THE CRESTON REVIEW

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February Session Board of Trade

Features of the February meeting of Creston Board of Trade were the presentation and consideration of resolutions to be submitted at the annual meeting of the Associated Board's of Trade of Eastern B.C. at Nelson next week, and the arranging of the board's standing committees for 1924. The chair was taken by President Garland, and there was a fine turnout of members.

There was a considerable grist of correspondence, one letter of importance being from the Wilson quarries at Sirdar pointing out that when the memorial committee got around to putting a suitable fence around the soldiers' monument that the firm would like to submit designs for the work, with estimated cost. The letter was referred to the memorial committee.

Chairman S. A. Speers, who is in charge of the board's fire protection committee, intimated that the committee were considering a canvass of the business section for funds to pay for hydrants installed and some additional hose required, but in view of the fact that village municipilization was taking definite shape the drive for funds would be allowed to stand. In connection with fire protection Guy Constable pointed out that with municipilization and the formation of a volunteer brigade would, undoubtedly, come a reduced insurance rate that in itself should appeal to property owners. Not only would the rate come down but regulations as to location and class of buildings to be erected could be enacted that would in some measure reduce the fire hazard.

Messrs. Allan, Bennett and Garland submitted the following makeup of 1924 standing committees, which were adopted as read:

Finance—G. Johnson, chairman; C. W. Allan, E. C. Gibbs.

Memorial—R. Stark, chairman; A. D. Norris, Dr. Henderson.

Transportation and Highways—C. O. Rodgers, chairman; S. A. Speers, R. B. Staples.

Agriculture, Irrigation and Reclamation—Guy Constable, chairman; J. Adlard, E. Mallandaine, R. S. Bevan.

Publicity—C. F. Hayes, chairman; C. G. Bennett, A. Lidgate.

Legislation and Municipal—C. W. Allan, chairman; C. G. Bennett, C. F. Hayes, E. Mallandaine, S. A. Speers, Jas. Adlard, C. B. Garland, E. C. Gibbs.

Amongst the resolutions were two directly affecting the fruit industry; one urging the government to fight to the last ditch the present request to the railway commission for permission to raise the express rates, and the other requests the federal department of agriculture to prosecute more vigorously its policy of expanding the markets for Canadian fruit, as well as speeding up experimental work in the line of de-hydrating and evaporating processes.

The Land Settlement Board will be asked to see that such farms in the Lister area as may revert back to the department are kept in a first class state of cultivation so that the general appearance of that area may be the best possible to favorably impress visiting land buyers. The resolution in this connection urges that the department take into consideration the advisability of utilizing part of the area for experimental horticultural purposes, and that the co-operation of the federal department of agriculture be enlisted in establishing an experimental farm for central Kootenay.

There was a lengthy discussion on the terms of a proposed resolution in connection with Kootenay Flats drainage. Four years ago the Associated Board reversed its previously friendly attitude toward this project and unceremoniously turned down the time-honored request for speed in completing the compilation of engineering data that would enable the engineers to state whether drainage was feasible or not. The upshot of the discussion was to refer the matter to the executive with full power to act.

Whist Drive

Under Women's Institute auspices

Parish Hall

Fri., Feb. 22

CARDS at 8.30 Prompt.

Four Prizes Given

Refreshments Served

followed by a short Musical Programme.

ADMISSION : 50c.

Canyon City

Geo. Davie, who has been a hospital patient at Vancouver for the past two months, arrived home on Friday, and looks considerably better after his treatment.

A. G. Samuelson has laid off his crew of tie makers, who have been working on the mountain side here the past two months. He has a cut of about 3000 ties ready for the haul.

Jack Burgess of Kellogg, Idaho, has been on a visit here with his father, Charles Burgess the past week.

The ladies of the Community Club are to see to it that St. Patrick's Day is suitably observed, and will be putting on a concert in the schoolhouse that evening.

Messrs. Hewitt and Cook are working with F. Knott at present, completing the new barn under construction on the Knott ranch.

M. J. Boyd and A. Spencer of Creston are daily visitors here at present, moving the frame house off the former Hickey-Spencer ranch on to the land acquired by Mr. Spencer in the deal with C. Blair last spring.

Wynndel

August Benadetti, who has been at Lethbridge, Alberta, for the last few weeks, returned home on Friday.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Matt Hagen was the scene of a very enjoyable surprise party for Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Moore.

Jack Brooke was home for the weekend, returning to his job on the dredge on Sunday afternoon.

Work is in progress on Mr. Abbott's house, and it is expected that he and his family will be settled here early in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Moore are now occupying their own home, which they moved into on Wednesday.

Erickson

L. T. Levesque, who has been a visitor at Vancouver for a couple of weeks, returned home about the middle of the month.

Bill Long was a visitor in Spokane a few days last week, returning on Friday.

Erickson is shipping a couple of hundred boxes of apples a week every heated car day but the middle of March will wind up the export as growers have considerably less than 1000 boxes now on hand.

Mrs. Allan, who has been here on a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Davis, returned to Portland, Ore., this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hobden are occupying camp bungalow quarters at present at the Putnam, Palmer & Staples mill at Goat River Crossing, where George is employed as night watch at present.

Fred Klingensmith was home from Birchbank for a few days stay last week, but has again returned to work.

Mr. Cameron of Vancouver, who has been a visitor for a couple of months with Sam Fraser, left for home about the middle of the month.

Erickson's epidemic of measles is about an end. While it was on most every youngster in the district was laid up with them.

Both the Henderson and Bentley sawmills are closed down at present, and there is very little shipping at the Canyon siding this month. Conditions are more favorable with Putnam, Palmer & Staples and they are turning out splendid cuts of ties and lumber daily, shipping from the Paulson siding.

Sirdar

B. J. Whitesides, who is in charge of the yard engine at Cranbrook, was home for the weekend.

Mrs. Martin spent most of last week on a visit with friends at Nelson and Spokane, returning via the latter city, for a short stop at Creston.

R. Dennes was a visitor at Kitchener between trains on Tuesday taking care of some repairs on a bad order car set out at McConnell.

Yard engineer Nell is back at work after a two weeks' holiday spent principally at Cranbrook.

The slides on the road between here and Kuskanook have all been cleaned off and if the present spell of weather holds the usual spring repair work will be gone on with.

W. T. Sinister of Creston is a visitor here this week. He made the trip down with horse and rig and has little complaint as to the travelling.

Mr. and Mrs Jack Cameron and children were at Creston on Tuesday between-trains visit with the former's parents.

Mesdames North, Dennes and Cam are amongst the ladies who have been at Creston since Saturday participating in the avalanche of bargains going in the $10,000 sale at the Speers' store.

The children and grownups were splendidly entertained at a concert at the schoolhouse on Friday night at which the scholars, who had been trained by Miss Knott, were the chief performers in musical and literary lines. Supper was served, and there was a couple of hours dancing at the close.

Mrs. Jones was in for the weekend from Kuskanook to attend the church service on Sunday evening. Gardening operations have already commenced and will be carried on on a larger scale than ever this year.

The Church of England service on Sunday night was one of the most appreciated and best attended for many months. The musical features were particularly attractive, Miss Knott favoring with "Holy City" in finished style, Mrs. Wilson accompanying her on the piano. Geo. Brown of the B & B crew, a violinist of long experience assisted on the violin with the piano accompaniments to the several hymns that were sung.

Lister

There was a dance at the schoolhouse on February 9th with assorted music, the proceeds going to the Lister school funds—a new stove being the objective of the promoters of the "hop."

T. C. Phillips was here from Cranbrook a few days last week, leaving again on Saturday for the terminal city.

Col. Lister is the first to start pruning operations in this section. From appearances most of the orchards have wintered well.

A number from here were over to Huscroft's for a dance at the schoolhouse there on Saturday night, which was quite well attended.

Rev. G. Knox of Creston was here on Sunday morning for the usual United Church service. Considering the number of absentee residents attendance at both church and Sunday school is most encouraging.

The disappearance of the snow has given the Continental mine the desired water supply and last week saw the three Langstons, R. T. Milner, Ts Weaver, Alf. Evans and his guests, Messrs. Beeson and Sparrow trek back to Klockman to resume work, Messrs. Pine and Boyce of Canyon also returned with the Lister delegation.

Runaway Accident

Mrs. D. H. Linn met with a nasty runaway accident on Saturday afternoon when the horse she was driving took fright at an incoming eastbound freight train and getting out of control upset the buggy throwing Mrs. Linn out on the road from the C.P.R. crossing to the Creston Hotel. The injured lady was immediately taken to the hotel and Dr. Henderson summoned. The accident rendered the unfortunate woman unconscious and she is still more or less in that state at her home at Erickson, to which she was taken on Sunday morning. It is not thought that any limbs are broken but injury to her spine is feared. Mrs. Linn has not enjoyed any too robust health of late, and her recovery will, of necessity, be slow.

Getting Municipal Facts and Figures

The municipal committee of Creston Board of Trade had a session on Friday afternoon at the office of President C. B. Garland, at which financial and other arrangements were completed for sending a member of the committee to Victoria and other points in the province to gather all the inside and outside information, facts and figures, having to do with both village and district forms of municipal government.

Major Mallandaine, who consented to undertake the work, left on Sunday for the capital, with a grip bulging with question papers that should enable him to bring back all the first-hand information necessary for the community to intelligently decide whether it wants municipal self-government, and of which variety.

In connection with the campaign for municipilization it is surprising the little direct interest taken by those whom it is to be supposed favor a rural municipality. T. M. Edmonson articles have created a most favorable impression but so far as getting any direct or indirect action goes about 99 per cent. of the supporters of district self-government have not woke up to the fact that some speed on their part is requisite and necessary if rural rule is to get anywhere.

At Victoria Major Mallandaine will get all the necessary data from the department of municial affairs as to organizing both village and rural municipalities, and the exact powers given each under the existing provincial statutes, along with all the other available information, after which it is the intention to have him visit a couple of district as well as village areas to find out firsthand just how the thing works out, and at what cost; how assessments are arrived at as between town properties and farm lands within a village area, and what arrangements is come to regarding school taxes on lands within the school district but outside the village area. Every point of vital import that the committee could set down in question form has been given the delegate and information covering all the ground should be available on his return.

Those favoring a village have already arranged for getting a copy of the assessment roll of an area that will produce in taxes ample revenue to finance such a municipality, so that when the information Major Mallandaine will seek out and set in order is available no time need be lost in proceeding with village incorporation, and should the citizens pronounce in favor of the village it is hoped to have incorporation effected before the end of June—if the law permits—so as to get the benefit of a major part of the 1924 tax payments, most of which are made about the end of June.

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that cannot be surpassed in Mechanical Construction in any Car for twice the money:

Touring	$676.73	Fordor Sedan	$1094.84
Runabouts	636.43	Tudor Sedan	943.29
Coupe	845.86	Truck	709.10

All above prices f.o.b. Creston, with Starter.

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CHEVROLET PRICES are not the lowest on the market, yet CHEVROLET Economical Transportation averages lowest in cost. This average cost considers the purchase price, interest on investment, depreciation, and all operating and maintenance cost.

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gravies, savoury dishes, and in hundreds of different ways Oxo beef cubes will make food more tasty and nutritious.

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In tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100.

OPENING DOORS

— BY —

ELINOR MARSDEN ELIOT

Author of "My Canada," and Other Stories

Published by Special Arrangement with the Author

(Continued)

When I went back to Mrs. Fenwick's room after having seen my family started on their way home I found her sobbing bitterly, almost hysterically. So I hurried out to the stable, where Mr. Fenwick was busy with the seed grain, and told him that his wife wanted him. I was as brave as possible, perhaps I should rather say that I was reckless.

"It is the chance of a life-time, Mr. Fenwick," I said, "help her all you can, because it is hurting you both to bear your disappointment separately. And please excuse me if you think I am cheeky."

I followed him back to the house in a few moments, and I am afraid I dropped a few tears into the biscuits I made for supper. But from that day Mrs. Fenwick began to improve. Soon she was sitting up, then walking about, and though I know she will never forget her baby I believe that she and her husband mean more to each other now than they would ever have meant without their shared hope and sorrow.

This sound callously Calvinistic, I know—but I am not trying to put down reasons, only results.

CHAPTER NINETEEN

I had scarcely time to realize how good it was to be in my own home again before the spring work began with a rush. The days were not long enough for all I found to do and Murray was equally busy. Though inexperienced we were systematic, and that alone saved us from hopeless confusion. During the winter we had planned the next season's work, had even, with the assistance of farm papers, Agricultural College Bulletins and the neighbors, drawn up a schedule for ourselves.

While I was with Mrs. Fenwick Murray had bought our second cow and the arrival of her calf shortly afterwards made us feel that we might with reasonable solemnity refer to our "stock"—two horses, two cows and a calf were, we thought, a fair showing for amateurs. Except when Murray was very busy I had nothing to do with the cows, but the children claimed the calf as their special property and were never happier than when they could watch his attempts to climb bodily into a pail of milk. He soon learned to follow them around like a dog, making rather a nuisance of himself, I must admit. That was one way in which our incurable amateurishness broke through all our efforts to hide it, we made a pet of everything on the place and I dread the time when Bunker will be killed or sold, for I know the twins will be deeply grieved. As for myself, I still feel like a cannibal every time I prepare for a Sunday dinner the hen that a few hours ago has eaten grain from my hand.

If the new cow and her calf added little to my responsibilities, the poultry and the garden, as I have said, gave me almost more work than I had time for. As summer advanced I was not so continuously busy, but for a while in the spring I was certainly on the hop, as Teddy would have said.

I had started tomatoes and cauliflowers and cabbages in boxes in the house and as soon as it was safe I set them out in the part of the garden reserved for them. Potatoes, corn, beans, peas, carrots, beets, turnips, parsnips and onions we planted in quantities sufficient to last us throughout the winter, and radishes and lettuce I sowed so as to have several successive crops. I got red and black currants and raspberries out from the city and Mrs. Mowbray helped me to plant them.

Those were back-breaking and face-scorching days in the garden, but the smell of the rich earth and the feeling of growth in the air almost made up for the discomfort. I had my little pangs that were more than skin—or muscle deep, but more and more I was beginning to think of Herrington's Hope as home, and when Maudie wrote about Tetrazinni and Sophie Braslau and the opera and her Easter outfit I sent her by return mail an invitation to spend a part of her holidays with me. It was the newspaper accounts of the opera season that went deepest, I think. I did so want to hear Faust and Rigoletto and Aida again, and for a long-while I failed to convince myself that I really preferred the oriole whose nest was just outside the kitchen window.

But after all, I told myself, the twins were outgrowing all their clothes, Murray was fifteen pounds heavier than he had been since coming home, and I could go to the opera when I was old.

To come back to the daily round, I had set six of my hens with the conventional thirteen eggs each, and four of the others, those noted for the sweetest dispositions, I chose to bring up my geese and turkeys. The fluffy little Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks were a great success, nearly all the eggs hatched and we lost only a few of the chickens "in infancy," as Murray put it. The goslings did well, too, but while the little turkeys made their appearance in this Vale of Tears in due time only four of each brood reached Thanksgiving Day in good order. It was not for lack of care on the part of their foster-mothers that they died, and I did all I could for them too, but one after another they left us, Murray quoting, "We are seven" lugubriously after each new departure for the Happy Hunting Ground, or wherever it is that young turkeys go. Murray would never take an intelligent interest in a fowl of any kind until it was ready for carving!

My beautiful garden, too, had its serpent—rather small serpents, I must admit, nothing larger nor more dangerous than cut worms, but how I hated them! They did little damage, for I caught them in time, but I can still feel the dismay that seized me when I went out one morning to find six of my best tomato plants neatly sawed off. I had thought that cutworms were a city pest, and that here in the country we would not be troubled by them, but apparently any garden can evolve them out of its inner consciousness.

We planted only a few flowers, wild ones were so plentiful that we always had the house full of them and I was trying very hard to cut down on luxuries. We had sweet peas, a few nasturtiums, poppies that had seeded themselves the year before, some larkspur from Mrs. Mowbray's garden and an odd spicy pink-like mauve flower that I did not know. The children and I transplanted wild roses—two bushes took root out of about twenty—violets purple and white and yellow, wild columbine and bluebells, while Murray set out a row of young Balm of Gilead and spruce trees east of the house and cleared and levelled the open space between the house and the creek.

"We need one big elm on that little rise in the ground," he said, "one of the spreading, irregular kind, with a rustic seat under it and some sort of drinking-fountain for the birds near-by."

"But it takes so long for an elm to grow," I objected.

"Yes," Murray replied, and I thought he looked at me strangely, "but if we don't enjoy it someone else will, so I'm going to give it a start as soon as I can.

It was on the twins' sixth birthday that I discovered the meaning of Murray's strange look.

It had been a strenuous day, with the Severn children and three of the Gagnons for the afternoon and an early tea, and I was glad when the visitors were on their way home and the twins tucked away in bed. The heat that marked the summer had begun, early in the season though it was, and after the evening work was done Murray and I were glad to sit outside and enjoy the freshness of the air.

We had as a matter of course been speaking of the children, and I had remarked that in another year they would have to go to school, and would then be babies no longer.

"Yes," Murray agreed musingly, "they'll soon be quite a different sort of problem." Then hesitatingly, "I've just been wondering, Margaret Anne—did it ever occur to you—do you think how it would be for us to stay by the farm instead of going back to the city next year? It comes to me sometimes when I'm working that I shouldn't like to leave the place and let someone else go on with it."

I suppose my surprise was plain, for Murray laughed rather apologetically.

"Maybe it is only spring fever," he joked. "If you don't like the idea, or if you think it would not be best for the children, just forget what I said."

"It is not a thing that one can forget," I told him frankly, "let's talk it out now and then we'll know how we stand."

But Murray, it transpired, was not even satisfied in his own mind as to the advisability of our staying at Herrington's Hope, though it was obvious that so far as he himself was concerned he felt that he had found his proper niche. And there was no doubt that physically he was not the same man who had left the office—best of all, he had recovered his old poise and initiative to an degree that at one time I had not dared even to hope for.

It was evident that he had looked at the matter from many angles before he so much as gave me a hint of his feelings. In the purely materialistic sense we would, he thought, be in ten years quite as well off in the country as in the city—in a better position, perhaps, for the land and the stock would increase in value, whereas if he went back to the office he would always have to wait for dead men's shoes.

"Macleod and I were speaking of this the other day," he told me. "In merely a general way, of course; he has no idea that our stay here is anything more than a temporary expedient. And he agrees with me that while Canada is not the purely agricultural country some folk would make it out to be it is undoubtedly somewhat top-heavy as to cities just now. We have not as yet accumulated sufficient capital to develop our industries to such a point that they can support our disproportionate urban population, and we can accumulate that capital only by getting as close as possible to the natural sources of our wealth. There are, of course, quicker ways, but none so safe. There has been too much artificially stimulated 'progress' already, and we are beginning now to pay for it, I fear."

"Now you are talking like a Grain Grower," I interrupted.

But Murary disclaimed the title. The Grain Growers, he thought, were making a great mistake, one that was likely to lead them far from their legitimate goal. They had, he conceded, grounds for many of their contentions, but they were forgetting that what we needed was not the ascendancy of Capital or Labor or the Farmers or any other element, but a well-balanced policy that would allow each section of the population to develop along its own lines with the support of the other instead of at their expense.

"It is solidarity we need, Margaret Ann—a great word that! Community of interests holding together, mutual dependence, the dictionary says it means. Every good Canadian should have it engraved on his heart. But instead we have Capital fearing Labor, Labor hating Capital, the city patronizing the country and the country envious of the city—and all with more or less reason, worse luck."

"And you want to throw in your lot with the country?" I asked.

"Not without further consideration," Murray replied, "and not at all unless you wish it too."

And then followed a great deal that I will not write, but that repaid me for every moment of homesickness and every unaccustomed task.

"We'll not have to decide definitely for a whole year," said Murray, coming back to earth, "and you must not let my land fever influence you unduly. I'd never forgive myself if I failed to do what is best for you and the children, and you can decide that part of the question much better than any mere man could. I know you have been lonely and you have missed your friends and the advantages of the city, and you have had to work much too hard. . . ."

I stopped him there. Just at that moment I was convinced that I had never missed anything. And as for working too hard, I was, I assured him, so fit that the hardest work was only a pleasure. Perhaps, I suggested, my brain was getting fat and lazy. . . .

"That is another point," Murray broke in. "Could you be satisfied to live here always, missing the mental stimulus of the closer contact with the outside world that is possible only in the city?"

(To be continued)

Dismiss that cough take SCOTT'S EMULSION

W. N. U. 1505

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Strong purgatives have killed many a good man. Costiveness is bad—violent cathartics are worse. If bothered with stomach trouble or biliousness, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are so mild you can scarcely feel their action, yet so effective that the entire system is cleansed of wastes.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills

Dr. Hamilton's Pills move the bowels gently, they tone the kidneys, assist digestion, clear the skin. For those subject to colds, biliousness, languor, there is no better medicine. Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box, 5 for $1.00, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Catch of Sea Fish

The total catch of sea fish during the month of October was 531,572 cwts., valued at $1,614,392, as compared with 670,320 cwts., valued at $1,-193,210 in October, 1922. There were decreased catches of haddock, hake, pollock, mackerel, halibut, herring, sardines and pilchards, and increased catches of cod, salmon, albacore, swordfish, lobsters and oysters.

It's the easiest thing in the world to point out the proper course for others to pursue.

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But you can Promote a Clear, Healthy Condition

Use Murine Eye Remedy "Night and Morning."

Keep your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy. Write for Free Eye Care Book.

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Women Performs Daring Feat

Jumps From Aeroplane at Great Height to Test Frail Parachute

Mlle. Denyse Collin, who is known as a very daring parachutist, has risked her life in order to demonstrate her belief that a certain parachute, weighing only seven pounds and easy to stow in an aeroplane pilot's seat, is an efficient lifesaver in the case of air accidents. Technicians who had examined the parachute and worked out its possibilities by scientific formula, concluded that it would not serve, since, owing to its smallness, its passenger would, when it opened, sustain a shock equal to the strain of 1,200 pounds, which would be fatal.

Mlle. Collin was skeptical, and begged to be allowed to prove that the technicians were wrong. She accordingly embarked in an aeroplane at Issey-les-Moulineaux, France, and, while the machine was in full flight at a height of 1,000 feet, jumped overboard. She had to display wonderful presence of mind during her fall, for the cord holding the parachute closed had not broken when it should and she had to undo it while falling headlong. She was in time, however, and the parachute carried her gently to earth. Mlle. Collin was triumphant, as she reported to the technicians that the great shock which they expected had not been felt at all, and the small parachute, adapted for aeroplane passengers, answered its purpose just as effectively as those whose size has rendered their adoption in aeroplanes impracticable.

Big Drop In War Pensions

One-Third of British War Widows Have Remarried

The large number of war widows who have married again is partly responsible for the big drop in war pensions which Britain paid out last year. Since then fully 34 per cent. of the widows on the pension list have remarried, although there are more than 2,000,000 surplus spinsters in the country. The government saved £14,000,000 in pensions last year. The greater part of the saving was due to the large number of children who passed the pension age limit of 16.

Out of 754 applicants for vaccination treatment against rabies at the Pasteur Institute of Paris last year, there was not a single mortality.

BAD PATCH OF ECZEMA ON CHIN

In Rash, Itched and Burned. Cuticura Healed.

"I had a very bad patch of eczema on my chin. It broke out in a rash and was very troublesome, itching and burning a great deal. I lost my rest at night on account of the irritation, and my face was disfigured for the time.

"I tried many different remedies without success. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which brought relief right away, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Mary Campbell, Big Pond Centre, Nova Scotia.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum exclusively for every-day toilet purposes.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Good Old Days

Were No Better Than the Present or More Recent Times

Mourning for the good old days is generally bosh, for the old days were no better than the days before yesterday, and as to most things not so good, but the days when the apple was everybody's fruit were to that extent too good to be lost. Any boy who lived then could say "Gimme an apple mister" and get all the fruit he wanted. Grocers overstocked with apples rolled a barrel out on the sidewalk and marked them "take one," and climbing the orchard fence for a few Northern Spies or Baldwins without asking the owner's permission was no crime.—Detroit Free Press.

U.S. Grain Through Canadian Ports

United States grain shipped from Canadian ports during the crop year, September 1, 1922, to August 31, 1923, totalled 55,000,000 bushels, according to a report compiled by the Bureau of Statistics. This meant total handlings of approximately 110,000,000 bushels, as it was necessary for the grain to pass through the elevators at lake ports and at ports of exit.

You can always judge a man's worth by the size of his bank balance.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

"LITTLE FOXES," By E. A. Henry, D.D.

Interesting Stories For Young Folks

Published By Permission Thomas Allen, Publisher

UNTRUTHFULNESS

"Oh, what do you want to talk so much about that?" said a boy to his mother. "It was only a white lie!"

And the poor little silly thought that you got your opinion of a lie by its colour!

A bad man may be white, or brown, or black, or yellow, but he is a bad man all the same. The colour does not matter; and so is a lie a bad thing, whether it is little or big, or white or black.

I'll tell you why, girls and boys.

1. White lies give you a habit of telling lies, and when you get the habit you become a liar! In fact, white lies are almost the worse of the two, because a big black lie would scare you, but the little white lie eats into you without you knowing it.

2. White lies are like that awful disease called Cancer.

We hear a lot about it to-day,—and the doctors are puzzled because they do not know how to trace it. But it eats and eats away until some of us have seen most loathsome forms of it consuming the poor body, while the life is still there, often in very intense suffering. And the doctors say, "Take care of the first pimple and have it cut out." Cancer often starts in a tiny spot or the smallest growth.

Now, the liar is just the same. He starts with its pimples—just little white spots on his language tongue, but they grow until they eat away his best life.

In the East there is a dread disease called Leprosy.

It often begins with a little white spot, which grows and grows until the body gets rotten, and the poor fellow who has the disease has to be sent away by himself. And white lies grow and grow until the man becomes an evil one, who sometimes has to be sent off by himself in a jail, and the boy is sent off to some industrial home to keep him away so he cannot hurt others, until he has learned a better way of talking and living.

Be afraid of a lie!

3. They make people whom you cannot trust, and almost anything else I would wish for you than to be one who cannot be trusted.

You can't rely on a liar. Not only one who lies with his tongue, but who acts lies. He gets by-and-by so full of lies that if you try to lean on him, down you go!

Out in the West, one of the great wheat elevators at Fort William suddenly slid down into the river, because the foundation was too weak to hold it up.

And a liar is like that! He is a bad foundation for home or school or society!

He caves in if any weight is put on him.

Let the girls and boys who study about these foxes watch this bad one, and be straight and true and upright and strong, so people can be sure of them.

I like the story I read once of a Scottish school-boy who was called "Little Scotch Granite." When the boys were supposed to tell how often they had whispered in school—and if they had not at all got a perfect mark called "Ten"—they got the habit of saying "Ten," even when they had broken the school rule. Little Scotty came, and although he was bright and full of fun he would not say "Ten"—although his record got very low.

But he changed the whole school.

He was always a good sport, but he never would tell a lie to save himself.

At the close of the term he was away down on the list, but when the teacher said he had decided to give a special medal to the most faithful boy in the school and asked to whom he would give it—forty voices called out together, "Little Scotch Granite!"

Don't Cough!

Mix Minard's with molasses and take a teaspoonful. Also gargle with Minard's in water.

Minard's gives quick relief.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!

BAYER

Demand

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

R. J. Fleming was elected president of the Toronto Railway Company, to replace Sir Wm. Mackenzie.

The French Government has decided to open a campaign against the slow but steady increase in the cost of living.

On her first trip to St. John, the big C.P.R. steamer Mont Laurier, formerly the Empress of India, landed 866 passengers. Of these 702 were new Canadian settlers, 300 of whom were from Finland.

Creation of a division of scientific research in the dairy and cold storage branch, to be headed by Dr. E. G. Hood, late of McDonald College, has been announced by the minister of agriculture.

A standard of living for the unemployed such as is laid down in the Canadian Labor Gazette was demanded by the provincial board of the Independent Labor party, in a resolution passed in Winnipeg.

Explaining that his public duties would not permit of his coming to the United States at this time, General Smuts said he had long looked forward to such a visit, whenever his official work would permit.

Negotiations with Great Britain for a special liquor treaty have progressed another stage with the transmission to London of United States suggestions, to the British counter-draft of the original United States proposal.

The Australian Government has instructed the Commonwealth High Commissioner in London to warn shippers of the forthcoming prohibition on the importation of cattle, sheep, swine and goats from Great Britain in view of the presence of foot and mouth diseases in England.

A child born today has the prospect of 12 more years o flife than had one born 25 years ago, said Sir William Wheeler, president of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland, in an address to the students. Medicine and surgery, he asserted, have made greater advances during the last 25 years than during the 25 preceding centuries.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

RHEUMATISM BACKACHE BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES

NUMBER 4087 THE PROPRIETORS

W. N. U. 1505

The Woman Voters

Votes of Women Do Not Differ Essentially From That of Men

Always when votes are counted it is found that the vote of women does not differ essentially from that of men. This does not mean that the women vote as the men advise. It only means that all members of the family now vote together in the same fashion that all the male members voted together. In practice, the family is the political unit. Whether the husband has the vote or the wife has it, or both have it, the result is much the same, except that with women suffrage the family with women in it has greater political power than it had when only the male members could vote.—Vancouver Province.

Immigration Prospects Good

Two Reasons Why There Should Be Flow of Imimgration From Great Britain Next Season

The next season, it is expected, will see a greater flow of British emigration to Canada than at any time since before the war. This effect will have two causes. One of the exhaustion until July of the British quota permitted under the United States three per cent. immigration law. The other is the decision of the Canadian Government, announced at the Economic Conference, to further assist British emigration to the Dominion.

Pain In the Muscles, Stiffness In Joints,

Quickly Subdued By Nerviline

Those who have tested out numerous liniments will agree that where something is needed to dislodge a deep-seated, more or less chronic condition, there is nothing to compare with Nerviline. It's because Nerviline penetrates so deeply, because it has about five times the strength of the ordinary oily preparation, it has come to be known as **King over all Pain.** For Rheumatic conditions, musuclar and joint stiffness, Nerviline works wonders. A trial proves this. Get a 35 cent bottle from your dealer today.

For Empire Exhibition

Alberta Prize-Winning Grain Goes to London

The world beating Alberta grain which took topmost honors at the Chicago show will be displayed at the British Empire Exhibition in London. Arrangements are being made for the exhibit to be sent forward as part of the seed grain display from Canada while it is also proposed to place the exhibition on display at the provincial seed fair in Edmonton.

It is proposed to make the exhibit in London an industrial rather than a decorative one and commercial prospects will be kept largely in mind in order to secure increased trade for the Dominion.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Mother! Give Sick Baby "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative to Clean Liver and Bowels of Baby or Child

Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

Cat-Tails Have Many Uses

From the cat-tails found in almost every swamp, scientists have succeeded in making both food and cloth. Roots of the weed produce starch and sugar, the pollen has been used as a flour to make bread, the brown spikes make an excellent substitute for silk, and the fluffy down is valuable for stuffing pillows. The plant was first discovered by the Iroquois Indians and, during the Great War, it was extensively used throughout Central Europe.

Hubby Knows

"Could you spare the time for an hour's talk?"

"Certainly. My wife has just told me she'll be ready in a minute.—Exchange.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

WHEN YOUR THROAT IS SORE

It may be only a slight cold now—just a tickling in the throat.

But little colds soon grow large and dangerous. Often they become chronic, develop catarrh and end in consumption.

Catarrhozone is the remedy. It draws inflammation and soreness out of the throat. Relieves the cough, cuts out the phlegm, makes breathing easy, kills any germs lodged in the mucous lining of the throat or lungs.

By using CATARRHOZONE INHALER now and again you keep the passages free from germs, and thereby prevent coughs and colds. Get the Dollar outfit, it lasts two months; small size, 50c; sold by druggists. Refuse a substitute for Catarrhozone. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

The Drug Evil

Less Narcotic Drugs Enter Canada During Past Year

A decrease in the quantity of narcotic drugs which entered Canada during the 12 months which ended with November, in comparison with the preceding corresponding period, is shown in a report made public by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

During the period under review, 1,782 ounces of cocaine were imported, as against 3,516 ounces for the same time in 1922. Morphine also shows a decline, 9,239 ounces reaching Canada in 1923 as compared with 10,609 in the previous 12 months. The quantity of crude opium imported during the period dealt with by the report was 1,100 ounces, as compared with 1,153 ounces for the 12 months ending with November, 1922.

Figures indicating the quantity of cocaine imported into Canada are not given, but it is shown that $14,000 worth came into the country during the 12 months which ended with November, 1923, as compared with $10,000 in the previous period.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

The ailments of childhood—constipation, indigestion, colic, colds, etc.—can be quickly banished through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild by thorough laxative which instantly regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach. They are guaranteed to contain no harmful drugs and can be given to the youngest baby with perfect safety. Concerning them Mrs. Alcide Lepage, Ste. Beatrix, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets were of great help to my baby. They regulated her bowels and stomach and made her plump and well." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

How Interest Accumulates

Legacy of One Hundred Dollars Reaches Large Sum in a Century

The town of Goshen, Mass., has just benefitted to the extent of $19,356 from an odd will drawn up by John James over one hundred years ago. He acted as moderator at the first town meeting in 1783. He then drew up a will, probated shortly after his death in 1804, reading, "I give to the town of Goshen the sum of $100, the fund to remain untouched for 100 years after my decease, the amount then to be used for the support of the Congregational minister and for public building." In 1907 the Selectmen of Goshen found the $100, with interest compounded, had become $19,356. They have now built a handsome public library for $10,556 and appropriated the balance, $8,800, for the Congregational Church of Goshen.

When money talks it is always sure of an appreciative audience.

Prominent Journalist Dies

Frank Cobb, Veteran Editor of New York World is Dead

Frank Cobb, veteran newspaperman, editor of the New York World, died recently at his home in New York after an illness of six months.

A leader of liberal journalism in New York for many years, Frank Irving Cobb was the champion of an editorial campaign waged on behalf of the League of Nations. He was a close personal friend of former President Wilson.

Even after illness caused his confinement to bed, he continued to dictate editorials in favor of wide participation by the United States in world affairs.

He was a scholar, a linguist, a philosopher, a scientist, a traveller—a remarkable combination of human ability. He knew political economy and was a historian. Above all, he was a leader of liberal progress in the English-speaking world.

New Avenue of Employment

Demand Now for British Workmen in Continental Europe

Referring to the Franco-British agreement for the employing of British workers in France, the publication L'Auto says that only some 120 British workmen are at present employed in French works, and these are almost entirely in the motor car industry.

The paper adds that they evidently have given satisfaction, since French firms are now ready to take further contingents. One firm is prepared to employ 300 men.

A firm of motor car builders in Antwerp is requesting 50 British experts, and 11 have already left England to accept the positions offered.

Getting to Know Each Other

Removing Prejudices Through Getting Better Acquainted

A pleasant play now running in London shows us an American and an Englishman, who, coming together bristling with prejudice, learn by the simple process of knowing each other to be the best of friends. Perhaps it is only on the stage and in proverbs that to know everything is to forgive everything. We cannot be sure that, as a prescription for peace and goodwill between individuals, it is invariably efficacious. But there is little doubt that if nations knew one another better the world would be the happier. —London Daily Telegraph.

No Sunday Clothes

The average man in the United States no longer has a "Sunday suit of clothes," but he owns an auto or is buying one on the instalment plan, according to a nation-wide survey made by the National Association of Retail Clothiers.

Oil Analysis 66.3 Per Cent.

Oil from the British-American well at Wainwright, when the water was eliminated, contained 66.3 per cent. of lubricant, according to analysis of a sample made by J. Fowler, of the Technical Institute, Calgary.

Ask For Increase

A return to 1921 rates, involving an increase for 12,000 men employed by the Canadian National Railway, is being asked for by the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is an excellent medicine to destroy worms.

Prophets and Profiteers

The difference between a prophet and a profiteer is that the one is not without honor save in his own country, and the other is without honor in his own country and everywhere else.—Boston Transcript.

GILLETT'S 100% PURE FLAKE LYE

This famous household cleaner and disinfectant is now made in *Crystal Flakes* instead of powder. It is the *best* household lye on the market. Use it for cleaning and disinfecting sinks, closets, drains, etc.; destroying vermin; softening water; making soap; cleaning floors, greasy pots and pans, etc.; removing paint, etc.

Avoid inferior and dangerous substitutes. Get the genuine article in cans as reproduced below.

Alberta to India

This (announces a correspondent) is the exact wording of a letter received by a storekeeper in a small town in Alberta. The friend who sent it averred that the writer, owner of a remote quarter-section, was Irish. "For Heavens sake send me a 3 pun ax. Our stoarkeepers heer wun a place in a turtil rac sum yeers back and bin shortwinded cince."—Times of India.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the hurtful intruders have been expelled. An excellent preparation for this purpose can be had in Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

Plenty of Water

The amount of water within the crust of the earth is enormous, amounting to 565,000,000,000,000 cubic yards. This vast accumulation, if placed upon the earth, would cover its entire surface to a uniform depth of from 3,000 to 35,000 feet.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Wainwright Buffalo for New Zealand

Three buffaloes are being sent from the Buffalo Park at Wainwright to Auckland, New Zealand, where they will be placed in the Zoological Gardens in that city.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample Box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

MONEY ORDERS

Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3

No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.

SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND, 3s.

DR. LE CLERC Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. N.W.5. London.

OR MAIL $1 FROM 71, FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO.

OR 348, ST. PAUL STREET WEST, MONTREAL.

Canada's Standard Smoke

BRIER

TRADE MARK

REGISTERED

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C.
Subscription: $2.50 a year in advance.
$3.00 to U.S. points.
C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, FEB. 22

The Liquor Profits

In connection with village incorporation the attention of the Review has been drawn to an effort being made in certain quarters to stir up opposition to local municipil ization amongst the ladies by pass ing out information to the effect that no liquor profits will be paid the town unless a government liquor store is opened in Creston.

This is about as clumsy a falsehood as ever was uttered because such newly-created villages as Tadanac and Mission, as well as the rural area of Coldstream, are all shown to have received liquor revenues for 1923 and certainly none of them have liquor stores.

Incidentally, it may interest the retailers of this malicious misinformation to know that the committee has a letter from the attorney-general in which is given the lie direct to the no-store no-liquor profits canard.

About the Cost

Perhaps the most interesting characters encountered in municipal discussions that are so prevalent is the fellow who would have one believe that he hailed from Missouri, and still demands to be shown that village government will not cost more than the present made-at-Victoria way of running things.

Latest tax notices to hand indicate that for the whole Creston school district provincial taxes total $8000, so that our previous assumption that the village area paid $3000 would look quite reasonable, and as our other figures as to trade licenses, fines, liquor profits, motor license and betting machine revenues were taken from official returns in that connection, there can be no disputing the fact that had village municipilation been effective last year Creston would have had $7000 at its disposal.

Those who have taken stock of expenditures in the proposed village areas last year freely admit that not more than $2000 was actually expended, leaving Creston shortchanged a matter of $5000.00 for last year alone.

Citizens who can really conceive of worse business than sending seven thousand dollars to Victoria and getting hardly more than two thousand of it back are almost as refreshing to meet as the Artemus Ward character who enjoyed boarding house hash because he knew what he was eating—and, we trust, just as rare. "He who does me once shame on him; he who does me twice, shame on me."

Those Favoring the District Municipality Should Speed Up!

Creston Board of Trade's representative is now at Victoria acquiring direct firsthand information as to the procedure followed in creating both district and village municipalities, and before returning the intention is for him to very definitely investigate all the angles of municipal administration in at least a couple of both these styles of local self-government.

The case in favor of both the village and district municipalities has been well stated, seemingly, if one may judge by the limited amount of outspoken opposition to self government that is so far manifest, and the best possible evidence that favorable consideration will be given either of the proposed forms of home rule is unmistakably manifest in the willingness of a small group of board of trade members to guarantee some considerable expense involved in sending a representative to assemble the no small amount of information requisite and necessary to enable those interested to pass intelligent judgment in such an important matter.

In connection with the enterprise of the townspeople who are pushing municipilization it is to be hoped that the farmers, who are desirous of seeing a district municipality come into being, will not get the idea that the board of trade committee intends to carry on to the extent of securing a showdown on both propositions now before the Valley citizenry. As the Review understands the move the board's intention is only to secure and present all the facts in connection with the two forms of self-government. When these are submitted, should the situation warrant, it is quite certain a push will be made to have a village created—and not very much time will intervene between the submission of the delegate's report and the start at circulating village incorporation petitions.

We make this quite clear for the benefit of those who favor the district organization. Mr. Edmondson has made out a very strong case for the bigger self-governing area and much of the rural opinion seems to favor it, but that is about as far as the matter has got. District municipilization is much like the weather; everybody is talking about it but no one is doing anything about it. Those partizan to village rule are quite willing to consider going into the larger governing project but they have absolutely no intention of canvassing the rural parts for an expression of opinion, nor of waiting very long for some definite move in the same direction to be made by those who profess friendship for the Valley-wide incorporation.

School estimates for 1924 at Kaslo total $13,441.

We have no Sale on

--but

will meet all Competition

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY
LIMITED

OGILVIE Goods are dependable

OGILVIE'S
CALF MEAL
50-lb. Sacks

A correctly balanced ration that takes the place of milk. We have no hesitation in recommending it because several of our customers have tried it out and they tell us they never saw a calf feed to equal it. A generous supply of it came in our last car.

Jacksons

GRAND THEATRE
Saturday, MARCH 1

M. WINCH
Carpenter and Cabinet Maker
[Late of H.M. Workshops]
WORKSHOP: Park Ave., CRESTON
P.O. Box 85

For
Pianoforte, Organ and Singing Lessons
Apply
ARTHUR COLLIS, Creston
P.O. Box 76

BOOK YOUR PASSAGE
EARLY
FOR THE
British Empire Exhibition

and Ensure the Accommodation You Wish.
CANADIAN PACIFIC
Agents will gladly make Reservations, arrange Passports and give full information.
Direct Through Train Service
ASK YOUR AGENT TO DAY
CANADIAN PACIFIC

No. 1, 4-inch
SHIPLAP
at
$15.00
per M.
AT THE MILL.

Canyon City Lumber Company, Ltd.

Creston Bakery

Moir and Neilson
Chocolates
None better
Few as good

A. B. NORRIS

DO YOU PREPARE?

Do you prepare for the unexpected cuts or bruises, and other minor ailments occuring daily?

Give your medicine chest the once over. Now is the time to stock up on

Lint, Gauze Bandages, Absorbent Cotton, Acid Boric, Epsom Salts Iodine, Peroxide, Etc.

We stock only the best, and invite your inspection. Remember we are here to serve you.

BEATTIE-OATWAY, Ltd.
Druggists & Stationers

SATURDAY & MONDAY SPECIAL

English
Ginghams
at
25c. yd.

There is much talk about ratines, basket weaves, voiles, etc., but as usual there is much doing about Ginghams. Crisp forerunners of spring, casting shadows of clever wash costumes before them. For Saturday and Monday we offer a very superior quality English Gingham in a great variety of patterns—checks, stripes, and just everything—colorful Ginghams for house frocks, children's frocks, etc.

MAWSON
Better Service BROTHERS Lower Prices

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation, and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emptions is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes, and which is not timberland, i.e., carrying over 5,000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range and 8,000 feet per acre east of that Range.

Applications for pre-emptions are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division, in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emptions must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres, before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is $5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land $2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

Mill, factory, or industrial sites on timber land, not exceeding 40 acres, may be purchased or leased, the conditions including payment of stumpage.

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Trail trustees are asking the council to strike a tax rate this year that will realize $60,000 for school purposes.

The Kootenaian is most emphatic in denying the existence of even a single case of scarlet fever at Kaslo.

Joe Walkley, who has a small farm near Cranbrook, had fourteen sheep killed by dogs one evening last week.

Because he has pulled out an acre and a half of trees A. E. Kay, a Penticton grower, had his assessment cut $800.

To take care of increased school expenses this year Cranbrook tax rate will probably have to be raised two or three mills.

In order to keep the youth of Kaslo somewhat better under control the council will introduce the curfew bell next month.

A brass horn over three feet in height and weighing about 30 pounds has just been added to the equipment of Grand Forks band.

Wednesday afternoon dog races financed by the business men are making winter life pleasant for Cranbrook youngsters this year.

Rossland ratepayers have just carried the necessary by law authorizing the borrowing of $14,000 to improve the town waterworks system.

At Cranbrook the C.P.R. has been given a 10 per cent. cut in its assessment, which will deprive the town of about $500 of taxes this year.

Penticton is petitioning the federal authorities for a new postoffice building. Trail and Revelstoke would like new buildings of this sort, too.

In order to help hospital financing the mayor and four councillors at Penticton have each donated $50 of their 1924 salaries to that institution.

Rossland citizens are going to bed thirsty these nights. Owing to a leak in the main, or other cause, the water supply is short, and is shut off every night.

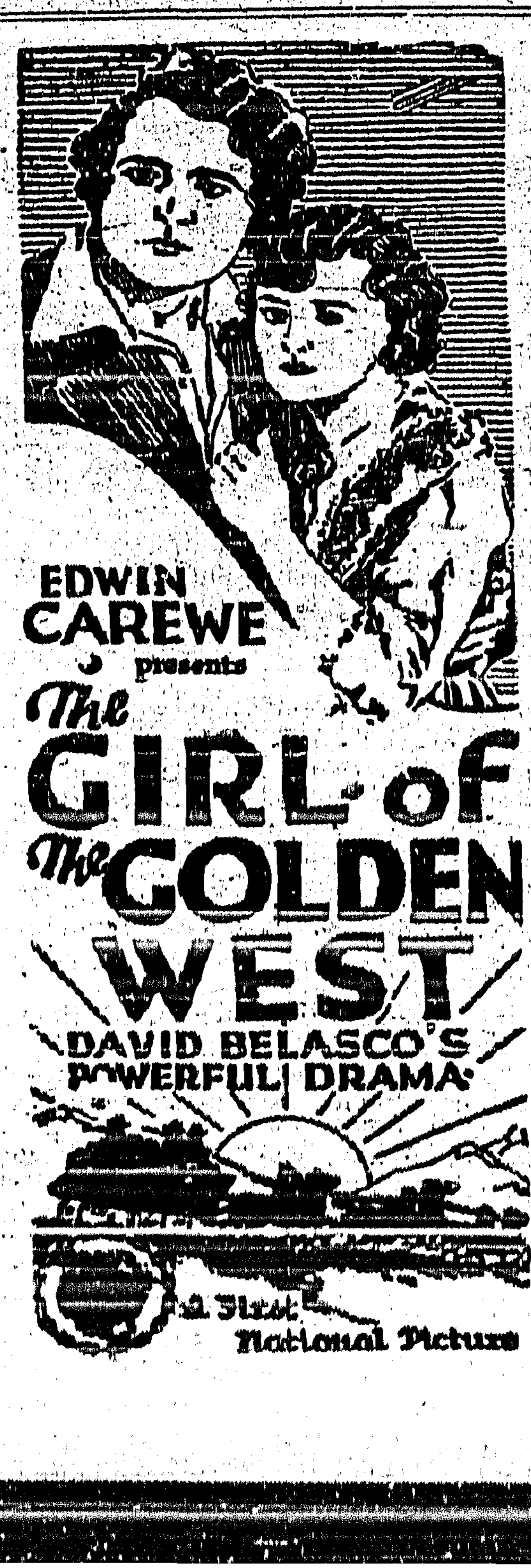
Still another garage is being opened in Cranbrook, the latest greaseneck being S. W. Wilson of Regina. This makes a total of five auto repair establishments in that town.

The Cranbrook Courier estimates that there are 700 lumberjacks on strike in East Kootenay, and that the time lost so far has meant a loss of $400,000 to the idle men.

President Howe of the Associated Growers believes that the best results in marketing apples will be obtained by eliminating the "Extra Fancy" grade almost completely.

Summerland claims to have the best assortment for assembling mixed cars of any point in the Okanagan. There is no excess of tomatoes, crabapples, plums, prunes or peaches.

GRAND THEATRE
Saturday, MARCH 1



Optimism is demanded of the citizens by the Herald due to the fact that boat and train travel out of Penticton is as good as usual so far this year.

According to the Herald the Penticton growers are looking for a nett return on apples sold through the Associated of 28 cents on crates and 50 cents a box on wrapped fruit.

The Associated Growers of B.C. expects to have all the 1923 apples sold by the end of February, and pools closed and final payments made all growers by the middle of March.

While the tenants, along with most all other citizens of the town were at a hockey match last week three residences in Rossland were burned to the ground. They were worth about $3000 each.

The News reports that the grain feeding of pheasants and quail this winter in the Okanagan, due to the excessive snow and cold, has been the means of saving the lives of many of these birds.

$46,000 is required for school purposes this year at Penticton, of which almost $40,000 goes to salaries. The government grant is $10,000 on salaries, and another $2000 will come out of the liquor grant.

Penticton citizens appear to have been almost as cheerful this January as was the case for the same month a year ago. At least the 1924 consumption of electric light was only 1.25 per cent. less than in 1923.

At Penticton the merchants are peeved at the site selected by the council for the tourist camp site, and are now threatening to raise funds and put in one of their own at a spot closer to the business area.

The Associated Growers claim to have sold almost 2000 cars of apples at prairie points last season. 627 cars were sent to England, and 108 cars to foreign markets. About 1000 cars of vegetables were also handled.

Pie eating contests for boys and girls are features of free moving picture shows being given occasionally by the merchants of Cranbrook. According to the Courier the best time recorded so far was made by a youth demolish ing pastry filled with Creston apples.

Kitchener

Mr. Hulbert, who is visiting with Mr. Fransen, was a weekend visitor at Cranbrook.

Kitchener Timber Company, Limited, plant and limits are advertised for sale and it is expected a speedy sale will be made and operations resumed very shortly.

Mrs. Bentley and daughter, Betty, of Creston, were visitors here for a few days last week.

The mills in and around Kitchener are all running. Teams are busy hauling and a big push made to finish logging before the snow disappears.

H. McLaren provincial police from Creston, was a Kitchener caller a few days this week.

Dr. Henderson of Creston was called here on Sunday, due to the serious illness of H. Hughes.

Alice Siding

Miss Teresa Churchill, who has been visiting in Spokane for some weeks past, arrived home at the end of the week.

Miss Elva Kelly left on Monday for Porthill, where she expects to remain for some weeks.

Elroy Jackson, who has been working at Arrow Creek all winter, has returned home, operations having ceased for the time being.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Dixon are to have charge of the Rose ranch this year, and are expecting to move into the house with their family before the end of the month.

J. W. Vaness, who has been working at Kimberley the past few months, returned at the end of the week.

Bert Davies of Fernie was a visitor here this week with his father, good roads foreman Davies, who is occupying Mrs. Stace Smith's house for the winter.

One of the best at homes of the season was the Social Club meeting on the 15th at the Todd ranch. There was an exceptionally large turnout and everything went with a swing all evening.

A considerable portion of the adult and juvenile population of Alice Siding were in evidence at the school hill one afternoon last week when the traction engine in charge of Fred Browell, and which he was taking from Canyon to Lizard Creek, went down into a soft spot on the hill road almost to the halfway mark of the boiler. After a few hours work with teams and the push of all hands that could get handholds on the engine it was safely extracted and proceeded on its journey.

Anglican Church Services

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 24
CRESTON
7.30 p.m.

MRS. J. A. P. CROMPTON
1st Class Honors L.S.M.
PIANO LESSONS
Advanced Pupils only

J. A. P. CROMPTON
Singing Lessons. Piano Tuning.

Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 2095

Meets THIRD THURSDAY of each month at Mercantile Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

ERIC OLSON, W.M.

RED HEIFER ESTRAY

Came to the premises of the undersigned on or about November 1st, 1923, one red heifer, some white, coming two years old. Owner can have same on proving property and paying all expenses. A. E. JEFFERSON, Creston.

Shoe and Harness Repairing

New Stock of Harness

Second Hand Store in connection

A. Mirabelli
Shoe and Harness Repairing

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.
MEAT MERCHANTS

TRY OUR
SHAMROCK PORK SAUSAGE
An economical dish, easy to serve.
Shamrock Brand HAM, BACON and LARD
GLENDALE CREAMERY BUTTER
Government graded, highest quality.
FRESH and CURED FISH
all varieties.
Choicest BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB
BURNS' IDEAL POULTRY FOOD
increases egg production and produces better poultry. Buy the best.

Foreign Exchange

Those having dealings with foreign countries will find it advantageous to negotiate their drafts and bills of exchange through the Imperial Bank. This Bank can always procure the closest possible rates of exchange.

IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA
CRESTON BRANCH,
C. W. ALLAN, Manager.

Your Ambition
whatever it may be, will be more easily achieved if you have created a strong ally in the shape of a Savings Bank balance.

It gives courage in present difficulties and confidence for the future.
No beginning is too small and no aim too high.
Open an account to-day.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
Capital Paid Up $20,000,000
Reserve Fund $20,000,000
Creston Branch - - C. G. Bennett, Manager

Hot Air
Steam
and
Hot Water
Heating

Sheet Metal Work. A good stock of Pipe and Pipe Fittings on hand.

E. W. RYCKMAN, --Creston

RED ROSE COFFEE

For particular people

Has a sparkling clearness and a smooth richness, for all the chaff and dust is removed by our special process. 1C

Solving Canadian Problems

Entering a new year the people of Canada, while rejoicing in their great national heritage, may well give more intensive thought and study to national problems and their solution than ever before. Every young nation has gigantic problems to meet, and by reason of Canada's geographical conditions the difficulties to contend against are immeasurably greater than would otherwise be the case. Nevertheless, Canadians are a virile, progressive people and undaunted in the face of all obstacles.

One problem requiring immediate and continuing attention is the reduction of debt. To debt reduction the Dominion, the Provinces, municipalities and individuals must give consideration. Before there can be debt reduction there must first be a stoppage to further debt increases. The average individual will be well advised if he refrains from going any deeper into debt during 1924 and strives with might and main to reduce present indebtedness as much and as rapidly as possible. Municipalities, the Provinces and the Dominion should all balance their budgets, not by imposing additional taxation, but through the adoption of very necessary economies. Certain capital expenditures will, of course, be necessary, but these should be restricted to revenue producing services and the encouragement of production of new wealth through the development of natural resources.

An example of what can and ought to be done is furnished by the present management of the Canadian National Railways. In 1921 the C.N.R. had an operating profit of only three million dollars which did not go very far towards meeting its interest charges. Last year the C.N.R. increased its operating surplus to $18,000,000 or more, and while this did not meet interest charges in full, it did materially reduce the deficit to be met by the country at large.

How was it accomplished? By larger earnings through increased traffic and the development of productive services, but also through a very gratifying reduction in operating expenses resulting from good management, the elimination of waste, and sound economies. For example, gross earnings of the C.N.R. last November increased by $689,578 over November, 1921, but operating expenses were decreased by almost two million dollars, resulting in a net operating surplus of $4,581,318, an increase of 135 per cent. over the corresponding month of 1921. Sir Henry Thornton anticipates an operating surplus this year, if nothing untoward happens, of $30,000,000 and he predicts that by the end of 1925 the C.N.R. will cease to be a burden on the Dominion treasury.

Another problem to be tackled by Canadians, individually and collectively, is to make Canada a more self-contained and self-supporting country. To solve not only our transportation problem, but other economic weaknesses, it should be the aim of Canadians to develop our own natural resources to a far greater extent and thereby create a larger internal trade. Alberta, for example, possesses 15 per cent. of the coal of the world, yet Canada annually imports hundreds of millions of dollars worth of coal. Ontario, north of the Great Lakes, has enormous reserves of iron ore, yet imports her requirements from the United States and Newfoundland. Canada's adverse balance of trade with the United States is not made up of manufactured goods, as some people would have us believe, but is made up of raw and semi-manufactured materials which Canada can and should produce for herself, providing employment for countless thousands of people and creating that increased volume of internal traffic upon which the ultimate and permanent success of our railways so largely depends.

Suppose Alberta coal was carried by the railways at actual cost to Ontario, or even at a loss, would not the final result be great gain for the railways? Largely increased production of Alberta coal would lower costs of production at the mines to the benefit of all consumers, would enormously increase employment, add to population, increased carrying of coal would tend to lower railway operating costs, hundreds of millions of dollars poured into Alberta instead of into the United States would bring an era of prosperity and development there which would mean increased business for Ontario and all Canada, and increased traffic for the railways. Ontario would get back every dollar she spent for Alberta coal but which is now lost to the State of Pennsylvania.

A more scientific development of Canada's natural resources and statesmanlike vision in the development of internal trade within Canada would soon attract that larger population the Dominion so badly needs, and without huge expenditures on immigration. Canada is spending money on immigration and on trade commissioners abroad to develop our export trade, and this is good business. But it would be equally good, indeed better business, to expend a few millions on developing trade within Canada in our own products, making the resources of one section of the Dominion available in other sections lacking such materials, and overcoming as far as humanly possible the obstacles which result from the geographical formation of Canada.

Used After Shaving Keeps Skin Soft and Smooth

Many men suffer from irritation of the skin as a result of shaving. With some it assumes a form of eczema and becomes most annoying and unsightly. By applying a little of Dr. Chase's Ointment after shaving the irritation is overcome and Barber's Itch and Eczema are prevented or relieved.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

60c Centsa box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

The Nation's Highway

Motor Car Proves to be a Great Method of Education

I doubt if the people in general realize the great importance of the motor car, or its contributions to human welfare. The motor car has raised the people and has given them a new outlook on life. It is very difficult to conceive any longer a shut-in popuiation. The motor car affords an opportunity to travel about the country seeing cities and sections that probably would not otherwise have been seen had it not been for the advance of this industry. It is a great method of education. To experience its great fulfillment the motor industry must be provided with good roads. It is necessary also that reasonable rules and regulations be made and care taken that safety to the greatest possible extent may be preserved.—Calvin Coolidge.

His Flesh Horribly Burnt

His druggist sold him a cheap Acid corn remedy, instead of giving him good old reliable Putnam's Corn Extractor which has been for fifty years the Standard remover of corns and warts. "Putnam's" never fails, it is always a success. 25c everywhere. Refuse a substitute.

Phenomenal Yield

A late report of record-breaking crop returns comes from the Maidstone, Sask., district where Rowlin Bros. sowed eight acres of oats for green feed. They threshed the crop, which yielded 125 bushels to the acre, and weighed 40 lbs. to the bushel.

IN THE SHADOW OF POOR HEALTH

In This Condition Relief Comes Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the shadow of poor health falls upon you; when hope fades and life itself seems scarcely worth living, then is the time you should remember that thousands just as hopeless as you feel, have been restored to the sunshine of health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The rich red blood which these pills actually make, strengthens the whole system. The nerves are strengthened, headaches vanish, the appetite improves, and once again there is joy in life. Among the thousands benefited by the use of this medicine is Mrs. Jos. Robinson, Oshawa, who says:—"Some time ago I was in an anaemic condition and so weak I would faint away at times. I had no appetite, could not do my housework; in fact life seemed scarcely worth living. I was exceedingly pale and tried doctor's medicine with no good result. Then one day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended for a similar condition and I got a supply. I continued taking the pills until I had used about a dozen boxes, and they have made me a well woman. I can now do a good day's work about the house, have no more fainting spells and can go about more actively than I did before. I believe these pills just the thing for pale, weak girls and women, and if given a fair trial will do for them what they have done for me."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Saskatchewan Crop

The value of Saskatchewan crop for 1923 is placed at $276,844,650, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Of this amount wheat contributed $189,466,500; oats, $56,985,600; barley, $7,620,800; rye, $4,693,500; and flax, $9,168,250.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

Sodium Sulphate

Prospects Are Bright for Development of Deposits in Saskatchewan

Progress and bright prospects in the development of sodium sulphate in Saskatchewan, is reported by the Bureau of Labor and Industries. Sodium sulphate recovered from Saskatchewan deposits is now being used in the manufacture of glass at Redcliffe, and six deposits so far have been investigated by the Federal Department of Mines. Other deposits not yet investigated by the department number close to ninety.

The man with the narrow mind usually makes up for it in the length of his arguments.

Half a loaf's better than no bread but half the truth is often worse than a whole lie.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

Natural Resources Bulletin

Liquid Condensate from Natural Gas Important Article of Commerce

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

When natural gas was first struck in Pennsylvania and Ohio, they were already two of the most populous and enterprising states in the Union. A very different condition exists in East Central and Northwest Alberta where already the flow of a large supply of gas is assured, but the field of usefulness limited.

The ideal way to utilize natural gas is for domestic heating, lighting and cooking, and as a fuel in the development of power for manufacturing plants. But before this can be done there must exist both the population and the factories within a reasonable distance, say 100 miles, to consume sufficient gas and to pay a price high enough to wararnt the operation of the field and the investment requisite to the laying of the pipe line.

If, however, there is nothing to be done at present in this direction, and the gas is to be utilized, the manufacture of commodities for which there is a continuous demand, such as gasoline and carbon-black, is the next best thing. Twenty years ago it was the common experience both in the Pittsburg and the Ontario gas well district, that in the cold weather when a good flow of gas was required the presence of a liquid condensate that accumulated in the low places on the pipe line, interfered with the steady flow, and necessitated pumping out or draining at intervals. Nobody realized then that in a few years' time this liquid would become an important article of commerce, and would add millions of dollars to the income of the natural gas producers.

Since 1904 various processes for obtaining gasoline from natural gas have been in operation, the object being to extract it at the wells before entering the pipe line. Improvements have continually been made, and in a properly designed and carefully operated plant it is now possible to recover from 87 to 95 per cent. of the gasoline contained in the gas.

Grand Championship

Black Lorraine, owned by the University of Saskatchewan, was awarded the reserve grand championship for Percheron mares at the Toronto Royal Stock Show, held recently. The university also secured the reserve grand championship of the steer class with Linda Gray Lad, a pure-bred Hereford steer.

Time has Tested it.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Montreal Maintains Lead

Grain handled at the port of Montreal in 1923, totalled 120,013,933 bushels, the largest amount shipped through any port in North America during the year. Montreal thus maintains, for the third successive year, her position as the leading grain exporting seaport on the continent.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

The Cunard Company announces that the Coronia and the Carmania, which are to be transferred to the St. Lawrence route in April next, will be converted from coal to oil burners.

New Markets for Canadian Grains

Canadian Grain Shipped From Vancouver to South American Ports

New markets for Canadian grain continue to appear. A steamer will load at Vancouver shortly with 4,300 tons for Brazil, which it is expected will be the forerunner of a number to be sent to the South American country. Anotner steamer will load one thousand tons of grain for the west coast of South America. Recently Mexico made its first purchase in Vancouver of a small shipment of wheat.

NO MORE WEAK and DIZZY SPELLS Since She Used MILBURN'S Heart and Nerve Pills

Miss Bertha Charrette, Regina, Sask., writes:—"I have had a lot of trouble lately, with what I thought was heart trouble, and after any unusual exertion I always felt sick.

My doctor advised a complete rest and change, but this I was unable to take.

I became interested in Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so started taking them. I have now taken three boxes and am so much improved I can go about my daily work without feeling any after ill effects, and have not had any weak or dizzy spells for some time. Your medicine has done me more good than anything I have ever taken, and I will gladly recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to any woman who is weak and run down."

Price 50c per box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Vitamines

Are food substances which are necessary to keep the body in good health. The following are the most important foods which contain vitamines: Cabbage, beans, lettuce, spinach, apples, tomatoes, oatmeal, cornmeal, whole wheat, pure milk, eggs, oranges. Eat one or more of these foods at every meal, advises the Canadian National Safety League in a recent health bulletin.

Dragged Down by Asthma. The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

Youthful Immigrants

That 50,000 'teen age boys will be brought to Canada in 1924, is the expectation of Major M. J. O'Brien, representing the British Immigration and Colonization Association. He stated that after sufficient training, these boys could be given farms of their own, and the vast areas of Northern Ontario could be filled with desirable settlers.

For Catarrh.—It is one of the chief recommendations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil that it can be used internally with as much success as it can outwardly. Sufferers from catarrh will find that the Oil when used according to directions will give prompt relief. Many sufferers from this ailment have found relief in the Oil and have sent testimonials.

It is said that a fool and his money are soon parted, and yet lots of fools keep right on accumulating wealth.

The man who doesn't talk has less repenting to do than the garrulous individual.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

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Plan To Secure Suitable Agricultural Employment For Immigrants From Overseas

The Minister of Immigration has decided to use the organization of the Soldier Settlement Board for the purpose of securing suitable agricultural employment for immigrants who arrive in this country in future.

On the instructions of the department, the board has now commenced a definite survey of all provinces, for the purpose of securing the names of farmers who are likely to desire farm help in the spring. These farmers will be invited to submit applications for farm help. The applications will be tabulated, the information thus obtained being furnished to the immigration authorities overseas in order that the flow of agricultural help may be regulated and directed to the districts in which it is required.

The board has also been given the duty of receiving and distributing this immigrant farm help on its arrival in the spring. In order that this may be done, advices will be forwarded from overseas of the names, destinations and dates of sailing of agricultural immigrants. These immigrants will be met on arrival by immigration officials and directed to the districts which are most suited to the immigrant's requirements and capabilities. On arrival in that district, they will be met by the board's officials and directed to the positions selected for them.

The work of securing positions has already been commenced by the Regina district office of the Soldier Settlement Board. The field staff of the board are now employed in securing the names of farmers who are expected to require farm help in the spring. These farmers, in addition to the farmers whose names are already on record, are being invited to forward applications for farm help to the local field supervisors of the board, who are stationed at various centres throughout the province.

In view of the hearty response which was given to similar work which was undertaken on behalf of British harvesters, it is anticipated that a large number of applications will be received. Any farmers wishing to secure experience or inexperienced farm laborers should make early application, in order that their requirements may be filled. It is the intention of the department to bring from overseas agricultural workers for every suitable opening which is listed in sufficient time for the necessary arrangements to be made.

A Plain Commoner

Princess Mary's Son Not a Prince of the Royal Blood

Ever since Princess Mary's son and heir came into the world last winter there has been much speculation as to whether he is a plain commoner or a prince of the royal blood. But the speculation is ended, and Great Britain now knows the King's grandson is not a price of the royal blood but simply the Hon. Henry Hubert Lascelles, or "Master Lascelles" for short.

This decisive information is conveyed by the 1924 Debrett, the unquestioned guide to the genealogy of royalty and the aristocracy of the kingdom.

The new issue says that a royal warrant debars young Lascelles from being a royal prince. The warrant asserts that none but children of the sons of sovereign and "the eldest living son of the Prince of Wales shall have and hold the style, title and attribute of royal highness, with titular dignity of prince and princess."

The warrant does not mention grand children of the King, who may be children of the monarch's daughters.

Fresh Water Pearl Fishery

A fresh water pearl fishery is one of the hitherto unsuspected treasures of France, according to a communication made by M. Henneguy, to the Academy of Sciences. He reported a discovery in the centre of France of fresh water mussles that produce pearls comparing favorably in color and brilliance with the best efforts of the oyster.

The first determination of the velocity of light was made by Romer in 1676.

W. N. U. 1505

Conversations of the Great

Even Great People Sometimes Discuss Trivialities

What do the great talk about?

In Mr. J. A. Spender's recently published life of Campbell-Bannerman there is a passage which sheds an amusing sidelight upon that oft-asked question. It was at a time when it seemed as though England might go to war with Rusisa. And so when Campbell-Bannerman was snapped talking to King Edward in the gardens of Buckingham Palace the London newspapers all featured the picture under the interrogatory caption: "Peace or War?"

Next morning Campbell-Bannerman looked at the picture, smiled, and said to his private secretary: "Do you know what he was saying to me? He was asking me whether I thought halibut was better boiled than baked."—Ottawa Journal.

The Future Citizens

Boys and Girls Who Have an Appreciation of the Value of Time and Money

The best citizens of the future, those who will be most competent to look out for themselves and to serve others, are the boys and girls who now have an appreciation of the value of time and money; whose taste for good reading has been cultivated; who are taught the resources of the public library; who have been shown how to discriminate in associations, and whose championships have been tactfully directed by discerning parents; whose taste for entertainment has not been suppressed, but gratified along wholesome lines.—Kansas City Times.

No Hitch In Plans

Canadian National Acquires Hotel Scribe for Offices in Paris

Regarding assertions made recently in Canada that a hitch had occurred in the negotiations for acquisition by the Canadian National Railways of Hotel Scribe in Paris for office accommodations, the Canadian Press learns that there is no dissatisfaction whatever on the part of the railway officials in Paris. It has resolved itself into a question of leasing accommodation for 20 years, or buying.

The railway company was unable to rent space at the time under acceptable conditions, and consequently decided to buy.

For the convenience of the management the building is being incorporated under French company laws.

WESTERN EDITORS

F. W. Galbraith, Editor of The Advocate, Red Deer, Alberta.

Gold and Cobalt

Major Portion of World's Cobalt Supply Comes from Ontario Mines

Revised statistics issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics show that the production of gold for 1922 attained the high total of 1,263,364 fine ounces, the highest figure reached since 1909 when the Yukon placers reached the peak of their production. The year's production was valued at $26,116,050. Almost four-fifths of the total production, valued at $20,678,862, was produced by Ontario mines and placers; British Columbia taking second place with nearly four-fifths of the remainder.

The major portion of the world's supply of cobalt for almost two decades has been derived from the silver-cobalt-nickel arsenides of the Cobalt district of Ontario. The year's cobalt production was 569,960 pounds which if the average New York quotation of $3.25 per pound were taken would be worth $1,852,370. This estimate, however, has reference to the cobalt content of the ores mined and not to the output of metallic cobalt from Canadian smelters. Cobalt residues were exported for treatment which yielded 173,211 pounds of metallic cobalt but more than half the production was marketed in the form of oxide.

Salmon Worth $10,000,000

The total pack of canned salmon for British Columbia 1923 season will give the packers more than $10,000,000, if all the cases are marketed at the ruling prices.

An elephant cannot see an object outlined against the sky at more than thirty yards.

Shown That High Grade Fuel Can Be Made By Briquetting Saskatchewan Lignite Coal

Farmers Crop Profitable

Eight Per Cent. Cash Dividend Declared by Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.

An eight per cent. cash dividend was announced at the 13th annual general meeting of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company recently. The financial report showed a net profit of $442,212.25. Out of the net profit $137,496 was taken for the dividend, $152,358.27 was placed to the elevator reserve account and a similar amount to general reserve account, the former now standing at $1,765,975.73, an increase of $243,695.11, and the latter at $412,814.70, an advance of $152,358.28 over last year.

The company's assets are $7,376,814.95; share capital subscribed $3,878,500, of which $1,719,952.50 is paid up. The company handled a total of 42,880,825 bushels of grain, as compared with 37,335,000 bushels the preceding year.

The company, which is a farmers' organization, has three subsidiary companies—the Saskatchewan Co-operative Export Company, James Stewart and Company, Ltd., and the James Stewart Grain Corporation, New York.

Bird Collector Murdered

New Guinea Savages Killed Victim and Ate the Body

George Penrose, an Australian bird collector, has been murdered by savages in New Guinea under dramatic circumstances. Hostile natives attacked and speared Penrose and two natives who were with him, and seven other members of the party were injured before they escaped. The attackers were from a strange tribe never before reported by white men. The savages promptly ate the bodies of the men they killed.

The Conspiracy of Noise

Numerous agencies in modern life seem to be in league against quiet. Outside on these evenings the rushing automobiles with the screeching sirens, the clanging trolley car, inside the music box emitting jazz, the radio bringing the hum and roar of the air, with now and again a human voice in speech or song coming from afar. All are in conspiracy against quiet.—Albany Knickerbocker Press.

Deaths from lack of food in Berlin during 1922 and the first ten months of the present year numbered 103, according to official statistics.

"It has been demonstrated that a very high grade fuel can be made out of carbonized lignite."

This was the comment made by J. M. Leamy, one of the members of the Lignite Utilization Board, on a newspaper dispatch from North Portal, Sask., stating that two cars of lignite coal shipped from the board's plant at Bientfait, Sask., to Hebron, N.D., for experimental purposes had re-entered Canada in briquette form, and that from all appearances the experiment had been a success.

Mr. Leamy stated that progress reports he had received spoke of the quality of the briquettes in the highest terms. The briquettes will likely be distributed in Ottawa and Regina, he said.

Manitoba joined with Saskatchewan and the Dominion Government in establishing and carrying on the plant at Bienfait, but last summer the Bracken Government announced it had decided to discontinue financial support. The withdrawal of Manitoba left the question of funds in the air, and not having finances to put the briquetting plant in shape, sent some of the carbonized material that had accumulated to Hebron for treatment at Dean Babcock's plant.

Mr. Leamy stated the only reason for the briquetting being done at Hebron was a financial one, and that the conversion of carbonized lignite into fuel in the form of briquettes could be done at the board's own briquetting plant if this were put in operation.

"The members of the board were satisfied with the work which has been done at Bienfait, and I have no doubt the further demonstration at Hebron has been successful in every way," said Mr. Leamy.

Food Situation In Germany

Germany Has Made It Hard to Feed Her Own People

According to Secretary Hoover's agent in Germany three disturbing factors enter into the food situation in that country. One is the inability of the government or of private firms to finance the usual margin of food imports. Another is the breakdown of the currency which has interrupted the disribution of domestic food supplies. The third is unemployment, which has decreased the ability of large classes to buy food.

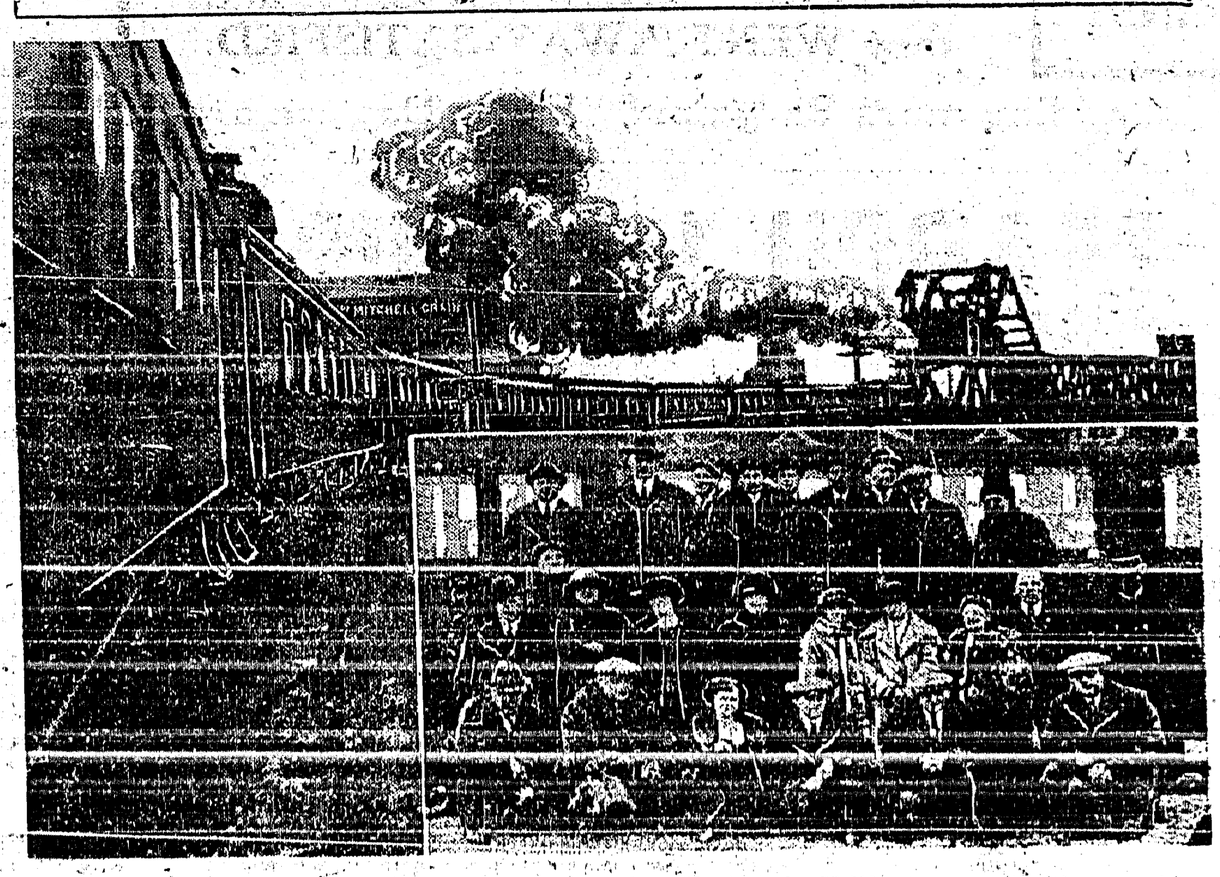
It is only the bare truth to say that all these troubles were inflicted upon the German people by their government. The German harvest this year was above the average. Nine and a half million tons of bread grains were produced, compared with seven million tons last year. The potato crop fell off from forty-one million tons to thirty millions and the sugar crop from 1,450,000 tons to 1,200,000. But Mr. Hoover's representative notes "a considerable use of potatoes for industrial purposes," which indicates that there is little real fear of a scarcity in that staple.

Germany always has been short of meats, fats and dairy products. She hopes to import, as usual, 700,000 tons of fats, vegetable oils and seeds and probably 50,000,000 bushels of grains. But these wants are normal and were indicated long ago.

What did the German Government do to anticipate them? It has wrecked the mark in order to finance the grotesque campaign of "passive resistance" in the Ruhr and the Rhineland. It has deliberately created "unemployment" by paying hundreds of thousands of able-bodied workmen not to work. It has driven the farmer into refusing to sell his products to the city dwellers, because payment can be made to him only in worthless paper. The currency swindle and a year of voluntary avoidance of labor in the occupied territory have brought the German people to the point at which they think they may not be able to feed themselves, and at which they do not hesitate to ask the authorization of a foreign food loan by the Reparation Commission.

After antagonizing the commission for twelve months and accusing it of trying to starve the Reich, the German leaders now plead for help to save their people from the consequences of their own bad leadership and obduracy. It is a characteristic [illegible]. New York Tribune.

CHRISTMAS AMID OLD HOMELAND SCENES



The second Canadian National Railways train leaving Winnipeg for Halifax to connect with steamships sailing for United Kingdom ports. Several hundred Western Canadians took advantage of the special rates and special trains arranged by the Canadian National, which allowed them to leave Winnipeg as late as December 17 and yet reach Britain in time for Christmas. This is a group of Edmonton people aboard the second tourist special [illegible]

Local and Personal

FOR SALE—Team disc, $35. Jas. H. Carr.

Miss Dobbin of Invermere is a Creston visitor this week, the guest of Mrs. C. G. Bennett.

Capt. and Mrs. Crompton and son, Frank, were Friday to Sunday visitors with Nelson friends.

Rev. J. A. James is at Nelson this week for the spring meeting of the Presbytery of Kootenay.

W. Speers arrived on Thursday from Cranbrook, for a visit with his son, S. A. and Mrs. Speers.

Mrs. Jessie Lewis, teacher of piano forte, Royal Academy of Music, London, Lamont Bldg., Creston.

Mrs. Fred Benham left last week on a visit to her husband, who is at present working at Kellogg, Idaho.

HAY FOR SALE—Quantity of No 1 timothy hay, price reasonable. E. Nouguier, (Canyon). Erickson P.O.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains! until March 1st at S. A. Speers greater sale. Buy now. The profits are all yours.

WANTED—Milch cow, fresh or due to freshen soon, Jersey or Jersey-Holstein preferred. W. K. Beard, Lister.

S. A. Speers store will continue to hold sale prices on all dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, etc., for one week longer.

Mrs. Crosthwait and Mrs. Hayes will give a Ladies' Guild of Christ Church silver tea at the home of Mrs. Hayes on Saturday afternoon, March 1st, from 2.30 to 5.30.

TENDERS FOR WOOD

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up till Tuesday, February 26th, 1924, for 20 cord of four foot green tamarac or fir for the Creston schools. Wood to be delivered not later than April 30th, 1924. Lowest or any render not necessarily accepted. For full particulars apply J. A. P. CROMPTON, Secretary-Treasurer, Creston.

Mrs. Mead, who has been at Porthill for some time past, returned to Creston at the end of the week.

Mrs. Jack Hayden and Mrs. Geo. Young were weekend visitors with Kitchener friends.

Mrs. Charles Moore left on Thursday for Nelson and Kaslo, where she will visit with friends for the next month.

The S. A. Speers store report Saturday, the opening day of their sale, to be the greatest selling of the store's history.

The Banff dance orchestra are billed to make their first 1924 appearance here on the night of the 26th, at the Grand theatre ballroom.

FOR SALE—Mahogany dressing table, Davenport, oak library table, child's iron cot, two cane bottom chairs. W. H. Kemp, Erickson.

Mrs. Angus Cameron and Miss Nellie Wilson were visitors with Nelson friends a few days the latter part of the week, returning on Sunday.

FOR SALE—Team of horses, milch cows, implements, household furniture. Leaving for Alberta and will sell everything. C. Olsen, Creston.

WANTED—By Mrs. Horoon, Porthill, girl to help with housework. For particulars apply Mrs. Corp. Smith, Creston, between 5 and 6 o'clock any afternoon.

Springlike weather conditions still codtinue in spite of the predictions of Foster and the local weather prognosticators that a cold snap would set in at the middle of the month. The nights are quite frosty.

The St Valentine dance in the Grand Theatre ballroom on Thursday night attracted a fine turnout. Coming as the first dance in at least six weeks, and with Creston orchestra playing at top form, the affair was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

Those who witnessed the production of the "Prisoner of Zenda" at the Grand a couple of months ago should be sure and see its companion picture, "Rupert of Hentzau," which is the attraction tomorrow night. It is the same type of enjoyable romance on wnich no expense has been spared in filming, and at popular prices should be seen by all movie lovers.

The Women's Institute whist tonight at the Parish Hall will start at 8.30 prompt, and after supper has been served the committee have arranged an appropriate concert programme. The admission is 50 cents.

Creston contributed four of the fifteen delegates from outside points at the Kootenay-Boundary W.M.S. conference at Cranbrook last week, at which Mrs. (Rev.) James was the unanimous choice for home helpers secretary.

PIGS FOR SALE—Yorkshire pigs eight weeks old, registered in good name, $12 with papers. Also 25 pure-bred Plymouth Rock hens, laying, and two roosters, $20. 200 egg incubator in good shape, $15. Geo. Davie, (Canyon) Erickson P.O.

A meeting of ladies interested in the organization of a Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star in Creston will be held at the Masonic Hall on Wednesday night, February 27th, at 8 o'clock. Those eligible to join are mothers, wives, sisters, daughters or stepdaughters of Master Masons in good standing.

The High School Literary Society are having their annual concert in the Grand Theatre on Tuesday night, March 4th. A unique and varied programme will be presented and the affair promises to be quite the best local talent production ever seen in Creston. Reserved seats are 75 cents, and general admission 50 cents.

The Agricultural Association directors are having their preliminary meeting at the secretary's office on Monday night to start planning for a bigger and better 1924 fall fair. The ladies sections of the prize list are under revision and next week we hope to be able to publish the items in needlework on which prizes will be offered.

L. W. Humphrey, M.P. for West Kootenay, is expected to make a day's stay at Creston en route to Ottawa for the 1924 session that is due to open about the end of February.

Major Mallandaine is a visitor at Victoria and other coast points this week—the board of trade delegate in quest of all the facts and figures in connection with municipilization.

GRAND THEATRE Saturday, FEB. 23

A Queen
A King
A Knave
and a Wonderfully Romantic Lover

are intensely interesting Characters in Sir Anthony Hope's

"Rupert of Hentzau"

The Most Wonderful Photoplay of the Year!

REGULAR PRICES

Sir Anthony Hope's
"RUPERT of HENTZAU"
A VICTOR HEERMAN PRODUCTION
The entire production under the personal supervision of
MYRON SELZNICK
SELZNICK PICTURES

Store Crowded, Packed to the Limit all day Saturday!

It is the Biggest Thing that has Happened in Years!
GET YOUR SHARE OF THE BARGAINS!

The sales absolutely Smashed all selling RECORDS. Never before in the history of the Creston district was there such a crowd of Eager BUYERS. THEY BOUGHT; and they WENT AWAY SATISFIED.

Every Single Article in this Great and Well Assorted Stock on sale at a SLASHED PRICE!

Every Day we are adding more Bargains! Every Day we are Selling more merchandise

UNTIL MARCH 1st THIS SALE GOES

We have decided to continue THIS GREAT SALE for ONE WEEK LONGER on all Dry goods, Boots and shoes, Rubbers, Men Suits, Mackinnws, Ladies and childrens wear.

THIS GREAT SALE IS THE LEADER OF THEM ALL

No Opposition! No Competition! Not a thing hurt but the price! Our High Standard of Quality maintained! It is a one-sided affair all in your favor! Buy all you need at PRICES YOU CAN AFFORD TO PAY!

S. A. SPEERS