THE CRESTON REVIEW

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LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY DEC 3 1917 VICTORIA, B.C.

Erickson

Miss Ruth Klingensmith left on Friday for Ainsworth for a few weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. M. McLeod.

Mrs. McLeod, sr., of Sandon was a visitor here the latter part of the week, the guest of Mrs. W. W. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Harding and family, who have been ranching here for the past two yeaas, left on Saturday for Vancouver, where they will reside in future.

Mrs. Burge, who has been with her mother, Mrs W. S. Ryckman for the past two months, returned to Wasa on Saturday.

Geo Young was through here the fore part of the week making up the voters' list for the coming election. There are quite a few ladies on the list here—all of them strong Unionists, too.

Geo. Mawson and partner from Creston are spending the week in the Arrow Creek section, on a deer hunt.

Miss Mabel Craigie left last week for Ainsworth, where she has taken a position, and will stay for the future.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Crisler, who left here early in the month for the south, have arrived at San Francisco, Calif., in which state they will winter. En route they visited friends at Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma.

Several of our citizens are wearing Victory Loan buttons these days, which would indicate that Erickson did her bit fairly well on the recent sale of bonds.

Alice Siding

R. Stewart is busy this week with the erection of an implement shed on his ranch here.

Miss Arrowsmith was on the sick list a couple of days this week and Miss Alice Carr took charge of the school in her absence.

Andy Matthews arrived home from Trail on Saturday, and will remain here pending the settlement of the smelter strike, which has quieted things down in that town tremendously.

The Knitting Circle resumed operations on Wednesday of this week, with the initial meeting at the home of Mrs. Mason, and with a good turnout of workers. The club will meet every second Wednesday and prospects are good for another year of good work for the boys overseas.

Miss Bertha Pease left on Monday for Venice, California, where she will spend the next few months taking a commercial course in a business college in that city. She went via Portland, where she reports a stay with the Berry's, who had the John Miller ranch up till a few years ago, who are doing splendidly in their new home.

Alice Siding should be a hive of industry on Tuesday next, Dec. 4th. An old-time clearing bee is to take place that day on the ranch here belonging to Pte. Jack Smith. Operations will start about 8.30 and axe men and handp men will all be welcomed. Lunch will be served to the workers at noon, and a large turnout is being prepared for.

Canyon City

Mrs. H. White left on Tuesday for Fort George, B.C., where Mr. White is working, and where they will make their home in future.

Mr. Vickers of Toronto, Ont., who has been helping at prairie harvesting operations, came on to B.C., and is visiting at the Witherhead home at present.

The canvass for the military Y.M.C.A. was finished up last week, and Canyon's total contribution to this cause is in the neighborhood of $25.

Enumerator Geo. Young was an official visitor here last week making up the voters list for the election next month. If all the votes are polled officials will have a busy day on the 17th.

Andy Wickholm has invested in a new horse, having purchased the White driver prior to Mrs. White's departure.

Between the contractors and their own men the Company must have close to 100 men at logging operations at present. In the absence of snow no logs are being hauled as yet.

Canyon will be out in full force at Creston to-night for the box social the local orchestra is giving at the Auditorium, while the older heads will be at the Unionist rally.

The name of R. Smith, Edmonton, appeared in the casualty list which appeared on Saturday, and there is considerable speculation here as to whether it refers to Bobby Smith, a former mill night watch, who enlisted about 18 months ago with an Edmonton battalion, and who has been in the fighting in France for the past few months.

A travelling medical board of three doctors arrived in yesterday and has been busy ever since in the board of trade rooms examining candidates liable for active service under the Military Service Act. The number qualifying for trench fighting is much higher than with those who went earlier to Nelson for examination.

Kitchener

Joe Dubie, Kitchener's foremost hunter, and Harry Rymell were Creston visitors the latter part of the week.

Messrs. G. A. Hunt and Ernest Buckman were also at the capital on Wednesday making the trip by speeder.

Still another Creston caller was Dominic Martooni, who went through to town on Monday for a few days' stay.

Long, Schofield, et al, broke hunting camp here the early part of last week. They best they could do was one deer between them. They state this game is scarcer than ever before.

The Cranbrook Sash & Door Co., are applying for a water right on the south fork of Goat River, which will be utilized to flume lumber to Kitchener station.

The 4-year old son of Nicholas Anton met with a very disagreeable accident at Creston last Friday. While they were coming into the train for the trip home the little fellow got his left hand crushed in the closet door, one of the fingers being cut completely off, and necessitating their staying over another day for Dr. Henderson to look after the injury.

Local and Personal

Greeting Cards—Don't order these until you see The Review samples and prices. Our representative will call. The lot we have this year is the bess ever. Patronize the home printer, and save money.

There should be a fine turnout tonight at the box social dance the Canyon City orchestra is giving at the Auditorium, starting at 8.30 prompt. This organizstion is more than obliging at giving its services for dances and merits a large attendance from all the Valley centres. The proceeds will be used to buy a new accordeon for the orchestra's use.

Messrs. Young and Hayes have completed the voters list enumeration for the Valley, and the total number of voters in this section is close to 500. About 20 per cent. of this will be women's vote. In the Alice Siding section the women's vote is practically as large as the men's. On Victoria Avenue four residences in a row have each a female vote. Lists will be posted for inspection on Monday.

An old-time clearing bee will be held at Pte. Jack Smith's ranch at Alice Siding on Tuesday, Dec. 4th, commencing at 8.30 in the morning. Axe men and handy men will all be welcomed as there is considerable clearing to be done. Lunch will be served the workers at noon. Here is a fine opportunity to show appreciation of the good work of a Creston soldier, who will be home again shortly to develop his ranch property here.

Guy Constable got back on Sunday from Trail, where he had spent the two days previous attending a special meeting of the Associated Boards of Trade, which is endeavoring to settle the strike at the big smelter in that town, though so far the effort has not been very encouraging. At present it looks as if the big works would be shut down for an indefinite period. There is very slow demand for lead and the smleter has an enormous stock of it on hand.

Wynndel

Mrs. J. J. Grady left on Thursday last for Spokane. She expects to spend part of the winter there as well as at St. Paul, Minn.

Rev. G. S. Wood, Presbyterian pastor at Creston, is holding service here every Sunday afternoon at present.

Postmaster Butterfield has completed his canvass for funds for the military Y.M.C.A., altogether about $130 has been guaranteed here to be paid in within twelve months.

John Johnson received a splendid war souvenir on Thursday last from his son, Pte. John Johnson. It is a steel helmet worn by the German troops, which has the appearance of having seen considerable usage. The head piece is quite heavy and must be considerable of a burden to wear steadily.

C. F. Hayes, voters list enumerator for the west end of Creston Valley, was a caller here on Saturday at that work. There are about 30 names at this polling station, among them at least half a dozen ladies.

A 24-pound radish, grown at the Paul Hagen ranch, is on exhibition at the postoffice these days—just slightly smaller in size than the best effort at cabbage growing at Alice Siding we are told.

War has taken heavy toll of the fighting men who have gone overseas from Wynndel. Of eight men who have seen service in France four have been killed in action already, and at present only one of the lot is in shape for trench duty.

John Johnson is busy this week erecting a commodious new packing shed on his ranch here.

Misses Patterson and Long, the revivabits who held services here during the summer, were Wynndel visitors over the week-end.

Another name has to be added to the scroll of Wynndel soldiers of empire "gone west." The unpleasant tidings came on Thursday last that Pte. Ed. Penson had been killed in action the early part of November. He signed up with the 225th Battalion about two years ago and after an extended training at Vernon and New Westminster was sent overseas just about a year ago next month. After but a short time in the fighting he was forced to take leave to recuperate from a gas attack, and could only have been back on the firing line but a few weeks when the fatality occurred. He is a son of Fred W. Penson, and had lived with his parents here for a couple of years, coming here from Wardner. He was scarcely 21 years of age and his passing is keenly felt by the whole community, in which he was everywhere popular.

Sirdar

Mr. Esson of Cranbrook is here in charge of the yard, while Mr. Loasby is taking an enforced vacation due to an aggrevating attack of lagrippe.

Mrs. Eley and children arrived from Cranbrook the latter part of the week, to join her husband who is firing on the switch engine. They are stopping with Mrs. Tuohey at present.

Wm. Goodman is the new permanent agent at Sirdar, succeeding Mr. Swanson. He comes from Crowsnest. Mrs. Goodman and the family will arrive in a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Jones of Kuskanook was a visitor at Sunshine Bay last week, with Capt. and Mrs. McCarthy.

Mrs. Loasby was a Cranbrook visitor over the week-end, while C. M. was recuperating at Creston. They returned on Tuesday.

Mrs. Aspay and Mrs. Dennes were visiting with Creston friends on Friday last.

W. H. Morris was a Creston visitor yesterday.

Sirdar did itself proud in the purchase of Victory Bonds. To date our patriotic citizens have invested in over $10,000 worth of them and the total will go higher before the final date for taking applications.

Section foreman Mike Marsico and wife came home on Monday after spending a few days with Spokane friends, and taking in the apple show.

C. F. Hayes of Creston was an over-night visitor here on Monday making up the list of voters for Sirdar for the election next month. If anybody has been overlooked it wont be his fault as he covered the ground pretty thoroughly, arranging it so that the crew of the Nasookin can vote here.

Two other distinguished visitors on Monday were Wm. Maxwell, the Liberal candidate in West Kootenay, and his agent, Frank Cummings, who were shaking hands with some of the electors on their way to Creston. They came up the lake this far by launch and motored in to the metropolis.

Our store is choke full of Christmas Goods

But

the best present for the boys in the trenches is

YOUR Vote

'Nuf sed.

F. H. JACKSON

GENERAL MERCHANT - CRESTON

FLANNELETTES

Several months ago we purchased White and Striped Flannelette from England.

We have received and put on sale about 20 pieces of the above, and you will be pleased with the excellent values.

Price 22 1-2 and 25c. per yard in wide widths.

Men's, Women's and Children's Combination Suits

CHILDREN'S—Size 22, $1; 24, $1.10; 26, $1.15 28, $1.20; 30, $1.25; 32, $1.25.

LADIES' Compinations in sizes 36, 38, 40, at $1.45, $1.50, $1.65, $2.25.

MEN'S Combinations, in standard makes, from $2.25 to $4.50 per garment.

If you want Underwear for any member of the family we have it in stock.

Creston Mercantile Co. Ltd.

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY 10 CENTS PER PLUG

THE AMARANTH CLUB

— BY —

J. S. FLETCHER

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

The medical man bowed. He then asked professional questions. He enquired as to any course of treatment which the would-be patient had already undergone. Eventually he wrote down King's name and address in a book, and taking a card, a part of which was already filled in in print, he completed it with certain instructions.

"If you will give this to the attendant," he said, "he will see that the course is properly carried out. Now, my instructions to you are simple. You will make no difference in your usual habits except in this particular. You will lunch at one o'clock every day—very lightly indeed; nothing more solid than a little fish of the lighter varieties, or a very little white meat—a slice or two off the breast of a tender chicken, a little stewed fruit—nothing more. You will rest until four o'clock. Then you will take your bath. After that you will rest again for at least an hour, keeping very warm. Then"—he spread his hands and smiled—"then, after that, you may do as you like—in moderation."

King glanced at the card.

"At—four o'clock in the afternoon?" he said, a little blankly. "Not then, in the early morning?"

"Oh, no, no, certainly not!" answered the physician. "Four in the afternoon—that is the time for you. Come back in a fortnight and tell me how you feel."

And he bowed King out with many smiles, and King went away, suddenly conscious that he had failed in his object, which was to get into the medicated bath establishment first thing in the morning.

"I shouldn't wonder if that was all a put-up job," he mused, "and if this doctor is one of the gang. What easier than to keep a medico to prohibit folks from going there at inconvenient hours? Four o'clock!—that's quite respectable. Well, I'm not going there today, anyway. I'll try this other tack first."

King went northward at noon, and lunched at Frascati's, and after he had idled an hour away over a cigar, he got into a taxi-cab and bade its driver take him to Maida Vale. It was three o'clock when he walked into the hall of a great block of flats which towers high above the placid waters of the canal, and he looked meditatively at his watch as he stepped int an elevator and demanded to be carried to a certain floor.

"She ought to be up now," he thought. "She'd be in bed by eight, at any rate. If she isn't I shall wait."

Ringing the electric bell of a flat which lay in a quiet part of the block, King presently heard the furious barking of a spaniel within, followed by admonition in a feminine voice. The door opened and revealed a tall and slender young woman, whose magnificent hair was coiled in a great mass around her pretty head whose svelte figure was encased, more or less carelessly, in a Japanese kimono, and who stared out of great sleepy eyes at her visitor.

"You!" she exclaimed.

"I!" answered King.

"Bless and save us!" said the lady. She kicked the spaniel out of the way and held out a hand. "Come in," she continued. "I'm alone, for I've had to send my damsel down town. In fact, I've only just pulled myself out of bed."

King walked into a tiny sitting room, somewhat over-furnished, somewhat over-decorated, and chiefly remarkable for the number of photographs of its owner, which, large size, medium size and small size, were greatly in evidence on every hand. His hostess stretched a much-beringed hand to the easiest chair.

"Take a pew," she said. Then she stood and stared at him. "Good Lord!" she exclaimed. "I haven't seen you for—is it two years?"

"About that," replied King.

"Must be. Well, you aren't changed any, either. Look here—I'm making tea—good tea—not cat-lap. I've got just a bit of head on me. Have some?"

"I will," said King.

"Sit pretty, then, till I bring it," commanded the lady of the kimono. "There's cigarettes."

She whisked out of the room and presently whisked back with a clattering of china and a scent of fragrant Hysau, and she hospitably poured out tea for her visitor and helped herself.

"Well, I'm real glad to see you, anyway," she said after a while, having stared at King as if he were some strange animal. "Two years it is, isn't it? Now, have you ever seen me in all that time—of course, you could have done, piles of times, without my knowing of it."

"Well, I haven't then," answered King, after sipping his tea reflectively. "That is—until this morning."

His hostess stiffened into a sudden upright movement. She darted a sharp glance at him.

"This morning!" she said.

"As ever was," responded King.

The lady helped herself to a morsel of cake and began to nibble.

"Where?" she demanded.

"Coming out of the medicated baths," replied King coolly. "Just that. You see, Lydia, if you will have the loveliest figure and the neatest ankles in London, you can't very well hide them from eyes that know them as—as well as mine do."

King's hostess opened her great eyes; her lips parted to show the pearly teeth which half the world knew from photographs and she first smiled and then laughed.

"Well, if that isn't quite a pretty speech!" she said. "You've improved. I guess I shall insist on your picking up the thread of two years ago Bannie. And you saw me—this morning?"

"Did. That's why I've come to see you this afternoon," said King.

"Why you've come to see me this afternoon?" she repeated. "But—why?"

King set down his teacup and leaned forward.

"I want to know what you were doing at that place at seven o'clock in the morning," he said.

"Isn't it a place where people go for baths?" she asked, watching him narrowly.

"Perhaps. But they don't go—all of 'em, at any rate, by way of the Amaranth Club and Barthelemy's house at one and two o'clock in the morning," said King.

Lydia Linkinshaw kept her eyes on him from over the rim of her cup. Long practice on the stage had taught her how to control her facial muscles; nevertheless, King caught a little tremor which flickered around the corners of her lips.

"What's the game, Bannie?" she asked quietly.

"Yes—it is a game," admitted King. "And I want you to take a hand in it. Now, Lydia, straight, as they say here—are you in to make a bit of the ready?"

"What do you think! I'm hard up—as usual," she answered, laughing.

"Very well. Then there," said King, tossing an envelope into her lap, "there's a couple of hundred of the best, just as a little incentive to you to hold your tongue. Now then—tell me what I believe you can tell me, and I'll give you another three hundred—cash down, Lydia!"

The girl took up the envelope, toyed with it, finally slipped it into the folds of her kimono.

"What is it?" she asked, a little uneasily. "Say what it is—first."

King nodded.

"All right. Don't be afraid," he said. "Now then—I want to know what goes on in Barthelemy's house after the Amaranth Club is closed, Lydia. You know!"

She stared at him for a moment of tense silence; then, unconsciously, she edged her chair nearer to his.

(To Be Continued.)

"Cook got the children interested in a war game this morning. She suggested they should play they were in a battle, and shell the enemy."

"Who were the enemies?"

"The peas."—Baltimore American.

As Instructed

A shoemaker in a Midland city, getting on well in the way of business, became proud. One day there were a lot of customers in the shop when the shop boy came in to say that the mistress bid him say dinner was ready.

"What's for dinner?" asked the shoemaker.

"Herrings, sir," answered the boy.

"All right," said the shoemaker, and when he went in to dinner he reprimanded the boy for not mentioning something decent and big, telling the boy in future always to mention a good feed when there were any people in the shop.

A few days after the boy came to say that dinner was ready.

"What's for dinner?" asked the shoemaker.

"Fish, sir," answered the boy.

"What sort of fish?"

"A whale, sir," replied the boy.

ASSAM Teas for Economy

Assam teas are the strongest and richest grown. It is of these teas that Red Rose Tea chiefly consists. That is why it yields the very large number of 250 cups to the pound—at the cost of about a cent for five cups, and every cup rich, strong, delicious tea.

Kept Good by the Sealed Package

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THE PROPER WAY TO USE

COPENHAGEN

CHEWING TOBACCO

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is entirely different from the ordinary "plug" or "fine cut".

It is made of the best, old, rich, high flavored tobacco.

Being in small grains, it imparts its strength and flavor more freely and fully than tobacco in the usual form.

For this reason, Copenhagen is not chewed; but is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and the gum.

A small pinch is all that is necessary to thoroughly satisfy, and those who are using "Copenhagen" for the first time, should take care to use only a small pinch, otherwise "Copenhagen" will be thought to have too much tobacco strength.

"It's the most economical chew".

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Our papers are cleansed, treated and purified with Refined Parafine Waxes and Disinfectants.
They add to the Freshness, Cleanliness and Purity of your goods.
They preserve the Color and Quality of Fresh and Cooked Meats and are Germ-proof, Moisture-proof and Grease-proof. They will not stick to the Meat.

MUCH BETTER AND NO HIGHER IN PRICE.
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR SANI-WRAPPERS OR WRITE US DIRECT FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

Appleford's Carbon Coated Counter Sales Books are no dearer than the ordinary kind. Now made with new improved Formulas and Appliances and better than ever before. If you are not a customer, write us for a sample book.

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OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES AT TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Fixing Wheat Prices

The fixed prices of wheat have put the wheat gambler out of business. After the wheat was out of the farmers' hands this summer, the speculator got busy and pushed the price up an extra dollar; the millers promptly put up the price of flour and the bakers boosted the price of bread. The little game is spoiled for the present year by the price-fixing plan. It would bea very fine thing for Canada if the price of wheat could be fixed each year to allow a reasonable profit to the wheat grower and fixed prices on flour and bread. Gambling in food should be made a crime.—Grain Growers' Guide.

STRONG PEOPLE NEEDED

The need for people to be healthy is urgent. Those whom illness has put outside the ranks of robust men and women feel their position keenly. They are handicapped in every walk of life and weak men and nerve-worn women need more earnestly than eve. to put their health right and become active and strong. Many who began "patching" months ago are as ill now as on the day they began vainly tinkering with common drugs. Every ailing man and woman should remember that the ills of debility, nerve exhaustion, indigestion, sleeplessness, neuralgia, and depression come from a faulty blood supply. Worry, over-work or other causes have impoverished the blood and left the life-stream impure. The nerves thereby are starving and the whole system is languishing for new blood. In this condition many thousands have won back strong nerves and new health and strength through the new rich blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually makes. In a weak or bloodless condition it is not only a waste of time and money, but also a further menace to your health to tinker with common drugs. Follow the example of so many thousands by giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial, and they will transform you into healthy, active, men and women.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Herr Ballin's Fate

Fallen at last out of favor with the kaiser, Germany's greatest shipping director, Albert Ballin of the Hamburg-American Line, can now survey in all its fulness the tragedy which his master's war has made of his great life-work.

It was to him "an idiotic war," and he said so. He was before the war "winning more trenches every day" for Germany than the kaiser's armies are winning in months, and he said so. His magnificent merchant fleet is now in the use of Germany's enemies or going to pieces in idle and hungry German ports.

The fruits of his genius and long years of labor have been practically wiped out before his eyes, and that anguish of spirit which must be his can win from the autocrat he served only too well no better consolation than a kick.—New York World.

There's Superior Flavor To POSTUM as a table beverage.

A package from the grocer is well worth a trial, in place of tea — especially

When Tea Disagrees!

Going Back on the Kaiser

German People Gradually Losing Faith in the War Lord

In the September number of the Nineteenth Century there is an interesting article by Prof. F. Sefton Delmer. He, Australian born, had lived for twenty years past in Germany, during the latter part of the time being a professor in the University of Berlin. From the outbreak of the war until May of this year, he was a civil prisoner in Berlin. He was able, however, to go about under restrictions, and to see something of his university friends. What he writes of their change of opinion is instructive. He declares:

"Before the war the intellectual classes of Germany were almost to a man on the side of the Kaiser. But many of these people, who in August, 1914, lauded their ruler to the skies as a new Charlemagne, now shrug their shoulders at him and his house. They put the disaster which has come over them in consequence of this war, and the still worse disasters with which they see themselves threatened in the near future, down to the Kaiser's clumsy diplomatic preparation of the war, and his autocratic system. His everlasting pose, his wish to delude himself and them into the belief that he is a second Frederick the Great, his fickleness and impulsiveness as a pilot of German policy, have all come home to them. 'He dismissed Bismarck,' I have heard people say, 'but just look at the statemen he has chosen as his chancellors since—first Caprivi, a mere soldier; then Hohenlohe, the courtier; then the selfish fox von Bulow, and after him the pliable and weak-kneed philosopher Bethmann, but never a really strong man or a great statesman among them all.'"

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

The Broad-faced One

A servant was once despatched to purchase a chicken and passing a naturalist's on her way she went in and enquired the price of the broad-faced chicken in the window.

"Oh," said the proprietor, smiling, "that's not a chicken, that's an owl."

"Well," said the maid, "it'll do all right, it's only for the lodger."

The Best Liver Pill.—The action of the liver is easily disarranged. A sudden chill, undue exposure to the elements, overindulgence in your favorite food, excess in drinking, are a few of the causes. But whatever may be the cause, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be relied upon as the best corrective that can be taken. They are the leading liver pills and they have no superiors among such preparations.

Not to Be Caught

Doctor—You are slightly morbid, my dear lady. You should look about you and marry again.

Widow—Oh, doctor, is—is this a proposal?

Doctor—Allow me to remind you madam, that a doctor prescribes medicine—but he doesn't take it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Germany's Stupid Diplomats

Her Government Today Is Distrusted and Hated Everywhere

What will proud Germans think of their foreign office meekly lying down before an ultimatum from Argentina? With what composure will they read of the alienation of Sweden by official receit? How will they feel about their Zimmermanns and their Luxburgs and their Bernstorffs, when the full evidence of their incredible follies is laid before the German public? With the shame there will surely be resentment—resentment that Germany has been put in such a bad light by the acts of her rulers, so that her government today is distrusted or hated everywhere, and no one can be found to place faith in its pledges, or to be anything but nauseated when it talks about morality and good faith among nations. President Wilson does not need to go outside of Germany to find powerful support for his contention that the existing German government has made itself impossible. To have been guilty of such gigantic stupidities is a condemnation from which there can be no appeal. Ferocious lawlessness might have been pardoned if it had been successful; but failure heaped on mistake makes up an undeniable Dummheit upon which the German people, in sheer self-defence, will soon be compelled to lay violent hands.—From the New York Evening Post.

U. S. Destroyers' Work

Good Work of the U.S. Destroyers in the Forbidden Zone

For military reasons the facts cannot be detailed, but it may be said that the United States destroyers are very active in the protection of vessels in Germany's "forbidden zone," and that the strain on officers and men is heavy. They are exposed to danger from the enemy and from rough weather. "Four days on and four days off" for officers and men on the destroyers and patrols hunting U-boats on the other side means that the navy is doing its full share of hard work; for "four days on" spells for them no rest, little sleep, hard work and hardship. The crews come into port utterly exhausted, but after four days ashore go back, prepared for another turn with the submarines. When the number of ships and their crews and what they have accomplished is told, the work of the navy will show that its worth has not been less than its prestige called for.—Army and Navy Journal.

With the Fingers! Says Corns Lift Out Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue. Just think! You can life off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or sorenes. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Blamed the Shoes

This mistress of the house entered the butler's pantry quietly, "James!" she said severely. The butler looked up with a guilty flash. "James," she asked, "how is it that whenever I come into the pantry I find your work only half done and you lying down reading the newspaper?"

"Well, madam," the butler answerer, "I should say it was on account of them soft soled shoes you usually wear, ma'am."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Von Tirpitz's Sympathy

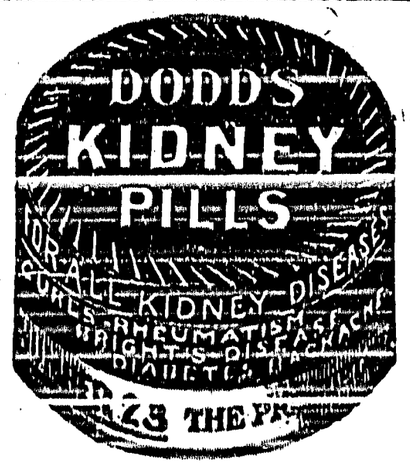
The fine Americans who are telling us all the time that this is a capitalistic war on our part have support and sympathy now from their grand old friend, Admiral von Tirpitz, who started the submarine massacre. In a speech to the reactionaries in Berlin he casually remarked that if the Kaiser and God were to be defeated in this conflict it would be by "Anglo-American capital."—New York World.

No More Asthma. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy sounds the death knell of this trying trouble. It stops the awful choking and painful breathing. It guards against night attacks and gives renewed ability to sleep and rest the whole night long. Much is claimed for this remedy, but nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from asthma try it and convince yourself of its great value.

Will Be Huns Forever

We can be sure that the kaiser will carry his bluff to the last ditch. He will hold out while there is a shadow of hope that the allies will weary of the war. For him anything less than a victorious peace would be disaster of the most terrible kind. A German poet pictures the position of Germany in the event of defeat. "Let them call us Huns,' he says, "if we can but gain the victory. But let us die first if we are to be called Huns and to be defeated as well."

The allies will come out of the war with clean hands, with head held high, with conscious honor and with a cause in the support of which all the world outside of the central powers is as a common brotherhood.—London Free Press.



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2 in 1 SHOE POLISHES

10¢ -BLACK-WHITE-TAN- 10¢

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The German Fleet

When asked recently by a representative of the Zuricher Zeitung if he believed that a sea fight between the entente fleets and the German in the near future was possible, Admiral Scheer, chief of the German admiralty, smilingly replied: "That depends absolutely on the British." Imprisoned in German ports, the German fleet is still repeating: "When will the British come out?" It is over fifteen months since the Germans ventured a trial of strength in the Skagerrak battle, and since that boasted "victory" they have not dared to seek another.—New York World.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it if it cost a dollar a bottle.

CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN,
Schr. "Storke," St Andre, Kamouraska.

Sheep to Stock Manitoba Farms

Hearing that a number of sheep were being sold for slaughter in Ontario, the minister of agriculture for the province thought the opportunity was good for obtaining some of these animals to stock Manitoba farms. The government has, therefore, decided to spend $125,000 in the purchase of sheep in Ontario at once, and will sell them at cost to the farmers in the province.

Member S. P. C. A. (to brutal driver—No, my friend, I won't shut up. Your poor horse, unfortunately, cannot speak like Balaam's ass, but I would have you know, sir, that I can.—Boston Transcript.

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The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

Can't Afford to Lose

If we should suffer defeat, if the force of our arms and those of our allies should disintegrate, then we should find that nothing on earth matters. Our farms, our factories, and our homes would avail us nothing. We've got to win because we can't afford to lose.—Chicago Tribune.

After the Movies

Two Eyes for a Lifetime

Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Heals—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Ears.

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THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, NOV. 30

The Issue

If you had a son or brother in France who had been wounded two or three times, had put in two winters in the trenches and faces a third one, all because there are not enough Canadian troops overseas to assure sufficient reinforcements in the heavy fighting now going on, most likely you would be in favor of the most drastic legislation that would get the needed reinforcements overseas—and the quicker the better.

Right here in Creston Valley more than one father has a son who has gonethrough all this hardship and cannot get furlough nor even any worth-mentioning leave from duty.

When those fellows left here you cheered them off and inwardly, if not audibly, vowed to do everything possible to ensure their home-coming at the earliest possible date.

To make good on your promise troops, and more troops must be sent across forthwith. Down in the bottom of your heart you know conscription is the surest, quickest and in every respect the best way to secure these men. All the facts are against further waste of time and effort at voluntary enlistment.

Immediate conscriptive action can only be hoped for through the Unionist government, and supporting such an administration does not entail the giving up of any principles you may cherish, except for the time being.

When our boys are offering their lives for their country we should refuse to consider it even a patriotic act to support an administration pledged to ease the suffering of the men on the firing line to the greatest possible degree, and equitably adjust the burdens of war upon those who must remain at home.

Many of us cannot lend money to the goverment but we refuse to believe that when the choice is votes or blood that any man or woman can hesitate.

Thirty thousand of our relatives sleep in the fields of France and Elanders, and while their voices are forever silent, their spirits call to us to do our duty in this great crisis, and see that Canada's honor is vindicated at this time and at this hour.

Reform Needed

Now that at least some of the parents in the Valley have discovered that some features of hallowe'en as prevail in this section are slightly expensive, as well as contrary to law and order, it is to be hoped 1918 will mark the beginning of the end of a custom that, doubtless harmless enough at its inception, has degenerated into an occasion for depradations with altogether too little regard for inconvenience, property damage and personal injury sometimes.

The extremes to which the Hun-like practice has gone was in evidence this year when a rancher near town who, while in the act of driving a gang of over a dozen youths ranging in age from 17 years downward from his premises after they had overturned an outhouse, had to submit to a fusilade of stones, clumps of earth, etc., while the squad was in retreat—one of the rocks heaved taking him in the chest with such force that the injury is still felt even now.

There are certain forms of harmless hallowe'en amusement, such as ringing doorbells, putting tick tacks on windows and some other annoyances that have come to be looked for on this evening but acts that do personal injury or cause property loss are neither sane or lawful, and should everywhere be disconutenanced if the rising generation is to be trained up in the way it should go.

Unless those who seem to favor the boys having their fun (with the proviso, of course, that it does not take place on their property) make some move to correct the prevailing idea as to what's what on hallowe'en, assisted by the corrective influence of the public and Sunday schools, and possibly the pulpit, each early fall, the Valley magistrates will be called upon to exercise their judicial functions at the expense and some humilition to more than a few parents—if the spirit displayed in a few instances this year, even, goes unchecked.

About Spuds

To sell, or not to sell, that is the question that is agitating the minds of most B.C. growers just now; with the latter view prevailing very largely, as it is authoritatively estimated that of a 1917 crop of 94,417 tons only some 4000 tons have been shipped out, and possibly 15,000 tons sold to evaporating plants.

W. E. Scott, deputy minister of agriculture, strongly urges selling in quantities to at least assure an ample supply for the normal demand. Mr. Scott figures $25 a ton now will equal if not exceed prices that will obtain next spring when allowance is made for shrinkage and re-handling, and never overlooking the probability of the food controller fixing a stated price any fine day now. Besides, Canada has a whole, as well as the United States, has a big production this year, and undue hoarding for the big price in the spring, is liable to find the spring market many times oversupplied and a consequent drop in prices.

Some wholesalers are claiming that they never saw so many diseased potatoes on the market as there are now. If the spuds that are being pitted are of the same sort there is a danger that when pits are opened in the spring growers may find they have no potatoes fit to sell.

In view of the energy Mr. Scott is expending to induce growers to sell freely, coupled with crop statistics as to the year's yield, and keeping in view the possibility of price regulation the safest play would seem to be to sell now. Unless abnormal conditions prevail this winter the prospects are not for much higher prices.

Departmental statistics indicate that B.C. this year had a spud crop averaging close to six bushels to the acre of which 85 per cent. were marketable. It is figured that 47,356 tons will be needed to supply B.C.'s needs, while animal consumption will get away with another 7,700 tons, while at least 6000 tons will be required for seed.

On the foregoing figures it would look as if there were a lot of Irish in this province. 47,356 tons of murphies works out at about five-sixths of a pound of Irish apples each day for every man woman and child in B.C.

Wise and Otherwise

Down in eastern Canada Laurier Liberal are terribly worked up because of the appearance on the billboards of a poster inscribed "How would the Kaiser vote?" In these times when everything is said to be fair in war and politics, it is hard to account for the supersensitiveness of the Laurierites. Surely it isn't a case, as Shakespeare would say, "Conscience doth make cowards of us all." If the cap don't fit there's no occasion to wear it.

Laurier Liberals count on getting the entire vote of the 100,000 men who are called up under the present Military Service Act, these chosen recruits voting anti-Unionist as a protest against being conscripted. Some of them may be so unwise as to thus vote, but if there is anything to the old saying about "Self-preservation is the first law of nature" the bulk of the men about to don khaki are more liable to vote for compulsory service to make sure that necessary reinforcements will follow, and continue to follow, them overseas.

Laurier Liberals who affect to believe that they are just as anxious to win the war as the Unionist must be having some trouble squaring their belief with the figures showing that out of 332,301 who registered under the Military Service Act only 21,565 are willing to go without an effort to escape via the exemption tribunal. In some parts of Quebec only five men to the thousand did not claim an exemption. And Quebec is the province where we are assured Sir Wilfrid Laurier, if returned to power, will do the heaviest work at voluntary recruiting. If over three years of fighting and the magnificent example set by all the other civilized countries cannot incite the patriotism of the French Canadian, all the sophistry and sunny ways of a Laurier will fail utterly to work the miracle. If the Unionist government is beaten on December 17th the whole world will accept the decision as Canada's notice to quit. In these parts we feel sure few there will be who will fail to sacrifice political prejudices to prevent such a disgrace.

All over the country opponents of Unionism are attempting to create the impression that the system of compiling the voters list for this election is unfair to the Laurierites and all the other opposing ites. THE REVIEW holds no brief for other districts but so far as the Creston Valley is concerned no effort is being spared to get every name on the lists, which will be posted on Monday. Every part of the Valley has been personally visited—(although the law does not specifically require this) and if anyone has been overlooked there is still two weeks to remedy affairs and the enumerators can be got at for at least ten hours of each of these days to add names and give out every possible bit of informrtion. In these parts the more votes that can be polled just about that much larger will be the Unionist candidate's majority.

In view of the failure of the M.P.P.'s for Revelstoke, Slocan and Rossland, all of which constituencies are in the West Kootenay federal riding, to turn up at the Maxwell nominating convention at Trail, local Liberal opinion is divided as to whether it was wise of John Keen, the local member, to take a hand in the proceedings. At first blush it looks as if Mr. Keen was rather indiscreet, but the report of the proceedings shows otherwise. The member for Kaslo strongly advised against bringing out a third candidate, telling the convention that it assured the election of R. F. Green beyond the shadow of a doubt. The good name of true Liberalism in West Kootenay would have been safeguarded had there been about ten more delegates of the Keen type at the gathering.

Grand Forks had 15 cases of mild smallpox last week.

Better be Sure than Sorry

Four weeks from Tuesday and Christmas will be with us.

Now is the time to be getting on with the Christmas cooking; for two reasons—

1. If you get it done early you are sure to have it right—and more time available for the always-Christmas rush in other directions.

2. Materials so essential for Christmas cooking are scarce this season, and it is doubtful if when present stocks are sold out any more can be secured before the new year. We suggest buying now—

Raisins, Currants, Dates, Figs
Orange, Lemon and Citron Peel
Shelled Walnuts and Almonds
Flavorings—Lemon, Vanilla, Almond
Pineapple, &c. Molasses

Our stock of these is large in most every item, but at that we recommend buying at once. Better be sure than sorry. Prices will never be lower, that's a certainty.

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is urged by the Government—it has done ITS part, we are doing OURS—will you do YOURS?

OUR part is to grow the very best trees possible, to see they are true-to name, to care for them in every while they are in our nursery, and to deliver to you, upright, clean, healthy, well-calipered trees with magnificent root system, well packed, all charges paid, at your nearest station or dock. We sincerely think that this is OUR part.

YOUR part is to get your order ready without delay so that you can plant next Spring and to ORDER EARLY. Early orders are better for us AND BETTER FOR YOU. It is humanly impossible to give the same attention and care to late orders as those placed six or twelve months in advance.

Will you write us today for any information, and giving us an idea of your requirements? Our services and advice are cheerfully yours. Our large general and Fruit Catalogue, our Rose Catalogue, our Price List are yours for the asking—they contain valuable planting and general information. Do not delay—write to-day, or see our local representative Andrew Miller.

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Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years renewal for a further term of 12 years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

This Makes Me A Unionist

By a LIBERAL UNIONIST

I have been a life-long Liberal, of the radical and progressive type, with a strong bent toward the Socialistic conception of things; now I am an ardent Unionist; that is a supporter of the new Union Government formed by a coalition of best elements of the old parties, with special representatives of labor and agriculture, for the express purpose of concentrating the whole energy of the country on winning the war, cleaning up our political life and putting the nation on a sound and efficient business basis.

Why this advance from Liberal to Unionist? Below I set forth what seem to me to be sufficient reasons; reasons which make such an advance inevitable.

Make an End of It

We all want to get the war over. The people of all the nations are war weary, we with the rest, but we have no intentions of quitting till the job is finished, and finished right. Nevertheless, its time we got to the end of this awful slaugher, destruction and waste. We want our boys back home, an end of the awful suspense and anguish. Our country's life back again to normal, the whole world back to the days of peace and progress.

But we cannot quit; we won't quit; it's not in us to quit with the job half done, but it is in us to do better, and we are going to do it. Our boys in Flanders are fighting, suffering, dying; no longer can we read unmoved their continual plea "Why don't you people at home get on with the war. Why don't you send us more men to help us clean up this job." And today this is our message to our national leaders, "Get on with the war," give our men their reinforcements and supplies; don't talk to us about the cost, nor the technicalities of politics, nor our rights and freedom; get the big job done first, give us the lead; we'll follow and do the rest. Only one way can this be done, that is by a coalition or union of the great elements of our political life into one great national combination, of the best men and leaders of our country into a National Government that will sink all minor matters, party passion, political prejudice and throwing in all the energies of our nation, men, money, and material, get on with the war and bring it to a speedy and victorious end.

Politics Beget Bungling

We read with dismay Lloyd George's daring exposure of the bungling, blundering, carelessness and neglect which had crippled the Allied cause so far and lengthened unduly the war, but we could not but approve his implication as to the cause of that bungling namely, politics, party division, jealousy and suspicion.

We have beheld with horror military disaster which has come upon Italy, the total crippling of Russia as an ally, due to the same reason. We think still with a shudder of the days when our men faced German guns and shells with nothing but bare fists and British-Canadian pluck.

Statesmen of Canada, beware! We stand for more than this: Forget your party prejudices and quarrels, get together and win the war is the cry of true Canadian citizens, and if you cannot to that, Get out! The members of the new Union Government have fearlessly done this and by doing so made for themselves enemies of past party friends. They have pledged themselves to throw the whole of our resources into the balance against the enemy and win the war.

To these men and their policy I cannot help but give my whole-hearted support, especially when I see opposed to them the remnant of my old party eagerly seeking to make political capital out of a national crisis, a world catastrophe and the suffering and blood of fellow-citizens.

Partyism Fatal

Nothing is more apparent, even to a Liberal, than that of late party has been the supreme thing with my late leader, Sir Wilfred Laurier, especially when he refused altogether to seek to help the country win the war either by saving the country the expense and work of an election by prolonging the life of the late parliament, or combining on an equal basis in a Union or National Government.

To the winning of the war the great essential is the supply of men. More acute than ever is that need since the collapse of Russia and Italy. We have not raised the quota we sought to raise. In proportion to male population we have not contributed as many as either Britain, or Australia, let alone the other Allies. For months the wastage of men at the front has been appallingly greater than the number of recruits. We nearly lost the war at the beginning through shortage of munitions. We are winning now, are we to throw this away now through shortage of men? Are we to let the sacrifices, suffering and death of our Flanders' heroes, the choicest of our manhood, the finest fighting material in the world be in vain because we are afraid to do our duty at home or on account of the ambitions of partizan politicians? Never!

Only Fair System

Then where are we to get the men? Recruiting as a voluntary system is no longer a success. We cannot get enough to keep up the wastage of one division let alone four. Britain, the home of freedom, independence, individual rights and the anti-militaristic spirit, faced the same problem and settlled it to the satisfaction of her citizens as a whole. How?

By compulsory military service, or Selective Conscription. Our great neighbors to the south adopted that principle from the start as the only efficient and democratic basis. Selective Conscription is the only solution to our problem. The policy of the Union Government secures immediate reinforcements in the shortest possible time to the extent of 100,000, to be ready as reserves in the drive of next spring, by selecting these men according to their fitness, the ease with which they can be withdrawn from the life of the nation with the least disturbance of that life, putting every man on the same level, taking into consideration the sacrifice already made by the family to which he belongs, sharing up the burden equally, leaving the choice to men of all shades of political opinion and who are familiar with with local conditions, and at the same time safeguarding the interest of all the different industries and activities of the nation.

I can see no system more fair, equitable, businesslike and democratic which will give to our men at the front the immediate help they need. Reinforcements for our men, not referendum. Immediate help, not undue delay, is the policy of the Unionist lesders in this respect and I cannot help but support such a sane and wise policy.

Will Conscript Wealth

With conscription of men must go conscription of wealth. The people produce the wealth; that wealth should be utilized for the benefit of the people, the nation. The nation is burdened with the heavy war expenditure, an enormous burden, ever increasing; the people are doing the work, providing the men, giving their earnings, enduring the sacrifice and suffering and the wealth of the country in the hands of the few should foot the bill; the burden be distributted and borne equitably.

We are ready to fight, to pay, to work to the utmost, but the wealth of the few must be brought to the service of the cause and not allowed to amass more for those who already have too much, at the expense of our work and sacrifice. I heartily favor thoroughgoing taxation of wealth to pay the war debt; and as the Union Government as a government, and as individuals, have pledged themselves to this, and are now working out an effective method in co-operation with the authorities across the line to that end, and therefore are not giving us a mere election pledge, they have my support.

Unionists Regulating Prices

Another burden, largely unnecessary burden, the people are bearing is the preesnt high cost of living, an intolerable burden, due not to war needs but hoarding, combinations and profiteering. We must have this problem dealt with immediately and effectually. In this respect both the interests of the producer and the consumer must be safeguarded. The newly formed government, not wasting time on a political campaign, nor waiting till the election is over, are already at work on the problem, they are ordering hoarded stocks put on market for what the market will give, and seeing that it is done; looking after the price and distribution of sugar; have made regulations for the control of flour and feed, whereby the millers profit shall be not more than 25c. per barrel and shorts and bran be sold by the miller at cost; a plan is now ready to control the packing houses so that no packer shall make over 2 per cent. profit on his annual turnover, and if that profit is over 7 per cent. of his invested capital half that profit goes to the country, and all over 15 per cent is taken by the government. The same plan of control is being carried out with regard to coal and is to be extended to other products.

A People's Government

This looks good to me, and men who know the peoples needs and demands, and are ready to stand by the people in face of the opposition of the great interests, are the men for the people and are worthy of our support; we have sure ground here and cannot afford to risk the quicksands of the wordy promises of aspirants for political power and party advancement.

There is throughout the country among men of common sense and lovers of their country a growing impatience and dissatisfaction with the old system of party government; the system has become so rank that the very name of politics has become discredited. One party fighting with another instead of both seeking the welfare of the country; frustrating each others' efforts for good government. Patronage and inability, contracts and party have gone hand in hand. The result is absolute lack of real efficiency in the government of the country and, as usual, the burden of that inefficiency falling on the people.

Our Opportunity

Every decent politician knows the attendant evils of the system, but has been prevented from cleaning things up because of party ties, and so long as party is supreme with politicians that will always be the result. No ordinary movement can lift us over this barrier to progress. It needs the flood tide of some grave national crisis. Respectable politicians from all parties and many who had no party have read the signs of the times; have seen the crisis at our doors and by their speedy action, allegiance to their country at the sacrifice of party, have combined to overthrow the ol l evil, clean up our politics, wipe out patronage and institute sound, efficient government.

All of us who want to win this war without delay, and who want good government and national prosperity must seize on the unparalelled opportunity that is ours, establish the Union Government in power, let that government know clearly what are our demands and needs, and see to it that they meet those needs.

A strong, solid vote for the Unionist candidate when election day comes will be a vote to "Get on with the War" and a vote for good government and national welfare.

Cranbrook council has only $1000 of sinking funds to invest in the Victory Loan. Trail has $7,000.

Rev. T. D. L. McClintock, an Ontario divine, has just been inducted pastor of Nelson Presbyterian Church.

Smelter employees will use the money given each month to the Patriotic Fund for relief work amongst themselves while the strike lasts at Trail.

At Porthill the Idaho-Continental mine people will spend $40,000 on improvements that will assure an ample water supply for the compressor and concentrator.

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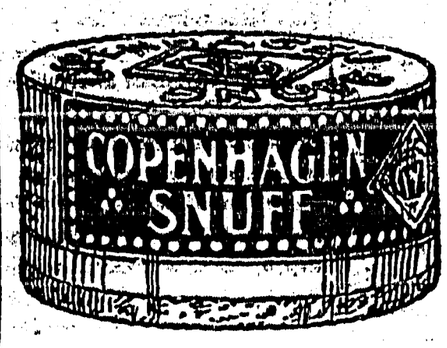

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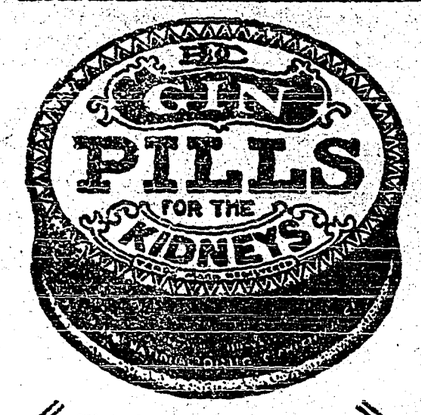

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Buy your out of town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Britain Increases Army and Navy Pay

Advance in Pay Involves Sum of 50,000,000 Pounds for First Year

The British cabinet has increased the army and navy pay, although the increases are small compared with the American and Colonial standards. Proficiency pay at the rate of from three to six pence a day will be payable after six months' service, instead of two years, as under the present army rule. There is also an increase of a penny a day for each year of war service. The present compulsory allotment of six pence daily for privates and ten pence for sergeants is abolished.

The navy increase is about the same rate of pay, and the allowances to the army and navy now amount to 225,000,000 pounds yearly. The increases involve 50,000,000 pounds for the first year.

Uncle Sam's Soldiers

Origin of the Marks of Rank are Explained

The marks of rank on the clothing of American military officers are not the same as those used in the British army. An officer with General Pershing's force has explained their origin. The oak leaf, he says, is worn by a captain, and the poplar leaf by a major, because the poplar grows taller than the oak. The eagle signified a colonel, because the eagle soars over the poplar. The stars are for generals, because the eagle looks towards the stars which shine over all.

An officer's coat sleeve has brown braid round it, while the enlisted man has merely two rows of stitching. The overcoat of an officer is cuffless and has various braidings to denote rank, while the enlisted man's overcoat has a cuff. The officer also has two bone buttons on the back of his overcoat belt; the enlisted man two bronze buttons bearing the United States arms.—London Tit-Bits.

One dose of Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition, and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

Calgary Rotarians Adopt Little Waif

The Calgary Rotary club has decided to adopt a waif, find a good home for him, supply a surgical operation and furnish a complete education until such time as the boy can earn his own living. Last spring a 14-year old boy tramped from a point west of Edmonton to Calgary, and was found in destitute circumstances at Saracee military camp. He was taken in charge by the Children's Aid society, where he has remained. He is one of a large family of children. The father is doing his bit in France, and the mother has deserted the family.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Ate Onions Like Apples

Lady Shackleton gives the interesting information that the members of her husband's expedition found the greatest benefit from eating raw onions like apples. The ironical title of "violets" conferred on them for an obvious reason, explains why onions are banned, but their nutritive and tonic value, particularly in cold conditions, is beyond question. In the Peninsula, laborers in the fields take with them a Spanish onion, which is the pick of the family, just as in this country they would a lump of cheese, and the advantage scientifically is, we believe, on the side of the onion. Before the war, Breton fishermen, in their blue jerseys, carrying their strings of onions, were a familiar sight every season in English streets.—From the London Globe.

Fresh Supplies in Demand.—Wherever Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been introduced increased supplies have been ordered showing that wherever it goes this excellent Oil impresses its power on the people. No matter in what latitude it may be found its potency is never impaired. It is put up in most portable shape in bottles and can be carried without fear of breaking.

Automobiles in Canada

Motorists continue to be a most vigorous actuality in Canada, according to figures given in the Toronto Star, an estimate of $50,000,000 being held as the worth of cars manufactured in this country this year. Those purchased in the same period are placed at 100,000, or five times the number acquired in 1914, or one to about 57 of the population. Canada thus occupies third place among the nations of the world in the use of automobiles—the United States coming first, with 3,000,000 for 110,000,000 people and Britain second with 276,000. This is certainly going some for a young country like ours, with its sparse population; but it must not be overlooked that no inconsiderable number are utilized for agricultural and industrial purposes, causing much economic saving in time and labor. Many users are not joy-riders.—Hamilton Spectator.

PILES

Zam-Buk ends the pain, and stops bleeding. Try it! All dealers, 50c. box.

Zam-Buk

Accidents to Aviators

Performing Complicated Evolutions Proved a Source of Danger

Accidents of course, are inevitable, and they may not be too frequent in proportion to the number of men who are now in the air every day. It is for the authorities to judge of that, just as it is for them to judge whether an undue number of these accidents can be attributed to avoidable causes. But we are bound to say that the increasing tendency of airmen in this country to perform complicated evolutions very close to the ground suggests to the lay observer that needless risks are being taken. Practice in tactics of this kind is an essential part of the training of the fighting pilot. Except for this purpose, however, and especially in the earlier stages of training, we should have thought them unnecessary and unjustifiably dangerous, however alluring they may be to the building pilot. If so, they should be prohibited at once.—London Times.

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is the best medicine extant to destroy worms.

Another Dream Faded

If Zeebrugge and Ostende have been rendered useless as submarine bases the coast of Belgium loses much of its importance. Once the Germans thought to launch from it an invading expedition against England. But that has faded like many another iridescent dream of the Hohenzollerns.

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. A. C. Smith, Goodwood, Ont., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the past two years and have found them the best medicine a mother can give her little ones and I would not be without them." The Tablets never fail to banish the simple ailments of childhood. They regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach and make the cross sickly baby bright, healthy and happy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Salmon Uncertain

Canners say the outlook is serious in B.C. The only hope for the future is to suspend fishing on the Sound for at least four years to allow for the reproduction of sockeyes. In place of a daily catch exceeding 100,000 humpbacks or "pinks" the traps are yielding little more than 20,000 at this time.—Montreal Weekly Witness.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

An Eye Witness

Gentleman—Why don't you get out and hustle? Hard work never kills anybody.

Rastus—You're mistooken dere boss, I'se lost fouh wives dat way.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Women in the Industrial World

The Pennsylvania railroad decided last spring to open as many avenues of employment to women as possible and now employ over 2,000 more women than formerly in many varied positions, including despatchers, station cleaners, car cleaners, draughtswomen, messengers, ticket sellers, station agents, watchwomen, drawbridge tenders, etc. The increase in the number of women employed was the result of the satisfactory service given by those employed in the Broad street station at Philadelphia.

Saskatchewan's Crop of Potatoes

Saskatchewan will have over 5,000,000 bushels of potatoes this year, according to the estimate of the department of agriculture, which places the acreage under crop as 49,244 and the average crop at 102.4 bushels per acre.

The Future of Germany

Will Suffer from an Economic and Social Boycott

Whether victorious or defeated, Germany is likely to suffer for many years from a social and economic boycott, not necessarily inspired by any government, but the voluntary act of thousands of individuals with whom the feeling of resentment will be keen and lasting. It is probable that it will be many years before any Frenchman or Briton will, without urgent necessity, have business relations with Germans. Travel between the countries will be paralyzed for few Frenchmen or Britons will enter Germany and still fewer Germans will be welcomed in France or Great Britain.

We hardly realize the intensity of feeling which the sufferings and barbarities of this war have brought about. The conclusion seems reasonable that the material prosperity of Germany will suffer immeasurably for years to come from this economic and social boycott, and it is unlikely that when it is further recognized that much of the resentment of the world would disappear if Germany were to transform its autocratic monarchy into a republic or limited monarchy by dethroning the Hohenzollern dynasty, that the business interests of Germany will find opportunity to suggest in no unmeaning way that, as Germany sacrificed itself for the prestige of the kaiser, the time has come when the kaiser could profitably sacrifice his crown for the benefit of the German people?—Harpers.

No Compromise

There is no compromise. There is no method whereby civilization can be half shackled by a Germany half beaten. Either the shackles will be burst off or Germany will not be beaten. Nor can the struggle be postponed. It is here and now that the world must settle accounts with Germany for all time to come.—Washington Post.

WIRE CUTS

on Horses, Cattle, &c, quickly cured by
EGYPTIAN LINIMENT
For Sale by All Dealers
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Napanee, Ont.
(Free Sample on Request)

Why the U.S. Is at War

We are fighting to save American husbands from being forced to dig graves for their wives. We are fighting to save American babes from your bayonetmen. We are fighting to save American women from the flames. Loyal and thinking Americans feel that if the ship-watch on the North sea slackens, and the weary guard from the Yser to Belfort is battered down, your cannon would point toward us and soon the trench line would be on the Hudson, the Delaware and the Chesapeake.—Detroit Journal.

This Good Old Remedy

isn't just a purgative. Quite the contrary.

It makes purgatives unnecessary by keeping the liver lively.

Take small doses regularly—a larger dose only if you're sure you need it.

That's been the rule of hearty, sprightly, happy folks for 50 years.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature
Brent Good

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.
CARTER'S IRON PILLS will help this condition.

The Kaiser's Hopeless Task

Prefers the Horrors of War to the Terrors of Reckoning

People have wondered why the kaiser has clung so long—and still clings—to his hopeless task, with all its bloody sacrifice. May it not well be that he prefers even the horrors of war to the terrors of reckoning what peace will bring? War at least is a distraction, and he may well shrink from the cold light peace will thrown on a bankrupt Germany—bankrupt not only in the financial sense, but also in the physical, for in using up 1919 class today the kaiser is drawing heavily on the future, and working his man-power on credit as well as his finance. No wonder there is evidence of growing peace-hunger among the people of Berlin—many of whom would be glad to hand over not only Belgium and Alsace-Lorraine and all the German colonies but the Kaiser and the Crown Prince along with them. And hence the growing anxiety in the government!—Glasgow Herald.

FEWER PEOPLE GROWING OLDER

The Public Health Service reports that more people live to the age of forty years to-day, but from forty to sixty years mortality is increasing from degenerative diseases in the U. S.

Thousands of well-informed men and women to-day are learning the true value of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF THE PUREST COD LIVER OIL

as a powerful blood-enricher and strength-builder to ward off the headaches and backaches that mean weakness. SCOTT'S helps fortify the body against crippling pneumonia and weakening colds, through its force of medicinal nourishment.

Refuse Alcoholic Extracts That Do Not Contain Cod Liver Oil.
Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 15-14

A Medicine for Women

For Forty Years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has Relieved the Sufferings of Women.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

Mrs. Kieso Cured After Seven Month's Illness.

Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my house work, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for herself how good it is."—Mrs. Karl A. Kieso, 596 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.

Could Hardly Get Off Her Bed.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—"I want you to know the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was in such bad health from female troubles that I could hardly get off my bed. I had been doctoring for a long time and my mother said, 'I want you to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.' So I did, and it has certainly made me a well woman. I am able to do my house work and am so happy as I never expected to go around the way I do again, and I want others to know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. Josie Corner, 1668 Harrison Ave., Fairmount, Cincinnati, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Children prefer it to the most expensive butter. Why not save money by using more of this syrup?

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins—3 lb. Glass Jars

Write for free Cook Book. 34

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, - MONTREAL.

MISCONCEPTIONS AS TO THE CAUSE AND AIMS OF THE WORLD WAR

UNITED STATES FIGHTING FOR SELF-PRESERVATION

Lord Northcliffe Says Many People are Deluded by Pro-German Propagandists Into Supposing That This is a Commercial War, But Points Out the Utter Fallacy of Such Reasoning

That the American people are not fighting to make the world safe for democracy, but to make it safe for themselves, is the opinion expressed by Lord Northcliffe, head of the British mission in the United States, in an article printed in the October issue of Current Opinion Magazine. The article, which is headed, "What America Is Fighting For," says:

"If this country had meant to take up arms in defense of British or French interests, or in the interest of Belgium, or in order to spread democracy, it would not have waited until April, 1917. If its aims had been commercial, it would have been in the war long ago. The motive which brought the United States in was not sympathy for any other nation, was not desire for gain, was not an abstract fondness for democratic as opposed to autocratic government; it was self-interest, self-preservation, and self-respect."

Lord Northcliffe says that the only way for America to make the world safe for herself is to make Prussia admit that her theory of a state which has no conscience, a state which can do no wrong, is out of date.

"The German people," he adds, "have been purposely included into the belief that they are defending themselves against foes who are set upon crushing them out of existence, a design which nobody but a lunatic would conceive or imagine possible of execution. Austria fancies that she went to war to defend herself against Russia, the truth being that she was used as a cat's-paw by the Hohenzollern gang. Bulgaria is still under the delusion that she will gain the reward promised her by Prussian Junkerdom for her treachery to her fellow Slavs.

"Even among the allies there exist misconceptions as to the causes and aims of the struggle. A number of English people still fancy that Britain could have kept out of the conflict if Belgium had not been invaded. These people are still unable to understand that Prussia's object in forcing war upon France and Russia was in order to clear them out of the way and be able to attack England, and, in course of time, the United States, with a good prospect of success later on.

"In Russia the pro-Prussian propagandists have infected many with the crazy notion that the new republic has no interests of its own to defend against Germany, and only remains in the war for the benefit of France and Britain. I have even heard French people speak as if their country took up arms for the purpose of regaining Alsace and Lorraine, whereas we know that France would never have brought upon the world the frightful calamity of war for selfish aims.

"Here in the United States, I am told, and I have discovered proof for myself, that there are people deluded by German and pro-German propagandists into supposing that 'this is a commercial war.' It is not very easy to make out exactly what these people mean by that expression. So far as I can learn, they suppose that the cause of the war was commercial rivalry, and that the combatants are each seeking to obtain control of the world's markets."

Denying that the allies are at war for commercial reasons, Lord Northcliffe asks: "What would have been the good of Britain going to war with Germany in order to secure markets? As soon as she had secured them, they would have been open to German as freely as to British trade. The German vice-chancellor, Dr. Helffrich, has asserted that Great Britain's object was "the economic oppression of Germany." How could Britain oppress any nation economically as long as she allowed the traders of all nations to compete with her own traders upon equal terms?"

"The peoples of the British empire did not want war. They had nothing to gain from war. They were threatened. They were attacked. Whether Prussia had invaded Belgium or not, Britain would have been obliged to fight in self-defense. It was not Brussels that the Germans wanted when "for strategic reasons" they marched their troops across the Belgian frontier which they had signed a solemn contract to respect. They wanted Antwerp, which Napoleon called, with clear-sighted understanding, "a pistol pointed at the heart of England." They wanted an outlet for their ocean-going submarines. They wanted Calais.

"The delusion industriously sown in the United States by Germans and those who are in favor of Prussianism, including, I am sorry to say, many Irishmen, that Britain always fights for commercial advantages has long been a Prussian slander. Treitschke, the writer on whose teaching Kaiser Wilhelm II. was nurtured, taught that England's wars were always undertaken with a view to the conquest of markets. He did not explain why England should take so much trouble to conquer markets, seeing that she gave the whole world, including Germany, the benefit of access to them."

Northern Ontario

This new district will one day make one of the finest farming countries in Canada. Farmers are also getting well established in stock raising. Northern Ontario potatoes have become well known for their excellent qualities as seed. Potato growers in the new district of Ontario find very little trouble with insect enemies and the seed gives earlier and larger yields. Farmers are enthusiastic about the possibilities of this new northern country where 7,000 bushels of grain have been produced in a season.

"I've come to kill a printer," said the little man.

"Any printer in particular?" asked the foreman, obligingly.

"Oh, any one will do. I would prefer a small one, but I've got to make some sort of a show at a fight or leave home since your paper called my wife's tea party a 'swill affair.'"

For Pimply Faces Try Cuticura

Soap and Ointment

Samples Free by Post

A simple, easy, speedy treatment. Smear the pimples with Cuticura Ointment, wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. Use night and morning.

For pimples, redness, roughness, itching and irritation, dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair, red, rough hands and baby rashes, these fragrant emollients are wonderful as well as ideal for the toilet.

For free sample each address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

Our Starving Allies

Position of Invaded Serbia Becomes More and More Serious

The following appeal for help and justice for the starving Serbian people appears in "La Serbie," a weekly paper published by Serbs in exile, and edited by Dr. Lazar Mirkovic, a professor of Belgrade university.

The position of invaded Serbia becomes more and more serious.

The population awaits help, which at present reaches it in an absolutely insufficient measure.

The reasons invoked by the allied governments against the sending of foodstuffs to Serbia do not preclude and ought not to preclude the sending of help which, while relieving the famished Serbian population, would in no way weaken the effects of the blockade.

The Swiss committee for Serbian relief provides a sufficient guarantee that the foodstuffs and other indispensable articles will be distributed among the Serbian population and that this distribution will in no way replace rations accorded by the invaders. As regards flour, in the first place there are in Serbia a great number of people who cannot get bread to eat oftener than once a week. Then there are things that are totally lacking, for example, milk, which if sent to Serbia could save the children who still remain alive from certain death. Clothing and shoes are no longer to be had in Serbia, or are so costly that the population is not in a position to obtain them.

To supply all this to the Serbs would in no way diminish the effects of the blockade, because the persons who would benefit would not cede their rations to the invader, for this simple reason that they are receiving nothing from the invader.

One sees, therefore, that military necessities and the exigencies of the most elementary humanity can be reconciled, and with a little more good-will one could arrive at satisfactory results.

It is the duty of the Serbian representatives to explain to our British and American allies that there is no question of any action in favor of the enemy but of the saving of the Serbian population, which is menaced by death from starvation.

We make appeal to the generosity so largely and so often displayed of the British, the French, and the Americans, to rescue our unhappy compatriots from an appalling situation. One may say the same thing of the Serbs interned and prisoners of war, whose fate is most tragic.

What Britain Did

Great Britain first of all upset the German plans for a quick and not costly military victory in Europe. Great Britain upset these plans by entering the war and by sea power alone reversed the conditions which Germany hoped would prevail. German, not French ports were blockaded. Germany, not France, was thrown back upon herself and forced to rely upon intensive interior development of materials and manufacture. France was saved by the British fleet and the Germans recognized it by hating the British in a ferocious ecstacy.—From the Chicago Tribune.

THE DISSOLUTION OF HUN POWER NECESSARY TO SAVE DEMOCRACY

FREE THE EAST AND SECURE A LASTING PEACE

Colonel Roosevelt Believes That the Only Peace Which Will Make the World Safe for Democracy Must Be Based On the Complete Overthrow of Germany, Austria and Turkey

Theodore Roosevelt, speaking in New York at a "National Service" mass meeting under the auspices of the mayors' committee on national defense, declared the only peace which will make the world safe for democracy must be based upon the complete overthrow of Austria and Turkey. Included in the program he outlined were a free Arabia and Armenia, Poland and Lithuania, with an independent Czech commonwealth and a Jugo-Slav state.

"Continually we hear rumors of peace," he said. "I think the circulation of such rumors is injurious to America and to the cause of decency and democracy. We should make it clearly understood that the conduct of Germany has been such that we regard as enemies of mankind all people who would strive to bring about a peace based upon treating Germany, Austria and Turkey on the one hand, and the allies on the other, as standing on a footing of equality. The only peace that will make the world safe for democracy is a peace based upon the complete overthrow of Germany and the dissolution of Austria and Turkey.

"Unless we have used the phrase in a hypocritical and insincere manner, this is the way to make the world safe for democracy, and the only way; and this means that the only peace we can accept is the peace of overwhelming victory. Turkey's conduct toward the Armenian and Syrian Christians has been such as to make it evident that the Turk must not only be driven out of Europe, but his empire destroyed. Give Arabia freedom, give Armenia freedom. Establish a free city at Constantinople and keep the straits absolutely open for the Russians and for everyone else.

"Make a great independent Poland and probably a great independent Finland, too. Give the Lithuanians at least autonomy; make an independent Czech commonwealth to include the Bohemians, Moravians and Slovaks. Make a Jugo-Slav commonwealth to include on a footing of entire equality Croats, Serbians and Slovaks, whether Orthodox, Catholic or Mohammedans. Restore Italian Austria to Italy, and Roumanian Hungary to Roumania.

"As for Belgium, she is not only entitled to restoration, but to the heaviest kind of indemnity. Let France have Alsace-Lorraine; let Poland include the whole Baltic coast to which she is entitled. Let the British and the Japanese keep the colonies they have won."

A Thieves' Paradise

City of Berlin Now Given Over to Criminals

From a city of order, Berlin is beginning to become a city of disorder, as a lengthy and bitter report in the Berlin Tageblatt clearly shows. In the big railway sheds, where goods are received and distributed there is absolute chaos. An almost endless array of packages, trunks, parcels of all descriptions, are stored there in hopeless disorder; many have been stolen or lost. The public accuses the new officials of stealing them; the officials say that the thefts are due to dishonest cabdrivers and untrustworthy forwarding agents. The great Berlin forwarding agency declares that parcels of all descriptions are stolen by thieves while the conveyance are passing through the streets The agency in all soberness makes the astounding statement that Berlin is full of thieves, convicted criminals who have been refused admission to the army, serving to make the streets thoroughly unsafe.

Another forwarding company says that it is useless bringing charges against the dishonest drivers, as there are so many of them that the Crown Prosecutor has given it up as a bad job.

Reporters Nip German Plots

Girl Stenographer Used to Trap Agents and Fist Fight Helps

Calling attention to the "stupidity" of German intrigue in the United States and revealing evidence of the German secret service, Dr. William T. Hornaday, director of the New York Zoological park, in "The Blunders of Germany," describes how a newspaper man successfully pitted himself against the most astute agents of the Berlin government and exposed their plots.

"One lonesome American newspaper man, John R. Rathom, of the Providence Journal, had the gall to plant an employee in a secretarial position at His Excellency von Bernstorff's elbow. Also he put a bright American girl stenographer (with a red pencil) in the office of the Austrian consul-general in New York and he planted an office on each side of the fake passport factory in New York.

"And it was a Providence Journal man who changed portfolios with the astute Dr. Albert, of Austria, and staged a fight in a street car—without extra charges—while that horrible mistake was being made. Nearly 48 hours elapsed before the lynx-eyed doctor noticed the substitution.

"The girl stenographer sat demurely on a big box of incriminating papers just prior to its shipment to Germany, sharing her lunch with the 'shrewd' von Papen, and dreamily drawing two large red hearts on the box cover. The sentimental von Papen tenderly added a red transfixing arrow. This spooning led to the cheap and easy identification of the box in England."

Bone Surgery Marvels

A reserve officer in the United States medical corps who recently returned to the States from Great Britain is loud in his praises of the work in bone surgery being done in British hospitals. He says: They can take a rib from a man and use it to replace a crushed bone in his arm. Patients who in earlier times would have been considered permanently disabled are now fixed up in a few weeks so that they can go back to the front. In a single month, in one hospital, we had 1,350 bone cases, and 1,000 of them were ready at the end of the month to go back and fight again.

The Pilot's Heart

A Pride That Only a Pilot Can Know

"The romance of the air," writes an aviator of some experience, "is a different thing from mascots and superstitions. It is not bound up in the machines. It is something deep down in its own grim and callous self. Those who know it best acknowledge it least. And the pilots themselves—do they speak of a "lucky" or an "unlucky" pilot? Never. They speak only of a "good" pilot or a "bad" one. The only time a man is told he is lucky is when he has failed to break his neck despite bad piloting. Flying is a cruel mistress. Only a pilot knows what she does to a pilot's heart. Where are the young pilots? At the aerodromes learning to fly. They are nowhere else. But bound up in the romance there is a pride that only a pilot can know. It is the pride of the self-dependent."

Lots of people take offense when there is none in sight.

The less a woman has to complain about the more she complains.

Redpath SUGAR

2 and 5 lb. Cartons—
10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

Redpath refining methods produce no second grade sugar. We make and sell one grade only—the highest—so that you will never get anything but the best under the name of Redpath.

"Let Redpath Sweeten It."

Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal

Local and Personal

BIRTH—At Trail, on November 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest W. Ryckman, a son.

FOR SALE—Perfection Oak No. 16 coal stove, good as new. Apply Auditorium, Creston.

Tenders for stumping and clearing the quarter-acre adjoining the school grounds close to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Jackson were Nelson visitors a couple of days last week, returning on Saturday.

W. Ricks of Calgary, Alta., arrived in Creston last week, and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Edmondson for a few days.

POSITION WANTED—By girl, 16 years of age, to assist with house work and take care of children—Apply REVIEW Office.

R. B. Ilsley of Armstrong, the provincial veterinary inspector, paid the Valley a professional visit the early part of the week.

FRUIT RANCH FOR RENT—Entry in March. Colt for sale, six months old; also a milch cow. For particulars, apply D. Scott, Creston.

H. K. Oatway spent the first three days of the week at Cranbrook, stocking up on a few lines on which he is shy for the Christmas trade.

The Methodist anniversary supper on Monday night was a very decided success in every respect. The gross financial intake was about $70.

Geo. Mawson, one of the smelter employees at Trail, arrived home on Friday to spend a few weeks, pending the settlement of the strike at that plant.

LAND CLEARING—TENDERS

Sealed tenders will be received up till noon of Saturday, Dec. 1st, for stumping and clearing a quarter-acre more or less of land adjoining the Creston school, work to be gone on with immediately. Address tenders to F. H. JACKSON, Secy.-Treas., Creston, from whom all information may be obtained.

WATER NOTICE

(Diversion and Use)

TAKE NOTICE that Cranbrook Sash & Door Company, Limited, whose address is Cranbrook, B.C., will apply for a license to take and use three cubic feet per second of water out of South Fork Goat River, also known as Meadow Creek, which flows westerly and drains into Goat River about one-half mile west of Lot 2546, Kitchener townsite.

The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about three-fourths mile south-east of the north-west corner posts of Lot 492, and will be usek for the purpose of fluming lumber to Cadorna station on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Ehis notice was posted on the ground on the 28th day of November, 1917. A copy of this notice, and an application pursuant thereto, and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Nelson.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder, or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper.

The date of the first publication of this notice is November 30th., 1917.

CRANBROOK SASH & DOOR COMPANY, LIMITED, Applicant.
By H. A. McKowan, Agent.

Is there any Meat in the House?

This is the first question that presents itself to the housewife if an unexpected visitor drops in for a meal. But why worry?

Shamrock Brand
Hams and Bacon
Finest Quality
Cooked Ham
Lunch Meat
Bologna, &c.

are always to be had here. In meats nothing quite equals 'Shamrock' products.

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BIRTH—On November 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McCreath, a daughter.

Jos. Roche arrived from Trail on Friday last with Geo. Mawson, and the two are in the Arrow Creek country this week, on a deer hunt.

Frank Bunce, who has been firing on the Nasookin for several weeks, has been transferred this week to one of the C.P.R. boats of Slocan Lake.

CROWDED OUT—The October work statement of the Red Cross and the list of contributors to the Military Y.M.C.A. are unavoidably held over until next issue.

Householders are paying a record price for creamery butter just now, 55 cents a pound. It is several years back since butter was quite so expensive as at present.

H. F. Weber, who is now travelling for a firm out of Nelson, spent the week end with his family here. He is intending to move to that city to reside the latter part of December.

Mrs. G. J. Bayles spent a couple of days with Cranbrook friends last week, returning on Saturday with her mother, Mrs. Leamy, who had been in that city taking treatment at St. Eugene hospital.

The gramaphone, which has been on raffle at Jackson's store for a few weeks past, will be drawn for on Saturday night. There are still a dozen chances left on it—and all of them low numbers, mostly.

Band practice will be held as usual in the band room on Tuesday evening, Dec. 4th, also business of some importance will be put through that night, and the attendance of all members is specially urged.

Mayor Little states that in 25 years in the Creston Vally this is positively the finest fall and early-winter this country has been favored with in a quarter of a century, and he looks for very little snow till almost Christmas.

Creston Presbyterians are having their bazaar on Thursday afternoon next, in Speers' Hall. The ladies have specially prepared for this year's sale of work and a splendid display of articles will be available. Tea will also be served.

The Unionists are the only ones so far to open committe rooms for the election campaign. The store next the postoffice has been nicely fixed up for the purpose, and is open every night to disseminate Unionist information of every sort.

R. G. L. Clarke, Vancouver, chief fruit inspector for B.C., was a visitor here on Tuesday, along with the local inspector, A. McL. Fletcher. They were just back from the apple show at Spokane, which was rather below the standard of other years.

The Red Cross monthly statement for October shows an intake of 13 pairs of hand-knit socks, 4 pairs of donated store hosiery, and 17 suits of pyjamas. Of the latter Mrs. Jones of Kuskanyok turned in half a dozen, and the Canyon City ladies five.

Eggs are bringing a nickel apiece this week, hen fruit going to 60 cents a dozen the latter part of the week. Valley poultrymen generally complain that the hens are not producing up to standard this season in spite of the exceptionally fine weather.

Wednesday afternoon's rain storm brought the snow line pretty close to the level and the local hunters are furbishing up their shooting equipment to be out after the deer. Reports so far indicate that this class of game is not as plentiful this year as last.

A record shipment of cattle was made from Creston on Friday last when the P. Burns Co. sent three carloads of them to the branch at Nelson. This makes seven cars for the year, which is highwater mark for cattle export from the Creston Valley.

Under the auspices of the Methodist Young People's Association a musical evening will be given in the Methodist Church on Tuesday, Dec. 4th, at 8 o'clock, by Mrs. Wallinger, violinist, and Mrs. Edmondson, pianist, Cranbrook. No charge. No collection. Come.

The first carload of a 100-ton shipment of Kootenay Flats baled hay was made by F. K. Hurry on Wednesday. It is going to a rancher in the St. Mary's prairie at Cranbrook. At the Reclamation Farm Mr. Blair has just finished baling 100 tons of it for a Nelson firm, to be shipped by barge.

Those interested in Red Cross effort are reminded that the Tuesday afternoon 10-cent teas are served at 4 o'clock prompt. Will the workers also take note that the sewing session these same afternoons commence at 2 o'clock sharp. This is necessary owing to the shorter hours of daylight at present.

Wm. Maxwell of Revelstoke, the Laurier Liberal candidate in West Kootenay, accompanied by his agent, Frank Cummings of Trail, were here on Tuesday, conferring with the local association for the conduct of the campaign in the Valley. They came up as far as the Landing by launch, and motored in from Sirdar.

At the meeting of Kootenay Presbytery at Nelson the latter part of the week, the request of the Creston congregation that Rev. G. S. Wood be placed in charge of the local Presbyterian work was granted, effective for six months, and he and Mrs. Wood are now getting settled down as permanent residents in the manse.

The attendance at the Red Cross Tuesday-afternoon sewing meetings is well maintained, there always being a couple of dozen workers out each session. The 10-cent teas are proving moneymakers too. Last week, with Mesdames M. Young and R. S. Smith in charge the tea netted $2.95, while this week the revenue was $3.10, Mesdames Hayes and F. H. Jackson doing the honors.

Up till noon yesterday the total sale of Victory Bonds in the Creston Valley had gone over the $30,000.00 mark and still a number of prospects to hear from that are expected to send the figures well on toward $35,000. The former amount represents subscriptions from 84 applicants. Bonds can be had till noon to-morrow. Those who have signed applications but have not as yet paid the initial instalment are reminded that this first payment must be handed in before noon on Monday or the bond will be cancelled.

The federal election campaign will be launched in the Creston Valley tonight, when the Unionists are having a mass meeting in Mercantile Hall at which Hon. Martin Burrel, Secretary of State in the Union Government; J. F. Stackpoole, a prominent Victoria Liberal, and the standard bearer, R. F. Green, will speak. In such a short campaign for such a large constituency Creston is fortunate in having such a galaxy of public men here to discuss the issues of the day, and a large turnout is looked for, opposition speakers being invited.

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