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THE CRESTON REVIEW

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Valley Reported 16 Forest Fires

The three-quarter inch rainfall that Creston Valley was favored with on Sunday morning put an end to the forest fire menace very effectively for this year, and the axes, shovels, etc., have all been shipped back to Cranbrook for storage until next season.

According to the records of patrolman James Jory, but sixteen fires were reported for the five months of forestry patrol work. Five of them were in May, none in June, three in July, two in August and six in September.

For the first three months no expense was incurred whatever in handling the situation, and but little hired help was required in August, but the September blazes all required attention, the one in the slashings of the Sash & Door Company and the Paulson-Mason Company at Kitchener requiring as many as 75 men for a few days.

The loss of merchantable timber was very light, a blaze up Arrow Creek being the only one that got a hold in the standing forest.

Three of the sixteen fires were caused by lightning—the two reported from Porthill section both being from this cause. Two others were quite definitely traced to carelessness with camp fires, and the balance are listed as being from unknown causes.

The September conflagrations prevented the use of the patrolmen on tourist auto camp site building as planned at midsummer when it was evident the absence of fires would leave quite a slice of the season's appropriation available for improvements of that sort. Sites for these camps have been spotted, however, and it is expected that they will be gone on with at the front end of the 1924 season.

For the balance of the month Mr. Jory and Alf. Palmer, who was in charge of the Kitchener area this year, are being employed cutting seven miles of trail for the telephone pole line to a new lookout station that is being built near Movie.

The department is also being pressed to put in a lookout station near Invermere which would give a watchman a commanding view of the whole Columbia Valley. With the Banff-Windermere highway proving so popular for travel special effort is demanded in the way of preserving the natural beauty of the route.

Lister

Sam Lazachuk and Charles Frampton are the latest to migrate south for the winter, both going to Copeland, Idaho, for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Wright and family, who left Lister some time ago, are making their home at Copeland, Idaho, where he has secured employment in the sawmill.

W. R. Beard was a visitor to his ranch at Lister last week, returning after a few days stay to Klockmann, Idaho.

James Huscroft is busy cutting the winter supply of cordwood for the Huscroft school, having just been awarded the fuel contract.

W. Millington returned to Klockmann, Tuesday, after a week's visit with the family here.

Edward Langston arrived on Tuesday from Kimberley for a few days vacation at his ranch here.

Col. Fred Lister was at Kaslo a couple of days last week, officially opening the fall fair in that town on the 3rd.

James Jory expects to be absent at Movie until at least the end of the month, working at clearing the right of way for a telephone pole line to the new forestry lookout station at that point.

C. H. Phillips of Cranbrook is here for a few days at the ranch, arriving on Tuesday.

The funeral took place on Saturday at Creston of William Johnson, aged 26 years, of Camp Lister. He arrived from England last January, and for a time resided with his cousin, R. T. Milner. Later he obtained work at the Continental mine at Klockmann, Idaho, and while at work on Sunday, September 30th, he fell down a 60-foot shaft, reciving severe internal injuries. He was rushed to the hospital at Bonners Ferry, at which institution he died on Wednesday last. The remains were brought here, the burial taking place on October 6th. R. T. Milner is the only relative of the unfortunate man in this country.

Erickson

W. H. Kemp was a business visitor at Nelson a couple of days at the end of the week.

A. E. Penson, who has been working at Kellogg, Idaho, for the past four months, arrived home on Thursday last to help with the orchard harvest work on the ranch.

Mrs. Heric and sister of Yahk, were visitors here for a few days last week, with their sister, Mrs. E. W. Klingensmith.

Miss Kitty Littitjohn, who has been a hospital patient at Cranbrook for the past two weeks, got home again on Sunday, and is making a very satisfactory recovery. Her sister, May, accompanied her on the return trip.

Mrs. Richardson and daughter, left at the first of the month for Vancouver, where the latter is undergoing specialist treatment in that city.

Miss Tetley and Miss Lupton of England, who are making a tour of western Canada, were here for a few days last week, guests of Mrs. Harold Kemp.

The first of the Valley apples for the English market left Growers, Limited, warehouse the latter part of September—a car of Cox Orange, most of which came from the Walter Hall orchard. Another export car will be rolling early next week.

Alf. Palmer is at present located at Moyie, where he is assisting with forestry department work clearing the right of way for the telephone pole line to a lookout near that town.

Mr. and Mrs. M. McCarthy got back last week from a two weeks' motor trip through southern and central Alberta, making a visit with their daughter, Mrs. Charles Faas, at Morrin.

One of the most satisfactory apple crops reported this year is on the F. J. Klingensmith ranch. Already 800 orchard boxes of McIntosh Reds have been gathered and a start made on what indicates a yield of 700 boxes of Wagners. These are from two acres carrying about 300 trees.

Mrs. Harold Kemp and children, who have made their home at Erickson for the past three years, left a few days ago for Parksville, on Vancouver Island, where they will reside for the present, at least.

Board of Trade Busy With Roads

New and better roads were prominent features of discussion at the October meeting of Creston Board of Trade on Tuesday night, which was very largely attended, and taken charge of by President C. G. Benhett.

A start on highway matters was made with the passing of a resolution requesting that the coast-to-interior highway be built over the Hope-Princeton route, and in addition to adopting the motion a petition will be circulated for signature amongst the ratepayers of town and district.

A letter from Canyon Local of the United Farmers brought the hard surface road question to the fore, the U.F. writing soliciting the board's support in having Canyon included in next year's estimate for hard surface roads.

The board was informed that a few days ago the minister of public works had announced that for 1924 much greater attention would be paid to building settlers roads and that little hard surfacing would be done. It was therefore decided to address a letter to Mr. Ramsay, district engineer, urging a continuance of good roads making in the Valley and asking that Canyon's claim be taken into consideration when the work now being done at Alice Siding is completed.

The route for the north and south international highway again featured proceedings, those favoring the K.V. route re introducing the subject. The majority of those speaking in this connection, however, reaffirmed their preference for a road that would serve ranchers at Lister, Canyon and Erickson twelve months in the year, rather than the purely tourist highway along the abandoned railway right of way. All, however, seemed quite agreeable that if a middle route could be located that would serve ranchers and yet provide a more direct connection with Creston for the north and south auto traffic, such a highway might be even more desirable than the K.V. or the as-yet undefined route the board is given to understand the department has in mind, and the president was authorized to name a committee to investigate this possible middle route and report at the November meeting.

For the tourist camp committee E C. Gibbs briefly sketched investigational work to date, which offered a choice of three central sites. No definite offers in connection with two of them had yet been placed before the committee so the matter stands over until the November meeting. Progress was also reported the jam factory committee.

A letter was read from the Prince of Wales thanking the board for its thoughtfulness in sending him fruit supplies during his stay at the ranch at High River, Alberta, and the secretary will write letters of thanks to Messrs. P. G. Ebbutt, Robert Stark and Sam Moon, all of whom voluntarily contributed prize-winning plums, pears and peaches to be forwarded the prince.

The secretary read a number of letters from people in Alberta enquiring as to land prices and locations, and after some discussion endorsation was given a resolution from Nelson board of trade asking for the abolition of the personal property tax.

Armistice Day observation was broached and its was disposed of by the president agreeing to name a committee to act with the secretary in approaching the Great War Veterans officials and the local clergy to endeavor to have either of those take charge of fitting memorial exercises, preferable on Sunday, November 11th. If neither of these care to assume the responsibility the board executive will probably see that the day is observed.

Canyon City

Mrs. Messenger and Mrs. Wetherhead were week-end visitors with friends in Nelson, returning on Tuesday.

Miss Muriel Knott was at Creston this week for a few days substituting in Division IV. of the public school owing to the illness of Miss Brett.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller of Creston, lately returned from seven years residence at Claresholm, Alberta, were visitors with their daughter, Mrs. T. Hickey, for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Rodgers, who have been residents of Canyon since their marriage a little over a year ago have moved to Creston this week where they will reside permanently.

Albert Wesling has gone to work at Kitchener, where he has a position with Paulson Mason, Ltd.

Norman Strong was a visitor with Cranbrook friends for a few days this monsh.

Canyon had close to and inch of rain in the downpour Saturday night und Sunday morning, the wetness very effectively putting out some fires that were raging in the New Sweden section.

Tom Crawford has been working in this section this week changing over some of the telephone wires that formerly were stretched across ranch properties but are now being placed on the poles along the main road.

Great satisfaction is felt here at the start made this week by Valley road boss Tom Harris at putting in a new road that will eliminate travelling the heavy grade at the school sideroad. He is following the route selected by the U.F. at a special meeting a couple of weeks ago.

Mrs. Hickey very hospitably entertained about thirty friends at court whist on Saturday night at which the prize scores were made by Mrs. Pochin and "Dad" Browell, with the low scoring trophies going to Miss Sadie Wood and Mr. Abbott. Seven tables of players enjoyed this exciting card game until about 11.15 when a sumptuous lunch was served, Mrs. Guy Browell assisting her mother with the refreshments.

September Public School Report

Division I—J. A. Summers, Principal.

Grade VIII.: Perfect attendance—Edward Bush, Marguerite Benny, Charles Cotterill, Edith Couling, Aileen Hendy, Alister Ross. Grade VII.—William Bush, Alexander Henderson, Marion McDonald, William Manuel, Dorothy Ryckman.

Division II.—Miss Vickers, Teacher.

Grade VI.: Highest standing—Eric Martin, Rophina Androsow, Jessie Learmonth. Grade IV., second term—Laura Holmes, Mary Goodwin, Randall Payne.

Perfect attendance—Arthur Couling, Letty Couling, Norman Finlayson, Mary Goodwin, Lucy Kirsch, Jessie Learmonth, Ada Lewis, Ethel Lewis, Eric Martin, Charlie Moore, Jean McCreath, Verne Olsen, George Phillips, Dick Randall, Alice Ryckman, Lila Ryckman, Betty Speers, Aileen Spratt, Dorothea Spratt, Edith Wilson.

Division III—Miss Wade, Teacher.

Grade IV. Senior: Highest standing—Gwen Webster, Harry Miller, Marion Embree. Grade IV.: Junior—Ronald Gibbs, Harold Beninger, Cecil Cochrane.

Perfect attendance—Fred Alderson, Tom Crosthwait, Minnie Downes, Catherine Embree, Marion Embree, Euphemia Fisher, Jean Fisher, Ronald Gibbs, Jean Henderson, Hazel Hopwood, Sally Johnson, Frances Lewis, Raymond Martin, Beryl Nichols, Hilda Payne, Gwendoline Webster, Beth West.

Division IV.—Miss Brett, Teacher.

Grade II., Senior: Margaret Blinco, Herbert Couling, Roland Miller. Grade III.—Faye Pendry, Mary Maione, Frank Morrow.

Perfect attendance—Eric Bennett, Herbert Couling, Irwin Crosthwait, Jack Gibbs, Bert Hendy, James Johnsotn, Mabel Johnston, Henry Kirsch, Marjorie Learmonth, Frances Lewis, Mary Maione, Andrew Miller, Roland Miller, Frances Moore, Frank Morrow, Allen Speers, Arthur Speers, Jack Young.

Division V.—Miss Luxton, Teacher.

Grade II., Junior: Highest standing—Allen Staples, Helen Hopwood, Jack Payne. Grade I.—Lily Pendry, Iris Taylor, Frank Crompton.

Perfect attendance—Douglas Alderson, Raymond Bevan, Lucille Davies, Margaret Henderson, Holger Johston, Jack Johnston, Hesper Lewis, Molly Moore, Hubert Morrow, Arthur Nicholls, Rita Norris, Inez Smith, Iris Taylor, Clifford York.

Wynndel

Mrs. A. Gregory, who has been spending some time visiting friends in Winnipeg, returned the latter part of the week.

Mr. ValHalle was here on Saturday and gave quite a good show which was enjoyed by all, especially the youngsters, who roared with laughter at some of his card tricks. He promised to pay Wynndel a return visit early in the year.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Moore arrived on Saturday from Procter, and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Hagen.

Miss Grace Davies and her brother, Erwin, and Miss Augusta Benadetti, accompanied by her brother, Steve, returned to Boswell on Sunday to resume apple packing operations.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Uri left on Friday for East Robson where he will be employed during the winter.

Miss Nora Hagen left on Thursday last for Nelson, where she will be residing for quite a time.

Mrs. R. Uri, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. G. Walton, left on Wednesday last to join her husband at East Robson.

The children of the Baptist Church at Cranbrook came through with $50 at a building fund supper given for them last week.

GRAND Theatre .. Saturday, Oct. 13

THE SENSATIONAL SPEED DRAMA
WHICH DELIGHTED ALL NEW YORK

The FAST MAIL

DANGER! THRILLS! ACTION! SPEED!

Hold fast to your seat when you see this Wonder
Melodrama of Love and Thrills!

RED ROSE COFFEE

For particular people

Pure as the breezes of the mountain gardens where it grows—not a trace of any adulterant in this delightful coffee. 4C

Our Harvest Help

Every year Western Canada is confronted with the task of securing an adequate supply of men to harvest and thresh the large and increasing grain crop grown throughout the prairie country. It is a problem of some magnitude and one that calls for careful organization, great foresight and wise management on the part of those entrusted with the work. This year has been no exception to the rule; in fact, prospects of one of the heaviest crops in the history of the country only served to intensify the problem and add to the vital importance of satisfactorily solving it.

Plans for the securing of tens of thousands of harvest hands have to be made weeks before the actual work of cutting the grain begins. Those plans, both as to the number of men likely to be required and the dates upon which they should be available to go into the fields, must be made on the basis of estimates which may later be completely upset as a result of weather conditions. What from all appearances indicates a bumper crop in late June or early July may be radically altered through intense heat, or a prolonged spell of wet weather, or severe hail storms, or various pests and blights, until only an average, or less than average, crop results. An anticipated early harvest may be considerably delayed with the result that men are on hand before the farmers are ready to engage them, or conditions may hurry the crop onward to a rapid ripening and a clamor go up for men before they are available in sufficient numbers.

This year, with prospects in late June and early July of the heaviest grain yield in the history of the West, with a general concensus of opinion that the Western wheat crop would approach closely to the 500,000,000 bushels mark, and with estimated requirements of approximately 60,000 harvest hands, steps were taken by Government departments and transportation companies to meet the need. As a result arrangements were made to bring men not only from the other Provinces of Canada and the United States, but from the British Isles as well. Some four or five thousand men have, therefore, been brought across the Atlantic to help in the harvest, in addition to tens of thousands from Eastern Canada and British Columbia and hundreds from the United States.

Many of these men are prepared to remain as permanent settlers if they are pleased with their treatment here and find conditions are promising for their future success. Inasmuch as Canada requires additional population as one of the chief essentials of its continued growth, development and prosperity, it is of the utmost importance that everything possible be done to retain the maximum number of these men.

Governments and transportation companies having done their part, it now remains for the individual farmer to do his. Undoubtedly the vast majority of farmers treat their temperary help fairly and decently, and, while expecting and requiring of them hard work and long hours, see to it that they are comfortably housed, well fed, treated with reasonable consideration and paid promptly and adequately for services rendered. But in past years there have been numerous complaints, nevertheless, that conditions under which harvest hands have been obliged to work, and the business relations existing between farmer and employee, have not been all that they ought to have been and certainly not conducive to creating a favorable impression among these strangers in our midst.

Western farmers have everything to gain and nothing to lose by according the very best treatment possible to their harvest help. The letters which these men write to their old homes, and the impressions they take back, will constitute either the very finest or the very worst advertisement for this country. The opinions of these men will either enormously help immigration, or will hurt it. Their reports on the country and their treatment here will either make the ever recurring task of obtaining an adequate supply of harvest help when needed easier as the years pass or increasingly difficult. And the more difficult that task, the more the farmer will be made to pay.

It must be remembered that the expense to these men in coming long distances for only a few months' work is fairly heavy and they are entitled, under the circumstances, to good wages. If adequate wages are not forthcoming, these men will have nothing to show for their labor and the expense to which they have gone, and not only will they not repeat the experiment, but they will discourage others.

This is not to say that these harvesters are justified in demanding extortionate wages nor in adopting any hold-up policy. There is a limit which a farmer can pay for his harvest help, and, in view of the present economic condition of Western agriculture, that limit is not a high one, and to exceed it means ruin for the farmer.

The point of this article, however, is that quite apart from the question of wages, the individual farmer can do much to make his hired help satisfied, and a friend and booster for Western Canada instead of a critic and knocker. Many of these young men come from good and comfortable homes and they resent being treated as riff-raff and bums out of work looking for an easy job.

There is good and bad among them, but with the majority Western Canada is on trial. Therefore, treat them white.

Canada's Forest Wealth

Yearly Revenue From All Branches Is $500,000,000

Of the total area of forests in the British Empire, Canada holds over 50 per cent. In Canada more than 85 per cent. of the forest area is publicly owned. The Canadian people gain from their forest possessions the substantial annual revenue of $500,000,000 representing the production of all branches of their forest industries. More than 100,000 men are engaged in Canada converting forest products into wealth in some form or other. Nearly 400,000 other people depend on this "forest army" for their food and clothes. In the pulp and paper mills are 33,000 men, drawing $40,000,000 a year in wages. The lumber industry pays 55,000 men $60,000,000 wages annually.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Minard's gets at the root of the trouble, stops inflammation, deadens pain

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Capital For Calgary District

Among the harvest immigrants brought to Western Canada in August by the Canadian National Railways from overseas was a Swiss farmer with $70,000 to invest in a farm. He was accompanied out of Winnipeg to Calgary, where he intended to settle.

Fruits Grow Well

Industry Is Growing On Southern Alberta Irrigated Lands

Displays at the Lethbridge fair this year have established the fact that tree fruits can be grown successfully in certain districts of Alberta. Irrigation farmers in the south had displays of cherries, plums and small fruits, as well as of tobacco. All of these were grown on irrigated lands. One interesting exhibit was that of the United Farmers of Alberta, at Vauxhall, which showed fifty different soil products. Fruit growing has been taken up in several parts of both Southern and Northern Alberta with considerable success, and this industry is taking on larger proportions each year.

Wheezy Chest Colds Subdued Over Night

Trained Nurse Tells How Colds Are Quickly Broken Up

NERVILINE

A Home Necessity

Speaking of valuable home remedies that every mother should always keep on hand, Nurse Carrington says: "I haven't met any preparation more dependable than 'Nerviline.' It is the ideal liniment: every drop rubs in—it is absorbed quickly, eases and relieves congestion in a short time. For chest colds, pain in the side, stiff neck, earache and toothache, I have found Nerviline invaluable. In treating the minor ills that arise in every home, nothing is more efficient than Nerviline."

For nearly fifty years Nerviline has been a household article in thousands of Canadian homes. Get a 35c bottle to-day.

Peaches For Great Britain

An experimental shipment of several thousand cases of peaches will be made to Great Britain next month by the Ontario Department of Agriculture. Large handsome peaches of good quality are being selected for this shipment, which is expected to be the forerunner of a considerable development in Canadian export trade.

SYMPTOMS OF ANAEMIA

An Inherited Tendency to Anaemia May be Overcome

Some people have a tendency to become thin-blooded just as others have an inherited tendency to rheumatism, or to nervous disorders. The condition in which the blood becomes so thin that the whole body suffers comes on so gradually and stealthily that anyone with a natural disposition in that direction should watch the symptoms carefully. Bloodlessness, or anaemia, as the medical term is, can be corrected much more easily in the earlier stages than later. It begins with a tired feeling that rest does not overcome, the complexion becomes pale, and breathlessness on slight exertion, such as going up stairs, is noticed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a home remedy that has been most successful in the treatment of diseases caused by thin blood. With pure air and wholesome food these blood-making pills afford the correct treatment when the symptoms described are noticed.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, postpaid, at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Only a millionaire can afford to wear a misfit suit.

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

If an employee doesn't know his place he need not expect to keep it long.

Improve Your Complexion By Using Cuticura

Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water to free the pores of impurities and follow with a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. They are ideal for the toilet, as is also Cuticura Talcum for powdering and perfuming.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal.

Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Farmers Moving to St. Walburg

Leave Drought Area in Southern Saskatchewan to Farm in North

A number of farmers in the dried out section of Saskatchewan, southwest of Swift Current, have moved away and settled in the St. Walburg district at the end of the steel on the C.N.R. northwest of Battleford, according to John Balfour, who returned to Regina from a business trip in that section of the province.

Mr. Balfour said that settlers in this far-flung district appear to be making good. Being a bush country, he said, the district calls for a different type of farming to the open prairie, but many of the settlers, while clearing their land, are making a stake for themselves by such side lines as fishing and trapping.

During last winter, fish valued at $50,000 were shipped out from St. Walburg, and the fur pelts consigned from the same point were worth approximately $75,000. "Of course," he said, "the shippers were not all farmer settlers, some of the produce being shipped out by those making a living as fishermen or trappers. The farmers, however, are doing a certain amount of fishing and hunting, and game and fish, together with an occasional deer, help them to tide through the winter.

Practically every farmer in the district has one or two milk cows, according to Mr. Balfour, though the dairy industry has fallen off somewhat during the last year or two on account of lower prices for dairy produce. Most of the settlers are clearing their land by fire and the amount of land on each farm under cultivation is comparatively small at the present time.

Thinks Swearing All Right

Yes, providing the provocation equals the offence of Jones stepping on Smith's sore corns. Far better to use "Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, it does lift out corns in a hurry. No corn can last if "Putnam's" is applied. Refuse a substitute. 25c everywhere.

Returned Soldiers' Insurance

All Members of Canadian Expeditionary Force Are Eligible

The Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act has a provision that applications for either new or increased insurance will not be accepted after September 1st, 1923, it therefore behooves every ex-service man who is desirous of taking out this insurance to immediately get in touch with any office of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishemnt or by writing to the Commissioners, Returned Soldiers' Insurance, Daly Building, Ottawa, Ont., where the necessary application forms may be obtained.

All members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, whether they went overseas or not are eligible for insurance. There is no medical examination necessary as is the case with private companies. The rates are extremely low and the premiums may be paid in monthly instalments, and in the case of pensioners their first premium must be paid in cash, but should they so desire, subsequent premiums may be paid by deductions from the monthly pension cheques.

The amount of the smallest policy is $500 and are issued in denominations of $500 up to a maximum of $5,000. As an illustration of a way in which the Returned Soldiers' Insurance plan works out we will take an ex-service man now 30 years of age who takes out a $5,000 policy on the 20-year payment plan, the cost of this policy to him in premiums is $9.80 monthly, at his death his beneficiary will receive $1,000 in a lump sum and the balance will be paid over in 5, 10, 15 or 20 years, whichever period insured desires.

Any further particulars required regarding this insurance will gladly be furnished on application to either of the offices of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-Establishment in this province which are situated at the Veteran Block, Regina, Sask., and the Sub-Unit Office, 510 Canada Building, Saskatoon, Sask.

Th Many-Purpose Oil.—Both in the house and stable there are scores of uses for Dr. Thomas's Eclectric Oil. Use it for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, the pains of rheumatism and sciatica, sore throat and chest. Horses are liable very largely to similar ailments and mishaps as afflict mankind, and are equally amenable to the healing influence of this fine old remedy which has made thousands of firm friends during the past fifty years.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Magic Baking Powder is scientifically made and has never failed to give the maximum leavening efficiency. Because of this and the uniformly satisfactory results obtained by its use we recommend it as Canada's perfect baking powder.

PRODUCT OF CANADA

Cobalt Produces Bulk of Arsenic

The production of arsenic in Canada in 1922 amounted to 2,576 tons, valued at $321,037, which was an increase of 73 per cent. in quantity, but only 37 per cent. in value over the production of 1921. Approximately four-fifths of this was produced in the smelting of the silver-cobalt-nickel ores of Northern Ontario.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

The Canadian Rockies cover an area greater than that of France, Belgium and Switzerland combined.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

Keep Stomach and Bowels Right

By giving baby the harmless, purely vegetable, infants' and children's regulator.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

brings astonishing, gratifying results in making baby's stomach digest food and bowels move as they should at teething time. Guaranteed free from narcotics, opiates, alcohol and all harmful ingredients. Safe and satisfactory.

At All Druggists

Look at the Head

RED BLUE

Well worth 15¢ a box

Also pocket size 2 for 5¢

The brilliant head—*a band of blue, tipped with red*—is the mark by which you can always distinguish a MAPLE LEAF MATCH.

This distinctive head means to you that the matches are safe and safe—always dependable—non-poisonous; no glow, the kind rats won't gnaw—stronger and longer, different and better.

Look for the head—*a band of blue, tipped with red.* It is the symbol of match excellence.

MAPLE LEAF MATCHES

Different and better

THE CANADIAN MATCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL

Agricultural Opportunities Of Western Canada Are In Sound Position As Ever

(By G. H. Hutton, Supt. Agriculture and Animal Industry, Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alberta.)

Considerable pessimism appears to exist in some quarters as to the future of agriculture and as to business prospects in general in the west.

Extreme pessimism is a disease, and a review of the opportunities afforded in agriculture in the west may serve as a needed tonic to farmers and to business men alike. To the farmer who may feel downhearted, in that a review of the situation must provide many illustrations of those who have been depressed and weighed down by circumstances similar to those which face him, yet who have won through; to the business man, a study of the present situation must prove of value in again indicating how wonderful are the possibilities of the west in agriculture, and how closely related is success in that department of our national endeavor with success in business.

I should like to consider the subject of agricultural opportunities, having in mind what has been accomplished and considering also what may be done to multiply the number of successful farmers. First let us set out a correct standard or definition of success. The standard of success which was held up to the incoming settler for years was that the west offered the opportunity to accumulate wealth quickly and to retire after a few years to spend the balance of life in some other business or in idleness.

I submit that the man on the farm may be considered a success who, during the course of his active life, is in a position to enjoy home comforts, has time to devote to the duties of citizenship, time for reading, money to educate his children, is able to lay aside a competence for his old age, and yet leave his farm to the next generation in as good condition as he found it. I realize that many of those who have not succeeded on farms in the west have failed through no serious fault of their own, but through being over-ambitious, or, in many cases, through having responded during war years to the appeal for greater production. The farmer who extended his operations rapidly during these years and who made investments in livestock and equipment has been faced by such a rapid depreciation in values as to test his financial strength to the limit and even beyond.

I do not overlook the fact that a readjustment of the prices of farm products upward to a point in correspondence with the costs of production is necessary, or a reduction of such costs of production to a point corresponding with the values of the products of the farm. Prices of farm products must go up or costs must go down. It is not a matter of vital importance whether the products of the farm be high or low in price if they correspond in value with the things which the farmer has to buy.

There has been some improvement toward co-relating these values, but that movement has not proceeded as far or as rapidly as it should. I wish to point out, however, that even during the last few years when the spread between the value of farm products and the value of the things the farmer buys has been greatest, even during the years when the need for readjustment has been greatest, we have a considerable percentage of farmers in Western Canada who have been making good. The man who has been operating a farm within his own capacity to handle, largely in so far as labor is concerned, and who did not expand his purchases during the period of high prices for land and livestock beyond his ability to pay cash is in a sound financial position today.

I feel sure that everyone who has studied the situation will agree that the west is economically sound, and that a great future lies ahead.

In conclusion, let me say that I believe that the fertility of our soil, the invigorating climate which we enjoy and the energy of our people will enable us to produce high quality products in competition with any nation in the world.

The opportunity lies at our door for reducing the costs of production of our products, the improvement of the quality of these products and the enlargement of our markets in consequence of improved quality. If we take advantage of these opportunities the result will be increased prosperity in every branch of agriculture and in every department of our business activity.

"Aerovol" New Invention

French Scientist Claims No Trouble For People to Fly

A French scientist points out that we shall never be able to fly until we can move through the air on our own power, as does a bird. Gliders, also, he says, are no good, as one can only make them go long distances in warm climates, where currents of air, passing upwards, make it possible. What we should do is to fly as a bird does. A bird flies by flapping its wings and, if we wish to fly he says, we also must have wings to flap.

So he has made a little model of what he calls an aerovol, and he thinks that with such an apparatus a man ought to be able to fly through the air just as he swims in the water.

The aerovol consists of a pair of wings, a tail piece and a steering gear in the front. Getting under the apparatus, a man works the wings with his arms, his legs work the tail, which makes the machine go up or down, and the head moves the steering gear in front, which decides which way to go.

To fly with such an apparatus, says the inventor, will not be any more tiring than swimming. You are not suspended from your apparatus, but resting on it. The elbows do most of the wing work and besides, he says, you do not need to flap the wings very much or often, as you use the glide a good deal, just as with gliders. Besides, he has put in a little motor for use in case of the flier becoming tired. It is only a small engine, 2 or 3 h.p., and he hopes soon to make his model so perfect that it will be able to do without it altogether.

If this new apparatus is made in quantities, it will cost about as much as a bicycle; so that it would be quite possible for most people to buy one.

"Candidate" Meant White

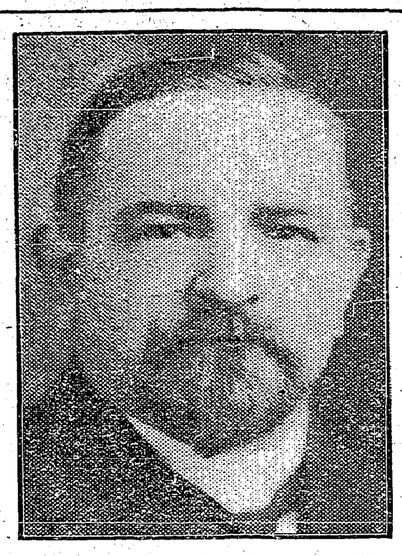
"Candidate" is, originally, a Latin word which means "white." With the ancient Romans, at election time, those who were running for office wore a "toga candida," a white mantle, emblem of the purity of their political intentions. A herald announced to the voters gathered in the forum: "tua res agitur" (your interests are to be attended to!"); and then the tribes took each candidate by the hand and led him around, presenting him to the crowd.

Business of Cordage Co. Growing

The Canada Western Cordage Company, of New Westminster, started in 1920, has developed into a most thriving industry. Last month was the biggest month in the history of the company, 225,000 pounds of rope having been shipped. The production was four times that of the corresponding month last year.

Pleasures attained without labor are of short duration.

WESTERN EDITORS



John Eagle, Managing Director of The Herald, Prince Albert, Sask.

Six U.S. Presidents Have Died In Office

Two Served Only Short Term, Three Were Assassinated

Five presidents of the United States besides Harding—Harrison, Taylor, Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley—died before finishing their term.

William Henry Harrison, a Whig, died one month after his inauguration in 1841, and was succeeded by John Taylor, Democrat, who served out the remainder of the term.

General Zachary Taylor, elected as a Whig in 1848, died in 1850, after serving one year, four months and five days. Vice-President Millard Fillmore, also a Whig, served out the term.

Abraham Lincoln, the first Republican President, after serving a full term from 1861 to 1865, was assassinated by James Wilkes Booth in Ford's Theatre, Washington, on April 14, 1865, one month and 11 days after beginning his second term. He was succeeded by Vice-President Andrew Jackson, Republican, who served out the term.

James A. Garfield, Republican, was assassinated by Charles J. Guiteau in the Baltimore & Ohio railroad station on September 19, 1881, six and one-half months after beginning his term. Vice-President Chester A. Arthur, Republican, succeeded him.

William McKinley, Republican, after serving nearly a full term, was shot at Buffalo by Louis Czolgosz on September 6, 1901, and died on September 14. He was succeeded by Vice-President Roosevelt to serve the unfinished term, who wes elected in 1904 to succeed himself.

To Experiment With Oxygen Apparatus

Another Attempt Will Be Made to Scale Mt. Everest

Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Bruce, leader of last year's British expedition for the conquest of Mount Everest, left Champery, accompanied by Henry Fairbanks Montagnier of Terre Haute, Ind., to experiment in the ascent of the highest peaks of the Alps in Valais Canton, with a new oxygen apparatus which will be employed in another attempt to reach the top of Mount Everest next year.

Japan Retiring Many Officers

Japan has retired 850 officers, including seven generals, since August, 1922. The Japanese Government has announced that it will shortly discharge from the service 1,371 additional officers, including four generals, seventeen lieutenant-generals and thirty-three major-generals. Many retired officers have entered the Department of Economics of the Imperial University to qualify for civilian occupations.

Great Britain Chooses Wonderful Harbor For Building Naval Base

The recent announcement of the First Lord of the Admiralty that the Imperial Government has decided to build a naval base on the island of Singapore has directed public attention toward that wonderful harbor, where miles of smooth water, protected by islands, lead up to the sheltered roadstead in which countless ships can lie untroubled by the storms and squalls which vex the tropical seas.

Round the harbor, writes the Singapore correspondent of the Times, chosen deliberately by the genius of Stamford Raffles a hundred years ago, there has grown up a great and fascinating city. It is the greatest trading centre of Middle Asia, and to it come innumerable native junks and sampans, bringing the tin and rubber of Malaya and all the varied produce of the archipelaga. There come also the larger ships down from the China seas, with the silk, fruit, pottery and rice of the Middle Kingdom, manufactured goods of Japan, and the vessels bringing meat and wool from Australia. This traffic has justified the wisdom of Stamford Raffles in insisting that Singapore should be a free port.

It is a wonderful sight to see the steamers surrounded by lighters and sampans crowded together a few hundred yards from the big wharves and great banking houses, and the ceaseless traffic to and from loading and unloading freight. One feels, as at every step one takes in Singapore the curious combination of East and West. Here human labor is abundant, the overflow of overcrowded China. Boatmen, half naked, with their wide basket hats, stand urging forward with absurdly long oars their craft, on the bows of which are painted large eyes that they may see their way. The heavy labor of these boats of coolies goes on alongside the most modern marine machinery, just as the rickshaws and bullock carts share the crowded streets with Ford cards and the latest Rolls-Royce.

In the evening when the great heat is over one can watch the scene from the edge of the Padang, the great grass space running from the Cathedral and the main hotels to the edge of the sea wall. Behind one is a dense crowd of Asiatics, and a small but dominant proportion of white clad Europeans may be watching an exciting football match. The teams may be European, Malay, Chinese, Eurasian or mixed, and may speak any language from Portuguese to Tamil. The final of the Association Football League of the Singapore volunteers was played here between the Chinese and Eurasian volunteer companies teams, just won by the former after an exciting match, enthusiastically and critically followed by a great crowd of all peoples and languages, all imbued with a thoroughly sporting spirit.

Here we are all immigrants together. A hundred years ago the island was practically uninhabited. No one has the sense of oppressed nationality; so a new Malayan nationality may grow up, as an American one has grown up in the United States, binding all the immigrants together and molded by the highest tradition of the Commonwealth of British nations, of which it should be no mean part. When one watches the football matches one feels very hopeful about it!

On the average every man, woman and child in Great Britain pays a little more than $100 a year in taxation.

Our vision, without moving the eyes, covers an arc of about 220 degrees.

Suggests a Limit On Air Armament

British Expert Says Question Should Be Considered Seriously

Major-General Sir Frederick Maurice, who was Chief of Military Operations for Great Britain during the war, declares in an article on the increase in the air forces of France and Britain that "it is high time the question of limitation of armaments is taken up seriously." He says that the British Government's recent decision to nearly double England's present air equipment meant a return to competition in armaments and that such competition is not likely to lead to improved relations between the two countries.

General Maurice emphasizes Great Britain's willingness to enter into a conference on the reduction of air armaments similar to the Washington conference on naval armaments. But for the present, he says, Britain must, out of self-protection, bring her air strength up to that of France. "France," says he, "is the only country which within the next ten years is likely to be able to consider seriously an attack upon England from the air. Today we are not in the most remote danger of invasion which comes by sea. Therefore, for the first time for centuries, the navy has ceased to be our first line of home defence, and that role has devolved upon the air force.

Tourists Buy Farm Lands

One American Purchased Four Farms For Himself and Sons

Tourists who have visited the province recently from United States, registering at the Calgary Auto Camp, have purchased lands in Alberta and will engage in farming here. Twelve of these tourists in the past month have arranged to purchase farms in this province, and one of them has purchased four farms for himself and his sons. Over 4,600 tourists have registered at the Calgary Auto Camp, a large number of them having travelled over the new Banff-Windermere highway. They are all delighted with the scenery provided in the Canadian Rockies.

WAR AGAINST CANCER

Do You Know

that such remarkable success is attending the administration of potassium salts by

Cantassium Treatment

to persons suffering from Cancer that medical men in all parts are adopting this method for their patients?

How You Can Help

The co-operation of every reader of this paper is earnestly requested to assist in fighting the Cancer Scourge by studying the Cause and Treatment, and then spreading the knowledge how this disease can be avoided by the adoption of commonsense methods.

DON'T DELAY, but send for FREE BOOK on the matter, which will be mailed to YOU by

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After Every Meal

A universal custom that benefits everybody.

Aids digestion, cleanses the teeth, soothes the throat.

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Sealed in its Purity Package

THE FLAVOR LASTS

Everywhere

BRIER

The Tobacco with a heart

77

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2.50 a year in advance, $3.00 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, OCT. 12

Where Will it End?

In his letter of September 7th "Spectator" was too mild in his effort to put a check on "a spirit of wasteful destruction." In the light of incidents related the Review within the week it would look as if the grownups had just as little regard for other people's property as the youngsters toward whom "Spectator's" remarks were chiefly directed.

The first complaint to reach us is from stockmen who have cattle pasturing on the flats, two of whom have already had animals shot by hunters operating in that area. In the case of one party, who lost a fine milch cow, the idea will not down but that the animal was deliberately shot as the killing was done by a rifle bullet—the sort of ammunition seldom used by bird hunters, and this the only class of game that could possibly be taken in the locality in which the killing was done.

In these far from prosperous times the inexcusable slaughter of dairy cattle calls for something a little more severe than a police court fine if the guilty party is apprehended.

Just as unpardonable though, fortunately, not as expensive to any individual citizen, was the exhibition given last week of utter disregard for traffic regulations by persons who put aside the barriers that indicated that traffic was suspended on the hard surface road whilst a coating of asphalt and oil should be given opportunity to "set" in order to lengthen the life of the road surface, and unconcernedly drove heavy rigs and autos through the half dried coating rather than take, possibly, fifteen minutes to make the necessary detour and thus avoid disturbing surfacing operations.

Some, too, were also known to travel the fresh coated surface rather than take the trouble of turning off onto the other half of the road which was left untouched for their convenience.

As this surfacing is about 70 per cent. asphalt it will be readily appreciated that where it had got a grip the pressure of heavy loads cutting it up is bound to bring up some of the road surface with it, not only spoiling part of this year's work, but also necessitating uncalled for repairs in the spring.

With these examples of parental indifference in mind it will cause little surprise to read elsewhere the Trapshooting Club offer of a reward for information leading to the detection of the youngsters (or others) who one day last week deliberately extracted about 700 clay birds from their place of storage on the trap shooting grounds and by various breaking processes utterly ruined about $15 worth of this sort of property.

With the youngsters there is hope for betterment if more serious attention is given to the home training. With the grownups the situation seems hopeless. There are laws aplenty to stop the things complained of, and certainly there has been no lack of pleading for kindly consideration of other people's rights and property.

Some Money in the Country

"At this moment the full sum of $200,000,000 has been subscribed, and the books for applications have been closed."

The above statement of Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, in reference to the result of the refunding loan, the largest piece of Government financing, apart from the war loans, ever carried on successfully in any of the British Dominions, stands as a monument to the faith of the people of Canada in the financial integrity of the Dominion, and to the stability of our financial institutions. It shows, in addition to this, that there is money in the country in spite of the cry of hard times, and in spite of prevailing monetary conditions the world over.

The showing made by a big internal loan, financed by the people and the financial institutions of the country, is remarkable. It becomes more remarkable when it is considered that, unlike a war loan, there was nothing of the fervor inspired by a mighty cause behind it. There was nothing sentimental in the incentive to subscribe to the loan. It was the taking advantage in a business way of the security behind the loan with a full appreciation of the returns it gives. The success of the refunding loan should be sufficient of itself to drive into the backwoods the pulling pessimists who made bold to profess to see the Dominion heading for the rocks of financial disaster. The refutation in what the refunding loan has resulted is there "plain for all folks to see."—Lethbridge Daily Herald.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Must Have Free Market

EDITOR REVIEW:

SIR,—The telegram which you published in your issue of September 28th, under the heading, "Independents Give Bargains," and which is stated to have its origin with one of the largest of the prairie jobbing houses, which is also one of the principal members of a brokerage claiming 40 per cent. distribution in western Canada, will have been read with interest as it is a typical example of just how markets are broken and a set of conditions brought about in crop distribution such as growers have experienced the last year or two.

Messrs. Rowcliffe have only a small tonnage to handle and it was commonly reported in the Okanagan at the time that they were signing it up last spring that they were undertaking to pay growers 25 cents a box more than the Associated no matter what their closing pool prices might be.

Making sure of distribution by cut prices, breaking the market for the organization with the big tonnage and larger overhead, marketing through the breach with a select stock and a low overhead, has enabled independents time and again to return better prices. In this the telegram tells us nothing new except to indicate one of the goats for 1923.

But the message does serve to illustrate something else quite as typical and of far more importance in a marketing system which was recently described by late general manager Pratt of the Associated as "the peculiar competitive situation of the prairie markets."

In our marketing today through our dual brokerages there exists nothing to hold the load when any pressure comes, as it surely does when prices are cut, or the most productive varieties move in volume. Jobbers and brokers—they are one and the same in our case—squeal for protection when five miserable cars from a source of limited supply break the advertised market, rather than endeavor to get under the load and hold prices until the pressure has passed, and until the grower has a free market I am afraid that my recorded statement before the growers committee will stand and 100 per cent. co-operation amongst growers will not get us very far as long as the "peculiar competitive situation of the prairie markets" exists.

GUY CONSTABLE.

CHANGE? Yes, your Underwear

for HEAVIER and WARMER

Before you do, come and see what we are offering in quality goods for MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN.

MEN

STANFIELD'S heavy weight in ribbed Shirts and Drawers, also Combinations.

PENMAN'S fleece lined in Shirts, Drawers and Combinations.

KING ARTHUR Brand in ribbed or flat knit all wool goods English made.

LADIES

WATSON'S make in spring needle weave in a great variety of prices and and every one good value.

GIRLS

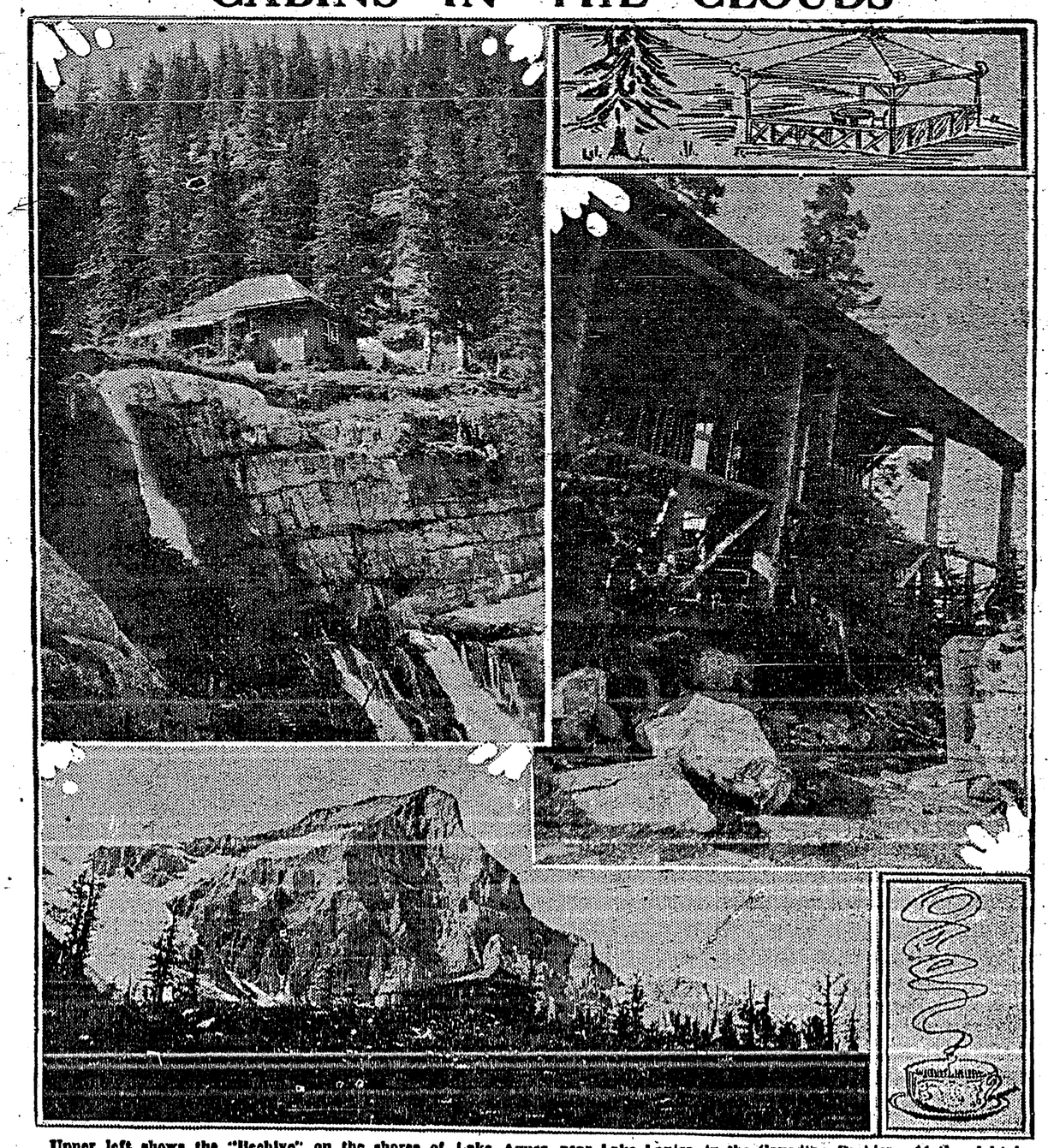
We also feature Watson's in all sizes—Shirts, Drawers and Combinations.

BOYS we recommend our VELVA TEX fleeced. We carry them in Combination style and odd garments, also All Wool Combinations, at low prices.

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY

LIMITED

CABINS IN THE CLOUDS



Upper left shows the "Beehive" on the shores of Lake Agnes, near Lake Louise, in the Canadian Rockies. At the right is another place where one might drink tea served from quaint English china on top of Mount Fairview, in the same district

TO climb 6,875 feet above Lake Louise and to enjoy a cup of tea in delightful surroundings is one of the attractions offered visitors to Lake Louise, Alta. Tea houses on mountain peaks were unheard of a few years ago, but to-day there are at least a dozen of them situated in the Canadian Rockies.

Two of the most picturesque are the "Beehive" on the shores of Lake Agnes, about two miles and a half from the Chateau and the other a rustic log cabin on the top of Mount Fairview. Walking and pony excursions over the mountains in the vicinity of this picturesque lake are among the popular pastimes of visitors from all parts of the globe to "the lakes in the clouds."

From the "Beehive" one can get a perfect view of Mirror Lake and Lake Louise, which, with Lake Agnes, are known as "the lakes in the clouds." This cosy little tea room is owned by Miss B. Dodds and operated during the season by Miss Goddard. Its furnishings are quaint and rustic.

The foodstuffs are delivered every morning by pack pony from the Chateau Lake Louise—even fuel for the cook stoves is transported in this way.

In addition to the tea room there is an attractive assortment of antiques from various parts of the globe, collected during the winter months by Miss Dodds, who usually goes abroad.

There are many surprises of scenic beauty along the trail to the tea room, but perhaps the most interesting fact is that one can obtain a delicious cup of English tea, with equally delicious home cooking within sight and sound of whistling marmots and squirrels and chipmunks that leap from bough to bough, and often within sight of friendly bears who come close to the kitchen door in search of tasty food.

One of the most interesting trips at Lake Louise is by a narrow, winding path on Mount Fairview to Saddleback Tea Room and Rest House, which is 2,500 feet higher than the Chateau. This quaint little log cabin, situated on Mount Fairview, overlooks Saddleback Mountain, so called because of its rock formation being similar to a saddle. It takes almost two hours by pony to make the trip over a steep zigzag trail, from which can be seen winding streams and rushing brooks thousands of feet below.

This tea room and rest house, like "Beehive," is owned by Miss Dodds and operated by Miss A. E. Whyman. Its surroundings are most artistic and restful. The view of Paradise Valley and Mount Temple from the tea house is one of the finest in the Rockies.

Daily supplies of food and fuel are transported by pack ponies from the Chateau to serve approximately 25 guests a day, who are well rewarded for their journey to the "highest tea house in Canada."

153

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MRS. J. A. P. CROMPTON
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PIANO LESSONS
Advanced Pupils only

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Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 2095
Meets THIRD THURSDAY of each month at Mercantile Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
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Men's Half Sole	$1.00
Women's Half Soles	75
¾-inch Haime Straps	25
1-inch Haime Straps	30
1¼-inch Haime Straps	35

All other parts of Harness at corresponding prices.
5% is our profit on all New Harness
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A. Mirabelli
Shoe and Harness Repairing

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to $5 an acre; second-class to $2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 2 years, and has made improvements to value of $200 and has become disabled, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of $10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown grant may record another pre-emption. If he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from for one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retractive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 23, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LANDS.

Provision made for issuance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfilment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock-owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

414 telephones are now in operation at Trail.

Since the first of the year telephone users at Trail have increased 3.2 per cent.

The Kootenaian states that gasoline has dropped to 40 cents a gallon in Kaslo.

At Grand Forks an effort is being made to revive interest in association football.

Okanagan fruit is going out via Sicamous at from 50 to 65 cars a day this month.

George Dinor has just commenced the erection of a new three-story hotel at Kimberley.

A sunflower 15 feet 3 inches was grown at Cranbrook this year by T. W. Chalender.

Cranbrook board of trade will spend $400 of its 1924 revenues on tourist publicity effort.

G. J. Parks, the Fernie chiropractor, has given up his practice at Fernie and moved to Vancouver.

Kaslo fair was rather disappointing this year, too, on account of the light display in all departments.

M. S. Davys will probably move his concentrator from Kaslo to the Stemwinder mine at Kimberley.

Penticton realized $2200 at its sale of town property in arrears for taxes, which was held on October 1st.

At one packing shed at Penticton the grading machines are now handling 7000 boxes of apples per day.

The Ledge states that considerable land clearing is being done up Boundary creek, near Greenwood, this fall.

The September enrollment at Rossland school shows a falling off of 35 as compared with the same month last year.

The real Scotch and Scotch Canadians around Cranbrook are trying to organize at St. Andrews' Society in that town.

High school pupils at Fernie are allowed to use the golf course in that town free of charge on Saturday mornings.

Rossland board of trade has just voted $100 of its funds to help defray the cost of fixing up the town's $1600 tourist park.

Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company are now turning out a domestic coke at Michel which is selling at $11 a ton at point of loading.

Telephone business at Nakusp showed an increase of 78 per cent. during August as compared with the same month a year ago.

Nakusp now has a fox farm. For a start eleven pairs of silver black animals have just been brought in from Prince Edward Island.

The Trail News is blessing the council for allowing a travelling show of doubtful repute to do $5000 of business in that town on a $100 license fee charge.

Unless more generous financial support is forthcoming the few workers who keep Penticton board of trade going are liable to quit at the end of the year.

The Free Press wants the government to spend $5000 to put a good road into McBain Lake, which will then become a popular summer resort for Fernie people.

This year's fair at Nakusp fell down badly in the quantity of exhibits, particularly in cooking and needlework, while the fruit display was confined entirely to plates.

A photograph album of views of Penticton and its orchard district is being assembled and will be sent to London, England, for use in the office of B.C.'s agent general.

Monday, October 1st, was the hottest first of October experienced in Kaslo since 1902, and oldtimers recall that the winter that followed was a very moderate one indeed.

The government liquor business is stated to have averaged a million dollars a month for July, August and September. The tourist rush is held responsible for the big summer demand.

The later season that prevails at Salmon Arm has caused some inconvenience to growers in that section who have had to obey the "stop picking" orders issue in connection with Duchess apples, Transcendant crabs and peach plums.

Dressmaking will be taught at the night school Trail trustees are conducting this year for the benefit of the ladies and girls of that town.

Cranbrook has re-established its claim to being in the banana belt according to the Courier, due to Mrs. Rennie picking a crate of overbearing strawberries on Sept 30th.

Considerable grief has come to Salmon Arm growers who postponed early shipping of Wealthys in order to let them get color and thus grade extra fancy. Now they are ready to ship McIntosh are on the market and there is poor demand for Wealthys.

Fernie council has been ordered to pay $2800 to Drs. Bonnell, Asseltine & Garner, who operate a private hospital in that town. The money was paid by the government to the city but was held by them on the ground that the hospital was not a public institution.

The fly wheel of the main engine of Vernon's electric light plant burst one day last week, badly wrecking part of of the power house, and the town will have to get along with 50 per cent. of its actual power and light supply, given by an auxiliary engine, for several weeks while repairs are being made.

The Fast Mail

Climax follows climax and thrill mounts on thrill in "The Fast Mail," the cyclonic melodrama, which will be shown at the Grand, Saturday night, and was called "the livest thing shown on Broadway." The story starts at the sensational Dixieland Steeplechase and follows with lightning-like action until the last scene fades from the screen.

Whirlwind hurdling, dangerous spills, steamboat explosion desperate races by horse, steamboat, train and automobile, life and death struggles in the water and in a burning building rescues from death in the river and from the flames at a hotel fire, the human life net and the escape as the walls crash to earth.

Can any action picture offer more?

CANADIAN PACIFIC
General Change in TRAIN SERVICE

Effective SUNDAY, SEPT. 30
TIMES for TRAINS at CRESTON will be

WESTBOUND	EASTBOUND
No. 67—3.22 p.m.	No. 68—12.35 p.m.

TRANS-CANADA LIMITED, Nos. 7 and 8 between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver will be withdrawn. Last train leaves each of these points on September 29th 1923.

THE MOUNTAINEER. Trains Nos. 13 and 14, between Chicago and Vancouver have been withdrawn West of Eoose Jaw. Connections at Moose Jaw from and to St. Paul with Trains No. 1 and 2.

For further particulars apply to any Ticket Agent.

J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent,
CALGARY.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

Wampole's Cod Liver Oil
the year-round Tonic

Improves the appetite. Strengthens the digestive organs. Enriches the blood. Builds up the tissues.
RESULTS ARE—GOOD HEALTH

BEATTIE-OATWAY, Ltd.

SERVICE

There's a big difference between merely getting something done and getting SERVICE. SDRVICE not only sees that you get what you want, but that you get it as you want it—when you want it—at a fair price.

We carry this theory into practice on every repair job entrusted to our care. Our custom of doing a little more than is necessary rather than a little less has lengthened the life of many a Ford in this territory. It will lengthen the life of yours. Run it in and let us look it over.

STAPLES & PIERSON

When Investing

The managers of all our branches are in a position to obtain reliable information for those of our customers who contemplate making an investment. The purchase or sale of Government, Municipal and the higher grade Industrial Bonds can be arranged through any branch of this Bank.

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CRESTON BRANCH,
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To the Dairyman

ARE your returns as large as they should be?
High costs make maximum yields an essential quality in your animals.
We will advance money to responsible farmers to replace poor producers.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
PAID-UP CAPITAL - - $15,000,000
RESERVE FUND - - $15,000,000
CRESTON BRANCH, C. E. Bennett, Manager.

Hot Air Steam and Hot Water Heating

Sheet Metal Work. A good stock of Pipe and Pipe Fittings on hand.

E. W. RYCKMAN,--Creston

SMOKE
OLD CHUM
The Tobacco of Quality
½ LB. TINS
and in packages

HIDDEN GOLD

— BY —

WILDER ANTHONY

Canadian Rights Arranged With Publishers, F. D. Goodchild Co., 266 King St. West, Toronto.

(Continued)

"No, Gordon, no! Oh, please, not that!" the girl pleaded.

"Sure, I'll fight," Moran answered, a gleam of joy in his eyes. He gloried in the tremendous strength of a body which had brought him victory in half a hundred barroom combats. He felt that no one lived, outside the prize-ring, who could beat him on an even footing.

"Take his gun away from him," Wade told Dorothy. "It's the second time you've disarmed him, but it's to be the last. He'll never carry a gun again. Take it!" he repeated, commandingly, and when she obeyed, added: "Toss it on the bed." He stood his rifle in a corner near the door.

"You're a fool, Wade," Moran taunted as they came together. "I'm going to kill you first and then I'll take my will of her." But nothing he could say could add to Wade's fury, already at its coldest, most deadly point.

He answered by a jab at the big man's mouth, which Moran cleverly ducked; for so heavy a man, he was wonderfully quick on his feet. He ducked and parried three other such vicious leads, when, by a clever feint, Wade drew an opening and succeeded in landing his right fist, hard as a bag of stones, full in the pit of his adversary's stomach. It was an awful blow, one that would have killed a smaller man; but Moran merely grunted and broke ground for an instant. Then he landed a swinging left on the side of Wade's head which opened a cut over his ear and nearly floored him.

Back and forth across the little room they fought with little advantage either way, while Dorothy watched them breathlessly. Like gladiators they circled each other, coming together at intervals with the shock of two enraged bulls. Both were soon bleeding from small cuts on the head and face, but neither was aware of the fact. Occasionally they collided with articles of furniture, which were overturned and swept aside almost unnoticed; while Dorothy was forced to step quickly from one point to another to keep clear of them. Several times Wade told her to leave the room, but she would not go.

Finally the ranchman's superior condition began to tell in his favor. At the end of ten minutes' fighting, the agent's breathing became labored and his movements slower. Wade, still darting about quickly and lightly, had no longer much difficulty in punishing the brutal, leering face before him. Time after time he drove his fists mercilessly into Moran's features until they lost the appearance of anything human and began to resemble raw meat.

But suddenly, in attempting to side step one of his opponent's bull-like rushes, the cattleman slipped in a puddle of blood and half fell, and before he could regain his footing Moran had seized him. Then Wade learned how the big man's reputation for tremendous strength had been won. Cruelly, implacably, those great ape-like arms entwined about the ranchman's body until the very breath was crushed out of it. Resorting to a trick he knew, he strove desperately to free himself, but all the strength in his own muscular body was powerless to break the other's hold. With a crash that shook the house to its foundation, they fell to the floor, and by a lucky twist Wade managed to fall on top.

The force of the fall had shaken Moran somewhat, and the cattleman, by calling on the whole of his strength, succeeded in tearing his arms free. Plunging his fingers into the thick, mottled throat, he queezed steadily until Moran's struggles grew weaker and weaker. Finally they ceased entirely and the huge, heavy body lay still.

Wade stumbled to his feet and staggered across the room.

"It's all right," he said thickly, and added at sight of Dorothy's wide, terror-stricken eyes: "Frightened you, didn't we? Guess I should have shot him and made a clean job of it; but I couldn't somehow."

"Oh, he's hurt you terribly!" the girl cried, bursting into fresh tears.

Wade laughed and tenderly put his arms around her, for weak though he was and with nerves twitching like those of a recently sobered drunkard, he was not too weak or sick to enjoy the privilege of soothing her. The feel of her in his arms was wonderful happiness to him and her tears for him seemed far more precious than all the gold on his land. He had just lifted her up on the sill of the open window, thinking that the fresh air might steady her, when she looked over his shoulder and saw Moran, who had regained consciousness, in the act of reaching for his revolver, which lay on the bed where she had tossed it.

"Oh, see what's he's doing! Look out!"

Her cry of warning came just too late. There was a flash and roar, and a hot flame seemed to pass through Wade's body. Half turning about, he clutched at the air, and then pitched forward to the floor, where he lay still. Flourishing the gun, Moran got unsteadily to his feet and turned a ghastly, dappled visage to the girl, who, stunned and helpless, was gazing at him in wide-eyed horror. But she had nothing more to fear from him, for now that he believed Wade dead, the agent was too overshadowed by his crime to think of perpetrating another and worse one. He had already wasted too much valuable time. He must get away.

"I got him," he croaked, in a terrible voice. "I got him like I said I would, damn him!" With a bloodcurdling attempt at a laugh, he staggered out of the house into the sunshine.

For a moment Dorothy stared woodenly through the empty doorway; then, with a choking sob, she bent over the man at her feet. She shook him gently and begged him to speak to her, but she could get no response and under her exploring fingers his heart apparently had ceased to beat. For a few seconds she stared at the widening patch of red on his torn shirt; then her gaze shifted and focused on the rifle in the corner by the door. As she looked at the weapon her wide, fear-struck eyes narrowed and hardened with a sudden resolve. Seizing the gun, she cocked it and stepped into the doorway.

Moran was walking unsteadily toward the place where he had tied his horse. He was tacking from side to side like a drunken man, waving his arms about and talking to himself. Bringing the rifle to her shoulder, Dorothy steadied herself against the door-frame and took long, careful aim. As she sighted the weapon her usually pretty face, now scratched and streaked with blood from her struggles with the agent, wore the expression of one who has seen all that is dear in life slip away from her. At the sharp crack of the rifle Moran stopped short and a convulsive shudder racked his big body from head to foot. After a single step forward he crumpled up on the ground. For several moments his arms and legs twitched spasmodically; then he lay still.

Horrified by what she had done, now that it was accomplished, Dorothy stepped backward into the house and stood the rifle in its former position near the door, when a low moan from behind made her turn hurriedly. Wade was not dead then! She hastily tore his shirt from over the wound, her lips twisting in a low cry of pity as she did so. To her tender gaze, the hurt seemed a frightful one. Dreading lest he should regain consciousness and find himself alone, she decided to remain with him, instead of going for the help she craved; most likely she would be unable to find her mother and Barker, anyway. She stopped the flow of blood as best she could and put a pillow under the ranchman's head, kissing him afterward. Then for an interval she sat still. She never knew for how long.

Santry reached the house just as Mrs. Purnell and Barker returned with their berries, and the three found the girl bathing the wounded man's face, and crying over him.

"Boy, boy!" Santry sobbed, dropping on his knees before the unconscious figure. "Who done this to you?"

Dorothy weepingly explained, and when she told of her own part in shooting Moran the old fellow patted her approvingly on the back. "Good girl," he said hoarsely. "But I wish that job had been left for me."

"Merciful Heavens!" cried Mrs. Purnell. "I shall never get over this." With trembling hands she took the basin and towel from her daughter and set them one side, then she gently urged the girl to her feet.

"You!" said Santry, so ferociously to Barker that the man winced in spite of himself. "Help me to lay him on the bed, so's to do it gentle-like."

Dorothy, who felt certain that Wade was mortally hurt, struggled desperately against the feeling of faintness which was creeping over her. She caught at a chair for support, and her mother caught her in her arms.

"My poor dear, you're worn out. Go lie down. Oh, when I think . . . !"

"Don't talk to me, mother!" Dorothy waved her back, for the presence close to her of another person could only mean her collapse. "I'm all right. I'm of no consequence now. He needs a doctor," she added, turning to Santry, who stood near the bed bowed with grief. He, too, thought that Wade would never be himself again.

"I'll go," said Barker, eager to do something to atone for his absence at the critical moment, but Santry touched upon him in a rage.

"You—you skunk!" he snarled, and gestured fiercely toward the bed. "He left you here to look after things and you—you went berry pickin'!" Barker seemed so crushed by the scorn in the old man's words that Dorothy's sympathy was stirred.

"It wasn't Barker's fault," she said quickly. "There seemed to be no danger. Gordon said so himself. But one of you go, immediately, for the doctor."

"I'll go," Santry responded and hurried from the room, followed by Barker, thoroughly wretched.

Dorothy went to the bedside and looked down into Wade's white face; then she knelt there on the floor and said a little prayer to the God of all men to be merciful to her.

"Maybe if I made you a cup of tea?" Mrs. Purnell anxiously suggested, but the girl shook her head listlessly. Tea was the elder woman's panacea for all ills.

"Don't bother me, mother, please. I—I've just been through a good deal. I can't talk—really, I can't."

Mrs. Purnell, subsiding at last, thereafter held her peace, and Dorothy sat down by the bed to be instantly ready to do anything that could be done. She had sat thus, almost without stirring, for nearly an hour, when Wade moved slightly and opened his eyes.

"What is it?" She bent over him instantly, forgetting everything except that he was awake and that he seemed to know her.

"Is it you, Dorothy?" He groped weakly for her fingers.

"Yes, dear," she answered, gulping back the sob in her throat. "Is there anything you want? What can I do for you?"

He smiled feebly and shook his head.

"It's all right, if it's you," he said faintly, after a moment. "You're all right—always!"

(To be continued)

"I Now Feel Fine"

Mrs. P. G. Murdoch, Box 433, Portage la Prairie, Man., writes:

"I was troubled for years with biliousness, constipation, kidney and liver troubles. I tried many different kinds of medicine, but nothing did me much good until I tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I now feel fine, but am never without these pills in the house. Dr. Chase's Ointment has relieved my husband of piles, from which he used to suffer badly."

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

One pill a dose, 25 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

It's Great

to be thirsty—when you Know the answer

A pure beverage—bottled in our absolutely sanitary plant where every bottle is sterilized.

Buy it by the case from your dealer and keep a few bottles on ice at home.

Drink Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

2-C12

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver

A Hard Job

The government official in charge of farm products had instructed the old farmer to collect his stock of every description and have them branded.

"I s'pose that's all right," sighed the farmer dolefully, "but honest, mister, I'm going to have a deuce of a time with them bees."

A Remedy for Earache.—To have the earache is to endure torture. The ear is a delicate organ and few care to deal with it, considering it work for a doctor. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil offers a simple remedy. A few drops upon a piece of lint or medicated cotton and placed in the ear will do much in relieving pain.

It is claimed that crows, eagles, ravens and swans live to be 100 years old.

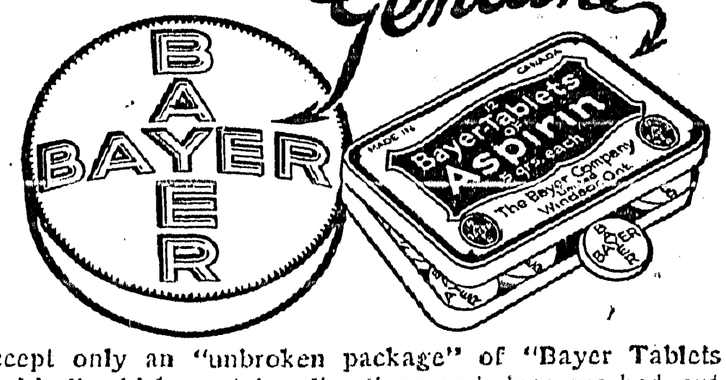
Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

Vital question:—"Why are motorcyclists always in such a hurry, and what do they do with all the time they save?"—Nashville Tennessean.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

Genuine



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their special trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Colds Stopped In Ten Minutes

There is a new remedy that is very pleasant—it fills the nose, throat and lungs with a healing balsam from the pine woods, and utilizes that marvelous antiseptic of the Blue Gum Tree of Australia.

The remedy is "CATARRHOZONE" —and you can't find its equal for colds, coughs or catarrh.

Composed of medicinal pine essences—a remedy of nature, that's what CATARRHOZONE is, and you'll find it mighty quick to act and certain to stop your cold.

Don't dope your stomach with cough mixtures — use CATARRHOZONE, which is scientific and certain; it will act quickly. Two months' treatment guaranteed, costs $1.00; small (trial) size 50c. Sold by druggists everywhere. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Greatest Wheat State

Canada Given Foremost Position As Source of Supply

A cablegram from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome summarizing the world's wheat conditions places Canada in the foremost position as a source of supply for the world's wheat markets. The prospective shipments from principal wheat exporting countries are placed as follows: Canada, 290 million bushels; United States, 180 million bushels; Argentina, 120 million bushels; Australia, 40 million bushels; India, 30 million bushels; Russia, 20 million bushels; Balkans, 10 million bushels.

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer, in most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets relieve these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the newborn babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Origin of Vestibules

The word vestibule is from the Latin, meaning originally a place where the Romans left their vestments or overcoats.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Right

"Which is the biggest diamond in the world?" asked the teacher.

"The ace," replied a sharp boy promptly.

THEY TELL THEIR NEIGHBORS

Women Tell Each Other How They Were Helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Woodbridge, Ont.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles. I would have headaches, backaches, pains between my shoulders and under my shoulder-blades and dragging down feelings on each side. I was sometimes unable to do my work and felt very badly. My mother-in-law told me about the Vegetable Compound and I got some right away. It has done me more good than any other medicine I ever took and I recommend it to my neighbors. You are quite welcome to use this letter as a testimonial if you think it will help some poor sufferer."—Mrs. EDGAR SIMMONS, R. R. 2, Woodbridge, Ont.

In nearly every neighborhood in every town and city in this country there are women who have been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the treatment of ailments peculiar to their sex, and they take pleasure in passing the good word along to other women. Therefore, if you are troubled in this way, why not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from roots and herbs, has for forty years proved its value in such cases. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. C

Laborers In the Argentine

Indians From North Hard Workers But Poorly Paid

Labor recruiters penetrate to remote villages of Northern Argentine and with the promise of high wages induce Indians and their families to leave home. The laborers are transported on flat cars with accommodations worse than those provided for livestock. They are herded on estates under the open sky without sufficient food. They are hard workers, and their pay is practicaly nothing, their wages being in the form of orders, valid only at the plantation store, where they are charged exorbitant prices for the poorest quality of goods. If any balance is left at the end of the accounting, the workers are induced to spend it for liquors of which they are very fond. The national department of labor of Argentina is authority for this information.

Backache Yields To Vegetable Treatment

Not Necessary to Use Harsh Medicines Which Upset the System

Bad Cases Restored Quickly

When your back aches morning, noon and night, when you are depressed, tired and feeling out of sorts—that's when you need the gentle assistance that comes from the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. These mild, yet active pills contain vegetable restoratives, such as mandrake and butternut, and put new life into the liver and kidneys. They soothe away backache and make you feel brisk and full of "pep." 25c at all dealers.

Diseases and Commonsense

Nature Provides Abundant Means to Keep Blood Pure

Since, in truest interest of humanity, these columns, on 14th April last, continued a letter of mine on cancer prevention, much suffering in many homes of the Great North-West has been either greatly relieved or banished entirely and any expression of thanks from a grateful public to its faithful guardian—the Press—will ever remain inadequate.

Now it is generally known that cancer can be surely and efficiently treated at home, inexpensively, by the potassium treatment, and that this terrible disease can be avoided by the adoption of a rational natural diet, attention should be directed towards the surest means by which a suffering world can rid itself of most of its pains, useless expense, trouble and premature decay and death.

The unpleasant facts are established that ninety-five per cent. of all diseases rampant today are caused by wrong feeding and drugs. Most people go to greater expense and take more pains to make themselves ill than it could possibly cost to keep them in that perfect state of health they are entitled to enjoy.

Existing artificial life is the main cause of all existing misery. Where a thoroughly natural life is pursued, health asserts itself. The primary causes of almost all diseases are lowered vitality and accumulation of waste poison. Popular fallacy ascribes apparent or secondary causes as being the actual sources of diseases, whereas they are, in reality, Nature's effort to eliminate poison from the system. A bruise, a boil, a dose of cold, hot, sour or sweet food, or a dose of microbes (scavengers), may be the means of starting poison elimination in acute forms of disease. Pure blood cannot be infected with microbes because there is nothing for them to live upon.

The most painful causes of death are purely "diseases of civilization," originating from disease-producing, palate-tickling "sophisticated methods of cooking" which destroy the health-preserving values of our food. Every attempt to improve natural food by artificial means results in pain, disease and premature death. Today, it is civilization's duty to itself and its millions yet unborn, by the abundant means provided by Nature, to raise its own blood to a pure and healthy standard, and retain it there.

Nature has furnished ample variety for each season to delight the senses and prevent monotony. If commonsense is allowed to become our new chef de cuisine, a happier, because healthier, world will thankfully rejoice with Charles Walter, 51 Brunswick Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Rehabilitation work on the Hudson Bay Railway is now progressing.

A temporary cenotaph to the memory of Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins was unveiled, adjoining the Government buildings in Dublin.

During the last five months British immigrants to Canada numbered 26,625 against 10,500 for the corresponding period of 1922.

Storms of great violence have almost completely destroyed the grape and olive crops in three communes in Italy.

A training school for Egyptian women doctors and a hospital for poor women will be opened in Cairo in December as a memorial to the late Lord Kitchener.

Sir Erne Robertson Hay Blackwell, legal assistant under secretary in the home department, London, is coming to Canada to study the penitentiary system in the Dominion.

The Great War Veterans' Association is planning to extend its information service to local branches by supplying speakers to give addresses on national topics.

S. A. Bedford, Manitoba administrator of the Noxious Weeds Act, and connected with the federal and provincial agricultural departments for the past 35 years, has been superannuated, it was announced at Winnipeg.

For the second time in the history of the French Bar, a woman has been chosen secretary of the lawyers' organization. She is Mlle. Lucille Tinayre, 24, and will fill the post once held by Millerand and Poincare.

CHOLERA INFANTUM
A FATAL DISEASE OF CHILDREN

Cholera Infantum or summer complaint of children is one of the most dangerous bowel complaints during the summer months.

It begins with a profuse diarrhoea, the stomach becomes irritated, very often accompanied by vomiting and purging and the matter excreted from the stomach has a bilious appearance. The child rapidly loses flesh, is soon reduced to languor and prostration, and in a great many cases death ensues.

Mothers, if any of your children become sick with cholera infantum do not endanger their health, perhaps their life, by experimenting with some new and untried remedy; get one that has stood the test of time; one that will quickly offset the vomiting, purging and the diarrhoea. This you will find in Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, a remedy that has been on the market for the past 78 years.

Mrs. W. A. Harrison, 10 Elevator Court, Halifax, N.S., writes:—"Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry saved the lives of three of my children when all other remedies failed. It stopped the vomiting and terrible diarrhoea with which they were troubled. I always keep a bottle of it in hand in case of emergency."

"Dr. Fowler's" is 50c a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When using a pinhole as a lense there is no such difficulty as focus after the original correct focusing point has been determined.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

2,000,000 Cattle In North Alberta

Cattle in North Alberta's livestock herds now number more than 2,000,000. This industry and also the swine industry have increased amazingly in the northern part of the province in the last few years.

Reduced by Asthma. The constant strain of asthma brings the patient to a dreadful state of hopeless exhaustion. Early use should by all means be made of the famous Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which more than any other acts quickly and surely on the air passages and brings blessed help and comfort. No home where asthma is present in the least degree should be without this great remedy.

Keep Moving

Jimbleberry went into a department store and asked a floor walker, "Do you keep stationery?"

"No," replied the floor walker. "If I did, I'd lose my job."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Cleanses and Beautifies
Write MURINE CO., CHICAGO for Free Book on Eye Care

Machine For Armless Men

Invention of Edinburgh Gasfitter Does Marvelous Work

A machine for armless men—simple in design, and yet uncanny in its ingenuity—was demonstrated at a British Red Cross display in the Royal Botanical Gardens.

With the aid of a pair of metal levers attached to a table and manipulated by the feet, William Witt, who lost both arms in an accident four years ago, performed a series of operations to show what the machine could do. These included taking soup, drinking tea, peeling an egg, lighting a cigarette, working a sewing machine, hammering in nails, playing draughts, writing, typewriting and replacing various implements from an overturned tool box. The utensils and tools used were ordinary ones, affixed to the levers by special attachments. The machine, the invention of W. J. Thompson, an Edinburgh gasfitter, seemed to be possessed of the acumen of a Robot.

Miller's Worm Powders, being in demand everywhere, can be got at any chemist's or drug shop, at very small cost. They are a reliable remedy for worm troubles and can be fully relied upon to expel worms from the system and abate the sufferings that worms cause. There are many mothers that rejoice that they found available so effective a remedy for the relief of their children.

Increase In Export Butter Trade

The rapid increase in the export butter trade of Saskatchewan during the past year or two, has been the outstanding feature of the provincial dairy industry. Recently the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries made a shipment of 25,000 lbs. of butter to China.

There may be other corn removers, but you will not be completely satisfied until you have used Holloway's Corn Remover.

Tokio, Japan, has become Greater Tokio and is now the third largest city in the world. It has a population of 5,164,000.

Iron Ore In Brazil

Lack of Transportation Is Drawback to Development

One of the world's greatest iron ore regions is located in the interior of Brazil. The ore-beds are pure and abundant and the only drawback to development lies in the lack of transportation. The natives smelt the ore and fashion it into utensils and farming implements by the crudest process known to modern man. With the abundant waterpower to develop current for electric furnaces, the economic development of this area will soon be solved. Brazil now imports large quantities of iron and sheet from other countries.

Keep Your Shoes Neat
2 IN 1 Shoe Polishes

All About Horses
A TREATISE ON THE HORSE
Get this book! You cannot afford to be without it. It costs you nothing! If you own horses, it can save you hundreds of dollars.
The book—"A treatise on the horse"—is yours for the asking, at your druggist's.
The horse and all about him—his diseases—how to recognise them—what to do about them—with chapters on breeding,—shoes and shoeing, feeding—and many tried and proven horsemen's remedies.
Ask your druggist for a copy of "A Treatise on the Horse" or write us direct— 12
Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt. U.S.A.
FREE

REWARD

Creston Trapshooting Club will pay a substantial reward to anyone giving any information that will lead to the detection of the boys or others responsible for breaking some 700 clay birds the property of the club and stored on club property at the park.

Local and Personal

APPLE PICKERS WANTED—Men preferred. Attwood Ranch, Creston.

PIGS FOR SALE—Seven Berkshire pigs, six weeks old. J. W. Vaness Creston.

FOR SALE—Knitting machine in good working order, can be seen at Review Office.

CRESTON
PUBLIC LIBRARY
BARTON AVENUE

OPEN—Saturdays 3 to 5 p.m.

Membership: $2 Year. 3 Months, 60c.

SATURDAY and MONDAY SPECIAL

This week it's

SOAP

It is not so much what you pay for yonr Soap as what you get for what you pay. Inferior Soap is poor buying at any price, but we defy anyone to get better satisfaction than is given by the lines listed below. Too, we know the prices we make rn these for week-end selling cannot be equalled, either:

Royal Crown Soap 3 for 85c.

Palmolive or Crown Olive Soap 3 for 25c.

LUX 2 for 25c.

MAWSON

Better Service **BROTHERS** Lower Prices

CRESTON BAKERY and TEA ROOM

Saturday Specials

Cream Buns
Sausage Rolls
Sally Lunns
Coffee Rings

Moir and Neilson Cnocolates

A. B. NORRIS

FOR SALE—Set mink furs, cape and muff; also comforter for child's cot. Enquire Review Office.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Siddons were weekend visitors with friends in Nelson.

Mrs. M. Young is a visitor at Cranbrook this week with her daughter, Mrs. Rumsey.

FOR SALE—Jersey cow, due to freshen October 15th, very gentle, $75. R. Sinclair Smith.

Christ Church Guild is having weekly sewing meetings in preparation for their annual bazaar next month.

FOR SALE—Wee McGregir drag saw, no reasonable offer refused. Land Settlement Board, Camp Lister.

Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. James is spending a few days with friends in Cranbrook this week. She left on Wednesday.

FOR SALE—Brand new 30-30 Savage rifle; also a shot gun in first class shape. Exchange Barber Shop, Creston.

Miss Brett, teacher in Division IV, of the public school, was a Nelson visitor a couple of days early in the week.

G. M. Argue, Frank Staples and R. S. Bevan were motor visitors at Bonners Ferry for the fall fair on Friday.

Mrs. Jessie Lewis, teacher of pianoforte. Graduate of Royal Academy of Music, London. Lamont Bldg., Creston.

Rev. C. D. Donald of the mission staff in India, will preach at the Sunday evening service in the Presbyterian Church.

The grouse shooting season closes at sundown on Monday. So far there no reports of Creston hunters bringing down a deer.

The Banff dance orchestra are due to make their first fall appearance here at the Grand theatre ballroom on Tuesday night.

If thrills and action are what you like in moving pictures be sure and see "The Fast Mail" at the Grand tomorrow night.

Up till Friday morning last Dominion fruit inspector Fletcher has inspected 101 carload lots of fruit leaving the Valley.

Eighteen forest fires were reported in Creston Valley for the season closed at the end of September. Three of these were set by lightning.

The super abundant crop of hazel nuts is the sure sign that prompts older time residents to predict a long and severe winter this trip.

A silver tea under the auspices of Christ Church Ladies' Guild at the home of Mrs. C. G. Bennett, Saturday, October 13th, 3 to 6 p.m.

FOR SALE—Slip scraper, 4 camp beds with mattresses, box stove, McClary Heater, and 60 gallon feed cooker. Enquire Review Office.

FOR SALE—Young heifer, half Holstein and half Jersey, will freshen about the middle of October. A. G. Samuelson (Canyon) Erickson P.O.

G. Erickson of Invermere arrived on Wednesday for his usual week's vacation visit at Creston, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Bennett.

FOR SALE—Trade or cash, a rebuilt Ford roadster, 1917 model, will sell reasonable for cash, or trade for first-class winter apples. Enquire Review Office.

Our First Carload

of Ogilvie Milling Company Products arrived on Tuesday.

We did a splendid trade all day supplying customers direct from the car, and there has been a steady demand ever since.

We have the balance in stock at the store and can certainly supply you with anything in Grain or Mill Feeds.

Chicken Feed

are prominent in this carload, and it will certainly pay poultrymen and stockmen to get our prices before buying even a single sack elsewhere.

Jacksons

PIGS FOR SALE—Tamworths and Yorkshires, 6 weeks old this month, $5 each. A. Comfort, Creston.

FRUIT WANTED—Twenty cars of fruit and vegetables wanted immediately. Payments made twice a month. Full particulars from K. Kleist, Creston.

After five weeks of the finest kind of weather haying was officially closed on the flats on Wednesday of last week, and cattle are again pasturing all over the area.

Geo. Downes, who until lately was on the staff of Creston Fruit Growers Union, and his son, Lionel, left on Tuesday for England, where they will probably reside in future.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Rodgers have moved in from Canyon City, and are now occupying the house on the John Hobden ranch, which Mr. Rodgers purchased early this summer.

The Junior Guild of Christ Church announce a silver tea and sale of work to be held in the Parish Hall, Saturday, October 27th, 3 to 6 p.m. Candy stall, dolls, fancy articles, etc.

Shippers are notified that commencing the 15th of October all freight on less than car lots of fruit and vegetables must be prepaid. Instructions to this effect reached Creston and Erickson on Monday.

At Creston Board of Trade meeting on Tuesday night a committee was named to help, if required, with other organizations in putting on a fitting memorial service on Armistice Day at the veterans monument.

J. B. Conway, who has been looking after the Associated Growers interests in West Kootenay, with headquarters at Creston, resigned at the end of the month to take a position on the road with a Lethbridge wholesale house.

Jimmy Lockhead had very good success with his two ponies at the running races at Bonners Ferry fair at the end of last week, bringing home with him $100 after taking care of all expenses in connection with the trip.

F. R. DeHart, representing the Dominion trade commissioner, Ottawa, is here this week, assembling Creston Valley's quota of apples for display in the B.C. exhibit at the British Empire Exhibition in London, England, early next year.

J. D. Moore of Kaslo, district road superintendent, was here at the end of the week. The slashing of the right of way for the Arrow Creek road diversion will be done this winter, so that an early-spring start can be made at building that piece of road.

All varieties of winter apples are now being picked—in two instalments in order to assure maximun color and to furnish carloads of mixed winters for which the demand is steady at present. The entire crop of McIntosh were disposed of before the end of last week.

The dust nuisance and forest fire danger were effectively disposed on in the Saturday night rain the Valley was favored with, accounting for three quarters of an inch of wetness. Indian summer weather has prevailed since then, and so far there has not been a severe fall frost.

H. White, customs collecter of Cranbrook, was here on an official visit Friday. Until such time as the route of the new north and south road is definitely settled there is hardly likely to be a change in the location of the customs office at Rykerts.

"Slim" Lewis returned to Creston this week after being away for the past six months, and is going about on crutches due to losing his right leg just above the ankle in an accident near Bonners Ferry in June. Jack Hamilton is also back after spending about five months on the prairie.

Inspector Dunwoody of Nelson, who is at the head of provincial police work in the Kootenays, was here on Friday. A new police district has just been created in East Kootenay into which Creston has been placed, and in future reports from the Creston police officer will go to Cranbrook instead of Nelson, as in the past.

Sirdar

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Holden (nee Hazel McClelland) of Cranbrook were weekend visitors here.

Mrs. George Manahan and Miss Goodman of Cranbrook were visitors here for a few days with their brother Will.

Mrs. Loro of Coal Creek spent a few days here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Parento, returning on Sunday.

Principal Walby, who was a Nelson visitor last week, got back on Sunday and school resumed on Monday.

George Cam hot back on Sunday from a week's visit with Cranbrook friends

Mrs. Williams, who at one time resided here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cartwright, is a guest of Mrs. Cam.

Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Watson and the former's sister, Mrs. Skinner, were motor visitors here on Monday, returning the following day. The former were residents here some years ago, when Mr. Watson was on the switch crew, but his wife's failing health compelled them to move to their farm near Bonners Ferry, Idaho, where they are doing well in poultry and bees.

The enemies of the farmyard seem unusually plentiful this year. A few days ago Mrs. Jones at Kufkanook shot an owl, hawk and skunk within a few days of each other, whilst on Saturday on going to gather eggs she discovered a skunk in possession of a hen coop. Needless to say the odorous visitor was not molested just then, but a little later was taken in a trap set specially for the job.

Anglican Church Services

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 14

CRESTON 8, 11 a.m., 7.30 p.m. — OUTJTASIONS at Creston 3 p.m.

TIMBER SALE X 4712

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands at Victoria, not later than noon on the 26th day of October, 1923, for the purchase of License X 4712, to cut 2,957,850 feet of Tamarac, Hemlock, White Pine, Cedar, Yellow Pine and Fir on L 281, Kootenay District.

Twe (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Cranbrook, B.C.

It's the steady pull of all together that

WINS

We are advancing the

PRICE ON McINTOSH APPLES

GROWERS! Your loyalty to your Company will get you the best prices possible for your crop, and

REMEMBER

a little consideration from you will do a lot to help your local if they are congested and cannot handle your fruit as expeditiously as you would like.

It isn't in holding a good hand but in playing a poor hand well that wins! Get behind your Company and help it win.

Associated Growers of British Columbia, Ltd.

REMINGTON

.....Nitro Club Waterproof Shells.....

—Heavy Duck load.

—Are fast, hard-hitting and long range.

—They are sure in all kinds of weather.

—Remington Game Load eliminates guesswork and uncertainty.

—Buy them by the name of the game—you will be sure to get the right load for the game you are going after.

—All sizes kept in stock.

Dry Goods Groceries **S. A. SPEERS** Furniture Hardware