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119

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Vol. IX CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1917 No. 29

Dozen to Attend Drainage Meeting

Bonners Ferry, Idaho.
July 28, 1917.

C. F. Hayes, Sec. Board of Trade,
Creston, B.C.

Dear Sir:—

Arrangements are now being made to hold one of the most important meetings ever held in the Kootenay Valley. This will be a joint meeting of the people of Kottenay Valley in Idaho and Canada, for the purpose of taking some definite steps toward reclaiming the over-flow lands.

At the request of the Bonners Ferry Commercial Club our government is sending Mr. L. R. Jones, the government engineer who made the survey of the Valley, to be here at this meeting, which will be held at Bonners Ferry, Saturday, August 4th, at 2 p.m., in the Odd Fellows' Hall. The Canadian people will have many prominent representatives here, and it is hoped that this meeting will be the real beginning of the final reclamation of the Kootenay Valley.

Every property owner and person interested in the development of the Valley should be represented at this meeting, and we earnestly urge that you bear this date in mind and what it means to this valley, and arrange to attend.

Yours truly,
A. J. KENT, Secretary,
Bonners Ferry Commercial Club.

As we go to press this (Thursday) evening a special session of Creston Board of Trade is under way to secure members to attend this gathering, which has all the earmarks of being, as Mr. Kent points out, "the real beginning of the reclamation of the Kootenay Valley."

From appearances, if the weather is right, there will be at least a dozen representative citizens go from here, who will take along with them Engineer Muerling's report, as well as all the other data in the board's possession.

Now that there is definite assurance from Victoria that the B.C. government is arranging to have a conference of the B.C. and Idaho authorities interested in the matter at Victoria in October, it is just possible a similar gathering to the one scheduled for tomorrow at Bonners Ferry will be held in Creston next month, at which effort will be made to have Hon. Mr. Pattulo, minister of lands, and Hon. John Oliver, minister of agriculture, attend. On his visit here last week John Keen, M.P.P., assured that the ministers were quite sympathetic to the undertaking, and he felt sure that the efforts of the board backed up by his own would result in the attendance of the minister of lands and such officials of that department as would be necessary to discuss the B.C. side of the question intelligently.

Erickson

A westbound freight accounted for the death of another cow at the crossing here on Thursday night. The animal was owned by Teddy Haskins, and is a considerabfe loss in these days of high beef prices.

Another C.P.R. freight livened things up on Friday, when it went head on into the Romano section crew hand car which had been left on track, the crew having followed the passenger out and had not figured on another train coming along so soon.

Erickson was out of luck completely in the Entrance exams. None of the five candidates from here were successful, notwithstanding the fact that four had taken the Entrance work at Creston the whole term.

Shipping in raspberries is holding up fairly well, though the excessive heat has put some of the ranchers out of business completely. The total crop will not be half of what was hoped for.

The C.P.R. crew was here the latter part of the week and has made some needed repairs to the driveway and station.

W. V. Jackson is looking for the rancher who can beat his crop of 11 crates of Bing cherries from one tree this year.

And the Staples ranch is doing some [illegible] boasting about their early cucumbers, the first likely samples of which were picked on July 31st.

Lloyd, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Elvin Cartwright, is around these days with his right arm in a sling, the after effects of a fall from a buggy on Thursday last. The arm is broken near the shoulder but, fortunately, not seriously.

Tomatoes will be on the shipping list next week from all appearances. W. H. Kemp and Staples Bros. are both counting on haying a few crates for export by the 10th. The crop looks fine despite the heat, but the Valley yield for the year will not be much over 3000 crates.

Alice Siding

Raspberry shipping still holds up well—and would be heavier if a few more pickers were available. 42 crates were loaded at Smith's on Wednesday and 24 at the Mather & Reed stop.

Mrs. Tom McLaren, who with Mr. McLaren have been residents here for almost a year past—Mr. McLaren working with J. Compton—returned to Treesbank, Man., on Wednesday, and he will follow with the household effects in a few days.

Mrs. Giletz of Vanbouver arrived on Saturday and will spend the next few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stace Smith.

Principal King, who was in charge of the school here the past term, has been engageh to teach at Wynndel the coming term.

Alice Siding school scored a perfect average at the recent Entrance examinations. Miss Ruth Smith, the only candidate from here, being successful in passing.

Pte. Jacky Smith is still being detained at Toronto, where he has to be fitted out with an artificial leg, and those in charge there will not let him come on home unless he pays his own travelling expenses. The matter is being taken up with the militia authorities at Ottawd, and it is hoped will be successful getting the necessary permission to issue the transportation and allow him to recuperate amidst old friends and scenes. It will probably be Christmas before he could get around at will on his new limb.

Sirdar

Mrs. Dennes and Mrs. Aspey were Creston visitors on Monday. W. H. Morris was at the metropolis on Friday.

Mrs. Pelton and family of Cranbrook are spending the summer here with her husband, who is second in command of the yard engine at present.

Another Cranbrook visitor at present is Mrs. Hartell and son, Frank, who are guests at Hotel Bysouth.

Mr. and Mrs. Swanson and Mr. and Mrs. Loasby were Creston visitors on Sunday evening.

Ike Lewis was a Creston visitor the early part of the week, looking up a few good workmen to help off with the hay crop this year.

Rev. J. S. Mahood of Queens Bay was a Tuesday visitor here, taking the monthly English Church service, which was well attended.

Freight traffic both east and west is getting heavier each week, the movement of coke being almost as heavy now as at any time. The yard crew are putting in considerable overtime in consequence.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Bysouth of Princeton, B.C., have been here for several days on a visit to the former's brother, S. Bysouth.

Mrs. Jones of Kuskanook still needs the aid of a cane to get around, so slow is her recovery from a broken ankle two months ago. However, her recovery is sure and she is hoping in a couple of weeks to be getting around as per usual.

Mrs. McDermott and children and Mrs. Paris of Calgary are among th tourists registered at Hotel Bysouth this month.

Cooking Section Feature of Fair

The printed prize list for the second annual fall fair of the Creston and District Women's Institute is now available. On the whole list of awards is well worth while, some exceptionally generous special prizes being in evidence in the cooking section particularly. All told prizes are offered in 60 different sections, of which 11 are in the juvenile department which includes the $5 special by John Keen, M.P.P., for the best grey flannel coat shirt; $5 in two prizes for a freehand map of B.C., and a like amount similarly divided for the best packed box of apples put up by the school scholars who attended the 1917 packing school.

In the adults department the cooking section has received special attention from those offering special prizes among these being half a dozen of which fortunate winners will get 100 and 50-pound sacks of flour in eight attempts. There are 18 sections to this feature of the fair, and they are pretty well spread over all the staple articles in these days of high living costs.

There are 11 sections in the needlework department, in which is a special of $6 in three prizes, for the best collection of fancy work, and a similar divvy of a $5 grant for socks which are to become the property of the local Red Cross society.

There are 8 awards to be made in canned goods, in which is a $5 special for the best collection of canned foods of not less than 12 jars. In plants and flowers there are also eight classes, with a first and second of $3 and $2 for the best boquets of sweet peas and carnations, grown in the open, donated by Mr. and Mrs. C. Rykert, Porthill, respectively. Special prizes are offered in the two classes in butter, and the Creston branch of the Bank of Commerce is offering a special of a bronze medal for the best collection of vegetables.

Each and every one of the directors will be responsible for one or more classes of the exhibits, which should simplify matters considerably in case of last-minute rushes of any sort. Mrs. G. Cartwright will be responsible for the plants and flowers and vegetables. Mrs. Lyne the canned goods and butter. Mrs McKelvey the cooking. Mrs. Cook the needlework, and Mrs. Forrester the juvenile department.

This year printed forms of entry are provided and only entries made on these will be accepted. Every article shown must be the property of or grown by the lady exhibiting the same, and nothing that took a prize in 1916 will be eligible for exhibition this year.

Likewise the decision of the judges is final, and these officials have authority to withdold or modify prizes where the exhibits are not worthy. The fair will be held in Mercantile Hall on Wednesday afternoon and evening, Sept. 5th, but all entries must positively be made on or before Saturday, Sept. 1st.

Wynndel

Mrs. Webster and daughter, Lilian, who have been the guests of Mrs. H. Rosendale for some time, returned to Cranbrook on Monday.

Frank McCallum, who has spent the past five months here with his father, left on Monday for Bow Island, Alta.

Miss Barbara Mawson spent the week-end here the guest of Miss F. Bathie, taking in the dance Saturday night and also the trip to the Landing on Sunday.

The first automobile to find a home in Wynndel came in on Tuesday. It belongs to the Uri Brothers and is a five-passenger Ford.

Among the Creston callers this week were: Monrad Wigen, Clarence Ogilvie, Dick Dalberg, Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Hagen and Miss Aslang Andestad.

The dance in the dance hall on Saturday night was certainly well-attended, and judging from the remarks heard everyone had a most enjoyable time.

Tommy Butterfield, paid his usual weekly visit to Wynndel on Saturday taking in the dance in the evening. On his return to Nelson, Sunday, he was escorted as far as Kootenay Landing by quite a number of the young folks in Monrad Wigen's steam launch. The folks spent a couple of hours enjoying themselves on the Nasookin, and judging by the number of cameras along everyone from the captain down must have had their "pictures took." It must be said that Engineer Ogilvie did his best to entertain his guests, by several times nearly scaring them to death by his steam whistle.

Canyon City

July was another busy month at the shipping end of the Canyon City Lumber Co. business. 41 cars of lumber were loaded out as well as a car of posts.

From up to 25 crates a day are being shipped at Canyon City at present, practically all raspberries. Con. Hall is to the fore in this line with an even dozen Wednesday—eight of them off his own place and four of Mr. Pochin's.

T. Harris had agang of men at work the early part of the week re-planking the bridge. 16-foot stuff, laid diagonally, was used, which is thought will stand the wear and tear better.

We hear the road up to the Edwards ranch is to be opened up at once, and if possible the work will be let by tender, instead of the old roadwork system.

Definite word has come that Mrs. Kelly will take charge of the school next term. She has had several years experience, which should stand her in good in a rural school with such a large attendance as this.

The wire is partly strung for the new telephone line that serves the residents on the sideroad as far through as W. Carver's ranch. When completed there will be five or six new phones to install. R. S. Bevan is in charge of the work.

Miss Evelyn Bevan of Creston is here for a week's vacation, with Mrs. C. Hall.

The Canyon Red Cross branch made its first delivery of work to the Creston Red Cross Society last week, made up of 11 suits of pyjamas and $10 in cash. This is surely a record to be proud of, when the members at Creston for the whole month of June had hardly that many pyjamas to their credit.

Canyon City school made a very creditable showing at the recent Entrance examinations, one of the two candidates, Miss Frances Knott, being successful.

With fine weather Canyon Red Cross ladies are hoping to make this year's Red Cross social, at Mrs. Knott's on the 15th, just as big a success as any of the two preceding events of the sort—both of which have been high water mark for good times and finance raised.

Canyon City is right now claiming the championship for raspberry picking. On Tuesday Mrs. Edwards made a mark of 11 cups in 17 minutes, and turned in a full 24-cup crate of them for just one hour's picking. The work was done on the C. Hall ranch which this year has, without doubt, the finest showing of raspberries in the Valley—quite an area of them, too.

Although favored with positively the worst evening of the season the Misses Cartwright, Dow, Stark, Lyne and Morgan, who were in charge of the Red Cross lawn social at the Henderson grounds on Saturday managed to turn over a matter of about $65 to the Red Cross treasurer on Wednesday, as a result of their efforts. The affair was held indoors on Saturday, and on Tuesday afternoon a tea and sale was held at the regular Red Cross session, when practically everything was disposed of.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Last year I had it on good authority that the loss on the apple crop in this Valley was, owing to lack of moisture, and irrigation, one-third of what it would have been.

This year that experience is being repeated in a more severe form, possibly half a possible crop, if heavy rains do not ensue shortly.

In addition to these losses, at what figure should we show the loss in hay and berry crops from the same cause?

In a few years from now we should be shipping out 300 carloads of apples alone. If another dry season occurs, then with like results there would be an avoidable loss of 100 cars—taking apples alone. What figure does that represent in dollars?

If any rancher here to-day had a creek running to waste within half a mile of his ranch, which he could get the use of for just the trouble of digging a ditch to it, he would go at it at once.

Because a hundred ranchers can get all the water necessary for their ranches and houses, six miles away, add thereby 50 per cent. to the value of their holdings, nothing is done, and yet I know many of them to whom it is a vital necessity.

What, sir, is the matter with the community of Creston?

Raspberry Export Slightly Lighter

A couple of very welcome showers that the Valley was favored with the early part of the week, coupled with very much cooler weather, is carrying the raspberry crop along in rather good style, judging by the size of this fruit now coming in as well as the quantity. Had the scorching heat of mid-July prevailed until now the raspberries would have been practically off the shipping list, except on those ranchers where water is available. As it is the records of the Fruit Growers Union up to the end of July show a falling off in shipping of less than 200 crates, and this despite the fact that the early part of the 1916 season was rather more favorable than 1917 has been. There has been no further slump in market prices and indications are that for the rest of the season the price will at least hold its own, if not improve. Every day now the Union is away short of fruit to fill orders offering.

Few sweet cherries are moving now. Considering that this year these were shipped in the four-basket crate, instead of pint cups as was the fashion a year ago, the price per pound that the grower will receive will slightly better than in 1916, while the total shipments will run to about the same figure.

The first of the 1917 cucumbers should be shipping before the 10th, but the export of these will not glut the market. The Union clients will have a matter of 300 crates possibly, while the indepedent shipping will hardly exceed that figure. This will mean a falling off as compared with last year of almost 200 crates, as 1916 export figures were close to the 800 mark.

Tomatoes, too, will be moving next week also. While the total crop will not be over 4000 crates the market never opened better for them than are the prospects just now. On a 4000-crate estimate the tomato growers will a little more than hold their own with last year when only a little over 3000 of the ripe sort were shipped from here.

Some idea of the raspberry shortage over the whole province may be gleaned from the prairie markets commissioner's report issued Saturday, in which that gentleman more or less wisely states that instead of B.C. having 50 cars of berries to ship this season it will do well to have 10 of them.

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY 10 CENTS PER PLUG

THE AMARANTH CLUB

— BY —

J. S. FLETCHER

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

She had everything she liked from the Curzon Street house; plate, linen, glass, china and pictures. It was easy then to arrange for domestic needs; easy to secure the services of a day-maid who could be packed off at a moment's notice. The sum and result of all was that Mrs. Tressingham possessed a most desirable domicile of her own in town in which she was absolutely free of all trammels, in which she could do exactly what she pleased, in which there were no servants always on the spot to spy and listen, and which she could go in and out of at all hours of the day and night, and lock up for a week, or a month, or a year, according to her own sweet will.

In this retired and luxurious nest, however, its occupant made no long stay on her return to it after a short month's absence. That absence had been necessitated by a certain monetary transaction with a certain Mr. Isidore Bernstein, who had not behaved himself as well in the affair as he had been expected to. But Mr. Bernstein had now been cleared out of the way through the friendly offices of Otto von Roon, and Hilda Tressingham breathed the air of liberty when, on the evening following George Ellington's re-election, she stepped out of the train and caught the faint odor of that particular atmosphere which always hangs about Euston. Having ideas of her own for her disposal of herself for that evening, she went into the hotel and dined before driving to Down Street. She dined lazily, leisurely, watching the folk about her, her busy brain speculating on many matters; she lingered a long time over her coffee and her favorite liqueur. It was growing late when she finally reached her flat—or, to be exact, it was at an hour which most respectable people would have called late. But to Hilda that hour was the threshold of the night, and she had many things to do before the sun rose again over London.

She stayed no longer in the flat than was necessary to assure herself that all was in order, according to the instructions which she had wired on the previous day, and to change from her travelling things into a quiet and unobtrusive evening gown. It was just upon eleven o'clock when she enveloped herself in a wrap, and going down to the street entrance told the hall porter to get her a taxi-cab. The man was used to these nightly settings-out; it required no more than a nod from Mrs. Tressingham to ensure his giving a brief instruction to the driver: "Amaranth Club."

Hilda leaned back in her cab as it moved swiftly along Piccadilly, letting her eyes rest with pleasure on the lights and the shadows, her ears drink in the multitude of sounds. For her the silences of Hartsdale had no charm; she preferred the glare of an electric standard on an adamant pavement to a clear patch of moonlight on a fern-strewn glade. The sight of men and women on London sidewalks stirred her blood. She laughed as she thought of the dreary dullness of her brother's house and the shabby drabness of that corner of Ashminster in which she had so recently been fishing votes for George Ellington. Time spent out of London was to her time literally thrown away. She anathematised Mr. Isidore Bernstein sincerely and heartily for having driven her away from her usual haunts.

But here she was, back at one of them, at any rate, and she entered it with the zest of a devotee who has been banished for awhile from a favorite shrine of adoration. On the previous night, at exactly the same hour, she han entered the old hall at Hartsdale Park. Now she passed the portals of a quiet-looking house which, for all there was to learn to the contrary from its exterior, might have been as dull and dreary as Hartsdale itself. Only those who like herself penetrated through the outposts of this eminently respectable building knew anything at all about it.

The Amaranth Club, whose house was in one of the quietest streets in the St. Jame's district, was one of those essentially modern institutions which have come into being of very late years. It was a proprietary club, and its proprietor, Mr. Barthelemy, was regarded as a benefactor—a private benefactor—by those ladies and gentlemen who had the privilege of his acquaintance. It occurred to the master mind of Mr. Barthelemy that in view of the absurd restrictions of the English licensing laws, it was impossible for people so minded to eat supper in peace and comfort after the theatre at any place controlled by those laws. Why not, then, found a club for a very, very select and special coterie of folk who desired to be able to please themselves between the hours of, say, eleven at night and two in the morning? It was perfectly easy to do this: Mr. Barthelemy did it. As proprietor of a West End theatre, as financier of various theatrical ventures at one time or another, he knew exactly how to get a certain membership of the desired sort together. He also knew how to be extremely rigid as to the character, capabilities, and financial standing of the people who came within that membership. Mr. Barthelemy always kept one strict rule before him in all he did in connection with the Amaranth—Absolute Outward Respectability. He wanted no young bloods, no dashing boys about town, nobody who might exceed in anything. He desired the semblance of the ultra-refined. And when a man who knows London knows what he wants he generally gets it. Mr. Barthelemy knew London, and he got what he wanted.

It would have been impossible to say a word against the Amaranth Club; impossible for the most lynx-eyed spy—if such could have got in—to lay a finger on anything in connection with it and say this is an evasion of the law. Mr. Barthelemy was a man of infinite painstaking where particulars were concerned. The name of his club, the object of his club, the address of his club, his own name as secretary and proprietor, were all duly registered.

The authorities who were entitled to be in possession of such particulars knew how many members there were, what the rules were as to the election of members, what the terms of subscription were, what the entrance fee was, what the hours during which the premises were open were, and how and in what fashion the rules could be altered. Mr. Barthelemy saw to it that everything in connection with the Amaranth was strictly en regle. Nobody—nobody—should ever be able to breathe a word against the Amaranth.

And Mr. Barthelemy saw to it, that his members—that small and select coterie of which he personally knew every unit—should possess the most comfortable and luxurious club—small though it was—in London. The old mansion in which it was housed he altered, renovated, arranged and decorated in such a fashion as to give delight to every man and woman—for the Amaranth was designedly a club of mixed membership—who used them. Supper rooms, card rooms, billiard rooms, reading rooms, conversation rooms, lounges, bars—all were perfect in their way. There was such an atmosphere of elegance and refinement pervading the Amaranth that it would have been strange to find anything but elegance and refinement among its members. They were, in truth, a very choice set—and in every respect were closely akin to those Lucanians who made the name of Sybaris a byword for all ages.

It was early times yet for the Amaranth—its rooms as a rule began to fill about midnight. Hilda went straight to a certain corner of a smoking room there which she favored. On her way she encountered Mr. Barthelemy and had a little conversation with him. Mr. Barthelemy expressed his great delight at seeing her once more. Was it, then, but one short month that she had been away from the Amaranth? Truly, it had seemed an age!

(To Be Continued.)

Neglecting the Bible

Quite apart from its moral and religious bearings, the neglect of the Bible involves a cultural handicap worth noting. It involves a cramping of the popular vocabulary, as no other literary masterpiece is such a well of English pure and undefiled. It involves a dulling of literary preceptions, as literature abounds in Biblical allusions which every reader of the Bible instantly understands, but which only readers of the Bible ever can. Finally, it involves a failure to respond to many a good joke, an astonishing percentage of the best quips are nothing more or less than Biblical allusions.—Chicago Tribune.

A substitute for potatoes is said to have been discovered by the Japanese. It is called the "dasheen." When cooked it looks and tastes so much like a potato it is almost impossible to tell the two apart. The vegetable has been made the subject of experiments in the Southern United States, and it is said it has been found that it grows well there and can be raised for about half the cost of potatoes.

A Generous Offer

Well-Known Firm Is Giving Away Free Samples for the Asking

There are many remedies for various ills placed upon the market, some of which enjoy wide-spread reputations, built upon their proven worth; while the popularity of others is but transient. When one is ill, there is a strong disinclination to experiment, and the wise man or woman will usually make use of a remedy that has an established reputation. There is perhaps no better known or more reputable firm of manufacturing chemists than that of Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England. Particularly patent will this statement be to those who have come to Canada from the mother country. Dr. Cassell's Tablets is not a new remedy nor experiment, but one of proven worth, and the numerous published testimonials bear ample verification to this fact.

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Dr. Cassell's Tablets are most highly recommended in the treatment of Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation and weakness in children. The reader who may be suffering can not do better than write at once to the above address and secure a generous sample package of this remedy entirely without cost.

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This alternative, however, is now much more promising than a few years ago. Many factories manufacture this type of equipment, the operation of the plants has been simplified and cost has been much reduced.

These small plants may be advantageously used for many domestic purposes in addition to lighting, such as ironing, washing, toasting, pumping water, etc.; and also for the very important use of charging storage batteries.

There are a number of these small plants now on the Canadian market, ranging in size from 175 watts, and costing $300 upward. Six different types were described in a recent electrical magazine, some using storage batteries in conjunction, and generally using a gasolene engine as a prime mover. They are usually operated at a very low voltage. These small plants are perfectly safe, so far as the handling of the electric energy is concerned.—L.G.D.

Matter of Fact

He—If I stole a kiss would you scream for your parents?

She—No, not unless you wanted to kiss the whole family.

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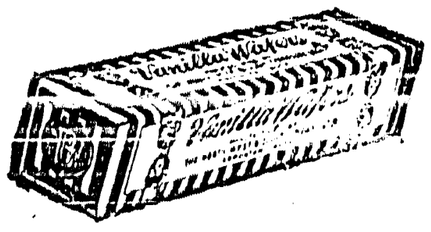

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118 West 31st Street, New York

Two Washboards For the Price of One!

Both sides of EDDY'S Twin Beaver Washboards can be used—giving double service for the price of one. Made of INDURATED FIBREWARE (which is really pulp hardened and baked by a special process) it cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear you clothes. Double value for your money—almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.

ASK YOUR DEALER.

The E. B. Eddy Company
Limited
HULL - - CANADA

MONEY ORDERS
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Must Fight to Solve Problem

The United States has no desire to share the world with the Hohenzollerns, still less could we tolerate submission to them. But there is no third alternative in the long run if the great belt of military union and economic solidarity be stretched from the North Sea to the Indian Ocean. This problem, only nominally one of European politics, but really one of world concern, is forced upon us with the rest of the war and we must fight for its solution in the only way that leaves hope to mankind, no matter what time it take or what the cost.

The growing wrath of other neutrals, our own steady and rapid advance toward real participancy in the struggle, the apparent steadying of Russia and the firmness of her leaders in the cause all lend encouragement to the American people.—New York Evening Sun.

PILES.
You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? *All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.*
Zam-Buk

Harvest Every Month

Every Month of the Year is Harvest Time in Some Part of the World

All through the year wheat is being harvested. In January it is cut in the great fields of the Argentine and in New Zealand. In February and March it is cut in the East Indies and Egypt. The wheat fields are harvested in April in Cyprus, Asia Minor and Cuba, and in May in China and Japan. June is the busiest harvest month of the whole year, for then Turkey, Greece, Spain and southern France, as well as most of the Southern States of America are all cutting wheat. Northerly states of America, and provinces of Canada, as well as Austria, Germany and parts of Russia begin their harvest gathering in July. August sees the wheat crop gathered in Great Britain and September and October for Sweden and Norway. Peru and South Africa are busy harvesting in November and December.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The Kindly Germans Are No More

Apologies for the German people, those who are fond of explaining that the people of Germany are the dupes and victims of their rulers and ought not to share the responsibility of the crimes and horrors of which the latter are guilty, are probably not so well qualified to speak with authority on that subject as is James W. Gerard, late U.S. ambassador at Berlin. Mr. Gerard, who lived for several years among the Germans, knows them pretty well; and this is what he reports about them: "The Germany of today is not the kindly Germany that your fathers knew. Old Germany has for many years been buried under a supersoil of Prussian helmets."—Hamilton Herald

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad, so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good. One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT, warmed on flannels and applied on my breast, cured me completely.

C.H. COSSABOOM.

Rossway, Digby Co., N.S.

What He Thought

"Do you like your new sister, Tommy?"

"Oh, yes," replied Tommy, "she's all right but there's a lot of things we needed more."

Simple and Sure.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young or old.

Exact Truth

The "Swanky" One—I'm smoking a terrible lot of cigars lately.

The Other (with conviction)—You're right if that's one of them.

Relief from Asthma. Who can describe the complete relief from suffering which follows the use of Dr. J.D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy? Who can express the feeling of joy that comes when its soft and gentle influence relieves the tightened, choking air tubes! It has made asthmatic affliction a thing of the past for thousands. It never fails. Good druggists everywhere have sold it for years.

A Useful Vehicle

The one-wheeled ricksha of Africa, like its two-wheeled ancestor, the jinricksha of Japan, was the invention of a missionary, the designer of the African vehicle being a Swede engaged in mission work on the Congo. An early form of the vehicle consists of a framework of bicycle tubing, supporting a cushioned chair seat over a single, low, rubber-tired wheel. The handles in front form a continuous loop and the rear handles resemble those of a wheelbarrow. Two native boys can easily transport a pasenger in the ricksha, and it is the only vehicle practicable for many of the narrow and crooked foot trails which are still the only roads in the greater part of Africa.

For Greater Food Production

C.P.R. to Encourage Settlement and Cultivation of Vacant Lands

In order to encourage the settlement and cultivation of vacant lands in the Western Provinces, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, through its Colonization and Development Department, of which Mr. J. S. Dennis is the head, has undertaken an active campaign to try and induce absentee owners to cultivate their holdings.

A circular has been issued to some 8,000 absentee owners, pointing out the profits which can be made by cultivating their lands, and showing how many farmers sold their last year's crop for more than the original cost of their farms.

The company offers the advice and assistance of its Colonization and Development Department, free of charge, in supplying reliable information as to how to go about getting the land under cultivation and will send, on request, the fullest details as to routes of travel, customs regulations, passenger and freight rates and similar data.

In undertaking this campaign the company is following its usual broad policy of Dominion-wide development, realizing that every new settler means greater production to meet the food shortage which at present threatens the world, and which Canada, with its extensive and fertile unplowed acres, can provide.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Flagless Russia

A correspondent at Petrograd remarks that Russia has now no symbol of her new estate; no national flag, no national anthem. She has torn down the eagles of autocracy and the red flag rose in its place to mark the revolution. But a revolution is not a situation in which a people can settle down to national life. The whirlwind of overthrow spreads the folds of the red banner, but it is no ensign of stability, security or progress. Its significance passed with the passing of the time of turbulance.—New York Evening Sun.

CHILD'S SEVERE STOMACH TROUBLE

Harriston (Ont.) Father says Dr. Cassell's Tablets Saved his Child's Life

Mr. Corby, Harriston, P.O., Ont., writes: "Our little girl was weak from birth, and though we tried doctors' medicine and other things she got no better. She just lay in her cot and cried, and neighbours all said we could not save her. The doctors said she had stomach trouble, and that her chances were small, yet Dr. Cassell's Tablets cured her. They have been worth their weight in gold to us, for we were just giving up hope of saving our little daughter. I don't think there is any other medicine for children like Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Publish this letter if you like; it may help others as the Tablets helped us."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, M'Caul-st., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation, and Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube, 50 cts; six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations said to contain hypophosphites. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors, and no imitation can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England

Oatmeal Philosophy

A strong person can subsist on a little oatmeal and philosophy and out-walk, out-think, out-talk, and every way outdo the person who travels the long way from soup to nuts and goes to sleep afterwards as an anaconda might.—Vancouver Sun.

If one be troubled with corns and warts, he will find in Holloway's Corn Cure an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

Workmen at Kiel having demanded an immediate increase in food allowances and salary, the directors told them they shared the same hardships and ate the same rations. A deputation of workmen then asked permission to investigate the contents of the directors' larders, but the directors refused, saying they possessed no larders or stores.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM-SCIATICA
BRIGHT'S DISEASE-BACKACHE
DIABETES
NUMBER 23

HOLIDAY TIME CALLS FOR

FLEET FOOT
SUMMER SHOES

CAN'T trust yourself to slippery leather, in canoe, sail boat or yacht. And, of course, you have to have Fleet Foot Shoes for tennis, baseball, golf and lacrosse. Fleet Foot Pumps or low shoes are the proper accompaniment of Summer apparel. And Fleet Foot Summer Shoes cost so much less than leather, that it is real economy to wear them.

CANADIAN CONSOLIDATED RUBBER CO. LIMITED
DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM
AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Look trim and neat—enjoy yourself—and save money, by wearing Fleet Foot this summer.

202

No More Sunday Work

We welcome the news that it has been found possible except in the case of urgent repairs, to suspend Sunday work in munition factories. Flesh and blood cannot endure year after year the strain of labor in a factory seven days a week, and probably the output will rise and not fall as the result of this wise and necessary reform.—From London Daily Mail.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation in children can be promptly cured by Baby's Own Tablets. They are a gentle but effective laxative which thoroughly regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus drive out all childhood ailments. Concerning them Mrs. J. B. Tauffenbach, Richer, Man., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them an excellent medicine for constipation." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prince Died Like a Sport

The Kaiser's Nephew Told His Captors of Happy Days in England

Glimpses of the last days of Prince Karl Friedrich nephew of the kaiser, who was wounded when flying and taken prisoner by the Australians, are given in the account sent to England by the Rev. M. Caldwell, a Baptist minister, who is official chaplain to the German prisoners in the general hospital in France. It appears in the British Weekly.

"The Australians, whose prisoner I became," the prince told Mr. Caldwell, "treated me with the greatest kindness. They are sportsmen and great men. I have a wonderful admiration for them. If I am anything, I am a sport. I have played tennis with Wilding and other first-class players. I shall never forget the jolly time I had in England when I played them all. The kindness which has surrounded me since I became a prisoner has brought back the memory of those days. The Australians were good to me; the officers and soldiers who attended me coming down the line, were very considerate, and the whole atmosphere of this hospital is kindness. I am grateful to you and all who wish me well; I lie here a helpless prisoner, but I have no regrets. I did my best for my country, and I am not sorry I am finished with the war. I want to live. I am young and when the war is over I shall go back and help to build up my nation again."

"He shook hands with me each time I came and went," says Mr. Caldwell. An hour or so before he died I prayed with him. He was very weak and ill. When I finished he opened his eyes, and with a smile said: "Thank you, thank you very much." He soon fell into unconsciousness, from which he never recovered.

Italy's Amazing Strength

Italy continues to heap surprises upon surprises. The latest is the information that Italy is not asking anything specially of the United States except that Americans understand her better; that the general economic situation is excellent, Italy having been able to pay her war interest out of taxation. So declares Signor Nitti, of the Italian commission.

All this shows the same careful, far-seeing organization in civil affairs that has begun to arouse so much admiration among military experts in connection with the operations of the army.—Buffalo Express.

"I hear your new son-in-law has brain-fever," said the curious man.

"Brain-fever, did you say?" chuckled the father-in-law. "The poor nut couldn't have any such a sickness. Imagine a jelly-fish having a backache."

It is easy for a man to get rich quick if he meets a lot of others who want to.

These Bad Results

follow a lazy liver:—Constipation; Disordered Stomach; Headache; Biliousness, and other evil, painful, dangerous things.

This Good Old Remedy

comes to the rescue.

Take two or three pills at bedtime—once. After that, one each night; two, now and then, if necessary.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine Bears Signature
Brent Good

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.

Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, AUG. 3

Action, Please

One can hardly pick up a daily paper nowadays without being confronted with a more or less thunderous pronouncement from Mr. Hanna, Canada's food controller, to the effect that if we do not out out second helpings, stop eating between meals, have one meatless day a week and one wheatless meal a day, etc., etc., the hated Hun will yet win the war—conscription or no conscription.

While to most folks hereabouts Mr. Hanna's observations are entirely wasted, due to the fact that few of us have the price to indulge in big eats, it might be well to insist that in such a time of crisis people are looking to a controller, clothed with all the authority we are assured Mr. Hanna has vested in him, for something more than good advice. Definite positive action is what is wanted. He should issue specific orders and should use the powers of his office to see that these orders are obeyed.

There is little use in making speeches or issuing reports, filled with vague suggestions. A recommendation to eat the perishable foods and to conserve the more durable article of diet, is not particularly helpful. It is not specific enough. What is wanted is a clear statement of just what should be done, and when.

If Mr. Hanna thinks wheat should be economized by forbidding the further manufacture of white flour, let him issue instructions accordingly. If he thinks the meat supply ought to be eked out by having one or two fish days per week let him say so, and let him see that the butcher thoroughly understands it. The people do not want any further eloquent exhortrtions. They want actian.

More Action

At last it begins to look as if the Kootenay Flats reclamation scheme is about to get somewhere. To-morrow those interested in it in Idaho are meeting at Bonners Ferry to confer with the drainage experts from Washington to try and determine just where things are at and formulate plans for immediate action to get the U.S. interest in it down to definite shape,

At the Creston board of trade conference with John Keen, M.P.P. last week that gentleman informed that the B.C. government had given him positive assurance that a meeting of all those interested, both in Canada and the United States, will be held at Victoria in October to go into the whole reclamation scheme.

Both these gatherings may be said to be about the first likely looking moves that have been instituted to determine just where both countries are at on the project, as well as to go into such data as both may have collected bearing on the feasibility and worth-whileness of the undertaking.

While THE REVIEW is all too well aware that governments move slowly on million dollar projects of this sort, it seems to us that we are on the eve of getting action worthy of that word in this connection—more particularly due to the necessity of doing something for the returned soldier directly, as well as, indirectly, hoping to speed up agricultural production.

Now that the Brewster administration has finally named the gentlemen who will comprise the land settlement board—the organization that will supervise agricultural affairs generally in B.C.—with the minister of lands in sympathy with the community-farming scheme for the agriculturally-inclined returned soldier, and the Kootenay Flats generally admitted the all-round ideal location for such an undertaking in this province, if ever the stage seemed set for action on reclamation surely this is the accepted time.

And, aside from the returned soldier angle of the affair, it would look as if the Valley is at present constituted—this year a little more forcibly than others, maybe—recognizes a very necessary asset in these lands once reclaimed. Due to no mismanagement on their part the past four years have been rather lean ones for the fruit rancher, and the future is no more assuring. With ten or more acres of these flats available to every rancher for hay and grazing lands, dry weather, embargos and low fruit prices would not be quite the nightmare these things are just now—and more or less rightly so.

Situation Improves

Conscription is coming along fairly satisfactory. The measure is now before the Canadian senate, which legislative body will most likely dispose of it before the week is out. Whether it will become effective forthwith, or be held in abayance until after the Dominion general election which is counted on in October or November, is almost the burning question of the day—now local bush fires are under control and Saturday's rain has temporarily abated all danger of that sort.

Within two weeks open hostility to the move has dwindled measurably. The fire-eaters in Quebec, who were taking armed resistance even, in case compulsory military service is resorted to, are heard from much less frequently, and their audiences of applauding supporters have declined in like manner, according to press reports.

Support of the legislation has developed unexpectedly all over in Canada. With Russia once more failing to even hold her own in minor fighting on the eastern front, coupled with some very plain facts Canadians have learned of the hardships our troops are enduring in France—some of the men who have been in the trenches over two years not being able to get a matter of three months leave due to insufficient reinforcements available—along with unqualified support from the press irrespective of political learnings, has had a wonderfully settling effect on normal public opinion.

Just where the Liberal press stands is revealed in one of several resolutions passed at a gathering of Ontario Grit editors at Toronto last Thursday. Here it is: "It is essential that our troops be backed up by the needed reinforcements and that the Liberal party in Ontario should stand squarely for compulsory military service, and that no candidate should be supported who will not support this."

During last week, too, the government kicked the legs out from under those who have been making the non-conscription of wealth their excuse for not volunteering for military service or for opposing the conscription bill, by introducing legislation that taxes incomes over $2000 in case of single men, and $3,000 when the man is married, a matter of 4 per cent. with additional super-tax of another 2 per cent. and more when the income runs from $6,000 up.

There may be still a few anti-conscription details to amend but surely they are minor ones, and the authorities can be relied upon to adjust even these. If men are now so dead to their obligations as citizens that refuse to see and do their duty then there is nothing to it but to apply compulsion.

Wise and Otherwise

Canada does not at the present time need win-the-war Liberals or win-the-war Conservatives. What is needed is win-the-war Canadians.

Liberal standard bearers are needed in both East and West Kootenay, R. E. Beattie of Cranbrook, who had been chosen in the former, having retired. Laurier-referendum candidates need hardly apply—that is if serious effort is to be made to carry either constituency.

C. R. Ward of Cranbrook has just been named one of the four members of the B.C. land settlement board. It will be recalled that Mr. Ward retired as Liberal candidate in Cranbrook riding in favor of Hon. Dr. King, minister of public works. One good turn deserves another, shall we say.

The report of the Indian commission, that held sessions here almost three years ago, will be awaited with interest. An advance statement has it that 87,291 acres are recommended to be added to existing reserves. In view of reclamation it is to be hoped the local tribe's holdings are not to be increased.

Two lady evangelists held forth for a few night in the Auditorium in an effort to convince Creston of the error of its ways, but with little success. Residents may fall for life insurance, spectacles and sprayers from outsiders but in the matter of religion the home town article fills the bill, though never to overcrowding.

To-morrow will mark the third anniversary of Britain's participation in this war. Caeston this year will omit the customary gathering together to pass a stereotyped resolution affirming our determination to see the war through to a satisfactory finish. A record of some 80 citizens volunteered for overseas service—15 of them already "gone west"—speaks more eloquently of our zeal for the cause of humanity than reams of resolutions. Exampie is better than precept.

The board of trade has something to show for its labor already this year. At its request the C.P.R. has connected up the cattle loading corral with its water system, and has put a fish ladder in its big culvert at Duck Creek. Now, if an always-on-the-job poundkeeper could be secured a fairly good year's record of accomplishments could be claimed by President Henderson and his associates.

The News claims Trail required from 50 to 75 gallons of ice cream daily during the last hot spell.

Ranchers in the Okanagan claim that girl pickers brought in from Vancouver do more work in eight hours than most Chinamen do in ten.

Announcing a Clearing Out of all VOILES

We stocked a little too heavy in Voiles this spring, but rather than take any chance of having to carry some of the lines over to another season we have decided to clear them out, and if attractive prices will effect this the lines listed below should move rapidly. Here are the offerings:

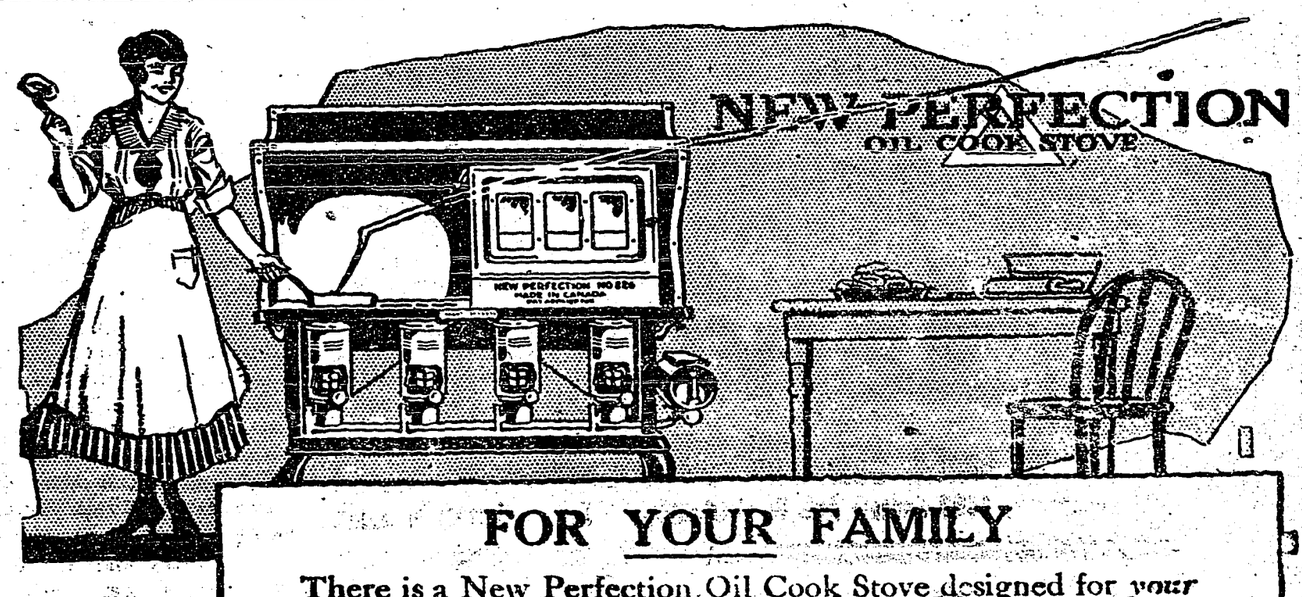
50 yds. Voile, good value at 50c. yd., clearing at yard — 35c
50 yds. Voile, regular 60c., clearing at yard — — — — — 45c
100 yds. Voile, regular 45c., must be sold, at yard — — — 35c

These are all 1917 goods. In striped and figured designs, and the correct thing for Fancy Waists, Dresses and Children's Wear.

We also call attention to a clearance of remnants in Crepes and Voiles. Lines that are grand value at 35c. and 20c. yard going at 25c. and 15c.

Rarely, indeed, have we been able to offer such Voiles, and the opportunity of repeating it in the future appears very remote.

Creston, Aug. 2. **S. A. SPEERS**



FOR YOUR FAMILY

There is a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove designed for *your* family—whether it be a family of two, three, four, five or more persons. And a New Perfection will do all that a wood or coal stove will do—and do it the year around. Ask these dealers:

Creston Mercantile Co. Creston — *S. A. Speers* Creston

With Royalite Coal Oil the New Perfection will cook your meal for from 5 to 10 cents

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

A. Mirabelli

DEALER IN

High class Boots and Shoes

Saddle and Harness Repairing a Specialty

Perfect Preserves Jams or Jellies

are out of the question unless the containers are airtight.

The scarcity of fruit, the price of sugar, and the all-round necessity to conserve food supplies make it imperative that nothing in these lines go to waste.

The common source of spoiled canned goods is imperfect tops; even a short season's use will render tops defective.

Don't take any chances this year. We are stocked with

Schram wide-mouth Tops
at 35c. a dozen

They fit snug; defying the slightest air passage.

We are stocked, also, with

Rubber Rings, 10c. pkg.

Don't take any chances with worn or otherwise defective rings when first-class new ones are to be had these times at these prices.

F. H. JACKSON
GENERAL MERCHANT - CRESTON

Increased Production

is urged by the Government—it has done ITS part, we are doing OURS—will you do YOURS?

OUR part is to grow the very best trees possible, to see they are true-to name, to care for them in every while they are in our nursery, and to deliver to you, upright, clean, healthy, well-calipered trees with magnificent root system, well packed, all charges paid, at your nearest station or dock. We sincerely think that this is OUR part.

YOUR part is to get your order ready without delay so that you can plant next Spring and to ORDER EARLY. Early orders are better for us AND BETTER FOR YOU. It is humanly impossible to give the same attention and care to late orders as those placed six or twelve months in advance.

Will you write us today for any information, and giving us an idea of your requirements? Our services and advice are cheerfully yours. Our large general and Fruit Catalogue, our Rose Catalogue, our Price List are yours for the asking—they contain valuable planting and general information. Do not delay—write to-day, or see our local representative Andrew Miller.

British Columbia Nurseries Company, Limited
1493 Seventh Ave. W., Vancouver, B. C. Nursery at Sardis

Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited

OFFICE, SMELTING AND REFINING DEPARTMENT
TRAIL, - - - BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS
PURCHASERS OF
GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD AND ZINC ORES

TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE, SPELTER, COPPER

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Sleighs and Cutters. Team Sleighs
Single and Double Harness and Supplies
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

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H. S. McCREATH
Phone 56 Sirdar Ave. Creston

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application. S54

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

Tells of Forestry Work in England

A letter to hand a few days ago from Pte. Hilton Young of the local Forestry Draft indicates that only about 100, or less, of the original lot leaving here are now with Capt. Mallandaine in France, although the unit was brought up to a strength of 200 men—reinforced from other drafts—and sent to France as a com-lete logging corps.

Pte. Young is at work at a mill at Esher, Surrey, England, decking logs, at time of writing. The mill runs day and night shifts enough logs being brought in on the narrow gauge railroad during the day to keep the plant busy at night also. Esher is a place of about 1000 people, 15 miles south of London.

The mill is on the estate of the Duke of Albany, a German, who is fighting against Britain. There is 270 acres of forest, estimated at 10 million feet. The mill was erected last winter and has the timber all pretty well cut, the last of it expected to be sawn in early September—when the mill crew are expecting to pull out for France.

The timber was set out about 100 years ago and is all Scotch fir, just like B.C. bull pine. The largest is 30 inches at the butt and is cut as close to the ground as it is possible to work a saw. They saw all the ties they possibly can out of the timber, cutting them 5x8x8. Everything is hauled from mill to the cars on motor lorries and shipped direct to the base in France. Among other things he writes:

"Our one-day cut (19 hours) of 61,000 feet is said to be a record for a Canadian mill crew. There are 225 men in the crew, about half of them B.C. men, through the officers are from Montreal. The day of writing the camp had just received 40 three-ton lorries to haul wood away from the mill, and 200 men along with them to do the loading. All limbs one inch in size are piled up and used for fuel.

"We are well fed. All the bread, butter and tea we want; this is on the tables and we help ourselves. The other food is handed to us as we parade in file through the dining room. Hot and cold baths are available at all times. We live in huts, 11 men to each hut, which are in sanitary shape.

'Forestry soldiers get a pair of blue overalls, slicker coat, felt hat, top larrigans and gloves to work in. No button cleaning, shoe polishing, or roll coats, etc. Work from 7 to 6, with every other Saturday afternoon off, and can get passes good till 10 p.m. Sunday. We can go where we like in the evenings, but have to be in at 10 o'clock.

"There is no extra pay in any lines except, sawyers, engineers and saw filers, and some classes of mill hands are sore on this point. We are paid the 15th of each month in English money, which means instead of getting $1.10 per day we get 4 shillings 4½ pence, or $1.05, which is $1.30 per month less than we figured on.

"A very kind old lady resident about a mile away holds a social evening twice a month for Canadian soldiers and 50 of us are detailed in turn to attend. The Y.M.C.A. is doing a wonderful lot of good work. While I write a gramaphone and piano are going. Books, papers and magazines are always available at the "Y," with a refreshment stand as well. There is a wet canteen on the other side of the huts where beer is sold. Soldiers cannot get spirits at all, and the hotels are only allowed so much beer each week. England consumes some beer-women as well as the men."

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Rossland has a 40-mills tax rate this year.

At Kaslo the 1917 hay crop is reported as only fair.

The Liberal Association at Moyie has been revived.

Kaslo mine operators complain of a shortage of ore sacks.

The Phoenix mines resumed operations last week with about 250 men.

Coal retails in Fernie for $5 a ton, having been advanced 50 cents a ton.

At Nelson 124 wives and mothers with 180 children are now being aided by the Patriotic Fund.

Hotel dining room help is pretty scarce these days, and it appears to be a very difficult matter to get girls for dining room work. Some of the Nelson hotels are reported to be putting on young boys to wait on the tables.

In the real hot spell last month Trail had it 102 in the shade one day. It was 100 at Grand Forks.

The Gazette claims that a Grand Forks resident picked ripe tomatoes in his garden on July 17.

Forced cutting of crops at Fort Steele is essential this year owing to dry weather conditions.

Rossland gun club will ask the game department to establish a close season for black tail deer this year.

At Grand Forks so excessive has been the heat that much of the grain crop will hardly be worth cutting.

The number of telephones in Nelson has reached 700, which is a record. The high record in previous years was 675.

H. Breach, a Sandon miner, died on the train on his way to Nelson hospital for treatment for cancer of the stomach.

Grand Forks will pay its mayor $300 salary this year. The aldermen will get $175, with $7 docked for every meeting missed.

Rev. W. H. Bridge, Church of England parson at Cranbrook, reports that he has a call to Moscow, Idaho, and may accept it.

S. R. Roe, who has been registrar of land titles at Nelson for some years, has retired. His successor is E. S. Stokes of Vancouver.

Provided the new hospital at Nelson is ready for occupancy by the first of the year a government grant of $10,000 will be given forthwith.

South Kootenay Power company is building a new 20,000-volt power line from Phoenix to the Emma mine. The present power line to the mine is 2,000 volts.

Owing to the scarcity of pasture and the high cost of feed the Cranbrook dairymen announce an increase in the price of milk to 8 quarts for $1, until further notice.

During the three years since the outbreak of the war the Okanagan has has contributed 21 per cent. of its entire population to the fighting forces of the Empire.

Greenwood Ledge: The horses attached to the delivery wagon of P. Burns & Co. ran away last Saturday. They knocked down an electric light pole, ringing the fire alarm.

Nine racks of coke are on the way from Coleman to Greenwood. If the forest fires do not effect the further shipping of coke the Greenwood smelter will blow in August 10.

The present high school building at Grand Forks was built in 1887, and the trustees there contemplate building a new one this year—if the usual government assistance is available.

News: Significant of the effect of a coke shortage at the Trail smelter is the ore receipts for the first half of 1917 as compared with the same period of 1916. A year ago they were 245,713 tons, while this year for six months the total was but 179,493 tons—or a net loss of 66,220 tons of ore.

Institute Stumpers

Secretary Lidgate of Creston Farmers' Institute has just been advised that the department of agriculture is now prepared to supply stumping machines on the instalment payment plan to Institute members, the Institute itself being responsible for the payments. Two makes of machines are to be had at a specially reduced price, and deputy minister Scott assures that from his own personal observation both machines appear to do excellent work.

The price of the A. J. Kristin Co. machines, which are to come from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., run from $36.34 to $151, with horse power pullers at from $59 to $232. The Columbia Block and Tool Co. machine, for July delivery, is $160, and the terms under which these machines will be supplied to Institutes are as follows:

1. Application must be made by the Institute on the form supplied by the department and signed by the president, vice-president and directors, also by five members of the Institute.

2. Freight charges on the machines must be paid by the Institute from the factory.

3. Terms of payment: One-third on delivery, one-third in one year and remaining third in two years.

4. No interest will be charged on unpaid balances.

5. Interest at 10 per cent. will be charged on overdue payments.

6. Institutes that fail to make their payments promptly will not receive their per capita grant on account of membership, but this sum will be de-

It is recommended that all Institutes securing these machines adopt a plan whereby a fixed charge of so much per diem be paid by members who use the machine. By this means a fund will be provided towards paying the cost of the machine and the depreciation in value.

Shows the Fertility

Apropos of the renewed reclamation activity, to get a first-class idea of what these over-flowed lands will produce in the dryest of years a visit to the Geo. Huscroft ranch is worth while. In hay, grain, roots, garden truck and fruit he certainly has areas of each that are a treat to look at. Oats are well over the 4-foot mark, and wheat almost as tall, and as perfect samples of each as can be grown. The first crop of timothy is off and runs almost four tons to the acre—with a second one almost as good now nicely started. The potatoes, turnips, beets, onions, carrots, beans and peas are also in evidence in both quantity and quality, as well as size, and black currants almost as big as marbles. Those getting up the exhibits for Cranbrook fair can get some red ticket vegetables in this garden sure.

ROBT. LAMONT
NOTARY PUBLIC
INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE
DEALER IN COAL

CRESTON - - B.C.

P. BURNS & Co.
Limited

CRESTON - B.C

Head Offices

CALGARY; VANCOUVER; EDMONTON.

Dealers in

MEAT

Wholesale and Retail

Fish, Game, Poultry, and Oysters in Season

We have the goods, and our prices are reasonable

Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years renewal for a further term of 21 years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

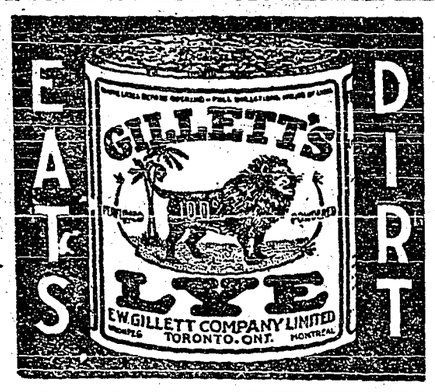
The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, rescinded by Chap. 27 of 4-5 George V. assented to 12th June, 1914.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.



What Will Decide the War?

William Denman, chairman of the Shipping Board of the United States, is not an optimist in his outlook of the war.

He says: "One of three things must happen to save the situation—Germany must be defeated by the land forces of the Allies, or she must be blown up from inside by means of a revolution, or some way of defeating the submarines must be devised. In the meantime we must build all the ships we can, as fast as we can, and always with the thought, as each vessel departs for the other side, that its cargo for our Allies may be the one thing needful for the winning of the war."

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

80,000 Pounds For Red Cross

Collections in Australia for the British Red Cross for the past month amounted to 80,000 pounds ($400,000).

At a great and enthusiastic demonstration at the town hall, Melbourne, Premier Hughes made a speech, in the course of which he said that the great heart of Australia beat in unison with the rest of the Empire. They were now able to say with absolute assurance that Australia would "be there."

Miller's Worm Powders were devised to promptly relieve children who suffer from the ravages of worms. It is a simple preparation without shock or injury to the most sensitive system. They act thoroughly and painlessly, and though in some cases they may cause vomiting, that is an indication of their powerful action and not of any nauseating property.

Stick by the Cow

Hoard's Dairyman — Some dairy farmers are selling a portion of their herds. The scarcity of feeds and the high prices of grain have led them to believe that it is feasible to dispose of some of their cows. We have good reasons to believe that the dairy farmer who keeps his cows will in the end be in better shape for making a profit than the man who materially reduces his herd.

The effort to secure a larger production of grain and the high prices for wheat and corn have fed some to believe that it will be to their advantage to sell grain to the elevator rather than to the cow. We must ever keep in mind that a well balanced agriculture is more profitable than an over production of certain foods and a shortage of other food products.—Hoard's Dairyman.

The Danger Zone for Many Is Tea and Coffee Drinking

Some people find it wise to quit tea and coffee when their nerves begin to "act up."

The easy way nowadays is to switch to

Instant Postum

Nothing in pleasure is missed by the change, and greater comfort follows as the nerves rebuild.

Postum is economical to both health and purse.

"There's a Reason"

British Agriculture

For 20 per cent. Reduction in English Live Stock

The expectation is, according to The Farmer and Stock Breeder, that live stock holdings in the United Kingdom will have to be reduced by 20 per cent. owing to feed shortage. It is not anticipated that there will be any forced diminution in pure-bred meat animals and the dairy stock will stand next in line for conservation. Horses, especially those kept for pleasure purposes, will be put on short feed, and it is quite possible some of them may be used for human food.

This, however, is only part of a change which is promised in English agriculture. Three million acres of grazing lands are to be broken up this year, and more will be broken next year, the intention being to put the United Kingdom in a position to be permanently practically independ- of foreign food supplies so far as grain is concerned. What the effect of a lessening of pasture and increase in grain producing area will ultimately be in the matter of the production of meat and dairy products it is difficult to say. In England the stock-carrying capacity of a given area in grass is much more nearly equal to the carrying ability of an equal area in cultivated land than is the case here, because the pasture season there is much longer than with us. Still it is probable that with an increase in the cultivated area the country will, under normal conditions be able to produce more wheat than now for human food without necessarily lessening live stock holdings. In fact, there may be an increase in the latter, and the United Kingdom may in future years be made well nigh independent of imported meat and dairy products as well as wheat.

WIRE CUTS

or Horses, Cattle, &c, quickly cured by

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Napanee, Ont.
(Free Sample on Request)

These War Weedings

Sweet Girl (after the proposal)—Er—by the way, Bertie, what is your last name?

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. it is fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

Dodging a Zepp.

A British Submarine Commander Outwitted the Germans

One of the cleverest cases of bluff that has yet come to light was that of a British submarine commander off the German coast. There had been a sea and air raid on Cuxhaven, at the mouth of the Elbe, and when it was over a British airman was being rescued by a submarine from his seaplane, which had come down on to the surface of the sea and could not rise.

While the rescue act was in progress a Zeppelin flew along overhead, and regarded the scene below rather inquisitively. Nonplussed, the submarine commander waved his hands to the Zepp., so as to give the impression that his was a German U-boat capturing a British seaplane.

Thus bluffed the Zepp flew away, but, being a bit suspicious, returned a little later to make closer investigation. By this time the airman had been got aboard the submarine, the hatch was closed, and the boat dived. It was just in time, for, as it shot down to the depths the bombs dropped by the infuriated Zepp could be heard exploding in the water overhead.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheia.

When the End Will Be in Sight

When the submarine menace is mastered and America is ready to put a million men into the battlefield the end will be in sight, but not before.—London Observer.

"And don't forget to bring home a few rolls."

"For the pianola, dearie, or for the culinary department?"

Doctors and Eye Specialists Agree That Bon-Opto Strengthens Eyesight 50% In a Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Boston, Mass.—Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses, will be glad to know that Doctors and Eye Specialists now agree there is real hope and help for them. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses, and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they would pain dreadfully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can read even fine print without glasses." Another who used it says: "I was bothered with eye strain caused by overworked, tired eyes which induced fierce headaches. I have worn glasses for several years, both for distance and work, and without them I could not read my own name on an envelope or the typewriting on the machine before me. I can do both now, and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the fluttering leaves on the trees across the street now, which for several years have looked like a dim green blur to me. I cannot express my joy at what it has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses.

Dr. Beck, an eye specialist of nearly twenty years practice, says: "A patient came to me who was suffering from Blepharitis Marginalis with all the concomitant symptoms, as morning agglutination of the lids, chronic conjunctivitis and ephiphora. Her eyes when not congested had the dull, suffused expression common to such cases. Having run out of her medicine a friend suggested Bon-Opto. She used this treatment and not only overcame her distressing condition, but strange and amazing as it may seem, so strengthened her eyesight that she was able to dispense with her distance glasses and her headache and neuralgia left her. In this instance I should say her eyesight was improved 100%. I have since verified the efficacy of this treatment in a number of cases and have seen the eyesight improve from 25 to 75 per cent in a remarkably short time. I can say it works more quickly than any other remedy I have prescribed for the eyes."

Dr. Smith, an oculist of wide experience, says: "I have treated in private practice a number of serious opthalmic diseases with Bon-Opto and am able to report ultimate recovery in both acute and chronic cases. Mr. B. came to my office suffering with an infected eye. The condition was so serious that an operation for enucleation seemed imperative. Before resorting to the operative treatment I prescribed Bon-Opto and in 24 hours the secretion had lessened, inflammatory symptoms began to subside, and in seven days the eye was cured and retained its normal vision. Another case of extreme convergent strabismus (cross eyes) escaped the surgeon's knife by the timely use of your collyrium. The tightened external muscles yielded to the soothing and anodyne effects of Bon-Opto. I always instil Bon-Opto after removal of foreign bodies and apply it locally to all burns, ulcers and spots on the eyeball or the lids for its therapeutic effect. By cleansing the lids of secretions and acting as a tonic for the eyeball itself the vision is rendered more acute, hence the number of cases of discarded glasses."

Dr. Conner says: "My eyes were in bad condition owing to the severe strain arising from protracted microscopical research work. Bon-Opto used according to directions rendered a surprising service. I found my eyes remarkably strengthened, so much so I have put aside my glasses without discomfort. Several of my colleagues have also used it and we are agreed as to its results. In a few days, under my observation, the eyes of an astigmatic case were so improved that glasses have been discarded by the patient."

Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of Bon-Opto and if you want to strengthen your eyes, go to any drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: A city physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, Bon-Opto is a remarkable eye remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or misfit glasses. I can highly recommend it in case of weak, watery, aching, smarting, itching, burning eyes, red lids, blurred vision or for eyes inflamed from exposure to smoke, sun, dust or wind. It is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." Bon-Opto is not a patent medicine or secret remedy. It is an ethical preparation, the formula being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It is dispensed by all good druggists in this city, including the McDermid Drug Co., Calgary, the Vancouver and Owl Drug Co's., Vancouver, and McCullough Drug Store, Winnipeg.

A Slice of Bread

I am a slice of bread.

I measure three inches by two and a half, and my thickness is half an inch.

My weight is exactly an ounce.

I am wasted once a day by millions of people of the United States.

I am 'the bit left over," the slice eaten absent-mindedly when really I wasn't needed; I am the waste crust.

If you collected me and my companions for a whole week you would find that we amounted to thousands of tons of good bread—wasted.

When you throw me away or waste me you are adding just so many submarines to the German navy.

Stop it!

Stop fighting for the enemy by wasting me!—Cleveland Press.

LINGERING WEAKNESS FOLLOWING DISEASE

Banished by the Wonderful Tonic Powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

How often victims of disease such as la grippe, fevers, or contagious troubles are left weak, ailing and despondent after the disease itself has disappeared. They do not pick up strength as they ought; remain listless, tired and discouraged. The reason for this is that the blood has been impoverished by the ravage of the disease through which the victim has passed. Strength will not return until the blood has been enriched. The blood can be purified and enriched by no other medicine as quickly and as surely as by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—to enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves is the whole mission of these pills. Thousands have found them beneficial in bringing strength and energy after disease has left them weak and run down. Miss Hannah Hamilton Everett, Ont., says:—"After an attack of la grippe I was so run down and anaemic that I could scarcely walk. I had no color, no appetite, and constant headaches. The medicine I was taking was doing me no good and I had almost lost hope of getting better. I was asked to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and it was not long until I could feel that they were helping me, and after taking them for a couple of months I was completely cured. I now never fail to recommend these pills to anyone needing a blood builder."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Soap That Blues Clothes

An Englishman has patented a new laundry soap which he claims will blue clothes while lathering them for washing. It contains tallow, caustic soda, sodium thio-sulphate, and a suitable dye pigment. The question arises as to whether or not articles requiring more soaping than others will receive more than the desired amount of blueing, and whether the subsequent rinsing will remove the coloring obtained in the rubbing process.

Sore Eyes **Granulated Eyelids,** Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

The British Artillery

In the spring of 1915 the Italian artillery, heavy and light, was declared by military critics to be the finest in Europe, while the woeful weakness in artillery of the British army was common talk. Now the British are not only overmatching the Germans, gun for gun and shell for shell, but have heavy artillery to spare to reinforce the Italian batteries. It may take John Bull a long time to reach a certain point, but when he does arrive he gets there with both feet.—New York World.

Clean Stomach, Clear Mind.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

The Home Water Supply

Abundance of Water Elevates the General Tone of the Material Side of Living

Water in the house, to use lavishly for all wholesome conveniences, seems at first thought beyond the means of frugal people, who have earned by hard labor all they have to spend. To many, who have not closely considered the costs and the benefits, it appears an extravagance. Instead of that it is one of the greatest of house economies. Almost every farmer could afford the luxury of all water conveniences in his home. Like their fellows, sunshine, wholesome food and fresh air, they do not weaken the muscular, mental or moral fibres of life. When one has been compelled to use any of these debased for a time how satisfying is the pleasure of purity and abundance.

As an investment for the home I know of nothing likely to yield so much in return in saving woman's strength in increasing house comforts, in preserving health, in imparting satisfaction in housework and in elevating the general tone of the material side of living.—Dr. J. W. Robertson, in 'Home Waterworks."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Mrs. Jones—Does my daughter's piano practice anony your husband?

Neighbor—Oh, not at all—Jack can't tell one note from another!

$100 Reward. $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

"Are you sure it was Miserly you saw?"

"Positive. He was so close I could have touched him."

"I guess not. Miserly is so close that nobody can touch him."

Use all the cereal food possible. Their protein is quite as valuable as animal food protein, and cheaper.

A "Lightning Calculator"

A Korean lad, sixteen years old, has had a watch presented to him by the Governor-General of Korea, in appreciation of his high mathematical talents. Among other accomplishments he can mentally add a column of twenty-five items of four figures each in seven seconds! This is much less than half the time required by the most expert accountants in Japan. The boy's father died two years ago, and he is now supporting his mother, brother, and a sister on 70 sen—37 1-2 cents a day—an unprecendented high wage for a Korean accountant.

Counter Check Or Sales Books

Mr. Merchant:—

If you are not already using our Counter Check or Sales Books we would respectfully solicit your next order. Years of experience in the manufacture of this line enable us to give you a book as nearly perfect as it is possible to be made in these difficult times.

All classes and grades of paper are now from 100 to 400 per cent. higher than they were two years ago. Carbon papers, waxes, for coated books, labor, in fact everything that goes into the cost of counter check or sales books are very high in price. Notwithstanding these facts, our modern and well equipped plant for this particular work enables us to still keep our prices reasonably low. Before placing your next order write us for samples and prices, or consult the proprietor of this paper.

We make a specialty of Carbon Back or Coated Books, also O.K. Special Triplicate books. On these, and our regular duplicate and triplicate separate Carbon-Leaf Books, we number among our customers the largest and best commercial houses from coast to coast. No order is too large or too small to be looked after carefully.

We have connections with the largest paper mill in Canada, ensuring an ample supply of the best grade paper used in counter check books. You are therefore assured of an extra grade of praper, prompt service and shipments.

Waxed Papers and Sanitary Wrappers

We also manufacture Waxed Bread and Meat Wrappers, plain and printed; Confectionery Wrappers, Pure Food Waxed Paper Rolls for Home Use, Fruit Wrappers, etc.

Write for samples of our G. & B. Waxed Papers used as a Meat Wrapper. It is both grease and moisture proof, and the lowest priced article on the market for this purpose.

Genuine Vegetable Parchment for Butter Wrappers

We are large importers of this particular brand of paper. Our prices on 8x11 size in 100M quantities and upwards, are very low, considering the present high price of this paper. We can supply any quantity printed "Choice Dairy Butter" from stock.

Our machinery and equipment for Waxing and Printing is the most modern and complete in Canada and ensures you first-class goods and prompt service.

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY, LTD.
Hamilton, Canada.
Offices: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

GERMAN METHODS IN BELGIUM CREATE REAL REIGN OF TERROR

HORRORS OF THE GERMAN INQUISITION REVEALED

A Frightful Account Is Given of the So-called Judicial Methods Of the Germans in Dealing With the Persecuted Inhabitants Of Stricken Belgium

An interview was had by a representative of Reuter's Agency in London with a Belgian gentleman of high social position, who succeeded in escaping from Belgium, knowing that he was about to fall into the hands of the German secret police. He gives a terrible account of the Germans' so-called judicial methods, which have produced a veritable reign of terror, in many respects resembling the procedure of the Inquisition.

"In a vague way," he said, "the world knows something of German military tribunals; but I doubt if it is realized that something like one thousand citizens are condemned every month for patriotic offences. During the three months preceding January last, forty-two death sentences were inflicted in one court alone.

"Nobody who has not gone through it can realize the extent of terror which prevails, owing to the methods employed by the German secret police, and for obvious reasons very few people are able to give any precise particulars.

"A German sergeant was ordered to arrest 'Francs-Tireurs' in the early days of the war, but as he was unable to find any, and not daring to present himself before his chief empty-handed, he simply arrested the first unoffending peasants he met on the road. This sort of thing now happens daily in the campaign of persecution directed against the patriots.

"Large towns like Brussels and Antwerp continue to swarm with spies, and they often visit small towns and even villages where they think there is the slightest chance to prosecute their abominable trade. Occasionally the secret police disguise themselves as escaped French prisoners, or pose as guides ready to help the distracted people to escape through the electric wire frontier. When they have succeeded in gaining the confidence of their victims, they promptly denounce them to the kommandatur.

"The next stage is the tragedy in prison, from which escape is almost impossible. Every day the victims are visited in their cells, not by judges and lawyers, but by German officers and police bullies, who wring confessions from them. I know one man who was cross-examined in this way for eight hours without intermission and without food. When the first torturer was exhausted he was replaced by a second, who continued the ordeal. The prisoner, refusing to confess, was threatened and struck in the face.

"Some times 'gents provocateurs,' disguised as prisoners, mix with the patriots, abusing the Germans and complaining of their cruelty. In this way they obtain the sympathy and confidence of their companions, and, if the latter are unwise enough to trust them, they are promptly confronted with them and obliged to confess their fault. I also know cases where relatives and friends of prisoners were arrested, and the latter were told that their mother or sister had denounced them.

"Trial is a mere farce. In most cases the defendants may not receive the help of a Belgian barrister. This depends entirely on the good-will of the governor of the district. The usual procedure is for the German clerk, after the indictment has been read, to speak a few words for the defence, without having any knowledge of the case. If a barrister does attend the case, he is not allowed to communicate with the prisoner, either in prison or elsewhere, so that it is impossible for him to obtain knowledge of the facts.

"The only way to help the prisoner is to obtain information by bribery from the clerk in charge of the dossier, and after the man has been condemned to address a petition to the Governor-General."

Big List of Attractions

Amusement Features at Moose Jaw Ranchers' Fair Will Be of Exceptional Merit

The amusement features to be provided for visitors to the Ranchers' Fair and Livestock Show, to be held at Moose Jaw, July 17th to 20th, including the largest Midway ever seen in Western Canada, a number of marvellous platform vaudeville and acrobatic attractions, and the performances of a wonderfully intrepid young woman balloonist from Lille, France, promise to excel anything of the kind ever attempted in the Prairie Provinces.

On the Midway the visitor will find, among a large number of other things, a model submarine show, in which a perfect copy of the present death dealing sea weapon is submerged and operated before the visitors' eyes; an enormous Ferris Wheel; a rare exhibition of different specimens of the animal kingdom; a merry-go-round; a good old fashioned darky Minstrel Show; a Fat Girl, the fattest who ever lived; and a large village of the tribe of Phillipino Igorottes, the peculiar little people from Uncle Sam's islands, who live on the flesh of dogs, and have such peculiar religious customs. In addition to these, other attractions without number will be there to lure and entertain the visitor, and anyone who would enjoy four days' of such amusement together with a great Stampede, horse races, and an agricultural and livestock show, should not fail to come to Moose Jaw the third week of July.

In addition, if death does not cut short her young life, Mlle. Lucielle Belmont, of Lille, France, will be seen each day in a death defying, heart throbbing balloon ascension, and mad plunging drop to earth, which is only checked by the use of three parachutes. Mlle. Belmont is today recognized as the world's foremost lady aviator, and her performances here in themeselves will be well worth the trip.

Germans Admit Subs Falling Off

According to the Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily News, the German reports on the destruction wrought by the submarines not only show a regular daily falling off, but are becoming more vague in character, being simultaneously put back in less conspicuous places in the German newspapers, the places on the front pages being taken by highly laudatory reports of the latest air raids on England.

Moose Jaw Ranchers' Fair

And Live Stock Show

Real, Live, Western Holiday, with

Stampede
Midway
Aviation Feats
Horse Races
Live Stock Fair
And Premier
Platform Attractions

JULY 17 to 20 1917

$25,000.00

In Prizes, Awards, etc., staging the best show that has ever been offered to the Western Canadian Public.

Single Fares on all Railroads

Every Accommodation Properly Organized at Normal Prices.

Write, Wire, or 'Phone for Price Lists and Particulars, to

W. M. MacINTYRE, Managing Director

W. A. MUNNS, Secretary.

Tunnelling the English Channel

What the Value Would be Is Brought Home During War Times

War, that for long years has filled Englishmen's minds with fear of invasion if a tunnel were to be built under the English channel, strangely enough has pointed the very wisdom of the great undertaking. If there had been a tunnel under the English channel during this war, Great Britain would have been relieved of the task of conveying to and fro from Frnace the transports and hospital ships which convey men and munitions and wounded and sick to and from the battlefields of France. The allies could laugh at threatening submarines in those waters. All these things the Englishman sees today, and it is more than likely that one of the first great after-the-war engineering feats that will be undertaken will be the construction of the English channel tunnel.

At a recent meeting of the Royal Geographical society in London, Sir Francis Fox explained that owing to the necessity of keeping the tunnel well within the thickness of the grey chalk that is characteristic of the southern limits of England, there would be a slight curve. The maximum depth of water over the channel would be from 160 to 180 feet, and the roof of chalk over the structure has been fixed at a minimum of 100 feet.

The tunnel would consist of two tubes of 18 feet diameter. All the work would be done by electrically-driven machinery, and excavation and other operations would be carried on simultaneously at many points, and a record speed would be reached. The tunnel could be worked and ventilated and pumped by electricity from a Kent power-station ten miles inland.

The tunnel would have a dip in the level of the rails forming a water-lock by which the tunnel could, in case of emergency, be filled with water from floor to roof for the length of a mile. This would be under control of Dover Castle, and the entrance and exit of both tunnels would be under the gun-fire of the Dover forts.

Trains would be run direct from London to Paris in less than six hours, and passengers would be able to go from London to Constantinople, Petrograd, and by the Siberian express to the Far East without change of carriage.

Liquid Fire

How This Terrible Weapon of Destruction Is Projected

The Germans have not hesitated to introduce any of the ancient or modern weapons of offense and defense which they thought would be of advantage, regardless of The Hague Conventions or accepted standards of civilization. Among these is "liquid fire," a weapon of value principally because of its demoralizing effect upon those attacked. There have been casualties resulting from liquid fire, but it is the psychological effect that is sought.

The apparatus usually consists of a metal tank holding about four gallons of liquid to be burned, a section of pipe from this tank to a rubber hose at the other end, in which there is a smaller metal pipe about a yard long fitted with a nozzle and a friction igniter, as well as an oil-burning wick. There is a valve near the tank and another near the nozzle. Benzol, from coal tar, and crude oil are used in equal proportions and are carried in the tank under a pressure of approximately 300 lbs. per square inch, this pressure being maintained by compressed nitrogen, an inert gas having no effect upon the contents of the tank. The tank and accessories are carried by one man, while the nozzle is carried by a companion when liquid is being burned. Or it may be fixed in position and operated by the same man who carries the tank.

In use a cap is drawn from the end of the nozzle and a wick burning kerosene or similar oil is thereby lighted, since the cap is a friction igniter. The oil is then turned on and is ignited as it leaves the nozzle under great pressure. The result is a flame of burning oil about 30 yards long. For two-thirds of this distance the flame is straight, but it then turns up as does any other flame. The flame may be directed against the ground, but care must be taken not to deflect it too sharply, as it may strike the ground and turn back toward those operating the device. It is therefore not well suited to turning down into a trench.

It is claimed by an expert from the American Chemical Society that liquid fire is not so effective a weapon now that it is understood by the troops and means for defense have been worked out. It can readily be understood, however, that a number of such devices, with the roar of the escaping oil, when used together gave a means of demoralizing the defenders of a trench especially at night, and in the beginning was a valuable accessory, especially by raiding parties.—H. F. Howe, in Toronto Globe.

"My husband is always in the clouds."

"Is he a dreamer or an aeronaut?"

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES UNITE IN FEEDING THE ALLIES

ENGLISH-SPEAKING NATIONS IN CLOSER BOND

The Results of the British War Mission to the United States Will Have a Far-Reaching Effect, Making It Possible for the U. S. To Co-Operate More Fully With the Allies

A Serious War

Lest the U.S. Alone Should Have to Settle With Germany

Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank, New York, in a recent Liberty Loan speech said:

"I am afraid that people are not altogether awake to the seriousness of this war; not altogether comprehending that we are in war, that we are in a very serious war—war that might even come to our own shores. It is easy to think that Germany is 3,000 miles away, surrounded by the greatest armies that were ever assembled; that the war is likely to be over before we can get any men into it; that we are like a manufacturer or merchant who is getting his customers to keep on buying at rather exorbitant prices, and that we are doing a good thing in loaning to the Allies, but that we are not in a very serious situation. As I conceive it, it is much more serious than that.

"Now, just let us take one or two contingencies that are perfectly possible. We have had a revolution in Russia. No man in America or Russia can tell what the future of that situation is. It is surely conceivable that Russia might make a separate peace. I do not believe she will, but it is conceivable. What would happen then? It is said that there are a million and a half prisoners in Russia. Suppose all the forces of the Central Powers on the Eastern border might be withdrawn; suppose their forces were augmented by a million and a half returned prisoners; suppose Russia's food stores were opened for Germany, and all that happening very promptly, which is a conceivable thing. In that event could the armies of England and France on the western border withstand the onslaught? Is it not conceivable that if some solution is not found for the submarine menace England may be brought to the point of starvation? No matter what her wealth may be, starving men could not fight.

"I tell you it is within the possibilities that we may be raising not a Liberty Loan to pay for a war we hope successfully to wage but a loan to pay the cost of a war Germany has been waging on civilization. This is no wild picture. I certainly do not believe it is within the future of events, but there is a possibility enough in it to cause us to wake up as a nation, to make us recognize that we are in a great and uncertain war, and that we must support the military movement which this government has got to make."

Steel That Won't Rust

A steel that neither rusts nor tarnishes has been discovered in England. It is what is commonly called an alloy steel; that is, it differs from ordinary steel in that it contains a special element of metal. In this case it is chromium, which is mainly responsible for bestowing the stainless, and rustless properties. By incorporating from twelve to thirteen per cent. of this metal in mild carbon steel the new properties are obtained. An English metallurgist, in gathering together some rods of steel which had lain a long time in his laboratory, noticed that while most of them were badly rusted or stained, a few were as bright as when originally made. This led to the present discovery and manufacture of the steel.

The British war mission left American soil after six weeks' of conferences which have reached into every phase of American life and are expected vitally to affect the future of the U.S. if not of the world.

Uncle Sam now knows the Allies' needs in detail and in the order of their importance, the Allies know America's resources and the degree of their availability. Thus it is possible for the United States to enter into co-operation with the grand alliance in the way most calculated to bring success.

While there have been no formal agreements or binding treaties, Great Britain and the United States undoubtedly have been placed on a closer basis of friendship than at any time since the separation a century and a quarter ago, and Mr. Balfour, who was in the U.S. longer than any previous foreign secretary had been away from London since the Napoleonic wars, has seen realized his life dream of closer sympathy between the two great branches of the English speaking people.

The most far-reaching understandings arrived at have been in trade matters. In general the United States will give the Allies preferential treatment in commerce. Details, however, could not be agreed upon, as congress has not yet passed the legislation necessary to deal with embargo, trading with the enemy, control of cargo space, and the like.

A definite understanding has been reached to cover both American and Canadian wheat for sale to the Allied wheat executive. Canada will co-operate fully with the U.S., probably through the proposed food administration bureau, and will agree to the control of prices if that policy be adopted in legislation now before the U.S. congress. The wheat executive committee has supplied the figures of its needs, expressed confidence that they can be met, and shown how the results will be allotted among the various Allies.

Munitions control and purchase will be similarly centralized, through the Allied buying committee, though without price control. The council of national defence has charged itself with so increasing manufacture as to provide for the American army without cutting off exports vitally needed abroad.

The United States is considering the invitation extended by the British that all the Allies send permanent representatives to sit on the Allied commissions in London, including those on wheat, munitions, shipping and general supplies.

In finance the mission has secured government loans to Great Britain at 3 1-2 per cent., or at cost to the U.S. government and at a saving of 1 1-2 to 2 per cent. to the British.

The British visitors were able to clear away many doubts as to military training and other technical matters. The fruits of Great Britain's experience have been invaluable in guiding American officials and lessons learned by Britain have proved decisive on many points of policy.

The mission found it necessary to leave a number of its experts in Washington as attaches to the embassy to help handle the enormous amount of new work developed. Lord Eustace Percy and C. J. Phillips will continue trade discussion, and Geoffrey Butler, of the foreign office, will continue his services to the press. A house near the embasy has been taken as an overflow.

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Teacher Wanted

Wanted, teacher for Alice Siding School District. Second or third class certificate. Duties to commence August 27th. Salary $80 per month. State experience. VICTOR CARR, secretary-treasurer, Creston, B.C.

Tenders for Wood

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up till August 6th, 1917, for 40 cords of cut-green tamarac or fir 4-foot stove-wood. For delivery dates and all other information apply F. H. JACKSON, secretary-treasurer, Creston, B.C. Lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

Okanagan Apples

Vernon News: Varied estimates are given by the orchardists as to the apple crop this year. The drop has been an unusually heavy one, making thinning in many cases unnecessary this season. This may prove to be fortunate, as labor scarcity would have made it impossible for many growers to thin properly. It seems likely that that early estimates of a crop running 25 or 30 per cent. in excess of that of last season will not materialize; but the apples are making unusually rapid growth, and it seems certain that the run will be very much larger than was the case last year, when a preponderance of small apples seriously affected the average of the output.

Have a Principal

Two of the three vacancies in the teaching staff of Creston school have already been filled. A very likely-looking principal has been secured in Charles Brouson, a B.Sc. of London University, who has taught similar work with good results (according to testimonials) at Hamlota, Manlota and Minnedosa, Manitoba. He is a married man, and is coming to B.C. solely in the interests of his wife's health. For Division III. Miss Faulner has been secured. She taught at Cranbrook for a number of terms, and comes equally well recommended.

Rossland gun club will ask the game department to establish a close season for black tail deer this year.

At Grand Forks so excessive has been the heat that much of the grain crop will hardly be worth cutting.

Local and Personal

July payments at Creston to the Patriotic Fund were below the $100 mark. $96 to be exact.

Miss Merle Reid left on Wednesday to spend a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Bundy at Wardner.

Miss Ella Ryckman arrived from Cranbrook on Tuesday, and will spend a short vacation with her sister, Mrs. Crisler.

FURNITURE AND HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS FOR SALE.—Also house to rent. Apply MRS. ATTRIDGE, Creston.

Mrs. G. M. Benney and son, Harry, left on Wednesday for Cranbrook, where they will visit friends for a couple of weeks.

Provincial police Johnston of Trail, who has been here for two weeks relieving Capt. Forrester, who was on holiday, returned to Trail on Sunday.

Creston Valley's vital statistics for the month of July show four births, one marriage and one death. Of the newcomers three were girls and one boy.

C. Blair invites ranchers to make hay on the Reclamation Farm on a share basis; he will also pay for hay put up by contract. Apply C. Blair, Erickson.

The evening of Labor Day, Monday, Sept. 3rd, has been appropriated by the Ladies' Guild of Christ Church, when they will be at home at a dance in the Parish Hall.

July was a fairly busy month with deputy mining recorder Forrester who issued 8 free miner's certificates, recorded 3 new locations and 5 certificates of work done.

M. H. Davis arrived from Nakusp on Monday and is relieving teller Manifold at the local Bank of Commerce, who leaves on his usual two-weeks' vacation to-day.

L. Ogilvie, who is in charge of the fish hatchery at Gerard, was here a couple of days the latter part of the week inspecting Corn Creek with a view to stocking it with fry,

Residents across the Kootenay inform that that section of the Valley has been favored with about four days' roadwork this year, with Angus Currie supervising operations.

Mrs. Meakin and children arrived from Coleman, Alta., on Wednesday to join her husband, who has leased the French ranch accross the river. Their car of effects arrived the day previous.

Christ Church Ladies Guild are having their annual lawn social at the grounds at the Chas. Moore residence on Wednesday evening next, Aug. 8th. There will be a programme, games and sale of refreshments.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Cunliffe and children of Michel, who have spent a couple of weeks on their ranch across the Kootenay, returned home on Saturday. He reports the fishing in Summit Creek this year the best ever.

The meteorological report for the month of July shows Wednesday, 18th, to have beed the hottest day of the year, the mercury climbing up to 96 in the shade, while the coolest morning of them all was Saturday last, the 28th, when it sunk to 36.

The name of John Moores, eldest son of J. J. Moores, West Creston, appears on the casualty list issued Monday. The information being that he has recovered from a gas attack and is again on duty. He went overseas from Coleman witn the 192nd Battalion, about a year ago.

With the exception of Huscroft's every school in the Valley will have a new teacher when the term opens on August 27th. Miss Ella Dow has secured the school at Wardner and will not acturn to Erickson, while Principal King, who was at Alice Siding last year, has accepted the Wynndel school. We hear Miss Bessie Hurry has taken the school at Morrissey, replacing Miss Ruth Cooper.

The results of the June Entrance exams. at Creston were issued the latter part of the week, and shows that out of 18 candidates writing here but eight were successful. They are:

Ruth Smith, Alice Siding, 551.
Frances Knott, Canyon City, 556.
Ernest Ennerson, Huscroft's, 552.
Creston school—Katheride Moore 670, Frances Lyne 670, Muriel Holden 597, Orin Hayden 570, Vivianne Moore [illegible]

As yet the detailed statement of marks obtained has not come to hand so it is impossible to say who won the prizes offered by Capt. Forrester and Dr. Henderson.

HORSE FOR SALE—A useful ranch horse. Apply REVIEW OFFICE.

BIRTH—In Creston, on July 23rd, to Mr. and Mrs. I. McGonegal, a daughter.

Miss Frances Lyne left Wednesday for Cranbrook, where she will spend a short holiday with friends.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Bainbridge and children left on Saturday for Lundbreck, Alta., where they will visit friends for a time.

MACHINE OIL—We have several gallons of it, the best to be had. While it last $1 per gallon.—F. H. Jackson.

Creston band dance in the Parish Hall to-night. Music by the band and orchestra. Gentlemen $1; ladies please bring refreshments.

POULTRY FOR SALE—90 two-months old chickens, also 90 one-year old hens, White Leghorns, going cheap for cash.—T. Trevelyan, Creston.

Mrs. H. Rose and daughter of Medicine Hat, who are returning from a trip to the coast, are here for a few days, guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Rose.

The sudden drop in the temperature on Saturday morning was almost as serious as it felt, the mercury getting down to 36—just four degrees above frost.

Foreman G. Nichols and F. Romano of the local section crews were at Cranbrook on Saturday for a meeting of the trackmen of the Crows Nest line in B.C.

Rev. J. S. Mahood will be here for two services in Christ Church on Sunday next, with celebration of Holy Communion at the close of morning prayer.

Henry Parkinson, who is partners with Jas. Moores in a 20-acre ranch across the Kootenay, returned to Michel on Monday, after spending a week on the place.

It is expected that ten or a dozen from Creston will make the trip to Bonners Ferry to-morrow for the big reclamation meeting that is being held there in the afternoon.

July was another busy month with the shipping department of the Canyon City Lumber Co. 41 cars of lumber went east last montn, and one of posts from this firm alone.

To-morrow, August 4th, will be third anniversary of Britain's declaration of war against the Hun. The usual resolution-passing gathering to commemorate the event will not be held in Creston this year.

Yesterday beat all previous 1917 records for express shipments of fruits. At Creston depot alone 306 crates were loaded, largely raspberries. From all the Valley points at least 425 crates would be loaded that day.

Of the 18 candidates who wrote at Creston on the Entrance examinations in June but 8 were successful. Of the 11 from Creston school 5 were on the pass list, with one each from Alice Siding, Canyon City and Huscroft's.

For both the janitor work and kalsomining the Creston school but one application was received when tenders closed Saturday. The high cost of living is liable to make a difference of $5 a month in the janitor's stipend.

The August meeting of the Creston Women's Institute is called for Friday evenino next, August 10th, at 7.30 o'clock, at the grounds at the home of Mrs. S. A. Speers. Should the weather be unfavorable it will be held in the hall as usual, at 7.30 p.m.

The only rainfall the Valley was favored with during July came along accompanied by much wind and very businesslike looking clouds Saturday and Monday evenings. The supply of moisture, however, was not in proportion to the fuss and appearance of the storms, the total downpour being less than a quarter of an inch.

Miss Ruby Gilchrist, a nurse of Fernie, whom many Creston people will recall, and Miss Delphine Fletcher of Nelson, only daughter of fruit inspector, A. McL. Fletcher, who sailed for England about six weeks ago for war nursing in France, have had a very exciting trip across. In a letter just received they state that two boats were just ahead of them on the voyage were sunk by submarines, and that the boat they were on was also fired on, but managed to manoeuvre out of danger. They arrived in London the same day as that city was attacked by a number of Hun airships, whose bombs did a whole lot of damage in the suburbs of the city.

Mrs. P. G. Ebbutt, who has spent the past month with Nelson friends, returned yesterday.

WANTED—Six pickers at once. Highest prices paid, and accommodation provided. Ashley Cooper, Wynndel.

Curlew Creamery at Nelson this week announces cream prices as follows; Sweet, 42 cents pound butterfat, and sour 40 cents.

Mr. and Mrs. Oatway are entertaining for a couple of weeks a trio of visitors from the Okanagan, who arrived yesterday. They are Mrs. Oatway s mother and sister, Mrs. R. and Miss Zalla Conn, of Vernon, and also her sister-in-law, Mrs. A. Conn of Lumby, B.C. Mrs. Conn, sr., is a very interested reader of the war news each day, having four sons at the front.

S. A. Speers' adyt. on page 4 announces something extra special in a clearingsale of voiles. Look it up.

Dealers in fuel are reminded that tenders for the 40 cords of wood Creston school requires for the winter must be in the trustees hands by Monday night. 40 cords of the 4-foot kind are required.

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431. Medium Bust, long hip, full figure.. 2.50
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