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THE CRESTON REVIEW

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Women's Institute Annual Meeting

A year of substantial progress in all spheres of activity is revealed in the reports submitted at the annual meeting of Creston and District Women's Institute on Friday last, which was quite largely attended, and which was in charge of the president, Mrs. Forrester.

The secretary, Mrs. St. Jean, briefly but thoroughly reviewed the year's work in her annual statement. The Institute held eleven regular meetings, while the July gathering took the form of a picnic at the Chas. Moore grounds. There was an average attendance at these sessions of 45 members. March with a showing of 74, and June 65 being the bright particular months.

At each regular meeting papers on interesting subjects were given by some of the members and afterwards discussed by all present, while the meeting every third month was made more or less a social one with refreshments at the close. Since May the Institute has been looking after the soldiers memorial, seeing to it that the names of fallen heroes are added to the scroll as soon as their passing is announced.

Early in their year the Institute adopted a prisoner of war and each month the organization contributes $5 for his upkeep in the German prison camp. In March there was a shower for the soldiers at Balfour sanitorium, when 109 articles of various sorts were sent. In December another shower was held and another 25 articles forwarded. The Institute also put on a social evening and dance for the Forestry Draft in training here last March which was a fine success.

For the election of officers Mrs. Dodd and Mrs. Mallandaine were the scrutineers. Mrs. Forrester declined re-nomination as president, the balloting providing the Institute with the following officials for 1918:

President—Mrs. H. B. Downs,
Vice-Pres.—Mrs. G. Cartwright.
Directors—Mrs. J. Cook, Mrs. J. Cherrington, and Mrs. J. W. Hamilton.
Secy.-Treas—Mrs. St. Jean.

Votes of thanks were tendered the retiring president and other officers for their splendid work last year, and in assuming the chair president-elect, Mrs. Downs, asked for the same hearty co operation during 1918.

The financial statement showed that in 1917 a matter of $45 had been spent on the prisoner of war; $10 had been donated to the Military Y.M.C.A., and $10 to Servian Relief. In the patriotic line, too, the members had turned in to the Red Cross 26 pairs knee caps, 58 suits pyjamas, 76 pairs hand-knit socks, as well as 35 pairs of donated hosiery.

Mrs. St. Jean's statement covering the fall fair last September is as follows: There were 393 entries made by 67 competitors. $81.85 was given in special cash prizes, and $25.00 was given by the Institute, making a total of $107.75 in cash prizes. In addition to this many useful articles were also donated as prizes. At a 10-cent admission fee $21.10 was taken in at the door and the sale of refreshments brought in another $37.65.

Erickson

F. S. Ryckman, Indian constable at Cranbrook, was a visitor with his mother, here, a couple of days the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Boffey was a passenger east on Tuesday, on a visit to her sister near Calgary, Alta.

Gerald Craigie left on Sunday on a trip to Nelson and points in the Boundary country.

Tenders are called for the usual supply of wood for the Erickson school, tenders to be in Secretary Telford's hands by March 1st.

A little more snow would be powerful welcome. Residents who are hauling hay from the flats find the sledding pretty thin in most spots.

Kennedy post camp across the Kootenay the latter part of the week Percy Boffey had the bad luck to gash his right hand very severely. While at work trimming off a log the axe missed and caught him just behind the first finger of the left hand, almost severing it. 23 stitches were put in by Dr. Henderson, who is confident he can save the digit, though it may always be a bit stiff hereafter.

The usual round of winter whist parties are under way again. A number from here were at the Goodwin at-home last week at which J. M. Craigie landed the first prize.

Alice Siding

Miss Dodds, who was a holiday visitor with friends in the Boundary country, returned on Tuesday of last week.

Dick Smith, who has been at points in southern Alberta for the past six months helping with harvesting and threshing, arrived back on Saturday.

There was some excitement on the flats on Tuesday afternoon when a horse belonging to old Luke broke through the ice in one of the sloughs, necessitating about three hours labor to get the animal out and safely ashore.

The hay haulers are working overtime these days getting up their cut of hay. Foster says the winter is practically over for this part of the country, and even now the sleighing is hardly worthy the name.

Andy Miller pulled out last week to do a scaling job for Winlaw & Son, on the timber they are taking out beyond Erickson.

The Knitting Club had the biggest turnout yet of workers at this week's meeting, which was at Mrs. Matthews, on Wednesday afternoon.

R. Stewart is busy at present with the erection of a new hay shed on his ranch here.

Sirdar

James Blair, who is now employed at Canyon City, was a week-end visitor with Sirdar friends.

Mrs. E. Ryckman of Trail was a visitor here with her sister, Mrs. John Cameron, last week.

Everything is running as smooth as usual at the Sirdar school which is now in charge of Miss Goodman, a daughter of the genial C.P.R. agent here.

Although Mayor Daly is looking his old-time self the rigors of winter and some election after effects, or something or other still prevent him enjoying his usual good health and he is considering a trip to Honolulu, where he spent such an enjoyable winter season a couple of years ago.

The monthly English Church service will be held at the schoolhouse on Tuesday evening next.

Acting provincial constable Hayden and a U.S. police officer were here on Saturday looking up a former U.S. resident, who has been rusticating at Duck Creek for some weeks, and who is wanted by the authorities across the line on some fraud charge. They were out of luck as their man was nowhere in these parts.

Station agent Goodman and family are now nicely settled in their quarters in the section house. They arrived from Crowsnest the fore part of January.

Mr. and Mrs. Proctor of Cabri, Sask., are Sirdar visitors at present, guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Lonsby. The mayor has extended Mr. Proctor a very hearty welcome—both gentlemen are agin the government.

An indignation meeting of the city council is called for the next night Conductor Jackson is here over night. Documentary evidence—mostly photographic—has accumulated to such an extent at the mayor's office re Jackson's haunts at the Macleod end of the run that it is felt satisfactory explanation must be made, and in the event of failure the freedom of the city will be given by which exit is [illegible]

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Other Side

EDITOR REVIEW:

SIR,—In your recent editorial on the past year's operations of the Farmers' Institute, you make mention that one reason for the opposition to the re-election of last year's secretary was his opinions on the war and political issues.

I hold no brief for the forty odd members who registered their opposition to the manner in which the Institute's operations had been carried on during the last year, but as one of them I can say that the free speech ideas, the war, and political opinions of the secretary-treasurer have no bearing with me whatever in my dissatisfaction with the management of the feed business carried on by the Institute.

The fact is that during the whole of last year the members received not only an intermittant supply of feed, but there is evidence that the buying was not carried out under as favorable conditions and with as great benefit to the farmers as might have been. It is impossible to raise and feed stock to a profit unless feed can be obtained at a proper price, and in constant supply. During the last year it has more than once not only been a question of keeping up flesh or milk supply but of keeping animals alive at all. No doubt the war and other conditions have made matters more difficult than they otherwise would be, but whatever the difficulties may be let us know them. The affairs of the Institute, insofar as their detail trading operations are concerned, have always during the past few years been more or less kept in the dark. Lay the cards on the table. Perhaps we can help you—at any rate we can sympathize and co-operate.

The secretary in giving his report at the recent meeting used what short time he had not in expounding his difficulties but in entering into a tirade of sarcasm against some person or persons which, while no doubt appealing to a number of members whose dealings with the Institute are of a very limited nature, was received with real regret by those whose profitable farming to a considerable extent depends on the efficient management of the Institute. But let us consider what the Secretary did tell us. We found that for the last five years or more feed and flour had been purchased almost exclusively from one milling company and that during that time something over one hundred thousand dollars worth of business had been done with them. This firm allows a rebate of two per cent. for cash. On the basis of last year when some 22 cars, worth approximately $30,000 were purchased, if we had paid cash for these in the same manner as the farmers pay cash to the Institute we would have saved about $600. No advantage was taken by the Secretary of this cash rebate, although there are some $600 in cash lying to the credit of the Institute, and I am advised that all the money we may reasonably require for legitimate trading operations will be advanced by the bank at a reasonable rate of interest. Unless we make use of our resources this Institute is never going to amount to anything. As an example last year we purchased nearly one thousand dollars' worth of powder. A few months ago powder went up in price from $8.25 to a price which places it beyond economical use by the farmer. $500.00 invested in powder before the rise in price would have meant a saving of something like $370, and this much of our accumulated savings would have been turned over in a few months time to a very substantial benefit. Another point which has caused great inconvenience to many members was the taking of the telephone out of the warehouse. The cost in proportion to the membership is small and now that the membership fee has been doubled surely it can be again installed.

President Jolliffe in his address the other night asked for loyalty by the members to the Institute. There is no reason on earth why we should not have loyalty and co-operation. Let us have utilisation of our resources, control by the majority of the members through their Board of Directors, with just consideration of the greivances of the minority. Neither the general meeting of the other night nor the poetical efforts of "One of the Crowd" will do anything to better matters, except it be to show the management that there exists a real and determined opposition to the manner in which the business has been conducted during the last year or more.

VICTOR CARR.

Needlework Prizes

At a meeting the latter part of the year the Women's Institute compiled a portion of the list of articles on which awards will be made in the ladies' work section of the 1918 fair, the idea being to give the members opportunity to work at any or all of these during the winter months when there is a certain amount of spare time in the evenings. For adults eight different articles have been specified, as follows:

Half-dozen buttonholes, made on double white cotton.
Handmade and hand-trimmed nightdress of white cotton.
Handmade gents nightshirt of white cotton.
Ladies' blouse, machine made.
One yard of knitted lace.
Best pieced and quilted quilt, made on cotton.
Best hooked mat, 2x3 feet.
Best braided mat 2 x 3 feet.

For the juveniles three of the articles are specified. They are: Crochet handbag, handmade camisole, and six buttonholes worked on double cotton.

Pass Resolutions

At a meeting of the executive of the Creston Valley Unionist Association on January 12th, the following resolutions were passed and copies of the same forwarded Premier Borden and R. F. Green, M.P.:

1. That we convey to the Premier, Sir Robert Borden, and the Unionist Government our congratulations on the overwhelming expression of the approval of the people of Canada of the policy set before the country and pledged by the government to carry out, and pledge to the government our support in the carrying out of that policy.

2. That we express our appreciation of recent legislation: Prohibition Taxation of Profits and Merchant Marine.

3. That we view with alarm the decision of the Railway Commission to grant the proposed increase in freight and passenger rates, and regard this as contrary to the announced spirit and purpose of the Union Government; register our strongest opposition to any such increase, suggesting immediate and full Government control of all railways and transportation systems in the country.

Opinions Differ

Now tastes will differ all around;
opinions all will vary;
But people soon will all wake up and
all will be more wary.
Some men like poetry with neither
rhyme nor reason,
And other men like politics that
border onto treason.
And others like to use big words—the
bigger ones the better—
While others like to make a show and
live up to the letter.
Now some there are who like the cold,
while others like warm weather;
And others' self-conceit, if tanned,
would surely make good leather.
But self-conceit will take a fall, a
thing you all will notice;
A thing you all will soon find out
when you find how the vote is.
You'll find sometimes some crooked
work—I mean a lot of plugging—
And that is just what some men like
(they surely like blundering, too).
Now some there are who'd like the
cud the goat is fondly munching;
And folks there are who would not
think that it was was fit for luncheon.
And so it is through all the list; the
roosters do the crowing;
They spread themselves and make a
noise, for they are fond of blowing
While others plod along and sing;
like hens they do the paying.
And those who put on all the steam
they only do the braying.

—ANOTHER OF THE CROWD.

Red Cross Ships 5 Bales Supplies

Creston Valley Red Cross Society opened the new year auspiciously with a shipment of five packing boxes of goods which went to the Canadian headquarters at Toronto. Among other things these contained 21 trench cars, 118 stretcher caps, 60 pairs socks, 49 suits pyjamas, 15 wash cloths, 16 handkerchiefs, 5 pipes, 1 scarf, 2 tooth brushes, and a considerable quantity of old linen.

The work secretary submits the following statement of finished work turned in between the last of October and up to and including January 5th: Socks—Mrs. Crosthwaite, 1 pair; Mrs. Cotterill 2, Miss Candy 2, Mrs. Cook 2, Mrs. Cherrington 1, Misses Rose and Lillian Cherrington 1 pair each, Canyon City Auxiliary 1, Mrs. Fraelick 5, Mrs. C. Hall 8, Mrs. Lees 1, Mrs. H. Hamilton 5, Mrs. J. W. Hamilton 2, Mrs. Goodwin 1, Mrs. McMurtrie 5, Miss K. Moore 1, Mrs. Mallandaine 2, Mrs. G. Nichols 2, Mrs. D. Scott 1, Miss E. Smith 2, Mrs. Thurston 4.

Pyjamas—Mrs. Botterill, 4 suits; Mrs. R. S. Smith 1, Miss Candy 5, Mrs. G. Cartwright 1, Mrs. J. Compton 2, Mrs. Cherrington 1, Canyon City Auxiliary 13, Mrs. Hayes 2, Mrs. Fraelick 2, Mrs. C. Hall 3, Mrs. Hilton 1, Mrs. Mallandaine 2, Mrs. Thurston 1, Mrs. Browell 1.

Caps and Bags—Mrs. Compton, 3 caps. Mrs. Downs, 2 caps and scarf. Miss Dodds, 11 caps. Miss Eunice Moore, 12 personal property bags. Mrs. R. Piper, 3 caps. 9 caps and 1 stretcher cap. Mrs. Watson, 5 trench caps. Mrs. M. Young, 4 trench caps. Mrs. R. S. Smith, 1 trench cap. Misses K. and E. Moore, 19 personal property bags.

The following ladies gave material for same: Mesdames Goodwin, C. Hall, Ryckman, Hilton, S. A. Speers, Thurston, Maxwell, G. Young, G. Johnson, Crosthwaite, Ash, Piper, M. Young, Ebbutt and Miss A. Ebbutt.

The following donations are acknowledged with thanks: Mrs. W. K. Brown, $1, Mrs. C. Hall, 4 personal property bags. Mrs. F. H. Jackson, 2 pairs socks. Mrs. McMurtrie, 3 pairs socks. Mrs. S. A. Speers, 2 pairs socks and old linen. Mrs. R. S. Smith, 4 packages cigarettes, Oxo cubes. Mrs. Thurston, 1 pair socks and old linen. Mrs. Geo. Johnson, old linen.

Wynndel

Monrad Wigen is a visitor to Cranbrook and other points east this week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Pease of Alice Siding were visiting Wynndel friends on Sunday.

Miss Aslang Andestad left on Tuesday for Cranbrook, where she will spend the next couple of months.

School re-opened on Wednesday with Miss Ruby Palmer as teacher, who will be in charge until the board of trustees can secure a permanent teacher.

Mrs. and Miss Alice Carr of Alice Siding were Wynndel visitors on Wednesday.

O. J. Wigen left on Monday for Halcyon, B.C., where he will spend a couple of weeks at the hot springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and children, who have been visiting the latter's brother, Paul Hagen, left on Thursday for their home in Alberta.

If you want to have a good time, don't forget the dance in the dance hall on the 23th.

A most enjoyable time was spent at the home of Miss Anna Hagen on Wednesday evening when she was hostess at a party given in honor of her aunt, Mrs. Anderson. The first part of the evening was devoted to whist, at which Miss Olga Wigen and Charley Hindley were the lucky ones, while Walter Johnson captured the booby prize. After refreshments were served, the guests indulged in [illegible] Miss Mada Rothie winning the prize in the flower guessing contest.

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(Continued.)

As a rule a very sound sleeper, George Ellington had of late developed a tendency to a mild form of insomnia. It was beginning to worry him. He had contracted a habit of dropping off to sleep as soon as his head touched the pillow and of waking quite suddenly at two o'clock in the morning. He had already consulted his doctor about it, and under his advice was practising some simple remedies which so far had given him no assistance. On this night he went to sleep as usual; as had become almost usual, he woke with a sudden start and looking at his watch found that it was just two o'clock—also as usual. He knew then that he was in for a good hour's wakefulness, and he turned to the table at the side of his bed for a book which he was reading in these unpleasant night watches—a good, heavy book that inclined to soporific inducements. Then he remembered that wanting to verify a quotation in it, he had carried it down to his study the previous morning, and he slipped on a dressing gown and went to fetch it.

The passages and staircases of Hartsdale House were thickly carpeted, and George, in his slippered feet, made no sound in traversing them. Knowing his way quite accurately, he took no light with him. Half way down the staircase which led into the hall he suddenly became aware of a mere speck of light which shone in the darkness at the foot. He knew at once what it was: there was a light in his study, and this was a gleam, a mere speck of it, shining through the narrow aperture of the keyhole.

George Ellington was one of those men who become coolly unconcerned in the presence of sudden surprise. One hand on the rail of the staircase he pulled himself up and stood for a second or two staring at the minute speck of light. Suddenly it went out; everything before him was blackness. He moved forward then, moved rapidly and decisively. There was somebody in that room: burglars, most probably. He had no fear of them nor of anything; he had no thought of summoning help, of arousing Jarvis in his butler's pantry. He possessed a revolver, and it amused him to think that at that moment it was lying in one of the drawers of his desk in that very room—unloaded, of course. But even if it had been resting, loaded and serviceable, in a pocket of his dressing gown, he knew very well that he would not have drawn it out. And as he moved to the door of the study he realized that his chief feeling at that moment was one of sheer curiosity. He was wondering how, whoever it was that was in that room, had got there and what his or her object was.

He opened the door of the study with a sudden noiseless movement, and in the same moment pressed the switch which turned on the electric light. And there, standing immediately before him, so close to him that by putting out a hand he could have touched her, he saw Hilda Tressingham. For a brief second these two looked at each other, silently. The [illegible] looked into the other's eyes. The man saw surprise, anger, perhaps a little defiance in the woman's; the woman saw sheer astonishment and questioning in the man's. But her eyes shifted first glance first; she looked down and away, and unconsciously she moved back. And George Ellington, still watching her, slipped his hand behind him, and turning a key in the door, drew it out and dropped it into his pocket.

"Mrs. Tressingham!" he [illegible] softly. "Mrs. Tressingham!"

Hilda suddenly turned round on him. She had shrunk back, abashed; now she eyed him, resolute.

"Open that door!" she demanded. "I want to go out!"

Ellington [illegible]

[illegible] wait! Hadn't you better sit [illegible]

He pointed [illegible]

same time moved swiftly to his desk. The despatch box was lying exactly where he had laid it. He lifted it up, examining its exterior. From a drawer within a drawer of his desk he produced a key, and opening the despatch box glanced within it. The scrutiny seemed to satisfy him; he sighed deeply, and relocking the box, sat down, keeping the key in his hand. Hilda, too, had dropped into a chair; for a long moment they stared at each other.

"I must ask you a plain question," said Ellington at last. "What are you doing in my house—now?"

Hilda affected a sneer.

"Your house? My brother's house," she retorted.

"That won't do," said Ellington. "My house while I pay your brother the rent, I think. I repeat my question."

"And suppose I don't choose to answer it?" she said defiantly.

"In that case you'll place me in an unfortunate position," remarked Ellington. "But it is one which I shall accept. I don't want to do it, but I shan't hesitate to call in the police if I do not get a proper answer to my question. You are not here for any good purpose, Mrs. Tressingham."

"You don't know what my purpose is—or was," she said.

"Explain it, then," he replied. "I am waiting."

Hilda hesitated a moment. Then she pointed to a cupboard which was set in a recess in the wall.

"You're aware that certain things—boxes of papers—belonging to Hartsdale were left in that cupboard there," she said. "You know you are because I told you so myself. I wanted something out of one of them—that's all."

"And you break into my house, or get into it, somehow, at two o'clock in the night?—for that?" he said, watching her. "A thin story, Mrs. Tressingham."

"What's the good of telling you the truth?" she said sullenly. "You see, you don't believe it."

"Have you got what you wanted?" he asked.

"You interrupted me," she answered.

"I think you were on the point of leaving the room," he observed. "You had a light a few minutes ago; you turned it out. I suppose it came from that electric torch which you have in your left hand. But—another question. How did you get into the house?"

"By a latchkey which opens the side door," answered Hilda, with promptitude, and secretly congratulating herself that she was ready for certain contingencies. "Here it is."

Ellington looked at the key and at Hilda with a glance that was disbelieving. He shook his head.

"Plausible," he said. "Very plausible, Mrs. Tressingham. I'm sorry to say it, but I'm afraid I don't believe in you."

Hilda smiled contemptuously. She was regaining her full confidence and assurance; she would beat George Ellington in this small game yet. Besides, von Roon had had his way with the secret document.

"No," she said. "Really!"

"No," said Ellington. "I'm sorry to say I don't. You are playing some deep game. I don't know what it is, but I'm sure you're playing it. I believe you've been playing it ever since you came to Crashaw, in Ashminster, and offered to help in my election. Let me be straightforward, Mrs. Tressingham. My wife gave me her confidence yesterday. She told me all about your taking her to the Amaranth Club. She told me what happened afterwards."

Hilda sneered.

"Your wife is a fool!" she said contemptuously.

"My wife," replied Ellington, "is my wife. Fool or not, she was wise enough to tell me of this matter. And as she has done so, I shall invite the attention of the police to your friends, Mr. von Roon and Mr. Barthelemy."

Hilda felt a sudden pang of apprehension.

"Police!" she exclaimed involuntarily. "Police!"

"I said the police," answered Ellington. "That would have been done today, if it hadn't been that I had been particularly engaged."

(To Be Continued.)

When to Be Used

School Janitor—I found the "Not to be used except in case of fire placard those boys stole out of the corridor, sir.

Head Master—Where?

School Janitor—They had nailed it over the coal bunker, sir.—Tit-Bits.

"Why is the editor raving against three-cent postage?"

"He's afraid it'll cause some of the poets to bring in their offerings in person."—Buffalo Express.

The British Have Won

Far be it from us to belittle our enemy; there is no sense in denying the skill and valor with which the Germans have fought. Some of them may have yielded themselves easily to capture, but others have put up as sturdy a fight as ever they have done throughout the long campaign. And it is just this which makes our British credit all the greater—that we have not been forced to yield an inch of ground. On the contrary, wherever there has been a sheer trial of strength between the opposing forces, it is the British who have won.—London Daily Telegraph.

"The man who gives in when he is wrong," said the street orator, "is a wise man, but he who gives in when he is right, is——"

"Married!" said a meek man in the crowd.—Milestones.

ASSAM Teas for Economy

Assam teas are the strongest and richest grown. It is of these teas that Red Rose Tea chiefly consists. That is why it yields the very large number of 250 cups to the pound—at the cost of about a cent for five cups, and every cup rich, strong, delicious tea.

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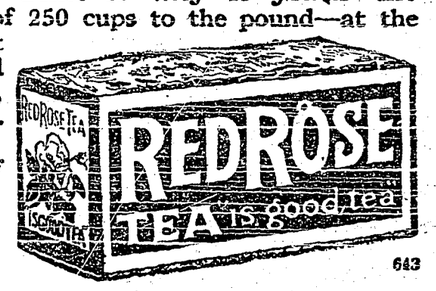

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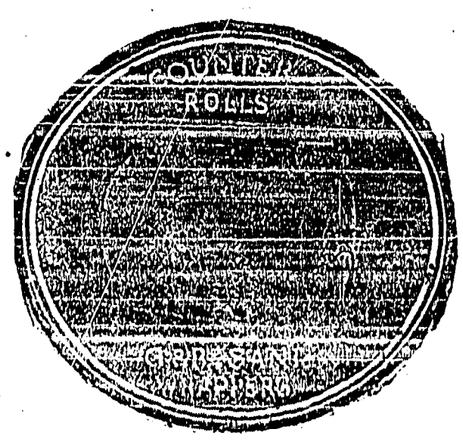

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NOW IS THE TIME

to send some Zam-Buk to your soldier friend at the front. With the coming of cold weather, the men in the trenches all suffer, more or less, with chapped hands, cold cracks, chilblains and cold sores, and the soldier who has some Zam-Buk on hand to apply immediately any of these painful ailments make their appearance, will be saved hours of suffering.

Pte. E. Westfield of "C" Company, 3rd Worcester Regiment, writes: "We wish our friends would send us out more Zam-Buk. It is splendid for sore hands, cold cracks, cold sores, etc.

Nothing ends pain and heals so quickly as Zam-Buk, and being germicidal, it prevents blood-poisoning.

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TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, your and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from us, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

Finding Enemy U-Boats

Locating Device Improved After 40,000 Suggestions

Important progress has been made in the problem of locating submarines, after which their destruction is a comparatively simple matter, Secretary Daniels said, in a statement at Washington, discussing the 40,000 separate suggestions, plans or models of devices submitted to the naval consulting board since the United States entered the war against Germany.

"The idea that the submarine will be overcome by a miraculous invention is not now seriously considered," the secretary said. "The more intimate knowledge the civilian obtains on this subject, the more convinced he is that the submarine can be caught by persistent hunting down by the weapon of which he is most afraid. This is the armed service boat, equipped with all the latest scientific devices and typified in the modern torpedo boat destroyers. Foreign naval authorities have frankly stated their admiration of the degree of perfection of American designs."

Six Minute Pudding

Here's a new one—a most delicious desert that can be made in a hurry.

To one and one-half cups of milk add one cup of

Grape-Nuts

and one level tablespoonful of sugar boil six minutes, cool and serve with milk or cream. Add raisins if desired.

Get a package of Grape-Nuts from your grocer and try this pleasing recipe.

Chances of War

"Twenty-nine Chances to One Your Boy Returns

Well-informed military men say that if your boy goes to the front:

He has twenty-nine chances of coming home to one chance of being killed.

He has ninety-eight chances of recovering from a wound to two chances of dying.

He has only one chance in 500 of losing a limb.

He will live five years longer because of physical training.

He is freer from disease in the army than in civil life.

He has better medical care at the front than at home.

In other wars from ten to fifteen men died from disease to one from bullets.

In this war one man dies from disease to every ten from bullets.

This war is less wasteful of life than any other in history.

Only 10 per cent. of all Canadians disabled for further service have been physically unable to engage in their former occupations.

If your boy is one of the 10 per cent. the government will re-educate him in another vocation at which he can earn a living.

Recognized as the leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

The Overseas Tongue

Accents of Overseas Soldiers a Source of Mystery to London Scribe

One of my correspondents is puzzled by the accents of our soldiers from overseas. Many of the Australians and New Zealanders, he points out, talk the most flagrant Cockney, though they never had been in Britain before the war; and the name of the Canadians with a well-defined Scottish lilt and burr is legion. In all these cases, he suggests, the accent and idiom are acquired from emigrated parents who take a pride not only in retaining but in emphasizing the dialect of their native lands. Not a few of the Canadian soldiers have even a working knowledge of Scottish Gaelic. But how in each of these cases, do local or racial peculiarities manage to survive when, we know, even a provincial "burr" gradually disappears when its owner brings it to London?—Westminster Gazette.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers—It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Excursions East and West

C.P.R. Eastern Excursions During December Will Be Popular

Daily during December Special Round Trip Excursion Rates will be in effect to practically all points in Eastern Canada. On certain dates during December, January and February low round trip fares to Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster will also be effective. The two trans-continental trains every day both east and west over the Canadian Pacific Railway, (which has become known as "The World's Greatest Highway") are Canada's finest and afford travelling without the annoyance of transfer and with no thought regarding checked baggage until arrival at destination. Those contemplating travelling are advised to make arrangements early. Reports from the officers of the C.P.R. indicate an extra heavy excursion travel this year.

Request full information from any agent of the company who will make arrangements and secure your reservation.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Knitting in Church

The Sunday morning sermon of Rev. L. B. Longacre, Congregational minister, at Denver, Colo., is now accompanied by the merry clicking of a hundred pairs of knitting needles. Women of his congregation, unwilling to leave off their knitting of sleeveless sweaters and other comforts for the Sammies, petitioned the pastor for permission to knit during the service. He not only agreed, but assisted them to recruit members for the Sunday morning knitting class.

GET RID OF Pimples Quickly, Easily and Cheaply by Using Cuticura

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Nothing better for all skin and scalp troubles, as well as for every-day toilet purposes.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book. For samples address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

A Western Admission

The supposed tyranny of "monarchial England" doesn't exist. The fact is the government of England is more responsive to public opinion than our own, because prime minister is not chosen for a fixed term. He holds office only so long as a majority in the house of commons supports him. If the members hear from "the folks back home" they can upset the government any day.—Washington Post.

SERIOUS ILLNESS AVOIDED

Many a serious illness has been avoided by the prompt use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually enrich and purify the blood, and in this way build up the system, tone and strengthen the nerves and invigorate the vital organs.

Serious diseases generally come from some simple disorder that has been neglected. Therefore any thinning of the blood should be looked upon as a warning sign, and more serious illness should be avoided by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the case of young girls and women the blood is peculiarly liable to get out of order—to become thin and watery—and to lead to a general breakdown in health. This can be avoided by the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which are suitable for the most delicate constitution. These pills will give you a new appetite, improve your digestion, tone and strengthen weakened nerves, banish depression and lack of energy, clear the complexion of pimples and blotches, cure pain in the back and general weakness, cause the disappearance of headaches, dizziness and heart fluttering. Give these pills a fair trial and you will soon note a wonderful change in your condition. Your spirits will brighten, good health and strength will return, and you will feel like a new person. You can confirm these statements by enquiring among your friends almost anywhere, as thousands and thousands of hopeless sufferers have been restored to new health and energy by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The various governments will be faced with a calamitous general deficiency of some of the principal foodstuffs, threatening, quite possibly extensive local starvation; with huge deficiencies in such materials as the metallic ores, coal, timber, hides, oil, wool, rubber, potash, etc., and with such a scarcity of merchant shipping and railway wagons and such a dilapidation of all the ways of land transport as seriously to aggravate all the shortages of commodities.—Contemporary Review.

Small Pill
Small Dose
Small Price

FOR CONSTIPATION

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine bears signature

Brent Good

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

Germany Aims to Dominate Industry

What Must Inevitably Result From German Military Success

A point which has been too little dwelt upon in the discussions of the war was brought out strongly by the president—that this is not merely a war for political power, but a struggle between opposing industrial systems and ambitions. It was not alone for the purpose of dominating the politics of the world that Germany dealt this blow; it was even more for the purpose of dominating and controlling the industry of the world—of making the industry of all other nations subject to that of Germany, dependent on conditions prevailing in Germany, of compelling all other industry to pay tribute to Germany. This was the great economic purpose to be achieved by political world-domination. It was the German idea of an economic place in the sun. It was the stake by the winning of which the war might be made economically worth (to Germany) even its enormous cost. It is what must inevitably result from German military success.—From the Buffalo Express.

Monsieurs

For 15 days in the month of January I was suffering with pain of rheumatism in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies but nothing did me any good. One person told me about MINARD'S LINIMENT; as soon as I tried it the Saturday night, the next morning I was feeling very good; I tell you this remedy is very good; I could give you a good certificate any time that you would like to have one. If any time I come to hear about any person sick of rheumatism, I could tell them about this remedy.

Truly yours,
ERNEST LEVEILLE.

216 Rue Ontario East, Montreal.
Feb. 14, 1908.

Meant Well

"What do you know of the character of this man?" was asked of a witness at a police court the other day.

"What do I know of his character? I know it to be unbleachable, your honor," he replied with much emphasis.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Heck—Yes, I have met your wife, In fact, I knew her before you married her.

Peck—Ah, that's where you had the advantage of me—I didn't.—Boston Transcript.

'Tis a Marvellous Thing.—When the cures effected by Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil are considered, the speedy and permanent relief it has brought to the suffering wherever it has been used, it must be regarded as a marvellous thing that so potent a medicine should result from the six ingredients which enter into its composition. A trial will convince the most skeptical of its healing virtues.

"I never read what the newspapers say about me," remarked the pompous statesman.

"Well that helps to account for it."

"To account for what?"

"The things the newspapers have lately been saying about you."—Washington Star.

In all infantile complaints that are the result of the depredations of worms in the stomach and intestines Miller's Worm Powders will be found an effective remedy. They attack the cause of these troubles, and by expelling the worms from the organs insure an orderly working of the system, without which the child cannot maintain its strength or thrive. These powders mean health and improvement.

"I've been advised to read something deep. What can you recommend?"

"Well, there's 'Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea."—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

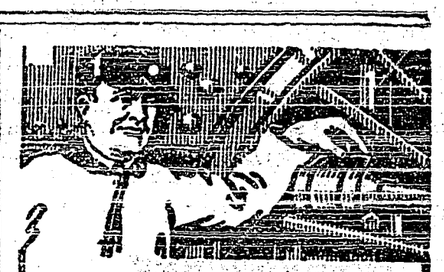
Cannot Forgive or Forget

To forgive and forget the horrors that have accompanied German colonizing methods would be as fatuous as forgiving the depredations of a tiger or forgetting what are his predatory propensities. If any colonizing race of mankind, since the cruel days of Assurbanipal deportations, has shown itself unworthy of being trusted with the control of native races it is German.—Nineteenth Century.

Crimes as Blunders

A German paper refers to Count von Luxburg's conduct in Argentina as "a blunder." The attitude is typical.

Crimes committed by German agents are blunders if discovered; otherwise, they are good deeds done for the glory of the fatherland.—Montreal Star.



Railroad Men

These men know from experience that Sloan's Liniment will take the stiffness out of joints and the soreness out of muscles—And it's so convenient! No rubbing required. It quickly penetrates and brings relief. Easy to apply and cleaner than mussy plasters or ointments.

Always have a bottle in the house for rheumatic aches, lame back, sprains and strains.

Generous sized bottles at all druggists, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

SAVE THE CALVES

Mightiest swing ever aimed at Abortion, Sterility, and Premature Calving, one or one hundred cattle treated in 5 minutes. Use one half of any product, if not satisfied return the balance and get your money. "Calf Savir" sells 25 pounds $4.00. Send for printed matter.

McQUEEN'S PRODUCTS

Plant and Head Office, Edmonton, Alberta. P. O. Box, 321

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1. No2. No3. THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA CO. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK OR EVANS & SONS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMof THERAPION EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE. SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND

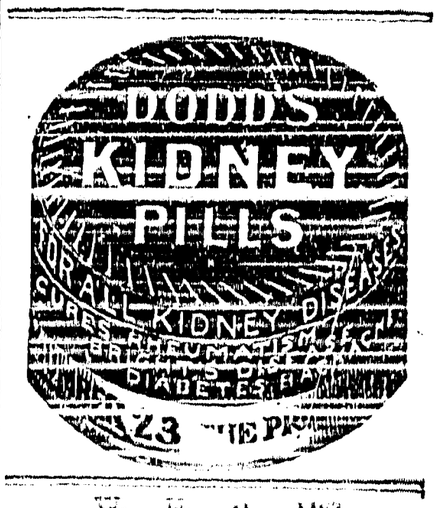
A safe, reliable regulator and monthly medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, No. 2, No. 3—No. 1 is the strength of previous years; No. 2, $3 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor, Ont.)

MONEY ORDERS

A Dominion Express Money Order for five dollars costs three cents.

Mustn't Even Howl

The Norwegian newspapers are warned by a leading German statesman that if they don't quit protesting against the murder of Norwegian seamen by German cruisers on the high seas, something sudden and unpleasant will happen to Norway. Unhappy Norway! She is not to be allowed even privilege of howling when she is hurt.—Washington Herald.



THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, JAN. 18

Disappointed

THE REVIEW has it from an authoritative source that the Kootenay River ferry will not be moved during 1918. No reason is given for standing pat on the project except that the department believes that the amount of money it would take to effect the removal can be spent to much better advantage at other points in the Kaslo riding.

The announcement will come as a disappointment—disappointing, too, to several others than those residing beyond the Kootenay. The news is likewise aggrevating, in that no statement as to the possible cost of the change is given or implied, while more than a few local residents directly interested appear willing to do the moving job at a very moderate charge—a total outlay that existing conditions warrant; conditions that the future will still further aggrevate rather than the more favorably affect.

However, there is at least one consolation in the matter: Apparently the department has not yet been convinced that the new ferry location is an impossible one as has been somewhat freely stated.

Whatever real or imaginary defects there may be to the new ferry site the past month has abundantly demonstrated that the present location is not satisfactory, and for other reasons than the couple of miles unnecessarily travelled on a round trip. Parties hauling hay have been hung up both going and coming back (on some trips being forced to make a night of it across the river and nobody running a stopping place) on account of the floating ice blocking the channel where the ferry now is

This very inconvenient state of affairs does not obtain at the suggested new, and shorter, location. Hay hauling promises to increase each season. The more traffic the more complaints—and a provincial election about three years off. Its a long, long way to Tippeary, but while there's life there's hope.

After Information

While in what looked like overanxiety to get to the election of officers at the Farmers' Institute annual meeting this month, the prevailing tendency seemed to be to take the retiring president's address as read and let it go at that, the suggestion that the trading department be reorganized into a limited liability co-operative trading company has evoked some little discussion, favorable and otherwise. Here is how one very reliable Institute member puts the situation up to THE REVIEW:

"At the annual meeting of the Farmers' Institute the president and directors recommended enlarging the business by starting a share capital co-operative concern of some kind.

"I would like to know where we are at. Suppose a man or a group of men do not put up any capital, and another group of men do put their money in, will all the selling be done through the enlarged concern, or will the Institute still continue to sell flour, feed, sugar, coal oil, etc? Will those who do not put in capital be barred from buying from the Institute, or will the business be done under two measurements so all can buy?

"If the Institute does enlarge will it still do business on a 3 per cent. margin, or will a higher commission be charged or charged only on commodities handled through the co-operative branch of the business?

"More than a few members would like some light on these phases of the question. It strikes me it will require some diplomacy as well as capital to ensure smooth sailing under the new order of things."

Those favoring re-organizing doubtless have some good and sufficient reasons possibly for the change, but at that our correspondent's suggestion that diplomacy as well as capital will be required is most timely.

With an annual trade of over $40,000 and serving a membership of 330 spread over a considerable territory re-organizing effort is fraught with at least some danger—one of which, in this instance, would be the formation of an Institute at Erickson for the convenience of residents there, as well as Canyon City.

To-night's Institute meeting should be interesting—both for what it may do, or may not do on account of small turnout or lack of interest, though THE REVIEW is inclined to agree with our correspondent's implied "Leave well enough alone"—in these abnormal times, at any rate.

Time for a Change

A minor detail, possibly, but withal one that merits some consideration by this year's Farmers' Institute directorate, is the evolving of a scheme to save the time wasted in receiving membership dues on annual meeting night, as well as the half-hour or more squandered more especially on the count of the ballots for directors.

Friday night's session was hung up while the secretary and a helper issued receipts to over 120 members. Not only as a time saver, but for valid precautionary reasons, this should be ended. No harm would be done either individuals or the Institute were regulations made that only those paying these fees before the new year would be allowed to have a say in the succeeding year's officers choice or be elegible for election. All really interested in the good conduct of the Institute could be relied on to pay in advance. The other sort really don't matter.

And so far as calling aloud the names on each ballot paper goes surely scrutineers can be relied upon to do that work as reliably and less ostentatiously, and while making the count—for directors anyway—some other equally important business could be got on with.

These annual meetings attract the banner crowd of the year, and if possible such meeting should finally dispose of much of the business coming before it, or select the committees or designate the process for getting through with it. For the past two years all the reports have had to stand over for later adoption, and doubtless many recommendations for the good and welfare of the organization were born to blush unseen and waste their sweetness on their orginators and a few near-town members.

While it is regrettable that the bulk of the members can only get up enthusiasm enough to attend one meeting each year, it being essential that the slate of annual meeting business be cleaned at this one and same session, time-saving methods will have to be introduced, and two likely chances to effect such saving are at the spots we have commented. The annual meeting of a concern with a couple on hundred shareholders and a turnover of $42,000 is a strictly business proposition with no time for vaudevillle performances betwen acts.

Wise and Otherwise

The attention of the ladies is called to the list of fancy work articles on which prizes will be offered at the 1918 fall fair, which appears elsewhere in this issue. For the next ten weeks, at any rate, most Women's Institute members will have a little spare time and if they proceed to get busy on any or all of these articles this year's fair will have a ladies' work exhibit that for quantity and quality will at least equal the cookery, which was the outstanding featurd of the 1917 exhibition.

In at least one respect Creston has the best of it on many interior points; we are favored with a daily train service—seven days a week, too. In the Okanagan all the centres north of Penticton have a tri-weekly service. An effort is made to give a daily mail by utilizing the main line and the Kettle Valley alternately, but the invariably late arrival of the latter at Penticton from the west just now furnishes a service that fulfills to a nicety the scriphural saying that "the first shall be last and the last shall be first."

The latest phase of the familiar production and thrift proaganda is that every man keep his own pig—not of the "blind" variety, however. The advice is timely for those who have a penchant for livestock and who have some skim milk, garbage and other waste materials, but for the fellow who has to buy all the necessary pig feed at prevailing prices, and is not an enthusiastic stockman, he better confine his attention to poultry. They are less troublesome and can lose a person money plenty fast enough these days.

The saying "Every day'll be Sunday bye and bye" is sadly out of tune so far as Creston is concerned. Here greater satisfaction would be felt were there at least two Fridays in each week, to accomodate an almost superabundance of card parties, entertainments of various sorts, and more than an occasional dance. If the rush continues it will be up to all interested to select a registrar of dates to prevent overlapping and see to it that other than patriotic functions—disguised and otherwise—have some sort of a look in. Since the first of the year, with some of the young folks, its been a clear case of "If business interferes with pleasure cut out business."

The next few weeks will not be exactly uninteresting politically in British Columbia. Some time this month we are to have four bye-elections, and at present signs are not lacking that in at least one of these the Unionist vote may be a deciding factor. This is in Vancouver where Attorney General Farris lent the Laurierites a hand, and where the Liberal-Unionists may return the compliment by withholding support from any candidate who has the earmarks of being of the Farris school of present-day Liberalism. Besides all this the rumor persists that Premier Brewster is to retire to enter the government at Ottawa as minister of marine and fisheries. Should he quit the provincial arena a right royal fight will ensue in the selection of a new premier.

At Kaslo the electric light plant has been reduced from three to two shifts.

Accidentally falling into a huge tank containing a solution of one-half of one per cent. sulphuric acid 16-year-old Giovanni Catalanc was drowned at Trail last week.

F. G. Calvert, principal of Nelson's public schools, has been named public school inspector for the Nelson district, succeeding A. C. Doye who is transferred to Cranbrook.

Help Win the War

The Food Controller and the food authorities every day are demanding greater production in livestock, dairy products, poultry, eggs, etc.

Not only does your country call for these in ever-increasing quantities, but the prices are excellent—and we can't have too many of them.

Nothing like good health to ensure results, and nothing keeps your stock and poultry in trim like a tonic at regular intervals. In this line we suggest:

Pratt's Animal Regulator, 30 and 60c. pkgs.
Pratt's Poultry Regulator, 60c. pkg.
Flaxseed, 5c. lb. Oyster Shell, 5c. lb.

PURITAN LIME, to keep the premises clean and sanitary in 1 and 5-lb. pkgs.

PERFECTION OIL HEATERS—We have just a very few left, and we have them marked at a very special price.

S. A. SPEERS

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Coal and Wood For Sale.

H. S. McCREATH

Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. Creston

Increased Production

is urged by the Government—it has done ITS part, we are doing OURS—will you do YOURS?

OUR part is to grow the very best trees possible, to see they are true-to name, to care for them in every while they are in our nursery, and to deliver to you, upright, clean healthy, well-calipered trees with magnificent root system, well packed, all charges paid, at your nearest station or dock. We sincerely think that this is OUR part.

YOUR part is to get your order ready without delay so that you can plant next Spring and to ORDER EARLY. Early orders are better for us AND BETTER FOR YOU. It is humanly impossible to give the same attention and care to late orders as those placed six or twelve months in advance.

Will you write us today for any information, and giving us an idea of your requirements? Our services and advice are cheerfully yours. Our large general and Fruit Catalogue, our Rose Catalogue, our Price List are yours for the asking—they contain valuable planting and general information. Do not delay—write to-day, or see our local representative Andrew Miller.

British Columbia Nurseries Company, Limited
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ROBT. LAMONT
NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL
CRESTON - - B.C.

Lecture on Our War Problems

There was a fair turnout on Friday evening last to hear Rev. Hugh Dobson's talk on "Reconstruction During and After the War." Rev. M. W. Lees presided at the meeting, and very briefly introduced the speaker. The address was intensely interesting throughout. Among other things, Mr. Dobson observed:

Under conditions of stress and strain humanity has found its greatest method of defence in solidarity, and the most remarkable change that is coming over Canada in these war days is the unifying process. There is coming, too, the recognition that the human resources of our country are supreme. Leaders of British thought recently prepared a symposium on what Britain had learned during the war. There was consensus of opinion that the greatest lesson she had learned was the supremacy of her human resources and that "humanity," not "trade," must furnish the dominating motive for future development.

The chairman of the Board of Trade, London, England, stated that had Britain provided adequate health activities from 1872 to 1890 she today would have 1,000,000 more males of military age. Over one million men who voluntarily enlisted during the first year of the war were turned back as "unfit."

The President of France, speaking to the Chamber of Deputies on the Conservation of Life, said that at the present moment this was France's supreme issue and that the war was made was made possible for Germany by her surplus of human population and that it would not have occurred if France had had similar surplus.

We are only now awakening in Canada to a sense of our neglect of our human resources. We have plenty of material resources, we have mines, timber, fertile prairies, vast pasture lands, abundance of fish; there is no lack in the material. Our great need n Canada is pleaty of people and of the right quality. Unfortunately we have not recognised this and what with the neglect of supervision of sanitary conditions in city and country, lack of health inspection, failure to secure clean foods such as pure milk, and failure to prevent slums in our cities, we lose annually 30,000 Canadian children under 5 years of age who die from preventible causes. While the City of London, Eng., has reduced its infant mortality rate to 87 per 1000 births, and New York to 91 per 1000, the state of New Zealand to 51 and Dunedin, New Zealand's largest city, to 38, the infant mortality rate of Canada, with no need for slums or poverty, and therefore the advantages on our side, is 140, and our capital city, of Ottawa 188 Three or four cities have an infant mortality rate of above 200. There are large rural areas of Canada with infant mortality rates higher than either London or New York with all their slums.

The speaker made a plea for health inspection and follow-up work, and health education from all our schools, urban and rural; baby clinics should be established in our cities and at least occasional clinics in all our towns where children under school age would be examined by doctors and nurses and parents advised on how to remedy discoverable defects.

Provision should be made for industrial school colony for the care of mental defectives in every province in Canada; there are 15,000 feeble minded in our country. There should be supervision of community play, and play should be recognised as a factor in education. No child or youth under 18 years of age should be sent to a prison, but an effort should be made to care for them on probation or by some mode of reclamation. Indeed our whole penal system should be adjusted and the principle of making the delinquent safe for the community by his reclamation should be the dominant motive.

In the case of illegitimate children and neglected or orphaned children every effort should be made to put them in a good home; we don't want orphanages in Canada. Only three types of children should go to institutions: mentally defective, those having infectious diseases and morally delinquent, and these as quickly as possible should be put into good homes.

Provision ought to be made immediately by the Canadian government for the prevention of tuberculosis, and for dealing with venereal diseases. Syphilis and gonnorhea are spreading rapidly in Canada, and these diseases are among the worst known to man Great Britain, Australia, U.S.A., France, have all taken action in regard to these diseases. There should be registration of these diseases, free diagnosis and free treatment and all quackery punished. The tragedy of life is that literally in thousands of cases in Canada innocent women are maimed for life through unnecessary operations, and little children are blinded or become imbecile or die because of the guilt of husbands and fathers. A single standard of morality must be insisted upon.

In our economic relations an enlarged social control is absolutely essential for Canadian welfare. Our railroads should immediately be, as in England and the United States, put under the complete control of the government with fixed, limited dividends, and that as a war measure, and then as quickly as possible these railroads should be owned by the people. Our coal mines should be owned by the people of Canada and not by means of exploitation of human life for the sake of a few millionaires. The large areas of land in Canada held for speculation should be taxed so that if possible they would either become productive or revert to the people. Profiteering is a crime at any time, it is a heinous crime now and it is a reflection upon the people as a whole that they have tolerated it as long as they have.

We must struggle with intensity and with unselfish spirit to secure the supremacy of the Allied democracies of the world, and with equal earnestness must we struggle for better homes, better schools, better social life, cleaner politics in order that democracy may be safe.

Nelson Assessment District

Notice is hereby given that all taxes for the year 1918 for properties situate in the Nelson Assessment District are now due and payable at my office in the Court House, City of Nelson, B.C.

And, moreover, take notice that the publication of this notice is deemed to be equivalent to a personal demand by the Collector of all taxes due and payable by persons liable to pay the same.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 2nd day of January, 1918.

S. S. JARVIS,
Collector Nelson Assessment District.

Nelson Assessment District

NOTICE is hereby given that the Court of Revision and Appeal, under the Taxation Act and Public Schools Act, for the Nelson Assessment District, respecting the Assessment Rolls for 1918, will be held at the Court House, Nelson, B.C., on Tuesday, the 29th day of January, 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 12th day of January, 1918.

C. R. HAMILTON,
Judge of the Court of Revision and Appeal.

Victoria, B.C.
December 31, 1917

REV. M. W. LEES,
President Creston Valley Unionist Association,
Creston, B.C.

Dear Mr. Lees—

I wish you would be good enough to convey to the members of the Unionist Association my appreciation of the great work which they did in connection with the late election.

And, may I say, I never knew so many women to take so keen an interest in an election before, or to do as effective work, and I could not let the opportunity go by to convey them my appreciation of their efforts.

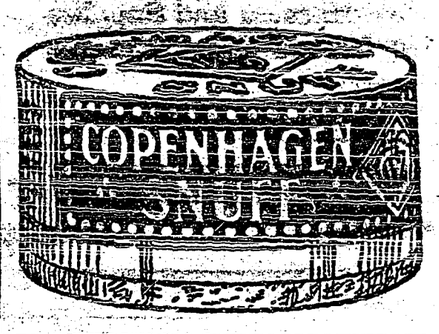
Yours faithfully,
R. F. GREEN.

We wish to thank our customers for their support for the past six years, and ask for a continuance of this generous patronage for our successors.

FRANK H. JACKSON

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

FOR SALE

16-Inch Slabwood

at

75c. a Rick

at Canyon City Lumbar Co. Sawmill at Canyon City.

Canyon City Lumber Company
LIMITED

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS

Security, convenience and courtesy are assured to all who deposit their savings with this Bank.

If it is not convenient for you to visit the Bank personally, you may open your account entirely by mail.

C. G. HANINGTON, Manager Creston Branch

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Trail had 15 births, no deaths and one marriage in December.

In 1917 about 347,530 tons of ore were shipped to the smelter at Trail.

For the last six months of 1917 Sandon Red Cross workers raised $624.

Building permits at Penticton for 1917 totalled $37.000. There were 42 of them.

Rossland has less telephones operating now than in January, 1917—22 less to be exact.

Cranbrook had to put up for 1735 meals served to prisoners in the town lockup last year.

$1763 was collected in police court fines at Cranbrook for 1917. Dog taxes amounted to $238.

In Kelowna district tomato raisers received the record price of $19 per ton from the cannery in 1917.

J. A. McDonald announces that he has ordered the machinery and will start a cider factory in Nelson.

250 birds were on exhibit at the poultry show at Cranbrook last week—about half the usual showing.

K. Moller committed suicide in Cranbrook last week by hanging himself with a pair of shoulder braces.

For the first time in its history the municipal water system at Penticton made money last year—about $42.

Close to 1000 men are now back at work at Trail smelter and more are being added to the staff every day as required.

In 1917 there were 169 different mines that shipped to the Consolidated smelter at Trail a total of 347,530 tons of ore.

Trail had a fire loss of almost $25,000 last year. The fire chief is shouting for a fire auto truck and a new fire hall.

At Phoenix for all 1917 the Granby mine employees gave $16,692 to patriotic purposes, as well as $653 to Halifax relief.

Ore shipments to Trail for the month of January will be next to nothing, owing to the large stock of ore on hand.

Trail has eleven milk dealers, all of whom are supplying milk above standard according to the inspector's latest report.

The weather man reports that Cranbrook had a snowfall of 61 inches and 5¾ inches of rain for the twelve months of last year.

There are now 325 telephones in use at Trail—an increase of 40 during the year. Sandon has 13, as compared with 17 at the start of 1917.

The Nelson public market has been over-supplied with beef and pork this month. Fresh eggs still being 75 cents a dozen.

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OF RESERVE

Notice is hereby given that the reserve existing over Lot 10630, Group 1, Kootenay District, is cancelled for the purpose of selling same to Mr. Joe Tebo.

G. R. NADEN,
Deputy Minister of Lands.

Department of Lands,
Victoria, B.C., January 9, 1918.

TIMBER SALE X1212

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 28th day of February, 1918, for the purchase of License X 1212, to cut 2,520,000 feet of Sawlogs, 44,890 Railway Ties, and 4,670 Cedar Poles on an area known as Lots 3877 and 3878, situated near Creston, Kootenay District. Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber. Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Cranbrook, B.C.

Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years renewal for a further term of 12 years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Protecting Your Children

The long, hard school term drains the vitality of growing children and you wonder why they are listless, puny and pale.

Every school child will show marked improvement in health and growth if given

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Its rich, uniform cod liver oil gets into their blood and gives them vim, snap and zest. It creates strength to resist school sicknesses, overcome pinched faces, sallow complexions and dull eyes.

High authorities have established again and again that cod liver oil promotes growth and energizes the body and brain.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 17-15

The Matter of Efficiency

Much Vaunted Efficiency in Germany Will Not Pass Close Examination

Prussianized Germany is the bright and shining light of scientific autocracy; and before the war she was spick and span, clean and orderly, and vastly impressive to those whose investigations stop at the surface. But in Germany before the war the infant death rate was twice as high as that of France, more than 40 per cent. higher than that of England or the registration area of the United States, and a little higher even than that of Italy. The tuberculosis rate in Germany was lower than that of France, but much higher than that of England. The proportion of illegitimate births in Germany was considerably higher than in France, twice as high as in England, four times as high as in Ireland. The number of child suicides was greater in Germany than in any other country, and Gerard has told us recently that 55 per cent. of the families in Berlin lived in single room tenements.—Chicago Journal.

Help for Asthma. Neglect gives asthma a great advantage. The trouble, once it has secured a foothold, fastens its grip on the bronchial passages tenaciously. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is daily curing cases of asthma of long standing. Years of suffering, however, might have been prevented had the remedy been used when the trouble was in its first stages. Do not neglect asthma, but use this preparation at once.

Excursions to Eastern Canada

Popular Winter Excursions Conducted by Canadian Northern Railway

If you are contemplating going East this winter, consult your nearest Canadian Northern Railway agent in reference to service and inducements offered by this popular road. Special fares daily from December 1st to 31st, good to return any time within three months. Liberal stop-over, with excellent service, standard electric lighted trains, observation cars and the best of standard sleepers. Through tourist cars, new, with all latest improvements, from Edmonton, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina, Brandon and Winnipeg. Write for pamphlet to District Passenger Agent at Edmonton or Saskatoon, or write to R. Creelman, General Passenger Agent at Winnipeg.

Sleeplessness.—Sleep is the great restorer and to be deprived of it is vital loss. Whatever may be the cause of it, indigestion, nervous derangement or mental worry, try a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. By regulating the action of the stomach, where the trouble lies, they will restore normal conditions and healthful sleep will follow. They exert a sedative force upon the nerves and where there is unrest they bring rest.

A Lost Train

The new engineer on the Rock Island Lafayton line stopped his train in front of a farmhouse the other day and asked the farmer if the train was on the right way to De Kalk. On account of the high weeds the engineer could not see the track.—Atchison Globe.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Cure and get relief.

"Beatrice—Is it true that sailors have a girl in every port?

Midshipman Harold—Well, I'd hardly say that, there were several places we didn't touch on our cruise.—Judge.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

An Honor Well Deserved

Orville Wright has been decorated with the Albert Medal, awarded by the Royal Society of Arts of England for distinguished performance in the arts and sciences. That is an honor bestowed where it belongs. Has there been any other contribution to the modern art of war more important than the ... plane?—New York World.

Peanuts to the Rescue

The Humble Peanut Would Appear To Be of Some Considerable Importance

The peanut produces not only food for man, but grain and forage for stock. Peanut hay is equal to clover and alfalfa as a forage; while hogs are fattened on the nuts, which they harvest themselves, making as high as 400 pounds of meat to the acre.

As human food the roasted peanut is said to be an almost complete ration, while peanut oil is now one of the dependable sources for the vegetable oils that are compensating for the growing shortage of animal fats. Cottonseed oil has already become a favorite shortening in the American kitchen, and much of the so-called olive oil we use is squeezed from the peanut.

The peanut in this year of war is bringing up the fat reserves, and in no poor way either, for it furnishes a perfect substitute for lard. As butter the ground peanut is rapidly coming into popular favor and is driving a considerable amount of dairy butter off the American sandwich.

Thus the little peanut, humble though it be, has already braced up the lean pork barrel, has supported the waning butter jar, and has laid the lard firkin under a tribute of thanks; while not one jot abating its visible and welcome presence on the corner popcorn stand.—Minneapolis Journal.

Time the Enemy

We have taken our time even in our support of Britain and France. Alas for that element of time! How we have squandered it! "Ask of me anything you will," said Napoleon to one of his generals, "except time." We have acted very much as if we had all the time there is. Now, the swift advance of the Teutons toward Venice may for a while make a mock of such assistance as we can give. But our resources must not be stinted. We must actively join Great Britain and France in measures of prompt assistance.—Boston Transcript.

First Newsboy—Chimmie's got a job as caddie for a gulf club. Is dere much money in dat?

Second Ditto—De salary ain't much, but dey makes a lot extra backin' up fellers when dey lies about de scores dey made.—Boston Transcript.

CHILBLAINS — Easily and Quickly Cured with

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers

DOUGLAS & CO. Proprietors

Napanee Ont.

$275 an Acre from Turnips

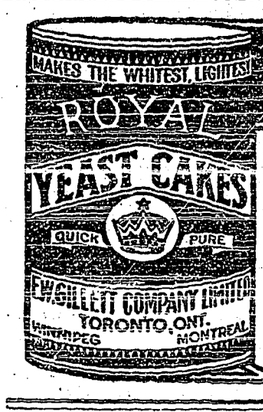
A farmer at Chilliwack, British Columbia, has this year received $11,000 for turnips grown on 40 acres of land. This works out at a return of $275 an acre.

THE ONLY MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Mrs. H. Blanche, St. Pamphile, Que., writes:—"I have obtained great results from the use of Baby's Own Tablets. They are the only medicine I know of that one can depend upon to promptly cure bowel and stomach troubles." The Tablets never fail to relieve the little one and besides the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that they are absolutely safe. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

He—My ancestors came over in the Mayflower.

She—It's lucky they did; the immigration laws are a little stricter now.—Record.



ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

The Sheep Industry

Sheep are Selling at Record Prices This Year

Farmers who were foresighted enough to go in for sheep raising are truly to be envied these days. Following the high prices obtained for wool, they are now securing higher prices than ever before for their sheep, both for breeding and for mutton purposes. Last August a sheepman here ventured to predict that breeding ewes would reach the $18 mark—an unheard-of price, which at that time seemed unattainable, despite the high price at which wool had been selling. This price was, however, eclipsed on the Calgary market last week when a number of breeding ewes were sold for $20—the highest price ever paid for stock sheep at any central market in Western Canada.

The sheep industry is only just getting a foothold in Western Canada, but it is surely coming into its own. Many farmers are entering the business this fall, and indications point to a wonderful development in the future. A breeder who has sold 13,000 head this fall, mostly in small lots, is of the opinion that in two years there will be one million sheep in Southern Alberta alone.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The British Navy

The enemies of Germany would have been powerless without the British navy. Germany would have had the world by the neck and could have choked it. Sea power was the saving power. It checked the German army. It holds it in check now. To do this the grand fleet does not have to fight. It merely has to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Primitive Man

Bombers are always bloodthirsty creatures. An officer, bleeding profusely from a face wound, was besought by his batman to go back to the dressing station alone, the reason being, "I canna gan back wi' ye sir, afore I hae a bash at the Jerries wi' ma bombs. There'll be nae Boche left if I dinna gang noo!" And off he went into the mist and the barrage smoke of the new hell.

A Constipation Cure

A druggist says: "For nearly thirty years I have commended the Extract of Roots, known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, for the radical cure of constipation and indigestion. It is an old reliable remedy that never fails to do the work." 30 drops thrice daily. Get the Genuine, at druggists. a

When buying your Piano Insist on having an

Otto Higel Piano Action

Visitor—and do you find people coming in here during the week for meditation?

Sexton—Aye, sir, that they do; why, I caught two of 'em in 'ere only last week.—Cassell's Saturday Journal.

How the Vicious Circle of Neurasthenia is Formed

WHEN the nerves are overstrained by mental exertion, by accident or by shock the irritation makes rest or sleep impossible, and consequently there is no restoration of the wasted nerve force.

In its turn digestion fails, because there is lack of nervous energy to control the flow of gastric juices in the stomach and to operate the other organs of digestion.

Failing to obtain the necessary nourishment, the blood becomes thin and watery, and as a result the nerves are further starved and rendered less capable of standing the strain put upon them.

In this way is formed the vicious circle of neurasthenia or nervous prostration, and there is no magical way in which the circle may be broken up

Overstrained Nerves, Loss of Sleep, Indigestion

The Food Cure

Mrs. George Ross, Augusta street, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "Some two years ago I was attacked with neurasthenia, or nervous prostration. I doctored with different doctors without any good results, and even took a trip to a distant city to see if I could not recuperate. But upon returning I found I was no better — in fact, I kept getting worse all the time. I had no appetite, could not sleep, and had to be helped up and down stairs. I also had terrible headaches. One day a book was left at the door telling about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I decided to try it. My folks derided the idea, but I went ahead and secured a box, and before finishing that first box I could see that I was getting better. You may be sure I was delighted to find a remedy that would give me relief. I continued taking them, and recovered so thoroughly that I was able to help with the housecleaning that spring. During my nervous collapse I had failed from 115 pounds to 90, and since my recovery have weighed as much as 110 pounds. I still keep Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in the house, and use them when I feel the need of them. I have recommended them to a great many people around Cornwall, as I feel that I cannot speak too highly of them."

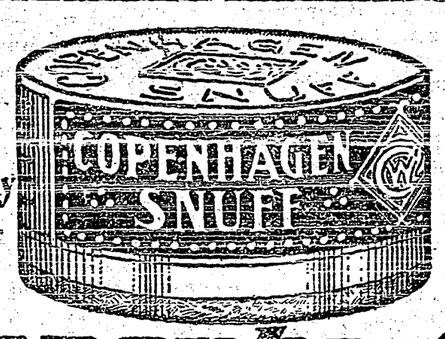
The nerve cells are starved and must have nourishment. The blood fails to supply this want, so you must give to the blood in condensed and easily assimilated form the elements from which Nature forms new blood and new nervous energy.

This is exactly what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food does, and it does it so well that no treatment for the nerves has ever met with the enormous success of this great food cure.

You can scarcely take up a newspaper without reading of someone who has been restored to health and vigor and happiness by means of this reconstructive treatment. This is Nature's way of effecting cure, and is, therefore, both certain and lasting. A little patience is required, but once the building-up process is under way you will find daily evidence that you are regaining health and the joy of living.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for $2.75, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.



Scientifically prepared.

Pleasing flavor.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

Is the worlds best chew.

"It is the most economical chew."

Buy Your Oats Through Us

We can offer oats in carload lots delivered at any station in the West at minimum prices.

Consign your grain shipments to

THE OLD RELIABLE GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS

James Richardson & Sons

Limited

WINNIPEG CALGARY SASKATOON

ROAD TO VICTORY AND TO PEACE BY WAY OF THE WESTERN FRONT

THE PAN-GERMAN IDEA MUST BE WIPED OUT

The Only Means By Which Power May Be Withheld From Those Who Abuse It is for Free Peoples to Concentrate their Military Strength Against the Common Enemy

The world's faith in the democratic idea, as opposed to the Pan-German idea, is the causeway over which the armies of the grand alliance are marching to sure and certain victory. There can be no enduring peace, no lasting foundations on which to rear the temple of human liberty, secure against the invasion of armed despotism, save through the extirpation of Pan-Germanism.

The Pan-German idea must be wiped out. There can be no satisfactory peace while a single Prussian war-lord remains to rattle a sabre in a Teuton scabbard.

"Fatuous as the dreamers of Russia," says President Wilson, "are those who believe that the free industry and enterprise of the world can continue if the Pan-German plan is achieved and the German power fastened upon the world."

The antidote to war is to deprive autocracy of its military strength. For power, as President Wilson rightly affirms, "cannot be used with concentrated force against free peoples if it is to be used by free peoples." The only means by which power may be withheld from those who abuse it is for free peoples to concentrate their military strength against the common enemy of freedom. "A single front, a single army, a single nation"—that, in the opinion of the French prime minister is the only effective plan of campaign in fighting the German military machine. What the allied troops have accomplished in the past three years, Russia included, is a part of that glorious record of the war which nothing can dim. But the potential value of a colossal allied military machine, operating as a single unit, compact of fighting energy, is greater than the past achievements of the several allied nations, great as these undoubtedly have been. We have reached the climax of the modern evolution of war. It is seen in the stupendous demands upon the resources of the nations, in the large proportion of numbers to population of the men engaged, and in the changes which the war is making in the social organism. All this is being borne by the allied peoples that the German idea of a military autocracy shall not prevail in the world. The German policy of "blood and iron" must be met with blood and iron. When peace comes the divergence of ideals that separates the central powers form western European civilization must no longer exist.

The Pan-German idea must be wiped out. All the resources of the English-speaking world must be consecrated to this high purpose so long as the German menace remains to cast its sinister shadows over Europe. It has been said of President Wilson that he believes the Sermon on the Mount to be the ultimate constitution of mankind. Certain it is that a real democracy means service to humanity. So long as the German people offer incense before the shrine of Pan-Germanism there can be no halt to the military activities of the democratic nations-in-arms. The western front is the road to victory and to peace, and to that new world in which, to use the words of Mr. Lloyd George, "every weapon in the armories of Europe will be a sword of justice."—Toronto Globe.

Countless Women find—

that when suffering from nervousness, sick headache, dizzy spells and ailments peculiar to their sex—nothing affords such prompt and welcome relief, as will follow a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

A proven women's remedy, which assists in regulating the organs, and re-establishing healthy conditions. Beecham's Pills contain no habit-forming drug—leave no disagreeable after-effects. They are—

Nature's aid to better Health

Directions of Special Value to Women are with every box.

W. N. U. 1187

Loss of Life by Fire

In the four years, 1912-15, seven hundred and eighty-nine people were burned to death in Canada and 78 per cent. of those were women and children. Over 350 lives were lost in burning buildings, and it is significant that most of these deaths occurred in dwellings. As might be expected, the majority of the fires was caused by criminal carelessness. This is especially true in regard to the kindling of fires with kerosene and gasolene, and permitting children to play with matches. Such disregard of the safety of human life constitutes a forcible indictment of the entire Canadian attitude towards the danger of fire.

When to Ring the Bells

It will be time enough to talk big and to ring the bells when we have driven the Germans from the Belgian coast. All that we have witnessed in the last two or three months is to a great extent preparatory.—London Daily Mail

Germany Has a New Poison Gas

Another Devilish Device Invented by the Huns

Germany has a new gas, according to advices from Paris. It is a bit more devilish than any of its predecessors because it is more insidious. Gas masks are small protection against it, because it penetrates the clothing and sets up an irritation in any spot on which the skin has been rubbed or broken. Then it spreads.

The new gas is delivered either from hose, in the old fashion, or from bursting shells, in the new. It cannot be detected by the sense of smell and often an hour or more passes before the unfortunates discover they have been "gassed." The subsequent treatment is rendered more difficult by the fact that the methods which experience has shown are best adapted to the asphyxiating gas, are positively dangerous with the "sudfur d'ethyle dichtore," which is the new form. Yet it is often difficult to distinguish between the sufferers from the two forms.

With the ingenuity that distinguishes them, the Germans use both gases in the same sector. The new gas directly attacks the mucous membranes.

"In the autopsy we are often able to peel off the mucous membrane as one would an old glove," said one surgeon. "Sometimes it breaks and curls up like the shingles on an old roof."

The gas clings to the clothing, so that subsequent wearers may be attacked if it is not thoroughly cleansed. The nature of the new weapon may be indicated by some of the directions given to army surgeons for treating those injured by it:

"Strip them at once if possible and bathe in a solution of soapy water. This should be done at the dressing stations, if possible."

U. S. Fighting for Itself

German Program for World Expansion Embrased Western Hemisphere

Harry Lauder, who has put off the motley of the clown to take up the task of rousing American enthusiasm for the war to which he gave the life of his only son, ends one of the speeches thus:

"America will know all about the war when the first convoy brings back the men who will never see again, the men who will never walk again, the men who will never speak again. That's when America will realize what she's up against.

"Don't think you're coming to fight for Britain, for France, for Belgium. You're coming to fight for yourselves, by God!"

In some respects President Wilson's fine phrase about fighting to make the world safe for democracy was an unfortunate one. It gave to our participation in the war a certain abstract and purely sentimental quality that has afforded the pacifists plausible reasons for contending that we have no business in the struggle at all. But the European war was and is a matter of very serious domestic concern to us even though its cannon roar 3,000 miles away from our nearest frontier.

The German program for world expansion has never failed to comprehend the establishment of German power in this hemisphere. Our more eminent public men with a knowledge of international affairs have long recognized this fact. Dewey discovered it even before the battle of Manila Bay, and had his knowledge confirmed by the actions of Admiral von Diederichs at that time. Roosevelt blocked one manifestation of it by a timely order to the South Atlantic fleet. Ambassador Gerard had to listen to its avowal from the highest German source when the kaiser arrogantly declared to him, "I shall brook no nonsense from the United States after this war." Von Tirpitz and other prominent figures in German official circles have not hesitated to declare the use of the captured British fleet against the United States a part of their program in the event of German victory.—New York Sun.

Shopping in Toronto

is really delightful, due to the many beautiful retail stores, where the best in modern styles and designs are always on exhibition at moderate prices. Many people find that [illegible] save the expense of a trip on their Christmas shopping through buying in Toronto.

What an Opportunity

to enjoy a visit to the City and make a pleasant holiday out of what would otherwise be a tedious, difficult task. No need to worry about where to stay. The Walker House, Toronto's Famous Hotel, is the recognized Toronto home for ladies. Just a few minutes' walk from the principal stores.

We have special facilities for handling your parcels.

THE WALKER HOUSE, TORONTO

Geo. Wright and H. M. Carroll, Props. *The House of Plenty and Reasonable Rates*

FOOD SHORTAGE IN GERMANY DAILY BECOMES MORE MENACING

SENDING CONSCRIPTS ABROAD FOR NOURISHMENT

Leading Medical Men of Germany Frankly State That Continued Malnutrition Will Mean the Elimination of the Weakest, and Hunger is Second to Military Service as Cause of Death

New developments of a highly interesting character affecting Germany's food supplies are contained in information obtained in London.

The submarine is now the best fed of the whole German service, in order to attract men to it. But, at the same time, it is Germany's intention to do most of the submarine recruiting among the men in its merchant service, indicating a high mortality in undersea work and the necessity of saving regular naval officers and men for the high seas fleet. The testimony of German submarine survivors has recently fully confirmed this fact.

It is planned to send five per cent. of the German foodstuffs to Denmark and Sweden. This amount, it is stated, is being withdrawn from persons in the occupied territories, for it is considered a vitally necessary propaganda that Germany should be able to make the pretence of sending food outside.

To help counterbalance this exportation, it is known that in recent months Germany has been sending a considerable number of its conscripts into neutral countries to fatten up, preliminary to active service, much as she formerly encouraged a heavy augmentation of railroad crews going into Holland for food, until restrictions were placed upon such traffic by the Dutch.

The shortage of food in many big manufacturing centres has led to the return home of highly-skilled Dutch and Scandinavian workmen, despite the high wages offered. Others periodically go home to put in a few weeks on better rations, returning again for the higher wages.

The latest food statistics from Germany, which cover the period from August to the present, indicate that new flour was placed on the market in Berlin during August, whereas a year ago it was not done until November. This is imperative because of the shortness of the potato crop in some sections. Seven pounds weekly is the flour ration now, as compared with ten last year.

There has been a heavy increase in the price of condensed milk throughout Germany since August, when it was half a mark (twelve cents) a tin, compared with one mark (about seventeen cents) now.

The milk increase in Bavaria recently has been from 20 to 60 per cent., and in non-Bavarian towns of more than 20,000 inhabitants from 24 to 85 per cent. and government experts are trying to develop a dry milk industry as a means of equalizing the supplies throughout the country.

A dearth of fodder is the most dangerous aspect of the food situation for Germany, which is trying to maintain large quantities of live stock. The ration of 250 grammes is now reduced to 200 and 150 in places.

Germany's leading medical men now are more frank than ever in stating that the malnutrition, if continued long, will mean the elimination of the weakest, and they explain that night blindness is a disease now spreading in the fatherland, just as it did in the wake of famine in the early periods of history. Neutral doctors testify to an increase in cases of perforation of the intestines as the result of lack of food.

A report just issued by insurance companies declares that malnutrition is only second to military service as the cause of death. According to their statistics for the years 1916 and 1917, Munich had 8,409 births and 12,418 deaths, compared with the previous years, 1913-1914 of 12,989 births and 9,740 deaths.

Britain Pampers Teutons

Citizens of the Isle of Man have complained to London because the 20,000 or 25,000 German prisoners there are pampered by excellent rations and living conditions, while the product of their work is permitted to compete with the products of the normal business of the island and of England.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Bulgaria's Bribe

Cynical Statement of Bulgaria's Motive in Joining Hun Compact

A cynical statement of Bulgaria's motive in joining Germany is given by a representative of the Bulgarian semi-official press in the Neue Zurcher Zeitung. It runs:

"We went into the war after getting definite assurances that our rights should be attended to in case of victory. We have in our diplomatic portfolio certain very valuable agreements without which we should not have made war; otherwise we could have given the war a very different turn.

"What Germany's war aims are does not concern us a jot, but our concern is that Germany will not agree to any alteration in our present frontier to the advantage of Turkey. Constantinople should remember her proper sphere of expansion is in Asia, not in our direction. What Turkey has done calls for no gratitude from us. We want to keep the whole of the Dobrudja and on the south Macedonia, including the towns of Kavalla, Seres and Drama, which we promised to restore, it is true, but to Constantinople, not to Venizelos."

MOTHERS OF CANADA PREPARE FOR TROUBLE

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, and when a woman passes through the changes of middle life, are the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by severe organic disturbances. Many thousands in this section would testify as do the following:

St. Catharines, Ont.—"Over forty years ago I was restored to health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It was after medicine and doctors had failed to help me or give relief. I had, through overwork, become all run-down in health. I was weak and finally became a nervous wreck. The 'Prescription' was recommended to me, and at the time I started to take it I had not been able to do anything for over a year. I took the "Favorite Prescription' and the 'Golden Medical Discovery' as well. It took several bottles, but I was completely restored to good health and since that time when I have felt the need of these medicines I have taken them and always with perfect satisfaction."—MRS. WM. BAKER, 33 Page St.

Stratford, Ont.—I was all run-down, weak, nervous. I also suffered with severe pains through my back. I was very miserable when a friend advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and one bottle seemed to give renewed strength. It stopped the pain in my back, also helped my nervous condition. It is surely a good tonic for women.—MRS. FLORENCE CULLUM, 100 Milton St.

American Woman Aids Great Britain

Conceals Documents While Austrians Search Steamer in Mediterranean

The story of how an American woman's action saved important papers when the vessel on which they were being carried to Malta was held up by an Austrian submarine, was told by Captain Stanley Wilson, who was carrying the despatches, and who, himself, was taken prisoner by the Austrians and only recently released.

Captain Wilson told the military court which is investigating his capture that he threw one bag overboard, but that to his horror it did not sink as he had supposed it would. At this juncture he was approached by an American woman, travelling on the steamer, who offered to take charge of the other bags, saying she wished to do something for England.

"It was a great responsibility," said Captain Wilson, "but I took it, and my action was justified, as the bags reached London."

The bags were hidden by the American woman until the Austrians had concluded their search of the steamer.

She Didn't Care

"It has been decided," said the Pilgrim Father, severely, "to take you down to the river and tie you to the ducking stool."

"I don't care," replied the scold. "I have a perfect dream of a bathing suit."—Washington Star.

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

Simply Place It In The Mouth Between Lower Lip and Gum.

This is the way to get all the flavor and satisfaction out of every pinch of Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco.

You see, "Copenhagen" is made of the best, old, high flavored leaf tobacco.

The snuff process—by which the leaf tobacco is converted into tiny grains, and scientifically prepared—retains all the good of the tobacco.

Those who are trying "Copenhagen" for the first time, should remember to use only a small quantity, and to place the pinch in the mouth between the lower lip and the gum, without any attempt at chewing it.

"It's the most economical chew".

Local and Personal

WANTED—Strong young weaned calves, also yearlings. C. Blair, Erickson.

The first skating of the season was in evidence the latter part of the week, on the ponds on the flats.

Mrs. G. Markwick of Medicine Hat is a Creston visitor at present, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cook.

FOR SALE—3 pigs 4½ months old, $8 each. Also set double harness, second hand, $20.—FRED SMITH, Creston.

Miss Zalla Johnson, who has been home for the holidays, returned to Normal School at Victoria on Thursday ast.

December payments to the Patriotic Fund touched low water mark. Treasurer Bennett's total intake for the fund was $34.50.

There will be service morning and evening in Christ Church on Sunday, with a celebration of Holy Communion after morning prayer.

Members of the Red Cross Society committee are reminded of a business meeting in Speers' Hall to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

WANTED—By widow with small family, housekeeper, elderly woman preferred. Good home for suitable person. Apply Box 77, REVIEW office.

The annual meeting of Christ Church parish is called for Monday evening next in the Parish Hall. Messrs. Lyne and Bennett are the retiring wardens.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Bundy, who have been guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dow, for three weeks, returntd to Wardner on Monday.

Post cutting operations are under way on a big scale across the Kootenay, where Mangan & Belanger have two camps, emyloying in the neighborhood of 40 men.

Miss Jennie Nicholls left on Sunday for Roosville, B.C., where she will be in charge of the school at that point. She graduated from Victoria Normal School at Christmas.

R. Lamont, who has been rather under the weather for the past few days, left on Sunday for Nelson, where he is undergoing treatment at Kootenay Lake hospital.

Dr. Rutledge, the Cranbrook veterinary, will visit Creston professionally reaching here this (Friday) evening and remaining until noon Saturday. Make appointments at the drugstore.

C.P.R. agent Swanson has posted notice that for the present the dinner hour at the station will be from 1.45 to 2.45 town time—and that all business will be suspended for that hour.

Look up the Canyon City Lumber Co. advt. this week. They offer 16-inch slabwood at 75c., a rick at the mill. The man with a team will find this about the cheapest fuel obtainable this winter.

Stan. Hendren, who reported for service under the new Militia Act over two months ago, has just been advised to report for training at Vancouver by the 21st and leaves for the coast city to-day.

N. Lefluer arrived from Cranbrook the latter part of the week to replace Harry Chester, as baggageman at the Creston depot, the latter being recalled to Cranbrook after doing duty here since November.

Lent starts rather on the early side this year, Ash Wednesday coming on Feb. 13th, with Easter Sunday the last day of March. Entertainment promoters will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

The school board has its January meeting on Monday night. Announcement is made that we are to have a new inspector, Mr. Dove being transferred to Cranbrook, and is succeeded by a Mr. Calvert of Nelson.

At the Women's Institute annual meeting on Friday, Mrs. H. B. Downs was chosen president, and Mrs. St. Jean re-appointed secretary. This is Mrs. Down's second presidential term, as she headed the Institute in 1916.

Creston orchestra will supply the music for the dance which will follow the whist at the Red Cross whist drive and dance in the Auditorium on Friday evening next, January 25th. The admission is 50c., which includes supper.

R. L. T. Galbraith, Fort Steele, the Kootenay Indian agent, was here a couple of days the fore part of the week, making some preliminary arrangement for the election of the new chief for the Creston tribe, which event will take place within a few weeks.

The January meeting of the Creston Farmers' Institute to-night (Friday) promises to be interesting. The reports of the president and directors have to be disposed of and W. B. Embree will appear before the Institute to discuss irrigation for the Valley.

Although no definite announcement is available the story is current that the Forestry Draft that left here in April, and has been at work in France since the latter part of May, under Capt. Mallandaide, is being transferred to Italy for a similar line of service.

The drawing for the gramaphone which is on raffle at the drugstore will be made Saturday night. 100 tickets are being sold and these 100 will be put in a hat, continually shaken up while the drawing is in progress and the last ticket out of the hat will be the winner.

Foster, the weather prognosticator, is responsible for the statement that winter is practically over so far as the interior and coast of B.C. is concerned. Should his guess come true the users of ice will be hard hit. None of the frozen fluid had been harvested in the Valley as yet.

For their mascherade ball on Feb. 8th, the Ladies' Guild of Christ Church announce that five prizes will be awarded as follows: Best ladies' and gents' costumes, best ladies' and gents' homemade costumes, and the best comic. The Creston orchestra will supply the music.

Although no official announcement has come to hand, it is authoritatively stated that R. Lamont has consented to accept the appointment of justice of the peace and judge of the Small Debts' Court, a vacancy that has existed since the resignation of Guy Constable, almost two years ago.

The Red Cross Society had a banner turnout at their sewing session on Tuesday afternoon, and if the attendance continues at the same level another sewing machine will be needed. Mesdames Hilton and Thurston were the tea hostesses and their effort netted the treasury a matter of $3.85.

The ladies of Holy Cross Church, who have resumed their whist drives at the rectory, had a fair turnout at the first of the 1918 series on Wednesday night when the prizes were carried off by Mrs. Stocks and Mrs. McCarthy, and the tail-end honors awarded Mrs. Belanger and G. Huscroft.

For the benefit of those who may get a touch of hunting fever these fine days THE REVIEW would call attention to the fact that the old game laws that permitted goose and duck shooting up till about March have been done away with. This season the period for taking ducks and geese ended on Dec. 15th, when the deer season ended.

John Keen, M.P.P., for this riding, will be a Creston visitor on Saturday and Sunday. He is leaving next week for Victoria for the 1918 session of the legislature, and his visit is for the purpose of getting in touch with the Valley's needs at the hands of the provincial government. He will be at the King George, and will be pleased to meet any and all his constituents.

This week's entertainment feature is the dramatic offering, "King Thrush bill and the Princess Disdain," in the Parish Hall to-night (Friday), by a company of 13 performers, some of whom were seen to splendid advantage about a year ago in "His Majesty's Mails." The admission is 25 cents, with the curtain at 8.30 prompt. A short musical programme will precede the play.

There was quite a chime of excitement around the Kootenay River ferry on Saturday morning. While ferryman Harry was bringing a team and wagonload of posts across the scow sprung a leak about mid-stream. By operating the propeller at top speed and then some and conscripting a couple of the passengers into baling operations the craft was got across without other incident.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Goodwin entertained at whist on Friday evening, four tables of players being in evidence and the high scoring honors going to Miss Kate Boffey and J. M. Craigie. The low score prizes were carried off by Mrs. McKelvey and Jas. Cook. After cards refreshments were served in the hostesses well-known style, rounding out an evening that was thoroughly enjoyed, every minute of it.

Troubles never come singly. On Tuesday T. Baines had the bad luck to lose a rather valuable work horse due to sickeess that the best of attention could do nothing with. On Wednesday morning while going from the house to feed the poultry Mrs. Baines slipped and in falling sprained her ankle, and will be laid up for the next couple of weeks. In their misfortune their friends sympathize with them fully.

The next installment of annual meeting excitement will be the 1918 gathering of Fruit Growers' Union shareholders next month. However, this is expected to pass off harmoniously as the organization has had the best all round year in its history. Despite the rather small crop we understand the Union turnover for 1917 was within a very few hundred dollars of being equal to the biggest year's business ever done.

At the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid annual meeting on Friday last the officers of 1917 were all re-elected by acclamation for another term. They are:

President—Mrs. J. W. Dow.
1st Vice-President—Mrs. (Rev.) G. S Wood.
Secretary—Mrs. Forrester.
Treasurer—Mrs, Henderson.

All the reports submitted showed 1917 to have been a very active year, with financial receipts well up to standard.

Mawson Brothers took over the general store business of F. H. Jackson on Tuesday. Stock taking operations have been under way up till yesterday, but the boys have everything cleared away now and are ready for business. The new firm will carry the usual general store stock, and by close attention to buying, keeping down selling expenses, efficient and courteous service are confident they can supply the general public with reliable merchandise at prices a little closer than the other fellow. Their slogan is, "Satisfaction, or money refunded." The partners are George and Victor Mawson; the latter needing no introdnction at any rate, being well and favorably known after a few years service with S. A. Speees, Lancaster & Co., and latterly in the store they have just purchased.

For the last six months of 1917 Sandon Red Cross workers raised $624.

Granby smelter at Grand Forks has been down to four furnaces this week. It is stated there is plenty of coke but there is a temporary shortage of ore.

Cranbrook Women's Institute has a membership of 142. The ladies raised $1,010 last year, $250 of which was spent on parcels and gifts to overseas soldiers.

So far Golden has raised $613 for Halifax relief. $100 of this came from the local Masonic Lodge, and $273 from the Columbia River Lumber Co. employees.

TENDERS WANTED

Sealed tenders will be received up till FRIDAY, MARCH 1st, 1918, for a supply of ten cords of 18-inch stove wood for the Erickson school. For particulars from R. TELFORD, Secretary-Treasurer, Erickson, B.C.

WANTED

Price for pruning my orchard at Canyon. Also good tenant for place for 1918. Ten acres, all cleared; small fruits, apples. Good house, barn and implements. Open for offers. Write A. D. POCHIN, Mesa, Arizona, U.S.A., or REVIEW Office, Creston.

White Pine Tar Cough Syrup

will CURE that COLD

Creston Drug & Book Co.

PHONE 67 - CRESTON

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

P. BURNS & CO., LTD.

Creston Farm Property

I wish to dispose of Eighty Acres of Land in the Creston District, situated approximately 5½ miles to the North-east of the station and in closer proximity to the stations of Erickson and McNeillie, being the West half of Sub Lot 12 of Lot 4592 G.1.

Would take Two Thousand Dollars cash, or give terms to suit the purchaser;

Or Twenty-Five Hundred in part cash and balance in trade for horned cattle and baled hay;

Or I would give a 5-year lease of the property, renewable for another five years on the basis of lessee making certain stated improvements and paying all rates, taxes and assessments. Lease to carry an option to purchase. Indefeasible title.

If above not satisfactory state your own terms.

BASIL G. HAMILTON
Invermere, B.C.

Seasonable Lines Specially Priced

We have just completed stocktaking and find that we are overstocked in some lines. Following are some of them all of which were bought right, but we do not care to carry them over.

They are goods that will be needed for the next few weeks at least, and at the prices we have put on them they are the best buying you will get in these lines for a long time to come Here they are—

Men's Wool Socks, Men's Pullovers
Wool Mitts, Men's Heavy Pants
Artic Socks, 3-Lace Rubbers
Mackinaw Coats and Shirts
Sweaters, Storm Rubbers

IMP SOOT DESTROYER will rid you of a smoky chimney and save stovepipe cleaning. We have them.

We have JACKSON'S BEST TEA.

Mawson Brothers

Heavy-weight Underwear and Shirts for Men

Althongh all wool goods are scarce and high, we can still sell you—

All wool, heavy-weight underwear for men in all sizes, at per garment $2.00
Lighter weight Shirts and Drawers, Penman's goods at, per garment 1.25
A better line, by the same maker, per garment 1.50
We have a full stock of winter weight Shirts from $1.25 each up to all wool heavy Jumper styles at, each 4 00

Our stock of MEN'S HEAVY RUBBERS—all good fitters—is still complete.

A full line of Heavy All Wool Sox at per pair 50
Klondike Tufted Sox for men, per pair 75
Wool handmade Mitts, per pair 50, 75
DON'T SLIP. buy Heel Spikes, pair 35

Creston Mercantile Co.
LIMITED