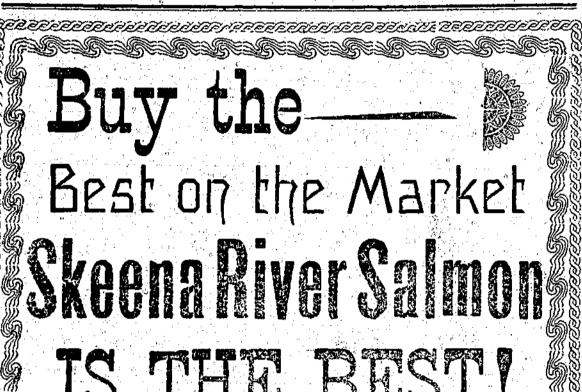
NO. 248. UNION COMOX DISTRICT, B. C., TUESDAY AUG., 17th, 1897. \$2.00 PER ANNUM.

ELECTRE ELECTRE ELEC UNION MEAT MARKET

For the choicest meats we are head quarters. If you have not tried our noted sausages, bologna and head cheese, you should do so at once. Fresh vegetables, eggs and butter, salmon bellies, Mackerel, etc.

SHIPPING SUPPLIES SIMON LEISER 0



PRIZE CONTEST ENTERTAINMENT.

"THE NEWS PRIZE CONTEST," concert on Thursday of last week, was without one dissenting voice a pronounced success. The program was of rare excellence, and the audience a large and sympathetic one.

Our neighbors and friends from Comox, Courtenay, and Sandwick, proved their kind appreciation of the treat prepared for them, by coming in large numbers.

The fine choir composed of Union's best vocalists, under Rev. Mr. Hicks and Mrs. Ed McKim's training were a most attractive feature of the evening's program. The fact that Mr. Logan, who had been an active and zealous supporter of the Prize Competition-would appear in Union for the last time during his pastorate here, helped to fill the spacious Presbyterian Church.

Quite early the pews were filled; benches were brought from the basement placed in the aisles, and the rear of the building for the accomodation of the late comers, who swelled the number and formed the largest audience ever gathered in Union.

Rev. Mr. Logan as chairman made the opening address giving the history of the Prize Competition, originated by the editor of the NEWS, seconded and supported by Mr. Logan.

The first number on the program was a "Glee" by the choir which was a very pretty thing well sung.

Mr. Whitney, editor of the NEWS, then made an address of some length explaining why he had offered the prizes, how Mr. Logan had helped the scheme along, by offering second prize and zealous support, explained how necessary is proper mental training in early youth, and argued there is no more commendable method than literary composition, a competition in which, demands industry, continuity of thought, study of style and words; he then announced Miss Dora Crawford-Courtenay-winner of first prize, given by the NEWS. Rev. Mr. Logan presented to Miss Flora McDonald the second prize, given by hunself. A very pleasing sclo by Mrs. Dangerfield foilowed. Mr. Bennett, Principal of Union school made an interesting talk and presented the third prize to Miss Ellen Tarbell of Union, the prize given by Mr.T.D. McLean. A solo by Mr. Allsop was much enjoyed by his hearers. Rev. Mr. Tait next delivered an address containing much valuable advice and expressed his approbation of the NEWS' prize competition scheme. The quartette which followed composed of Mrs. Parker, Miss Dimmick, Rev. Mr. Hicks, and Mr. Parker, was a good selection. Mr. Landells, teacher at Courtenay announced how surprised he had been to find his name down on the program for a speech, in lieu of which he read some very humorous extracts from compositions by reliable and delighting small boys. Mr. Landells announced the fourth prize given by the NEWS, had been awarded to Miss Rose Milligan. Mr. Hicks' solo followed; he was so kind as to respond to an encore. Mr. Halliday's name, teacher at Grantham, was last on the program and he left his hearers in a very good humor after reading some really good rhymes, written by some of his pupils. He presented the fifth NEWS prize to Miss May Milligan. The Damascus Triumphal March was then sung. Mrs. McKim, pianist, Mr. Will Roy, cornetist, and Dr. Westwood, violinist, were the accompanists. The rendition of this really difficult and beautiful creation, was a surprise to most, I think, and justified the encore which followed in response to a storm of applause. To Mr. Hicks great credit is due. M15 Ed McKim, who has practiced with the choir, and with each member individually for weeks deserves particular mention and thanks, for without her capable assistance the piece could not have been given. In conclusion Mr. Whitney acknowledged with appreciative thanks his obli-

McPhee & Moore,

(martisepy) provincial abian

General Merchants and Butchers, UNION and COURTENY, B. C

REINE.

choir, that had so kindly and untiringly assisted to make the concert a success. And I think it is pardonable if a feeling of grateful and gratified pride pervades THE NEWS OFFICE, when the kindness shown by the District in turning out en masse to the Concert is recalled.

-Wedding presents. See the stock (new) of silverware at Leiser's.

Latest by Wire MAIL FOR DAWSON.

Victoria, Aug. 14th .- The Northwest mounted police, who leave for Yukon to morrow, will take the mail for Dawson City and Forty Mile.

A large amount of feed has been sent from here to Dyea for the pack horses. One Victoria company is sending 54 horses. They have contracted to pack 150,000 pounds across the "divide" The city is tull of men, including several correspondents, who are going north on the steamers Islan ler and Bristol. The steamer Bristol leaves for Dyea to day with 300 or 400 passengers and as much freight as she can carry.

WANTS & SHARE OF TRADE

ARMY OF ENDEAVORERS.

Topeka, Kan. Aug. 14th.-Five trains of 47 cars carrying 1,900 Christain Endea. vorers, returning from San Francisco, have reached here.

Plumbing is now on at Anderson's Metal Works. Give him a call, and he will show you what he can do, and more too !

UNION BOYS OFF FOR KLONDIKE.

Sunday. Aug. 15th, at 7 p. m. the steamer Bristel, with 300 passengers and 400 horses arrived at Union Wharf. Among the passengers were F. Vater, late of Union, and Dr. P. Scharschmidt who is going into the Yukon country for "Victoria Colonist" and an eastern paper, He will also act as special correspondent for THE NEWS. He expects to reach Dawson City in thirty days. Wm. Dalby, father of Dr. Dalby and Frank Dalby of this town, is taking up on the Bristol 54 horses and will superintend a pack train from Skaguay to Taglish Lake.

A steamer will leave Victoria to-day (Tuesday) loaded with passengers and freight; will probably call at Union wharf.

NEWS PRIZE CONTEST

The gathering last Thursday evening to witness the presentation of prizes to the young pupils who had furnished meritorious articles on Union and Comox, in competition, was the largest ever known in this district, and the most euthusiastic. The out-pouring of the people showed unmistakably the interest felt, and each presentation evoked demonstrations of applause. The occasion was rendered further memorable by an entertainment every way worthy of it. The NEWS returns thanks to the publie for its cordial and generous expression of approval, and to each and all who assisted to make the entertainment so remarkably successful; especially would it express its thanks to Rev. Mr Hicks, who took charge of the musical program, and to Mrs. El. McKim, pianist, whose services were invaluable. In these acknowledgements Rev. Mr. Logan, who has stood staunchly by the NEWS as a promoter of the competition and concert, heartily joins. Those who took part as speakers. Thursday evening, in addition to the promoters, were Rev. A. Tait, Mr. J. B. Bennett. Principal of Union School, Mr. J. A. Halliday, teacher of Grantham School, and Mr. Lande:ls, teacher of Courtenay School. The following appeared in the musical program : Mrs. Daugerfield, Mrs. Dee, Mrs. Parker, Mrs. Hicks, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. O'Brien, Miss Menzie, Miss McArther, Miss Nicoli, Miss Bertram, Miss Nickerson, Miss Grant, Miss Rachel Daniels, Miss Annie James, and Miss Nellie Miller-sopranos; Miss Dimmick, Miss Mary Halcrow, and Miss Bennie-altos; W. Alisop, J. B. McLean, and T. Green-tenors; A. J. Brown, T. Dickinson, E. Parker, and R. Strang-bassos; H Roy, cornet; Dr. John Westwood, violinist; Mrs. Ed. McKim, pianist; and Rev. W. Hicks, director.

das dent No FOR SALE AT Gus Hauck's.

ENERGY CARLENCE OF CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR The Undersigned having Purchased PIMBURY AND

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business here, beg to inform the public that they are prepared to supply-

PureDrugs & Druggist Sundries

as cheaply as they can be procured from any house in British Columbia. A full line of

Patent Medicines

always kept on hand.

We are desirous, particularly, of calling your attention

to our complete stock of

Stationery and School Books

In this line we will sell as cheaply as any house in Union.

PRESCRIPTIONS & FAMILY RECEIPTS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

A. H. PEACEY & CO. UNION.

REPARTOLE PRESERVES CENTER SECTION IN THE SECTION INTERPORT IN THE SECTION IN THE SECTION IN THE SECTION INTERPORT IN THE SECTION INTERPORT I

UNION SHIPPING.

On the 12th steamer Oscar took on 22 tons for fuel.

The Tees on the 12th took 37 tons of fuel. The steamer Maude took on the 12th 143

tons of fuel for fhe C. P. N. Co, Victoria On the 12th the steamer Eliza Anderson stopped on her way to Dawson City for 41 tons of coal for fuel.

On the 14th the tug Tepic left with 237 tons of coal for the Cauadian Pacific railway and 190 tons of coke for Trail.

On the 14th the Thistle left for Victoria with 239 tons of coal for the C. P. N. Co. On the 16th the Bristol left for Dyea to 275 tons coal for fuel.

The ground has been broken for another 100 coke ovens, 50 of which will be built as speedily as practicable.

All the steamers enroute for the Yukon stop here to coal. This in addition to the usual shipping makes things pretty lively-The U. C. Co. is crecting a building weih will be used for a school for the present

W. H. JENKINSON.

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, UNION, B. C. Jewelry made to order, and Precious Stones set. Note prices : Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.

Vancouver, Aug. 14th.-The Board of Trade is very wrathy at the C.P.N.Co., for not allowing their Dyea steamer to call here. They have passed several milignant resolutions, and are arranging with the Union Steamship Co., to put on batter steamers for the direct trade with the Yukon!

NEW GOLD FIELDS SOUTH.

New Orleans, Aug. 14th .-- New gold fields have been discovered 75 miles in. the Tropics. Reports have come to this city that big finds of gold have been found in Nicaragua and steamers from that section have been bringing the dust to prove it. 🔗

YUKONITE DROWNED.

Nanaimo, Aug. 14th.-Word has been received from Seattle to the effect that Thos. Wall, of Nanaimo, was drowned while trying to swim a stream on a horse at Skaguay on his way to Yukon.

DESTRUCTIVE HAIL STORM.

Winnipeg, Aug. 14th.-A very heavy and distructive hail and rain storm passed over Manitoba last night doing serious damage to buildings and crops.

SCHARSCHMIDT GONE.

Victoria, 14th.-P. Scharschmidt is among the passenger list of the steamer Bristol, scheduled to leave Victoria to day for Yukon

ROYALTY TO BE COLLECTED.

Ottawa, Aug. 14th .-- Mr. Sifton Minister of Interior says there is no truth in the report that the government has decided to abandon the proposal to collect a royalty of 10 and 20 per cent on the out-put of the Yukon placer mines.

LIBERAL CUSTOMS ARRANGMENT.

The Custom Department has decided to allow every miner bound for the Klondike to take in free of duty one hundred pounds of provisions, miners blankets, the clothing in use and cooking utensils.

OVERLAND TRAIL OVER-CROWDED.

Nanaimo, Aug. 14th .-- The steamer Islander arrived at Dyea o.k., and returned yesterday. She reports a great influx of miners at Dyea, who cannot get through until spring. They say the miners are discouraged, as they cannot get to the summit before the snow falls. There are almost 400 horses and 70 men on the trail and Indians. You can't ge anybody to pack. The miners are offering \$30.00 per hundred to pack over to the lakes.

Aug. 10th .- The steamer Mexico ran on a rock after leaving Dyea just as it reached Dickson entrance, and sunk in

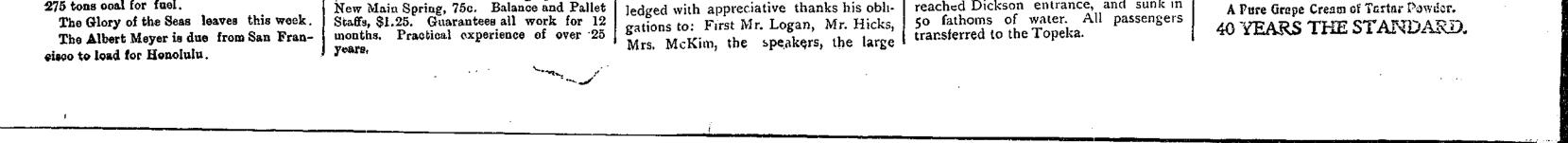
PRIZE CONCERT COLLECTION.

The collection at the concert Thursday, amounted to \$25 75, expenses \$4 50. The balance was divided equally between Rev. Mr. Logan and Rev. Mr. Hicks, in accordance with the announcement made before the collection was taken.



A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

UNION BAY NOTES



install for the

Subscribers who do not receive their paper reg-alarly will please notify us at once. Apply at the office for advertising rates.

THE NEWS.

UNION, B. C.

The Week's Commercial Summary.

In London there are sales of Toronto 3½ per cent. debentures at 103.

The net gold balance of the United States Treasury is about \$151,500,000. Money continues to rule easy, the rate

for call loans at Toronto being 41/2 per cent. and at Montreal 4 per cent.

Canadian Pacific has been in a little better demand since the publication of the favorable statement for February.

The stocks of wheat at Port Arthur and Fort Wliliam are now 2,901,800 bushels as compared with 3,445,616 bushels a year ago.

The directors of the American Bell Telephone Company have decided to increase the capital stock 10 per cent. or an increase of \$2,365,000 to \$26,015,000.

The world's visible supply of wheat decreased 5,000,000 bushels last week. The visible supply in Canada and the United States is now the smallest since September, 1895.

Numerous large orders for boots and shoes have been received by manufacturers who were willing to take rather less than others have demanded. Those who adhere to advances recently asked, are in general getting comparatively little business, though many sold weeks ago enough of women's grain and women's light shoes to keep shops busy for some time to come. Recent contracts for boots, one for 25,000 cases, and for large quantities of brogans and buff shoes, will prevent the closing of important shops, but the business done in the aggregate is much below the average. The shipments begin to fall below the maximum, and for three weeks have been 285,475 cases against 242,928 in 1895, and 246,016 in 1893, but are still above those of the corresponding weeks in other years .- Dun's Review.

The rigid enforcement of the alien labor laws in the United States may not prove an unmixed evil for Canada. It will, in a measure, put a stop to the large emigration that has steadily flowed for years past to that country from this. and which was largely composed of the best and hardiest of our young men. They will be compelled to stay at home now and devote their energies to the building up of their own country, and in this connection it will be the duty of those who are wealthy and in positions to do so to do all in their power to lend a helping hand. There has been a lack of patriotic feeling in Canada in the past and it is high time that we awoke to a true realization of the greatness, magnitude and richness of the land that is our heritage. It ought to be our greatest aim and endeavor to retain the splendid manhood we have for the upbuilding of a great nation. Never in the history of Canada has the trend of events pointed so strongly to the harmonious coming together of the different nationalities that our population is composed of, showing that the spirit of patriotism is beginning to assert itself, that we can show to the world we can take care of ourselves both politically and commercially. It is the people who inhabit a country that make it, thus it behooves us to keep our young men at home, and to do it effectually they must be encouraged and helped by every legitimate means possible to earn a living and make their homes in their own country.

Cyclists In the Streets of Cairo. A correspondent of one of the English rycling papers, writing from Egypt, says of the increased use of the bicycle in the land of the Pharaohs: "Machines are ridden in all directions. They are also seen dotted about everywhere, and piles of them may be continually observed stacked at the entrances to the principal hotels. There are about 2,000 English troops, and, as it is the fashion for bicycles to go wherever the military sojourn, Britons have made it particularly lively for the dusky denizens on the banks of old Father Nile. There are many good riders, some indifferent ones and a few atrociously bad, these latter mostly consisting of natives, who look decidedly uncomfortable astride a pair of wheels. At the citadel barracks the sergeants have 13 machines, and at the large barracks close to the Nile bridge any number of them can be found. At the Gezirah palace, the magnificent grounds of which are a dream to Europeans, ladies and gentlemen may be seen cycling at almost all hours of the day and night. The streets of Cairo are described as being decidedly lumpy, and, with the exception of the way out to the pyramids, roads, as we understand the term are practically nonexistent. Outside the city it is all sand, and a six inch tire would be a boon to ride over the desert upon. A large riding school on nearly an acre of ground has been opened and is doing a thriving business. "

In a London Hotel.

The American visitor to London who stops at a certain hotel in that city finds many novelties and conveniences that are not known here in America, where hotels are supposed to have reached the acme of luxury. It has an American plan dining room, but only a French bill of fare. It has an Indian room, where an Indian chef, in the costume of his country, prepares native dishes for those who desire them.

In this hotel each guest is known by the number of his room instead of his name, and it is rather odd to an American to be addressed as "Mr. 960," as though he were a convict in the penitentiary.

On each floor day and night are to be found a maid, a valet and a waiter, who are at your service and have free access to your rooms. When you come home at night, if you are a man, you find your clothes pressed and cleaned and carefully packed away in a chest of drawers. If you are a woman, the maid attends to frills and furbelows as though she were hired by you especially. Guests never bother with their keys. The maid or valet on the floor takes charge of the ranean lands not having crossed the Alps. --- Youth's Companion.

He Remembered.

"I should say I do remember it," said the fat man, who was asked if he recalled a certain railroad accident. "Williams-you remember him-was sitting in the seat ahead of me, and was instantly killed, poor fellow! And that isn't all. He was telling one of the funniest stories I ever heard, and, though I have tried ever since to find what the end of that story was, I have never been •ble to run across any one who knew." --Indianapolis Journal.

As to Borns' Last Production.

"Naggus," asked Borns, "have you read my latest effort, 'Fables In Verse?' ''

"I have," replied Naggus, "and, let me tell you," he added, slapping him encouragingly on the back, "there's lots more truth than poetry in it!"-Chicago Tribune.

Ilis Rule. "Now, boys, when is the best and

most appropriate time to thank the Lord?" No auswer.

"What does your father do when you sit down to your meals?" Small Voice-Ouss the cook.-Brook-

lyn Life.

More Sarcasm.

""According to theosophy, Julia, we are now the opposite of what we were in former existences."

"My, auntie! What a beauty you must have been!"-Detroit Free Press.

The Unlucky One.

"She married to spite somebody, I believe." "Whom-do you know?"

"I don't know, but it looks as if it was her husband."--Harlem Life.

The Point.

Old Mr. Million (passionately)-Miss Gushly, if you were my wife, I could die happy.

Miss Gushly (calmly)-Possibly. But would you?---Philadelphia Press.

His Love.

My love's not "like a red, red rose." For she is sweet enough to eat. When songs of her I would compose, The fruits afford the figures meet.

Her cheeks with those of peaches vie. What can her lips but cherries be? She's just the apple of my eye And does not care a fig for me. -Truth

FROM AGONY TO JOY.

Acute Sufferings From Acute Rheumatic

Ailment Relieved by South Ame ican

Rheumatic Cure When Hope Had Well-Nigh Gone-Mrs. W. Ferris, Wife of a

Well-Known Manufacturer of Glencoe.

"I was for years a great sufferer from

rheun atic affection in my ankles, and at

times was so had that I could not walk.

1 tried every known remedy and treated

with best physicians for years, but no

permanent relief. Although my confid-

ence in remedies was about exhausted, I

Cheerfully Tells the story of Her Cure.

A NEW MAN.

C. G. Chaplin, J. weler, of Burk's fells, Says He is a New Man Since Us and the Great South Am rican Nervine--His Testimony is Endowed by Thousands of Others.

"For years I have been greatly troubled with nervous debility and affection of the kidneys. 1 believe I tried every proprietary medicine under the sun, but none seemed to give me any relief until I had tired South American Nervine. To my Surprise the first bottle gave me great relief. I have persevered in taking it, and can say that I have not felt so well for years. I do heartily recommend this great cure. 🗄

A Pennsylvania physician advertises for skin grafts from fifty people with which to supply a woman from whose arm and chest the skin has been entirely burned off. It is noble, but rather hard to be partially skinned alive for the benefit of others.

True to His Training. She-O, that dog!

He-What's the matter with the brute? She---Papa has taught him to set up a howl at 10 o'clock and he keeps right at it till all the lights are out.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for you running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle's Anti-Con-sumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieves the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the car. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitu-tional remedies. Deafness is caused by an in-flamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hear ing, and when it is entirely closed. Deafness is ing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of

the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Dealness (caused by catarrh)that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. & Sold by Druggists, 75c.

"GOLD MINES"

** Get in on the Ground Floor if You Want to Make Money.

A limited number of promoters' shares in a first-class company for sale. Promoters' profits are large and they are sure: Agents wanted Standard stocks at lowest rates.

R. S. WRIGHT & CO., 99 BAY STREET, TORONTO.



Bank of England Notes.

new white linen cuttings-never from

anything that has been worn. So carefully

is the paper prepared that even the num-

ber of dips into the pulp made by each

workman is registered on a dial by ma-

Easy to order

chinery.

Bank of England notes are made from

and in fact almost anything used in the printing office. taken in exchange for new material. You can always find a BARGAIN.

Write to Terento Type Foundry, 44 Bay Street,

TORONTO, ONT. ****************

Wrinkles

Can be Removed and the Skin made Soft 🧈 and Youthful in ap-

pearance by using Peach Bloom Skin Food.

To Purify the Blood, Tone

**



Here and There.

The price of a camel varies in Arabia from \$15 to \$1,000.

The cost of a patent in Germany is \$100, which includes the taxes for six years.

Prizes or no prizes, women will continue to play whist. As for knowing trumps that's another matter.

A bill has been introduced into Oklahoma legislature to forbid a man marrying his mother-in-law. But if ever a man should be convicted of violating such a law, he will doubtless be judged insane.

The grandfather of the present emperor of Germany took command of the whole army, which beat the French, at the age of seventy-three. William II, has often found himself unable to com mand himself.

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir-the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient--what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills, By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength, by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves. disposes to sound and refreshing sleepimparts vigor to the action of the blood. which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance--result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists soll it.

key and is ready at any time to open your door. --- Chicago News.

Crude Rubber.

This remarkable, substance is obtained from the milky juice of certain trees and different varieties of climbers. South America is the principal source of supply, Brazil, of the many states producing it, leading in quantity and quality and having in its great forests sufficient to meet twice the wants of the world. The best is Para-fine, medium and sernamby-from the great basin of the Amazon, where more than 80,000 seringueiros (gatherers) are engaged in the dry season in collecting gum. White Para, "virgin sheets," a new variety in three grades, comes from Matto Grosso. Since its importance first began to be felt this gum has exerted an increasing influence upon the spread of civilization, especially along the Amazon and Orinoco and their tributaries and the great streams which pour out from the interior of the dark continent. Para, formerly

an insignificant village, has grown to be a city of 100,000 inhabitants, with modern features, and Manaos, up the river, is fast following it. India rubber is the mainstay of the northern Brazilian states, Bolivia and eastern Peru.-Clarke Dooley in Popular Science Monthly.

Novel Will Contest.

A young widow in France, whose husband left her all his property on condition that she should forfeit the whole, except dower, if she married again, was inclined to contract a new marriage, and prudently went to the local court to see if there were any escape. It unheld the will, but a higher court to which the question was taken then reversed the decision on novel grounds. The judges there said that celibacy, being contrary to nature, was something which no man, alive or dead, had a right to impose, and that such an act, particulary in a country like France, where the population is stationary or waning, was contrary to public policy. Upon this the widow married, but it seems that she was too hasty after all, for relatives carried the case up to the supreme court, which ungailantly reaffirmed the original opinion.

Prchistoric Dogs.

sented to the Helvetian Society of Nat-

ural Science the results of a study of

the remains of dogs found among the

ancient lake dwellings of Switzerland,

the earliest of which date from the age

of stone. He finds that three different

races of dogs existed there at that time,

one of which resembled the Siberian

sledge dog of today. Later, when the

age of bronze dawned upon the Alps,

two new species appeared, one being a

shepherd dog and the other a hunting

dog. All of these dogs were of northern

origin, the canine types of the Mediter-

A Swiss naturalist has recently pre-

NO AVAIL.

was induced to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I purchased a bottle. The very first dose gave me relief, and after taking two bottles all pain had vanished and there has been no return of it. I do cheerfully recommend this great

"

T. N. U.

"When a great soul is reincarnated,' says Anne Besant, "it enters into a body of some young person whose earthly existence would terminate about the same time." It means, in brief, a hold-up on the brink of eternity.

remeay."

Adam Soper, of Burk's Falls, Found All Remedies for Kidney Disease of No Avail Until He Used South American Kidney Cure --- To-day He is a Well Man and Gives the Credit Where it is Duc.

"For a long time I have been a great sufferer from disease of the kidneys. The pains I suffered were the severest. I had tired all kinds of remedics, but all to no avail. I was persuaded to try South American Kidney Cure. Have taken half a dozen bottles, and I can confidently say that to-day I am a cured man, and can highly recommend this great medicine to all sufferers from kidney trouble."

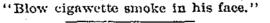
The average time it takes a letter to reach Shanghai, China, from London, is thirty-three and a half days.

Differences of Opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil-do not, so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness. checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

Too Much for the Dog.

40

"Chappy, how in the world do you get by that savage bulldog when you call at Miss Bullion's?'



RED-COATS

Put to route an Army of Formidable Trespassers.

Constinution, Dizziness, Pain under the Shouldor Blades, Sick Headache, Depressed Feeling, Bloating After Eating, Debility and Insomnia result from an Inactive Liver.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 little Red Coats at a cost of 20 cents will set you right in short order. Piles of testimony to prove it.



UNIQUE CEREMONIES.

DISTRIBUTING THE "ROYAL MAUNDY" TO THE POOR IN ENGLAND.

His Holiness the Pope Still Washes the Feet of Twelve Poor Old Mon-Solemn Observance of Eastertide at the Vatican. A Touching Ceremony.

Nowhere is Easter celebrated with more pomp and ceremony than at the various sourts of the old world, even the Protestant rulers retaining many of the quaint observances that originated in mediaval times with the fathers of the Roman Catholic church. Thus in England the old custom of distributing to the poor what is known as the "royal maundy" takes place in Westminster abbey on each Thursday of holy week, on which day the official celebration of Eastertide may be said to begin all over Europe. Royal pageants of hundreds of years ago are dimly suggested when the bishop of Winchester, clad in his episcopal robes and acting in his capacity of lord high almoner to the queen, attended by the dean of Westminster, as well as by the chapter and the choir of the abbey, and escorted by a company of yeomen of the guard in their quaint costumes of the reign of King Henry VIII, marches up the nave and enters the choir of the grand old fane. Scated In rows on either side aro the persons chocen as recipients for the royal bounty. As soon as divine service is over and the anti-



A ROYAL ALMSGIVING AT WESTMINSTER. phon, commencing with the command of Christ to his disciples, "Mandatum novum da vobis," has been chanted by the choir, the distribution of the alms by the lord high almoner takes place. The alms in question amount to about \$26 for every man and \$21 for every woman, in new silver and gold money specially coined by the mint for the occasion, and are contained in red and white kid purses, to which long tassels are attached. They are borne on a huge gold salver by one of the sergeants of the yeomen of the guard, who is flanked on either side by comrades armed e with halberds. The lord high almoner himself is assisted by several gentlemen ushers of the queen, arrayed in gorgeous gold embroidered court uniforms and with scarfs of linen tied across their shoulders, emblematical of the towels used in the days when the British sovereigns used still to wash on this par 'cular day the feet of 12 poor men and 12 joor women. This custom of washing the feet of the poor on Holy Thursday is still adhered to at the courts of Vienna, Madrid, Lisbon, Munich and the Vatican. It is a very solemn function, and while it is in progress one of the prelates in attendance reads that portion of the gospel which describes Christ as washing the feet of his apostles. At Vienna and Munich, Madrid and Lisbon, the sovereign is attended on these occasions by the members of the reigning family, by the great dignitaries of the realm; and by the entire court in full uniform. Princes and princesses remove the shoes and stockings of the old men and women, bishops and cardinals hold the gold ewer and basin respectively, while the sovercign kneels before each aged pauper in turn, and after having poured rosewater over their feet dries them with a gold fringed napkin. Afterward the old people are entertained at a banquet, at which they are waited upon by the sovereign and by the princes and princesses present, and at its close the guests are sent to their homes in court carriages, each bearing a handsome present in money. The pope, while washing the feet of 12 poor old men-which, by the bye, he does in a very conscientious and proper manner --wears a white linen apron over his white cassock. This apron is sent every year to the general of the Benedictine order, who causes it to be cut up and to be used in one of the churches of the order for covering the chalice. His holiness insists on himself serving the 12 aged paupers at the banquet which follows the ceremony, and each one of them finds under his plate a hundred franc bank note. But the most solemn feature of the observation of Eastertide at the Vatican-in my opinion, at any rate-is when on the following night punctually at 12 a cardinal arrayed in his scarlet robes presents himself and strikes 12 blows on the door of the private chapel of the pontiff. The latter thereupon arises from his knees before the altar, and, taking therefrom a golden crucifix, approaches the window, which is thrown open by the cardinal, and makes with a sweeping and majestic gesture the sign of the cross over the slumbering city at his feet, exclaiming "Et reddidit Spiritum." This Thursday before Easter is likewise the day on which Emperor William, with his nearest and dearest relatives, but with no attendants of any kind whatsoever, receives the sacrament in the little chapel which has been established in the bedroom of old Emperor William. It is very plainly furnished and lighted by a small silver oil amp, and after the imperial chaplain has administered the holy bread and wine the Illustrious communicants spend half an hour in solemn meditation before returning to their apartments. On Good Friday a remarkable and unique ceremony takes place in the royal chapel at Madrid. During the course of divine down, one by one, the redoubts of suservice, just at the moment for the adora-

tion of the cross, the chaplain approaches the kneeling sovereign with a gold salver, on which are full and free pardons for three prisoners lying under the sentence of death, and pronounces these words: "Mac am, does your majesty grant her parde: to these criminals lying under sentence of death?"

The queen thereupon touches the papers lightly with her hand and repeats the traditional words, "Yo os perdone, yasi Dios me perdone" (May God pardon me, as 1 pardon them). EX-DIPLOMATIST.



N THE history of the Christian church there has never been any difference of opin-

> Easter is observed, but there has been a good deal of controversy as to when it should be kept. This was perhaps because Easter is one of the movable feasts and not fixed to one particular day like Christmas. Easter day moves backward or forward according as

nearer or farther from the equinox.

In the prayer book of the English church the following is given as a rule to find Easter: "Easter day is always the first Sunday after the full moon which happens upon or next after the 21st day of March, and if the full moon happen upon a Sunday Easter day is the Sunday after."

About the year A. D. 158 a controversy arose as to the date of Easter which divided all Christendom. This difference arose originally between the churches of Asia Minor and the then so called churches of the west, the former insisting on keeping Easter the same day as the Jews kept their Passover. Toward the end of the century the discussion became so violent that Victor, the bishop of Rome, issued In apostolic canon decreeing that "if any bishop, priest or deacon celebrated the holy feast of Easter before the vernal equinox, as the Jews do, let him be deposed."

In the fourth century matters had gone to such a length that the Emperor Constantine thought it his duty to allay the controversy. So he got an ecclesiastical canon passed that Easter should be observed on one and the same day, but the controversy continued until A. D. 664, when Oswy, king of Northumbria, determined to take the matter in hand and called a conference, at which he himself presided. Colman, bishop of Lindisfarne, represented the British church, while Agilbert, bishop of Dorchester, headed the Romish party. After much discussion the king finally de cided the question in favor of the present month for the use of her furniture. My existing method of keeping Easter, and from that day to this the date of Easter has depended upon the moon's changes. All the movable feasts and fasts of the year depend upon Easter. The nine Sundays before and the eight after depend upon it, and form, as it were, a sort of bodyguard to this queen of religious festivals.

A SHREWD WIDOW.

Her Income of \$50 a Month From Two Sets of Cheap Furniture.

"The curious and adroit ways in which some persons manage to make money in this city on a capital small in substance but large in assurance were brought to my mind the other night when I went to take dinner with a friend," said a man about town the other day. "My friend, by the way, is a very prosperous and highly paid executive officer of one of the big commercial concerns in this city. He occupies for the winter season a set of apartments in a fashionable apartment house on the west side. As he had announced his intention of remaining in the city until June 1, of course I did not imagine any connection between his household arrangements and a big moving van which I saw standing in front of the door of the apartment, house as I approached. Men carrying furniture jostled me as I entered, and I said to myself, 'Here's some one moving out. But when I stepped out of the elevator at my friends' landing I met more men coming out of his apartments, carrying more furniture, under the supervision of an auctioneer, who stood at the landing shouting instructions.

"Just within the door I found my friend and his wife and servants and children in company with a man who I afterward found was a city marshal.

"At sight of me my friend burst into laughter. 'Come in,' he cried. 'We can receive you in a novel manner.' The city marshal had just finished his work, and my friend led me through his apartments. His parlor was untouched, but every bed but one and every bureau and chair had disappeared from his bedrooms and dining room and kitchen, and the carpets were gone from bedrooms and hall. 'I guess I won't stay to dinner,' I remarked when I saw the bare condition of the dining-room. 'Oh, yes, you will,' said his wife. 'I will borrow a kitchen table and some chairs from a neighbor, and we will get along. Thank heaven, we still have the kitchen utensils and the dinner left, but I don't know that we should have had these if my husband had not got home before the men got through taking out the furniture.'

"We had dinner and passed the evening very pleasantly in the parlor, and I finally left the family of five persons to go to sleep as best they could upon the one bed and parlor sofa that were left. While we ate dinner they told me how they came to be in such a fix.

"It seems that when they were house hunting last fall they saw this flat, and liking its location dickered for its possession. A young widow was occupying it, but her business projects were not prospering, and she was about to give up possession. She owned the furniture that had just been moved out. She agreed to take a lease of the place up to June 1 and to sublet it to my friend with furniture for an advance of \$25 a friend hired it on these terms. As my friend preferred to have his own parlor, furniture and some other things, he discarded that much of the widow's goods. Then a brilliant idea struck her. The flat across the hall was just being vacated. She saw the leaving tenant, bought for a trifle some of his furniture and moved in that which my friend had discarded and advertised that flat to rent furnished. In three days she got a tenant and made a bargain with him by which she reaped another income of \$25 a month for the use of her furniture in that flat. "Everything went along all right until the day I went there to dine, when the city marshal had suddenly appeared. It seems that the widow had borrowed money on her furniture and still owed something less than \$100. She had fallen behind in her payments, and the marshal had come to foreclose the chattel mortgage. The widow settled the debt the next day and had the furniture moved back. It was during the moving of the furniture, my friend tells me, that he first noted the paucity and cheapness, and he declares that the widow could have replaced it with modern flat furniture for about the amount of the debt, and yet on this small investment and the little extra she had spent for the balance of the furniture in the other flat the astute widow was drawing an income of \$50 a month."-New York Sun.

NEW CHEMICALS.

Gases and Compounds Lately in Commer. cial Use Placed Under Restrictions.

Several more or less dangerous articles of chemical manufacture are becoming so largely employed for a variety of useful law of Queen Victoria. purposes now that some restrictions as to their sal, conveyance and storage are, in the interest of the public safety, imperative. Certain substances that were previously regarded as chemical curiosities have ceased to be so, and are now important commercial commodities and of gallons of "liquid" carbonic acid gas in steel cylinders under high compression may now be seen every day being conveyed in carts from place to place, and similarly other gases are stored under pressure in "tubes," as, for example, oxygen, hydrogen, nitrous oxide, and so on, all of which may expose the publicto danger. Solid bricks of metallic sodium, again (kept under naphtha of course) are every day carried from port to port as part of a ship's cargo, and very serious accidents have occasionally arisen from the intermixture of various chemicals on board ship by the damaging effect of a rough passage upon the packages. The trade in clyinders of compressed gases has already been placed under control.

Still another chemical substance of comparatively recent discovery is now so extensively used as to have given rise to the necessity of a home office order being recently issued. We refer to carbide of calcium, which on simply becoming moist gives off the exceedingly inflammable gas acetylene. Carbide of calcium is useful for a variety of purposes, but chiefly because on simply placing it in water it evolves pure acetylene, which possesses a remarkably high illuminating power. The employment of this method of generating a gaseous illuminant for optic lanterns for photographic purposes and for lighting private dwelling houses, has already been tried. It is quite obvious that some restriction should be placed upon the sale and "storage of this substance, which is now being manufactured on a large scale, and which simply in a moist atmosphere gives off an inflammable gas, which with air forms an explosive mixture.

Carbide of calcium is now to be brought under the fourteenth section of the petroleum act, 1871, and, after April 1, it will be unlawful to keen carbide of calcium except by virtue of a license to he obtained from the local authority under the petroleum act. Doubtless the recent accidents that have been reported from time to time by the employment of acetylene in this way have prompted the home office to issue this order, together with a memorandum showing the character of the risks to be guarded against, and giving suggestions as to the nature of the precautions likely to be most effectual for securing safety.-London Lancet.

who was made a hereditary "von" 1887, has lived at Kiel, where the clinical records show that he has personally performed more than 14,000 operations. The princess, his wife, is ten years his junior. She is aunt both to the present German empress and to Prince Christian, son-in-

Sustaining His Reputation. "Is Stumps as close as he is represented and

"I'm his lawyer, you know. He's fighting a doctor bill of \$40 just now. It's for doctoring Stumps through the made on a very large scale. Thousands mumps. He wants the amount cut in two because he was only affected on one side.'

HER GLOVE BUTTONER.

The Officious Chappie and His Reward at Beauty's Hands.

She had boarded a street car up town, coming out of a store with her gloves off, for some reason or other hest known to herself. Possibly it was a glove store. Whatever it was, she had her gloves off, and it was proper and correct for her to have them off, or she would have had them on. There were not more than eight or ten people in the car, and when she had taken a seat she began to put her gloves on. When they were both on, she took out of her pocketbook a dainty little silver glove buttomer and proceeded to button the one on her left hand. In doing so the buttoner slipped from her fingers and fell to the floor of the car.

Immediately a chappic looking young man with the rock of Gibraltar in his face, stooped to pick the buttoner up, and hav? ing got it in his hands, he rose, smiling, and much to her surprise, offered to button the glove. For an instant she acted about as the average girl would have done, and then the Washingtonian genius came to her aid, and smiling kindly, she held her hand out to him in compliance with his request. She sat perfectly unmoved as he took about twice as long to it as there. was any need of, and as soon as he had finished it she calmly held out the other. He didn't quite expect this evidently, but he had his nerve with him, and more smiling than ever, he took her hand in his and buttoned the other glove.

Taking the button hook from his unresisting fingers, she took out her pocketbook to replace it, and finding in it a nickel, with the most innocent manner in the world, she handed it to the young man. With all his nerve he couldn't stand this, and he promptly returned it, at the same time making some kind of a protest, which she did not pay any attention to, but took the coin back and proffered a dime in its stead. This he also returned with quite a show of indignation.

"Why," she exclaimed, with that same beautiful artlessness, "I never give more than 10 cents at home to have my gloves buttoned."

Everybody in the car heard her say it, of course, and before anybody had stopped laughing the gallant glove buttoner had

At the Boarding House.

"Yes, Mr. Jones, at this Easter season 1 always provide for the inmates of my humble home a diet largely of eggs-not from motives of economy, as you insinuate. but because of their appropriateness to the season."

"You can't convince me, madam, that last Easter's eggs are appropriate this Easter's dinner. That's all I'm kicking about."

Obvious.

"Do you believe, Mr. Jones, that the glad Easter festival we are celebrating was really suggested by the heathen customs?'

"Believe it? I know it. The heathen are alive yet, too, most of 'em, making out bills for Easter bonnets."

One of Lincoln's Kind Acts.

One summer morning shortly before the close of the civil war the not unusual sight in Washington of an old veteran hobbling along could have been seen on a shady path that led from the executive mansion to the war office. The old man was in pain, and the pale, sunken cheeks and vague, faraway stare in his eyes betokened a short lived existence. He halted a moment and then slowly approached a tall gentleman who was walking thoughtfully along. "Good morning, sir. I'm an old soldier and would like to ask your advice."

The gentleman turned, and smiling kindly, invited the poor old veteran to a seat under a shady tree. There he listened to the man's story of how he had fought for the Union and was severely wounded, incapacitating him for other work in life. and begged directions how to apply for back pay due him and a pension, offering. his papers for examination.

The gentleman looked over the papers and then took out a card and wrote directions on it, also a few words to the pension bureau, desiring that speedy attention be given to the applicant, and handed it to him.

The old soldier looked at it, and with tears in his eyes thanked the tall gentleman, who, with a sad look, bade him good luck and hurried up the walk. Slowly the soldier read the card again and then turned it over to read the name of the owner. More tears welled in his eyes when he knew whom he had addressed himself to. and his lips muttered: "I am glad I fought for him and the country, for he never forgets. God bless Abraham Lincoln |''-Harper's Round Table.

Logic.

Thereupon Civilization argued with Savagery.

"How," it warmly demanded, "if you wear absolutely no clothes in the morning, can you wear less at evening functions?"

Thus it is that inexorable logic beats perstition. - Detroit Journal.

The Book of Wealth.

Millionaires, please step forward! Now is your chance to become possessed of a rarity and for the modest sum of £500. It is true that the rarity is only a book, but-what a book!

It is called the "Book of Wealth," and its author is an American, Mr. Hubert Howe Bancroft, who has taken immense trouble to collect data for his work, which is to show wealth in relation to the progress of the world, how it has been amassed, those who have been most successful in becoming possessed thereof and how different nations have benefited by the presence of riches in their midst!

There are two editions of this costly volume. The one, limited to 150 copies, costs you £500; the other, limited to \$50 copies, £200. The larger part of each of these editions has been bought up by the orowned heads of Euorpe and the monied few who can afford so costly a luxury.

The book has cost £200,000 to produce. varying over a period of three years. The illustrations have been done by the best black and white artists to be procured in America, seeing that the book is a Yankee production, while the czar of Russia, the Prince of Wales, the emperor of Germany and others no less exalted have been at pains to help Mr. Bancroft in the compilation of his work.

As the book is devoted to wealth, the purchasers must be wealthy. Among the subscribers are to be found such names dukes of Westminster and Marlborough, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, M. Casimir-Perier, while the only monarch in Europe who has not become a purchaser is the king of Italy.

The book is gorgeous without and within, gold cloth forms its cover, while been used within .- Pearson's Weekly.

Her Little Test.

"Oh, you dear thing!" cried the girl in the empire jacket as she stepped aboard the cars. "To think that I've just heard of your marriage! I was away at the time, you know, and I just can't forgive you for not letting me know all about it."

"Well, you see, it was very sudden." said the young woman in the fur collarette. "I only knew it myself 48 hours before it happened. You see, I had decided to be married in the spring anyhow, but I liked Jack and Edgar equally well, and I just couldn't decide which-"

"Yes," said the girl in the empire jacket breathlessly, "and how did you decide?"

"I put them both to a test," said the young woman in the fur collarette. 'and Jack stood it."

"You didn't make them fight a duel, did you?"

"Mercy, no! That is away behind the times. I just took each of them out for a walk and stopped before a milliner's window to-"

"You clever, original thing!"

"Yes, to admire the hats. I said to Edgar: 'I'm trying to decide which one of these suits me best. I've tried them all on, and I can't decide. Give me your opinion.' "

"Yes, yes. Don't stop. I'm dying to hear-'

"He pointed to the one bearing a ticket which said, 'Marked down to \$1.49,' and said: 'That one, by all means. It will just suit the shape of your head !" "

"Oh, I see! A husband like that would tell you that you looked better in a calico frock than-"

"A silk? Exactly. I rejected him that day. The following afternoon Jack and I went for a walk."

"And stopped before the same window?"

"M'hm. Then Jack displayed his real nobility. He said, 'If I had anything to say to it, I'd select that one.' It was placarded, 'The very latest, \$22.' I knew I'd never find such a noble creature again. So I married him two days later!"

"And you were right too. Of course the first thing he did after you were married was to buy you that hat! How awfully romantic! Of course you haven't worn it out in two months. You must let me see it when I come to call to-morrow.'

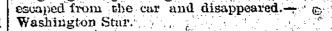
A queer look flashed over the bride's face, and she gasped: "Why, no, he didn't. I- never once thought of that. Conductor, stop the car!"

"Why, where are young going?" asked

fore I go home."-Chicago Times-Herald.

Their Silver Wedding.

Professor Dr. Friedrich von Esmarch of Biel university and his wife have just celebrated their silver wedding, the former being over 74 years old. He won as Rothschild, Vanderbilt, Astor, the his surgical experience and reputation in his service for the wounded during the great wars of 1866 to 1870. At the close of the Franco-German war he had established himself as friend and physician in the highest circles, and on Feb. 28, 1872, he married as his second wife Princess Henrietta Elizabeth of Sleswick-Holstein, only the very finest paper procurable has whose life he had saved by an operation. Since his marriage Dr. von Esmarch,



Very Much Attached to Her Dog.



-Pick Me Up.

Some Indian Girls.

Among the Indian girls at the Crow agency school in Montana are the following: Clara Spotted Horse, Edith Long Ear, Kittie Medicine Tail, Lena Old Bear, Clara Bull Nose, Blanche Little Star, Nellie Shell-on-the-Neck, Mary Old Jack Rabbit, Bertha Full Mouth, Katie Dreamer, Fanny Plenty Butterflies, Bessie Crooked Arm, Martha Long Neck, Isabel Lunch, Flay Hairy Wolf, Alice Shoots-as-She-Goes, Stella Wolfhouse, Lucy Hawks, Beatrice Beads-on-Ankle, Louisa Three Wolves, Anna Medicine Pipe, Maggie Broken Ankle, Sarah Three Irons, Ida Wrinkle Face, Jessie Flat Head Woman, Lottie Grandmother's Knife, Minnie Nods-at-Bear, Daisy Young Heifer.

Smashed Proverbs.

Never cry over skimmed milk.

A child can lead a colonel to a bar, but probably ten men would not ask him to drink.

"It is never too late to men," she said when the clock struck 1 and George was still at the club.

After you look a gift horse in the mouth you will see there is no use to lock the stable door.

Better count your chickens before they are snatched—the darkey's hour is fast before dawn.

Wrapped In Thought.

She-Why don't you say something, Mr. Folly?

He-Oh, I beg pardon, dear! I was completely wrapped up in thought.

She-Aren't you cold?-New York Journal.

Right In His Line.

Edith-Kate is goin to marry Kammack, the photographer.

Bertha-Isn't that nice? It will be right in his line to have her always look pleasant.-Boston Transcript.

Domestic Excitements.

"Our cook has to go home every two or three days because her grandmother has fits."

"You are in luck. Our cook has fits herself."--Ohicago Record.

the girl in the empire jacket. "To Jack's office," said the bride

firmly. "I-we have an errand to do be-



		THE WEEKLY NEWS A	AUG., 17th, 1897.	
	HOLD YOUR TONGUE.	There is Nothing		
THE WEEKLY NEWS	Don't start your tongue a-goin' in a care-			C.H. ARBELL
ssued Every Tuesday	less sort of way	LIKE LEATHER		2 2 2 1 C 2 Mar Land Land Land
At Union, B. C.	And thoughtlessly forget it till it runs a	b b i i i i i i i		Dealer in
M. Whitney, Editor.	half a day. The pleasant art of talking is a happy	If it is Well Put Together	Esquimalt and Nanaimo Ry.	Stoves and Tinware
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.	gift, indeed.			
IN ADVANCE.	But, oh, the art of keeping still is what	So here it is : :	Steamer City of	Plumbing and general
One Year	the people need.	Single Harness at \$10, \$12, \$15 per set	Nanaimo	
Single Copy 0 05	Don't think that you can multiply our	and up.—Sweat Pads at 50 cents.		Sheetiron work
RATES OF ADVERTISING:	meagre stock of joys	Whips at 10, 25, 50 and a good Raw-	OWENS MASTER	PROMPTLY DONE
One iach per year	By jamming every quiet space chock full	hide for 75 cents, and a Whale Bone	$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left$	B Agent for the
eighth col per year	of talk and noise,	at \$1 and up to \$2.	The Steamer CITY of NANAIMO	Celebrated Gurney
week, line 10	If you've a big two-bushel thought why,	I have the largest Stock of WHIPS in	will sail as follows	
Local notices, per line	sift it to a cup 🍬		CALLING AT WAY PORTS as passengers and freight may offer	Souvenir Stoves and
Deaths, 50 cents each insertion.	Of plain terse words, but otherwise shut up!shut up!!shut up!!!	Best Axle Grease a C BOXES	Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.	Ranges
No Advertisment inserted for less than			" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7. a. m Leave Comox for Nanaimo, Fridays, 7. a.m.	Manufacturer of the
50 cents.	The men who have their words engraved	For.Twenty-Five#Cents	"Navaimo for Victoria Saturdey, 7 a.m.	New Air-tight heaters
Persons failing to get THE NEWS re- gularly should notify the OFFICE.	on monuments to-day	Tourise at Driess to Suit	For freight or state rooms apply on	recw run-tight heaters
	Are not the ones who always tried to have	▶	board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.	
TUESDAY, AUG. 17th, 1897.	the most to say, Ah, no ! they thought for years to get one	the Times.	street.	DO YOU
, 	sentence new and bright		Society Cards	nn 100
THE Imperial _e parliament has been	For us to put in copy books and have our	Repairing { NEATLY DONE		
prorogued.	children write.	Wesley Willard	Ι. υ. Ο. F .	TAKE YOUR
AND so Sir Wilfried Laurier has been	And so if you would render glad the ones		Union Lodge, No. 11, meets e ery Friday night at 8 o'clock. Visiting breth	DODAT DADDO
made a dignitary of the Legion of			ren cordially invited to attend.	LOCAL PAPER?
Honor! "It never rains but Fours."	Why, find some real good quiet place and	Nanaimo Cigar Factory	F. A. ANLEY, R. S.	It publishes all that is worthy of notice
THE length of time since Herr Andree	think about a year,	Phillip Gable and Co., Prop's		of THE LOCAL NEWS.
started in his baloon for the north pole,	And Seca modell so deep and proad		Cumberland Lodge,	It Gives
renders it probable we shall never hear		Bastion Street - Nanaimo B. C.	A. F. & A. M, B. C. R . UNION, B. C.	
fron him again.	square between the eyes.	manufactures the intest ciguts and	Lodge meets first Friday in each	the cream of TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
THE latest discovery is that it is the		employes none but white labor. Why purchase inferior foreign cigars	month. Visiting brethren are cordially	lt Supports
penetrating light rays and not heat which		when you can obtain a SUPERIOR ARTI	invited to attend.	GOOD ORDER, PUBLIC ENTER-
produces sunstroke. By wearing red	Following is a table of the distances		L. MOUNCE, Sec.	PRISES, THE CHURCHES, FRA.
clothes, it is said all trouble can be avert-	from Dyea, the head of steamboat navi-		Hiram Loage No 14 A.F .& A.M., B.C.R	TERNAL SOCIETIES, everything wor-
ed. Why not paint the town red?	gation, via Chilcoot Pass to Circle City.	PROFESSIONAL.	Courtenay B. C.	thy of encouragement.
IT already appears that the mining	The left hand row of figures indicate the	Dro Lawronce & Mastwood	Lodge meets on every Saturday on or	
regulations for the Klondike are to be		Bhardiolong and Supgoong	before the full of the moon Visiting Brothers cordially requested	It Publishes Occasionally,
amended, as we prophesied would be the	the right hand figures show the respective	TINTONT BC	to attend.	Bright Original Stories,
case last week. That the size of claims		We have appointed Mr. James Ab-	R. S. McConnell, Secretary.	Bright Original Poems,
are to be reduced is giving satisfaction.	journey.		Secretary.	Bright Original "Chatter."
IT was a good idea for the Chief Com-	MILES MILES 15 Dyea to the Summit . 15	tice, to whom all overdue accounts	Cumberland Encampment.	And is the ONLY WEEKLY COUN-
missioner of Lands and Works to visit	24 Summit to Lake Linderman	may be neid	No. 5, I. O. O. F., Union.	TRY PAPER in the PROVINCE
Kootenay and see for himself what was	36 Linderman to Foot of Lake 12		Meets every alternate Wednesdays of	
really needed We invite him to visit	37 Foot of Lake to 1 Mile River 1	HARRISON P. MILLARD, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.	each month at 8 o'clock p. m. Visiting Brethren cordially invited to attend.	VICE.

Comox, and look into the question of the speedy completion of the Nanaimo-Comox trunk road.

HE news that barges will be built for the transportation of coke laden cars from our outer wharf to Vancouver, indie cates the growth and importance of that industry, which bids fair 'to assume very much larger proportions, If another hundred coke ovens should be built, as rumored, they will consume very considerable coal, making a demand which can only be met by increased work at the mines.

THE TRADE POLICY.

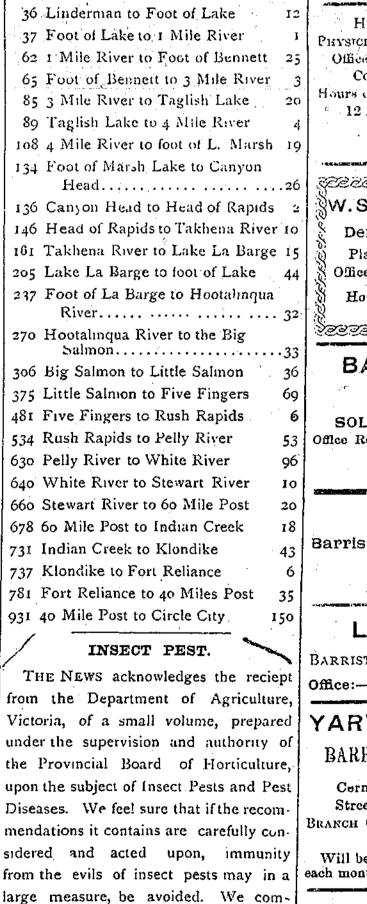
THE policy of preferential trade with England will be established, the Imperial government having denounced the commercial treaties with Germany and Belgium, that is, given notice to those countries of its desire to terminate those treaties. This will be effected in about a year. The growing antagonism of other countries has at last compelled England to look to her colonies for support. Imperial federation will follow in due time.

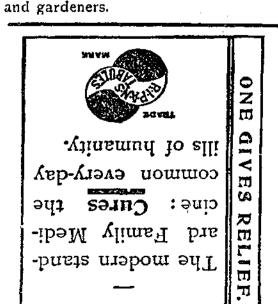
THE SPANISH NATION.

HE assassination of Senor Canovas, Prime Minister of Spain is likely to result in important changes. The country is bankrupt and she must soon give over the struggle for Cuba. Only her pride stands in the way of her abandonment of the island now. It is said she would welcome war with the United States, as it would save her dignity to yield to a superior power. What nonsense! Every hour that she wages war now is impoverishing her and a fight with the American nation, in which she as the losing power would have to pay indemnity, would le ve her in as piteable a condition as Greece now is. The downfall of the present government and the establishment of a Spanish republic are among the probabilities.

NOTICE.

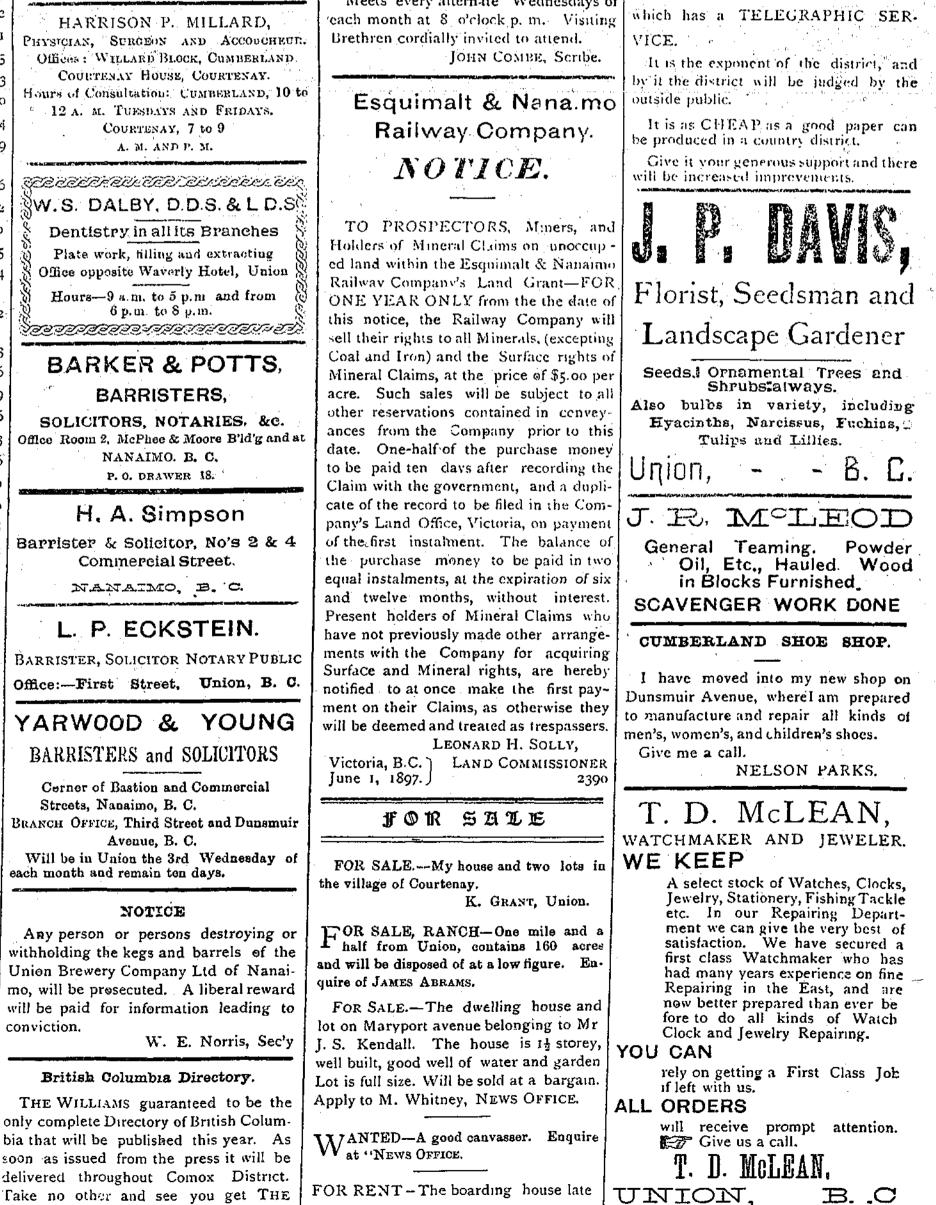
Having purchased the livery outfit of Mr. Ed Woods' I am prepared to accommodate the public with good rigs at

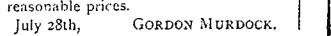


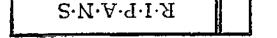


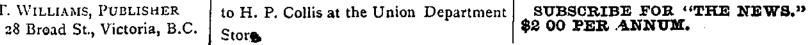


WILLIAMS' R. T. WILLIAMS, PUBLISHER









ly occupied by Mr. A. Lindsay. Apply

LADIES AID.

To Mrs. J. A. Logan.

The Ladies Aid of St. George's Congregation, which has done good work, and now numbers twenty members, through their secretary Mrs. L. C. Mc-Donald, presented their president at their last meeting the following neat and appreciative address:

"MRS. LOGAN, ESTEEMED PRESI-DENT---

It is my assigned duty, as a member of the Ladies Aid of St. George's congregation, to try and express to you our sorrow at the parting so soon to take place between you and us. Also I wish to convey to you our appreciation of the kind, gracious and capable manner you have filled the office of president.

We are confident you will make' many warm friends in your new home; but none" can ever value your earnest ever-willing and loving assistance and leadership more than we have.

It is with feelings of deep regret at our loss of president and friend, and the sincere best wishes of our hearts that we wish you 'God speed' "

Cultivate Joyousness.

Recently there has been a notable return in our popular literature to the brightness and joyousness which are, after all, the predominating feelings of the wholesome minded man. It behooves every hopeful person who believes in the ultimate goodness of God's world to help on the movement which claims for laughter and rejoicing as true and pure a place in the economy of the universe as tears and doleful shaking of the head. The sooner the Puritan idea of severity and restriction and unshaken gravity being an index to virture is undermined the better for the preservation of a healthty balance among human faculties. Let us accept frankly the truth that the good in us bubbles over quite naturally and harmlessly into laughter and frolic, and on occasion even into flippancy. Good taste will tell us when the surroundings of our life or the lives of others make such effervescence out of place and will warn us against forcing unnaturally the pace of gayety. Besides, we shall learn that the extreme of nimble spirits brings its own retribution in the form of exhaustion and a growing complementary sadness. We advocate no such extreme. but only press the point that the light and airy phases of our moods are to be thankfully welcomed and enjoyed, and are not to be frowned upon as unworthy and misleading .-- New York Ledger.



Better Than Song.

A workingman, fond of his pint of beer on Saturday night, get very muddled sometimes. Knowing that his wife on such occasions searched his pockets, he, when not too far gone, used to secrete his money in various places, and it often happened that the next morning he could not remember the hiding place.

He had a canary which used to hang in front of the window.

On Sunday morning he was sitting looking at the bird, when a neighbor looked in and inquired if he would sell it. As the bird was not much use for singing, he reached the cage down for his neighbor to look at, whereupon his wife got very angry and hung up the cage again. "I will not have that bird sold on any account," she exclaimed. "I don't care naught about it being a poor singer, for it's laid many a sixpence and a shilling, and now it's begun to lay half crowns !"

Then its owner realized where some of his hidden treasures had gone.

-Pearsons Weekly.

THISTLES AGAIN.

We are glad to see that something has been done by some of the farmers down the valley to exterminate the thistle pest. or at least keep it from spreading. B. Crawford, and Grant & Son have cut their thistles, but it seems the Duncan Bros., in self defence, have cut the thistles along the road fronts east as far as B. Crawford's. But what about the thistles on the road fronts and on the land between B. Crawford's and Grant & Son? They appear to be going to seed.



The Sign of the Four.

(CONTINUED.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE.

Our cab was awaiting us outside, and our programme was evidently prearranged, for the driver started off at once at a rapid pace. Thaddeus Sholto talked incessantly, in a voice which rose high above the rattle of the wheels.

"Bartholomew is a clever fellow," said he. "How do you think he found out where the treasure was? He had come to the conclusion that it was somewhere in-doors; so he worked out all the cubic space of the house, and made measurements everywhere, so that not one inch should be unaccounted for. Among other things he found that the height of the building was seventy-four feet, but on adding to-gether the heights of all the separate rooms, and making every allowance for the space between, which he ascer-tained by borings, he could not bring the total to more than seventy feet. There were four feet unaccounted for. These could only be at the top of the building. He knocked a hole, there-fore, in the lath-and-plaster ceiling of the highest room, and there, sure enough, he came upon another little garret above it, which had been sealed up and was known to no one. In the center stood the treasure-chest, resting upon two rafters. He lowered it through the hole, and there it lies. He computes the value of the jewels at not

less than half a million sterling." At the mention of this gigantic sum we all stared at one another open-eyed. Miss Morstan, could we secure her rights, would change from a needy governess to the richest heiress in England. Surely it was the place of a loyal friend to rejoice at such news; yet I am ashamed to say that selfish-ness took me by the soul, and that my heart turned as heavy as lead within me. I stammered out some few halt-ing words of concratulation and then ing words of congratulation, and then sat downcast, with my head drooped, deaf to the babble of our new acquaintance. He was clearly a confirmed hypochondriac, and I was dreamily conscious that he was pouring forth interminable trains of symptoms, and imploring information as to the composition and action of innumerable quack nostrums, some of which he bore about in a leather case in his pocket. I trust that he may not remember any of the answers which I gave him that night. Holmes declares that he overheard me caution him against the great danger of taking more than two drops of castor oil, while I recommended strychnine in large doses as a sedative. However that may be. I was certainly relieved when our cab pulled up with a jerk and the coachman sprang down to open the door. "This, Miss Morstan, is Pondicherry

of yours under the jaw, I'd ha'known you without a question.' Ah, you're one that has wasted your gifts, you have! You might have aimed high, if you had joined the fancy." "You see, Watson, if all else fails me I have still one of the scientific pro-

fessions open to me," said Holmes, laughingly. "Our friend won't keep us out in the cold now, I am sure." "In you come, sir, in you come—you and your friends," he answered. "Very

sorry, Mr. Thaddeus, but orders are very strict. Had to be certain of your friends before I let them in."

Inside a gravel path wound through desolate grounds to a huge clump of a house, square and prosaic, all plunged in shadow save where a monbeam struck one corner and glimmered in a garret window. The vast size of the building, with its gloom and its deathly silence, struck a chill to the heart. Even Thaddeus Sholto seemed ill at ease, and the lantern quivered and rattled in his hand.

"There must be some mistake. I dis-tinctly told Bartholomew that we should be here, and yet there is no light in his window. I do not know what to make of it."

"Does he always guard the premises in this way?" asked Holmes. "Yes; he has followed my father's

custom. He was the favorite son, you know, and I sometimes think that my father may have told him more than he ever told me. That is Bartholomew's

"None," said Holmes. "But I see the glint of a light i. that little window beside the door.

"Ah, that is the housekeeper's room. That is where old Mrs. Bernstone sits. She can tell us all about it. But per-haps you would not mind waiting here for a minute or two, for if we all go in together, and she has had no word of our coming, she may be alarmed. But hush ! what is that?"

He held up the lantern, and his hand shook until the circles of light flickered and wavered all round us. Miss Morstan seized my wrist, and we all stood with thumping hearts, straining our ears. From the great black house there sounded through the silent night the saddest and most pitiful sounds-the shrill, broken whimpering of a

frightened woman. "It is Mrs. Bernstone," said Sholto. "She is the only woman in the house. Wait here. I shall be back in a moment." He hurried for the door, and knocked in his peculiar way. We could see a tall old woman admit him and sway with pleasure at the very sight of him.

Oh, Mr. Thaddeus, sir, I am so glad you have come ! I am so glad you have come, Mr. Thaddeus, sir !" We heard her reiterated rejoicings until the door closed and her voice died away into a muffled monotone. Our guide had left us the lantern. peered keenly at the house and at the great rubbish heaps which cumbered the grounds. Miss Morstan and I stood together, and her hand was in mine. A wondrous subtle thing is love, for here were we two had never seen each other before that day, between whom no word or even look of affection had ever passed, and yet now in an hour of trouble our hands instinctively sought for each other. I have marveled at it since, but at the time it seemed the most natural thing that I should go out to her so, and, as she has often told to turn to me for comfort and protection. So we stood hand in hand, like two children, and there was peace in our hearts for all the dark things that

Holmes whipped his lens out of his pocket and carefully examined marks which appeared to me to be mere shapeless smudges of dust upon the cocoanut matting which served as a stair carpet. He walked slowly from step to step, holding the lamp low, and shooting keen glances to right and left. Miss Morstan had remained behind with the frightened housekeeper. The third flight of stairs ended in a

straight passage of some length, with a great picture in Indian tapestry upon the right of it and three doors upon the left. Holmes advanced along it in the same slow and methodical way, while we kept close at his heels, with our long black shadows streaming back-ward down the corridor. The third door was that which we were seeking. Holmes knocked without receiving any answer, and then tried to turn the handle and force it. It was locked on the inside, however, and by a broad and powerful bolt, as we could see when we set our lamp up against it. The key being turned, however, the hole was not entirely closed. Sherlock Holmes bent down to it, and instantly rose again with a sharp intaking of the breath.

"There is something devilish in this. Watson," said he, more moved than I had ever before seen him. "What do you make of it?"

I stooped to the hole, and recoiled in horror. Moonlight was streaming into the room, and it was bright with a vague and shifty radiance. Looking window up there where the moonshine strikes. It is quite bright, but there is no light from within, I think." were, in the air, for all beneath was in shadow, there hung a face—the very face of our companion Teaddeus. There was the same high, shining head, the same circular bristle of red hair, the same bloodless countenance. The features were set, however, in a horrible smile, a fixed and unnatural grin, which, in that still and moonlit room, was more jarring to the nerves than any scowl or contortion, So like was the face to that of our little friend that I looked round at him to make sure that he was indeed with us. Then I recalled to my mind that he had mentioned to us that his brother and he were twins.

"This is terrible !" I said to Holmes 'What is to be done ?"

"Theo door must come down," he answered, and, springing against it, he

put all his weight upon the lock. It creaked and groaned, but did not yield. Together we flung ourselves upon it once more, and this time it gave way with a sudden snap, and we found our-selves within Bartholomew Sholto's chamber.

It appeared to have been fitted up as a chemical laboratory. A double line of glass-stoppered bottles was drawn up upon the wall opposite the door, and the table was litered over with Bunsen burners, test tubes, and retorts. In the corners stood carboys of acid in wicker baskets. One of these appeared to leak r to have been broken for a stream of dark-colored liquid had trickled out Holmes swung it slowly round, and from it, and the air was heavy with a peculiarly pungent tar-like odor. A set of steps stood at one side of the room, in the midst of a litter of lath and plaster, and above them there was an opening in the ceiling large enough for a man to pass through. At the foot of the steps a long coil of rope was thrown carelessly together. By the table, in a wooden arm-chair, the master of the house was seated all in a heap, with his head sunk upon his left shoulder, and that ghastly, inscrutable smile upon his face. He was stiff and cold, and had clearly been me, there was in her also the instinct | dead many hours. It seemed to me that not only his features but all his limbs were twisted and turned in the most fantastic fashion. By his hand upon the table there lay a peculiar instrument-a brown, close-grained stick, with a stone head like a hammer, rudely lashed on with coarse twine. Beside it was a torn sheet of notepaper with some words scrawled upon it. Holmes glanced at it, and then handed it to me. "You see," he said, with a significant raising of the eyebrows. In the light of the lantern I read, with a thrill of horror, "The sign of the four."

Sholto," said Holmes, kindly, putting his hand upon his shoulder. "Take my advice. and drive down to the station and report the matter to the police. Offer to assist them in every way. We shall wait here until your return,"

The little man obeyed in a half-stupified fashion, and we heard him stumbling down the stairs in the dark,

CHAPTER VI. SHERLOCK HOLMES GIVES A DEMONSTRATION.

"Now, Watson," said Holmes, rub-bing his hands, "we have half an hour to ourselves. Let us make good use of it. My case is, as I have told you, almost complete; but we must not err on the side of over-confidence. Simple as the case may seem now, there may be

In the first place, how did these folks come, and how did they go? The door has not been opened since last night. How of the window?" He carried the lamp across to it, muttering his observations aloud the while, but ad-

dressing them to himself rather than to me. "Window is subibed on the inner side. Framework is solid. No hinges at the side. Let us open it. No water pipe near. Roof quite out of reach. Yet a man has mounted by the window. It rained a little last night. Here is the print of a foot in mold upon the sill. And here is a circular muddy mark, and here again upon the floor, and here again by the table. See here, Watson! This is really a very pretty demonstration."

I looked at the round, well-defined, muddy discs. "This is not a footmark," said I.

"It is something much more valu-able to us. It is the impression of a wooden stump. You see here on the sill is the bootmark, a heavy boot with a broad metal heel, and beside it is the mark of the timber-toe.

'It is the wooden-legged man."

"Quite so. But there has been som one else—a very able and efficient ally-Could you scale that wall, doctor?"

TO BE CONFINUED.)

HAYTHAN, THE WICKED.

His Wife Gives Him a Deserved Lecture on Churchgoing.

"I was reading today in the paper," said Haythan, "about a fellow who went to church and"-

"He did, did he? Went to church, eh? Well, Silas Haythan, I do hope it made you thoroughly ashamed of yourself," Mrs. Haythan interrupted, shaking one long and bony finger at her lord and master. "To my certain knowledge, you haven't



TERROR TO STOCKMEN.

The Gray Wolf and Its Destruction of Prairie Herds.

One of the greatest enemies of the stock ranger on the great prairies is the gray wolf, known among students of natural history as Canis latrans. It is the largest wolf that roams the American continent and is no doubt the most vosomething deeper underlying it." "Simple !" I ejaculated. "Surely," said he, with something of the air of a clinical professor expound-ing to his class. "Just sit in the corner in approaching habitations, and its racious. It is very tricky in its method there that your footprints may not usual method of attack is to jump upon complicate matters. Now to work! young animals, catch them by the back and in one snap of the jaw break the

> vortibræ. In daylight on the plains these gray wolves will follow a herd of cattle for hours, generally traveling in pairs or



as an old cow with a calf, and gradually work in between the cow and the herd, circling her out, as the cowboys call it.

And when far away sufficiently from the herders they will pounce upon the calf and kill it in a twinkling.

If the cow shows fight, one of the wolves will slip up behind her and suddenly spring upon her hock and hamstring her by severing the tendon with one quick snap of the jaws. Then the cow falls an easy victim. The wolves spring upon her throat, open an artery with their teeth, and she soon bleeds to death. State governments offer bounties for the destruction of wolves and coyotes, ranchmen put out poison, set traps and hunt for them, but they are steadily increasing in all parts of the west and cost hundreds of thousands of dollars annually in loss of stock. If any means could be devised for the extinction of the race, it would prove the greatest blessing to western stockmen.-Lute Wilcox in Denver Field and Farm.

Lodge," said Mr. Thaddeus Sholto, as he handed her out.

CHAPTER V.

THE TRAGEDY OF PONDI-CHERRY LODGE.

It was nearly eleven o'clock when we reached the final stage of our night's adventures. We had left the damp fog. of the great city behind us, and the night was fairly fine. A warm wind blew from the westward, and heavy clouds moved slowly across the sky, with half a moon peeping occasionally through the rifts. It was clear enough to see for some distance, but Thaddeus Sholto took down one of the side-lamps from the carriage to give us a better light upon our way.

Pondicherry Lodge stood in its own grounds, and was girt round with a very high stone wall topped with broken glass. A single narrow iron-clamped door formed the only means of entrance. On this our guide knocked with a peculiar postman-like rat-tat. "Who is there?" cried a gruff voice

from within.

"It is I, McMurdo, You surely know my knock by this time." There was a grumbling sound, and a

clanking and jarring of keys. The door swung heavily back, and a short, deep-chested man stood in the opening, with the yellow light of the lantern shining upon his protruded face and twinkling distrustful eyes.

"That you, Mr. Thaddeus? But who are the others? I had no orders

about them from the master." "No, McMurdo? You surprise me! I told my brother last night that I should bring some friends.'

"He hain't been out o' his room today, Mr. Thaddeus, and I have no orders. You know very well that I must stick to regulations. I can let you in; but your friends they must just stop where they are."

This was an unexpected obstacle I Thaddeus Sholto looked about him in a perplexed and helpless manner. "This is too bad of you. McMurdo!" he said. "If I guarantee them, that is enough for you. There is a young lady, too. She cannot wait on the public road at this hour,'

"Very sorry, Mr. Thaddeus," said the porter, inexorably. "Folk may be friends o' yours, and yet no friends o' the master's. He pays me well to do my duty, and my duty I'll do. I don't know none o' your friends.'

"Oh, yes. you do, McMurdo," cried Sherlock Holmes, genially. "I don't think you can have forgotten me. Don't you remember the amateur who fought three rounds with you at Alison's rooms on the night of your benefit four years back?"

"Not Mr. Sherlock Holmes?" roared the prize-fighter. "God's truth ! how could I have mistook you? If, instead o' standin' there so quiet, you had just stepped up and given me that cross-hit under him. Twice as we ascended

surrounded us. "What a strange place?" she said,

looking round. "It looks as though all the moles in England had been let loose in it. I have seen something of the sort on the side of a hill near Ballarat, where the prospectors had been at work."

"And from the same cause," said Holmes. "These are the traces of the treasure-seekers. You must remember that they were six years looking for it. No wonder that the grounds look like a gravel pit.'

At that moment the door of the house burst open, and Thaddeus Sholto came running out, with his hands thrown forward and terror in his eyes.

"There is something amiss with Bartholomew!" he cried. "I am frightened! My nerves cannot stand it." He was, indeed, half blubbering with fear, and his twitching, feeble face, peeping out from the great astrakhan collar, had the helpless, appealing expression of a terrified child.

"Come into the house," said Holmes,

in his crisp, firm way. "Yes, do!" pleaded Thaddeus Sholto. "I really do not feel equal to giving directions."

We all followed him into the housekeeper's room, which stood upon the left-hand side of the passage. The old woman was pacing up and down with scared look and restless, picking fingers, but the sight of Miss Morstan appeared to have a soothing effect upon her.

"God bless your sweet, calm face!" she cried, with an hysterical sob. "It does me good to see you. Oh, but I have been sorely tried this day !"

"Master has locked himself in and will not answer me," she explained. "All day I have waited to hear from him, for he often likes to be alone; but an hour ago I feared that something was amiss, so I went up and peeped through the keyhole. You must go up, Mr. Thaddeus-you must go up and look for yourself. I have seen Mr. Bartholomew Sholto in joy and in sorrow for ten long years, but I never saw him with such a face on him as that."

Sherlock Holmes took the lamp and led the way, for Thaddeus Sholto's teeth were chattering in his head. So shaken was he that I had to pass my hand under his arm as we went up the stairs, for his knees were trembling

"In God's name, what does it all mean ?" I asked.

"It means murder," said he, stooping over the dead man. "Ah, I expected it. Look here!" He pointed to what looked like a long, dark thorn stuck in the skin just above the ear. "It looks like a thorn," said I.

"It is a thorn. You may pick it out. But be careful, for it is poisoned."

I took it up between my finger and thumb. It came away from the skin so readily that hardly any mark was left behind. One tiny speck of blood showed where the puncture had been.

"This is all an insoluble mystery to me," said I. "It grows darker instead of clearer."

"On the contrary," he answered, "it clears every instant. I only require a few missing links to have an entirely connected case."

We had almost forgotten our companion's presence since we entered the chamber. He was still standing in the doorway, the very picture of terror, wringing his hands and moaning to himself. Suddenly, however, he broke

out into a sharp, querulous cry. "The treasure is gone!" he said "They have robbed him of the treasure! There is the hole through which we lowered it. I helped him to do it ! I was the last person who saw him! left him here last night, and I heard him lock the door as I came down

stairs." "What time was that ?" 'It was ten o'clock. And now he is dead, and the police will be called in. dead, and the police will be called in, and I will be suspected of having a hand in it. Oh, yes, I am sure I shall. But you don't think so, gentlemen? Surely you don't think that it was I? Is it likely that I would have brought you here if it were I? Oh, dear! oh. dear! I know that I shall go mad!" He jerked his arms and stamped his He jerked his arms and stamped his feet in a kind of convulsive frenzy. "You have no reason to fear, Mr.

darkened a church door yourself in five years, although I have talked and talked and talked and endeavored in my poor, humble way to make you see the error of your course. It is positively disgraceful the way you stay at home, and I should think that even if you haven't very much religion yourself you would be willing to go to church now and then for the sake of your wife and children and to keep people from talking about you as they do.'

"The paper said that this fellow went to church and"- began Haythan as she paused for a breath a single brief moment. "He was a man, he was," again interrupted Mrs. Haythan, "and every one in his neighborhood respected him, too, I'll be bound. He wasn't looked upon by all his neighbors as an anomaly, a queer creature whose sole aim in life on Sunday scemed to be to sit at home and saturate himself and his wife's lace ourtains with foul smelling tobacco smoke and read the Sunday papers instead of getting a clean shave and putting on fresh, clean clothes and taking his wife and children to church as he should. Think, think," she cried dramatically, "just think, Silas Haythan, how much better off you would be if you had been that man!"

"Oh, I don't know!" said Haythan. "The paper said this fellow in church fell dead while saying his prayers!"--New York Sunday Journal.





Mr. Dryplate-I should like to take a snap shot at you, sir.

Red Rube-Ditto, pard.-New York Journal,

Distant Relationship.

Stranger-I notice your name is De Million. Are you related to the wealthy De Millions of New York?

Poor but Respectable De Million-I am -a distant relation, sir.

"Indeed? How distant?" "Well, sir, as distant as they can keep me, sir!"-New York Weekly.

Another Place Better.

Cholly Chumpleigh-Here, on the floor, let me press my suit, Miss Coldeal. I love

Miss Coldeal-You had better get up and press your suit at home. You've bagged your trousers at the knees .- New York Journal.

Sheep Always Pay.

I very well remember the first start we made in the new direction by buying 12 cull ewes, at twice what they were worth, giving a note in payment, and how those 12 old ewes the next spring gave us 21 lambs, and how the wool from the ewes and the wether lambs and half of the old ewes that we culled out and sold because they had no teeth went to pay the note, and how from that day the sun began to rise on our fortunes. As soon as I had a few dollars that I could call my own I invested them in sheep, and from that day to this I have owned 'sheep-sometimes by the thousands, generally by the hundreds, and occasionally only a few dozen. I have never seen a year from that time to this but that my sheep have given me a balance to profit when my books were balanced on the first day of January. Sometimes it has been small-so small that it could hardly be called a profit-but at other times it has been large, and covering the whole period of thirty odd years it has been fairly good. I have handled other kinds of live stock. Horses have made me some money, cows a little and hogs a little, but no class of stock has paid me so well for the money invested, for the feed consumed and for the care given as has the sheep. Its hoof has truly been golden!-George McKerrow.

Dairy and Creamery.

The perpetual imprisonment of cows is as cruel as the imprisonment for life of an innocent man would be.

When millet is fed to dairy cows, there should be little seed left in the heads. Millet seed is very stimulating and may produce garget in the cows' udders.

In the construction of standards for milk and cheese both should be graded according to the amount of fat they contain.

Hiram C. Wheeler, who ran in Iowa a stock and dairy farm of 4,000 acres, has sold his property and expects to establish in Texas the largest dairy farm in the world. His place will include over 7,000 acres of land 50 miles northeast of Galveston. He will have in connection with his dairy two of the milking machines with which he recently experimented in Iowa. The claim is made that each machine can milk 200 cows at once, but perhaps this is a fairy tale.

There is more satisfaction in producing first class goods at a reduced cost and thus saving money than there is in producing goods in a wasteful fashion and getting a higher price for them.



PRAYER FOR RULERS

REV. DR. TALMAGE CALLS THE NA-TION TO ITS KNEES.

He Gives Many Reasons Why We Should Pray for Those in Authority-His Plea for the High Tide of National Prosperity.

Washington, April 11.-This discourse of Dr. Talmage, delivered before a mighty throng, goes forth from the capital, calling the nation to its knees. Before beginning his sermon Dr. Talmage made an eloquent appeal for American aid for the suffering millions of India. Eighty millions are affected by the famine, and unless America generously comes to the rescue millions of lives will be sacrificed. His text was I Timothy ii, 1, "I exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all men, for kings and for all that are in authority."

"That which "Loudon is to England, Paris to France. Berlin to Germany, Rome to Italy, Vienna to Austria, St. Petersburg to Russia, Washington is to the United States republic. The people who live here see more of the chief men of the nation than any who live anywhere else between Atlantic and Pacific. oceans. If a senator, or member of the house of representatives, or supreme court justice, or secretary of the cabinet, or representative of foreign nation enters a public assembly in any other city, his coming and going are remarked upon, and unusual deference is paid to him. In this capital there are so many political chieftains in our churches, our streets, our halls, that their coming and going make no excitement. The Swiss seldom look up to the Matterhorn or Jungfrau or Mont Blanc, because these people are use to the Alps. So we at this capital are so accustomed to walk among mountains of officials and political eminence that they are not to us a great novelty. Morning, noon and night we meet the giants. But there is no place on earth where the importance of the Pauline injunction to prayer for those in eminent place ought to be better appreciated. At this time, when our public men have before them the rescue of our national treasury from appalling deficits, and the Cuban question, and the arbitration question, and in many departments men are taking important positions which are to them new and untried, I would like to quote my text with a whole tonnage of emphasis - words written by the scarred missionary to the young theologian Timothy, "I exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, interssions and a ving of thanks be made for all men, for kings and for all that are in authority."

wished to achieve a livelihood, there is no employer whose service I would sooner seek than city, state or United States government. Those governments are the promptest in their payments, paying just as well in hard times as in good times and during summer vacation as during winter work. Besides that, many of us have been paying taxes to city and state and nation for years, and while we are indebted for the protection of government, the government is indebted to us for the honest support we have rendered 16. So I wish success to all earnest and competent men who appeal to city or state or nation for a place to work. But how many men in high place in city and state and nation are at their wits' end to know what to do, when for some places there are ten applicants and for others a hundred! Perplexities arise from the fact that citizens sign petitions without reference to the qualifications of the applicant for the places applied for. You sign the application because the applicant is your friend. People sometimes want that for which they have no qualification, as we hear people sing "I want to be an angel," when they offer the poorest material possible for angelhood -- boors waiting to be sent to foreign palaces as embassadors, and men without any business qualification wanting to be consuls to foreign ports, and illiterates, capable in one letter of wrecking all the laws of orthography and syntax, desiring to be put into positions where most of the work is done by correspondence. If divine help is needed in any place in the world, it is in those places where patronage is distributed. In years gone by awful mistakes have been made. Only God, who made the world out of chaos, could, out of the crowded pigeon-holes of public men, develop symmetrical results. For this reason pray Almighty God for all

God to the Rescue!

those in authority.

Then there are the vaster perplexities of our relations with foreign governments. For directions in such affairs the God of nations should be implored. The demand of the people is sometimes so heated, so unwise, that it must not be heeded. Hark to the boom of that gun which sends from the American steamer San Jacinto a shot across the bow of the British merchant steamer Trent, Nov. 3, 1861. Two distinguished southerners, with their secretaries and families, are on the way to England and France to officially enlist them for the southern Confederacy. After much protest the commissioners, who had embarked for England and France, surrendered and were taken to Fort Warren, near Boston. The capture was a plain invasion of the laws of nations and antagonistic to a principle for the establishment of which the United States government had fought in other days. However, so great was the excitement that the secretary of the United States navy wrote an applauditory letter to Captain Wilkes, commander of the San Jacinto, for his "prompt and decisive action," and the house of representatives passed a resolution of o thanks for 'brave, adroit and patriotic conduct,' and the millions of the north went wild If I have the time and do not forget with enthusiasm, and all the newspapers some of them, before I get through 1 will and churches joined in the huzza. Enggive you four or five reasons why the land and France protested, the former people of 'the United States ought to demanding that unless the distinguished make earnest and continuous prayer for prisoners should be surrendered and apology made for insult to the British flag within ten days Lord Lyons must proper attitude toward the successful return to London, taking all the archives men of the nation. After you have prayed of the British legation. War with England and France seemed inevitable, and war with England and France at that time would have made a restored American nation impossible for a long while, if not forever. Then God came to the rescue and helped the president and his secretary of state. Against the almost unanimous sentiment of the people of the north the distinguished Confederates were surrendered, the law of nations was kept inviolate, the lion's paw was not lifted to strike the eagle's beak, and perhaps the worst disaster of centuries was avoided. There came another crisis within the last two years, when millions of people demanded that American war vessels sail into Turkish waters and stop the atrocities against the Armenians. The people at large have no idea of the pressure brought upon our government to do this rash thing. Missionaries and other prominent Americans in and around Con stantinople assembled at the office of the American legation and demanded that our minister plenipotentiary cable to Washington for United States ships of war, and they suggested the words of the cablegram. Had our ships gone into those waters the guns of foreign nations, everlastingly jealous of us, would have been turned against our shipping, and our navy, within a few years become respectable in power, would have crawled backward in disgrace. The proposition to do what could not be done was mercifully withdrawn.

never themselves get hurt. They make the speeches and others make the selfsacrifices. Notice that all those who instigated our civil war never as a consequence got so much as a splinter under the thumb nail, and they all died peacefully in their beds. I had two friendsas thorough friends as old men can be to a young man-Wendell Phillips and Robert Toombs. They were not among those who expected anything advantageous, from the strife, but took their positions conscientiously. They both had as much to do with the starting of the war between the north and the south as any other two men. A million brave northern and southern dead were put in the grave trenches, but the two illustrious and honest men I have mentioned were in good health long after the ending of things at Appomattox, and if those who advocated measures recently that would have brought on war between our country and Spain or England or Turkey had been successful in bringing on the wholesale murder, they themselves would now have been above ground, as I hope they will be, to celebrate the birth of the twentieth century. If God had not interfered, we would have had three wars within the last two years-war with England, war with Spain and war with Turkey, this last joined by other nations transathintic. To preserve the peaceful equipoise which such men are disturbing, we need a divine balancing, for which all good men on both sides the sea ought to be every day praying.

A Mighty Service.

Again, prayer to God for those in authority is our only way of being of any practical service to them, for the most | much from God. Do we not owe new part, an impertinence. They have all the facts as we cannot have them, and they see the subject in all its hearings and we can be of no help to them except nation? Are we not ready for such a through the supplication that our text cornerstone laying? Why not now let it advises. In that way we may be infinite | take place? With long procession of re-enforcement. The mightiest thing you prayers, moving from the north and the can do for a man is to pray for him. If south, the east and the west, let the the old Bible be true, and if it is not scene be made august beyond comparison. true it has been the only imposition that ever blessed the world, turning barbarism into civilization and tyrannies into republics-I say if the old Bible be true, God auswers prayer. You may get a letter, and through forgetfulness or lack of justed. Let that cornerstone be the time not answer it, but God never gets a genuine letter that he does not make reply. Every genuine prayer is a child's letter to his heavenly Father, and he will answer it, and though you may get many letters from your child before you respond, some day you say: "There! I have received ten letters from my daugh- for the good of this nation, from the first ter, and I will answer them all now and martyr of the American Revolution down as once, and though not in just the way that she hopes for, I will do it in the best way, and though she asked me for a let some one, worthy to do so, strike the sacet of mulic, I will not give it to her, for 1 do not like the music spoken of, but I will send her a deed to a house and the Son and God the Holy Ghost. Then lot, to be hers forever." So God does not | let the building rise, one wall laved by in all cases answer in the way those who the Pacific ocean, and the other washed sent the prayer hoped for, but he in all of the Atlantic, until its capstone shall case@gives what is asked for or something better. So prayers went up from by that time as free as our own divinely the north and the south at the time of our civil war, and they were all answered at Gettysburg. You cannot make me believe that God answered only the northern prayers, for there were just as devout prayers answered south of Mason and Dixon's line as north of it, and God gave what was asked for, or something POISONED BLOOD as much more valuable as a house and lot are worth more than a sheet of music. There is not a good and intelligent man between the gulf of Mexico and the St. Lawrence river who does not believe that God did the best thing possible when he stood this nation down in 1865 a glorious unity, never to be rent until the waters of the Ohio and the Savannah, the Hudson and the Alabama, are licked up by the long, red tongues of a world on fire. Yea! God sometimes answers prayers on a large scale.

because many thought if they had Daniel Webster's poor penmanship, it might indicate they had Webster's genius. The document reads as follows:-

"If it shall bereafter be the will of God that this structure shall fall from its base. that its foundation be upturned and this deposit be brought to the eyes of men, be it then known that on this day the nation of the United States of America stands firm; that their constitution still exists unimpaired and with all its original usefulness and glory, growing every day stronger and stronger in the affection of the great body of the American people, and attracting more and more the admiration of the world, and all here assembled, whether belonging to public life or to private life, with hearts devoutly thankful to Almighty God for the preservation of the liberty and the happiness of the country; unite in sincere and fervent prayers that this deposit, and the walls and arches, the domes and towers, the columns and entablatures now to be erected over it. may endure forever. God save the United States of America! Daniel Webster, secretary of state of the United States."

A New Consecration.

That was beautiful and appropriate at the laying of the cornerstone of the extension of the capitol 58 years after the cornerstone of the old capitol had been laid. Yet the cornerstone of our republic was first laid in 1776, and at the re establishment of our national government was laid again in 1865. But are we not ready for the laying of the cornerstone of a broader and higher nationa life? We have as a nation received so consecration? Are we not ready to become a better Sabbath keeping, peace loving, virtue honoring, God worshiping The God of nations, who hath dealt with us as with no other people, will preside at the solemnization. By the square and the level and the plumb of the everlasting right let the cornerstone be admasoning together of the two granite tables on which the law was written when Sinai shook with the earthquake, and inside that concrstone put the Sermon on the Mount and a scroll containing the names of all the men and women who have fought and prayed and toiled to the last woman who bound up a soldier's wounds in the field hospital. And stone three times with the gospel hammer, in the name of God the Father, God

A FARMER'S WIFE

TELLS A STORY OF YEARS OF PAIN AND SUFFERING.

Doctors Utterly Failed to Help Her and Morphine Was Continually Resorted to-Became So Weak She Could Scarcely Perform Her Household Duties. From the Beaver, Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stone have been residents of the township of Ernsestown, about ten miles east, of Napanee, for a period of about three years, and in that time have gained the esteem of all their neighbors. For six years previous to this time they had lived in Glenwood Springs Colorado, and it was during their residence there that Mrs. Stone was attacked with an illness that made her life miserable for years. To a reporter who recently interviewed her she told the following story: "During the early part of our residence in Colorado, my illness first came on. At the outset every two or three weeks I would be attacked with a pain in my stomach. Later on it greatly increased in severity, and at times was so bad that I would scream aloud with the pain. A doctor was called in." but the only benefit I ever received from his treatment was through the injection of morphine into my arm, as a result of which the pain would gradually pass away. The medicine which was given me, however, had not the slightest effect and the doctor appeared to be greatly perplexed, and thereafter continually resorted to injections' of morphine whenever the attacks came on. These attacks continued at intervals until our return to Canada, when they increased in fre-



quency and intenseness. The result was that I grew very weak, and my whole system appeared to be giving out. My complexion turned a yellowish hue, and I had little or no appetite. Latterly I would be attacked with fainting spells, preceded by attacks of dizziness. I became utterly unable to stand fatigue. and could with the greatest difficulty

Reasons for Praver.

those in eminent place.

First, because that will put us in for a man you will do him justice. There is a bad streak in human nature that demands us to assail those that are more successful than ourselves. It shows itself in boyhood when the lads, all running to get their ride on the back of a carriage, and one gets on, those failing to get on shout to the driver, "Cut behindl" Unsuccessful men seldom like those who in any department are successful. The cry is, "He is a political accident!" or "He bought his way up!" or "It just happened so!" and there is an impatient waiting for him to come down more rapidly than he went up. The best cure for such cynicism is prayer. After we have risen from our knees we will be wishing the official good instead of evil. We will be hoping for him benediction rather than malediction. If he makes a mistake, we will call it a mistake instead of malfeasance in office. And, oh, how much happier we will be. for wishing one evil is diabolic, but wishing one good is saintly, is angelic, is godlike! When the Lord drops a man into depths beyond which there is no lower depth, he allows him to be put on an investigating committee with the one hope of finding something wrong. In general assemblies of the Presbyterian church, in conferences of the Methodist church, in conventions of the Episcopal church, in house of representatives and in senate of United States there are men always glad to be appointed on the committee of malodors, while there are those who are glad to be put on the committee on culogiums After you have prayed, in the words of my text, for all that are in authority, you will say, "Brethren, gentlemen, Mr. Chairman, excuse me from serving on the committee of malodors, for last night, just before I prayed for those in eminent position, I read that chapter in Corinthians about charity which 'hopeth all things' and 'thinketh no evil.' " The committee of malodors is an important committee, but I here now declare that those are incompetent for its work who have, not in spirit of conventionality, but in spirit of earnest importunity, prayed for those in high position. I cannot help it, but I do like a St. Bernard better than a bloodhound, and I would rather be a humming bird among honeysuckle than a crow swooping upon field carcasses. Perplexities of Public Life,

Another reason why we should pray for those in eminent place is because they have such multiplied perplexities. This city at this time holds hundreds of men who are expectant of preferment, and United States mail bags, as never before, are full of applications. Let me say I have no sympathy with either the uttered or printed sneer at what are called "office seekers." If I had not already received appointment as minister plenipotentiary from the high court of heaven-and I cause of what may float ashore from the

The Right Thing.

There will not be a year between now and the next 20 years when those who are in authority will not need the guidance of the God of nations. God only can tell the right time for nations to do the right thing. To do the right thing at the wrong time is as bad as to do the wrong thing at any time. Cuba will one day be free, but it will be after she has shown herself capable of free government. To acknowledge Cuban independence now would be to acknowledge what does not exist. The time may come when the Hawaijan islands may be a part of our government. But it will be when they have decidedly expressed the desire for annexation. In all national affairs there is a clock. The hands of that clock are not always seen by human eyes. But God sees them, not only the hour hand, but the minute hand, and when the hands announce that the right hour has come the clock will strike, and we ought to be in listening attitude. "The Lord reigneth. Let the earth rejoice; let the multitude of the isles be glad thereof."

You see there are always in places of authority unbalanced men who want war, because they do not realize what war is, or they are designing men, who want war for the same reason that wreckers like hurricanes and foundering ships, behad at my back a family for whom I ruins. You see that men who start wars

Righteous Selfishness.

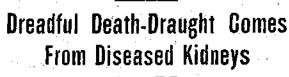
Another reason why we should obey the Pauline injunction of the text and pray for all that are in authority is that so very much of our own prosperity and happiness are involved in their doings. A selfish reason, you say. Yes, but a righteous selfishness like that which leads you to take care of your own health and preserve your own life. Prosperous government means a prosperous people. Damaged government means a damaged people. We all go up together or we all go down together. When we pray for our rulers, we pray for ourselves, for our homes, for the easier gaining of a livelihood, for better prospects for our children, for the hurling of these hard times so far down the embankment they can never climb up again. Do not look at anything that pertains to public interest as having no relation to yourself. We are touched by all the events in our national history, by the signing of the compact in the cabin of the Mayflower, by the small ship, the Half Moon, sailing up the Hudson, by the treaty of William Penn, by the hand that made the "Liberty bell" sound its first stroke, by Old Ironsides plowing the high seas. And if touched by all the events of past America certainly by all the events of the present day. Every prayer you make for our rulers, if the prayer be of the right stamp and worth anything, has a rebound of benediction for your own body, mind

Words of Webster.

and soul.

The most of them are dead-those who in 1851 moved in that procession that marched from the city hall of Washington down Louisiana avenue to Seventh street, and then through Pennsylvania avenue to the north gate of yonder capitol, to lay the cornerstone of the extension of that capitol. The president, who that day presided, and solemnly struck the stone three times in dedication, long ago quit earthly scenes, and the lips of the great orator of that hour are dust, and the grand master of that occasion long ago put down the square and the level and the plumb with which, for the last time, he pronounced a cornerstone well laid. But what most interests me now is that inside that cornerstone, in a glass jar, hermetically sealed, is a document of national import, though in poor penmanship. It is the penmanship of Daniel Webster, which almost ruined the penmanship of this country for many years,

be laid amid the shouting of all nations founded, divinely constructed and divinely protected republic, the last throne of oppression having fallen flat into the dust, and the last shackle of tyranny been hung up in museum as a relic of barbaric ages.



When Uric Acid Flows in the Veins, Life looks Out of Darkened Windows, expect-

ing soon the Close of Day.

The fashionable Italian poison of the XVI. century was Aqua Torfana. It was used by the medicis and all the first families of Rome, Genoa and Naples. In five years historians tell us, over 600 wives used it to make widows of themselves. In these modern days a more terrible and more prevalent poison is decimating the human family, and men have asked in vain for an antidote. It is the uræmic poisoning of the blood, caused by diseased kidneys. The poison which these useful organs should filter from the blood is allowed to remain in the circulation and courses through the body, like "Accursed Hebenon. . . . whose effect Holds such an ennity with blocd of man, That with sudden vigor it doth posset and curd

Like eager droppings into milk, The thin and wholesome blood."

To-day there is a remedy. Science has discovered a sure cure. All may have and apply it. It is sold under the name of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

It is a specific for all Kidney ailments. It cures by restoring the Kidneys, so that they properly perform their natural functions. It is the only known cure for Diabetes, and Bright's Disease. For sale by druggists everywhere, and the Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Vernon Bromley, Trenton, Ont., says: "For a number of years have suffered severely from Rheumatism and Sciatica. Was induced to procure a half dozen boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills which I have used, and from being a cripple I am a well man."

Mr. Thos. Harrison, St. Mary's, N.B. says: "In spite of all other treatment I suffered for nearly a year with Stone of the Bladder. I was relieved by passing the same, after using one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and completely cured by a few boxes."

Mr. Wm. McEvela, 275 Friel St., Ot tawa, says: "Two boxes of Dodd's Kidnev Pills have worked a wonderful cure in my case. Had been laid up with kid ney trouble for months."

G. B. Cones, Orillia, Ont., says: "1 most cheerfully testify that five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have cured me of Diabetes from which I suffered two vears."

perform my household duties. A doctor was called in who treated me for some time without benefitting me any. Then he gave me what I now know to be Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after I had used two boxes I felt somewhat better. I then purchased the pills myself and continued the treatment. I found that the pain was gradually decreasing. I could get rest and sleep at night, which had hitherto been almost impossible. I continued using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for several months, and the result is that they have effected a complete cure, and I am now enjoying the best of health. I can assure you it is a great relief to be free from the trouble that made my life miserable for so many years and I have to thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for succeeding when doctors had failed."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly upon the blood and nerves, building them anew and thus driving disease from the system. There is no trouble due to either of these causes which Pink Pills will not cure, and in hundreds of cases they have restored patients to health after all other remedies had failed. Ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and take nothing else. The genuine are always enclosed in boxes the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Realistic Art.

Miss Pastelette (musing)-Strange I can't think of any new designs for posters. I want something real, grotesque and fiendish. Now I have it; I'll paint the kind of necktie Albert would wear if I would let him.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secret the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also, being the principal cause of Headache. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills taken before going to bed, for a while, never fail to give relief and effect a cure. Mr. F. W. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont., writes: Parmelee's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes which I have in stock."

Increasing the Cost. "Your little boy's long illness was erpensive, Mrs. Yellowby?"

"Indeed it was; every time we gave him a dose of medicine he flung the bottle at a mirror or through a window."

How to Cure Headache.-Some people suffer untold misery day after day with Headache. There is rest neither day or night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion. Mr. Finlay Wark, Lysander, P. Q., writes: "1 find Parmelee's Pills a first-class article for Bilious Headache."

On His Guard.

"What made that tourist have twopolicemen come in here with him?" asked the proprietor of the cut-rate facable cases. "Somebody outside tond thim time you, were a scalper."



G. A. McBain & Co., Real Estate Brokers, Nanaimo, B.C.

LOCALS

The H M. S. Imperieuse reached Comox on Saturday.

The bridge over the Tsable River is nearly completed.

The News returns thanks to Mr. Morden Watson for some slendid trout.

Mr. T. D. McLean, jeweler and stationer, provided the third prize, presented last Thursday evening.

Mr. D. Killpatrick has the contract for gravelling the new end of the Courtenay road and the Roy road from the post-offce to the Big Meadow.

The proprietor of the Duc Wah store has purchased this year's crop, etc. of Mr. Dowell's ranch on Hornby Island, and leased the same for five years.

We have received a letter giving an account of a party up the Settlement which We should be glad to publish, but cannot be-Cause the writer did not give his name. Where one does not wish his name published as the writer he has simply to say so, but we must know who souds the news to mike sure it is genuino.

--Slater Bros' noted shoes for gents at Leiser's.

PERSONALS.

-Mrs.-Wenborn and Mrs. Eanis left Friday for Nanaimo.

Dr. Wasson of Wellington was up here the first of the week.

F. B. Smith, O E., returned last week from a trip to Kootenay.

Fred Cock, whom everybody will remember, is now foreman mechanic of a mine near Rossland.

We learn that A. D. Williams, formerly of Union, now of Sandon, is doing a rushing business.

Mrs. Freeman and daughter expect to return this week on the Glory of the Seas to Sau Francisco.

Mr. J. E. Freeman, in answer to a business call, left on the Thistle to make con. nection for San Francisco.

Rev. W. Hicks went down to Nanaimo Friday. He expected to visit Vancouver and return this week on Wednesday.

George Hall, who was acting postmaster here for some months, has live or six cierks under him in the Rossland post office.

Dr. Millard is so much improved he is abla

know that minus his particular mongrel, the canine choir will split up a a distand. ANTI-MONGREL.

Farewell Social.

The social given by the Ladies of the Presbyterian Church, last Wednesday evening, although informal and unadvertised, was well attended. It took place in the Church after the regular weekly prayer meeting in the basement. The ladies had prepared refreshments, and the time was given up principally to the social feature. Before the close Mr. McAllen took the chair, and with a few pleasant remarks expressed the regret which was felt at the parting soon to take place between the society and their pastor. Rev. Mr. Hicks being called responded in a few well chosen words, and Mr. Whitney, spoke feelingly of the high estimation in which both Mr. and Mrs. Logan were held in this community and the loss which the public would sustain by their departure.

Report of Coroner's Jury.

We the jury, find, after hearing the evidence, that the deceased, Chin Kwong Euen, met his death through his own carelessness; and we find the company exempt from all blame, as the evidence points out there was ample room to keep clear of the cars.

> WM. GLEASON, foreman, FRED. SULTON, DAVID STERNEL RG, WM. MUNSLY, FRANK BARROW, F. E DANGERFIELD.

> > 1.7 1.7 1

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

Mrs. Reid, the matron, reports lately received at the hospital: Flowers and a bible from Miss Barnes of Comox, also flowers from Mrs. Little of Union, and from Mrs. Willemar of Sandwick.

THE GAME ACT.

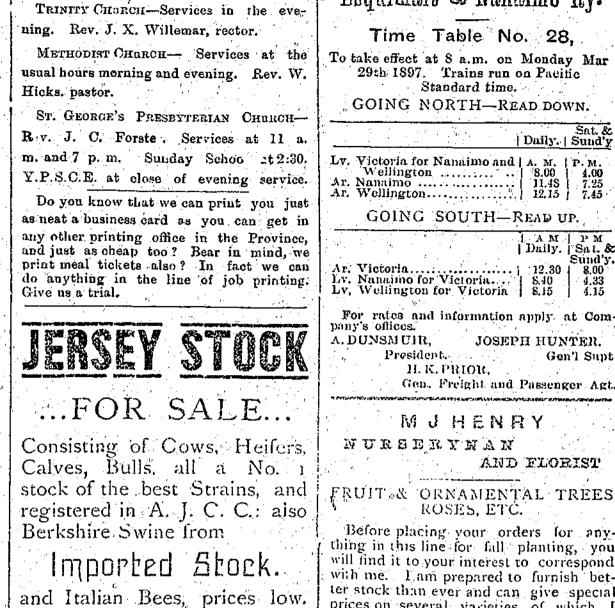
We published lately the provisions of the game Act taken from a placard sent out by the government some months since, supposing it to contain the law as it exists to-day. However we find that the Game Act was again amended last winter. What a pity it is the legislature is forever tinkering with the law! According to the amended Act the

"close season" here is as follows:

"West of the Cascades-Any ptarmigan or meadow larks, from the 31st day, of January to the 20th day of August, inclusive; wild duck of all kinds, bittern, plover and heron, from the 1st day of March to the 31st day of August, inclusive; grouse or pheasants from the 2d day of January to the 30th day of September, inclusive: Provided that the birds known in this Prevince as robins may be destroyed in an orchard or gardental any time between the 1st day of June and the 1st day of September."

MOTICE.

Having purchased the livery outfit of Mr. Ed Woods' I am prepared to accommodate the public with good rigs at reasonable prices. July 28th, GORDON MURDOCK.



SUNDAY SERVICES

Address: J. S. SMITH Cloverwork Farm CHILLIWACK, B.C.

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JOSEPH HUNTER. President. Gen'l Supt H.K.PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt, MJHENRY NURSERVNAN AND FLORIST FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES ROSES, ETC. Before placing your orders for any-thing in this line for fall planting, you will find it to your interest to correspond with me. Lam prepared to furnish better stock than ever and can give special prices on several varieties of which I have a surplus. POST OFFICE ADDRESS

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4.33 4.15

604 WESTMINSTER ROAD. VANCOUVER, B. C.

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to sit up, and hopes to leave the Jubilee Hospital for home so as to reach here this

Miss Gibson, who was a candidate for nurse at the hospital here once upon a time has a good position in the telegraph office at Rossland.

Rev. J. A. Logan, wife and family left last week for their new home at Eburne." Quite a number of friends were at the station, Friday morning, to bid them "good bye."

DIED

ROBIERO-At the hospital, Union, S. C. Aug. 15th, John Francis Robiero. He was single and past middle life. He once owned a ranch and worked in Comox Settlement.

Mrs. Westwood, mother af B. and J. Westwood of this place, died Saturday at Nanaimo. Her sons left on the Thistle to attend the funeral.

Str. CITY of NANAIMO .. Passenger List. Aug. 11th.

F. D. Jones, A. Urquhart, Mr. Wenborn, F. Stewart, Italian, R. Creech, Rev. J. C. Forster, Mrs. Lamb, C. Keeu, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Sladen, Miss Urquhart, Mrs. Galbraith, Mr. Clake, J. Williams, W. Pierey, H. Beadnell, Mrs. Cowie, A. Dick, F. B. Smith, C. E., Mrs. Rassell.

Remembered.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church presented Mrs. J. A. Logan a handsome purse before her departure.

A few of the Masons of Union and Comox presented, in an informal way, Rev. Mc. Logan, Grand Chaplain, on Wednesday last, a well-filled purse.

CANINE NUISANCE.

EDITOR NEWS-Dear Sir: In a certain part of the town there is a rough looking mongrel, which makes night hideous with howling and barking. Not content with his own power to annoy, he will run about from house to house, summoning to his aid his fellow mongrels. This done, the canine vocalists join in chorus, and keep it up. The soprano of the terrier is accompanied by the other voices down to bass of the cherus. Now I like my neighbor, and I admire his love for keeping and petting a dumb animal; but my love for him and his animal diminishes, more or less, when the latter annoys a whole neighborhood. Long association with the yelping of a canine car may be as music to his dreams. I hope though that he will not only seek his own peace but be a little considerate of that of his good neighbors. I ones killed a dog of mine for bad habit of barking at night. Perhaps my friend and neighbor will, a ter seeing this,

We have just received pairs of ladies' and Child. ren's skades from J. D. King & Co. the ackingwiedsed best makers of children's shoes in Canada. Their lines A C SI.oo and SI.25 can't be beat and we will guarantee every pair of them for style and fin ish. They are first class.

SLATER S-It is needless to tell you anything about this make. You already know that theirs are the leaders for men. We have just received all the latest styles for the fall. The Bull-dog, with heavy rubber soles, the Broad-foot, the Piccadilly and the Coin, are some of the new ones. You will be well repaid by having a look at these before buying. We have them to fit all feet, long or short, broad or narrow.

AMES HOLDEN AND CO.—We have as usual, a full line of this popular firm's in ladies', misses, child's, men's and boys', in prices to suit every one

Our entire stock of

Ladies' and misses Oxford shoes must be cleared out. See the lines at 75c. \$1.00 and \$1.25.

