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THE CRESTON REVIEW

VOL. XVIII. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1927 No. 50

Lister

BIRTH—At Nelson, on January 18th, to Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Thompson, a son.

Mrs. Harold Langston is a visitor with Nelson friends at present, leaving on Wednesday. She is a guest of Mrs. Guy Browell while in that city.

Lister experienced the coldest weather for at least two years on Friday morning, when thermometers here registered as low as 25 below zero.

Rev. S. Newby was calling on friends here on Saturday and had a fair turnout at the Church of England Sunday school and service on Sunday morning.

John and Charlie Hancroft have just started in on a tie making contract in some timber owned by the former. These are for the U.S. market and will go out via Porthill.

Kitchener

Mrs E. W. Payne of Creston is here on a visit with Mrs. E. McGonegal and children at present.

B. Johnson of the Kitchener Hotel left on Monday for Cranbrook, on a business visit.

A whist and dance will be held in Hunt's Hall on Saturday, January 29th, with local music. Everybody welcome.

Mrs. J. Porter of the Sash & Door Company staff, returned on Monday from U.S. and Saskatchewan points, where she has been visiting with relatives and friends since Christmas.

Harry Spence, manager of Sash & Door Company, Limited, spent the weekend with his family in Cranbrook, returning on Monday.

Kitchener has been favored with quite a spell of cold weather, and quite a few skaters are to be seen on the Sash & Door millpond, where there is ice enough for quite a good rink.

Misses Mildred Andeen and Clara Hunt, who are at high school in Creston, spent the weekend with their parents here, going back on Sunday.

Jas. Wilson, proprietor the Grey Royal Granite works, Sirdar, was a business visitor on Saturday.

G. Reinwald of Creston was here on a business call, Monday.

Logging operations are in ful swing with the Sash & Door Company, Limited, and quite a few men are employed.

Showing Three Nights

Joe Marks presents Bert Johnston's Company in a scientific, instructive entertainment. This clever company will appear in the Grand Theatre three nights, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 3rd, 4th and 5th, giving a complete change each evening, and at the Saturday matinee, at 2.30 p.m., the patrons of the Grand will be treated to a double show—magic and vaudeville. The company number six people and their programme consist of magic, mirth and mystery, and he stands as an entertainer in a class by himself. He is one of the cleverst of modern magicians. He is assisted by Al. J. Smith, who as a musician has few equals. Salvail, the card king, exposes gambling, and was assistant to the great Hudini. Muriel, the woman who knows, was the only woman who correctly foretold the end of the great world war. On Saturday, at 2.30, a special matinee will be given at which Punch and Judy and Royal Marionettes and Bert Johnson and his wooden headed family will be presented. Prices to suit everybody. Joe Marks, brother of the illustrious Tom Marks, is directing the show.

Curling Score

Creston's curling classic—the six-game series between rinks representing President Henderson and Vice-President Fraser—came to an end on Thursday night last, with the honors going to the latter by a margin of 23 points, but the president has the satisfaction of knowing that his rinks won the majority of games, as will be seen by the table below:

	GAMES Won.	GAMES Lost.	POINTS For.	POINTS Agst.
Henderson	3	3	42	39
Boyd	4	2	50	51
McLaren	2	4	43	63
Staples	4	2	55	52
Woods	3	2	44	46
York	3	3	41	47
	19	16	275	298
Fraser	2	4	47	58
Bowman	2	4	45	48
Chrisler	0	6	52	54
Joyce	5	1	65	24
Palmer	2	3	48	52
Speers	5	1	61	59
	16	19	298	275

In the whole play there was only one tie game and that was between Wood and Palmer rinks, and this will explain why the total shows these rinks as only playing five games each.

Local and Personal

The ice harvest commenced this week. The P. Burns butcher shop is is filling its refrigerator with the frozen fluid from local streams. Last winter all the ice used in town was imported from Crowsnest.

The evening of February 24th has been taken by Trinity United Church young people for an appearance here of Miss McLuhan, a well known entertainer, who will present a miscellaneous programme.

Most everybody in the district had a letter awaiting them in Monday's mail, when Assessor Ferguson remembered all with the tax notices. In town the school rate is 11¼ mills, which levy is required to give the trustees the $7300 voted at the annual school meeting in July.

Village property owners will be receiving the customary assessment notice this week, clerk Taylor starting in on making them up with the completion of audit on Saturday. There are few changes from last year, and any who have objections should remember the court of revision will be held on February 8th.

Miss George, who only assumed charge of Division 2 of Creston public school at the first of the year, has resigned that position, and will be leaving at the end of the week. The trustees are in communication with several probable successors but at the time of going to press had no announcement to make.

This (Thursday) evening the final games in the series for the four sacks of flour and four boxes of cigars are being played off at the curling rink. For the Maple Leaf flour the contest is between the Joyce and McLaren rinks, and for the cigars the Chrisler and Speers rinks are in the runing. On this occasion a regulation 12-end game will be played.

The electric light situation shows no change from last week. At the conference of the commissioners and electric light commitee on Thursday of last week a local offer was submitted for the lighting of the town and the commissioners have asked that the new offer be submitted them in full detail. This is expected any day now. After going into it thoroughly a a decision will be handed out as to whether the vote will be on the first mentioned oil burning municipal owned plant or the newer offer made them.

There was a fair attendance at the growers meeting on Saturday afternoon at which W. G. Littlejohn reported on the business done at the meeting of the B.C.F.G.A. at Kelowna the week previous, and after a very thorough discussion of the horticultural situation a resolution was presented by Mr. Littlejohn, seconded by P. R. Truscott, setting forth in some detail the marketing and production features of the fruit industry in Creston Valley, which was passed unanimously, and has been sent on to the legislative committee on agriculture that is at work drafting legislation governing the board of direction recommended at the B.C.F.G.A. meeting.

Alice Siding

Due to the prevalance of colds the school was closed on Thursday. Only three pupils turned up that day for the usual line of instruction.

The ice harvest is under way this week and Messrs. Victor Carr and George Hood have their teams busy on the on the haul to supply village customers. It has a thickness of over a foot.

Mrs. Theo. Moul and son, who have been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Kelly, at Elko, arrived back this week.

Ron. Stewart was enjoying the high life at Erickson the past week, the guest of his brother, Albert, at at Mountain View Ranch.

John B. Miller was a visitor to Cranbrook the latter part of the week, taking his son, Joe, to St. Eugene hospital for treatment. An operation for appendicitis may be necessary.

The usual weekly dance at the Todd ranch set for to-night, 28th, has been cancelled. The next "hop" will be on Thursday, February 3rd, with the usual admission charges.

PART IV.

EDUCATION IN B.C.

By W. KELLY, B.A., Principal of Creston High School

Several references have been made in these articles and in the recent press to the Middle school, or the Junior high school, and I want to deal with that subject briefly here. In part I it was said that the present arrangement of the schools was not in keeping with the natural periods of development of the child. The mental and physical change that comes at about the age of 12 years demands a new set of studies and a new method of attack to all work. It was also said in Part II. that by a series of "objective" tests a child's actual development could be measured. Certain standards of normal progress can be established which the average child will reach. In Part 3 it was shown that by increased supervision of teaching and by opportunity classes it would be possible to prevent some of the pupils from falling below that standard. For those pupils whose mentality prevents them from keeping the pace the Middle school offers no panacea. This school is, however, for all those who are not of subnormal intelligence. The Middle school is to include the present Grades seven, eight and nine, and entrance is to be gained not by competitives examination but by reaching the stage of physical and mental development called adolescence.

Broadening-Finding Courses

One of the first points of the Middle school will be a set of general courses which will give the pupil a chance to try his hand at all types of endeavor. Such courses are known as broadening and finding courses. They would not last more than a few months and at the termination of that time the pupil will have shown an interest in and an adeptness for one branch of activity over others. It may not be possible to tell the boy that he will be best fitted for a specific job but general directions can be seen. These courses are essential and will have to cover the main elements in all the principal branches of commercial, industrial and professional life. The assumption is that even though the pupil cannot tell which activity he would enjoy most, or be most successful at, he will show special attitudes and capabilities even at the early age of 12 years.

Vocational Guidance

It is planned to have expert advice as to the course a pupil should follow. Many things will have to be taken into consideration. Some pupils will be compelled to leave school at 15 years for economic reasons. They have the right to a certain amount of vocational training and the Middle school will make this possible. Some pupils have not the interest or stamina to follow the complicated and intricate subjects and they should be guided (not directed) as to the best course to follow. It will be the office of the vocational guidance board to prevent as far as possible citizens of to morrow from attempting tasks beyond their means or ability and to give inspiration to those who are capable of carrying those tasks. It will also be their task to advise the pupil to follow the line of endeavor for which he is best fitted. The old malady of "square pegs in round holes" may perhaps be prevented in a great many cases.

The Needs of the Pupil

The Survey makes the statement that the curriculum of the Middle school must be broad and elastic and must meet the needs of the pupil. The tool and cultural subjects are prescribed for all. Such subjects as English, geography history and civics, arithmetic hygiene, etc., are essential and should be compulsory. But the courses that are to cultivate the aptitudes of the individual must be adaptable to the peculiar circumstances of a specific case. This will not necessarily mean elaborate equipment or highly specialized instructors, it will however need de centralization of control. Within his own school the teacher must have a measure of freedom.

The Middle school will not cure all the ills of the present educational system but it will be a step towards a reasonable organization of the schools in the light of modern knowledge of human nature. No one advocates it on the grounds that is new, but rather for the fact that it will solve many of the problems confronting educators of the present day It cannot come suddenly or entirely in one step and must be carefully developed in any district, but the sooner a start is made the sooner will the benefits be found. I have given here only the general ideas, for obviously, the particular discussion could not be given in so short a space.

The next and final article will be on Educational Finance.

Murdoch McLeod

Registered Optometrist

will be at

CRESTON HOTEL

Tuesday, Feb. 1st

GRAND THEATRE SATURDAY, Jan. 29

Tom Mix

in

"K. & A. Train Robbery"

Single Reel Comedy

Fox News

REGULAR PRICES

Wyndel

Mrs. B. Margatroyd left on Monday for Rossland, where she is visiting with her sister, Mrs. Ken. Dewar, before returning to Kamloops.

Ice haulig commenced Monday noon of last week, and was completed by Friday, after a haul estimated as between 400 and 500. tons.

Miss R. Cherrington and Miss M. Severn spent the weekend with the former's parents at Creston.

Mis Phyllis Foxall left on Saturday on a short visit with Creston friends where she was the guest of Miss Marguerite Crawford.

The K.K.Klub meeting on Wednesday evening, at which whist was played, was much onjoyed by all. Ladies first prize was taken by Mrs. R. Andstad, with Miss Lizzie Piggot receiving second. Men's first prize went to Oscar Hagen, and second to Ernest Piggott.

Canyon City

On Tuesday of last week Mrs. J. Wood entertained a number of Canyon ladies at afternoon tea in honor of her sister, Mrs. Beaton, and of Mrs. Pochin.

The temperature has ranged from zero to 20 below during the week, judging by Canyon thermometers. No serious damage is reported, though several people have suffered from frost bites.

Mrs. Markham, who has been a guest of Mrs. Roy Browell, left for her home at Watrous, Sask., on Sunday, where she and Mr. Markham have charge of a sanitarium for rheumatism and gout patients, at a mineral lake near that town.

"The Comerades of the Way" of Canyon United Church are shaping up nicely under Rev. J. Herdman's guidance. They will soon be prepared for initiation ceremonies, and gladly welcome any new members.

Two tables of bridge were played at Mrs. Blair's home on Thursday, and the affair was much enjoyed, Mrs. Blair being a charming hostess.

Mrs. Roy Browell gave a very pleasant bridge party on Wednesday afternoon last. Several Erickson ladies as well as those from Canyon were her guests. Mrs. Blair won the high score prize. The affair was in honor of Mrs. Markham, of Watrous, Sask., who has been visiting with her niece, Mrs. Browell.

On Friday night a real old fashioned dance was given under the auspices of the Community Club. The very cold night little chilled the ardor of the crowd, but all present reported a good time. The programme included schottisches, polkas, reels, etc. First prize for old style waltzing went to Roy Telford and Mrs. Ted Strong. The quadrille prizes went to the couples: T. Hickey and Miss Beth Putnam, W. R. Long and Mrs. Roy Browell, Roy Browell and Mrs. Ted Strong, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Telford. At midnight a sumptuous lunch was served, with doughnuts as a special feature.

A surprise party, to bid farewll to the Pochin family, was held at John Wood's home on Thursday evening. Games and music were the features. A delightful supper was served, after which the president of Canyon Community Club made a fitting speech expressing appreciation of the many acts of good citizenship by Mrs. Pochin, and presented her with an electric iron, as a little token of the high regard in which Mrs. Pochin is held. The Pochin family may well be classed among the real oldtimers of Canyon, having bought land and located here in 1909. Much regret is expressed at their departure to reside in Nelson, where Mr. Pochin has accepted a position with the Daily News. Everyone extends good wishes for their future in that city.

For January House of Hobberlin made-to-measure clother will be available at a discount of 20 per cent. S A. Speers, Creston.

For the Aged
SCOTT'S EMULSION
The food that sustains

NEVER FIRE FIRST

— BY —

JAMES FRENCH DORRANCE

Co-Author of "Get Your Man," "Glory Rides the Range," Etc.

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(Continued)

"Who's the boob now?" snarled Karmack. "Leaving tracks with your bad foot for any fool Mountie to read?"

"Shut up, you fool!" A look of fright crossed Brewster's handsome face. For a second he seemed about to spring upon Karmack. Then, as quickly as it had come, the spasm passed. He turned his eyes on Seymour. "If you ever press this ridiculous charge," he said, "I'll prove it false to the jury. I've done some freighting for the B. & K. outfit, nothing more. Rode in here to-day to collect a bill. Down at the canon, Kluger passed me on to Bonnemort. I ran into you—and trouble."

After a moment's pause, Brewster continued: "Say, if you really are Sergeant Seymour, who was the uniformed bird that came to Gold as Bart Caswell?"

"Bart Caswell's widow is ready to tell the court why he killed Ben Tabor in robbing the B. C. X. stage of my uniform and papers," the sergeant answered somewhat cryptically.

"Poor Ruth," murmured Moira. "She really believed."

"Well, I'll be——" Brewster began.

"Told you Caswell was a crook," whined Karmack. "No yellow legs would have let himself be caught the way I got him that day up here on the creek."

Seymour waited for Moira to speak. When she came toward him her face wore the bravest smile he had ever seen on a woman.

"What next, pardner?" she asked whimsically.

"The first step," he told her, "is to rig up some sort of an M. P. seal for that treasure chest I broke open."

Without ceremony, the sergeant lifted Karmack to his feet and ushered him to the left-hand cot. From that seat, the disfigured ne'er-do-well might glare more conveniently at Brewster.

"But that chest holds only frog-gold," Moira reminded Seymour. "The Siwashes have all the real gold, and it belongs to them."

"You don't really think that a close and crooked corporation like Brewster, Kluger and Karmack would supply food, dynamite and expert management for a bunch of Indians only to take their pay in pretty specimens, do you, Moira?"

She studied the proposition from the new angle which his question presented. "It doesn't seem reasonable but——"

"It isn't reasonable," he interposed, raising the lid of the chest that she might feast her eyes upon its heaping gray store. "This frog-gold, as your father calls it, happens to be platinum—worth six times its weight in gold."

CHAPTER XXVII.

Bright With Promise

With his astonishing declaration of the real richer-than-gold wealth of the Glacier Creek placers, Seymour turned to Brewster for confirmation. "What is the current quotation on platinum?" he asked.

But the freighter no longer was affable. "I'm no bureau of information," he growled.

"Try me," offered Karmack with a return of his old-time effrontery. "Dear eyes, at the present time that platinum is worth a hundred and fifteen simoleons an ounce—was up to a hundred and seventy during the war!"

"And the purest gold brings a trifle over twenty dollars," the sergeant reminded the girl. "You see I was nearly exact."

With a quick glance, as if the presence of such a store of wealth frightened her, Moira lowered the lid.

"Then the Glacier Mission Indians are——" she hesitated.

"Rich—for them," he supplied. "What's more the O'Malley claims between the canon mouth and the Cheena are heavier with frog-gold than those up the creek, or I don't know my mineralogy. You and your father and Miss Ruth will be near-millionaires."

Seymour would not have cared to explain the worried look that came unbidden into his eyes, had he been taxed with it. Complications foreseen were responsible.

He improvised a flimsy fastening to replace the lock he had broken, and pinned over the chest crack a sheet of paper on which he had written, "Officially Sealed, R. Seymour, Sergeant, R. C. M. P." Then he made a young Siwash, picked by Moira, vain for life by swearing him in as a special constable and placing him on guard at the tent door. His instructions were to permit no one to pass until Seymour returned, and he was entrusted with Brewster's gun to support his authority.

Inspection showed that the Siwashes had gone back to work under "king's orders." Seymour had no thought of telling them how rich they were making themselves, until their status was fixed by the proper court. Meantime they'd be best off, continuing their labor, for "all the gold" allotted them by the spoilers.

With Brewster tied to his saddle and Karmack, still handcuffed, on foot, the prisoners were started down creek under the guns of the sergeant and his volunteer aid. Beneath the non-com.'s arm was a worn boot for a lame right foot, his prize "Exhibit B." First honors in the evidence line were in the commissioner's vault back in Ottawa—"Exhibit A," a pair of fox pelts, one silver and one black. Of the three murders he had solved, that of poor Oliver O'Malley would always have first place in his personal record book.

On the down creek tramp, Seymour told Moira what he knew of the wonder story of platinum. Her missionary father had not been the first to call this occasional associate of gold a nuisance and to throw it away, not knowing what else to do with it. In less than a generation the gray metal had emerged from the lesser metals, crept past silver and then raced beyond gold into the limelight of popularity. Whatever the ultimate fate of the ore it was certain to remain a treasure-metal until long after Glacier Creek had been mined out.

For his own satisfaction, as well as hers, he outlined the plot against the Indians as he now saw it. Phil Brewster, he believed, had recognized platinum in the frog-gold which the Siwashes were discarding. The freighter had sent back to Montreal for Kluger to direct the harvest. Knowing at least something of Karmack's plight, Kluger had brought the Armistice murderer with him as an assistant and had posed him as a half-breed as part of the disguise. Whether or not the latter knew that the father of the youth he had caused to be slain in the Arctic lived in the immediate vicinity of the platinum bed was a question. At any rate, the criminal probably figured that he would be safer in a sealed British Columbia canon than in the cafes of the city that lately has become the gayest in North America. Brewster undoubtedly had been riding guard outside under cover of his established freighting business.

The trio had corralled the Indians on their own claims in the easiest possible way—by giving them all the gold that was sluiced, while they took the six-times richer platinum. Their discovery that Bart Caswell had recognized their precious metal had sealed his death warrant. Its execution had been prompt, as she knew. He could which seemed called for would not be only hope that the official executions too long delayed.

After some persuasion and the reminder that Moira was a persistent young person, he sketched the steps by which he had walked through the local mystery. His conviction that Bart had robbed the stage, based on recognition of the uniform, had given him a "head start" and had proved a lever with the widow Caswell. She had started him on a "richer than gold" search. Moira herself, with her tip about the frog-gold, had spurred him, for he suspected it to be platinum. The squaw tale that the Siwashes were getting all the gold had helped, and the shaking of a platinum nugget from the ore sack had completed his enlightenment. As for the black-hearted Karmack, whose hair had turend red—well, that was an excellent piece of dyer's art, but one Scarlet Seymour would be long forgiving himself for not having recognized it as such that memorable night at the Venetian Gardens.

"Do you suppose my being there had anything to do——" began Moira.

"Why, most wonderful girl alive, I particularly wanted to get him to close the books with——" He interrupted himself at thought of the platinum wealth at the mouth of the creek.

They passed the graveyard diggings without disturbing the Siwashes at their labors. At the tent camp in the canon, Seymour surprised Kluger, sacking platinum for the get-away which Brewster had warned him was imminent. The little man was so preoccupied with his delightful task, and in such fancied security, that the sergeant had a gun to his back before he looked up from the booty. Two additional saddle horses were annexed here, which Moira and Seymour mounted.

At the "gate" they surprised one of the two hired guards in controversy with O'Malley. Anxious about his daughter, the old missionary was trying to talk his way into the gulch. At seeing his employers under arrest, the guard resigned on the spot and could not hand over his rifle soon enough. On the ride into Gold, the other guard was encountered, headed back to his "work." Single-handed, Shan O'Malley made the last necessary capture, adding another prospective witness for the king's case.

Not until Seymour had gone through the formality of borrowing the town jail from Deputy Hardley, and the prisoners were safely immured, with the ice-box door really locked, did Moira seem to remember her costume. A signal sent from her seat in the saddle brought the sergeant out of the curious crowd about the log calaboose.

"I can't stay to celebrate your victory, Russell," she informed him. "I've got to get back to my tribe—my scrubbing brush. I've just realized that I must look a—a scandal in this rig. Even in Gold, B.C., I have a social standing to maintain."

Her threatened departure surprised him, left him suddenly confused. "Your standing as a heroine in Gold couldn't be disturbed by a blast of dynamite after what you've done today," he assured her. "And have you forgotten—don't you realize what it means that at last I've got my man? I've got to go back to Glacier to-night, you know. I'd thought of dinner and an official escort home."

For a moment she considered, then the eyes which he once had likened as being "smudged in by a sooty finger," flashed him all the love in their world.

"Sorry I can't wait in this rig, Sergeant Scarlet," she teased, "but there's nothing to hinder your coming to the mission on Glacier as soon as you're ready." She started her horse. "But be sure," she called back to him, "be sure not to forget to bring my father with you. He's the only parson in these diggings."

She had gone before he could thank her; but all the platinum on Glacier couldn't buy from him the memory of those recent crowded hours.

The crowd remembered that he was a member of the Force, even if he had momentarily forgotten that fact. They clamored about him for details of the crime clean-up, few of which they would hear from him. There was Deputy Hardley to be put straight about the B. C. X. hold-up; and Mrs. Caswell to thank for her "richer than gold" help, and special constables to be selected and sworn for service at the borrowed jail and on the creek. Indeed there was much for Staff-Sergeant Seymour to do in his new domain, but when at last he was free he saw to it that the Rev. Shan O'Malley brushed stirrups with him all the way to Glacier.

The End.

Greeting Two Travellers

In a small-town church the clergyman announced his text, "Paul we know, and Appollos we know, but who are these?" Just then the usher was showing two strangers into a pew, so in an audible whisper he said, "Two commercial travellers from the hotel."

Japan has a land area of 147,000 square miles, or about one twenty-fourth that of the United States, while her population is 56,000,000 or one-half that of the republic.

MRS. FRANCIS STONE

Your Good Health and Long Life Depend on Your Kidneys

FOLLOW THIS ADVICE!

Brantford, Ont.—"I take the greatest of pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Anuric (kidney) Tablets to all sufferers of kidney and bladder ailments. Four years ago I first learned the value of the Anuric Tablets. I had suffered severely with backaches and my bladder was giving me considerable inconvenience, when I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets, obtaining almost immediate relief. Relatives have taken the Anuric (anti-uric-acid) Tablets on my advice and every one of them is enthusiastic in praising Anuric for the relief of backaches and kidney and bladder weakness."—Mrs. Francis Stone, 42 Grey Street.

Don't wait for serious kidney ailment to set in. Help your weakened kidneys with Dr. Pierce's Anuric. At all drug stores, or send 10 cents to Doctor Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial package. Write Dr. Pierce, President of the Invalids Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

W. N. U. 1555

OXO
An Oxo a day keeps illness at bay
CUBES

Wins World's Prize For Wheat

J. C. Mitchell, Dahinda, Sask.

Mr. J. C. Mitchell, of Dahinda, Saskatchewan, has won the world's prize for the best wheat three times, and Saskatchewan has now won the world's prize ten times in the past thirteen years. Mr. Mitchell, who has won the first honors for the world's best wheat more times than any man living, except for Dr. Seager Wheeler of Rosthern, who was a close second to him this year, was born and brought up at Messley, near Manchester, England, and knew nothing whatever about cereal culture when he came to Canada twenty years ago, although he had been successful in the breeding and exhibiting of dogs, ponies, rabbits and poultry. Mr. Mitchell homesteaded in 1906, in the Dahinda district which was then fifty-seven miles from the railway. He soon became interested in improving his seed grain and started first with a selection of Red Fife, but when Marquis made its spectacular appearance as the coming wheat for Western Canada, when Dr. Seager Wheeler won first prize with it at the New York Land Show, Mr. Mitchell secured the best sample of Marquis which he could get hold of. After careful selection he selected a strain absolutely true to type with which he has since won the following world's prizes:

In 1919 he won the first prize and world's sweepstakes at the Chicago Hay and Grain Show for the best hard spring wheat; repeated the victory the following year. In 1921 he won the second prize; was in twelfth place in 1922; won the fifth place in 1923, and has now won the world's first prize and sweepstakes for the third time.

Mr. Mitchell left for the Old Country, Sunday, Dec. 7, where he will be engaged in emigration work for the winter months. He was accompanied by Mrs. Mitchell, who has been a true helpmate with his work, and expects to be in the Old Country the greater part of the winter.

Premier Massey Makes Record For Museum

Will Be Preserved With Many Other Famous Voices

The British Museum authorities have accepted from the Gramophone Company the matrix of a record made by Mr. W. F. Massey, the New Zealand premier, before he left for New Zealand. The subject is an address on the British Empire. "We have deposited 27 matrices in the museum archives," said Mr. W. Manson, manager of the company. "Among voices preserved in this way are those of the King and Queen, Prince of Wales, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and Lord Roberts.

A son born to a Chinese couple at Worcester, Mass., was named Calvin Coolidge.

The shower that spoils the Easter hat is a rain of terror.

Mothers Treat Colds The New "Direct" Way

No Longer Necessary to "Dose" Children With Internal Medicines to Break Colds.

Children's digestions are easily upset by too much "dosing." Vicks VapoRub being externally applied, does not upset little stomachs.

At the first sign of croup, sore throat, or any other cold trouble, apply Vicks freely. There is nothing to swallow—you just "rub it on."

VICKS VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

Enthusiastic About Northern B.C.

Peterboro Man Claims Second Klondyke Will Be Discovered

A second Klondyke may be discovered shortly in the Cassiar district of Northern British Columbia, is the opinion of H. J. D. Neal, of Peterboro, who has been through this territory and also has made two trips to the Klondyke. Mr. Neal is very enthusiastic about the new field and expects to make a return trip in the near future.

A GRAND MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Mrs. Avila Noel, Haunt Lameque, N.B., writes:—"I can highly recommend Baby's Own Tablets as they have worked wonders in the case of my baby. I always keep them in the house and would not feel safe without them." What Mrs. Noel says concerning Baby's Own Tablets is just what thousands of other mothers say and feel. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and stomach, thereby banishing constipation, colic, indigestion and a host of the other minor ailments of little ones. The Tablets are absolutely guaranteed to be free from opiates or narcotics or any of the other drugs so harmful to the welfare of the baby. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

LITTLE HELPS FOR THIS WEEK

And He said, Come.—Matt. xiv., 29.

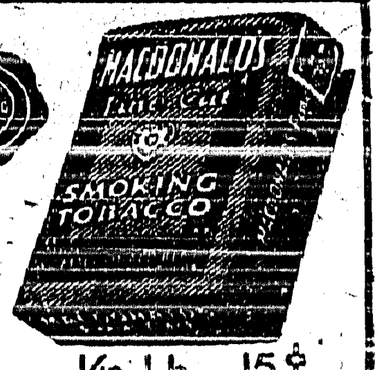
"Come unto me, ye weary,
And I will give you rest."
O blessed voice of Jesus,
Which comes to hearts oppressed!
It tells of benediction,
Of pardon, grace and peace,
Of joy that hath no ending,
Of love which cannot cease.

Christ says, "Come unto me, ye weary and heavy-laden, come, and I will teach you how to live, so that life shall be no more a failure; I will guide you to loving fountains. Follow me, and ye shall find rest for your souls." And who doubts that promise? Who does not know that misery of his life is in the disorder and anarchy of his soul, not in his outward lot? Who does not know that redemption from human misery must begin in a regeneration of the soul, in the awakening of its true life, and in the consecration of God?—Ephraim Peabody.

Don't Cough!
Rub the throat and chest with Minard's, the great enemy of colds.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut



The Tobacco with a heart.

For those Smokers who like their tobacco Cut Fine or who roll their own
MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

½ lb. tin 80¢

1/12 Lb.—15¢

Prest Air Ice Is Expected To Revolutionize The Entire Science Of Refrigeration

Prest air ice—one of the wonderful discoveries of the age—is destined beyond all pre-adventure to revolutionize the entire science of refrigeration. And what a tremendous force in our national life refrigeration has become. When this continent was first peopled, the settlements were largely scattered along the more important waterways and these unpolluted streams returned an annual harvest of natural ice adequate to the limited demands of the times. But as the country has developed, as region upon region has opened up and peopled, as the problem of food distribution have become more and more complicated, and as the uses of ice and refrigeration have become infinitely more numerous, the waterways and the streams of the country have become for the most part too polluted for their ice to be used for human consumption, and we have had to resort increasingly to the artificial product, so that last year out of a total consumption for the United States and Canada, of seventy million tons, more than half of the total was artificially produced. And to produce this forty million tons the combined activities of six thousand ice plants of varying capacity were necessary.

First successfully demonstrated more than a century ago, artificial refrigeration did not come into general use until approximately forty years ago, while mechanical refrigeration is only about thirty years old. Since that time, however, the production of ice by artificial means has become universal, especially on this continent where it is an indespensable necessity of the national life.

Prest air ice, which, as we have stated, is destined to revolutionize the refrigerating industry, is the joint discovery of two eminent scientists, Walter S. Josephson and Thomas B. Slate, and is the culmination on the part of these two men of many years of patient and diligent research, during which time a veritable fortune has been expended. But at last it can be said without fear of contradiction that the scientists have demonstrated conclusively that this new form of refrigeration is a real commercial success.

Prest air ice is the ultimate result of a myriad of experiments that have been made by its inventors and the utilization of liquid carbon dioxide in the realm of power. Messrs. Josephson and Slate found that carbon dioxide, thoroughly prepared and properly treated, when compressed to liquid form, would accomplish such work as jacking up automobiles and many other useful functions where power is portable and compact form was required, and from this knowledge they evolved an industry—the Prest Air Corporation—that is said to be one of the fastest growing developments in the land.

In their experiments, the inventors encountered so much difficulty from the freezing of their apparatus that they determined to work intensively in this new suggested field, and finally succeeded in developing a basic method of freezing the gas into snow and pressing it into a substance closely resembling ice, hence its name—Prest Air Ice. This new ice has a critical temperature of 114 degrees below zero Fahrenheit, as compared with a critical temperature of 32 degrees Fahrenheit for practically all natural and manufactured ice.

Prest air ice is absolutely moistureless, reverting to gas upon evaporation. It is the only absolutely sterile atmosphere yet discovered to science, and as no bacteria or other germ life can exist under its influence it constitutes beyond question the most efficient preservative of foodstuffs yet evolved. Scientists of the Mellon Institute, indeed, have declared, after elaborate experimentation, that this gas is competent to destroy even the germ of typhoid, and that it possesses unquestioned powers for the correction of infection.

One of the advantages of prest air refrigeration lies in the fact that with its employment it will be possible to fix and maintain any desired temperature from 114 degrees below zero Fahrenheit to 78 degrees above, and this wholly irrespective of outside temperature. Thus, it will be possible to ship a carload of fish from seaboard to an interior point with a predetermined temperature in absolute assurance that there will be no deviation of temperature throughout the journey.

One of the chief fields for this revolutionary discovery in refrigeration will lie in the sphere of transportation. Last year the railroads of the United States and Canada consumed nearly fifteen million tons of ice in refrigerating their cars, which at a basic price of four dollars a ton at a plant would mean the primary refrigerating charge of at least sixty million dollars annually. So serious, indeed, as this problem become to the common carriers that many of them have deemed it advisable to build their own refrigerating plants, and many more are contemplating similar action.

Let us visualize for a moment what the application of prest air refrigeration will mean to the railroads of this continent. Under the existing conditions, 20 per cent. of the entire car space is required for bunkering of the ice, while every refrigerated car must be re-iced once every twenty-four to forty-eight hours, thus a transcontinental fruit train from California to New York requires six distinct reicings, and a similar car containing frozen products such as fish, would have to be re-iced at least twelve times.

The Prest air system, however, would eliminate entirely the need of bunker space, as the entire car will be cooled from four containers placed in the corners and occupying none of the cargo space, while the lasting qualities of the ice itself are so much greater that it will be possible for a car to cross the continent without having to be re-iced at all; in fact, it has been demonstrated that a car under this system can be kept in perfect condition without re-icing for fourteen days.

Prest air refrigeration will mean a saving of millions of dollars in the annual ice bill of the railroads, but that saving will be small indeed in comparison with the untold millions of dollars that should be conserved to the railroads through the great increase cargo capacity and the elimination of the huge transportation charges on the millions of tons of water ice that have to be carried under existing conditions. Nor can one exaggerate the tremendous benefits that will accrue to the railroads and to the country through the bringing of the market nearer to the source of supply by so effectively reducing the running time of the average refrigerator trains.

British Columbia's Payroll

British Columbia's payroll for 1923 was $150,000,000, according to the annual report of the Workmen's Compensation Board. The payroll for 1923 was $128,592,502, and for 1921, $130,-099,373. Employing firms operating at the end of last year numbered 6,524, an increase of 145 over the previous year.

Use MURINE FOR EYES IRRITATED BY SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS
RECOMMENDED & SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & OPTICIANS
WRITE FOR FREE EYE CARE BOOK. MURINE CO. CHICAGO, U.S.A.

Manitoba Beekeepers

A proposition is being worked out by the Beekeepers' Association of Manitoba whereby its members will ship honey to Winnipeg for clarifying and then sell under one label and one grade. The new scheme will be run on a co-operative plan.

Clogged-Up Liver Causes Headache

It's foolish to suffer from constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable. Act gently on liver and bowels.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

WESTERN EDITORS

John Mackenzie, Editor and Proprietor of The Standard, Strathmore, Alberta, and President of the Canadian Weekly Press Association, Alberta Division.

Bright Future For the West

D. B. Hanna Predicts Renewed Prosperity For Prairie Provinces

D. B. Hanna, of Toronto, is still, as ever, a firm believer in the future of the west. Interviewed by the Manitoba Free Press, Mr. Hanna said that farmers generally were once more seeing things from a right perspective and he considered that this made the future of the great west assured.

"There was a time," said Mr. Hanna, "when the farmers had got slightly out of line with regard to their perspective and were cultivating large areas, seemingly under the idea that wheat would always remain at a $2 level. Now, however, they are getting down to being real farmers, paying strict attention to the raising of cattle and hogs, and it is from this chiefly that I prophesy renewed prosperity for the west."

COULDN'T SLEEP HEART WAS BAD NERVES A WRECK

Mr. H. A. Reid, Upper Musquodoboit, N.S., writes:—"I am very thankful for the benefit I have received by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

When I came home from overseas, in 1920, my heart was very badly affected by concussion, and my nerves were a dreadful wreck. I was very short winded, and could not possibly sleep at night, in fact, I was in such a condition I felt as if I did not wish anyone to speak to me. I thought I would try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and before I had taken two boxes I could enjoy a good night's rest as well as anyone.

There are lots of returned men who are suffering the same as I did, and I feel sure if they would only try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills they will receive the same relief that I have."

Price 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Record Handling of Fish

A record for loading and handling of fish was established by the Canadian National Railways when thirteen cars of fish were unloaded off trawlers at Prince Rupert at 7.25 p.m., April 23, and arrived in Winnipeg at 9 a.m., April 26. The fish were consigned to Winnipeg, Duluth and Chicago, the time occupied in the run from Prince Rupert to Duluth being 86 hours and from the seaboard to Chicago 101 hours and 5 minutes. This time is 21 hours ahead of the fastest time ever made previously, according to Canadian National Express officials.

Loafer.—There ain't no flies on me. Coster.—I believe yer. Even the blinkin' flies must draw the line somewhere.

The Post-War Wealth Of Leading Nations Is Shown To Be Appreciably Lower

World-Wide Butter Prices

No Other Article, Except Precious Metal, So Uniform in Price

Butter, like gold, has a world-wide standard of value, it is pointed out in a review of the 1923 market by the California Diary Council. The review says:

"Milk may be produced, manufactured into butter and sold to a housewife within a radius of ten miles, but the price of that butter is determined by conditions in the four corners of the world.

"No other article of commerce, except the precious metal, is so uniform the world around as the product of the dairy cow, of which butterfat is the foundation. Whether it comes from New Zealand or Nova Scotia, Denmark, Wisconsin or California, it is simply butter when it reaches the markets of New York, Chicago and San Francisco, and the price in all cities, with due allowance for slight freight rate differentials, are practically the same.

"During 1923 average prices of dairy products throughout the country increased—butter 17 per cent., cheese 13 per cent., condensed milk 30 per cent., and marketed milk 13 per cent."

The dairy council said butter increased in almost the same proportion everywhere, from an average of 40 cents a pound to an average of 46.7 cents, but in California the increase was slightly less, being from 42.7 to 47.6 cents.

Consumption of dairy products in this country increases faster than the supply, according to the review.

Prevent Spread of Cattle Epidemic

Vancouver Board of Trade Take Steps to Curb Disease in British Columbia

Preliminary steps were taken by the Vancouver Board of Trade to arrange for a conference of medical health officers of the provincial government, civic corporations, livestock authorities and others interested in combatting any spread of the California cattle epidemic northward.

The idea is to hold a conference and formulate definite plans for the protection of the cattle of British Columbia from any form of contagious contact with animals which have been exposed to the foot and mouth epidemic in the south.

The dairying industry is one of the most important phases of farming in the province, while the beef cattle ranges in the interior add greatly to the total of productive enterprises. It is to safeguard these that the conference is being arranged.

Chinese Coal For Canada

Lo Chong, the new Chinese consul-general, who arrived at Ottawa recently, announces that he is intending to take up the question of the establishment of a market here for Chinese coal. There is sufficient surplus coal in his country, he says, to supply Canada for the next hundred years. Chong is an Oxford University graduate.

The aggregate pre-war wealth of the 20 odd nations actively engaged in the great war, according to an estimate just completed by the research department of the Bankers' Trust Company of New York, amounted to $630,-000,000,000. The wealth of these nations today is estimated to be about $619,000,000,000. The pre-war wealth of the British Empire, that is of Great Britain, the Dominions, India and the Crown Colonies, was approximately $140,000,000,000, while today the wealth of the same group of nations is estimated by the Bankers' Trust Company to be around $149,000,000,000. The wealth of France before the war is placed at just under $60,000,000,000, and is estimated to be approximately the same today. The pre-war wealth of the United States is placed at $200,-000,000,000 and the wealth today at $230,000,000,000, while the pre-war wealth of Germany is estimated to have been upwards of $8,000,000,000 and today to be about $55,000,000,000. These figures are all on the gold pre-war basis of values, having been adjusted for inflation.

The per capita wealth of Great Britain today is placed at $1,489 and of the different nations composing the British Empire at $418 including the wealth and population of India, or $1,046 excluding the wealth and population of India. The wealth of France is estimated in 1913 to be $1,484 per capita and of the United States $2,090 per capita. The wealth of Germany is placed at $901 per capita. The Bankers' Trust Company points out that the total wealth of the former belligerents has not materially changed as a result of the war, but that there has been a marked redistribution of such wealth, this redistribution having taken place not only as between nations but also as between peoples within the boundaries of each nation.

Swollen Joints, Quickly Limbered Up

Rub On Nerviline

You would be surprised at the wonderful action of "Nerviline" in just such cases. Being thin and not an oil preparation, it is able to penetrate quickly, and down it sinks into the tissues, carrying its healing, soothing action wherever it goes. For stopping mucular or nerve pain, for easing a stiff joint, Nerviline is a complete success. Pain, soreness, stiffness all vanish before the magic power of this wonderful liniment. Nearly fifty years of success proves the merit of Nerviline, which is sold everywhere in large 35 cent bottles.

Banting Honored Again

Dr. F. G. Banting, of Toronto, was awarded the John Scott medal by the Philadelphia Board of City Trustees for his work in the discovery of the insulin treatment for diabetes.

Another good way to save is to make more money than you can conveniently spend.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

and extra good is the ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY

T-3

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

The Tobacco with a heart

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE PROMOTE MIXED FARMING IN WESTERN CANADA

For those Smokers who like their tobacco Cut Fine or who roll their own MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

½ lb. tin 80¢

1/12 Lb.—15¢

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THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C
Subscription: $2.50 a year in advance
$3.00 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, JAN. 2

Col. Fred Lister's Sessional Effort

Victoria, Jan. 14.— Colonel Lister of Creston on Thursday afternoon made a characteristic attack on the administration of the Liberal government. He held the House to close attention for an hour, while he reviewed their policies.

Paying close attention to the hinterland, where his electorate is, Colonel Lister spoke of valuable public moneys spent in attracting tourists, while the settlers' roads were neglected.

He quoted figures concerning the huge volume of fruit imported from United States during the past ten years, and said the volume showed no evidence of declining, while fruit growers in the province were told last season that they should not pick their fruit as it was not worth the cost of picking, apart from the cost of production. The panacea for the fruit growers' ills lay not in compulsory co-operation — which he would support as a good step—but in action by Ottawa, which could by a stroke of the pen, afford protection to the industry, and create happiness and prosperity where depression stalked to-day.

There were moments of excitement while Colonel Lister told of men, friends of the Liberal government, he said, who were earning public moneys and not rendering service that public servants should render to their province. As they had given service to the "cause," the government could not fire them. At least the Liberal executive had tried, but had failed, he said.

The excitement came to a climax, when, at the demand of the Premier, he gave the name of a man, who, as the road foreman, he said, was levying toll on employees, and was being driven with his wife to the picture show at the public expense.

Odlum's Retirement

Discussing Brig.-Gen. Odlum's announcement that he intended to retire from the Legislature after only three years' experience of it, Colonel Lister said he could take but two inferences from this action on the part of a man that was yet young, besides being clever and ambitious—he was not satisfied with the policy of the Liberal party which he was supporting, or he already could see the writing on the wall, and wished to retire gracefully.

Colonel Lister could not, he said, understand the objection raised by Gen. Odlum to the proposed compulsory co-operation measure, to relieve the fruit growers of British Columbia. He would remind him that, when he was on a different field from the political one, he had issued an order of a compulsory nature.

The reference to the well known decision of General Odlum, prohibiting the use of rum by the troops under his command, caused some amusement in the house.

Up To Ottawa

The emancipation of the fruit growers of British Columbia from the industrial depression that surrounded them lay, not in the proposed compulsion law, said Col. Lister, but in the hands of the Liberal government at Ottawa, in legislating to protect them against the importation from the United States of immense volumes of fruit of the kinds that were produced in British Columbia.

In support of this he quoted figures regarding the importation of fruit in British Columbia during the last five years. In 1911 there were imported 29,500,000 pounds of apples, and in 1926, 23,500,000 pounds. Of apricots, nectarines, quinces and pears, the import in 1926 was 23,000,000 lbs., which was double the import of 1911, although the province produced pears and apricots in large quantities but were told last season not to pick them as they were not worth the cost of picking, apart from the cost of production. The same proportion of the growth of the import trade was illustrated in the figures in regard to plums.

Criticizes Foreman

Turning to roads in the interior, Colonel Lister said that in travelling through the country, the fact was evident that everybody carrying out services there had done some service to the Liberal party.

Government members—No, no.

Mr. A. D. Paterson, Delta—It is the other way.

Colonel Lister—I know it is different.

Proceeding, he quoted a specific case of a foreman in the Creston district.

"This man," said Colonel Lister, "has three teams working on the road, and his wife runs the cook camp. He draws the cheque for the teams. Men employed by him, working on another road, boarded themselves, but he charged them $1.50 a day each for the cook camp."

Replying to an interjection by the minister of works, Col. Lister said he was prepared to give him the man's name. The Liberal executive in Nelson, the Premier's own electorate, tried to fire him, but he told them they could not fire him, and he is there yet.

"Another man, whose pay cheque comes from the works department, earns his money driving the foreman and his wife to the picture show in his car," said Colonel Lister.

"That is not correct," said the minister.

Premier Oliver—I notice he has not given the name yet.

Colonel Lister—I will give the name since the Premier demands it, although I had intended giving it to the minister of works. He is Archie Bremner of Salmo."

Mr. R. H. Pooley—You can't fire him.

Minister Has Authority

The minister of works interposed to say that there was no foreman in the province that did not come under his jurisdiction and authority and whom he could not fire. "I have never failed to investigate any complaints," he said. "I even take notice of anonymous letters, and treat them as if they were sent bona fide, in order to investigate what they complain about. The member knows that the roads of his district are getting a fair show with the roads of the rest of the province."

Colonel Lister—I haven't finished kicking yet, by any means.

He referred to a road the member for Rossland-Trail had been advocating for a long time. A good surveyor was sent up and laid out a good road, indicating where culverts should be. The road construction authorities said he did not know his business, and refused to put the culverts where he had indicated. Along came a storm and freshet, and the road was washed away at one of the spots. After a loss of much public money the culvert was constructed in the original place.

Among other instances he quoted the government going to a storekeeper to get bread for fire-fighting gangs, when they could go direct to a baker and save the discount the grocer 'pulled down' although he never saw the bread. Much public money was frittered away in the transport of gasoline by hired auto, when it could go by team and effect a big saving of cost.

Beer Sickens Him

Colonel Lister made a sharp attack on the quality of the beer that is retailed in British Columbia from the provincial breweries. As an Englishman brought up almost on beer, he could say the beer made in the province was not fit to drink.

The attorney general — It is passed by the best analysts.

Mr. R. W. Bruhn (Salmon Arm) The fact remains that you get sick when you drink it.

"If there is not a decided improvement," concluded Colonel Lister, "I am going to try and put beer in British Columbia out of bounds. I have warned the brewers that they will have to improve it. I think the beer interests are

[Continued on Page 5

Light and Heavy

Shoes Made to Order

New Stock of Harness

Second Hand Store in connection

A. Mirabelli

Shoe and Harness Repairing

Creston is Oversupplied with Dairy Butter!

Some of it is good, some of it is bad, and a lot of it is indifferent.

But all of it is sold in wrappers marked "Choice Dairy Butter."

Buyers have no way of telling who made the particulat pound they happen to buy—be it good, indifferent, or poor stuff.

And worse still—for the good buttermaker—so long as this haphazard way of putting butter before the public continues the demand for Dairy Butter will fall off.

If you are one of at least a few who make *really good butter* why not let folks know *your* butter by using PRINTED BUTTER WRAPS—*showing your name.*

They cost very little more than the readymade sort you use now—to your own disadvantage.

By way of inducing you to use the printed sort—with your name printed on them—we will supply you with FIVE HUNDRED Wrappers at the popular price of $3.00.

It's a pleasure to show samples.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

COMMERCIAL PRINTING DEPT.

BANFF WINTER CARNIVAL

DAZZLING
DELIGHTFUL
WEEK OF FUN

FEB. 5 to 12

Ski-ing — Packing
Ski-joring — Skating
Sleighing — Hockey
Snowshoeing — Curling
Tobogganidg — Doncing

SWIMMING
in the Warm Sulphur Pool

Fun for Young and Old

EXCURSION

Tickets on Sale

Feb. 4th to 12th

from all points in Alberta and British Columbia — Revelstoke-Kootenay Landing and East.

Return Limit Feb. 14, 1927

For full information ask the Ticket Agent, or write

G. D. BROPHY,
District Passenger Agent
Calgary, Alta.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Colder Weather

We have prepared for coming colder weather. See our

All Wool Clothing

CONSISTING OF

Stag Shirts, Sweaters, Mackinaw Coats. Heavy Sox
Stanfield's Red Label All Wool Shirts and Drawers, also Combinations

Also a splendid line of

Shirts in All Wool, Ski Boy and Wind Breakers

Agents for

Penman's Hosiery and Jaeger all wool lines

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY

LIMITED

HEALTHFUL AND PURE

HEALTHFUL as well as *pure*, because they are scientifically brewed from the finest materials and properly matured and aged, are the beers made by the Amalgamated Breweries. Do not risk your health by drinking hastily made, "raw" brews, nearly always harmful. Demand the famous beers brewed by the Amalgamated Breweries of B.C., *full flavored to the last drop!*

Pure Beer
at Government Stores & Licensed Premises

AMALGAMATED Breweries of British Columbia, in which are associated the Vancouver Breweries Ltd., Rainier Brewing Company of Canada Ltd., Westminster Brewery Ltd., Silver Spring Brewery Ltd. and Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co. Ltd.

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or by the Government of British Columbia.

MINERAL ACT
FORM F

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

May Day and Pink Diamond Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of Kootenay District.

Where located: About three miles from Ymir, B.C.

TAKE NOTICE that I, A. H. Green, acting as agent for Lewis Davies, Free Miner's Certificate No. 85640C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Implovements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant to the above claims.

And further take notice that action under Section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 4th day of Janvary, 1927.

A. H. GREEN.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation, and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emptions is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes, and which is not timberland, i.e., carrying over 5,000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range and 8,000 feet per acre east of that Range.

Applications for pre-emptions are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division, in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emptions must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres, before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is $5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land $2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

Mill, factory, or industrial sites on timber land, not exceeding 40 acres, may be purchased or leased, the conditions including payment of stumpage.

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Where no previously held permits are available for settlers, farmers and travellers, up to ten head.

Col. Fred Lister's Sessional Effort

[Continued from Page 4

sufficiently sound to produce good beer. We had evidence before the Customs Commission that large sums of money were paid to someone. They are not going to get any protection from me."

Replying to observations of General Odlum on party politics, Colonel Lister said he was surprised at the concern felt by the second member for Vancouver regarding Dr. Tolmie, the new Conservative leader, and the reasons for his non-acceptance of the nomination for North Okanagan. He (the speaker) did not believe in men from the Coast cities representing hinterland electorates. As for Dr. Tolmie, he believed he could render more efficient service to the party and the province in his federal seat at Ottawa, where he could look after the interests of the province effectively.

"The Liberals have sent candidates from the coast to the interior in the past," he observed. "They have sent their Gales and their storms, but up to the present they have not been accepted, except at Nelson."

He condemned the government's administration of soldier settlement, saying that a wiser policy would have resulted in a hundred settlers being at Camp Lister today, where there were only twenty-one. He spoke feelingly also on the case of soldier settlers, who, he said, had been 'evicted' from their farms by the government.

Too Many Heelers

Colonel Lister said he had offered much criticism of the administration of the roads of the province, but he did not suggest that the minister was personally responsible.

"I am aware," he said, "that the minister cannot stand over every man in the service, but there are too many political heelers in charge of these jobs, and they do not care whether honest work is done for the province or not."

He instanced the case of the Fraser Canyon road. The original contracts were too big, he said. The small man was not in a position to tender as he could not put up the necessary guarantee cheque. The big man tendered, and got the contract, then divided it into sections which he gave to the little man sometimes at less than 50 per cent. of his bill.

"He takes his rake-off, and never puts up a cent, nor does a tap of work," he added.

"I want to wash out this system and see that the man who does the work gets the money," concluded Colonel Lister. "Then, instead of getting two miles of road, we might get three."

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY

FRUITVILLIAN TAKES ISSUE WITH LISTER ON ROAD CRITICISMS

To the Editor of
The Daily News:

Sir—In Friday's issue of the Daily News, Colonel Lister is reported to have made general charges of inefficiency and corruption in connection with the road work in Creston riding, and to have named the Trail-Fruitvale cut-off as an example of wasteful management and of the employment of "political heelers" only.

As a resident of Fruitvale, and thoroughly familiar with the road in question, I wish to state most emphatically that Colonel Lister's charges, in this respect at least, are absolutely false. I cannot believe that our member has ever even seen the work, or he would not talk that way about it. We who use the road and have had opportunity to observe the progress of its construction are unanimous in believing that no better road has ever been built in this district, and that the methods employed were thoroughly workmanlike, economical and efficient.

I notice that Mr. J. H. Schofield a fellow Conservative member with Colonel Lister at Victoria, who lives within six miles of this road, who frequently visited it while the work was in progress, and who is a man of sound judgment, has made no criticism of this work at all.

Of course, the full benefit of the work done can only be experienced when the road is completed through to Salmo to connect with the Ymir road, but by far the worst obstacle has now been removed, and no reasonable person would expect that the whole undertaking would be completed in one season.

In regard to the "political heeler" charge, it is easy to show its absurdity. An average of about twenty voters—men and women—vote Liberal at Fruitvale. About 40 Fruitvale residents—all men, of course—have been employed on this road. I don't know of anyone, and I don't think Colonel Lister knows of one, either, who was refused or given employment because of political views.

Colonel Lister's charges against the public works department this winter are on a par with his last winter's charges against the forest branch. It is a matter of regret to his constituents that he makes such wild statements.

FRUITVILLIAN.

Fruitvale, B. C.,
Jan. 15, 1927.

Anglican Church Services

SUNDAY, JANUARY 30

CRESTON—8 and 11 a.m.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT

Notice of Application for Beer License

Notice is hereby given that on or after the 16th day of February next the undersigned intends to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect of premises being part of the building known as the the Russel Hotel, situated at Kitchener, B.C., upon the lands described as Lot Ten in Block Eight, Townsite of Kitchener, Group One, Kootenay District, Nelson Land Registration District, in the Province of British Columbia, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1927.

JOS LANGLOIS, Applicant.

Most Beautiful Chevrolet in Chevrolet History

The NEW 1927 MODEL embodies qualities of beauty, smartness and performance that can only be duplicated in cars of much higher price.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE REFINEMENTS:

—AC Oil Filter and AC Air Cleaner.
—New heavy Full Crown Fenders.
—Smarter body lines.
—Slightly undersized with a view to more comfortable arrangements.
—A new and massive radiator shell.
—Bullet type Cowl and Head Lamps.
—Coincidental ignition and steering lock.
—New upholsteries in the Closed Models.
—Large 17 inch steering wheel.
—Duco colors.

WATCH FOR THE NEW PRICES

PREMIER GARAGE
PALMER & MAXWELL
SERVICE ON ANYTHING OPERATED BY GASOLINE.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.
MEAT MERCHANTS

TRY OUR
SHAMROCK PORK SAUSAGE
An economical dish, easy to serve.
Shamrock Brand HAM, BACON and LARD
GLENDALE CREAMERY BUTTER
Government graded, highest quality.
FRESH and CURED FISH
all varieties.
Choicest BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB
BURNS' IDEAL POULTRY FOOD
increases egg production and produces better poultry. Buy the best.

DeForest & Crosley RADIO SETS
IS THE LATEST OF RADIO

Installed in Console Cabinet made by McLagan. Cannot be surpassed by anything in Radio.

Lower prices and can give easy terms. Will be pleased to have you call in and hear our machine any evening. Everything in Radio Batteries.

BEVAN'S GARAGE

GENUINE ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

That this Bank is anxious to assist the agricultural development of Canada is shown by the fact that two-thirds of our borrowing customers are farmers.

An application for credit from you will be given the most considerate treatment.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Capital Paid Up $20,000,000
Reserve Fund $20,000,000

Creston Branch - D. T. Scrimgeour, Manager

Printed Butter Wraps at The Review

BIG BEN
CHEWING TOBACCO

Now in airtight tins

Manufactured by Imperial Tobacco Company of Canada Limited

Always Fresh

15¢ per plug

A Daughter Of The Ranch

A Story of Romance and Adventure of Western Pioneer Days

— BY —

ALEXANDER D. McLEOD

(Published by Special Arrangement with the Author)

(Continued)

CHAPTER V.

One of the strangest features of western pioneer life on the prairies was the rapidity with which news of striking significance travelled from one sparsely settled community to another, and was disseminated among the homesteaders and ranchers in remote sections of the lonely prairies. With no more rapid means of communication than the rider of a sturdy broncho or Indian pony, ridden by a chance passerby, the news was left here and there along the trail as he passed on his way. From him the news was passed on among the scattered neighbors with an efficiency that was almost uncanny and weirdly suggestive of telepathy.

Remote as the Fraser ranch was from homesteader or rancher neighbor—the nearest in any direction aside from the Indian reserve, being twenty miles away—the homesteader on the prairie, the rancher on the hills, north, south and east of the mountains, some of them forty miles away, were generally informed, within twenty-four hours of the abduction of Mary Fraser by "horse rustlers." Those possessing the luxury of horses, only lacking leadership, were willing and anxious to start off in a well-armed posse in pursuit of the bandits. At gathering points here and there throughout the communities, they assembled in groups to discuss the situation. Through lack of leadership, definite action was deferred, especially since the cooler heads trusted to the efficiency of the North West Mounted Police in dealing with the administration of law and order.

Accordingly when the news was brought to one of these gatherings by the two visitors from the Fraser ranch on their return home, that the girl was rescued by the stranger, MacRae, and her father, and, when it was learned that they had not only succeeded in recovering the stolen horses, but had also taken away in the night time, while they were asleep, the horses of the outlaws themselves, their enthusiasm broke all bounds. So elated were they that they decided there and then to go the next night in a body, women and all, and celebrate the event at the Fraser home. The chief mode of transportation possessed by most of the people were the patient and slow plodding ox teams. To overcome these disadvantages it was arranged that all who had horses would take their wagons, and place at the disposal of their less favoured neighbors this more effective means of travelling. Thus it was arranged so that all who could might be enabled to enjoy the event.

At the Fraser home, while they knew that the news of the kidnapping and the timely rescue of their daughter had spread among the distant neighbors, they were not aware of the personal interest the people had taken in the event. Still less were they aware of the extensive preparations that were being made by them for the jubilation of the coming evening. While they anticipated that they might have some visitors, as vaguely hinted by the young men who had been their guests the previous evening, they did not concern themselves with preparations for the reception of a large crowd, the size of which they had not anticipated. Mrs. Fraser, however, always a good provider, had early that morning a large baking well under way to have her larder replenished with many delicacies long before the weary worn members of the family and guest were called to a late breakfast. With the help of Winona she had performed all the morning household duties, as well as having done the outside chores, without disturbing those, who, owing to their nerve-racking experiences, were greatly in need of this long morning rest.

Refreshed after a long sleep with all signs of weariness gone, Mary, Ronald and Mr. Fraser arose late, partook of a hearty breakfast of bacon and eggs and delicious toast, made from Mrs. Fraser's own light and flaky home-made bread. This fare was particularly relished by Ronald as an enjoyable change from the rations of hard tack which had practically been the only bread he had fared on since he had enlisted four years before. His jokes about "pork, beans and hard tack" amused both the father and daughter as the breakfast proceeded. His reminiscences of the rebellion campaign interested them and the humor of them afforded considerable amusement. Before breakfast was over Mary extracted a promise from him that on some other occasion, when they had more time and leisure, he would give her a more detailed account of the interesting events of the campaign. After breakfast, acting on a proposal from Mr. Fraser, Ronald accompanied him to the corral to look after the horses and let them out to graze, while Mary went to assist her mother in the house work.

It was late afternoon when Ronald, returning from accompanying Mr. Fraser on a round of his ranch, led his horse to the stable and discovered Sergt. Melvin's horse in one of the stalls and his saddle hanging on a peg nearby. Ronald thought that, obviously and with intent, he made a hasty return from his pursuit of the outlaws. From Ronald's standpoint he was not a welcome visitor to the Fraser ranch at the present time. He looked upon his arrival with a certain sense of resentment in view of the intimate friendship already existing between these two people. While as yet he regarded his own chances of winning Miss Fraser's special favor with only a slight degree of assurance, he resented the dominating personality of the sergeant thus stepping in between them to monopolize her chief attention. It appeared to him that his attentions to Miss Fraser were of a serious nature, but he was by no means satisfied as to whether those feelings were reciprocated by her. Until he was fully assured that such was the case he was not in the mood to leave an open field to his accomplished rival. Thus assuming an air of self-assurance he accompanied his host into the house, and diplomatically extended a cordial greeting to the sergeant. With veiled irony he complimented him on his rapid work in running down the outlaws.

The nimble-witted sergeant sensing the note of irony in the compliment, replied: "The same ill-luck followed us in the pursuit of the outlaws as pursued us when we failed to have the honor of rescuing Miss Fraser from their clutches. We were too late. Four of the men were detained by the men patrolling the International boundary while endeavouring to make their escape across on foot. The fifth, their leader, known as "Dutch Pete," a dangerous outlaw, with some murders and several gun fights to his credit, and who is wanted by the American authorities, escaped, at least for the present. By outwitting his companions and leaving them in the lurch, he made good his escape with the only horse left after your raid. A little more weight applied to that 'billy' of yours would have done good service to Uncle Sam as well as to the Canadian authorities."

"What was done to the captured men?" asked Ronald.

"They were summarily tried before the Police Inspector at Portal last night, and, pleading guilty to the charge of horse stealing, they were each given three years penal servitude.

"That is quick work," replied Ronald; "it reflects considerable credit on the efficiency of the Mounted Police."

The sergeant, mollified by this compliment to the force of which he, himself, was an efficient sub-officer, replied: "Yes, in so wide a territory as we have to cover it is sometimes difficult to capture offenders. There is one satisfaction, however, in the fact that, when offenders are captured, justice is administered with dispatch. The guilty have small chance of escaping due punishment, and, on the other hand, the innocent have equal chances of acquital."

"It is unfortunate that 'Dutch Pete' as he is called, was not captured with the rest of the gang. The horse that was left must have been in the brush, as I took a good look around to see that none was left when I cut them loose. But, as the saying goes: 'The Devil looks after his own.'"

While this passage of words was going on between the two men, Mary quietly took in the situation, and for the first time it dawned upon her that the motives behind their rapier thrusts might be due to their sentiments regarding herself. Her intuitive foresight prompted her to, in future, use her feminine tact in handling these men while together in her company. To prevent all possible chances of a clash that might prove embarrassing, she suggested that, if they wish, they might go to their rooms and have a wash before dinner, while she went to the kitchen to help her mother.

Ronald at once acted on this suggestion, but as he reached the foot of the stairs he turned round and saw that the sergeant was following Mary into the kitchen. This act on his part proved to be slightly disconcerting to his equanimity. It was an act that to him indicated unusual familiarity in the domestic affairs of the family, and tended to heighten his suspicion of a relationship somewhat closer than mere friendship. So it was with a heavy heart he ascended to his room.

At the dinner hour Mary took her former place beside him at the table. In the rivalry of gallantry he had the advantage over the sergeant, who, sitting on the other side of the table, could not monopolize her chief attention, as he evidently desired. This rivalry developed into a contest of polished repartee and wit, mixed with marked attentions to the lady in the case. In this respect the men were accomplished antagonists. Both had been brought up and trained in surroundings of educational and social advantages, and had accordingly absorbed their fair share of the polish and suavity of such circles. Yet their rivalry was carried on with an ease and naturalness of manner that eliminated all suggestions of ostentation or bitterness. Both were playing for a prize, and both enjoyed playing the game.

While pleasantly engaged in conversation some time after the dinner hour, they were startled by loud whoops and yells from the direction of the lake road. Hastening to the door they saw four men dressed in full cowboy regalia in the act of dismounting at the lake shore, just in front of the house. They had evidently taken this unique method of announcing their arrival. The three went down to where the cowboys had taken their stand, and as they approached the sergeant asked: "What is the idea, boys?"

One of them replied: "'Lo sergeant; we heard there is goin' t' be shindig t'night, and we are here t' take it in. I guess me an' the boys are the first t' git here."

A smile from the group greeted this announcement of the cowboys, and Miss Fraser asked in a kindly way if there were more people coming.

Awkwardly touching his hat, the spokesman said: "Yes, ma'm; they are all coming. Me an' the boys passed three wagons full of homesteaders with their missis, and gels, and bachelors, too, comin'. They are comin' to celebrate fer you ma'm."

"That is certainly nice of them. All right boys tie up your horses and make yourselves at home. Have you had your suppers?"

"Yes, ma'm, we allu's have our grub with us."

As stated by the cowboys there were others. They proved to be only a small advance guard of a like numerous company that straggled on in groups from time to time, to be followed before the dusk of evening, by wagon loads of mixed companies. They came thus for many miles to pay their respects and express from the kindliness of their hearts their joyful thankfulness for the rescue of the girl, though a stranger, to them from the dangers that had encompassed her. They came under great difficulties for many miles to rejoice with this family in their good fortune. The large number that had gathered by dusk was a surprise to them all. One wondered where they all could have come from in a land so sparsely settled. Some were ranchers who had made their homes among the hills like themselves; others were homesteaders from the open prairies. Some, only a few, were married men with their wives and families, mere children; others married men with their families still in the east, and some unmarried men. Most of them had made, or were making, their homes on the lonely prairies, where, with the optimism of all western pioneers, they ploughed deep furrows in the virgin soil, from which in time they were to reap rich harvests upon which their hopes were building their happy and prosperous homes of the future. Thus, this self-invited crowd, besides desiring to do honor to their brother rancher in their joyful reunion, enjoyed the anticipation of the inestimable pleasure that would be afforded them of passing a few fleeting hours in social intercourse with their human kind. Inured to hardships as they were, they heeded not the shocks of their unyielding seats, as on their tedious journey they had covered, on rough trail, the many miles that separated their lonely homesteads from this present gathering place. Uppermost in their minds was the thought of the pleasure that this unusual occasion meant to them; a bright day in the monotony of their lives on the lonely homesteads. Remote from social advantages, their natures craved relaxation, even though temporary, from the ennui of the daily routine of a life largely denied the pleasures of free social intercourse and association with their fellow beings. Such events marked milestones in the lives of the early settlers.

(To be continued)

DANDRUFF

Minard's applied four times a week removes dandruff and stops hair from falling out.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Blacksmiths
Garage Men
Machinists
Contractors

SEND FOR OUR

MAY STOCK LIST

MAILED FREE ON REQUEST

Showing Winnipeg Warehouse Stock, on hand ready for immediate shipment, of BAR IRON AND MILD STEEL, TIRE STEEL, SLEIGH SHOE STEEL, BOLTS, NUTS, RIVETS, SHAFTING, BOILER TUBES, WELDING RODS, CASE HARDENING COMPOUND, etc.

If It's Steel or Iron We Have It

THE MANITOBA STEEL AND IRON CO., LTD.
Winnipeg - - Canada

Cuticura Beautifies Skin Hair and Hands

Make Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum your every-day toilet preparations and watch your skin, hair and hands improve. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal and the Talcum to powder and perfume.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal.
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Buffalo Thrive In Yukon

Small Herd Imported From Wainwright Park, Alberta

Veterans from the Yukon territory who mushed into the Ketchikan district recently were optimistic about the importation of 24 buffaloes from Wainwright Park, Alberta, to a game preserve in Central Yukon. They predicted that within a few years the raising of these buffaloes would be as profitable to the Yukon as the reindeer industry has become to Northern Alaska.

Tells Just Why She Is So Thankful

Ontario Lady Found Relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills

She had suffered with bladder trouble for years, but Dodd's Kidney Pills quickly relieved her.

Bright, Ont.—(Special).—"I received your Dodd's Almanac and have been going to write to you ever since. I am the mother of four children and have had very bad bladder trouble. I took different medicines and all the time it kept getting worse. At last my mother told me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I got two boxes and they have completely relieved me. I have never been so thankful for anything in my life, as I was for those pills." This statement is made by Mrs. Henry D. Christensen, well known resident of this place.

Women's troubles, or nearly all of them, come from sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills will relieve kidney troubles, no matter where or in what form it is.

Sound kidneys mean pure blood. Pure blood means good health.

Ask your neighbor if Dodd's Kidney Pills are not the best remedy for sick kidneys.

Gratitude

A South End domestic servant found a pocketbook containing $150 and returned it to its owner.

"Thank you," said the loser. "Would you call at the police station and tell them it's found!"

TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS

A Letter from Mrs. Smith Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her

Trenton, Ont.—"I am writing to you in regard to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I would not be without it. I have taken it before each of my children was born and afterwards, and find it a great help. Before my first baby was born I had shortness of breath and ringing in my ears. I felt as if I would never pull through. One day a friend of my husband told him what the Vegetable Compound had done for his wife and advised him to take a bottle home for me. After the fourth bottle I was a different woman. I have four children now, and I always find the Vegetable Compound a great help as it seems to make confinement easier. I recommend it to my friends."—Mrs. FRED H. SMITH, John St., Trenton, Ont.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an excellent medicine for expectant mothers, and should be taken during the entire period. It has a general effect to strengthen and tone up the entire system, so that it may work in every respect effectually as nature intended. Thousands of women testify to this fact.

Luminous Mountain

In the Pacific wilds of New Britain, in the Bismarck Archipelago, is a mountain of which the crest and sides shine with a strange light, and mariners report that those who go near suffer from a painful rash of the skin.

The glow can be seen for miles, and it is certainly not caused by any volcanic phenomenon. Scientists believe that the light is due to radium or some radio-active mineral in the rock, and an expedition is to be sent out by the Australian Government to investigate.

Spread of Sleeping Sickness

The rapid spread of the sleeping sickness in Great Britain is causing considerable alarm. In January last there were 75 cases, in February 217, in March 468 and in the first three weeks of April 649 cases were reported. The proportion of the deaths has not been large but the after effects of the disease very often are serious.

Tons Of Potential Fertilizer Go To Waste In Straw Stacks Annually Burned By Farmers

In huge mounds of straw, dotting the stubble on either side of the railroad tracks for hundreds of miles, are tons of potential fertilizer. The big stacks, which in the ordinary course of events will be shortly burned as the easiest means of disposal, served as an object lesson for many members of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, who recently passed through the prairie belt.

Great Britain has been operating for three years a successful process for making available the nutriment in wheat straw, and more farmers each year are capturing the humus stolen from the soil by the worthless straw, and are utilizing it for the production of more kernels of wheat. Why should the process not be introduced in Western Canada? Those who are familiar with it can see no possible objection.

The English technic was an offshoot of research of 15 years duration on soil micro-organisms at the Harpenden, Hertfordshire, Eng., and was carried out under the guidance of Sir John Russell, the director, who has completed a tour of the western provinces with the British association.

In discussing the straw problem, Sir John made the following observation: "The problem in the utilization of the straw is to decompose it so that the humus of the soil is freed again. The method which we were able to develop was a consequence of an investigation of the changes which take place in the decomposition of straw in the farmyard manure heap. As nearly as we can tell by chemical analysis, the artificial process duplicates the natural decay of the manure pile, and the product cannot be distinguished from the original humus of the soil."

Farmers have known for some time that raw straw is worse than useless as a fertilizer. Sir John pointed out. The Rothamsted workers placed this observation on a quantitative basis, however, and they found that crops were actually diminished when untreated straw was ploughed into the ground. "This is because the soil organisms decompose the straw, but in order to accomplish the breakdown, they absorb plant food, thereby robbing the grain of some of its nourishment," the scientist explained. "The bacteria absorb nitrates in particular. Appreciation of this fact suggested a solution of the difficulty. The microbes are fed their nitrogen separately, they break up the straw, freeing the original humus, and this can then be put back into the ground."

The procedure adopted consists in building stacks by mixing with each ton of straw a few pounds of sulphate of ammonia, relatively inexpensive, and calcium carbonate, cheaply secured as powdered limestone, marble or chalk. The ammonia supplies the nitrogen factor, and the carbonate prevents the mixture becoming so acid that the bacteria will not work.

"In from two to three weeks, with the English climate, we find that the straw has returned to humus," Sir John stated. "No inoculation is necessary. There are enough germs in the dirt mixed with the straw to start the process off. When the resultant mixture was tested by using it to fertilize a field of potatoes, a crop was obtained practically the equivalent of the yield with barnyard manure as the added food. Similar results are obtained in using the product to replenish the humus of the soil in between successive crops of wheat.

"Burning is a wasteful way of disposing of straw," Sir John continued. "Other Dominions are inquiring into the process and I can see no reason why it should not be tested here. Sufficient time elapses between the dispatch of the harvest and the coming of cold weather unfavorable to the growth of the organisms, to permit the fermentation of the straw."

Burning of straw stacks is distinctly harmful to the soil in view of the fact that it destroys the humus in the surrounding soil, it was pointed out by Dr. H. E. Howe, Washington, D.C., chemist, who performed some of the first experiments on the use of straw for paper manufacture. A field exists for wheat straw in the paper industry, in Dr. Howe's opinion. The material has been studied sufficiently to make the mixture with newsprint practicable, he said. "Perhaps straw could be briquetted and used for fuel," he further suggested.

Need To Learn Thrift

Generally Speaking Canadians Do Not Know Meaning of Word

Most Canadians need to learn thrift. As a rule they do not know the meaning of the word. The Germans, the Belgians, the Danes, the French, including the French-Canadians, the Swedes, the Norwegians and the Scotch know well the meaning of thrift, and exercise it to their comfort and for national prosperity.

Where there is thrift there is a minimum of poverty. Thrift keeps people out of debt. It teaches people how to make the most of everything and it teaches them not to buy what they cannot pay for. In Canada there are tens of thousands of people in debt for luxuries. An insane ambition to rival other people results in misery. Debt for luxuries has only one end—discomfort, worry and general unhappiness.—Montreal Star.

Canadian Butter Industry

Dairy Products Have Good Reputation and Market Is Expanding

The market expansion in the Canadian butter industry is remarkable. In 1915 the total amount of butter exported by the Dominion amounted to 2,724,013 pounds, worth $639,665; the export for 1923 was 21,994,578 pounds, valued at $8,243,138. An indication of next year's increase may be gathered from the figures for August, 1924, which showed an export valued at $893,839, as against that of August, 1923, which was valued at $362,356. These are figures that will bring with them a feeling of satisfaction and of pride. Canadian butter and other dairy products have a good reputation, and one that can be well maintained in a country as eminently adapted to agricultural development as is the Dominion.

Canada's Wheat Production

Has Increased Production By 106 Per Cent. in Past Decade

Canada supplied 46 per cent. of the world's increase in wheat production that took place between the years 1913 and 1923, inclusive. This figure is exclusive of Russia. In 1913 the world's wheat production was 3,619,000,000 bushels and in 1923 it was 3,692,000,000 bushels. In 1913, Canada produced 231,700,000 bushels of wheat and in 1923 about 475,000,000 bushels. While the whole world increased its wheat production by 14 per cent., Canada increased hers by 106 per cent.

Vancouver Grain Port

Over Five Million Bushels Shipped In Four Months

Grain shipments from Vancouver during the crop year commencing August 1st, 1924, to October 31st, amounted to 5,301,776 bushels, as compared with 2,516,753 during the corresponding period a year ago. Of the quantity shipped during August to October, 1924, 4,448,911 bushels were dispatched to the United Kingdom and continent, 471,122 to the Orient, 153,583 to South America and 228,160 to New Zealand.

Indifferent Three Million

Of 4,500,000 veterans of the world war who are entitled to a cash or insurance bonus under the law enacted several months ago, only 1,500,000 have made application to Washington. The machinery exists to handle 30,000 applications a day.—Buffalo Express.

Freight Rates Forbid

Just when we thought we had a sugar industry located in the southern part of the province, with unlimited possibilities, now we find that the freight rates interfere, and the end will likely come before the beginning. So there you are.—Calgary Albertan.

Her Furtive Look

Salesman: I'm suspicious of that woman; she seems furtive.

Floorwalker: Well, keep your eye on the furs.

Western Editors

Granville H. Pickup, Editor and Manager of The Canwood Times, Canwood, Sask.

Canada Has Best Fisheries in World

Fifty Per Cent. of Freshwater Fishing Belongs to Dominion

"Figures show that the Canadian people are not a nation of heavy fish eaters," said D. Gardiner, addressing the Regina Rotary Club on national fish week. "The Canadian fishing industry is one of the biggest in the world, and the average value of the catch is $35,000,000. The Canadian fisheries are the best in the world and over 50 per cent. of the freshwater fishing territory in the world belongs to the Dominion."

Mr. Gardiner stated that the northern waters produced the best kinds of fish, as they were more active. The Canadian fish were practically all caught within ten miles of shore and at less expense than on the shoals further removed from land.

Manufacture Of Caviar

A New Industry May Be Established In B.C.

British Columbia may have a new industry next year which will assist the fish canning concerns to some extent. This will be the manufacture of caviar. Russians, who recently arrived in Canada, were astounded to learn that the canned salmon industry of British Columbia had no returns from by-products. They are endeavoring to interest a number of canneries in British Columbia in financing a caviar manufacturing plant that may find work for expert Russian caviar handlers as well as benefit the canned salmon industry of the province.

Tree Planting In West

Since 1905 Total of 150,000,000 Has Distributed Free

Trees at the rate of 20,000 a day have been planted by farmers of Western Canada in the last 20 years, according to a report of the department of agriculture.

A total of 150,000,000 young trees, the report shows, have been distributed free to farmers in that section since 1905. Early maturing varieties suited to climatic conditions were supplied.

The government's tree planting campaign was planned to transform the landscape of the prairie provinces.

A Mountain Of Grain

Grain Marketed Over C.P.R. Reaches Huge Proportions

A mountain of grain, towering 4,719 feet into the air and spread over a base of two acres in area would be the tremendous pile resulting from the dumping in one place of all the grain marketed in Canadian Pacific Railway districts, if such dumping could take place. By provinces, autumn marketing was: Manitoba, 32,454,541 bushels; Saskatchewan, 45,480,177 bushels; and Alberta, 31,716,748 bushels.

What Honesty Is

A man who is known, shall we say, as being slightly on the warm side in monetary matters, was asked by his small son, "What is honesty, papa?" "Well," answered the parent, "supposing I sent you to the bank to cash a check for £50 and the cashier handed over £60 by mistake. If I gave my partner £50, that is honesty."—Exchange.

Everbroke.—"Yes, sir, the doctors gave me up a year ago."

Patunge.—"So did all your other creditors."

Issues Warning To Farmers And Others Against Risking Savings In Securities Of Doubtful Value

Wins Peace Prize

VISCOUNT CECIL

who is the winner of the first award made under the Woodrow Wilson foundation of $25,000 for the advancement of peace.

Calgary's Natural Gas Supply

City Is Receiving Supply Through 221 Miles of Pipe Line

They do things in a large way on the prairies, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. Calgary has just completed an addition to its natural gas supply from the Foremost gas field. To make this gas available required a trench 32 miles in length. Into this trench a ten-inch pipe was laid. There are 8,500 lengths of the pipe, each 20 feet long. The pipe was made at Welland, Ontario, and weighed 2,500 tons. Calgary is now receiving its natural gas supply through 221 miles of pipe line. The four gas wells at Foremost can supply 49 million cubic feet per day, more than double Calgary's present consumption. Canadians not so fortunately situated with regard to a fuel supply can hardly appreciate the advantages of having a gas supply for both cooking and heating purposes.

Anxious To Hear About Canada

Some of the Difficulties of Emigration Propaganda in the Hebrides

The difficulties attending Canadian emigration propaganda in the Hebrides is illustrated by a recent incident. Owing to heavy seas the Canadian emigration agent had difficulty in crossing from the mainland to South Uist, the crossing being hazardous as well as difficult, and by the time he crossed there was little opportunity for giving notice of the meeting he wished to hold.

Thereupon, children were asked to give notice and they did so in the surrounding hamlets with such good effect that in a few hours the meeting was held with 50 adults present. Many of these had walked five miles to be present to hear of the advantages Canada offered to the Hebrideans as settlers in the Dominion.

Farming Prospects Better

Improvement in Agriculture Noted in U.S. Dept. Report

Still further improvement in agriculture for next year, with an increase in gross income for farmers of $500,000,000 over last year, is predicted in the annual report of the U.S. department of agriculture, signed by the late Secretary Wallace and transmitted to the president by Secretary of Agriculture Gore.

Prospects are that the gross income from agricultural products in the United States for the crop year 1924-25 may reach approximately $12,000,000,000, compared with $11,500,000,000 in 1923-24, and $9,550,000,000 in 1921-22, the report states.

The stretch of the Swedish state railways, running a distance of 235 miles from Lulea to Riksgransen, is the longest electrified railroad in Europe

During the Victory Loan campaign very many farmers and others who had never previously purchased securities of any kind were induced to invest their savings in Victory Bonds. Behind the Victory Bonds, the entire wealth of Canada stood, and the bonds were absolutely guaranteed.

It is an unfortunate condition that there are always in Canada, as in almost every country, many high pressure salesmen of what are doubtful securities, and which are represented as earning large interest returns. Such salesmen are constantly descending upon farmers and others in an effort to unload their doubtful stocks and bonds.

A Canadian financial paper has issued a warning to investors against parting with their money. It says: "Don't listen to the table of sure profits and the sneer at the surer ways of amassing a competence. They are after your money for what is in it for them, and it would be better for you to follow your own judgment than to listen to them. Fortify your judgment by consulting reputable bond houses, or your banker."

Monseigneur Choquette, one of Quebec's outstanding church dignitaries, after seeing the distress that has been caused to many farmers and others through the loss of their life savings, has this to say of such stock selling: "Few days pass when farmers, young and old, are not asked to take part in financial concerns, in speculations which dangle untold riches before their longing eyes. The agents are clever and persevering. They have a thousand strings to their bow. Town lots, mining claims, natural gas and oil wells, patents, are all means of enticement, all the more alluring since the risk which accompanies them, is hidden more or less honestly under the name of some master of finance, or by an advertisement cleverly inserted in a conspicuous place in a newspaper of wide circulation. It is a veritable plague, a scourge. One must live in the country to hear the wails of the victims, to grasp the whole situation. I do not think I exaggerate when I declare that in the country where I live, $100,000 and more has been thrown away by our farmers. Some of these, seized by a fatal frenzy, have not hesitated to sell their beautiful farms, the heritage received from their forefathers, in order to barter the value for a scrap of paper which guaranteed them the ownership neither of an inch of land nor an ounce of silver."

A contented rural populace is one of Canada's most valuable resources, says the natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior. These warnings issued by those who are in a position to know, should be taken keenly to heart by those who have had their Victory Bonds redeemed and by others who have their savings to invest. Consult your banker before signing any agreement to purchase shares. It is better to be sure than sorry.

Alberta Agricultural Schools

Larger Attendance Shown This Year Than Ever Before

Attendance at the agricultural schools of Alberta this year shows a considerable revival of interest in the schools. The attendance at the Olds School of Agriculture this term has reached 180. The attendance last year was 132. Students at the agricultural school at Claresholm now number 79, with eight or ten more to come, compared with a total attendance last term of 70. At Vermilion school there are now 50 British youths in attendance.

The Smallest Industry

The tiniest industry is the making of stains which pick out certain bacilli in human tissue when inspected through a microscope. A ton of these dyes would meet the demand for about a century.

Grain From Peace River

Shipments of grain over the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway this fall total close to half a million bushels.

An efficient wife can make up the beds, the children's quarrels, and her husband's mind.

Doing any Decorating?

If you are intending to do any interior or exterior decorating this season we would like to remind that this store can supply your needs in Paints or interior finishes.

In Paints for the House, Barn, or Implements our stock is complete

in all the wanted colors and can sizes. These are all brand new goods and we have no hesitation in recommending the quality. Our prices are always right.

We carry the favorite "Kalsomo" brand of KALSOMINE, and haoe it in a very fine range of tints

FERTILIZERS—We are now booking orders for Fertilizer and would be glad to know what quantity you will be requiring. Get in on the car lot shipment and save considerable on freight.

Creston Valley Co-Operative Assn.

Stores at CRESTON & ERICKSON

Money Gives Confidence

Those who have money carry on their work in life with greater confidence. A Savings Account with this Bank if added to regularly even with small sums will soon give you the confidence that only the possession of money can give. There is a Savings Bank Department at every branch of this Bank. 41

IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA
CRESTON BRANCH,

C. W. ALLAN, Manager.

Nelson Assessment District

Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision and Appeal, under the provisions of the Taxation Act and amendments thereof, and under the Public Schools' Act, for the Nelson Assessment District, respecting the assessment roll for 1927, will be held at the Provincial Assessor's Office, in the Courthouse, Nelson, on Monday, the 21st day of February, 1927.

JAMES O'SHEA,
Judge Court of Revision and Appeal, Nelson Assessment District.

French Brier Pipes

Assorted—straight or bent stems.

25c. and 50c.

V. MAWSON

Local and Personal

Celluloid Poultry leg bands for sale at V. Mawson's.

Mrs. Jas. Cook left on Monday for a short visit with friends in Nelson.

WANTED—Dressmaking at home, charges moderate. Mrs. J. Sherwood, Creston.

FOR SALE—Strong democrat, reasonable. McKay blacksmith shop, Creston.

Miss A. Doyle is a visitor with Spokane friends this week. She left on Wednesday.

FOR RENT—At Erickson, three room bungalow, water on place. $7 month. Apply Holder, Erickson.

Watkins' Fruit Salts and Watkins pie filler, lemon or chocolate, two new products. V. Mawson.

Mrs. Armstrong of Nelson arrived on Thursday last on a visit with her son, Charles, arristant C.P.R. agent.

POTATOES—The best potatoes for the table, Grade A, Netted Gem, $2 per 100 lbs. R. Sinclair-Smith, Creston.

R. Rose of Medicine Hat, Alberta, is here for his usual winter holiday visit with his brother, J. F., and Mrs. Rose.

Mrs. Chas. Moore is a visitor this week with her mother and other relatives and friends at the old home at Kaslo.

All confirmed A.Y.P.A. members are asked to attend the corporate communion service at Christ Church on Sunday at 8 a.m.

GRAIN FOR SALE—Wheat, $2.25 per 100 lbs. Oats, $2.10. These are in bulk, bring sacks. John Garfield, Lamont building, Creston.

POTATOES—4 tons of good eating potatoes for sale, $1.50 per 100 lbs., with rebate on ton lots. A. G. Cox, Vaness Ranch (Alice Siding), Creston.

The Children's Matto Party under the auspices of Christ Church A.Y.P.A. has been fixed for Friday, February 18th, and not the 21st, as previously announced.

FOR SALE—Riley and McCormick stock saddle, in first class condition, complete with bridle, spurs and blanket, specially priced for quick sale $50.00. V. Mawson.

Don't buy a spraying outfit until you see us for full information on the Hayes Spraying Machine—undoubtedly the best on the market. Premier Garage, Creston.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Dow and young son, of Nanaimo, B.C., arrived on Thursday last for a holiday visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dow.

More autos are in operation this winter than was the case a year ago. Up till the 16th 51 number plates have gone out, as compared with about 45 in January, 1926.

In last weeks report of the annual congregational meeting meeting of Christ Church the name S. M. Watson was inadvertently omitted from those making up the Church Committee.

The many friends of M. J. Beninger will sympathize with him in the death of his father, which occurred at Emo, Ontario, on Friday last, the sad news reaching here by wire that afternoon.

FOR SALE—Lots 6 and 7, Block 29, Fourth Street, Creston. On the property is a vacant building formerly used as the Mormon Church. Going cheap. Apply W. O. Taylor, Creston.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Nickel, who have spent the past six weeks on a holiday visit with friends in Ontario points, as well as renewing acquaintances in Saskatchewan, arrived home this week.

Creston experienced the coldest weather of the past two years at the end of last week. The mercury got down to 18 below zero on Friday morning, and it was 11 below on Saturday. Sunday, however, saw it back well above zero, and very fine weather has obtained ever since.

Creston is to be treated to three nights of mirth, music and magic Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week. Joe Marks presents Bert Johnston and his company of entertainers at the Grand at popular admission prices of 25 and 60 cents. There will be a matinee on Saturday afternoon. Look up the announcement elsewhere in this issue.

The shareholders of Creston Reclamation Company, Limited, met in special session at the municipal building on Wednesday evening. The directors submitted a report that indicated exceptionally satisfactory progress with the project and were given authority to proceed with future effort along the lines suggested by the executive to the meeting.

RED STEER ESTRAY

Came to the premises of the undersigned one red steer, coming two years old, no brands visible. Owner can have same on proving property and paying expecses. J.W.DOW, Creston.

SALE OF STRAY COW

Notice is given that at 10 a.m., on Tuesday, February 1, 1927, I will offer for sale—if not sooner claimed—at my ranch, one roan cow, branded ⅃T with half circle on right side, about 8 years old, and which strayed on to my premises about November 25, 1926. JAS. DAVIS, Creston.

LOST—At McCreath's barn on January 25th, one lantern globe. Will the person who took the globe please return and get lantern, as the latter is of no use without the globe. H. S. McCreath, Creston.

Creston and District Women's Institute anuounce a social evening for members and their husbands and escorts on Wednesday, February 9th, at the Parish Hall, at 8 o'clock. Cards and music.

GRAND THEATRE

3—BIG NIGHTS—3
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
AND SATURDAY MATINEE
FEBRUARY 3RD, 4TH, 5TH

JOE MARKS PRESENTS
BERT JOHNSTON'S
VAUDEVILLE
Magic and Fun Show
THE SHOW OF 1000 WONDERS INCLUDING

BERT JOHNSTON
Magician, Illusionist, Ventriloquist

AL. J. SMITH
Wizard Master of the Violin and Imitations

SALAMIDO, Hindu Attendant

SALVAIL, the Card King, in an expose of gambling, and other acts.

MURIEL, the Woman Who Knows

The only woman mentalist in America who accepted and successfully passed the acid test given by the Show World at their offices in Chicago, on Dec. 21st, 1910. She tells good or bad. You hear the truth and nothing but the truth.

Big Special Matinee at 2.30 Saturday, 15c. and 40c.

MATINEE—Punch and Judy and Royal Marionets and Bert Johnston's Wooden Headed Family.

Big Double Show—Magic and Vaudeville NIGHTS—25c. and 60c.

FLU!

Guard against the Flu epidemic that is in our midst Use Oil Eucalyptus, Riker's Bromide Quinine Tablets, Wampole's Cod Liver Preparation. These will ward it off.

Ukelelies $3.00. Small Phonograph $42.00. Large Orthophonic $160, easy terms. Sheet Music, Books.

CRESTON DRUG & BOOK STORE
GEO. H. KELLY

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

BULK TEA-2 lbs. $1.25

To increase our sales on our own SPECIAL BLEND TEA we offer you the exceptional price of 2 lbs. for $1-25. This is a fine blended Tea and will meet your favor

Use our FREE DELIVERY SERVICE when buying your Groceries

MAPLE LEAF FLOUR—We sell Maple Leaf Flour and a trial will convince you of the quality, which is guaranteed.

Dry Goods Groceries **S. A. SPEERS** Furniture Hardware