BEST ..... IN THE PROVINCE

TEAM Beer, Ale, and Porter.

A reward of $5.00 will be paid for information leading to conviction o persons witholding or destroying any kegs belonging to this company

HENRY REIFEL, Manager.

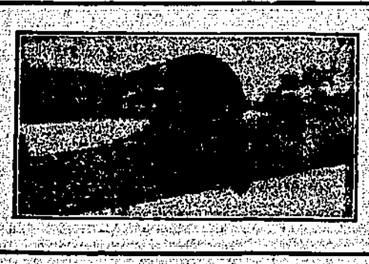
ESTABLISHED 1877. INCORPORATED 1898.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $100,000.

DEALERS AND EXPORTERS

RAW FURS

For Downright Satisfaction, Shipment after Shipment, Ship Your Goods to Us. Full Prices and Immediate Payment Every Time. Been Established 24 Years. Write for Prices. Make Trial Shipment. Convince Yourself.



HIDES

SENECA and DEERSKINS.

McMILLAN FUR AND WOOL CO.

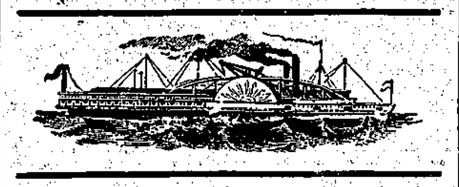
200-212 FIRST AVE. N.

MINNEAPOLIS, - MINNESOTA.

WRITE FOR PRICE CIRCULARS.

THERE'S MONEY IN IT!
SHIP YOUR
FURS
HIDES DEERSKINS and SENECA
TO
McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
High Prices. Prompt Returns.
WRITE FOR PRICE CIRCULARS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.



Steamship Schedule Effective Tuesday, January 21, 1902

"City of Nanaimo."

Leaves Victoria Tuesday, 6 a.m., for Nanaimo, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgraves, Burgoyne, Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis and Gabriola.

Leaves Nanaimo Tuesday, 3 p.m., for Union Wharf and Comox direct.

Leaves Comox and Union Wharf Wednesday, 12 noon, for Nanaimo and way ports.

Leaves Nanaimo Thursday, 7 a.m., for Comox and way ports.

Leaves Comox Friday, 7 a.m., for Nanaimo direct.

Leaves Nanaimo Friday, 2 p.m., for Victoria, calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Ganges, Fulford and North Saanich.

Leaves Victoria Saturday, 7 a.m., for Island Ports, calling at North Saanich, Cowichan, Musgraves, Burgoyne Maple Bay, Vesuvius, Chemainus, Kuper, Thetis, Fernwood, Ganges, Fulford and Victoria, when freight or passengers offer.

Special arrangements can be made for steamer to call at other ports than those above mentioned when sufficient business is offered.

The Company reserves the right to change sailing dates and hours of sailing without previous notice.

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager

Black Diamond Nursery

QUARTER WAY, Wellington Road

HUTCHERSON & PERRY

20,000 Fruit Trees to choose from. Large Assortment of Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Evergreens. Small Fruits in Great Variety.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

s12tc. P. O BOX, 190.

SMOKE

KURTZ'S OWN
KURTZ'S PIONEER, or
KURTZ'S SPANISH BLOSSOM

CIGARS

The Best in B. C. and made by Union Labor in

Kurtz & Co's,

Pioneer Cigar Factor

Vancouver, B.C.

TO THE DEAF.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave $10,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free Address No. 14517 The Nicholson Institute, 78 Eighth Avenue, New York, U.S.A.

THE CUMBERLAND NEWS

CUMBERLAND, B.C.

A LOOK AND A SMILE.

An Incident Which Explained Mrs. McKinley's Luck at Cribbage.

When the late President McKinley and party went west not many months before he was shot, Mrs. McKinley went too. While talking with Mr. Scott one day, the man whose firm built the Oregon, Mrs. McKinley said, "Oh, do you play cribbage, Mr. Scott?"

"Yes," was the great shipbuilder's answer.

"Well, so do I," said Mrs. McKinley. "I wish you would play a game with me."

"I should be delighted to do so," was the reply.

Later, as President McKinley and Mr. Scott were looking over the latter's big plant, Mrs. McKinley not being present, the president said, "Oh, by the way, Mr. Scott, didn't I hear you and Mrs. McKinley arranging to play cribbage some time?"

"Yes," said Mr. Scott, "we are going to play."

"Well, what kind of a player are you?" asked the president.

"Oh, pretty fair, I guess. I play a pretty good game."

"Well, so do I," said Mr. McKinley. "But do you know, it may seem strange, but it is a fact, that I have never been able to play well enough to beat Mrs. McKinley." As he said this he looked at Mr. Scott with a significant smile. Their eyes met. It was enough. Mr. Scott understood, and it was safe to say that he did not beat Mrs. McKinley.

Round the World by Mail.

A postal card sent from Paris to Paris via Moscow, Vladivostok and San Francisco made the trip around the world in eighty days at a cost of 2 cents.

C. C. Richards & Co.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F.R. DESJARDIN

Schr. "Storke," St Andre, Kamouraska.

It is certain that either wise bearing or ignorant carriage is caught, as men take diseases one of another; therefore, let them take heed of the company.—Shakespeare.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength by the influence which Quinine exerts on nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman, of Toronto have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Leave out the adjectives and let the nouns do the fighting.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

I have looked to the happiness of my countrymen as the object to which my efforts ought to be directed.—Lord John Russell.

OUT OF SORTS.—Symptoms, Headache, loss of appetite, furred tongue, and general indisposition. These symptoms, if neglected, develop into acute disease. It is a trite saying that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and a little attention at this point may save months of sickness and large doctor's bills. For this complaint take from two to three of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills on going to bed, and one or two for three nights in succession, and a cure will be effected.

Flowers are always fit presents, because they are a proud assertion that a ray of beauty outvalues all the utilities in the world.—Emerson.

Excellent Reasons exist why Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil should be used by persons troubled with affections of the throat or lungs, sores upon the skin, rheumatic pain, corns, bunions, or external injuries. The reasons are that it is speedy, pure and unobjectionable, whether taken internally or applied outwardly.

Love feels no burden, thinks nothing of trouble, attempts what is above its strength, pleads no excuse of impossibility; for it thinks all things lawful for itself and all things possible.—Thomas a Kempis.

W. N. U. No. 377.

RAW WINDS AND WET WEATHER

cause the Colds that cause Pneumonia and Consumption. . . . . .

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

cures the cold, heals the lungs and makes you well. SHILOH cures Consumption and all Lung and Throat Troubles; and Coughs and Colds in a day. Positively guaranteed. 25 cents. . .

Write to S. C. WELLS & Co., Toronto, Can., for a free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea Cures Headache

A Common Bred Cow

When toned up by Dick's Blood Purifier will give as much and as rich milk as a highly bred aristocratic Jersey cow gives upon ordinary feed, and a Jersey cow when given.

DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER

will wonderfully increase her yield of milk. It saves feed too, because a smaller amount of well digested food satisfies the demands of the system and every particle of nourishment sticks.

50 cents a package.

Leeming, Miles & Co., Agents, MONTREAL.

Write for Book on Cattle and Horses free.

Times of general calamity and confusion have ever been productive of the greatest minds. The purest ore is produced from the hottest furnace, and the brightest thunder-bolt is elicited from the darkest storm.—Colton.

GRAVEL CURED

REMARKABLE CASE OF THIS PAINFUL DISEASE.

Reuben Draper, of Bristol, Que., Who Was a Victim, Finds Relief and a Permanent Cure—He Tells of His Sufferings, and How He Left His Trouble Behind.

Bristol, Que., May 17.—(Special)—No disease can cause more severe and dreadful pain than gravel. Reuben Draper, of this place, was taken ill with this awful trouble about five years ago. He was cured and so many have asked him how it was done that he has decided to give the whole story for publication:

"About five years ago I was taken ill with the Gravel. I suffered great pain, so I sent for a doctor. He gave me some medicine and came to see me twice afterwards, but my disease was not gone, and in a short time I had another very bad attack.

"This time I sent for another doctor, with about the same results, only I was getting weaker all the time.

"Then a man advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, for he said they had cured his mother. I thought I would try them, and bought a box.

"Just one week after I began the treatment I passed a stone as large as a small bean, and four days later another about the size of a grain of barley—this gave me great relief and I commenced to feel better and to gain strength right away.

"That was five years ago, and I have not had any trouble in that way since. I have the stones in a small bottle, and anyone can see them who wishes. Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly saved my life."

The story of Mr. Draper will be good news to many sufferers who may not have known that Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure Gravel and Stone in the Bladder.

What has cured this gentleman and hundreds of other very bad cases should cure any one, and those who may be afflicted as Mr. Draper was should try Dodd's Kidney Pills.

When a man gets up in the world a good reputation often comes in handy as a parachute.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

A man's reach should exceed his grasp, or what's a heaven for?—Robert Browning.

MARKETS.

WHEAT—During the past week it has seemed an unusually difficult thing for traders to make up their minds as the chances of the present situation in the wheat trade. Last week trade showed itself active and markets buoyant, but in the interval between Friday and Monday there was an increase of showers over Kansas ans adjoining territory, and on Monday the speculative markets in the States felt the effects of this strongly, and a drop of 1c to 1¼c took place. A more confident feeling resulted on Tuesday, but on Wednesday another bad break took place, resulting in a drop of 1c to 1¼c. Since then some renewal of confidence is evident, but in the week prices show a decline of 1c to 1½c, as compared with closing prices on Friday of last week. The rains and more favorable weather over a large area of the winter wheat in the States have imparted a somewhat more encouraging feeling as to the prospects for the crops over such area, but we think the improvement amounts rather to the saving of a portion of what was promising to be almost a lost crop had the adverse weather been continued rather than the establishing of anything that could now turn out a fairly good yield.

Manitoba wheat has been very quiet and demand extremely light. On Saturday last the value of 1 northern in store Fort William, spot or May delivery, was 75¼c, and 2 northern 73c. On Wednesday these prices were down to 74c 1 northern, and 72c 2 northern, and since then they have advanced again to 74⅞c 1 northern, and 72⅞c 2 northern, at which prices sales were made yesterday, although for the most part sellers were holding for 75c 1 northern, and 73c 2 northern. 1 hard is offered at 78c spot or May delivery in store Fort William without finding buyers.

FLOUR—Hungarian Patent $2.05 per sack of 98 pounds; Glenora, $1.90; Alberta, $1.70; Manitoba, $1.50; and XXXX, $1.20.

GROUND FEED—Demand is steady and prices remain unchanged as follows: Oat chop, per ton, $27.50; barley chop, $21.50; mixed barley barley and oats, $24.50; oatmeal feed, $11.50; oil cake, $27.

OATS—There is not very much business doing in oats just at present, as the weather is not favorable for traffic. A little demand has been experienced from the east, which has been met on a basis of 40c per bushel for No. 2 white at Fort William, the same figure as we quoted a week ago. Local dealers are also paying the same prices as a week ago for their supplies. We quote: No. 1 white, in carlots on track, Winnipeg, per bushel, 42 to 44c; No. 2 white, 40 to 41c; feed oats, 37 to 38c; seed oats, 45 to 50c. At country points farmers are getting 28 to 30c for No. 2 white oats. Street oats are not offering.

BARLEY—Receipts are very light, and the market holds firm at 40 to 42c for malting grades, and 38 to 40c for feed.

FLAXSEED—Dealers are asking $2.00 per bushel for seed flax.

HAY—Receipts are light, and the market is $1 higher at $8 to $9 per ton for fresh baled. Loose hay is not offering to any extent.

POULTRY—There is very little poultry in the market. Chickens are worth 12½c per pound for fresh killed, and turkeys 12½c to 15c, according to quality.

BUTTER—Creamery—Two of the country factories commenced operations this week but so far have shipped no butter. The weather is not favorable for pasture or traffic consequently milk gathering will be a slow process until it gets drier. Commission houses are quoting 21c to 22c per pound for choice creamery butter in tubs or rolls, while other grades range down to 16c for round lots.

BUTTER—Dairy—Receipts of dairy butter are very light. Oldest traders here say they cannot remember the market being so light of stocks. As high as 20c could be obtained on a commission basis for fresh made choice butter.

EGGS—Supplies are light and the market holds firm at 9½ to 10c per dozen for fresh case eggs at country points.

CATTLE—Some cattle have already been shipped east to meet the excellent export demand. Butchers are finding cattle very scarce and hard to obtain. For choice beef animals they are now paying as high as 5c per pound off cars here. The general range of prices is from 4½c to 5c. There is a good demand for stockers, and the westward movement of these is now quite heavy. Yearlings are worth as high as $16 per head at point of shipment. Two year olds are bringing from $20 to $22.

HOGS—Hogs are in very light supply, and hold firm at 6¼c per pound for best packing weights, off cars here.

MILCH COWS—Cows are very scarce, and good milkers readily bring $45 each in this market. As most of the stock offerings are poor, they bring less money, the range being from $35 to $45.

An Education

IN ITSELF. THAT IS WHAT CAN BE JUSTLY CLAIMED FOR

THE GLOBE

TORONTO

CANADA'S LEADING NEWSPAPER

Its news-gathering facilities—the industrial, social, commercial or political events of the world—are not excelled by any paper in America. If you are living west of North Bay you can have the early morning edition (including the big Saturday illustrated) for only $2.00 per annum. Take advantage of this GREAT HALF-PRICE OFFER TO-DAY.

Address: THE GLOBE, Toronto

PAGE WIRE FENCE

This is the Page Standard II Bar Fence, made of "Page" wire which is twice as strong as common wire. The continuous coil, note wavy appearance, allows for expansion and contraction which is important owing to Canadian climate. Our upright wires are in one piece and have strength of about 800 pounds. If made of pieces spliced at each horizontal, they would have a strength of only about 200 pounds. We also make gates, ornamental fences, poultry netting, nails and staples. The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walkerville, Ont. 6

ROSS & ROSS, General Agents, Box 633, Winnipeg, Man

Monkey Brand Soap makes copper like gold, tin like silver, crockery like marble, and windows like crystal. 24

He is happiest, be he king or peasant, who finds his happiness at home.—Goethe.

THE BLOOM OF HEALTH

How to Keep Little Ones Bright, Active and Healthy.

Every mother knows that little children need careful attention—but they do not need strong drugs. When baby is peevish, cross or unwell, it is an unfortunate fact that too many mothers dose them with so-called "soothing" medicines which stupefy and put the little one into an unnatural sleep, but do not remove the cause of the trouble. What is wanted to make the little ones, bright, cheerful and well is Baby's Own Tablets, which will promptly cure, colic, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, simple fevers and teething troubles. They give children sound, refreshing sleep, because they remove the cause of the trouble. These tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. Mrs. James Found, Valentia, Ont., says: "Before I got Baby's Own Tablets my Baby was very pale and delicate and so peevish that I had to walk the floor with him day and night. The first tablet I gave him helped him, and that night he slept soundly. Since then the tablets have made him perfectly well, and he is now a fine, healthy looking baby, and is getting quite fat. I would not be without the tablets if they cost a dollar a box."

Baby's Own Tablets are good for children of all ages and are taken as readily as candy. Crushed to a powder they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest, weakest baby. Sold by all druggists or sent postpaid at 25 cents a box, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A man who lives entirely for himself becomes at last obnoxious to himself. There is no weariness like the weariness of a man who is wearied of himself, and that is the awful Nemises which follows the selfish life.—Rev. J. H. Jowett.

PUL-MO WILL CURE difficulty of breathing, tightness of the chest, wasting away of flesh, throat troubles, consumption, coughs, catarrh, colds, pneumonia and pleurisy.

A SAMPLE FREE BY MAIL to every sufferer.

PUL-MO is for sale by all druggists at $1.00 per large bottle, and 15 cents for small bottle, or direct from

THE PUL-MO CO., TORONTO, ONT.

ALL-WOOL MICA ROOFING

Reputation for durability established. Eleven years' trial. Our severe frost has no effect on it. Beware of American paper felting which cracks in our climate.

W. G. FONSECA.

176 Higgins ave., Winnipeg. SOLE AGENT HERBAGEUM.

Real Estate Agent. Issuer of Marriage Licenses

A cheerful face is nearly as good for an invalid as healthy weather.—Franklin.

Where the cause is just the small will conquer the great.—Sophocles.

One ounce of Sunlight Soap is worth more than two ounces of common soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar 201

HALCYON HOT SPRINGS, B. C.

Without question the best and most effective springs in Canada for the cure of rheumatism, kidney or liver troubles. The medicinal qualities of the water are unequalled. Splendid hotel accommodation; fine fishing and hunting. An ideal spot for the invalid.

He is only advancing in life whose heart is getting softer, his blood warmer, his brain quicker, and his spirit entering into living peace.—John Ruskin.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secrete the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also being the principal cause of Headache. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills taken before going to bed, for a while, never fail to give relief and effect a cure. Mr. W. F. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont., writes: "Parmelee's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes I have in stock."

Let a man overcome anger by love, let him overcome evil by good, let him overcome the greedy by liberality, the liar by truth.—Buddha.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Of all the advantages which come to any young man, I believe it to be demonstrably true that poverty is the greatest.—J. G. Holland.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower, free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

He, who in dubious circumstances aids in deeds when deeds are necessary, is the true friend.—Plautus.

Every duty which is bidden to wait returns with seven fresh duties at its back.—Charles Kingsley.

No man admires a doctor's generosity in prescribing large doses.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Conscience has no more to do with gallantry than with politics.—Sheridan.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Soft linen crash makes the best towels for drying silver.

In washing silver no soap should be used, as it is apt to give it a pewtery appearance.

All the mending of the week should be regularly and promptly done and never permitted to accumulate.

Plaster of paris mixed with a cold solution of alum makes a slow setting, but very hard cement for stoneware.

A canton flannel bag put on the broom when sweeping matting takes up the dust and saves much wear on the matting.

Cushion pillows filled with silk floss, it is said, retain their shape and elasticity better than those filled with cheap feathers or so called down.

In hanging pictures the cords should be as near as possible the color of the wall, and the center of the picture should not be much above the eye line.

Wringing out a cloth in hot water and wiping the furniture with it before putting on the furniture cream will result in a very high polish that will not finger mark.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Subscription $1 50 a year, in advance

W. B. Anderson, Editor.

☞ Advertisers who want their ad changed, should get copy in by 9 a.m. day before issue.

Subscribers failing to receive THE NEWS regularly will confer a favor by notifying the office.

Job Work Strictly C. O. D.
Transient Ads Cash in Advance.

Political Morality

It must be very humiliating to good citizens throughout the Dominion to read the reports of contested election cases which have recently taken place in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. That bribery and corruption have been rife at previous elections to some extent was well known; but now it appears to be perfectly legitimate, for one party at least, to resort to means to carry elections which would do credit to the celebrated New York Tammany ring. A case was tried before one of the Ontario Courts lately in which several ballot papers in dispute were scrutinized by the presiding judge, who said they were plainly marked for Mr Brown, and were so counted. The Court adjourned until the following day, when the further consideration of the case was resumed. The disputed ballot papers were again brought before the Judge, and on a close scrutiny it was found that new marks had been placed on the ballot papers between the rising and the sitting of the court. The Judge was staggered at the audacity of the party or parties guilty of the felonious action, and at once ratified his former ruling. In the Province of Quebec, the same low state of morality prevails, but some very clumsy work is often done. One election agent accepted a bribe to let the returning officer do as he pleased. Names of electors were entered as having voted who never came to the poll, and ballots were put in the box for them. It appears that such things are common at Quebec elections. We hope that no Eastern political missionaries will ever introduce this low state of political morality into B.C. There was one attempt made to tamper with ballot papers in the New Westminster district some years ago, but its purpose failed. Some elections have been protested, but the only successful protest was that which happily induced Col. Prior to withdraw from Dominion politics, and to re-enter the Provincial arena. Bribery and corruption were as in all election prosecutions, charged against him by his opponent as a matter of course; but it was the hiring of carriages to convey electors to the polls that lost Col. Prior his seat, an act of which his opponent was equally guilty. If elections in B.C. are in the future to be conducted on party lines, we trust that the low political morality which appears to be so prevalent in elections in Ontario and Quebec will not be introduced.

LOCALS.

All persons desiring first-class photographs taken should avail themselves of the services of Paull's Studio, as this will be the last opportunity this year.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—We have made arrangements enabling us to remain at Cumberland until next Wednesday, July 23rd; as this is the last chance to have your photos taken right at home and at reasonable rates, call at once. No prepayment required. PAULL'S STUDIO.

MONSOON

Dear Mrs B——, in reply to your inquiry as to which is the best tea to use, I would say that in my opinion it rests between the Blue Ribbon and Monsoon Packet Teas. If you like rich, strong tea, then Blue Ribbon is undoubtedly the best; but should your taste be for a delicate and very flavory tea I would advise you to call on C. J. MOORE for a packet of Monsoon. Personally, I drink Blue Ribbon in the morning and Monsoon at 5 o'clock, but then, you know, I am a perfect crank about tea.

Yours truly,
SARAH GRUNDY.

It is reported that Miss Milligan has been appointed teacher at Courtenay. Miss Milligan has made herself deservedly popular during the many years she has taught in Cumberland, and it is with regret that we hear of her departure, however, Cumberland's loss will be certainly Courtenay's gain.

The July number of "The Coast" is to hand and is an exceptionally good number. The contents embrace numbers at once varied and unusually interesting. Since February, 1901, the circulation has increased from 1,250 to 2,900. Subscription $1.00 per year. Address, "The Coast" Publishing Company Seattle, Wash.

PIANO TUNING.

MR OWENS will arrive in Cumberland on the 23rd, prepared to visit his many patrons who require pianos tuned perfectly.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE CITY OF CUMBERLAND

—: 1902 :—

Financial Statement

FROM 1st JANY. to 30th JUNE.

RECEIPTS

1902—Jany. 1st—	
By Balance	$ 15 14
Road Tax	318 00
Sidewalk Tax	80 75
Trade Licences	1002 50
Scavenging Account	425 75
Scale Account	59 25
Real Estate	1079 20
Police Court Account	83 00
Dog Tax	32 00
	$3095 59

EXPENDITURE

1902—June 30th—	
Election's Account, 1902	$ 70 25
Refund Road Tax	6 00
Isolation Hospital	16 45
Subscription to Band	30 00
Subscription to Sports, 26th July	25 00
Sundries	27 40
Office Account	35 80
Auditor for 1901	10 00
Advertising Account	20 05
Street Account	39 00
Sidewalk	30 12
Fire Protection Account (Freight)	85
Dog Tags	4 00
Tool Account	3 80
Drains	90 60
Horse Feed Account	50 50
Clerk's Salary to 30th June, 1902	120 00
T. E. Banks—Wages	390 00
R. Hornal—Wages	405 00
Street Light, &c	63 86
Scale Account	118 00
Health "	69 90
Police Court Account:—	
J. Abrams—Salary to 25 June, '02	60 00
Refund—Waller & Partridge—Fine	28 00
F. McB. Young—Costs	16 50
Nail Account	24 10
Cash advanced School Trustees	490 00
Balance	850 32
	$3095 59

By Balance	$ 850 32
Taxes due	182 00
Sidewalk	54 35
Scavanger Account	35 00
	$1121 67

LIABILITIES

Due on Contracts and Accounts,	$1269 40

L. W. NUNNS, CITY CLERK.
Cumberland, B.C., 14th July, 1902.

School Statement

FROM 1st JANY. to 30th JUNE, 1902.

RECEIPTS

To Cash advanced by City	$ 490 00
Rent from Old School House	3 00
Government Grant to 30th June 1902	2078 70
	$2571 70

EXPENDITURE.

Teachers' Salaries	$1770 00
Janitor	120 00
Water Rates	5 00
Coal	25 00
Insurance (3 years) to Jany., 1905	150 00
Printing	6 00
T. D. McLean—Books, Ledgers, &c	8 00
Freight—Seats	6 25
Tarbell—Out-house Supplies	26 45
Sundries	4 90
Leiser & Co—Supplies	3 55
Kilpatrick—Hauling Seats, &c	6 55
Balance	440 00
	$2571 70

July 1st—By Balance	$440 00

L. W. NUNNS, CITY CLERK.
Cumberland, B.C., 14th July, 1902.

VIOLIN.

D. THOMSON. - - TEACHER

Music for Dances, &c., supplied at short notice. Orders left with Mr E. Barrett, at the Big Store, will be promptly attended to.

SALE OF
Farm Stock and Implements
APPLY—"NEWS" OFFICE.
2 7 02

Subscribe for the NEWS.

To Have something Swell.

Take a Dry Sponge and pour on it a bucket of water
It will swell every time sure. ....

BUT we are not selling sponges, our line is——

SWELL BUGGIES

of all kinds. We have just received a Car Load of Open and Top Buggies with Steel and Rubber Tires. Expresses of all kinds with Platform, Half-Platform, Duplex and Elliptic or Hog-nose Springs. Buckboards, Carts, Sulkies, etc., all of the most Up-to-Date Patterns and Finish. Guaranteed for one year by the Makers and ourselves. .. ..

NANAIMO STEAM CARRIAGE WORKS,
3-12-'02 STANLEY CRAIG, Prop.

MAGNET CASH STORE

New Lines of—
Rubber Garden Hose, Rakes, Hoes, Axes, Hose Reels, Spades, Shovels, Tarred and Building Paper, &c., &c.

JUST RECEIVED } - *LAWN SWINGS.*

Dansmuir Avenue, Cumberland, B.C.

A. H. PEAGEY, Druggist & Stationer

FOR THAT COUGH, TRY
WINTER'S
INSTANT
COUGH CURE,
IT'S A GOOD ONE, AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS.

We are selling our TOILET SOAPS AT COST to make room. Finest GLYCERINE and CASTILE SOAPS AWAY DOWN.

STORE OPEN Sundays from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., and from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Dunsmuir Ave., Cumberland, B.C.

FOR SALE
MAPLEHURST FARM,
HORNBY ISLAND,
(COMOX DISTRICT),

Containing—
230 Acres. — 200 Acres Fenced.
About 400 healthy Bearing Fruit Trees.
70 Acres cleared up good, and in crops and hay land.
62 Acres cleared up rough, but good pasture.
85 Acres bush—easy cleared.
13 Acres chopped and burned over.

The whole of the 230 acres is excellent land and will grow any kind of grain and root crops. Is suitable for beef, dairy or sheep.

15,000 Cedar Rails in boundary and field fences.

Large 7-roomed house—water in house 2 Story Bank Barn, 32 by 75 feet. Sheep Barn, Hen Houses, etc.

Buildings 5 years old. Abundance of good water. Nearly 1 mile frontage on Lambert Channel. 1¼ miles from Government Wharf.

Good Markets—Cumberland (Union Mines), Nanaimo and Victoria.

Good shooting — Deer, grouse and ducks plentiful.

Price, ... $6000
1-3 cash, balance, 6 per cent.

Also, 246 Acres adjoining—good land, at $8 per acre.

Also, several Good Grade Jersey Cows, Heifers to calve, and Yearling and Heifer Calves.

Apply GEO. HEATHERBELL,
HORNBY ISLAND.
14-5-02

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following Crown lands: commencing at a post on the north shore of Otter Bay, Chatham Point, Vancouver Island, thence west forty chains, thence south forty chains, thence east forty chains, thence along the shore to the point of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

ALBERT FRANCIS YATES.
Nanaimo. B.C.,
Dated the 4th day of April, 1902.
16-4-02 St

Advertise in the News.

Baldness Successfully Cured

By PROF. SCHAFFNER
The Old "NEWS" BUILDING.

A remarkable cure effected. Cures baldness of long standing by the use of PEERLESS HAIR RESTORER and ELECTRIC MASSAGE TREATMENT, both of which combined destroy all germs and invigorate the roots which stimulates circulation of the active forces that feed the hair follicles.

From one to two months treatment will Restore Baldness of long standing
Daily Treatment $15 per month.

Parasites cause all hair trouble. Dandruff is caused by a germ which saps the hairs vitality. Vaseline and oils are of no benefit to the hair, as dandruff germs thrive in them, as well as in all grease. To cure dandruff, which is preceded by, and a sure indication of, falling hair, it is necessary that the dandruff germ be eradicated. From one to three bottles of the Peerless Hair Restorer will cure the worst chronic case.

VIOLIN TUITION.

PROF C.H. SCHAFFNER, CONSERVATORY GRADUATE, has decided to locate permanently in Cumberland is prepared to give lessons to a limited number of pupils on the Piano, Violin and voice culture. WHITNEY BLOCK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN tha DANIEL MCDONALD has made an Application for a Transfer of Licence from William Lewis, Courtenay Hotel.

The Board of Licence Commissioners will meet Monday, 21st July, 1902, at Court-house, Comox, at the hour of 3 p.m., to consider the above application.

JOHN THOMSON,
Chief Licence Inspector.
Cumberland, B.C.,
23rd June, 1902.
25-6-02.