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THE CRESTON REVIEW

VOL. X. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 19 1918 No. 23

Local and Personal

YOUNG PIGS FOR SALE—Four of them, $6 each.—Geo. Hobden, Creston.

HOUSE TO RENT—On Victoria Av enue. Apply E. C. Gibbs or Jas. Compton.

COLLIE PUPS FOR SALE—The kind that bring the cows home.—Victor Carr, Creston,

YOUNG DOG FOR SALE—Pedigreed Airdale, $15 or nearest offer. Apply REVIEW Office.

HARNESS FOR SALE—Set heavy logging harness, in good condition. W. A. Pease, Creston.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Olsen left on Wed nesday to spend a few days with old friends at Cardston, Alta..

Word has just come that the Sunday service on the Kootenay River ferry has been discontinued.

Misses Lyda Johnson and Jennie Belanger left this week to spend a vacation with Fernie friends.

YOUNG DUCKS FOR SALE—7 to 10 weeks old, 60 cents to $1, according to age.—Mrs. M. Young, Creston.

COW FOR SALE—Good milker, will freshen end of July. Apply to John Johnson (Canyon City), Erickson P.O.

J. E. Evans of Kingsgate spent a few days here this week with friends, coming down in his Overland roadster.

FOR SALE—Three-months old thoroughbred Jersey bull. $25 or will ex. change for beef calf.—C. Moore. Creston.

Miss Alice Embree left for Sandon on Thursday, where she will take charge of the postoffice for a month or so.

R. M. Reid, former station agent here, who has been at Trenton, Ont., since last fall, is reported back with the C.P.R. at Cardston, Alta.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Dean of Carmangay, Alta., were here a couple of days the latter part of the week, on a motor trip through to the coast.

Mrs. J. H. Doyle of Nelson is here for a few days this week the guest of her daughter, Miss A. Doyle, and is stopping with Mrs. F. H. Jackson.

Father Murphy of Strathcona, Alta.. was a week-end visitor here with Father Kennedy and assisted in the services at Holy Cross church on Sunday.

Dr. Henderson and J. E. Hayden were at Kuskanook on Monday for a day's fishing and brought back the season's best catch, mostly steelhead trout and char.

Miss R. L. Bunt, who is teaching at Winnipegosis, Man., arrived on Saturday to spend the summer vacation with her parents at the Methodist parsonage, Creston.

Members of the Boy's and Girl's Club would do well to remember that an expert from Victoria may come any day and pay a surprise visit to their poultry or pig,

C. O. Rodgers is a business visitor at Calgary this week. The light crop in the central part of Alberta is liable to slacken up lumbering operations in the Kootenay this winter.

Miss Amy Ebbutt of the nursing staff of the Pullman, Wash., hospital, arrived home on Tuesday for a vacation. Miss Ebbutt graduated at the Nelson hospital early this year.

Belanger & Mangan have started hauling posts from across the Kootenay river, loading a couple of cars this week. These are the first posts to move out in about two months.

At the Creston station Tuesday proved the biggest shipper of the year so far, when 312 crates of raspberries, currants and cherries, with a few strawberries went out. Almost 200 of these were raspberries.

E. Ryckman, who has been at Trail for about a year, was in town on Thursday looking the land day for Drumheller, Alta., where he expects to reside. Mrs. Ryckman and children are visiting in Cranbrook.

The inaugural meeting of the new school board was held on Tuesday night when F. H. Jackson was elected chairman of the board, with Jas. Cherrington as treasurer, and C. F. Hayes secretary to the board.

LOST— On July 8th, between section house and Mawson Brothers store, Creston, black folding purse, containing military papers and man-power registration certificate. Reward on leaving same at THE REVIEW.

The Creston Indians who have been at Wynndel for the strawberry season returned on Saturday to help with the raspberry harvest locally. It is estimated their earnings for the four weeks was not less than $2500.

The water is about all off the flats now. Opinion is diviced as to whether the hay crop down there will be a heavy one or not. With the disappearance of the water goes the mosquitoes, for which all are thankful.

Five of the local school girls who made up part of the berry-picking staff at the Mather & Reed ranch since the last week in June, came home on Saturday. In about three weeks one of them cleaned up $38. They averaged $28.

Local C.P.R. employees are looking forward with pleasurable anticipation to August. On the first of that month all of them get a war bonus amounting to a 25 per cent. increase in pay, which will mean about $200 added to Creston payroll.

At the school annual meeting on Saturday night F. H. Jackson, the retiring trustee, was re-elected for another three-year term, and Dr. Henderson re-honored with the position of auditor. There was a very large turnout of citizens for the gathering.

Postmaster Henderson and wife and family of Cranbrook were week-end visitors here with Mrs. Mead at the Creston Hotel. They came up in J. B.'s McLaughlin car, but owing to a mishap near Kitchener he had to be transferred from there here by the garage Ford.

The Red Cross treasurer's statement covering the two Tuesday meetings in July' show receipts of $25.32, as follows: Women's Institute $10; Hus croft school pupils $8.25 Christ Church Guild $5: ten-cent collections $1.20: Miss Hardman's class 75 cents; sundries 12 cents.

The trustees are advertising in the Vancouver Province for a new principal for the Creston school, although some likely applications are coming in due to the fact that the boare notified the superintendent of education of the vacancy and he has the school posted on the official list of vacancies.

Water rights engineer Biker of Nelson, who was here last week stated that his report on Creston's irrigation system will not be available until late this fall. When it is ready for presentation he hopes to have opportunity to discuss the whole matter at a citizens' meeting here. He had nothing to say as to Reclamation survey work.

Improvements by the cemetery company early this summer to the graveyard give God's acre a decidedly improved appearance. If those who have plots there will go and do likewise the job would be complete. A needed change has been made in providing an entrance as well as an exit gate, thus obviating the turning around of rigs in the cemetery grounds.

Pyjamas are very much to the fore in the Red Cross work secretary's report this week. Mesdames George Young, Fraelick and Compton and Miss Candy turning in a suit each, with 12 denoted personal progerty bags from Mrs. Mallandaine. The Canyon City Auxiliary sent along the following donated work: 84 handkerchiefs, 12 [illegible], 1 bandage, with two suits of pyjamas from material supplied them.

J. S. T. Alexandra, Victoria, and Engineer Biker, Nelson, of the water commissioner's office, were here on Thursday conducting an investigation into the water supply due to the company's request to raise rates. Individual citizens were on hand to look after their interests, while trustees Jackson and Crawford were on hand to safeguard the school board's interests. A decision in the matter is expected by the end of the month.

There was a fair turnout of members for the Women's Institute meeting on Friday night last, the features of which were a number of excellent war receipts given by Mrs. Lyne, a discussion of how best to handle the ladies' department at the fall fair, and a decision to help with the furnishing of a soldiers ward in the new Nelson hospital as soon as finances permitted. The directors served the refreshments, netting $3.02 for the Prisoners of War Fund.

G. H. Bagnall, a returned soldier, accompanied by his wife and mother-in-law, were unexpectedly detained here Thursday night, en route from the coast to Calgary. Going down the hill at Goat River Crossing the brakes of their Ford went wrong and a smash into a tree was decided upon to prevent a worse mishap on the grade. It being about dusk and the mosquitoes bad it was up to Mr. Bagnall to hoof it to town to get the garage car to fetch the party back here for the night. Repairs were made in the morning and the journey resumed.

Wynndel

Up till Thursday noon the strawberry export had touched the 5842 mark, with 87 crates of raspberries also shipped. Strawberries are only coming a couple of crates a day now.

Now the strawberry rush is over the Sunday picnics have commenced. The Flirt carried most of the young people on the first of these popular cruises last Sabbath, and a most enjoyable time was had.

Our Indian visitors folded their tents and departed for home on Saturday. This year they had the picking largely to themselves and must have been at least $2000 richer than when they came— less living costs.

John Bathie had his first long-distance cruise with his new launch on Sunday, with a stop at Summit Creek where he landed a fine catch of char.

Miss Drummond of Cranbrook arrived on Sunday to spend a few days with the Misses Bathie.

Wynndel will entertain again at a dance on Saturday night, a hearty invitation is extended as usual. The hop will be at the dance hall. Ladies please bring refreshments.

Fred Smith, the Dominion Express Co. superintendent, who has made Wynndel headquarters for the past month, pulled his freight for Nelson on Saturday,

Mrs. Pettigrew and Mrs. Webster of Cranbrook, who have been visiting here for a couple of weeks, returned to the divisional city on Friday.

Mrs. Rosendale and neice, Lizzie Piggot, left on Friday for Kamloops, where she expects to place the girl in the Tranquille Sanitorium for treatment.

At the school meeting on Saturday night everything went off nicely, and the same trustees will be in charge for another term. They are Paul Hagen, John Bathie and Walter Cooper.

Alice Siding

E. Butterfield of Wynndel was a visitor here on Sunday. He states the Duck Creek strawberry crop will just about reach 8000 crates this season—thanks to irrigation.

Mrs. Hopwood has gone to Michel, where she is spending a few days with her sisters in that town.

Andy Miller is spending a few days up Goat Rives on a fishing trip and reports the rainbow biting the best ever.

The annual school meeting was held at the school house on Saturday night with the usual slim attendunce. John Miller was re-elected for another term of three years as trustee, and Guy Constable was returned unopposed as auditor. A feature of the treasurer's statement was the rather large amount of unpaid taxes.

R. Stewart is hard at it now putting in an irrigation system, including a pump and storage tank. Two short crops of berries is all he intends to put up with.

Mrs. Lane and two children of Coalhurst, Alta., arrived on Saturday for a short visit with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Simister.

Before leaving Silverton for overseas, J. E. King, a former school principal here, was this month presented with a wrist watch as a souvenir of apprection from his pupils.

Canyon City

Mr. and Mrs. Harry White of Wynndel were here for the school meeting on Saturday. Miss Bessie White, who had been Mrs. Browell's guest, returned with them.

Chas. Moore of Creston, who is helping the provincial authorities re-asses the Creston Valley, is on the rounds this section this week.

Last week's Red Cross Auxiliary meeting at Mrs. D. G. Lyon's had a good attendance and the income from the tea was $2.75. The proceeds of the raffle of the crochet bag donated by Mrs. Rykert were $4.55, and it was won by Mrs. Cook of Creston. This week the meeting is at Mrs. Browell's.

The adjourned school meeting to fill the vacancies in the board caused by the resignations of Trustees Carver and McRobb, will be held on June 27th.

At congregational meeting after church on Sunday last it was decided to have service for the next few months once every two weeks.

On his way out to service on Sunday afternoon Rev. Mr. Bunt had a very exciting experience, the horse he was driving shying at an auto on Canyon hill, and precipitating the pastor, rig and horse down over the embankment. A block and tackle had to be requisitioned to get the animal and rig up again, but fortunately none were seriously hurt.

Canyon City school meeting on Saturday night resulted in the election of T. Mawson to replace Eric Oleson, whose action in refusing the school for national registration in June led to an indignation meeting and has now removed him from office. When it was found Oleson was beaten Trustees McRobb and Carver turned in their resignations, the books showing that they were into the mixup almost as bad as Olsen, and they did not desert their fellow trustee in his hour of trial.

At the Huscroft school meeting on Saturday night Mrs. W. H. T. Smith was elected trustee in place of John Fraser, and Mrs. C. Huscroft re-elected auditor. The other members of the board are D. G. Lyon and Jas. Huscroft. There was some resentment shown over the governments action in cutting the teacher's salary here at end of Maach a matter of $10 a month without giving notice.

Raspberries are moving now almost in mid-season quantity, and with a little rain this week will be a fine yield. Some of the pickers are taken to and from work by auto by Mr. Pochin.

Cranbrook sportsmen want 200,000 land-locked salmon fry wherewith to stock St. Mary's, Moyie and Deep Lakes.

Negotiations looking to union of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches at Cranbrook have failed, according to the Herald.

Troubles never come singly. At Trail in addition to the bank overdraft the educational authorities have cut down the school grant and more school taxes will have to be paid.

Never in years have the salmon and trout in Kootenay Lake been so plentiful and so hungry. The Kaslo Kootenaian believes it is due to a food control system amongst the finny tribe, combined with a willingness to be handed to provide a substite for the beef and bacon the Allies are sorely need. In the catches are many red cross salmon.

School Meeting Decidedly Lively

Creston School District had a banner annual meeting on Saturday evening last, the attendance about doubling the seating space of the room with many ladies in the audience. In addition to the crowd there were several lively features, including a demand for the resignations of Trustees Cherrington and Crawford, because the Mercantile Co. had sold goods to the school board; and another resolve demanding that ex-Principal Brousson be reinstated, both of which motions were well supported. After these features had been railroaded through H. Lyne and W. P. Stark introduced a motion to adjourn indefinitely, but as only one item of the regular school meeting business had been attended to, the meeting decided to carry on.

Chairman Cherrington of the trustees opened the meeting with a few introductory remarks and asked that a chairman for the meeting be named, those present choosing W. S. Watson to preside. With him installed the meeting had a very businesslike appearance. To his right was C. F. Hayes, secretary of the meeting, while to Mr. Watson's right was Trustee Cherrington and Treasurer Jackson with another table to accommodate the board's papers—financial and otherwise.

The meeting unanimously elected F. H. Jackson to another three-year term as trustee, and Dr. Henderson was chosen auditor, also by acclamation. The report of the trustees was adopted with little or no discussion, but some items in the treasurer's statement were minutely criticised.

The scrutiny of the accounts revealed that the board had purchased an outfit for teaching chemistry at $69 which druggist Oatway claimed he could have supplied for about $30. It was also brought out that floor oil that the janitor had bought at the Mercantile Co. at $1.25 was to be had at Speers' for $1 per gallon. Beyond these two items and an enquiry as to disinfectants that missed fire, the accounts were not attacked, and Auditor Henderson certified that he had found the books excellently kept and that they balanced to a nicety, and every voucher johnny on the spot.

The vote for the year is $3500.00. The estimates showing how it was made up for the year were found o k, though some of the parents wished a sum added to provide a better heating system, to obviate the closing of the school on cold days. This matter will be taken up with the authorities at Victoria. Ex-principal Brousson suggested the purchase of three more clocks but the matter dropped there. The trustees schedule of salaries for the year were finally adopted. Some objection was made to an all at once jump of $20 in the pay of the principal and vice-principal but the gathering finally adopted the schedule as follows:

Division I.—$125.00.
Division II.—$100.
Division III.—$75.
Division IV.—$75.

This scale means that the district will disburse a matter of $420 more in stipends this year than last.

A motion looking to getting around the unpleasant task that inevitably faces all boards, that of dismissing teachers, was passed with enthusiasm. It calls for an alteration in the regulations so that a teacher is hired explicitly for one year only, and that at the end of that time he must re-apply for his position, unless the trustees have previously notified him that his services were satisfactory and that they were prepared to keep him on.

Trail is hard put to devise some [illegible] that will get them $1000 to make good the funds hitherto received from hotel license fees. Prohibition comes high but we must have it.

Trail council has a bank overdraft of $50,000 and the order has gone forth to go light on city expenditures until the new taxes start to roll in. Some civic improvements are likely to have to wait [illegible]

THE SUFFERINGS OF THE BELGIANS UNDER IRON HEEL OF GERMANY

THE BELGIAN DEATH RATE EQUALS AN EPIDEMIC

Apart From Losses On the Battlefield, the Civilian Population Of Belgium Is Being Gradually Decimated By the Brutal Methods Employed By the Huns

It has escaped general notice that the existing death rate in Belgium is as high as at the time of the most terrible epidemics, and greater than that on the battlefield. This is due to the extremities to which German occupation has reduced the country.

In addition, at least one Belgian is executed daily by the German authorities, according to a statement just issued by the Belgian legation, as follows:

"Not taking into account the losses on the field of battle, Belgium has suffered heavily in its civilian population through the invasion and occupation of its territory by the Germans.

"During the invasion of August-September, 1914, we know the number of victims to be well over 5,000. For the following provinces we have approximate estimates: Namur, more than 1,800; Luxembourg, about 1,200; Liege, more than 1,000; Brabant, 897; Hainaut, about 300."

Among the deportees the mortality resulting from privations, ill treatment and underfeeding, exceeds largely the normal percentage of deaths. Some, too, have met death on the battlefield, where the Germans forced them to do auxiliary work.

"The electrified wire which makes the Belgians prisoners in their own country, accounts for a great number of victims, especially among young people who try to escape in order to join the army or among couriers who try to smuggle news in or out of Belgium. In less than a year, between August, 1916, and July, 1917, 160 persons had been electrocuted. Since then the average number of victims has increased, owing to the strengthening of the guards, and the putting up of new wires.

"The death penalty pronounced by the German military courts for crimes of patriotism levies a heavy toll on the population. It is estimated that each day one Belgian at least suffers the supreme penalty.

"Through lack of physical strength many people become unable to resist slight illness, which, under normal conditions, would not prove fatal. As to the bad effect of unsuitable substitutes, it will suffice to recall the diseases contracted by the deportees through the use of raw rutabagas and the paralysis of brain and the special kind of jaundice provoked by the use of seeds as a substitute for coffee berries.

The situation in 1918 can only grow worse, since it is undeniable that the physical standard of the nation is lowering dangerously, and that the effects of the German occupation on the health of the people will make themselves felt for a long time after the war."

Europe's Hungry Millions

Not Enough Food to Go Around, Even If Shipping Were Available

A more detailed account of a recent speech under the title "Peace Without Plenty," by Sir William Goode, K.B.E., Liaason officer of the British minister of food with the Canada food board, has been received. Sir William pointed out that the deductions were made by those, including himself, who had access to all the necessary secret data bearing on food supplies now available, or likely to be available, to the allies. He said that Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey, with a population of 150,000,000, are, and [illegible] on rations so [illegible] as to rob life of comfort, and make continued existence of doubtful value. Under the domination of the central powers are another 4,000,000 Belgians, French, Serbs, Italians, Poles, Armenians and Rumanians. Twenty-one million people in Switzerland, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway are also very short of food. Russia, owing to internal disintegration, can no longer be regarded by friend or enemy as a food exporting country.

"Leaving Russia out of consideration, there are therefore about 200 million people in Europe who are getting even less food per day than the people of Great Britain are getting under the rationing [illegible] in force in London.

Explained It

Mrs. Jones—Did [illegible] married.

Mrs. [illegible] pointed [illegible] home?

Mrs. Gadabout—Well, he did look a little queer, but I told her he wasn't used to a couple dining in [illegible] was small, [illegible] over Province.

Grand Fleet is Ready for Battle

The Germans Can Have a Battle Whenever They Want It

Archibald Hurd, the naval expert, writing in the London Daily Telegraph on the new situation in the North sea resulting from the Zeebrugge and Ostend raids, the extension of British mine fields and the generally increasing naval pressure against Germany, says:

"When the war is over the nation will form some conception of the extent of the debt which we owe the American navy for the manner in which it has co-operated not only in connection with the convoy system but in fighting the submarines.

"If the naval situation is improved today as it is, it is due to the fact that the British and American fleets are working in closest accord, supported by an immense body of skilled workers on both sides of the Atlantic, who are turning out destroyers and other craft for dealing with the submarines as well as mines and bombs.

"The Germans can have a battle whenever they want it. The strength of the grand fleet has been well maintained. Some of the finest battleships of the United States navy are now associated with it. They are not only splendid fighting ships, but they are well officered and manned. The conditions under which the Germans would engage us, therefore, are less favorable for them than two years ago."

Shell Output n Canada

55 Per Cent. of 18-pound Projectiles For British Supply Made Here

Some idea of the work being done by the imperial munitions board and of the volume and importance of Canada's output of munitions and other war material may be gathered from a recent publication of the British war cabinet, giving a report of their activities for the year 1917. This official publication states that:

"Canada's contribution during the last year has been very striking. Fifteen per cent. of the total expenditure of the ministry of munitions in the last six months of the year was incurred in that country. She has manufactured nearly every type of shell from the 18 pr. to the 9.2."

"In the case of the 18 pr. no less than 55 per cent. of the output of shrapnel shells in the last six months came from Canada, and most of these were complete rounds of ammunition which went direct to France. Canada also contributed 42 per cent. of the total 4.5 inch shells, 27 per cent. of the 6-inch, and 20 per cent. of the 8-inch, and 16 per cent. of the 9.2-inch. In addition, Canada has supplied shell forgings, ammunition components, propellants, acetone, T.N.T., aluminum, nickel, nickel matte, airplane parts, agricultural machinery and timber, besides quantities of railway materials, including no less than 450 miles of rails torn up from Canadian railways, which were shipped direct to France."

During the present year the call has been largely for 6-inch h.e. shells, and Canadian plants are responding with an output which represents over 40 per cent. of the British program for this sized shell.

Puff Pastry Illegal

The following productions, in which sugar is the principal constituent, are now prohibited of manufacture: French or puff pastry; doughnuts or crullers; Scotch shortbread; cakes; macaroons or like products, with more than 50% cane sugar; marshmallow with more than 33⅓% sugar; cakes or biscuits iced or filled with sugar products. A fine of from $100 to $1,000, or imprisonment up to three months, or both are the penalties for the infraction of these sugar regulations, fines to be paid to the municipal or provincial authorities, whichever may institute the proceedings. Excess holdings are liable to seizure after May 15.

Speeding Up the Spuds

A California potato grower claims [illegible] potatoes ready for market [illegible] earlier than those set from the seed end of tubers than from the [illegible] end. It is now quite generally known that placing the seed potatoes in direct sunlight for two or three weeks early in the spring, before they are planted, will [illegible] the opening of potatoes at least two weeks. For small potato growing operations, enough seed can be placed in the kitchen window to supply sufficient seed for a small garden patch.

Germany's Poisoned Propaganda

How the Enemy Carried on Its Work in Russia and Italy

Evidences continue to accumulate of the poisoned propaganda still carried on by Germany, and that therefore calls for an offsetting one of truth. A Washington despatch, dated March 11, 1918, says: One of the most potent means by which the morals of the Russian army and people have been undermined has been by systematic work in propaganda among Russian prisoners. Like most other German activities, this has been highly organized, and it shows greater psychological insight than many of the German methods. It is quite as unscrupulous and unrelenting as the measures by which the Germans crushed the physical powers of their prisoners."

The article then proceeds to describe a Russian illustrated paper, printed in Berlin, which was industriously circulated in the Russian army, barracks and prison camp. The prisoners read it since they had nothing else to read, and they fell under the spell. It was circulated to produce feelings of gloom, hopelessness, homesickness and thoughts of dear ones at home. They pictured the life of the lowly Russian people as it is affected by war; it laid emphasis on the poverty everywhere, the sick, hungry children, the sobbing mothers, the wan cripples neglected by all and begging at the cross roads and in the streets. There was never a cheery line to be found in this German-made Russian literature given to the prisoners of war. Its tenor was always the same: German strength and prosperity; Russian weakness in the field and weakness at home.

Edgar Ensel Mowrer, special war correspondent in Italy, writes from Rome under date of February 17, 1918, regarding the German-Austrian "poisoned propaganda" among the Italian troops:

"To increase the infection the Italians in the trenches were subjected to a paper offensive in the form of myriad manifestos purporting to convey important items of news to the soldiers. These mendacious projectiles were shot from guns in the form of great shells, which broke on concussion with the earth and scattered them broadcast; they were dropped by airmen. The lies they told were stupid enough, but they attacked the Italian in his weakest point, which is national pride.

Chiefly they referred to the highhandedness of hypothetical British and French troops in Italian towns. They told of anti-war uprisings in a score of Italian cities. An entire illustrated pamphlet was dedicated to the Anglo-French oppression in Italy, "the most recent British colony."

Had it not produced its little effect, this sowing of lurid fantasy and lies would seem but a wild theatrical extravanganza. But when the sowing was deemed complete, Austrians and Germans went forward confidently to reap the harvest.

Prussian Conception of Duty

The Doctrine Is Amazing in Our Western Eyes

"Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz, the old pasha," according to Brand Whitlock in Everybody's for May, "came to Belgium announcing the doctrine, amazing in our western eyes, that the punishment for hostile acts falls not only on the guilty but on the innocent as well.

"For forty years the writers and thinks of Germany had been a work upon this theory.

"For forty years these doctrines were dinned into the German ear; pamphleteers, novelists, soldiers, statesmen, scientists, professors, theologians and pastors, all preached them. The army became the avatar of the state. Every man is in the army, and there is but one law, one duty, one principle, one religion—obey. The private obyes the corporal, the corporal obeys the sergeant, the sergeant obeys the lieutenant, the captain, and so on up the scaffolding of the mounting grades, until all power, authority, all privilege, is vested finally in the generals, the field marshals, and the general staff. Pastors exist only to assure them of the approval of the Teutonic God, professors to write learned justifications of their crimes and scientists to invent new methods of destruction."

Tips and Titles

Because the newly-commissioned major on the way to Toronto looked like ready money the porter had been very active in his attention. His movements were of the "hot-foot" variety whenever the officer appeared to require service. Also he was careful to address the major as "gin'ral." And when the train neared the Union depot, and following the assiduous use of the brush, the sable servitor discovered himself in the possession of a dime, he was equal to the emergency. He clicked his heels together, saluted, and remarked: "Corp'ral, Ah t'ank you, sah."—The Journal of Commerce.

Mr. Fusser—Aren't you nearly ready?

Mrs. Fusser—I wish you'd stop asking me that question. I've been telling you for the last hour that I'd be ready in a minute.

GERMANS REALIZE THAT THEY HAVE EARNED HATRED OF THE WORLD

YET AFFECT TO TREAT IT WITH CONTEMPT

It Has Been Brought Home To Them That They Have Sinned Beyond Forgivenness, but Believe That a Military Victory Will Win Them a Respect Founded on Fear

"Do Germans know that their policy of 'frightfulness' has encompassed them with the hatred of the world? If they do know it, have they no searchings of heart, and why do they continue their course of lawless savagery?" People in allied countries naturally ask these questions. An answer is furnished in that remarkable book, "The Iron Ration," by George Abel Schreiner, who spent three war years in Germany as the correspondent of the Associated Press. The leaders of Germany, he says, knew that the Fatherland had not a friend excepting its allies, and discussed the question freely and openly. "A regular epidemic of introspective reasoning swept over the country." "Are we really as bad as they make us out to be?" a German general asked of Schreiner. The latter, a Boer, replied that the violation of Belgium and the sinking of the Lusitania had been mistakes, and that the Germans were reaping the harvest they sowed then. A similar question was put to Schreiner by General von Falkenhayn, the former German chief of staff. "He, too, failed to understand why the entire world should have turned its thumb against the Germans." General von Elstermann and General von Delmansingen, who took part in the Roumanian operations, also inquired why the Germans were so cordially hated. Von Delmansingen's comment is significant:

"It seems that there is nothing we can do to make ourselves respected. I am one of those Germans who would like to be loved. But that seems to be impossible. Very well! We will see! We will see what the sword can do. When a race has come to be so thoroughly detested as we seem to be, there is nothing left but to make itself respected. I fear that in the future that must be our policy."

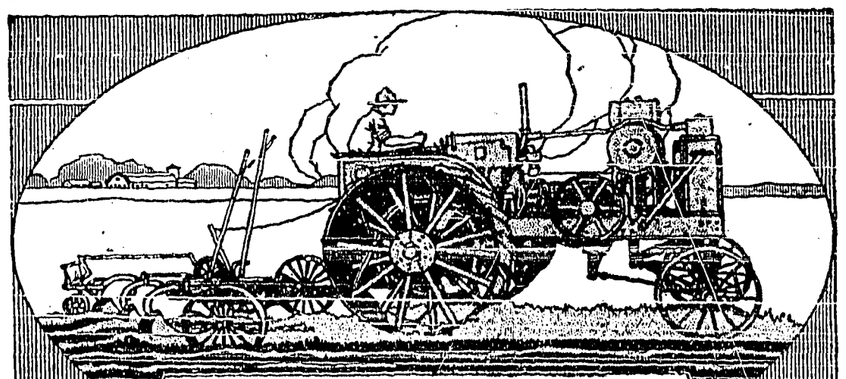
Mr. Schreiner says he believes that von Delmansingen spoke for the army without knowing it. What he said was the attitude of the vast majority of officers and men. Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, who is a Magyar, spoke freely of the world hatred for the central powers, but affected to treat it with contempt. "What difference will it make in the end whether we are called barbarians or not? Let them talk!" Dr. Zimmermann, then under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, admitted that the Lusitania affair was a bad blunder, but pleaded that it had not been the intention to torpedo the ship in a manner that would cause her immediate sinking. The hatred of Germany he described as a mania. "The world must have someone on whom it can pick." During the Boer war, he said, Great Britain was the victim. During the Russo-Japanese war it was Russia. Today it was Germany, and tomorrow it would be somebody else.

Teutonic statesmen and soldiers apparently realize that they have sinned beyond forgiveness, but they have a belief, frankly revealed by General von Delmansingen, that a military victory will win them a respect founded upon fear—the only kind of respect they can now hope for. This vicious mood demands the continued use of the atrocious and illegal methods which have earned Germany the detestation of humanity. But it is well that Germans feel the accumulated weight of the world's indignation. The morale of the people cannot always resist the pressure of this enormous moral force. In the end the masses must demand a reckoning of the leaders who have brought this punishment on their heads.—Toronto Globe.

Urge Prompt Action

Immediate Allied Intervention Necessary to Combat German Grip

The London press in general is urging the necessity of allied intervention of a prompt nature if what is alluded to as the rapid strengthening of the German grip on Russia is to be successfully combatted. The newspapers refer to Lord Robert Cecil's house of commons remarks as the accumulating indications of the inability or unwillingness of the Bolsheviki to resist the German penetration, and in some instances the advocates of intervention reiterate the earlier pleas for allowing Japan to act. The insistence upon Japan's disinterestedness is renewed, as is Japanese loyalty to the alliance. The Daily Telegraph concludes the article with these lines: "The statement at Tokio has made it quite clear that they have no covetous aims. In order to support the general policy of the allies and especially to protect Siberia from Teutonic rapacity, Japan, we are convinced, is ready to act in any way that promotes the ideals of the entente powers."



SAWYER-MASSEY
11-22 GAS-OIL TRACTOR

THE SAWYER-MASSEY eighty year reputation for quality is behind this machine. The Sawyer-Massey intimate knowledge of the Canadian farmer's need is in it.

It has a vertical 4-cylinder valve-in-head motor, equipped with air-cleaner, high tension magneto and one adjustment carbureter.

The radiator is of unusually large capacity. Water circulation is positive.

Power is delivered to *both* traction wheels and 75% of the tractor weight rests on the rear wheels.

Owners have found that these features have a direct bearing on the simple operation and long, reliable service given by the machine.

Our Bulletin No. 321 describes this Tractor. Bulletins describing our 17-34, 20-40 and 27-50 Tractors are also available.

SAWYER-MASSEY COMPANY
LIMITED
Head Office and Factory: HAMILTON, ONTARIO
Branches and Warehouses:
WINNIPEG REGINA SASKATOON CALGARY
H. S. ROWDEN, Distributor, Edmonton

If you are interested in Sawyer Massey Steam Tractors or Threshers, we will be glad to supply full information.

Four Cylinder Sawyer-Massey Gas-Oil Tractors Kerosene Burning

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
KINGSTON ONTARIO
ARTS
MEDICINE EDUCATION
APPLIED SCIENCE
Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
HOME STUDY
Arts Course by correspondence. Degree with one year's attendence or four summer sessions.
Summer School July and August
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19 GEO. Y. CHOWN, Registrar

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the
Otto Higel Piano Action

SMOKE TUCKETT'S
ORINOCO
CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

Wheat Imports Insufficient

Every Effort Exerted in Canada Will Be Invaluable

The British ministry of food has cabled to the Canada food board: "Wheat importations are not arriving in quantities sufficient to meet our weekly requirements. Every effort that can be exerted in Canada to increase shipments of wheat and meat will be invaluable."

Asthma Can Be Cured. Its suffering is as needless as it is terrible to endure. After its many years of relief of the most stubborn cures no sufferer can doubt the perfect effectiveness of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Comfort of body and peace of mind return with its use and nights of sound sleep come back for good. Ask your druggist, he can supply you.

Charity—to the Rest

Dauber—I'd like to devote my last picture to a charitable institution.

Critic—Why not give it to an institution for the blind.—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Not an Unusual Speech

"Young Gabber made quite a long speech at the club forum last night."

"What was he talking about?"

"He didn't say."—Judge.

Enduring Hardness

Hardships and Sacrifices of the Armies at the Front

There is also one more element in enduring hardness. It is the element of sacrifice. Our spirit of endurance will be in proportion to our spirit of sacrifice, and nowhere is sacrifice more needed than at home. It must all be borne with a noble endurance. It would be impossible to find words capable of expressing the hardships and sacrifices of the armies at the front. It has been marvelous to think of. Yet there seemes to be a sacrifice at home harder to endure in many respects than the sacrifices on the firing line. It is the sacrifice made by mothers, wives and loved ones at home, who live in daily fear, constant suspense and hourly dread, sometimes suffering silent tortures in solitude in which even the excitement of a battlefield would bring relief.—London Free Press.

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC!
LIFT OUT ANY CORN
Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain

Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

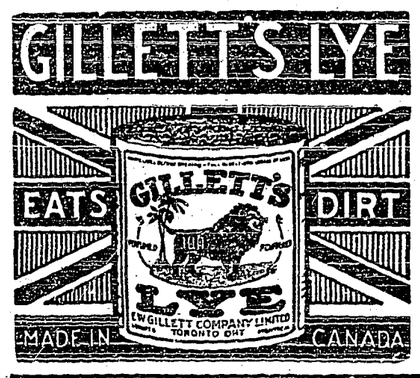
A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Farm Machines Necessary

In the time of Nero, it took four and a half days' labor to raise a bushel of wheat. When the reaper was invented (1831), it took three hours. Today it takes ten minutes. This is a mechanical age on the farm as well as everywhere else, and the world has become absolutely dependent on farm machines.



Asses

The Bolsheviki are now eating bread made of straw. All they need now is to learn how to bray and the transformation will be complete.—Macon Daily Telegraph.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Can Be Averted by Feeding the Starved Nerves With Rich, Red Blood

Nourish your nerves—that is the only way you can overcome life's worst misery, nervous exhaustion. The fits of depression an dirritation, the prostrating headaches, the weakness and trembling of the legs, the unsteady hand and the imperfect digestion that mark the victim of nerve weakness, must end in nervous breakdown if neglected.

Nourish your nerves by the natural process of filling your veins with rich, red, health-giving blood. Your nerves are crying out for pure blood and the mission of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is to make new, rich blood. This explains why these pills have proved successful in so many cases of nervous disease that did not yield to ordinary treatment. For example, Mr. Wilfrid Donald, West Flamboro, Ont., says:—"Before I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was in a serious condition. I was not only badly run down, but my nerves seemed to be completely shattered. I slept badly at night, and when I got up in the morning was as tired as when I went to bed. I seemed to be on the verge of a nervous breakdown. At this stage I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the course of a few weeks I felt much relief, and continuing the use of the pills they completely restored my health. I can now sleep soundly, eat well, and am enjoying complete freedom from the old nervous troubles."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

His Only Hope

He was a proper professional conjurer, and was proceeding to get the audience under his spell, and commenced in real earnest.

"Now, ladies and gentlemen," he said, with a wave of the hand, "this is the magic cabinet. I invite any lady in the audience to enter this cabinet. I will then close the door, and when it shall be opened again, the lady will have disappeared, leaving no trace."

There was an impressive silence until a little, undersized man in the second row turned to an enormous woman who sat by him, and breathed eagerly:

"Maria, dear, won't you oblige the gentleman?"

Useful in Camp—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

Judges' Opinion

Medical Officer (posting man to labor battalion)—Do you think you are fit for really hard labor?

Hard Case—Well, sir, some of the best judges have thought so.—Passing Show.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Cure and get relief.

Unsinkable Ship

Dares U-boats and Delivers Cargo Without Trouble

An unsinkable ship, which boldly braved the dangers of the submarine zone as a challenge to the Hun U-boats, has returned safely to an Atlantic port. It is understood that the vessel left an Atlantic port in convoy of forty-three vessels, and when the fleet reached the danger zone the unsinkable ship left the convoy as a deliberate challenge to the undersea boats. No attempt was made to avoid the enemy war vessels, and the ship headed a direct course for its destination, which was a French port. After delivering its cargo the vessel sailed, and a second time no attempt was made to sink it.

Feeding Garbage to Hogs

Many Cities in the United States are Saving More and Growing Pork

By feeding garbage to hogs instead of burning it, Minneapolis will save its taxpayers between $50,000 and $60,000 annually. The change became effective on April 1.

Other cities in the United States which have recently adopted hog-feeding include: South Bend, Ind., Madison, Wis., Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Harrisburg Pa. The garbage from these cities will, it is estimated, produce 3,000,000 pounds of marketable pork per annum.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Not an Essential Occupation

Sir Hugh Macdonald, the Winnipeg police magistrate, has ruled that men acting as clerks in confectionery stores and in other light occupations, where the work can just as well be done by women, are not rendering full service to the state. And most people will heartily agree with him.—Montreal Herald.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Consider War a Necessity

What Germany Started War For Now Explained

Professor Charles Scott Sherrington of Oxford has sent The London Times a memorandum of a conversation he had at Heidelberg in August, 1907, with Professor Ernest Troeltsch, of the theological faculty of Heidelberg University.

In his conversation as set forth in the Oxford professor's notes, Prof. Troeltsch said that war between Germany and England was a necessity because England had so much that it was absolutely necessary for Germany to possess in order to play her role as a world state. Prof. Troeltsch, when asked what possessions Germany desired, replied:

"Ports, colonies in many parts of the world; Australia, South Africa, Hong Kong, India."

Get More Vim!
Renew Your Strength!

If you are tired, nervous, sleepless, have headaches and langour, you need Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they tone the stomach, assist digestion, brace you up at once. Taken at night—you're well by morning. Sickness and tired feeling disappear instantly. Vim, spirits, hearty health, all the joys of life come to everyone that uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No medicine so satisfactory. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills today, 25c per box at all dealers.

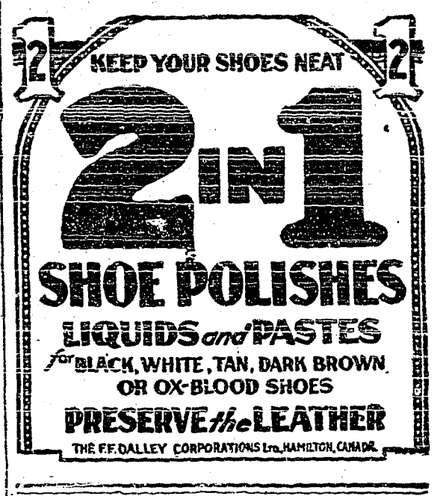
The New Bismarck

Ludendorff as the New Bismarck Far Eclipsed His Model

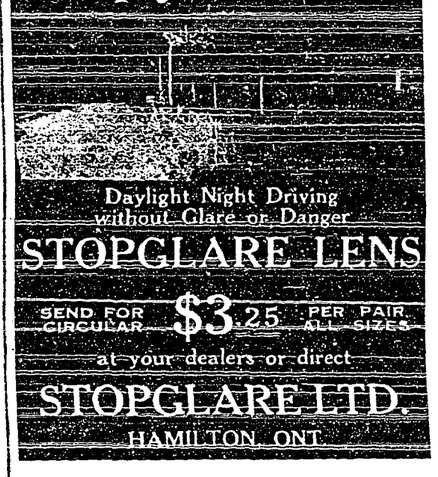
From a report of a speech said to have been made at a dinner party in Berlin before the great drive by Ludendorff, the following passage is quoted by the Boston Transcript:

"The people will stand the loss of a million men if I ask it. I shall take good care that among that million are those who talk most about peace or who give trouble. . . . . Socialists be damned. By the time you fear a revolution I shall have prevented it. The men will be dead and the women, as Napoleon said, cannot make revolutions."

They are hailing Ludendoff in Germany as the new Bismarck. As a man of blood and iron he has, however, far eclipsed his model.



Comply with Law



A Constipation Cure

A druggist says: "For nearly thirty years I have commended the Extract of Roots, known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, for the radical cure of constipation and indigestion. It is an old reliable remedy that never fails to do the work." 30 drops thrice daily. Get the Genuine, at druggists. 2

B. C. Fish Output

Greater Quantity of Fish and Higher Prices

The summary of the fishing results in Canada, just published by the naval department of the Dominion government, shows that the marketed value of British Columbia fish in 1917 was $8,000,000 more than in 1916. This increase, although partly due to increased prices, is not altogether so, for a greater quantity of fish has been produced, in spite of the fact that the usual big run of sockeye salmon in the Frazer river district, which was due in 1917, did not materialize, so that the pack of this grade of salmon was only twenty-five per cent. of an ordinary year. Other grades, however, were packed in greater quantities.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gents,—I cured a valuable hunting dog of mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT after several veterinaries had treated him without doing him any permanent good.

Yours, &c.,
WILFRID GAGNE.

Prop. of Grand Central Hotel,
Drummondville, Aug. 3, '04.

Wouldn't Believe It

Sandy (newly arrived in Canadian forest)—"Whatna beast's yon?"

Native—"A young moose."

Sandy—"Och! Haud yer tongue! If that's a young moose I'd like to see ane o' yer auld rats."

Ingram's Milkweed Cream

You are young but once but you can be youthful always if you care for your complexion properly. Daily use of Ingram's Milkweed Cream prevents blemishes, overcomes pimples and other eruptions. Since 1885 its distinctive therapeutic quality has been giving heath to the skin and youthful color to the complexion. It keeps your skin toned up, soft and clean.

The refined way to banish oiliness and shininess of nose and forehead induced by perspiration, is to apply a light touch of Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder. It also conceals the minor blemishes. Included in the complete line of Ingram's toilet products at your druggist's is Ingram's Zodenta for the teeth.

Milkweed Cream	50c and $1.00
Velveola Souveraine Face Powder	50c
Rouge (3 shades)	50c
Zodenta	25c
Milkweed Cream Soap	25c
Borated Talcum	25c
Complexion Tablets	25c

FRED'K F. INGRAM CO.
WINDSOR, CAN.

(33)

No Shortage in Canada
NESTLE'S FOOD
4oz by Mail
If not procurable from your dealer, write
THE LEEMING MILES CO., LIMITED
"PLENTY FOR ALL!"
4 St. Lawrence
Montreal, Que.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, JULY 19

The School Meeting

After this when folks try to tell us that REVIEW editorials do not turn the trick we will know where to put our hands on a candidate for the Annanias Club.

In the past annual school meetings have invariably had to wait half an hour for crowd enough to open proceedings with. To obviate this we last week pointed out to good citizens that it was their duty to be on hand on these occasions. Saturday night there was a crowd that almost doubled the seating capacity of the room.

These conversant with the situation were not slow to realize that the word that had been passed around, "Be sure to be at the meeting," had been heeded generously. The very first motion submitted—moved and seconded by two gentlemen who had not graced a school annual meeting in a matter of four years at least—woke some folks up to the fact that a little preparedness had not fallen down entirely.

Blessings and Curses

With the completion of the secretary's reading of the trustees' report—even before the usual motion to consider the matter had been offered—the fat was in the fire and a few minutes sufficed to show that, for a part of the meeting at any rate, the ratepayers were to be treated to blessings for Brousson and curses—and crucifixion if possible—for Cherrington and Crawford.

At the start the Broussonian offensive moved with all the smoothness of a political machine. After the customary oratorical bombardment directed largely by Mr. Henry Lyne and Mr. Charles Moore, out hops a resolution demanding the reinstatement of Mr. Brousson. Despite the usual custom of voting by show of hands, for some occult reason it was fairly noisly decided to have it by ballot. With nothing whatever said as to who might legally vote ballots were handed men, women and girls alike.

By a show of 50 to 2 the outer fringe of trustee trenches were taken, and with some acclaim Mr. Brousson was "urged" to come out and review operations so far, to say a "few" words as to his satisfaction supplemented by a quite full recital of most all the features contained in his plea for justice in our last issue.

On With the Fight

It was with some trouble the conquerors were restrained from launching a thrust for the second line of dugouts, but finally they were constrained to stay hostilities till the law was fulfilled as to the nomination of a trustee. Although fifteen minutes was suggested for this feature there being only one nomination, about five minutes sufficed, and the charge was resumed.

Overlooking the fact that the trustees report was still before the house undiscussed and unadopted, a round was taken at the treasury department, although the budget had not yet been presented. After a musketry salvo to permit Generalissimo Moore, we assume, to get his wits together, and don such accoutrements as a copy of the School Act and one volume of the Encyclopedia Brittanica, the commander led the charge in person. With a burst of "oratory" that had Tom Edmondson beaten a hundred different ways to the kitty, and with a couple of repetitions of what this fault and [illegible] considered the damnatory clauses, which, contrary to pre-arrangement, only evoked a none-too-hearty Yah! Yah! from a rather raucuous-voiced subaltern, follows a broadside that, when the few stray grape shot had spent themselves, was discovered to be merely a demand that as how Trustees Cherrington and Crawford had contravened Part VII. of Section 10, subsection 4, by selling goods to the school, their seats at the school board should be declared vacant forthwith, and without further form or ceremony would have hung the culprits first and tried them after—and this depise the gallant head's just-previous blatant bray for justice (for Mr. Brousson).

Why Discriminate

About now the meeting began to wise up some. Why this unseemly haste to behead Cherrington and Crawford? The newly-elected trustee, F. H. Jackson, had also sold goods throughout his just-expired three-year term? True Mr. Jackson was not now in business, but surely a crime committed in January is still a crime in July if not atoned for? However, Trustee Jackson having only been on his new term half an hour, and we need him in this business, Brigadier Moore (again we presume) decided to make a test case of the two old trustees. Mr. Jackson could await action of the same sort later on, which would cost him his seat maybe, along with a fine up to $500.00 or thirty days hard. But why worry over the possible loss of a trustee and thereby jeopardize the success of the close-formation drive now well under way.

Again the ballot was demanded, and with a little electioneering by Lieut. Lyne, who exhorted all and sundry to mark their ballots "For"—and the erring trustees had cut the hostile vote down to 40 to 8.

The Crowning Infamy

This would appear to have completed the day's pre-arranged campriign for here we have the brigadier's commad, Cease Firing! in the shape of a motion to adjourn the meeting indefinitely. the detail of naming a date to resume hostilities, for good and sufficient reasons, not being attended to. This motion, of course, revealed the real purpose of the fire-fast-and-follow-up tactics of the distinguished leader. At this juncture the ordinary taxpayer called a halt.

In a few words James Compton explained that the meeting was not staged wholly for the purpose of singing the praises of Mr. Brovsson even by such talented vocalists as the peerless baritone, Charles Moore, and the equally-renowed basso profundo Henry Lyne. Mr. Compton assured the vaudeville stars that the meeting was to a degree concerned with voting money to run a school with, and that unless proceedings were concluded and a request got on to Victoria their precocious principal might have a long wait for his July pay cheque, to say nothing of a possibility of the schools not opening as per schedule.

This counter attack found the invaders' outposts asleep on duty, and before the high command could rally his hitherto all-conquering forces the meeting had settled down to the real business of the annual conclave.

Awoke Too Late

When the bombastic and bumptious brigadier finally consolidated his lines he alone sallied cautiously forth into no man's land. It would [illegible] that in the rout that followed his attempt to smash the line with an adjournment motion, sufficient air space developed in his brain compartment to allow of an idea to find lodgment there. This flash of semi-normal mentality aroused him to a fear that perhaps if some of the enemy took action to unseat F. H. Jackson, and the maximum penalty were imposed—as magistrates sometimes do—said trustee might make the now quite chastened Major Moore a co-defendant and have him mulcted in the $500 fine on a 50-50 basis. By now this dread had him down to a captain's importance, the still further humbled Lieut. Moore pleaded to have leave to make a motion to the effect that nomination be declared illegal and that that order of business be reverted back to.

For a man who had just aired his legal knowledge as to trustees' rights and standings, this outrageous breach of parliamentary procedure even took the breath away from Corp. Lyne, who fell down so miserably in support that even his customary smile failed him, and the chairman charitably spared the speaker further humiliation by merely remarking that that order of the evening's business was sealed with the seven seals for another twelve months. R.I.P.

Had Him Groggy

Just on general principles our habit is to heave bricks at T. M. Edmondson, but it is due our one-time windmill, but now railway, magnate, to say that for rough and tumble, happy go lucky, catch as catch can methods paraded ae school meeting procedure, well—it made him dizzy. At best he had only two chances to speak all evening. If the performance "got Edmondson's goat" what must it have been for other citizens who gathered there to hear school matters intelligently discussed and at such length as their importance warranted; not jammed throufih with even more speed than our legislators get up the last few days of a parliamentary session.

For those who want to know what hand the trustees had in the proceedings be it said that the chairman of the board did attempt to discuss a matter put up to him, but the courteous hearing that had been given his questioner was denied him, the trustee wisely decided to wait until a more convenient season, but when that particular order of business was reached Corp. Lyne had so amply satisfied his lust for trustees' gore that he never troubled re-propounding his question as to what had been done with the "parents" petition; really an unfortunate occurrence, because the chairman of the board has the goods on Mr. Lyne which may, or may not, have influenced this lusty champion of the principal's rights to adopt a policy of discretion is the better part of valor.

Might Have Been Worse

While this amateur effort does, in part, justice to the occasion, be it said that from 9.30 until 10.45 those really concerned in school district affairs managed to elect an auditor, to at last adopt the trustees' report and the treasurer's statement, vote $3500 for the year, and discuse other matters for the good and welfare of the district—and that up to the time of going to press all is quiet along the Kootenay, educationally speaking.

The meeting closed in peace and harmony about 11, with the minutes of the meeting adopted on motion of a quite-the-old-time Charles Moore.

How it Seemed

Considerate reader, at some time in your life you have been at an entertainment that may have cost only two bits, but which did not open up as if in the nickel class even, and you most likely resented being stung. As the show developed from bad to worse you didn't feel quite so bad; sort of got used to it, maybe. When it was all over you probably voted it was worth the money; you knew just how bad a performance of the sort could be.

That about expresses the situation on this occasion up till about 9.30—possibly Mr. Lyne's bedtime—after which things favorable and unfavorable to the board, were discussed.

There are Others

The same burlesque is all too often in evidence at Farmers' Institute annuals, and we can see no silver lining to the clouds that might portend improvement. Our grown ups seem to be of the same cast as the young folks. With the latter nothing is complete without a dance, while with the elders to be sure of a crowd it is necessary to have word there is likely to be a row.

While this condition exists instead of attempting to force trustees, who have given reasonably good service, out of office, some section of our responsible citizens should be bending every effort to keep them on the job, bad and all as their enemies have all at once tried to make them cut. Heaven deliver Creston School District from being delivered into the hands of the so-called friends who jawed without ceasing, almost, for three hours last Saturday night.

Kaslo's food control committee has gone asleep. The Kootenaian is demanding that the president dis-member the drowsy ones and replace them with others not subject to hook worm.

The English Church membership at Kaslo went up five as a result of the Bishop of Kootenay's visit last week. Strange as it may seem two of the new members were Goodenoughs. Police!

A full-fledged Red Cross Society has deen organized at Proctor, with a good-sized initial membership.

Eat What you Can - Can What you Can't

Everybody's doing it; putting up more fruit this year than ever berore. We know it from the heavier-than-usual demand for Sealers. How about you?

If you are going it stronger than ever, too, your stock of last year's jars will never be enough. Size up your possible requirements and buy to-day. We offer:

New Gem and Perfect Seal Sealers in Pints, Quarts and Half-Gallons

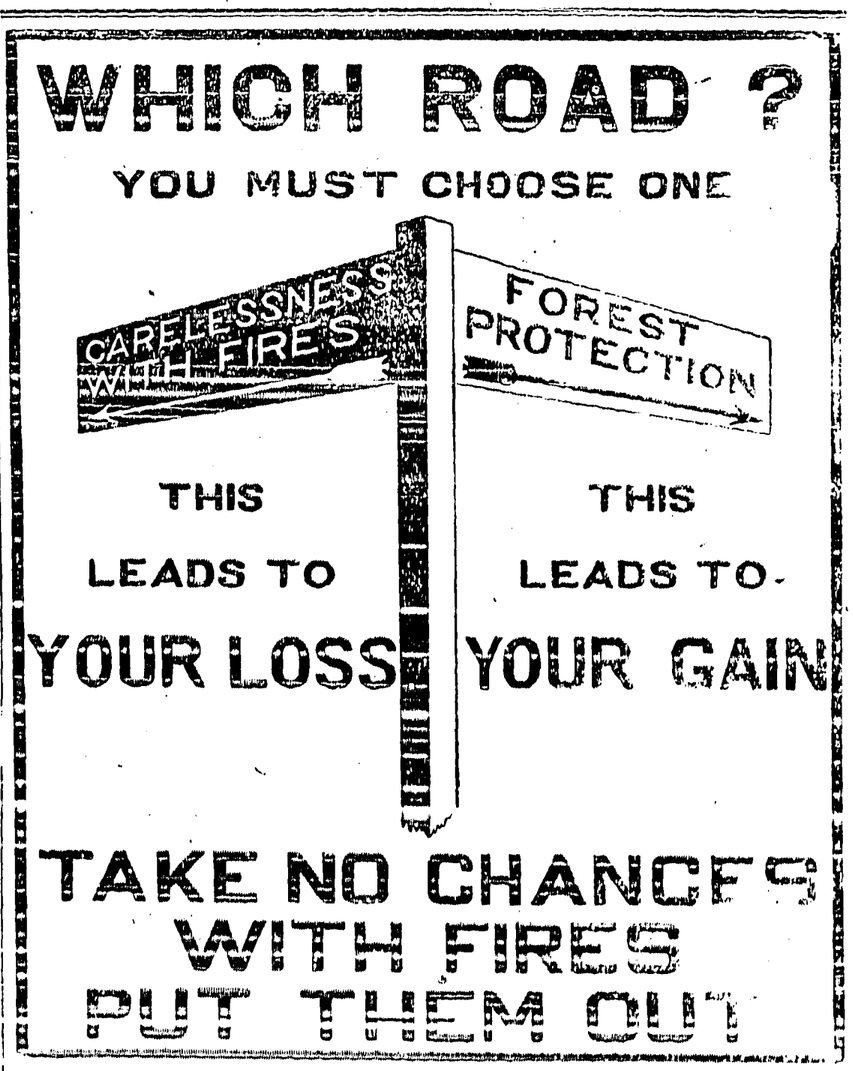
Heavy White Rubber Rings for Pints and Quarts in New Gem and Perfect Sealers,

Schram and Economy Lids. Crocks—1, 2, 3, 4 gallons

When we have to replace this stock prices will be higher.
Too long delay may cost you money. Buy to-day

S. A. SPEERS

C.F.B. License 8-21820 **General Merchant**



Sirdar

The switch crew is back to day shift only again. Some new new faces, however are to be seen on it as both Yardmater Loasby and J. A. Cameron are on the sick list this week.

Dr. Henderson and Jack Hayden of Creston were here on Monday enroute to Kuskanook for a day's fishing. The catch was a fine one, about sixty pounds, mostly steelhead and char.

Switchman Cam is back again after his mishap on Dominion Day, and is feeling as well as ever.

T. Rodgers was re-elected trustee at the school meeting on Saturday night which was poorly attended. Miss Goodman, last term's teacher, will be in charge for the ensuing term.

We are to have English Church service here on Monday night, Rev. Mr. Mahood having other appointments for the other days of the week.

Mr, and Mrs. R. H. Ross are away for a month's vacation at the coast, from where, with their daughter, they will proceed to look up old friends at North Bay and other Ontario points.

Misses Brake and Santo of Cranbrook are Sirdar visitors this week, with Mrs. Dennes, and were Creston callers on Thursday last.

Ernest McCabe, assistant night master mechanic, is keeping Sirdar on the map as a fruit shipping centre these days, with a quite extensive shipping of raspberries, in addition to supplying the local market.

There has been a falling off in freight traffic both east and west this week, though to date the tonnage handled shows quite an increase over 1917.

The pupils of Silvertoon school presented Principal King with a wrist watch at the close of the term. He is signing up for overseas service.

ROBT. LAMONT

NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL

CRESTON - - B.C.

CHAS. MOORE

CIVIL ENGINEER ARCHITECT
LAND SURVEYOR

CRESTON B.C. OFFICES NELSON B.C.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand
Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

WATER NOTICE

(Diversion and Use)

Take notice that George Cartwright, whose address is Ericksou, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use 500 gallons per day of water out of Babbit Creek, which flows southerly, and drains into Goat River, about one-quarter mile below the canyon. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point upstream, about 225 feet from where it crosses East line of Lot 6617, and will be used for domestic purpose upon the land described as Lots 1, 2 and 5 of Lot 5617, G. 1. This notice was posted on the ground the 14th January, 1918. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1614," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is July 12th, 1918.

GEORGE CARTWRIGHT,
Applicant.

WATER NOTICE

(Diversion and Use)

Take notice that T. Baines, whose address is Creston, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use five acres of water out of a slough stream, unnamed, which flows in a southerly direction and drains into Kootenay Flats by seepage in many directions. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about half-way between the northwest and southwest corners of Block 29, and will be used for irrigation purposes upon the land described as the south half of Blocks Nos. 46 and 48. This notice was posted on the ground on the 6th day of July, 1918. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto, and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson, B.C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder, or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C, within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is July 12th, 1918.

T. BAINES, Applicant.

Boar for Service

PUREBRED CHESTER WHITE
For terms and all other information see A. MIRABELLI, Creston.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Cranbrook Rod and Gun Club will buy their supply of cartridges en bloc and save the middleman's profit this year,

Kaslo citizens were eating new potatoes, grown locally, last week. Some of them were bigger than robin's eggs,

2500 invitations have been sent out to prospective delegates to the irrigation convention at Nelson the latter part of the month.

Vernon Price was killed at a mine at Princeton last week when a small stone dropping a great distance and struck and instantly killed him.

Because he was unable to get government money to make some needed repairs in a Fernie suburb the residents in that part of the town asked A, I. Fisher, M.P.P., to resign.

S. S. Jarvis, who has been collector of taxes and provincial assessor for years, and also government agent since 1912, at Nelson, has been dismissed, His successor is Edward Ferguson.

FOR SALE

16-Inch Slabwood

at

75c. a Rick

at Canyon City Lumbar Co. Sawmill at Canyon City.

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

PUBLIC NOTICE

Military Service Act, 1917.

Men 19 and 20 Years of Age.
Harvest Leave.
Leave of Absence on Ground of Extreme Hardship.
Procedure to obtain Leave of Absence.

Men Nineteen and Twenty Years of Age.

It has come to the attention of the Government that there is a widespread impression that young men of nineteen years, and those who became twenty since October 13, 1917, as well as those who may become nineteen from time to time and who have been or will be called upon to register under the Military Service Act, are to be immediately called to the colours.

This impression is quite incorrect. No date has yet been fixed for calling upon such men to so report for duty, nor has the question been brought before the Cabinet for decision. In view of the need of labour on the farm, it is most unlikely that consideration will be given to the matter until after the harvest is over, although of course the Government's action must be determined primarily by the military situation.

There is no further obligation incumbent upon young men of the ages above mentioned who have registered or who do so hereafter, until they receive notice from the Registrars.

Harvest Leave.

Some enquiries have been received as to the possibility of granting harvest leave to such troops as may be in the country at that time. No definite assurance can be given on this point as advantage must be taken of ships as they become available. On the other hand, harvest leave will be given if at all possible.

Leave of Absence on Grounds of Extreme Hardship.

It is desired that the Regulations respecting leave of absence in cases of hardship should be widely known and fully understood. Such leave will be granted in two cases:— (a) where extreme hardship arises by reason of the fact that the man concerned is either the only son capable of earning a livelihood, of a father killed or disabled on service or presently in service overseas, or in training for such service, or under treatment after returning from overseas; or the only remaining of two or more brothers capable of earning a livelihood (the other brother or brothers having been killed or disabled on service, or being presently in service overseas, or in training for overseas or under treatment after his or their return from overseas); brothers married before 4th August, 1914, living in separate establishments and having a child or children not to be counted, in determining the fact that the man is the "only" remaining son or brother; (b) where extreme hardship arises by reason of exceptional circumstances such as the fact that the man concerned is the sole support of a widowed mother, an invalid father or other helpless dependents.

It is to be noted that in all these cases the governing factor is not hardship, loss or suffering to the individual concerned, but to others, that is, members of his family or those depending upon him.

Procedure to obtain leave of absence.

A simple system for dealing with these cases has been adopted. Forms of application have been supplied to every Depot Battalion and an officer of each battalion has been detailed whose duty it is to give them immediate attention. The man concerned should on reporting to his unit state that he desires to apply for leave of absence on one or more of the grounds mentioned and his application form will then be filled out and forwarded to Militia Headquarters, Ottawa. In the meantime, if the case appears meritorious, the man will be given provisional leave of absence for thirty days so that he may return home and continue his civil occupation while his case is being finally disposed of.

ISSUED BY DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE,
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Coal and Wood For Sale.

H. S. McCREATH

Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. Creston

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

FRUIT GROWERS' BUSINESS

Fruit growers will find their banking requirements given every care and attention if entrusted to this Bank. The Manager will explain the services which the Bank is able to render. ec

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

Let Cuticura Care for Baby's Skin

It's really wonderful how quickly a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment relieves skin irritations which keep baby wakeful and restless, permits sleep for infant and rest for mother, and points to healment in most cases when it seems nothing would help.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. N. Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

To Aid Pork Production

Bank Offers to Lend Sufficient Money Under Club Plan

The Souris, Man., branch of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, has announced the organization of a boys' and girls' Pig Club and is prepared to lend sufficient money to any child between the ages of eight and ten years, to purchase two pigs—one to be raised for meat purposes, and the other to be retained in order that a litter of pigs be raised the following year. The bank states that one of its principal objects in forming this club is to assist in increasing pork production. Special prizes will be offered to the members.

Pills for Nervous Troubles.— The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

Suggestion for Housewives

"John," said Mrs. Jenkins, looking up from the evening paper, "You know how many dishes Kate has broken lately?"

"Yes," replied John: "what of it?"

"Well," continued the lady, there is something here in the paper about steel plates. I don't know just what they are, but I should think they might be indestructible and the very thing we need." — Liverpool Post.

The Ownership

Visitor (in public gardens, interested in botany)—Do you happen to know to what family that plant belongs?

Old Gardner—I happens to know it don't belong to no family. That plant belongs to the park.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Barley Adds Richness

to wheat and lends to its flavor, when combined in the sturdy cereal

Grape-Nuts

No prepared cereal food excels Grape-Nuts in nourishment, economy or digestibility.

"There's a Reason"

A Colored Miracle

Have Yu Done Lost Yo Own Language

It was with the American army on the Lorraine front. He was a black boy from Alabama—lonesome. He had been working in a stone quarry most all day and no one had said a word to him. He happened to look across the way and there was another black boy in khaki. The other black boy was a French colonial, but the American black boy looked only at the face and the color of the uniform.

"'Low niggah, how's tricks?" was the opening social parry.

No answer.

"Ah say niggah, does you know Ah's talkin' to you?"

Then astonishment. From the other black came a rattle of French that would put a machine gun to shame.

The black boy from Alabama gasped. He couldn't believe his eyes or his ears.

"Foh da Gawd's sake, niggah, has you been mixed up with these Frenchers so much you done lost yo' own language?" and he went back to work.

WIRE CUTS

on Horses, Cattle, etc., quickly cured by

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers

Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Napanee, Ont.

Lower Flour Price Secured

As a result of a conference between the Canada food board and the milling interests, spring wheat millers have been required to make a reduction of 15 cents per barrel in the price of flour.

Did a Good Turn For an Old Friend

HOW TWO MEN PROVED THE WORTH OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Henry Burkhart, of Saskatchewan, Sent Dodd's Kidney Pills to Dakota, and His Friends Join in Their Praises.

Fox Valley, Sask., (Special).— "I tell every one that suffers from kidney trouble to take Dodd's Kidney Pills." These are the words of Mr. Henry Burkhart, of this place.

"I took Dodd's Kidney Pills for eight months," Mr. Burkhart continued, "and now I feel as well as ever I did in my life. I also sent one box to a friend who lives in Dakota, and who I knew suffered from his kidneys.

"My friend wrote me to get him some more of Dodd's Kidney Pills, as the doctors could do nothing to help him. He said Dodd's Kidney Pills were the best medicine he had ever taken.

"I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills."

In the sparsely-settled parts of the West, where doctors are few, Dodd's Kidney Pills have long held an honored place in the family medicine chest. The conditions which are common to newly-settled prairie countries makes kidney trouble one of the most prevalent ills, and the settlers early discovered the splendid results to be obtained from Dodd's Kidney Pills. Ask your neighbor about them.

Nearly Human Horse is Dead

Paddy R. Knew Enough to Treat His Own Broken Leg

Sportsmen who have followed the horse racing game 20 or 25 years ago will be interested in the fact that one of the wonder horses of that time, Paddy R., the matinee marvel, recently died at Carman, Manitoba.

Paddy R. was renowned, not only for his great speed and endurance, but because of his wonderful intelligence. It is recorded of him that [illegible] 1906, while racing at the old track at St. Thomas, Ont., he broke his leg. Instead of behaving as other animals do in similar circumstances, he lay down on a stoneboat, on which he was taken to the railway station and sent to his Watford home, without even having a bridle on his head. During his illness he took such good care of his injured leg that it healed quickly, and he was able a few months later to race again and established his record.

It is claimed by some lovers of "man's best friend" that a good horse is more intelligent than any dog. [illegible] Paddy R. goes a long way toward proving this contention.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Had Her Placed

[illegible] shown over a [illegible] in North Wales which is famous for its fine pictures. One [illegible] portrait of "Nell Gwynne [illegible]." The old dame gazed at the picture with marked interest.

"So that's the lady in it?" she [illegible] "Well, I always thought it was King Charles she was [illegible]

For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night.

Purely Vegetable

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Carter's Iron Pills

Will restore color to the faces of those who lack Iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

Eat More Fish

Canada Has Vast Fish Resources Which Can Supply Unlimited Amount

Efforts have been made throughout Canada to produce and market more fish. This country has fish resources, which have been exploited commercially for the export trade but only in the big cities have fresh fish been available regularly to private consumers. On the Pacific coast and the Atlantic coast, on the lakes of the west, on the lakes of Northern Ontario and the Great Lakes, fishermen will procure fish if the demand for it becomes regular and constant. Eat more fish and save meat for the men at the front.

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

There is no medicine for little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative; pleasant to take; do not gripe and never fail to relieve the little one of constipation, indigestion, colic or any of the other minor ailments. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Monzerolle, Eel River Ridge, N.B., writes: —"I believe Baby's Own Tablets are the finest medicine for little ones I have ever used. From my own experience I would recommend every mother to keep a box on hand." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Kerensky Said to Be Safe

Alexander Kerensky, Russia's man of the hour at the dethronement of the Romanoffs, and who in turn was overthrown by the Bolsheviki, is safe and among friends, according to authoritative information received by Russians in New York.

"Kerensky is safe and among friends," an official declared. "He is not in the best of health and is resting quietly.

"His condition is far from serious however, and when the time comes he may again exert his powerful personality to bring order and good government to Russia."

A Woman's Burdens

are lightened when she turns to the right medicine. If her existence is made gloomy by the chronic weaknesses, delicate derangements, and painful disorders that afflict womankind she will find relief and emancipation from her troubles in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If she's overworked, nervous, or "run-down," she finds new life and strength. It's a powerful, invigorating tonic and nervine which was discovered and used by an eminent physician for many years, in his large medical practice among women. For young girls just entering womanhood; for women in middle life, the "Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine put up without alcohol, and can be had in tablet as well as liquid form. It's not a secret prescription for its ingredients are printed on wrapper. Send 10c for trial package to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., or branch in Bridgeburg, Ont.

Hamilton, Ont. — "When passing through middle life, as in most cases of [illegible] had severe pains in my head, dizzy spells, my back ached and I had pains in my side. I became very weak and nervous. I took medicine without getting relief until I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and this medicine built me up in health and strength and I came through this critical period in a good healthy state. Women will find Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription very helpful during this trying time." MRS. SARAH CARR, 196 Robins Ave.

Sensitiveness Spells Failure

You'll Never Hold a Big Job Until You Can Forget Your Own Petty Self

In an article called "How I Cured Myself of Being Sensitive," a writer says in The American Magazine:

"'Wagner, you've got ability,' he cried, 'but you'll never get anywhere in this world until you quit tearing yourself to pieces! I've watched you for the past three years; twice I've had it in mind to push you up a notch in the office, and every time I've passed you and picked someone else, because I know you aren't fit to handle other men. No man is fit to handle other men until he has learned to control himself. You can't, you're too blamed sensitive.

"'Little setbacks break your heart. A letter of complaint comes in from some customer and you take it as a personal criticism, and lose a day's work brooding over it. You see me in conference with some of the other men, and you stab yourself wondering why you weren't invited, and imagine that I have turned against you. You hear that someone who is making more money than you, and immediately all far fields look greener. You're a fairly useful cog in your present job, and it might put me to some annoyance to lose you. But you'll never hold a big job until you can forget your own petty self and learn to laugh when the world takes a crack at you. Hanged if I don't think sometimes it might be better if you were to get out and try your hand somewhere else."

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed it will not injure the most delicate child, as there is nothing of an injurious nature in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

Still in Bondage

A lawyer travelling through Alabama was much interested in Uncle Ned. "So you were once a slave, eh?" said he.

"Yas, sah," said Uncle Ned.

"How thrilling!" said the lawyer. "And after the war you got your freedom, eh?"

"No, sah," said Ned gloomily. "I didn't git mah freedom, sah. After de war I done got married!"—Case and Comment.

Guest Chairs

Customer—These chairs may be fashionable, but they are extremely uncomfortable.

Salesman—Ah, that's the beauty of these chairs, madam. When a caller sits in one of them she doesn't stay long.—Boston Transcript.

PEELS OFF YOUR CORN IN ONE WHOLE PIECE

Yes, it's a fact, you can loosen your corns, peel them off in one piece, by using **Putnam's Corn Extractor.** Nothing else so quick, so simple and easy as **Putnam's.** Just a few drops makes the corn shrivel. Best part of all, **Putnam's** is painless and costs but a quarter—why pay more when **Putnam's** Extractor is guaranteed to cure. Sold everywhere.

German Destructiveness

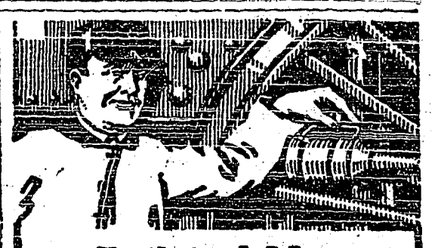
Description of Devastation Wrought by the Huns

"Louvain will remain perhaps the classic instance of Schrecklichkeit," says Brand Whitlock in Everybody's for May, "but Vise was worse." To day, lying along the Meuse is a silent city; its empty chambers open to the sky. It might be Pompeii. Those ruins might have lain there for centuries. There is not a living being there. The devastation, the destruction are absolute, the science complete; it is the very abomination of desolation, a mass of brick and stone and charred beams, crumbling white facades, whose windows, with their casements blackened by fire, stare like the hollow sockets of skulls. Of the four thousand inhabitants, not one is there, not a house is standing, not a roof remains. The taverns where the people used to go in joyous bands to eat the famous roast goose, are heaps of cinders; the very trees in their gardens, under whose boughs the youth of Liege used to dance the cramignon, have been burned. The scaling walls of the church tremble in the wind, the roof has fallen in; the towers with their bells, the organs, the statues, have tumbled into bits. The work that would have required ages, was accomplished by German organization in a night. . . ."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Needed an Expert

The accused had been struggling hard for some time at the old and forbidding task of being his own attorney. He was making a poor job of it. "You are lying so clumsily," said the judge finally, "that I would advise you to get a lawyer." The Argonaut.



Railroad Men

These men know from experience that Sloan's Liniment will take the stiffness out of joints and the soreness out of muscles—And it's so convenient! No rubbing required. It quickly penetrates and brings relief. Easy to apply and cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments.

Always have a bottle in the house for rheumatic aches, lame back, sprains and strains.

Generous sized bottles at all druggists.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

Rid the Skin

of disfiguring blemishes, by quickly purifying the blood, improving the circulation, and regulating the habits with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No1. No2. No3. **THERAPION** Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS POUCHES 6c. $0. BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE. BE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

SMOKE TUCKETT'S **ORINOCO** CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

Commends the Farmers

Warm commendation is due the farmers of Canada for the way in which they have taken the rebuff administered by Premier Borden. They have proved their patriotism by deciding to return to their homes and to get as much out of their land as possible in spite of the handicap imposed. Farmers and soldiers have much in common; among other things both have seen pledges given them by the government broken.—London Advertiser.

Recognized as the leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

No Compliment

"Do you think your townspeaple will give you any banquets?"

"Not if I can head 'em off," replied Senator Sorghum. "I don't want to get with a crowd that sit right down in front of a reminder of the high cost of living problem."—Washington Star.

BOB LONG

UNION MADE OVERALLS SHIRTS & GLOVES

Known from Coast to Coast

R. G. LONG & CO. LIMITED

Cures Catarrh, Bronchitis, Without Any Drugs

If you suffer from a cold, sneezing or catarrh—don't use a snuff—use a sensible treatment like Catarrhozone. It heals and soothes, brings relief at once, cures thoroughly. In bronchitis and throat trouble no doctor can do better than prescribe Catarrhozone. Try it—see what wonders it works—what power it possesses. Different from the old way—you inhale Catarrhozone. Get the dollar outfit which includes the inhaler and is guaranteed. Smaller size 50c, sample size, 25c, at all dealers.

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"If I thought it was a certainty I wouldn't take the bet," said Sir Anthony. "But I'll promise to keep the thing dark until you give the word to cough it up. Let's have a drink to bind the bargain."

But Morgan excused himself. The dawn was stealing through the closely-drawn window draperies. He was tired and wanted a few hours between the sheets, he said.

He had no sooner gone than with a merry laugh Laura Gaspard stepped into the alcove from a fold in the curtain.

"Sir Anthony, do let me be your pal for that ride," she begged. "I did not mean to listen, but I heard enough to make me long to hear more. It ought to be simply lovely. You are sure to pull it off."

The young man looked down at the challenging beauty of the girl. It did not move him in the least, for a sweeter and gentler face, far from this fevered atmosphere, claimed him. But the offer, considered on its merits as a means to winning the wager, was not to be despised. Laura already knew the details of his bet. If he took her as the witness for whom Morgan stipulated he would not have to be accompanied by some male friend in whom he would have to confide. And Louis Gaspard's showy daughter was a companion of whom any motorist might be proud—on such a mad escapade as the one he contemplated.

"Right you are, Miss Laura," he assented rather thickly. "I don't know anyone I'd rather have with me on this trip. I'll be round with the car to pick you up tomorrow—eleven sharp."

CHAPTER II.

The Crime in the Orchid House

The Reverend Laurence Clegg, curate of Comlyn, wheeling his bicycle through the double iron gates into the carriage drive of Comlyn Court, glimpsed a man disappearing into the shrubbery path which formed a short cut to the great house half a mile farther on. The curate was short-sighted, and for the first five of the ten seconds during which the figure was in view his sensitive mouth drooped with despoiding self-pity. For the remaining five seconds a shade of doubt, and finally of relief, prevailed on his plain, honest face.

"I don't believe it's him after all," he muttered as he remounted and pedalled along the well-kept drive. "In any case he isn't going to the dower house, and I may steal a march on him if the old man doesn't show up. Not that it's much use, I fear."

Mr. Clegg cycled slowly up the gentle gradient to a point where the private road split in two, one section running straight to the big mansion whose long, low frontage was now visible at the top of the hill the other curving sharply downwards on to a green plateau in the park, where an ancient house, little more than a cottage, snuggled under a coppice of wind-swept dwarf oaks.

A high yew hedge enclosed the modest dwelling, and from behind it a querulous voice was raised in complaint about the east wind. As a matter of fact it was a glorious summer day.

"The old man. If only I might say damn!" the curate murmured as he propped his machine against the hedge and passed through a wicket gate on to the miniature lawn.

The dower house occupied one of the most delightful spots on the Cornish coast. It was sheltered on its landward side by a timbered ridge, while from its quaint latticed windows the view of the ocean was ever changing but always exquisite. By walking to the end of the garden, which was also the brink of the cliff, one could look down three hundred feet to a cluster of white-walled dwellings whose hardy denizens lived by their toil on the sea.

The fishing village on the shore, the great mansion on the height, and the elderly gentleman whose querulous presence had so annoyed the curate, all boasted the same name. The village was the village of Comlyn, the mansion was Comlyn Court, and the pessimist in the cane chair on the verandah was Mr. Archibald Comlyn, nominal lord of all these messuages and tenements.

Nominal only, in the evil days which have fallen on territorial magnates and which are squeezing them from the soil of their ancestors. Archibald Comlyn had been specially hard hit, and had been forced to let the court on a long lease to a stranger from London, retiring to nurse gout and grievances in the little house formerly allotted to the widows of his race. His neighboring landowner on the adjoining property was no better off, except that he was young and had his soldier's pay to help him. In fact, the baronet was really in worse plight, for in his case the mortgagees had foreclosed on Western Abbey, leaving him but a few acres of moorland and a crumbling farmhouse to which he came at intervals to shoot rabbits. The gall-tipped tongue of the wife of the bed-ridden rector assigned other reasons to these periodical sojourns at the ruined farmstead. Mrs. Burbury affirmed that Sir Anthony only came to Comlyn when he was hard up and wanted to combine retrenchment with making love to Mavis.

And truly Mavis Comlyn, the girl who rose from her father's side in the verandah to welcome the curate, was lovely enough to justify any man in seeking her gracious presence. Tall and fair, with eyes that reflected the blue of the summer sea, she made a sharp contrast to the peevish parent whom she tended so lovingly.

"It is one of my father's bad days," she whispered as she shook hands. "I am so glad you have come, Mr. Clegg, because presently I want to run up to the court. Mrs. Morgan is very poorly, I hear. It would be nice of you to stay and amuse dad while I am gone."

The irony of Fate! Leonard Clegg had all the morning been screwing up his courage to ask this young goddess to be his wife! He groaned in spirit, but accepted the situation with fortitude.

"I will do my best, Miss Mavis," he replied. "But somehow I am afraid that I—c—bore Mr. Comlyn."

"Certainly not," the girl protested warmly. "He has, as we all have, the greatest respect and regard for you."

Looking back in after years, the curate realized that from that moment dated the abandonment of the faintly flickering hope that had given him so many sleepless nights of late and had caused him to preach so many bad sermons. Women do not frankly profess "respect and regard" for a man who has a dog's chance with them.

The amusing of Archibald Comlyn bade fair to be a tedious task that warm July afternoon. The dethroned squire, a gaunt, thin man with straggling grey whiskers, in whose sombre eyes there brooded a perpetual resentment, received the visitor with an inarticulate grunt and relapsed into moody silence. The good Clegg, taking a vacant chair at his side, tried to make conversation, but failing to strike a responsive chord, turned suddenly to Mavis and inquired if Sir Anthony West was at Mordred Farm.

(To Be Continued.)

Dollars on Side of Justice

Early in the war Lloyd George was quoted as saying that the nation with the last hundred thousand dollars would triumph. Money never does the work of men, but the economic balance is highly favorable to the United States and our allies. The world's greatest budget is thus an encouraging indication of vigor. It is a pledge that men will never fail because of lack of the resources of victory. It is a welcome assurance of the future. The armies of liberty, inspired by the cause of eternal right, are also safeguarded by the evonomic situation. Dollars are now, too, on the side of justice.—Chicago Herald.

Big Land Sales in Alberta

A great increase in farm land sales all over Alberta is indicated by the amount of business passing through the Land Titles offices in Edmonton and Calgary, as reported to the provincial government. The figures show that there has been already this year an activity in this direction, the like of which has not been known since the boom days of 1913.

Altered to Suit

"Agnes married a self-made man, didn't she?"

"Yes, but she has compelled him to make extensive alterations."—Boston Transcript.

It matters not what money crops you grow, give your soil a change. Introduce legume crops frequently and constantly. They will keep nitrogen and humus in the soil, keep the soil mellow and friable, and open the subsoil to other roots.

SMOKE TUCKETTS T&B CUT OR PLUG

Myrtle Cut T&B Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Hamilton Ontario

The Indian and the Plough

Indian Population Is Contributing to Food Supply

Production that is always in our minds when our minds are not fixed on the western front where things are happening that will determine everything.

Well, production is the best that folks safe at home can achieve. It is a good best but it is only second best. First best belongs to the men on the battle front.

It is gratifying to learn, as can be done through the recent report of the department of Indian affairs, to what extent a very considerable portion of our Indian population is contributing to our food supply by cultivating the soil, and raising cattle. The Iroquois on the old reserves in southern Ontario have long been successful farmers, as any one can see for himself who will visit for instance, the market square of Brantford on farmers' day and note the produce offered for sale and the sleek horses and well-kept wagons, all of which belong to our copper-colored fellow citizens.

And the lure of the plough, or rather the lure of the profits that follow the plough, has taken possession of many of the most intelligent of the Indians in the West, who, perhaps are to be found chiefly in Alberta. At any rate, it is the record of certain tribes in Southern Alberta that can be pointed to with best effect as proof of the success "Poor Lo" is making of his farming operations.

In Alberta there are only a little less than nine thousand Indians—not quite one-third as many as there are in Ontario, which has the largest Indian population of any province. The best Indian farmers in Alberta, and probably in the whole West, are the Blood, Peigan, and Blackfoot bands. Let the superintendent general of Indian affairs tell how these bands are getting on. He writes:

"The Blood Indians during the season of 1916, by their own efforts and without any financial aid from the government of Canada, produced 65,150 bushels of wheat on 2,606 acres, and 26,980 bushels of oats on 768 acres. They grew approximately 7,150 bushels of table vegetables, harvested approximately 6,700 tons of hay and green fodder, and prepared 2,320 acres of summer fallow and new breaking for the 1917 seeding. The sale of the grain not used on the reserve realized approximately $125,000.

The Blackfoot Indians started farming in 1912. They have now 4,875 acres of well farmed land. They have purchased 250 farm work-horses of good grade, some of which cost over $500 a team, from their farm earnings, and they take good care of them. During the season of 1916, 74 of these Indians produced over 68,000 bushels of wheat and 33,000 bushels of oats. They sold wheat to the value of $92,000, retaining more than sufficient seed for the spring of 1917. All these operations cost the government nothing, as the money required is provided by the band from their funds and earnings.

The Peigan Indians produced 33,880 bushels of wheat, which realized $44,044, and 18,615 bushels of oats, which realized $6,515.25. They sold 1,215 tons of hay for $5,350 and had 300 tons left for their own use.—Montreal Standard.

The Returned Soldier

Men Returned From the Shell-pocked Fields of Europe

One of the big problems that confronts the industrial and business community is the assimilation of the returned soldier. Already 35,000 of these men have been returned from the shell-pocked fields of Europe as unfit for further military service. There are between 20,000 and 25,000 Canadians still in English hospitals.

To train these men in schools in such a way as to fit them to take up some sort of vocation would necessitate large training centres. At most it is estimated not more than twenty or twenty-five courses could be provided for them. If these men were to get their training with employers some 175 occupations would be open to them.

It has been deemed advisable by the government that these men should receive their training under the conditions they will earn their livelihood in. To this end the government has taken steps to secure the co-operation of employers in this matter.

Retail merchants, manufacturers and other employers of labor will not be tardy in accepting their fair responsibility in this matter. Kindness, consideration and tact, but not for charity, should be the impelling motive of all dealings with these worthy men.

War and Food

No. 16

POTATO FLOUR

Everyone doesn't know it but the fact remains that delicious white bread may be made simply and solely from potato flour. This is not a war discovery. Long before August, 1914, and the beginning of the reign of bloodshed, potato flour was in use and bakers liked it particularly for making sponge cake.

There are enormous quantities of potatoes in Canada. The farmers know that; their wives know it; city people know it. What are we going to do with them all? Are we going to allow such valuable food material to go to waste?

Senator Colby, loaned by the United States food administration to the Canada food board, and who has just returned from the front, is impressing it on his audiences all over the country that he would not sit down at a table where there was one slice of pure wheat bread after what he saw in Europe. To eat it would seem to him like reaching out his hand and snatching it from the mouths of starving people. "Eat substitutes," he says. "Eat substitutes" the Canada food board has been preaching for months past. "Eat substitutes" echo all thinking and earnest minded people.

Then why not encourage the manufacture and the free use of potato flour? It is wholesome, makes a delicious loaf and does not rob the people of Europe of the thing they most need—wheat and the manufactured product, the staff of life. Bread is the basis of social order. Everything that makes life endurable in times of stress depends upon bread. People have bartered their souls before now for a crust of bread.

Indeed, starvation has reached such a point in certain districts of Russia that members of the impoverished classes are selling their wives and children for bags of flour.

Is it not essential then that we save white flour lest our allies in Europe reach such a pitch as this?

We have the wheat on this continent. The United States and Canada alone are in a position to meet Europe's desperate need for wheat. And still we go on using white flour freely! It is time for potato flour to be given a trial in order that increasing quantities of standard flour may be saved. Healthy men have lived and worked for months on a diet of nothing other than potatoes, oleomargarine and a little fruit. The food material in potatoes is 98 per cent. digestible. Potato flour is very fine in texture and has an agreeable flavor.

Western Canada Favorable for Bees

Producing an Increasing Quantity of Honey Every Year

The diversified nature of Western Canada's farm industries is becoming wider every year. In contemplating the possibilities of the country in grain growing and live stock raising, sight is often lost of many of the smaller branches of farming which are being successfully carried out, if not on a large scale, yet sufficiently so to demonstrate the possibilities of them. Bee keeping is one of these industries. Manitoba is producing an increasing quantity of honey every year. Last year the output of the province reached one million pounds. Farmers in Alberta who have kept bees consider the country very favorable for them. This is due to the numerous and prolific source of honey supply in the province. One farmer obtained 1,400 pounds of honey from twenty colonies two years ago. Others have obtained 600 pounds and more. Bee keeping has added materially to their family income.

Refusal to buy a bond resulted in a girl's being discharged from her position in a Norristown, Pa., factory the other day. The other girls in the factory refused to work in the same shop with this girl, unless she was able to furnish a good reason why she had not bought a bond. The girl refused, and the superintendent discharged her.

PARA-SANI WRAPPER Household Roll

Keeps food fresh

←WHICH?→

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Look for this Card at your Dealers

Para-Sani Wrapper is strong paper, heavily waxed, and comes in a handsome oak Roller-Box. It is better and cheaper than waxed paper in sheets.

Para-Sani keeps bread, cheese, cakes, butter and meat fresh and free from contamination. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste. Ask your Dealer.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.

175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.

4 lb. Roll with Roller Box	..	$2.00
3 " " " "	..	1.70
4 " " without Box	.....	1.40
3 " " " "	.....	1.10
2 " " " "	.....	.80

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Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort

YOUR EYES

Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 85c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye—Free, Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

JUSTICE BY ALL MEANS

The sage of Sirdar (not Joe Daly) has said there are two sides to a story —and the truth besides. Somewhere in holy writ we are also told that all men are liars. British jurisprudence maintains that a man is innocent until he is proven guilty, and before any such verdict shall be recorded both sides of the case must be heard.

Last week (under " A Plea for Justice" too, be it said) Principal Brousson not with malice aforethought, however, we hope proceeded to sit in as judge, jury and star witness in the trial of an action against Trustees Crawford and Cherrington. Being the only disinterested citizen conversant with the school matter from start to finish, a statement of case is certainly due and, we trust, will not be found lacking in interest even by the Broussonian extremists. Here we are:

New as to Reasons

Much of Mr. Brousson's "plea" is that at the board meeting in June he was unable to obtain reasons for his dismissal. Off hand two rather important reasons were given. 1. That his discipline both in the school and on the playgrounds was far from good. 2. That the Inspectors' reports were not satisfactory.

To substantiate the play ground discipline it was pointed out that owing to the fact that one Ernest Ennerson had not been given a little kindly attention, the bully element had made it so disagreeable for him that he had to leave school. To this Mr. Brousson's defence was that the Ennerson complaint was not without some justification. At the meeting on Saturday night Mr. Brousson was more frank in the matter, stating that Ennerson had been imposed upon, but sought to save himself by saying that earlier in the year Ennerson had bullied the small boys, and that when he got some of his own medicine the account was square. Are we to understand that bullying and ruffianism is winked at by Mr. Brousson so long as all hands get their share of it some time during the term?

Some More Reasons

It was stated to Mr. Brousson that his disipline was faulty when he found it necessary to expel for two weeks five boys last winter. The youths were caught smoking on the premises and instead of administering punishment that a red blooded principal would hand out in these times under the circumstances, Mr. Brousson transfers his responsibility on to the parents. In his "plea" Mr. Brousson says that "no boys were expelled." Is he quibbling, under the delusion that dismissing for two weeks is not expulsion.

Mr. Brousson was reminded that in the schoolroom cheating was preavalent. That his attention had been called to this by the board chairman, that scholars had called his attention to it—and not trustees' children either. Mr. Brousson sidesteps this by saying it was trivial. When the matter was pressed home Mr. Brousson still evaded the question by saying there was cheating in every room. Right here we have three reasons, all told to Mr. Brousson at that meeting over the counter in the Mercantile store that was so depressing and undignified.

On the point of the Inspector's reports Mr. Brousson pooh! poohed! such a thing as an unfavorable report. In clause three of his plea he says Inspectors DeLong and Calvert gave him "excellent reports." Trustee Cherrington informed him that Inspector DeLong was not in a position to give any report as he was here about the third week after school oqened. As to Inspectors Calvert, Trustee Cherrington said Mr. Calvert's vebal report was not a good one, and among other things cited the fact that Mr. Brousson was not up to expectations on literature. Here are the reports:

Inspectors' Reports

Inspector DeLong writing on June 20th, twelve days after Mr. Brousson said he (DeLong) had given him an "excellent report," and which report was only obtained after an S.O.S. call had gone out from the trustees, says:

"There is great improvement in the discipline as compared with the year previous. Pupils show more interest and have made a good start in the majority of subjects. Botany lessons are rather interesting. In algebra pupils are quite accurate but careless about form. More careful supervision of all exercises is needed. Drawing is taught well."

There's the report. Mr. Brousson teaches botany and drawing well, but is none too proficient in algebra and his disipline is better than his predecessor's—beautifully indefinite though by no means worthless. What about a dozen other subjects. One may fairly ask why not some line on them. Surely the high school inspector's are looking into the handling of other subjects than botany, algebra and drawing. Suspicious people would say the inspector's silence was ominous seeing the teachers have a bit of a fraternity.

Now for the "excellent" report of Inspector Calvert which, be it said, was sent confidential to the trustees:

"Canadian history well taught; geography very fair: spelling good; class backward in literature and grammar. Principal has good discipline; tone is good; pupils work well, but are backward in some subjects. Principal's work should improve with experience with work in this province,"

Despite Mr. Broussoh's protest note Mr. Calvert backs up Trustee Cherrington as to inefficiency on literature as well as grammar. And don't miss that final sentence.

These are Different

Nothing like having a contrast to show up the imperfections in anything. We follow with Mr. Calvert's report on Divisions II. and IV. Here they are:

Division IV. (Miss Hardman): "Excellent work is being done in this Division."

Division II. (Vice - Principal Smith): "This Division is well taught."

Half a dozen words tells a story that cannot be misunderstood. Why all the camouflage, and highfalutin' but shallow phraseology with Mr. Brousson? If he, too, is doing "excellent" work why not use those words and be done with. And, do not these reports substantiate the trustees charge that the inspectors' reports are not good.

While both the inspector's say discipline is good their judgment only goes some far. They are here but half a day in the case of Mr. DeLong.

These reasons enumerated were all submitted to Mr. Brousson, but he would have none of them. In fact toward the end of the discussion Mr. Brousson threatened to have his solicitor handle the matter for him later on. Justice by all means, even at the school district's expence.

As to that Petition

Now, as to this much discussed so-called Parents Petition, though really more properly called the Principal's Petition. Firstly it is dated, and, I presume, started on its rounds, on June 14th and was all signed up with several explanatory clauses attached, and ready for consideration on June 17th. In four days—and one of them Sunday mark you, this document was peddled from Goat River bottom to Alice Siding out to Canyon City and around town, as well as making some stops out Erickson way.

The document calls for Mr. Brousson's re-instatement, therefore it is essential, to have the petition intelligently signed, that the trustees reasons for dismissing Mr. Brousson should be explained to those signing it before they could be in a position to impartially endorse the sentiments expressed in the heading. Now, then, as Mr. Brousson had not these reasons his soul so thirsted for until June 17th how could he give them out to those to whom he presented the petition.

A few Questions

In the handling of petitions of this sort the Canadian custom is for some friend of the party to be benefitted by the petition to do the circulating of the document. Waiving the point, however, we would just like to ask:

1. How many people did Mr. Brousson tackle with the petition?

2. Did other members of Mr. Brousson's family conduct a follow-up campaign on prospects he and his helper failed to land.

3. Did Mr. Brousson procure the signature "'X' J. Romano?" Frank Romano declares he signed no paper. Mrs. Romano's name is Mary.

4. Is it not a fact that at Canyon City the petition was passed about by one of Mr. Brousson's scholars, and, therefore no statement of the case could possibly be made.

4. Will Mr. Brousson deny that he was the only one at the school meeting when the petition was presented? And will he tell us if even Trustee Jackson had any words in commendation of this precocious document.

Mr. Brousson's short stay in Canada may be urged as an excuse for his unbecoming zeal in the matter, but is it not a fact that, regardless of the detail as to who peddled the round robin, the common and manly practice in such cases is for gentlemen who sign such papers to present the petition in person themselves, and back up their written praise by such verbal effort as is customary on such occasions.

Fair Weather Friends

Mr. Brousson was left absolutely alone in the presentation and consideration of this petition. None so poor as to do him reverence in a time of stress. Some of them may have been like the disciple Peter, who "followed the Master afar off," but certainly none were within hail on this rather momentous occasion. Why?

Is there a MAN in the Valley who would take a position that had to be gotten by a personally-passed petition that signers thereof decline to present and back up with their presence. How the mighty are fallen when school principal's go out cap in hand, as it were. What "tone" it will add to his teaching.

What could the board do but charitably order "the petition of Charles Moore and others" fyled—and hope such unprofessional conduct would not be heard of by the inspectors or education department authorities. Instead of traducing two trustees, rather should Mr. Brousson be in prayerful attitude thanking for his impending deliverance from the friends who failed.

Seek and Ye Shall Find!

Having, as Mr. Brousson alleges, not received satisfactory reasons for his dismissal, he starts out to hunt some. He would have us believe that the trustees were swayed by the "grumbles and tattle of three children." How does Mr. Brousson know that but three children carried such fateful tales. Has this "grumble and tattle" come back to him second-handed; has he taken the only fair method of verifying it where it originated before rushing in to print?

How do the parents who signed Mr. Brousson's petition come by their favorable opinion of his teaching except through their children? Might not these "three" have been just as honest in their statements as those pupils who seem to have spoken well of him—and more intelligently, due to a longer public school acquaintance. In these days of democracy does Mr. Brousson insist that those who speak well of him are to be believed on sight, while those who question his infallibility shall be classed as tattlers and grumblers? Since when has Mr. Brousson been installed as arbiter in such causes?

Go from Bad to Worse

If Mr. Brousson, in an effort to save himself this term, will malign three children in an emergency he might attempt to similarly discredit half a dozen later on. Right or wrong the principal isn't paid public money to utilize his time raising doubts as to pupils' honesty even were he in possession of all the facts. We admit the temptation is great, but in his position such action does not tend to improve the "tone" of a school—a term somewhat in evidence in the "excellent" inspectors' reports on this room.

In asserting that malice is at the bottom of his troubles one would not be amiss in asking if Mr. Brousson has not been judging other people by himself. Evil to him who evil thinks, don't you know.

The writer has no apology to make for taking up the trustees fight. As secretary to the board we have seen every official move—verbally and by motions and correspondence—and having been convinced of the justice of their cause, as this statement may demonstrate, we would have been false to all concerned not to make some statement.

An Appeal for Justice

Justice by all means. Not of the mob law order, however, but justice worthy of the best traditions of Britishers. If all our readers forget their personal prejudices and preferences and will calmly and carefully seek out and set in order the facts herewith submitted and consider them along with the statements in Mr. Brousson's "plea," we have no doubt as to the verdict. The people of Creston can be trusted once they are seized of all the facts in any controversy. HAYES.

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Let the children have it every day.

Ask for CURLEW.

Waists and Other Ladies' Wearables

New goods in our Ladies' Wear section have been coming in the past few days. We now have an assortment in several lines which we specially invite you to inspect—both as to quality of the goods and the values we offer. We mention a few—

House Dresses. Night Gowns. Underskirts
Waists—a nice assortment. Middys
Collars. Lisle Gloves. Handkerchiefs
Under Vests and Drawers

No occasion to chance delays and disappointments in getting any of these out of town. Our prices defy catalogue house competition these times.

8 15169

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GENERAL MERCHANTS

New Styles in Crompton's and A la Grace Corsets arrived this week

Below are a few descriptions of same and prices:

No. 251,	Coutil,	medium	bust,	long	hip,	average	figure	$1.50
297	"	low	"	long	"	full	"	1.50
309	"	low	"	long	"	medium	"	1.75
369	"	medium	"	long	"	average	"	2.00
431	"	medium	"	long	"	full	"	2.50
479	"	low	"	long	"	slight	"	2.00
505	"	low	"	lodg	"	average	"	2.50

Let us show you these Corsets. We have a nice stock to suit all figures.

Creston Mercantile Co.
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