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THE CRESTON REVIEW

VOL. X. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1918 No. 29

Valley Has 10,000 Boxes Wealthys

This week sees the start of Wealthy apple shipping, and reports coming from the growers would indicate there will be almost 10,000 boxes of this variety to handle this year, or about 30 per cent. of the total Valley crop. In addition to quantity the Wealthys are there with the quality also, and present appeaarances are that the returns will be equally satisfactory, judging from initial sales, and the decided improvement in the quantity of enquiries from prospective buyers.

The Duchess, Astrakhan and Transparents are pretty well cleaned up, and have been much more in evidence than in 1917, when but two straight cars of them were shipped as compared with three this year, to say nothing of increased express and small-lot freight shipping.

Tomatoes are giving growers just a little concern at present. The stuff is on the vines alright, and quite nicely developed but is not ripening in the customary quantities right now. The weather, of course, has been anything but favorable on the whole, the nights being decidedly cool, and the days not exactly scorching hot. Two years ago a similar state of affairs existed and the crop went away below expectations, but with at least another month of the season to run and more ideal weather in prospect an average crop is confidently expected. There has been no trouble disposing of the lighter yield at good prices, though according to market bulletins the bigger centres are over-supplied for days past.

Plums are coming along in unexpectedly large quantities and are occupying some space in the car lot shipping the past two weeks. Some growers have had to increase their orders for plum crates a matter of 50 per cent. over early season estimates.

The peach export promises to more than double the 1917 outgo, but is not of the same uniformly good quality. Peaches set exceptionally well this spring, and as little or no thinning was attempted the fruit is under size, and is finding none too ready a market.

Up till the middle of the week cucumbers were still going strong, but they are liable to fall off on short notice. Okanagan growers are quoting them 45 cents a crate and shipping in carload lots freight furnish competition that local growers cannot meet shipping express. At the present price of crates and some allowance for labor 50 cents a crate is about as low a figure as local growers are inclined to consider cucumbers worth handling.

The box factories at Canyon City and Wynndel are both working full time and on the orders already received a crop of apples of at least 30,000 boxes is in sight, with prospects right now that when they are all packed the season's shipping will not be far short of 35,000 boxes.

Erickson

Miss Beatrice Dodds, who has spent the past few weeks with friends at Kingsgate, returned on Thursday.

Miss Jeanne Palmer, who has been in charge of the Huscroft school for the past two years, left on Tuesday for Victoria, where she will be until Christmas completing her term at Normal school.

Arthur Bowness of Nelson was a week-end visitor at Erickson, a guest Billy Long.

Mrs. Walker and children, who have been guests of Mrs. Holmes the past month, returned to Edmonton on Tuesday.

Rumor has it that the Paulson Co. have completed arrangements for the erection of another mill at the Paulson siding. The report is also current that the Watts' interests are to put in a sawmill at McNeillie.

K. Andrew was notified by wire the latter part of the week that his son, Pte. John Andrew, was taken among the casualties in the fighting in France on August 12th, laid up with gunshot wound in the arm and thigh. No details are given as to whether the injuries are considered serious or not. Pte. Andrew went overseas with a Winnipeg regiment early in 1916, and after better than two years in the trenches now is listed wounded—but not seriously disabled all will sincerely hope.

Wealthy apples are starting to move in small quantities this week, and are a heavy yield in this section, the Craigie ranch having about the best showing of these of any orchard in the Valley.

Now the weather has warmed a trifile tomatoes are shipping in slightly larger quantity, though hardly in proportion to the quantities of them on the vines.

Jos. Stinson was taken to the hospital at Cranbrook on Thursday of last week, and the same evening was operated upon for appendicitus. The case was a serious one, but at last reports he is recovering nicely.

W. V. Jackson this week made the purchase of the Conway ranch, which is alongside his own, and which he has worked under lease for some years. There is 30 acres to it, ten of which is planted to a bearing orchard. The balance is hay and pasture land, and will prove an ideal addition to his present holdings.

Kitchener

Mr, and Mrs. Winlaw and family of Nelson were Kitchener visitors for a few days the latter part of the week.

Miss Lythgoe returned on Saturday after spending a week with Yahk and Cranbrook friends.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Boyd of Creston were guests of Mrs. Hunt a few days last week.

Teddy Clauson and Fred Nelson motored frow Cranbrook last Saturday evening to take in the dance which was held in the schoolhouse. There was also a party from Creston, and a very enjoyable time is reported by all present.

Mr. and Mrs. Paulson left on Sunday in their car and will spend a week or two with Cranbrook and Calgary friends.

W. Attridge of the Cranbrook Sash & Door Co., Cranbrook, is spending a few days here on a fishing trip.

Canyon City

Canyon City ladies had a holiday on Wednesday afternoon when most of them were at the Reclamation Farm for the Red Cross picnic, which was also well attended by Creston people, and a grand succese in every way. The pig donated by Mr. Lyon was drawn for and won by Mrs. Heap, a Coalhurst, Alta., visitor.

F. W. Speaker and family left for their new home at Jaffray on Friday last. Mr. Speaker and two of the boys made the trip in his Chevrolet car.

Miss Phillips of Lethbridge, Alta., is here on her usual summer holiday the guest of Mrs. C. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Blair moved back to the Reclamation Farm the end of the week, where haying operations are now in full swing. Mr. Blair plans to put up more of this class of feed than ever before.

The caterpillar engine started work this week on the lumber haul to the siding. In spite of the short prairie crop the movement of lumber continues to be brisk.

Mr. Davis, the Creston sheep man, has leased part of the Yale property and is moving several hundred head of sheep there for fall and winter feeding. Under the new regulations sheep are not allowed to parture on the flats.

Mrs. Wearmouth entertained the Red Cross workers at the weekly session Thursday last, at which the income from the tea was $2.75, while a vegetable marrow the hostess raffled brought another $1.10, and was won by Mrs. Lyons. The Auxiliary is also grateful for a $1 donation from Mrs. C. Huscroft. Next week's gathering will be at Mrs. Wood's.

Fall Fair Prize Lists Are Ready

Prize lists for the Creston Valley fall fair are now available, and may be had from the secretary. The list is complete except for the special prizes which are not quite all in yet, and these will be issued a little later.

All told there are fourteen different classes, with particularly fine awards in horses, cattle, poultry, fruit, vegetables, plants and flowers, cooking and canned goods, as well as in needlework. In the juvenile section there are ten different sections, most of which are for needlework, however.

Secretary Staples has worked part of the business section of the town for prize money already and the response has been splendid. In addition to local contributions of this sort Hon. John Keen, M.P.P., of Kaslo, and R. F. Green, M.P., West Kootenay, have each donated $25, as well as another $10 apiece for special prizes in the ladies section.

Attention is called to the fact that entries must be made on the printed form provided for that purpose, and intending exhibitors are asked to secure this entry form with prize list. A large supply of them are available.

The agriculture department at Victoria has advised that the tents for the housing of livestock and poultry will be sent on here in good time, so intending exhibitors of horses, cattle, etc., are assured of first-class accommodation for their stock. The judging, of course, will be in the open so as to give the spectators a chance to witness proceedings if they are inclined that way. First prizes of $5 and $3 seconds are offered in horses and cattle, with silver medals donated by the Bank of Commerce for the best animals in both dairy and beef cattle.

Another feature of the fair will be an exhibit from the Dominion Experimental Farm at Invermere, which will include models of ideal farm buildings of every sort, and those for the care of poultry and bees.

Government judges will be here to handle the judging of the stock, fruit, vegetables, etc., while in the ladies' section it is also hoped to have judges from outside points make the awards.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Grouse are reported plentiful in the Rossland country this season.

Fernie has a Navy League with 225 members—185 in junior branch.

Trail is having its usual fruit fair next month, and will pay $1500 prizes

Huckleberries are reported unusually plentiful in the Okanagan valley this year.

In the Okanagan Valley the telephone company has doubled the price of town phones.

H. Hansen, a Grand Forks gardener, has just shown the Gazette a four-pound cucumber.

Garden thieves are operating at Trail, special attention being paid tomatoes and flowers.

Fernie united church will pick a pastor from four Presbyterian and one Methodist applications.

At Greenwood the gophers have gone in early, and the Ledge takes it as a sign of an early winter.

The Herald has a list of 31 names of Cranbrook volunteers who have been killed in the overseas fighting.

Trail milk dealers claim they should get 20 cents a quart for milk in order to much more than break even.

W. J. Galipeau is using a Ford tractor to cut the grain crop on several Grand Forks farms this month.

With 18 pupils assured it is now felt certain that the Golden High School will not be closed for another year.

At Revelstoke, W. H. Osborne, a returned soldier, has just been placed in charge of the Railway Y.M.C.A.

East Kootenay stock breeders would like to see a cold storage plant erected at Cranbrook for the stockmen's benefit.

Trail board of trade is asking the government at Ottawa to dismiss the postmaster at Blueberry, who is an Austrian.

Grouse are numerous in the Revelstoke country. Occasionally these birds are seen in the residential part of the town.

At the moving picture show at Grand Forks four-minute patriotic talks are given between the changes of picture films.

Cranbrook hears that the C.P.R. will employ a man at the station there all year round to keep the garden looking skookum.

16 head of dairy cattle on the Glanville ranch at Grand Forks provided 11 tons of milk for the creamery in that town in June.

200 men are now employed at the Rossland mines, and hopes are entertained that this number will steadily increase from now on.

City employees at Kaslo are notified that they cannot work for other people after hours without the written consent of the mayor.

The coal miners at Fernie have just been given another 25 cents a day raise in pay—making 70 cents of a raise since early this year.

E. Harrison Dead

The older timers in the Valley more especially will hear with regret of the death of Enos Harrison, which occured at the hospital at Cranbrook yesterday morning. Deceased had been a resident of the Valley till about eight years ago when he opened out a general store at Yahk, where he has resided ever since. He had been ailing for some weeks past with pleurisy, though not until a few days before he died was his case considered to be fatal possibly. He was about 40 years of age, and is survived by a widow and an adopted son.

Sirdar

Creston callers have been few in number the past week. Mesdames Cameron and Dennes being the only residents to favor the metropolis with a call.

The threatend strike of the boat crews on the lake, which was to go into effect on Monday night, deprived Sirdar of the August Church of England service, Rev. J. S. Mahood failing to come lest he be marooned here.

Everything is in readiness for school re-opening on Tuesday with Miss Goodman again in charge, and a likely looking lot of scholars to handle.

Tony Pascuzzo is doing quite an export trade in green beans just at present. He has about an acre of them and they are moving out several sacks a day this week.

W. Bradley, who is employed at the slip, was sent to the hospital at Cranbrook on Thursday last. He sustained some nasty cuts and internal injuries due to a fall off the trestle at an early hour that morning, and having to drag himself into Sirdar unaided.

Sam Bysouth has been a Creston caller a couple of times this week. He has about decided to tackle fruit farming and may locate on a property near that that town.

G. M. Benney of Creston, who is supervising all hay cutting on the flats this year, was a visitor at Sirdar on Sunday, looking over the crop in these parts and issuing the necessary permits.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton are leaving this week for Vancouver, and expect to make their home at the coast in future.

Freight traffic through Sirdar at present is about the lightest this sort of traffic has been for months past. The through movement of Doukhobors, however, keeps up appearances in the passenger department.

Need 2500 Tons Hay and Rushes

With the conclusion of a conference on Thursday afternoon last between Indian agent Galbraith, the Indian priest, Father Lambot of Cranbrook, along with some of the higher ups of the local reserve, with lands inspector Smith and J. A. Lidgate of the Farmers' Institute, the hay cutting question is now finally and satisfactorily adjusted. This meeting was for the purpose of coming to a definite understanding as to the exact areas upon which the Indians will operate.

Matters were quite amicably arranged. The Indians will have the hay on the areas the Indian Commission have recommended should be added to the reserve, but which, as yet, has not been agreed to by the government at Victoria. The arrangement throws open to cutting by the whites of many hundreds of acres on what is known as Nick's Island, and which contains some of the best stretches of hay on the whole flats, and upon which half a dozen outfits have since started operating.

So far the number of ranchers who have started at haymaking is quite up to other years. Negotiations are under way for outside outfits to come in, and already at least two of them have notified they will be here, though just how extensive they are prepared to operate is not known. Ranchers who do not haymake for themselves must state their requirements in the hay line to the Institute.

Messrs. Lidgate and Benney made a trip over the hay lands on Sunday as far as Lewis' Island, and found the crop uniformly good all through. However, the quantity that can be put up depends to a great extent on weather. With a continued dry spell many low spots that are now too wet operate on will dry out sufficiently to enable most of the hay in them to be taken off, while a rainy spell would shorten up production some.

An estimate has been made that at least two tons of hay should be put up for every head of stock in the Valley before export trade can be thought of. In addition to this a considerable quantity of rushes will be needed to take care of the strawberry mulching, which some estimate to run as high as six tons to the acre.

For cattle, horses and mulching it would look as if 2500 tons of hay and rushes will be required for Valley needs. This quantity and a good deal more will be available with even half-decent weather. With a real Kootenay September and the man and horse power on the job the flats should be good for several hundred tons of export feed. The Institute has plans laid to take care of the crop if the weather and labor permits of it being taken off.

Alice Siding

Haying operations are under way on the flats, though as yet the number of ranchers cutting seems less than in previous years. So far the weather has been ideal.

Miss Alice Carr left on Tuesday for Sandon, where she will visit friends for a few weeks.

School will re-open on Tuesday morning, with Miss Arrowsmith in charge for another term.

Arthur Pendry arrived from Trail on Tuesday and is spending the week with Alice Siding friends.

Reg. Thompson, who operated a poultry farm on the Mutton place up till about three years ago, has just been heard from. He is with a railway construction unit somewhere in [illegible] as cheerful as ever after two years' service and but two weeks furlough in all that time.

Mrs. Heap of Coalhurst, Alta., who is Mrs. Sinister's guest, was the winner of the young pig raffled at a Red Cross picnic at the Reclamation Farm on Wednesday afternoon.

The Miner has it that the crop of [illegible] light this year.

B. C. Fruit Up

British Columbia fruit on the prairie this year is going to command a somewhat higher price than usual, according to reports that are brought back from the fruit districts by R. J. C. Stead, who has just returned from Kelowna. In many instances the buyers have covered the ground and boxes of apples have been bought on the spot in some places at a price as high as $2.25. The production of tomatoes has been given aid this year by the overhauling and opening of a large sized cannery at Kelowna with a capacity of 60 cans per minute.

Punctuation marks were first used in 1490.

Slow rivers run four miles an hour.

Women, Prepare!

Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings, and have been cured of woman's ills by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This temperance medicine, though started nearly half a century ago, sells most widely to-day. It can now be had in tablet form as well as liquid, and every woman who suffers from backache, headache, nervousness, should take this "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce's. It is prepared from nature's roots and herbs and does not contain a particle of alcohol or any narcotic. It's not a secret prescription for its ingredients are printed on wrapper. Send 10c for trial package to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., or Bridgeburg, Ont.

Hamilton, Ont.—"When I reached the critical period I was a nervous wreck and suffered with hot flashes and dizzy spells. 'Favorite Prescription' relieved me of all these ailments and brought me through this trying time safely. For women of middle age there is no tonic equal to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I always take pleasure in recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. A. [illegible], 41 Hess St. S.

Stratford, Ont.—"I was greatly benefited by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription; it was before twins came, and became all run down, was nervous, very nervous and weak, and suffered with backache. Was not able to do anything for three months, when I began taking 'Favorite Prescription.' It soon gave me relief and it was not long when I was strong and healthy. 'Favorite Prescription' was surely a great help to me and I am glad to recommend it."—Mrs. L. [illegible], of Kent Lane.

Germany's Labor Army

German Military Authorities Lay Stress on Value of Their Prisoners

"Our growing labor army," is the description applied by the Huns to their prisoners of war. According to a communique in the latest Berlin papers, Germany and her vassals between them now hold 3,575,000 prisoners. For the first time the German military authorities lay stress on the supreme value of their prisoners as man-power for industry and agriculture. They are so numerous, it is asserted, that they go far toward compensating Germany for the men she has had to withdraw from peaceful pursuits for active military service. "The longer the war lasts," the communique adds, "the more adaptable these prisoners become to the work assigned them, and the more useful to us."

Huns have a majestic awe of big figures. Thus it is explained for their edification that the "labor army" in prisoner camps is numerically greater than the whole male working-class population of Denmark, Norway, and Sweden combined, "and is equivalent to one-fifth the total number of working men in Germany before the war."

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

On the one hand we are told to buy our clothes now if we do not want to pay treble prices next season, and on the other we are asked to wear our old clothes until the war is over. In this way we are between the Kaiser and the deep sea.—Hamilton Times.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Escape from Germany

A German non-commissioned officer and his wife have reached Moon, a Danish island in the Baltic Sea. They made their escape from Germany in a small boat. The couple have been interned as have other German deserters, until an investigation has been made.

Avoid Harsh Pills! Doctors Condemn Them

Most Pills unfortunately are harsh and drastic; they cause inflammation and great discomfort. Rather like nature is the way a pill should act, mildly but effectively. Science has established nothing more satisfactory as a family pill than the old reliable pills of Dr. Hamilton's which for forty years have had a premier place in America. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are very mild and can be effectively used by the aged, by children, and indeed by men and women of all ages. No stomach or bowel medicine is more reliable. No remedy for indigestion headache or biliousness is so effective, so mild, so certain to quickly cure as a 25c box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Children in Germany Starve

Germany, although attacking on the western front, is starving, says The Echo de Paris. An article appearing in The Berlin Arbeiter Zeitung relates the details of six children starving to death in an orphanage at Zenefort, Thuringia. The orphanage was found to have been ransacked by its starving inmates, and physicians who visited the place found several of the children sheer skeletons.

Prof. Franz E. Hein, the widely-known economist, writing in the Bayerischer Zeitung, of Munich, warns the Germans that the coming weeks will be harder than any that have passed and professes to foresee a general paralysis in the supply of wheat.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

The Farm is Safe

The One Industry That Is Always Safe to Follow

The world is in delirium. The world fever makes it so. Business is abnormal and subnormal. Some industry is at high speed and other at low ebb. Price levels have mounted high. Wages have climbed to dizzy heights, in shop, factory and office. The reaction is as sure as nature's law that day follows night. Then what? Will the fever [illegible] the patient emaciated and [illegible] he die and [illegible]? To a large extent yes. The [illegible] are to [illegible] the backbone of the farm. When war has had its way and [illegible], nations will turn instinctively to the soil as the source of natural wealth and prosperity. The fires of iron furnaces will die out. Commerce's chimneys will cease to vomit smoke. The makers of machinery and munitions of war will [illegible] and come to fritter. The Toledo Blade.

For Hair and Skin Health Cuticura is Supreme

If you use Cuticura Soap for everyday toilet purposes, with touches of Cuticura Ointment now and then as needed to soothe and heal the first pimples, redness, roughness or scalp irritation you will have as clear a complexion and as good hair as it is possible to have.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

Reach High Mark

Western Canada School Lands Sell for $77.50 an Acre

High prices continue to mark the sales of school lands that are taking place in Western Canada. At Delisle, Saskatchewan, one parcel sold for $77.50 an acre. Forty-four other parcels out of 93 sold, brought more than $30 an acre each.

At a sale held at Strassburg, Saskatchewan, 122 parcel were disposed of, 85 of them at prices ranging from $20 to $64 an acre. At Lumsden, Saskatchewan, and Foremost, Alberta, sales have also been held and parcels were sold at prices up to $50 per acre.

These are high prices for raw land in Western Canada. Most of the parcels were, however, purchased by residents of the respective districts, and knowing the producing power of the land, they consider they have good value. As a result of these sales, considerable uncultivated land will be prepared for next year's crop.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Holloway's Corn Cure, which is entirely safe to use, and certain and satisfactory in its action.

Impatience

The Allies Have Got a Big Job Ahead of Them

Senator Overman said the other day:

"Don't be impatient about the slowness of the world war. The allies have got a big job ahead of them, and it will take them a long, long time to finish it. Impatience, then, is absurd.

"Yes, it's as absurd as the urchin who was started off for school at the age of seven, and on arriving home at the end of the first day seized a newspaper eagerly and turned to the comic page.

"The urchin studied the comic page intently, then he tossed it down and said in a disgusted voice:

"'That's no good of a school!'

"'Why do you say that, dear?' his mother asked.

"'Here I've been goin' to it a whole day,' he answered, 'and ain't learned to read yet.'"

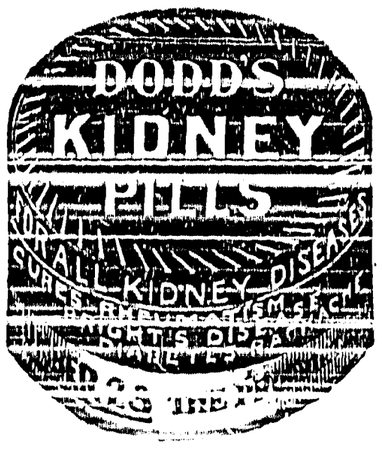
CONSTIPATED CHILDREN

Childhood constipation can be quickly banished through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which never fail to regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach and in this way relieve all the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mr. Eugene Couture, Knox Bridge, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets have been marvellous in the case of my baby. She was constipated and feverish but the Tablets soon regulated her bowels and made her well." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Voice at a Discount

Fred—There seems to be a lot more fuss made over Miss A's. singing than over Miss B's., and I'm sure Miss B. has the richer voice.

Tom—Ah, but Miss A. has the richer father.—Boston Transcript.



Enemy Promised Great Plunder

Rich Countryside Held Up as Compensation for Hardships

Plunder of Paris and loot from the rich countryside were some of the promises made to the German soldiers by the high command before the offensive of June 9, according to an official despatch from France.

A German deserter related how the officers during the rest which preceded the attack painted in glowing colors the advantage of an advance in a rich country where the men could live in abundance and recompense themselves for their hardships. He said measures were taken to guarantee and apportion the plunder, but soldier were warned that there was to be no renewal among the guards of the regrettable incidents of Villers-Bretonneux, where the valiant guards of this division, breaking into the cellars, became so intoxicated that they refused to follow their officers. Before the attacks the commander of the guards complained that reserve regiments were sent into the front line, and so would have first choice at the loot of Paris.

DOUGLAS' INFANT TABLETS
TRADE REGISTERED MARK
FORMERLY HENNEQUINS
FOR BABIES AND SMALL CHILDREN
Cures Worms, Stomach & Teething Troubles
Contain no harmful drugs. 25c per box or 5 boxes by mail on receipt of $1.00.
Douglas & Co., Napanee, Ont.

Nearly Five Millions Have Starved

It has been estimated up to a recent period that 4,790,000 people in Europe have been starved to death since the beginning of the war. Unless the 1918 harvest is saved, starvation will become general throughout Europe and the suffering among the civilian populations of our allies unprecedented in the history of the world.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whittling at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.

Don't Want to Fight

A good story is told of one of our air pilots, who was disgusted by the refusal of the German pilots to accept combat. He flew over an aerodrome quite low and dropped a parcel.

A few minutes later he swooped down, and, as he expected, saw a number of Germans examining the parcel. He let two bombs fall and fired 100 cartridges into them before he flew away.

What they found in the parcel was a pair of boots, and with them this note: "If you won't come up here and fight, herewith is one pair of boots for work on the ground."

Like a Grip at the Throat. For a disease that is not classed as fatal there is probably none which causes more terrible suffering than asthma. Sleep is impossible, the sufferer becomes exhausted and finally, though the attack passes, is felt an unceasing dread of its return. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful curative agent. It immediately relieves the restricted air passages as thousands can testify. It is sold by dealers everywhere.

Still Here

In Chicago they tell a story of a sick man who had just emerged from a long delirium.

"Where am I?" he asked, very feebly as he felt the loving hands making him comfortable. "Where am I? In heaven?"

"No, dearie," said his wife gently, "I am still with you."—Vancouver Province.

Economy

Husband Have you done your best to economize this month, Mary, as I requested.

Wife (brightly) Oh, yes, I spoke to the grocer, the butcher and the landlord, and got them to put off sending in their bills till next month.—Story Tellers.

SMOKE TUCKETT'S ORINOCO CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND
A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS. FOUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF THERAPION EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE. BE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

MONEY ORDERS
Buy your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

The Kaiser's Gratitude

The kaiser is "filled with the most profound gratitude to God's mercy." No man needs it more. It is characteristic of something much resembling mental disequilibrium that it is "amid my armies" that he feels this profound gratitude to God's mercy. Thank God, his armies are left, so far, and his fleet is spared as long as he keeps it from coming out.—New York Times.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Fifty-fifty Irishman

In his book, "From Gallipoli to Bagdad," "Padre" William Ewing tells the story of a burly Irishman brought into the field-hospital suffering from many wounds.

"What are you?" asked the doctor.

"Sure, I'm half an Irishman."

"And what's the other half?"

"Holes and bandages."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

The first kniting needles were clumsy ones, made of wire, and they were known in England in 1551.

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

When youth takes flight on the wings of years beauty of complexion goes too, unless you give your skin proper and daily care. Use of Ingram's Milkweed Cream will enable you to appear youthful when you are no longer young. Its distinctive remedial effect upon the tissues of the skin keeps the complexion colorful, soft and free from blemish. It does actually "healthify" and beautify your complexion. Since 1885 there's been nothing else "just as good." Take no other. Two sizes, 50c and $1.00.

Warm days, household work, and kitchen heat, all cause perspiration and shiny, oily skin. You can avoid this by using Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder, 50c. It blends perfectly with the complexion. A light touch hides little blemishes, makes your complexion smooth, soft and flawless. A full line of Ingram's toilet products, including Zodenta for the teeth, 25c, is at your druggist's.

A Picture With Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor, Ontario. (95)

COLDS, CATARRH RELIEVED

IN FIVE MINUTES

Consumption can be traced back in most instances to a bad cold or catarrh that was neglected. Don't court this white plague—ensure yourself at once against it by inhaling Catarrhozone, a pleasant antiseptic medication that is inhaled into the lungs, nasal passages, throat, and bronchial tubes, where it kills disease germs and prevents their development. Catarrhozone heals inflamed surfaces, relieves congestion, clears the head and throat, aids expectoration, and absolutely cures Catarrh and Bronchitis. Quick relief, cure guaranteed, pleasant to use. Get the $1.00 outfit of Catarrhozone, it lasts two months; small size 50c. All dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ont., Canada.

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

The funeral had taken place on the previous day, and there were no signs of mourning in the old home of the dethroned family when he rang the bell. The blinds were all up, and from an open window came the click of billiard balls. Jevons, that suave Londoner, opened to the visitor with a look of surprise and at once conducted him to the billiard room, where Jasper Morgan was leaning over the table for a difficult stroke. His opponent, a lantern-jawed, cadaverous man in ill-fitting black clothes, stood by, watching the result.

The result was a brilliant cannon, and then Mr. Morgan caught sight of Sir Anthony. The surprise on his face was as pronounced as that of his butler had been, but there was no pleasure in it.

"Hullo, West!" he exclaimed. "You got my check, I hope? I posted it before I left town—directly I saw you had won the bet."

"Oh yes, I got the check and acknowledged it to your London address," Sir Anthony replied, and he was suddenly conscious of an awkwardness in the situation. After all, this man had just lost his wife by a foul crime, and the proper thing was to condole with him. So he added: "This is a horrible business, Morgan. I need not say how sorry I am."

"I'll take that for granted," rejoined the tenant of the court. "At the same time you must excuse me, West. I am not seeing anyone yet."

The remark hardly seemed to fit in with the lantern-jawed stranger and the billiard playing. The inconsistency stiffened Sir Anthony for the real purpose of his visit.

"You don't know why I have had to come down to Comlyn?" he hazarded, watching the impassive face keenly.

"I haven't the ghost of a notion," was Jasper Morgan's reply. "One of your little rest cures on your native heath, eh? But you really must excuse me. There are times when even one's best friends——"

"Yes, I know," Sir Anthony interrupted. "I am sorry to be a nuisance, but—hang it all!—I'm in a bit of a hole Morgan. Can't I have a word with you alone for a minute?"

"Come along then," said Morgan none too warmly, and he led the way out of the room, calling to his cadaverous opponent that he would not be long. "Now what is it, West?" he demanded as soon as they were out in the passage.

Sir Anthony was inclined to resent the man's attitude, but he was willing as yet to attribute it to his own intrusion at such a time.

"I want you to let me off keeping our wager dark," he began. "I have been summoned as a witness at the adjourned inquest. Some infernal liar has put it about that I was down here on that day. Of course I shall deny it, but, to be believed, I must give chapter and verse."

"I don't see why," said Morgan as if the matter was of no account. "The coroner will take your word for it all right."

"Probably, under ordinary circumstances," Sir Anthony replied impatiently. "You don't see the point. Mrs. Trevlyn, my housekeeper, tells me that people are finding a sinister significance in my supposed presence in the village that day."

Morgan stared as though he did not understand, then broke into a laugh. "Hang it all, but that's too absurd," he said. "Shows what idiots these yokels are, and I am surprised that Superintendent Noakes should heed such cackle. Possibly he summoned you as a witness from friendly motives, just to give you a chance to deny on oath that you were at Comlyn and so knock the bottom out of the rumor."

"That may be so, but it is beastly unpleasant and my denial will have fifty times the force if I can prove it by disclosing exactly where I was that day," Sir Anthony persisted.

"Sorry, but I can't see my way to release you," Morgan's jaws set in an iron snap. "Of course, if there was any question of real trouble—of your being suspected by the authorities—I would cancel the condition at once. But the whole thing is too ridiculous. I had a special object in losing that thousand pounds to you so easily, and I cannot forego it on such slight grounds. I really can't, West."

It was on the tip of Sir Anthony's tongue to retort that the cursed money was nothing to him—that he would return it and consider himself free to publish his adventure with the Bucks police. But rueful remembrance came that it was out of his power to take the high hand. He had already used a good slice of his winnings in staving off his most pressing creditors. To raise enough to replace what he had so spent was impossible.

"If you won't, you won't," he said curtly. "I'm wasting your time and my own. Go back and finish your game." And turning on his heel he marched across the hall to the front door which Jevons, as though endowed with the gift of prophecy, was ready to open for him.

He made his way down the drive, for the moment more filled with disgust than apprehension. His pressing need had got him into a nasty coil, and the trouble was that he had given a cad like Jasper Morgan the whip hand over him. If the bet had been with a gentleman—with one of his brother officers or with Clayton Kenyon, for instance—he could have nailed the lie to the counter without more ado.

Well, he would be sure of sympathy from Mavis Comlyn anyhow—sweet Mavis, whom he had known since she was a round-eyed child of four, with winning ways which had even then appealed to the schoolboy six years older. The friendship then begun had never wavered, and but for the ruin that overwhelmed both their houses would long ago have blossomed into a nearer and dearer intimacy. As it was, the impetuous lover had often been sore put to it to curb the declaration of his passion.

He passed through the wicket gate in the privet hedge into the cool shade of the dower house garden, experiencing the delicious thrill of the weary traveller who glimpses a green oasis after miles of arid desert. For Mavis was sitting alone on the verandah and with a low cry of pleasure rose and came to meet him. How fair she was, and how divinely tall! And that little cooing cry was compensation for any amount of village gossip, for the half-veiled insolence of any number of Jasper Morgans. He would have to put a cinch on himself, he thought, or he would take her in his arms and tell her so many things that he had long wanted to say.

And then came a bolt from the blue. Ten paces away the girl stopped. The welcoming smile faded, to be replaced by a dawning horror which found expression in the sobbing appeal:

"Take it off, Tony! Throw it away! Burn it! Anything, only never let me see the horrible thing again!"

Sir Anthony, too, had come to a halt. Strange things were moving on his horizon today, beyond his simple reckonings.

"What thing?" he demanded blankly. "What's wrong, Mavis? I'll burn and destroy anything that annoys you. You know that full well."

"That hat!" the girl gasped, pointing at the weather-beaten straw encircled with its gaudy club colors. "Tony, dear, the ghastly thing is on my nerves—on mine, who haven't got any. There's murder in that ribbon!"

(To Be Continued.)

German Alarmists

The nerves of the German people are daily becoming more unsettled. There are a few panic-mongers in England, but to all accounts they are in the majority in the Fatherland. One German paper is so alarmed at the declining spirits of the people that it issues a solemn warning against lies. One story, which has obtained considerable credence in Germany is to the effect that the British have opened the sluices on the Flanders front and drowned 100,000 Germans. Another is that a whole army corps has been surrounded by the Franco-British troops and made prisoners.

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CUT ON T&B

What Women Want to Know

Some Queries and Answers Regarding Conservation of Food

Lilian. No doubt it does become tiresome, when you hear of those nurses winning the Royal Red Cross and earning all the glory of overseas service, to reflect on what you call your "humble drudgery." But as a matter of fact, if every woman now on the farm will do this year just what she has been doing, to a larger extent and in a better way, she will be rendering her greatest war service.

To cook food and wash dishes for farm workers this year is nothing if not helpful. Young women now on farms can easily expand their activities. The girl who will learn how to hitch up and drive a horse can not only save her father or other man worker from leaving field work to drive to town, but she can also ride the hay rake or horse drawn cultivator in an emergency.

A large proportion of our butter is already made on our farms. This butter production can be improved in quality and quantity by farm women who are willing to give it careful attention. No food need today is more vital than that of fats and the woman on the farm has it in her power to make a tremendous contribution to the existing meagre supply. She can help materially by making more cheese too. So that there really is a very great deal you can do, right where you are, Lilian. Indeed, city girls are getting so envious of the girls on the farms that they are taking farmerette classes and making tracks for the hayfield and the berry patch.

Bread-Maker. You can get just the information you want on bread-making and the use of substitutes by writing to the Canada food board for the new bread-making booklet (five cents) which they have issued. At the same time you would be well advised to ask for the fish cook book, the canning, drying, and storing of fruit and vegetables and the vegetable recipes. There is a series of four and each is five cents.

Royal Blue. Yes, go ahead and make all the jam you want but use less sugar than you have been doing ever since you learned how to make preserves of any kind. The point is that if large quantities of jam be made this year the demand upon Canada from overseas for butter can be met to a much greater extent than would otherwise be possible. When jam is used butter is not needed with bread.

As the strawberry is one of the first fruits of the season to ripen here is an excellent recipe for strawberry jam:

8 lbs. strawberries; 6 lbs. sugar.

Mix the strawberries and sugar in a kettle and let them stand over night. In the morning set the kettle over the fire on an asbestos mat, and bring the contents slowly to a boil. Do not stir the fruit any more than is absolutely necessary. Boil gently without stirring until it is sufficiently thick and then put it away in sterile jars.

New Ontario. You are fortunate to be in the vicinity of such a fine supply of wild berries and it would be a good thing if you were to enlist the aid of the kiddies and have a great many berry picking expeditions this summer. Surely you cannot preserve any fruits with a finer flavor than the wild blueberries and it would seem a pity, at a time when the food shortage is so great, that you should neglect to utilize this supply right at your door. Use all you can of them and try to stir up some interest in your neighborhood in this business of wild berry picking. Here is what you want for the making of old-fashioned blackberry jam: For each pound of blackberries use three-fourths of a pound of brown sugar. Pick over berries and mash them slightly. Add sugar and cook slowly until thick. Seal in jelly glasses. Did you know that brown sugar was every bit as good as white in preserves?

Miss U. A. Here is a table of substitutes for home baking which should prove useful to you:

Quick bread, buns, muffins, pancakes, etc., corn flour, 50 per cent.; barley flour, 50 per cent.; rye flour, 50 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent.

Yeast bread, corn flour, 25 per cent.; barley flour, 25 per cent.; rye flour, 75 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent. Scald meals before mixing.

Pastry, corn flour, 25 per cent.; barley flour, 25 per cent.; rye flour, 50 per cent. Use less shortening.

Cookies, corn flour, 75 per cent.; barley flour, 50 per cent.; rye flour, 50 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent.

Bolsheviki Justice

The Result of Brute Force on the Ignorant Populace

A member of the American military control in Petrograd told me of the following incident as one he had witnessed. A woman dashed into the street after a boy of fifteen. "He's stolen my pocketbook; he's stolen my pocket book!" she cried. A miserable, shrieking urchin sped madly down the road in front of her. He was caught by a passerby, and a crowd gathered. Blow upon blow fell upon the defenceless head. Childish shrieks of terror filled the air. The woman appalled at what she had done, rushed back to the house. Again she made a desperate search, and suddenly in a dark corner she unearthed the missing pocket book. Again she dashed into the street, waving her property and calling loudly her mistake. But it was too late; the childish cries were still; a beaten and lifeless body had just been hurled into the canal. Sick shame seized the mob. Then the woman came, telling her story. Rage surged in their hearts. Under the czar they had been mercilessly beaten and abused. Brute force had been their instructor. They turned on the woman and applied the only method they knew. They beat her to death and dropped her into the canal.—Madeleine Z. Doty, in The July Atlantic.

Better Land for Less Money

Many American Farmers Taking Up Land in Western Canada

"The pressure of population, favoring conditions, and the application of industry, energy and enterprise to those conditions," says the Edmonton Bulletin in an editorial, "have resulted in an enormous increase in the price of farm land in what are called the corn-belt States. As the pressure of population increases, and the price of land rises, it necessarily follows that a proportion of farmers will seek locations elsewhere. This movement has taken very definite shape during the present year, and, as a result, large numbers of farmers who have accumulated big money, either by farming or by the sale of their farms, have come into the wheat-growing areas of the Canadian prairie west to purchase the cheaper lands there available. In this way, those portions of the Canadian west have some share in the increased price of land in the United States. There has been a double profit—first, in the amount of cash brought into Canada, and paid for land, and, second, in the fact that men of experience and industry—experts in farming—are in process of being added to the population and energy of those sections of our country.

"So far, this movement has not been strongly felt in Northern Alberta. The man from Illinois or Iowa who is looking for a location in the Canadian west has to run the gauntlet of all the inducements that can be held out to him in the vast and desirable territory through which he must pass before he reaches Northern Alberta. We are farthest of any part of the Canadian west from the area of dense rural population and high land prices in the United States corn belt. At the same time, it is in Northern Alberta that the farming conditions which have produced the wealth and prosperity of the corn belt can best be repeated. Dairying and cattle feeding made Illinois and Iowa rich, and dairying and cattle feeding are being carried on in Northern Alberta under circumstances quite as favorable for money-making as in Illinois and Iowa. As corn is the great feed crop on which the success of dairying and stock raising in the United States is built, so oats are the foundation of dairying and stock raising in Northern Alberta. The crop of Northern Alberta is more certain than the corn crop of Illinois and Iowa; and produces as much feed to the acre, but with much less labor, than does corn."

Jews Train in N. S.

Another company of the Jewish Palestine legion, consitsing of 150 men, has left New York for Nova Scotia to complete training before joining the other four contingents now fighting with the British in Palestine. The legionaries will be joined by more recruits from Baltimore and Philadelphia.

New Zealand has 4,301 registered apiaries, representing more than 50,000 colonies of bees.

"Your lunch will be fresh and tasty at dinner hour to-morrow. It is wrapped in Para-Sani."

PARA-SANI WRAPPER

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls, with handsome oak Roller-Box. Para-Sani is cheaper and more convenient than waxed paper in loose sheets and the paper is of better quality.

Keeps in the Moisture, keeps out the Germs

Para-Sani is moisture-proof, air-proof, germ-proof. Sandwiches, cakes, bread, cheese can be kept fresh and wholesome if wrapped in Para-Sani. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid, on receipt of Price or C.O.D.

3 lb. Roll with Roller Box	2.20
4 lb. Roll without Box	1.60
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THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, AUG. 30

He Comes High

Now that REVIEW readers have had ample time to read, mark, learn and inwardly digest the facts and fiction in connection with the local school controversy, including the education department's decisiod in the matter, (which the Broussouion's, rather shamefaaedly be it sdid, admit their protege will take advantage of), it is pretty general-generally admitted that the ex-principal comes high—but we must have him.

Had his reinstatement been ordered on any of the grounds his followers advocated at the annual meeting the district wonld be snfferer enough. To have him thrust upon us simply because the trustees extended the time-honored privilege of resigning rather than dismissing him in legal terms, and upon exact date set forth, is doubly calamitous.

It is some consolation to have the education department back up our contention that the various reasons advanced were quite sufficient to warrant his removal from the staff. "Parents" petitions, lack of written reasons, inspectors' reports, and even exam. results availed the ex-principal nothing—a lapse of thirty days in notifying him of his dismissal alone saving his bacon.

But, worst of all, the real sufferers are likely to be those who had no say as to his staying or going—his pupils. Now that Victoria has refused to take any stock in the appeals that were made to the annual meeting, and THE REVIEW has fairly well exposed the hollowness of them all, parents can hardly be expected to respect a man who forces himself on the school district on the flimsy excuse the ex-principal utilizes. And if the parents have no regard for him certainly the scholars can hardly be expected to have confidence in him, especially after the maligning some of them received at his hands simply because their parents refused to accept his infallibility as an instructor. A teacher so minus self-respect as to hold a principalship under existing conditions can hardly be expected to excite the admiration of even little children these times.

The conduct of Trustee Jackson in endeavoring to help save the situation for ehe ex-principal is another feature of the affair that does neither the trustee nor the district credit. That a man elected to a trustee board, and bound to respect the decision of the majority of its members, or retire therefrom, was prepared to be "used" to the extent that it has been abundantly shown he has beed worked in the effort to save the ex-principal—including his sitting a silent spectator while his "friends" attempted the crucifixion of the two other trustees for practices that he (Jackson) had been guilty of and never condemned in all his term—does not tend to attract to trusteeship men who believe in square and above-board dealing in both public and private life, the ability to intelligently handle school affairs.

But, possibly the most damnable feature of the whole mixup is the raw deal handed Trustee Crawford. In the earlier life of the Valley he proved a very acceptable trustee. In 1916 he was unanimously elected to the board again, and for another two years almost he seems to have rendered fairly satisfactory service. Comes the time, however, when teachere are hired and fired aud because—for reasons that have since been held valid—he decides to dispense with the services of the ex-principal up rise the Broussonians and in the crudest un-British and most discourteous fashion demand his head for daring to make a motion to dismiss a teacher whom they then alleged looked good (?) to them.

And it must not be overlooked that the howl for the trustees forced retirement was from men who prate about fair play; but no charge of wrongdoing is made, except that his firm sold the school a bill of supplies—one item in which was at a higher price than a competitor sold the same stuff for The attempt to show that the trustee brought influence to bear on the janitor to buy at this store fell flat, and not another price on the "big bill" was criticised. Fair-minded people cannot help questioning the motives that actuated those who accepted the trustee in good faith for two years, and all so suddenly and basely demanded his resiguation, while re-electing a former trustee who throughout almost his whole psevions term had done preciselp the same as the dismissed trustee.

In addition to being not too bad a trustee, Mr. Crawford enjoys some reputation for being a good citizen. He pays taxes, gives to patriotic causes, has time, and gives of his means, to help promote fall fairs, irrigation and reclamation projects, does what he can in board of trade effort, and is a permanent resident of the Valley.

In the ex-principal we have a johnny-come-lately who, as has been pointed out, would pull his freight to-morrow if he had $5 a month higher salary offered him. He pays no taxes, and is a nonentity in the public life of the commnnity in every direction—religious included. Why snch unseemly haste and heat to preserve to the community such a one as this, and to some discredit to a type of citizen who has done and is doing something in every possible direction to make the Valley a bigger and bettes place to live in.

And, aside altogether from this phase of the controversy, where are trustees of standing to come from if annnal meetings are ready and willing to thrust out trustees on such now-known-to-be specious arguments that featured the yearly gathering, and the disreditable and deplorable tactics the ex-principal and some of his followevs had recourse to in their efforts to preserve to the community this delectable pedagogue.

And now, having pondered the matter over fully and finally, might THE REVIEW enquire if there be any hereabouts, who wonid care to remain on as a teacher (or in any other position) in the circumstances in which the ex-principal finds himself? On the evidence disclosed how many would care to ocenpy the not altogether enviable position Trustee Jackson does in school history? And how many will care to affirm their belief that Trustee Crawford was treated even half decently?

Just put yourself in each of these fellows' shoes alternately; ask and answer each question squarely, and if your decision is contrary to the case THE REVIEW believes it has made out against the two former and in favor of the latter well, even a few conscientious objectors' votes to the contrary would make a little less distasteful the Broussonian bromide that the education department has prescribed well shaken before taken.

The high cost and shortage of feed is causing the largest dairy in Fernie to go out of business, and if the cows are sold outside the city the place is afraid of a decided milk shortage.

Kitchen Helps

How about Kitchen Utensils? Are you getting along a few pieces short; or making some old stuff do just for now—or anything like that?

This week we call attention to a special sale of Enamelware in which we believe we are showing values unheard of for many months past:

300 pieces Fry Pans, Sauce Pans Mixing Bowls, Pudding Dishes, Cups, Spoons **15 to 25c.**

We are also shewing a full line of the heavier Enamel goods, as well as a fine assortment of Galvanized ware, such as Tubs, Pails, &c.

These goods challenge comparison both as to quality and price and should not be overlooked if you contemplate purchasing anything of the sort.

S. A. SPEERS

C.F.B. License 8-21820 **General Merchant**

1918 Fall Fair
Rules and Regulations

1. Member's fee: $1.00 to January, 1919.

2. All entries positively to be made on or before Tuesday, September 24th.

3. Entries to be made on form provided by the Secretary.

4. In awarding prizes for breeding cattle, sheep or pigs the judges will be specially instructed not to take into consideration their present value to the butcher, but to decide according to their relative value or merits for the purpose of breeding.

6. Exhibitors of thoroughbred stock must show a certificate of registry to the committee on pedigrees at the time of judging or the animal cannot be exhibited as a pure bred animal. Men in charge of stock are strictly prohibited from making any remarks regarding the stock, unless information be required from them by the judges. Judges will in no case award a prize when there is no exhibit, and in case there is but one article or animal exhibited in a division or class they will award only one prize in a division—the highest or second, as may be proper. All articles of field, garden and dairy produce must be bona fide the production of the exhibitor and must be grown or made during the year 1918, except in Needlework.

7. No person shall be permitted in the horse or cattle rings or pens during the time of judging except the judges, the grooms or persons in charge of the animals, and members of the press.

8. Any person who shall attempt to interfere with or influence the judges while in discharge of their duties or who shall at any time on the premises of the association use any contemptuous or abusive language to any judge in consequence of any award made by him, shall forfeit his rights to any and all premiums to which he might otherwise be entitled, and may be excluded from exhibiting for one year thereafter. Judges are particularly requested to immediately report any breach of this rule.

9. Roots and vegetables of all kinds shall be delivered into the show room cleanly prepared.

10. All exhibits of stock, articles of manufacture of every kind and specialty are eligible for entry for prizes only by the owner, or authorized agents.

11. The president and board of managers shall have the general supervision of the grounds and entire exhibition, and control the police regulations and entrance and exit gates.

12. All feed for stock will have to be provided by exhibitor, but there will be feed on the grounds for sale.

13. The board of managers will use every precaution in their power for the safe preservation of articles and stock on exhibition, but will not be accountable for loss or damage. Exhibitors must give attention to their articles or animals during the fair, and at the close of the exhibition attend to their removal.

14. Any person knowingly violating the rules of the Society may forfeit any premium that may be awarded to them.

15. 10% of all prize money will be retained as a reserve fund. Prizes will be paid December 1st, 1918.

16. Owners of all prize stock shall bring their stock out for parade when called for, or prizes carried will be forfeited to the Association.

17. Admission fees to the grounds shall be: Single admission, 50 cents, all day, good to re-enter; school children, 25 cents.

18. No person shall be allowed to act as a judge who is in any way interested in the articles to be examined.

19. Should there be any dispute or misunderstanding, which none of our by-laws and regulations will govern, whether in connection with judging or otherwise, it shall be referred to the board of managers, whose decision shall be final.

NOTICE.

Any exhibitor may be required by the directors, if the question is raised, to make a statutory declaration that the work exhibited by him or her is of his or her own make and has not been awarded prizes at any previous exhibition.

The Vernon News hears that the provincial government has about decided to buy the Coldstream Ranch for the returned-soldiers farming, paying $900,000 for it in provincial bonds.

Rossland council talks of enlarging the city limits so as to make it 4 miles square. This would take in small colony of Doukhobors, who would be compelled to attend the city schools.

Cranbrook trustees have been favored with a $10,000 grant to assist with the purchase of a building for high school purposes and the erection of a new school at Kootenay Orchards

The pastor of the United church at Rossland is taking holidays, and as only local preachers are available as substitutes the church folk are having to get along with one service per Sunday.

SYNOPSIS OF

LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of $10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to Purchase from the Crown of such proportion of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment, an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment is final. The time for making application for these allotments is limited to the 1st day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be considered. These allotments apply to town lots and lands of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to

G. R. NADEN,
Deputy Minister of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand
Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

Boar for Service

PUREBREED CHESTER WHITE
For terms and all other information see A. MIRANDELL, Creston

: : PRIZE LIST : :

Class 1: Horses

G. Johnson, W. V. Jackson, C. Blair in charge.

Section		First	Second
1.	Brood mare	$5.00	3.00
2.	Foal of 1918	5.00	3.00
3.	General purpose team in harness. (Under 1400 lbs.)	5.00	3.00
4.	General purpose ranch horse in harness	3.00	2.00
5.	Heavy draft team in harness. (Over 1400 lbs.)	5.00	3.00
6.	Saddle horse; shown under saddle	5.00	3.00
7.	Saddle pony (boys and girls); shown under saddle	5.00	3.00
8.	Jumping horse	5.00	3.00

Class 2: Cattle

G. Johnson, W. V. Jackson, C. Blair in charge

9.	Registered bull, beef type	5.00	3.00
10.	Registered bull, dairy breed	5.00	3.00
11.	Registered Holstein cow	5.00	3.00
12.	Registered Holstein heifer, under two years	3.00	2.00
13.	Registered Jersey cow	5.00	3.00
14.	Registered Jersey heifer, under two years	3.00	2.00
15.	Grade cow, dairy type	5.00	3.00
16.	Grade heifer, under two years	3.00	2.00
17.	Beef breed, most typical cow over two years old. Silver medal donated by Bank of Commerce.		
18.	Dairy breed, most typical cow over two years old. Silver medal donated by Bank of Commerce.		
19.	Bankers' calf competition.		

Class 3: SHEEP

G. Johnson. W. V. Jackson, C. Blair in charge

20.	Pen of 3 ewes, any breed	5.00	

Class 4: RABBITS

21.	Belgian Hare	1.00	50
22.	Flemish Giant	1.00	50

Class 5: PIGS

23. Bankers' Competition.

Class 6: Poultry

J. Adlard, F. W. Ash, Dr. Henderson in charge.

24.	Barred Rock, cock	1.00	.50
25.	Barred Rock, hen	1.00	.50
26.	Barred Rock, cockerel	1.00	.50
27.	Barred Rock, pullet	1.00	.50
28.	White Wyandotte, cock	1.00	.50
29.	White Wyandotte, hen	1.00	.50
30.	White Wyandotte, cockerel	1.00	.50
31.	White Wyandotte, pullet	1.00	.50
32.	Rosecomb Rhode Island Red, cock	1.00	.50
33.	Rosecomb Rhode Island Red, hen	1.00	.50
34.	Rosecomb Rhode Island Red, cockerel	1.00	.50
35.	Rosecomb Rhode Island Red, pullet	1.00	.50
36.	White Orpington, cock	1.00	.50
37.	White Orpington, hen	1.00	.50
38.	White Orpington, cockerel	1.00	.50
39.	White Orpington, pullet	1.00	.50
40.	Single Comb White Leghorn, cock	1.00	.50
41.	Single Comb White Leghorn, hen	1.00	.50
42.	Single Comb White Leghorn, cockerel	1.00	.50
43.	Single Comb White Leghorn, pullet	1.00	.50
44.	Drake, any variety	1.00	.50
45.	Duck, any variety	1.00	.50
46.	Gander, any variety	1.00	.50
47.	Goose, any variety	1.00	.50
48.	Turkey, tom	1.00	.50
49.	Turkey, hen	1.00	.50
50.	Dozen white eggs	1.00	.50
51.	Dozen tinted eggs	1.00	.50

Class 7: Fruit

J. Cook, G. Cartwright and R. S. Bevan in charge.

52. Best 5 box lot of apples for S. A. Speer's silver cup. Cup to be won three times before becoming the property of the holder.

First prize, Silver Cup. Second prize, $5. Third prize, $3.

SINGLE BOX LOT OF APPLES—First prize $2; Second prize $1. Two entries or no first money paid.

Section		Section	
53.	Wagner	62.	Ontario
54.	Northern Spy	63.	Delicious
55.	MackIntosh	64.	Grimes Golden
56.	Rhode Island Greening	65.	Ribston Pippin
57.	Wealthy	66.	Spitzenburg
58.	King	67.	Rome Beauty
59.	Golden Russet	68.	Winter Banana
60.	Jonathan	69.	Gravenstein
61.	Snow	70.	Any other variety

Special Prize of $5.00 for the best box of apples in show.

PLATE EXHIBITS — APPLES, 5 OF EACH.
First Prize $1.00; Second Prize 50 Cents.

Section		Section	
72.	Cox Orange	83.	Ontario
73.	Yellow Newton	84.	King
74.	Spitzenburg	85.	Rome Beauty
75.	Northern Spy	86.	Delicious
76.	Wagner	87.	Golden Russet
77.	Jonathan	88.	Ribston Pippin
78.	Gravenstein	89.	Snow
79.	MackIntosh Red	90.	Winter Banana
80.	Wealthy	91.	Tolman Sweet
81.	Grimes Golden	92.	Any other variety
82.	Rhode Island Greening.		

PLATE OF CRAB APPLES — 12 OF EACH.
First Prize $1.00; Second Prize 50 Cents.

Section		Section	
93.	Transcendents	94.	Martha
95.	Hyslop		

PEARS — SINGLE BOX.
First Prize $2.00; Second Prize $1.00.

Section 96. Box of pears, any variety.

PLATE EXHIBIT PEARS — 6 OF EACH.
First Prize $1.00; Second Prize 50 Cents.

Section 97. Plate of pears, any variety.

PLUMS AND PRUNES — PLATES, 12 OF EACH.
First Prize 50 Cents; Second Prize 25 Cents.

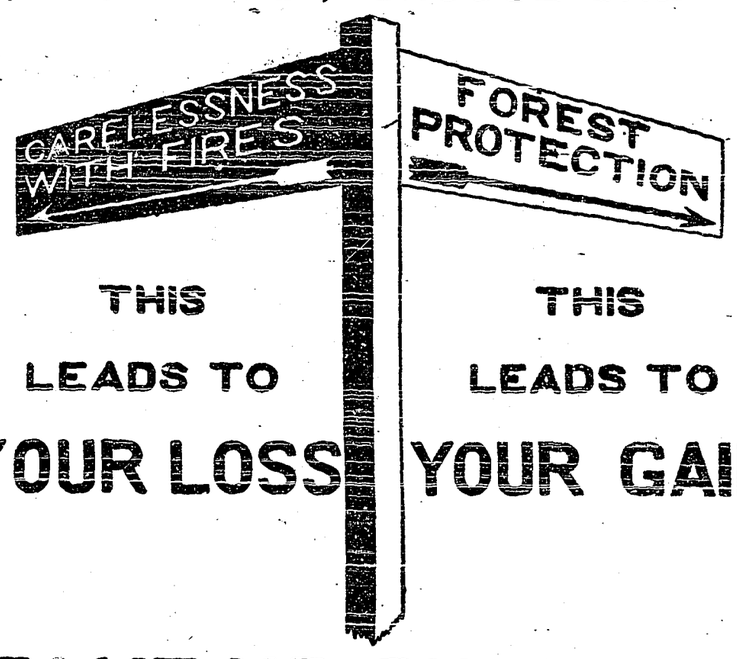
Section		Section	
98.	Italian Prunes	101.	Yellow Egg
99.	Bradshaw	102.	Green Gage
100.	Lombard	103.	Any other variety

PLATE OF GRAPES — 3 BUNCHES.
First Prize 50 Cents; Second Prize 25 Cents.

Section 104. Plate of grapes, any variety.

WHICH ROAD ?

YOU MUST CHOOSE ONE



THIS LEADS TO YOUR LOSS

THIS LEADS TO YOUR GAIN

TAKE NO CHANCES WITH FIRES PUT THEM OUT

FOR SALE

16-Inch Slabwood

at

$2 per rick delivered in Creston

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Coal and Wood For Sale.

H. S. McCREATH

Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. Creston

Butter Wrappers at The REVIEW

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 & RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

FRUIT GROWERS' BUSINESS

Fruit growers will find their banking requirements given every care and attention if entrusted to this Bank. The Manager will explain the services which the Bank is able to render.

C. C. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

THE IMPORTANCE OF SEA POWER IN THE PRESENT WORLD CONFLICT

KEEP A SHARP EYE ON THE OCEAN, SAYS CRITIC

Archibald Hurd, the Naval Expert, Says the Fundamental Facto r In the Present Struggle is the Might of the Sea Power, Which has Grip on the Enemy

The necessity of keeping an eye upon the importance of sea power in the present conflict, despite the close attention claimed by the land battles, is emphasized by Archibald Hurd, the naval expert, writing in the Daily Telegraph.

"We have been apt during the recent offensives on the western front," Mr. Hurd writes, "to overlook other aspects of the war, notably, the fundamental factor, which is sea power. After a period of fifteen months, during which our strength in ships has steadily declined, the downward tendency has now been definitely arrested. Not only is our sea power increasing, but our grip on the enemy is firmer than at any previous period of the war.

"Seven million tons of shipping enter or leave our ports monthly. Each ship is the target for enemy submarines, yet there have been days in the present week when the enemy has not secured a single ship.

"Twelve months ago we were with difficulty maintaining one stream of traffic, namely, that which brought us food and raw material. Today supplies are flowing through this main artery in greater volume than a year ago. At the same time another stream of traffic has started and merchant shipping has been made available for the greatest transport movement which has ever been carried out.

"For three months past American troops have been coming across the Atlantic by tens of thousands, far faster than at one time was thought possible. That means that the balance between the allies and the central powers is being adjusted in favor of the former."

Canada's Great A rman Best in the Game

Major Bishop Has Record of 72 Machines Brought Down

Major Bishop, Canada's famous fighting airman, who has just returned to the front and added 25 victories to his string, now heads the list of living aviators in number of machines brought down. His total is 72, and is only exceeded by the record of the late Baron von Richthofen, Germany's premier airman, who was credited with 80.

It is indeed probable that Bishop's record is a much better one than the German's, the British system of crediting an aerial victory being much more stringent than that of the enemy.

The following are the latest available figures on the number of machines brought down by the star flyers of the various belligerents:

Canadian—Major Wm. A. Bishop, 72; Capt. Stanley Rossyear, 21.

British—Lieut. Albert Ball, 51.

French—Capt. Georges Guynemer, 52; Lieut. Rene Fonck, 45; Lieut. Nungesser, 36; Lieut. Madon, 32.

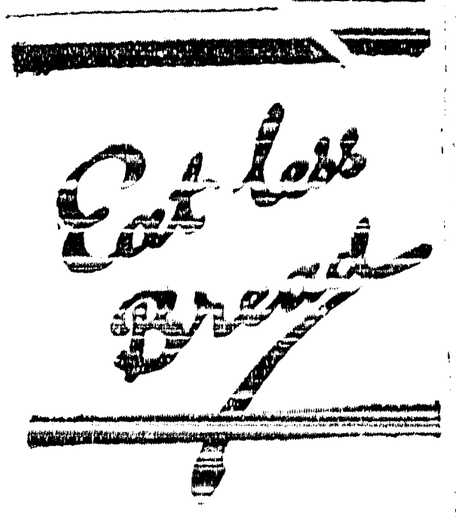
American—Major Raoul Lufbery, 16.

[illegible] Richthofen 80; Lieut. Buckler, 32; Capt. Berthol, 31; Lieut. Gerstloff, 31; Lieut. Ber[illegible] 27; Lieut. Muelber, 27; Lieut. [illegible]

Gentlemen Both

[illegible] Front," the [illegible] Mr. Ward [illegible] told me [illegible] soldier had offered [illegible] 'I didn't like it,' said [illegible] the flag [illegible] Then [illegible] soldier some of [illegible] he liked [illegible] "Such," [illegible] "is the [illegible]

[illegible] Lord Ashe[illegible] [illegible] Lord Ashe[illegible] [illegible] with the Germans.



W. N. U. 1252

England and America

Historical Prejudices Giving Way to a Better Understanding

In this latest addition to the series of University of Chicago war papers, the author, Dr. Conyers Read, says that among the allies of the United States on the western front in France, England is regarded with least favor by the Americans of the middle west. This dislike of the English he regards as especially unfortunate at the present time, when the prosecution of the war demands the closest co-operation and sympathy between the English and ourselves. The historical prejudice against England, however, he believes is fortunately giving way to a better understanding of the part England has played in the making of America. We must not forget the fundamental fact, he says, that during the formative period of our national growth we were essentially English in language, laws, habits of thought, and standards of right and wrong; and this has given our nation its character, which the revolution did not change.

The author regards as of peculiar significance the fact that we have lived next door to England in peace for over a hundred years, and that there has grown up between us a conception of international relationship different from the conceptions current in the Old World. We accept this relationship with her as one of our great national assets.

England has a special claim upon our intelligent understanding, Dr. Read asserts, because she is the great European exponent of our democratic ideals of government. It is hard for Americans to comprehend that popular government can find expression in other forms besides that of a republic. But the power that is nominally the English king's is really exercised by a group of ministers who are nothing more than an executive committee of the English house of commons. Nowhere in the world perhaps during the last ten years has the land-holding aristocracy suffered more severely from hostile legislation than in England; and nowhere has recent legislation been more liberal in providing for the necessities of the poor and preventing the exploitation of the poor by the rich.

The best of reasons why America and England should fight side by side in the war to make the world safe for democracy is the fact that English ideals of government are our ideals, and that England has quite as fair a claim as we have to be numbered among the great democracies of the world.

Means German Defeat

The Situation for the Allies Was More Critical a Year Ago

The breakdown of the submarine campaign is the factor which discounts every success that the Germans have won in the field, for it makes possible a constant reinforcement of the allied armies from the enormous resources in men and material of the United States. In that light the situation for the allies was more critical a year ago than it is today. Then the submarine was at the height of its successes, and it did seem feasible that it might prevent America putting forth its whole power. All chance of any such result has gone, and from no possible source can the central powers hope to find the men to counter the constant growth in the armies of the allies. We have to look at what is happening at sea as well as on land before we can get any true idea of the relative position of the combatants.—Westminster Gazette.

Money in Hogs

Does hog raising pay? This is a question to which an emphatic answer can be given by thousands of farmers of Western Canada, who have found this branch of farming very remunerative. Mr. N. W. Harrison, of Bashaw, Alberta, is one of them. At the present time he has 1000 [illegible] on his 1700 acre farm near [illegible]. His faith in the future of the industry in Alberta is shown by the fact that he eventually aims to [illegible] the number of hogs to [illegible] 2,000. As he [illegible] looking forward to [illegible] quite capable [illegible] much larger num[illegible] at present.

Clean Potato Cakes

[illegible] of the grand [illegible] annually held at [illegible] bags of [illegible] a family of [illegible]

Splendid Conduct Of Canadian Men

The Imperial Authorities are Unanimous in Verdict

The following has been received by the militia department from Sir Edward Kemp, minister of overseas military forces of Canada:

"The finest behaved soldiers that we have to deal with." This is the reply of an imperial authority responsible for the conduct of all soldiers in London, to the question, "how do the Canadian soldiers conduct themselves in London?"

From time to time statements are circulated in Canada, which tend to give the impression that all is not well with our troops overseas. One time it takes the form of criticizing the pay corps; another time it is Argyll house; still another time it involves the behavior of the troops at the front, or in London, or elsewhere. They are always at variance with the fact. It is a strange coincidence that those who start such tales are usually men who have failed to make good, and who desire to pull the rest of the world down to their level.

The imperial authorities are not only unanimous about the splendid conduct of the Canadian men, but pay equal homage to the administration of the Canadian overseas forces. "We could not ask for better, abler and straighter men to work with. The Canadian headquarters do everything possible to assist us, and of course, we reciprocate, the results of co-operation working out most successfully."

Regarding the conduct of the Canadian troops in both England and France, it will be reassuring to know that the percentage of crime is less than it is in the army in Canada, and than it was in towns in the Dominion before the war.

A very senior British officer just returned from long service in France and now connected with the provost marshal's staff in London, in reply to a question regarding the conduct of troops, said: "I don't know much about your men here, but they are without doubt the best troops we have in France—best behaved, smartest and keenest."

The Canadian provost marshal and his staff have the reputation for being an exceedingly able and efficient force. They work on the basis that a man is innocent until the evidence proves him guilty. An old offender fares hard with them, but a boy gone wrong is given a sharp jerk up. He is shown the error of his ways, and the right course is pointed out to him.

But the number of criminals and wrong-doers in the Canadian force is remarkably small—smaller according to the imperial authorities, than in any other force—even the guards. This is largely due to the splendid moral standard pertaining in our army, but the work done by the provost marshal's department is also an important factor.

The Canadian provost marshal's staff in London, England, is composed as follows:

Major G. S. Clifford, Calgary, Alberta, A.P.M.; Capt. R. Corbett, Victoria, B.C.; Capt. J. F. Wanless, Toronto, Ont., and Major F. C. Turner, temporarily attached, of British Columbia.

All members of the staff, with the exception of two clerks, who are not physically fit, had overseas service. Some of them have as many as four "wound" stripes.

No Way Out But By Victory

The Deep Conviction That There Is No Outlet From the Struggle

As we are approaching what may be the decisive struggle of the war, it is stimulating and encouraging to know we are entering it with good heart and with a clear conscience (Cheers). Had I thought that by any safe or honorable means we could even have averted this struggle from the start, or brought it to an earlier termination, I should have felt at this moment not merely burdened with anxiety, but weighed down with guilt. But let any man examine the whole records of this struggle, the way it was provoked by Germany, what has happened since, and we must feel the deep conviction in our hearts that there is no outlet from the struggle which is possible with national honor, with national safety, and the liberties of the world except a complete victory over the tyranny that is attempted to be set up: I can honestly say the government have neglected no possible means of finding out whether there was any honorable outlet out of this war, and out of the horrors and tragedies of this war. From Lloyd George's speech in Edinburgh.

Taking No Chances

Customer Why don't you drive this cat away from the table, waiter? Waiter Well, you see, sir, it's [illegible] rabbit today, and the guv'nor he says the customers like to have the cat in evidence these days.—Pearson's Weekly.

Still to Be Settled

Tourist To what do you attribute your great age? Olde Inhabitant I can't say yet, sir. There are several of them patent medicine companies a-dickerin' with me.—Boston Transcript.

LABOR MUST BE FOUND TO HELP TAKE CARE OF COMING HARVEST

THE SAFETY OF THE WORLD WILL BE AT STAKE

If You Promised to Help in This Work of National Necessity You Are Urged to Arrange Your Affairs So That You Can Answer the Call When Needed

Russian Economic Life at a Standstill

Chaotic Condition of Affairs as a Result of Bolsheviki Ideas

William Martin, writing to the Swiss Journal de Geneve, gives the following gloomy picture of conditions in Russia at the present moment:

"Economic life has stopped completely. The strike has become general. The few offices that help in the search for employment are directed by illiterate and dishonest workmen. Trotzky himself, at a recent conference held in Moscow, said: 'I am compelled to admit that the results obtained by the workmen are equal to nothing.'

"The officials of the old government agree to do hard work to earn their living. Manufactured products are lacking because they are not being manufactured; food provisions are lacking because the farmers are keeping their products for themselves. In addition, the means of transportation are lacking, and the money, which is being concealed.

"Nobody carries any money to the confiscated banks, which are slowly being emptied. In Moscow alone the banks have paid out 1,700,000,000 rubles (nominally $850,000,000) without receiving a single kopeck for investment. The strikes and the continual rise of prices are becoming complicated with each other, and as a result a very great part of the population is going from the cities to the country.

"The distribution of the land has been realized; but the organizations which were supposed to carry it out took no part in it; the distribution was performed in a simple manner and by force. The boldest have taken the most, the less bold have taken less, but the majority have received nothing. This distribution of the land has not resulted as it was expected in the suppression of private property, but in the cutting into extremely small bits of the entire land. The disbanded army has returned to the interior and the soldiers have become brigands."

For the Mastery of the Skies

Making Battle Planes in the United States

An English De Haviland and an American De Haviland look very much alike, but there are thousands of little differences. That sounds big, but there are 33,000 parts in an airplane.

It is typical of the difference between American and foreign models that when we started out to make the De Havilands there was not a complete set of drawings of one in existence. They had made thousands of them in England without ever making a full set of blueprints. Our engineers had to fill out the breaks and holes. The English left that to the workman. You can't leave it to a machine. After the thousands of drawings, the thousands of machines, jigs, fixtures, dies, etc.

"We found when we came to examine the De Haviland drawings," said a signal corps engineer, "that we had little more than sketches. We had to make the picture ourselves and it had to be a picture that could be reproduced by machines."

Then the De Haviland as a whole had to be adapted to the Liberty motor. Then came the matter of equipment. Engineers and machines have all but gone crazy to find places to install about thirty different kinds of apparatus in the pilot's cockpit. Every time they thought they had solved this Chinese puzzle a new order came from Pershing for another piece of equipment. The equipment had to be designed and made, probably by manufacturers who never had made anything like it before. It had to be made before a place could be made for it. Every time a change was made it had to go up and down the stairs of army rank. Sometimes it got lost on the way.

But, Allah be praised, the De Haviland's troubles are over, for one big crop, at least. One of the most inspiring sights I have seen is the great vanguard of 4,000 De Havilands marching to completion at the Dayton Wright factory nine abreast and 500 feet deep. As they move to birth with their defiant bull-dog muzzle pointing obliquely upwards, they seem to proclaim the mastery of the skies.—Theo. M. Knappan in the New York Tribune.

Substitution in Flour

In England and France from 15 to 30 per cent. of wheat substitution, chiefly corn, barley and rice, are required by the food scarcity in the mining of flour. The people of Great Britain are not now making or consuming white bread.

Granting a favorable season there will be a magnificent surplus from Canadian soil this summer and autumn, but unless labor can be found, the extra strain placed upon the agricultural population—and so well carried despite handicaps and sacrifices—will be in vain. Under these circumstances, it behooves everybody in the cities and towns—including the reader of these lines—to seriously consider the situation as a personal problem.

The population of heroic France before the war was somewhere about 39,000,000. From this number about 7,000,000 able-bodied men have been conscripted for the army. Of this 7,000,000 about 1,000,000 have been killed and more than 1,000,000 more placed hors de combat. The food production of France has been loaded upon the shoulders of the women, the children, the old men and the crippled soldiers. Women, as is now well known, have actually replaced horses in the fields, hitching themselves to plows, the horses having also been conscripted for war purposes. In England last year 270,000 women were engaged in agricultural work in place of men. By their help the cultivated area of Great Britain was increased by 1,000,000 acres; the cereal production by 850,000 tons and the potato crop by 5,000,000 tons. In all there are now 2,852,000 women in various forms of war service in Britain replacing men. Under these circumstances, and in view of the dependence upon this country for foodstuffs even in normal times, it behooves us to consider what are the essential industries and whether the work that one as an individual is now doing is of such supreme importance as to predominate over the vital national duty of producing foodstuffs. This duty now concentrates itself down to the immediate necessity of saving the 1918 harvest. What are you—yourself—going to do about it?

Registration day has come and passed. You have signed your card. If you have promised to help in this work of national necessity by going upon the land yourself or by taking the place of someone who is better able to do so, take your promise literally. Arrange your affairs and do what you said you were willing to do. If you found it hard to make that promise think it over again in the light of what you are now reading. It is no mere figurative statement to say that food will win the war. The safety of the world is at stake.—By S. H. Howard, of the Canada Food Board.

The 101 German Lies

Circulated by the Enemies of the United States

A timely pamphlet entitled, "The Kaiserite in America," has been issued by the committee on public information at Washington, urging commercial travelers all over the country to scotch "one hundred and one German lies" circulated by enemies of the United States and her allies.

"Whenever you hear of one of these rumors or criticisms, pin the talebearer down," is the injunction carried in the pamphlet. "Ask him for proof. Don't be satisfied with hearsay or rumor. If he admits that he has no real basis for his statement, point out to him that he is doing his country a great injury by repeating German falsehoods. If you can trace any of the rumors to a definite source, write to the committee on public information, No. 8 Jackson Place, Washington, D.C., and give us the information."

Among the "one hundred and one German lies" outlined in the pamphlet is the famous one circulated in Columbus that a woman who made a sweater for her son at Camp Sherman found a Red Cross nurse wearing the sweater.—Columbus, Ohio, Dispatch.

Hats Off to Us Again!

On Vimy Ridge, that advanced point to which the Canadians carried the standard, they still stand like a rock. If the United States had answered the great call with the promptness and with the proportion of its man-power with which Canada responded, the German armies would have been hurled back beyond the Rhine long ago. Yes—we take off our hats to Canada.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Anglican Synod Urges Conservation

The Anglican Synod of Huron adopted the following resolution:

"That in view of the wide spread shortage of food and the urgent need of the allied nations of Europe and of the fighting men at the front, this Synod pledges itself by every means in its power to support the government in any measures it may [illegible] to promote the greater production and conservation of food."

SMOKE TUCKETT'S
ORINOCO
CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 in 1
SHOE POLISHES
LIQUIDS and PASTES
FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES
PRESERVE the LEATHER

Greek Territory Promised Bulgars

Germany Tries to Soften Allies Over Roumanian Treaty

A despatch to The Journal des Debats from Geneva says Germany has guaranteed to Bulgaria, not only Drama, Seres and Kavala, but all the territory gained by Greece in 1913 by the treaty of Bucharest, in order to satisfy the growing dissatisfaction in Bulgaria over the treaty concluded with Roumania.

Anger at Greece, the correspondent adds, is increasing. Greece is now called Bulgaria's principal enemy by the Bulgarian press.

A conference of the central powers will be held in Sofia in September under the chairmanship of King Ferdinand, at which the Ukraine, also will represented, to discuss the economic development of the Balkans, the correspondent asserts.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

Visible Supply of Wheat

Canada's Wheat Supply Now 34,650-000 Bushels

That there are 20,500,000 bushels of wheat and 14,150,000 bushels ground in the Dominion, making a total visible supply of 34,650,000 bushels, is the estimate obtained through a census completed by the board of grain supervisors up to May 31 last. It is estimated that there are on the farmers' hands in the west five million bushels; in elevators and flour mill bins about 6,750,000; in transit on railways, 1,000,000 bushels; in the east in elevators, 6,635,885 bushels; and in the east in transit about a million bushels, making in all at the date in question a total of 20,500,000 bushels in round numbers.

It is further estimated that there is ground in eastern Canada 6,750,000 bushels, and in Western Canada, 7,-400,000. The Wheat Export company exported eleven million bushels between March 31 and April 30.

Combine The Grains

That's what is done in making Grape-Nuts food — barley and other grains are used with wheat. This adds to food value and flavor, and the sum total requires less wheat. The malted barley in Grape-Nuts also helps digest other foods. For an economical, nourishing and delicious food, try

Grape-Nuts

Imperial Union Work of Moment

Establishment of Cabinet Is Indisputable Constitutional Development

The London Times in an editorial on the decision of the government to hold regular meetings of some of the more important ministers outside the war cabinet, for purposes of inter-departmental settlement, says it presents no exceptional novelty. "There is no change in the incidence, responsibility or relations of the government with parliament, except in the internal arrangement. The business of this home affairs committee is more important for what it suggests than for what it is. Its establishment may hasten the inevitable movement towards a true division of local and imperial business. The supreme fact of the moment in the evolution of the British commonwealth is that Borden, Hughes and their colleagues overseas, including those of India, are definitely engaged on equal terms, the British ministers exercising executive authority over the affairs concerning all.

"The imperial war cabinet is already a living reality, firmly rooted after years of trial and accepted everywhere as an indisputable constitutional development. The lords, discussing cabinet changes, would do well to mark their sense of this profound achievement and help forward the settlement of the great consequences it involves.

"Much depends on the wishes of the Dominions' ministers, who best know the possibilities and the permanence of which such a partnership is capable under present conditions. A warm welcome awaits every proposal from the Dominions tending to the closest union compatible with their well-established freedom of national growth.

"One point upon which no difference of opinion exists here is that the Dominions' delegates must remain in England this year as long as they can. We are glad to know that Premier Hughes of Australia contemplates an extended mission. It would be sheer waste of his wonderful energy to let him come so far for only a month. The same applies to Sir Robert Borden and others. Their fresh outlook, robust experience and special views about ultimate settlement are indispensable throughout the great crisis this summer."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

War Delicacies

"Nurasthenia," said Mrs. Biggums to her cook, "I think we will have some chicken croquettes today out of that leftover pork and calves' liver."

"Yes'm," said Neurasthenia, called Teeny for short. "An' we got a little bread dressin' what wen wid the pork, mum. Shall I make some apple sauce out'n it, mum?"—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

MAKES CORNS LIFT WITHOUT ANY PAIN

Takes the sting right out—cleans 'em right off without pain. Thousands say it's the surest thing to rid the feet of callouses, sore foot lumps or corns. Don't suffer—that's foolish—buy a 25c bottle of Putnam's Painless Corn and Wart Extractor; it does the trick quickly and is invariably satisfactory. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Flying Policemen

All Air Vessels Will Have to Be Registered

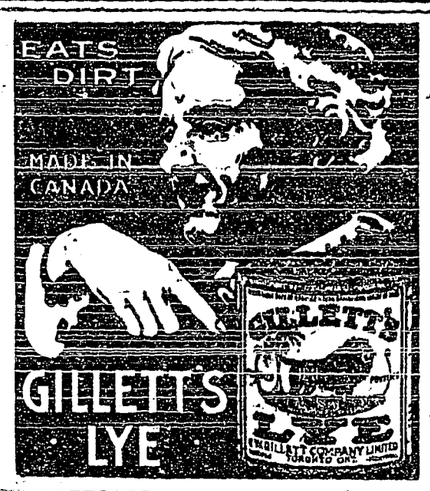
Speaking in London recently, Rear-Admiral Mark Kerr, a member of the air council, said: "At the present time, if a commercial traveller leaves Paris to go to Timbuctoo, the journey occupies four months, but one of the first routes the French are going to establish after the war is to Timbuctoo, when the journey will then only take four days. As a commercial undertaking that will result in a great saving. Four months' food alone would be a considerable item.

"All air vessels will have to be registered, and no doubt a Lloyd's list will grow up. There will be a class A1 and so forth for vessels taking passengers and mails in the air. These would carry a flag, and those which did not would be pirates. The police could not put up their hands to stop people in the air, and the only way would be to knock them down."

"The formation of the air force," said Admiral Kerr, "is a distinct advance in aeronautics. It means the establishment of a general staff and the dealing with all problems connected with the air.

Production Is Essential

"Production is absolutely essential and the most demanding duty of the government is to see that it is carried on, but if we waited for further exemption and our men were decimated and destroyed what kind of an answer would it be to say we had increased production?"—Sir Robert Borden.



Proof Positive

Judge—The complaint against you is that you deserted your wife.

Prisoner—I ain't a deserter, judge; I'm a refugee. Look at this black eye.—Boston Transcript.

THE DANGER OF THIN BLOOD

If Not Corrected in Its Early Stages Consumption May Follow

In no disease is delay or neglect more dangerous than anaemia, a poverty of the blood. It is very common in young girls and in persons who are overworked or confined within doors. It makes its approach in so stealthy a manner that it is often well developed before its presence is recognized.

But taken in time there is a specific, a tonic medicine which increases the number of red blood corpuscles thus enabling the blood to carry the life-giving oxygen to all the tissues of the body. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have had unbounded success in the treatment of this stubborn disease because of this wonderful property. The correction of anameic conditions by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is as certain as anything in medical sciences. Miss Jessie McLean, Trenton, N. S., says:—"I was as weak as it was possible for any one to be, and yet be able to go about. My blood seemed to have turned almost to water. I was pale, the least exertion would leave me breathless, and when I went up stairs I would have to stop and rest on the way. I often had severe headaches, and at times my heart would palpitate alarmingly. A good friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I have reason to be grateful that I took the advice. Soon after beginning the use of the Pills I began to get stronger, and by the time I had taken seven boxes I felt that I was again enjoying good health. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blessing to weak girls, and I shall always warmly recommend them."

These pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Wireless in Forest

Two wireless receiving and sending stations have been discovered in the fir forests bounding Puget Sound near Tacoma by government agents after a search of two days. Trees stripped of their limbs were used as aerials and the locations were well hidden by the surrounding forest. The apparatus had been removed from one, but the complete outfit had been left behind at the other station in the hurried flight of the operators. A cabin stove still warm and recent tracks in the mud were found by the searchers. No arrests were made.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Fine Railway Facilities

The Gravelburg line of the Canadian Northern will be extended this year to Swift Current. The extension of this line from Hanna to Medicine Hat, Alta., is also announced. A large and fertile tract will be opened out and hundreds of farmers now hauling wheat 40 and 50 miles to the railway will be given a convenient market. It is estimated at least 20 grain elevators will be erected this year between Gravelburg and Swift Current on the new line, a distance of about 70 miles.

The Foe of Indigestion.—Indigestion is a common ailment and few are free from it. It is a most distressing complaint and often the suffering attending it is most severe. The very best remedy is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills taken according to directions. They rectify the irregular action of the stomach and restore healthy action. For many years they have been a standard remedy for dyspepsia and indigestion and are highly esteemed for their qualities.

New Pig Iron Plant in B.C.

Pig iron is now being cast from an electrically operated furnace in British Columbia. The first runs were made a few days ago at Port Moody from the new plant installed by the Aetna Iron and Steel Company, and were a decided success, according to statements received, more than twelve tons of grey pig iron being manufactured.

Already contracts for 2,000 tons of pig iron have been obtained, a portion of this on orders for Japan.

Value of Wool Clip

A Fifty Per Cent. Increase in the Wool Output

Now that shearing is well under way, it is possible to arrive at a fairly reliable estimate as to the quantity and value of the wool clip of Western Canada this year as compared with last year. Reports from the different centres indicate that there will be an increase of approximately fifty per cent. in the quantity of wool marketed from the three prairie provinces. The members of the Southern Alberta Wool Growers' Association have 225,000 sheep as against 158,000 sheared a year ago. From these it is expected to obtain about 1,600,000 pounds of wool. The Pincher Creek Association will have about 85,000 pounds, a substantial increase over last year's clip, and the other associations will also have increases of twenty-five per cent. over last year.

In Saskatchewan and Manitoba, where the larger part of the wool is graded and sold for the farmer by branches of the department of agriculture, there will also be a larger quantity available. In the former province, the growth of the industry is evidenced by the fact that nearly double as much wool as last year will be sold this year. In Manitoba the increase, though not so great as that of Saskatchewan, will be a substantial one, and the total clip will amount to more than twenty-five per cent. greater than last year.

Indian soldiers in France last year had 14,278 bottles of hair oil from the Indian Soldiers' fund.

The Oil for the Athlete.—In rubbing down, the athlete can find nothing finer than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens them for strains that may be put upon them. It stands pre-eminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years have been using it can testify to its value as a lubricant.

School Boys on the Land

Schoolboys of Great Britain Did Excellent Service

Last year the schoolboys of Great Britain did excellent service on the land, especially in connection with the harvest, and this year it is hoped that they will even more largely contribute to the labor resources of the farmer. Urgent appeals are being made to the farmer to grow more potatoes, and the ministry of food has stated that they will even more largely contribute to the labor resources of the farmer. In this connection the Scotch education department realize the enormous help they could give, without much dislocation of school arrangements, by setting free a certain number of children in the public and other schools in Scotland at the time when they were most wanted for harvest.

Only a third of South America's population is of pure white blood.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

May be Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound — This Letter Proves It.

West Philadelphia, Pa.—"During the thirty years I have been married, I have been in bad health and had several attacks of nervous prostration until it seemed as if the organs in my whole body were worn out. I was finally persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made a well woman of me. I can now do all my housework and advise all ailing women to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I will guarantee they will derive great benefit from it."—Mrs. FRANK FITZGERALD, 25 N. 41st Street, West Philadelphia, Pa.

There are thousands of women everywhere in Mrs. Fitzgerald's condition, suffering from nervousness, backache, headaches, and other symptoms of a functional derangement. It was a grateful spirit for health restored which led her to write this letter so that other women may benefit from her experience and find health as she has done.

For suggestions in regard to your condition write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

Typewrite the Signature

In these days of typewritten letters and equally typewritten official documents, the writing by hand is becoming a lost art.

Average of time for reading letters is two minutes for the body of the letter and anywhere from fifteen minutes to two hours trying to figure out who made the hieroglyphics that stand for a signature.—Toronto Telegram.

Lachute, Que., 25th, Sept., 1908.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—Ever since coming home from the Boer war I have been bothered with running fever sores on my legs. I tried many salves and liniments; also doctored continuously for the blood, but got no permanent relief, till last winter when my mother got me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT. The effect of which was almost magical. Two bottles completely cured me and I have worked every working day since.

Yours gratefully,
JOHN WALSH.

Boyish Prejudice

"Why did you name your boy 'Reginald Clarence'?"

"Because I wanted him to be a fighter. I figured that in our neighborhood a boy named 'Reginald Clarence' has got to fight."—Chicago Tribune.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

When your head aches, it is usually caused by your liver or stomach getting out of order. These "sick headaches" quickly disappear as soon as the stomach is relieved of its bilious contents. Right your stomach and regulate and tone the liver with Beecham's Pills, which rapidly improve conditions and promptly

Help Headache

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box.
Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.
Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

No Shortage in Canada

NESTLÉ'S FOOD

The Baby Mail

If not procurable from your dealer, write

THE LEEMING MILES CO., LIMITED

"PLENTY FOR ALL!" 4 St. Lawrence Montreal, Que.

Local and Personal

FOR SALE—Two home made rugs. Apply REVIEW Office.

YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE—Just a few of them. Guy Constable, Creston.

Miss Jennie Nicholes was a week end visitor with friends in Nelson.

LOST—Collie pup, strap on neck, answers to name of Prince. Return to A. Mirabelli and get reward.

Miss Laura Edmondson left on Monday for the coast, where she has taken a school for the ensuing term.

Miss Nina Belanger of Cranbrook is holidaying here this week, a guest of her cousin, Miss Jennie Be-anger.

Monday is Labor Day, and for the first time in years it looks as if it will pass off without even the customary dance.

The September meeting of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid is called for Friday afternoon next, Sept. 6th, at the church.

Rev. M. Vaus, who has been in charge the Presbyterian church here this summer, left on Monday for his home at Vernon.

Monday will be Labor Day, and all places of business in town will be closed. Postoffice hours that day will be from 3.30 to 4.30 p.m.

RUBBER STAMPS—And Pads and Ink for same. Order now and be ready for the apple shipping. Phone or see P. R. Truscott, Creston.

Father Murphy of Cranbrook was here for the week-end services in Holy Cross church, in place of Father Kennedy, who is on a vacation.

Miss Ella Dow, who has taught locally and at Wardner for the past two years, left on Tuesday for Victoria, to complete her Normal School term.

Mrs. A. Lindley and children of Lethbridge, Alta., have been holidaying at Proctor, arrived on Sunday and are spending a few days winh old friends in Creston.

Mrs. T. Baines left on Tuesday for the hospital at Cranbrook where she expects to have to undergo another operation for trouble she is having with her shoulder.

B.C. Fruit Market

Lethbridge, Alta.

MR. GROWER—

Just as we have made good in Soft Fruits so will we continue in our efforts to make good in Fall and Winter Fruits.

A. LINDLEY
Manager.

FOR SALE—Registered Jersey cow. Apply Jas. Cook, Creston.

MILCH COW FOR SALE—Good buttermaker, $75. Apply REVIEW Office.

SOW FOR SALE—Chester White, with pig. Apply A. Mirabelli, Creston.

Miss Lyda Johnson left on Tuesday for Vancouver, where she will attend high school the coming term.

Mrs. M. McCarthy retuened on Tuesday from Calgary, Alta., where she has been visiting for a few days.

Mrs. Evans and children left on Tuesday for Sandpoint, Idaho, where they expect to remain for some time.

MILCH COW FOR SALE—Grade Holstein, will freshen last week in Septembes, a bargain. Hilton, Attwood Ranch.

HOGS WANTED—Will buy any quantity of hogs, 110 to 150 lbs. See Dong Barney, Pacific Restaurant, next to drugstore.

Miss Jean Westwood, who has been stopping with Mrs. Mallandaine for almost the past year, returned to Victoria on Tuesday.

BARRED ROCK COCKERELLS FOR SALE—3½ months old. Shoemaker strain, $1.25 per bird,—WM. WRIGHT, Creston, or REVIEW Office.

Mrs. A. Smith and son, Will, who have spent the past month with Regina and other Saskatchewan friends, returned home on Friday last.

DOG LOST—On Aug. 15th, a lemon colored Collie with white breast, answers to the name Rover. Notify H. Devine or John Parkin, Creston.

Miss Bessie Hurry arrived from Nelson on Thursday, and is spending a few days with friends in Creston. She will teach at Caithness again this term.

M. J. Boyd is back on the job at S. A. Speers store after a two weeks holiday, some of which he spent in completing a new verandah on his residence which much improves its appearance.

The livestock census taken in connection with the local hay situation shows that the Creston Indians are feeding almost 400 head of horses. Their herds of cattle hardly reach this total.

W. V. Jackson has just concluded the purchase of the 30-acre Conway ranch, which adjoins the Jackson place. Ten acres of it is in bearing orchard' and the balance hay and pasture land.

The experts figure the Valley's soft fruit crop this year to have brought in at least $45,000. Both strawberries and raspberries averaged over $3 a crate, and there was at least 14,500 of them combined.

Dr. Henderson's prize of $5 to the Valley candidate making the highest marks at the Entrance examination is this yeat won by Ruth Compton, who has much pleasure in ackhowledging receiving the prize.

Prize lists for the fall fair are now available, and may be had from Secretary Staples. Be sure and get a supply of entry forms with the list. A complete list of special prizes will be announced next week.

Something Tasty

Not everybody has the good fortune to be able to put up their own supply of jams and preserved fruits, while others can't do the thing right and must of necessity buy these. For these people we have just placed on our shelves a fresh stock of—

K.C. Pure Strawberry Jam
K.C. Pure Raspberry Jam
—in 4-pound tins and 14-oz. glasses.

Wagstaffe's Marmalade
in 4 lb. tins. We also have 14-oz. glasses of

Peach, Plum and Pear Jams

Mawson Brothers
GENERAL MERCHANTS

A number of the young people from town were at Kitchener on Saturday night for the dance at the new and first schoolhouse just built there, and which will be opened on Tuesday with Miss Zalla Johnson as teacher.

FOR SALE—Or would exchange for improved ranch, that desirable cottage on Lots 1, 2 and 3, Dow's Addition (Victoria Ave.), occupied at present by Mrs. Heath. For full particulars apply to Sam Bysouth, Sirdar.

Shipments by express are almost as bulky at pretent as at the height of the berry season. Three trucks are required every day to unload from. Cucumbers alone have been running about 75 crates a day right along of late.

There was quite a good crowd out from town to the Canyon City Red Cross Auxiliary picnic at the Reclamation Farm on Wednesday afternoon An enjoyable time was had by all, and the financial intake decidedly satisfactory.

Frank Celli of Coleman, Alta., who purchased the A. Lindley ranch here early in the year, spent a couple of days in town the fore part of the week He has plans undea way to make this property one of the best ranch propositions in the Valley.

Creston Methodist Sunday School picnic was in two shifts this year. Pupils who stayed away from last Wednesday's doings on account of the bad weather had their outing at Goat River on Tuesday afternoon when another big time was had.

Almost ideal weather has prevailed the past week and haying operations are in full swing on the flats these times. About 40 outfits are at work. It is estimated that about 2500 tons of hay and rushes will be required here for feed and berry mulching.

Mike McCarthy, who has been in charge of a C.P.R. steam shovel at various Alberta points the past four months, returned on Tuesday to handle the fall work on the ranch. Judging by his appearauce the prairie climate agreed with him remarkably well.

School is due to re-open on Tuesday morning. Up to the time of going to press (Thursday noon) no teacher has been secured for the primary room, the $75 a month salary not appealing to the likely-looking applicants. Inspector Calvert has been wired to for assistance.

F. H. Pym of Caanbrook, who snpervises fire ranging work in East Kootenay, was hare a couple days this week. The showery weather of the past month has been a great preventative of forest blazes, and from appearances fire losses in 1918 will be comparatively light.

The Union loaded out two more straight car shipments this week—mostly fall apples, and plums. This week wiil pretty well wind up the early-fall apple shipping. The first of the Wealthy's eame in this week. There will be almost 10,000 boxes of these in the Valley this year.

To-night's attraction is the election to fill the vacancy on the school board to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Trustee Crawford Nominanions open at 7 o'clock, and the polls close about 9.30. As yet no rush has developed amongst the citizens to secure the position.

Capt. J. A. P. Crompton, who since his return from overseas service has been attached to a hospital unit at Victoria, is spending a few days here this week, looking after business interests. He is an enthusiastic reclamationist and says the soldiers are all strong for Kootenay Flats as a returned soldiers farming community.

Buttermilk will figure in the board of trade export statement this year. The Cook ranch has been shipping eight and ten gallons a week of it to a Cranbrook customer for some months past. The Cook product "touches the spot" as buttermilk from several Cranbrook dairies was tried out and found not in demand before Creston was called to the rescue.

Friends of ex principal Macdonald, who went overseas with the 54th Battallion in 1915, and who was awarded the Military Medal while attached to the signal section of that corps about a year ago, will hear with satisfaction that he has recently been given lieutenant's rank and is now in training with the Royal Flying Corps at Whitley Camp, Sussex, England.

Valley friends of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Mawson will hear with regret of the death of Mrs. Mawson at Estevan, Sask., on Saturday last, the sad news coming by wire that afternoon. Deceased was a resident of the Canyon City section for several months, moving to the prairie the early part of 1915 Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved husband and the two young children who survive.

Joe Guimond, bookkeeper with the Canyon City Lumber Co. up till early iu 1917, is uow en route overseas for service in France. He has gone as interpreter and secretar yin an American Red Cross corps, sailing from New York on Saturday last. Joe is expert in the French language and should be right at home in this class of work. He is assured a commission as well. Since leaving Creston he has been with a firm at Chico., Calif.

Needlework Specials

In addition to the sections shown in the list, the attention of the ladies is called to the following special prizes that are offered in needlework:

Collection of crochet, six pieces. First, $3; second, $2. Given by Christie-Grant, Ltd.

Best collection of home mending: Darning on table linen and woollen goods and patching on cotten and woolen goods. First, $3; second, $2. Given by R. F. Green, M.P.

Home made house dress, cotton. First, $3; second, $2. Given by R. F. Green, M.P.

Bed comforter, to be made and properly quilted up, and made by hand. This to be raffled and the proceeds handed to the Red Cross, for the soldiers at the front. $10. Given by Hon. John Keen, M.P.P.

Knitting bag. Prize, Minto tea set. Given by Henry Birks & Sons.

Printed prize lists are now available and may be had from the secretary.

ROBT. LAMONT

NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL

CRESTON - - B.C.

Notice of Application for Road Right of Way

Notice is hereby given that Western Belle Mining Company has filed with the Honorable Minister of Lands at his office in Victoria, B.C., its application for the grant of an easement to construct a road, not to exceed 40 feet in width, over and across a route generally described as follows, to wit:

Commencing at a point on the existing road of the Idaho-Continental Mining Company near the confluence of Boundary and Blue Joe Creeks and terminating at a point near the centre of the north shore of Boundary Lake, West Kootenay Mining District, British Columbia; the course of said proposed right of way is on the north side of Boundary Creek, paralelling the north bank of Boundary Creek and generally follows, paralells and intersects the existing British Columbia trail over said course. Said proposed right of way is blazed and marked on the ground, and all persons interested, or having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the land, water or timber, to be affected by the grant of said easement, or the construction of said road, are hereby notified to make known to the Honorable Minister of Lands any and all of their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before one month from and after the date of the first publication of this notice, to wit, on or before one month from and after the 23rd day of August, 1918, or be forever barred.

WESTERN BELLE MINING COMPANY.

Increased Production

is urged by the Government—it has done ITS part, we are doing OURS—will you do YOURS?

OUR part is to grow the very best trees possible, to see they are true-to-name, to care for them in every while they are in our nursery, and to deliver to you, upright, clean healthy, well-calipered trees with magnificent root system, well packed, all charges paid, at your nearest station or dock. We sincerely think that this is OUR part.

YOUR part is to get your order ready without delay so that you can plant next Spring and to ORDER EARLY. Early orders are better for us AND BETTER FOR YOU. It is humanly impossible to give the same attention and care to late orders as those placed six or twelve months in advance.

Will you write us today for any information, and giving us an idea of your requirements? Our services and advice are cheerfully yours. Our large general and Fruit Catalogue, our Rose Catalogue, our Price List are yours for the asking—they contain valuable planting and general information. Do not delay—write to-day, or see our local representative Andrew Miller.

British Columbia Nurseries Company, Limited
1493 Seventh Ave. W., Vancouver, B.C. Nursery at Sardis

New Styles in Crompton's and A la Grace Corsets arrived this week

Below are a few descriptions of same and prices:

No. 251,	Coutil,	medium	bust,	long	hip,	average	figure	$1.50
297	"	low	"	long	"	full	"	1.50
309	"	low	"	long	"	medium	"	1.75
369	"	medium	"	long	"	average	"	2.00
431	"	medium	"	long	"	full	"	2.50
479	"	low	"	long	"	slight	"	2.00
505	"	low	"	lodg	"	average	"	2.50

Let us show you these Corsets. We have a nice stock to suit all figures.

Creston Mercantile Co.
LIMITED