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$43,000 Institute Business in 1918

The seating capacity usually prvided for such an occasion was all taken at the Creston Farmers' Institute annual meeting on Friday night, but at that it is doubtful if the crowd was as large as at the annual a year ago.

In the absence of President Adlard the vice-president, W. V, Jackson, had charge of the meeting, and while allowing a wide-open discussion of all matters coming up, always had things well in hand, the whole business of the conclave being disposed of in time for adjournment before midnight.

In his remarks he dealt briefly with the trouble that had been encountered securing feed part of 1018, pointing out that although five different firms had been dealt with it was an utter impossibility to get the feed in the same quantity as in other years. He declared that the system that had been tried out to get the flats hay crop cut had not been the success anticipated and the cut of this feed had been lighter than in other years. He suggested that the Institute should this season have the crop cut by contract, and all share equally in whatever quantity of it was thus put up.

Jas. Compton reported very briefly for the directors, assuring that despite considerable criticism they had done the very best possible under very trying circumstances. Early in the year it was thought increased warehouse accommodation would be needed, but as things had worked out the present storage capacity had been more than ample for 1918. Now things were getting back to normal, however, the matter would have to be attended to.

Secretary Lidgate presented the secretary-treasurer's report, which Auditor Watson had certified correct. In the trading department the year's business was over $43,000—an increase of $1000 over the previous ysar. The figures submitted are:

Flour and Feeds	$32,228.25
Sugar	3,857.10
Sprayers	205.00
Spray materials, etc	980.75
Hay	2,213.10
Nails	444.18
Oil	1,217.78
Powder, caps, fuses, etc.	1,925.50
	$43,161.63

Mr. Lidgate in presenting the budget briefly reviewed the feed situation during the late summer and early fall, citing the case of ordering a car of feed from the Lake of the Woods Milling Co. on August 12 and receiving the car on Oct. 20th. Alberta's 1918 crop was the worst in that provinge's history and Alberta farmers were selling hogs as low as $1 a head to be rid of them in view of the great shortage of feed. In the face of this scarcity of feeds in Alberta Mr. Lidgate argued that it was out of the question to expect Creson to get its normal supply of these commoditoes. Too, the quantity of feed allowed to each car was in proportion to the quantity of flour ordered and as the demand for flour is many times less than the call for feeds, and remembering the small amount of capital the Institute has to work on he figured the Valley farmers had fared remarkably well; much better than coast points, according to Hon. E. D. Barrow, minister of agriculture, who was here in August. Under war conditions Mr. Lidgate figured there had been an inordinate demand for bran and shorts and he had to adopt a policy of selling these out in proportion to the quantity of stock the ranchers kept. In concluding he observed that, generally speaking, the Institute's supply of feed came along as fast as some members were able to pay for it, and sometimes a little faster.

The report of the auditor, W. S. Watson, called attention to the fact that in view of the volume of business transacted the time might be opportune for some changes. The discussion of this report gave rise to the only unpleasant feature of the evening. In discussing the matter Charles Moore went out of his way to cast aspersions on the patriotism of the secretary as well as the directors ability and was topped short by one of the latter with the forcible intimation that unless Mr. Moore was more respectful of the truth and the decencies of debate it would likely be necessary to summon medical attendance before Mr. Moore would be in good shape to return home. The intimation had the desired effect and the meeting proceeded with no further remarks on any subject by the ubiquitious Mr. Moore.

Owing to the Institute now operating under Sec. 2 of the Agricultural Association's Act the method of electing officers is changed from former years. Now seven directors are elected and they elect a president from amongst their number, and select a secretary either from the directors or the Institute membership. At the first election it is provided that the two candidates receiving the highest votes shall serve three years, and the next two highest two years, and the other three one year. About a dozen candidates were nominated, those elected being: Jas. Compton and Frank Putnam, for three years; W. V. Jackson and Guy Constible for two years; and J. A. Lidgate, Geo. Hobden and G. M, Benney for one year. At a meeting of the directors on Saturday night W. V. Jackson was chosen president, with J. A. Lidgate managing director.

Before the meeting closed resolutions were passed authorizing the expenditure of $1 toward the testimonial the B.C. institutes are getting for W. E. Scott, ex-deputy minister of agriculture. Guy Constable was elected delegate to a district inititutes' conference at Robson next month, and a resolution from the B.C. Library Association, which is urging the government to spend more money on travelling libraries, was endorsed.

A discussion of the Flats hay situation was cut short owing to the lateness of the hour, but the fact was made apparent that closer supervision will have to be made of the Indians hay cutting operrtions this year. Apparently the Indians have cut much more hay than is required to winter their own stock, and are selling it direct instead of through the Institute as per last fall's agreement.

Board of Trade Members Banquet

A modern philospher has said "A good dinner lubricates business." And to test out the worth-whileness of the saying a committee of twelve members of the Creston Board of Trade staked the board members to a complimentary banquet at the Creston Hotel on Tuesday night, an a sort of middle course to the proceedings of the 1919 annual meeting.

The evening's procedure was to get through with the business of the night at the board rooms as far as the election of officers, when the adjournment was made for supper, and after the eats the president's address, reports of committees and the concluding business of the conclave received the finishing touches.

The affair was a success beyond the expectations of the most enthusiastic of the dozen complimentary financiers. The spread of good things included all the seasonable delicacies from oyster soup, relishes and entrees too numerous to mention, roast goose and turkey with the usual trimmings, and a fine line of desserts featuring plum pudding with hard sauce, etc. etc. etc. The service was on a par with the spread of good things to eat. Mrs. Mead and her staff of assistants handling every detail of the affair in a style well up to the high standard hitherto maintained at this well known hostelry.

Retiring president Speers in a 15-minute address recounted the good work accomplished and attempted by the Board during 1918, as well as giving many facts and figures to show 1018 had been as well as a banner year for the Valley as well as in Board activities.

His trade statement, which will appear in detail in later issue, stated that the total of 1918 export trade in Creston Valley this year was over $400,000.00 an increase of almost $75,000 as compared with 1917, and had the lumbering industry held up to the 1917 standard the grand total of trade would have hit the half million mark.

The speech-making was by the members of the different standing committees of the Board, who gave a resume of the year's operations in their respective spheres of activity. Generally speaking these talks were of a quite high order for local talent and strictly impromptu effort in most cases. A particularly interesting address was that of Robt. Stark, who reported on irrigation. Mr. Constable also handled Reclamation activities in entertaining style. Lack of space forbids even an outline of any of the oratorical effusions; but a look over the talent employed will suffice to convince that there was something interesting on tap all evening other than the Canadian punch which ex-president Speers poured with a deftness worthy of the most experienced mixologist. The committee reports were as follows:

Transportation—C. O. Rodgers.
Highways—R. S. Bevan, W. H. Crawford.
Publicity—C. F. Hayes, C. G. Bennett.
Legislation—F. H. Jackson, Charles Moore.
Agriculture—Jas. Compton, R. B. Staples.
Finance—G. Johnson, H.K.Oatway.
Reclamation—Guy Constable, J. W. Hamilton.
Irrigation—W. B. Embree, Robert Stark.
Fall Fair—E. C. Gibbs.

During the evening a resolution of condolence was passed and will be forwarded the parents of the late Engineer Lawley, who contracted a fatal case of flu while at work on the preliminary irrigation survey.

The banquet came to an end about 2 a.m., with H. H. Piper doing the honors to the toast to "Our Hostess," and the singing of the National Anthem.

Constable Heads Board of Trade

One of the most enthusiastic. and certainly the largest-atended, annual meetings in the twelve or thirteen years the Creston Board of Trade has been in existence, was the 1919 session in the Board rooms on Tuesday night, over which President Speers presided, with an audience of twenty-one members.

Five new members were added to the roll at this session, bringing the the total membership now up to just over 30. The new members duly elected were Victor Carr, R. R. Piper, Floyd Rodgers, Frank Staples and Mawson Bros.

The president's address was deferred until after a supper which followed at Creston Hotel. The treasurer's statement showed a small balance to the good in the Reclamation account, and a slightly better balance to the credit of the Board's ordinary account. The secretary's report showed that the Board had had eleven meetings during the year—the flu ban eliminating the November and December sessions—and at these meetings the average attendance had been thirteen members.

The election of officers resulted in acclamations in every case, the 1919 officials being:

Hon. President—C. O. Rodgers.
President—Guy Constable.
Vice-President—R. S. Bevan.
Secy-Treas.—C. F. Hayes.
Auditor—C. G. Bennett.
Executive—W. H. Crawford, E. C. Gibbs, Geo. Johnson, S. A. Speers. R. B. Staples, Robt. Stark.

Last year the idea was tried out of appointing permanent committees for the year, and things worked so favorably that the same procedure will be followed in 1919, the president and Messrs. Speers and Henderson being named to select the members of these seven committees.

In order to ascertain exactly where the Reclamation project now stands after the engineering work done last fall the secretary was instructed to write the minister of lands for the information. The matter of sending a delegate to Victoria while the legislature is in session was tentatively agreed upon, but an effort will be made to have a joint delegation as representing West Kootenay, and to this end the Kaslo, Nelson, as well as the Associated Board's of Trade will be communicated with to see if they will also each send along a representative.

As some finance may be required to see this effort through the 1919 finance committee was struck, consisting of R. B. Staples, R. S. Bevan and G. Johnson. And to get the publicity work off to a good start that committee has been named to consist of C. F. Hayes, C. G. Bennett and Dr. Henderson, and authorized to secure ten or a dazen boxes of apples to be sent with the Valley's compliments to the United Farmers of Alberta who will be in annual session at Edmonton, a thousand strong, next week.

A request from Boswell for the Board's help in an effort to induce the C.P.R. lake steamers to stop at Boswell on the down trip at least twice a week for the discharge of westbound freight was received and it was decided that the matter be taken up at once with Capt. Brown, who is in charge of the lake steamship line.

W. T. Claridge of Fernie, demobilization representative for East Kootenay under the departmeat of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, was a visitor here this week, making a preliminary innustrial survey of the district. While here he met President Constable of the board of trade and asked for a small committee of that organization to co-operate in the work of placing these men from overseas back in civil life.

HORSES ESTRAY

Came to my ranch between Christmas and New Years, two mares. One a bay with bobtail, and the other a black with star on forehead, probably 3 years old. Owner can have same on paying all expenses. A. E. PENSON, Creston.

CATTLE ASTRAY

One mooley cow with star on forehead, white stockings on hind feet, lower part of tail white. And one yearling heifer same as above but with small horns. Reward to party giving information leading to recovery of the animals —VICTOR CARR, Creston.

COLTS LOST

Two brown 2-year old colts—mare and gelding. Lightly branded HR in hollow of right hip. Last seen about two months ago on flats below the Arrowsmith ranch. A reward of $20 each will be paid for their recovery. Apply C. Blair, Creston.

Women's Institute Has Patriotic Year

Although the flu ban clipped off a couple of regular meetings and otherwise interfered with the good conduct of affairs, and the membership was slightly smaller than the year previous, reports presented at the annual meeting of Creston Valley Women's Institute on Friday afternoon showed the organization to have had a very useful and successful twelve months operation.

The report of the secretary, Mrs. St. Jean shows the year to have been largely a patriotic one, some of the lines of activity being shipments of books and magazines to the invalid soldiers at Balfour sanitarium. a picture puzzle shower for the boys overseas, the manufacture of 377 handkerchiefs for the Red Cross, as well as 178 wash clotht, 18 towels, while the members during the year have made 73 pairs of socks, 73 pairs pyjamas, 2 day shirts, 2 surgical shirts, 50 trench caps, 64 personal property bags, wristlets, housewives and scarves.

In the finance department the contributions to patriotic causes were equally noticeable, some of the donations being $63 to Prisoners of War fund. British Navy League $41, Belgium Relief $15, Red Cross $25, or a grand total of over $145 given to various war efforts.

During the year the members employed some of the time at meetings sewing on a quilt which was given the new hospital at Nelson. The 1918 membership was 62, of whom ten were juveniles. Including the balance carried from 1917. the treasurer's statement shows $281 handled during the year, with an expenditure of $257.

The annual gathering was presided over by Mrs. Lyne, in the absence of the president, Mrs. H. B. Downs, and the vice-president. Mrs. G. Cartwright, both of whom were out of town. The officers for 1919 are as follows:

President—Mrs. H. Lyne.
Vice-President—Mrs. Jas. Maxwell.
Secy.-Treas.—Mrs. St. Jean.
Directors—Mrs. Jas. Cook, Mrs. J. W. Hamilton, Mrs. R. Thurston.
Auditors—Mrs. Brousson, Mrs. Ebbutt.

The meeting decided that tea would be served after the regular meetings again this year, and the monthly collections would be turned over to the Red Cross Society. Also, when th local soldiers have all returned the Institute will tender them a complimentary banquet.

BUY

War-Savings Stamps

On Sale at all

MONEY-ORDER POST OFFICES
BANKS AND

WHEREVER THIS SIGN W-S-S IS DISPLAYED

BUY War-Savings Stamps for $4.00 each, place them on the Certificate, which will be given to you; have your Stamps registered against loss, free of charge at any Money-Order Post Office; and on the first day of 1924, Canada will pay you $5.00 each for your stamps.

As an aid to the purchase of W.-S. S. you can buy THRIFT Stamps for 25 cents each. Sixteen of these Thrift Stamps on a Thrift Card will be exchanged for a W.-S. S. Thrift Stamps do not bear interest. Their virtue is that they enable you to apply every 25 cents you can save towards the purchase of a Government, interest-bearing security.

"If high rates of interest must be paid on Government borrowings it is but right that every man, woman, and child should have the opportunity to earn this interest."—*Sir Thomas White.*

$5.00 for $4.00

ITALY STANDS CONSPICUOUS AMONG THE NATIONS BETRAYED

MORE OF GERMANY'S TREACHERY BEING EXPOSED

German Boat, Disguised as Austrian Submarine, and Carrying on Board British, French and Greek Flags, Laid Mines in Harbor Six Months Before Italy Declared War

Hardly a day passes but there is exposed some treachery practised by Germany upon unsuspecting nations during the war. Among the nations so deceived and betrayed Italy stands conspicuous.

Italy was once Germany's ally. Bismarck, taking advantage of a temporary misunderstanding between France and Italy, estranged the two sisters, and brought Italy into the German camp.

For years before the war the kaiser came regularly each spring to Venice with a large suite, when he met, at the home of his lady friends, Italian naval and military authorities. Ostensibly his visits were the outcome of admiration and love of Italy, but, in reality, as Italy has since learned to her cost, they were made for spying purposes. And all this when Italy was a member of the Triple Alliance!

And now the blue Adriatic reveals aonther instance of German treachery. It could not rest till its waters had cast up this German "mire and dirt."

At midnight on May 23, 1915, Italy declared war on Austria. On June 27 a submarine, measuring 120 feet long and some 14 feet wide, with a displacement of 300 tons, was launched at Pola, going at once to Brioni, a mountainous island off the Istrian coast, famous as having supplied the Venetians with most of the stones of which their city is built. She flew the Austrian flag, and was numbered U. B. 24. She had a crew of fourteen men. She was built not to sink ships by torpedoing them, but to do so by placing mines in their routes.

Time after time she laid her mines, but the vigilant Italian mine-sweepers gathered them up. But at last one of the mines took effect. As the submarine was completing her nefarious work outside a much frequented harbor, she herself struck one of her own mines. A loud explosion followed, the vessel was seen to break and bend at the centre, and quickly she disappeared from view.

Nearly a year passed, and then the sea gave up U. B. 24 and the dead that were in it, and at the same time disclosed a tale of German treachery. Italy and Germany were not at war during the operations of this boat, nor for nearly six months later. The submarine met her end in the last days of March, 1916; Italy did not declare war on Germany till August 27 of that year; yet this boat was not Austrian at all. It was German. Its true designation was not U. B. 24, but L.U.C. 12. Its officers and crew were all German.

Its log states that it was built at Bremen in 1915 in the shipyard of one called Woser. Its first operations were against England in the North Sea. Then, a few weeks after Italy had declared war on Austria, she put into Kiel.

There she was taken to pieces, put on cars, and shipped to Pola, where she was reconstructed, and entered on her piratical career, disguised as an Austrian submarine. Apparently she was also prepared to put on other disguises as occasion might require, for she carried a British, a French and a Greek flag on board.

But the end of the vessel is not yet. Picked up by the Italians to [illegible] she is turning a new leaf, and is about to enter on an honest and upright life. She is being cleaned, repaired, and refitted, and like a companion enemy submarine raised many months ago from the bottom of the Adriatic off Venice will soon take her place in the Italian navy to fight honestly in defence of the vessels she sought formerly under false colors to destroy.

Obstinacy of the Hun

All the stages of the war illustrate this ingrained obstinacy of the Hun. He persisted in using massed formations, despite the opening in his casualty lists of the costliness of such a form of attack. He still believes, apparently, that force is going to rule the world. He still believes that the U-boat will prove the decisive factor of the [illegible] proof of the miserable [illegible] provided by the presence of Austrian [illegible] in the Adriatic. He still believes, [illegible] enough it [illegible] to have [illegible] of [illegible]

[illegible]

Easily Remedied

[illegible]

W. N. U. 1211

Why Bulgaria Wanted Peace

Everything Was in the Hands of the Germans

Some of the evidences as to why Bulgaria wanted peace are found in a report made by an eye witness who has reached Corfu from Prilip, and which is issued by the Serbian Press Bureau. The report reads in part:

"After the first defeat the Bulgarians retreated with precipitation, leaving Prilip several days before the Germans. The relations between Germans and Bulgarians were very strained, the former treating the Bulgarians as their inferiors. Everywhere one finds proof of the German domination. All the sign posts and indications on the routes are in German, seldom accompanied by a Bulgarian translation.

"The shortage of provisions was very great. The inhabitants had not had any meat for three months. There was a complete want of sugar, salt, clothing and linen.

"In the fertile valley between Monastir and Veles there is no cattle. All the agricultural machines and implements have also disappeared. Nowhere did we find any healthy adults. The fields nevertheless were cultivated. The explanation was very simple. All the cattle had been requisitioned and all the healthy adults deported. During the retreat the enemy even carried off the young people of 15 years. The work in the fields was carried out by soldiers under the command of German officers specially detailed for this duty. The cattle and the agricultural machinery necessary for this were brought to the district and taken away again as soon as the work was finished. The cattle were brought from Rumania as the Macedonian stock of cattle was completely used up to feed the army. This was pitilessly requisitioned. None of the warrants given in payment have been met for three years past. The harvest was requisitioned each year to feed the army, and the rest went to Germany. All the inhabitants were given for their food was 170 kilograms of grain per annum. It was a regime of pitiless exploitation by means of requisition; all that the inhabitants received was the notorious Bulgarian "raspiske" which was never paid. Nothing was undertaken that could not serve the army.

"The communications between Monastir, Veles and Gradsko were improved by a strategic narrow gauge railway. Everything was in the hands of the Germans, while the Bulgarian 'influence' manifested itself by pillage, deportation, and requisition. The inhabitants declared that it was the same in all the occupied territory."

Hindenburg Quits After Row With Kaiser

Has Been Chief of Staff of German Army for Two Years

Field Marshal von Hindenburg has resigned as chief of the German general staff, after a heated interview with the emperor, in which the field marshal declared that a retreat on a large scale was impossible to avoid, according to a Central News despatch from Amsterdam.

The correspondent based his despatch on reports from the frontier.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg has been chief of staff of the German army since Aug. 30, 1916. In the last six months there have been various reports of a sensational character centering about the field marshal. A Zurich despatch on Sept. 22 reported that serious differences had arisen between south German politicians and Prussian military leaders. German deserters were quoted as saying that a Bavarian soldier had tried to shoot the field marshal, but that von Hindenburg was not wounded. In commenting upon the American and French replies to Austria's peace proposal late in September, the field marshal told the German people to "be hard." The field marshal celebrated his 72nd birthday on Oct. 2.

Germany Has Tin Scarcity

Germany is suffering from a serious shortage of tin owing to the war and [illegible] has found no satisfactory [illegible] A Hardware report re[illegible] the Upper Silesian tin [illegible] working under exceptional pr[illegible] being engaged al[illegible]

[illegible] for remanufacturing old [illegible] and that Upper Silesian tin ore mines, which were formerly regarded as being too poor to work, are now being worked as [illegible]

[illegible] are being used in place of tin cans for condensed milk, preserved fruit and in place of [illegible] cups. Untinned steel sheets are also being used extensively as a substitute.

The Plea of the Hun

Cry for Peace Before Crimes are Punished

"Enough!" they cry. Who is it cries "enough?" They who unleashed their horde of Huns upon Belgium, who heeded not the cries of women and children, but raped and ravished, smashed and devastated without mercy and without shame. They knew no such word as "enough" when they rained death and torture from the skies upon the homes of innocence and peace, when they lurked in the deep and smote with a coward blow the defenseless Lusitania leaving the tenderest of our kind to struggle and to drown in the sea.

Enough? Yes, we have all had enough of war; but it is not ours to stay the hand of retribution that is falling surely and relentlessly upon Germany at this hour. "Stop!" they cry, "and we will get out of Belgium—when they are being kicked out!

When they can no longer keep up the war they planned for years they preach peace. When they have exhausted all their stores of hate and frightfulness they prate of fairness and justice. When they can no longer intrigue, assasinate, and lie they ask us to respect their honor.

Vindication does not imply vindictiveness, but the right must be fully vindicated before the eyes of every German, from the highest to the lowest. The God Woden, as personified in the kaiser, Krupp and Hindenburg, must be once for all flung to the scrapheap of heathendom and barbaric despotism.

No, it is not within our power to stop now. It is not the hand of man that is dealing with this monster of militarism. This thing must be decisively crushed—not the German people, but the brute that has possessed them for the last four years. A Germany intact and unacquainted with invasion, while France and Belgium lie in ruins, would be a Germany cynically triumphant. A German navy safe and sound, and a fleet of merchant ships ready to seize the maritime commerce of the world, would mean a victorious Germany. They have done as much damage as they can and now they say: "Let us have peace before our enemies damage us." They set out to cripple our merchant service, and having done this they are ready to begin peaceful competition—if we will let them, if we will but forget their dastardly submarine warfare and allow their crimes to go unpunished.

This war has not been won by us. There are forces other than those of gunpowder, and those forces must work their natural and supernatural course with this criminal people. This nation, that thought it was "beyond good and evil" and above morality, must learn now and for all time that this is a moral universe, and that the mightiest thing in the world is the right. Peace with an unrepentant Germany would be treason to God and to our heroic dead, who gave their lives for the vindication of righteousness. — Toronto Globe.

Tanks Doing Splendid Work

Latest British Type Has Twice the Speed of Earlier Ones

Tanks, cavalry and armored motor cars have had a larger part in the recent fighting on the western front than ever before in the war. They have added greatly to the driving weight and speed of assault of the modern intensive attack, and their use has been developed tremendously by the British command since last year.

The modern tank has twice the speed of the earlier type, and more than twice the radius of action. Infantry is pratcically powerless against them. If infantry attempts to rush an oncoming tank, they are machine-gunned in the open. If they stay in their trenches, the tank straddles the line and enfilades them with direct short-range fire; if they retreat to the shellholes or dugouts, the tank lumbers along right over them, crushing them into the ground and caving in the dugouts.

The light, high speed tanks, known as "whippets," are a development of this year. They are killing machines pure and simple, for they can bear down upon fortified points and batteries at such a speed that there is little chance of getting the guns or men away in time. Their reserve of fuel enables them to remain in action for a full day without refilling.

Moreover, the advance of the whippets is quickly followed by the so-called "supply tanks," which can cross any ground, bringing up reserve supplies of gasoline and ammunition.

The armored motor cars are necessarily limited in their radius of action, owing to the fact that they must stick to the roads, but their great speed makes them very useful in pursuit and they have a faculty of getting well back behind the enemy front and doing endless damage by taking command of a vital road junction and preventing the escape of enemy guns and transport. Possibilities of infinite adventure are open to the commanders of such detached units.

Sixty miles of thread spun from the wool of a species of [illegible] weighs but two and a half pounds.

HUNS' SYSTEMATIC DESTRUCTION WILL PROVE TO BE A BOOMERANG

BECOME ANXIOUS AT THREATS OF REPRISALS

Germany Seeks to Ruin Industry, Commerce, and Agriculture And Their War Practices Are Being Intensified — Will Soon Be Feeling the Weight of Retribution

Why Denmark is Prosperous

Mainly Due to Co-operation and Education

Denmark is a little more than one-half the size of New Brunswick. At one time much of it was a bleak waste of sand dunes. Only the eastern portion of the mainland and the neighboring islands were considered fit for agriculture. In addition, the country was impoverished by the Napoleonic wars and by the robbery of the province of Schleswig-Holstein by Germany in 1866. Yet, today, Denmark, in proportion to its population, is the wealthiest country in Europe. It is essentially an agricultural country and poverty is very rare. Owing to the excellent system of land tenure, 89 per cent. of the families own their own farms and homes.

The prosperity of Denmark is mainly due to two causes—education and co-operation. There are now seventy high schools and twenty-nine agricultural colleges in Denmark, and old as well as young people attend them—the farmer for periods of a week or two at a time for the purpose of studying social problems and kindred subjects as they appear in other countries all over the world. After completing the high school and agricultural college courses students enter the University of Copenhagen. There they come to understand the complexity of modern business and to regard agriculture not only as a science of production, but as a system of distribution.

Agricultural co-operation began in Denmark in 1882 when the first co-operative creamery was established. Practically all the milk produced is now handled by the hundreds of co-operative dairies. These, with the aid of cow-testing associations, have made Denmark one of the leading dairy countries of the world. Danish butter has, for a generation at least, commanded a premium on the British market. Then, too, co-operative bacon curing and egg export societies have developed the pork and poultry industries respectfully in splendid fashion.

Coincident with the growth of co-operative marketing there has developed co-operative wholesale purchasing of such commodities as seeds, fertilizers, machinery, and, in fact, every necessity for the operation and upkeep of the farm. In 1908 the central wholesale agency transacted a business valued at $17,500,000.

Swedish Government Supplies Shipping

Food Must Be Sent to Belgium and France

The world is apt to forget that there are 10,000,000 people, Belgians and French, who have to be fed and clothed by the sheer spirit of what we call humanity in the rest of the white peoples. Improving war news has not altered the position of most of them. There are children who have never known anything but the state of slavery. Over 200,000 tons of shipping, secured by arrangement from the Swedish government for use in non-war zones, have been devoted to carrying in the coming year the food and clothing which we must send from this side of the Atlantic to this trampled-on but unconquerable people. The following foodstuffs will have to be transported across the Atlantic in the next twelve months:

Wheat, barley, rye and corn for bread purposes, bus.	42,500,000
Beans, bus.	2,200,000
Rice, bus.	3,300,000
Corned beef, lbs.	26,400,000
Pork products, lbs.	277,200,000
Soap, lbs.	66,000,000
Coffee, lbs.	26,000,000
Food for children, lbs.	No estimate
Cocoa, lbs.	18,000,000
Condensed milk, lbs.	55,000,000
Sugar, lbs.	40,000,000

At best, the cost will be nearly $280,000,000. The Dutch and Spanish governments, through their agents in Belgium, will see that these supplies are not misused by the German army.

A Salvage Problem

The following letter was written by the wife of a man fighting overseas to a member of the salvage club, an official organization for preventing war waste:

"Dear Sir: I called at your office on Wednesday at [illegible] o'clock but was told you were engaged on salvage, and that I could not see you. I wanted to ask you about Bert's false teeth what he lost at the front in the mud—do I still have to keep up the payments of them on the installment plan? I feel quite sure that your salvage club what they talks about would have the matter put right, if you would only mention it. Yours respectfully ——"

A startling picture of destruction is drawn by an official "Eye-witness," who has visited the neighborhood of Lens since the Germans withdrew from that city. Railways and tramways are torn up and are converted into huge piles of twisted rails. Mayor Basly of Lens says that the city has been virtually levelled. The Germans blew up entire sections of the town to establish their trench systems. The population of 36,000 people is entirely gone and the city is dead. Water fills the galleries of the coal mines, which used to turn out 3,000,000 tons of coal.

A national committee on war damage thus sums up the devastation:

"Despite the reprobation of the world, the German war practises are constantly being accentuated and intensified. These odious proceedings have transformed hostilities into abominable brigandage, seeking above all the ruin of agriculture, industry and commerce in this country."

Reports show that Roulers and Thourout have been destroyed by fire.

Premier Clemenceau has written a stinging commentary on German practises in a letter to Deputy Margain of the Marne department. He says:

"All international conventions which maintained in armed conflicts traditions of loyalty and nobility hace been cynically swept aside by Germany when she thought herself strongest and with hypocritical tears when she felt the shudder of defeat. German rage attacks not only human beings but throws its blight on our cities, our firesides, our sacred monuments, our art and history, and even upon the trees of our fair land. The drama of Chalons, where a German airplane bombarded the principal hospitals, killing 54 persons and wounding 40, manifested again the enemy's rage and savagery.

"Taken by the throat and driven backward, he still seeks to vent his hate upon the country from which our soldiers drive him foot by foot. But the blood, ruin and incendiarism which he is leaving behind will have retribution, of which he will soon feel the weight."

The demand for something more than unconditional surrender from Germany is becoming intensified in the London newspapers. Letters recalling the crimes of Germany, and urging retribution, include one from Prof. Spenser Wilkinson, who declares that a condition precedent for the cessation of hostilities should be the occupation by the allies of Metz, Strassburg, Mainz, Trent, Triest and Pola.

Viscount Midileton, former secretary of state for India, asks that the allies made a declaration that peace shall not be made until retribution is exacted from German towns for vandalism in France. The Times describes the enemy's policy of burning and destroying towns as he retreats as a "cruel and mean blackmail," and says that German towns like Hamburg and Frankfort must be marked down for ransom in return for French and Belgian towns wantonly destroyed.

Indications that Germany is becoming anxious in consequence of the threats of reprisals for the destruction of towns in France are afforded by a telegram from the semi-official Wolff Bureau, received in Stockholm, saying that Douai was burning as the result of the continuous British bombardment.

Pineapples and War

Great Growth of Crop in Hawaiian Islands Lately

The pineapple growers and packers of the Hawaiian Islands are also doing their part in producing food to help win the war. The 1918 crop is estimated at about 3,400,000 cases valued at about $11,000,000. The canneries are now working almost night and day to get the luscious fruit into cans in perfect condition.

The rapid growth of this industry is shown by what the Hawaiian Pineapple Company is doing. Every fifty-four minutes' packing now equals the total packed the first year the cannery was operated. Every morning's and every afternoon's packing equals total for entire second year. A day's packing has equalled the packing of the entire third year. In three consecutive days more pineapples were packed than the first complete four years of their operations.

They are now running at the rate of about 2,000 cases per hour, and on a record day, running thirteen hours, packed 26,125 cases, or 530,802 cans, which they believe is a record output in any kind of a cannery. Figured in pineapples, they have been running about 550 pineapples per minute. Other canneries in the islands have also shown enormous increase in production.

Economize!
USE
Old Dutch Cleanser
for cleaning and scouring:—
Tinware
Graniteware
Woodwork
Oilcloth
Linoleum
Enamelled Sinks and Bath Tubs
Cutlery
Refrigerators
Better and cheaper than Soap.

Hurtful to His Feelings

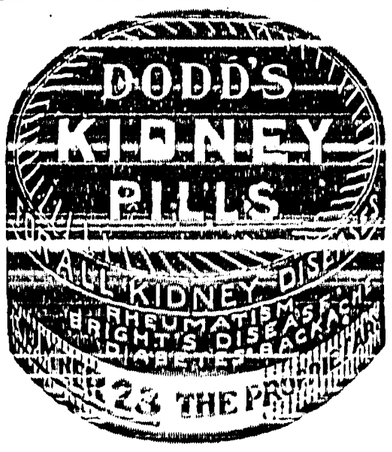
Little Tommy came home from Sunday school one day in a very thoughtful mod. "Mother," he said, "don't you think I've been a good boy since I've been to Sunday school?" "Why yes, certainly!" replied the mother. "Don't you think you can trust me now, mother?" "Of course I do! But why do you ask?" "Oh, nothing," replied the boy, "only I was wondering why you kept the cakes locked up just the same as you did before I went to Sunday school."

GUARD THE CHILDREN FROM AUTUMN COLDS

The Fall weather is the most severe season of the year for colds—one day is warm, the next is wet and cold and unless the mother is on her guard the little ones are seized with colds that may hang on all winter. Baby's Own Tablets are mothers' best friend in preventing or banishing colds. They act as a gentle laxative, keeping the bowels and stomach free and sweet. An occasional dose will prevent cold or if it does come on suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will quickly cure it. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Visiting Cards" at the North Pole

The silk flag which M. Amundsen is taking with him to plant at the North Pole—"if the opoprtunity presents itself" (says the London Observer) will be used, of course, for purely formal purposes, for the rights of the first comer belong to the United States, whose Stars and Stripes were planted there by Commander Peary on April 6, 1909. Naturally, every nation which achieves either Pole is anxious to leave a visiting card. When Scott reached the South Pole on January 17, 1912, he planted the Union Jack at a spot half a mile from the Norwegian flag which Amundsen had placed there some months earlier.



W. N. U. 1234

Pigmy Elephants

Considered a Most Important Zoological Discovery

Two specimens of a hitherto unknown species of elephant, a real dwarf variety, have been captured in Africa and were recently taken to England. This is considered a most important zoological discovery, comparable with that of the okapi in the Congo forest several years ago. These pigmy elephants grow to be 5½ or 6 feet high; that is, half the height at the shoulder of an ordinary African elephant. The tusks of the two dwarf elephants now in England are very dark, and display evidence of wear and tear and of exposure to a wet or muddy habitat. They are abnormally small. Those of the female weight about 1 pound each, and those of the male 3½ pounds each, compared with 110 pounds as the weight of one tusk of a grown African bull elephant.

Dragged Down by Asthma. The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

The King and His Cousin

George V. Most Deeply Attached to Former Czar

King George is said by some who probably know nothing about it, to have been deeply overcome when he learnt of the assassination of the ex-czar. Of all the monarchs in Europe it was to his cousin, the Czar, that he was most deeply attached: their personal intimacy was close, we are assured on the same authority. It will be remembered at the time of the revolution that it was stated how anxious King George personally was to offer immediate hospitality to the deposed emperor, but was reluctantly compelled to perceive how impossible such a step would be diplomatically. That does not tend to alleviate His Majesty's grief. It is violating no secret to say that the king never extended to the Tsarina any greater measure of friendship than due courtesy. His affection was concentrated on her husband.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dogs' Wool

Is Sterilized and Cleaned Before Spinning

The spinning of dogs' wool has proved a success, and several offices have been opened in London to receive and prepare the combings. The Ladies' Kennel Association, Belfast Chambers, Beak street, Regent street, W. receive the wool, sterilize it and clean it, after which it is sent to the central work rooms for spinning. The wool from Pekinese and collies is especially beautiful; the old grey sheep dog is also responsible for delightful knitted jackets that stand no end of wear and launder beautifully. All soft haired dogs yield lovely wool and the hair from wire haired dogs is used to stuff pillows for the wounded. The Countess of Gosford, Royal Academy, Picadilly, W., has charge of this industry.

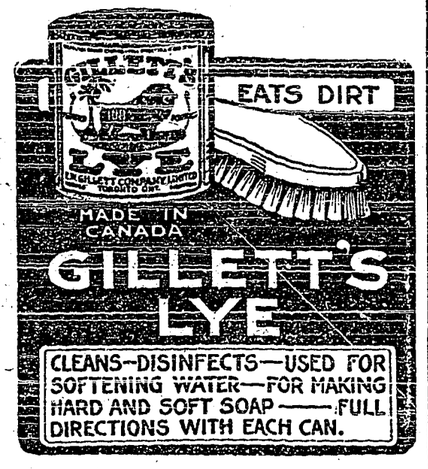
I was cured of Rheumatic Gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Halifax. ANDREW KING.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
LT.-COL. C. CREWE READ.
Sussex.

I was cured of Acute Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Markham, Ont. C. S. BILLING.
Lakefield, Que., Oct. 9, 1907.

Poor Dog Under Shell Fire

In a letter describing the behavior of domestic animals under fire, a soldier says: A big black mongrel came into our improvised trench late one afternoon. He had survived a terrific ten hours' bombardment of shell and [illegible] terly exhausted. His body became inert and nothing, not even the tenderest bits of bully beef, would make him move. His brown eyes looked mournfully into mine as if longing to tell me something. Just then the boche commenced strafing and at every explosion a shiver ran through his body. I do not know what became of the poor beast. There was an engagement soon afterwards and this big, black mongrel disappeared.



Transferring the Bad Luck

A visitor on a British battleship was dining with a group of officers when his fork accidentally struck a glass tumbler. As the glass resounded the officers shouted as one man, "Boche." On asking for an explanation the visitor was told that the ringing of a glass meant bad luck. One officer declared that on one ship he formerly commanded every time a glass was rung a man fell overboard. This is why the officers now cry "Boche" when a table accident occurs, they hoping to transfer their bad luck to the enemy.

The Friend of All Sufferers.—Like to "the shadow of a rock in a weary land" is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil to all those who suffer pain. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has the blessings of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever enquired for.

Put There for the Purpose

Waiter—"Do you mind if I put your bag out of the way, sir? People coming in are falling over it."

Diner—"You leave it where it is. If nobody falls over it, I shall forget it's there!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

It is easier to preach than to practise. Therefore it must be easier to be a clergyman than a physician.

Red Cross Donations

Saskatchewan Contributions Amount to Nearly as Much as All the Rest of Dominion

The province of Saskatchewan leads Canada in Red Cross donations for the year ending September 30 last, according to word just received from Canadian headquarters. Saskatchewan raised $1,133,000, the only province in Canada to reach the million dollar mark. Saskatchewan raised this amount as compared with only $1,652,000 for all the rest of the Dominion combined. The figures by provinces are as follows:

British Columbia	$ 115,000
Alberta	234,500
Saskatchewan	1,133,000
Manitoba	145,000
Quebec	155,000
New Brunswick	7,500
Nova Scotia	11,000
Prince Edward Island	12,500
Ontario	871,000
Total	$2,785,000

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Double Entry Bookkeeping Ancient

It comes as a surprise, very often, to find how far back in the centuries some of the ordinary things of every day life cast their roots. It may not be generally realized that double entry bookkeeping, for instance, adopted in most large businesses of the modern world, originated, or if it did not originate, was practised, among the mercantile communities of Italy in the fifteenth century. An early exponent of the method was a Minorite monk named Luca de Burgo, otherwise Paciali, who wrote and published a treatise on the subject in Venice in the year 1494, three years before Sebastian Cabot landed in America. The system survives as Luca de Burgo established it, with the exception of the few alterations necessitated by four centuries of commercial evolution.

Whether the corn be of old or new growth, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure, the simplest and best cure offered to the public.

Government experts have estimated that with due economy, there is timber enough in the United States to last 444 years.

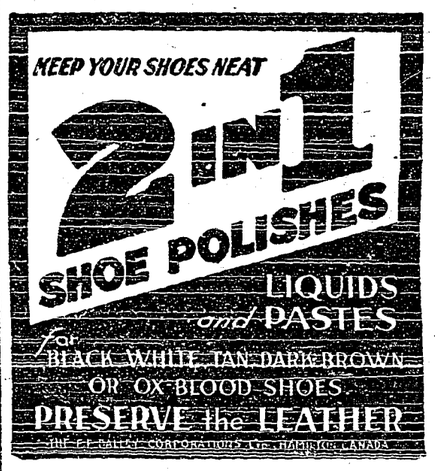
GET SLOAN'S FOR YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheumatic twinge, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce.

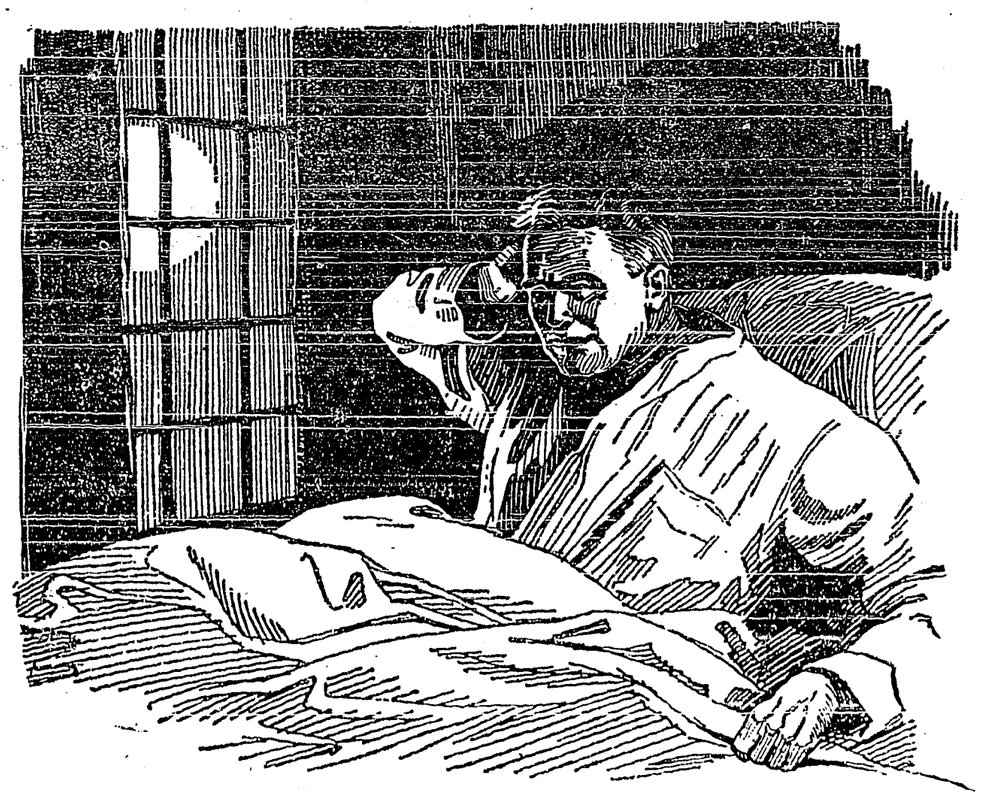
Won't stain the skin, leaves no muss, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Made in Canada. Get it today.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain



Butter for Siberia

A shipment of Saskatchewan butter is on its way to Siberia, having been bought by the militia department for the use of the Siberian force. It comprises two carloads and is the first shipment of butter to Russia ever made from this province.



He Cannot Sleep

IT isn't the body that craves rest, but the mind.

When you are bodily tired you can usually fall to sleep at the first opportunity.

But when the nerves are irritated by anxiety and worry rest and sleep seem to be impossible.

The mind seems to be most alert, and you are thinking, thinking, thinking—first of one thing and then of another—often matters of little or no importance. But you simply cannot sleep.

Sleeplessness is the most common and often the first indication of a breaking down of the nervous system.

The object of sleep is to allow the body to rebuild tissue and the nerves to recover tone. Sleep is the ideal condition for this process.

If you cannot sleep you worry, and worry breaks down nerve cells at a tremendous rate, so that instead of laying up nerve force for the demands of the day you are using up the reserve.

The nerve centres are sometimes likened to storage batteries. If you continue to consume the nervous energy in reserve, without paying back, these centres become sooner or later depleted, and you find yourself a nervous wreck.

After a sleepless night you get up feeling tired and lacking in mental energy. Your day's work seems more than you can face, and you become down-hearted and discouraged.

The future is not bright, for you must realize that the natural result is exhausted nerves, paralysis, locomotor ataxia or some form of helplessness.

In Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is found the most natural and the most rational treatment for the nerves imaginable, because this food cure contains the vital substances which go to the building up of the blood and the depleted nerve cells.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food does not induce sleep, but it does restore the nervous system, and after you have been using it for a few days you will begin to find yourself resting and sleeping naturally.

A little patience is necessary if your nervous system is greatly exhausted, but you will be encouraged by the benefits obtained to keep up the treatment until the exhausted nerves are fully restored, and you feel the energy and snap which means success and happiness.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, are on every box.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner

CRESTON, B.C. FRIDAY, JAN. 17

That Lost Time

Principal has good discipline; tone is good, and pupils work well, but are backward in some subjects.—Inspector Calvert's report. April, 1918.

Just read that over again, to get its full significance, before we proceed. The inspector's remarks have solely to do with the Entrance class last year. You will note conditions were ideal so far as the schoolroom were concerned. There was good discipline and tone, and the pupils were working like beavers; there had been no lost time due to she flu or other causes, and yet as late as April all the pupils were "backward in some subjects."

Now let us recall that last year the principal was handling six Entrance candidates. This year we are informed he has a dozen. At examinations last year only five pupils were allowed to write, and of these three were successful.

If with but six pupils, and working under the ideal conditions the inspector outlines, and the school open every teaching day, the principal was behind with his work in the 1917-18 term as late as April, how are things likely to be this year with a larger class to handle, and already 30 teaching days lost?

And in the High School is there any more hope for excellent results? Last year in the senior exams. its true the principal graduated all five students, but three of them had had had two years on the work; and two of these two-year pupils took tde lowest marks of the five graduating. Under the circumstances it is not a far-fetched argument to presume that probably if these latter two had been but one year on their work they would most likely have failed.

And it is not to be overlooked that the candidates who are taking the senior high school work this year are the same half-dozen who passed on papers prepared and examined by the principal himself—and of which test one of the principal's foremost parental admirers has told us that he would "take no stock at all."

And with Mr. DeLong, who makes the High School work inspection, going slightly out of his way to acquaint the trustees with the fact that the principal is an average teacher, THE REVIEW believes it has the best of ground for apprehension as to midsummer examination showings if no effort is made to catch up a goodly portion of the six weeks or more lost due to the flu.

Mr. DeLong,s remark about having an average principal, coming right after the attempt that was made to induce folks to believe that the principal was an "excellent" school head, looks ominous and, we trust, will not be too lightly considered by the parents interested. The making up of the lost time by Saturday teaching can do no harm at all, and it may do much good.

Wise and Otherwise

Parents with children coming to Creston Superior School from Erickson rather favor Saturday teaching to lengthening out the school hours. They prefer that the children get away later and get home earlier each day. For the next four months the youngsters can be spared from home with very little inconvenience.

To avoid repetitions of the Moore incident at the Farmers' Institute annual meeting on Friday night the only effective procedure is to return that citizen his dollar and notify him that his membership is cancelled. His references to the secretary and directors were as contemptible as they were raw and uncalled for, and the opinion is general that it is a bit unfortunate that the threatened bodily harm did not materialize. But, possibly, we have not heard the last of the incident as yet.

Miss Mavis Kane has returned to Creston to resume teaching after the holidays. Miss Kane intends, no doubt, to take a prominent part in Creston musical circles as, according to information supplied to the Kootenaian by a resident of the fruit metropolis, she carried a "big fiddle" with her when she arrived.—Kaslo Kootenaian.

Guessed it right first time, Bro. Power. But, really, what else could you expect. At Kaslo, they tell us the Kootenaian editor at Nail Keg Club sessions can, within half a minute of opening a conversation with Mayor Anderson, tell whether tae mayor has had onions for supper or no.

The four citizens whose signatures decorated the note at the bank whereon the flu emergency hospital was financed are sleeping easier o' nights. On Saturday a cheque came along from the health department at Victoria for the full paying of all expenses incurred in connection with the institution. While the matter was taken up direct with the health office, Hon. John Keen was also asked to do what he could in seeing to it that the matter received merited consideration. In expressing appreciation of the government's decision to foot the bill it is but fair that Mr. Keen should in some measure be appreciated for the successful effort he put forth.

Readers are reminded of the Peace Thanksgiving service in Mercantile Hall on Sunday afternoon at 2.30 prompt. Due to the flu ban and other unavoidable circumstances the Valley is a few weeks late in this effort, but this lapse of time should not make us any the less grateful for the cessation of hostilities. Population considered no part of Canada has made greater sacrifice to see the struggle through to such a victorious conclusion than the Creston Valley. With a particularly attractive service arranged at which to express thanks for a very satisfactory termination of the awful carnage the community will show a decided lack of all-round appreciation if there is not a very large turnout on Sunday afternoon.

Whatever shortcomings he may have in other directians the Farmers' Institute annual meeting has made it manifest that Secretary Lidgate is at least no piker. There was no necessity whatever for him to take a chance on being elected as director in order to qualify for the position of Institute trading department manager. Yet in spite of the stories that are afloat as to his temporary incompetence and unpopularity due to the feed shortage at midsummer and early fall, just to give members a chance to show their appreciation, or otherwise, of the services he had rendered he went into the balloting for director and finished fifth in a field of twelve polling at least half the votes cast. Had he failed to get elected the directors would have let themselves in for considerable criticism in putting him back on the old job. Having been fairly substantially endorsed there was nothing to it but for the directors to re appoint him.

Just how quiet things are at Rossland may be gleaned from the fact that the moving picture theatre is not running, and there are attempts as yet to open the skating rink.

NELSON ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Monday, the 3rd day of February, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, Nelson, I shall offer for sale at public auction the mineral claims in the list hereinafter set out of the persons in the said list hereinafter set out for delinquent taxes unpaid by said persons on the 30th day of June, 1918, and for costs and expenses, if the total amount due is not sooner paid.

The Collector will be pleased to receive any information respecting the following list where the owner is a member of the Allied Forces and entitled to the benefits of Section 29 of the Taxation Amendment Act, 1918.

EDWARD FERGUSON,
Acting Assessor and Collector.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 24th day of December, 1918.

NAME OF CLAIM	OWNER	Lot No.	Taxes to 30th June, 1918	Costs	Total
Arlington	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	3648	$31.50	$2.75	$34.75
Arlington Fraction	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd.	3649	8.25	2.75	11.00
Alice	Alexander, G., Forster, H.	1928	18.75	2.75	21.50
Annie May	John, Sol	3685	55.00	2.75	57.75
Albermarle Fraction	London & Rossland Syn.	3842	9.00	2.75	11.75
Alice Fraction	Proctor, Thomas G.	4969	56.25	2.75	59.00
Alma	Fowler, S. S.	2162	53.75	2.75	56.50
Alexandria	Fowler, S. S.	2165	48.75	2.75	51.50
Annie Maud	McArthur, D.	4210	8.50	2.75	11.25
Archer	Powys, Arthur W.	3202	41.25	2.75	44.00
April Fool No. 2 Fraction	Swedberg, J. P.	8058	34.00	2.75	36.75
Annie	Rand, A. E., Lennie, R. S., Wragge, E. C.	407	14.00	2.75	16.75
Atlantic	Rand, A. E., Lennie, R. S., Wragge, E. C.	4209	18.00	2.75	20.75
Amethyst	Malcolm, James	10580	49.00	2.75	51.75
Bid	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	901	18.75	2.75	21.50
Berlin	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	3251	31.25	2.75	34.00
Brittania	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	3253	21.25	2.75	24.00
Berne	Heckman, M., Harrop, E.	2881	7.50	2.75	10.25
Black Watch	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4146	51.25	2.75	54.00
Broad Axe	Canadian King, C. G. M. Co., Ltd.	4198	18.00	2.75	20.75
Ben Hassen	New North Fork Gold Mining Co.	3633	11.75	2.75	14.50
Bi-Metallic	Dyer, Ed.	4622	23.00	2.75	25.75
Boundary No. 1	McDonald, J. H. (Et Al.)	1944	13.00	2.75	15.75
Blind Canyon	Lafferty, G. A.	3771	30.00	2.75	32.75
Bonner	Porter, David G. and Jacob C.	6296	47.50	2.75	50.25
Bruce Fraction	Lennie, R. S.	10602	.50	2.75	3.25
Cumberland	Mahon, Ed.	904	10.50	2.75	13.25
Cleopatra	The Exchequer Gold Mining, Limited Liability	387	64.50	2.75	67.25
Courtland	Trail Creek Hidden Treasure Gold Mining Co.	3436	50.00	2.75	52.75
Copper Queen	Baltimore G. M. & D. Co.	3429	57.50	2.75	60.25
Canadian King	The Canadian King Mining Company, Foreign	4196	17.50	2.75	20.25
Curfew	Malone and Tregillus	5034	16.00	2.75	28.75
Centennial	Sibbald, John	5385	32.50	2.75	35.25
Centre Star	DeVeber, L. B.	3766	21.00	2.75	23.75
Crowfoot	Lafferty, G. A.	3770	52.00	2.75	54.75
Comstock	Mothelode Sheep Creek Mining Company	8347	9.75	2.75	12.50
Calgary	Lennie, R. S., Rand, A. E., Wragge, E. C.	4208	36.00	2.75	38.75
Columbia	Amas, Harry, Pool, Alexander, Devlin, George R.	8870	65.00	2.75	67.75
Camp View	Devlin, G. R., O'Brien, J. S. B., Dushenay, A. O., Gore, C. H.	10029	65.00	2.75	67.75
Colorado	Johnson, Archie M.	634	23.75	2.75	26.50
Daylight	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	907	50.00	2.75	52.75
Delight	Delight Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	4206	26.25	2.75	29.00
Directorate	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd.	4442	21.00	2.75	23.75
Directorate Fraction	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd.	4882	8.25	2.75	11.00
Dominion	Mother Lode Sheep Creek Gold Mining Co.	8815	3.25	2.75	6.00
Exchequer	The Exchequer Gold Mining Company, Limited Liability	391	48.00	2.75	50.75
Epoch	Erl. Syndicate	2459	21.00	2.75	23.75
Evening Star	Swedberg, J. P., Willson, W. H.	2014	40.00	2.75	42.75
Eclipse	Ferland, Arthur	3674	24.75	2.75	27.50
Emerald	Macdonald, Wm. A.	2907	31.00	2.75	33.75
Exchange	The Pilot Gold Mining and Mineral Company	3451	24.75	2.75	27.50
Eldorado	Mother Lode Sheeep Creek Mining Company	8346	11.50	2.75	14.25
Elkhorn	Irvine, Fred	9175	22.50	2.75	25.25
Edward D.	Amas, H., Pool, A., Devlin, G.	8872	30.00	2.75	32.75
Eureka	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Limited	3255	7.50	2.75	10.25
Flossie R.	Dyer, E. J.	4620	26.00	2.75	28.75
Fee Donald	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	5124	38.25	2.75	41.00
Free Silver	McDonald, W. A., Thompson, P.N. Johnson, A. M., Fenwell, May L.	2902	21.00	2.75	23.75
Fairview	McDonald, W. A. Thompson, P.N., Johnson, A. M., Fenwell, May L.	2903	29.25	2.75	32.00
Falls View	Waterlow, G. S.	4997	12.00	2.75	14.75
Gold Hill	Swedberg, J. P., Holm, J.	4792	46.00	2.75	48.75
Golden West	Motherlode Sheep Creek Gold Mining Company	8816	12.00	2.75	14.75
Golden Chain	Lennie, R. S.	4154	39.00	2.75	41.75
Golden Era	Lennie, R. S.	4153	44.00	2.75	46.75
Glasgow	Shallanberger, H. H.	6599	48.75	2.75	51.50
Glasgow, No. 1 Fraction	Shallanberger, H. H.	6611	16.25	2.75	19.00
Golden Rod	Shallanberger, H. H.	6605	24.00	2.75	26.75
Golden Fleece	Shallanberger, H. H.	6607	24.00	2.75	26.75
Grand View	Kootenay Bonanza, Ltd.	685	25.00	2.75	27.75
Goodenough	Stewart, Mrs, Janet	392	4.75	2.75	7.50
Goldengate	London & Rossland B. C. Syndicate	2934	30.00	2.75	32.75
Grand Prize	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	3592	11.25	2.75	14.00
Gold Bell	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4155	36.25	2.75	39.00
Great Western	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4148	50.00	2.75	52.75
Great Eastern	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	4152	43.75	2.75	46.50
Golden Star	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	3594	48.75	2.75	51.50
Golden Standard	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	4158	55.00	2.75	57.75
Gold Tip	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4157	35.00	2.75	37.75
Great Western Fraction	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4779	22.50	2.75	25.25
Gold Standard	The Canadian King Mining Company, Foreign	4199	21.50	2.75	24.25
Good Hope	Fraser, John	4382	42.50	2.75	45.25
Golden Giant	Reliance Gold Mining and M. Company, Ltd.	4655	51.25	2.75	54.00
Gold Bell	Reliance Gold Mining and M. Company, Ltd.	4657	60.00	2.75	62.75
Good Hope No. 1 Fraction	Fraser, John	4383	17.50	2.75	20.25
Gilford	The New Erie Mountain Mining Company	4624	46.25	2.75	49.00
Golden Cross	The Forty Nine Creek Mining Company, Ltd.	4388	37.50	2.75	40.25
Golden Queen	Jones, Emilie	5284	52.00	2.75	54.75
Grey Copper	Waterlow, George S.	4999	12.75	2.75	15.50
Gibraltar	Fowler, S. S.	2164	32.50	2.75	35.25
Gray Eagle	Campbell, S.	1488	11.50	2.75	14.25
Gold Note	Reliance Gold Mining and Milling Company, Limited	616	36.25	2.75	39.00
Government	Valpariso Gold Mining Co.	4908	44.00	2.75	46.75
Gipsey	Powys, A. V.	3200	38.75	2.75	41.50
Grand Fractional	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	2113	38.75	2.75	41.50
Humming Bird	Baltimore G. M. & D. C., Ltd	3428	31.25	2.75	34.00
Highland Chief	Heckman, M., and Harrop, E.	2880	12.50	2.75	15.25
Henry Clay	Sostad, A., Schmidt, G .C., Miller, J.	4200	18.50	2.75	21.25
Hungry Man	Curtis, Smith, Denora Mines, Ltd	4083	30.00	2.75	32.75
Houlton	New Erie Mining Company	4626	57.50	2.75	60.25
Horseshoe	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	2235	38.75	2.75	41.50
Hamilton	Katie D. Green Gold Mining Company	5470	62.50	2.75	65.25
Homestake	Waterlow, G. S.	4998	13.00	2.75	15.75
Happy Jack	Wilson and Swedberg	2555	22.00	2.75	24.75
Highland Chief	British Lion G. M. D. Co.	5620	56.25	2.75	59.00
Homestake	Porter, D. G. and J. C.	6297	65.00	2.75	67.75
Hillside	Hunter, S. A., Larson, Ole.	10442	49.00	2.75	51.75
Hasthugs	Shallenberger, H. H.	6598	65.00	2.75	67.75
Iron Arm	Canadian King Mining Co.	4197	15.00	2.75	17.75
Imperial Fraction	P. N. Thompson, Jas. Adamson	3283	38.25	2.75	41.00
Ingersoll	A. W. Smith	5472	43.75	2.75	37.50
Imperial	Jons P. Swedberg	3686	45.00	2.75	47.75
Inkerman	S. S. Fowler	2163	63.75	2.75	66.00
Iron Cap	Campbell Sweeney	1487	9.50	2.75	12.25
Independence	Mother Lode & Sheep Creek Mining Co.	8817	13.00	2.75	15.75
Irene	K. S. Lennie	4151	52.00	2.75	54.75
Iron Silver	George Davies	3242	42.50	2.75	45.25
International	H. H. Shallamberger	6600	15.00	2.75	17.75
International No. 1	H. H. Shallanberger	6610	46.25	2.75	49.00
Jim Crow	E. Mahon	409	9.00	2.75	11.75
Jessie	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	686	20.00	2.75	22.75
J. M. B	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	902	11.25	2.75	14.00
Jessie Lind	London & Rossland B. C. Syn.	2932	29.25	2.75	32.00
Juno	The Juno Mines, Ltd	3161	46.00	2.75	48.75
Jupiter	K. D. Green G. M. & D. Co., Ltd.	5468	50.00	2.75	52.75
Joker	Richard H. Shrum, P. Stack	5388	9.50	2.75	12.25
Johnny	Bank of Montreal	2768	41.00	2.75	43.75
Lulubell	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4156	42.50	2.75	45.25
Kootenaiar	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4147	41.25	2.75	44.00
King Solomon	John Power	4281	36.00	2.75	38.75
King of the Forest	The Juno Mines, Ltd.	5160	52.50	2.75	55.25

Continued on Page 5

CONCLUSION

By O. J. WIGEN

For one nation only to undertake this important change in its organization would be hazardous, and risky as to radical disturbance, but for a group of the ruling Nations it would become easily an Utopian solution.

The most important act of this group of Nations would be to set a date when all Nations lawfully regulated function of interest stops and becomes illegal without in the least affecting the principal; all principals of indebtedness to become redeemable in commodities or the respective Nations' currency, which must be based upon its commodities only. This to apply not only between a respective Nation and its subjebts, but between all Nations constituting the alliance.

The function of banking having become a government function of the respective Nations, its government's I. O. U., or its denominate issue of currency becomes as sound and reliable as the Nation, as no one will contend that an individual, or a group of indivuals, in a Nation is financially sounder than the Nation from which he gets his substence.

Industries will gradually be transfered into the Nation's goverement as fast as its functionaries learn that vulgar riches are no more obtainable or appreciated, but that efficiency in one's occupation is the only avenue that leads one to love and honor amongst his fellow-men, and. which, after all, constitutes the good which the dominating spirit in mankind strives for.

Nations so civilized as to be able to organize and put in operation armies of such vast numbers of human units in all walks of life, to co-operate and co-ordinate them under such perfect organization and effective execution as displayrd in the present war, have no excuse for not being able to organize their citizens under similar efficiency in citizenship and production as they did for destruction.

In four years this war has taught our statesmen more about the co-ordinative human organization than they had learned prior in four generations. The question remains. Will they make use of it? Or will they allow the fundamental evil that has demoralized civilization to escape, namely, private control of Nations' medium of exchange; Nations' life blood, Money. If they do they are placing the detonation cap for another explosion. And, beware that by so doing you are not only risking your own life, but that of civilization as well.

Nations having unlimited access to their own medium for exchange in commodities from their own citizens need only a co-operative co-ordinate organization of their citizens to produce all and every commodity for their requirements and unkeep, besides a surplus of commodities on hand for exchange in raw materials not procurable within the Nation.

And a government, operating with its citizens under such perfected co-operative co-ordinate organization as have finally been achieved during the present war need only to step into the administrative chamber every morning where charts of every industrial occupation in the Nation's organic function is tabulated and displayed, look at the tags on the charts—which previously have been adjusted by the subordinates, and in a few minutes have a grasp and intelligent knowledge of the position and condition of all the subordinate executive activities in the whole Nation.

If you deny, Mr. Statesman, that a Nation can not be goverened by such Utopian perfection, and that it is only a camoulflage to love the masses, just read carefully the contribution of Isaac F. Marcussen on the "Perfection of Tabulation and Co-Ordination" by the American army during the present war, and your view will be altered unless you are a victim of the lure for vulgar wealth and so became unconscious for national thinking.

One Revelstoke school garden of three-quarters of an acre netted $116 after all expenses had been met and 500 pounds of potatoes on hand for 1919 seed.

Fernie nnderstands a detachment of Mounted Police—possibly 30 in the lot—will be stationed in that town and will cover the territory as far west as Kootenay Landing.

Although the church was closed three months the Baptists at Nelson never let up on their contributions, and for the quarter put up $17 in excess of all running expenses.

While the church is closed on account of the flu Pastor Freeman of Revelstoke Methodist church is printing his sermon and announcements in pamphlet form and mailing it each week to the church people,

Nelson Assessment District—Continued from Page 4.

NAME OF CLAIM	OWNER	Lot No.	Taxes to 30th June, 1918	Costs	Total
Kirkwall	The Juno Mines, Ltd.	3162	44.00	2.75	46.75
Katie	The Forty Nine Creek Mining Company, Ltd.	4386	27.75	2.75	30.50
Kitchener	A. D. Grieve	4933	16.50	2.75	19.25
Katie D. Green	T. J. Trimble	5469	63.75	2.75	66.50
Last Channce	E. Mahon	410	5.50	2.75	8.25
Lake Side	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	906	57.50	2.75	60.25
Long Tom	Evelyn A. Powys, William James Lindsay	386	24.50	2.75	27.25
Lizzie C.	J. Hume	3587	21.25	2.75	24.00
La Dura	B. C. Lands, Ltd.	4459	36.00	2.75	38.75
La Dura Fraction	B. C. Lands, Ltd.	4461	13.50	2.75	16.25
Lake View	T. B. Garrison, J. H. Graham, et al	3245	51.00	2.75	53.75
Luella Fraction	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	5126	46.00	2.75	48.75
Lexington	London & Rossland B. C. Company	3718	31.50	2.75	34.25
Little George	T. Gough	5121	61.25	2.75	64.00
Little Joe	Dwight C. Johnson, R. S. Lennie	6448	35.00	2.75	37.75
Lulu	Wragge, E. C.	2473	34.00	2.75	36.75
Lake View	Shallenberger, H. H.	6602	41.00	2.75	43.75
London Fraction	Smith, A. W.	5471	62.50	2.75	65.25
Last Chance	Smith, A. W.	5473	43.75	2.75	46.50
Mac Fraction	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	3256	2.50	2.75	5.25
Maud S.	ew N. Fork Mining Co., Ltd	3662	9.75	2.75	12.50
Micawber	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd.	4443	36.75	2.75	39.50
Micawber Fraction	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	4444	2.25	2.75	5.00
May & Jennie	Reliance Gold Mining and Mining Co.	3943	50.00	2.75	52.75
M. S. C.	The New Erie Mountain Mining Co	4623	61.25	2.75	64.00
Mabee	The New Erie Mountain Mining Co.	4625	37.50	2.75	40.25
Montana	Wilson, Mrs. T. B.	2349	25.00	2.75	27.75
Maud S.	Will, Louis	1442	12.50	2.75	15.25
Maggie	Brown, J. A. & Bendell, F. P.	617	11.00	2.75	13.75
Mother Lode	Mother Lode & Sheep Creek Mining Company	8818	13.00	2.75	15.75
Mother Lode Fr.	Mother Lode & Sheep Creek Mining Company	8819	2.00	2.75	4.75
Morning Star	Proctor, Thomas G.	4105	35.00	2.75	37.75
Magpie	Peck, E. A., Revell, G. E.	4422	50.00	2.75	52.75
Moken Bird Fraction	Wragge, E C.	3932	16.25	2.75	19.00
Maple Leaf	Wragge, E. C.	3262	52.50	2.75	55.25
May Flower	Hunter, S. A., Larson, Ole	10441	52.00	2.75	54.75
Medoc	Shallenberger, H. H.	6603	62.50	2.75	65.25
Nevada	Swedberg, John P.	537	21.00	2.75	23.75
National Emblem	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	2236	47.50	2.75	50.25
No. 3	Valpariso Gold Mining Co.	4911	52.00	2.75	54.75
Nelson Star	Powys, A. V.	3199	40.00	2.75	42.75
Neenah	Root, Mary C.	1373	26.00	2.75	28.75
North Star	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	4149	38.75	2.75	41.50
Nevada	Amas, Harry, Pool, A.	8869	37.50	2.75	40.25
Ontario	Green, G. H.	3659	46.25	2.75	49.00
Original	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	5720	19.50	2.75	22.25
Original Fraction	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd	5125	33.75	2.75	36.50
Old Abe	Wragge, E. C.	783	18.75	2.75	21.50
Pacific	Mahon, E.	963	8.00	2.75	10.75
Princess	Gerrard, Albert J.	2023	45.00	2.75	47.75
Pulaski Fraction	London & Rossland B. C. Co.	4560	6.75	2.75	9.50
Pulaski	London & Rossland B. C. Company	3403	29.25	2.75	32.00
Princess No. 1	The New Erie Mountain Mining Co.	4627	65.00	2.75	67.75
Planet	T. Gough	3271	65.00	2.75	67.75
Park	G. S. Waterlow	4995	13.00	2.75	15.75
Porcupine	Rose Kerr, Arthur Gee, William A. McDonald	2908	53.75	2.75	56.50
Pilot Fraction	Pilot (Ymir) G. M. Co.	3452	7.50	2.75	10.25
Peggy	C. A. Rhodes, F. F. Drummond	9355	33.75	2.75	36.50
Pioneer No. 1	Harry H. Shallenberger	6608	9.00	2.75	11.75
Pioneer	Harry H. Shallenberger	6601	52.00	2.75	54.75
Planet	Sheep Creek Bonanza Mining Co., Ltd.	11745	24.75	2.75	27.50
Planet No. 2	Sheep Creek Bonanza Mining Co., Ltd.	11746	21.00	2.75	23.75
Royal Charter	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	232	23.75	2.75	26.50
Rockford	C. H. Green	3435	63.75	2.75	66.50
Rainey Day	Golden Reef M. & M. Co.	3978	8.50	2.75	11.25
Rainey Day No. 2	Golden Reef Mining & M. Co.	3979	11.75	2.75	14.50
Red Top Fraction	Lennie & Wragge	4310	70.00	2.75	72.75
Ronoke	London & Rossland B. C., Ltd.	3402	39.00	2.75	41.75
Referendum	The Forty Nine Creek Mng. Co.	4387	24.00	2.75	26.75
Royal	William A. McDonald	5322	39.00	2.75	41.75
Ruby	William A. McDonald	2904	21.75	2.75	24.50
Ramsay	Duncan McArthur	4211	2.50	2.75	5.25
Rosalia	John Sibbald	5385	33.75	2.75	36.50
Republic Fraction	A. V. Powys	3206	2.25	2.75	5.00
Republic	A. V. Powys	3208	6.50	2.75	9.25
Red Man	Bank of Montreal	3769	25.00	2.75	27.75
Royal Seal	M. S. Davys	3204	39.00	2.75	41.75
Rover	Harold Selous	5292	39.00	2.75	41.75
Rambler	Harold Selous	5165	39.00	2.75	41.75
Renfrew	Harry H. Shallenberger	6604	65.00	2.75	67.75
Renfrew No. 1	Harry H. Shallenberger	6609	41.00	2.75	43.75
Starlight	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	694	26.25	2.75	29.00
Sultan	Erl Syndicate, Ltd.	2458	8.50	2.75	11.25
Swiss	Maxmilian Heckman, Ernest Harrop	2879	11.00	2.75	13.75
Strontian	Blairmore Coal Lands, Ltd.	4460	49.00	2.75	51.75
Shamrock	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	2284	55.00	2.75	57.75
Silver Reef	J. J. Malone, A. Tregillus	5033	19.00	2.75	21.75
Starter	Valpariso Gold Mining Co.	4912	52.00	2.75	54.75
Skylark	G. S. Waterlow	4994	12.50	2.75	15.25
Spotted Horse	J. F. McMuller, E. J. Ditter, Harry Wright	5375	37.00	2.75	39.75
Sheppard's Star	James B. McLaren	3280	33.75	2.75	36.50
S. J .M.	Duncan McArthur	5573	9.75	2.75	12.50
Stanley	John Fraser	4384	21.25	2.75	24.00
Sunbeam Fraction	R. S. Lennie	9342	18.75	2.75	21.50
Silver Queen	George Davis	5477	38.75	2.75	41.50
Shamrock	W. B. Pool, M. O'Donnel, et al.	10405	20.00	2.75	22.75
Snowstorm	William Waldie	10018	47.00	2.75	49.75
Salmo No. 1	H. H. Shallenberger	6612	20.00	2.75	22.75
Salmo	H. H. Shallenberger	6600	52.00	2.75	54.75
Silverstone	Swedberg & Lucia	10640	35.00	2.75	37.75
Standard	Sheep Creek Bonanza Mng. Co. Ltd	11747	27.00	2.75	29.75
Titanic	Bonthorne Barclay	2455	25.00	2.75	27.75
Tip Top Fraction	Reliance Gold M. & M. Co., Ltd.	4656	45.00	2.75	47.75
Thorn Fraction	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	2237	45.00	2.75	47.75
Thistle	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	2233	61.25	2.75	64.00
Tiger	H. E. Hammond	4932	21.00	2.75	23.75
Touch-me-not	Louis Will	5202	14.50	2.75	17.25
Twilight	L. R. DeVeber	3767	24.50	2.75	27.25
Trixie V.	Estate J. D. McLaren	3848	32.25	2.75	35.00
Tennessee	Wm. H. Sherrod, J. F. Lane	1317	8.50	2.75	11.25
U. H.	W. H. Sherrod, J. S. Martin	3018	12.50	2.75	15.25
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Venetia Boy	J. Johnson	408	16.00	2.75	18.75
Valparaiso	Valpariso Gold Mining Co.	4907	30.00	2.75	32.75
Victor	J. Stewart, C. Caton	2906	51.00	2.75	53.75
Victoria	G. S. Waterlow	4596	9.00	2.75	11.75
Virginia	Mother Lode Sheep Creek Mining Co.	8348	11.00	2.75	13.75
Wren	Thos. Gough	5122	58.75	2.75	61.50
W. J. Bryan	Trail Creek Hidden Treasure G. M. Co	3434	41.25	2.75	44.00
White Witch	Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd	2235	53.75	2.75	56.50
Wooloomooloo	Ark Mining Co.	897	13.00	2.75	15.75
Woodstock	Arthur E. Hand, R. S. Lennie and E. C. Wragge	4207	37.00	2.75	39.75
Yorker Yoke	E. Mahon	905	9.50	2.75	12.25
Young Grouse	Erl Syndicate	2456	35.00	2.75	37.75
Young American	Erl Syndicate	2457	26.00	2.75	28.75
Yellow Jacket	Louis Will	5203	22.50	2.75	25.25
Yankee Girl	E. C. Wragge, A. M. Hand, R. S. Lennie	406	20.00	2.75	22.75

ROBT. LAMONT

NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL

CRESTON - - B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 2 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $200 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of $10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to Purchase from the Crown of such proportion of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment, an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment is final. The time for making application for these allotments is limited to the 1st day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be considered. These allotments apply to town lots and lands of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to

G. R. NADEN,
Deputy Minister of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.

Coffee

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Jameson's
Empress
Morning Glory
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Try a pound of
BEST BULK COFFEE

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SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

Consult the Manager regarding current accounts, collections, loans and the other facilities offered by this Bank.

C. G. BENNETT, Manager Creston Branch

Use the left over meat.

Even the smallest portions can be made into appetizing dishes when combined with a small quantity of

BOVRIL

After Deep Thought

A young man had been put on sentry duty for the first time and was stationed near the barracks. It was not long before an officer came along. The young man suddenly forget the challenge, "Who goes there?" and after a moment of deep thought, thinking he had remembered, called out, loudly, "Look what's here!"

NEW HEALTH FOR WOMEN

The most fateful years in a woman's life are those between forty-five and fifty. Many of the sex enter this period under depressing conditions through overwork or worry about the home, or through a condition in which the blood is weak or watery and so they suffer heavily. Among the commonest symptoms are headaches, feverish flushes, palpitation of the heart, dizziness, backache, depression and other well recognized disturbances of the health which signalizes that the blood requires attention. Women urgently need rich, red blood all their lives, but never more so than in middle-life, when the nerves are also weak and overwrought.

Now every woman can prove the prompt help afforded to her health by renewing and building up the blood. It is a test that any ailing woman can make by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for these pills make rich, red blood, which in turn stimulates the appetite, strengthens the nerves and restores full robust health. Thousands of women have found in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills new health and strength and with these a new happiness and interest in life.

So if you suffer, avail yourself at once of the splendid home treatment which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills so easily afford, and you will be among those who rejoice in regained health. These pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Marshal Foch's Baton

The marshal's baton presented to Marshal Foch by the president of the French Republic is a very beautiful and elaborate affair. The staff, upon a rich blue velvet ground, bears thirty chased gold stars. On one of the ends, also of chased gold, are engraved the marshal's name and the date of his appointment; the other bears the traditional device of French marshals: "Terror belli decus pacis." It is a superb work of art.

Powdered putty has been invented that can be colored as desired and mixed with water when it is to be used.

POSTUM

brings cheer and comfort to many a person who wants his tea or coffee but doesn't drink it because he knows these drinks hurt him.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Hun Heartlessness

Survivors Left to Perish Among Wreckage of Torpedoed Steamer

The captain of the Swedish steamer Helge, which was recently torpedoed in the English channel, only four out of a crew of 17 being saved, says that the German submarine commander displayed incredible heartlessness.

The French steamer was first torpedoed without warning and sank in a few minutes. The Helge was then torpedoed, breaking in two, the survivors clung to the wreckage, but the submarine came up and asked the name and nationality of the steamer. The survivors appealed for help, but the crew of the submarine replied:

"Help yourselves."

The survivors spent 24 hours in the water, enduring terrible hardships, before a French mine sweeper picked them up.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the hurtful intruders have been expelled. No better preparation for this purpose can be had than Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

Those Rich, Heavy Silks

Few women who are proud of the fact that they wear hosiery, underwear and dresses made of silk realize that old tin cans contribute from 20 to 30 ped cent. in weight to the glossy silks worn by them, says the Popular Science Monthly. The price of silk has increased enormously and to be able to sell heavy silks at a price that would yield a reasonable profit, and yet be within the means of the average purchasers, the manufacturers resort to the practice of weighting the silk with tin tetrachloride, derived from tin cans. Five thousand tons of tin were used for that purpose in 1917.

EASIEST CORN REMEDY, PAINLESS---NEVER FAILS

Just think of it—instant relief the minute you put a few drops of **Putnam's Extractor** on your sore corn. **Putnam's** makes corns dry up, makes them shrivel and peel off. It doesn't eat the good flesh, it acts on the corn alone, loosens it so you can lift it out with your fingers. Wonderful; you bet **Putnam's** is a marvel, and costs but a quarter in any drug store. Why pay more for something not so good as Putnam's?

The British Museum

Has Again Opened Its Gates To Visitors

That massive and impressive pile, the British Museum, has, after a lapse of three years and more, opened its gates to visitors, the first to take advantage of it being some Australian soldiers who entered under the guidance of an official of the Y.M.C.A. It is just because of the evident wish of the overseas visitors to see all they can, while in London, that the decision of the museum authorities to take air raid risks as courageously as other buildings in London is the more welcome. Such extraordinary treasures as the figures of the Theseus Demeter and Persephone are hidden away deep down in the cellars, and other priceless things, such as the Parthenon frieze, are sandbagged. But casts, so perfect that it takes the keenest experts to detect the difference from the originals, are on view. If it had not been for the protests of many sections of the British public, the museum would long ago have been annexed to the aircraft department. It must be considered on having escaped unwelcome attentions from both friend and foe.

[illegible]

Adam and Eve Were Prussians

Sort of Religion Preached in Hun Churches

"Only yesterday our pastor was explaining in a convincing manner that Adam and Eve were Prussians. That is easy to understand, for in the Bible it is written that our German God has created us according to His own image."

The writer, the daughter of a government architect in Germany, goes on:

"If, therefore, all men have descended from a Prussian Adam and from his wife, there should only exist Prussians, or at least Germans, and everything that grows and exists should belong to us. That is why our device is 'God with us and Germany over all.'

"Is it not shameful that other peoples who have no right to exist on this earth, should wish to reduce our inheritance? We are the divine fruit and all others are but weeds. That is why our great emperor, representing God on earth, has decided to put an end to all these injustices and to exterminate the weeds."

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain

Just think! You can litt off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Protect Bird Sanctuaries

Dr. R. M. Anderson of the geological survey has left for the western provinces to complete the examination which he began last year of the sites reserved by the department of the interior as proposed bird sanctuaries. Twenty-eight of these areas known to be breeding places for wild fowl have been set aside and those which are found to be suitable it is proposed to declare bird sanctuaries and have them adequately protected.

From the Chestnut Tree

"Free seats in churches ought to be abolished."

"I'm astounded, sir. Why?"

"They make people good for nothing."

There was never a time when the sacrifices and the help of women were more appreciated than at the present time. Women should learn war-nursing and nursing at home. There is no better way than to study the new edition of the "Common Sense Medical Adviser"—with chapters on First Aid, Bandaging, Anatomy, Hygiene, care of the Sick, Diseases of Women, Mother and Babe, Marriage—to be had at some drug-stores or send 50c. to Dr. Pierce, Courtwright St., Bridgeburg, Ontario.

If a woman suffers from weak back, nervousness or dizziness—if pains afflict her, the best tonic and corrective is one made up of native herbs, and made without alcohol, which makes weak women strong and sick women well. It is the prescription of Doctor Pierce, used by him in active practice many years and now sold by almost every druggist in the land, in liquid or in tablets. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c. for trial pkg. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are also best for liver and bowel trouble.

Stratford, Ont.—"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was a great help to me. During [illegible] became all run down, weak and nervous and could not eat—was nauseated. I also suffered with backaches. I was a complete wreck and was down sick in bed when I began taking 'Favorite Prescription.' I soon commenced to feel stronger and it finally restored me to health and strength. I could do all my work and felt fine. I sleep well, do my housekeeping and my baby [illegible] and healthy." *Mrs. Thomas Burleigh, 356 Erie St.*

NO TAXES are levied on your insurance Investments. Be advised. Write for pamphlet to-day.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

STOPS THE PAIN—AND ACTS QUICKLY

Rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame back, toothache, earache, sore throat, swollen joints and all similar troubles are *quickly relieved* by Hirst's Pain Exterminator. It has been sold for 40 years, and should be in every household—has a hundred uses.
All dealers or write us. HIRST REMEDY CO., Hamilton, Canada.

Everybody Is Doing It

Proteering we learn with relief, is not only a United States monopoly. Herr Victor Karl Adels of the Mannesmann Arms and Munitions factories has been fined $375,000 and sentenced to six months in jail for profiteering, in three years, to the extent of at least $1,375,000. His methods appear to have been the familiar ones of commission broking and skimping on deliveries. Thus the imitative quality of the German mind is again exposed. Herr Adels appears to have been guilty of concealing far the greater part of his takings in order to escape hostile comment and the income tax. Vile imitator, again! The one anomaly in the story of Herr Adels lies in the magnitude of the fine imposed upon him. If profiteers on this side of the water were compelled to disgorge in the same proportion, the German Finanzministerium would turn green with envy.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

New Frightfulness Tried by Huns

The Germans have been using in their air work a new type of inflammable bomb, combining great effectiveness with light weight. A single airplane, it is said, can carry 200 of these bombs.

The only way of fighting the fire caused by this new form of destructive weapons appears to be the isolation of the blaze set, as pouring water on it is literally adding fuel to the flames, on account of the chemicals of which the bombs are composed.

Comfort for the Dyspeptic.—There is no ailment so harassing and exhausting as dyspepsia, which arises from defective action of the stomach and liver, and the victim of it is to be pitied. Yet he can find ready relief in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, a preparation that has established itself by years of effective use. There are pills that are widely advertised as the greatest ever compounded, but not one of them can rank in value with Parmelee's.

To the Point

Subbubs was helping load up the van, as they were moving, when a very grimy old junkman came along.

"Is there anything you don't need that I might take?" asked the grimy one.

"Yes," snapped Subbubs "a bath."

Many mothers have reason to bless Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because it has relieved the little ones of suffering and made them healthy.

When Pigskin is Pigskin

Leatherwork Made From This Skin Nearly Indestructible

Probably you have some time or other in your life bought a pair of pikskin leggings or putties. How do you know they are pigskin? As a matter of fact there is no leather in the world just like pigskin in wearing quality. A saddle, a holster, or a pair of putties made of this homely material will come pretty near proving indestructible.

There is one easy way by which you can always tell pigskin. Examine it closely and you will find that the little black spots on the outside of the hide are always located in groups of three. The whole surface will look speckled, but these specks will be there in groups of three, always and without fail, in any hide once worn by a porker.

Another part of the test is to look at the grain side of the hide. You will find here that there are holes all the way through. As a matter of fact, the bristles of the hog grow entirely through the skin, and are nourished not by the skin itself but by the fatty tissues of the animal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Bulgarian Outrages

Premier Venizelos, in visiting Serres, Akrochona, which has been occupied by Greek troops, found that of the 24,000 inhabitants, 5,000 had died of starvation, 11,000 had been deported and 2,000 had been forced to work on military roads in the Bulgarian occupation. The remaining inhabitants, including women dressed in mourning, told the premier of crimes committed against the Greeks in the two years the Bulgarians held the town.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 **THERAPION** Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, FILES. EITHER NO. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS. POUGERA Co. 60, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS. TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. DRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE **THERAPION** SAFE AND LASTING CURE. SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON EACH. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

Wood's Phosphodine, *The Great English Remedy.* Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

NURSING

Earn from $10 to $25 a week. Learn without leaving home. Booklet sent free. ROYAL COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, 709 B 6 Spadina Ave., Toronto, Can.

A Constipation Cure

A druggist says: "For nearly thirty years I have commended the Extract of Roots, known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, for the radical cure of constipation and indigestion. It is an old reliable remedy that never fails to do the work." 30 drops thrice daily. Get the Genuine, at druggists. 2

The Heart of a Piano is the action. Insist on the Otto Higel Piano Action

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

C. E. Sontum, Canadian commercial agent in Norway and Denmark, has advised the department of trades and commerce of the invention by a Danish engineer of an explosive reported to exceed in power anything yet invented. The inventor, K. W. Bielsen, is working at the station of Ski, near Christiania.

Tobolsk province, Siberia, has an area of 500,000 square miles.

HOW THIS NERVOUS WOMAN GOT WELL

Told by Herself. Her Sincerity Should Convince Others.

Christopher, Ill.—"For four years I suffered from irregularities, weakness, nervousness, and was in a run down condition. Two of our best doctors failed to do me any good. I heard so much about what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others, I tried it and was cured. I am no longer nervous, am regular, and in excellent health. I believe the Compound will cure any female trouble."—Mrs. ALICE HEALEA, Christopher, Ill.

Nervousness is often a symptom of weakness or some functional derangement, which may be overcome by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as thousands of women have found by experience.

If complications exist, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for suggestions in regard to your ailment. The result of its long experience is at your service.

$1,000 Reward!!

FOR A CASE OF INCURABLE CONSTIPATION

To any person who cannot be cured of Constipation by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, the above reward will be paid.

No medicine gives such lasting satisfaction or effects such marvellous cures as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Relief instantly follows their use. That blinding headache goes forever, that feverish feeling in the skin is soothed away, bilious fits and stomach disorders are stopped.

Don't be nervous about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they are mild enough for a child to use, yet certain and effective in action in the most chronic cases. Get a 25c box today; they bring and keep robust good health.

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

She stood for a while, drinking in the familiar landscape—the grey expanse of sea to the west and south, and eastward and northward the wild moorland, broken into here and there on the lower levels by the outposts of cultivation. Her eyes intuitively strayed to one of the latter—the hollow where rose the crooked chimneys and fantastic gables of Merlin Farm. But she fought down the thought of the farm's absent owner and resolutely set out for her tramp amid the heather. Tony had spoiled her life, but she would not let him spoil this one glorious hour of solitude with earth and sea and sky.

She chose the sheep track that led to the abandoned mine, and on approaching the group of ruined huts flanked by the great mound of refuse she saw, with a pang of disappointment, that her solitude was not as complete as she had hoped. Half way up the pile of tailings a human figure was crawling on hands and knees and Mavis halted, stricken with terror. It was only a week ago, and the sight of Jasper Morgan digging and scratching in that self same spot, and of the weird professor who had peeped out of the shed, was fresh in her memory. At such an early hour she had reckoned on freedom from that odious presence, and she was turning to flee when the explorer on the mound stood up and hailed her in a well-known raucous voice that sounded like music after her fright.

"That you, Miss Comlyn? Come and lend a hand!" was wafted down by the wind.

After all it was only Tom Burbury, and Mavis went forward, more pleased than she had ever been before to meet the strange boy whose obvious devotion to her she had never quite reciprocated—possibly because of her dislike for his mother. Mrs. Burbury was the kind of clergyman's wife who has no use for old families with empty purses. She had put many a slight on the dethroned squire and his motherless daughter since their descent from Comlyn Court to the obscurity of the dower house.

"What are you up to, Tom?" Mavis called out when she reached the foot of the mound.

The boy looked down at her with the first sign of juvenile enthusiasm she had ever noticed on his owl-like features.

"Searching for rock specimens," was his reply. "Come and help."

Mavis climbed over the rugged surface of the debris at imminent risk to her ankles, and doubtfully regarded a small chunk of bluish grey matter which the boy held for her inspection.

"I want to find more like this," he said in his curious "old man" manner. "Have a good look at it, and then grub about and see if you can unearth some of the same sample. God helps those who help themselves, you know, Miss Comlyn. It would be a rum go if I put you in the way of helping yourself."

Mavis drew back. "I don't know what you mean," she said.

"Never mind that," rejoined Tom, chuckling, and going down on his hands and knees. "Let's rummage for stuff like what I've shown you."

The search lasted for an hour, and was unavailing. By the end of it Mavis had broken two finger nails and had missed the sunrise which she had come out to see. But the queer quest had taken her out of herself, and when at last Tom straightened himself and suggested that they had had enough of it she felt quite grateful to him for providing the diversion.

He had pushed his cloth cap back from his damp forehead, and now for the first time she noticed a livid scar over his left eyebrow. "Why, you have been in the wars, Tom!" she exclaimed. "How did you get that ugly cut on your head?"

Instantly the boy's eyes grew furtive, and, as though he either resented the question or was annoyed with himself for exposing the wound, he pulled the peak of his cap down. "It's nothing," he replied shortly. "Just a bit of a graze, and it has nearly healed."

Perceiving her error in alluding to what was probably the result of some youthful escapade, Mavis accepted the explanation and took the hand he offered to help her down the uneven slope. To change the awkward topic of conversation she inquired if Mr. Clegg had returned from London. The innocent query prvoked a fit of hoarse laughter.

"The day before yesterday; he was only away one night," the rector's son explained when his uncanny merriment was exhausted. "It is too funny for words, Miss Comlyn—old sobersides Clegg going on a racket to town. Without getting leave from the mater, too. She gave him a rare dressing down in the vestry last night before evening service."

"It must have been something very serious to make Mr. Clegg kick over the traces like that," Mavis could not resist a smile.

"Something he thought was serious anyhow," said the boy, beginning to laugh again, but more quietly—in a sort of chuckle. "These bachelor curates, I've heard the mater say, are a frightful handful."

The girl breathed a sigh for the victim of Mrs. Burbury's spiteful tyranny. The idea of Laurence Clegg, "the plaster saint," as her soured father called the hard-working curate, going to London for discreditable purposes was preposterous. To describe the quiet, plodding little man as "a frightful handful," was simply ridiculous.

It will be observed, if you please, that Mavis Comlyn was prepared to make every allowance for the man she did not love, while to poor derelict Tony, on whom her breaking heart was set, she would not accord the benefit of the doubt in similar conditions where his private conduct was at stake. Such is the way of women.

"Here we are at the foot of the tailings," said Tom presently. "I am going to walk part of the way home with you Miss Comlyn. But first let's have a look into this shed. I've got a reason."

He made for the hut from which Professor Zimbalist had answered Jasper Morgan's hail a week ago. Like the other ruined structures it was windowless, but it differed from them in having a fairly sound roof. The segment of a broken door still hung on its hinges. Tom peered into the dim interior while Mavis looked over his shoulder, and then they both had to stifle their astonishment. For lying on his back and breathing heavily was a most unmistakable tramp, his dirty rags all dishevelled and showing the brown tan on his chest and arms. The two intruders would have withdrawn, but it was too late. The scarecrow sat up and blinked at them, a pair of baleful eyes gleaming from under the matted brows.

"Ho, ho! young master and pretty miss," was their husky welcome. "In the hupper suckles in which I was raised 'twasn't usual to disturb a genelman in the bedroom of his 'otel. Lucky I'm a good natured chap, or I'd ring for the night watchman to 'and you over to the polis. Or, more likely, I'd chuck you out myself."

"Come away, Tom," whispered Mavis. "He looks dangerous. I am frightened. We are a mile from help, remember."

(To Be Continued.)

A Good Example

They have a decided way in France of dealing with profiteering trades people, especially those who impose upon British and United States troops. An officer says that he other day four of his men went into a grocer's shop in a little French town and were compelled to pay most exorbitant prices for their purchases. They went and complained to the mayor, who told them on the next occasion they purchased anything at the shop to insist upon a bill. The next day they returned to the grocer's, who charged them $2.25 for a tin of lobster, $1.10 for a tin of sardines, and $2.25 for a dozen eggs. He gave them a bill, which they immediately took to the mayor. The latter had the grocer brought before him, imposed a fine of $100, and closed his shop for a month!

Huge Exports from This Continent

[illegible] ending July 1, 1919 the allies look to the American continent for 12,880,000 tons of meats, fats, sugar, feed grain and bread stuffs. This means 5,730,000 tons more than shipped in the year ending July 1, 1918, and the surplus alone is 107,000 tons greater than the entire shipments based upon the average for the three years before the war. Conservation and production are strictly essential in Canada.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's or by mail [illegible] Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free, Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

YOUR BOY AT THE FRONT NEEDS Zam-Buk PUT IT IN EVERY PARCEL

Take Good Care Of Stored Crops

Apples and Vegetables Lost Last Winter Through Improper Storage

A statement by the Canada food board calls attention to the serious loss in foodstuffs which occurred last winter, particularly apples, potatoes and vegetables, through lack of proper precautions being taken to guard against frost and bad ventilation through improper storage.

It is desirous, the board states, that farmers, dealers and householders should pay strict attention to the condition of crop going into storage this winter.

First of all, the statement continues, "they should see that the cellar, building or pit is frostproof, and the ventilation is adequate to prevent heating and to insure the keeping qualities of the produce, and that only specimens free from disease or rot, and as far as possible from dampness, are stored."

Felt Qualified

Merchant—I want a married man for this position.

Applicant—I think I would suit, sir. I am not married, but I'm naturally of a meek, submissive disposition—Bystander.

Washing soda, dissolved in very hot water, and applied with a bit of flannel, will remove spots of paint from glass.

Are Perfectly Contented

Two Hundred Laborers Who Work Without Pay

In a large surveying instrument factory in Hoboken, New Jersey, there is a colony of two hundred workmen who never receive wages. Yet they are perfectly contented. They toil from early in the morning till late at night—and their only recompense is a house fly or two apiece during the day. They are spiders—large, black energetic spiders—and they comprise probably the most indispensable part of the entire working force. It is their duty to spin the thread that is used for cross hairs in surveying instruments. During the two months of the year when they work they produce thousands of yards of the almost invisible but invaluable fibre.

Spider web is the only material that can be used successfully for cross hairs in surveyors' telescopes. Human hair has been tried, but when magnified by the powerful lenses it has the general appearance of a mammoth dirty glass pillar; for human hair is transparent, and it is altogether too large for this delicate purpose. Platinum wire, nely drawn, is the best substitute for spider web, but it is too brittle. Spider web is not only small and tough, but it is very elastic.

The spider colony works only during August and September. A strike among them may sound amusing to the reader, but it is a serious matter. For the purpose of urging the little workmen to their tasks four girls, trained to expertness in their unusual duties, are employed; it is their task to coax the spiders to work whenever they shows signs of reluctance.

Coaxing the spiders really means irritating them. The girl places one on her hand and pats or taps it until it jumps toward the ground, leaving one end of its thread behind. Before the spider can reach the ground the girl quickly attaches the thread to a wire whirling frame, which she revolves in her hands. As the spider struggles to reach the ground she continues to wind, and in that way sometimes gets several hundred feet of thread from a single spider.

The factory maintains a large cage for its spiders, and feeds them on succulent New Jersey house flies. During the fall and early winter the spiders usually die; and so an entirely new colony must be recruited each spring. For selecting the spiders the company employs a number of boys, to whom it gives a course of instruction so they will know the right variety of spider to select. Not every spider will do. Only the sleek, black fellow that spins a strong, round thread is desired. The boys search barns, meadows and marshes—the usual haunts of the notorious New Jersey mosquito—for the spiders' lairs, and by early summer the spider house is usually full.

Are You Eating Your Share of Fish?

Canada is one of the great fish producers of the world, but Canadians are not eating their share even yet. The catch in 1917 was 856,000,000 pounds or an equivalent of 94 pounds per head of population, while our consumption has been only about 29 pounds per head of population of recent years. The Canada food board is providing greater facilities for the marketing of Atlantic and Pacific fish in interior Canada, and Canadian consumption of fish is increasing.

Her Happiest Days

The other day a lady confided to us that the happiest days of her life were spent during the three years that she was eighteen.—Boston Transcript.

3 Cakes Cuticura Soap and 4 Boxes Ointment

Heal Itching Pimples On Shoulders and Back.

"For two years I was troubled with itching pimples on my shoulders and back. They were hard, red and very painful, and were scattered. I could not rest at night on account of the itching.

"I tried several remedies but they failed. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I used three cakes of Cuticura Soap and four boxes of Cuticura Ointment and I was completely healed in six weeks." (Signed) Miss Kate Young, Melrose, Man., March 30, 1917.

Having obtained a clear healthy skin by the use of Cuticura, keep it clear by using the Soap for all toilet purposes, assisted by touches of Ointment as needed. Cuticura Soap is ideal for the complexion.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

Rebuilding of Lens

First Task Is Putting of Mines in Working Order

M. Basly, deputy and mayor of Lens, in a statement to Le Petit Parisien declared that the first task to be undertaken is the putting of the mines in working order. It is an enormous task, he says, for the Germans have flooded them all and it will be probably some years before the district is completely re-established.

The government have already agreed to advance 2,000,000 francs toward defraying the initial expenses of three large coal companies, who hope to begin operations shortly in spite of the difficulties of labor and material. The housing problem has also to be considered, for the Germans have razed the town and surrounding villages to the ground and blown up the entire quarters in order to construct trenches. M. Basly expresses warm gratitude to the heroic British army who drove the enemy from his town.

The Trouble

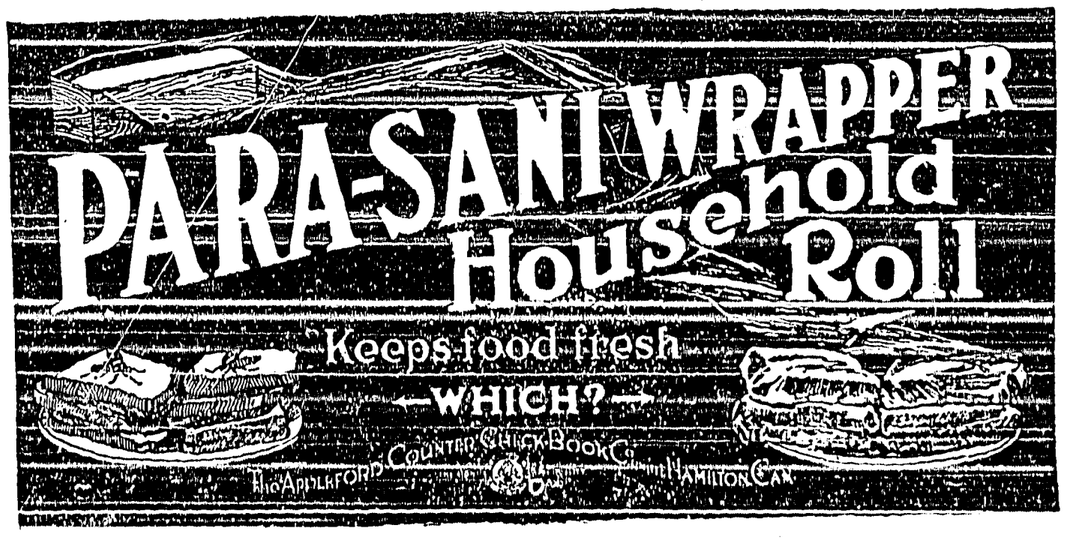
"I admit that I should like to marry."

"Well, why don't you? Can't you find a wife?"

"Oh, yes, but no suitable father-in-law."

The Little Doctor always ready—always on hand to relieve kidney and bladder troubles, and help nature purify the blood.

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 239



Look for this Card at your Dealers

Para-Sani Wrapper is strong paper, heavily waxed, and comes in a handsome oak Roller-Box. It is better and cheaper than waxed paper in sheets.

Para-Sani keeps bread, cheese, cakes, butter and meat fresh and free from contamination. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste. Ask your Dealer.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.

175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.

4 lb. Roll with Roller Box	$2.50
3 lb. Roll with Roller Box	2.20
4 lb. Roll without Box	1.60
3 lb. Roll without Box	1.[illegible]
2 lb. Roll without Box	.55

Local and Personal

BIRTH—On January 15, to Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Dodd. twin boys.

MILK FOR SALE—In any quantity desired. 15c. a quart if delivered iu Creston,—W. H. Gobbett.

Mawson Brothers invite inspection of a new line of ladies' blue serge skirts, in assorted sizes.

Mrs. R. R. Piper is spending a few days this week with friends at Spokane. She left on Monday.

TANLAC!

What is It?

The Greatest Tonic and System Purifier on the market today.

Read the advertisements in all leading papers, with testimonials, and see if you can be benefitted by taking it.

Standard Price $1.00 per bottle.

Sold by

Creston Drug & Book Co.

Tanlac Agents

Mrs. Bain of Pincher Creek, Alta., who has been visiting with Mrs. R. S. Smith, left for home on Monday.

Mrs. Ike Lewis and Mrs. Mert. McCullough of Lewis Island, are visiting here this week, guests of Mrs. Mead.

Mrs. C. G. Bennett and two children left on Wednesday to spend a few days with friends at Cranbrook.

Leave your order at once at the drugstore for a costume for the orchestra's masquerade ball on January 24th.

There will be service in Christ Church on Sunday morning, with celebration of Holy Communion at the close.

At last Creston Valley is favored with jim dandy sleighing. The snow came yesterday and Wednesday—at least a foot of it.

Roy Telford was a passenger to Cranbrook on Monday, where he successfully underwent an operation for appendicitus the following day.

The Methodist Ladies' Aid announce their aunual Bean Supper for Thursday night, Feb. 6th, in Speers' Hall, with a charge of 50c. to adults, and 25c. to children.

Rev. James Black of Fernie took the two services in the Methodist church on Sunday. This is the first public worship in the edifice since the last Sunday in October.

There is some considerable demand at present for milch cows. During the week would-be purchasers from Nelson and Kaslo were here looking for these dairy animals.

Mrs. Mallandaine returned on Friday from Fernie. where she has spent almost two months visiting relatives and helping out with some flu nursing effort in their homes.

A Rhode Island Red cockeral donated to the Red Crass by Denzil Max well was raffled at the Tuesday meeting and netted $3.10. Mrs. R. S. Smith was the winner of the bird.

Rev. Dr. Ferguson of Calgary will preach in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday evening. His subject will be, "The Church and the New Age." There will be no morning service.

R. M. Reid, former C.P.R. agent here, but at present relieving at Barons, Alta., arrived yesterday on a brief business visit, and is receiving an old-time welcome from his hort of friends.

The first car of apples the Union has ever shipped in the winter season went out on Tuesday. to Calgary, There were over 700 boxes in the lot, most of them from the well-known H. Lyne ranch.

Mrs. Chas. Taylor has just had word from her son, Pte. Chas. Taylor, who is laid up in a French hospital recovering from a gas attack, that he is now coming along fine and hopes to be home shortly.

Will the party who has the volume "The Nest of the Sparrowhawk" from the B.C. Travelling Library please return it at once. As soon as it comes in the old books will be returned and new library secured.

The cash intake at the Red Cross tea on Tuesday afternoon was $7.65. Of this $4.10 was from the tea presided over by Mesdames Ebbutt and Brusson. $3.10 proceeds of raffle of roostter, and sundries 45 cents.

The annual meeting of Christ Church congregation will be held on Monday night in the Parish Hall. Rev. J. S. Mohood was unable to be here for the meeting which had been set for the 13th, hence the change of date.

Owing to St. Valentines's Day, Feb. 14th, being the day Creston Women's Institute meets, the ladies of the Presbyterian Church have changed the date of their tea and sale of cooking to Saturday, Feb. 15th, in Speers' Hall.

DENTAL NOTICE—Drs. Tepoorten or Pickering of Grand Forks will visit Creston on January 28th for a period not exceeding two weeks. People requiring work are asked to make appointments ahead of time at the drug. store.

The town lot donated to the Red Cross some months ago will be raffled for at the drugstore at 9 o'clock prompt on Saturday night. This is the same raffle as was announced for November but withdrawn on account of the flu.

Mrs. Jack Family, who has been on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Taylor, left on the return trip to San Francisco this week. She is leaving the children with her parents, on account of the flu epidemic at her home city.

At the Methodist congregational meeting on Thursday night last the managers decided to ask conference to send along another resident pastor to succeed the late Rev. W. C. Bunt. It is not expected a man will be available for a few weeks. In the meantime supply will be arranged for every Sunday possible.

The commissions earned by the citizens who sold Victory Bonds in November arrived last week, and run to a grand total of almost $150. The cheques are in the names of the individual canvassers, but it is likely they will turn them over to the Red Cross to help make up the $500 the ladies are rustling to secure in the Valley this month.

R. L. T. Galbraith of Fort Steele, the Kootenay Indian agent, was here on Tuesday on an official visit—his first in almost four months. He has been suffering from a rather acute attack of insomnia and if he can arrange things proposes to take an extended holiday and will probably visit the old home in Scotland. He was accompanied by Inspector Owen of the pravincial police force, Fernie.

The work secretary asks to acknowledge the receiving of the following articles at this week's Red Cross meeting: Socks— Mrs. C. Hall, 2 pairs, and Mrs. Cook 3 pairs, as well as two trench caps. Pyjamas—Miss Candy and Mrs. Thurston, a suit each. Mrs. Mallandaine, 5 pairs wristlets and 1 stretcher cap. Miss Estelle Smith, pair socks and the Wardner Auxiliary 3 suits pyjamas and 12 pairs socks.

Arrangements are complete for the Peace Thanksgiving service in Mercantile Hall at 2.30 prompt on Sunday afternoon. The addresses will be by Revs. J. S. Mahood and Dr. Ferguson, with Rev. T. McCord preeiding. Mr. Collis will preside at the organ, and R. B. Staples is looking after the musical part of the gathering. All are invited. After paying any expense incurred the balance of the collection will be turned over to a patriotic cause.

At the annual meeting of Christ Church Guild on Thursday last reports presented showed that despite the flu the organization's financial intake had been well up to other years. and much good effort had been put forth in several directions. The 1919 officers are:

President—Mrs. P. G. Ebbutt.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. C. G. Bennett.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. H. Lyne.
Secretary—Mrs. R. Thurston.
Treasurer—Mrs. F. H. Jackson.

The Guild's effort last year was chiefly to reduce the debt on the Parish Hall, which is now about $400.

Feed Buyers, Attention

On account of the two cars coming on the same train—which were timed to be at least ten days apart—I found that, humanely speaking, it was utterlp impossible to fill all the orders and do the necessary correspondence which is thereby required. The rush for this feed was simply enormous and so well were people satisfied that they came again and again, and still again. Yes, and one man came four times, and each time took a load. I stated previously that I would save the people $100 on this car, and people that two days previous had paid for crushed oats $3.60 per hundred got better crushed oats from me at $3.20, and with the second car I reduced even that price 15 cents. In order that everybody may understand this business I wish to make some points clear, I make no distinction as to who shall buy from me, but I must have the cash. Every person who lives between Cranbrook and Nelson may do business with me. All you have to do is send the money and I will send the goods if I have them in stock, if not I will return the money or await your further instructions. I hope shortly to be able to give you the prices in the REVIEW for every car, and then you will know the amount to send. The freight to flag stations must be prepaid. The amount to Duck Creek is 15 cents per hundred. I will give you the prices delivered at Creston station this week:

Flour 98's, $5.50.
Bran, $1.80.
Shorts, $2.05.
Crushed oats, $3.05.
Whole oats, $2.90.
Chop barley, very finely ground, $3.20.
Chicken wheat, $3.40 per hundred.

Remember this, that these feeds are the purest that can be got and I am now in touch with the biggest and best mill firms in the Northwest. I have lots of Bran, Shorts, Barley Chop, Oats, Cracked Corn and Flour, and just as soon as this supply is nearly exhausted I will order another car, or two or three as the case demands, but before doing this I will issue order cards to those who have dealt with me, or those enquiring for the cards. Although I have only been in this business a short time I have saved the people in this Valley dollars by the hundreds. I have this flour and feed stored in warehouses at the ranch which is about 25 rods north of the Catholic Church. Send on your orders.

Your friend, T. M. EDMONDSON.

Watches have Advanced 25 Per Cent. in the last Year

Therefore it is advisable to have your old one repaired for the following reasons:

1. Many of the older watches are made of much better material than the same watch if bought to-day.

2. The repairs as estimated would make your watch the same as new, and would be guaranteed for a year.

3. An examination aud estimate will cost you nothing.

J. V. ORR

Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing. . Next door to Postoffice . CRESTON

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

SMELTER Investigation

Notice is hereby given that the Committee appointed for the purpose of inquiry into the matter of treatment rates charged by CONSOLIDATED MINES & SMELTING CO. OF CANADA, LTD., at its TRAIL SMELTER, will hold a SESSION at Board of Trade Rooms, NELSON, on Tuesday, 21st January, 1919, at 11 a.m., and, if necessary, on other days to be arranged, for the purpose of receiving from the shippers of ore to Trail, or others directly concerned; any relevant statements of facts, and hearing evidence in connection therewith. In the meantime communications may be addressed to James Anderson, Secretary, Kaslo, B.C.

S. S. FOWLER, Chairman.
IVAN DELASHMUTT.
JAMES ANDERSON

Crochet Cotton

We have just opened out a full line of Crochet Cottons in the following colors: Light Blue, Delf Blue, Ivy Green, Pink, Red, Lavender and Yellow. Also White and Ecru in all sizes.

SILKINE in all colors.

White and Black DARNING FLOSS.

Mending and Saxony Yarns in White and Black.

A full assortment of Steel and Bone Crochet Hooks. Laces, Etc.

Mawson Brothers
GENERAL MERCHANTS

Special Values

Flannelette
White, 31 inches wide, at 30c.
4 pieces, striped, 35-in. wide, at 35c.

Dimity
Assorted checks, at 30c.

Table Linen
55-inch at 80c.

Irish Table Linen
56-inch at $1.10.

Men's Work and Dress Shirts
Sizes 14½ to 18

Creston Mercantile Co.
LIMITED