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THE CRESTON REVIEW

VOL. X CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1918 No. 45

Erickson

Mrs. G. Cartwright received a hurried call to Edmonton, Alta., on Friday last, her son-in-law, Mr. J. S Peck, and one of the children having taken suddenly with the flu.

Mr. McKinley, a visitor with F. Putnam, who is about the last of the flu victims in the Valley, is now making a slow but sure recovery, after a rather serious touch of it.

F. J. Klingensmith, who has been in charge of the McLaren Co. sawmill at Blairmore, Alta,, the past nine months, arrived home on Friday.

Norman Craigie at Caithness is here on a visit with his, brother, J. M., the mill at that point in which he was workinh having burned down earlier in the month.

Mrs. E, J. C, Richardson left on Sunday for Nelson, where she is spending a few days with friends this week.

R, B. Staples was a business visitor at Fernie on Friday. That town had about 3000 cases of flu, but managed to keep the deaths down to less than 70.

Messrs. Roy Telford and Mr. Beam wound up the shooting season in good style by getting a couple of nice deer in the McNeillie country on Sunday Earlier in the month Percy Boffey landed two also, and these with two taken at the Craigie camp constitutes Erickson's total 1918 take of venison.

The thrift of the Scotch was exemplified in the Lookout mountain hunting grounds on Sunday, the story going that Hugh Taylor refused to waste ammunition on what happened to be a deer, but which Hughie swears he thought was a coyote.

Sirdar

Although freight traffic is inclined to be light the fore part of the week saw a small blockade of westbound cars, and it was necessary to utilize Creston for storage for a couple of days.

Rev. J. S. Mahood of Queens Bay, who takes the monthly Anglican service here, was shaking hands with friends on Monday. It is now almost two months since he has had church at Sirdar, but expects to resume early in January.

Mrs. Sid McCabe was a Creston caller this week. She was doing some Christmas shopping at the metropolis on Tuesday.

Eastbound passenger trains have been running late in spots the last two weeks, due to the prairie snow cold weather.

The government calls for tenders to purchase the driftwood at the mouth of the Kootenay River at the Landing. They estimate there is 1000 cords of cordwood in the lot.

Capt. Cogle of the tug Ondot with barge in tow, headed for the Reclamation farm for a barge of hay, was hung up at the Landing a couple of days this week owing trouble on the tug.

The McCabe bridge crew is expecting a shift any day to Yahk for bridge work on the new line the C.P.R. is building into the timber limits in that section.

Mesdames Dennes, Aspey and Cameron favored Creston with a call on Wednesday, looking after some Yuletide shopping, we presume.

Alice Siding

Mrs. Herb Stewart of Saskatoon, Sask., arrived the latter part of the week, and will spend some time with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Stewart.

Building operations continue during the fine weather, Mr. Churchill being busy with the erection of a new barn on his ranch here.

The open weather is also helping out the feed situation as the stock is still running on the flats. During the cold snap the fore part of the month messrs Hood, Dow, Spratt and Berney each lost an animal. They wandered out on the ice on one of the sloughs, which gave way, and they were unable to extricate themselves.

School will not re-open now until after the new year. As yet the trustees have not decided on a plan to make up the time lost. The school has been closed almost eight weeks.

Geo. Mawson, who took a deer up in the neighborhood of the Alice mine last Wednesday accounts for about the only venison taken in this section. Deer are scarcer than ever, due, possibly, to the rather larger number of coyotes that are in the hills this season.

Scotty Todd of the Bluebell ranch, who left here for Trail a couple of years ago, is now located in North Vancouver, where he is driving a hose wagon in that city's fire brigade.

Word came this week that Miss Bertha Pease and Roy Pease had reached Los Angles, Calif., safely, although the boat trip down from Portland was exceptionally stormy one.

Later—Word just comes that Dick Smith maintained his reputation as a deer taker by bringing down a couple on the last day of the season. This is about the first time in several years that he has failed to bag the full quota of four animals.

Canyon City

BIRTH—On December 8th, to Mr. and Mrs. Witherhead, a daughter.

The recent thaws and rains followed by the freeze-up has furnished excellent skating and the Saturday night crowds on the pond indicate that Canyon City is as populous as ever.

Dr. Rutledge, the Cranbrook vet., was a visitor here on Saturday, inspecting the Company stables. He reports very little snow in that part of East Kootenay as yet.

W. C. Cleave of McLeod, Alta., who recently bought a place near the McInnes ranch, has about completed a very commodious two-story frame residence on his property.

Up around the mill the take of venison this year is even better than last season, Lou Faulkner has a couple to the good and Messrs. Rhodes and Bergen one each. We here that Matt Clayton also bagged a nice one early in the Month.

A very welcome before-Christmas present would be about a foot of snow The Company has the caterpillar and outfit of sleighs all ready for the haul, as well as quite a number of teams.

Frank Putnam is another of those wanting the sleighing. He has quite a chunk of a tie contract with the C. P.R., and will operate in the timber here the D. G. Lyon ranch.

Canyon City is having a call this week from a returned German war veteran, in Pte. T. Rake, who arrived on Friday for a holiday with his cousin, Fred Waylett. Pte. Rake enlisted at Winnipeg with the Fort Garry horse, and has many interesting experiences to relate of the big overseas scrap.

School will not re-open now until after the new year. The teacher has very kindly consented to operate from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. with the more advanced scholars in order to at least partly make up for lost time.

The Grand Forks Doukhobor colony lost 40 of its members during the prevalence of flu last month.

West Kootenay has a new chief of provincial police, He is Constable Gammon of Prince Rupert. John McDonald, the former chief, is transferred from Nelson to the coast.

Fernie miners are looking for another boost in their pay. The cost of living commissioner has figured it out that it costs the average family thirteen cents a day more to live than it did three months ago.

Owing to a shortage of help to unload cars of ore the Trail smelter was up against an expense of about $500 a day on demurrage charges during the flu epidemic, and claims its total loss on this account was almost $75,000.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Right Idea

EDITOR REVIEW:

SIR,—Some months ago you called attention in your editorial columns to the desirability of the Provincial Government, at the end of each session of the legislature, publishing a summary of the legislation enacted, after submitting the report to the Opposition for its approval, in order to assure that it is not for party purposes.

Your suggestion is certainly in the public interest, and would supply a long-felt want, especially in the upper country; but in my opinion the report would be of still more value if it included a short account of bills brought before the house but which failed to pass, mentioning briefly and impartially the objections raised by members to their being made law.

The cost involved need not be large, as the government could have a notice put up in every postoffice in the province stating that the report would only be sent to any elector provided he or she made the request for same in writing by a certain date; this would avoid waste.

As Hon. John Keen will shortly pay Creston his annual visit prior to his departure for Victoria for the coming session, and as this is not a party matter, but for the obvious benefit of the people as a whole, I would suggest to our local political associations that they form a joint committee with regard to it, and make a strong request to him to put it before the house. In his position as speaker, and probably the oldest member of the house, he should be able to do it very effectively.

R. G. A. HOCKLEY.

Local and Personal

Holly at Mawson Brothers.

Service will be resumed at the Presbyterian Church next Sunday at the usual hours of worship. Both the morning and evening service will be in keeping with the Christmas season.

The local selling agencies are busy getting out their annual report of commodities handled, and from some advance information it looks safe to predict a Valley apple crop of at least 55,000 boxes. Last year the output of these was just over 23,000 boxes.

Rev. W. C. Bunt, Methodist pastor, still continues in a precarious condition, with little hope now held out for recovery. A son and daughter have arrived from Manitoba, and a second son, who is in khaki, is expected from Camp Borden at the end of the week.

While public gatherings of any sort are taboo the church ladies are having their usual bazaars by the private sale route. Christ Church Guild has already disposed of about $60 worth of their bazaar articles, while the Presbyterian ladies' sale opened auspiciously on Wednesday afternoon.

Kamloops Sentinel: Rev. M. W. Lees and wife were taken down with influenza after many days of hard work in the emergency hospital at Trail. Some of these preachers in British Columbia are all right and have a real touch of sympathy and human sacrifice in their make-up.

A. D. Pochin has just received the appointment of Valley representative of the British Columbia Nurseries Co., Ltd., replacing the late Andy Miller, who had the position for a number of years. This is a reliable firm and parties contemplating buying anything in their line should consult Mr. Pochin before placing an order.

Only routine business—and little of that—occupied the attention of the school trustees at their December meeting on Monday night. Now the flu ban is lifted regular sessions will be resumed starting Monday morning. Superior school scholars in drafts of half a dozen have been getting a limited amount of instruction for the past ten days.

The deer shooting season ended on Sunday. This year the quantity of venison taken in these parts will not be over a couple of dozen carcasses. All told 141 licenses have been issued, which does not include 21 free farmers licenses, and a couple of free prospectors shooting certificates. Other licenses issued are five hunting and trapping, and eleven big game (shooting only) licenses.

The prohibitory regulations on public gatherings of all sorts, due to the Spanish influenza, which has been in effect in the Creston Valley since the last week in October, is now lifted, and with the exception of dances the old order of things can again be resumed. During the epidemic the Valley suffered nine deaths directly and indirectly due to the flu, which made itself manifest in almost fifty homes.

With the lifting of the flu ban comes the official announcement that the town school will re-open on Monday morning and will continue in session throughout the nsual Christmas vacation with the exception of Christmas and New Years' days. The Easter holiday period will also be abolished. This order does not include the primary room, of course, which will not resume until the first Monday in January.

Postmaster Gibbs is taking an enforced vacation this week. While driving some cattle off his ranch on Sunday evening in the dusk he collided rather forcibly with a strip of flooring that he was weilding to hasten the critters' departure, the timber coming in contact with a fence post. He landed against it with considerable force, the blow being in the stomach and inflicting painful internal injuries.

Capt. Forester, formerly of Creston, who has been in charge of the military police work in Kootenay for the past eight months, with headquarters at Nelson, has just been notified of his appointment to the Dominion permanent police force with jurisdiction over the same territory. There are a number of federal statutes and regulations that in the past have not received due attention and in enforcing these laws the new police will busy himself.

At Trail the building permits for October and November totalled $325—mostly for repairs and additions.

Kaslo has closed up its emergency flu hospital and organized a corps of volunteer nures to handle any cases that may break out in private homes if help becomes necessary. Other patients will be looked after at the general hospital in that city.

Wynndel

Principal Dewar of the public school and son, Howard, left last week for Calgary. Mr. Dewar will return in a couple of weeks, but it is expected the son will remain in that city, where he has secured a position.

Elias and Ronald Uri, who have been at Arrow Park since the latter part of August, returned on Friday last, and expect to spend the balance of the winter here.

Miss Florence Bathie, who has been visiting with friends at Chinook, Montana, for the past three months, returned home on Saturday, and will likely remain here the balance of the winter.

Since the flu has subsided at the capital Creston callers are as numerous as ever, particularly with the Christmas shopping to look after.

Miss Aslang Andestad, who has been at Burton City for several weeks past, returned to her home here the latter part of the week,

Fred Charron, who was at Canyon City last winter, is now making Wynndel headquarters, blacksmithing for Winlaw & Son at present.

Uri Brothers got in a car of lumber from Castlegar the fore part of the week, and are getting things in shape to build a house to replace the one destroyed by fire about a year ago.

Mrs. Rosendale and daughter, Addie, are visitors with Cranbrook friends this week.

Matt. Hagen is again making headquarters at Cultus Creek, where he is lending a hand with some tunnel work doing on a mining claim trail at that point.

Wynndel's supply of venison is about to average with other seasons. Mr. Stevens, employed by Winlaw & Son, is high gun with two of them to his credit, while Harry White and R. Uri have each brought in one.

Penticton growers are losing sleep these nights because the Vancouver public market has only taken delivery of three cars of a twenty-car order of apples—and the other seventeen cars are ripening up over fast.

Rossland will defray its flu emergency hospital expense by collecting $3 a month from business and professional men and $2 a month from ordinary citizens until such time as enough has been collected to pay all accounts. Between $2000 and $3000 are required.

$5.00 for $4.00

W-S-S

GIVE War-Savings Stamps As Christmas Gifts

BUY a War-Savings Stamp for $4.00 and affix it to space No. 1 of the Certificate that will be given you. Fill in the name of the one to whom you wish to make this Christmas Gift—the most desirable of Gifts, for it may well mark the commencement of habits of Thrift, the stepping stone to Success.

The Certificate

In offering your gift you could say, "If you invest your savings regularly in War-Savings Stamps, you will soon fill this certificate, which becomes Canada's pledge to pay you $5.00 on the first day of 1924."

"With every 25 cents you save you can buy a THRIFT Stamp, 16 of which on a Thrift Card will be exchanged for a W.-S. S."

"An excellent investment for small savings; and a strong incentive to every day economy."

SIR THOMAS WHITE
Minister of Finance

FOR SALE AT
Money-Order Post Offices, Banks and Wherever the W.-S. S. sign is displayed.

6

LOOKS ACROSS THE SEAS TO OUR OWN DOMINION FOR MODEL STATE

GREAT INDIAN EMPIRE WILL BE SECOND CANADA

Britain, Not Satisfied With What She Has Done for India, is Hard At Work Upon the Difficult Problem of Giving the People a Greater Measure of Self-Government

Great Britain is hard at work, in spite of her gigantic war operations, upon the difficult problem of giving India a greater measure of self-government.

There are 315,000,000 people concerned, more than three times the population of the United States, nearly forty times over the population of Canada.

Great feudal lords, under the suzerainty of Britain have well established rights there. The caste system is dead against the idea of the equality of men on election day, which our democracy teaches. Only a small proportion are Christian, and care much for what we mean by modern civilization.

Instead of olden time inter-tribal war, which was incessant; widow-burning as a religious rite; girl-baby sacrificing as a recognized thing; drowning the aged in sacred rivers as a filial duty; robbery as a fine art to be encouraged in the public welfare, Britain has brought peace, mercy, justice, quietude to India.

And the Indians are grateful and satisfied, as was speedily shown at the outbreak of war, when such a prodigal outlay of men, money and ancient treasure was laid at the foot of the empire's throne, as even that opulent country had never dreamt of before.

Britain is not satisfied with what she has done for India, however. She wants her great eastern empire to enjoy all the blessings modernity has brought to western nations.

The Right Honorable Edwin Samuel Montagu, secretary of state for India in the British cabinet, has great plans for India's future. And for his model state he looks across seas to our own Dominion.

"Look at Canada," he says. "There you see the fulfilment of the purposes of our empire. The fact that the people in Canada are subjects of the King is a source of inspiration to them, and not a handicap on their freedom. Their loyalty, and self-sacrifice in this war prove beyond question that they have been and are satisfied with their relationship to the British empire.

"We believe that a similar result can be achieved in India, and that in spite of differences in race. Indians and Europeans can and will co-operate with each other in the great work that lies before them in India. We recognize that the difficulties are enormous, for no person can say reasonably that India is yet ready for the measure of self-government existing now in Canada.

"In India there are still, unfortunately, nearly 300,000,000 people who can neither read nor write. There are differences in religion and caste which make common action on national lines difficult, and prejudices must be overcome before India can attain to the full status of nationhood.

"Still, experience has shown that with the spread of education prejudices disappear, and religious cleavage becomes less potent, and the more this process continues the sooner will India achieve the spirit of unity that characterizes the great self-governing dominions."

No greater compliment has ever been paid to our country's governmental system, and social status, than to set it before the eyes of the world, as something to be imitated in the re-formation of the vast series of kingdoms and races which make up our East Indian possessions.

Food Production in Great Britain

More than 300,000 women are now engaged on the land in Great Britain.

Highlanders' Bombs

Porridge More Deadly Than Liquid Fire

A wounded officer describes the novel way in which a small party of surprised Highlanders met an unexpected enemy attack.

"The Germans got further into the trenches," he writes. "So far, indeed, that they surprised a party of Highlanders in the peaceful occupation of porridge-making for a section due for night duty. The porridge-makers had no time to seize weapons. Instead they seized their precious pot of porridge and flung it in the face of the advancing foe. There were yells of rage as the scalding porridge fell among the soldiers of the kaiser. One of the funniest sights of the whole war, I am told, was to see a German officer trying to look dignified before his men in a uniform covered with porridge. The method of repelling the attack was novel, but effective. It was more deadly than liquid fire, I fancy, for it put an end to the attack in that quarter.

"When we relieved the Highland porridge-makers we found them in a terrible funk, they didn't mind facing the worst attack the enemy could make, but they were quaking at the prospect of explaining to hungry comrades what had happened to the porridge. I tried to console the man with whom this brainy idea originated by telling him he ought to have the V.C. He would have none of my consolation. 'That may be,' he answered, 'but what aboot Wee Jock ——'s paritch? He'll hammer hell out o' me when he comes back and finds it's a' wasted on they German devils!'"

Resurrection of An Old Roman Port

Another Chapter Is Added to Ostia's History

Ostia, the harbor of ancient Rome, is once more, by decision of the Italian government, to become a port, and Rome therefore once more a maritime city. To the harbor at Ostia, when Rome was mistress of the world, came the corn from Sicily and Sardinia, which, after Tibet silt and national indolence had let Ostia perish, was stored at Portus, the rival harbor, which also afterward fell into desuetude. It was the seizure of Rome's granary which enabled Alaric to impose his will on the Eternal City. Ostia began its existence in 640 B. C., and she seems about to add another chapter to her history.

Mustard Gas is Filling

Fumes Remain as Long as Seventy-two Hours

A "gas" officer has been telling of the extraordinary developments which have taken place in the use of gas. "Mustard" gas has practically ousted all other forms, and, under favorable conditions, the atmosphere in the area in which "mustard" shells explode remains vitiated for as long as seventy-two hours. The Germans have two kinds of "mustard" gas, and when they are about to attack they wait for the fumes of their "seventy-two hour" shells to clear away, and precede the advance of their infantry with a barrage of volatile "mustard" gas, the effects of which are dissipated in about an hour.

Enslaved Belgium

Forced Labor Is Applied More Ruthlessly Than Ever

From a letter of protest addressed lately by the Belgian deputies and senators to the German governor-general in Belgium it appears that forced labor is applied more ruthlessly than ever to the civil population.

"Thousands of men in the provinces of Flanders, Hainaut, and Luxemburg have been torn from their homes and deported to Northern France, to a zone exposed to bombardments and air raids." Many have had no leave for 15 or 16 months. The regime is so bad that the majority have died from exhaustion and privation or been sent to hospital invalided for life.

Two hundred and sixty-five young boys from Mons (whose names, ages and schools are quoted in a list annexed to the letter) are at present unloading trucks in France, 10 miles behind the front. These, all under 16, some scarcely 11 or 12 years of age, are obliged to do the work of strong laborers.

At one time 250 men over fifty years of age were taken in the same district. They remained locked up in cattle trucks without food for twenty-four hours in bitter cold.

French Papers Print English Lessons

Original Method of Drawing Allies Still Closer Together

For several days past the Matin has been publishing prominently a selection of the most common English words and a sentence in English with the exact pronunciation. The newspaper describes in English the object of this innovation as follows: "Five English words every morning are more useful than one witty word."

The paper apparently wishes to give a short English lesson every day to its readers, so that they may be able, if occasion arises, to exchange remarks with English and U. S. soldiers, who are now seen on every hand. It strikes one as a gracious and original method of drawing still closer together the ties uniting France, Great Britain and the U. S.A.

Red Cross Dogs

Wonderful Cleverness of Man's Best Friend

A letter from a young Harvard man in the United States ambulance service in France gives an interesting glimpse of the wonderful cleverness of the war dogs.

Last evening, he writes, a couple of fellows came round to see us, bringing with them two of the famous Red Cross dogs. We were anxious to see them work, and so I ran off and hid in some bushes.

Lying down, I placed my cap under me so that the dog could not find it. They sent one of the dogs out to find me. He finally discovered me; and as he was unable to find my cap, he put his nose in my pocket and pulled out my handkerchief, which he took back. A few minutes later he led his owner to the place where I lay.

They told us that this dog saved one hundred and fifty lives in one day during the battle of the Marne.

Great French Ace Has Novel Methods

Capt. Maddon Lures Boche Plane to Some Enemy Drome

With forty-one official victories to his credit, which in the French service signifies that he has brought down probably double that number, Capt. Maddon, the second French ace, is reputed to have the most unique tactics, and for adroit manoeuvring is said to be second only to the first French ace, Rene Fonck.

Maddon has formed the habit of taking occasional holidays far over the German lines. His particular hobby is to settle near some enemy airdrome, to play around it for a time until he has aroused his boche adversaries. They start after him, thinking that he has been brought there by engine trouble, and just at the moment when they are ready to pounce upon him he showers them with a load of incendiary bullets from his machine guns.

This method has succeeded again and again in forcing boche aviators down, either willingly or by force of gravitation. It is said that his record of forty-one victories was made possible largely by these tactics.

Sugar Conservation Urgent

Next to saving the harvest the most urgent food service at the present moment is to save sugar and the food board appeals to every loyal Canadian to do everything to encourage similar conservation by others. This is absolutely necessary in order that our available supply of sugar be stretched until the new [illegible] and that it be equitably distributed.

Efficiency

"Oh, Bobby! Just look at what the puppy has done to this room!"

"Isn't it wonderful, mamma! And in less than five minutes!"—Life.

W M H 1229

EXCELLENT FINANCIAL RETURNS FOR THE FARMERS OF THE DEEP

MOWING MACHINES SEEN AT WORK IN THE OCEAN

The Harvest Thus Reaped is Mainly for War Purposes as the Kelp Contains Valuable Materials Which Can Be Obtained From It Just as Easily as From Minerals

Science taught us some years ago that there were wide but definite pastures in the sea, where the fish roam in herds and fatten themselves.

Now the economies the war has forced upon the world have led to the discovery that there are also meadows to be mown and harvested with excellent financial returns for the farmers of the deep.

Out on the Pacific coast, south of the Canadian line, the big mowing machines may be encountered frequently. Ugly, big, grim grey things they have often been mistaken for naval affairs, miniature destroyers, mine layers, or even for submarines. Alongside, or behind them are the blades of the machines, cutting away the tops of the sea herbage as they slowly pass along, from a hundred yards or so to about half a mile or so from the above.

The kelp grows quickly as all fishermen and shore dwellers know, and the big meadows may be cut every three months or so. Small coaster vessels and in-shore fishermen are not sorry to have the troublesome weeds cut — provided it is kept cut. The top-cropping thickens and toughens the growth and spreads the beds, so that by the time the new top reaches the surface it is almost impassible for ordinary low-powered motor boats.

It is for war purposes mainly the harvest of the ocean is reaped. Great Britain found out long ago that the kelp contained valuable materials which could be obtained from it just as easily as from minerals, Saxon potash mines and land grown vegetation, supplies of which were running short under the strain of the war upon all sorts of explosives.

After the kelp has been cut it is chopped and transferred to barges, dumped into enormous wooden vats, mixed with water and left to ferment for ten or fifteen days. By mixing the liquid with lime and other reagents and taking away the products of crystallization one by one, war arsenals are stocked and titanic explosive forces made ready against the foe.

The most valuable chemical obtained is acetone. To be sure of having enough of it one large powder company spent $5,000,000 for a factory near San Diego, Cal. This company had a contract to supply smokeless powder to the British government. It was one of the largest contracts ever awarded in the United States and carried the condition that in no circumstances was the powder company to compete against the British war office for acetone. To make smokeless powder without acetone would be worse than bricks without straw.

The base of all smokeless powder is some form of guncotton. Guncotton by itself is loose in texture, and for propellant purposes it explodes too quickly. To retard its action guncotton must be more or less condensed, which is accomplished by partly dissolving it. Acetone, which has usually been made by the destructive distillation of wood, is the best solvent.

Then there is potash. Ever since 1914 we have been hearing about efforts to find potash to replace the German product which used to be sold so cheaply that competition was stifled.

The potash mines of Saxony probably represent dried out deposits of sea water. So that no one need wonder that potash exists in kelp. Even in Colonial days seaweed was burned for lye. Out of the sour vats on the Pacific coast, comes as a by-product a high grade potash invaluable in the making of black powder.

Next, acetate of lime, of which the military power requires all it can get, since from it can be derived the cellulose acetate. Thus the solution of cellulose, or cotton, which is used for tightening up the wings of aeroplanes — "doping," the workmen call it—comes into the shops of aircraft production boards by the kelp route.

And then kelp yields medicines for the wounds and jars of war. Out of the acidulated liquor in which the seaweed is steeped comes various acids, including valeric, which is used to quieten the nerves of shell shock victims. The chemical is the equivalent of the active principle of that good old fashioned soothing herb, valerian.

And iodine, so much used as an antiseptic dressing and as a counter-irritant in acute inflammations, is also obtained as our readers well know, from the kelp.

All who love the sea are familiar with the kelp, which is found on all Canadian coasts. The weed anchors itself by a suction bottom which clings to a rock at the bottom of the surge and keeps itself floating by a bladderlike attachment which buoys up the leaves, often six feet long.

We may yet come to be thankful for the emergency which taught us the value of the sea-meadows, for it bids fair to give us a new set of industries, and also a new race of farmers—the farmers of the sea.

When Edwards Bombed the Gun

One Private Swung Balance From Failure to Success

At high noon, on the 26th of September, when the guns had done their work, two divisions of the new army left their trenches behind them and walked up the slope towards Thiepval. But this is not the tale of what befell the two divisions. It only concerns the valor of one private, and how for his battalion it swung the balance from possible failure to sure success. His name was Edwards, and his battalion was the 12th Middlesex.

The battalion had gone up through the straggling fruit trees, and picked their way across the slashed entanglements into the German trenches. There the leading waves formed up, and went forward again towards the second German line.

Suddenly from in front of them came the menacing catter of a machine gun and a pitiless hail of bullets that forced them to the earth. For a few moments they paused under that blasting fire. Then one of the men rose from his place and ran along the line, a strange figure with mud-caked clothes and face blackened by the foul smoke of a bursting grenade. As he ran he shouted at the top of his voice for bombs. At last beside a dead man he found what he sought—a bucket brimful of bombs.

Edwards snatched up the bucket and ran, nothing else mattered to him in the world now, but that deadly machine gun in front.

The gun was now forty yards away, now thirty—and he still lived. Stumbling over the broken ground he flung bomb after bomb into the heart of the emplacement. And with the twelfth bomb came silence. Then he turned and came back to his comrades and told them what he had done.

So the battalion rose and marched on again towards the second German line, and when they passed the emplacement they saw in it three Germans lying dead beside a scarred machine gun.

That evening the British soldiers took the crest of the ridge, and behind them, a red smear upon the chalk of the hillside, lay the impregnable fortress of Thiepval.

British or German Jewellery

Industry Is One of Great Magnitude in England

The war has played havoc with English jewellers, for, besides the lessening of sales, many men in the jewellery and allied industries have been called to service. As a manufacturing centre, Great Britain has remarkable advantages in peace times, due to the unlimited sources of supply, and it is necessary to keep the German made goods out of England. The raw materials requisite to keep the industry going, precious metals and precious stones, are mostly drawn from the overseas Dominions and India, the latter country having huge resources and many yet undeveloped, which in the future will be a huge source of revenue.

The extent of the industry may be gathered from the fact that in Birmingham alone some 60,000 people were employed, whilst the Birmingham assay office had through its hands, during one return of a pre-war year, the stupendous number of 12¼ millions of articles of the total weights of nearly 400,000 ounces of gold and four and a quarter million ounces of silver. These figures for one centre show the magnitude of the industry where not only must the home demands in the future be met, but where an ever constant demand from the overseas Dominions will have to be considered on the broad basis of trade reciprocation.

Glucose is Recommended

Glucose Prevents Fermentation of Fruit

If you lack sugar for preserving, try glucose. Glucose prevents fermentation of fruit and crystalization of the syrup in jams and jellies which some times occurs on the top. Glucose can be bought in all grocery stores in the form of syrup, put up in cans under differnet names, or you can buy glucose five pounds at a time and make the syrup at home, adding 10 pounds of sugar and 3 quarts of water to each 5 pounds of glucose. After boiling for a few minutes the syrup is ready for preserving purposes.

English Fish Catch Affected

English fish production has been seriously handicapped by the diversion of trawlers to war work. Plans are now under consideration to increase the export of dried fish from Canada to Europe.

Always First

because of

—Cleansing power in every grain

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—Absence of Caustics, Acids, Alkali or Ammonia

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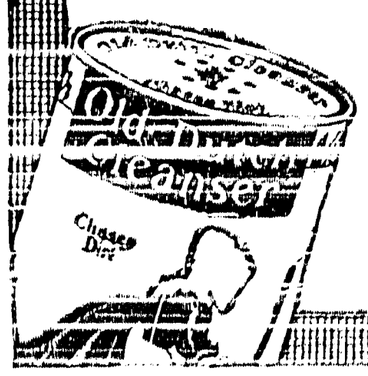


THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to U.S. points.

C. F. HAYES, Editor and Owner

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, DEC. 20

Help Still Needed

With the flu knocking everything galley west in the nature of public gatherings, and the war coming to an unexpectedly sudden conclusion, it is to be feared the army of women workers, who have done yoeman service in Red Cross activities are liable to get the impression that there is little, if any, need to "carry on" further the excellent effort of the past four years.

If this notion has got a grip on any of the ladies who have made this war effort quite a conspicuous success in the Creston Valley it is to be hoped it will be promptly forgotten. Advices are that the help the Red Cross has so magnificently rendered will be as urgently needed for many months to come yet.

There are still thousands of Canadian troops to be cared for in the overseas hospitals, and so long as troops are kept in Europe there will still be a call for supplies. With the transfer of the wounded to Canada there will be much hospital work to care for in this country, while with the return of the refugees to reinhabit their former homes and lands devastated by the Hun in his advance and retreat across France and Belgium doubtless the Red Cross can find a new and sure-to-be-appreciated avenue of activity.

The society's line of work may have to be altered somewhat, but the call for its help will be as urgent as ever, and the ladies are everywhere being appealed to to be up and doing on a scale that at least equals their war-time effort.

Another Poet

While the Valley has never lacked a genius or two who could do justice to some local occasion in poetic fashion, to say nothing of J. A. Lidgate with his knack of handling both local and economic affairs in decidedly pungent and readable verse, further literary fame has come the Valley's way through the medium of Sapper Bill Truscott, who does his bit along national patriotic lines, and whose effort, sung to the tune of the national anthem, scored a decided hit when given at a concert at Brockville Ontario, where the corps of engineers Bill joined up with, was waiting for overseas transport when the armstice was signed. Here's his production:

God save our sisters dear,
Guard them from every fear,
God save them all.
Comrades to us they be,
On battlefield or sea,
For truth, right and liberty,
God save them all.

The occasion that prompted the muse was the torpedoing of the Red Cross hospital ship Llandovery Castle by the Huns last July. As a companion verse to "God Save our Splendid Men" Bill has certainly produced something that does not suffer by comparison at all.

The PROBLEM

By O. J. WIGEN

Let us all unite in focussing our mental ray on the personell of this world's council that is now assembling, sitting and deliberating; so as to assist them in analyzing, dissecting and finding the root and real cause of this horrible disease, War, that periodically break outs in our civilization, with ever-increasing fury and horror.

If we fail to analyze right this disease, War, is our civilization, we shall be as helpless to apply the remedy that will effect a permanent cure as the physician who analyzes and treats the ailment as Bright's disease when we find he suffers from heart disease.

Let us impress upon the minds of these eminent men that a Nation is an organic body, just as the individual human being, and the nation must be subjected to the same constructive laws as these which govern the growth and well-being of its units.

If the fact is not realized as a first condition in their deliberations they have side-stepped from the road that leads to the desired goal, and future wars, with their increased horrors, will be unavoidable.

We all know that the human being is a product from the supreme universal laws of creation, and that our men of science have mastered the knowledge of most of those laws, their combination and application in construction of an organic body.

Next we know that a Nation is a product from the human brain constructed entirely of human units within the border of the nation.

As our men of science know to a nicety the laws and designs applied by nature in the construction of a healthy human being, they have the designs and framework of the laws that also must be applied for the construction of a healthy, progressive nation, as by logical reasoning they will realize that a Nation constructed entirely of organic human units must be subjected to the same laws and designs as those which are so essential to these units.

Now let us proceed along the same logical reasoning and ask ourselves, What organs in our own body do we consider most essential? We all would answer the heart, to which must be added the blood and the heart's functions to distribute this blood to all parts of the body.

Now we ask, What is the corresponding organ in the organic body of Nation, that takes the place of heart and blood as in the human being? No one will hesitate to answer, Nation's medium of exchange constitutes Nation's blood, and our banking institutions Nation's heart and its functions to distribute this medium of exchange out amongst the human units.

In looking further we find that the heart of a human being is located inside of the human body, and connected with arteries and veins that serve to distribute the blood, which has its productive base on the nourishment consumed by the body.

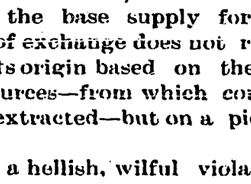
In looking for the corresponding location of the heart in our Nation and the base for production and supply of their medium of exchange, we find that the Nations, so far, have been constructed without a heart of their own, and the base supply for their medium of exchange does not rest on, or have its origin based on the Nations' resources—from which commodities are extracted—but on a piece of gold.

Here is a hellish, wilful violation of nature's laws by the first constructors of Nations, as each Nation has been constructed with the heart function located and operated by individual human units outside of its body, and the Nation's blood is supplied not only by independent human units claiming alliance to its own body, but by independent human units allied to other Nations.

As we have been subjected to this mode of construction and operation of our Nations for thousand of generations, we have become so inbred, saturated and accustomed to this system that it requires a terrible jolt to shake us from our lethargy and bring us to ourselves. Has this last war accomplished this, or will it take another with increased inventions for destruction?

What would you think of the architecture of our creator if he had constructed each of us with two or three seperate compartments to be carried along outside our body? One in which to store our heart, another the blood, and a third our stomach, for instance. Yet this is unquestionably the design and system upon which all Nations are constructed up to the present.

Can we, under this condition, expect anything but adulterated national blood in our Nations, with the consequent outbreak of all kinds of loathsome diseases. Herein we shall find the fundamental for the prevailing ailments of all Nations, the cure for which will appear in another issue.



TIMBER SALE X 1543

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands and later than noon on the 8th day of January, 1919, for the purchase of License X1543, to cut 2,997,000 feet B.M. of Cedar, Fir, Spruce, Yellow Pine, Tamarack, Balsam and Cottonwood, and 21,700 lineal feet of Cedar Poles, on an area situated on L. 274, Goat River Kootenay District.

Two years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Cranbrook, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF
LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of $10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to Purchase from the Crown of such proportion of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment is final. The time for making application for these allotments is limited to the 1st day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be entertained. [illegible] town lots and lands of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to

C. R. NADEN,
Deputy Minister of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.

Eat, Drink and be Merry

With the war over, the flu a thing of the past, and food control regulations relaxed, surely this should be an old-time Christmas.

As to the "drink" feature of your Yuletide celebration we have no suggestions to offer, but in the making of the numerous good things to eat we call attention to a few lines in our thoroughly complete stock—

Gold Bar Raisins, Sunmaid Sultanas, Australian Currants
Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel. Almond Paste
Shelled Almonds and Walnuts
Wethey's Mince Meat. Baker's Chocolate
Hampton Plum Pudding. Bobbie Burns Short Cake

Comptete stock of Extracts and Spices

Our goods are freshest stocks that can be secured.

S. A. SPEERS
General Merchant

40 of 220 Penticton citizens who figured in the overseas fighting have been killed in action and 39 are reported wounded.

Although the sleighing is good and plenty of timber about the town Golden reports a decided shortage of dry stove wood.

The first week in December saw Golden blessed with a snowfall of 28 inches. One day it averaged an inch an hour for about half a day.

This has been a poor hunting season in the Kaslo country and the experts are blaming it on the increasing numbers of cougar that swarm the hills in that part of the Kootenay.

For coming back from Victoria to help out during the flu epidemic the Cranbrook city council has given Hon Dr. King a hearty vote of appreciation on behalf of the citizens generally—including the Cranbrook Herald

Everything In Lumber

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President — SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager — H. V. F. JONES, Ass't Gen'l Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 — RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

The Safety Deposit Boxes of this Bank offer the desired security for valuable papers and other effects. The charge is very moderate for the protection thus afforded.

72

C. G. BENNETT — Manager Creston Branch

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Coal and Wood For Sale.

H. S. McCREATH

Phone 86 — Sirdar Ave — Creston

Old Noyon

Hun Has Ruined Historical Town Ruthlessly

After having been for months a storm centre in this summer's hurricane of war, and after many months of Hun possession, it is doubtful if much that was fine above Noyon remains unruined or, at any rate, undamaged. And before the war the little town, with its population of about six thousand, possessed considerable that was fine, much that was ancient and historically most interesting. For instance, the Hotel de Villa—the town hall, as we would call it— was a handsome edifice, built during the years from 1485 to 1523. It was commenced before Columbus crossed the Atlantic, and it was finished twelve years before Jacques Cartier sailed up the St. Lawrence.

The Cathedral, too, was a beautiful building in the Transition style of the twelfth century. It is associated with the memory of a man whose preaching and writings have profoundly influenced the religious convictions of millions of people.

It was in this old town of Noyon, in Picardy, that John Calvin was born on July 10, 1509. His father was procureur-fiscal of the district —the solicitor for the revenue department, a law officer of the crown. He was also secretary of the diocese. His three sons were "bred ecclesiastics; and the reformer himself, while still only twelve years of age, was appointed to a chaplaincy in the Cathedral church of Noyon."

Noyon is in the department of Oise, sixty-seven miles northeast of Paris by rail.

It was the Noviodunum of Julius Caesar's time, and in the Middle Ages a residence of two famous kings.—Charlemagne and Hugo Capet.

Your Asthma, Too. The efficacy of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is not something that is merely to be hoped for; it is to be expected. It never fails to bring relief, and in your own individual case it will do the same. So universal has been the success of this far-famed cure that every one afflicted with this disease owes it to himself to try it.

White Corn Syrup for Canning

For home preserving the pure white corn syrup gives the best results. The yellow or golden corn syrup, with which many people are familiar as used on the breakfast table, may be employed in preserving, but it has a distinctive flavor which makes it less suitable than white corn syrup. The fruit jar should be filled with the prepared raw fruit, then covered with syrup and sealed off in the usual way.

War Sharpened His Wits

Tommy (just off train, with considerable baggage) — Cabby, how much is it for me to Latchford?

Cabby—Two shillings, sir.

Tommy—How much for my baggage?

Cabby—Free, sir.

Tommy—Take the baggage—I'll walk.—Tit-Bits.

Cold Feet in Germany

Fatherland Has No Leather or Substitute

The citizens of Berlin have been officially warned that they must prepare to do without boots. The summer has passed its zenith. The chill autumn days will soon be with us. Winter itself is not far off, and Berlin in winter is a bleak and chilly city. To wander along Unter den Linden bootless on a real North German cold day will be more than an uncomfortable experience. The open confession that the fatherland has no leather and no leather substitutes is proof sufficient of the effective result of the blockade, and, too, of the fact that, unless she can secure overseas supplies, Germany will be industrially helpless after the war. There never was a time when England was so well shod as today. Here is a dramatic demonstration of the meaning of sea power.

GUARD BABY'S HEALTH IN THE SUMMER

The summer months are the most dangerous to children. The complaints of that season, which are cholera infantum, colic, diarrhoea and dysentery, come on so quickly that often a little life is beyond aid before the mother realizes he is ill. The mother must be on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they do come on suddenly to cure them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during hot weather as is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the stomach and bowels and are absolutely safe. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Counting Coins by Electricity

Much labor is saved daily at the offices of the Detroit street railways by automatic coin handling machines. A bank of machines handles an average of 200,000 coins each day. The machines are operated by one-third horse-power motors. The coins are placed in hoppers at the top, in all denominations, just as they come from the fare boxes on the cars. Without further attention, battered and badly worn pieces are thrown out and the remaining coins are sorted into their respective denominations. These are accurately counted and properly wrapped in rolls of any desired amounts. Thus a great deal of time is saved and the element of error is reduced to a minimum.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

A good authority gives the coal area of the world in square miles as follows: United States, 192,000; British America, 18,000; Great Britain, 12,000; Spain, 4,000; France, 2,000; Germany, 1,800; Belgium, 518; rest of Europe, 100,000; China, 2,000; Japan, 5,000. Coal is found in commercial quantities in 27 of the states and territories of the United States and Alaska.

Feet of Birds

Generally Related to the Length of Their Necks

The foot of a bird shares with the wing the duties of locomotion. Birds with highly developed wings have poor feet. The swallow, an aerial bird, is an example. The chimney-swift has a tiny foot, but enormously developed wings, and if placed on a flat surface is unable to support itself. All aquatic and terrestrial birds have excellent developed feet. The loon is so thoroughly aquatic that it cannot walk on land without the support of its breast and wings. The sea snipe has a foot especially fitted for swimming, and can be found a few hundred miles off the Atlantic coast in flocks of hundreds of thousands, perfectly at home in the water.

The foot is generally related to the length of the neck. The flamingo wades out into the water, and is able to duck its head and secure its food with the aid of its particularly constructed neck. In securing prey the foot also plays an important part. The great horned owl and the duck hawk have enormous grasping power in their claws. In our grouse or partridge a horney, fringe-like growth appears on the toes late in the fall, serving as a sort of snow shoe during the winter, by which the bird is enabled to walk on the surface of the snow. This growth is shed in the spring.

Pain Flees Before It.—There is more virtue in a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil as a subduer of pain than in gallons of other medicine. The public know this and there are few households throughout the country where it cannot be found. Thirty years of use has familiarized the people with it, and made it a household medicine throughout the western world.

German Efficiency Outwitted

One That The Hun Censor Could Not See

So-called German efficiency finds more than its equal in American ingenuity. When American prisoners, who are placed in the various forts throughout Germany, seek to write relatives or friends in their native country, their messages must undergo the rigid inspection of the efficient German censor, who often believes that he is permitting only "good news" to pass through. Real descriptions of the situation are effaced.

A son of a wealthy Philadelphian, who has been captured recently, sent word home that conditions on the whole were very satisfactory and American prisoners were being treated well — but that he would much rather be back in Laurel Hill.

The young man's relatives were able to understand his meaning, as Laurel Hill is a cemetery not far from home. Splendid treatment! — From the Wall Street Journal.

Enough for Two

Nora had been guilty of what was considered an indiscretion, so the mistress of the house had her on the carpet. "If such a thing occurs again, Nora," said the lady, "I shall have to get another servant." Whereupon Nora, with a grin, responded: "I wish you would, mum—there's easily enough work for two of us."

Corns and warts disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure without leaving a scar.

Novel Target Employed by Gunners

In practicing aerial gunnery, cadets at one of the flying schools direct streams of bullets at an unusual ground target while manouvering in the upper atmosphere. It is a water target of the shape and general size of an aeroplane, and is built within a limestone circle. The splashing of the water indicates to the gunner that he is hitting the mark.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Wood Substitute for Cotton

Of Great Advantage in Present Emergency

A paper mill at Neenah, Wis., is making a product which is likely to prove of advantage in the present emergency. It is a substitute for absorbent cotton, made from ground wood. It is being turned out at the rate of three or four tons a day, and advantages are claimed for it, in the fact that it can be applied directly to open wounds, and also the cheapness with which it can be manufactured and sold. It appears in the form in which cotton batting is usually produced, except that the ground wood is spun or rolled out upon the machines, in the form of sheets of the purest white, of gossamer thinness and of such lightness in proportion to its bulk that four thousand pounds can be loaded in the ordinary freight car. Layer upon layer of these sheets are placed one upon the other, simulating very closely the appearance of the cotton product.

In America the highest altitude by an airplane in 1917 was made by Caleb Bragg, Sept. 19. He reached an altitude of 22,000 feet, about four miles. In Europe no better record has been made than that of Guidi, an Italian, who flew to 25,190 feet in 1916.

Ingram's Velvola Souveraine Face Powder

No matter how clear and colorful your complexion may be a few minutes' work or an hour in a hot kitchen will bring forth the perspiration and make the skin oily and shiny. To avoid this use Ingram's Velvola Souveraine Face Powder. Just a light touch will stay on until washed off. And it overcomes the shine and makes the skin velvety perfection. 50c.

Ingram's Milkweed Cream is a dainty preparation that is cleansing, softening and soothing to the delicate skin tissues. It also has an exclusive therapeutic quality that "tones up" the skin and keeps it in a healthful condition. Two sizes, 50c and $1. At your druggist's you will find a complete line of Ingram's toilet aids including Zodenta for the teeth, 25c.

F. F. Ingram, Windsor, Canada

A Picture with Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection of your favorites. Ask your druggist.

Substitute economy for waste. Use only such foods as contain the greatest amount of nourishment, with the least possible waste. No food meets these requirements more perfectly than

BOVRIL

22

Good Price for Furs

White Foxes Plentiful Along Arctic Coast

Officers of the R. N. W. M. P. at Herschell Island and Fort McPherson, report that white foxes were plentiful along the coast last winter, and large numbers of pelts have been taken by the natives.

In the delta also a good catch of fur is reported. In the vicinity of Fort McPherson foxes and marten were the principal furs caught in any quantity.

Competition by American traders has enhanced the prices of furs. Caribou have been plentiful, thus providing food for the natives. Traders from Fort Yukon and elsewhere bought furs last winter for cash. These men were paying big prices for pelts and a large quantity of fur was taken by them to United States territory.

Cheering Him Up

Sergeant Instructor (to Cadet)—Na, ye'll no mak' an officer. But it's just possible if the warr keeps on a while an' ye prractise harrd—verra harrd—we micht—micht, mind ye—begin to hae a glimmer that ye'll never ken the r-rudiments o' the wurrk!—Punch.

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue.

A small bottle of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn of callus from one's feet.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezone for you from his wholesale drug house.

Trench Making in the Sandy Desert

Mr. W. T. Massey writes in his book, "Desert Campaigns": "To make a trench three feet wide you have to open some fifteen feet of ground, put in battens with canvas backs and anchor them, and then refill the spaces behind with the excavated soil. . . . When the khamseen blew, as it always does at intervals from March to May, a whole series of trenches would be found completely filled up in a night and the game of shoveling had to begin afresh. Sometimes when the wind was carrying with it so much of the desert that the sun was hidden by the dust clouds, the temperature went up to 115 and 120 degrees, one's skin became hot, lips cracked, and the daily scanty allowance of water did not relieve parched throats for an hour."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Needed the Rain

During a very dry season a fruit grower was rejoicing because of a sudden downpour of rain, when he saw one of his men leaving the house.

"Why don't you stay in out of the rain?" inquired the fruit grower.

"Oh, that's all right!" replied the man. "A little dew like this doesn't bother me a bit; I can work away just the same."

"That isn't the point!" exclaimed the fruit grower. "The next time it rains you come into the house. I want all the water on the land!"

It is true that women squeeze their [illegible] into small shoes. But their heads never get too large for their hats.

SHIP US YOUR STOCK

Prompt attention—careful feeding—quick returns. In 1917 handled over nine million dollars for stockmen. Write us.

WOOD, WEILLER & McCARTHY

Winnipeg or Edmonton

The Sword is Sheathed

Modern Devices Have Supplanted Old Weapon

There is a curious kind of irony in the fact that a weapon once so universal as the sword should now have become hardly more than a metaphor. We speak, and write, of "victory by the sword," or of "a peace imposed by the sword," though the sword is now more a decorative object for parade functions than a piece of tempered steel for killing purposes. Shrapnel, high explosives, poison gas, and the rest of the too ingenious modern devilries have left the more heroic weapon to rust in its sheath. Yet it will probably never be supplanted as a metaphor because it is picturesque, and has a bite in it which no other word possesses. Certainly poets are not likely to substitute anything else for it.—London Daily Chronicle.

Helpful Corporation

Pat—This is the first time inny of these corporations hev done innything to binnefit the workingman.

Mike—How is that, Pat?

Pat—It is this siven-cint fare. I hev bin walkin' to and from me work and savin' tin cints, and now I kin save fourteen cints."—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN.

Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Chicken Raising

"How much is them chickens?" asked the housekeeper of the farmer who was marketing his surplus fowls.

"Dollar ten, Miss."

"Did you raise them yourself?"

"Yes, Miss, they was 95 cents yesterday."

It is said that throughout one's lifetime one's ears continue to grow bigger. The ears of a girl, admired perhaps for their small size, are fairly large by the time she has reached middle age. In old age they may be larger. In any company of people one may notice that it is the elders who have the big ears. In the very old they are overgrown.—Boston Globe.

No other remedy will so surely and quickly correct stomach ailments, regulate the liver and improve the general health as a dose of

Beecham's Pills

Largest Sale of any Medicine in the World

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

If All Played Out, Try This Prescription

When that overpowering weariness and a never-rested feeling comes over you, it shows some serious disorder is undermining your health. The cure is simple. Build up the system and nourish the body back to health by pure wholesome blood.

The one sure means of doing this is with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are a marvellous aid to appetite—convert all you eat into nutriment and tissue-building material. Thus a weak body is supplied with new nerve fibre, hardy muscle and firm flesh. Lasting good health is sure to follow. If you really want to get well and stay well, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box at all dealers.

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

Tom passed his plate for a second help. "What's the game, Mater?" he asked when he had settled down to it. "Are you going to burst up the show and hang Tony before Morgan is married to Miss Comlyn, or wait till afterwards? Looking at it from your point of view it will effect the church offertories a whole heap if you upset Mr. Morgan's apple cart."

"I should never compound a felony for the sake of the offertories," the rector's wife rejoined severely. "But it would be satisfactory to gain an insight into Mr. Morgan's intentions. If he means to set the law in motion after his marriage there would be no need for me—for the clergy—to move in the matter at all. It would be an immense relief to me to know that I was to be absolved from further responsibility."

Tom chewed the cud on this. "Morgan and that professor chap who's staying with him at the Court have been down most nights lately to see old Mike Hever on the brig," he said presently. "I've spotted them when I've been mouching around. If I could get aboard and hear 'em talk I might pick up something. But it would be a risky job, and I should have to ask you for some spending money if I took it on. Mike would wring my neck if he caught me."

"Nonsense!" Mrs. Burbury retorted. "Nobody would suspect of you more than a boyish freak. All the same it's a good idea, and you might do worse than go along the shore after dinner. There's no moon.

"There's a lot more to it than going along the shore," Tom shook his head gravely. "I don't accept a Sherlock Holmes commission without an advance fee. A sovereign is my lowest figure, Mater. You've got the coal club money to draw on if there's nothing in the household till."

Two hours later, after some preliminary manoeuvres which commenced at the gates of Comlyn Court, Tom stole noiselessly up the accommodation stairs on to the deck of the stranded wreck. With the stealth of a Sioux on the war path he had shadowed Jasper Morgan and Professor Zimbalist along the shore and on to the brig. Ten minutes ago they had passed up the stairs and vanished into the bowels of Michael Hever's strange building.

Once over the gangway, Tom's fishlike stare quickly assimilated the purview. The old vessel was fish-decked and there were no superstructures in which Hever could be entertaining his visitors. But a faint glow towards the stern gave the trespasser his cue. Creeping aft, he found that the glow came through the dulled glass of a small domed skylight which for ventilation had been propped open to the first notch on the ratchet. The aperture of under two inches was too narrow to permit a view of the cabin below, but voices came up clear and distinct.

"I've been sold, Mister—that's what it amounts to," the deep baritone of Michael Hever rolled upwards. "Money isn't everything. I shouldn't have obliged you by kidding the police that I was drunk, and my evidence consequently worthless, if you hadn't said I should be called at the adjournment. What I'm after is to have Sir Anthony West hanged at Bodmin jail. And now that you have got your way with the girl you want me to keep mum for good and all. I won't do it, Mister, I'll go to St. Brannock's tomorrow and blow the whole game to Sam Noakes."

"What a vindictive chap you are, Mike," Tom recognized Jasper Morgan's voice. "If I can forgive Sir Anthony for the wrong he's done me why can't you? He cannot have hit you as hard as he's hit me. Apart from killing my wife he has robbed me to the tune of several thousand pounds. You can't have such a grudge against him as that."

"That's as may be," was Hever's sullen rejoinder. "If you don't grant me my way with him I'll take it, if I have to go to jail myself for biding quiet so long."

The quavering tones of Professor Zimbalist next joined in the trio. "Do you not think, Jasper, that you might meet our friend by promising to let him loose on West as soon as your marriage to Miss Comlyn is an accomplished fact. You would have gained your purpose then, and it would be better than having trouble with Mr. Hever."

A long silence followed the suggestion, and Tom Burbury could imagine that Morgan and his friend were engaged in eye-talk over it. In the professor's pacific proposal there had been a subtle note of something left unsaid.

"Very well," came Morgan's tardy assent at last. "I will engage to start the police in on the right track a week after I'm married to Mavis Comlyn, which will be a month from today. Unless, Mike, you'll think better of it and accept five hundred pounds to let sleeping dogs lie. It would save a lot of trouble and be well worth the money to me. One does not want a shindy with a brand new wife over hanging her old lover."

"Damn your money. Give me Tony West," the fisherman's refusal surged through the skylight.

"That's settled then," the professor's oil was cast upon the waters. "Mr. Morgan will let loose his battery of evidence at the appointed time, Hever, and I will keep him up to the mark. I expect you've guessed that my interest in the case isn't entirely unselfish."

"I don't rightly get it, but I reckon you're after minerals," Hever replied listlessly, his mind evidently set on his main object—the gratification of his hatred of Sir Anthony. Tom strained his ears for the professor's answer.

"Fossils, my dear sir," the bland correction was only just audible. "Fossils are my particular study, and you have some of enormous interest and considerable value in your delightful neighborhood. I have found some unique specimens among the tailings of the old mine on the moor. Unfortunately I am being forestalled and hampered by the parson's son."

"A regular young limb. I hate the whole breed of Burbury's." Hever's comment rumbled upwards to the "And see here, Mike," Morgan amused ears of the listener.

broke in roughly. "Mr. Zimbalist is out for glory, but I'm out for dollars. There's a lot of money in the —in these fossils that he finds. You haven't treated me very kindly, but I'll talk straight to you. As soon as I am Miss Comlyn's husband I shall be to all intents and purposes Archibald Comlyn's heir. I don't want to have the property denuded of a valuable asset by a cheeky schoolboy who doesn't know the value of the things. It is impossible for me to move in the matter till I have got a real voice in it as Comlyn's son-in-law, but in the meanwhile that bright youth may do untold damage. Can't you knock the little beast out, Mike, or, better still, kidnap him and hold him tight till I have the power to run a barbed wire fence round the mine."

The throaty chuckle which Tom was at pains to repress seemed to have an echo in the fisherman's reply.

"I thought there was somehow more cash than love to your courting, Mr. Morgan," he said. "On the make, like all the rest of us, and I don't blame you. Yes, for a consideration, I'll put Master Thomas off the carpet for a spell. For an uncommon long spell, if you make it worth while. That woman at the rectory has always had her knife into me, and I shall take pleasure in making her sit up and howl over her whelp. I'll get busy on him, soon as you say the word."

(To Be Continued.)

MURINE Compounded Eyelide

FOR **YOUR EYES** Sore Eyes, Eyes inflamed by *Sun, Dust* and *Wind* quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and In Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort

Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For *Book of the Eye* write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

The Plain Truth about Shoe Prices

LEATHER is scarce and is growing scarcer. A large part of the available supply must be used for soldiers' boots. Importations have practically ceased and we are forced to depend upon the limited quantity of materials produced in Canada.

The cost of everything which goes into a pair of shoes is high, and is going higher. Workmen by the thousands have joined the colors, and labor is increasingly hard to get. It is not merely a matter of high prices, but of producing enough good quality shoes to go around.

These conditions are beyond the control of any man, or any group of men. They fall on all alike. No one is exempt—neither the manufacturer, the dealer, nor the consumer.

You must pay more today for shoes of the same quality than you did a year ago. Next Spring, prices will be higher still.

These are hard facts. They will not yield to argument. They cannot be glossed over. We cannot change them, much as we would wish to do so.

But you, as a wearer of shoes, can help to relieve them if you will exercise prudence and good judgment in purchasing. See that you get *real value* for your money. Spend enough to get it, but spend nothing for "frills."

See that the manufacturer's trade-mark is stamped upon the shoes you buy. High prices are a temptation to reduce the quality in order to make the price seem low. But no manufacturer will stamp his trade-mark upon a product which he is ashamed to acknowledge. Remember this, and look for the trade-mark. It is your best assurance of real value for your money.

AMES HOLDEN McCREADY LIMITED

"Shoemakers to the Nation"

ST. JOHN MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG EDMONTON VANCOUVER

When you buy Shoes look for— AHM *—this Trade-mark on every sole*

11

$40 a Pair for Paper Pants

One of the drawbacks to paper clothing is that if the wearer sits on a seat in the parks in damp weather he will as likely as not leave part of his trousers behind him. And even trousers so hazardous as these cost $40 per pair.

In Germany so great has become the scarcity of metals that window fasteners are now to be expropriated, and the confiscation of door handles is to be actively proceeded with so soon as substitutes can be found. In Bavaria even cash registers have been requisitioned.

To show the impartiality with which these measures are enforced, it need only be mentioned that the statue of the kaiser, otherwise the All Highest, at Heidelberg, has been taken down to be turned into gun metal.

Producing Oil From Grain Germs

The production of oil in Germany from grain germs, which has been in progress for the last nine months, amounts to 1,321,000 gallons. According to a representative of the German war committee for oils and fats, who recently addressed a meeting of mill owners in the district of Solingen, Prussia, only 40 per cent. of the German mills have so far made the necessary arrangements for this work. The germ, according to the speaker, contains from 10 to 12 per cent. of oil. He said further that grain so treated made better flour, in that it would not become musty with age and would bake better when made into bread. The bread from this flour does not so easily turn moldy, nor is it in any way inferior because of the absence of the fatty substance.

Cake Without Sugar

Conserve Sugar and Make Delicious Cake

Here is the way to conserve sugar and make a delicious cake at the same time. Take:

2 cups of white corn syrup; 1 quarter cup shortening; 2 eggs; 3 cups of flour; 1¼ tablespoons baking powder; 1 cup of milk; ¼ teaspoon of salt.

Cream the shortening, add the syrup and the eggs and mix well. Add the milk. Sift the baking powder and the flour together, add it slowly to the mixture and beat. Bake in a moderate oven as a loaf for layer cake, or small drop cakes. One quarter of a cup of raisins added to the batter gives more flavor, and sweetens.

Trap Does Not Harm Fur of Animals

A newly patented trap is built so as to prevent injury to the fur of an animal caught in it. When a creature presses on a large plate in the bottom of the trap a rectangular jaw is released which crowds the body upward against the curved portion of two U-shaped bars. On the inner surface of the bars are prongs to prevent the withdrawal of the animal. The plate beneath the forefeet keeps the captive from carrying the trap far.

A Home Wrecked

"I understand Mrs. Gabson has left Mr. Gabson and gone to her mother."

"Yes, a sad affair. She charges him with excessive cruelty."

"You surprise me. Gabson doesn't look like a man who would beat his wife."

"Oh, he didn't do anything of that sort. He got hold of a gas mask somewhere, and when Mrs. Gabson started one of her monologues he put it on."—Edmonton Bulletin

Look for this Card at your Dealers

Para-Sani Wrapper is strong paper, heavily waxed, and comes in a handsome oak Roller-Box. It is better and cheaper than waxed paper in sheets.

Para-Sani keeps bread, cheese, cakes, butter and meat fresh and free from contamination. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste. Ask your Dealer.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.

175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.

4 lb. Roll with Roller Box	$2.50
3 lb. Roll with Roller Box	2.20
4 lb. Roll without Box	1.60
3 lb. Roll without Box	1.30
2 lb. Roll without Box	.90

Christmas Goods

Have you seen our WOODEN TOYS?
Just what you are looking for.

DOLLS at all Prices
all sizes and all kinds

CUPIE DOLLS from 3 for 25c. to $7.00

American Model Builders and Erectors
from $1.50 to $7.00

Children's Toy Books
from 10c. each to $3.50

Boy Scouts Footstool Series. Copyrights
and Leather Bound Series

All Kinds of Small Toys
too numerous to mention. Call and see them

Creston Drug & Book Co.
Santa Claus' Headquarters CRESTON, B.C.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand
Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS
& CO., Ltd.

Local and Personal

Ladies' linen and silk blouses from $2,25 to $7.50.—S. A. Speers.

Cranberries, lettuce, celery, sweet potatoes, bananas at Speers' store.

FOR SALE—Pedigreed Jersey heifer calf, 2 months old. Arthur North, Sirdar.

Complete stock of men's and ladies' fancy handkerchiefs at all prices.—S. A. Speers.

Get your cordwood and poles home as Fred Smith will be ready in a few days to saw them.

Mrs. J. A. Lidgate left on Tuesday for Nelson, where she is spending a few days with old freinds.

Our stock of men's neckwear has all the newest patterns, and sells at 50c., $1 and $1.25.—S. A. Speers.

LOST—Gold pin set with amethysts. Finder please return to Miss R. L. Bunt, Methodist parsonage. Reward.

MILK FOR SALE—Any quantity, sent where desired. If delivered daily in Creston 15c. quart. W. H. Gobbett.

Mrs. M. Young announces that her millinery store is again open every day, and that she is showing a good line of hats.

Cranberries, lettuce, celery, sweet potatoes, bananas at Speers' store.

WANTED—Good milch cow due to freshen in January. W. V. Jackson, Creston.

Few sizes left in finest all-wool ladies' sweaters, assorted colors.—S. A. Speers.

There will be midnight service in Holy Cross Church, Creston, Tuesday night (Christmas eve).

Viko aluminum ware percolators, kettles and double boilers. Goods are guaranteed.—S. A. Speers.

There will be morning service, with Holy Communion, on Christmas Day, at 11 a.m., in Christ Church, Creston.

Next Wednesday being Christmas the general delivery wicket at the postoffice will be open only from 4.30 to 5.30 p.m.

N. A. Wallinger, government agent at Cranbrook, paid Creston an official visit a couple of days the fore part of she week.

STRAYED—From my premises, on Dec. 9th, a 16-weeks old pig. Finder please notify A. Anderson, Victoria Ave., Creston.

The C.P.R. will have another heated car eastbound to-morrow, but will only accept shipments in it for points as far as Crowsnest.

Mrs. Frank Romano and Mrs. Joe Tolerico, who have been at Cranbrook hospital for a couple of weeks returned home on Monday.

Miss Ross, teacher of the primary room of the Creston school, left on Monday to spend a few days with freinds at Cranbrook.

Buying feed by the car is getting quite common. This week Davis, the sheepman, is unloading a carload of feed oats from Calgary, Alta.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Comfortable four-room residence, with water and sink. Will be partly furnished to suit tenant. Apply Mrs. M. Young.

Mrs. H. K. Oatway and four children, who have been at Vernon the past two weeks, attending the funeral of her father, returned to Creston on Saturday.

To-morrow is the shortest day of the year, but it will be early in January before any appreciable difference will be noted in the length of the hours of daylight.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McLennan of Tompkins, Sask., were visitors in Creston this week, looking the Valley ever with a view to remaining at least for the winter.

For mother, sister or any lady friend the most aceeptable gift is a Swiss or Irish embroidered handkerchief. A large and new assortment at the Mercantile.

Oranges are not expected to figure conspicuously in Christmas festivities this year. The yellow fruit is retailing in Creston at present from $1 to $1.25 per dozen.

M. J. Boyd was a visitor at Yahk on Monday. The place is quite lively with railway construction crews and lumber camp workers, but otherwise there is no real estate boom or building rush at all.

Mrs. Dan McDonald and family left on Sunday for Sandon, where they will reside in future. Mr. McDonald was one of the first to die here of the flu—about a month after his arrival from Crescent Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Peterman, who have a ranch across the Kootenay River, but who have been at Rosetown Sask., for the past three years, returned to the Valley on Friday, and will probably spend the winter here.

W. Bro. Shankland, D.D.G.M., of Cranbrook, is expected here on Friday next to take charge of the installation of Creston Masonic Lodge officers. A large turnout of the members is anticipated on the occasion of his visit.

DENTAL NOTICE—Drs. Tepoorten or Pickering of Grand Forks will visit Creston on January 28th for a period not exceeding two weeks. People requiring work are asked to make appointments ahead of time at the drug store.

Creston Valley's export of potatoes is expected to run to at least 350 tons—an increase of 50 per cent. over 1917. Enquiry as to the quantity of spuds in storage would indicate that not more than 50 tons of expert tubers are being held.

J. W. Rutledge, V.S., Cranbrook, paid the Valley a professional visit on Saturday. He says that town is not getting excited at all over the rumor that the C.P.R. proposes to build a cut-off from Elko to Yahk, sidetracking Cranbrook, and also making Yahk the divisional point.

For mother, sister or any lady friend the most acceptable gift is a Swiss or Irish embroidered handkerchief. A large and new assortment at the Mercantile.

Messrs. Fred Smith, C. Olson and Geo. Mawson, who spent most of last week at the Lookout mountain camp in quest of deer, came back with but two animals. The latter bagged them both, one of the critters being a 250-pound eight-point buck.

Miss Ella Leamy has been added to the clerical staff at the drugstore for the Christmas trade, and Manager Oatway is now prepared to cope with any rush. In toys, particularly, the drug store has a whale of a stock and can supply any and every need.

Prices to Tumble

Ladies and Gentlemen,—It is again my privilege to thank you for the magnificent orders which you have favored me with on the order cards. Your orders have all been sent in, and I hope to be able at the arrival of car to give you the biggest surprise that you have had. I expect to give you a reduction in price of from $5 to $10 per ton on some products.

I have advised my millers that I will not have poor stuff, and that this is one of the conditions of purchase. If you have not ordered you will do well to do so now, and when the car arrives your order will take next place to the one whose order came first.

It will pay you all to wait for the biggest car, as to variety and low prices, that has hit the Valley in a long time. I am almost daily receiving letters asking me all manner of questions and, in fact, people are sending in cheques for the payment of their orders before I get the order off. I cannot, however, answer all these questions, as I would need a stenographer to do my business. I have the cash to do business with and you can rest assured that I will make that cash go as far as it will in getting you the best produce for the lowest price.

I advertised hay on the cards with a view to finding out the people's needs, and now I will see what I can do in this line. The order card business is working well, and is a great saving of time and annoyance to the people. You know what to expect and you are not disappointed. What one man would have saved is told in the following: "Are you Edmondson?" "Yes, sir." "Have you any feed?" "No, sir." "I have come six miles for feed and I cannot get a bit. I have no feed for my hogs." What a pity. I will store feed for those so unfortunately placed, and will send you a card if you send me your name. Wishing you all a merry Christmas, and that peace which floweth as a river. Your friend, T. M. EDMONDSON.

Watches have Advanced 25 Per Cent. in the last Year

Therefore it is advisable to have your old one repaired for the following reasons:

1. Many of the older watches are made of much better material than the same watch if bought to-day.

2. The repairs as estimated would make your watch the same as new, and would be guaranteed for a year.

3. An examination aud estimate will cost you nothing.

J. V. ORR
Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing. Next door to Postoffice. CRESTON

LAND REGISTRY ADT
(Section 24)

IN THE MATTER of part (654/1000 of an acre) of Lot "A" of Block 24 of Lot 812, Group 1, Map 1014, Kootenay District, as registered in Indefeasible Fees Book, Vol. 2, Folio 147, No. 2441-I.

Proof having been filed in my office of the loss of Certificate of Title No. 2441-I. to the above-mentioned lands in the name of Ole Knudsen Tofte, and bearing date the 27th May, 1914, I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE of my intention at the expiration of one calendar month from the first publication hereof to issue to the said Ole Knudsen Tofte a fresh Certificate of Title in lieu of such lost certificate. Any person having any information with reference to such lost Certificate of Title is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., this 13th day of November, 1918.

E. S. STOKES,
District Registrar of Titles.

Date of first publication Nov. 22, 1918.

ROBT. LAMONT
NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL

CRESTON - - B.C.

Christmas Shopping

We have just opened out our Christmas assortment, and would call special attention to a few of our lines—

Ladies' Silk Waists
in New York's latest styles

Ladies' Cashmere Gloves
in black and white

Handkerchiefs
a large assortment in plain and flowered designs

For that Christmas Present
we have just opened out an assortment of HAND PAINTED CHINA, and the price is equal to anything in town, if not lower.

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!
Our big display of Toys awaits your next Saturday.

Wawson Brothers
GENERAL MERCHANTS

Christmas and then the New Year

If you wish to be well dressed come and see, then buy one of our Suits or Overcoats for Men at $20.00 to $25.00.

Tweed Suits from $17.50 to $24.

All wool, Navy Blue, fnst color Serge Suits at $28.00 and $30.

A large stock of Men's Pants in heavy Tweeds, all wool, $6 and $7 pair.

Men's Shirts, for dress wear, at $1.25 to $2.

Men's Shirts for hard wear in Military Flannel and Tweeds, also Mackinaw in single and double styles.

We are also showing an extensive range of footwear for men, women and children, including Macfarlane's, Leckie's, Invictus, and other reliable makes.

Felt and other warm Slippers for men, women and children.

Creston Mercantile Co
LIMITED