Provincial Library apl 28

61

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Vol XX. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1928 No. 11

Canyon City

Jock McRobb left at the end of the week for Terry's Landing, where he has taken a contract at making poles.

Mrs. Wm. Cook and daughter, Lily, are spending the week at South Slocan, where Mr. Cook is still employed.

School re-opened on Monday with a full turnout of scholars who have buckeled into work with the midsummer examinations staring them in the face.

Miss Muriel Knott arrived home from Vancouver a few days ago. She has been a visitor at the coast for the past two months.

The J. P. Johnston mill crew had holidays most of last week while some repairs were being made to the plant.

Hilton Young was a Nelson visitor at the first of the week—the Canyon delegate to the Conservative nominating convention.

Rev. J. Herdman, United Church paston at Creston, was a visitor here on Tuesday, when he conducted service at which three children were baptized.

The dance put on by the baseball club boys on Friday night was largely attended, and after paying all expenses there will be ample funds to buy all the needed playing equipment. A 4-piece orchestra of Mrs. Davie, piano; T. R. Mawson, violin; Geo. Davie, drums, and T. Trevelyan of Creston, accordeon, supplied the music and the club is grateful to them for playing without charge. Thanks are also extended Mrs. Niblow and Mrs. Abbott who supervised the refreshments.

Erickson

Mrs. Cherbo and Mrs. Talerico were Creston callers on Tuesday. Other visitors at the metropolis the past week were Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Jim Pascuzzo, Miss Rosie Pascuzzo and E. J. Brawn.

Mrs. and Miss Lily Cam returned home on Thursday from a visit with relatives at Trail.

Misses Helen and Hazel Hopwood of Creston, who have been visiting with Miss Eileen Heap for a few days, returned home on Friday.

Miss Eileen Heap returned to Cranbrook on Saturday, where she is attending school.

Mr. Neil, C.P.R. yard engineer, left on Saturday for Kingsgate.

Yardmaster Cameron and Mr. Backus were motor visitors to Cranbrook on Sunday.

Geo. Cam, jr., who has been working at Trail for some time past, returned on Saturday.

There was a dance in the schoolhouse on Saturday. Music was supplied by the Dew Drop in orchestra of Cranbrook, with Mr. Talerico and Carl Lavazella assisting. There was a nice crowd and everybody had a good time, proceeds going to the Community Hall fund.

Mrs. Whiteside left on Saturday on a visit with Cranbrook friends.

Mrs. Cameron is spending a few days with Cranbrook friends this week.

Mrs. Blenmenauer and children, who have been Easter week visitors at Fort Steele, returned home Monday.

Miss Dorothy Cam left on Saturday for Kingsgate where she will visit for a while.

Mrs. Haley left on Monday for a holiday visit with Nelson friends. With Mr. Haley she was a visitor to Creston on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wallace, who spent the Easter holidays at Sirdar, left on Sunday for their home in Cranbrook.

Rev. Father Cullinan of Cranbrook held Roman Catholic Church service here on Wednesday morning. Rev. W. E. Greer of Creston was here for Presbyterian service in the evening.

Wyndel

Alex. Cameron, who has spent the winter months in Toronto, Ontario, and other points east, returned last week to look after spring work on his ranch.

Mrs. Pesto and family left last week to reside at Creston, where Mr. Pesto has a job at the Rogers mill.

Bill Campbell, sawyer for J. B. Winlaw, returned to Wyndel last week.

Bob and Miss Phyllis Fogall spent the weekend with Nelson friends.

Misses Marguerite and Ruth Joy spent a few days in Creston last week, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rentz.

John Moission was visiting with his parents at Wyndel a few days last week.

The wedding took place at Cranbrook on Thursday last of Miss M. Moission of Wyndel and Mr. A. Cotnoir of Kimberley. The young couple will make their home at the latter town.

The grader was at work here last week and has made a great improvement in the roads in this section.

The baseball club held a meeting on Friday for the election of officers, etc.

School re-opened on Monday after the Easter vacation. The teaching staff, who had been holidaying at Fernie and Trail returning on Sunday.

The K.K. Klub announce a dance in the old schoolhouse Saturday, 21st, with music by Mrs. Lister's orchestra. Admission $1.50 couple, supper included.

The Winlaw sawmill machinery and equipment is now being overhauled preparatory to starting the season's cut.

The membership of Wyndel Women's Institute still advances, ten more members were enrolled at the April meeting last week. The next meeting will be at the old schoolhouse on Thursday, April 26th, at 2.30 p.m.

Celebrate Silver Wedding

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nickel were hosts to a large company of their friends on Sunday, on which occasion they celebrated their silver wedding, as it was on April 15, 1903, that their marriage was solemnized at Laird, Sask. The function was unique in that it included a re celebration of the marriage with a ritual befitting the 25th anniversary, with Rev. Carl Janzow of Nelson officiating. There was a sumptuous wedding dinner, followed by speeches, music, recitations, etc., the quarter century observance of the happy event being fully as enthusiastic as the original. Of the family of seven children, six were present, as well as quite a few guests from Wyndel. A host of Creston Valley friends will extend felicitations on such an auspicious occasion.

GRAND THEATRE Fri.-Sat., Apr. 20th 21st

Milton Sills'
Mightiest Role

"Valley of the Giants"

A stirring drama of a two-fisted man who pitted himself against Nature and human-nature in the long shadows of the redwoods! A mighty story of love wrested from the hands of Titans! Straight from the immortal pages of the peer of action-writers. It's Milton Sills at his strongest and greatest.

Council Adopts Building By-Law

The commissioners had a lengthy session at the regular April meeting of the council on Monday night last, the most important feature being the passing of two new by-laws, one to confirm the present early closing and holiday regulations, and the other to define a fire limits in which the class of structure to be erected is very clearly defined, and in which general building regulations are also set forth. Chairman F. H. Jackson presided, with commissioners Jas. Cherrington and A. Comfort in attendance.

Requests from Frank Romano for an extension of the sidewalk to his property, and from the Premier Garage asking for sidewalk repairs in front of their building, were given favorable consideration, but similar requests from Miss Alma Johnson and others was stood over for investigation, along with a request from Gus Villeneuve for certain road improvements and extension.

A letter from Mrs. Schmidt, asking assistance until such time as a business enterprise she is embarking in is on a better paying basis, will be looked into.

The fire brigade will be notified that the council intends to at once purchase additional hose, but that the other requests of the fire fighters must stand over until a representative of the B.B. Fire Underwriters Association makes a promised survey of the whole fire protection situation in the village.

The resignation of W. O. Taylor, village clerk and treasurer, was accepted with regret, effective at May 1st, and applications for the position are now being advertised for. The commissioners decided to submit the question of purchasing the fall fair grounds and buildings at a price of $2500 to the electors by plebiscite on a date to be fixed later.

Accounts for March, mostly for road and street work, totalled $506, and were ordered paid. A lane is to be opened up behind the buildings facing on Canyon Street between Barton and Victoria Avenue, and to complete this a 20-foot strip of land will be purchased from Geo. Johnson at a cost of $300.

In connection with the by-law confirming and extending the prevailing regulations on early closing of places of business, A. E. French appeared to protest against the inclusion of barber shops in the six o'clock closing. The commissioners were unanimous, however, that the by-law must cover everyone—except pool rooms, over which the municipality has no jurisdiction as to hours.

The commissioners are buying about 250 feet of corrugated culvert pipe of ten inch size and in various lengths for this season's use.

APPRECIATION

I wish to take this opportunity to thank the people of this district for their patronage for the last sixteen years I have been in business and to solicit continuation to my successors who are by no means strangers here. The Kootenay Garage has the reputation of delivering the best of service.

R. S. BEVAN.

MILK
CREAM
ICE CREAM

Our central depot at Creston Drug & Book Store for the supply of Milk and Cream is proving popular judging by the number of customers we have had the pleasure of serving since opening up there.

Fresh milk and Cream is supplied every morning so that patrons can always rely on getting the same high quality as delivered about town.

For supper, particularly, Ice Cream makes a welcome change. You can buy it at the store in any quantity desired.

Creston Dairy
R. A. COMFORT

County Court Sitting

Judge Forin of Nelson was a visitor at Creston on Thursday last for a sitting of the county court of West Kootenay. A case of disputed wages, Oppel vs. Rudd was the only one heard. The action of T. W. Bundy against a Mr. Lambert of Vancouver for damage sustained in an auto collision at Erickson late last summer, was settled out of court. The court clerk, H. R Townsend, and lawyer E. G. Matthew of Nelson were also in attendance.

Liberal President Enthuses

O. W. Humphrey, of South Slocan, the West Kootenay representative of The London Life Assurance Company, was combining business with pleasure on a visit here at the middle of the week. Mr. Humphrey is also president of Creston Riding Liberal Association and states that the candidature of Frank Putnam is proving popular with the labor vote at South Slocan, as well as the orchardists at the other end of the riding

Kootenay Co-Op. Directors

The annual meeting of the Kootenay Co-Operative Fruit & Produce Association passed off very harmoniously on Saturday afternoon, with A. Comfort presiding. Directors for 1928 are: A. Comfort, E. Nouguier, Emil Johnson, E. Wickstrom and Geo. Nickel. A meeting of the directors will be held in a few days to elect a president and secretary, and later an open meeting will be called to which all interested will be invited and have opportunity to join the association.

Anglican Reception

Rev. A. H. Garlick of Michel, with Mrs. Garlick, arrived on Friday last to take up their new work and were tendered a congregational reception at the Parish Hall on Friday night, which attracted a large number of members and adherents of Christ Church. Cards were the feature of the evening, with W. G. Littlejohn making the prize score at bridge, and Mrs. Hayes getting first prize at old style whist. Refreshments were served and the affair was very much enjoyed by all.

Bevan Leases Garage

An important business change took place at the end of the week when the Bevan garage passed into the control of the Kootenay Garage, whb operate similar businesses at Cranbrook and Kimberley and are the East Kootenay distributors for the Chevrolet autos and trucks. The Creston branch will be in charge of Victor Hild, an experienced mechanic and salesman. We understand the new firm have taken a five-year lease with option to buy at a very attractive figure. Mr. Bevan has not finally decided on what line he will embark in but he has no present intention, at least, of leaving Creston.

For Sale—Apples, Delicious and Wagener, small sizes, 75 cents a box while they last, delivered in town. W. J. Truscott, Creston.

Lister

Col. Fred Lister and H. Helme were at Nelson on Monday, attending the Conservative nominating convention, at which the colonel was the unanimous choice as standard bearer.

Mrs. Bird and son, Cyril, got back on Monday from a ten-day holiday visit with Nelson friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Richardson and their guest, Mr. Sheppherd, of Erickson, spent Sunday here guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacks.

The former Ernest Langston (Stone) farm is again occupied, the tenants being Mr. and Mrs. Brubacker of Creston. He has it on lease, being at present employed at the Putnam, Palmer & Staples, Limited, sawmill.

Herb Sparrow has just returned from a four months' visit at points in England, for which country he left early in December. He reports a splendid holiday but glad to get back to B.C.

Ed. Langston has just installed a Westinghouse Radiola at his ranch here, and is having the best of luck picking up all the broadcasts along the Pacific coast and as far east as Winnipeg.

A. R. F. Bernard was a weekend visitor at Cranbrook going down by train and returning in his Ford, which he had left at the divisional city.

School re-opened on Monday with all the scholars back on the job after the Easter week vacation.

And still the attendances keep on growing at the fortnightly whists of the Community Society, with twelve tables of players on hand last Saturday night. At bridge the prize scores were made by Miss Ruby Lister and Charles Huscroft, while at straight whist the prize winners were Mrs. D. J. McKee and W. Yerbury. An additional $9 was raised for the piano fund on the raffle of two very fine boxes of chocolates kindly donated by Mr. Hewitson, and the holders of the lucky tickets were Miss Effie Littlejohn and H. Helme.

A quiet house wedding was solmenized here on Sunday when Mrs. Mary Cannedy and A. Stuart Evans, both residents of this district were united in marriage by Rev. J. Herdman of Trinity United Church, Creston, with Mr. and Mes. Ed. Gardener of Creston supporting the groom and bride. Only the immediate relatives and friends of the contracting parties witnessed the happy event. Following the ceremony a wedding luncheon was served, and the newlyweds are at present making their home at the Cannedy ranch.

Baseball Benefit
DANCE

Creston Valley Post Canadian Legion B.E.S.L. announce a Baseball Benefit Dance

Parish Hall
Friday, April 27
Dancing at 9 p.m.

Mrs. Lister's 4-piece Orchestra
will supply the music.

Proceeds will go into fund to help finance Creston Valley Baseball League.

Admission - 75c.
Supper included.

Don't dose a Child's Cold

CONTINUAL dosing upsets children's delicate stomachs.

Vicks is applied externally and therefore cannot disturb the digestion. It acts in two ways:

(1) The body heat releases the ingredients in the form of vapors which are inhaled.

(2) At the same time Vicks "draws out" the soreness like a poultice.

VICKS 2/1 VAPORUB

OVER 1½ MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The biggest city in the world is getting bigger. the latest estimate of the population of London is 8,000,000.

The Kelowna plant of the Dominion Canners, controlled by the Canadian Canners, was destroyed by fire.

The National Assembly at Angora has unanimously passed a bill separating the church and the state in Turkey.

The Vancouver city council has decided to submit the plebescite on the question of daylight saving to the electors of the city at an early date.

Total assets of Canadian banks increased by $46,432,311 during the month of February. At the end of February they amounted to $3,169,-923,118.

Addressing the members of the Canadian Club at luncheon in Toronto, Premier Howard Ferguson urged the capitalization of commercial intercourse among the members of the great "British family of nations."

Distemper.

Mix Minard's Liniment with Molasses and pour over a bran mash. Brings quick results.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Co-Operative Poultry Marketing

The head office of the Manitoba Co-operative Poultry Marketing Association has been transferred to Winnipeg. The Association has grown from 719 members in 1922 to 9,900 in 1927, making a total of 93 such groups in Manitoba.

TO WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Wilson's Experience a Guide to Women Passing through the Change of Life

Hamilton, Ontario.—"I have taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot speak too highly of it as I was at the Change of Life and was all run-down and had no appetite. I was very weak and sick, and the pains in my back were so bad I could hardly move. I got very sad at times and thought I had not a friend on earth. I did not care if I lived or died. I was very nervous, too, and did not go out very much. A friend advised me to try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, so I did. I am a farmer's wife, and always worked hard until lately, and was in bed for two months. I began to feel like a new woman after the first bottle and I recommend it with great success, also Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills. I am willing to answer letters from women asking about your medicines, as I cannot speak too highly of them."—Mrs. EMMA WILSON, 471 Wilson Street, Hamilton, Ontario.

Sold by druggists everywhere. G

Small Town Papers

BY

FRANK PARKER STOCKBRIDGE

Reprinted by special permission from Saturday Evening Post. Copyright 1928, by the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

(Continued.)

"I tell you what, you skeptical old type louse," he continued, looking at his wrist watch and slapping me on the back, "I'm in town for a meeting of the executive committee of our editorial association to make arrangements for our convention next summer. If you really want to know what the country newspaper is like in this year of grace, come on along with me to the hotel. We haven't any secrets and you can speak the language of the craft well enough to pass for one of us. You'll meet some good fellows, live newspapermen, from the small towns all over the country, and they'll tell you better stories than I can. Can you spare the time? I'd love to have you come."

"I've time enough," I told him, "but I don't like to butt in."

"Butt in, my eye!" said Bert. "You used to be my boss, you know, and I want to show the other chaps the guy who taught me the beginnings of journalism. They'll be tickled to meet you. Besides, if you don't hear what they have to say I know what'll happen. You'll go round to the newspaper club and tell the old-timers whom I used to know what a liar Bert Mills has turned out to be. Come on!"

I went. And I found out that that novelist's idea of making a living out of a couple of country newspapers wasn't so funny as it had seemed to me. Things have changed in the small towns; and, as the saying goes, how!

It didn't take long, after Bert had introduced me all around, to discover that the thirty or forty country editors in the crowd were immensely proud of their profession, their papers and their home towns. That was the most noticeable difference between them and the sort of country editor I had known in my youth. The old-time country editor had plenty of professional pride, but if he was proud of his town, the feeling was not often reciprocated. These were men of standing in thei rcommunities; you could tell that by the way they talked and carried themselves.

"The successful country newspaper publisher today is no longer primarily a printer," is the way one of them explained it to me. "You notice that I said publisher. That means that he is a business man. He may or may not be also an editor or a printer, or both, but the emphasis is on the business end. Most of us are our own editors as well as publishers, and there are still a good many who began as printers and will always be printers at heart. But publishing a country paper of today is definitely a business, and a very profitable business."

There were country publishers from every part of the United States at this meeting, as well as representatives of business concerns having merchandise to sell to country papers. Between listening to the discussions in the committee and the conversation around the luncheon table, where Bert Mills brought a dozen other good fellows together, I discovered that my former ideas about country papers were based upon conditions which are as extinct as the passenger pigeon.

Much of the picturesqueness and glamour which surrounded the old-time country editor and his shop have disappeared, to be replaced by modern efficiency. There are still occasional pioneers, penetrating into new fields with the vanguard of civilization, to set up their presses and preempt the field in advance of population; but these are rare instances on the few remaining frontiers, and even in such cases, subscribers, advertisers and profits follow faster than B. Franklin Simms ,my old boss, ever dreamed of.

A California editor told us of a man in his own state, F. L. Drexler, who took a pioneering chance less than five years ago.

"I don't know how much capital he had," said the California man, "but it wasn't much. He bought a little paper, the Free Press, at Riverdale. Riverdale has a census population of 264; it's just a wide place in the road. After Drexler had made his first payment he had just $150 left, he told me. But he made the paper pay, and since then he started two others, each in a village of less than 250 people. I don't know what he's worth, but he's always paid his bills and wages promptly, kept his children in the best schools, own two automobiles and two printing plants, all paid for, besides some real estate, and has a cash surplus in the bank."

A Florida delegate matched that with the story of Howard Sharp's Everglades News.

"I don't think there are as many as 250 people in the town of Canal Point, on Lake Okeechobee, where Sharp started the News a few years ago,' he said; "but today the News has about 1500 circulation, which is higher than the national average of country weeklies, and it covers its local field exclusively and intensively. Anybody who wants to know what is happening in Washington or Russia, or whether Lindbergh made another flight yesterday, can subscribe to some city daily; but the city daily can't give the space to tell how many acres of muck land each farmer in Everglades has under cultivation, how many cars of beans were shipped during the week, and the rest of the intimate, personal, local news, which is what the people living there really want to know."

That is the secret of the success of the country newspaper, just as it always has been—the ability to give its readers news about themselves which the city paper, no matter how near by it may be published, cannot possibly give them. Instead of trying to compete with the daily papers, the country editors of today are leaving the fields of national and international news to the dailies—even state news to a large extent—and concentrating on the news of their own counties or circulation territory. The country weekly in the old days had to print a good deal of general news because its readers were cut of range of the dailies. Now the dailies penetrate everywhere, but, paradoxically the country newspapers are more flourishing than ever before.

In Greenfield, Massachusetts, for example, a town of 15,000, there is a substantial daily paper; but there is also the Greenfield Gazette, which has been published as a weekly for 135 years. The Gazette has forty correspondents, one in every town in Franklin County, two in some towns, and there isn't a farmer in the territory who can paint his barn or buy a new flivver without the news of it getting into the Gazette. The result is a circulation above 5,000.

(To Be Continued.)

AFTER ALL There's Nothing To Equal Zam-Buk FOR THE SKIN!

LESSON No. 17

Question: Why is *emulsified cod-liver oil so efficient* a food for young children?

Answer: Rickets or weak bones are evidences of lime-deficiency. Emulsified vitamin-rich cod-liver oil *helps Nature* supply this deficiency.

Pure, pleasantly flavored, nothing quite surpasses

SCOTT'S EMULSION

GREAT HELP TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Baby's Own Tablets Have Many Uses and Are Absolutely Harmless

To have in the house a simple, harmless remedy for the minor ills of babies and little children is a great boon to young mothers, and this is exactly why Baby's Own Tablets have been found in thousands of households. The Tablets regulate the stomach and bowels, break up colds and simple fevers, allay the irritation of cutting teeth, yet they have no drug taste and the children like them.

Concerning the Tablets Mrs. Ruthven Crommiller, Ruthven, Ont., writes:—"Kindly send me your little book on the Care of the Baby. I have two children, one four years of age and the other a year and a half. Both are in excellent health and the only medicine they have had is Baby's Own Tablets. I always keep the Tablets in the house and am happy to recommend them to other mothers."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cts. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Don't forget that other people may think that you are as silly as you think they are.

Use Minard's Liniment for Corns.

It is easier for a man to be the architect of his own future than the builder of it.

The volume of a man's laugh may not contain a single page of happiness.

Minard's Liniment for Backache.

Aluminum serves mankind in many ways—one of them being as a container for fine teas. All Red Rose Tea is put up in clean, bright aluminum, thus insuring its coming to your table as fresh and flavory as the day it was packed. 7-W

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

APRIL 22

JESUS AND THE HOME

Golden Text: "Honor thy father and thy mother" (which is the first commandment with promise). —Ephesians 6.2.

Lesson: Mark 10.1-6.

Devotional Reading: Ephesians 6. 1-9.

Explanations and Comments

The Teaching Of Jesus About Divorce, verses 2-9.—Pharisees came to Jesus and in an effort, not to obtain instruction, but to entangle Him, put to Him this much-disputed question: "Is it lawful for a man to put away his wife?" As later in their question about the tribute money, so here they thought that whichever way He answered they would have a case against Him. If He said "Yes," He would offend the Jews who believed in the teaching of Rabbi Jochanan, who said, "The putting away of a wife is odious"; if He said "No," he would be opposing the teaching of many rabbis, and would offend Herodias (for Herod had put away his own wife and married Herodias), the wife of his brother, while the latter was still living, and her fury might cause Him to share the fate of John the Baptist.

As was His frequent custom Jesus referred them to their law: "What did Moses command you?" He questioned. "Moses suffered to write a bill of divorcement, and to put her away," they replied.

"You threaten the very life of the Nation when you relax the ties of marriage and weaken the family bond. There is nothing we want more than a new grasp of our Lord's teaching—that there is but one moral law, and that law the same for man and woman. The sacredness of marriage ought to be a subject upon which we have no doubts. On this point it is well not to have an open, but a closed and settled, mind. Let no specious and plausible talk about 'unhappy marriages' unsettle that conviction The remedy for 'unhappy marriages' is not greater facility for divorce, but increased thought and seriousness in the contraction of marriage. Laxity in this will mean rottenness sweeping in like a flood. It is ours to maintain and assert the more austere and exacting view of Christ. Marriage is an ordinance of God. It is meant for the perfecting of character. It is essentially and ideally permanent and indissoluble."—J. D. Jones.

The Oil Of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil that it will remedy every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

Canadian Muskrats Go To Belgium

Muskrats have been added to the fur bearers to leave Canada to become foundation stock in other countries. Forty of these little animals have been shipped through the Canadian Pacific Express Company to Belgium to become the nucleus of a fur industry.

As a vermifuge an effective preparation is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

The man with a dollar, a nickel and a hole in his pocket invariably loses the dollar and retains the nickel and the hole.

HEART WAS SO WEAK

Had to Stay in Bed

Mrs. F. Wilson, Lethbridge, Alta., writes:—"My heart was very weak, and I had to stay in bed for five weeks with it.

"My aunt advised me to take

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

as she had taken them with good results after a very bad operation.

"I took them and some time after a doctor came to examine me for life insurance and he said there was nothing wrong with my heart."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

ASSURANCE DOUBLY SURE

Though the days of passenger liners in distress have gone, ships' seamen are still encouraged to keep fit by lifeboat rowing competitions. Here is Col. W. I. Gear, vice-president of the Robert Reford Co., presenting a cup and individual medals to winners from the Canadian service Cruiser Alaunia, recently.

There is far more
MAGIC
BAKING POWDER
used in Canada than
of all other brands
combined

MADE IN CANADA
NO ALUM

E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CAN.

PAINTED FIRES

— BY —

NELLIE L. McCLUNG

Copyright, Canada, 1925

CHAPTER XXII.—Continued.

Dr. Symond felt very stern about all this as he stood looking at Helmi. "Where is your husband?" he asked. His tone implied that he suspected foul play. She had probably murdered him and concealed the body. Dr. Symond's manner warned Helmi that it would be better for her to tell the truth. Roused from her dream, she stared at him with a frightened face.

"You must answer me," said the doctor, sternly. His manner was patient but firm.

Helmi did not know where to begin. How could she tell this man her fears?

Maggie Corbett came to the rescue.

"She has not the best English, Doctor, but I make out her man joined up early in the war and she got afraid and came in. It is all right, Doctor, she's married, safe and sound; she has the ring on her finger and has a valise full of nice things for the little one, and she's not a charity case, Doctor, at all. She has money to pay her way."

The doctor grew more cheerful. "That is fine, Mrs. Corbett," he said, "You see, I get so many cases where these foreign girls think they are married. Some fellow shows them a paper which he says is a license, and away they go with him. They have great respect for a paper, especially if it has a red seal on it. But almost everything will do—a tax notice or a water bill—even an unpaid one." Dr. Symond was quite cheerful now. Then he grew more serious. "I tell you, Mrs. Corbett ,it is disgusting how easy these girls are!"

"Sure enough," said Mrs. Corbett, "easy is right. Ain't nature wonderful, doctor? Don't it beat all how she puts it over on us?"

"I tell you, Mrs. Corbett," went on the Doctor, not wishing to discuss this angle of it, "if the women of this city who meet in their local councils and women's institutes and a lot of these other organizations they are spending so much time on, would make it their business to get in touch with every foreign girl and warn her of these things—well, I wouldn't have so much to do; neither would the Superintendent of Neglected Children—and there would not be so much congestion at the Childrens' Shelter."

"You are right again, Doctor," said Mrs. Corbett, amiably, "and did it ever strike you that it might be grand work for the Rotary Club and Kiwanihans and such like to say a word to the men? They're doin' a fine work, buildin' Homes for these little ones, but maybe if they worked a little harder on the men they would have less need for Homes. But I see what you mean, Doctor, and I know it's a grand thing to always be able to lay all the blame on the women. You see the Lord lets her bear all the pain, and we see to it that she gets all the shame; so why not let the rest of the women bear the blame—there's no use spreadin' it any further."

"You misunderstand me, Mrs. Corbett," said the doctor, quickly. "I have the utmost sympathy for these unfortunate girls, and that is why I would like the women to do something. Indeed, I spoke to the Local Council about it when they asked me to address them."

"That was fine and good of you, Doctor," Commended Mrs. Corbett. "I'm a good had at givin' advice, too. Don't it make a person feel grand to give out a good gob of advice; and then if anyone does go to the divil we can say, 'I warned you, anyway—you can't say I didn't. But take the tip I gave you now, Doctor, get busy on the men. Leave the women to women—it's women who look after women, anyway."

The doctor interposed: "Now, Mrs. Corbett, I cannot agree with you there. You must have noticed that women are very hard on women." He was pulling on his gloves now, rubbing out the wrinkles carefully.

"No, I haven't noticed it, but I've heard it—I've heard a lot of men say it."

"Now, Mrs. Corbett, I see you are a great cynic, and I would not have thought that of you" Dr. Symond said, laughingly, as he shook hands with her.

"Don't let me keep you, Doctor," she replied, "and it Christmas and all."

When he was gone Helmi opened her eyes. "I can speak English," she said, lifting her head from the pillow, "I heard what he said. Did you give me the ring to wear?"

"Just so," said Mrs. Corbett, "and it's grand that you can speak so well. Swede girl, are you?"

"No, Finn," said Helmi, "two years in Canada. Do you know anything about me? You said my man had joined up—do you know anything about him?"

"Not a word, but you'll tell me when you feel like it," said Mrs. Corbett encouragingly.

Helmi regarded her friend gratefully. "You were good to me just now to say things for me and put the ring on my hand. I could not tell him when he asked me—he made me want to die."

"Sure Mike, I know, he's a good little man in his own way, but it's none of his business. He may be sure no woman goes knockin' round the country without her man at a time like this for the fun of it. Oh, well, you don't need to confess to him, or anyone for that matter, but only to God Himself."

"God don't care," said Helmi bitterly, "I pray and pray but God never hears!"

"Save us all!" cried Mrs. Corbett. "That's an awful way to talk about God, who is more anxious to do right by us than we are to let Him."

"Are you a Christian?" asked Helmi.

"My gracious, how do you think I could ever run a Rooming House if I wasn't and keep from committin' murder. If the love of God hadn't been shed abroad in my heart why do you think I would butt in and tell lies for you?"

"Is it always wrong to tell lies, even kind, good lies like yours? Will God be mad with you for telling a lie for me?" Helmi was afraid her good friend might get into serious difficulties over her.

Mrs. Corbett threw out her hands and laughed. "No fear! God ain't as touchy as lots of people try to make out. It isn't as if I lied to be mean or to hurt someone, and I'll tell you how I've got it sized up. It's a sort of treat for Him to hear someone lie for a woman instead of to her, or about her if you can get what I mean."

Helmi nodded.

"Don't be talkin' now, for tomorrow is the third day, and then's the time for the fever, if it is comin' at all. Rosie is bringin' your hot milk, and Mrs. Kelinski has your supper cookin' on her stove, and I must be runnin' now to see how the wee lamb is. She's done nothin' but sleep, yet, and that's the best thing she can do with the long road of life ahead of her."

CHAPTER XXIII.

Helmi stayed on in Number 18, taking her meals with the Corbetts, and trying to pay for their kindness by cleaning up their congested suite and making clothes for Rosie and Danny, who had become the baby's devoted attendants. Mrs. Corbett was full of encouragement when she heard Helmi's whole story.

"Your man has been delayed, that's all. Sure he'll come—never say die, Helmi, dear—and just think of how pleased he will be to find this fine little girl, the very picture of himself, with her lovely dark eyes. She must be the spittin' image of him, for she's not a bit like you. But looks don't matter so long as you are healthy, and a better child I never saw.

Encouraged by Mrs. Corbett's confidence, Helmi, as soon as she was able, began to go to the station on the two nights of the week the Peace River train came in, sitting huddled on a seat that commanded a view of the big moon-faced clock. Although due to arrive at four in the afternoon, it was often past midnight before the train drew in.

The station agent began to notice the pale girl with the big eyes who came each train night and who seemed so anxious.

was met by his iron gray old man was met by his iron gray old wife, who looked so much like him she might have been his sister. Helmi watched them, noting their fervent kiss, their light steps as they walked happily away arm in arm, both talking. Helmi saw it all, and somehow it comforted her to know that some had found happiness in life, even if it had apparently passed her by.

(To Be Continued.)

Motherhood!

Peterboro, Ont.—"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was very beneficial to me. I had become all rundown, tired, weak and miserable, had no appetite and my nerves were all upset. I saw the 'Prescription' advertised as being helpful to prospective mothers so I decided to try it. It built me up, quieted my nerves, gave me an appetite and I got along fine the remainder of the time—was able to do all my own work. I had comparatively no suffering, and my baby was very strong and healthy."—Mrs. Lottie Murney, 301 Townsend St.

At all drug stores. Tablets or liquid.

Send 10 cents to Doctor Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial pkg. of tablets.

Test Your Seed

Germination tests of wheat threshed this spring show that the vitality has been badly damaged. To assure themselves that it is in good sowing condition farmers are strongly urged to have their seed tested for germination.

If men are always judged by their company it's pretty tough on some men who are always alone.

FREE

Worth 30c FREE

Worth 30c FREE

3 BIG 10c CAKES

REFINED AND SUPERMILLED

WITCH HAZEL TOILET SOAP

— with —

SPRING-CLEANING AIDS

YOUR GROCER HAS LIMITED SUPPLIES

Do Not Delay — Buy These Today

COUPONS ON EVERY PACKAGE FOR PREMIUMS

Little Helps For This Week

"Fight the good fight of faith; lay hold on eternal life, whereunto thou art also called."—Timothy vi. 12.

Great duties are before me and great songs;
And whether crowned or crownless when I fall
It matters not, so as God's work is done.—Alexander Smith.

The true hero is the great wise man of duty; he whose soul is armed by truth, and supported by the smile of God; he who meets life's perils with a cautious but tranquil spirit, gathers strength by facing its storms, and dies, if he is called to die, as a Christian victor, at the post of duty.

—Horace Bushnell.

Wigs nearly as well made as those of our own time have been found on the Egyptian mummies.

NEW BLOOD NEEDED IN THE SPRING TIME

Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills As a Blood Improving, Health-Restoring Tonic

Every man, woman and child needs new, rich, red blood at this time of the year. That is a scientific fact. All doctors know it. The blood grows thin and poor in the winter; there is not enough of it, and spring shows the effect. Take notice and see how many people are pale and sallow at this time of the year. They complain of being easily tired, their appetite is poor, and they are often depressed and low-spirited. That is Mother Nature urging them to improve their blood supply; but often their digestion is weakened so that they cannot turn food into blood without help. Here is where modern medical science comes to the rescue. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have a direct action on the blood and enable you to get full use of the blood-making elements in your meals. You soon feel their effect—your appetite improves, your nerves are steadier ,color returns to the cheeks and lips, you have more vim and energy, and can work with less fatigue.

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to all who are in what is known as a run-down condition of health is proved by the experience of Mr. John A. O'Neil, Port Hood, N.S., who says: —"It is not possible for me to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly. I had been gradually growing weaker, and found it hard to do my work. I suffered from severe headaches and pains in the back. I was nervous and easily irritated, and altogether my condition was deplorable. A friend urged me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a half dozen boxes. I had only taken them a short time when I found them helping me, and by the time I had taken the supply I got, I was again enjoying good health. Headaches and pains had disappeared, my nerves were strengthened and I had good reason to be thankful that I had followed the advice of my friend."

Whether you are seriously ill or merely feel easily tired and out-of-sorts, you should try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring. They are sold by medicine dealers everywhere, or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Wrigley Swimming Marathon Trophy is a perpetual trophy to be competed for each year. The first Wrigley Marathon was held off Catalina Island, and won by George Young, of Toronto. The second Wrigley Marathon was held at Toronto and was won by Ernst Vierkoetter, of Berlin, Germany. The third Wrigley Marathon will be held in 1928, either in Canada or the United States. The Wrigley Trophy is a reproduction in sterling silver of the famous "Flying Mercury" modeled by Giovanni da Bologna. The position of the figure is changed to show Mercury presenting to Father Neptune a wreath. Neptune with his trident, dolphins and water surrounding are in bronze. The figure Mercury contains over 1,000 ounces of silver. In addition to the big trophy there will be provided annually a replica in sterling silver and bronze, to be presented to the city where the Marathon is held.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C.
Subscription : $2.50 a year in advance.
$3.00 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, APR. 20

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Appreciate Mr. Hathaway's Enterprise.

EDITOR REVIEW:

A pleasing feature at the Grand theatre last Saturday night, March 31st, was the introduction of the film taken by Mr. W. L. Hathaway of San Francisco on the occassion of the celebration of Memorial day July 1st last year.

Mr. Hathaway, who by the way is largely interested in a tract of agricultural land surrounding Kitchener and closely contiguous to Creston Valley which he is now having developed.

Last year while visiting his holdings he took the opportunity to attend the celebration and incidentally he "shot" the little film.

The film although small gives a vivid impression of the celebration scenes right from the time of the assembling of the veterans and school children, placing the wreath on the memorial, the various decorated floats and continued to the Agricultural grounds.

At the grounds is shown the speaker of the day Mr. McMillan; Queen of the celebration, Irene Huscroft; and her two companions the Misses Kemp and Benedette; also Moses and his Indian dancers and last, but not least, the children's flag drill.

Mr. Hathaway who is a member of the Creston Board of Trade is keenly interested in furthering the interests of Creston Valley and on the occasion of his trip here this summer will if possible take some films illustrating the agricultural industry in all its phases also fruit culture in order to assist the Board of Trade in its publicity campaign.

Manager Rodgers of the Grand is to be commended for his courtesy in showing the film and it is hoped that when it is enlarged that it may again be shown in other places.

E.M.

Women's Institute

Proceedings at the April session of Creston and District Women's Institute on Friday afternoon were just a little out of the ordinary, including the free distribution of packages of sweet peas and lettuce seed to all present, and the awarding of books, knives and baseball mitts to the boys and girls who won prizes in the recent birdhouse competition staged by the institute, while to every youngster who made an entry was given an ice cream cone. Needless to say every one of the forty-eight competitors were on hand for the institute session, with the president and secretary, Mrs. Stevens and Mrs. Murrell, handing out the prizes.

Another novel feature was the roll call in which each member responded by giving the place of her birth. Ontario was unusually well represented, as well as England, and five registering as having first seen the light of day under the stars and stripes.

Mrs. Beninger having kindly offered the institute the free use of the Beninger hall for an entertainment it was decided to have a whist on Thursday, April 19th, and this will be supervised by Mrs. Dan MacDonald, Mrs. Bayle and Mrs. Hayden.

In connection with the institute's aim to assist with the beautification of the local cemetery a letter was read from the cemetery company president, Major Mallandaine, who went very fully into the matter, and a committee of Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Hayes and Mrs. McLaren was chosen to take charge of this effort.

Due the very backward spring it is still impossible to state a date for the annual bulb show, and this was left in the hands of the directors. A very practical demonstration on grafting roses and the care of these flowers was given by Mrs. M. Young and was very much appreciated.

The tea hostesses were Mrs. W. Ferguson, Mrs. Hayden and Mrs. Crawford and the freewill offering for the crippled children's work was the biggest of the year, totalling $3.35

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation, and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emptions, is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes, and which is not timberland, i.e., carrying over 5,000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range and 8,000 feet per acre east of that range.

Applications for pre-emptions are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emptions must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres, before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant, unreserved Crown Lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is $5 per acre, and second class (grazing) land $2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land, not exceeding 40 acres, may be purchased or leased, the conditions including payment of stumpage.

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas not exceeding 20 acres may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free permits are available for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

BEER
-a Health Giving FOOD

PURE AND GOOD BEER such as brewed and bottled by us must not be looked upon as a luxury, but as a *FOOD PRODUCT.*

Thousands of working classes find in BEER a moderately-priced, healthful stimulant while engaged in hard physical labor, which besides its nourishing effect possesses other still more invigorating and strength-replacing qualities.

It is owing to its great percentage of extract together with the very low amount of alcohol that SILVER SPRING BEER possesses the qualities necessary to serve these purposes.

For sale at all Government Vendors and in Beer Parlors.

Give it a trial and convince yourself.

SILVER SPRING BREWERY Ltd *Victoria, B.C.*

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Government of British Columbia.

CHEVROLET

TON-MILE ECONOMY

The Reason You Need this CHEVROLET Truck!

THE lowest Ton-Mile Cost in the world (that is, the lowest cost of transporting one ton for one mile, or its equivalent) is the one big reason why truck-users in all lines of business are choosing the Chevrolet Ton Truck. Added to this economy are amazing speed and dependability; exceptional performance, never before offered in a low-priced commercial car; ruggedness, strength and modern design undreamed-of in a truck so low in price.

Whether you need a truck for fast delivery on city streets or for steady transportation of ton-loads over all sorts of roads . . . you can find the right type of body available on the money-saving Chevrolet Ton-Truck Chassis. Ask your Chevrolet dealer.

The G.M.A.C. . . . General Motors' own deferred payment plan affords the most convenient and economical way of buying your Chevrolet on time.

Ton Truck Chassis $635 Commercial Chassis $470

Body and Cab Extra

Roadster Delivery $625 Roadster Express $650

All prices at Factory, Oshawa—Government Taxes and Spare Tire Extra. C-14-4-26C

CHEVROLET

Kootenay Garage, Creston

Kootenay Garage - - Cranbrook

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

FLOUR! FEED! FUEL!

In any of these lines we are prepared to take care of your every requirement promptly and at prices that will satisfy. We are handling

FLOUR

Maple Leaf and Robin Hood

FEED

Timothy, Alfalfa, Prairie Hay

Bran, Shorts, Barley Chop, Crushed Oats, Chopped Oats, Wheat, Etc., always on hand.

COAL

GALT—the best mined

H. S. McCREATH

BRITISH COLUMBIA

THE MINERAL PROVINCE OF WESTERN CANADA

To the End of December, 1926

Has produced Minerals as follows: Placer Gold, $78,018,548; Lode Gold, $126,972,318; Silver, $80,787,003; Lead, $106,976,442; Copper, $209,967,068; Zinc, $50,512,557; Coal and Coke, $284,699,133; Structural Materials and Miscellaneous Minerals, $50,175,407; making its mineral production to the end of 1926 show an

AGGREGATE VALUE OF $988,108,470

PRODUCTION FOR YEAR Ending December, 1926, $67,188,842

The Mining Laws of this Province are more liberal and the fees lower than those of any other Province in the Dominion, or any colony in the British Empire.

Mineral locations are granted to discoverers for nominal fees.

Absolute Titles are obtained by developing such properties, the security of which is guaranteed by Crown grants.

Full information, together with Mining Reports and Maps, may be obtained gratis by addressing—

The Hon. The Minister of Mines
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA

N.B.—Practically all British Columbia Mineral Properties upon which development work has been done are described in some one of the Annual Reports of the Minister of Mines. Those considering mining investments should refer to such reports. They are available without charge on application to the Department of Mines, Victoria, B.C. Reports of the Geological Survey of Canada, Winch Building, Vancouver, are recommended as valuable sources of information.

Reports covering each of the Six Mineral Survey Districts are published separately, and are available on application.

63

DIPTHERIA PREVENTION

Published by Request

It was Dr. C. J. O. Hastings of Toronto, dean of America's public health officers and a man with a remarkable series of triumphs over disease to his credit, who said that every time there was a death from diphtheria, the coroner should investigate it.

His declaration was endorsed by other medical men in all parts of the continent.

Dr. Hastings' statement was based on the fact that science has already provided the human race with two methods of coping with this scourge—first, the means of practically complete protection against the disease, toxoid, and secondly the treatment, antitoxin.

Yet, in spite of this means of fighting diphtheria, its death roll continues and young lives are regularly sacrificed to it

Before going into this aspect of the question, however, some accurate data regarding diphtheria itself is necessary.

It chiefly attacks children under ten years of age and is much more fatal in young children than in older persons, most deaths from it occurring among victims under five years of age.

Records show that it is most common between November and January and that cases decrease till it is at a minimum from June till August. It is usually more prevalent in cities than in the country and negroes seem less susceptible to it than whites.

When physicians first began to study it, the disease was somewhat of a puzzle to them. It was obvious that the throat was, as a general rule, the original site of the disease. Yet it often caused serious damage to tissues of the body quite distant from the seat of the infection.

Frederick Loeffler, a German, was the discoverer of the actual germ whch is the cause. He proved, beyond dispute, that his findings were correct but he could not answer all questions connected with the action of the disease.

He searched through other parts of the body and in the blood for germs and never found any except in the nose and throat. He came to the conclusion therefore, that the germs of diptheria must give off a deadly poison which was distributed in the blood.

Then, a Frenchman, named Emile Roux, proved this definitely by putting diphtheria germs in a broth and then filtering the germs out after they had grown. The liquid which he had left, absolutely free of germs, would, nevertheless, causing diphtheria poisoning if injected into guinea-pigs.

Poisons, such as the ones diphtheria germs give off, are called toxins.

But, science soon made another interesting discovery. It was found that animals which had once recovered from diphtheria poisoning thereafter, were protected from the disease, or "immune" to it.

Medical men were not long in finding the reason for this. The body, affected with diphtheria poisoning, seeks to fight it off by producing a protective substance of its own. This counteracts the toxins produced by the diptheria germ and is called antitoxin.

Investigating further, it was found that if animals were first given antitoxin and then injected with diphtheria germs, the germs did no harm whatever. It was also ascertained that an animal suffering from a fatal case of diphtheria, would recover if given antitoxin promptly.

Science, in the light of these facts, at once turned to the question of producing antitoxin in absolutely pure form and in large quantities. By 1896, the experimenting had been completed and antitoxin was ready for the doctor's use.

It must be remembered that antitoxin's chief value is as a treatment and, for that purpose, it is unexcelled.

But it can also be used, under certain conditions, as a preventative. If, for instance, one child in a household is stricken with diphtheria and the remaining children are not protected against it, the thing to use is antitoxin. It will give almost immediate protection, lasting from 28 to 30 days.

The action of toxoid is slower. What it does is to induce the body to produce its own protecting antitoxin, a lasting but necessarily a slower process.

In the past, from 25 to 40 per cent of those who fell victims to diphtheria, died. Now, it can be said with certainty that in cases which are treated with antitoxin within the first two days, not one in fifty dies.

Time, however, is a most important factor and even hours count much. There is every chance of saving a child if the antitoxin is given at once. Thirty hours after, hopes are considerably less. After three days, they are even further diminished.

To a doctor, who has actually seen the effect of this treatment, it is one of the most impressive things in the world, just as, in other days, the physician's inability to cope with this scourge was one of the most devastating experiences through which a medical man could go.

One man, whose practice extends back to the days before antitoxin became general, gives a vivid description of it:

"I recall the case of a beautiful girl of five or six years, the fourth child in a farmer's family to become the victim of diphtheria. She literally chocked to death, remaining conscious till the last moment of life. Knowing the utter futility of the various methods which had been tried to get rid of the membrane in diphtheria or to combat the morbid condition, due, as we know now to the toxin, I felt as did every physician of that day, as if my hands were literally tied and I watched the death of that beautiful child feeling absolutely helpless to be of any assistance.

"About ten years thereafter my own daughter became ill with diphtheria. She was just about the age of the little girl with whom I had the early experience. A culture from the throat confirmed the diagnosis of diphtheria and the membrane from the fauces was extending down into the larynx. An injection of diphtheria antitoxin was given. To watch the choking dreadful membrane melt away and disappear in a few hours with complete restoration in health within a few days, was one of the most dramatic and thrilling experiences of my professional career."

All these details of the way in which medical science got at the real facts of diphtheria and the painstaking method by means of which an effective method of treating it, was found, are given here for particular reasons.

There has been a considerable amount of misinformation concerning the disease and some of it has been broadcast, generally. Articles have even appeared here and there, written glibly and with the appearance of being accurate, in which hot water bottles, blankets and restricted diet are given as an unfailing way of curing the disease, even among bad cases.

Knowing the exact nature of the scourge which the doctor is fighting when he is confronted with a case of diphtheria, these doctrines are more than fantastic and foolish. They are highly dangerous.

A typical one which has reached the Dominion was shown to an outstanding Canadian medical man.

"What would happen if someone tried to treat a child, critically ill with diphtheria, according to the methods described here?" he was asked.

It would be extremely dangerous and cause death in quite a percentage of cases.

But the great thing to remember in connection with diphtheria is that, in recent years, medical science has made another enormous stride forward. It is not necessary today for a child even to run the danger of contracting diphtheria.

By injections of "toxoid"—which is a chemically pure substance and incidentally, not a serum—a child can be protected, quite harmlessly and made immune to attacks from the disease.

Toxoid can be given to infants without the least irritation resulting and, in fact, should be administered before a child is one year of age to provide the most complete protection.

There are parents, however, who while admitting this effectiveness of toxoid, point out that the total number of cases of diphtheria is not great and, through carelessness, neglect this safety precaution.

It is true that the total number of cases is not great but the total percentage of serious cases among those who do fall victims, is very high. Diphtheria is a disease with which one cannot trifle.

It must be admitted that diphtheria epidemics as a rule, don't run into scores of cases like epidemics from other diseases, and that the disease is a peculiarly selective one. It seems to strike here and there, first one place and then another, without any well-defined reasons.

But the presence of the "diphtheria-carrier" is a tremendous argument in favor of the necessity of immunizing children with toxoid.

The number of children who have diphtheria germs in the nose and throat is many times as great as the number who actually develop diphtheria. Their presence is quite unknown and so common is this condition that it has been estimated that, in large city schools, from one-fourth to one-third of the children harbor virulent diphtheria germs during the course of a single year. This condition lasts, on the average, not more than two weeks.

But these "diphtheria-carriers" while the condition lasts may pass on the disease to their playmates and companions without anyone having any idea of how the disease was spread.

It is this fact that makes the use of toxoid so necessary, even if the plain commonsense of the proceeding fails to impress one with its importance.

It is almost a matter of months and little more since the Canadian public began to wake up to the importance of the use of toxoid and to realize that universal use of it would completely wipe out this old-time terror of the house-hold.

Now, we have the spectacle of whole classes of children being protected and groups of doctors and nurses, in large cities, immunizing hundreds of children against the disease.

The efficacy of the measure soon becomes apparent. Five years ago, toxoid was given to thousands of New York school children. By last year, that city's death rate from the disease had been reduced by 41 per cent. and 450 young lives are, therefore, being saved annually as a result

Half a million New York children have now been protected and, in addition to the saving of lives, the total number of diphtheria cases, has been cut down 34 per cent.

Statistics gathered from 70 American cities are also available and highly interesting. The two places where the diphtheria death rate was lowest—New Haven, Conn., and Youngstown, Ohio, where, in each case, the rate was 0.6 per 100,000 of population—are both cities where there have been intensive campaigns for the use of toxoid among the children.

New Haven, for instance, with 36,000 school children, has not had a single death from diphtheria during the past two school years. In the same length of time, there have been only 25 cases of the disease, 24 of which had never received as much as one dose of toxoid.

Brantford is one of the Canadian cities where toxoid has received great attention. The value of the procedure has been completely demonstrated there. A report from that city a few months ago, covering the preceding quarter-year, revealed the fact that there had not been a solitary case of diphtheria in the city during all that time.

FOR SALE—Van San strawberry plants, $5.50 per 1000. Angus Cameron, Erickson.

FOR SALE—Seed potatoes, Early Ohio and Irish Cobbler, good stock. Fred Lewis, Creston.

CHAS. MOORE, C.E.
B.C. LAND SURVEYOR
MINING ENGINEER
ARCHITECT
CRESTON, B.C.

F. H. JACKSON
REAL ESTATE
Listings solicited.
CRESTON, B.C.

LAND REGISTRY ACT:
SECTION 160

IN THE MATTER of Lot 5 in Block 2, Dow's Addition, Town of Creston, Kootenay District, Plan 851.

Proof having been filed in my office of the loss of Certificate Co. 11045-A to the above mentioned lands in the name of James Adlard, and bearing date the 29th day of July, 1909, I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue to the said James Adlard a provisional Certificate of Title in lieu of such lost Certificate of Title. Any person having any information with reference to such lost Certificate of Title is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., this 26th day of March, 1928.

A. W. IDIENS,
Registrar.

Date of first publication March 30, 1928.

In the matter of the Mineral Act, R.S.B.C. 1924, and in the matter of Sections 28 and 48, R.S.B.C. 1924, Chapter 167.

To A. H. GIBBS, Esq. (Free Miner).

WHEREAS you are a co-owner of the mineral claims known and described as "Iolanthe," Iolanthe No.1," "Iolanthe No.2," "Iolanthe No.3," "Iolanthe No.4," "Iolanthe No.5," "Country Girl," "Country Girl No.1," "Country Girl No.2," "Country Girl No.3," "Victoria," being and situated on the East side of the Kootenay Lake, near Ginol Landing, in the Nelson Mining Division, Province of British Columbia;

AND WHEREAS you have neglected and refused to contribute your proportion of the expenditure as required by Section 48 of the "Mineral Act" being Chapter 167, R.S.B.C. 1924;

TAKE NOTICE that application will be made after ninety days and within one hundred and twenty (120) days from the date of the first publication of this notice to have the said, above-mentioned mineral claims recorded in the names of the remaining co-owners.

Date of first publication, March 2nd, 1928.

DATED at Trail, B.C., this 23rd day of February, A.D. 1928.

D. MacDONALD,
Solicitor for co-owners:
E. J. B. Irving
L. F. Tyson
T. F. Lean

PRICES NEW FORDS
FULLY EQUIPPED

Pheaton	$745
Roadster	730
Coupe	880
Sport Coupe	950
Tudor	880
Fordor	980
Light Del	735
A.A. Chassis	815
A. Chassis	625

PREMIER GARAGE

Feed Chickens, Foxes Rabbits and all Prize Stock

OUR

od Liver Oil, per Gallon **$1.85**

Container extra.

THE REXALL STORE
CRESTON DRUG & BOOK STORE
GEO. H. KELLY

Your Pocket

used as a bank has many disadvantages.

Money carried in it is easy to spend on trifles or may be lost or stolen.

Weekly deposits in our Savings Bank will accumulate rapidly.

Small or large accounts are welcome.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Capital Paid Up $20,000,000
Reserve Fund $20,000,000

Creston Branch - R. J. Forbes, Manager

SLABWOOD FOR SALE

14 and 16-inch Stove wood. About 2 ricks to the load.

$2.00 per Load, delivered in town.

Get your Summer wood now.

CHAS. O. RODGERS

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.
MEAT MERCHANTS

TRY OUR

SHAMROCK PORK SAUSAGE
An economical dish, easy to serve.

Shamrock Brand HAM, BACON and LARD

GLENDALE CREAMERY BUTTER
Government graded, highest quality.

FRESH and CURED FISH
all varieties.

Choicest BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB

BURNS' IDEAL POULTRY FOOD
increases egg production and produces better poultry. Buy the best.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

If you want the very best, ask for Red Rose Orange Pekoe

In clean, bright Aluminum

17

Education and Religion

There is no subject in which the people of Western Canada take a deeper or more continuing interest than the subject of education. They demand the best for their children, and that they are prepared to pay for it is manifested by the splendid school buildings which are an outstanding feature in every Western city, town and village and in the steadily improving character of rural school houses, coupled with the generous financial provision made for the upkeep of the schools. Whatever complaint there may be in regard to the size of tax bills, the majority view is that, where pruning of expenditure is necessary, it must not be done at the expense of efficiency in education.

Demanding the best in education, there is much difference of opinion as to what constitutes the "best" and how it is to be attained. It is now generally accepted that the state owes to every child the rudiments of an education, and is responsible for seeing that each boy and girl receives it. Education must, therefore, be state aided, and the state which provides the money must supervise and control the educational system and be responsible for it. The vast majority of people today will not consent to that responsibility being delegated to any other authority.

People are, however, divided in opinion as to what should be taught in the schools. Roman Catholics hold tenaciously that a school without religion is godless and that character cannot be properly moulded or sound morals taught except through religious teaching, hence, as Father Ryan expresses it in "The Catholic World," "the Church cannot regard as satisfactory any system of education in which religion is not the foundation of the whole curriculum." Many Protestants, and an increasingly large number of them, agree. On the other hand, most Protestants insist that the state-aided schools shall be wholly secular, and that religious teaching is the duty of the Church, the Sunday schools and the home.

The educational systems of these Western Provinces are a compromise between these two opposing views in that they make provision for the establishment of minority separate schools and for the use of the last half-hour of the regular school day for religious instruction if the trustees so decide. This compromise feature is objected to by many, and the opinion is frequently voiced that what this country should have is the national school system of the United States.

A century ago, however, all religious sects in the United States, Protestant as well as Catholic, opposed the wholly secular public school, and insisted, as they had from the time of the Puritans, upon religious training in the schools. Now, after a century of secular public schools, the churches of the United States are taking stock of the situation and looking results squarely in the face. The general tenor of the complaint of the Protestant assemblies is "the comparative failure of the church's religious education," and that "neither the homes, nor the churches, nor the schools" provide an adequate religious training, and that "a solution must be found or disaster will befall both the Church and society." They recognize that the Sunady schools do not meet the need, because so small a proportion of the children attend, and the instruction for the most part is ineffective, because of lack of time, teacher preparation, and pupil interest. The problem confronting the Church is, therefore, one of combining religion with public education, Church and State working together for a great result neither can achieve alone.

What is happening? Nineteen of the principal Protestant bodies have formed the Council of Church Boards of Education for the purposes of carrying out a program of religious instruction during public school hours to supplement the regular curriculum. The plan is as follows: On the request of the parent, a child is assigned at fixed periods each week for the study of religion under a teacher designated by the parent. These teachers are appointed and supported by the sects, but their qualifications are to be the same as for other instructors. Likewise, the standard of work and the credit granted are determined as for other subjects. Where no legal bar prevents, classes have sometimes been held in the school buildings; otherwise, in rooms provided by the churches. Textbooks and study materials have been issued by the various denominational publishing houses.

Week-day religious instruction on public school time has been adopted in about eight hundred communities in over twenty States. In New York City, Catholics and Protestants have united to secure the arrangement there. Laws sanctioning this policy have been passed in Iowa, Minnesota, Ohio, Oregon and South Dakota, while court decisions in two States and official rulings in eight others have protected it. Even where legislation has been rejected, or no action taken, the plan is proceeding without interference.

This trend of thought and action in the United States, where a national secular public school system has so long prevailed, is of interest, and the above outline is presented solely for the information of Western people anxious to discover what is best for their children and calculated to build up a strong Christian country.

When Pain Comes

What many people call indigestion very often means excess acid in the stomach. The stomach nerves have been over-stimulated, and food sours. The corrective is an alkali, which neutralizes acids instantly. And the best alkali known to medical science is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention.

One spoonful of this harmless, tasteless alkali in water will neutralize instantly many times as much acid, and the symptoms disappear at once. You will never use crude methods when once you learn the efficiency of this. Go get a small bottle to try.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Praise For Anti-Toxin Cure

Most Effective In Warding Off Diphtheria Says U.S. Doctor

The number of cases of diphtheria and deaths resulting therefrom have been reduced 60 per cent. in Pennsylvania in the last few years, says Dr. Theodore B. Appel, secretary of health, at Harrisburg. This phenomenal decrease, Dr. Appel held, has been due almost entirely to the use of toxin-antitoxin.

"Nothing has been more definitely proven," Dr. Appel said, "than the power of toxin-antitoxin to ward off that most dreaded childhood disease —diphtheria."

A New Slip

Did you know that a fifteen-cent envelope of Diamond Dyes will duplicate any delicate tint that may be the vogue in dainty underwear? Keep your oldest lingerie, stockings too, in the shade of the hour. It's easy if you only use a true dye. Don't streak your nice things with synthetic tints.

Dye or tint anything; dresses, or drapes. You can work wonders with a few, inexpensive Diamond Dyes (true dyes). New colors right over the old. Any kind of material.

FREE: Call at your druggist's and get a free Diamond Dye Cyclopedia. Valuable suggestions, simple directions. Piece-goods color samples. Or, big illustrated book Color Craft free from DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N9, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Just Dip to TINT, or Boil to DYE

The Canadian Rockies cover an area greater than that of France, Belgium and Switzerland combined.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics is used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this exalted title. It has to its credit thousands of cases which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to even the most severe cases and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

Blue and White Talc

Development of the deposits of blue and white talc which are found in the vicinity of Banff, Alberta, is to be undertaken. The blue variety of talc which is very rare and valuable is used in electric insulators and gas burners while the white is extensively used in the preparation of cosmetics.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Remover at hand to remove them.

A Zulu woman may not call her husband by his name, either when addressing him or when speaking of him to others; she must use the phrase "father of So-and-so."

Keep Minard's Liniment handy.

Joy: The feeling experienced by the man who counts his money and finds more than he expected.

Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms without any inconvenience to the child, and so effectually that they pass from the body unperceived. They thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels and leave them in a condition not favorable to worms, and there will be no revival of the pests.

If some people were to think twice before speaking they would never say anything.

An Oil Without Alcohol.—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils compose Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting.

There are nine hundred miles of silk fibre in a pound of silk. China's yearly production is 9,000,000 pounds.

Minard's Liniment for cuts and bruises.

Red Cross Celebration

Fifty-Eight Nations Will Celebrate Hundreth Birthday Of Founder Of Organization

On May 8, 1928, fifty-eight national organizations, banded together under the Red Cross flag, will celebrate the hundredth birthday of Henri Dunant founder of Red Cross and joint winner of the Nobel Peace prize.

In Toronto, the Ontario Division of the Canadian Red Cross Society will signally honor the occasion by giving a banquet on April 25th to welcome the delegates attending the Annual Meeting of Central Council. A limited number of tickets are being sold outside of the membership, and it is expected that nationally known speakers, including the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, will attend and give the celebration speeches. Similar functions will also be held in every Canadian province.

It is fitting indeed that such a centenary should not go by unnoticed, for Dunant did much to promote the idea that suffering in war, the agony of the battlefield, could be largely mitigated.

It was while this great benefactor of humanity was travelling in Lombardy in 1859 that he saw 40,000 dead, dying, wounded and sick men lying on the Battlefield of Solferino, without anyone offering as much as a drink of water in kindly service. The sight of this so wrung his heart that he did not rest until an impromptu hospital was prepared in the nearby town of Castligione, with a voluntary ambulance and nursing service in attendance. Thus he became known as the "Good Samaritan of Castligione."

The sight of so much agony never left his mind and he wrote a brochure that was fraught with much significance to the world thereafter.

Dunant for several years travelled about Europe lecturing and giving his opinions regarding the treatment of soldiers in battle, pressing home the need for a reorganization of the medical services, for the rearrangement of plans for repatriating prisoners of war and caring for disabled men who had been broken in fighting for their country's cause. Out of Dunant's first idea grew the Conference at Geneva, which resulted in Red Cross being made law for the world. The first Treaty of Geneva was signed by twelve out of sixteen national delegates, the first Red Cross Society being formed in the German principality of Wurtemburg.

From that time the symbol of the Red Cross, which was originally adopted in honor of Switzerland, where the first treaty took place, became the chief organization to serve the soldier in war, and eventually to follow him and his family into civilized life, caring for the sick and promoting health in general.

Great Britain adopted the Treaty of Geneva on February 18, 1865; Prussia joined June 22, 1865; Russia was linked up on July 5, 1865, and the United States on March 16, 1882. The Canadian Red Cross Society at first was an offshoot of the British organization, but is now entirely autonomous within the boundaries of the Dominion of Canada. Turkey also subscribes to the same ideals but uses the symbol of the red crescent in place of the Red Cross, Turkey being purely a Mohammedan nation.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Keep your horses working with "SPOHN'S." Standard remedy for 32 years for Distemper, Strangles, Influenza, Coughs and Colds. Give to sick and those exposed. Give "SPOHN'S" for Dog Distemper. Sold by your druggist. If not, order from us. Two sizes, large and small. Write for free booklet on diseases. SPOHN MEDICAL CO. Dept 23 GOSHEN, IND.

For HORSES MULES and DOGS

Ocean Fare £2

Under the British Nomination Scheme, your relatives and friends can travel at this low rate from

Britain to Canada

also reduced rail fare—children under 17 free. For complete information, phone, write or call personally at White Star Offices in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Saskatoon, Vancouver.

227

WHITE STAR LINE CANADIAN SERVICE

Cuticura Talcum is Cooling and Comforting

Daily use of this pure, fragrant, antiseptic Talcum Powder is soothing and refreshing to the skin. An ideal toilet powder.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Stenhouse, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

HERCULES TRADE MARK

PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER

Between the Brick and the Plaster

Concealed, unthought of, the space between brick and plaster spells health and comfort—or the opposite—to the occupants of any home.

In homes where Hercules Permanent Building Paper is behind the outer walls comfort and health are assured. Hercules has been rigidly tested and has proven wind proof and damp proof. Examine Hercules carefully. Prove its qualities for yourself. Ask for samples of the three grades—x, xx, xxx.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED

HAMILTON, CANADA

NET DEBT OF CANADA REDUCED BY 87 MILLIONS

Ottawa.—A decrease of $87,160,784 in the net debt of Canada during the fiscal year which closed on March 31 last is shown in the financial statement issued by the Department of Finance.

Until the department is in receipt of all the revenue collected in distant parts of the Dominion and until a number of obligations which properly come into last year's financing are met, the figures for the year cannot be regarded as complete, however.

Last year, the statement issued at the close of the fiscal year showed a decrease in the net debt of $61,429,500. The net debt as on March 31 last, according to the statement, was $2,260,673,585.

Ordinary revenues collected during the past fiscal year amounted to $410,144,559, or an increase of $26,233,336 over those of the previous year, the statement shows. Ordinary expenditure also recorded an increase amounting to $15,407,665, and stood at $306,708,741 on March 31 last.

Customs duties yielded revenue of $155,571,770 during the fiscal year just closed, as compared with $140,883,890 in the previous year.

Revenue from excise duties showed an increase of $8,827,037 over the 1926-27 figures.

There was a decrease of $14,194,964 in excise tax collections, which include the sales tax. The total amount collected was $97,046,220. Income tax collections recorded an increase of $9,260,270 over the 1926-27 revenues. The total amount collected in the year just closed was $56,547,570.

In the expenditure column, the big item was one of $120,780,973 for interest on public debt. This was over a million dollars less than in the previous year.

The amount expended for pensions during the year just closed was $36,195,858 against $34,538,661 in the previous year.

All-British Settlers For Western Provinces

Large Party Of Boys Were Among New Arrivals

Winnipeg.—Resembling more a large party of tourists from the Old Country with cameras and fishing outfits in solid leather cases hanging from their shoulders, some 400 new settlers from the British Isles arrived in Winnipeg last week over Canadian Pacific lines to take up agricultural work in the Western provinces.

The party, one of the largest all-British to arrive in the West for some time, were discharged at St. John from the S.S. Montcalm and proceeded here by special train.

Outstanding in the party was a group of 32 young British lads in their middle 'teens who were brought out to the Dominion under the auspices of the Agricultural Department of the Manitoba Government.

They were met on arrival at the Canadian Pacific Depot here by Prof. C. R. Hopper, member of the faculty, Manitoba Agricultural College, who is looking after newcomers of this type for the Government.

Fall Grains Winter Well

Come Through In Ontario Better Than Anticipated

Toronto.—Fall wheat, alfalfa and other clovers have come through the winter in Ontario in better condition than had been anticipated is the general consensus of opinion gleaned from reports received by the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

While a little seeding has been been done in the counties of Essex and Kent, very little, if any, has been attempted in other parts of the province. Plowing, however, is fairly general in many counties of Southern Ontario.

There is a general shortage of grain in nearly all parts of the province.

The demand for farm labor is keen, and particularly so for boys of 15 to 17 years of age who are being brought out by the Department of Colonization.

I.B.S. Broadcast Question

Matter Still Stands On Order Paper In House

Ottawa.—"Is the government considering refusing to continue the license of the broadcasting station CHCY, Edmonton (International Bible Students), and if so, for what reason?" asked H. E. Spencer (U.F.A., Battle River), in the House of Commons.

Hon. P. J. Cardin, minister of marine and fisheries, replied that he had already answered a similar question. In view of this fact, and also because he proposed later to make a statement on the matter, he thought the question might be dropped. Mr. Spencer objected and said he would prefer to have the question stand on the order paper.

J. S. Woodsworth (Labor, Winnipeg North Centre), declared that the minister had given no reason at all for refusing to renew these licenses. He failed to see why the minister should not answer the question. Mr. Speaker decided that the question would remain on the order paper.

Endorses Hudson's Bay Route

Canada Needs Another Outlet and Entrance, Says Noted Arctic Explorer

Montreal.—Favorable endorsation of the Hudson's Bay route was given here by Captain Joseph E. Bernier, noted Arctic explorer, in an address before a local service club. There was a problem on the horizon, he said, which Montreal and the Dominion as a whole would have to face in future years.

As the population of the country grew and the trade of Canada increased, the port of Montreal was bound to obtain a congested condition and then Canada must look to the Hudson's Bay to provide another entrance and outlet.

Coupled with this problem, he remarked that the waters of the St. Lawrence were receding and he felt that if the large liners were going to be able to dock at Montreal there must be a damming up of the waters of the river to maintain the necessary level.

Western Professors Honored

Recommended For Membership In the Royal Society Of Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—Councillors of the Royal Society of Canada in session here approved the awarding of the Flavelle medal of the society for this year to Professor A. P. Coleman, of the University of Toronto, and of the Tyrell medal to Hon. Senator Thomas Chapais, of Ottawa. Professor Coleman was awarded the Flavelle medal for his work in the interests of science, while Senator Chapais earned his award by his meritorious work in the interests of Canadian history.

It was reported to the council that the various sections of the society had recommended for election this year the following western Canada candidates for membership: Prof. D. C. Harvey, University of Manitoba; Prof. Robert H. Clark, University of British Columbia; Dr. Lloyd L. Dines, University of Saskatchewan; Prof. Stanley Smith, University of Alberta; Prof. Justin S. Delury, University of Saskatchewan.

Will Stay On the Job

Mayor Thompson Will Remain Chief Executive Of Chicago

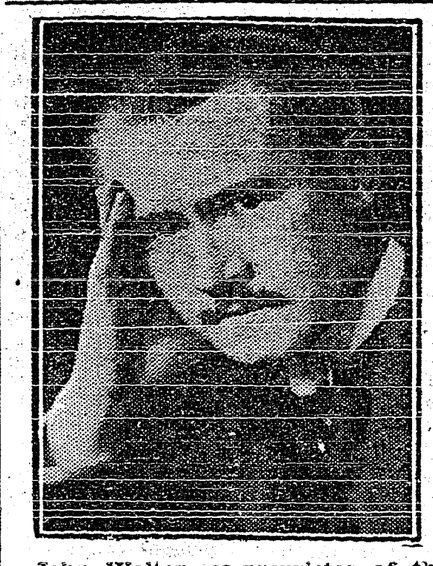
Chicago.—Despite the fact that most of the candidates he had backed were defeated in the primary, Mayor William Hale Thompson will stay on as the city's chief executive for the next three years. He declared that he had no intention of resigning the post he was elected to last year.

"I positively will not resign," the mayor said. "Why should I? We captured the ward committeeships and we also got the sanitary district, so there's no reason for me to resign."

During the campaign the mayor had announced that if his favorite candidate, States' Attorney Robert E. Crowe, co-leader in the Republican faction, was defeated, he would seriously consider giving up the mayoralty.

Crowe lost the primary to Judge John A. Swanson, Deneen candidate by more than 100,000 votes.

MAKING TOUR OF CANADA



John Walter, co-proprietor of the London Times, now making a tour of Canada under the auspices of the National Council of Education.

Old Age Pensions

Discuss Arrangements For Applying Scheme In Saskatchewan

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. C. M. Hamilton, minister of agriculture in the Saskatchewan Government, and Hon. Peter Heenan, federal minister of labor, were in conference recently discussing arrangements for applying the old age pension scheme to the prairie province. Administration of the act is one of the functions of the labor department. Saskatchewan adopted the federal plan at the last session of the provincial legislature, enacting a measure that would become effective on proclamation. It is intimated that as soo nas the necessary adjustments are made with respect to bringing the provincial and the federal legislation into conformity with each other, the prairie province will begin its old age pension payments.

Does Canada Lack Creative Art?

Assertion Is Made That Great Canadian Novel Is Yet To Be Written

Toronto.—That the great Canadian novel has not yet been written, that there is a dearth of creative effort in music, and that Canadian drama has still to come were assertions made by Fred Landon, M.A., of the University of Western Ontario, when addressing the opening session of the Ontario Library association here.

Dr. George H. Locke, of Toronto, stated that the British Library associations were likely to form a loose federation in London, which would be the centre of library activity for the United Kingdom. That the federation should become still greater and embrace the other nations of the empire was the speaker's suggestion.

Shorthand Speed Record

Dr. Hans Januschat, official stenographer of the German Reichstag claims the world's speed record for shorthand. At a recent contest, Dr. Januschat wrote 470 syllables a minute for three minutes.

Protect Eastern Consumers

Will Make Public Price Of Alberta Coal At the Pit Mouth

Calgary.—That the new provincial coal standards board will act only in an advisory capacity and that the Government is desirous of having the price of Alberta coal at the pit mouth made public, were two important statements made by R. J. Dinning, a member of the new provincial board, at a meeting of coal operators held in Calgary to discuss the new $6.75 coal rates to Ontario.

Mr. Dinning also intimated that the onus of having the various coals placed on the "preferred" list would rest with the operators themselves.

The list he said, would be submitted to J. A. Ellis, fuel controller in Ontario, at the earliest possible date. The point was stressed by W. W. McBain, of Emondton, the chairman, that because a rate of $6.75 had been Ontario market. He intimated that the battle had been won. They had merely won the first round.

It depended upon operators, working in conjunction with the Alberta Government, to win the rest of the Ontario market. He intimattd that if the movement was to be a success it was absolutely necessary to safeguard the Ontario consumer in every possible way.

Canada's Autonomy

Canada's Representation On League A Good Thing For the World At Large

Montreal.—Canada's election to the council of the league of nations was international recognition of the Dominion's autonomous status, Sir Herbert B. Ames, former financial director of the league's secretariat, declared in an address here.

With this recognition of Canada's autonomy, Sir Herbert said, came the necessity for greater participation by Canadians in the responsibilities of the league. Canada, he added, had not been elected by any one group, but her candidature had been endorsed by states which had nothing to gain from her election, but which thought that Canadian representation on the council would be a good thing for the world at large.

For Trans-Atlantic Flight

Another Aviator Has His Mind Fixed On "America By Air"

Madrid.—Another aviator has his eye fixed on the goal of "America by air." He is Captain Reginald Folch Truelove, an English flier, formerly chief instructor at the Gosport airdrome in England, and later instructor of Spanish army aviators. He informed the Associated Press that he was preparing for a flight from the airdrome at Seville, Spain, to New York by way of the Azores some time in June. He has not yet selected an airplane, but intends to use a light machine.

Honors For Aviator

Washington, D.C.—A bill proposing to give the congressional medal of honor to Clarence D. Chamberlin for his non-stop flight from New York to Germany last summer was introduced in the senate by Senator Brookhart, Republican, Iowa.

Empire Singers Enthrall Canada

Singing a reportoire that includes over one hundred pieces of part-music, ranging through practically every style and taking in folk-songs of England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales and America, with both sacred and secular music, the Westminster Glee Singers are now engaged in a tour of Canada that will be a delight to music-lovers. They are singing in the Dominion under the patronage of His Excellency, the Governor-General of Canada, and have recently completed tours of Australia, New Zealand, the Straits Settlements, India and Ceylon, a record unequalled by any other musical organization.

The singers are composed of male altos, tenors, basses and a number of boy sopranos who, like the men, are taken from the finest Cathedral choirs of Great Britain. They will give concerts in most of the cities of Canada from Halifax to Victoria and return. They are travelling for the most part on Canadian Pacific lines during their tour of the Dominion.

EDUCATION IS VITAL FACTOR IN SOCIAL PROGRESS

Saskatoon.—"Which is it to be, education or jazz?" This was the question asked by J. W. Barnett, Edmonton, secretary of the Alberta Teachers' Alliance, in an address before the Saskatchewan Teachers' Alliance. Mr. Barnett was brought to Saskatoon to be the chief speaker to the alliance, as Dr. G. M. Weir, University of British Columbia, was brought hree to be chief speaker to the Saskatchewan Educational Association.

"Chicago," said Mr. Barnett, "with its huge proportion of jazz voters, swayed by unscrupulous political manipulators, has its Big Bill Thompson. What agency will make our polyglot western population a harmonious Canadian nation? We must face the fact, whether or not we like it, but we have just the same potentialities for political monstrosities and corruption in the western provinces as in Chicago; similar elements in the electorate—foreigners, illiterate and unacclimatized to freedom, to western Canadian ideals, to a discreet use of the ballot. Their lack of appreciation of Canadian institutions makes a fertile soil for the growth of mob rule.

"In Chicago voters by the thousands (whose desire and use of the ballot extends no further than putting a cross alongside names indicated by ring managers of a corrupt political circus), decide the situation. They outnumber the educated, better informed type of voter, those able to read, and write, and think in English, who are not so easily swayed by lurid denunciation, able to resist delusions, and of ready will to choose. The latter are too discouraged even to go to the polls.

"Education is no longer a luxury nor an accomplishment, it is a bitter necessity. The more instructed a population, the less liable are they to the delusion of enthusiasm and superstition, which among ignorant nations frequently occasions the most dreadful disorder.

"A democratic community, in order to be truly free, wise, self-governed, needs minds that are wise, self-governed. Lacking it, the national life is at the mercy of every catchword, machine boss, or brazen demagogue.

"We must face this question. Do the teachers really believe in education? Do they believe that making the world 'safe for democracy' is synonomous with 'educate the masses'? Do we believe education is the most profitable investment in the world today? Do we believe the country should provide an equal degree of educational opportunity for every child irrespective of social or endowment? Do we believe the school is the place to inculcate the spirit of goodwill the basis of world citizenship and world peace?

"If these are mere confessions of the mouth rather than beliefs of the heart, then the sooner we cease talking about education and leadership in education the better—they are as sounding brass and tinkling cymbals."

World's Wheat Exhibition

Federal Government Approached For Assistance In Putting Over Ambitious Plan

Ottawa.—In preparation for the world's wheat exhibition which is to be held in Regina, Sask., in 1932, representatives of the various provincial governments gathered in the capital and interviewed Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture, and Dr. J. H. Grisdale, his deputy, in regard to the assistance which may be expected from the federal government.

Dr. Grisdale intimated that nothing had been decided upon. There was no need for hasty action. Undoubtedly the federal government would do its share to make the exhibition a complete success.

The delegates seemed well satisfied with the progress made and went away happy.

The Sargasso sea covers about as much territory as the Mississippi Valley.

SHOES!
for Men and Boys

These are the LECKIE make and are the best product of this well known firm of Shoe manufacturers.

Nothing nobbier than the Leckie Dress Shoe, which along with its style combines splendid wearing qualities, and the happy knack of retaining its shape.

Leckie Work Shoes have no wear out to them—that's the reason we handle this line.

For both Men and Boys we have a very nice stock to select from.

Co.-Op. HATS, CAPS, and SHIRTS are proving popular. We have a full range of sizes and all the fashionable shades. Our prices are just as attractive as the haberdashery.

Creston Valley Co-Operative Assn.

CRESTON Two Stores ERICKSON

Local and Personal

Walter Collins was a weekend visitor with friends in Nelson.

BIRTH — At Cranbrook, on April 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. Denzil Maxwell, a son.

FOR SALE — Quantity Gold Coin potatoes, some good seed. Bert Boffey, Creston.

FOR SALE—Van San Strawberry Plants, good stock, $6 per 1000. J. W. H. Gobbett, Creston.

FOR SALE—Thirty Purebred Yorkshire pigs, from two to four weeks old. D. Learmonth, Creston.

Wanted—Village Clerk

Applications will be received up till Saturday, April 21st, 1928, for the position of clerk of the Municipality of Creston. Applicants must state qualifications and salary expected. Information regarding duties, hours, etc., may be had from the commissioners. Applications should be addressed, Board of Village Commissioners, Creston, B.C.

SHOE REPAIRS

at

Reduced Prices

Men's Half Soles	$1.00
Men's Rubber Heels	.50
Women's Half Soles	.75
Women's Rubber Heel	.35

Workmanship guaranteed

A. Mirabelli

Second Hand Store in connection

Ladies'

Jenny Lind Silk Hosiery

the Guaranteed Hose

Looks Better
Wears Longer
Costs Less

A good assortment to choose from and a good variety of shades. Sizes 8½ - 10.

$1 per pair

V. MAWSON

Jack Young got back on Sunday from a weeks' holiday visit with Kitchener relatives.

FOR SALE—Two Toggenburg doe kids, ten weeks old. Miss Alma Johnson, Creston.

Chas. Moore is spending a few days in Nelson on a business visit, leaving on Thursday last.

Miss Birrell Miller is a Cranbrook visitor this week, a guest of her cousin, Miss Olwen Evans.

Miss Helen Moore of Cranbrook spent the weekend with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Moore.

FOR SALE—Improved orchard and small fruit property of 20 acres, well located. Apply Box 32, Creston.

Ernest Ryckman arrived on Sunday from Kellogg, Idaho, on a visit with his mother, Mrs. S. W. Ryckman.

Mr. Strobel of Trail is renewing acquaintances in Creston this week, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nickel.

FOR SALE — Registered Berkshire boar, $25; have no further use for him. R. Stewart (Alice Siding), Creston.

Principal Levers of Creston high school got back on Sunday from an Easter week holiday visit at Cranbrook.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Timmons and young son left on Saturday on a visit with Mrs. Timmons' parents in Spokane.

Mrs. J. A. Bell, who has been visiting friends in Edmonton, Alberta, for the past two months, returned home on Saturday.

FOR SALE—Parson's Beauty and Van San Strawberry plants, $6 per 1000 f.o.b. Wynndel. Carl O. Wigen, Wynndel, B.C.

Jas. Cherrington, jr., left on Sunday for Nelson, where he will take fourth year high school work for the next three months.

Miss Ivin Compton left on Sunday for Nelson where she is resuming her position in the office of the National Fruit Company.

HATCHING EGGS—Light Sussex, the coming breed, fine table birds and good layers. Setting of 15 eggs, $2. P. G. Ebbutt, Creston.

POTATOES—Potatoes are cheap, but do not overlook the necessity for good seed. Gold Coin at $1.50 per 100 lbs. R. Sinclair Smith, Creston.

All interested in applying for the position of village clerk are reminded that applications must be in the hands of the commissioners by Saturday.

Mrs. K. Paulson and family from Hollmquist, Sask., arrived this week to join Mr. Paulson, who recently purchased Mrs. S. W. Ryckman's orchard property.

Misses Hughona McCreath and Ruth Hare returned on Sunday from Kimberley, where they spent the Easter holidays with the latter's grandmother.

FOR SALE — Farm truck, barrel spray pump, breaking plough and mower, priced reasonable. All can be seen at Alex. McKay's blacksmith shop, Creston.

Miss Kerr and Miss Rendall of the public school teaching staff got back on Sunday from their homes at Fernie and Nelson, where they spent the Easter holidays.

Services at Christ Church, on Sunday, 22nd, will be: 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 11 a.m., Morning prayer and Holy Communion. 7.30 p.m., Evening prayer.

At the annual meeting of Creston Riding Conservative Association at Nelson on Tuesday, Major Mallandaine was re elected president. J. W. Hamilton was made secretary.

Misses Helen Moore and Anaretta McDonald and Ben Crawford returned to Nelson on Sunday to resume fourth year high school studies, after spending Easter week at their homes here.

WANTED—Will buy two properties from two to five acres. Also two properties ten to fifteen acres. Must be partly improved. State price and terms in first letter. C. Hollin, Creston.

A. E. Davies, who has been on a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Armstrong, left on Sunday for the coast. Miss Gladys Davies of Fernie is remaining for a longer stay with her sister here.

Fred Ryckman and Mrs Dan Burton of Cranbrook, with Mrs. Bidder of Kimberley, are visitors here this week, called to Creston due the serious illness of their mother, Mrs. S. W. Ryckman.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Goodwin and Dr. and Mrs. Lillie were Spokane visitors a couple of days at the end of last week, making the trip by auto. Mrs. Harold Goodwin returned to Kellogg, Idaho, with the party.

At Cook's Greenhouse, Creston: Perennial plants and shrubs are now ready. Book your orders for tomatoe, cabbage, cauliflower, and celery plants. Also a good collection of spring garden flower plants.

Manager Rodgers is putting on the feature film, "Valley of the Giants," at the Grand two nights this week—Friday and Saturday. The production is Milton Sills' best effort and is sure to please. Regular prices.

A start at the permanent beautification of Creston school grounds has just been made by planting out all four sides with maple trees. About fifty of them were set out this week, planting being in charge of Jas. Cook.

A dance for the benefit of the new baseball league will be given in the Parish Hall next Friday night, 27th, with Mrs. Lister's 4-piece orchestra supplying the music. The admission is 75 cents, which includes supper. Dancing at nine.

Barrister H. L. Robinson was a weekend visitor at Rossland, and on his return is accompanied by Mrs. Robinson who has been at her home in the golden city for some weeks past. They are now occupying the Muir residence on McLeod Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cherrington, Major Mallandaine and F. H. Jackson were Nelson visitors on Monday, the local delegates to the Conservative nominating convention for Creston riding, at which Col. Fred Lister was again named standard bearer.

Rev. A. H. Garlick took his first services in Christ Church on Sunday and at both 8 and 11 a.m. had large attendances at the communion services. In the evening the turnout was the largest the edifice has held in many years. The new rector and his wife are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cook pending getting settled in the rectory.

Friends of Miss Wade, teacher of Division 3 of Creston school, will deeply sympathize with her in the death of her father which took place last week, Miss Wade being called from her vacation at Invermere on the 9th, to her home at Cloverdale. It is hardly two years since she was similarly bereaved in the passing of her mother.

Frank Putnam Liberal candidate, got back on Friday from a six-day visit at points at the other end of the Creston riding, and says that at the half dozen points where he spent a day each in getting acquainted he got an enthusiastic reception and is quite confident his candidature at the other end of the riding is proving just as popular as in the Creston Valley.

The Parish Hall was filled to capacity on Thursday night last for the Conservative at home put on under the joint auspices of the Ladies Conservative Club and the men's association, with President F. H. Jackson presiding. Col. Fred Lister gave a fifteen minute talk on the work of the past session after which there was cards, lunch and dancing. At bridge the prizewinners were Mrs Letcher (Elko) and W. G. Littlejohn, and at old style whist top scores were made by Mrs. Charlie Sutcliffe and R. Stevens. Mrs. Lister's orchestra played for the dance and the music was exceptionally fine, the appearance of Vic. Hild, banjo, adding much to the effectiveness of the organization.

At the meeting of Creston W.C.T.U. on Thursday last Miss Edith Cook tendered her resignation as secretary, and she will be replaced by Mrs Fred Smith. A superintendent and other appointive officers will be selected at the next meeting on Tuesday 24th, at the Presbyterian Church at 3 p.m., with the executive called to meet at 2.30 At the session on the 12th Rev. Herdman read a paper on Prohibition, which had been prepared by Rev. Earnest Thomas. All interested in the work are invited to attend Tuesday afternoon's meeting.

Horse Owners, Take Notice

Don't worry your horse with ill fitting Shoes. Call and see us. Horse shoers with 50 years experience.

Don't waste time sending for new Castings and Machine Parts. Bring the old ones to us and have them Oxy Acetylene Welded; 100 per cent. durability.

We are now prepared to supply you with Evetrough, Pips, Fittings, etc.

Call and see us for Bath Fixtures, Stove and Range Boilers, etc.

We can also furnish you with Plough Shares to fit any make of Plough. Price right. Delivery prompt.

S. STEENSTRUP

BLACKSMITH TINSMITHING OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING

Men's Wear
that Will Wear and Give Satisfaction in Every Way

Style, Fit and Finish, combined with good hard-wearing material

Heavy Blue Chambray Shirts, sizes 14½ to 17	$1.25
Khaki Chambray Shirts, 14½ to 17	1.25
Fancy Check Madras Shirts, all sizes	1.50
Heavy Khaki Shirts, triple stitching	1.50
Khaki Denim Trousers, 5 pockets	2.00
Khaki Denim, in fine heavy Denim	2.00
Blue pants, red back, splendid wearers	2.50
Khaki Bedford Cord Trousers	4.50

Our Underwear Stock for spring is complete, and comprises Shirts and Drawers, in Watson's and Penman's makes, also Combinations in different weights, from $1.25 to, per suit 3.00

Socks in every weight—Silk, Silk and Lisle, Silk and Wool, and the cheaper styles in Lisle and Cotton at 25 cents up to 85 cents per pair, and all good values.

Our new Felt Hats have arrived at, each 2.75 to 7.75

Forsyth Shirts for Men's wear.

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY, LTD.

Erickson

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Martin with Ruby and Edward, were visitors in Spokane a few days last week, making the trip by motor, and returning on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Timmons have moved from the ranch and are now occupying the Brousson place in Creston.

Robert Long, jr., left on Sunday for Nelson to resume studies in the fourth year high school work.

R. J. Long and W. G. Littlejohn were Nelson visitors on Monday for the Conservative nominating convention.

The young people of this section found Thursday last a lucky day for hospitality with Miss Madeline Putnam entertaining at cards and a dance, and Carol Healey a birthday party.

School re-opened on Monday after the Easter week vacation. With no Chautauqua to look forward to the senior scholars can see no relief in the grind for the midsummer exams.

Watch for our Announcement Next Week

S. A. SPEERS