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THE CRESTON REVIEW

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Rodgers' Planing Plant Operating

A very satisfactory start toward making Creston a payroll town was inaugurated on Thursday morning when operations were commenced in the planer section of the Chas. O. Rodgers box factory and planing mills, which has been erected on the Rodgers' siding leading into the town yard of the Canyon City Lumber Company, Limited.

At the present time with only the planers running and the erection of other machinery under way, about fifteen men are employed in the factory and yard, a start having to be made due to delivery being demanded of five cars of finished lumber which were on order from New York state customers. Insofar as it can be arranged the plant will be run to give steady employment to all employees, the box factory being operated when there is a falling off in the lumber demand.

A look over the plant and yard convinces that Mr. Rodgers has laid out the whole works with a view to efficient handling of both the raw and finished product. At the present about 40,000 feet of sawn lumber is coming in daily from the Rodgers portable mill at the Helme ranch, which is negotiating a daily cut of 15,000 feet, and the balance is coming from the Crawford & Henderson mill at Arrow Creek, which has sold its mixed lumber output of white and yellow pine, fir, larch and cedar to the Rodgers factory, and a start has been made at bringing a million and a quarter feet that is in the yards of the Canyon City Lumber Company, Ltd., at Canyon City. And, speaking of hauling reminds that Mr. Rodgers estimates that the present spell of good sleighing means a two-thirds larger haul per day than is possible on wheels.

The lumber that is to go into the planer immediately is unloaded right alongside the machine and can be fed direct from the pile. Coming from the planer the finished product is only handled three men to get it into the car ready for shipment. For the handling of considerable rough lumber that will have to be shipped in plans are made to put in a sorting chain onto which the lumber will be loaded direct and by an endless chain of about 100 feet will be carried along into the yard, being graded and piled in its respective lengths and grades from the sorting chain as it is carried along into the yard.

The boiler room of the plant is as near fireproof as it is possible to build. It is 16 x 36 feet and of concrete construction. There is a shaving bin 10 x 24 feet which takes care of the surplus shavings from the planer, the greater part of which are carried by an automatic feed pipe direct into the fire box under the boiler, largely obviating the need of employing a fireman. The extent of the boiler capacity will be gleaned from the fact that 5000 fire brick as well as 20,000 common brick were required to cover it.

The engine room is of similar construction with a size over all of 24 x 30 feet. An Erie engine of 120 h.p. capacity is used to drive the planer and box machinery, and in addition thert is an 18 h.p. engine which is used exclusively to operate the electric light plant which has a capacity of 350 50-watt lamps, with which the factory is lighted throughout.

In addition to electrically lighting the plant, the light is being extended to the office and residence, and for Saturday night's picture show it is expected the picture machine will also be run from the box factory electric plant. As there will be a considerable surplus of "juice" it is more than likely electric light will be offered the business section of the town to be installed in plenty of time for using next fall.

The planer in use is a Yates 91, and has a capacity of 240 feet per minute. The re-saw and rip saw, which are not yet erected, have 150 per minute capacity, the latter being the only bit of machinery out of the old Canyon mill that is being utilized. For the box factory the automatic cutoff, with a speed of 70 to the minute, is already here, as well as the tieing machine.

For the present, at any rate, the plant will cater to the dressed lumber trade. Insofar as supply will warrant Mr. Rodgers intends to retain the splendid selling connection he had with Canyon City Lumber Company, and after a careful survey of possible lumber supplies he is confident there is plenty of raw material profitably available to keep the present plant busy for many years.

The fruit box trade will be carefully looked after. The plant has every assurance of being able to turn out a superior box at a price that can meet any competition and with a steadily increasing demand locally as well as increasing fruit output at Kootenay Lake points box making is sure to make the new manufactory a hive of industry for at least three months in year, even with a daily capacity of approximately 4000 boxes.

With the commencement of operations is revealed the fact that Creston affords a good opening for an oldtime boarding house to give sleeping and eating accommodation to the men already employed. Some trouble is already experienced in this connection and every possible effort should be made to make sure that the workers are comfortably taken care of with meals available that will enable them to get to work on time morning and noon time.

Starting at a time when the town is feeling the effects of the readjustment of the fruit industry the box factory payroll will help much in increasing all lines of mercantile trade and, indirectly, at any rate, benefit most everyone in town. This is a good start for 1924, and gives Creston an industry everyone can boost for and should have all the local business in this line that Creston Valley has to give.

1924 Fall Fair Officers Elected

A majority of the 1923 directors and a spinkling of last year's exhibitors were out for the annual meeting of Creston Valley Argricultural Association which, in the unavoidable absence of President Major Mallandaine, who was on the sick list, and secretary Victor Mawson, was taken charge of by the vice-president, C. F. Hayes, with C. G. Bennett acting as secretary.

After the minutes of the last annual meeting had been read and adopted, the president's address was read by the secretary. The address dealt with all the essential features of the association's effort the past year, recalling that although during the months preceding the exhibition it appeared very doubtful that a fair could be successfully staged, yet the exhibition had been put on in creditable fashion and had closed its books with all the direct expenses met and a surplus of $64 was shown. While the number of entries showed a marked falling off, in other directions the fair was as much appreciated as any of its predecessors, the special outdoor attractions provided helping entertain the crowd splendidly.

Although the 1923 fair was spread over an extra day and certainly on the closing day the turnout seemed to break all previous records, the treasurer's statement shows that the gate receipts last year were almost $50 less than the year previous. The falling off in entries of at least 35 per cent. brought with it very little reduction in the amount of prize money paid the figures for the two years being as follows: 1922, $423; 1923, $378.

The election of directors resulted in the following gentlemen being chosen to handle this year's exhibition: Sam Moon, Wynndel; Lewis Littlejohn, Erickson; Hilton Young, Canyon City; Col. Fred Lister, M.P.P., Lister; C. W. Allan, C. G. Bennett, R. S. Bevan, C. F. Hayes, Geo. Johnson, Major Mallandaine, C. O. Rodgers.

Before the close of annual meeting proceedings there was an informal discussion as to the dates for the 1924 fair, and the prevailing opinion seemed to favor October 1st, 2nd and 3rd. All were agreed that three days were desirable, and the ladies present were quite unanimous that a Monday opening was most inopportune.

Following the general meeting the directors had the usual organization session at which C. F. Hayes was the unanimous choice for president, and Geo. Johnson named vice-president. The vice-president, along with Messrs. Allan and Bennett will constitute the finance committee and they have appropriated the evening of Easter Monday for the annual entertainment which will probably take the form of a whist and dance, with a raffle on the side.

While the fair was able to pay in full all liabilities incurred in connection with 1923 operations the surplus earnings are not sufficient to meet an interest charge of $150 which became due at the end of November. The finance committee were authorized to secure a loan of $100 to make the payment, and it is hoped that the intake at the Easter Monday function will be sufficient to retire the short term loan that has been negotiated.

Before adjournment the usual votes of thanks were extended the retiring president and secretary, the ladies' who had assisted with the staging of the exhibits in the cooking, needlework and flower sections, as well to others who had devoted time to acting as cashiers.

The president and vice-president were authorized to strike the standing committees for 1924, and a meeting of the full board of directors will be held within a month to complete organization. The prize list will have quite a thorough overhauling and will most likely be considerably extended in some of the ladies' sections. The directors are open to receive donations of cups or other trophies. Three of the silver emblems have now been won three times in succession and have become the permanent property of the 1923 winners.

Alice Siding

Frank Martin was a business visitor at Nelson a couple of days at the end of the week.

BIRTH—On January 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Bartaclough a daughter.

Messrs. Alderson and Downes were busy this week unloading a car of effects from Rosmer, which [illegible] at Creston on Monday.

Mrs. Ash is leaving Thursday for Cranbrook hospital where she will be under the care of Dr. Green again, and all are hoping for her early return on the road to her oldtime good health.

The Social Club had a fine turnout for the mid January meeting at the Todd ranch on the 18th. With the exception of a couple of songs the evening was entirely devoted to dancing, with Hector Stewart supplying the music with the accordeon, and the ladies serving the usual excellent midnight lunch.

All points in the Valley were represented here on the 10th for the sale of ranch effects by H. F. Wood. Good prices were realized on seasonable articles.

Tie making in this section is very brisk this winter, and certainly the finest kind of hauling prevails to get the ties to Creston for shipping. Jas. Compton has a crew of four men at work, and there are some other oneman outfits also busy making.

Farmers Offered Short Courses

The University of British Columbia at Vancouver is again offering winter short courses for farmers, their wives, sons and daughters. These courses renewed last year were well attended and they are being offered for the second time in an enlarged and improved form.

The course given by the Agronomy and Animal Husbandry division under the direction of Professors P. A. Boving and H. M. King commences on January 28th and continues for three weeks. During this time lectures of a very practical nature will be given during the mornings and the afternoons will be devoted to work in the laboratories in regard to soils, crops, fertilizers, breeds of live stock, diseases of live stock, judging etc. The staffs of the departments will be assisted by some outside speakers drawn from the Department of Agriculture and the Experimental Farms, the object being to give the best course that can be put on.

In addition to the work outlined in Agronomy, the results obtained from experimental crop production will be very carefully studied and an effort made to show the best strains and varieties for British Columbia conditions. The Department of Animal Husbandry carries a number of breeds of live stock including, Ayrshire and Jersey dairy cattle, Hereford and Shorthorn beef cattle, Clydesdale horses, Berkshire, Yorkshire and Duroc Jersey swine, Oxford, Shropshire and Southdown sheep. In addition to studying the types on the University farm, nearby herds and flocks are being used for this purpose. A special study has been arranged for, of fodder crops, and emphasis will also be laid on fertilizers, silos and silo construction, milk fever, abortion, homecuring and cutting of meats, etc.

As noted in the advertising columns, the course is open to anyone regardless of their previous education. There are no examinations and students may register when they reach Vancouver. The University provides transportation for students daily from the city to University Farm. The Registrar of the University will supply forms and any information.

Kitchener

A very enjoyable dance was held in Hunt's hall, given by some of the young men of the town. Music was furnished by a Cranbrook orchestra, and quite a few were here from Canyon City for the evening.

H. A. McKowan of Cranbrook was a visitor here over the week-end.

Mr. Woodman, one of the partners in the Cranbrook Sash & Door Company, recived word by phone on Sunday morning of the death of his son, Gordon, who passed away about 6 o'clock that morning. The dead lad was seventeen years of age, having just completed high school training. He was a most likable boy and well known to Kitchener people as he was here a great deal with his father during the holidays. Deepest sympathy is extended Mr. Woodman and family in their very sad bereavement.

Wynndel

BIRTH—To Mr. and Mrs. Elias Uri, on January 20th, at the Home Hospital, Nelson, a son.

Sam Moon has just lost another horse, which was killed by a passing train last week. A team of horses, the property of R. Eakin, were also killed the same week.

Some of the enthusiasts spent Saturday afternoon skating on the channel, which the boys had been busy clearing during the week.

Miss Florence Woods and Miss Audrey Craigie of Creston were visitors here for the dance on Saturday.

Monrad Wigen, having got his winter camp in order, commenced operations this week. Messrs. M. Hagen and D. Butterfield joined the outfit on Wednesday.

Tuesday night the bunch again gathered together for a surprise party on the teachers. This affair was held at the home of Mrs. Joy, and a very good time was had by all.

Last Saturday's hard times dance was quite a jolly affair. The crowd turned out in full force, and parties from Creston and Sirdar helped to fill the floor. The array of hard times costumes was poor, and the prizes were taken by Miss Butterfield and Mannie LeBarge.

Oatmeal Cakes

Just the thing for these wintry days, satisfying the appetite—and very economical to make when you use

OGILVIE'S Best Standard OATMEAL at $1.10 per 24-lb. sack.

For Breakfast try

Ogilvie's Wheat Granules $1.00 for 24-lb. sack

Everyone who has tried it alway come back for more of

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Jacksons

GRAND THEATRE Saturday, JAN. 26

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SCARS of JEALOUSY

Drama that will clutch your emotions with fingers of steel.

A brotherhood of hate—a girl put to a great test of devotion—a raging forest fire—a lynching mob. Thrills and breathless suspense that will run an icy finger up your spine.

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No examinations.

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VANCOUVER B.C.

OPENING DOORS

— BY —

ELINOR MARSDEN ELIOT

Author of "My Canada," and Other Stories

Published by Special Arrangement with the Author

(Continued)

I have known the Mowbray's now for several months, and I am still filled with amazement at Mrs. Mowbray's remarkable gift for absorbing miscellaneous information. On the staff of a newspaper she would have been invaluable, except that she never repeated anything scandalous or sensational or unkind. The first afternoon she gave me a short sketch of her family history and a working outline of the temperament and circumstances of everyone for miles around, all in the lightest and most matter-of-course manner possible. It made me feel rather uneasy, but when I knew her better I realized the truthfulness of Jim Cameron's description of her.

"Mrs. Mowbray will go away and tell people how old you are, and every last thing you have in your house and its probable cost," he said. "But if she suspects that you quarrel with your husband or don't feed your children properly wild horses wouldn't draw it out of her."

The Mowbrays, so I learned, had come from the Stonewall district some four or five years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Mowbray had gone to Stonewall a newly-married couple and had been fairly prosperous, though they never became as wealthy as did some of their neighbors. Then as their three sons began to grow up the father and mother decided that by selling out and using their capital in a newer district they could do better for their family, so they left their comfortable home and came out here while the district was practically a wilderness.

"This is twice I've pioneered," Mrs. Mowbray told me, "but it has been worth while. Of course I miss some of the things we had at home, but we are very comfortable here, so I don't regret the move. Father and the boys have a section of fine land between them all, and it gives the boys a chance. Some of our old neighbors thought we were crazy to sell out, that we should stay on the old place with one of the boys and let the other two make their own way. But I said no, they are good boys, all three of them, and where they go their father and mother and sister will go with them. It would break my heart to see a son of mine living as those poor Cameron boys do, with never a woman to do a hand's turn for them.

"I'll not say that I was not pretty homesick at first," Mrs. Mowbray admitted, "but I like it fine now and we are certainly doing well. Of course we sold our old places for a good price and that made it easier for us to have things comfortable here than if we had just been starting out, as so many of the people here are. Father and I had our share of that at Stonewall in the early days, and it makes my heart ache sometimes now when I see the women around here slaving and fretting and doing without the things they need for themselves and their children. I've been through it all. But it's the way of the world, I guess, and it has turned out a pretty fair sample of men and women. It makes me tired to hear people gushing about the poor foreign women, and begging for nurses and doctors for them—a lot the women that made this country knew about nurses and doctors! I nursed my own children whenever they were sick and so did all the other mothers, and we didn't have even a thermometer. And back a generation it was harder still. In a case of sore need I could get the doctor out from Stonewall, though sometimes he had to wait for his pay until the grain was sold, bless him, but my mother raised nine children, and never a person with her but an old Indian woman."

As the autumn advanced others of my neighbors followed Mrs. Mowbray's example, the completion of the season's work leaving them with both time and inclination for sociability. All were kind and friendly and there was little evidence of that envy and jealousy that is supposed to be so prevalent in a small community, especially in one where the men greatly outnumber the women. Kipling, in his most cynical mood, could not have found material for one of his wickedly clever stories of how women hate each other. Possibly we took out our feminine cattishness in manual labor.

I do not mean to say that I liked all my neighbors equally, but we all had certain things in common, and six women in a radius of ten miles are bound to be almost as much dependent on each other as if they were on a desert island.

Mrs. Fenwick, an Englishwoman of forty or thereabouts, had only been out here for two years when we came, having married Mr. Fenwick while he was overseas. Mr. Fenwick is English too, but he had been in Canada for some years before the war. They are a strange couple in many ways and I shall always believe that they married each other because he wanted a housekeeper and she, under the stimulus of her war work, grasped at the chance to break away from her humdrum life. She is not an attractive woman, and at first I could find no point of contact, but I learned to admire her determination to make the best of an environment different from that to which she had been accustomed, and as I tried to understand her I grew to like her. Their farm should be a good one, but Mr. Fenwick was undoubtedly born under an unlucky star. If there was hail or frost his grain was sure to suffer, his woodland had an uncanny affinity with fire and his cattle a special susceptibility to disease. He is not very strong himself, never has been, I suspect, and the leg wound he got at Vimy still troubles him. But there is a quiet patience about the man that one has to respect, though I don't think I shall ever really like him.

Our other English neighbor is not at all like Mrs. Fenwick, but is a pretty, fluffy, brainless little thing who at eighteen married Jack Severn, then on his first leave from France, scarcely older than herself and not at all wise. The poor children had turned each others heads, no doubt, and as there was no one at hand to apply the necessary ice-packs the end of the war found them out here on a Soldier's Settlement Board farm, with two babies, no experience of the hard things of life, and an uphill road to climb. I am alternately annoyed with Gwen and sorry for her. She is absolutely without restraint, and when she is in her proper mood she will tell me all Jack's faults, first and foremost among them being the fact that he did not tell her what a perfectly beastly country Canada is. The two babies she sometimes adores and sometimes neglects and her house is never tidy. What will become of them I do not know, for Jack is as undisciplined as she. They do their quarrelling in public whenever it is necessary, and I long to treat them as I could treat the twins if they ever behaved so badly. Gwen is not well-bred, and she has an amazing vocabulary for one of her years.

"Well, then, why didn't you marry a tame old cow like Jean Mowbray?" she screamed at her husband one day. "You and your Canadian women make me sick, I wish there had never been a war!"

"So do I!" growled Jack, and he went out and slammed the door behind him.

Whereupon Gwen threw herself on me and broke into uncontrolled weeping in which her babies joined, while Rupert and Nicolas gazed at her in wide-eyed consternation. When her rage had spent itself and she was crying more quietly she began to talk, and to my amazement the burden of her complaint was that Jack wouldn't come back, he had said that if ever she drove him out again it would be the last she would ever see of him!

"You Canadians are a bit queer in some ways," she sobbed, "but Jack is the first man I ever met who treated me as if I'd been a lady."

In spite of the seriousness of the situation I had an insane desire to laugh. Instead I cast aside all reserve and talked to the girl with absolutely brutal frankness. Since then she has come to me with all her woes—Jack came back the next day, of course, but human nature does not change over night—and Murray is highly amused at what he calls my role of grandomther. I cannot help feeling sorry for them both, and being, I suppose, of an optimistic nature, I hope that they will come to their senses before it is too late. They are, I am convinced, really fond of each other, and I doubt if they would be happy apart.

After the unromantic Fenwicks and the too romantic Severns it is a relief to turn to Mrs. Gagnon—Madame Gagnon, I suppose I should say, for she is the model French-Canadian wife and mother. In the winter, when the creek is frozen, she is my nearest neighbor, and the children and I are always glad of an excuse to follow the path that leads to the scrupulously neat and much overcrowded house where Mme. Gagnon reigns, a benevolent despot, over Baptiste, Sr., Baptiste, Jr., Gabrielle, Rose-Marie, Helene, Paul, Joseph, the baby Victorine, and old Narcisse Pambrun, the half-breed man-of-all-work. The girls are all pretty and shy and efficient, and the boys, sturdy little chaps, amusing copies of the voluble and prosperous Baptiste Sr.

CHAPTER SIXTEEN

The first snow came before our kitchen was finished, in fact, it was not until spring that we had it plastered, but even in its crudeness it was a great comfort and convenience. There was a small excavation under it, merely a hole in the ground floored with rough boards, where we stored our winter potatoes and preserved fruit. I do not know which I appreciated most, that small cellar or the fact that I was able to put the cook-stove out of the living-room! The pipe from the kitchen stove went through the children's room, that from the Carron stove in the living-room through ours, and Mr. Gagnon assured us that we would be very comfortable throughout the winter. We were, too, though unless we got up during the night to replenish the fires we had to thaw our breakfast next morning. The thoroughly dried poplar that made so quick a fire in the kitchen stove had not, we discovered, the staying power of hard coal.

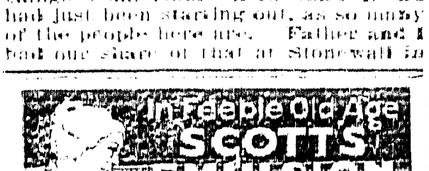
I cannot imagine myself ever losing the memory of that first winter on the farm. It was not always pleasant to be so close to Nature but it must have been wholesome, for we all throve on it—even the piano did not seem to be injured by the frost that sometimes gathered on its back.

It was, on the whole, a mild winter, with few storms, and it was seldom that the children and I spent a whole day in the house. Jim Cameron had made a fine large sleigh for the children and many an afternoon we spent sliding gloriously down the bank of the creek and climbing laboriously back. We built a wonderful snow house, too, and took long tramps through the woods.

"Sploring," as Nicolas called it, was one of our most popular occupations. We never went far from home, for I did not altogether trust myself in the woods, but to the children our wanderings had all the charm of the unexpected. With the most serious of faces they would comment on rabbit tracks and point to anything that might be referred to later as a landmark—I do not think we ever really stalked a rabbit, but the kiddies always expected to. They were really very observant, Rupert especially so, and I suppose the stories I told them stimulated their imaginations. In old Narcisse Pambrun too we found a wonderful story-teller. He would not always talk, but in the proper mood he would spin out story after story in his quaint French-English with its Indian cadence — stories of origin as mixed as his language, Indian animal myths, French-Canadian folk-lore, and "tall" stories of the prowess and adventures of the plainsmen of a hundred years ago. It is no wonder that the woods around us were enchanted ground to the children in that first winter. Thanks to Narcisse the rabbit and the whiskey-jack and the occasionally-seen blue jay each had its own personality and its own history. And the Loup-garou was never mentioned. "I will not allow that Narcisse should fright' the little ones," Mrs. Gagnon said to me in confidence.

As a rule the children and I had to go for our walks without Murray, and the pleasantest afternoons of all were those on which he accompanied us. When Daddy was in charge of the expedition we carried sandwiches and a bottle of cocoa with us, and when we came to a convenient spot we lit a fire and had our lunch seated on fallen trees around it.

(To becontinued)



W. N. U. 1501

Singing Pays

Street singers are gleaning a golden harvest in London just now. A young Manchester man, fined in court, went into the streets, sang and earned enough to pay his fine. Many are refusing offers of 8 pounds a week in orchestras to sing in the gutters and snatch the passerby's shilling.

Cuts and Bruises Disappear.—When suffering from cuts, scratches, bruises, sprains, sore throat or chest and any similar ailment, use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Its healing power is well-known in every section of the community. A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil should be in every medicine chest ready for the emergencies that may always be anticipated.

Each In His Own Tongue

The correspondent of a large business concern had been invited out to dinner by a friend. At the table the host asked him to say grace. It was a new experience, but he was not to be found wanting.

"Dear Lord," he began, " we thank Thee for all Thy favors of recent date. Permit us to express our heartfelt gratitude. We trust that we may continue to merit your confidence and that we shall receive many more blessings from You in the future. Amen."

Straight Talk On Danger Of Colds

Let your cold gain headway, and you can't keep it from running into Catarrh.

Catarrh never stays in the same place—it travels down into the lungs—then it's Consumption.

Drive colds and Catarrh right out of your system while you have the chance.

Easily done by inhaling CATARRHOZONE, which instantly reaches the true source of the trouble and gets right where the living germ of Catarrh is working.

CATARRHOZONE is full of healing balsams and essences, and is able to patch up the sore spots and remove that tender, sensitive feeling from the nose and throat.

Hawking and spitting cease, because the discharge is stopped. The nostrils are cleared, headache is relieved, breath is purified. Every trace of Catarrh, bronchial and throat weakness is permanently removed.

Get CATARRHOZONE today; months' treatment $1.00; small size 50c. Sold by all druggists, or by mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Immigration Increasing

More than double the number of immigrants came to Canada during the past six months, as compared with the similar period a year ago. The figures, according to the Department of Immigration, show 94,333 people of all nationalities to have entered Canada during the six months, April-September, 1923, while the number was 46,831, for the same period in 1922. British immigration during the past six months amounted to 51,961, United States 13,055.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

"LITTLE FOXES," By E. A. Henry, D.D.

Interesting Stories For Young Folks

Published By Permission Thomas Allen, Publisher

"I FORGOT"

Oh, how much trouble this little fox causes!

Out West near Fort William, once occurred a serious collision—all because an engineer forgot to watch the safety signals! A great train was wrecked and a whole railway district held up for hours; and some lives were lost—because a brakeman forgot to guard an open switch!

It's a bad fox, girls and boys!

It makes your character ragged and slovenly. It wastes people's time. It causes endless confusion. It holds up plans. Somebody forgets to do his duty and that upsets all some one else has to do; and so it goes on and around, until things become a regular mix-up.

There is a place for a good forgetter!

It is just to forget your worries and to forget yourself; and to forget the nasty things people do to you; and to forget your mistakes, if you are sorry for them; and to forget that you were not invited to somebody's party; and to forget that you fell down yesterday, if you got up again and are still on your feet!

But it is important to have a good memory too.

A little girl forgot to post her mother's letter, and it stopped the chance of a pleasant holiday for her grandmother, who was waiting for directions.

A little boy forgot to close the door of the nursery when he was told, and the baby nearly died of pneumonia.

In the days of the great war so recently closed, they had to spend millions of dollars on making shells. They had to be very carefully made. If a shell was more than 3|1000 of an inch more in diameter than was called for, it was sent back. It was important not to forget this. In fact, they had to watch against fuzz getting on the shell from the gloves worn by the workers.

One day an inspector found a shell that would not fit. Some one forgot to watch against the fine lint and sent in the shell which was at once sent back.

And surely if it was so important to remember all these fine points about a death-dealing shell, it is just as important not to forget the little things of life, that may spoil the whole day.

A bridge-builder made out all his plans and set the men to work, and when it was put together it was seventeen feet too short, because the plan-maker forgot one little measure that knocked the whole work out.

I read a rather strange thing that occurred across the line among our Southern neighbors.

A bill was passed, allowing certain goods to come in free of paying duty. Among them were what was called foreign fruit-plants. You know what that stroke between the two words is. It is a hyphen that joins the words and makes them one. A clerk was copying the bill and forgot all about the hyphen, and made the bill read, "fruit, plants," etc., and for a whole year, until their parliament met, all foreign fruit came in free; and they say the government lost nearly $2,500,000, all because a clerk forgot a hyphen and put in a comma instead.

But it is not only the mistake that costs, but if we will just think that it is the memories that store up our thoughts. It is the things marked in memory that we use for all our mind's growth.

A girl or boy who is always forgetting will some day find the life grown up and full of emptiness; for it is what you remember that makes the furniture in your soul's living-rooms; and if you keep on forgetting, your soul will have bare walls, and bare floors, and all you will hear will be echoes.

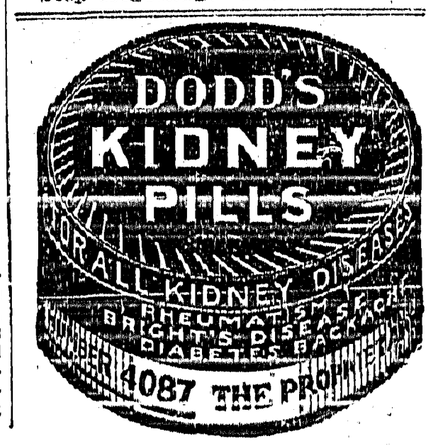
Be alert. Keep your eyes open. Attend to business. Put your mind on things. Do not say, "I forgot!" Be ashamed to! You have no right to forget!

You can pardon an old man whose teeth are all out and whose hair is all off, and who is bent with age, but you have no excuse.

Your forgetter has no right to be working at all.

Stop forgetting!—Remember!

MURINE
Keeps EYES
Clear, Bright and Beautiful
Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Eye Care Book



MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM
MADE IN CANADA
E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Premier Baldwin, in the course of an election speech at Bristol, expressed the viewe that the British public school system was superior to that of the United States.

The special service squadron of the British navy which is to tour the world, in a 307-day cruise, has left Plymouth with Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick Field in Command. The fleet will be at San Francisco for July 4.

Developmen of a new variety of winter wheat which is resistant to bunt or smut is announced by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. It has been named "Ridit" because it is expected to rid the wheat fields of smut.

Enormous increases in British Columbia's agricultural and dairy production over the last five years is shown in figures compiled by the Department of Agriculture. Production of many products has trebled in the last five years, and one commodity, cheese, has increased 2,330 per cent.

New oil recovery methods which may lead to the development of the tar sands of Alberta have been reported to Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of Alberta, by Charles Camsell, Deputy Minister of Mines, who has just returned from an investigation trip to the mining districts of Germany and France.

Pains In Back Subdued Sore Chest Relieved

A Nova Scotian Tells How She Overcame Her Troubles With

NERVILINE

"I consider Nerviline the best remedy for a cold, sore throat or tightness across the chest," writes Miss Lucy Mosher, from Windsor, N.S. "For years our home has never been without Nerviline. I had a cold on my chest that fourteen remedies couldn't break up. I rubbed on Nerviline three times a day, used Nerviline as a gargle and was completely restored." It's because Nerviline is so powerful, so penetrating, so sure to relieve congestion, that it is used in most homes, for the prevention and relief of a hundred minor ills. Get a 35c bottle to-day.

Beween 9 and 12 years of age a child spends more energy in proportion to its weight than at any other period in its life.

Peevish, pale, restless and sickly children owe their condition to worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will relieve them and restore health.

A fool tries to get square with others, but the wise man spends his time in blocking the attempts of others to get square with him.

CUTICURA HEALS RASH ON BACK

Spread To Neck and Arms. Itched and Burned. Lasted 3 Months.

"My trouble began with a rash breaking out on my back. My clothing aggravated it, and it kept spreading to my neck and arms. It itched and burned so that I spent many a sleepless night. The trouble lasted about three months. I tried different remedies without success. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample which helped me. I bought more and in three weeks was healed." (Signed) H. M. Kramer, 566 Herkel Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1922.

Cuticura Soap to cleanse and purify, Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal and Cuticura Talcum to powder and perfume are ideal for daily toilet purposes.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Grain Via Vancouver

Before the end of the year the port of Vancouver will be called upon to handle 150,000,000 bushels of grain to the United Kingdom and the Orient, according to figures compiled by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange.

CAUSE OF BACKACHES

Every muscle in the body needs a supply of rich, red blood in proportion to the work it does. The muscles of the back are under a heavy strain and have but little rest. When the blood is thin they lack nourishment and rebel. The result is a sensation of pain in these muscles.

Many people are frightened into believing that backaches are due to kidney trouble, but the best medical authorities agree that backache is very seldom due to kidney trouble. In fact not more than one backache in a hundred has anything to do with the kidneys. The whole trouble is due to thin or impure blood, and those who are troubled with pains in the back or loins, either frequent or occasional, should look to the condition of the blood. It will be found in most cases that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood and feeding the starved nerves and muscles will banish the pains and make you feel better in every other way. How much better it is to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for your blood than to give way to unreasonable alarm about your kidneys. If you really suspect your kidneys any doctor can make a test in ten minutes, that will set your fears at rest, or tell you the worst.

All dealers in medicine sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Pension System Is Popular

Canadian Pacific Railway Makes Splendid Provision For Its Employees

The Canadian Pacific Railway is this year celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the foundation of the company's system of pensions for the employees and a review of the results obtained following upon the inauguration of that department, shows how widespread have been its benefits, and what an important effect it must have had on the development of the esprit de corps for which that company has come to be world-famous.

The operation of the fund is simplicity itself. Upon reaching the age of 65 every employee who has joined the staff before reaching the age of forty is entitled to retirement if the company so desires and can claim a pension of one per cent. of the average monthly pay received for the ten years preceding retirement for every year in which he has been in the company's service. This is as the system was first devised twenty years ago, and there has been but one amendment to its provisions. In 1908 it was found that in some cases the amount of the pension so calculated was insufficient to protect the recipient against want as was intended and it was provided that from thenceforth the minimum amount of pension paid would be $20 per month.

That this system has been a big factor in fostering the efficiency so largely identified with Canadian Pacific operation is undeniable. Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Company, speaks of it not only as a prime necessity in these days of sociological progress, and as an inherent right of those who give lives of faithful work to Canadian Pacific service, but also as one of the things that has helped to bring into existence the high standard of co-operation that exists between all branches of the company's service. "It is helping to make contented employees," says Mr. Beatty, "and that is the first requisite of faithful, efficient service."

A gramme of radium, it has been said, will give out enough energy before it is entirely dissipated to raise 500 tons through one mine.

About 30,000,000 wooden boxes are required annually to pack the citrous fruit crops in Florida and California.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

The Speed Of Airplanes

Means Little to Average Person But Important to Navy

In a letter to the New York Sun, Robert J. McLaughlin gives some idea of the significance of the high speed of aeroplanes. He says:

"The spectacular performance of the naval fliers doesn't mean anything particular to the man on the street beside the making of a foolish speed record, but the significance of flying at one-firth the speed of a rifle bullet is very important to the navy. If the airplane was crossing Manhattan from west to east and was about 6,000 feet high, a soldier at Columbus Circle would have to aim at a point above the Plaza Hotel in order to hit the airplane, and the chance of making a hit would be negligible.

"The airplane at such speed could attack war craft with complete immunity, and that is the real significance of the naval tests. From a scientific point of view 6,000 turns a minutes is the limit for a wooden propeller. The tip of the blade moves at 2,500 feet a second, and a pound weight attached to the tip of the blade would pull from the centre with a force of 24 tons. The tip of the blade weighs about an ounce, and the tendency to rupture the blade at the tip is more than a ton. The whole tendency to rupture amounts to about 100 tons, which is so terrific a strain that it makes the use of the wooden screw propeller too dangerous for the aviator."

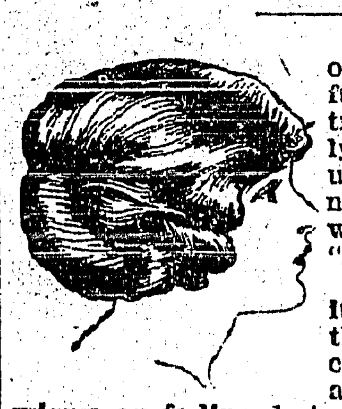
Medical Hero Honored

Decorations Given to French Doctor Who Made X-Ray Safe

For twenty-five years, Dr. Charles Vaillant, a noted French physician worked to make the X-ray safe and practicable. Many times he was burned and his life was constantly endangered by his experiments. In 1919 the little finger of his right hand was amputated because of burns. Since then he has had thirteen operations of various kinds which have rendered him almost physically helpless, but he works on. Recently Dr. Vaillant was highly honored in Paris. The French Government gave him the Cross of the Legion of Honor, United States Ambassador Herrick, presented to him the Carnegie Hero Medal, and the President of Paris City Council awarded him the City of Paris gold medal.

Girls! Hair Grows Thick and Beautiful

35-Cent "Danderine" Does Wonders for Lifeless, Neglected Hair



A gleamy mass of luxuriant hair full of gloss, lustre and life shortly follows a genuine toning up of neglected scalps with dependable "Danderine."

Falling hair, itching scalp and the dandruff is corrected immediately. Thin, dry, wispy or fading hair is quickly invigorated, taking on new strength, color and youthful beauty. "Danderine" is delightful on the hair; a refreshing, stimulating tonic—not sticky or greasy! Any drug store.

She Knew the Game

Her Escort (as pitcher and catcher hold a conference).—They are talking about what to throw to the next batter.

Girl.—But they aren't allowed to throw anything to him except the ball, are they?

Monks in the middle ages possessed not a single article of their own.

Some men hurry through life as if widows were chasing them.

Appetite Keen and Bowels Relieved

You can relish your meals without fear of upsetting your liver or stomach if you will put your faith in Carter's Little Liver Pills. Foul accumulations that poison the blood are expelled from the bowels and headache, dizziness and sallow skin are relieved.

CARTER'S ITTLE IVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

BIG BEN
CHEWING TOBACCO
15¢ PER PLUG
"Chew a Chewer's Chew"
Manufactured by Imperial Tobacco Company of Canada Limited

Back to Normal

Boy.—"I know where you can get a chicken dinner for fifteen cents."

Father.—"Where?"

Boy.—"At the feed store."

Mother! Give Sick Baby "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative to Clean Liver and Bowels of Baby or Child

Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

History of the Orkneys

Seventy in Number and Only Half of Them Inhabited

The Orkney Islands lie like a fleet of ships sailing away from the north coast of Scotland. They are bare, windy and treeless. There are some seventy of them in number and about half of them are inhabited. In the case of four of them the population consists of only the lighthouse attendants. Orkney unites with Shetland to send one member to Parliament. The Orkneys were the "Orcades" of the classical writers; and the word is believed to be derived from the Norse "Orkin," seal, and "ey," island. The Islands remained the property of the Northmen until 1468 when the needy King of Denmark pledged the Orkneys to James II. of Scotland as security for his daughter's dowry. In default of payment, the islands became Scottish territory. Scapa-Flow is a splendid harbor. Here it was that the German fleet was interned in 1918. The largest island is Mainland and Kirkwall is the chief town with a population of about 4,000.

Minard's Liniment for Coughs

Cardioscope Is New Invention

Apparatus Like Small Microscope Shows Heart Action

Another advance in the means of studying the heart has been made by the inventor of the cardioscope by Dr. D. S. Allen. This apparatus is a kind of small microscope, which, as the operator watches at the lens, projects a powerful light into the incision made just over the heart. The heart in action is seen without injuring it, and the information obtained is likely to be especially valuable in such cases as widening or narrowing of the valves. Dr. H. Lilenthal calls attention to the further great advance of recent years in chest surgery. This has been due to many changes, including the use of adrenalin the photograph for amplifying heart sounds, the cardiograph for recording heart action on smoked paper, and electric photography of the working organ.

Minard's Liniment for Distemper

Remembrance Is Needed

Only Selfish People Wish to Forget Great War

We entirely agree with what Mr. Lloyd George said a few days ago when he implored the American nation not to consider it a desirable thing to forget the war and cast it out of their memories. If to forget the war would make classes and individuals more unselfish and more devoted to the common good, this act of ceremonial observance and remembrance might well be allowed to fall into desuetude. But those who say that they cannot bear to think of the war are usually the people who are so exquisitely sensitive to suffering that they cannot bear to minister to the sufferers and so excuse themselves for leaving the duty to others. It is not forgetfulness that is needed, but a better and deeper remembrance, and the present state of the world does not emphasize that obvious truth.—London Daily Telegraph.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample Box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

MONEY ORDERS

Buy your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, Reliable, regulating medicine for women. Sold in three degrees of strength No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet.
THE COOK MEDICINE CO.
Toronto (formerly Windsor)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.
SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND, 3s. DR. LE CLERC Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. N.W.3, London. OR MAIL $1 FROM 11, FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO. OR 344, ST. PAUL STREET WEST, MONTREAL.

How to Purify the Blood

"Fifteen to thirty drops of Extract of Root, commonly called Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, may be taken in water with meals and at bedtime, for indigestion, constipation and bad blood. Persistence in this treatment will give permanent relief in nearly every case." Get the genuine at druggists, 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

JIG-SAW PUZZLE FOR THE CHILDREN.
Just— Send four wrappers from
OXO CUBES
To Oxo Limited, 232 Lemoine St., Montreal.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2.50 a year in advance. $3.00 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, JAN. 25

Short Changing Creston at leust $3000 Annually

Although only broaching a subject on which he is thoroughly at home along very general lines it is surprising the number of citizens who have, with a very genuine show of sincerity, been heard to express the hope that something would come of this municipal discussion this time other than a few newspaper articles by T. M. Edmondson and such other advocates of municipilization who at least have the matter sufficiently at heart as to express their convictions in such an important matter in some more tangible form than fireside or street corner talk.

In view of concessions made municipalities within the past three years by the administration at Victoria in the way of sharing up revenues received from liquor and motor licenses sales, and from other quarters, anyone who takes even passing interest in what he reads these days cannot help but be struck with the changed situation. A few years ago Creston fought clear of municipilization due to the fact that it might cost too much. Now the same citizen is stating the case the other way. Is it a good investment to refuse municipal incorporation?

For the sake of a stated case let us assume a reasonably compact area is erected into the Village of Creston; what revenues would the village be entitled to under present day conditions?

Our recollection is that the Creston school district is assessed at approximately $700,000.00. The proposed village area would, naturally, include the heaviest tax paying part of the school district, but we will assume the imaginary Creston village pays only $3000 in provincial tax on the present levy of one per cent

Last year the provincial police collected almost $700 of trade licenses in Creston town, and in the local police court over $300 in fines was collected. This makes another $1000, or a total of $4000 which went out of the town area in hard cash.

Now, to get at the other revenues the town would be entitled to we are assuming Creston is much the same as to population as Kaslo—our postal revenue last year was a thousand dollars greater and in the voting there last Thursday all but four of Kaslo's eligible ratepayers are reputed to have voted and the total poll was less than 175, so it is quite evident the two places are quite reliable for the purposes of the comparisons we we wish to make.

For the six months March to September last year Kaslo's share of the provincial liquor profits were $1113. This would work out to about $2000 for the full twelve months. Kaslo's share of the motor licenses for 1923 was $717, and Kaslo got another cheque for $533 as that town's share of the pari mutuel betting machines revenues.

Here is an income of over $3000, and with this added to the $4000 already shown as having been collected directly at Creston gives us a total of $7000 which would have been available to the council of the village of Creston had we been enjoying the benefits of municipilization.

Out of this $7000 Creston would have had to pay salaries to a town clerk who, as elsewhere, would also act as treasurer, assessor and collector. A policeman or constable would also be on the payroll of the town and there would be other part time employees as well as certain upkeep expenses in connection with these offices and the conduct of council business generally. Just what their total would be depends on what time the officials have to give to municipal work, but at the wildest guess no one would place municipal upkeep at more than $4000.

On the figures submitted Creston in 1923 not only paid in taxes and contributed in trading licenses and fines a total of $4000, but it would also seem that the place voluntarily turned over to the provincial authorities another $3000, and what have we to show for even the $3000 of taxes paid? A sidewalk built from the Imperial Bank to the theatre and the hard surface road through town given a coat of oil, along with some minor public works that do not appear, from close enquiry, to have run to half the amount paid in what we assume would make a nice village area.

In 1922 and 1921 we fared little, if any better, and barring 1920, when hard surface road work was a little more generous, the Review very much doubts that in the last six years we got anywhere near value for the taxes levied and collected in what would make the ideal Creston village.

Generally speaking we do not discuss matters on the principle of wanting something cheaper, because we believe the average citizen is not averse to paying for value received, but if the figures submitted above may be taken as correct, and when one considers the long waits and inconveniences that have to be put up with on our present plan of Victoria control and manaagement, it must be apparent to all, that instead of there being anything to the oldtime cry that the present system is the cheapest—that we are getting something for nothing, as it were—we have for the last three years been actually getting nothing for something and at double price, at that.

Even if the situation was one of getting something for nothing, or thereabouts, one could not help but wonder how much longer the go itcheap policy would be allowed to prevail—in this district above all others—where we so successfully practice and preach the gospel that the only way to run a business is to run it yourself, but now that it is quite apparent that we are not only short changing ourselves ever so badly on the new sources of revenue we are not availing ourselves of, as well as getting very poor value for the cash we actually contribute direct, the Review counts on the municipal committee of the board of trade, and others, to start a movement that will not stop until local self government is established—or good and sufficient evidence submitted that our present pioneer way of conducting our public affairs is really the best adapted to meet presentday local conditions.

In any perusal of this article it is to be hoped no one will jump to the conclusion that we have overlooked school finances. School taxes are an entirely separate matter, but the same financial assistance is given from Victoria in educational matters in organized as well as unorganized districts.

At this time when one so often hears people asserting their willingness to pay even double if they could only have some of the modern conveniences; a select committee attempting the hopeless task of providing fire protection for the business section by the co-operative route, and everyone inwardly, if not audibly, admitting that the existing state of affairs is a disgrace to a so-called town in the centre of so promising a district; surely in the face of such an undesirable state of community affairs generally and such an abundant revenue available for the asking—and in the accepting of which no further burdens are imposed—all the Review can say is heaven help Creston if something is not immediately done to at least properly investigate the possible advantages, or otherwise, of village municipal organization.

Special Showing of Men's

DRESS SHIRTS

IN ALL SIZES

Good Fitters **$1.75** Good Material

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY

LIMITED

The Herald claims the children attending the Baptist Sunday school in Cranbrook contributed on an average 10 cents per scholar in the sabbath school free will offerings.

So eager are they at Cranbrook to get the Irish trade that already the Methodist ledies are advertising the fact that they will have a St. Patrick's Day tea and sale of cooking.

Thos. Williams, a Greenwood hunter, shot a 7 foot cougar one day last week. He parted company with it for the 440 bounty.

At Invermere recently the winner of the comic prize at a fancy dress ball was a hobo wearing on his back a placard reading, "Provincial Party after the next election."

Exceptional Kills in Quebec and Ontario

1. A good bag from Northern Ontario hunting grounds.
2. The head of the bull which answered the guide's call 3.

WITH the coming of the frost and the "Moon of the Falling Leaf" comes also the hunting season for caribou, moose and deer. For the past ten months, thousands of sportsmen have been longing for the return of the season. And today the season in Quebec, Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Alberta and British Columbia is in full swing. Once more the naked woods are echoing with the crack of the hunter's rifle and the red blood of Canada and the United States is pitting itself against the monarchs of our native wilds.

In Quebec, good chances for deer are reported from Lake Megantic, the Laurentides, the Gatineau Valley, along the Waltham branch line of the Canadian Pacific, Timiskaming Kipawa district and other points, while in Ontario Parry Sound Byng Inlet, Pakesley, French River, Paget (for the Trout Lake Country), Lake Penage, Massey, Blind River, Thessalon, Desbarats, Mattawa, North Bay, Sturgeon Falls and Cartier are well favored. Moose are plentiful in Ontario in the country along the main line of the Canadian Pacific from Sudbury to the Manitoba boundary, especially near Metagama, Biscotasing, Chapleau, Missanabie, Franz, Jack Fish, Schreiber, Rossport, Nipigon, Savanne, Ignace, Dinorwic, Wabigoon, and Kenora, and, in Quebec, in the St. Maurice, Lake Edward, Lake Megantic, Manitwaki, Timiskaming and Kipawa districts.

Caribou, in Quebec, may now be found only in the remote northern sections, and, in Ontario, on the islands of Lake Superior and round Rossport, Schreiber and Nipigon, on the mainland

From all these districts come stories of wonderful luck which will thrill the pulses of every hunter. Take the good fortune of Dr. C. H McCreary, of Montreal, and Mr. A. J. O'Keefe, of New Rochelle, New York, regular patrons of the Ste. Jovite district of the Laurentians, Quebec. Penetrating some days ago from Grey Rocks Inn, at Ste. Jovite, to Big Devil's Lake, sometimes referred to as Lac le Croix, they met several cow moose and an immense bull. But the climax came when another splendid bull obligingly took up a position within 50 yards of their tent. The first shot from the doctor's trusty rifle brought him down and Mr. O'Keefe finished him off.

Again, from F. W. Arnott's Temikip Camp, 50 miles up Lake Timiskaming from Timiskaming Station, at the mouth of Kipawa River, word comes of how Mr. J. A. Cavanagh, of New York, got his moose within an hour and a half of leaving camp, and was back within two hours and a half. Next morning, while the animal was being skinned, another big moose calmly watched the operation for five minutes from a point close by.

After that, you can still keep your hand off your rifle?

For
Pianoforte, Organ and Singing Lessons
Apply
ARTHUR COLLIS, Creston
P.O. Box 76

MRS. J. A. P. CROMPTON
1st Class Honors L.S.M.
PIANO LESSONS
Advanced Pupils only
J. A. P. CROMPTON
Singing Lessons. Piano Tuning.

Shoe and Harness Repairing
New Stock of Harness
Second Hand Store in connection
A. Mirabelli
Shoe and Harness Repairing

MINERAL ACT

FORM F

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Bondhill Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On the International Boundary line, about three miles east of Kootenay River.

TAKE NOTICE that I, John D. Anderson, B.C.L.S., of Trail, B.C., agent for Charles David Forslund, of Porthill, Idaho, Free Miner's Certificate No. 69005, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1923. J. D. ANDERSON.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENTS

PRE-EMPTIONS

Vacant, unreserved, surveyed Crown lands may be pre-empted by British subjects over 18 years of age, and by aliens on declaring intention to become British subjects, conditional upon residence, occupation, and improvement for agricultural purposes.

Full information concerning regulations regarding pre-emptions is given in Bulletin No. 1, Land Series, "How to Pre-empt Land," copies of which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the Department of Lands, Victoria, B.C., or to any Government Agent.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes, and which is not timberland, i.e., carrying over 5,000 board feet per acre west of the Coast Range and 8,000 feet per acre east of that Range.

Applications for pre-emptions are to be addressed to the Land Commissioner of the Land Recording Division, in which the land applied for is situated, and are made on printed forms, copies of which can be obtained from the Land Commissioner.

Pre-emptions must be occupied for five years and improvements made to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivating at least five acres, before a Crown Grant can be received.

For more detailed information see the Bulletin "How to Pre-empt Land."

PURCHASE

Applications are received for purchase of vacant and unreserved Crown lands, not being timberland, for agricultural purposes; minimum price of first-class (arable) land is $5 per acre, and second-class (grazing) land $2.50 per acre. Further information regarding purchase or lease of Crown lands is given in Bulletin No. 10, Land Series, "Purchase and Lease of Crown Lands."

Mill, factory, or industrial sites on timber land, not exceeding 40 acres, may be purchased or leased, the conditions including payment of stumpage.

HOMESITE LEASES

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites, conditional upon a dwelling being erected in the first year, title being obtainable after residence and improvement conditions are fulfilled and land has been surveyed.

LEASES

For grazing and industrial purposes areas not exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or a company.

GRAZING

Under the Grazing Act the Province is divided into grazing districts and the range administered under a Grazing Commissioner. Annual grazing permits are issued based on numbers ranged, priority being given to established owners. Stock-owners may form associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits are available for settlers, campers and travellers, up to ten head.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Cranbrook had 278 police court cases in 1923, with fines totalling $2590.

Penticton public library has 293 members. Last year they read a total of 11,251 volumes.

Bonners Ferry Masonic Lodge will officially open its new $20,000 temple on February 12th.

Trail fire brigade had but seven fires to fight last year, with a property loss estimated at $5,410.

Cranbrook brigade had 25 fires to handle last year, representing a total property loss of $5,795.

The term-end concert at Trail public school produced sufficient revenue to buy the school a typewriter.

East Kootenay farmers are having their annual convention at Cranbrook next Wednesday and Thursday.

H. Geigerich beat W. H. Burgess by just one vote for the presidency of Kaslo board of trade this year.

Although it was only ten below at the coldest the Miner states that hundreds of water pipes were frozen at Rossland in the recent cold dip.

In the Okanagan the snow is so deep that quail and pheasants are being fed grain by the ranchers on instructions from the game guardians and provincial police.

ROAN STEER ESTRAY

Came to the premises of the undersigned in December, a roan steer, yearling, no marks visible. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. JOHN SPRATT, Creston.

LOST—TEAM OF HORSES

Lost, in June, 1923, between Sirdar and Creston, team of dark bay horses, weighing about 1100 lbs. Both are geldings. One has white spot on forehead, two hind feet white and left front foot also white. Other horse has left hind foot white. $25 reward to anyone giving information leading to recovery. P. CHERBO, Sirdar.

WANTED—FRUIT RANCH

Wanted to trade, 160 acres in Alberta, suitable for mixed farming, for small fruit farm in the Creston district. Property must be clear of encumbrance. A. Christofaerson, Creston, B.C.

CATTLE ESTRAY

Came to the premises of the undersigned on or about December 28th, one red yearling steer, one black and white yearling heifer, one red heifer calf. Owner can have same on proving property and paying all expenses. W. STRONG, (Canyon City), Erickson, B.C.

LOST—COW AND CALF

Heifer, about three years old, all white, branded SK on left ribs, should have calf with her. Reward to party giving idformation that will lead to recovery. R. STEWART (Alice Siding), Creston.

HEIFER ASTRAY

Came to the premises of the undersigned on or about December 1st, one red and white steer, about one year old. Owner can have same on proving property and paying expenses. R. STEWBRT, (Alice Siding), Creston.

Now is the Time to Fix Up!

This time of year most everyone has some repair work to be done on their buildings.

We have got just the Lumber that you need to repair your buildings or to build new ones.

Also we have several buildings for sale and Cull Lumber at the right price.

Canyon City Lumber Company, Ltd.

The worst Kaslo's fur-lined thermometer could make it during the early January cold snap was 7 below zero.

At Vernon the Associated packing house charge was 68 cents for wrapped apples, and 53 cents for crated fruit

Customs collections at Fernie last year were over half a million dollars. March was the big month with over $81,000 collected.

The Cranbrook Courier says that those girls who have been wearing the rolled down stockings rolled 'em up during the cold spell.

The snowfall is so heavy at some Okanagan points that motor traffic had to be suspened for a time pending the breaking of the roads

It cost a little over $53,000 to operate Cranbrook schools last year, of which amount almost $38,000 was required for teachers' salaries.

Forty cars of apples are still in storage at Penticton. With the exception of some Ontarios and Staymans they are wintering well.

Since incorporating as a city in 1905 Cranbrook had had eight mayors. Three of them each served three years as chief magistrate of the terminal city.

The average price received by the Associated Growers for wrapped apples is $1.20. For crated fruit the average return is 78c. f. o. b. shipping point.

At Yahk a few days ago two Airedale dogs chased a deer down off the mountains into the C.P.R. yard fence where it had to be killed by a couple of the citizens.

Strictest economy was practised by the Vernon school trustees last year, with the result that the schools cost $3500 less than was estimated at the beginning of 1923.

Kaslo financed its community Christmas treat for all the kids in town and nearby country for $80. Each church, lodge and other organization in the town donated $5 each.

The last annual report of the postmaster general shows that the Cranbrook had a year's postal business of almost $20,000. At Fernie the revenue was just a little over $18,000.

At Bonners Ferry townspeople are being specially urged to use town made bread in preference to the Spokane staff of life, which comes into the town in large quantities.

During 1923 Penticton's arrears of taxes and rates increased from $58,000 to $78,000. The amount owing the bank at the end of the year was $20,000 in excess of the previous year-end.

With the exception of four every eligible vote was polled at last week's municipal election at Kaslo. 152 votes were cast, D. P. Kane and F. E. Archer polling a tie vote for mayor. The former was elected on the cast vote of city clerk Papworth.

TIMBER SALE X5916

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands at Victoria not later than noon on the 7th day of February, 1924, for the purchase of Licence X 5916, to cut 504,000 feet of Tamarac, Pine, Fir, White Pine and Cedar, on an area situated one mile north of Goat River, and 5 miles west from the town of McConnell, Kootenay District.

One (1) year will be allowed for the removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Cranbrook, B.C.

WATER NOTICE

CLEARING STREAMS

Take notice that J. B. Winlaw Co., Ltd., whose address is Wynndel, B.C., will apply for a license to use the waters of Goat River for "Clearing streams" purpose (i.e., clearing and improving the stream for the driving, booming or rafting of logs). The points on the stream between which it is proposed to clear are from the east line of Lot 274 to the company's sawmill at Duck Creek. The estimated mileage between the two points is 12 miles. The term proposed for license is 20 years. This notice was posted on the ground on the 19th day of January, 1924. A copy of this notice, and an application pursuant thereto and to the Water Act, 1914, will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

J. B. WINLAW CO., LTD., Applicant.
By A. N. WINLAW, Agent.

Date of first publication of this notice is January 25, 1924.

The Kootenaian hears that the Severn sawmill at Cooper Creek may be moved to Kaslo for future operation.

At Cranbrook last year a total of 664,136 k.w. of electric energy was used, an increase of 26 per cent. over the year previous. The Cranbrook Sash & Door Company took one-fifth of it.

Seventy-seven cases were tried in Trail police court last year, and the total fines collected were $1445.00.

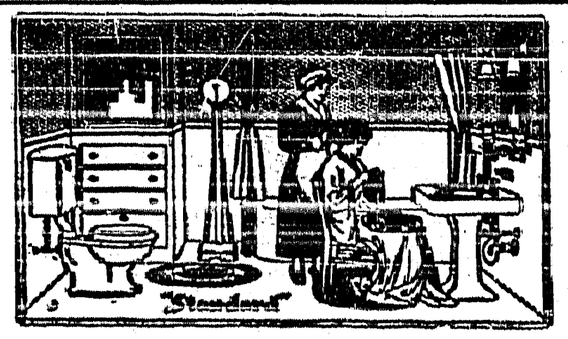
The Herald very frankly tells its readers that with the possible exception of a cut of one-tenth of one per cent. in the school rate there is no immediate prospect of Penticton taxes being reduced.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.
MEAT MERCHANTS
TRY OUR
SHAMROCK PORK SAUSAGE
An economical dish, easy to serve.
Shamrock Brand HAM, BACON and LARD
GLENDALE CREAMERY BUTTER
Government graded, highest quality.
FRESH and CURED FISH
all varieties.
Choicest BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL, LAMB
BURNS' IDEAL POULTRY FOOD
increases egg production and produces better poultry. Buy the best.

The Saving Habit
Saving is easy—it just takes a little determination to get the habit.
If you will only determine to save a certain sum each week, and stick to your resolve, in a surprisingly short time there will be a substantial sum to your credit. Try it! Open a Savings Account at this Bank.
IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA
CRESTON BRANCH,
C. W. ALLAN, Manager.

Achievement!
A Savings Bank balance built up by careful economy and self-denial will give you greater satisfaction than an equal sum secured without difficulty or exertion
The advantages of such a reserve are worth a genuine effort
We welcome accounts, small or large.
649
THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
PAID-UP CAPITAL - - $15,000,000
RESERVE FUND - - $15,000,000
CRESTON BRANCH, C. G. Bennett, Manager.

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables
Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness
Coal and Wood For Sale.
H. S. McCREATH
Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. Creston

Hot Air
Steam
and
Hot Water
Heating


Sheet Metal Work. A good stock of Pipe and Pipe Fittings on hand.
E. W. RYCKMAN,--Creston

RED ROSE
TEA "is good tea"
From the best tea gardens in INDIA and CEYLON

Close The Back Door

Commenting on the decision to remove some of the existing restrictions on immigration into Canada, a Western weekly paper says that while it may or may not be a good idea to open the door to immigration into Canada, more important than opening the front door is finding some means of closing the back door—in other words, stopping emigration from Canada.

The same opinion has been expressed over and over again in this column. The back door, however, can only be closed through the adoption of policies which will so improve conditions in the industry of agriculture as to make farming profitable, and those engaged in food production satisfied and contented to remain on the land.

One means of bringing about that much to be desired result is the provision of long promised branch lines of railway to settlers who homesteaded, or took up land in other ways, in districts upon the promise of early transportation facilities being provided. In most instances early surveys of the proposed lines were made, and in quite a few cases the grade was wholly or partially constructed. The war, unfortunately, put an end to the laying of steel, and people generally, even those who suffered directly and most severely, accepted the delay.

This year, however, when the Canadian National Railways supported by the Government and House of Commons decided to proceed with the completion of several of these much needed branch lines, the Senate placed its veto on the proposal. And because protest was voiced in this column against the action of an unrepresentative body, in no way responsible to the people and wholly beyond their control, thus nullifying the wishes of the vast majority of the people, certain readers wrote complaining of the articles in question. The views expressed were not partizan, because the adverse vote in the Senate on the question of branch lines construction was not confined to members of any one political party.

The provision of adequate transportation facilities in order to enable settlers to market the crops they raise is one of the first essentials in any sound and successful immigration policy. The provision of these short branch lines is necessary as feeders to the long and expensive main lines if our railways are to be successful and paying propositions. It is not the small branch lines that are responsible for the huge railway deficits, but the lack of them to provide sufficient traffic for the main lines. Yet the opposing Senators talked as if the construction of these short branches meant adding to the railway deficits.

If further evidence was required to demonstrate the need for the immediate construction of these all-important branches in order that Canada's "back door" be closed, it was provided at the recent sitting of the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission at Dauphin, Manitoba, when farmer delegates urged the immediate construction of the St. Rose-Rokert extension of the C.N.R., and in so doing asserted that in the last three years no less than 2,000 people had left the Municipality of Lawrence, chiefly returned soldiers and Ontario and English farmers, and people are still moving out as fast as they can get out. The land is being abandoned, some going to the United States and others to seek work elsewhere. The Municipality for years had a population of 4,000 but with half of them gone, the remaining 2,000 have to pay the taxes which three years ago were paid by the 4,000. Owing to lack of transportation facilities, and consequent difficulty and expense in marketing, only fifty acres on an average are cultivated, a quite insufficient amount to make it a paying proposition.

Witness after witness told the same story, and some of the experiences related by fine, upstanding English soldier settlers were heartrending. The Grain Inquiry Commission had, of course, no power to hold out any hope to these struggling settlers, but it promised to lay all the facts before the Canadian National Railways. The branch line in question was one of those killed by the Senate's action.

What, it may be asked, is the use of Canada spending huge sums of money on an immigration service, with agents and lectures abroad and expensive publicity campaign designed to secure settlers for Canada, only to have them become discontented through failure to supply their necessary requirements in the way of transportation, and have them depart to the United States, or abandon the land to seek work in the congested labor market of the larger cities?

Let the front door of Canada be opened by all means to immigrants who are sound in body, mind and morals, even though they may not be strong in money but are willing to work and anxious to make good. That is the reason the vast majority of them emigrate—in order to improve their condition in life. But even more important is it that Canada should close its back door and keep these settlers by assisting them with essentials to make a success of their new venture in this country.

After a man has tackled three or four enterprises and failed to succeed in any of them, he usually sets himself up as a pessimist.

When a man proposes he doesn't seem to realize that it may result in losing control of himself.

There are 3,424 spoken languages in the world, of which America has 1,624, Asia 937, Europe 587, and Africa 276.

One famous English aviator pays an annual premium of $300,000 on an insurance policy for $1,000,000.

"I Had Bilious Attacks and Stomach Weakness"

Mrs. Wm. Robinson, Yonker, Sask., writes: "I suffered from stomach and liver trouble, and used to have bilious attacks so bad that I could do nothing for weeks at a time. My stomach would be so weak that not even a drink of water would stay on it. On my sister's advice, I began to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and must say that they have made me feel like a new woman."

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

One pill a dose, 25 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Clocks Controlled By Wireless

Experts Believe This Method Will Be Generally Used

A clock that by means of wireless operates and successfully controls a number of other clocks has been invented by an American engineer. This invention is believed by experts who have examined it to foreshadow a day when all public clocks will be controlled and synchronized by this method. One of the most wonderful clocks in the world is to be seen at Wells Cathedral. It was made by a monk six hundred years ago. The hours are indicated by the appearance of a number of armed figures on horseback. These meet in a kind of charge, the striking of their lances sounding the chimes for the hour. A clock without visible works is one of the wonders of Waterloo Station, London. It is controlled by electricity, which connects it with a master-clock.

The Peaceful Boundary

Canada and U.S. Prove Relations Can Be Friendly

If Europeans could begin managing their frontiers with some degree of the confidence in their neighbors as friendly human beings, which is characteristic of our Canadian relations, they would begin to recover their poise and prosperity. The fact that we have kept this peace, more than 2,000 miles broad and more than 100 years long, proves that it can be done. What Europe needs more than anything else is the study and imitation of our northern frontier.—From the Mail and Empire.

DYSPEPTIC
Food Does You No Good

Half the time you're afraid to eat; your tongue is coated, mouth tastes bad, stomach is bloated. If you want to get well, stop using dyspepsia tablets and go to the source of the trouble before it is too late. Strengthen your stomach, cast out the bile, regulate the bowels—do this, and dyspepsia will be no more.

For your condition the best prescription is Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are made specially for the stomach, kidneys and liver.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills Aid the Stomach

Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills to-day, 25c per box, 5 for $1.00, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Canadian National Earnings

Gross earnings of the Canadian National Railways from January 1st to November 14th, 1923, have been $219,237,931.87, an increase of $18,580,486.83 as compared with earnings for the corresponding period of 1922.

GUARD THE BABY AGAINST COLDS

To guard the baby against colds nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild laxative that will keep the little one's stomach and bowels working regularly. It is a recognized fact that where the stomach and bowels are in good order that colds will not exist; that the health of the little one will be good and that he will thrive and be happy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lumber Substitutes

What shingle substitutes have done to shingles, lumber substitutes are beginning to do to lumber. For instance, boards are being made today out of sugar cane. The concrete industry has advertised "concrete for permanence" to such an extent that concrete plants have sprung up all over the country and wood is losing out.—From the Vancouver Sun.

Corns disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Remover without leaving a scar.

Furs From the North

Carrying about a million dollars worth of furs and a number of passengers, the Hudson's Bay Company steamer Baychimo arrived at Vancouver recently from Arctic waters. The vessel, which operated as a passenger carrier during the summer on the Siberian coast, penetrated into the Arctic as far as North Cape.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain

Over 500 million Aunt Jemima Pancakes served last year!

That old-time Southern flavor! You can get it only with

AUNT JEMIMA PANCAKE FLOUR

Aunt Jemima's famous recipe ready-mixed

"I'se in town, Honey!"

WE ALL LOVE THE OLD HOME

This opportunity is made easier to you people in Western Canada to visit Ontario and the Eastern Provinces, owing to the greatly reduced rates being given on the C.P.R. and National Railways, good for a period of three months.

Do not forget to bring THE WIFE AND KIDDIES. Give them the treat also of a visit to the Old Home, and at the same time give the folks at the Old Home the pleasure of looking at

THE NATION'S GREATEST ASSET—THE BABIES

While passing through Toronto we would thank you for your patronage at

THE WALKER HOUSE
"The House of Plenty"

THE HOTEL CARLS-RITE
"The House of Comfort"

Where the Management pays special attention to the wants of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

Any reasonable request of the parent for special food for the children will be complied with in our Dining Rooms without extra charge.

We, the Proprietors of TORONTO'S TWO FAMOUS HOTELS love the Kiddies, as we have Kiddies of our own.

GEO. WRIGHT E. M. CARROLL
PROPRIETORS

Natural Resources Bulletin

Immense Area of Western Provinces Not Fully Realized By Many

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:—

The immensity of area of the prairie provinces can hardly be realized without the study of a good map. When it is realized that in Manitoba, Norway House, at the head of Lake Winnipeg, is below the centre of the province, and that Edmonton and Prince Albert are in a similar position in Alberta and Saskatchewan, some conception of what the possibilities of these western provinces are may be obtained. Surveys of the northern portions of the three provinces have indicated resources of minerals, forests and fisheries, with undeveloped water powers and agricultural areas awaiting only the coming of capital and settlement. Experimental farms are constantly at work on new varieties of agricultural products suitable to the more northerly portions, and with the introduction of these the farming zone will gradually extend north. Maps of the western provinces are available from the Natural Resources Intelligence Service on request.

Certain morbid conditions must exist in the stomach and intestines to encourage worms, and they will exist as long as these morbid conditions permit them to. To be rid of them and spare the child suffering, use Miller's Worm Powders. They will correct the digestive irregularities by destroying the worms, conditions favorable to worms will disappear, and the child will have no more suffering from that cause.

One way to conceal your ignorance is to tell your small son to look it up himself and then he will remember it longer.

It will Relieve a Cold.—Colds are the commonest ailments of mankind and if neglected may lead to serious conditions. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will relieve the bronchial passages of inflammation speedily and thoroughly and will strengthen them against subsequent attack. And as it eases the inflammation it will usually stop the cough because it allays the irritation in the throat. Try it and prove it.

Sometimes a woman has a speaking acquaintance with the woman across the street, and sometimes they know each other so well that they don't speak at all.

The Two Kinds

Men are of two classes—those who do their best work today and forget about it, and those who promise to do their best tomorrow and forget about it.—Missouri Herald.

Had A Weak Heart Was Very Nervous For Three Years

Miss Jessie Peterson, Zealandia, Sask., writes:—I wish to let you know how much good Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me.

For nearly three years I was very badly run down, had a weak heart, and was so nervous that sometimes I would almost faint away.

I heard of many people who had recommended your Heart and Nerve Pills, so I decided to give them a trial. After I had used two boxes I found they had done me good, and after having taken five boxes I was completely relieved.

I cannot recommend your Pills enough, and I would advise anyone having a weak heart or troubled with nervousness to use them."

Milburn's H. & N. Pills are 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Canadian Bacon For Britain

Exports of bacon from Canada to Great Britain increased almost 3,000,000 pounds during the first nine months of the current calendar year. For this period during 1922 there were 70,988,000 pounds of Canadian bacon shipped to the British market, while this year the corresponding figure rose to 73,934,000 pounds.

Long Standing Asthma. Many have suffered so long from asthma and have tried so many so-called remedies they think that there is no real help for them. They should read the letters received by the manufacturers of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy from hundred of cases once as desperate as their own. Even in long-neglected cases this famous preparation brings prompt help.

Old Julia's Proud Record

Julia Dunn, 71 years of age, for 51 years has been selling flowers in the doorway of the booking office of the Great College Street Station, Camden Town, London, England. For all these years she has been privileged by the North London Railway Company. Old Julia is said to be one of the most chatty of the old flower sellers of London.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Greatest Need Of Canada Is Increased Population And Abiding Faith In Our Future

When we have got 100 millions of people in Canada. When the nation to the north of the 49th parallel is equal to the nation of the south, it will then be easy enough to measure our length, and breadth and height. It is not so easy to estimate our greatness in the growing stages.

Above all, in the business of colonization we are in need of the practical mystic, whose imagination leaps forward, whose energy does not flag. If we have a Cecil Rhodes hidden away somewhere in our midst, attack awaits him, proportionate to his genius.

A young man of supreme endowment, addressing himself to this field, need envy no past age. If ever there was a man's size job, it is the task of building up of our own half of this North American continent. With this task still before us, it is surely a privilege to be young and on the threshold in this Dominion.

Lord Birkenhead's prophecy of five millions more people in Canada in the next ten years sounds well. But we Canadians who are here already have got to act before we will even be started toward the realization of that dream.

For the ten years prior to the war we borught in two and a half millions of people. Every year we were bringing in more, and absorbing them with ease. We were acquiring the growing habit so insistently that at last, early in 1914, Sir George Foster had the courage to speak of "A million a year" which at that period sounded like the most logical thing in the world.

Then came the war and arrested development, out of which we formed the marking time habit, until it become just as natural as the growing habit had formerly been.

Today, we present the sad spectacle of a young nation chained too long to the dwarfing policy of marking time.

Ont of the old arsenal of forgotten shibboleths, we might well revive that brave slogan, "A Million a Year."

As the not distant past witnessed the development of the United States, so, I believe, the not distant future will witness the development of Canada. A development to be brought about by the increasing attraction and absorption of new peoples.

Lord Selkirk was one of the first real colonizers of this country. In the face of the monopoly of the fur trade, against the opposition of the Hudson Bay Company, he had the audacity to dream and to strive for something more than the "Great Lone Land."

He went to his untimely grave with a broken heart, but the fertile fields which he had hoped to establish have spread out far beyond the Red River, until now his dreams have eclipsed the fur trade, and Canada has begun to dominate the wheat supply of the world.

Lord Selkirk, with all his disappointments and his failures, was one of the great practical colonizers who not only brought out new settlers but labored toward the creation of new spheres of effort, to bind them to this new land.

James J. Hill, a Canadian Scot, who went to St. Paul to engage in Red River transportation, is another example of sound colonizing stories of all history.

How much Canada assisted in the unfolding of this story is realized by those who are acquainted with that background. Jim Hill, Donald Smith, George Stephen, Norman Kittson are four Canadians that may be listed among the giant figures, who assisted toward the development of that virgin soil through the building of the transcontinental roads, and the subsequent peopling of those vast open spaces, cultivated fields, smiling towns and cities with throbbing marts of industry and commerce, remain today as the monument of their skill.

When others looked at the Northwest and saw only the waste, Hill looked and saw his Empire of Wheat. Minnesota and the Dakotas and other bad lands today bear witness to the efficacy of the dreams of this Canadian Scot.

Archbishop Ireland used to tell of the way Hill enlisted his services, as a Catholic priest, in order to get people out onto the deep rich soil. According to Archbishop Ireland, Hill was a flaming proselytizer for the new land, in which he believed with all his heart, and with all his might. But he was no empty dreamer. His task was not merely to get settlers, but to afford them also adequate opportunities for toil.

Colonization covers the whole field of national development. It is not merely immigration, it is industrialization. It includes at one end, the shiploads of willing workers. It includes at the other end, the smoking chimneys, and the ripening crops, whose increase spells waxing opportunity.

If we are to be a nation, rich and great, we must reserve to ourselves the finishing processes, as well as the raw processes. We must increase the attractiveness of our land by reserving to ourselves not merely the dirty work but also the fancy work.—Arthur Hunt Chute in Montreal Star.

Are Coming Back

Disappointed with conditions across the line many Canadians who have gone to the United States in search of brighter prospects are reported returning to their home cities. All classes are included in the movement, which is the more remarkable in that it is taking place on the approach of winter, when the exodus to the south is usually at its height. By next spring it is felt that the trek back to Canada will be in full swing.

ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!

BAYER

Genuine

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Earache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Centre of Attraction

Sweet Young Thing.—"Are you really quite sure it is safe to bathe here?"

Gay Old Salt.—"Lor, bless yer, missie, yer needn't worry. There'll be scores o' men who'll 'ave all their eyes on yer all the time!"—London Tit-Bits.

Alberta Fox Farms

There were 24 fox farms in Alberta in 1922, in comparison with only half that number the previous year, according to a report issued by the Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa.

If a man is unable to make good on his own account he usually points with pride to his ancestors.

HOCKEY PLAYERS

Minard's is the ideal liniment for the rub-down. Takes the soreness out of bruised muscles.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1501

WESTERN EDITORS

Thomas Miller, Editor and Managing Director of The Daily Times, Moose Jaw, Sask.

Uses For Skimmed Milk

Material Made By New Process Valuable For Many Things

Combining beauty with utility, a material is being made from skimmed milk by a process recently taken to the United States from England, according to The Baltimore Sun. As it is non-inflammable, odorless and can be drilled, glued and dyed, it has a multitude of uses as a substitute for ivory, ebony, amber, tortoise shell, horn and other similar products. Besides, it may be used as an almost perfect imitation of many natural products of great price, among them being Chinese jade and lapis lazuli. A brilliant polish is easily obtained and it can be bent, pressed, and, to some extent, molded or machined. As it is a non-conductor of electricity it may be used in making decorative radio and lighting fittings. Also it has been found valuable for ships' cabins, hand-rails, automobile fixtures, and in the making of heads, buckles, buttons, jewelry, fancy ornaments, cigarette holders, combs, brushes, carriage handles, parts of furniture, pencils and penholders, organ stops and piano keys.

Fox Worth Small Fortune

Animal Large As Collie Dog Valued at $38,000

A consignment of live foxes arrived recently in Vancouver en route from Montreal to Los Angeles. The shipment was sent by R. T. Moore, and it consists of nearly one hundred black foxes to be used in starting a new breeding farm in California. By crossing a large Russian fox with a Canadian silver fox, Mr. Moore has produced an animal as large as a collie dog, which is valued at $38,000. This animal was bred in Alaska and was recently taken to the Moore farm in Calgary for breeding purposes.

This is the second shipment that has come west recently.

More Antiques Found

Further Discoveries in Outer Shrine Of Pharaoh's Tomb

Further antiquities of matchless beauty came to light in Tutankhamen's tomb when Howard Carter found two alabaster jars of exquisite design and craftsmanship together with an ebony stick inlaid with the most delicate gold chevrons. These objects were found on the inside of the outer shrine containing the Pharaoh's body.

It is assumed that the stick which, in shape, is not unlike the conventional walking cane of today, was placed in the tomb by the Pharaoh's loyal subjects so as to aid his majesty on his journey to the unknown realm, where it was believed he would enjoy eternal life.

Facts Would Tend To Indicate That Nations Of The World Are Preparing For Next War

While the Washington Conference was a step in the direction of limiting armaments insofar as capital ships of the Great Powers are concerned, the truth appears to be that never were some of the powers so feverishly engaged in building up their fighting strength as at present. The idea that the Great War was a war to end war has been abandoned. There has been the plainest of plain speaking both in the Chamber of Deputies and in the House of Commons concerning the building of air fleets. France has now 1,250 planes ready for instant service. Britain has half that many, and even the United States has felt it advisable to have 800 fighting planes and 13,000 trained airmen prepared for an emergency. This year Britain will spend $54,000,000 on her air force, France $33,000,000, and the United States 30,000,000. The money the powers save on capital ships is being spent on airplanes and in smaller vessels not mentioned at the Washington Confcrence.

France was the first great nation to grasp the fact that airplanes will play a greater part in the next war than in the last war, and that there will be a next war. Even with Germany helpless and prostrate, France rushed forward into a great airplane building programme though she was unable to find any money to pay her debts to Great Britain. She subsidized the building of planes and the operation of commercial planes, and by these means got the lead which she will try to maintain. Britain paid little attention to airplanes after the war, but became alarmed when she noted the extraordinary production of them in France. She was aware of the fact that France had suddenly come into possession of a weapon with which she might destroy London in short order. If France was not building with an eye on Britain, where was the enemy; Britain left bound to acknowledge the implied challenge, which explains the large appropriation for airplanes in the last budget.

Larger and larger planes are being built, and if war comes it will probably be found that planes will be used for transporting troops. It is suspected that both in England and France planes have been built which are capable of carrying fifty soldiers and their equipment at the rate of a hundred miles an hour or even faster. Experiments are being conducted with a view of perfecting the direction of unmanned airplanes by means of radio. Such planes will be used for bombing purposes. Another experiment concerns the use of smoke screens to hide the planes from guns on battleships about to be attacked. More warlike intentions are to be noted in a hundred laboratories where government chemists are toiling to produce some more horrible gases than were used in the last war. Although the use of gas was so generally denounced when the Germans first employed it, all the powers had to use it later on, and now all powers are expecting that it will play a great part in the next war. It may be that there will be hesitation in using it first, but when once the ice is broken, it will be found that all the belligerents are well fortifid.

Naturally there is the greatest secrecy surrounding all these preparations, just as there was secrecy surrounding the perparations for the last war, but now and then hints are dropped to the effect that if there should be another war chemists and electrical experts have developed weapons that will make the last war seem tame by comparison. It is noted by a writer in The New York Herald that in recent months it has become almost impossible to obtain information as to what the various nations are doing in the matter of submarines. It has leaked out, however, that Britain, having suffered so cruelly from the submarines in the last war, has paid particular attention to this sort of craft, and has actually designed one that carries twelve-inch guns. There is no secret about the fact that all the maritime powers are building submarines of a far greater cruising radius than those used by Germany. France is particularly busy with submarines, counting on them and her airplanes as her greatest weapons in the event of another war. Or perhaps it would be more correct to say that she counts on them to silence criticism of her present course.

Thinks Swearing All Right

Yes, providing the provocation equals the offence of Jones stepping on Smith's sore corns. Far better to use "Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor," it does lift out corns in a hurry. No corn can last if "Putnam's" is applied. Refuse a substitute. 25c everywhere.

Can Make Hay In Rain

Machine Dries Grass Very Quickly By Hot Blast

We usually regard sunshine as a sheer necessity for making hay, but now hay can be made while the rain pours.

This is made possible by a machine which dries the grass by a hot-air blast. The apparatus consists of a drying chamber, in which the green grass or clover passes through a tube in the centre of a rotating cylinder, a continuous blast of hot air being blown through the tube.

Before enering the drying tube the green material is chopped into short lengths by a cutter, and the hot blast carries it through the tube at the rate of forty miles an hour.

The entire operation from the time the green grass is brought to the drier to the time it is driven up into the storage receptacle occupies only five minutes.

Transfusion Revitalizes Blood

Discovery of a method of blood transfusion, which not only rejuvenated aged patients, but prolongs life, is claimed by Dr. Frederick Heyman, German consulting surgeon.

The method of transfusion adopted, Dr. Heyman told an interview in London, revitalizes the blood of the patient and can be practiced on both sexes.

To Help the Veterans —Play This Game

Enter the Poster-Judging Competition which is being conducted in Canada for the benefit of the Veterans' Associations, and to which BOVRIL LIMITED has donated prizes totalling £30,000, about $138,888.60.

These are divided in 2,003 prizes, each of the first three being really a fortune in itself—The amounts are approximately as follows:

1st Prize - $55,555

2nd Prize, $13,888—3rd Prize, $4,555

and 2,000 other prizes of varying values.

SEND A DONATION OF $1.20

Every donor of $1.20 is presented with a Ticket-folder, on which sixteen of the most celebrated BOVRIL Posters are reproduced in full colors.

Which are the 12 best, in order of merit, is what you must decide. The folder shows just what you must do. It is a fascinating game, which can be played over and over again and in which all can join, and the prizes add interest to the game.

Donations should be made to any of the following organizations or their branches which are actively interested and ask your help:

Veterans' Assn. of Great Britain, 2725 Park Ave., Montreal; Great War Veterans' Assn., Citizen Bldg., Ottawa; Army and Navy Veterans in Canada, 321 Bishop St., Montreal; Imperial Veterans in Canada, 700 Main St., Winnipeg.

Canada's Standard Smoke

BRIER

TRADE MARK

REGISTERED

Local and Personal

FOR SALE—Coal Heater, price $10 R. Clarke, Wynndel.

FOR SALE—Washstand and dresser. Mrs. W. K. Brown.

A. E. French is a business visitor at Crow line points this week.

FOR SALE—Brown horse, will do anything on ranch, $90. F. W. Ash, Creston.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Four-room cottage, partly furnished. Apply Mrs. W. K. Brown.

WANTED—Two pigs, about three months old, state breed and price. Apply Review Office.

WHITE HEIFER LOST

Lost, since last spring, pure white heifer, branded T5D on left ribs and both ears over-sloped. $5 reward to party giving information leading to recovery. JAS. DAVIS, Creston.

Anglican Church Services

SUNDAY, JANUARY 27

CRESTON
7.30 p.m.

Creston Bakery

Moir and Neilson

Chocolates

None better
Few as good

A. B. NORRIS

We Thank You!

We would like to take this means of expressing our appreciation of the very generous patronage accorded our January Clearance Sale. It was a genuine clearance in which we moved a very considerable part of our winter lines and at the same time gave our customers and friends an opportunity to buy other goods at prices that mean a very substantil saving. The pleasure was mutual, we trust. and the profit yours.

Usual Week-End Specials cancelled this week—due to stocktaking.

MAWSON

Better Service BROTHERS Lower Prices

Mrs. M. J. Beninger and daughter, Doris, left on Wednesday for a short visit with friends in Nelson.

R. Rose of Medicine Hat, Alberta, is here on his annual vacation with his brother J. F. and Mrs. Rose.

Mrs. Jessie Lewis, teacher of piano forte, Royal Academy of Music, London, Lamont Bldg., Creston.

BIRTH—At Silverton, Oregon, on January 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Hobart (nee Lyne) a daughter.

WANTED—Cider press and spraying outfit. Give full particulars and state price. Apply P.O. Drawer 38, Creston.

Mrs. H. L. Crosthwait was a Cranbrook visitor on Thursday, accompanying Mrs. Ash to the hospital in that town.

Creston Board of Trade postponed annual banquet will be held on Thursday night, January 31st, at the Norris bakery.

E. A. Vachon, a former provincial police here, and for the last three years located at Salmo, is reported transferred to Invermere.

The February meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Sherwood on Friday afternoon, February 1st, at 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—15 barrel metal tank, horse and harness, Massey-Harris disc, cupboard, Savage rifle, box heater, will take 2 foot 6 inch wood. H. F. Wood, Creston.

Dick Randall of the Exchange barber shop staff, got back on Sunday from Prosser, Wash., to which place he had been called a few days previous, due to the death of his father.

Senator and Mrs. Gillis of Whitewood, Sask., were Creston visitors a few days at the end of the week with the latter's brother, R. Lamont. They left on Monday on a trip to Vancouver

Mrs. Bennett is giving a silver tea at her home on Thursday next, January 31st, from 3 to 5.30 for the benefit of the public library. The proceeds will be used for the purchase of new books.

The high school pupils with a number of the other young people of town were entertained at an oldtime sleighing party last Friday night, which concluded with a bean supper and other hospitality at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Bennett.

D. Keer, a St. Mary's prairie farmer of Cranbrook, was a business visitor here on Thursday last, and during his stay made the purchase of six head of Holstein cattle from C. O. Rodgers, part of the dairy herd he is wintering on the former W. V. Jackson ranch.

At the January meeting of Creston Masonic Lodge on Wednesday evening last the retiring W.M. T. W Bundy was presented with a past master's jewel from the lodge, the presentation being made by R.W. Bro. Mallandaine, at the supper, which was the concluding feature of the session.

Rev. E. W. MacKay of Cranbrook is expected to arrive on Saturday and assume charge on Sunday evening of the united Methodist-Presbyterian special meetings in the latter church which will continue throughout next week. The attendance each evening this week has been quite encouraging.

Mrs. J. W. Hamilton is now agent for the Spirella Corset Company of Canada, and has on hand a good supply of these corsets, and accessories; also rubber goods, aprons, gloves, etc. She will be glad to show these to any ladies who care to call at her residence any Monday afternoon, and will also measure and fit clients at their own homes.

Hardly had the Review been off the press last Thursday afternoon with the announcement that zero weather was at an end, than the mercury started on another downward trip giving the Valley a weekend cold spell that produced a touch of 17 below on Sunday morning. It eased off, however, again on Monday, and the first signs of the January thaw were in evidence on Wednesday and Thursday.

At the annual meeting of Creston Valley Public Library, on the 14th, the old board was re-elected for another year, as follows: C. B. Garland, chairman; Mrs. J. W. Hamilton, secretary and librarian; Mrs. Ebbutt, Capt. Crompton, W. J. Truscott. The librarian's report showed a membership of 55 last year, all of whom had shown a decided preference for fiction in their reading, just over 2000 volumes of this sort being given out in 1923. There are now between 700 and 800 books at the disposal of library patrons.

Word arrived on Tuesday that the O.U.G. had won their suit against the Creston Fruit Growers Union, Limited, for an overpayment of $10,200 in connection with 1922 fruit selling, the case being heard at Vancouver in the Supreme Court at the end of the week. No stated amount was awarded, however, the trial judge leaving it to the two parties interested to agree on this point, and in the case of failure by them to agree the registrar of the court will fix the sum to be paid. No further details are available as Messrs. Constable and Garland have not returned from the coast as yet.

Canyon City

W. Lasher of Glenlilly, who is a landowner in this section, is a Canyon visitor this week, a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wearmouth.

Tom Hickey, who is fur buying at East Kootenay points, and J. Butler, who is employed at Kitchener, were home for the weekend.

Miss Muriel Knott, who is in charge of the school at Sirdar, was a weekend guest at her home here.

Rev. B. C. Freeman of Cranbrook was the speaker at the Methodist Church service here on Sunday afternoon. He is conducting a week of special meetings at Creston at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Messenger, sr., who have been guests for a couple of months with Mrs. Glen Messenger, returned to their home near Seattle a few days ago.

Mr. Taplin is busy already with the erection of quite a commodious barn on his twenty-acre tract which he bought from the L.S.B. early last fall.

Quite a few of the Erickson and Canyon ranchers are busy with the ice harvest on the Goat river near the high level bridge. The frozen fluid has a thickness of almost twenty inches.

Another six inches of snow arrived on Tuesday and is providing the lumbermen with the best hauling conditions that have obtained here in the last six years.

A. G. Samuelson has a crew of twelve men and three teams at work tie making and hauling ties to the siding. At least half the crew are Canyon men.

Erickson

Mrs. C. H. Allan of Portland, Ore., accompanied by her little granddaughter, Eileed Davis, are visitors here at present with Mrs. Fred Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. O. Richardson got back on Thursday last from Vancouver, where they have been stopping for almost the past month.

Many of the local ranchers are busy with the ice harvest on the Goat river at the high level bridge, where the cold weather has put an ice coating almost two feet thick.

A. A. J. Collis, the well known Creston music teacher, has extended operations to Erickson, and is taking pupils here one day a week at present.

Charlie Botterrill left for Cranbrook at the end of the week, where he is resuming a former position he had with the C.P.R. brakeman.

According to the official report of the postmaster general the revenue at Erickson postoffice for the year ended last March was $811. At Kitchener the figures were $766.

The excellent sleighing that prevails is accounting for a daily haul of ties to the Canyon siding of at least six carloads. All the surplus mule labor in the Erickson section is on the payroll of the Putnam, Staples & Palmer sawmill at Goat River Crossing at present.

The West Erickson water users organization had a business session at the Kel, Andrew home on Saturday evening, and the shareholders of the co-operative store are meeting in annual session today.

Sirdar

W. D. Tuohey returned at the end of the week from a business visit to coast points.

Miss Muriel Knott, teacher, was a weekend visitor at her home at Canyon. She is having great success with the pupils and the trustees are fortunate to secure a teacher of her ability at the middle of the term.

Residents of Kuskanook are taking full advantage of the sleighing to stock up Sirdar customers with a season's supply of wood.

P. Cherbo, jr., and Geo. Cam, Jr., were business visitors at Creston on Thursday last, on a cattle buying trip.

Freight traffic seems to be getting steadily heavier and the yard crew is putting in long hours at present. On Wednesday it was almost noon before the day's work was completed.

Rev. H. Varley was here from Creston for Church of England evening service on Sunday last.

Mr. Wilson at the quarry will be short his summer supply of pork. On Monday last the yard engine ran over a couple of likely looking hogs belonging to him.

The bridge crew is again at work on repairs to the trestle having just completed putting in some new supports at the coal chute.

Amongst the many congratulatory messages mayor-elect Balment of Cranbrook received on Thursday night last was one from our own Mayor Daly whose greetings are reported to have been stated in his usual terse fashion, "Atta boy, Al. Victoria next stop." Radio listeners-in all over Canada heard the hearty ha, ha, ha, that the terminal city's new mayor broke loose with on reading the telegram.

Watch for our Announcement Next Week.

S. A. SPEERS

New Style FORD Tourings and Sedan

now in stock, with many New Improvements

REMEMBER THE FORD HAS:

—The Highest Re-Sale Value
—The Lowest Cost to Buy
—The Most Economical to Run
—The Least in Repairing
—And the Best in Service

CRESTON AUTO & SUPPLY
R. S. BEVAN, PROP.

IMPROVEMENTS IN THE

1924 Superior CHEVROLET

include Nickel Plated Radiator Shell, Dumbell type Radiator Filler Cap, Roomier Rear Seat Extra Fine Body Finish

STANDARD EQUIPMENT
now includes CORD TIRES and ALEMITE GREASING SYSTEM, at the new

REDUCED PRICE of $880.00
f.o.b. CRESTON

A carload of these models is expected shortly.
COMPARISON SELLS CHEVROLETS.
Ask about the G.M.A.C. Plan of Deferred Payments

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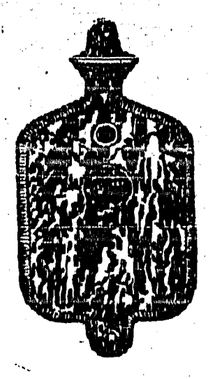

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Every Kantleek Product is guaranteed for two years.

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SPRAYS, ATOMIZERS, SYRINGE ATTACHMENTS in stock at regular prices.

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