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THE CRESTON REVIEW

Vol. X. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1918 No. 33

Local and Personal

Young Pigs For Sale—$4 each. Hilton, Attwood Ranch, Creston.

Beds For Sale—Three high, wood bedsteads and springs. Attwood Ranch, Creston.

For Sale—Registered Jersey heifer calf, 10 days old, from good milking strain. W. V. Jackson, Creston.

At a special meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid on Monday it was decided not to hold the usual Thanksgiving dinner this year.

The ladies are reminded of Mrs. M. Young's fall millinery opening next Thursday and Friday, Oct. 10th and 11th. All cordially invited.

Creston's three-day Chautauqua is officially announced for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons and evenings, Nov. 18, 19, 20.

Lost—About Aug. 15th, English field spaniel, black with one white spot. Answers to name of Prince. Notify to T. Baines or Review Office.

Christ Church will have Sunday, October 6th, for harvest thanksgiving services, with morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11, and evensong at 7.30 p.m.

At the September meeting of Creston Women's Institute, the collection for the Prisoners of War Fund totalled $4.80. Of this $2 was a donation from Mrs. Ben Long.

Wm. Hooper arrived from Rossland on Tuesday, accompanied by Mrs. Hooper, to take in the Creston fair, and harvest the potato crop on the Hooper ranch near town.

Father Desmari, who succeeds Father Kennedy in charge of Holy Cross Church, took his first service here on Sunday last, creating a splendid impression on his parishioners.

Dr. Henderson was a visitor at Nelson, Thursday, representing the board of trade at the Kootenay fish and game conservation conference in that city, and taking a look over the fruit fair.

Creston Valley Red Cross Society annual meeting and election of officers for the year will be held in Speers' Hall on Tuesday afternoon, October 8. All members are urgently requested to be present.

The Boris Hambourg concert company was greeted by quite a large and thoroughly appreciative audience on Friday night last in Mercantile Hall, the gross intake running to slightly over $100.

For Sale—Hot water tank and piping, all fittings, union, elbows and taps necessary in the average home, all as good as new. Cost $53; will sell for $35. Can be seen at the manse, or enquire at Speers' store.

Rev. Hillas Wright of Cranbrook will be here for two services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday, Sept. 29th. The following Sunday the new pastor, a Rev. Mr. McCord, is expected along to take permanent charge.

The Red Cross finance department reports an intake of $3.70 at the Tuesday session this week, as follows: Donations of $1 each from Mr. Bailey and Robt. Stark, $1.20 collection, and sale of flowers by Mrs. M. Young 50c.

Rev. W. F. Campbell, M.A., is announced to speak here on Friday night next in the Presbyterian church in the interests of Lord's Day Alliance work. This is an undenominational effort, and it is hoped there will be a good turnout.

O. P. Appleton of Proctor was a Wednesday visitor at Creston. He is in charge of a crew that is haying in the Sirdar section, and with two mowing machines and eight haymakers has put up about 150 tons of hay the past three weeks.

Capt. Forrester, Nelson, military police officer in charge of the Kootenay country, was here on Friday last, when he gathered in an Austrian named Putalo, working for Davis, the sheep man, who had neglected to register as an alien enemy. Putalo was taken to Nelson, where he was fined $50 and costs for overlooking this important matter.

Wanted—Heavy-milking, fresh or nearly fresh, milch cow. W. V. Jackson, Creston.

Mrs. Walmsley and son, Amey, were among the Creston visitors at the Nelson fruit fair this week.

Members of the Presbyterian Ladies Aid are reminded of the October meeting at the church on Friday next, at 3 p.m.

F. H. Pym, Cranbrook, supervisor for East Kootenay of forest ranging work, spent several days here this week on official business.

Mrs. M. Young announces her fall millinery opening for Thursday and Friday, Oct. 10 and 11, and cordially invites the ladies' inspection.

Between the Hambourg concert and the wild west show on Monday, the good people of the Valley have anted up about $30 in amusement war tax.

Mrs. H. Lyne got back on Sunday from Spokane, having gone that far with her daughter, Miss Phyllis, returning to a Washington state college.

John Blinco is paying Nelson his annual visit this week—taking in the fair and a meeting of the Kootenay Beekeepers' Association, of which he is a director.

D. W. Briggs of Portland, Ore., was a visitor here for a few days the fore part of the week. E. W. Felker of the same city was also here this week on a business visit.

Joe Clubb of Boswell is spending a few days with friends in town this week, displaying a 23-ounce Red Beitigimer apple grown on one of the Boswell ranches this year.

The Creston Hotel announces a raise in the transient rate of 50 cents a day, effective Tuesday. Single meals go up from 50 to 75 cents each. The old rates have been in force since 1916.

Miss Phyllis Lyne, who has been home on vacation for the past three months, returned on Friday to Quovallis, Wash., where she will spend another year at the ladies' college in that city.

Dolf Weir, who has been assistant at the R. S. Bevan garage for almost two years, has given up the job in view of the likiihood of a call for U.S. army service, and is succeeded by Clem. Payette.

Entries for the Creston fair closed on Thursday night, and when they were totalled up they came within a very few of the 1000 mark. All told about 90 citizens are exhibiting, one form showing 51 entrics.

T. R. Henage of Vancouver, who is at the head of boy scout work in B.C., was here over the week-end, inspecting the local troop, which is in charge of Vice-principal Smith, finding everything in satisfactory shape.

F. Sewell of Vancouver arriued on Thursday and is busy setting up a Delco electric light system, which he is exhibiting at the fair, and which will be utilized to light the Auditorium Friday and Saturday nights.

The Valley had another generous soaking of rain on Sunday afternoon and night. While the downpour did some damage to the tomato crop it was none the less welcome, the dust on the roads and streets being the worst ever.

Mr. and Mrs. Rees of Whitla, Alta., spent a few days here the fore part of the week. They are making a trip through B.C. with a view to locating, Mrs. Rees being a sufferer from asthma finds the prairie climate anything but agreeable.

Mrs. C. O. Rodgers completed the canvass of the Valley on behalf of the Knights of Columbus overseas soldiers fund on Wednesday, meeting with a very gratifying response at all points. Spot cash contributions totalled up to $264.50, and a list of the givers will appear next week.

Mrs. Crosthwait got back on Sunday from Nelson, where she had been for a couple of weeks with her young son, Tom, who had his right arm badly sprained while at play two weeks' previous. The injured member is coming along fine and he will soon have the unimpaired use of his arm as before.

NELSON ASSESSMENT DISTRICT

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that on Thursday, the 24th day of October, 1918, at the hour of 9 o'clock a.m., at Court House, Nelson, B.C., I shall sell at public auction the lands in the list hereinafter set out of the persons in said list hereinafter set out, for delinquent taxes unpaid by said persons on the 31st day of December, 1917, and for intereet, costs and other expenses, including the cost of advertising said sale, if the total amount due ***for the period ending December 31st, 1915,*** is not sooner paid.

The Collector will be pleased to receive any information respecting the following list where the owner is a member of the Allied Forces and entitled to the benefits of Section 29 of the Taxation Amerdment Act, 1918.

LIST OF PROPERTY

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
	SUBDIVISION OF LOT 53A.					
Chin Gim	Lot 1 & 2, Block 3, Map 266	8.75	12.87	2.88	1.75	26.25
Kwong Wing Chong	Lot 3 to 7, Block 3, Map 266	25.00	36.75	8.00	1.75	71.50
Kilchine, Margaret	Lot 8, Block 3, Map 266	3.00	4.25	.74	1.75	9.74
Kwong Wing Chong	Lot 18 to 21, Block 3, Map 266	20.00	29.39	6.50	1.75	57.64
Anderson, Pedar	Lot 1 & 2, Block 4, Map 266	16.00	22.60	3.92	1.75	44.27
De La Mare, P. M.	Lot 6 to 10, Block 5, Map 266	72.00	130.65	24.40	1.75	228.80
Sick, Fritz	Part Lot 1, All Lot 2, 3 & 4, Block 19, Map 266	22.00	30.25	5.10	1.75	59.10
Colbert, John	Lot 23 & 24, Block 22, Map 266	12.00	17.55	3.70	1.75	35.00
Hopkins, Walter	Lot 8, Block 23, Map 266	6.67	9.78	2.40	1.75	20.60
Teviotdale, Christina	Lot 7, Block 24, Map 266A	4.00	5.65	.98	1.75	12.38
Teviotdale, R. C.	Lot 8, Block 24, Map 266A	4.00	5.65	.98	1.75	12.38
Bennett, James A. H.	Lot 11, Block 24, Map 266A	14.00	16.95	3.40	1.75	36.10
Pfieffer, A.	Lot 21 & 22, Block 33, Map 266	8.00	11.30	1.96	1.75	23.01
Colbert, John	Easterly half of Lots 1 & 2, Block 34, Map 266	8.75	12.88	2.80	1.75	26.18
Johnson, Thos. H.	Front parts of Lots 8 & 9, Blk. 35, M 266	10.50	15.43	3.95	1.75	31.63
Wilkinson, A.	Lot 11, Block 37, Map 266	17.50	25.75	5.60	1.75	50.60
Thomas, D. R. M.	Lot 5 to 8, Block 44, Map 266	36.00	50.85	8.85	1.75	97.45
Thomspson, Miss E. J.	Lot 9 to 12, Block 47, Map 266	15.00	22.20	5.83	1.75	44.78
	SUBDIVISION OF LOT 96—Being the Hume Addition to the City of Nelson.					
Lucia, I. J.	Lot 14, to 18, Block 8, Map 284B.	55.00	77.70	13.50	1.75	147.95
Jerome, Thos.	Lot 7, Block 9, Map 284B	27.00	39.94	10.55	1.75	79.24
Douglas, Harry E.	Lot 22, Block 10, Map 284B	27.00	39.89	10.48	1.75	79.12
Radcliffe, Jackson	Lot 25 & 26, Block 10, Map 284B	20.00	28.25	4.90	1.75	54.90
Wright, Harry	Lot 13, Block 15, Map 284B	4.80	6.65	2.03	1.75	15.23
Davys, M. S.	Lot 4, Block 16, Map 284	11.25	16.50	3.59	1.75	33.09
Knock, A. G.	Lot 3, Block 18, Map 284	8.75	12.88	2.81	1.75	26.19
Jarvis, Mrs. Carolina	Lot 1, Block 19, Map 284	8.00	11.30	1.96	1.75	23.01
Davies, Dr. L. T.	Lot 4 Block 19, Map 284	10.00	14.70	3.20	1.75	29.65
Jarvis, Mrs. Carolina	Lot 6, Block 19, Map 284	8.00	11.30	1.96	1.75	23.01
Ogden, J. A.	Lot 4, Block 22, Map 284	6.00	3.00	.71	1.75	11.46
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 5a, Block 1, Map 284B	1.50	2.52	.55	1.75	7.32
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 19 to 23, Block 1, Map 284B	13.50	33.10	5.40	1.75	53.75
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1, Block 4, Map 284B	2.25	5.50	.90	1.75	10.40
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 5 to 32, Block 4, Map 284B	42.00	97.38	15.55	1.75	156.68
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 38, Block 4, Map 284B	2.25	5.53	.90	1.75	10.43
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 34, Block 5, Map 284B	39.00	95.55	13.45	1.75	149.75
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 34, Block 6, Map 284B	39.00	95.55	13.45	1.75	149.75
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 30, Block 7, Map 284B	40.50	99.25	16.20	1.75	157.70
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 25 & 26, Block 9, Map 284B	4.50	10.75	1.75	1.75	18.75
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 2 to 8, Block 10, Map 284B	10.50	24.90	4.00	1.75	41.15
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 2 to 4, Block 11, Map 284B	4.50	11.05	1.80	1.75	19.10
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 24, Block 12, Map 284B	27.00	66.15	10.80	1.75	105.70
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 30 to 34, Block 12, Map 284B	6.00	14.70	2.40	1.75	24.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 17, Block 13, Map 284B	19.50	47.80	7.80	1.75	76.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 3 & 4, Block 14, Map 284B	4.00	7.18	1.35	1.75	14.28
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 6 to 22, Block 14, Map 284B	30.00	55.15	10.30	1.75	97.20
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 26 & 27, Block 14, Map 284B	4.00	7.35	1.40	1.75	14.50
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 2 to 10, Block 15, Map 284B	18.00	32.25	5.95	1.75	57.95
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 19 to 26, Block 15, Map 284B	12.00	28.55	4.60	1.75	46.90
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 2, Block 18, Map 284B	5.25	12.88	2.10	1.75	21.98
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 2 and 3, Block 19, Map 284B	7.00	12.88	2.40	1.75	24.03
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 2 and 3, Block 23, Map 284B	8.00	14.70	2.75	1.75	27.20
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 4, Block 24, Map 284B	7.00	12.88	2.40	1.75	24.03
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1, 2 and 3, Block 26, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	20.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 4, Block 27, Map 284B	8.00	14.70	2.75	1.75	27.20
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 6, Block 28, Map 284B	12.00	22.05	3.30	1.75	39.10
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 6, Block 29, Map 284B	12.00	22.05	3.30	1.75	39.10
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 2, Block 30, Map 284B	4.00	7.35	1.35	1.75	14.45
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1, 2, 3 and 3a, Block 32, Map 284B	4.00	7.35	1.35	1.75	14.45
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 2, Block 31, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	20.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 3, Block 33, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	26.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 2, Block 34, Map 284B	4.00	7.35	1.35	1.75	14.45
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 3, Block 35, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	20.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 3, Block 36, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	20.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 and 3, Block 37, Map 284B	6.00	11.05	2.05	1.75	20.85
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 5 to 7, Block 37, Map 284B	9.00	16.53	2.50	1.75	29.78
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	Lot 1 to 3, Block 38, Map 284B	10.00	18.40	3.40	1.75	33.55
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	All of Block 39, Map 284B	4.00	7.35	1.35	1.75	14.45
Hargreaves, Geo., estate of	All of Block 41, Map 284B	2.00	3.70	.70	1.75	8.15
	SUBDIVISION OF LOT 182					
Dewar, Duncan	Lot 9, Block 1, Map 486	36.00		5.40	1.75	43.15
Hardcastle, B. P., and Cornish, A. J.	Lot 3, Block 4, Map 486	3.65		.43	1.75	5.83
Radcliffe, Jackson	Lot 2, Block 7, Map 486	21.00		3.13	1.75	25.88
Cannell, Mrs. Fred	East 25 ft. & West 12 ft. Lot 4, Block 7 Map 486	12.00		1.14	1.75	14.89
Radcliffe, Jackson	West 25 ft. Lot 3, East 38 ft. Lot 4, Block 7, Map 486	16.00		1.52	1.75	19.27
Radcliffe, Jackson	Lot 6, Block 7, Map 486	15.00		1.11	1.75	17.86
Parton, C. A.	Lot 9, Block 7, Map 486	25.00		3.05	1.75	29.80
Driscoll, Mrs. M. R.	Lot 3 to 6, Block 8, Map 486	26.75		4.44	1.75	32.94
Radcliffe, Jackson	Lot 7 to 10, Block 8, Map 486	23.50		2.70	1.75	27.95
Syboda, John	Lot 2, Block 18, Map 486	16.00		1.52	1.75	19.27
Walters, Walter John	Lot 11, Block 18, Map 486	27.00		4.03	1.75	32.78
McLaren, G. G.	Lot 3, 4 and 5, Block 20, Map 486	23.00		3.93	1.75	28.68
Stanley, Mrs. L. B.	Lot 1 and 2, Block 22, Map 486	21.00		2.13	1.75	24.88
Waters & Pasco	Lot 1, 2, 3, Block 24, Map 486	9.50		1.31	1.75	12.56
Lackey, Ellen	Lot 3, Block 34, Map 486	14.75		1.50	1.75	18.00
	GREEN CITY TOWNSITE.— SUBDIVISION OF PART OF SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 15, LOT 1237, Map 739.					
Brannan, G. P.	Lot 1, Block 5	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Kahn, S. A.	Lot 2, Block 5	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Funk, W. E.	Lot 5, Block 5	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Newman, T. R.	Lot 8, Block 5	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Cline Bass, Mrs. F.	Lot 8, Block 6	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Venn, Dr. Walter S.	Lot 9, Block 6	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Clary, F. W. and Raymond, D. Ogden	Lot 5 and 6, Block 7	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
McGhee, J. A.	Lot 3 and 4, Block 8	1.00		.10	1.75	2.85
Carter, Wallace	Lot 6, Block 8	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Barnett, William	Lot 4, Block 9	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Ferguson, W., and Rebeca	Lot 8 & 9, Block 10	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Long, Louis	Lot 3, Block 1	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Trimble, Fred	Lot 5, Block 1	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Brannan, G. P.	Lot 6, Block 1	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Osterburg, John	Lot 9, Block 1	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Negal, Chas. J.	Lot 1 and 2, Block 2	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Kinney, J. A.	Lot 8, Block 2	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Graham, Howard	Lot 9, Block 2	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Parrish, Israel	Lot 10, Block 2	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Funk, F.	Lot 4, Block 3	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Kinney, J. A.	Lot 5, Block 3	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Holmes, W.	Lot 6, Block 3	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Mosseron, R. A.	Lot 9 and 10, Block 3	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Hipp, Chas	Lot 11, Block 3	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
Sawyer, D. H.	Lot 11, Block 4	1.25		.15	1.75	3.15
	[illegible]					
Turner, Mrs. Anthony	Lot 21, Block 2, Map 622A	1.00	1.16	.23	1.75	4.14
Dewar, J. A. and Handley, C. F.	Lot 23, Block 2, Map 622A	1.25	1.59	.38	1.75	4.97
Valley, Ed.	Lot 9 and 10, Block 3, Map 622A	2.00	2.16	.66	1.75	7.57
Gleazer, P. J. (Estate)	Lot 22, Block 3, Map 622A	1.75	2.24	.63	1.75	6.77
McArthur Bros.	Lot 5 and 6, Block 4, Map 622A	125.00	158.00	38.53	1.75	323.28
Bailey, Ed.	Lot 23 and 24, Block 4, Map 622A	5.00	6.32	1.53	1.75	14.60
McArthur, Edward and Alphonso	Lot 22, Block 5, Map 622	22.50	[illegible]	6.93	1.75	55.62
Bellamy, Joseph J. and Mary E.	Lot 9, Block 6, Map 622	12.50	15.80	3.74	1.75	33.79
Leahy, Mrs. J.	Lot 9 and 10, Block 12, Map 622	20.00	22.00	[illegible]	1.75	[illegible]
McArthur Bros.	Lots 23, 24, 25, Block 12, Map 622	27.50	34.76	8.58	1.75	72.59
Mills, Annie E.	Lot 10, Block 14, Map 622	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.75	26.56
Vital Catherine	Lot 13, Block 14, Map 622	18.17	3.88	2.76	1.75	26.56

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FORMATION OF LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO PRESERVE PEACE OF WORLD

MR. ASQUITH PRAISES WILSON'S WAR ATTITUDE

Says That U. S. President Has Taken the Greatest Decision Of the Age and has Successfully Carried His People With Him In It

Herbert H. Asquith, former premier of Great Britain, in an address recently in London at the National Liberal Club, praised President Wilson's leadership in the war and his advocacy of a league of nations after the war. The occasion was a "hospitality dinner to American officers," at which 500 prominent Englishmen were present.

Vice-Admiral Sims, commander of the American naval forces in the war zone, paid tribute to the co-operation of the British and American navies, and declared:

"The submarine menace is now at an end. for we are destroying them faster than the Germans can build them."

Major-General Biddle, commander of the American forces in England, evoked long cheers when he announced that American troops were stationed at from seventy to eighty different points in England and Scotland.

Mr. Asquith, in the course of his speech said:

"The United States as a nation has had the very good fortune that in the supreme crisis of her national history the man whom she most needed for inspiration and guidance has always appeared. Thus came Washington and Lincoln. Washington and Lincoln are illustrious names which have passed into history. We must not attempt to anticipate history's judgment upon men still living, but I will venture to say that President Wilson has been the head of the American government in times no less trying than any in its annals.

"President Wilson has taken the greatest decision of our age and has carried his people with him in it. Moreover, he has laid before the world the grounds for his decision, the reasons which justified and compelled it and the spirit in which it was adopted. He has done this in state papers which are worthy to live side by side with the most inspiring utterances of his most famous predecessors.

"It is one thing to embrace a good cause. It is another to push it to a victorious issue. If a nation is to hold its own on the batttlefield these days, it must be equipped on the sea and land with the strongest battalions, the best and fastest ships, adequate organization of transport and supply, and even with a superiority in all the manifold mechanical devices for aggression and defence which the hellish ingenuity of modern warfare has devised.

"America has had her difficulties. They have not stifled, but have stimulated her energy, and we grasp the opportunity tonight of acknowledging our unbounded admiration of the magnificent contribution America has made, is making and will continue to make in ever-increasing measure. Here again we gratefully trace the guiding hand and driving will of the president.

"Probably the world owes its greatest debt to President Wilson for helping men whose vision has been blurred and blinded by the smoke of the battlefield to lift up their eyes and to look through it and beyond it. It is very difficult in time of war to keep a steady head and clean tongue. President Wilson does both.

"We cannot ask ourselves too often what we are fighting for. President Wilson has done more than any other statesman to concentrate the minds of his own people, of the allies, and even of enemy peoples, upon a league of nations as our dominating war aim.

"There can be no clean peace which does not clear away the causes of war. It seems to me all-important that both here and in America we should realize, and act as though we realized it, that a league of nations is neither a vague political abstraction nor an empty rhetorical formula, but a concrete and a definite ideal.

"This is a large step in advance on the road of human progress, but it can and must be taken, and when the goal is reached, due honor will be paid to President Wilson as the greatest of its pioneers."

At an important representative meeting of Liberals from all parts of the country, held in the house of commons, a platform to fit the present national situation was adopted. It has these planks:

(1) A league of nations.

(2) Control by [illegible] of the foreign policy and the ratification of [illegible].

(3) Full restoration of free speech, free press [illegible].

These matters are not affirmed, but will be pressed inside parliament. The league [illegible] the great dividing line between the [illegible] and the [illegible] parties at the next election.

"Barbarous Weapons"

The Gentle Hun and the Vicious Fighters from the U. S.

German newspapers have now turned their attention to the American troops. At last they are allowed to say there are some on the battlefront. Their Hun method of telling of the actual advent of the fighting troops of the United States is to print wild stories of their barbarity. The main theme seems to be that the United States troops used sawed off shot guns. The Cologne Gazette fears the simple-minded, kindly disposed and soft-hearted German troops may get hurt with these "barbarous" weapons, and warns its readers that the Yankees are not "honorable warriors." This is rather rich from a nation whose military masters first

Used poisonous gases in war.

Torpedoed unarmed passenger steamers and left women and children to drown.

Employed flame projectors.

Bombed open towns.

Fired upon Paris blindly from a distance of 75 miles and wrecked churches and maternity homes.

Plotted with the Turk the butchery of the Armenian nation.

Did their best to involve the East in a Jehad or holy war against Christians.

Sacked and burned Belgian towns, ravished Belgian women, murdered children and old men, and set refugees in front of their advancing armies to receive the bullets of the allies.

Assassinated Edith Carvell, the English nurse.

Slew Captain Fryatt for defending himself against a submarine.

Bombed Red Cross hospitals and sank Red Cross steamers without warning.

Plotted arson and treachery in netural nations and spent millions in an effort to corrupt American newspapers and politicians.

Drove thousands of civilian captives into slavery.—Regina Leader.

Fatigue of Fighting

Exhaustion of Soldiers From Overexertion and Lack of Food

Physical and mental exhaustion of soldiers, says a writer in American Medicine, is a matter which military comamnders are prone to ignore.

"The skilful commander knows exactly how much effort his soldiers can make without becoming too fatigued to fight. It is often necessary to rest an army even in the progress of a prolonged battle. In addition, nutrition must be kept up, but if the soldiers march too quickly for their wagon trains they go hungry. There is some evidence that plans of campaign have failed more than once because of the exhaustion of the soldiers from overexertion and lack of food. Some captured men were almost in a condition of shock; indeed it was shock, but it was cured by a nourishing meal and a long sleep.

"It is quite possible that the annual manoeuvres, extending over a period of two or three weeks, have exacted more labor from soldiers than could be kept up in a long campaign, and that the attempt to do in war as in manoeuvres is directly responsible for certain disasters. They have neglected the basic principles of warfare, and as these are matters of physiology, it is evident that the system of preparation was faulty through the habit of ignoring medical advice."

Fighting France

Could Fight Better and Work Harder if She Was Better Fed

France has cut her bread ration one third. Every once in a while France cuts her bread ration. And she keeps on fighting as bravely and as well. The home folks keep on working. That's France!

When France cuts her bread ration she is cutting over one-half of her diet, for bread there is 50 per cent. of the meal.

But France cannot keep on doing this. France already is undernourished. She could fight better and work harder if she was better fed.

"We must do our utmost to see to it that the bread ration of France is not cut down a single ounce more," warn the food authorities. [illegible] wheat to give it to [illegible]."

France must not starve. We must save wheat.

Any man who eats wheat now or until our crop is harvested, takes that much bread out of the mouths of hungry fighters and workers and little children "over there."—Winnipeg [illegible].

Dogs of War

The Dogs Already Have Their Roll of Honor

The canine department in the French army is a command in itself; its four-footed recruits are enrolled almost more carefully than real soldiers. They have an official record, a number, an identity plate, and are never lost sight of. The dogs already have their roll of honor. Several have been cited in orders for having saved whole companies by their sagacity; others have enabled surprises to be brought off as well as avoided. As liaison agents they are invaluable, while as ammunition carriers they are practically indispensable. While a few of them can never get used to shot and shell, the majority quickly get as case-hardened as old soldiers. A dog carrying a message through a terrific barrage fire has been seen blown into the air, to come down with a thud that made it senseless, to remain stunned a while, then pick itself up, give itself a good shake, and resume its journey.

Saw Mills Are Busy

Huge Quantities of Lumber Exported from B. C. This Year

Lumber shipments from British Columbia to overseas points have shown a big increase this year and for the six months ending June 30, the quantity of lumber exported on ships amounts to 24,806,297 feet. The half year is, therefore, better than for the whole of 1917 when the amount of lumber shipped from Vancouver overseas was 18,083,622 feet.

A new mill which has shipped 7,700,000 feet of lumber to China since the first of the year was responsible for a large part of the increased activity. Exports to Australia come next with 5,535,934 feet; then California with 3,150,000 feet; South Africa with 2,325,523 feet; South America 1,261,500 feet, and Japan 500,000 feet. There was also a special government cargo of 4,333,438 feet sent to Europe and a shipment of 68,000 box shooks to Singapore.

There is no reason to doubt that the activity will keep up for the balance of the year, and that the total for 1918 will equal, if not exceed, the figures of pre-war days.

Bad Times for U. S. War Profiteers

Committee to Go the Limit in Taking War Profits

The house ways and means committee of the U. S. congress is going after the ill-gotten wealth of the war contractor profiteer in framing the new $8,000,000,000 revenue bill.

A retroactive tax bill, which will amount to the practical seizure of super-profits resulting from fat government contracts — particularly as they touch cantonment building and other "cost plus" arrangements —has the almost unanimous backing of the committee, a poll of members revealed.

Several members made the additional suggestion that as each individual case of profiteering is developed, it be called to the attention of the public and the government department involved.

The first step in the committee's profiteer hunt will be an inquiry With six weeks in which to frame a bill, the committee is willing to spend half the time, if necessary, at this, and every facility of the treasury department has been offered the committee in its probe.

That profiteering exists, sufficient to warrant such an inquiry, is shown by the president's utterance that the "profiteer is with us" by the recent federal trade commission report and treasury department data, committee members hold.

This proof has been clinched by additional data in the hands of the house committee. This includes the case of a coal company which made 2,000 per cent. and the case of an individual whose income jumped from $6,500 to $600,000 in a single year.

The determination of the committee to go the limit in taking war profits is based on the belief that normal business and the country at large should not be asked to bear additional tax burdens until the gains of a few consciencelesss individuals and firms are turned back into the federal treasury.

The committee's course also means that they have rejected the argument that there must be large profits if the treasury is to realize any considrable amount on excess profits and income taxes.

Air Raiders Bothered

During their recent raids on Paris the German aviators were greatly disconcerted by rockets which the French sent up and which discharged before dropping, parachutes with brightly burning fuses. These parachutes dropped slowly and their fuses cast a brilliant glare upon hostile airplanes, making them a good target for the anti-aircraft guns. It is a safe guess that the free fireworks were not enjoyed by the Germans.—Popular Science.

Missing Something

Professor—Do you subscribe to the theory of evolution?

Mr. Nuritch I don't think so. Where's it published?—Boston Transcript

AWFUL ATROCITIES OF AUSTRIANS RIVAL THOSE OF THE GERMANS

ITALIANS GIVEN MOST BRUTAL TREATMENT

Prisoners Taken By Austrians are Subjected To Fiendish Practices, and Death In Many Cases Would Appear More Preferable To the Victims

Good Roads Saved France

Were It Not for Her Highways the Germans Would Be in Paris

Good roads have twice saved France in the present war, observes the Farm and Fireside. Had it not been for the radiating road system maintained by the French government, the Germans would have won the batttle of the Marne and reached Paris. The Germans had calculated on only three divisions being sent out from Paris to stop the invasion. Instead, the excellent system of highways made it possible for five divisions to be sent to this front. Again, shortly after the battle of Verdun started, the French railroad which was to furnish many of the supplies to the troops was destroyed. The French government, however, had a macadam road thirty-two feet wide on which four lines of traffic, two in either direction, were maintained. Day and night 14,000 motor trucks carried men and equipment.

The traffic never stopped. When a hole was made in the road, a man with a shovelful of rock slipped in between the lines of trucks and threw the rock into the hole, then jumped aside to let the truck roll the rock down. Then another man would follow his example, and so on until the hole was filled. Trucks that broke down were shoved aside and repaired almost instantly. Had the French depended on their railroad or on poor highways the Germans would have won the battle.

There are few places in which good roads will win great military victories. But there are many places in which they will win great victories in times of peace. Whenever a crisis—military, economic or social—occurs in the life of a community, the condition of the road is a significant factor in determining whether the community will go up or down, forward or backward. The community with good roads is the community that will deliver the goods when the necessity comes.

The Coal Resources Of Western Canada

Inexhaustible Supply of Coal Available in These Provinces

According to estimates prepared by expert statisticians, there is enough soft coal in the four western provinces of Canada to supply the whole world for a couple of centuries. The mines of Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia have scarcely been tapped as yet, and have produced a total in one year of around 6,000,000 tons, with a value of over $25,000,000. The Alberta and Saskatchewan coal fields—which are having a big development—it is said, can supply the demand of the prairie provinces for centuries to come. The coal is of a very good grade, and is equally serviceable for steam purposes and household heating. Steps have also been taken to generate cheap electrical power by establishing power plants at the mouths of good mines. Promotion of this kind has been more or less delayed on account of the financial situation caused by the European war, but there is no doubt that in the future the power question of the prairie provinces will be largely settled by the inexhaustible supply of coal available in these provinces. The Dominion geological survey has estimated that the coal beds of these provinces, with eastern British Columbia, contain a total of 143,490,000,000 tons, covering an area of 87,000 square miles.

The German Way

Woman to Die as Spy for Asking Foe About Plans

Miss Milado Jamschek, a teacher of languages, has been sentenced to death by the Vienna military tribunal on a charge of espionage.

Miss Jamschek sailed from New York on the same steamer on which Count von Bernstorff, the former German ambassador to the United States, took passage after the declaration of war by the United States. She was charged with making the trip under the instructions of Czech organizations in America with the purpose of ascertaining through conversation with von Bernstorff how far Austria was under Germany's influence, what prospects there were of Austria making a separate peace, and what was the attitude of the Czech deputies and Bohemians regarding the independence of the Czecho-Slovaks.

Miss Jamschek, it is said, denied criminal intent and asserted that she only desired to bring good news to her countrymen from America.

Horrible tales, that rival those which come from Belgium, are drifting out of the district where Austrians have been fighting. An Italian soldier related to a Rome correspondent some of the terrible spectacles of his experience after he had served in the Austrian army and later been taken prisoner by the Russians. He is now a member of the Italian army, where his sympathies always have been.

"I was forced to take the oath of loyalty to Austria," he said describing his induction into the Austrian army. "When I took a medical examination, the doctor said: 'Ah, Italian, and sick, are you?' I know the cure, the one cure for all you traitors —little lead pills administered through the back, you Italian dog.'

"Large numbers were condemned for political reasons. They were sent in groups into Galicia and throughout the journey were subjected to insults and constant brutalities. Sometimes they were shut in cattle trucks guarded by soldiers with fixed bayonets. In this manner they journeyed for weeks over the Hungarian plains, over the Carpathians and the lowlands beyond, with nothing to eat except half a loaf of bread and nothing to drink except a mess tin of dirty soup into which the guards spat for amusement. Attached to Hungarian and German companies in the ratio of one man for each platoon they lived hideously in the front line trenches, treated as traitors, insulted and maltreated by their German and Hungarian 'comrades.'

"In 1914, at the time of the Austrian defeat in Galicia, two soldiers, fatigued from the tiring march, fell out. When they got to camp 'field punishment' was ordered for them. This is a barbarous torture much practised in the Austrian army. A stick is fixed in the ground and has a pulley fastened to the top. The victim's hands are bound behind his back, and a cord passing over the pulley hoists him up until he is standing on the tips of his toes. There he is left. Only the strongest endure it for long. I stood it two hours my second time.

"At Trent the famous martyr, Battisti, was tied to a cart and dragged through the city. Officers spat on him and their wives jabbed him with hat pins and umbrellas. A Czech soldier, moved by the sight shouted: 'Long live Battisti, long live liberty!' He was at once arrested and shot. Battisti was hanged.

"Today the manhood of the Trentino is destroyed. Only two months after the outbreak of the war the Austrian government found it necessary to assure the people that only fourteen per cent. of Italian soldiers had been killed. This percentage has increased at a high rate. In defiance of the law, classes which could not be called up in other sections of Austria were called in this district. Even the women were mobilized and sent to work in the trenches, where many of them were killed. More than 10,000 of our people, a third of the population, have been interned.

"At Aldena, a village in the Lagarina valley, the major in command was in the habit of making the women who had remained pass in line across the square. He chose the one that pleased him best and if she did not submit she was given twenty-five lashes and then interned.

"Damiano Chiosa, an old school mate of mine, sentenced to death, was placed in front of a firing squad and tortured for ten minutes while the command to fire was withheld.

"Wounded and discharged soldiers are interned and the separation allowances are not paid their families."

Rolling Stock Bad

German Railways are Suffering from Effects of the War

In an article in the Berlin Tageblatt, a member of the Reichstag, Herr Goethein, expresses considerable concern regarding the condition of the rolling stock on the German railways. He says that on one out of every five of his railway journeys in the last two years, his travel was interrupted by delays due to the breaking down of engines. The longer the war lasts, the more serious the condition of the means of transportation becomes, he asserts, and the war can only be won, he points out, if the means of communication do not fail.

Hearing his watch dog barking, a farmer went to the front door. He saw a darkey standing timidly outside the gate.

"Come right on in," the farmer called out. "You know, a barking dog never bites."

"Ah knows dat," replied the negro, "but Ah don' know how soon dis dog's gwine stop barkin'."

Grand Complexion Improver Better Than Cosmetics!

When it's so easy to bring back the bloom of youth to faded cheeks, when skin disfigurements can be removed, isn't it foolish to plaster on cosmetics?

Go to the root of the trouble—remove the cause—correct the condition that keeps you from looking as you ought. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and very soon you'll have a complexion to be proud of. How much happier you'll feel — pimples gone, cheeks rosy again, eyes bright, spirits good, joyous health again returned. Never a failure with Dr. Hamilton's Pills, get a 25c box today.

50,000 Enlist for Farm

Workers Will Help Illinois Solve Problem of Big Production

Illinois has enlisted more than 50,000 men from stores, banks, offices and non-essential industries to insure the harvesting of big war crops. These workers are expected to do much in solving the Illinois problem of producing 11,000,000 acres of corn and at the same time, harvesting 2,000,000 acres of wheat, 5,000,000 acres of oats, 3,000,000 acres of hay and large acreages of truck fruit and other crops.

The United States department of agriculture, working with the labor division of the Illinois council of defense and through country agents, county farm bureaus and business men's organizations throughout the state, has aimed to make sure that there will be no less whatever in one of the largest plantings in Illinois' history.

Training courses for boys conducted by the agricultural colleges in Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maine, Massachusetts, and other states, in cooperation with farm help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, state councils of defense, and public safety commissions, have resulted in placing many hundreds of boys on farms. In these courses city boys have been shown how to harness horses, adjust machinery, feed and milk cows, hoe and cultivate crops, and do many other simple but fundamental farm operations. The result has been the instilling in the boys a liking for farm work and a confidence on the part of the farmers in boy labor.

New Packing Plant

Work has been commenced on the erection of a $100,000 abattoir and packing plant at Prince Albert, Saskatchewan. It will be in operation early in September and will handle one hundred head of catttle a day and one hundred hogs an hour.

The progress of the cattle industry at Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, has necessitated an extension of the packing plant there. Work has been started on this addition, and it is to be rushed to completion with all possible speed. It will involve an expenditure of $70,000.

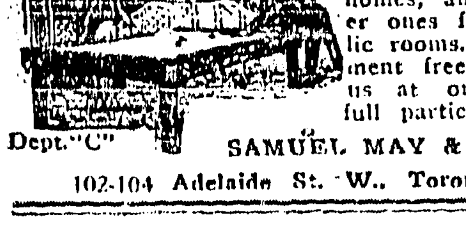
MONEY ORDERS

Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

AGENTS WANTED, $1,000—You can make it in your county with our fast selling Combination Cooker. One salesman banks $388.55 the first month. Another agent sells 20 in two hours. Others cleaning up $10 daily. No capital necessary. Goods shipped to reliable men on time. Territory going fast. Write quick to secure your field. **Combination Products Co., 100 Thomas Bldg., Foster, Que.**

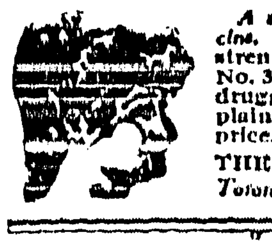
SMOKE TUCKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

Start a Club in your town, where the young people can gather. We build small tables for homes, and larger ones for public rooms. Equipment free. Write us at once for full particulars.



Dept. "C" SAMUEL MAY & CO.
102-104 Adelaide St. W., Toronto

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO *Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)*

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3.
THERAPION used in French Hospitals with great success, cures chronic weakness, lost vigor & vim, kidney, bladder, diseases, blood poison, piles either no. druggists or mail $1. post 4 cts Fougera Co, 90, Beekman St. New York or Lyman Bros Toronto. Write for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. Hampstead, London, Eng. Try new dragee (tasteless) form of easy to take
THERAPION safe and lasting cure.
See that trade marked word "THERAPION" is on Brit. Govt. stamp affixed to all genuine packets

Prussians Glory In Wanton Outrages

Miserable Misconception That the World Can Thereby Be Cowed

The world has long since abandoned hope of understanding the Prussian psychology which glorifies in such wanton outrages in defiance of all the canons of humanity. We have been forced by the frequency of the attacks on hospital ships, hospitals and churches to believe that the German commanders deliberately prefer such targets in some miserable misconception that the world can thereby be cowed into submission by frightfulness.

After what has happened to the Llandovery Castle there should be no more suggestion of trusting American hospital ships to the good faith of U-boat commanders.—From the Pittsburg Despatch.

Sleep is the great nourisher of infants, and without peaceful sleep the child will not thrive. This cannot be got if the infant be troubled with worms. Miller's Worm Powders will destroy worms and drive them from the system, and afterwards the child's rest will be undisturbed. The powders can not injure the most delicate baby, and there is nothing so effective for restoring the health of a worm-worn infant.

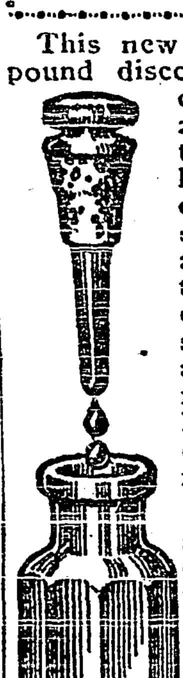
Boasts Don't Fill Empty Stomachs

What the Austrian people appear to want is a larger ration of food and a shorter ration of government lies about what is going on at the front.—Kansas City Star.

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.



Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.

England's Bit

The enquiry is sometimes heard whether England is doing as it ought to in the war.

When we are suffering from 30,000 to 40,000 casualties a week and have kept it up for three years, when we have stood pat under the stress of air raids, and gone without meat and butter and sugar without complaining, and have sent so many men into the army that the biggest machine shops in the country are operated almost exclusively by women, and have paid taxes such as we haven't yet contemplated—then and not till then will we begin to have the right to enquire whether England is doing all it can.—Kansas City Star.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

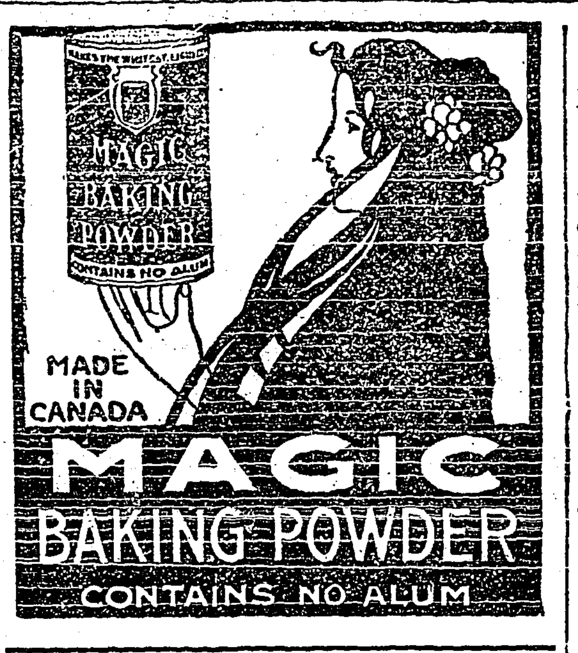
Tall Tale From Dakota

"Speaking of farming," said the visitor from the west; "we have some farms out in Dakota that are quite sizeable. I've seen a man on one of our big farms start out in the spring and plow a straight furrow till fall. Then he harvested back."

"Wonderful!" said the listener.

"On our Dakota farms," he went on, "it is the usual thing to send young married couples out to milk the cows. Their children return with the milk."—Windsor Record.

The Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company is going ahead rapidly with work on new elevators in the province. Seven elevators have already been erected this season and work is proceeding on four others. One new elevator has been purchased at Surbiton. The elevators completed this year by the construction department of the company are located at Glidden, Scott, Drake, Lawson, Plenty, Kinley, Melfort and Senate.



Captured Enemy Trade

At Brighton, Eng., Bernard Oppenheimer is spending $100,000 on a scheme for employing disabled soldiers and sailors in the diamond cutting industry. He is working in conjunction with the ministry of pensions and is building a factory capable of employing 1,500 men. A minimum weekly wage of £2 after six weeks' training is agreed upon. The project is an effort to capture this trade from the Germans, who almost monopolized it before the war. Ninety-nine per cent. of the diamonds the Germans were cutting came from British possessions.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.

He Sees the Finish

Kaiser Bill Realizes That the Worst Is Coming

"The hardest part of the job is still before us. The enemy knows the war is about to reach the point of decision and is summoning all his strength for a final defense and counter-offensive."

This was the observation of the German emperor, recorded by Karl Rosner in the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger and apparently made on the eve of Gen. Foch's offensive. On the same occasion Field Marshal von Hindenburg gave Rosner the following statement:

"It is to be hoped the people at home are full of confidence. But they are not learned in patience. I hope nothing is so promptly punished, as over-haste is no good.

"Preparation is half the battle, and the people must remember we are not working with machines that can be smashed as soon as the job is completed. We are working with the most sacred thing we possess, namely, the blood and life of the German people. Our last reserves must be strong men who will return from the trenches to take up peace tasks. We must not be left at the end like smashed machines, but must be strong and unweakened."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Strawberries Grown Under Irrigation

The first of this year's strawberries grown under irrigation in Southern Alberta have just been sold. They were grown at Cluny, Alberta. The berries were fine and large. By reason of the fact that Alberta strawberries become ready for market only when those from the south and west are getting scarce, the growing of this fruit under irrigation in Southern Alberta is likely to become very profitable.

MOTHERS OF CANADA PREPARE FOR TROUBLE

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, and when a woman passes through the changes of middle life, are the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by severe organic disturbances. Many thousands in this section would testify as do the following:

St. Catharines, Ont.—"Over forty years ago I was restored to health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It was after medicine and doctors had failed to help me or give relief. I had, through overwork, become all run-down in health. I was weak and finally became a nervous wreck. The 'Prescription' was recommended to me, and at the time I started to take it I had not been able to do anything for over a year. I took the 'Favorite Prescription' and the 'Golden Medical Discovery' as well. It took several bottles, but I was completely restored to good health and since that time when I have felt the need of these medicines I have taken them and always with perfect satisfaction."—Mrs. Wm. Baker, 33 Page St.

Stratford, Ont.—I was all run-down, weak, nervous. I also suffered with severe pains through my back. I was very miserable when a friend advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and one bottle seemed to give renewed strength. It stopped the pain in my back, also helped my nervous condition. It is surely a good tonic for women.—Mrs. Florence Graham, 100 Simcoe St.

Crop Prospects Good

Railway Official's Conclusion Following Western Tour

"After an extended tour through the west, both over the C.P.R. and other lines, during which I looked carefully into crop prospects, I think it is safe to conclude that, with the increased acreage under cultivation Western Canada this year will produce at least as many bushels of grain as last year, provided, of course, that conditions continue as favorable as they are at present." This was the statement made on July 15th by Mr. C. E. McPherson, assistant passenger traffic manager of the C.P.R. at Winnipeg, while in Montreal on a business trip.

Mr. McPherson said that in some parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan drought and winds had cut into the possiblities of the harvest very seriously, while in larger districts recent rains had helped the growing grain along wonderfully, so that where a few weeks ago there was little in sight it now seemed likely there would be at least fair crops. In Manitoba, which province had during recent years fallen behind in wheat production, Mr. McPherson said the prospects were particularly good, with a largely increased area of wheat acreage, and every prospect of abundant yields.

So far as passenger business was concerned, Mr. McPherson said that the roads in the west had never done better than during the present year. As to American tourist business, particularly toward the far west, Mr. McPherson said it was too early to make any predictions, but the prospects pointed to at least as good a season as last year, while the number of visitors to the Rocky Mountain resorts was well up to the average.

Mr. McPherson will return to Winnipeg in a few days.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Good Fruit Yield Expected

The general fruit conditions throughout the province of British Columbia are very encouraging and a crop equal to or a little better than last year's is promised, according to a report issued by the horticultural branch of the provincial government.

Prices are ranging much higher than usual, and everything points to good financial returns to the growers.

For Burns and Scalds.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald more rapidly than any other preparation. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease altogether.

Germany's Industrial Downfall

The Price of the War to Germany Will Be a Gigantic Heritage of Woe

When the war was begun by Germany Herr Albert Ballin was a power in that land. He was practically the creator of Germany's mercantile marine, whose flag was on every sea before the war. Now he is a broken man. He knows that Germany is ruined, her industrial power gone, but no one listened to his warnings at the beginning of hostilities. Now Herr Ballin is a prophet that Germany would rather not hear from—the truth is dawning. As a sea-going nation it will take many years to rebuild the work of many years. All the allied nations have increased their shipping so that even the freedom of the seas will long be valueless to Germany after the war. Herr Ballin told the war lords that nothing in the war could possibly compensate Germany for the loss of her oversea trade. Today Germany doesn't float a merchant ship on any sea. Her ports are closed, her industries, except for war, at a standstill, and every overseas country which formerly took her exports and from which she received her raw materials either is at war with her or has severed all relations. America, which had no merchant marine when Germany provoked her to war, is now on the way to becoming the world's greatest maritime power. The price of the war to Germany will be a gigantic heritage of woe to her future generations.—Regina Leader.

Where He Said It

Dr. Nicolai, former professor in Berlin University, says Germans expect their government in future to pay only 2 per cent. on war loans, adding 3 per cent. to the principal. He had to escape from Berlin to Denmark in an airplane to say it.—New York World.

DOUGLAS' INFANT TABLETS TRADE MARK
FORMERLY HENNEQUINS
FOR BABIES AND SMALL CHILDREN
Cures Worms, Stomach & Teething Troubles
Contain no harmful drugs. 25c per box or 5 boxes by mail on receipt of $1.00.
Douglas & Co., Napanee, Ont.

Couldn't Wake 'em Up

The impossible simply can't be accomplished, even for the war bands. Thus, a British aviator's pamphlets brought no subscriptions when they fluttered down from the clouds urging people to "Wake Up and Buy War Bonds," and landed in Chelmsford cemetery.

MAKE YOURSELF STRONG

People with strong constitutions escape most of the minor ills that make life miserable for others. Don't you envy the friend who does not know what a headache is, whose digestion is perfect, and who sleeps soundly at night? How far do you come from this description? Have you ever made an earnest effort to strengthen your constitution, to build up your system to ward off discomfort and disease? Unless you have an organic disease it is generally possible to so improve your physical condition that perfect health will be yours. The first thing to be done is to build up your blood as poor blood is the source of physical weakness. To build up the blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is just the medicine you need. Every dose helps to make new blood which reaches every nerve and every part of the body, bringing color to the cheeks, brightness to the eyes, a steadiness to the hands, a good appetite and splendid energy. Thousands throughout the country whose condition once made them despair, owe their present good health to this medicine. If you are one of the weak and ailing give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and note the daily gain in new health and abounding vitality.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Helping the Farmer

To assist farmers in providing themselves with cattle, the live stock branch of the department of agriculture of Saskatchewan will have a number of pure bred bulls and grade heifers on exhibition and sale at the various exhibitions to be held at towns throughout the province. These animals will be sold at cost to farmers who satisfy the provincial authorities that they are capable of taking care of cattle. An initial payment of one-third cash is required on the heifers and one-quarter cash on the bulls.

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

When youth takes flight on the wings of years beauty of complexion goes too, unless you give your skin proper and daily care. Use of Ingram's Milkweed Cream will enable you to appear youthful when you are no longer young. Its distinctive remedial effect upon the tissues of the skin keeps the complexion colorful, soft and free from blemish. It does actually "healthify" and beautify your complexion. Since 1885 there's been nothing else "just as good." Take no other. Two sizes, 50c and $1.00.

Warm days, household work, and kitchen heat, all cause perspiration and shiny, oily skin. You can avoid this by using Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder, 50c. It blends perfectly with the complexion. A light touch hides little blemishes, makes your complexion smooth, soft and flawless. A full line of Ingram's toilet products, including Zodenta for the teeth, 25c, is at your druggist's.

A Picture With Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor, Ontario

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C.
Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.
C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, SEPT. 27

Late—Rather

Yes, we're late—again. This trip it wasn't the press that failed us, but rather a combination of circumstances, at least one or two of which were not entirely displeasing.

1. The commercial printing department was crowded with fall fair and other work.

2. Our assistant was on the sick list during the whole week.

3. On Tuesday and Wednesday the provincial assessor and collector very kindly favored with this quite extensive list of lands to be sold for arrears of taxes, and as our supply of type was not sufficiently large for the emergency we had to have it set for us by the Kaslo Kootenaian, which has the finest Mergenthaler typesetting machine in all the B.C. interior.

4. And Saturday being fair day naturally we had to have the day off to see the show.

It may be that this setback will delay the next issue a trifle—but after that we once more assure it "will never happen again."

Save!

Canadian patriotism demands the practise of thrift by all her sons. The men who are holding the lines at home are they who are making it easy for the business of the country to go on with little jar to the mechanism. The steady pulling together of all citizens in the production of goods and the conservation of all field crops marks the thrifty nation. Saving on the part of our citizens is going to be the greatest insurance we will have in Canada against a period of depression after the war. The combined capital of the individuals who make the country will form a fund of sufficient power to drive business along in a most satisfying way in spite of the prevailing hard times of such a period.

The saving man is therefore a real patriot. He has Canada's interests fundamentally at heart. May his tribe increase in these days when wealth is piling up under the spur of war-time efforts. Save because it hits both ways. It is a high form of patriotism, and it gives one's country a leg up in a critical time. Put by that extra dollar now. The long procession of thrifty dollars will make a line that will not waver—Hindenburg or no Hindenburg.

Phoenix and Revelstoke have revived the curfew bell for the fall and winter months. 9 p.m. is the latest youngsters may be out by themselves.

Still another auto has been added to the collection at Kaslo. Last week F. T. Abey brought in another tin lizzie from Vancouver under its own steam.

The united church at Fernie is having a Rev. C. Mustard of Toronto take charge for a month with a view to a call at $1800 a year and a free house.

A. Endersby is Rossland's champion bear killer. So far this month he has despatched seven of them, which were playing havoc with his sheep and hogs.

The townsite company has just paid in $3000 of arrears of taxes at Grand Forks and the town will not have its proposed sale of city lots in arrears for taxes.

The Kootenaian complains that Kaslo's half dozen Ford owners are not observing the government's request to save gasoline by cutting out autoing on Sundays.

At Vernon part of the Indian reserve that was this year leased to the whites for cultivation, has produced almost 400 tons of wheat. A considerable area of it is also planted to tomatoes.

ROBT. LAMONT
NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL
CRESTON - - B.C.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

Sultana Cake Makers

Might we remind all who propose making entries for the special prize for Sultana Cake, as per Special Prize List of the fall fair, that we are sole agents in Creston for Featherlight Baking Powder, with which cakes must be made. We carry a full stock of it in all the different size tins.

8—15169

Mawson Brothers
GENERAL MERCHANTS

Nelson Assessment District—Continued from Page 1

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Christianson, Hans	Lot 8, Block 15, Map 622A	19.00	3.89	5.90	1.75	30.54
Landsberg, Mrs. Emma	Lot 11 & 12, Block 15, Map 622A	2.00	2.30	.46	1.75	6.51
Gleazer, P. J. (Estate)	Lot 20, Block 15, Map 622A	1.75	2.23	.63	1.75	6.36
Turner, Mrs. Anthony	Lot 4, Block 21, Map 622A	1.00	1.16	.23	1.75	4.14
Salmo Rink Co.	Lot 18 to 20, Block 29, Map 622A	35.00	44.60	14.97	1.75	96.32
Klaveans, Mrs. Lizzie	Lot 17, Block 29, Map 622A	5.17	3.88	1.89	1.75	12.69
McEwing, Mrs. Hattie	Lot 13, Block C, Map 622A	15.00	18.96	4.62	1.75	40.33
Gleazer, P. J. (Estate)	Lot 16, Block D, Map 622A	2.50	3.04	.73	1.75	8.02
Dobson, J. C.	Part of Block H, Map 622A	3.75	4.74	1.14	1.75	11.38

KITCHENER TOWNSITE, SUBDIVISION OF PART LOT 2546, MAP 688.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Eldridge, J. D. (Estate)	Lots 13 to 15, Block 1	3.00		.37	1.75	5.12
Miller, J. E.	Lot 7, Block 3	3.50		.60	1.75	5.85
Buchanan, James	Lot 3 and 4, Block 6	2.90		.53	1.75	5.18
Healey, Hugh	Lot 8, Block 8	1.25		.14	1.75	3.14
Rawles, Edgar	Lot 16, Block 22	1.25		.14	1.75	3.14
Healey, Hugh	Lot 17, Block 22	1.75		.30	1.75	3.80

YMIR TOWNSITE, SUBDIVISION OF PART OF SECTION 7, TOWNSHIP 17 LOT 1242, MAP 640.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Gray, Mrs. Emma	Lot 4, Block 5	5.00	4.63	1.01	1.75	12.39
Keefe, Mrs. Mary	Lot 7 and 8, Block 5	2.50	2.34	.60	1.75	7.19
Leahy, J. and Eva M.	Lot 9, Block 5	3.00	2.76	.87	1.75	8.38
Brown, Charles A.	Lot 13, Block 5	7.13	5.34	2.30	1.75	16.52
Patterson, C. M.	Lot 5, Block 6	9.00	8.22	2.60	1.75	21.57
Steel, W. O.	Lot 16, Block 6	25.14	10.13	14.94	1.75	51.96
Gleazer, P. J. (Estate)	Lot 6, Block 8	10.50	8.98	3.39	1.75	24.62
O'Neil, A. C.	Lot 10, Block 8	6.00	5.47	1.53	1.75	14.75
Malone and Tregillus	Lot 9 and 10, Block 11	17.50	19.18	5.03	1.75	43.46
Rogers, J. P.	Lot 4 to 6, Block 17	17.50	16.24	4.18	1.75	39.67
B. C. Town Properties Syndicate	Lot 7 and 8, Block 17	4.00	3.75	.57	1.75	10.07
B. C. Town Properties Syndicate	Lot 5 and 6, Block 18	10.00	9.40	1.91	1.75	23.06
Ymir Miners' Union	Lot E½ 9 and 10, Block 19	15.00	17.40	3.64	1.75	37.79
B. C. Town Properties Syndicate	Lot 5 and 6, Block 20	8.00	7.50	1.53	1.75	18.78
Rogers, J. P.	Lot 13, 16 and 17, Block 20	5.75	5.38	1.38	1.75	14.26
O'Neal, A. C.	Lot 15, Block 24	19.50	17.84	5.63	1.75	44.72
Winslow, L. J.	Lot 13, Block 25	6.00	5.65	1.15	1.75	14.55
Rogers, J. P.	Lot 16 and 17, Block 25	3.75	3.51	.90	1.75	9.91
Brean, John	Lot 2 and 3, Block 26	50.00	46.40	11.99	1.75	110.14
Ymir Miners' Union	Lot 9 and 10, Block 26	9.00	8.45	1.72	1.75	20.92
Stewart, Mary	Lot 14, Block 26	7.60	7.12	1.45	1.75	17.92
Paterson and Sanderson	Lot 15 and 16, Block 26	71.42	32.94	22.76	1.75	128.87
Paterson and Sanderson	Lot 1 and 2, Block 27	76.78	35.43	24.45	1.75	138.41
Delahy, William	Lot 3, 4 and 5, Block 27	72.03	45.63	23.72	1.75	143.13
Rotherham, Mrs. H.	Lot 6, Block 27	12.50	11.64	3.00	1.75	28.89
Stewart, J.	Lot 20, Block 28	2.60	2.47	.50	1.75	7.32
Garvin, Albert	Lot 5, Block 29	3.50	3.01	.99	1.75	9.25
Jackson Reddin Co.	Lot 1, Block "G"	7.00	5.04	2.44	1.75	16.23
Garvin, Mrs. Albert	Lot 6, Block "G"	1.75	.89	.42	1.75	4.81
Chip, A. L.	Lot 1, Block "I"	44.50	25.31	14.46	1.75	86.02

TOWN OF FORT SHEPPARD, MAP 500

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Shedden, George	Lots 26 and 27, Block 8	3.80		.91	1.75	6.46

KUSKANOOK TOWNSITE, SUBDIVISION OF PART OF LOT 883, MAP 1223.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Hoyt, Hattie	Lots 2, 3 and 4, Block 48	1.75		.31	1.75	3.81
Fraser, Mollie	Lots 10, 11 and 12, Block 56	1.75		.31	1.75	3.81

SHEEP CREEK TOWNSITE, SUBDIVISION OF PART OF LOT 10004, MAP 1175

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14	12.50		1.51	1.75	15.76
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 7 to 24, Block 5	11.25		1.37	1.75	14.37
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 7 to 24, Block 6	11.25		1.37	1.75	14.37
Salmo Trading Co.	Lots 1 to 2, Block 7	28.00		5.00	1.75	34.75
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 6 to 17, 21 to 24, Block 7	9.50		1.15	1.75	12.40
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 1 to 3, 7to 11, Block 8	5.00		.61	1.75	7.36
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 5 to 9, Block 9	4.50		.55	1.75	6.80
Lindow, Carl W.	Lot 2, Block 9	1.06		.16	1.75	2.91
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 1 to 7, 13 to 21, Block 10	10.00		1.22	1.75	12.97
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 1 to 6, 10 to 12, 13 to 21, Block 11	11.25		1.37	1.75	14.37
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 7 to 24, Block 12	11.25		1.37	1.75	14.37
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 7 to 24, Block 15	11.25		1.37	1.75	14.37
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 5 to 15, Block 16	6.25		.76	1.75	8.76
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 1 to 5, Block 17	3.25		.39	1.75	5.39
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Lots 1 to 7, Block 18	4.50		.55	1.75	6.80
Sheep Creek Townsite Co.	Unplatted portion of Lot 10004, containing 18.60 acres more or less	2.50		.29	2.75	5.54

FRUITVALE TOWNSITE, SUBDIVISION OF LOTS 37 and 210, Maps 785A and 785B.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Ennis, Charles A.	Lot 3, Block "C"	3.75	2.17	.75	1.75	8.42
Hendrickson, John C.	Lot 7, Block "C"	3.75	2.17	.75	1.75	8.42
The Dominion Trust Co.	Lot 10, Block "I"	3.00	2.17	.58	1.75	7.50

TOWNSITE OF FALLS CITY, ADDITION "A", MAP 1029, KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 19, Block 1	33.25		5.95	1.75	40.95
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 15 to 38, Block 2	34.50		5.30	1.75	41.55
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 6 to 17, Block 3	21.00		3.75	1.75	26.50
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 2, Block 4	3.50		.60	1.75	5.85
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 25, 40 to 52, Block 5	66.50		11.85	1.75	80.10
Kimber, Edward	Lots 9 and 10, Block 6	2.00		.20	1.75	3.95
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 3 to 8, 11 to 35, Block 6	54.25		6.65	1.75	62.65
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 29, Block 7	51.50		9.25	1.75	62.50
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 37, Block 8	64.75		10.55	1.75	77.05
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 9, 9A, 10, 10B, 27 to 49, Blk 9	62.00		11.15	1.75	74.90
Skuse, John J.	Lots 50 to 65, Block 9	24.00		3.60	1.75	29.35
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 12 to 17, 24 to 40, Block 10	40.25		7.20	1.75	49.20
Skuse, John J.	Lots 18, 20 and 21, Block 10	4.50		.65	1.75	6.90
Barnett, E. R.	Lots 22 and 23, Block 10	3.00		.45	1.75	5.20
Ramusen, Andrew	Lots 41 to 43, Block 10	4.50		.65	1.75	6.90
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 9, 15 and 18, Block 11	20.00		3.65	1.75	25.40
Skuse, John J.	Lots 16 and 17, Block 11	3.00		.45	1.75	5.20
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 3 to 10, Block 12	14.00		2.50	1.75	18.25
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 9, 10, 22 to 29, Block 13	17.50		2.70	1.75	21.95
Skuse, John J.	Lots 13, 18 and 19, Block 13	4.50		.65	1.75	6.90
Wood, Charles F.	Lots 14 and 15, Block 13	3.00		.45	1.75	5.20
Wolf, S. M.	Lot 16, Block 13	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Johnston, W. S.	Lot 17, Block 13	1.00		.10	1.75	2.85
De Taylor, Magdaline	Lots 20 and 21, Block 13	2.00		.20	1.75	3.95
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 7 to 20, 23, 25 and 30, Block 14	33.25		5.95	1.75	40.95
Grant, Erick	Lots 21 and 22, Block 14	3.50		.60	1.75	5.85
Barnett, E. R.	Lot 31, Block 14	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Simmonds & Maher	Lot 34A, Block 14	1.75		.20	1.75	3.70
Jones, S. A.	Lots 27 and 28, Block 14	3.50		.60	1.75	5.85
Lynn, Robert W.	Lots 32 and 33, Block 14	2.00		.20	1.75	3.95
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 7 to 17, 19 to 21, Block 15	25.50		4.65	1.75	31.90
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 19, 37 to 40, Block 16	41.00		7.40	1.75	50.15
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 7 to 24, Block 17	31.50		5.10	1.75	38.35
Barnett, E. R.	Lot 1, Block 18	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Skuse, John J.	Lots 10 and 15, Block 18	3.00		.45	1.75	5.20
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 11, 13, 18 to 20, Block 18	8.75		1.50	1.75	12.00
Simpson, W. C.	Lot 14, Block 18	1.75		.20	1.75	3.70
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 16 and 17, Block 18	3.50		.45	1.75	5.70
Wolf, S. M.	Lot 12, Block 18	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Solberg, Peter	Lot 1 and 2, Block 19	3.00		.45	1.75	5.20
Simpson, W. C.	Lot 3, Block 19	1.75		.20	1.75	3.70
Wolf, S. M.	Lot 4, Block 19	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Skuse, John J.	Lots 8, 10, 11, 14 and 16, Block 19	8.50		1.20	1.75	11.45
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 9 and 17, 15, 18, 19 and 20, Blk. 19	10.50		1.85	1.75	14.10
Skuse, John J.	Lots 1, 2, 9, 10, 13, 14, Block 20	9.00		1.35	1.75	12.10
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lot 6, Block 20	1.75		.20	1.75	3.70
Simmonds and Maher	Lot 7, Block 20	1.75		.20	1.75	3.70
Barnett, E. R.	Lot 8, Block 20	1.50		.15	1.75	3.40
Christie, Victor W.	Lots 11 and 12, Block 20	2.50		.30	1.75	4.55
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 10 to 35, Block 21	38.00		5.55	1.75	45.30
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1, 2, 19 to 34, 36 to 40, 46 to 55, 57 to 63, 69 and 70, Block 22	73.50		12.10	1.75	87.35
Skuse, John J.	Lots 16, 34, 35, 41 to 44, 66 and 67, 71 to 84, 87, Block 22	37.50		5.75	1.75	45.00
Wallace, C. A.	Lots 17, 18 and 68, Block 22	4.50		.65	1.75	6.90
Lynn, Robert W.	Lots 85 and 86, Block 22	2.00		.20	1.75	3.95
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 8to 29, Block 23	38.50		6.35	1.75	46.60
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 7, 10 to 16, Block 24	24.50		4.35	1.75	30.60
Wallace, C. A.	Lots 8 and 9, Block 24	3.50		.60	1.75	5.85
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 20, 35 to 53, Block 25	61.50		10.15	1.75	73.40
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 20 to 25, , 29 to 32, Block 26	16.00		2.70	1.75	20.45
Skuse, John J.	Lots 1 to 19, Block "K", Map 1029 and 972	28.50		4.27	1.75	34.52
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 3, 5 to 19, 30 to 34, 36 to 38, Block "L", Map 1029 and 972	45.50		8.10	1.75	55.35
Skuse, John J.	Lots 20 to 29, Block "L", M. 1029 & 972	15.00		2.25	1.75	19.00
Skuse, John J.	Lots 20 to 30, Block "M", M. 1029 & 972	16.50		2.45	1.75	20.70
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 31 to 36, Block "M", M. 1029 & 972	10.50		1.85	1.75	14.10
Bennett, E. R.	Lots 37 and 38, Blk. "M", M. 1029 & 972	3.00		.43	1.75	5.18
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 1 to 9, Block "N", Map 1029 & 972	15.75		2.80	1.75	20.30
Pacific Exploration Co.	Lots 3 to 6, Block "O", Map 1029 & 972	7.00		1.25	1.75	10.00
Skuse, John J.	Lots 1 to 6, Block "P", Map 1029 & 972	9.00		1.35	1.75	12.10

CRESTON TOWNSITE

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Rell, Clifton P.	Part of Block 25, Map 693A, described as follows: Commencing at the N. W. corner of Block 25, thence E. 25 2-100 feet, thence S. W. for a distance of 18 feet, thence 23 3-100 feet to point of commencement	35.00	36.40	13.20	1.75	86.35
Mirabelli, A.	Lot 8, Block 21, Map 693	18.00	18.75	5.75	1.75	44.25
Quaife, Mrs. John	Lot 15, Block 21, Map 693	3.45	3.60	.90	1.75	9.70
Caldwell, H. J. (Estate)	Lot 12, Block 28, Map 693	2.50	2.71	.70	1.75	7.66
Keefer, G. A.	Lots 13 and 14, Block 28, Map 693	6.25	6.72	1.70	1.75	16.42
Powell, G. B.	Lot 8, Block 29, Map 693	4.55	4.72	1.20	1.75	12.22
Griffin & Mallandaine & Cook, J.	Lots 20 to 21, Block 49, Map 693	3.25	3.49	.90	1.75	9.39
Little, Fred G.	Lots 2 to 20, Block 50, Map 693		34.96	3.80	1.75	40.51
Wright, Harry	Lot 4, Block A, Map 693C	7.00	7.27	2.62	1.75	18.64
Marsico, Michele	Lots 18 and 19, Block D, Map 693D	2.00	2.06	.45	1.75	6.26
Mirabelli, Achille	Lot 5, Block E, Map 883	7.50	7.82	2.70	1.75	19.77
Reid, R. M.	Lots 5A and 7A, Block E, Map 890	3.00	2.06	.70	1.75	7.51
Green, Mary J.	Lots 21A and 23A, Block E, Map 890	6.00		.55	1.75	8.30
Mirabelli, Achille	Lots 31A, 33A, 35A, 37A, Blk. E, M. 890	10.50	10.92	3.35	1.75	26.52
Reamish, Mrs. T. L.	All Block F, Map 693B	25.00	26.85	6.90	1.75	60.50

DOW'S ADDITION.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Rell, Clifton P.	Lots 8, 9 and 10 of Block 100 of Subdivision of Block 1 of Lot 524, Group 1, (Dow's Addition "A" to the Town of Creston) and part of Block 2 of Lot 891, G. 1., Map 948	6.00	6.13	1.27	1.75	15.15
Wright, Harry	Lots 17 to 20, Block 4, Town of Creston, Dow's Addition, Map 851	14.00	14.54	5.25	1.75	35.64

SUBDIVISION OF BLOCK 3 OF LOT 891, GROUP 1, MAP 893.

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Macdonald, A. B.	Lot 18, Block 3	2.50	2.71	.70	1.75	7.66
Barton, James M. (Estate of)	Lots 5 to 16, Block 1; Lots 17 and 19 [illegible] Lots 36 to 50, Block 2; Lots 30 to 34, Block 4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Continued on Page 5

Nelson Assessment District—Continued from Page 4

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
	SUBDIVISION OF PART OF LOT 304, MAP 1135.					
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 7 (less road allowance) Blk. 1	32.60		3.10	1.75	37.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 3 to 6, Block 2	14.80		1.40	1.75	17.95
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 12, Block 3	11.40		1.10	1.75	14.25
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 12, Block 4	14.40		1.35	1.75	17.50
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 6, Block 5	8.40		1.30	1.75	11.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 12, Block 6	12.00		1.15	1.75	14.90
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 7	21.20		2.00	1.75	24.95
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 8	19.80		1.90	1.75	23.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 9	19.80		1.90	1.75	23.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 10	28.80		2.75	1.75	33.30
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 9, Block 11	38.80		3.70	1.75	44.25
Robertson, Mrs. M. S.	Lots 10 to 12, Block 11	138.00		13.10	1.75	152.85
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 6 and 9 to 13, Block 12	47.60		4.55	1.75	53.90
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 4 and 10 to 13, Block 13	23.60		2.30	1.75	27.65
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 4 to 6, 10 to 12, Block 14	18.20		1.70	1.75	21.65
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 17 to 20, Block 15	16.40		1.55	1.75	19.70
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1, 2 & 5 to 11, Block 16	12.40		1.20	1.75	15.35
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 23, Block 17	22.40		2.15	1.75	26.30
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 18	21.60		2.10	1.75	25.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 30, Block 19	33.60		3.20	1.75	38.55
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 31, Block 20	39.30		3.70	1.75	44.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 33, Block 21	39.30		3.70	1.75	44.45
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 20 and 31 to 35, Block 22	26.00		2.45	1.75	30.20
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 23	26.00		2.45	1.75	30.20
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 24	29.60		2.80	1.75	34.15
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 25	26.60		2.40	1.75	30.75
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 24, Block 26	24.40		2.35	1.75	28.50
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1to 7, Block 27	14.00		1.30	1.75	17.05
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 14, Block 28	28.00		2.65	1.75	32.40
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 7, Block 29	14.00		1.35	1.75	17.10
McQuarrie & Robertson	All Blk. 30 excepting N.E. cor, 16.75 ac. more or less	22.10		2.35	2.75	27.20
McQuarrie & Robertson	Lots 1 to 6, Blk. 31. All Blk. 32	13.00		1.25	1.75	16.00
	FRUITVALE SUBDIVISION					
Jefferies, Edward	Block 5, Map 785. 10 acres more or less	14.00	7.40	2.10	2.75	26.25
Doran, Alfred	Block 6, Map 785, 10 acres more or less	20.00	11.56	4.65	2.75	38.96
Rosander, Robert	Block 15, Map 785, 10 ac. more or less	17.50	5.10	2.50	2.75	27.85
Morrow, John H.	Blk. 33, Map 785, 19.952 ac. more or less	18.00	9.60	2.70	2.75	33.05
Bush, Richard J.	Blk. 38, Map 785A. 3.03 ac. more or less	4.50	3.20	.80	2.75	11.25
Barrett, Rev. G. H.	Blk. 46, Map 785A, 10 ac. more or less	14.00	7.40	2.10	2.75	26.25
Barrett, Mrs. Margaret M.	Blk. 48, Map 785A, 10 acres more or less	14.00	7.40	2.10	2.75	26.25
Jackson, T. Eastwood	Blk. 71, Map 785A, 10.13 acres more or l.	6.00	10.18	1.95	2.75	20.88
Arnold, George	Blk. 73, Map 785A, 10 ac. more or less	12.50	7.20	2.50	2.75	24.95
Crawford, J.	Blk. 77, Map 785A, 10 ac. more or less	14.50	8.40	3.45	2.75	29.10
Crawford, J.	Blk. 78, Map 785A. 10 ac. more or less	14.50	8.40	3.45	2.75	29.10
Greenwood, Jas., et. al	Blk. 89, Map 785B, 9.46 ac. more or less	12.60	2.52	1.30	2.75	19.17
Shaw, J. H. W.	Blk. 122, Map 785B. 10.06 ac. more or l.	20.00	11.56	4.65	2.75	38.96
Towers, William	Blk. 125, Map 785B, 10 ac. more or less	14.00	10.06	2.70	2.75	29.51
Webster, John F.	Blk. 141, Map 785B, 9.20 ac. more or l.	20.00	11.26	4.60	2.75	38.61
Peverelle, L. A.	Blk. 158, Mp.785B. 6.60 ac. more or less	7.00	7.40	1.45	2.75	18.60
Peverelle, L. A.	Blk 159, Mp.785B. 5 ac. more or less	7.00		.65	2.75	10.40
Riley, Thos B.	Blk. 168 Map 785B, 10 ac. more or less	17.50	10.78	4.35	2.75	35.38
Kenyon, Fay W.	Blk. 182, Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	17.00	10.48	4.15	2.75	34.38
Felsostrat, John	Blk. 204, Mp. 785B. 8.80 ac. more or less	16.20	9.38	3.85	2.75	32.18
Malcolmson, J. N.	Blk. 214, Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	12.00	6.92	2.90	2.75	24.57
Boulton, James	Blk. 223, Map 785B, 8.53 ac. more or l.	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Boulton, James	Blk. 224, Mp. 785B. 9 ac. more or less	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Rawson, Percy	Blk. 233, Mp. 785B. 75.85 ac. more or l.	41.50	3.42	7.30	2.75	54.97
Dewsnip, John	Blk. 235, Map 785B, 113.56 ac. more or l.	39.00	3.20	4.45	2.75	49.40
McKenzie, D.	Blk. 246, Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	12.50		1.50	2.75	16.75
Garland, Wm.	Blk. 247 Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	15.00	8.70	3.65	2.75	30.10
Day, Wm. G.	Blk. 258, Mp. 785B. 10. ac more or less	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Barret, Mrs. Margaret M.	Blk. 261, Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Barret, Mrs. Margaret M.	Blk 262, Mp. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Phillips, R. & D. E.	Blk. 266, M. 785B, 10 ac. more or less	12.50	7.20	2.50	2.75	24.95
Smith, F. K.	Blk. 269, M. 785B, 10 ac. more or less	10.00	5.30	1.50	2.75	19.55
Burke, Wm.	Blk. 274, Map 785B. 10 ac. more or less	15.00	8.70	3.65	2.75	30.10
Dominion Trust Co.	Blk. 277, Map 785B. 10 ac. more or less	10.00	7.10	1.95	2.75	21.80
Foggo, Robt.	Blk. 286, M. 785D. 10 ac. more or less	17.50	10.06	3.50	2.75	33.81
De Lury, Geo.	Blk. 292, M. 785D. 21.44 ac. more or less	14.00	7.40	2.10	2.75	26.25
Brumwell, Robert	Blk. 315, M. 785B. 10 ac. more or less	20.00	11.56	4.65	2.75	38.96
	COLUMBIA GARDENS					
Dutcher, M. B.	Blk. 7 of Lot 205A. Map 800. 17.05 acres more or less	20.00	44.14	5.90	2.75	72.79
Affleck, Robt. G.	Blk. 23, 23C of Lot 205, G. 1, Columbia Gardens, Map 800, 23.46 ac. more or less	38.00	45.81	8.60	2.75	95.16
Dutcher, B. W.	Blk. 18 of Lot 205A, Map 800, 9.50 acres more or less	10.00	24.60	2.90	2.75	40.25
Dutcher, B. W.	Blks. 18A and 18B, of Lot 205B, M.800. 31.72 acres more or less	16.00	46.12	4.85	2.75	69.72
Dutcher, B. W.	Blks. 19, 19A, 19B of Lot 205B, Map 800. 39.10 acres more or less	10.00	41.50	5.70	2.75	59.95
Burley, Leonard	Blk. 26 of Lot 205, Map 800, 113 acres more or less	30.00	38.53	9.10	2.75	80.38
	CENTRAL PARK.					
Day, R. S.	Lot 29, Map 850, 13 acres more or less	5.50		.56	2.75	8.75
Lawley, W. E.	Lot 35, Map 850, 11 acres more or less	5.00		.50	2.75	8.25
Brutinel, Marie	Lot 38, Map 850, 13.60 acres more or l.	7.20		.65	2.75	10.30
Ponson, August	Lot 70, Map 850, 5.60 ac. more or less	1.50		.20	2.75	4.45
	KOOTENAY VALLEY LANDS					
Jefferson, Albert E.	Block 15 of Lot 9555, 10.10 ac. more or l.	25.00	20.35	5.35	2.75	53.45
Reid, W., & Mather, Wm.	Blk. 129A of Lot 9553, 9 ac. more or l	5.00	1.62	.70	2.75	10.07
	WYNNDEL FRUIT LANDS, A SUBDIVISION OF SUB LOTS 6, 43, 44, 45, MAP 864					
Morris, J. Royal	Blk. 1, 969 acres more or less	26.00	4.83	3.25	2.75	36.83
Chudleigh, E. L.	W½ Blk. 19, 9.84 ac. more or less	42.00	5.02	7.80	2.75	57.57
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 20, 19.68 ac. more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Metcalfe, W. E.	Blk. 21, 19.10 ac. more or less	300.68	19.26	80.45	2.75	403.14
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 22, 19.68 ac. more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	W½ Blk. 23, 9.52 ac. more or less	42.00	5.02	7.80	2.75	57.57
Rice, Grant E.	Blk. 24, 19.35 ac. more or less	298.68	19.26	79.87	2.75	400.56
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 25, 19.51 ac. more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 26, 19.51 ac. more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	E½ Blk. 27, 9.60 acres more or less	62.00	5.02	13.60	2.75	83.37
Rice, Grant E.	W½ Blk.27, 9.60 acres more or less	137.60	8.59	36.30	2.75	185.24
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 28, 1970 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
White, Thos.	W½ Blk. 31, 9.55 acres more or less	26.00	3.07	3.15	2.75	34.97
Makin, Harold	E½ Blk. 31, 9.55 acres more or less	26.00	3.07	3.15	2.75	34.97
Pearce, Almond H.	W½ Blk 32, 9.55 acres more or less	34.00	3.82	5.15	2.75	45.72
Chudleigh, E. L.	E½, Blk. 32, 9.55 acres more or less	42.00	5.02	7.80	2.75	57.57
McLean, Jas. and Irvine, J. E.	Blk. 33, 20.07 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 34, 20.32 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15.60	2.75	112.39
Muench, R. H.	Blk. 35, 19.10 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15:60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 40, 21.04 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15:60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 41, 22 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15:60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 42, 19.68 acres more or less	84.00	10.04	15:60	2.75	112.39
Chudleigh, E. L.	Blk. 44, 35.43 acres more or less	147.00	17.58	27.40	2.75	194.73
	KAslo AND SLOCAN RAILWAY LAND GRANT LANDS, LOT 812, G. 1, K.D.					
Chudleigh, M. R.	Blk. 67, Map 730C, 9.76 ac. more or less	105.00	10.05	18.85	2.75	136.65
Chudleigh, M. R.	Blk. 68, Map 730C, 9.76 ac more or less	105.00	10.05	18.85	2.75	136.65
Chudleigh, M. R.	Blk. 69, Map 730C, 9.77 ac. more or less	105.00	10.05	18.85	2.75	136.65
Lee, Rev. R. W.	Blk. 76, Map 730C, 9.77 ac. more or less	85.00	8.60	12.60	2.75	108.95
Warmouth, J. G.	Blk. 85, Map 730C, 9.77 ac. more or less	21.25	14.15	4.25	2.75	42.40
	LOT 891, G. 1., K. D.					
Barton, Mrs. J. M.	Block 3, (excepting portion subdivided by Map 893.) Map 698, 32 ac. more or l.	75.00	80.55	20.65	2.75	178.95
Young, G. A., and O'Kell, A.	S½ Lot 1, Block 4, Map 771	18.60	16.10	4.30	2.75	41.15
Murr, W. H.	Lot 3, Block 4, Map 771	15.00	16.11	4.10	2.75	37.96
Barnes, J. A.	Blk. 9, Map 698, 22.82 ac. more or less	81.00	3.00	9.25	2.75	96.00
Barton, Mrs. J. M.	Blk. 10, Map. 698, 12.91 ac. more or less	75.00	12.25	12.80	2.75	102.80
Cartwright, W. E.	Blk. 11, Map 698, 8.20 ac. more or less	16.00	16.28	3.40	2.75	38.43
Cartwright, W. E.	Blk. 25, Map 698, 22.80 ac. more or less	48.50	13.20	6.25	2.75	70.70
	LOT 892.					
Alice Broughton Mining Co.	Part (10 Acres) of Block 2 of Lot 892, G. 1, Map 698A.	22.00	22.86	8.65	2.75	56.26
	LOT 222.					
McAstocker, Claude J. and Thomas, H.	Block 7 to 13 of Lot 222, G. 1., Map 718 66.68 acres more or less	154.00	74.17	31.55	2.75	262.47
Hughes, Jas. L. G.	½ Lots B & C of Blocks 15 & 15A of Lot 222, G.1, Map 895, 7.285 acres more or less	21.75	6.22	3.20	2.75	33.92
Quinn, M. J.	N. 10 chs. of S. L. 2 of part of Lot 888, Map 917, 28 ac. more or less	7.50		.90	2.75	11.15
	B. C. SOUTHERN RAILWAY LAND GRANT, LOT 4595, G. 1., K. D.					
McTavish, P. D. and D. N.	Sub Lot 2, 156 acres more or less	672.00	120.48	130.20	2.75	925.43
McTavish, P. D. and D. N.	Sub Lot 31, exception 5.84 ac thereof, 150.71 acres more or less	634.20	113.67	122.81	2.75	873.43
Anderson, Anthony	Sub Lot 4, 96.60 acres more or less	50.00	38.35	10.00	2.75	101.10
Tennyman, H.	Blk. F of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 16, Map 776, 9.17 acres more or less	22.50		2.75	2.75	28.00
Revercomb, C. H.	Blk. 2 of Subdvn of Sub Lot 16, Map 776, 9.47 acres more or less	9.60		1.40	2.75	13.75
Gordon, Hon. John	Blk. 7 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 16, Map 776, 10 acres more or less	16.00		1.50	2.75	20.25
Carr, Walter and Hoefer, Chas.	Blks. 12 and 19 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 20, Map 787, 19.89 ac. more or less	30.00		2.85	2.75	35.60
Kilgour, J. T.	Blk. 20 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 20, Map 787, 10 acres more or less	25.00		3.05	2.75	30.80
Fabrick, J. W.	Blk. 7 and 15, of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 21, Mp 793, 20 acres more or less	12.50		1.55	2.75	16.80
Nugent, Annie	Blk. [illegible] of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 21, Map 793, 10 acres more or less	9.00		1.00	2.75	12.75
Beewar, J. W.	Blk. 11, of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 21, Map 793, 10 acres more or less	8.00		.75	2.75	11.50
Sayer, Joseph	Blk. 2 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 10 acres more or less	8.00		1.10	2.75	11.85
McGregor, Ernest T.	Blk. 4 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 160.10 acres more or less	168.00		27.60	2.75	198.35
McGregor, Ernest T.	Blk. 5, of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 39.90 acres more or less	42.00		6.90	2.75	51.65
Smith, Harold E.	Blk. 5 of Subdvn. of Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 70 acres more or less	73.50		12.05	2.75	88.30
Thompson, Robert	Blk. 8 & 9, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 50 acres more or less	52.50		8.60	2.75	63.85
Lauder, J. A.	Blk. 10, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 25 acres more or less	26.25		4.30	2.75	33.30
McGregor, E. T.	Blk. 11 & 12, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 40 acres more or less	42.00		6.90	2.75	51.65

Continued on Page 7

Erickson

Murdoch McLeod is reported opening another branch store at Cranbrook, moving the stock from his Ainsworth emporium to the divisional city.

Joe Stinson got back last week from the Cranbrook hospital, where he had been operated upon for appendicitus a couple of weeks previous. He is rapidly getting back to his old-time self.

Sapper W. Truscott of the Engineers, Vancouver, returned to the coast yesterday, after about ten days' leave at his home here. He expects the corps will be leaving for oyerseas any time now.

Alex. Duperry was Erickson's representative at the Nelson fruit fair this year, and is spending a few days with friends in that city.

J. Attwood of Moyie arrived the latter part of the week, and will spend the next three weeks on his ranch here. For an orchard just nicely coming into bearing he has an apple crop dandy both as to quantity and quality.

Frank Botterill was taken to Cranbrook hospital on Thursday of last week, suffering from appendicitus, for which he was successfully operated upon Saturday, and is doing nicely since. Mrs. Botterill is with him,

Geo. Leadbeater and John Graham joined up this week with the road building crew T. Harris has at work at Arrow Creek.

Sunday's rain did some damage to the tomato crop, but the injury is not extensive as the greater part of these have already been shipped.

In view of some alarm expressed at Alice Siding lest the catch of bees by Messrs. Graham and Dodds should deprive members of those families of the sugar ration all winter, we would state that with the raspberries and apple trees in blossom again, and with Mrs. Dodds and Mrs. Graham in full charge, the bees have already a surplus of honey and by up-to-the-minute selling service the prospective yield is now all sold—some of the customers being prominent Alice Siding citizens.

Wagon loads of tomatoes were a feature of the Nelson public market last Saturday, going at 4c. a pound.

The muncipality of Coldstream, near Vernon, will use a tractor for doing the roadwork in future, and is advertising its team of work horses for sale.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Kaslo Women's Institute now claims a membership of 88.

In the creeks at Kaslo the red fish are running heavy these days.

Rossland has a couple of teachers on this year's staff who only draw $67.50 a month.

At Nelson almost 700 shooting licenses of the various kinds have been issued so far this season.

The Sunnyside ranch at Grand Forks will have almost 5000 boxes of plums to ship this season.

At the Trail fair last week six evaders of military service were gathered in by the military police.

Rossland's new $80,000 school will be called the MacLean, out of courtesy to the minister of education.

On two poles alone Greenwood small boys have already this year smashed 24 electric light globes.

In proportion to population more hunting licenses are issued at Phoenix this year than at any point in B.C.

The Chinese are deserting Kaslo. In consequence there is a decided shortage of day laborers there at present.

72 pupils are attending Grand Forks high school, and there are 438 scholars in the public school of the same town.

Okanagan fruit is going out via Vernon by the trainload these times. One day last week the outgo was 54 cars.

Last year Cranbrook Women's Institute sent $276 worth of comforts to the overseas soldiers, according to the Herald.

In 1911 Phoenix hunters are reputed to have brought in a total of 18,000 pounds of venison for the season's hunting.

Kaslo contemplates doing considerable cement walk building next year and will purchase cement in carload lots in future.

In the past sixteen months employees at the Trail smelter claim to have contributed almost $51,000 to various patriotic causes.

Winfield Maxwell, the Laurier Liberal candidate in West Kootenay at the federal election last year, was married at Vancouver early last month. He will continue to reside at Revelstoke.

Everything in Lumber

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

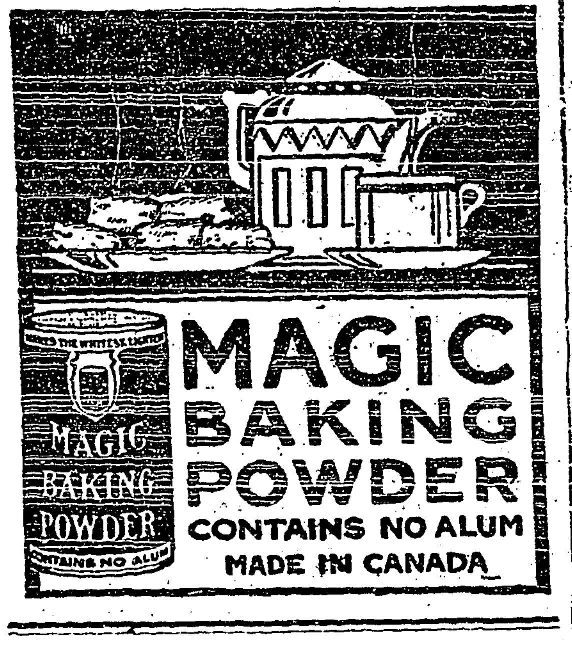
THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

Consult the Manager regarding current accounts, collections, loans and the other facilities offered by this Bank.

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch



Torpedo the Women!

The Hun's Hankering for Ships With Ladies Aboard

There is one target that no self-respecting U-boat can resist—an unarmed sailing vessel. And if, by happy Potsdam fortune, there should be women aboard—oh, schrecklichkeöt, what a rubbing of hands, what a bubbling of cheery gutturals in the conning tower!

But it didn't take the British long to observe the Hun's hankering for ships with ladies aboard. So what could be simpler than to fit up some decoy schooners with masked guns and put some of the crew in skirts?

The comedy has been presented many times in the North Sea. To an apparently harmless lumber schooner, on whose decks are walking timid women, enter the U-Something or Other. In harsh tones the women are ordered to the boats. With screams of fear, and seizing their canary cages and knitting bags, the hapless females scramble like lubberettes over the side. U-Something or Other approaches to give the schooner her passport to the Good Old German David Jones. And then—false bulwarks drop, the loaded muzzles appear, and exit submarine by the bubble route. The timid females get aboard their timid vessel again and the schooner spreads her canvas in search of more periscopes.

But—does it seem quite fair to take advantage of the German weakness for ships with ladies on board? Potswetter donnerteufel, has England no shame?—Philadelphia Ledger.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

How Ma Felt

Willie—Paw, why do women cry at a wedding?

Maw — Because they have been married themselves, my son.

Paw—You better keep your mouth shut, young man.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

SMOKE TUCKETTS
T&B PLUG

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 IN 1
WHITE SHOE DRESSING
LIQUID and CAKE
For MEN'S WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S SHOES

Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

New French War Tanks

Small Size and High Speed Make Them More Difficult Targets

An important part was played by the French in the battle between the Aisne and Villers-Cotterets, last week by new small tanks which were used for the first time and engaged a considerable force. They are almost a quarter the size and weight of the ordinary battle tank and carry a crew of two men, one of which steers and the other operates the machine gun.

The new tanks are much faster than the ordinary tanks, and can climb a slope which the latter could not attempt, and can swing round in their tracks in a few seconds. Their small size and high speed naturally make them more difficult targets for the enemy's artillery than the heavy tanks.

HOW IS YOUR APPETITE?

Loss of appetite during the summer months is a common trouble, and indicates that the digestive system is out of order. Lacking a healthy appetite many people—especially women—go too long without food, or eat sparingly because food seems to distress them, and it is no wonder that they complain that they are constantly tired and unable to stand the hot weather. This simply means that the digestive system is not doing its proper work, and that the nutriment that should come from the food is not being distributed to the various organs of the body. In other words the blood is growing thin and watery.

You need a summer tonic, and in all the realm of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Take a short treatment with these pills now and notice how promtply your appetite returns and your power to digest food improves. Your food will then do you good, your strength will return and you will no longer complain that the hot weather tires you out.

The best time to begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the moment you feel the least bit out of sorts. The sooner you do so the sooner you will regain your old time energy. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Bagdad is Now Hive of Humanity

Allied Rule Has Transformed the Former Turkish Metropolis

The British official press correspondent with the British army in Mesopotamia sends the following despatch:

"The Turk has been dissipated on all three fronts during the past year. Meanwhile peace has reigned in the city of Bagdad, and the amenities of life have been multiplying for the army and for the civil population.

"Bagdad was dead, to all appearances, when the British army entered on March 11 last year. Now it is a bustling hive of humanity. Thousands of workmen pass through the streets early and late. The main street is paved and lighted. There is a constant stream of traffic, and the sleepiest old women who haunt the streets have became adept at dodging the American motor cars which rush through the streets.

"A police force and a fire department have been organized. The old-fashioned oil lamps in the streets have been replaced by eletcric lights. The water suppiy has been improved and extended. Mosques have been repaired, roads have been paved, and schools, including a training school for native teachers, have been opened.

"The streets are now well watered in dry weather, and sanitary officials have penetrated the most hidden corners of the city. The municipal government has been made self-supporting. Two bridges have been thrown across the Tigris river. These are some of the changes which have come quietly and unnoticed."

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

Paper Horseshoes

Parchment Paper Cut Out and Built to a Suitable Thickness

A European inventor proposes to [illegible] that for general purposes, shall be the equal [illegible] horseshoe, in the following [illegible]. Parchment paper is cut out [illegible] the use of a mixture [illegible] treated with litharge, [illegible] placed under the [illegible]. This produces very [illegible] and it [illegible]

[illegible] Instead of nailing [illegible] can be applied with an adhesive composition [illegible] principal part is a solution of [illegible] Paper [illegible] moulded into the [illegible] with the above. In actual use it has been found that the shoe does not hold well on the ground, [illegible]

French Capture Bombers

Balloon Defences of Open Towns Entagle German Planes

Few airplanes marked with the black Maltese cross of Germany appear over the French lines now in the daytime because of the marked superiority of the French aerial corps. A German airman shot down in combat and made a prisoner declared in a disgruntled tone: "It is useless for us to try to do anything in the air against these accursed French. They are too strong for us."

This fellow's discouragement is easily understood when one reads the list of casualties among German aviators. The enemy's list of chasing aces was never a very long one, yet among the flyers whose names have been published in the Wolff communiques, the following have been either killed, seriously wounded, or captured since the German offensive began last March.

Captain Baron von Richthofen, the noted "Red Baron," for whom eighty victories are claimed killed; his brother, Lieutenant von Richthofen gravely wounded; Captain von Tutscheck, Betlig, Goethch, Halstein, Geigel, Hess, Zorn, and Thome wounded.

The table of French chasing aces is headed by Lieutenant Fene Fonck with forty-five official victories, Lieutenant Nungesser with thirty-six victories, and Lieutenant Madon with thirty-two victories. These names are followed by those of more than forty pilots, each of whom has five or more German machines to his credit. Against these masters of the air the Germans oppose Lieutenant Buckler with thirty-two victories, Captain Berthold with thirty-one, Lieutenant Menkhoff with thirty-one, Lieutenant Bernert with twenty-seven, Lieutenant Musthoff with twenty-seven, and Lieutenant Schleich with twenty-five. Other German aces are Lorser, Klein, Uder, Baumer, Kroll and Thuy.

A considerable number of German airplanes, including the new model Fokkers, Albatrosses, and so on, have recently been forced to land within French territory and captured intact. Many enemy airplanes using the cloak of darkness to come over and bombard open French cities have become entangled in the cables sent up attached to defence balloons and have crashed to earth.

During one night several of the best German air raiders came to a sudden and disastrous end in this manner. It is said that nothing is so destructive to the courage and sangfroid of an airplane pilot as the knowledge that he is navigating in a region where defence balloons abound. Therefore this form of protection is getting to be more and more used throughout the vicinity subjected to aerial attacks.

Ever Feel "Dopy" After Meals?

At times we all feel dull and heavy. Just one thing to do—relax the bowels and cleanse the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Unclean matter is flushed but, the liver is toned, blood is purified, and at once you feel better. Good health and jovial spirits are quickly found in this celebrated medicine. Enormous benefits follow the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills in every case; they are very mild, very prompt and guaranteed by the makers. Insist on getting Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box everywhere.

About Tiflis

The Principal Inhabitants are Georgians and Armenians

Tiflis, reported occupied by the Germans, is the capital of the government of Russian Caucasia, picturesquely situated at the foot of some of the loftiest peaks of the Caucasian Range, on both banks of the River Kura, 300 ft. above the Black Sea. It is a commercial centre, exporting silk, carpets, cotton, boots, silver ornaments in filigree and enamel work, and wines. Agriculture is conducted in the lowlands and on the mountain slopes. Copper ore is worked and extracted. The principal inhabitants are Georgians and Armenians, and there had been a German colony there since 1818, which was founded by religious refugees from Wurtemberg. It consists of a modern Russian town, containing the palace of the governor-general of the Caucasus, a museum and botanical gardens, a Hall of Fame, a cathedral of the Catholic Greek Church and other ecclesiastical buildings, some of great antiquity. There is also an opera house and many modern stores. There is also an old dirty Persian quarter and the German colony. The population numbers something over 327,000 souls.

[illegible] silversmiths, gunsmiths and sword makers. The city dates back to 379 A.D. In 570 the Persian took possession of the place and made it the residence of their rulers but retained it for ten years only. For many centuries [illegible] the victim of predatory neighbors. In 1795, when the Shah of Persia plundered Tiflis, Russia sent troops to its protection and the Russian occupation became permanent in 1799.

YOU don't believe in life insurance! You mean you don't care what happens to your family after you are gone. Better apply for an Excelsior Policy.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

Seeing Is Believing

"I want to tell you," said the newly-married lady to a girl friend, "about a most awful fright I got at church on my wedding-day."

"You needn't," remarked the friend; "I was there and saw him!" —Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Early Submarines

A Boat Which Could Be Expanded By Means of Leather Bellows

It is not generally known that the submarine as a possibility dates from the sixteenth century. An English seaman gunner, named William Bourne, in his book of "Inventions or Devices," which was published in 1578, described such a boat; and while it is certain that his vessel, constructed as he suggested, could not live long in any great depth of water, he did show that he had a grasp of the problem. Nothing came of this submarine, although for years Bourne's description was quoted and may have inspired some subsequent designs. Briefly, he suggested a boat which could be expanded in size or contracted by means of leather bellows. In that manner he sought to overcome the bulk of water to be displaced.

A Sure Corrective of Flatulency.—When the undigested food lies in the stomach it throws off gases causing pains and oppression in the stomachic region. The belching or eructation of these gases is offensive and the only way to prevent them is to restore the stomach to proper action. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do this. Simple directions go with each package and a course of them taken systematically is certain to effect a cure.

Why Not Our Own Persian Lamb

No Reason Why Efforts to Introduce Karakul Sheep Should Not Be Successful

Astrakhan fur, commonly known as "Persian lamb," mostly comes from Bokhara or some other province of Russia. The best of the skins come from the high, arid plateau about Kara Kul, or "Black Lake" in eastern Bokhara, and hence are called "Karakul fur," which the average American persists in transforming into the more comprehensive form of "curlicue fur." This district produces every year about 1,500,000 lambskins, and by the time they get to America they bring $5 or $10 apiece, although they measure only twelve inches by six. The Karakul lambs are killed within three days of birth, while the black fur is soft and tightly curled. There is plenty of land in the United States and Canada that is as high and dry as the Central Asian plateau and there seems no reason why efforts to introduce the Karakul sheep into America should not be successful.

Salvaging Vessels

To salvage a vessel that has been torpedoed or mined, the British have a remarkable contrivance. The method pursued consist in pumping in water at the opposite point, on a damaged vessel, to that which has received the injury. As soon as the weight of the material in the submerged portion of the vessel is counterbalanced by the water pumped in, the submerged part rises and the vessel regains its equilibrium. Before the war the device was submitted to the German naval architects and it is said that they have since applied it to raising some of their own warships, without, however, being in possession of the proper means of regulation.

Asthma Is Torture. No one who hasn't gasped for breath in the power of asthma knows what such suffering is. Thousands do know, however, from experience how immeasurable is the relief provided by that marvellous preparation, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. For years it has been relieving and curing the most severe cases. If you are a sufferer do not delay a day in securing this remedy from your druggist.

Birds and Shells

"During the bombardment yesterday, I noticed the swallows flying about quite unconcerned. The birds build in the lines close to the guns, and don't seem to worry a bit. They often warn us of the approach of gas by their fluttering and twittering. Butterflies play in the dust. Cornfields extend to the edge of the trenches. Flowers grow in profusion in No Man's Land between the trenches."—Capt. Louis Keene, in Cartoons Magazine.

St. Isidore, P.Q., Aug. 18, 1894.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I have frequently used MINARD'S LINIMENT and also prescribe it for my patients always with the most gratifying results, and I consider it the best all-round Liniment extant.

Yours truly,
DR. JOS. AUG. SIROIS.

Those Rural Profiteers

And men relate that Mrs. Newlywed went to the grocery store to do her morning marketing. And she was determined that the grocer should not take advantage of her youth and inexperience.

"These eggs are dreadfully small," she criticized.

"I know it," he answered. "But that's the kind the farmer brings me. They are just fresh from the country this morning."

"Yes," said the bride, "and that's the trouble with those farmers. They are so anxious to get their eggs sold that they take them off the nest too soon!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BOVRIL
Aids the Digestion of Food 7-18

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

Many women look older than their years largely because they do not take proper care of their complexions. Ingram's Milkweed Cream will keep you looking younger than you are. It keeps the complexion clear and colorful. It keeps the skin soft and in a healthy condition because it has a distinctive therapeutic effect. It tones up the delicate skin tissues. Two sizes, 50c and $1.

For shininess of the nose and forehead try Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder. It is so fine and delicate in texture that you can scarcely detect it yet it stays on and [illegible] of complexion and hides perspiration, 50c. A full line of Ingram's toilet products including Zodenta for the teeth, 25c, is at your drugstore.

A Picture with Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet Aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor, Ontario (94)

Nelson Assessment District—Contidued from Page 5

Name	Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Cooper, Allan B.	Blk. 15 & 16, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 50 acres more or less	52.50		8.60	2.75	63.85
Kruse, Christopher	Blk. 18, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 50 acres more or less	52.50		8.60	2.75	63.85
Larsen, J. L.	Lot B, Blk. 19, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 60 acres more or less	51.00		6.85	2.75	60.60
Graves, J. S.	Lot A, Blk. 19, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 100.10 acres more or less	85.00		11.45	2.75	99.20
Saunders, Dr. C. W.	Lot C, Blk 19, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 20 acres more or less	29.75		4.00	2.75	36.50
Johnson, G. O.	Lot X, Blk. 19, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 10 acres more or less	14.60		1.75	2.75	19.10
Daniel, W. C., and Hole, B. V.	Lot Y, Blk. 19, Sub Lot 36, Map 1044, 18 acres more or less	21.25		2.85	2.75	26.85
Miller, Mrs. C. E.	Part of Sub Lot 37 of Lot 4595, G. 1, containing 276.328 acres except 20 acres transferred	49.00	9.99	6.40	2.75	68.14
O'Kell & Young	Sub Lot 39, 160 ac. more or less	84.00	15.06	16.25	2.75	118.06
Revercomb, C. H.	Sub Lot 41, 108.51 acres more or less	57.75		9.50	2.75	70.00
Miller, Edward C. W.	Blk. 36, Sub Lot 144, Map 1174, 10.81 acres more or less	13.00		1.35	2.75	17.10
Comparin, Matteo	The Westerly 25 acres of Sub Lot 72A, Map X31	19.50	2.29	2.35	2.75	26.89
Proctor, Mrs. Beatrice	Sub Lot 75, 157.18 acres more or less	29.35		4.40	2.75	36.50
Chapman, Jas	Blks. 32 to 47, Sub Lot 81, Map 857, 147.56 acres more or less	328.00		64.40	2.75	395.15
Craig, John	Sub Lot 88, 382.14 acres more or less	275.00	8.19	46.85	2.75	332.79
Foster, J. S.	S½ NE¼ of SW¼ Sub Lot 90, Map X31, 5 acres more or less	6.50	1.21	.80	2.75	11.26
Morrison, T. J.	NW¼ NE¼ Sub Lot 90, Map X31, 10 acres more or less	13.00	2.39	1.60	2.75	19.74
Bernard de Roussy de Soles	SE¼ of SW¼ Sub Lot 90, Map X31, 10 acres, more or less	13.00	2.44	1.60	2.75	19.79
Hollander, Joe F.	N½ SE¼ of NE¼ Sub Lot 90, Map X31, 5 acres more or less		1.39	.15	2.75	4.29
Collins, H. P.	S½ SE¼ Sub Lot 90, Map X31, 20 ac. more or less	30.00	5.58	4.35	2.75	42.68
Wittichen, G. M.	NE¼ S. of NE¼ & NW¼; SW¼ S. of SW¼ & NE¼ S½ of NW¼ & N½ of SE¼, Sub Lot 90, 85 acres more or less	51.00	9.47	8.20	2.75	71.42
The Lund Land Development Co	Sub Lot 115, 658.14 acres more or less	392.00	71.10	72.00	2.75	537.85
Barclay, S. W.	Blk. 31, Sub Lot 130, Map 1167, 9.90 ac. more or less	34.00	2.98	5.00	2.75	44.73
Swan, Hovic	Blk. 48, Sub Lot 130, Map 1167, 19.25 ac. more or less	68.00	6.06	10.00	2.75	86.81
McLeod, Allan A.	Blk. 40, 44, 45, 46, 47, Sub Lot 130, Map 1167, 175.25 acres more or less	221.00	20.61	25.90	2.75	270.26
O'Kell & Young	Sub Lot 140, Map 1167, 619.38 acres more or less	140.70	16.83	26.25	2.75	186.53
B. C. SOUTHERN RAILWAY LAND GRANT, LOT 4592.						
Arrowsmith, John	N½ Sub Lot 4, 160 acres more or less	104.00	8.82	12.00	2.75	127.57
International Lumber & Mercantile Co.	Sub Lot 6, 511.20 acres more or less	317.35	42.39	49.70	2.75	412.19
Craig, John	Sub Lot 8, 80 acres more or less	32.55	2.88	5.85	2.75	44.03
Jefferson, A. E.	Sub Lot 9, 817.30 acres more or less	314.00	93.88	57.85	2.75	468.48
Paulson, Miss C. A. and Hathaway, C. L.	Sub Lot 13, 2246.52 acres more or less	472.22		77.55	2.75	552.52
International Lumber Co.	Sub Lot 11, 570 acres more or less	256.50		29.90	2.75	289.15
International Lumber Co.	Sub Lot 14, 1160 acres more or less	522.00		60.90	2.75	585.65
International Lumber Co.	Sub Lot 15, 2747.50 acres more or less	1233.00		143.85	2.75	1379.60
McArmstrong, J.	Blks. 3, 4, 5 of Sub Lot 16, Map 805, 29.25 acres more or less	203.60	17.58	29.90	2.75	253.83
Klemola, John	Blk. 6 of Sub Lot 16, Map 805, 30 acres more or less	39.00	3.32	4.50	2.75	49.57
McArmstrong, J.	Blk. 10 of Sub Lot 16, Map 805, 9.65 ac. more or less	58.90	5.10	8.60	2.75	75.35
Rice, James E.	Part (10 ac.) of Sub Lot 18	21.00	1.86	3.75	2.75	29.36
Davis, L.	Part (15 ac.) of Sub Lot 18	43.50	3.96	8.15	2.75	58.36
Briggs, F. A.	Part (20 ac.) of Sub Lot 18	42.00	4.52	7.55	2.75	56.82
Pearce, Lewis L.	Part (40 ac.) of Sub Lot 18	84.00	7.49	15.10	2.75	109.34
Olsen, Clarence A. and McSwain, J. D.	Block 7, Sub Lot 19, Map 1066, 40.20 acres more or less	26.00	2.92	3.15	2.75	34.82
Eby, W. S.	Blocks 12 to 14, Lot 19, Map 1066, 120 acres more or less	78.00	8.76	9.45	2.75	98.96
Johnson & Hall	Subdvn. 54, 320 acres more or less	189.00		31.05	2.75	222.80
Glazan, Samuel	Part (140 ac.) of Sub Lot 55	131.00	11.38	20.52	2.75	165.65
COLUMBIA WESTERN RAILWAY LAND GRANT, LOT 4598.						
Landis, H. B.	Sub Lot 71, 1288 acres more or less	544.00		73.30	2.75	620.05
Heinze, F. August	An undivided ½ interest in 33,931.74 acres at $1. per acre	2 884.17		388.50	2.75	3275.42
NELSON AND FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY LAND GRANT, TOWNSHIP 7A.						
Swithzer, B. O.	Sub Lots 30 and 30A, Map X66, except the northerly 50 acres, 2.07 acres more or less	3.00	.65	.40	2.75	6.80
Gordon, G. E.	Sub Lot 33, Map X66, 51.20 acres more or less	6.25	6.11	1.45	2.75	16.56
LOT 1236.						
Varseveld Bros.	Sub Lot 1 of Tp. 11A, Lot 1236, 1275.05 acres more or less	738.90		100.27	2.75	841.92
Sunset Ranching Co.	Sub Lot 49 of Tp. 14, Lot 1237, 860.10 acres more or less	1462.00	225.02	228.70	2.75	1918.47
Fraser, J. S. C. (Estate)	Sub Lot 72 of Tp 14, Lot 1237, 998.87 acres more or less	255.00	41.10	42.40	2.75	341.25
LOT 1238.						
Wright, Harry	92.39 ac. in section 28, Tp. 36	49.40		8.05	2.75	60.20
Ryan, J., and Donnelly, Felix	5 acres in Section 36, Tp. 36	16.25	2.41	1.95	2.75	23.36
Churchill, F. L.	SE¼ of NE¼ & N½ of NE¼ of Section 1, Tp. 36, 120 acres	102.00	16.46	16.95	2.75	138.16
Churchill, F. L.	119.77 acres in Section 1, Tp. 36	315.00		51.75	2.75	369.50
American B. C. Placer Co.	10 acres in Sec. 12, Tp. 20, Lot 1239	1.75		.30	2.75	4.80
LOT 1242.						
Tuck, S. P. (Estate)	51.29 acres in Sec. 27 & 28, Tp. 17	32.30	3.56	6.35	2.75	44.86
Rotherham, George	10 acres in Sec. 21, Tp 17	12.50	1.17	2.45	2.75	18.87
Tennant, Wm. (Estate)	54.74 acres in Sec. 17 & 20, Tp. 17	46.75	6.37	7.10	2.75	62.97
Churchill, F. L.	N½ of NW¼ of Sec. 6; SW¼ of NW¼ Sec. 6; and that part of SE¼ of SW¼ & SW¼ SE¼ Sec. 7, lying outside Ymir Townsite, Township 17, 209.32 acres more or less	255.00	41.10	42.40	2.75	341.25
LOT 1243.						
Annable, G. M.						
Bank of Montreal, Rossland. Undivided ½ interest in	Sub Lot 2, Tp. 331, 3837.70 acres	1344.00	147.20	153.50	2.75	1647.45
CROWN GRANTS						
Fell, James F.	Lot 183, except parts 5 ac., 360 ft. by 605 ft. 360 x 605 ft. and part 1.62 ac., containing 232.38 acres more or less	304.20	66.10	39.10	2.75	412.15
Andestad, Peter	4.90 acres in Lot 191	3.75	4.38	.80	2.75	11.68
Finlay, Will	Blocks 6 and 10 of Lot 251, Map 973	51.00	2.96	7.25	2.75	63.96
Kootenay Bonanza Mines, Ltd.	10.95 ac. in Lot 304, Hall Mines Smelter Site	38.70		5.80	2.75	47.25
Jaques, Leonard P. and Sigurdson	Block 64A, of Subdvn. of Lot 304, Map 766, .436 acres, more or less	15.00		2.25	1.75	19.00
Zackaruk, Wm.	NW¼ of Block 232 subdvn. of Sub Lot 304, Map 766, .446 acres more or less	5.00		.45	1.75	7.20
Jones, W. H.	S½ of Block 237, Subdvn. of Lot 304, Map 766, .885 acres more or less	12.20		1.50	1.75	15.45
Snopka, F., and Ranuk, A. & J.	Blks. 278 and 283, Subdvn. of Lot 304, Map 926, 12.10 acres more or less	50.00		6.10	2.75	58.85
Reisterer, Julius K.	Blk. 281, Subdvn. of Lot 304, 6.06 acres more or less	7.50		.90	2.75	11.15
LOT 306.						
Ford, J. W.	Sub Lot 1, except parts subdivided by Maps 731C and 731F, containing 168 acres more or less	176.40	117.85	31.40	2.75	228.40
Irwin, W.	Lot C1 of Sub Lot 2, Map 731F, 8.50 ac.	30.00	25.30	8.55	2.75	66.60
Irwin, W.	Lot E of Sub Lot 2, Map 731F, 5.07 ac.	15.00	12.65	4.30	2.75	34.70
Coles, Percival	N½ Blk. A, Sub Lot 4, Map 731E, 4 ac.	19.00	6.50	2.40	2.75	30.65
Ingram, John H.	Blk. C & D, Lot 7, Sub Lot 4, Map 731E,	50.00	18.00	8.55	2.75	79.30
	16 acres	97.50	34.92	16.42	2.75	151.67
Ingram, John H.	Blks. E & F, Lot 7, Sub Lot 4, Map, 731E 50 acres	47.50	16.95	7.70	2.75	74.90
Murray, J. D.	Part of Sub Lot 7, Map 731, 1956 ocres					
Smillie, R. S.	Blk. A of Sub Lot 11, Map 942, 3.15 ac.	10.00	3.01	1.70	2.75	18.06
Paulson, Miss C. A. & Hathaway, C. L.	Sub Lot 1 to 16, Lot 362, Map X40, 2560 acres more or less	600.00		90.00	2.75	692.75
Blaudale, R.	The most easterly 26 chains and 25 links in width of part of Lot 367, G. 1, excepting thereout the most easterly 6 chains and 25 links thereof, 300 acres more or less	81.90		8.65	2.75	93.30
Gee, Arthur	Block D, of Lot 619, Map 744, 5 ac.	4.50		.65	2.75	7.90
Benedict & Hood	Block G of Lot 619, Map 744, 5 ac.	7.50		.90	2.75	11.15
McIntosh, D. A.	19.01 ac. in Blk. 2, Lot 914	12.50		1.50	2.75	16.75
Corkell, Thos	17.78 ac. in Block 5, Lot 914	15.00		2.25	2.75	20.00
Canadian Estates Co., Ltd	Blk. 8, Lot 2548, Map 798, 10.07 acres	18.00	9.99	3.00	2.75	33.74
Kwong Wing Chong	Blk. 9 & 10, Lot 2548, Map 798, 20.04 ac.	21.00	12.18	5.54	2.75	41.47
Vernier, A.	Blk. 15, Lot 2548, Map 798, 10.02 ac.	45.00	26.10	9.95	2.75	83.80
Swedeberg, J. P., Estate	Part 19 ac. of Lot 3266, G. 1, K. D., commencing at the S. W. angle of Lot 3266, G. 1., thence E. astronomically along the S. boundary of said lot 3266, G. 1., 40 chains; thence N. astronomically 10 chains and 40 links more or less to the southerly shore of Kootenay River, thence W. following the Southerly shore of Kootenay River to the W. boundary of said Lot 3266, thence S. astronomically along the W. boundary of said Lot 3266, G. 1., 8 chains and 30 links, more or less to place of commencement.	18.60	10.44	4.50	2.75	35.69
Brand, Henry	Blk. 2 and 9 of Lot 5079, Map 855, 24.40 acres more or less	24.00	15.32	4.00	2.75	[illegible]
Pacific Exploration Co.	26.50 ac. in Blk. A, of Lot 6372	12.50		1.50	2.75	16.75
Wye, S. A.	80 acres in Lot 6649	30.00		2.85	2.75	35.60
Leach, Mrs. Harriet (Estate of)	Blk. 1 of Lot 5920, Map 927, 5 acres more or less	5.00	.96	.70	2.75	9.41
Morrow, J. H. and Elizabeth	Blks. 3, 4, 5 of Lot 5920 Map 927, 22.14 acres, more or less	44.40	15.29	5.85	2.75	68.29
[illegible], Ethel Lucille	Blk. 6, Lot [illegible], Map [illegible], [illegible] ac. more or less	20.00	7.50	2.55	2.75	[illegible]

Continued on Page 10

Wynndel

Fred Penson left last week for Sirdar, where he is expecting be employed for a short time.

Mrs. C. O. Rodgers of Creston was here on Wednesday on a collection trip for the Knights of Columbus overseas soldiers' fund, and met with quite a pleasing reception, cash donations going to almost $85.

E. S. Butterfield, who was turned down for service with the flying squad a few months ago, has at last been successful in catching on for the overseas fighting with the Siberian Expeditionary Force, and expects to sail on Monday.

Mrs. J. J. Grady was called to St. Paul, Minn., on Wednesday, owing to the serious illness of one of her sisters in that city.

Latest word from Nelson is that Cecil Moore, who underwent an operation in Kootenay Lake hospital in that city on Saturday, is recovering nicely.

Another Wynndel land purchaser is Jos. Rudd of Hillcrest, Alta., who this week closed a deal for eleven acres from J. J. Grady, and will be taking possession early next year.

It would look as if Joe Wigen is entitled to the honors for strawberry production this year, with a total of 776 crates shipped from a one-acre patch of them. In a dry season, particularly, Joe has the finest stretch of berry land in this section—as this crop indicates, coming after the excessively dry summer and fall of 1917.

Phoebe May, widow of the late Sergt. F. J. May, was quietly married at Vancouver on Saturday last to William G. Lang of that city. The bride was accompanied to the coast by her brother, E. S. Butterfield, who gave her away. The ceremony was performed at the Presbyterian manse, in the presence of a few friends, Rev. J. R. Craig officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Lang will reside at Vancouver.

PENALTY TO KAISER-BILL BUNCH

Who brought this war Scourge on earth to pass?
Ye Kaiser-Bill bunch, mein Gott, and ruling class.
Ye war lords and kultured Prussian Junker,
Lusitania pirates—with what glee ye sunk her.
Of foul, infamous crimes that tongue fails to tell,
Staggers the imagination, and discounts every hell.
Of innocents slain and crucified all at your behest;
Surely such atrocities soon shall be redressed?
Now the fateful day is dawning bloody red;
Unerring justice soon shall banish every head,
And tear your boasted kultur shred by shred.
Soon your ears shall catch the death-tolling knell
Of the impending doom, and the blackest-told hell,
That awaits all such Huns, inhuman fiends—
The very name a stench to most human beings.
So let penalty meet crime in some sane degree;
The hangman's rope, we judge, too civilized for thee.
The firing squad at dawn, far too quick and easy.
Rather let Napoleon's fate make captives of thy class,
Exiled to St. Halena, there to chew razor grass,
Till ye perish with hunger, mingling with the dust;
Accursed by the human race, with your kultur and lust.

Creston, B.C. J. A. LIDGATE.

The Trail News learns that in the several schools in B.C. there are now 81 Doukhobor children in more or less regular attendance.

At Okanagan centres particularly high school work is hard to get on with due to so many prospective pupils being engaged at orchard work at present.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

KASLO DISTRICT

Kaslo-Ainsworth Road

Sealed Tenders marked "Tender for Kaslo-Ainsworth Road," addressed to Public Works Engineer, in care of the Government Agent, Kaslo, B.C., will be received up to noon on Saturday, October 5th, for the construction of about 4½ miles of the above road.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified cheque, payable to the Government Agent at Kaslo, B.C., for a sum not less than 10% of the Tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work as required.

The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned upon execution of the contract.

Specifications may be seen at the Government Office, Kaslo, and at the District Engineer's Office, Nelson, B.C.

J. D. Moore, General Foreman, Kaslo, will be prepared to meet intending contractors at Kaslo, on Tuesday, October 1st, at 8 a.m., and accompany them over the line of the proposed work.

The contract to be commenced immediately on acceptance of Tender, and completed on or before May 31st, 1919.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. RAMSAY,
District Engineer.

Nelson, B.C., Sept. 26, 1918.

VERY SPECIAL VALUES IN

White and Stripe Flannelette

We are offering an old purchase of English goods of the above at less than to-day's wholesale prices.

Prices range from 23c. to 30c. per yard

We are agents for Jaeger all-wool goods.

Creston Mercantile Co.
LIMITED

Soft White Hands

Follow use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. At night bathe them with the Soap and hot water. Dry and rub in the Ointment. Wear old gloves during night. Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

German Vandalism

In Vengeful Fury Huns Hack French Homes to Pieces

Evidence accumulates that during their brief success in the Marne salient the Germans have been again indulging in wholesale acts of vandalism. In a message sent from French army headquarters, Reuter's correspondent gives details of their conduct while in possession of Chateau-Thierry.

The Germans were in the town for some time and apparently thought they would remain there indefinitely. When they found they would have to give it up, they immediately determined to take the only vengeance in their power. The injuries which have been inflicted on the town are such as could not be the result of shelling, the correspondent points out, as those houses which suffered most were entirely uninjured by shell, shrapnel or bullets.

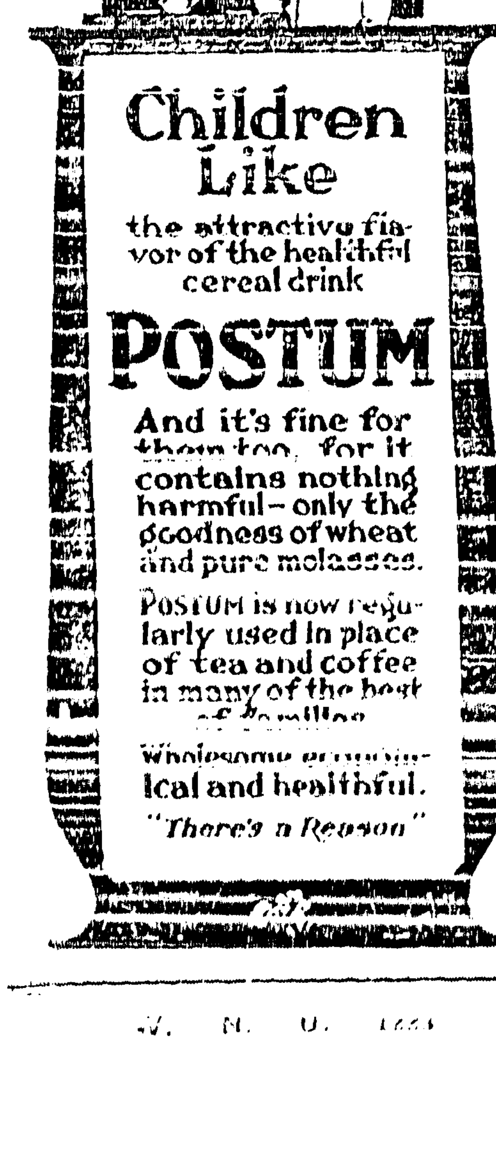
"These houses," he said, "were magnificently furnished, the walls hung with costly tapestries and admirable pictures. The furniture is of exceptional elegance and impressive mirrors and charming statuettes were numerous.

"Today there is nothing that has not been destroyed. The tapestries have been hacked to pieces, the pictures slit from corner to corner, the leather and other chair covers have been ripped from their frames and all the delicate marquertrie and the irreplaceable examples of craftsmanship of past centuries have been smashed. The legs have been torn off the tables and used in further work of destruction. There is not a mirror which has not been broken, and the glass and china flung at them lie in fragments before them.

"The costly carpets have been soiled and rent in every possible way and ink pots flung at the silken papers on the walls. This vengeful fury has been carried to the extent of smashing nurseries and dolls' houses. The fashion in which beds and rooms have been defiled is difficult of description. It would seem the work of lunatics."

Its Wisdom Equals Its Rarity

Foch's tactics are a puzzle even to his countrymen. He seems to be one of those rare leaders who carry out their plans first and make them public afterwards.—Detroit News.



Tasks at Home

Gaze on the Profiteers in Every Walk of Life

Much more than defeating the Germans will have to be done before democracy is made safe for the world. Our tasks will not need to be performed in foreign lands, but at home: not in the capital of the nation, not in Olympia, but in ourselves. And as we look out and gaze on the profiteers in every walk of life, from the packing-house multimillionaire who fattens off the food of the people, to the worker who labors for double time Saturday afternoon and Sunday and lays off Monday; when we see the food hoarder, the slacker, the slicker; when we see every man justifying his profits and denouncing those of his fellow-man; when we note class struggling against class, even at a time when destiny is poised on a hair balance, we can get some idea of what we have to do besides defeating the Germans. We have to establish a democracy here at home according to the concept of the democracy with which we propose to endow the earth, and we will have to do it without any of the short-lived stimulus that accompanies war. —From the Seattle Post Intelligencer.

A Standard Medicine.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable substances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

Brisk Building Activities in Cities

Building operations in the cities of Western Canada have been much brisker this year than any year since the beginning of the war. This condition promises to continue.

At Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, the value of the permits issued up to the ninth day of July was more than double the value of those issued during the corresponding month of last year. These figures are generally not available until the end of the month, but there is no doubt that other cities in Western Canada have an equally good showing in regard to building activity.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

Conscription In Newfoundland

Women Have Replaced Men on the Farms

Newfoundland's conscription law which went into effect recently, has operated so effectively that today the Newfoundland regiment is recruited to full war strength. It is not expected that a second draft call will be made until autumn, at the close of the season for fishing. Newfoundland's vital industry. Women have replaced men on the farms, but as this is not possible on the fishing boats, the man-power for military service is limited.

Some resistance to the law was experienced, but the evaders were rounded up by military patrols. Nearly all those forcibly taken accepted the alternative of enlisting rather than go to jail for two to five years, the penalty for failure to register.

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

How to Control Wild Mustard

Various Methods of Cultivation to Check Spread of the Weed

On a number of farms in Dundas county where the commission of conservation is conducting illustration work on farms, various methods of cultivation are being tried to check the spread of wild mustard. On fields where corn was grown last year and where grain was sown this spring, part of the land was plowed and part was thoroughly cultivated only, before seeding. On fields where the corn was kept clean last summer and no mustard was allowed to go to seed, the cultivated portion shows much less mustard this year than is to be seen in the grain on the land which was plowed, while the stand of grain is equally as good on the cultivated portion of the field.

There are two things to be looked for in this comparison: note which part of the field gives the best grain crop and which is freer from mustard. If this test is contemplated on [illegible] next spring by all means see that the mustard in your crop of corn is not allowed to go to seed. There are many similar simple tests that any farmer might conduct. The way to find out if a thing is good is to try it out, on a small scale at first, on your own farm. Do not plunge headlong into some new thing the first time you hear of it. Try things side by side so that a comparison may be made.

Shock Troops Aid Farmers

Are Busy in American Wheat Fields as Well as on Battle Front

"Shock troops" are busy in American wheat fields, as well as on the western battle front. When the German war lords command an advance at any cost, shock troops are sent forward to buy yards of ground with thousands of lives, but the American agricultural "shock troops" advance in a different manner. They are town men who have volunteered to help farmers cut and shock their wheat, and thus are doing their part in making the battle line firm.

Here are two instances, reported to the United States department of agriculture, of how towns and cities are helping to meet the need for harvest workers on American farms:

A South Dakota county has organized all its towns. When labor is needed all business places close early and the town men go in automobiles to every quarter of the country. When they come to fields cut but not shocked they get out and shock and then proceed to other fields needing them. They don't talk about pay or who is doing the work. "If the farmer wants to donate the money which he would spend for labor to the Red Cross that is his business," says a letter from South Dakota, "and I think that is where most of the money will go."

"Shock troops" are cutting and shocking wheat in Warrick county, Indiana, also. Volunteer business men, clerks and laborers in the towns finish their town work and then are taken in automobiles to help the farmers. In one evening forty men shocked more than eighty acres of wheat.

These forces have been arranged through co-operation of farm help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, county agents, county councils of defense and other bodies.

Good-bye to Asthma. Persons suffering from that extremely trying trouble known as asthma know what it is to long with all their hearts for escape as from a tyrant. Never do they know when an attack may come and they know that to struggle unaided is vain. With Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy at hand, however, they can say good-bye to their enemy and enjoy life again. It helps at once.

1,230,175 Pounds of Fish Caught

Statistics of the Western Canadian fish trade for the month of June, issued by the Canada food board, show that during the four weeks ending June 29 inland shipments amounted to 175,149 pounds; export shipments 467,568, and fish on hand 569,458 pounds, making a total marketable catch for the four weeks of 1,240,175 pounds for the three Prairie Provinces.

This is to certify that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family for years, and consider it the best liniment on the market. I have found it excellent for horse flesh.

(Signed) W. S. PINEO.

"Woodlands," Middleton, N.S.

China Building Ships

China has been added to the list of nations building merchant ships to help defeat Germany. The U. S. shipping board has awarded to the Chinese government yard at Shanghai contracts for four cargo vessels of 10,000 tons each, and took options on the building of 80,000 more tons. The entire program will involve the expenditure of perhaps $30,000,000. Approximately 35,000 tons of steel will be shipped from the U. S., the engines and other equipment will be built in China. Deliveries are to begin six months after the steel is received.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Cleaning machinery is being installed in some of the grain elevators that are being erected this year. With this facility foul seeds taken from grain will be immediately available for farmers who want to use them for stock feed, and the expense of hauling them to the lake front and back again will be saved.

Eat less Bread

BOVRIL

Take it as Soup before Meals 6-18

Clear the Skin

A beautiful complexion is the outward mark of good blood and a healthy body. When the stomach, liver and blood are in good order, the skin is clear and lovely. Unsightly blotches, pimples, eruptions and sallowness show the need of Beecham's Pills to stimulate and regulate the vital organs and improve the circulation. Good health and better looks soon follow the use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS are worth a guinea a box

Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

Prosperity Reigns In the North

Ideal Weather Condition Favors the Farmer and He Is Happy

The northern parts of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba are enjoying considerable prosperity. The crop outlook is exceedingly favorable. The following report, clipped from the Prince Albert Herald a few days ago, referring to a small town in Northern Saskatchewan, also describes conditions prevaling in numerous other districts in the central and northern parts of the three provinces:

"Crops are fifty per cent. ahead of last year at this date. Wheat is well along in the shot blade stage and growing very fast. Rye is in head early sown barley in shot blade. Grazing for all stock excellent. All grasses, tame and wild abundant, cattle look fine. The abundance of green feed and the absence of flies and gnats makes the flow of milk away ahead of past seasons.

"The number of hogs in this district is more than treble of last year and they are in a healthy, thriving condition.

"Breaking is in full swing and the amount of new land for cultivation next year will be ten to one of previous years. The recent rains have put the land in first class condition for breaking. Two horse, three horse, four horse, six horse outfits and tractors can be seen turning over the wild lands in all directions.

Up-to-Date Towns

An instance of the up-to-dateness of the towns of Western Canada is shown in a by-law which has been passed by the town of Cabri, Saskatchewan. This by-law stipulates that all buildings on the main street of the town must be of brick, stone or cement.

HOW'S THIS FOR CORNS? LIFTS 'EM OUT QUICK

You can peel your corns off, lift them out by the roots, do it without pain and quickly, too, if you first apply a few drops of Putnam's Corn Extractor. Putnam's shrivels up the corn, makes it look like dead skin, uproots it completely. The beauty about Putnam's Extractor is this—it acts without pain—does it's work quickly and costs but a quarter in any drug store in the land. Get it today.

Profit in Hogs

Farmers of Western Canada Receive More for Their Hogs

For many months the prices ruling for hogs at Calgary, Alberta, have almost invariably been higher than those ruling at the leading markets of the United States. This means that the farmer in Alberta has a greater margin of profit in hog raising than his neighbor to the south. Not only is he obtaining more for his hogs, but his cost of production is considerably less. He is raising equally large crops of the most satisfactory hog foods—oats, barley, alfalfa, etc.—on land which represents an investment of a comparatively small sum. Moreover, losses from disease are almost unknown.

Notwithstanding the increased number of hogs now available for marketing as a result of the campaign for greater production conducted last year, prices well above eighteen dollars a hundred are being obtained. This represents an advance of from four to five dollars a hundred over prices ruling at this time last year.

If a man refuses to set an example he is foolish if he expects the world to have a good opinion of him.

SMOKE TUCKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

Ability Rewarded

Ability Bound to Be Recognized Whether in Field or Factory

Lord Leverhulme is an entertaining speaker. Lately at a meeting he was expatiating on the necessity of each man doing his very best, and said it was his belief that ability was bound to be recognized and get its due reward, whether in the field or factory.

He then told a story of a cannibal chief who had "converted" a missionary into an Irish stew. The repast evidently did not agree with the chief, who had to leave the royal table rather hurriedly.

"That," said Lord Leverhulme, "is exactly my theory. You can't keep a good man down."

KEEP CHILDREN WELL DURING HOT WEATHER

Every mother knows how fatal the hot summer months are to small children. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentry and stomach troubles are rife at this time and often a precious little life is lost after only a few hours illness. The mother who keeps Baby's Own Tablets in the house feels safe. The occasional use of the Tablets prevents stomach and bowel troubles, or i fthe trouble comes suddenly—as it generally does—the Tablets will bring the baby safely through. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

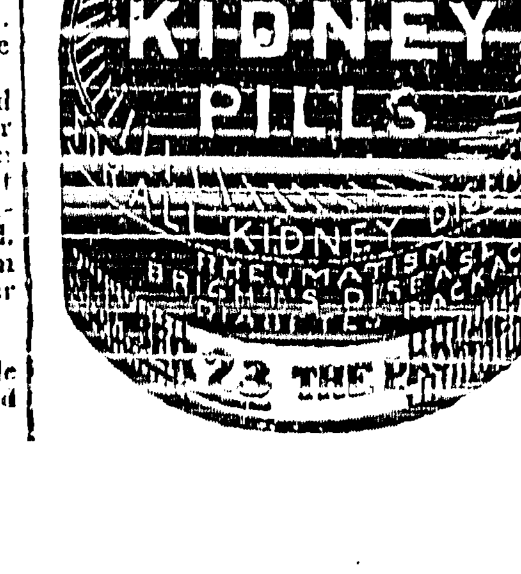
Record Prices For Cars of Flax

Valuable Cars of Flax Sold by Farmers of Western Canada

Some valuable cars of flax have lately been disposed of by farmers of Western Canada. The honor of having shipped the most valuable car was claimed for Champion, Alberta, when a car from there was sold at Winnipeg for $5,627.76. This car contained 1,466 bushels, or 82,096 pounds of flax.

It appears, however, that the price received for the contents of this car was by no means a record one for Western Canada. From Lethbridge, Alberta, recently a car was shipped on which the sender received $5,725, after payment of freight and handling charges. The contents of another car—from Harris, Saskatchewan—have probably sold for the highest price. The amount realized on this car was $6,475.

The average annual fire loss in the United States is about two dollars for each inhabitant.



THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"The gentleman is sorry to call so late, but he says it's very important and he won't keep you long," she announced.

Sir Anthony took the card and read:

Professor Zimbalist,
17 Segur Road,
London, N.W.

The curious name was that of a stranger. He had never heard of Segur Road, N.W.

"Do you know that chap, Martha?" he asked rather thickly.

"Never glimpsed him before and shan't grieve if I never do again, but he's a harmless lookin' zany—town-bred seemingly," was Mrs. Trevlyn's reply.

"Then show him in; I can do with anyone who's guaranteed harmless tonight," Sir Anthony directed her.

He stood up to receive the visitor, and was at first puzzled as to where he had seen this lantern-jawed, cadaverous individual in flapping frock coat and baggy-kneed black trousers. Then in a flash remembrance came. He was the man who had been playing billiards with Jasper Morgan at Comlyn Court the previous day. Seen now at close quarters, his appearance was very much the reverse of attractive. His long ears were covered with the red excrescence of some scorbutic affection. The thin but prominent nose suffered from the same flaming complaint, in striking contrast to the unhealthy pallor of the sunken cheeks. The bow with which he entered the sitting room resembled that of a ventriloquist's automaton.

"I must apologize for troubling you at such an hour, Sir Anthony, but when you have heard my errand I am hoping that you will hold me excused," he began in a rasping, metallic voice. "On the contrary, you may tell me to go away and mind my own business, or you may even kick me out. I have been very nearly kicked over this affair already tonight."

"Well, professor," Sir Anthony smiled none too pleasantly, "the sooner you explain the sooner we shall be able to decide between the excuses and the kicking. What's the racket?"

Professor Zimbalist glanced at the decanter, but the hint was disregarded, nor was he invited to sit down. With a funny little shrug of his sloping shoulders he switched himself on to the business in hand.

"I desire to put an end to this pig-headed obstinacy of my friend Morgan anent that wretched wager of yours," he replied. "I am staying with him at Comlyn Court, and all dinner time I have been trying to persuade him to remove that condition of secrecy you were—pray forgive me—rash enough to enter into. It is grossly unfair to you, Sir Anthony. My blood boils at the injustice of it."

"How did Morgan take your suggestion?" West eagerly demanded, his mind on his newly-formed theory.

"He declined to listen to it; he was like adamant. And it was when I pressed him that I was really apprehensive, good fellow though he is, of violence," the visitor sighed reminiscently. "My name will be familiar to you?" he added with a sudden gush of genuine but half furtive curiosity.

"Can't say it is," Sir Anthony replied curtly. He could not divine the object of this late call, and he was impatient to test that theory of his which, though he knew it not, tallied with the "h'axiom" of Superintendent Noakes.

"Ah, well," the professor sighed again, and there was an unnoticed flutter of relief in the sigh, "I could hardly expect that the name of Zimbalist would be familiar to a butterfly of fashion, though it is not unknown in the world of science. But I will not detain you by urging what might be deemed a claim on your attention. What, at some risk to myself, I came over for was to beg you to break the promise you gave to Morgan. Do not subject yourself to all this conjecture and scandal because you feel bound by Morgan's pig-headed whim. Let me urge you to go to the authorities tomorrow and tell them the truth about that bet of yours."

This was more perplexing than ever. It was queer advice for a professed friend of Morgan to give, unless Zimbalist was really his enemy in disguise. In which case, Sir Anthony told himself, the treachery could not be explained by the correctness of his own lately conceived theory, and by the fact that the professor was aware of Morgan's guilt and wished to see his "friend" hanged.

Sir Anthony advanced tentatively along that line. "I had almost made up my mind to take the course you advise, and disclose the truth about my little escapade in Morgan's car," he hazarded.

"I am indeed delighted to hear that. You could not do a wiser thing," the professor expressed cordial approval.

"But before taking my tale to the police, I was going to do the square thing by Morgan and tell him my reason for breaking faith with him," Sir Anthony continued. "I don't want to stab the chap in the back, though if I'm on the right track he would jolly well deserve it."

"Stab him in the back? Jolly well deserve it?" the professor murmured. "I don't quite catch your drift, sir."

"Drift be damned; it's more than that," Sir Anthony warmed to his work. "I was going to put it to him straight that he got me to make that bet so that he could come down to Comlyn and do away with his wife while I was personating him six counties off. And, if I make no mistake, Professor Zimbalist, you know that to be the truth of the beastly affair."

A conflict of emotions rioted on the visitor's unwholesome countenance—surprise, sorrow, and finally a tinge of amusement, the latter held respectfully in check.

"My dear Sir Anthony," he broke into a cackling laugh, "that is a really horrible conception. Why, I have known the Morgans for years, and a more devoted couple never dwelt together in the most idyllic unity. And to nip your suggestion in the bud I am able to refute it first hand. Mr. Morgan, in order to deceive the servants at his town house over the ridiculous wager by which he sets such exaggerated store, had to absent himself during the hours while you were fighting his battles in Buckinghamshire. Those hours he spent at my house in North London—at 17 Segur Road, to be precise. Several reliable persons besides myself could, if necessary, identify him as having been under my roof during the whole of that fatal period."

So crumbled the wonderful theory which was to extricate Anthony West from his slough of despond. The only condition by which he would hold himself justified in breaking his pledge had been shattered by this queer creature who could prove Morgan's innocence. However strongly Professor Zimbalist, for some mysterious reason of his own, might urge disclosure of the wager, honor demanded that he should be true to his promise till Morgan released him. It was a maddening thought, and his rage burst on the intruder who had destroyed his glimmer of hope.

(To Be Continued.)

MURINE Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Sties, Inflammation by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.
YOUR EYES No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 60c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye—Free—Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

SMOKE TUCKETTS T&B PLUG
Myrtle Cut
T&B
Geo. E. Tuckett & Son
CUT OR

Money-Making Soldiers

A Scheme Which Has Already Saved the Country Some Hundreds of Pounds

A simple little experiment in economy carried out by one small unit of the British army led to a scheme which has already saved the country some hundreds of pounds.

In order to augment their dwindling regimental funds the "brains" of one of our infantry battalions determined to recover the solder from their used bully-beef tins and turn it into hard cash. To this end they improvised a furnace—an old piece of sheet-iron bent into a cone shape—and collected their camp refuse, ordinarily burned in an incinerator, to serve as fuel. Then, by means of a primitive process, they were able to manufacture small bars of solder, which they put on the market and sold at 4d. a pound.

The success of this little scheme reached the ears of "Q" through the usual channels, and within a few weeks the entire corps area was being circularized on the subject. What one unit could accomplish along these lines another could.

It was calculated that the average number of tins received by a battalion each day was 350, and from such a number about 4½ pounds of solder could be obtained at a minimum cost; that if in one corps of four infantry divisions all the solder from the daily issue of tins was secured by the means of the furnace, a sum of £50 might be realized.

The project offered great possibilities. Why not establish a large improvised furnace in every area and sub-area and conduct the recovery of the solder as a regular business proposition?

It was agreed to experiment on the larger scale, and it was further suggested that the heat generated by burning refuse in the furnaces might be used for obtaining steam for the divisional laundries.

Experiments were again successful and area furnaces established under the supervision of town-majors and sub-area commandants, who were held responsible for the month's solder output.

The means employed is the simplest form of kiln. The tins are fed in through a lid at the top, heated to a moderate temperature, and raked out through a door at the bottom as soon as the solder has had time to melt and run off on to a small concrete floor. Care has to be taken that the tins do not become red hot, and ingenious systems of regulating a draught in the furnace are adopted. When the full amount of solder has been obtained the burnt tins are cleared away, allowed to cool, and later used in the metalling of our roads behind the firing lines.

Experience soon taught that the smallest tin used in the process produced 10 oz. of solder per 100 tins, the larger varieties about 16 oz. per 100 tins.—Q.T.

Fifteen boys in his family and every one a "six-footer," the combined height totalling ninety feet, was the boast of a Philadelphia draftee, who was found to be six feet four inches tall.

Food Production in France

French Women Draw the Plows and Harrows

More than 1,000,000 Frenchmen have been killed in war and 1,500,000 are physically unfitted by their injuries to carry on their farm work. The women are managing the farms and doing most of the farm work. In battle zones, such as the Champagne district, women did not forsake their work in the fields even when German shells were bursting around them. When the cannonading was heavy they lay flat on the ground and as soon as there was a lull they would be up attending to their grape vines. The wives of French farmers have always helped their husbands in the fields. They now do double duty, rising earlier and working later. Horses were conscripted for the army and French women have taken their place to draw the plows and harrows. Food production in France despite the efforts of women, children, and old men and cripples has dropped to one-third.

The Duty of Self Protection

Put out of your mind altogether the notion that this policy of a league of nations is merely sentimental pacifism. It is, on the contrary, a sternly fighting creed. It calls for the allegiance of all men of liberal and humane ideas, and will brace them as nothing else to the horrors and trials of the last stage of this struggle. The defeat of Prussian militarism is the road to the league of nations, and that is what we meant when we proclaimed it to be our main object at the beginning of the war.—Westminister Gazette.

Silk Finish From Tin

It is estimated that at least 5,000 tons of metallic tin are used yearly in England to make tin tetrachloride, which is purchased by silk dyers for weighting and finishing silk. By far the largest percentage of tin recovered from tinplate scrap is now devoted to this purpose by the silk industry, and is lost. It urges that such use be suspended during the war as a tin conservation measure.

Cutting and Curing Alfalfa

There Is No Hay Crop That Requires Closer Attention

In cutting and curing hay in general, the importance of securing the best possible quality of the highest feeding value is often not fully realized and, as a result, hay is not always cut at the proper time. It is often cut too late. This practice may result in somewhat heavier crops being harvested but, alas, what is gained in tonnage is generally lost in quality. This is essentially true with regard to alfalfa cut too late.

There is no hay crop that requires closer attention at harvesting time than does alfalfa for the reason that there is no hay crop in which the effect of mistakes in the cutting and curing are likely to be more pronounced. It is therefore of particular importance that alfalfa hay be cut and cured in the most careful manner.

As the value of alfalfa as a hay crop largely depends on its ability to furnish more than one crop a season, it is obvious that cutting should be so timed as to secure not only the best possible first crop but also the heaviest possible second crop. The second crop is produced by new growth starting from the crown of the roots at a time when the plants have reached their greatest vigor. This stage generally coincides with the appearance of the blossoms.

There is no advantage in cutting before the second growth is started; on the other hand, however, there are grave objections to delaying cutting any length of time after the second growth begins to appear. If cutting is delayed too long, the second growth may be cut off by the mower, the result being that the second crop is reduced and delayed. Too late cutting is also likely to cause considerable shattering of leaves in the curing of the hay, resulting in a pronounced lessening of the quantity of the hay secured and a lowering of its feeding value.

It is generally advocated that alfalfa should be cut when "one-tenth in bloom" or a little earlier. The one-tenth in bloom rule applies fairly accurately, generally speaking, but it is by no means invariably reliable. In a wet season the blossoming time is generally delayed and, when the blossoms begin to appear, the second growth may be so tall that it will be cut off by the mower. The safest guide as to time of cutting is therefore not the appearance of the blossoms, but the appearance of the new growth from the crown of the roots. Alfalfa should be cut when the new growth is anywhere from half an inch to one inch long.

Alfalfa hay may be cured either in the windrow or in coils.

There are some objections to windrow curing, the principal one being that losses are likely to be incurred through shattering of the leaves. On the other hand, the windrow curing is preferred by many, as it involves less hand labor than curing in coils.

The best hay is obtained through curing in coils. Coil-cured alfalfa hay has generally a better color and aroma than hay cured in the windrow. It is also likely to become less dusty and to be of a greater feeding value, because there are fewer chances of losing the leaves through shattering. Coil-curing can be recommended whenever labor is available. How soon after cutting the hay should be coiled, depends largely on weather conditions. In hot weather and bright sunshine hay cut in the morning may be raked and coiled in the afternoon of the same day. If the weather is cloudy and somewhat cool, it may be fit to coil the day after it is cut. It should be coiled when well wilted and before the leaves are so dry as to break off easily. Most satisfactory curing is obtained when the coils are made comparatively small so that the air can circulate freely. If the weather is favorable, the hay may be cured to perfection in the coils, but often it may be advisable, three to four days after cutting, if the weather is warm and sunny, to shake the coils out in the morning and draw to the barn in the afternoon.

Weather Glass

Home-made Barometer That Will Tell Changes of Weather

A test tube about ten inches long and three-fourths inch in diameter is fastened to a base or hung up by a wire. In this test tube are put two drams of camphor, one-half dram of potassium chloride, two ounces of pure alcohol, two ounces of water. If the ingredients do not mix easily, tube should be put in warm water or shaken thoroughly. After a cord is put in the tube, it is ready for work.

Following is the weather which the changes in the liquid donate:

Clear liquid—Bright weather.

Crystals at bottom—Thick air, frost in winter.

Dim liquid—Rain.

Dim liquid with small stars—Thunderstorms.

Large flakes—Heavy air, overcast, sky; snow in winter.

Threads in upper part—Windy weather.

Small dots—Damp weather, fog.

Rising flakes which remain high—Wind in upper air.

Small stars in winter or bright, clear, sunny days—Snow in a day or two.

World's Wheat Supply

The international institute of agriculture says that in Denmark, France, Great Britain, Luxemburg, United States, British India, Japan and Tunis, reports indicate areas sown with wheat this year decidedly larger than those of the previous agricultural season. For the United States and for British India, in particular, the increase of winter sowings is about 5 per cent. The condition of crops on May 1 was very good in Ireland, good in Spain, Great Britain, France, Morocco and Tunis. "Both on account of the increase in areas sown and of the decidedly favorable conditions of the crops on May 1, we have the right to expect in the coming summer a better crop of food grain than that in 1917," the statement adds.

"Your lunch will be fresh and tasty at dinner hour to-morrow. It is wrapped in Para-Sani."

PARA-SANI WRAPPER

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls, with handsome oak Roller-Box. Para-Sani is cheaper and more convenient than waxed paper in loose sheets and the paper is of better quality.

Keeps in the Moisture, keeps out the Germs

Para-Sani is moisture-proof, air-proof, germ-proof. Sandwiches, cakes, bread, cheese can be kept fresh and wholesome if wrapped in Para-Sani. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of Price or C.O.D.

9 lb. Roll with Roller Box	$2.50
5 lb. Roll with Roller Box	2.20
4 lb. Roll without Box	1.60
3 lb. Roll without Box	1.00
2 lb. Roll without Box	.90

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK CO., Ltd.
175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

Local and Personal

Rev. F. L. Carpenter, a former pastor of Creston Methodist church, now in charge at Kaslo, was shaking hands with friends here at the depot, on his way to Fernie, Thursday.

C. H. Colgrove of Edmonton, with P. G. Ebbut and a small crew of local residents, are doing some trail cutting at Thompson Creek, in the Kitchener country, to some claims that the former proposes doing devolopment work on.

A. A. Sandstrom, J. C. Funtaine, Thos. Holst and Edwin Johnson, recent arrivals in the Valley, were up before Magistrate Lamont, charged with not having the necessary papers under the Military Service Act, and were fined $10 and costs, or 14 days. All of them paid the fine.

For the past two weeks carload-lot shipping from Creston has been running a little better than a car a day, with so far no complaint of any shortage of refrigerator cars. McIntosh Red apples are the prominent shippers these times, Valley ranchers having a magnificent crop of them.

The Vancouver Daily Province of Sept. 19th has quite a creditable write-up of Creston Red Cross Society work, by Miss Mabel Durham, who was here in July. According to this article the cash receipts of the society for the first half of the year are almost as large as for the whole of the year previous.

The Wyoming Ranch wild west show on the town park grounds on Monday night, which was followed by a dance in the Auditorium, drew very close to a $200 crowd, both features combined. All the performers looked their part to a nicety, but otherwise the performance was somewhat shy of real "wild west" flavor.

The finish-up of the engineering work of the Kootenay Flats Reclamation survey is expected to start next week, according to the statement of Engineer Biker, who was through here last week. The board of trade has word from the minister of lands to similar effect. About a month will be required to complete the work.

Last week Creston had a call from J. P. Forde, the Dominion government engineer, who made the trip up from Nelson by launch on inspection work, as well as from W. Ramsay, the provincial government engineer, of the same city, who went on to Arrow Creek to inspect the new roadmaking foreman T. Harris is doing at that point.

The work sheet of the Creston Red Cross for the past two weeks shows a suit of pyjamas each turned in by Mesdames Fraelick and Bennett on Sept. 17th, along with 75 handkerchiefs, 18 stretcher caps, 4 suits pyjamas and 3 personal property bags from the Canyon City Auxiliary. Last Tuesday the work taken in was three suits of pyjamas—one each from Mrs. A. Smith, Mrs. Compton and Mrs. Fraelick.

THANKS—On behalf of the Knights of Columbus, Floyd and Mrs. Chas. O. Rodgers take this opportunity to express their appreciation of the invariably kindly and generous response in their collection of funds for the society's work amongst the overseas soldiers. It is a splendid cause, and the Valley citizens rose to the occasion splendidly.

Our next issue will contain a very *complete write up of the fall fair*, along with the list of winners in all classes. Already there is a demand for extra copies, and as the supply is limited we ask you to let us know whether you want one or a half a dozen. We are anxious to supply all, but at the present price of white paper we have no intention to have any oversupply of them. Avoid disappointment by letting us know direct—and early.

Jas. Davis, the Maple Creek, Sask., sheep man, who bought the G. Huscroft ranch about three months ago, was taken back to that town under supervision of provincial police Mayson of Regina on Thursday, where he is wanted on a charge of sedition. In his evidence at the trial at Nelson on Monday, Putalo, the Austrian gathered in by Capt. Forrester, swore that Davis had advised him not to bother registering as an alien enemy.

Cranbrook fair is the next attraction—on Wednesday and Thursday Oct. 2nd and 3rd, with the C.P.R. giving reduced rate of a fare and a third for the round trip. The directors have arranged for a fine line of special attractions, including aviation flights by a Spokane aviator and side shows, [illegible]

should provide an ideal two or three days' outing that quite a number of Creston people are arranging to take

Creston Methodist Ladies' Aid fittingly bore testimony to many years of valued membership and equally valuable effort in every direction when on Friday night last the members in goodly numbers foregathered at the home of Mrs. James Stocks for a farewell evening during which she was presented with a pie knife as a little souvenir of Creston and a slight token of their appreciation of her efforts and friendship, Mr. and Mrs. Stocks are leaving in a few days for Ontario; where they will reside in the future.

The water supply at Rossland is getting dangerously low, and citizens are exhorted to conserve the wet goods for the present.

One selling agency alone at Penticton has this season shipped 22,000 crates of peaches—3000 more than the best previous year ever.

English Church parsons are becoming scarce in B.C. Rev. H. W. Simpson leaves Greenwood this week to join up for overseas service.

At Kaslo the public school attendance is slightly less than last year but in the high school there is quite a noticeable increase of students.

Chicken stealing on a worth while scale is prevalent at Grand Forks. One hennery was touched for a dozen prize birds one night last week.

The cause of the united church at Fernie has progressed so far that the ladies identified with it have been able to organize a ladies' aid society.

GRASS is growing! As probably you can swear to after your back-breaking Saturday afternoon with the old Lawn Mower.

Get a new one—and a new grass hook and shears. A fresh deal all around!

And your other garden tools—spade, fork, rake, hoe, cultivator, whetstone.

That's our seasonable specialty—fitting folks out to make the garden work *easy*.

REMINGTON UMC

Do you shoot? We make a year 'round feature of Arms and Ammunition. Just now its Shotguns and Shot Shells for trapshooting. Business is brisk, thank you—partly because we keep it all the time, and partly because we make a leader of REMINGTON-UMC.

S. A. SPEERS

Nelson Assessment District—Continued from Page 7

Name of Persons Assessed	Short Description of Property	Taxes	School Taxes	Interest	Costs and Expenses	Total
Swedeberg, J. P. Estate of	36.7 acres in Lot 6584	36.20	11.75	7.40	2.75	58.10
Wright, Harry & Schofield, J. H.	Lot 6636, 136 acres more or less	60.00		9.00	2.75	71.75
Newton, G. M.	Lot 6895, 142 acres more or less	60.00		5.70	2.75	68.45
Grady, J. J.	An undivided ½ interest in 12.65 ac. more or less in Lot 6898	7.30	.47	.95	2.75	11.47
Netherby, A. B.	Lot 7191, 285 acres more or less	75.00		9.15	2.75	86.90
Thomson, W. R. and Conway, F. W.	Lot 7718, 320 acres more or less	168.00		31.70	2.75	207.45
Blackburn, J., and Walmsley, C. F.	Lot 7874, 191 acres more or less	100.00	27.75	13.05	2.75	143.55
Kennedy, Robt.	Block A of Lot 7876, 20 ac more or less	15.00	5.39	2.55	2.75	25.69
Winter, Mrs. M. W.	Lot 8215, 55 acres more or less	20.00		1.90	2.75	24.65
Bell, G. D. and R. B.	Lot 8231, 317 acres more or less	252.00		41.40	2.75	296.15
Maurer & Wilde	Lot 8255, 142 acres more or less	119.00	7.77	17.00	2.75	146.52
Wilkinson, Ed.	18.66 acres in Lot 8370	30.00	17.40	7.55	2.75	57.70
McQuarrie & Robertson	Blks. 1 and 2 of Lot 8370, Map 875, 27.27 acres more or less	37.50	21.30	7.75	2.75	69.30
Reith, Mrs. Jane	West 35 acres in Lot 8623	32.50		3.40	2.75	38.65
Sutherland, R.	Lot 8652, 160 acres more or less	102.00		13.75	2.75	118.50
Paulson, P. A.	Lot 8740, 117.15 acres more or less	95.20	11.40	14.15	2.75	123.50
Ross, R. H.	Lot 8778, 160 acres more or less	95.20	11.40	14.15	2.75	123.50
Maher, Wm. (Estate)	Lot 8972, 160 acres more or less	17.66	17.66	5.20	2.75	42.61
Thomas, Horace	Lot 9147, 60 acres more or less	39.00		4.10	2.75	45.85
Speers, David	Lot 9271, 40 acres more or less	27.20	4.29	4.25	2.75	38.49
Moore, G. W.	Lot 9277, 160 acres more or less	30.00		4.50	2.75	37.25
Pacific Exploration Co., Ltd.	Blk. B. and 25 of Lot 9284, Maps 971 and 1029, 33.80 acres more or less	4.20		.60	2.75	7.55
Wright, Wm.	Blk. 3 of Lot 9403, Map 986, 20 acres more or less	17.50	18.82	4.80	2.75	43.87
Pacific Exploration Co. Ltd	Lot 9408, 66 acres more or less	34.65		5.70	2.75	43.10
Merry, Daniel B.	Lot 9420, 104.72 acres, more or less	54.60		5.75	2.75	63.10
McLauchlin, Margaret	Lot 9424, 204 acres more or less	50.00		6.10	2.75	58.85
Lang & Bucker	Lot 9468, 640 acres more or less	208.00		21.90	2.75	232.65
O'Donnell, Jerry	Lot 9748, 156.48 acres more or less	25.00		3.05	2.75	30.80
Pacific Exploration Co.	Part of Blocks 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & C of Lot 9750, 54.26 ac. more or less	6.60		1.00	2.75	10.35
Pacific Exploration Co.	Blocks 26, 27 & A of Lot 9751, Maps 971 & 1029, 61.19 acres more or less	7.80		1.15	2.75	11.70
Haslan, Samuel H.	80 acres in Lot 9764	36.00		3.95	2.75	42.70
Leahy, Eva M.	80 acres in Lot 9767	51.00		6.85	2.75	60.60
Gardiner, Anthony	80 acres in Lot 10203	35.00		4.80	2.75	42.55
McMarton, John	Lot 11733, 12 acres more or less	13.00		1.40	2.75	17.15

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 26th day of September, 1918.

EDWARD FERGUSON,
Acting Assessor and Collector.

when he said—

"Either the Civilian population must go short of many things to which it is accustomed in times of peace or our armies must go short of munitions and other things indispensable to them."

NOW, the only way we can possibly live up to that obligation is by going without in order that our soldiers may have. For the money we waste is not money at all—it is equipment, clothing, shot and shell that are urgently needed in France.

By denying ourselves, therefore, we enable Canada to procure to the fullest extent the materials and labor which she and our Allies need for the successful prosecution of the war.

What happens when we fail to save?

A pull on labor by the Government in one direction and a pull on labor by the people in the opposite direction. Hundreds of millions of dollars are of no use to the country if goods and services can be secured only to the extent of eighty millions of dollars. So we must do everything in our power to release both goods and labor for the purposes for which Canada needs them.

WHETHER it be food, coal, wool, steel, leather, labor or transportation, the result in all cases is the same. Whoever competes with the nation by freely satisfying his own desires, selfishly appropriates to his own use that which is so urgently required for our fighting men in France.

For the sake of your country and the boys "over there," spend cautiously. Think of what Lord Kitchener has said, and ask yourself first, "Is this something I really need or can I do without it?"

Published under the authority of the Minister of Finance of Canada

11

East Kootenay Fall Fair : Cranbrook, B.C.

Wed. & Thurs., Oct. 2nd & 3rd

Aeroplane Flights Every Afternoon
by one of the best Aviators in the West

Two Days Horse Races
and other Sports

Purebred Livestock, Poultry, Fruits, Vegetables, &c.

MIDWAY ATTRACTIONS—Boucher's Canada Shows and Carnival City

Fair will close with a DANCE in the Auditorium, THURSDAX, OCT. 8rd, at 9.30 p.m.

SPECIAL RAILWAY RATES of Fare and One-Third from all stations Brocket to Kootenay Landing inclusive to Cranbrook and return

Dates of sale: Oct. 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Return limit, Oct. 4th.

SEND FOR PRIZE LIST

A. L. McDERMOT, Secretary