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THE CRESTON REVIEW

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3 Cars of Apples Out This Week

Already this week the Union has loaded out three carload lots of fruit, largely apples, with some plums and pears, and a few crates of tomatoes. The first of these left on Tuesday. The Wednesday shipment was almost wholly apples, unwrapped Wealthys predominating. The car due out today will be much the same sort, a special selling effore having been made to ship these orchard run on account of some of the ranchers being busy haying and a none too plentiful supply of packers. The stuff, however, is very high-grade, as much as 90 per cent. ones and twos, and no culls whatever.

The market's commissioner's latest bulletin is not quite so optimiftic as to prices and especially emphasizes the necessity of putting up choice stuff right. While there is quite a healthy demand for crated stock, there is a big trade also for the better grades—and this class of customer is willing to pay for good goods.

The Valley Bartlett pear crop while heavy is not there with the same quality as in former years and much of it has had to be graded No. 2. Flemish Beautys are coming along in some quantity now and show a decidedly better appearauce than the Bartletts.

Reports on plum shipments show some improvement over 1917, when the too-general tendency was to pick the fruit too ripe. But at that perfection has not been attained. Recently a mixed car sent to Brandon, Man., in which were plums that had stood in the warehouse two days before shipping, the plums arriving in good condition. Later a car to Edmonton, with a quantity of the same fruit that had not been in the warehousa five hours, arrived almost too soft to be exposed for sale. This fault, however, is not confined alone to Creston as each market's commissioner's bulletin tells much the same story of other points.

Tomatoes have started to come this week in normal quantities, and right now the export of these from Erickson is well over 300 crates a day. This showing maintained for the next three or four weeks will see tomato shipping for the year well up to early-season estimates.

Market's commissioner Grant is also complaining of the careless pack of some of the tomatoes reaching Calgary. He asserts that in many crates green and ripe tomatoes come together. He also objects to wrapping tomatoes—both as being wasteful as well as productive of decay and hurrying up of ripening.

In the vegetable line Mr. Grant advises that cucumbers are a drug on the market, and that in most other lines the home gardens are fairly well supplying the demand. On potatoes he is very definite in observing that spuds kept in B.C. until November will bring a better price than those sold now or in October.

The Cranbrook Fair

Valley citizens who contemplate taking a few days off for an out-of town trip will do well to bear in mind the Cranbrook fall fair which is scheduled for Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 2nd. and 3rd.

The fair promoters have things lined up for 1918 exhibition that will be well worth seeing. Besides the show of horses, cattle, poultry, fruit, vegetables, and an overflow exhibit in the ladies' section, an extra fine lot of outdoor attractions have been booked.

Foremost of these is a well-known Spokane aviator, who will make flights in his flying machine both days of the fair. There will be a good line of horse races, for which attractive purses are offered, and the management has also been fortunate in securing a number of side shows of merit in the Carnival City and Boucher's Canada Shows a Midway attraction of merit seldom seen in the B.C. interior. In addition to this there will be sports of all sorts, thus ensuring something worth while doing all the time.

A special rate of fare and one-third for the round trip is announced, good going October 1st and good to return up to the 4th. If you appreciate a live agricultural exhibition with a good list of special attraction don't miss the Cranbrook ex. this year.

Canyon City

Miss R. B. O'Connor of Vancouver arrived on Monday to take charge of the Huscroft school, which opened on Tuesday with an attendance of nine pupils.

Miss Muriel Knott left on Thursday for Victoria, where she will attend Normal school until Christmas. She is one of the graduates of Creston Superior School class of 1917.

Birth—On September 1st, to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Carver, a daughter.

Mesdames Heap, Martin, Hopwood and Simister made up an Alice Siding party that visited Canyon the latter part of the week, and to show tangible appreciation of hospitality extended her the former lady presented Mr. Knott with the fine young porker she won at the Red Cross raffle on Wednesday of last week.

The Red Cross Auxiliary outing at the Reclamation Farm on Wednesday afternoon was a decided success and very much enjoyed by all present, which included quite a large number from town. The Auxiliary ladies cleaned up $21.85 on the sale of refreshments, etc., while the proceeds of the raffle of the pig donated by D. G. Lyon went to $29.

Messrs. Wood, Hall, Huygens, Wearmouth, Knott and Burns are among those who have secured haying rights on the flats, and with the exception of the two latter are now busy haymaking. It is rather a long haul as they are almost a mile beyond the ferry.

Mrs. Oschnett arrived on Sunday, accompanied by her two children, from Vancouver, and school opened in good form on Tuesday, with about 35 scholars present. The teacher is domiciled on the old Hickey ranch.

Messrs Wearmouth and Knott, the local apiarists, have taken away the first installment of the 1918 honey yield, but report the output hardly as extensive as a year ago.

Mrs. P. Lucier was a Valley visitor the latter part of the week. She is shipping the household effects to Libby, Mont., where they are located at present, though they contemplate wintering in California.

Wynndel

School re-opened on Tuesday in charge of Principal Dewar, and about 20 scholars in attendance.

Mrs. N. Winlaw and children, who were here from Nelson for a few days, returned to that city the early part of the week.

Victor Johnson of South Slocan was a Wynndel visitor a couple of days this week, returning on Tuesday.

Miss Linnell of Cranbrook, who has been Mrs. Rosendale's guest, returned home on Monday, Miss Kitty Rosendale accompanying her.

Mrs. W. McKay of Cranbrook is spending a couple of weeks at Wynndel, the guest of Miss F. Bathie.

Mrs. Butterfield was a week-end visitor with friends in Nelson. Mr. Butterfield was a Proctor visitor the Sunday previous.

A dance is announced for Saturday night at the club house at the usual hour. Will the ladies please bring refreshments. Gents' 50 cents.

Monrad Wigen has been on the sick this week, but is now on the mend. Dr. Henderson was in attendance the early part of the week.

About a dozen crates of tomatoes a day are going out at present, along with a considerable quantity of apples on east wayfreight days.

Fall Fair Prize Lists in Demand

If a demand for prize lists is anything to go by, one is safe in saying that things are shaping up well for the Creston Valley fall fair on Sept. 28th.

The agricultural association is particularly fortunate in having the co-operation of the directors of the Women's Institute in handling the departments they nave taken over. The ladies are most enthusiastic workers, and there can be no doubt as to an excellent and extensiye exhibit in the departments over which they preside, which are as follows: Plants and flowers, Mrs. Downs. Cooking, Mrs. G. Cartwright. Juvenile section, Mrs. J. W. Hamilton. Needlework, Mrs. Cook. Dairy produce and canned goods, Mrs. Cherrington.

In fruits and vegetables the splendid line of sections in which awards will be made shows the care Messrs. G. Cartwright, Bevan and Cook have spent on this department and they are manifesting the same interest in getting the ranchers to go after the different prizes. These same observations will apply to the poultry section where a big list of awards is shown in the varieties of poultry most in evidence in the Valley.

Messrs. G. Johnson, W. V. Jackson, and C. Blair have certainly evolved a tidy lot of awards in livestock, and with the quite generous prizes offered it seems certain that exhibirion visitors will be treated to a show of cattle and horses that will surprise them both as to quantity and quality.

In addition to being good hands at compiling prize lists those in charge of each department are equally reliable at seeing to it that exhibits entrusted to their charge will be staged to the very best advantage, and that the very best care will be given everything shown.

Go through the prize list to-night and make a list of the stuff you have to exhibit, and when fair week comes be sure and have it all ready for entry early. These are busy times, but a little before-hand preparation will simplify matters considerably.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

After spending $1300 on repairs and renovations the Nelson Baptist church was re-opened on Sunday.

Rev. D. T. McClintock, Presbyterian pastor at Nelson, has been offered the pulpit of the new united church at Fernie.

Rossland and Trail will have manual training features to their schools this term. One teacher will spend two days a week in each town.

The Herald harse that if 40 miles of new road was built onward from Bill Meachin's cabin an area of excellent wild hay lands could be got at.

Trail's alien population is declining Two years ago 150 Austrians and Germans were reporting to the police each month. Now the list is down to 53.

At Sanca Creek last week two Nelson fishermen claim to have caught 75 rainbow trout in a day and evening's fishing. The catch averaged 1½ pounds each.

The Miner is delighted to point out that all the Rossland girls who graduated this term at the Normal school have secured schools to teach this term.

Owing to coke prices and freight troubles the big Granby smelter at Grand Forks is closed down, though only temporarily it is confidently expected.

Variety is the spice of religion at Rossland. The last couple of Sundays the Salvation Army captain has been taking the service in the United Church.

The Fernie Free Press hears that the internment camp at Morrissey is to be manned over by the command of a company of returned soldiers and officers.

At last Kaslo is again supplied with provincial police protection. Constable Johnston of Vernon has been sent there after a vacancy of three months.

H. Weber, the Singer sewing machine agent at Grand Forks, has just donated a new machine to the Red Cross Society of that town for work purposes.

A boys' gopher killing competition at Grand Forks this spring and summer resulted in 467 of the pests being destroyed by six youngsters. The high score was 179.

Military police Arden of Fernie will be tried this week on a chargeof taking $70 from some Italians in return for which they were not to be molested as military service evaders.

Fernie at present has neither a Methodist or Presbyterian resident parson, and if one of either of these faiths die a sky pilot from some of the neighboring towns has to be requisitioned to conduct the last sad rites.

Erickson

Tomatoes are moving in generous quantities nowadays, the daily outgo being in the neighborhood of 350 crates the past few days. The Staples patch is good for about 200 of these.

Eric Craigie, who has been working at Bull River for a couple of months, got back on Saturday to help out with the apple harvest.

Miss Violet Dalton of Trail was a Monday to Wednesday yisitor with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Hilton.

School re-opened on Tuesday with the usual good attendance, Mr. Edgett, the new teacher, arriving from the coast on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Brownrigg, who have been in charge of a farm at Wycliffe, for almost a year past, arrived back this week, and have taken over their ranch, which G. Leadbeater was looking after.

Miss Ruth Klingensmith left the latter part of the week for Blairmore, Alta., for a short holiday there where her father is workidg.

Alex. Duperry was a visitor at Bonners Ferry a couple of days last week, making the trip by auto and returning on Saturday.

A. Pendry is here from Trail for a few weeks, helping with the fruit gathering on the F. Putnam ranch.

Frost touchss are reported at some points in the Valley on Tuesday morning, but so far we can hear of no damage here.

There were sounds of reveiry by night in the vicinity of the bridge on Labor Day when about a dozen of the local young folk and a few from town finished off the holiday with a mulligan and pertinent amusements, at all of which an enjoyable time was had.

Sirdar

W. H. Morris returned a few days ago from a short vacation which he spent with friends at Trail, Nelson and Cranbrook. While at the latter city he was motored out to Premier Lake, which for excellent senery and fishing is unequalled in B.C.

Mr. and Mrs. Loasby, who left early in August for a visit with eastern Canada friends, returned on Thursday last.

Mrs Jones of Kuskannok was a visitor here the latter part of the week Mr. and Mrs. Bysouth returning with her for a few days' visit.

Rev. J. S. Mahood of Queens Bay was here for English Church service on Wednesday night, and was favored with the usual good turnout.

Ernest Seaman of Calgary spent most of last week here, with Mrs. Seaman and children.

We are certainly in for an early winter. Mayor Daily raports seeing a bear the fore part of last week, and recalls a similar incident that preceded the hard winter of 1916.

Jack McDiarmid, after five years steady going without a vacation, is spending a well-earned holiday with Nelson and Cranbrook friends.

Ernest McCabe, who has been taking treatment at the Cranbrosk hospital for some weeks past, returned a few days ago, and is getting along nicely.

Creston callers this week include Sam Bysouth and Jim Pascuzzo.

W. H. Morris has accepted the appointment of local secretary of the Navy League of Canada, and is meeting with gratifying success in enrolling members of the organization.

Flats Hay Cut is About 1000 Tons

Another week of perfect weather has been provided the haymakers on the flats and, needless to say, the same has been taken the fullest advantage of by these interested to the extent that it is now estimated that by the end of the week almost 1000 tons of hay will be safely harvested.

Every sort of haying appliance is in evidence, from the humble acythe to the best in the loading line, and with quite a large number of outfits hard at it, with three and four meu to the gang usually, if the weather holds just a little longer there can be no doubt that at least the 2500 tons of hay and rushes needee for the whites' use will be put up in good shape.

In determining the quantity of feed that will be needed in the Valley this will be figured out on the quantity of live stock showu in the census the Institute has taken, and special care will be taken that the quantity of horse and cattle hay alotted each rancher will be in exact proportion to the number of animals of each class that he owns, with the usual allowance to those who require it for mulching purposes.

Exactly the same policy is being put into effect with the Indians. Indian constable Fred Ryckman arrived on Wednesday, and is now making a census of the Indian horses and cattle. An arrangement has been made with the Indians that they turn over to the Institute any surplus of hay they may have that has been cut on government-owened lands, while should the Indians fail to put up enough hay the Institute in turn agrees to make good any such deficit provided the Institute has a surplus to dispose of. The census of the Indian animals and the quantity of feed they put up will enable the Institute to determine just about what quantity of feed the Indians may be calling upon them for.

While the sale of the surplus hay will be taken care of by the Institute, it will be necessary to get permission from the lands department before any sales can be made. J. W. Smith, the lands department inspector, is still here watching proceedings, but with all the details worked out it is likely he will be leaving in a few days. His arrival here to handle the government end of the transaction has proven most timely. Official intervention secured for the whites a tremendous area of hay west of the Kootenay River, without which it is extremely doubtful if the required 2500 tons of feed could have been secured.

In other directions, too, he has been of great assistance in completing the deal the Institute has made with the department, as well as lending a hand in the conferences with the Indians. Previous experience in matters of this kind made him right at home in shaping up a policy of how to handle the proposition from the Institute side, while as government representative he cheerfully conceded everything in the best interestf of co-operative effort of this sort.

An area of almost 1000 acres has been set apart for pasture land and stock running at large in future will be confined to this between high water and until after haying.

The first of the outside outfits to lend a hand at taking the crop off will arrive to-day from the west. The Institute is in touch with others which are prepared to come on short notice if their services are required.

NO LASTING PEACE IS POSSIBLE UNTIL MILITARISM IS CRUSHED

MUST SHOW ENEMY THAT WAR DOES NOT PAY

The Real Objective of the Allies is the Liberation of the World, And to Show the German Nation that Justice is Stronger than Tyranny

Mr. Bonar Law, speaking to a group of parliamentarians and commercial men in London, has expressed the belief that "the fateful hour of this war is upon us, and if in another three months our enemies have won no strategic object, then their campaign will have failed."

But, while the chancellor of the exchequer believes that victory for the enemy will no longer be a possibility if the allies pass through the coming storm without the loss of Paris or the Channel ports—for that is what he means by a strategic object—he sees no immediate hope of peace. It is not enough to convince the German war lords that they cannot defeat the allied nations. They and the German people must be shown that justice is stronger than tyranny, that civilization is more powerful than barbarism. "It will be fatal to the world and fatal to the Germans themselves," he says, "if they are not taught the lesson that war does not pay."

That phrase sums up the situation in its essential features. Prussia has been able in the past to make war pay. The wars against Denmark in 1864, Austria in 1866, and France in 1870 were all factors of importance in the making of modern Germany. If the tremendous "loot" of the Russian campaigns of the past three years can be retained this war also will be regarded as having "paid," even though in it Germany has invested the lives of two and a half millions of her people. The one hope for civilization is to deprive the German war lords of this loot, so that militarism may have no opportunity of setting the conquests of German arms against the blood and misery of the world war.

There are already public men in Germany who recognize the truth and who are striving to destroy military domination. On Thursday in the Reichstag, while the treaty which reduces Roumania to a position of economic slavery was under consideration, Dr. Cohen, an Independent Socialist, declared that "this treaty is nothing but bartering for petroleum and railways. The treaty is nothing but disguised, perhaps undisguised, robbery." When called to order he declared his belief that "unless militarism is overcome we cannot obtain a lasting peace."

That is the real objective of the allies, the thing for which they are determined to continue the terrible struggle. The issue is something far different from "petroleum and railways." It is nothing less than the liberty of the world. Lloyd George declared the purpose of the allied nations when, after reviewing American troops in France, he said: "What are we her for? Not because we covet a single yard of German soil. Not because we desire to dispossess Germany of her inheritance. Not because we desire to deprive the German people of their legitimate rights. We are fighting for the great principles laid down by President Wilson. I am delighted to have seen these men here near the field of the greatest battle the world has even known. We stand here, as a great American said, 'at Armageddon, fighting for the Lord'"—Toronto Globe.

Prisoners are Recaptured

Australians and U. S. Troops Rescued Men Taken by the Germans

In a German counter-attack against positions taken by the Australians and Americans around Hamel, two Americans and five Australians were captured by the enemy.

Volunteers were called for and the American party brought back the captured men and a German officer while 12 Australians brought the number of German prisoners to fifty.

The story of this incident, as told by an American officer who took part in the fighting, follows:

"The Bosches did not bother us until Thursday night when they made their counter-attack which was repulsed. They did succeed in the first rush, however, in getting hold of two Americans and five Australians whom they carried back. We immediately called for volunteers to go out after these captured lads, and all our men at once began yelling for the chance. Corp. Raymond Powell was first put up, and he was given a squad of men for the work.

The guns laid down a heavy barrage, but the corporal led his chaps straight through the fierce fire, and charged hot foot after the retreating enemy. The Germans retired to a strong point, but the volunteers went in after them.

Our two boys were retaken along with the five Australians, and the corporal and his party also captured a Bosche officer. In the meantime, the 12 Australians had circled around and joined the American party with the result that 50 German prisoners were brought back.

That night a Bosche sniper caused a lot of trouble from a nest in the front line, and one of my men went out across 'No Man's Land' alone after him. The Yankee got him, and left him dead on the field.

"I want to say here," the officer added, "that those Australians are magnificent fighters. We have been learning the game from them. Our fellows watched the veterans closly, and it was a case of imitation without a second lesson."

Left to Carry On

A Glimpse of the Hazardous Work of the Boys at the Front

In a remarkable letter a young wounded officer describes a fearsome situation in which he was placed when the company commander was shot dead and he was left alone with twenty-five men.

"With sixty men we arrived at our point," he writes, "and prepared to attack the Boches somewhere in front of us—no one knew where—but it was reported that they were in small numbers with machine guns, and it was our job to ascertain the nature of their trench, possible numbers, position of machine guns, and, if only small parties, to drive them out. Our company commander bounded across a few yards and I gave the signal to the remainder, whereupon ——— and myself jumped across, our men following in splendid order. Some, of course, only got their heads above the parapet, while you could hear the bullets whistling past your ears and going home into some man behind you with a sickening thud.

"Not a man wavered." The fallen lay where they were, while the remainder swept over the ground from one shell hole to another. Then behind us started a long line of bursting shells, so with that behind us and the Boche in front we had to stop where we were. The company commander was now shot dead, so I was left with the remaining men, about twenty-five."

Why Russia Collapsed

The Lesson for the United States and Canada Is Obvious

Many political thinkers argue that the Russian revolution is the logical result of forces which have been at work for generations. They say its roots go down deep into history. This "highbrow" theory is exploded by a Cincinnati philosopher, Joseph Debar, president of the National Association of Distillers and Wholesale Dealers. He traces the revolution and all the miseries in its train to the comparatively recent prohibition of vodka. The anti-vodka edict, he ascribes to "the preacher-ridden-crossroads newspapers of the United States, bossed and owned by the Anti-saloon League." According to Mr. Debar's chain of thought these backwoods "presslings," taking their cue from the Anti-saloon League, dilated on the abolition of vodka as the panacea for all Russia's ills, and "blathered against the Romanoffs" until Trotsky and the other Russian adventurers in exile, who studied the United States press closely, believed their country was ready for an upheaval, and returned and brought it about. The way had been prepared for them, of course, by the prohibition of vodka drinking, which destroyed the czar's hold on his people. Mr. Debar utters this piercing cry:

"The Russian army is disbanded and the kaiser's forces are no longer needed on the Russian front.

"They are at this hour being used to massacre our boys and our allies from Ypres to Verdun—thanks to the Anti-saloon League and its press influence.

"The people of the United States are suffering today from their latest dose of preacher-control of the country press.

"We are reaping the fruit of Bryan's Anti-saloon League pacifist efforts.

"The lesson is a bitter and an expensive one in blood and treasure.

"But history records no other outcome when a people allows itself to be shackled with the manacles of clerical and fanatical domination."

The lesson for the United States and Canada is obvious. If the abolition of vodka brought about the collapse of Russia, what will the prohibition of whiskey not do to these western democracies? Mr. Debar does not ask this question directly, but he leaves his fearful suggestion in the public mind, to work and spread. Only a sense of patriotic duty could have prompted the president of the National Association of Distillers to warn his countrymen of their impending fate, at the risk of being accused of talking shop. If the United States wants to win the war it must drink more whiskey, or Mr. Debar's diagnosis of the Russian revolution is all wrong.—Toronto Globe.

American Wheat Crop

The Greatest Acreage Ever Sown to Wheat Is Officially Reported

Reports from the United States wheat belt are encouraging. This year's crop is estimated to be 50% larger than last year. The greatest acreage ever sown to wheat is officially reported and by the June estimates the crop will reach 950,000,000 bushels as compared with the record crop of 1,025,000,000 bushels in 1915. The total wheat area to be harvested this year is 58,881,000 acres, an increase of 12,000,000 over the preceding year, compared to the average for the five-year period preceding the war of 48,953,000. The other grains also show a big increase. Despite the big harvest, the food administration of the United States is urging conservation to the greatest possible degree as every bushel will be needed to save allied Europe from famine.

A Curious Audience in China

Athletes Were Instructed to Keep Their Hands Flat on Table

Yuan Shi Kai, the presideent-dictator of China, was greatly interested in the modern athletic meet held at Shanghai. He not only gave the decathlon trophy, a beautiful five-foot replica of the Ten Widows' Arch in Pekin, but provided financial backing for the games and granted an audience to the visiting athletes. This audience, by the way, was rather unique, for behind each one stood a big Manchurian soldier armed with a long knife. Yuan Shi Kai sat facing the athletes, who were instructed to keep their hands flat on the table, palms down, while listening to the great man. The ruler delighted to do honor to these guests, but he was taking no chances on assassination.—World's Work.

HOW RUSSIA IS COVERED WITH A NET OF GERMAN ORGANIZATIONS

LENINE IS BRANDED AS A PAID GERMAN AGENT

Bold Charges are Made Against the Bolsheviks By a Former Colleague of Kerensky, who Maintains that Russia will Never Submit to Domination

There has been smuggled out of Russia by Mr. Bernstein, a correspondent of the New York Herald, a copy of the Russky Viedomosti containing a letter by Boris Savinkoff, who was minister of war in the Kerensky administration. This paper was suppressed by the Bolsheviki government as punishment for the publication of this letter. Savinkoff's letter, under the challenging title, "What Have They Done to My Russia," was in part, in these terms:

"We are vibrating with indignation at the Bolsheviki decrees and their ignominious peace. We feel ourselves humiliated and disgraced. We are mercilessly handed over "Kamerad" to anyone. Nevertheless we are doing nothing, because we do not even venture to say, 'God be praised, it was not we but our neighbor who was shot.' Yet we shall never forget that Lenin, Nathanson and company arrived in Russia via Berlin. The German government helped them. The gift demands a gift in return. Lenin and his satellites have repaid Germany handsomely, first through the subsidized journal Pravda, next by the naked front, then by Brest-Litovsk, and finally by an incredible peace.

"What have they done with my Russia? It is necessary to be a fanatic or a paid agent to be able seriously to maintain that the international proletariat would help us. Only criminals and lunatics could base a political computation upon such support when Lenin and his coadjutors entirely destroyed Russia's former means and power. The Germans lifted the mailed fist, and Lenine instantly gave way but others commenced howling about the necessity to defend the Fatherland, not only my Russia, but the newly-invented Fatherland. Who can believe the men who destroyed the army and declared that the idea of Fatherland is a prejudice?? Who can believe that they would defend Russia? They are impotent. Nor do I believe that they are sincere. The Soviet admitted that the declaration of Lenine was right that we Russians ought to put up with the loss of Finland, Esthonia, Livonia, Courland, White Russia, Lithuania, Ukraine, and part of the Caucasus districts. The rights of Russia exist no longer.

"The Bolshevists have served Germany and serve Germany still. It is no secret that Russia is covered with a net of German organizations, and that the Russians who are wishing for the restoration of the monarchy are working hand in hand with the Germans. It is no secret that many Russians dream of the day on which the Germans will enter Petrograd and German policemen appear in the Nevsky Prospekt. They prefer the devil himself to the Bolshevists. What have they done with my Russia?

"The Bolshevists are our national misfortune, but Russia must be saved, not by our enemies, not by German bayonets, but by ourselves. We Russians must again be masters of Russia. It must never be said that we are weak without the imperial assistance of William and are unable to organize a state. It was not to reach this goal that we sacrificed streams of Russian blood throughout three years, nor was it in order to follow the program of the Bolshevists or to stretch out our hands towards the enemy. As sure as it is treason against Russia to compromise with the Bolshevists, so sure is the agreement with Germany under which we are now living worse treason against Russia. We must not forget that the Russian nation does not die. Sooner or later it will dawn upon the people of Russia what my Russia ought to be, and the treason will never be pardoned. It is an aberration to believe that Nicholas will be able to return. But when will my Russia stand forth again vigorous and free? I only know one thing.

Gratitude of King George

Praises Work of All Peoples of the British Empire

On the occasion of the 25th anniversary of his marriage, King George replying to the address of the Lord Mayor of London at Guildhall, said: "I am greatly touched by the kind references to the happiness of our married life—a happiness which has been much increased by the unfailing sympathy and affection of our people. We acknowledge with gratitude the blessing bestowed during these years.

"This anniversary falls at a time when the shadow of war lies heavy on the land, and when the very existence of the empire is assailed by unscrupulous foes. In this time of trial it is our honest desire to share the sorrows of the people and to alleviate their sufferings.

"While our hearts are heavy at the thought of the bereavement and distress which have befallen the nation, we have seen with joyful gratitude the whole-hearted response to the call of duty throughout the empire. Here in the presence of representatives of the Dominions, the colonies and the Indian empire, I warmly acclaim the noble self-sacrificing spirit with which our brothers across the seas have given their best in the united defence of liberty and right.

"From visits I have made to the sailors in the fleets and to the soldiers in the armies, I have brought back an ever-increasing admiration for the spirit which pervades all ranks and for their resolution and cheerfulness in all circumstances.

"No words can express the debt we owe the navy, which, with unsleeping watchfulness and through every kind of duty and danger, has protected our shores and kept open for us and our allies the highways of the sea.

"When we think of the great fighting services let us remember, too, the unflinching gallantry and determination of the men of the merchant service who refused to be dismayed by a terrorism hitherto unknown in naval warfare and the courage of the mine sweepers, trawlers and fleet of auxiliary ships which have performed without ceasing their perilous tasks.

"The conditions at home also give cause for pride and thankfulness. We have seen ready acceptance by all classes, men and women alike, of the burdens which the war has brought, courage in time of crisis, calmness and self-possession, when by air attacks the enemy sought to terrify the non-combatant population of this great city, and at all times with unfaltering determination to persevere to the end in the maintenance of the righteous cause.

"I recall in particular the efforts so successfully made in which the city of London played a part to uphold and enhance the financial credit of the country and raise the vast sums needed for the prosecution of the war.

"Especially have I been struck, on visits to the industrial districts, by the evidence of a spirit of mutual concession animating employees and workers with regard to the matters affecting individual interests and a readiness to sink differences that the essential work of the country should be carried on."

To Kill Doctrine of Might

War Until That Doctrine Has Been Beaten to the Ground

Austen Chamberlain, former secretary of state for India, speaking at a meeting of the Victoria League, at London, said the imperial war cabinet was the creation of the war, arising out of its necessities. He was confident it would never be allowed to drop.

To sit on such a body was a liberal political education. If anything were needed to stir the people to sterner resolve, it would be found in the speech of von Kuehlmann. A German peace resolution was one thing, but a German peace quite different.

"Might made right, and where there was no might there was no right," he asserted. Britain would remain at war until that doctrine has been beaten to the ground.

Shortage of Horses Coming

Farmers are Buying Horses Instead of Raising Them

All indications point to the fact that a wave of determination to buy farm horses instead of raising them is sweeping over the United States. Colts are more or less of a nuisance [illegible] must be worked and so the scarcity of dependable hired help adds fuel to the flame that is destroying much of America's horse-breeding system. Teams are pushed to the largest amount of field work for this year, regardless of the hereafter. Alarmingly large numbers of corn belt farmers that formerly had horses to sell every year now have no young stock [illegible] Breeders' Gazette.

There's a Happy Medium

Daylight saving is producing such excellent results in England [illegible] additional saving by putting the clock another hour [illegible] worth while [illegible]

Similar Customs

[illegible] They say that "Over There" they always play [illegible] before the fighting begins.

[illegible] so they do over here. Didn't you ever hear 'em play Mendelssohn's March at weddings?' [illegible]

The Right Kind of King

King George is having his experiences these days. One day eating buckwheat pancakes and maple syrup at an American officers' mess, and the next being taught how to pitch a baseball in prepartaion for the Fourth of July game in the English camp of the Sammies. His Majesty is becoming so democratic that by the time the war is over he will hardly know whether he is a king or just one of the common people.—[illegible] Herald.

Increase in Australian Sheep

According to the latest returns issued by the government statistician of New South Wales, the total number of sheep depasturing in New South Wales now total 36,179,730. This represents a gain on the previous season's figures of 3,770,000 sheep. It is from this increased [illegible] season 1917-18 is being produced. [illegible] there should be an increased production of wool.

Robbing the Dead

A member of the Toronto Highlanders writes to his father telling him of some exploits of a battalion of the Black Watch. In the course of the battalion's exploration of newly-won ground at Martinpuich, the men came upon a dugout in which were stored some 80 or 90 suits of German soldiers' clothing which had already been worn; and the conclusion was drawn that at this time the Germans were economizing by taking the clothing and accoutrements of their dead for further use.

Alberta Beats Ontario

The sixteen-year-old son of J. S. Davidson, of Airdrie, Alta., has knocked the tar out of the 18-year-old Ontario boy, who ploughed, harrowed and sowed twenty-five acres in one day. This lad was not in it with the Alberta boy, who ploughed, harrowed, and sowed one hundred and twenty acres in a day. These boys, who are too young to fight, are seeing to it that the soldier boys in France are not going to go hungry.

U. S. Wool Production

The wool production of the United States is inadequate to equip 2,000,000 soldiers in France and clothe them for twelve months' even if it were all suitable for military use says the Breeders' Gazette. The wool produced in America supplies only 50 per cent. of the amount used by woolen mills in peace times. The American standard of equipping soldiers and sailors and clothing them for one year demands a wool production of 20 average sheep for every man in war service.

It is the opinion of the rifle instructor at Forth Worth, Texas, that grey-eyed men are the best shots, gray-blue coming next, blue third, hazel fourth, brown fifth, and black sixth. He said that records show that soldiers whose eyes are light brown to black cannot shoot with accuracy at a distance more than 500 yards and at 800 yards miss the target altogether.

You Look As YOU FEEL

You know well enough when your liver is loafing.

CONSTIPATION is the first warning; then you begin to "feel mean all over."

Your skin soon gets the bad news, it grows dull, yellow, muddy and unsightly.

Violent purgatives are not what you need—just the gentle help of this old-time standard remedy.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine bears signature Brent Good

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people.

Cause of Early Old Age

The celebrated Dr. Michenhoff, an authority on early old age, says that it is "caused by poisons generated in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is absorbed without forming poisonous matter. Poisons bring on early old age and premature death. 15 to 30 drops of "Seigel's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound. 10

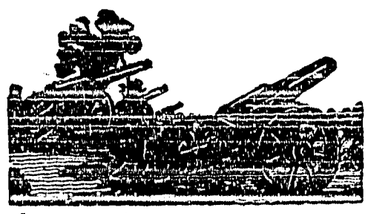
Irish-American Gratitude

The Irish-Americans who are urging on congress a resolution virtually condemning Great Britain are basking in a safety secured for them by the activities of the British fleet. — From the Philadelphia North American.

Pills of Attested Value.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of careful study of the properties of certain roots and herbs, and the action of such as sedatives and laxatives on the digestive apparatus. The success the compounders have met with attests the value of their work. These pills have been recognized for many years as the best cleansers of the system that can be got. Their excellence was recognized from the first and they grow more popular daily.

"You must be happy, having all the money you want."

"That's queer logic. Is a man necessarily healthy because he has all he wants to eat?"



Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line — and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pimply" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alterative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in fifty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

WINDSOR, ONT.—"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his Pleasant Pellets' are wonderful medicines for home use. I used to suffer with weak lungs, smothering spells and sick-headaches, but since I have taken the above mentioned medicines these conditions have left me. "Such medicines as Dr Pierce's are worthy of praise and I am very glad to add my testimonial to the thousands of others."—MRS. ELLEN HARDING, 11 Ellis Street, West.

Completely Scrambled

A Free Demonstration of Our New System of Open-air Cooking

A case of new-laid eggs upon his back, the toiler made his way along the pavement.

Guess what happened?

It did!

Ruefully the man regarded the scattered debris of shells and running yolks. Then he proceeded gingerly to collect the few eggs that had remained unbroken.

A passing pedestrian volunteered a cheering word.

"My poor man!" he exclaimed. "Have you dropped your eggs?"

The luckless one scowled.

"Oh, no, sir!" he answered, acidly. "No, indeed! I'm just giving a free demonstration of our new system of open-air cooking. I'm making an omelet!"

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the most common ailments of little ones and unless relieved may become chronic and baby's health for all time become impaired. Nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets in regulating the bowels. They are a mild, safe laxative, easy to administer and never fail to be effective. Concerning them Mrs. Emile LaChapelle, Terrebonne, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby who was badly constipated and they quickly relieved him. All mothers should keep a box of these Tablets in the house." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Allied Debt to U. S.

James M. Beck Says Seven Billion Dollar Debt Should Be Cancelled

Prophesying that the United States after the war will cancel the $7,000,000,000 debt incurred by the allies upon the entrance of this country in the world struggle, James M. Beck, formerly assistant attorney general of the United States, recently stirred about 1,000 Philadelphia business men to a red-hot pitch of patriotic enthusiasm in an address on behalf of the Liberty loan, delivered on the floor of the stock exchange.

"When this war ends, as it will in a victory for the allies," the speaker said, "and Great Britain and France will say to our government 'the time has come for us to settle the matter of our great indebtedness to you in a more formal way,' I believe our government will reply by writing across the paper on which the money was lent, 'Receipted in full.'

"And when they ask, 'Receipted in full—how?' our government will answer, 'By the blood of your sons.'"

Cheers taking on the proportions of a mighty roar greeted the speaker's last exclamation. Many of the listeners were moved to the point of tears; strangers in the audience shook hands with other; cries of "Right! Right!" were heard. The applause lasted a minute.

"I would be ashamed of my country if America would take a penny of the sums now advanced or to be advanced," Mr. Beck continued. "And as I have said, my profound belief in the innate chivalry of the American character is such that I know this debt never will be mentioned in the way of repayment." — Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Efficiency

The bravery and simplicity of the native soldiers of India is proverbial in the British army. One of these, in the campaign in German East Africa, was in charge of a railway station, where he was besieged by the enemy. This was the wire he sent to headquarters:

"One hundred Germans attacking station. Send immediately, one rifle and one hundred rounds of ammunition."

A Popular Tale

"What are you reading?"

"A tale of buried treasure."

"Wasting your time on fiction?"

"No. This is expert advice on how to plant potatoes." — Washington Star.

Horsepower of Windmills

May Find It Desirable in the Future to Get Power From the Air

The suggestion is often heard that the windmill should be used for power purpose on the farm. To try to use a single mill for power purposes would be like trying to use a dog for draft purposes. A large mill running in a strong wind will seldom develop as much as five horsepower. If its power can be steadily absorbed, as by a storage battery, and then used at a higher rate for short periods, it will do very well. One of the best types of windmill, steel, 12 feet in diameter, in a 25-mile wind develops only one and a half horsepower. The 16 foot mill under the same conditions develops about two and a third horsepower. Europe uses windmills in batteries, a number of mills working together—for power purposes, and possibly we will find it desirable in the future to get power from the air.

CURE COWS' CAKED BAGS

With

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by all Dealers

Douglas & Company, Napanee, Ont.

A Denominational Difference

Teacher—Can you tell me if you are an invertebrate or a mammal?

Scared Pupil—Please, miss, I'm a Methodist.—Baltimore American.

Drives Asthma Like Magic. The immediate help from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems like magic. Nevertheless it is only a natural way. The smoke or vapor, reaching the most remote passage of the affected tubes, brushes aside the trouble and opens a way for fresh air to enter. It is sold by dealers throughout the land.

Clocks of all kinds were found at the house near St. Nazaire where the occupant, an eccentric Spaniard, was arrested for having wireless. He says it was there only to pick up the official time from the Eiffel Tower.

YOU should have at least $2,500 of Life Insurance. Write to-day for pamphlet of the new Excelsior

PROTECTION AND SAVINGS POLICY

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER

(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

Boys on the Farm

Clear Gain for the City Boy to Have a Summer of Farm Work

The Chicago high school boys who tried farm work last year in response to the requests for boy labor on the farms undertook what they thought to be a patriotic duty and made good. The Chicago board of education placed 700 of them and had unsatisfactory reports of only three. The work did the boys good physically and morally. It matured their ideas of responsibility, strengthened their sense of social responsibility, and quickened their patriotic impulses. It browned them and built up their bodies, gave them valuable experiences, a great deal of hard work, and did something to increase the food supply. We do not imagine that the boy supply will solve the farm labor question, but it is clear gain for the city boy to have a summer of farm work.—Chicago Tribune.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

Wrong Line of Talk

Amongst the guests at a reception was a distinguished man of letters. He was grave and somewhat taciturn. One of the ladies present suggested to the hostess that he seemed to be out of place at such a party.

"Yes," replied the hostess, with a bright smile, "you see, he can't talk anything but sense!"—Christian Register.

Ask for Minard's and Take no Other.

Butter exports from Australia are prohibited except on imperial government account.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1. No. 2. No. 3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST & CO. FOUGERA CO., 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS. TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM OF EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

THERAPION

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

Otto Higel Piano Action

MONEY ORDERS

It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Give

Give until you feel that you
Cannot give another sou!
Give until you're broke and then
Make some coin to give again!
What is all you give away?
There in Flanders yesterday
Was a soldier, fine and true,
Who gave up his life for you.

On the canals of Europe the boatmen are usually astir before five in the morning and seldom turn in much before midnight.

Sciatic Pains *from* Exhausted Nerves

SCIATICA or sciatic rheumatism is attended with pain and tenderness along the sciatic nerve in the hips and thighs, and indicates an exhausted condition of the nervous system.

Relief is sometimes obtained by external applications or the use of heat, but at the slightest provocation the distressing pains return and from time to time become more severe as the nervous system becomes more exhausted.

The only way to obtain actual cure is by a reconstruction of the wasted nerve cells, and this is best accomplished by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It need not cost you much to restore vigor to the nervous system, but it will take a little patience, particularly at first. After you have used a few boxes and got the building-up process established you will find improvements from day to day which will encourage you to keep up this treatment until the nervous system is completely restored.

Nervous disorders do not right themselves, but naturally, become more acute as the system becomes further exhausted. It is only wise to be warned by sleeplessness, headaches, neuralgic and sciatic pains and to take immediate action to restore the depleted nerves before paralysis, locomotor ataxia or some form of helplessness is developed.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box—do not pay more—at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto. On every box of the genuine you will find the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author. 10

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C.
Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.
C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, SEPT. 6

About Ourselves

For the first time in almost fonr yearc THE REVIEW made its appearance a day late last waek. The trouble was due to a break in the drive shaft of the press, which occurred just as the first form was about half worked, and necessitating a shutdown for twenty-four hours for repairs.

The break was on a rather delicate part of the press' innards, and a good word is due Fred Charron of the W. K. Brown blacksmith shop who did the repair job. The broken part was a casting shaped like a slipped capital S, and to bolt and band this in such a way that it had the requisite strength and would work without interfering with the other parts of the machine necessitated some shaping and truing up almost to the thickness of a hair—and the machine was ready for operating the first time the mended part was put on, too.

This delay, along with the Labor Day holiday on Monday, is our best and, we trust, sufficient excuse for coming to hand a page short this week.

Useful Publicity

The publication regularly of Red Cross and other such lists is followed in almost every town in the province and seems to have a beneficial effect, says the Penticton Herald.

Many persons who otherwise might forget about contributing are given a gentle but nevertheless definite reminder of their duty. Those who do give can see for themselves the acknowledgment of their assistance. On the whole the publishing of donations to any good cause is worth while, although many persons prefer not to see publicity accorded matters of this kind. There are many kindly souls who would rather give in secret; others of us are quite willing to see our names in a list in the paper.

But after all it should not be a question of modesty or vanity, shall we say? The point is, will the regular publication of such lists bring good by showing just what is being done, and who are doing it? Will it be valuable in providing a constant encouragement to the sum total of effort in the town? Will it mean more donations? If such happy results are to be achieved, then by all means let us have the lists published regularly and often. This is war time, when what we want are results, We need not worry over excessive modesty which at a time like this may really be false modesty.

ROBT. LAMONT
NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL
CRESTON - - B.C.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand
Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., Ltd.

Notice of Application for Road Right of Way

Notice is hereby given that Western Belle Mining Company has filed with the Honorable Minister of Lands at his office in Victoria, B.C., its application for the grant of an easement to construct a road, not to exceed 40 feet in width, over and across a route generally described as follows, to wit:

Commencing at a point on the existing road of the Idaho-Continental Mining Company near the confluence of Boundary and Blue Joe Creeks and terminating at a point near the centre of the north shore of Boundary Lake, West Kootenay Mining District British Columbia; the course of said proposed right of way is on the north side of Boundary Creek, paralelling the north bank of Boundary Creek and generally follows, paralells and intersects the existing British Columbia trail over said course. Said proposed right of way is blazed and marked on the ground, and all persons [illegible] claiming any right, title or interest in or to the land, water or timber, to be affected by the grant of said easement, or the construction of said road, are hereby notified to make known to the Honorable Minister of Lands any and all of their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before one month from and after the date of the first publication of this notice, to wit, on or before one month from and after the 23rd day of August, 1918, or be forever barred.

WESTERN BELLE MINING COMPANY.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Early visitors at the Nelson market last Saturday were able to buy a supply of cider at 80 cents a gallon.

Kaslo orchardists are making all their fall apples into cider. They claim there is more money in them that way than shipped to prairie points.

The Doukhobor berry pickers that went from Brilliant and Grand Forks to harvest the raspberries at Mission, required two coaches all their own to return in.

Kaslo residents are starting to bank up their houses and batten up the cracks for winter. Snow made its appearance on the hills round abont last week.

At Rossland the smaller dairies are supplying an inferior and indifferent quality of milk. They are given three months to remedy matters or loss their licenses.

C. H. Phillips claims to have located 3200 acres of Peace River country lands which Cranbrook returned soldiers will take up in the spring for faaming purposes.

G. A. Rendell's war garden at Greenwood was demolished by wandering cattle one night last week. The feast included about 100 head of promising cabbage.

The Vernon News says the Okanagan Valley apple crop will be comparatively light this year, but cherries are double the 1917 output, and tomatoes are also heavy.

Conrad Johnson of Vancouver has offered to erect a public drinking fountain in Cranbrook, and the council has consented to its installation at the postoffice corner.

At Cranbrook the trustees have bought St. Mary's seperate school building, and will fit it up for high shool use. The seperate school closed almost three years ago.

Cranbrook dealers cannot understand why people are kicking at 15 cents a quart for milk. That has been the price at Fernie and Nelson for [illegible].

Farmers in the Cranbrook country have had numerous calls from cattle buyers since it has become known there is a shortage of hay and prices have slumped accordingly.

Cranbrook Auto Club finished its year with $90 on hand and all accounts paid. [illegible] the authorities to mark the road from Kingsgate to Crowsnest with standard road signs placed on the telephone poles.

Kitchen Helps

How about Kitchen Utensils? Are you getting along a few pieces short; or making some old stuff do just for now—or anything like that?

This week we call attention to a special sale of Enamelware in which we believe we are showing values unheard of for many months past:

300 pieces Fry Pans, Sauce Pans Mixing Bowls, Pudding Dishes, Cups, Spoons **15 to 25c.**

We are also shewing a full line of the heavier Enamel goods, as well as a fine assortment of Galvanized ware, such as Tubs, Pails, &c.

These goods challenge comparison both as to quality and price and should not be overlooked if you contemplate purchasing anything of the sort.

S. A. SPEERS
C.F.B. License 8-21820 **General Merchant**

Nelson has just organized a rod and gun club with 17 members. They want a resident fishery inspector appointed for the Kootenays.

TIMBER SALE X 1428

Sealed tenders will be received by the District Forester not later than noon on the 13th day of September, 1918, for the purchase of License X1428, to cut 3200 Tamarac and Fir Ties on an area situated near Wynndel, Kootenay District.

One (1) year will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Cranbrook, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of $10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to Purchase from the Crown of such proportion of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover, in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment, an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment is final. The time for making application for these allotments is limited to the [illegible] day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be considered. These allotments apply to [illegible] of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to

G. R. NADEN,
Deputy Minister of Lands,
Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE

16-Inch Slabwood
at
$2 per rick delivered in Creston

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Coal and Wood For Sale.

H. S. McCREATH
Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. *Creston*

Butter Wrappers at The REVIEW

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

THRIFT AND SECURITY

Open a Savings account with The Canadian Bank of Commerce. If more convenient, accounts may be opened and deposits made by mail.

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

THE COMLYN ALIBI

— BY —

HEADON HILL

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

CHAPTER VI

An Open Verdict

Sir Anthony removed his hat and gazed with a puzzled frown at the offending I'Zingari ribbon which had wrought Mavis Comlyn to such hysterical pitch. But her emotion had passed, and linking her arm in his she drew him on to the verandah.

"You must think me mad, Tony," she declared. "And I must have been, to give way like that. Sit in that hammock chair at my side and I'll try to explain. You have to give evidence at the inquest, haven't you? Do you know why?"

"Because I am believed to have been seen prowling about on the day of the murder. I've just come from Morgan. He told me, and none too civilly. I suppose the idea is that I killed his wife and looted her jewels. Nice opinion people have nowadays about the morals of the old county families."

"One ridiculous question, Tony—only to clear the ground. You were hundreds of miles away from Cornwall that day, were you not?"

"I was."

"You will be able to prove that?"

"I could prove it."

The reservation in the words and something in his tone caused Mavis to glance quickly at him. "As I said," she went on, "I only asked you so as to be sure. It is conceivable that you might have come down from London on an affair of your own that had nothing to do with the Morgans. The fact that you had not done so is an immense relief, for people have been chattering so; and now for my own silly confession. I behaved like a lunatic just now because for a short time—a very short time—I thought I saw you myself. You read my evidence at the opening of the inquest?"

"I saw that it was you who found the poor woman shot in the orchid house, and that you noticed the smell of gunpowder. I was wild that you should have been dragged into the affair."

"You would feel that," the girl leaned towards him and laid her hand upon his knee. "But listen, Tony, to what I told no one—not even to that oily butler in the first horror of discovery. I saw the man who murdered Mrs. Morgan. He was wearing that hat, or one like it, with the same colors, a tweed suit of the pattern you've got on now, and he was about your height and build."

"Mavis!"

"Yes, dear Tony; but the hallucination soon passed. I must be possessed of the real detective instinct. I put you right in no time. It all hinged on a key."

And she went on to describe how, after raising the alarm she had gone round to the further door of the orchid house, and found it locked and the key gone. From this she had concluded that the man she had seen could not have been Sir Anthony, who would not have had a key, or any reason for taking away one which did not belong to him.

"Humph! Rather a weak argument," he commented. "If I was a calculating murderer I might have provided myself with a key, and carried it off after locking the door to avoid pursuit. But it did credit to your heart anyhow, as did your subsequent reticence. Do you know who else saw that counterfeit of mine?"

"All sorts of exaggerations are flying about. Mrs. Burbury has been especially busy," Mavis made a little moue of disgust. "It is all quite vague and disconnected. But I heard as late as this morning that old Michael Hever asserts that he met you on the moor on the evening of the day. There is also a rumor, though I haven't been able to confirm it, that you were seen in the grounds of The Court earlier that afternoon."

Sir Anthony jerked himself out of the low chair. "Let us go and interview Mike Hever," he exclaimed. "The old beggar has always had his knife into the Weats of Western Abbey—God knows why, for my father did him many a good turn. But perhaps you can't leave Mr. Comlyn. How is he, by the way?"

"Dad went to London yesterday and I do not expect him back till tomorrow. He is better than he has been for some time."

The young people crossed the lawn to the edge of the cliff, when a zigzag wooden staircase afforded a steep descent to the beach, saving a circuit of two miles by way of the road through the village. The front of the cliff was nearly precipitous, and the steps being protected only by a rickety handrail, progress was necessarily slow. A little distance from the foot, close to the wall of rock and clear of high watermark, was the hull of an ancient brig which had been cast up high and dry in a great storm of a hundred years ago.

The details of the wreck, antedating the memory of the oldest inhabitant, had become legendary, the one fact standing out from the mist of ages being that the vessel had been bought by one Melchizedek Hever, a noted smuggler of those lawless times, who had cut away what remained of the top hamper and turned the hull into a dwelling place convenient for his illicit trade. His lineal descendant, Michael, the present occupier, called himself a fisherman and, when the whim took him, visited the lobster pots which he set under the northern headland. But the Hevers had ever been a race apart, gipsies of the sea, and there were strange tales that the lawless strain was still in the blood—that the infrequent lobsters Michael brought ashore never kept him in the luxuries he enjoyed.

"By Jove! but the old brig never turns a hair," Sir Anthony exclaimed as they trudged along the sands. "Her timbers are as staunch as when as a boy I tried to make friends with Mike and failed. By the way, what has become of that baggage of a daughter of his?"

"She is in service at the Court, and I am afraid that she has not been improved by association with the Morgans' London servants," Mavis replied. "She has thrown over Jack Trevlyn, your housekeeper's nephew, with whom she used to walk out. It is a great pity. Jack is such a decent lad."

They had come close under the old hulk and were gazing up at her wooden broadside in wonder. The stranded brig had been a familiar object to them both from childhood, and now, though her position and general appearance were the same, there was a subtle change in her. A couple of fair sized windows had been draped with neat lace curtains which in the parting disclosed the scarlet of potted geraniums. In place of the dangling rope ladder by which the Hevers had been wont to mount to the deck of their queer abode a solid flight of painted wooden steps ran up to a gangway cut in the bulwarks.

"Mike seems to be doing well," said Sir Anthony. "Must have struck his luck somehow. I'll give the rascal a hail."

And, raising his voice, he shouted: "Brig ahoy there. Ahoy there, Mike Hever!"

"These additions are quite recent," said Mavis, while they waited. "I haven't been on the shore for a fortnight, but there were no signs of them then. Ah, there is Mike!"

(To Be Continued.)

Wool Being Shipped

A Fair Sample and the Staple Uniformly Strong

The distinction of shipping the first car of wool this season from Southern Alberta belongs to a Magrath farmer. The car is said to contain one of the best samples of wool ever sent out of the province.

From Manitoba a car of wool has also been shipped during the past few days. Good progress is being made with shearing, and wool from 181 farmers has already been received at the government clearing station. It is being sorted, graded and forwarded east as soon as possible. The total clip for Manitoba is now estimated at 300,000 pounds, which is 50,000 more than was first estimated and is considerably more than last year's clip. The official grader pronounces the wool a fair sample and the staple uniformly strong.

A Pioneer Story

Buying With the Church Funds a Barrel of Beer

Mr. Adam Bull, aged 87, the oldest Canadian-born resident of Scarboro', is authority for the following story about St. Andrew's Church, Scarboro', now celebrating its centennial.

"During the intermission which occurred between the two hour services at St. Andrew's, it was the custom to have a light lunch, usually consisting of bread and cheese. They ate this around a little spring and washed it down with the spring water.

"One especially hot summer there was quite a debate as to the advisability of buying with the church funds a barrel of beer to be kept at the neighboring house of David Thompson. Mr. Bull cannot remember whether the plan was carried out or not.

Was a Mystery to Him

"Well, Hiram," said one farmer to another, "I'm sory to hear the bad news about your woman Sarah. Is it really so that she has been taken to the insane asylum?"

"It certainly be," said the farmer husband, "and I don't understand it. Joe, how Sarah could have gone crazy, for she hadn't been out of the kitchen a day in twenty years."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes inflamed by Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's, or by mail for the Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25. For Book of the Eye—Free. Ask for the Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

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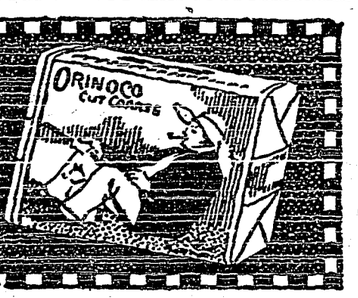

Competitions for Dairymen

Possibilities of Industry are Only Beginning to Be Realized

Despite the remarkable development of the dairy industry in the Prairie Provinces of Canada during the last three or four years, it is still capable of considerably greater expansion. The immense possibilities of this industry are only beginning to be realized by the farmers of Western Canada. To further encourage it, and to lead to the adoption of the most modern and economical methods on the dairy farm, the efforts of the provincial governments are constantly devoted.

The Saskatchewan government has just announced a series of competitions open to those engaged in the dairy industry in that province.

Probably the most important competition is the one open to all farmers of the province who milk at least five cows. This competition has been arranged with a view to increasing the production among the herds of the province. Prizes will be awarded to the farmers whose herds show the largest proportionate output of butterfat. This competition will be open to the patrons of the creameries, who number about 30,000, and will close on October 30. The announcement of the winners is expected to be made about a month later. The records of all herds will be taken since November 1 of last year and tabulated for the year ending on October 30, 1918; and the farmers will be required to make declaration of the number of cows milked throughout the year.

Creamery men will also compete in a contest for all-round average. Each creamery man will submit a small box of butter for storage each month for the next six months, and the three winners will represent Saskatchewan in the inter-provincial contest to be held during January. Creamery men from Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba will compete.

In the "Ideal Creamery Competition," prizes will be awarded to the creamery managers for the creameries with the best kept surroundings. This is the only competition of the kind held in Canada, and is put on with a view to creating interest among the creamery managers in planting trees, shrubs and laying out lawns.

A competition will also be held in which creamery butter will be tested to determine the highest average score for the year at the grading station. This will be a test of the buttermaker's ability to make good butter throughout the year and will not be based on any one churning.

Competitions such as these will not only create a greater interest in the industry, but should also result in an all-round improvement in existing methods wherever possible.

Journalists

"I see where seven Frenchmen on trial in Paris for espionage claim they are 'journalists,' but show no ability to write."

"Ahem!" said the practical newspaper man. "That seems to describe a journalist pretty well."—The Argonaut.

The Motto of British Airmen

After Results, and Nothing Else Counts

E. Percy Noel cables from the British front in France as follows:

The formal modesty of the British Royal Air Force and admiralty communiques give only a hint of the high efficiency of the British bombing squadrons. For example, a day or two ago the announcement mentioned the fact that fifteen tons of bombs were dropped on the enemy in the hours when the weather permitted flying. It omitted to state that the raids were executed despite clouds and a wind that ordinarily would have been a sufficient excuse for the pilots taking a day of rest. Instead, the personnel waited at the hangars ready to start at any moment a change in the sky made possible any results from an aerial attack. When such periods occurred they departed on their missions.

Something of the cool, determined and systematic daring which characterizes the British air force on bombing and photographing work I learned on a visit to a group particularly occupied with the German naval bases and munitions works in Belgium and the entire coastal area as far east as Antwerp. "Results" is their motto.

"Nothing else counts here," declared an American officer of marines and pilot who accompanied me. "The way these squadrons work is the finest thing I ever saw. In the month I have been here my admiration has increased from day to day. Every one of them, from the highest officer to the lowest in rank, is imbued with the one idea—results."

When the weather is suitable, some of the machines make four bombing expeditions in twenty-four hours. They do not fly in formations, but one machine after another, sending down such a continuous rain of projectiles on the enemy that the Teuton anti-aircraft get tired out and stop, as they did the other day after firing for hours without success.

Of course Fritz retaliates by bombing British aerodromes, but when the enemy machines come over the weather is so favorable that the British machines are most likely to be out on bombing expeditions, so that the worst the enemy can do is to damage the empty hangars. One can imagine them returning to their own aerodromes with reports of great success and while celebrating at the mess being extremely annoyed by bombs from the very machines they thought they had destroyed.

Photographically, I voyaged all along the Belgian coast and overland to Antwerp, viewing the country as the airmen see it. Perfectly clear photographs showed every foot of the way. I looked into Bruges habor as it was a few days ago, with torpedo boats unable to leave, tied up and with fires out. I looked at the damage done to the Bruges-Oise munitions works west of the city, the light of the fire there being seen at Dunkerque after the recent bombing. I looked at Bruges itself, which is apparently intact. It is never bombed, even accidentally.

These photographs show so much of the results accomplished that they are responsible for the impetus which sends aeroplanes out with the same crews and new loads of oil, gasoline and bombs immediately after one mission is fulfilled.

A German Illusion

The Moral and Economic Handicap Under Which All Germans Will Labor

One of the illusions most sedulously cultivated in Germany has been that "after the war" there would be a return to the economic status quo, and that "business as usual" would go merrily on. This illusion has now begun to lose its charm. Though the allies have been lax in working out their future economic relationship, there is a broad understanding among them that Germany and her vassals shall enjoy no access to allied raw maetrials, no "freedom" of the maritime highways of the world, no intercourse with civilized humanity, unless and until Germany shows herself fit for admission into such a league of nations as the allies contemplate. There is no possibility of an economic status quo ante bellum.

As we pointed out last September, in dealing with Herr Naumann's "Central Europe" scheme, Germany fears the economic weapon, not because she may be forced to offer a price for its removal, but because it is capable of destroying the foundations upon which her whole system of military domination, fiscal terrorism, and commercial peneration was based. No compromise is possible with such a system.

The German people need to understand two main truths. The first is that while the allied conception of a league of nations contemplates ultimately the inclusion in it of a regenerate Germany, it contemplates also the maintenance of an absolute economic ban upon Germany and their present political and military her vassals until they have relinquished, clearly and convincingly, institutions and the dreams that still inspire them. The second is that the longer the war lasts the deeper will be the detestation of everything German in allied countries and the heavier the moral and economic handicap under which all Germans will labor, even if they qualify for readmission into the society of civilized peoples. — From the London Times.

Name Airplane "Winnipeg"

"Winnipeg" is the name of one of four flying machines which have been donated to the Royal Flying Corps by James Carruthers, Montreal grain dealer. The other machines are called "Toronto," "Montreal," and "Edmonton." The airplanes recently were inspected by the Governor-General.

A Willing Sacrifice

The war department announces that the airplane service will require all the castor oil for lubrication purposes, and we have resolved patriotically to turn over our share to the government.—Columbus Dispatch.

Wrap Soldiers' Parcels in PARA-SANI

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls with handsome oak Roller-Box. Every article for overseas should be carefully wrapped in Para-Sani to insure delivery in good condition.

Put an extra wrapping of Para-Sani around the package before putting it in the final covering. Eats and smokes will arrive as fresh as when shipped, if wrapped in Para-Sani.

Use Para-Sani at home for keeping food fresh.

Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.

4 lb. Roll with Roller Box	$2.50
3 lb. Roll with Roller Box	2.20
4 lb. Roll without Box	1.60
3 lb. Roll without Box	1.30
2 lb. Roll without Box	.90

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East Kootenay Fall Fair

CRANBROOK, B.C.

Wed. & Thurs., Oct. 2nd & 3rd

Aeroplane Flights Every Afternoon
by one of the best Aviators in the West

Two Days Horse Races
and other Sports

Purebred Livestock, Poultry, Fruits, Vegetables, &c.

MIDWAY ATTRACTIONS—Boucher's Canada Shows and Carnival City

Fair will close with a DANCE in the Auditorium, THURSDAX, OCT. 8rd, at 9.30 p.m.

SPECIAL RAILWAY RATES of Fare and One-Third from all stations Brocket to Kootenay Landing inclusive to Cranbrook and return

Dates of sale: Oct. 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Return limit, Oct. 4th.

SEND FOR PRIZE LIST

A. L. McDERMOT, Secretary

Local and Personal

FOR SALE—Two home made rugs. Apply REVIEW Office.

The Bank of Commerce got in its winter fnel supply this week—a 32-ton car of Michel coal.

MILCH COW FOR SALE—Grade Holstein, will freshen last week in Septembes, a bargain. Hilton, Attwood Ranch.

HOGS WANTED—Will buy any quantity of hogs, 110 to 150 lbs. See Dong Barney, Pacific Restaurant, next to drugstore.

Miss Jennie Nicholls returned to Flagstone on Sunday, where she will be in charge of the school in that town for another year.

Mrs. Chester, who has been a visitor with Mrs. Rose and Mrs. Watcher the past couple of weeks, left on Tuesday for her home at Sarnia, Ont.

Mrs. Jas. Cherrington was a visitor at Natal ou Monday, where she officiated as judge in the ladies' department of that town's annual fall fair.

W. Farrell, accountant at the Mercantile Co., was a Nelson visitor a couple of days the latter part of the week, accompanied by his daughter Audrey.

R. Walmsley and E. McGonegal are Creston's representatives at the Spokane apple show this year. They left on Sunday and expect to remain most of the week.

BIRTH—On September 4th, to Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Jackson, a son.

Miss Marion Swanson left this week to spend a few days with friends at Calgary and Bowden, Alta.

LOST—Collie pup, strap on neck, answers to name of Prince. Return to A. Mirabelli and get reward.

Mrs. Jos. Wilson and Miss Nellie Wilson were week-end visitors at Sandpoint, Idaho. returning on Tuesday.

S. G. Whittaker, assistant at the C.P.R. depot, is back at work again after a two weeks' vacation spent at coast points.

Miss Zalla Johnson left on Monday for Kitchener, where she will take charge of the new school that has just been built there.

Herb Manuel, who has been here for tho holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Manuel, returned to school at Pincher Creek, Alta., on Monday.

Citizens are reminded that the shooting season is almost here by an excellent window display of ammunition. etc., in Mawson Brothers store.

There is no occasion for any great quantity of apples to go to waste this year. Jas. Compton, the local cider king, is offering $12 a ton for windfalls.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Rudd and family motored through from Blairmore on Sunday, and are spending a few days in the Valley, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Manuel.

Mawson Brothers announce that the Canadian Apparel Co. samples of fall and winter suits and overcoats will be in any now and invite your inspecion of the same.

Creston Valley contributors to the Patriotic Fund for quarter ending July 31st, paid in $126. The fund will not likely continue in business after the fore part of next year.

Miss Hardman, who had charge of the primary room of the Creston school last term, is taking similar work in the John Robson school at New Westminster this term.

Miss Helen, and Julius and Petie Moran, who haye been holidaying here for a month, returned to Calgary on Sunday. Helen is training for a nurse in Holy Cross hospital in that city.

Advice from Victoria would indicate that the forthcoming sale of land for taxes will be held about the middle of October and will include all lann in arrears for 1916 rates aud possibly 1917.

Local beekeepers are starting to remove the first season's honey and report that the sweet goods will be some what heavier than last season. The 1917 export of honey was almost two tons.

Creston Board of Trade meets in September session on Tuesday night. A good turnout is requested as important matters in connection with both irrigation and reclamation are to come up.

Miss Vida Gobbitt of the telephone central staff, left thit week to spend a conple of weeks' holidays with friends at Lethbridge and Medicine Hat, Alta. Miss Edna Holmes is relieving in her absence.

Another week of fine weather has greeted the haymakers on the flats, the mowing machines have been on the job ten hour shifts and better every day. To date the cut has been quite up to expectations.

There isn't quite the demand there use to be for shooting licenses these times. The grouse season is due to open in a week but so far only about three dozen paid licenses have been issued by Provincial police Vachon.

There were no services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday. Rev. J. T. Ferguson, superintendent of missions, arrived that afternoon but his visit being unannounced there was no congregation in evidence to hear him.

The September meeting of the Women's Institute is called for Friday afternoon next. As the ladies have about twice as big a fall fair on their hands as a year ago the session will be largely taken up with exhibition details.

Decision has been made in the school water rate dispute, which has been hanging fire for over two years. The rate has been fixed at $5 per month. The arrears now amount to about $125, and will be paid when the first instalment of funds arrives about the end of the month.

R. S. Bevan was a business visitor at Bonners Ferry a couple of days the latter part of the week. Everyone was talking election, the primaries opening on Tuesday.

At the election Friday night to fill the vacancy in the trustee board due to the resignation of Trustee Crawford, J. E. Hayden was chosen. In a contest with T. M. Ednondson the former won by a vote of 13 to 11. The term is for one year.

Ladies who intend competing for the prize at the fall fair on six buttonholes made on double white cotton are asked to remember that these are to be worked with cotton thread and on material which will be supplied by the Women,s Institute, to be had from the secretary, Mrs. St. Jean.

The weather statistics for August show that month to have been about the wettest the Valley has known for some years back, the rainfall being about two inches. The hottest day of month was the 1st, when 83 in the shade was recorded, and the coolest on the 27th when it climed down to 37.

The yital statistics for August show but one birth in the Valley, and no deaths. It is so long now since Registrar Gibbs issued a marriage license that if cnpid don't soou get busy the official will forget how to make out this sort of document. About two of them is the total demand in seven months.

Everything is runhing nicely in connection with the fall fair, and those in charge are beginning to wonder if the hall will be big enough to house the fruit and vegetable dlsplays. With the needlework classes open to work made up any time in the past the ladies' section is sure to be full almost to overflowlng as well.

The Valley was favored with a combined wind and rainstorm on Saturday night. The moisture was welcome as a dust settler, but the gale made the orchardists just a little nervous. However, very little fruit was blown down. A blow like it, though a couple of weeks hence, would cause some havoc on the heavily-loaded Wealthy apple trees.

School opened for the fall term on Tuesday, with the exception of the primary room, for which no teacher has yet arrived, though one should be here to take charge on Monday. The only other change in the staff is in Division II., where Miss M. Kane of Kaslo, who taught at Harrop last year, succseds Miss Faulkner, Opening day attendance was almost as large as a year ago.

The tea and dance for Red Cross benefit given by Mrs. Ebbutt and Mrs. C, Morre, on Aug. 21st, netted the society $51.85 as per the treasurer's statement this week. Other financial remembrances for the last two weeks are: Tuesday collections $1.75; Women's Institute, donation $5; donation from Mrs. Gibson 50 cents; while the contents of two of the donation boxes about town yielded $1.43.

Socks feature the Red Cross work secretary's report for this week, four pairs of the hand-knit sort coming to hand from Mesdames Knott, Fraelick and Bennett and Miss F. Knott. Mrs. G. Young and Mrs. Fraelick turned in a suit of pyjamas each. The donations are: 84 handkerchiefs, 18 personal property bags and one suit of pyjamas from the Canyon City Auxiliary, and a pair of socks from Mrs. M. Young.

Manager Staples of the Union with the help of E. Cartwright, made a Valley record for apple loading on Wednesday morning, when in less than three hours they loaded a refrigerator car with 676 boxes. To be explicit, they left Erickson in the former's Ford at 3.45 a.m., did all the trucking of boxes, fixing floors and completed all the other loading details and were en route home at 6.45 Incidentally they had four square meals that day.

GET the GROUSE

Shooting season opens on Saturday of next week, and is good for a little better than two months.

The season is shorter than usual, and you have less time than formerly, most likely, for hunting. Therefore to get your money's worth out of the license every shot must count.

To accomplish this the very best ammunition is the prime essential. We have it, in the DOMINION line of goods, a dandy stock of which has just come to hand, as follows:

REGAL line Shotgun Shells
12 and 16 guage

Rifle Cartridges
29 39, 303 32 40

For the Boys

22 short Cartridges. 22 long Cartridges
22 long Rifle Cartridges. 25 Stevens Cartridges

A HUNTING KNIFE? We have a few of the best.

MAWSON BROTHERS

New Styles in Crompton's and A la Grace Corsets arrived this week

Below are a few descriptions of same and prices:

No. 251,	Coutil,	medium	bust,	long	hip,	average figure	$1.50
297	"	low	"	long	"	full "	1.50
309	"	low	"	long	"	medium "	1.75
369	"	medium	"	long	"	average "	2.00
431	"	medium	"	long	"	full "	2.50
479	"	low	"	long	"	slight "	2.00
505	"	low	"	long	"	average "	2.50

Let us show you these Corsets. We have a nice stock to suit all figures.

Creston Mercantile Co.
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