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THE CRESTON REVIEW

No. 33 CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1914 6TH YEAR

Local and Personal

Made-to-measure suits, $15 and up—Weber.

Miss Neta Reid of Grand Forks will be in charge of Erickson this term.

P. C. Phillips, C, P. R. auditor, paid Creston his official quarterly visit on Tuesday.

Kokanee fishing in the Goat river is reported excellent—if you have the right sort of bait.

Rev. W. G. Blake attended this week the fall session of the Kootenay Presbytery at Nelson.

Archie Fletcher, fruit inspector for East Kootenay, is paying Creston an official visit this week.

The horticulture branch of the department of agriculture estimates this year's apple crop at 600,000 boxes.

There was quite an exodus of Chinamen from Creston on Sunday when no less than five of them left for the coast.

Miss M. McBean of Fernie was a Creston visitor last week, the guest of her brother, W. McBean of the Creston Drug Co.

The shooting season opens on Tuesday. Sportsmen should remember that only twelve grouse may be taken at one killing.

Miss Ida Gunn of Trout Lake is spending a few days renewing acquaintances in Creston. She is a guest of Miss Annie Hamilton.

R. Bevan motored to Copeland on Wednesday, taking out Mrs. Wheeler of Greenwood, who arrived in Creston that day to visit her sister Mrs. Andrews.

Col. Ashley Cooper left on Wednesday for Fernie, where he was in consultation with Col. MacKay, the recruiting officer for the West Kootenay regiment of infantry.

The C. P. R. optical inspector paid Creston his official visit on Thursday last and agent R. Reed and section foremen Geo. Nichols and F. Romano were given their annual eye test.

Services will be resumed in the Presbyterian church on Sunday. Morning service at 11.15 and evening service at 7.30. The sermon in the evening will bear upon the war situation.

Creston will not be represented at the provincial tennis tournament at Balfour next week. At the last minute it was decided to send four and possibly six players but they were unable to secure hotel accomodation so the trip has been cancelled.

The new warehouse which A. Lindley has had erected for the House of Quality at Erickson is now completed in every detail. With ranchers talking of holding their potatoes for fancy prices in the spring this warehouse will be useful as the cellar will easily accommodate four carloads of spuds.

The Creston public school opened for the fall term on Monday morning, with an attendance fully equal to 1913 opening day. S. A. MacDonald is principal, taking the entrance and high school classes, and is assisted by Mr. Sparks, who was also on the staff last year, Miss Munro of Phoenix, and Miss Waddy of Canyon City, who will be in charge of the primary room.

Saturday's meeting of the ratepayers for school purposes has every indication of being quite interesting as there is quite a feeling that Creston's school affairs need careful handling. There are rumors of quite a number of candidates for the vacant trusteeship but the only two who are definitely in the field are Messrs. R. Bevan and T. M. Edmondson.

Worshippers at the Creston Methodist church were given an abbreviated service on Sunday night last. Some person or persons unknown upset the gasoline tank at the rear of the church cutting off the lights, just about the time Rev. Mr. Carpenter had got nicely started on his sermon, However he was handling a familiar topic and the address was in no way curtailed, nor was the collection overlooked—but the closing musical features had to be omitted.

Mrs. C. G. Bennett is spending a short holiday with her parents in Cranbrook.

H. C. Sims, representing A. B. Bowness, of Cranbrook, is paying Creston a visit this week.

Miss Ella Dow left this week for Cranbrook where, we understand, she will attend high school.

The open season for coast or Columbia deer, mule deer and white tailed deer this year is from Sept. 1 to Dec. 15

Jas. Twentymen, Creston's jeweler, is away on a trip to Young, Sask. and other points in that province and Alberta.

Miss Gertie Knott of Canyon City will attend normal school at Vancouver this year. She left for the coast this week.

Jos. Graften, who has a wholesale liquor business at Coleman, but well known in Creston, spent a few days here this week.

Mrs. Sparks, who was on the teaching staff of the Creston school last year, has taken charge of Duck Creek school for this term.

Mr. and Mrs. McLaren of Midway, who have spent the past two weeks on their ranch here left on Tuesday for Cresbank, Manitoba, where they will remain until spring.

Upward of eighty children and forty adults attended the Presbyterian Sabbath School picnic at Huscroft's grove on Thursday of last week, and all had a splendid outing.

Mrs. Willison and the Misses Willison of Calgary spent a few days in Creston, with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith this week, on their way to Vancouver and coast points.

Haying operations commenced on the flats on Saturday, but to date the haymakers have had no delays from rain, which is generally common about the time hay harvest gets under way.

There will be a temperanee rally in the Methodist church on Sunday morning. At this service Pastor Carpenter will give an address on "Crime and its producers; the cigarette and the saloon."

Just to celebrate the advent of Oriental troops into the European war the proprietors of the Ding laundry have given the front of their building on Fourth street a brand new coat of paint—a light yellow.

A meeting of the electors of the Creston school district to elect a trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of R. Lamont is called for Saturday at 10 a.m. The meeting will be open for public discussion of school affairs, after which nominations will be in order, and if two or more decide to stand for election a poll will open forthwith and remain open until 4 p.m

Up to the time of going to press no recruiting officer has been named for the Creston company of the new West Kootenay regiment; due, no doubt, to the militia authorities wishing to get Kootenay's unit of the first contingent on its way east before starting another enrollment. There is splendid material in the district for a company, but the right sort of commanding officer will be needed to attract volunteers to the ranks.

Mary Louise, daughter of Charles Pascell, a well-known resident of the local Indian reserve, was the winner of the sewing machine which F. Jackson gave rway in connection with his recent sale. She was fortunate in having the key which fitted the lock on the machine. All told 800 keys were given out to purchasers and Jas. Johnston had a busy couple of hours trying them in the lock before the lucky one was discovered.

Official notice has reached E. C. Gibbs, postmaster at Creston, that persons within the Dominion must not trade in or carry any goods, wares or merchandise destined for the German empire and that accordingly until further advised postmasters are not to accept for outward transmission any parcel post packets addressed to Germany. Notice has also been received at the postoffice that the exportation from Canada of any matter of contraband to any places other than the United Kingdom or any British possession is prohibited.

Lost in Transit

Our weekly supply of ready print (i. e. the four inside pages of the Review) which comes to us by express, is hung up somewhere between Creston and Winnipeg and in order to issue on time we are compelled to use some old ready print which Editor Stanley bequeathed us.

It is alarger size than we really require, but better that way than a size too small.

The reading matter on the inside pages is therefore somewhat ancient, but we ask our readers' indulgence for this once, promising to use our best endeavors not to let it occur again.

The Indian Commission will hold a sitting in Creston on Sept. 9.

Those in charge of the Labor Day dance in the Auditorium on Friday evening, Sept. 4, predict that the affair will be one of the best yet held in Creston.

The Continental mine at Port Hill closed down this week, throwing some 100 men out of work. Every man employed was let go, with the exception of two watchmen.

Capt. Forrester, who issues the gun licenses in the Creston district has been notified that under no circumstances are licenses to be issued to Germans or Austrians.

Huscroft & Blair, lessees of the big reclamation faam, are cutting their year's supply of hay. Last year they put up approximately 400 tons, and the 1914 cut will be almost as heavy.

The hay crop on the flats is reported lighter than ususal. However, the demand for it will not be as heavy as formerly as the yield of other hay this year was considerably better than in 1913.

The school grounds are being further improved this year by the construction of new sidewalks, and a fence between the playgrounds. Mr. Hendron has the contract for this work.

Both the Fruit Grower's Union and A. Lindley were busy in their shipping departments this week. Each of them shipped two cars of fruit and vegetables—principally tomatoes, both green and ripe.

Mr. Eric Keddell returned from Nelson on Wednesday. He had volunteered for service but to the surprise of his friends here, was not able to pass the severe medical exams imposed on candidates for the first contingent.

Rev. C. H, Huestis, field secretary of the Lords Day Alliance will pay Creston a visit on Wednesday. In connection with his visit there will be a union service in the Methodist church the same evening commencing at 8 o'clock.

Creston postoffice cannot accept for transmission any mail matter for Germany, Germany colonies, Austria or Luxemburg, either by New York or any other route according to official notification which has reached Postmaster Gibbs.

T. W. Bundy who was transferred from Creston early in July to become night operator at Elko, is again on duty here. W. A. Hall, who succeeded him, has been laid off temporarily. In its policy of retrenchment the C. P. R. has closed two or three of the smaller stations on the line, and in order to find employment for its older employees it has been found necessary to lay off the newer additions to the pay roll.

Mrs. Brewer and daughter, Rowena, of Calgary, who have been the guests of Mrs. Brewer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Smith, for a few days, have returned home.

Crestonites who may have become alarmed over a recent press dispatch that Canada's tea supply would run out in three week need lose no further sleep. The town merchants all have a three months' stock in sight here, and the first shipments of the 1914 crop are due at the coast any day now.

Although Greece has not yet taken any decided action in the European war, Tom Poppas, section foreman on the Great Northern here, and who is a Grecian army reservist, has been notified to rejoin the colors not later October 1st, and is, we understand, making arrangements to get there before that date.

Latest War News

At last the allied British and French armies have clashed with Germany and while the result of the first encounter was somewhat in favor of the enemy the victory, if it may be classed as such, does not appear to have been of any particular significance.

The British and French armies assumed the offensive on Sunday and engaged the Germans in a great battle along a front extending from Mons to the frontier of Luxemburg, the plan of attack, however, failed owing to unforseen difficulties and the French and British forces retired on their covering positions. The British loss was about 2,000, four-fifths of which was sustained during the retreat.

The shooting of the British was wonderful. Every time a German head appeared above a trench and every time the German infantry attempted to rush a position there came a steady withering rifle fire from the English. If the British lost heavily the Germans must have lost terribly. One of the German prisoners says: "We never experienced anything like it, it was staggering."

Undoubtedly the heavy fighting will be on Belgian soil. The French war office states that it is important to hold the Germans in Belgium so as to allow the Russians plenty of time to come up in the East.

It is equally certain Germany must make faster progress on her march to Paris, particularly with 3,000,000 Russians moving through East Prussia and 5,000,000 more mobilized and ready to follow. This huge force will require an equally large German army to hold them at bay and the Kaiser will be forced to withdraw troops either from Alsace-Lorraine or from Belgium.

The Allies therefore would gain a tactical advantage by withstanding the German attack for two days or so and letting it exhaust itself against well entrenched troops, and then, if necessary, retiring to the next line of fortifications to the south. They could retire slowly over ground which has been well prepared for just such a retirement. By so doing they would lead the Germans on to still further extend their line of communication. A break in the Allies line would enable the Germans to thrust south, but would still leave the allies on their flanks. Strategy may demand just such a move.

Meanwhile Austria is being beaten badly at all points. Despatches state that battles in Lechnitza and Shabatz districts last week were very disastrous to Austria, her losses in the defeat on the Drina River being 15,000 killed, 30,000 wounded and 15,000 captured by the Servians with 75 guns.

The British fleet still holds absolute command of the North Sea and German trade and industry are being slowly throttled. Naval authorities are not surprised at the German naval inactivity. It is probable the fleet is awaiting news of the hoped-for great German victory ashore to strengthen the morale of the German navy which has never yet fought a battle.

Another feature of the week's news is that Britain's food supply is causing her no trouble, while in some German towns and cities the populace is already shouting for bread, and even the soldiers at the front are poorly supplied at several points.

Off to the Front

Creston citizens said good bye, godspeed, good luck, a safe return, and all the other things befitting such a great occasion, to-day, when Creston's delegation for the first Canadian contingent left for Quebec, along with the other volunteers from West Kootenay and the Boundary.

P. W. Foote, D. Howard, R. S. Smith, R. C. Royston, H. B. Ford and P. Hope are Creston's representatives and they will compare favorably with the detachments from Nelson, Kaslo, Trail, Greenwood and Rossland who were all on board, going as far as Cranbrook on the regular train, but at that point a special will be made up for the balance of the journey,

Agent Reid had the station in gala attire, flags being in evidence at every point of vantage. The town's flag was also afloat from the new pole put in yesterday near the station platform.

Creston turned out en masse, the band rendered numerous selections, the crowd sang "Soldiers of the King" and "They are Jolly Good Fellows," cheerd for the Creston delegotion, the King and Kootenay's volunteers, and the volunteers returned the compliment.

On behalf of the citizens E. Mallendaine read a brief to-the-point address and presented each of Creston's gallant six representatives with a pipe, a pouch and a generous supply of tobacco, and the citizens remembered them generously with provisions, fruit, flowers, etc.

The soleiers filled three coaches there being almost 200 men and officers aboard. Nelson contributed over 100, Rossland 22, Trail 23, Grand Forks 20 and Kaslo 5. At Fernie and Cranbrook and other Crow points as many more will be picked up.

Owing to the uncertainty of the date of the soldiers' departure Creston's send off was arranded on very short notice but it was none the less hearty or generous on that account.

Owing to The Review going to press at noon today we are compelled to curtail our report of the send off, but it will be given the attention it deserves next week.

Among the Nelson volunteers we noticed Dan Smith, who was on The Review staff a few months last year.

Sidelights on the War

The Bank of Montreal is giving $100,000 to Canadian patriotic funds.

An American volunteer force for active service has been organized in Paris.

German troops are said to be using saw tooth bayonets and dum dum bullets.

Up to Sunday night the total loss of the Belgians was estimated at 10,000 killed and wounded.

Nelson city council has voted money to defray expenses of volunteers while they mobilize there.

Toronto is making a donation of one hundred horses, owned by the city, to the militia department.

Toronto shirt factories are busy manufacturing 30,000 grey flannel shirts for the Canadian contingent.

Great Britain has decided to make a loan to Belgium of $50,000,000. The money will be raised by treasury bills.

German prisoners brought in by the French are carrying beets and errots in their knapsacks. They have been living on these for several days.

Telegrams from Berlin, via The Hague, state that the populace in the German capital has made a demand at the doors of the imperial palace shouting for bread.

A sum of $75,000,000 in six months' treasury bills, required for war purposes was offered to the British public and met with a hearty welcome. The amount applied for was over $210,000,000.

The British humane society asks for funds and volunteers for the Purple Cross to engage in relief work for horses. It proposes to send men to the front for the purpose of killing badly wounded horses and rescuing others

WHAT ECHO ANSWERED.

I STOOD within a wooded glen
Before a mountain wall,
And, ringing to my ear again,
The echo mocked my call.
"O Spirit of the Glen," I cried,
"Will all be bliss divine
When fast the nuptial knot is tied
And Phyllis shall be mine?
Beneath the lamplight's rosy glow
At even shall I sit
And watch her fairy fingers sew
Or mend or hem or knit?"
And echo answered, "Nit!"

"When to my cozy home I haste
For dinner or for tea
What dainty dishes rare of taste
Will she prepare for me?
Of 'boarding out' I've had my fill.
My appetite's a-quiver.
Oh, say what precious morsel will
Her skill to me deliver?"
And echo answered, "Liver!"

"In peaceful, placid streams of love
Will all our moments flow
As clear as summer skies above
Or summer seas below?
Will both our natures sweetly chime?
Will all be perfect quiet?
What will we do, O Spirit? I'm
In love a neophyte."
And echo answered, "Fight!"

"And will I rule the roost," said I,
"And always have my way?
And will my precious Phyllis try
To honor and obey?
Shall I be leader of the band
Or will my rule be wrecked?
I pray thee, tell me how I stand
To her in that respect."
And echo answered, "Pecked!"
—Puck.

In Time of Peace.

The new "beast," or under class man, at West Point had never heard a heavy siege gun fired. The first class man was solicitous.

"You have never been close when one of these guns was fired, eh?" he inquired.

"No."

"No, sir," commented the first class man.

"Yes, sir. No, sir," replied the "beast."

"Um-m. It's liable to bust your eardrums for life. See here, don't tell him I told you, but go to the commandant and ask him for"— The upper class man was so solicitous that he whispered the rest of his communication.

A few minutes later the raw cadet presented himself before the commandant.

"Please, sir," he said, "I want some guncotton for my ears."—New York Evening Post.

Noncommittal George.

George was caught napping.

A pair of soft little hands covered his eyes, and a sweet voice commanded, "Guess who it is!"

Nothing very dreadful for George in this, you think; but, then, you don't know that George has two sweethearts, and for the life of him he couldn't decide whose voice it was which made it a very embarrassing situation for him. A wrong guess would lead to complications awful to think of. But a happy thought inspired George, and he announced, "It's the dearest, sweetest little girl in all the world."

"Oh, you lovely boy!" gurgled the satisfied one as she removed her hands.

And now George thinks of applying for a diplomatic post, feeling that his talents would be wasted in any other field.—Tid Bits.

Tree Talk.

Sentimental Young Lady—Ah, professor, what would this old oak say if it could talk?

Professor—It would say, "I am an elm!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Trouble Amidships.

Nanny Goat—I thought father had a perfect digestion.

Billy—He has ordinarily, but awhile ago he ate a lot of adjectives off a circus poster.—Puck.

WINCHESTER

Rifle, Revolver and Pistol Cartridges

THE RED W BRAND

TRADE MARK REG. IN U. S. PAT. OFF.

Except the powder, everything that goes into Winchester cartridges is made in our own plant under our careful supervision. This system enables us to produce ammunition which is superior to all other makes. To get it anywhere 'tis but necessary to ask for Winchester make and look for the Red W on the package.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
New Haven, Conn.

W. A. U. 967

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? *All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.*

Zam-Buk
FOR ALL SUMMER SORES.

Reasonable Mistrust.

"Now let us try," she said, "to keep the other passengers from discovering that we are a bride and groom."

"All right, dearest," he replied. "How shall we deceive them?"

"Buy a couple of magazines and we will pretend to be busy reading them and avoid noticing each other."

"That's a fine idea, sweetheart. I'll get them right away."

Twenty minutes later:

"Lovey!"

"What is it, dearest?"

"You are holding your magazine upside down."

"Oh, George! If you are going to begin being critical now how shall I ever be able to please you after we have been married for five years?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Good Reason.

It was a red letter day at one of our large schools, and the boys were under examination in "optics." The point under illustration was that, strictly and scientifically speaking, we see not objects, but their images depicted on the retina. The doctor, to make the matter plainer, said to the wag of the class:

"William, did you ever actually see your father?"

Bill promptly replied: "No, sir."

"Please explain why you never saw your own father."

"Because," replied Bill, very gravely, "he died before I was born, sir."—New York American.

High Finance.

A man sent his neighbor's little boy to the drug store to buy five postage stamps. He handed him two dimes, the extra one being for himself. Some time afterward the boy came back blubbering and said he had lost one of the dimes.

"But why didn't you buy me the stamps?" asked the man.

"Because, mister," replied the boy, "it was your dime I lost."—Judge.

Quite Obvious.

"My dear," said Mrs. Snaggs to her husband, "what is a canard?"

"Don't you know what a canard is?" queried Snaggs rather sneeringly. "Why, the word itself conveys its own meaning."

"Does it? Well, really, I can't see it. What does it mean, dear?"

"Why, a canard is something one canardly believe, of course."

"Oh, to be sure! Why couldn't I think of that?"—Savannah News.

A Human Machine.

"Do you give any credence to the claims of some radicals that man is becoming little more than a human machine?" asked the friend.

"Yes. At times I feel that I am becoming simply a lawn mower," answered the suburbanite.—Buffalo Express.

Nice Family, This.

Wife (reminiscently) — I remember when you asked me to say the word that was to make you happy for life how I hesitated.

Hub (grumpily) — Hesitated! Huh! You never did say it.—Boston Transcript.

No Question About It.

A child adopted from an orphans' home was being ridiculed by the other children because he had no real parents. The conversation went about as follows:

"Aw, you haven't got any real father and mother."

"Maybe I haven't, but the ones I have got love me as much as yours do you."

"They do not. Ours are our real parents."

"Well, mine love me more than yours do you, 'cause mine picked me out of a hundred other babies, and yours had to take what they got," replied the adopted son.—Life.

The women were in power, and even the police force was a skirted brigade.

Two blushing coppers dragged a male crook into the police station.

"What is the charge?" asked the sergeantess.

"Carrying concealed weapons," replied Officer Mayme Hogan. "We found this hidden under his coat."

And she produced a cage filled with mice.—Exchange.

Sacred.

Suffragette (just home after strenuous day and expecting important correspondence)—Have any letters come for me?

Daughter—Yes, mother, but I tore them up for a doll's paper chase.

Suffragette—Tore them up! I never heard of such behavior. Haven't I often told you that letters are sacred things?—Punch.

[illegible]

"This is a fool world," remarked the cheerful idiot.

"What's the matter now?" asked the hoob.

"Why, we spend half our lives trying to save time and the other half trying to kill time," replied the cheerful idiot.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HOW LONDON GETS MILK

When the Biggest City Had a Famine

So much milk is sent up to London and the price is so high that poor people in country districts have simply to go without it, was the startling statement made by Lady Meyer at the conference of the National Food Reform Association the other day.

But it is not so surprising after all when we remember what a mighty volume of milk the people of the metropolis consume every year—about 112,000,000 gallons for which they pay annually about five million pounds. There is no city of magnitude in the world that can compete against London with its milk supply.

About fifty years ago the milk that was consumed in London mostly came from districts within the metropolitan area. But foot and mouth disease broke out among the cows, and it was then that London experienced a real milk famine. It was at this time that a far-seeing man—Sir George Barham—thought of getting milk from the healthy cows in Wilts and Hants.

London's greatest supply of milk comes from Wilts, but large quantities come also from Derbyshire, Staffordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Hampshire and Surrey. Milk has come to London even from Wales, Ireland and Penzance, and in a few instances from Scotland. The following figures represent approximately the number of churns which are brought by different railways to London every year (each churn contains about 14 gallons of milk): Great Western Railway, 1,200,000 churns; Great Northern Railway, 400,000 churns; Midland Railway, 341,000 churns; London and Brighton Railway 255,000 churns.

All these railways took to the enterprise from the beginning and what then proved an ill-paying item is now one of the most flourishing, and keen competition exists in counties which are traversed by more than one railway company. Special trains led to the building of special milk vans and the movement towards sanitary insulation led to improvements which were not dreamt of at an earlier day.

Every line has its refrigerating vans with special accessories for excluding dust and all kinds of germs. The latest pattern of milk van belongs to the London and Southwestern Railway. They are fitted like modern Pullmans, with Westinghouse and vacuum brakes and oil gas lamps, and the inner ventilation is ever better than that of the best passenger coach.

The farmer, or his assistant, rises early in the morning, not solely out of consideration for the crowing of the cock or rising sun; it is the exigency of railway traffic which sets the alarm. The patient kine await in the sheds the milkmaid, or maid, or boy, or automatic milking machine.

Patent strainers and coolers prepare the milk for transport. The cooler has taken the place of an old practice of surreptitiously dusting boracic acid into the churns.

In the summer, for an imperial gallon, the farmer receives 7d. and 8d., and in winter 9d. and 10d., delivered at the London terminus, and the transportation costs him one penny per gallon.

Not a Bad Bargain

A certain young farmer, returning from market, was pulled up by the urgent appeal of a pedestrian.

Hullo! that you, Tom? Want another situation? Why, I thought you were living with Captain Bird, as his coachman, eh?

So I was, sir, but it wasn't a fair bargain. As you know, sir, we were never to get drunk both at once.

Well, that seems fair enough, any way, said the young farmer.

Fair, guv'nor? Why, the captain was drunk the whole blessed time!

New Orleans requires all bread offered for sale to be securely wrapped to protect it from flies.

Dispensation of Providence

A teacher, instructing her class on the composition of sentences, wrote two on the blackboard, one to exemplify a misstatement of fact and the other to illustrate bad grammar. The sentences thus read as follows:

The hen has three legs. Who done it?

The teacher then called to one of the children. Harry, she said, go to the blackboard and show where the fault lies in those two sentences.

Harry slowly approached the blackboard, evidently thinking hard. Then he took the chalk and wrote: The hen never done it. God done it.

My husband doesn't care for grand opera.

But I notice he applauds vigorously.

He does that to keep awake.

THE DOCTOR'S GIFT
Food Worth Its Weight in Gold

We usually expect the doctor to put us on some kind of penance and give us bitter medicines.

An Eastern doctor brought a patient something entirely different and the results are truly interesting.

"Two years ago," writes this patient, "I was a frequent victim of acute indigestion and biliousness, being allowed to eat very few things. One day our family doctor brought me a small package, saying he had found something for me to eat.

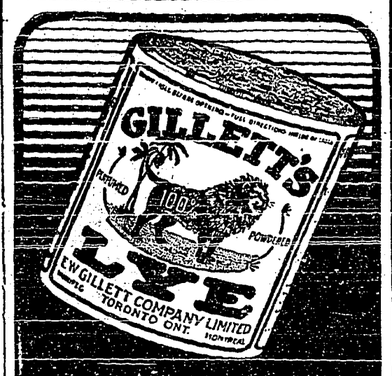
"He said it was a food called Grape-Nuts and even as its golden color might suggest it was worth its weight in gold. I was sick and tired, trying one thing after another to no avail, but consented to try this new food.

"Well! It surpassed my doctor's fondest anticipation and every day since then I have blessed the good doctor and the inventor of Grape-Nuts.

"I noticed improvement at once and in a month's time my former spells of indigestion had disappeared. In two months I felt like a new man. My mind was much clearer and keener, my body took on the vitality of youth, and this condition has continued."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



THE STANDARD ARTICLE SOLD EVERYWHERE REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

An Obliging Horse

A doctor and a clergyman were exercising their horses one morning in a country lane, when an argument arose between them as to which of the animals possessed the sweeter disposition.

I'll wager that if their respective tempers could be tried, said the doctor, mine would be far away the better.

That's all nonsense, retorted the clergyman. My mare has the best temper of any horse in the neighborhood.

Well, here's a stiff hedge, let us try their leaping capabilities, suggested the doctor.

Right you are, agreed his friend.

The doctor's hunter quietly refused the jump, although put at it again and again. The clergyman's little mare also refused, but at the same time threw back her ears and exhibited considerable ill-temper. When repeatedly urged to jump she finally accomplished a clever buck-jumping feat, which threw her master straight over the hedge. Strange to relate, the reverend gentleman was quite unhurt, and scrambling to his feet commenced to scrape the mud from his broadcloth, whilst the doctor laughingly remarked:

Perhaps you are convinced now that my animal has a better disposition than yours.

Not at all! replied the clergyman. My mare is such an unselfish little brute that, although unable to take the fence herself, she had no desire to keep me from going over. In fact, she facilitated the mode of my transit whilst your horse displayed a dog-in-the-manger temperament by not going himself and not allowing you to go either.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Handicapped by Fashion

The time has passed, said the orator haughtily, when any man can hide himself behind a woman's petticoats.

You bet, commented the cynic in a back seat. Those X-ray skirts have stopped that.

Ought to Work

I'm afraid these boiled eggs ain't very fresh.

Write the name Genevieve on one of them, suggested the head waiter. Mr. Wopsey is romantic and that will distract his attention if the eggs are not so good.

Playing the Game

A pompous director of a large railway company once landed at a small station and requested the porter to carry his bag. The stationmaster was quick to notice the importance of the arrival, and as the porter passed him struggling with the heavy Gladstone, managed to whisper: Be careful, Bill! That's Lord Blank, one of the directors.

The porter's chance of a tip vanished with this information, but subsequently upon relinquishing the bag, he was astonished to find himself the recipient of a shilling.

Momentarily surprised, he stared at the coin in his palm, and the director thinking his behaviour savored of dissatisfaction, remarked: Under the company's regulations you are not supposed to accept gratuities.

Yes, sir — no, sir, stammered the porter, and then, recovering his self-control and closing his left eyelid, he said: But one employe never splits on another!

It was a crowded car. Among those who could not find seats was a young lady. Close to where she stood an old man was sitting. He struggled as if to arise. The young woman cast a glance of scorn at one or two men hiding behind newspapers. Please do not get up, she said to the old man, I beg you don't. The conductor rang the bell and the car went on. The old man's features worked convulsively and he mopped his face with his handkerchief. At the next stopping place he again tried to rise, and again the young woman tried to stop him. I would much rather stand, she said continuing to block his way. I don't care whether you would or not, said the old man crimson with fury, I want to get out. You've made me come half a mile too far already. Here you stop the car. But it was too late, the bell had already rung and he had to wait until the next stopping place was reached.

What is so rare as a day in June? asks the poet. We don't know—unless it is praise for a man who has been dead a year.

Where the Danger Was

The train was undoubtedly a record-breaker for speed. It held the slow-traveling championship of the States. The passenger who had been fidgeting in his seat for several hour got up at last and strolled along the corridor to the front of the train, where he came upon the guard playing marbles with the engine-driver.

Hallow, there! he called. I suppose you don't mind a bit of good advice if it's given in a friendly spirit?

The conductor pocketed two marbles and said he didn't.

Then why, said the pale passenger, don't you have the cow-catcher taken off the front and put on the back.

The conductor stared hard and suspiciously.

Why should we? he asked at length.

Why, responded the pale passenger, for fear a cow might come along the track and bite somebody.

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

Oil the Future Fuel of Navies

There can be no doubt that the naval future lies with oil as against coal. A given tonnage of oil as against an equal tonnage of coal will enable the same ship to steam much faster, to get up speed quicker and to travel 40 per cent. farther; moreover, the supply can be replenished in a small fraction of the time, and on the high sea in nearly any weather instead of in port.

When you add that per knot steamed the cost is about the same, and that the world's visible supply seems as infinite for any near future as the coal supply, the case seems conclusive. The objection that coal is a home product while oil is imported, is of no relevance from a naval or strategical point of view, because if we were prevented from importing oil we could not import any other necessity of national existence.

This and other objections will no doubt continue to be urged, since the withdrawal of the British navy's consumption, followed as it must be by that of foreign navies, will be a serious thing for the steam-coal producers in our midst. Theirs are powerful interests, but not interests in whose favor the admiralty could properly forego the highest naval efficiency.—London Chronicle.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Now, Johnny, said his mother, we shall have company to dinner today, and I don't want you to say a word while they are here, then no one need find out that you are so silly.

The guests came. After some desultory remarks, a gentleman, who is passionately fond of children, turned to Johnny, whose mother, being busily engaged in another part of the room, did not hear the conversation that ensued.

Well, my son, said the gentleman, pleasantly, how old are you?

Johnny, obeying orders, sat like a sphinx.

Can't you tell me your age? said another, thinking the boy a little diffident.

Still Johnny spake not.

I can make him talk, said a bright young lady. You like the girls better than you do those horrid men, don't you, Johnny? Now, come over here beside me and tell me how old you are.

Silent as the grave.

Why, I believe the boy is an idiot! said the gentleman who had first addressed him, in a bantering way.

There, ma, said he. 'Tain't no use! I hain't opened my mouth, and they all know it already!

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A Budding Financier

Outside it was snowing hard and the teacher considered it her duty to warn her charges.

Boys and girls should be very careful colds at this time, she said, solemnly. I had a darling little brother only seven years old. One day he went out in the snow with his new sled and caught cold. Pneumonia set in and in three days he was dead.

A hush fell upon the schoolroom; then a youngster in the back row stood up and asked:

Where's his sled?

Clothe woman with the ballot! exclaims Senator Sheppary of Texas. Wouldn't you like to see a woman wearing a ballot?

Under the hedge sat Robert the reaper, taking long pulls at a beer-bottle. The new curate eyed him sadly, then approached and spoke. Tell me, my man, said the new curate, is that all you have to drink?

Robert nodded.

And you drink it all day, and every day?

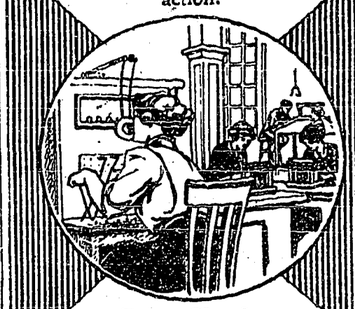
Again Robert nodded, and the new curate cast up his hands. Then he extracted sixpence from his waistcoat and said: Take that, my man, it will buy you something better.

Thanks, guv'nor—thanks, murmured Robert, deeply affected. I reckon a pint o' beer is more friendlylike than this cold tea.

For Women Who Work

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

Is the best tonic. It prevents headaches and biliousness by stimulating the liver and digestive organs to natural action.



Rosy Cheeks

follow its daily use—because this pleasantly bubbling drink is mildly laxative in its action and clears the blood of impurities.

Take a Bottle Home To-day. 3a

Sold by druggists and stores throughout Canada

Price 25¢ & 60¢

This Should Hold Him Awhile

Two Missouri editors who have waged a word battle for some time seemed to have about exhausted themselves. One of them hurls this bludgeon as a climax to the feud:

He now lies buried in his own mud. Not even a turkey buzzard remains above the horizon of ooze to mark his burial spot. A turkey buzzard has got some sense. It knows when it has got enough. Nobody would have gall enough to ask a buzzard to put a clamp on its nose and make a meal of pure mud. We feel it a high honor to be attacked by him in any way. If we had not been denounced by him and his sort we would feel that we had been derelect in our duty and had fallen short of life's ideals.

UPTON'S PURE FRUIT JAMS
Are Pure Jam improved by the addition of Pure Apple Jelly
Try It. All Grocers

Richest Spot in Canada

In Toronto, Canada, there are two blocks on King Street, between Yonge and Bay streets, and including the corners of these two cross streets, which composes the richest strip of property in Canada. The land alone in these two blocks is worth on an approximate estimate, $16,000,000, while the buildings are worth $9,500,000. New structures to cost $6,500,000 have been started, or will be under construction this year. Thus, including the natural advance in land values that may be expected, this 1,500 feet of frontage in the heart of the city of Toronto will have, by the end of the year, a value closely approaching $35,000,000.

All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfitted for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

Pat and Jim were trudging along the dusty road when a big touring car passed them with a whiz like a roar of a gigantic rocket, and disappeared in a cloud of dust.

Gorry! exclaimed Pat, thim chug waggons must cost a hape a cash. The rich in this country is fairly burning money.

Indade, thin, replied Jim, be the smell av it, it must be that tainted money we do be hearing so much about.

Towne—Do you make your cook pay for what she breaks.

Suburbs (in amazement)—Make her pay? I should say not. Why, every month, besides paying her salary, we reward her liberally for what she did not break.

Mrs. Bagrox—Tell me, professor, will my daughter ever become a great pianist?

Herr Vogleschnitzle—I gannot dell.

Mrs. Bagrox—But has she none of the qualifications necessary for a good musician.

Herr Vogleschnitzle—Ach! Yah, madam; she has two handts!

The Stomach Is the Target

Aim to make that strong—and digestion good—and you will keep well! No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No man is stronger than his stomach. With stomach disordered a train of diseases follow.

Dr. Pierce's **Golden Medical Discovery**

makes the stomach healthy, the liver active and the blood pure. Made from forest roots, and extracted without the use of alcohol. Sold by druggists, in liquid form at $1.00 per bottle for over 40 years, giving general satisfaction.

If you prefer tablets as modified by R. V. Pierce, M. D., these can be had of medicine dealers or trial box by mail on receipt of 50c in stamps.

WILD RIOTS IN DUBLIN

SCENES OF VIOLENCE WITNESSED IN IRISH CAPITAL

Tramway Strikers Attack Police, and Five Hundred Wounded Men are in the Hospitals—Irish Press Denounces Capitalists for Causing Trouble.

London.—Dublin is at this moment a city of terror, and desperate rioting, arising from the tramway strike which brought 500 people into the hospitals for treatment. A correspondent who was an eye witness, says: A mob numbering 1,000 started to tear up the tramway track in open defiance of a dozen police on duty. Soon reinforcements of 70 police appeared, but far from inspiring wholesome fear on the mob they appeared to be welcome, for they were so many more targets for bricks and lumps of granite. When the police at length charged at the double from Bishop street to the corner of Cuffe street there was no retreat. The mob kept to the open street and appeared to enjoy the attacks of the police. Women were screaming hysterically. Baton charges could hardly be counted and took place every five minutes, each after a fusillade of missiles, and each, too, with an accompaniment of screaming women, crashing windows, thuds of stones and bricks as they landed now and again on the nickel plated device with which the policemen's helmets are equipped.

Toward midnight there was a spectacle like a hideous nightmare. Armed with iron bars and table knives the mob rushed the doors of shops and looted all they could while they destroyed where they could not loot.

Piteous wails came from half a dozen strong constabulary men as they found themselves hemmed in by stone throwers on every side just as depraved boys hem in a cat and stone it to death. I shrank with horror from the scene.

What is happening in Dublin may happen in Belfast for labor all over industrial Ireland seems fretful for a fight with capital. Even the Unionist journals condemn the Dublin Tramway Company for refusing to recognize the trade unions and revise the hours, wages and general conditions of labor.

Kier Hardie and other labor leaders bitterly condemn the rigorous treatment of the strikers by the Irish executive under Lord Aberdeen. Hardie says: It is a form of action against trade unionism which is very common in America but I did not expect to find in a law abiding country like our own that the anarchist precedent of the United States courts would have been followed. Apart altogether from the merits of the dispute with the Tramways Company, the men will have behind them the entire trade union movement of Great Britain in opposing what we regard as an unconstitutional action from Dublin Castle.

Germany's New Foreign Trade Policy

Berlin.—The Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts publishes a remarkable scheme which has been organized quietly in the interests of Germany's foreign trade policy. The paper obtained possession of a confidential letter, which a number of deputies addressed to the foreign secretary, Herr Jagow, asking for his support to be given a new daily paper through which it was intended to organize the foreign overseas press. Fifty newspapers had agreed to publish weekly letters on German affairs. The promoters of the scheme maintain that Germany has been wilfully misunderstood. It is stated that $2,500,000 has been promised in subscriptions. The Vorwaerts says that the subscribers include four shipbuilding and armament firms.

Voted for Twenty Presidents

Seattle, Wash.—Very few men in the United States today have the distinction of having voted for twenty presidents of the United States. One of the few—if not the only man alive today—who holds this honor, is Thomas Wardell, who recently celebrated his ninety-eighth birthday. Wardell was born during the Presidency of James Madison and cast his first vote for William Henry Harrison in 1836. Since that time Wardell has voted in every Presidential election. He has always taken the liveliest interest in national and local politics. Attending the birthday celebration were ten members of the Borrowed Time Club, whose ages aggregate 804 years.

Customs Revenue Increase

Ottawa, Ont.—The customs revenue for the Dominion still shows a steady increase. The receipts for August were $10,838,666, as against $10,147,908 for the corresponding month of last year. This shows an increase of $690,757. For five months of the present fiscal year ending August 31, the customs revenue was $49,737,099, as compared with $46,397,937 for the same period during the former fiscal year. This shows an increase to date of $3,340,062.

Huerta to Quit

Mexico City.—That General Huerta intends to quit the presidency in favor of Trevino and become a candidate at the October elections, is the statement made by the well known Mexican close to the administration. General Trevino is making his way to the capital and little effort has been made to disguise the fact that he had been officially summoned. Just how the contemplated succession is to be brought about has not been disclosed.

ADVANCED METHODS

Toronto Will Enforce Sanitary Conveniences in all Workshops

Toronto.—Ten thousand dollars is to be spent this year by the local board of health in the installation of sanitary conveniences in buildings whose owners are unable to pay for them immediately out of their own pockets.

Dr. Hastings pointed out that the municipality is authorized by the Public Health Act to instal such conveniences at the expense of the owners and to collect for the same with interest at five per cent. within five years

AMERY'S VIEWS

Why Canada Gets More Immigrants Than Australia

Sydney, N.S.W.—Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P., a member of the House of Commons for South Birmingham, and of the British parliamentary party has arrived from South Africa.

Speaking on the question of Immigration which was referred to in Canada some members of the party say it is a sore point with home Britishers. Mr. Amery expressed the view that the causes led up to exodus from England to North America. Easier distance was the material point, but he placed more importance on the fact that Canada carried out extensive schemes for advertising throughout Great Britain as one Government and not as was done in the case of Australia by several governments.

Indian Agent Tells of Buffalo

Edmonton, Alta.—There are fully 500 head of wood buffalo west and north of Fort Smith, on the Peace and the Great Slave rivers in the extreme northeastern part of Alberta, at the 60th parallel of latitude, said A. J. Bell, who has charge of the northern Indian agencies, on returning to Edmonton from the silent north, where he is guardian of 3,000 Indians of the Yellow Knife, Dog Rib, Chipewyan and Cariboo Eaters tribes.

Mr. Bell who has been continuously in the north since the winter of 1911, was accompanied to civilization by Mrs. Bell and their two children, born at Fort Smith, and Nathaniel Gear, chief herder of the government's reindeer, brought from St. Anthony, Newfoundland, to northern Alberta, and Mrs. Gear. The two last named are natives of the Labrador coast. Gear learned the management of the reindeer from the Laplanders and formerly had charge of Dr. Grenfell's herds in Newfoundland.

Some time ago I made a proposal to the Dominion government that the buffalo in the Fort Smith district be confined by a fence in the peninsula between the Peace and the Great Slave rivers, Mr. Bell said. This would afford better protection to the animals. The fence would cost about $103,000.

Railways Converge on Future Shipping Centres

Swift Current, Sask.— With every prospect for two new branch lines of the G.T.P. operating out of Swift Current within the coming year, in addition to the two branches of the Canadian Northern on which construction work has made very rapid progress this season, grain growers and large shippers are already considering the probable effect of an entire transformation in the traffic situation in this section of the West. Upon the closing of the gap between Broadview and Brandon the handling over the through route of 930 miles from Swift Current to Fort William will have become an actuality. In the meanwhile grading on the Weyburn-Lethbridge line is showing rapid progress, and much is expected in a business way from the opening of the immense territory to the south of Swift Current which this new line will traverse.

Militia is Increasing

Ottawa.—Militia is becoming more pronounced in Canada. Figures compiled in the Department of Militia and Defence show that the established active militia today stands at approximately 37,000 officers and men. As permanent forces have an establishment of about 3,500, the establishment of the whole of the militia of Canada somewhat exceeds 77,000.

It must be borne in mind that the establishment of corps is the maximum number of men for whom pay can be drawn. The number of men actually present and drawing pay never quite comes up to the establishment. Some 56,000 have been trained this year, this number constituting a record. In 1912 the number trained was 49,000 and in previous years it never much exceeded 46,000.

THIEF RELENTED

Radium Was Returned to Vancouver Doctor Through the Mails

Vancouver.—The tiny particle of radium, worth about $3,500, which was stolen from the offices of Dr. G. L. De Verteuil recently, was returned through the mail this morning. It is thought that the thief having read of the deadly effects that radium had in inexperienced hands upon the human body became frightened and decided to return the precious metal, or else heard that a man's life depended upon it.

BUNDLE OF BONES

Lone Tragedy of Yukon Trail Just Come to Light

Vancouver.—Advices from the north country state that a bundle of human bones were found in an old tent a few miles from the Donjek Landing, on the way to Dawson in the Yukon. The man had evidently been dead for many years. In the Beaver district, not far away from this place, were found the bones of another man, whose name is believed to have been Milan or Nylus, said to have been a trapper.

Fund Increasing

Ottawa.—The movement originating in Quebec to assist the French-Canadians in Ontario in their fight for the propagation of bilingual schools has so far netted $12,000. A check for that amount was received by Chairman Boudreault, of the Ontario Educational association from Oliver Asselin, head of the St. Jean Baptiste society of Montreal.

Eaten by Cannibals

Brisbane, Australia. — Word has reached here that John Henry Warner, a mineralogist of German-American descent has been killed and eaten by cannibals in an unexplored region of Papua. He was heading an expedition in search of radium.

Prince Rupert Fish

Vancouver, B.C.—During the month of August half a million dollar worth of fish has been landed at the port of Prince Rupert. The salmon weighed 8,418,000 pounds, and there were a million pounds of halibut

TO TRANSPORT GRAIN

NATIONAL TRANSCONTINENTAL READY TO HANDLE THE CROP

Hon. Frank Cochrane Makes This Announcement on Arrival in Winnipeg—Is Very Optimistic Over the Crop Outlook and Financial Situation Generally.

Winnipeg.—After an inspection of the National Transcontinental Railway from Cochrane to Winnipeg, Hon. Frank Cochrane announced on his arrival here that the line would be ready to handle this year's grain crop. Mr. Cochrane is in the west to inspect the entire G.T.P. system. On the financial situation Mr. Cochrane is optimistic over the crop outlook, and believes it will materially help to loosen the money situation. In the party with the minister of railways are Senator Geo. Gordon, E. J. Chamberlain, President of the Grand Trunk system; Molson MacPherson, the only other director of the G.T.P. resident in Canada; Albert Grigg, M.P.P. for Ontario; Charles MacRae, M.P.P., Ontario; Hon. W. H. Hearst, Minister of Mines for Ontario; and W. R. Smythe, M.P.P.

A. W. Smithers, chairman of the G.T.P. directors, left the party at Cochrane to return to London. Before going, however, he sent this message to the west:

The country of Canada and in particular the western territory was never looked upon in a more favorable light in the old country than at the present time. There is an area of prosperity looming up ahead of the country.

Mr. Chamberlin, in explaining the purpose of the trip, said that the new line is in excellent shape considering the circumstances, and that it will be in full operation next year. The line will be able to carry grain to the east this fall if necessary.

Homestead Laws May be Changed

Edmonton, Alta.—Delegations from Edmonton, Vegreville, Wetaskiwin, Consort and other points in northern Alberta waited on the Hon. Dr. Roche minister of the interior, on his arrival in this city.

Representations for the establishment of new land agencies and subagencies at various points were made and the question of pre-emption conditions discussed.

The minister stated that in the course of his trip through the west, he had received numerous delegations regarding the abolition of the $3 per acre charge on pre-emption homesteads, but representations from northern Alberta asking for the reduction of the three years' addition on all homestead duty to one year provided necessary improvements were made, was a new side to the question. He stated that in all probability a number of changes would be made in regard to homestead and pre-emption conditions at the next session of parliament. He had made this trip in order to hear at first hand the views of the settlers in the west. He had been inquiring into the question of recognizing the right of a homesteader in certain areas to prove up by placing stock on the land. In regard to grazing leases, the minister said that in the main the recommendations of the royal commission, which held sittings throughout the west, would be adopted. Those recommendations would shortly be presented to parliament.

Rushing Laying of Steel

Edmonton, Alta.—With reasonably good weather, steel on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway is expected to reach the western end of Lesser Slave Lake this fall and trains will be put in operation between Edmonton and Mirror Landing, a distance of 130 miles. This announcement is made by D. J. McArthur, president of the road, who is here on a trip of inspection. One hundred miles of steel has already been laid on the line and ballasting gangs are busy getting the grade in shape for the commencement of operations

St. Petersburg.—Three deaths from Asiatic cholera have occurred at Kherson since August 30.

UNSELFISH HEROES

Obscure Mariner's Deed Recognized by President of U.S.

Ottawa.—Unselfish heroism of two obscure Nova Scotia mariners has been fittingly rewarded by the President of the United States. In the month of October last year, Captain James and Seaman Richardson, of the little fishing village of Pubnico, N.S., rescued at the risk of their lives the captain and crew of the United States schooner 'Henry R. Tilton,' which had become disabled in an Atlantic Coast hurricane.

In due time the brave rescue reached the ears of President Wilson, with the result that there reached the Department of Marine and Fisheries a solid gold watch and medal. Upon the watch was engraved: From the President of the U.S., in recognition of bravery in effecting the rescue of the master and crew of the schooner Henry R. Tilton, on the Northern Atlantic.'

There is a request that the watch be forwarded to Captain James. The medal is also suitably engraved, and is for Seaman Richardson.

Prison Reform on Program

Ottawa.—Supervision of prison reform in Canada will likely be Hon. Arthur Meighen's first assignment as Solicitor-General, says the Evening Journal.

It is understood in this connection Mr. Meighen will be given absolute charge of the work of penal investigation and reform. It is also understood that, included among Mr. Meighen's duties will be that of arguing important Government cases in the courts and before the judicial committee of the Privy Council. These cases are generally looked after by the Deputy Minister of Justice, but the Department has become so overcrowded with work during the last few years that the head officials need to be relieved of considerable of their present duties.

PRINCE ALBERT, THE KING OF ENGLAND'S SECOND SON.

Prince Albert, who was born in 1905, entered the Naval College at Osborne, four years ago. He remained there two years, afterward completing two more years' training at Dartmouth

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Sons & Co., Grain Merchants. Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Sept. 2.—The past week over the United States and Western Canadian spring wheat country has generally been of the most favorable character for the progress of harvest work, and the maturing of late grain. In our own country the cutting of the ripened grain never proceeded with greater rapidly than it has done last week. We stated in our last week's report that with dry weather the whole of our wheat crop would be cut by end of the present week. This seems likely to be accomplished all except late fields and a moderate proportion of the crop in backward districts. The favorable growing and maturing weather over our country in the last half of July and all August, has been the means of swelling out our crops in a most gratifying manner, and the result is a comparatively high average yield and high average quality as well. Quality however, is still to some extent dependent on the weather we may have from this time onward, until all of the crop is threshed. There has been no frost in August to damage grain so far as is known, but this morning's weather reports mentioned that the frost line had been touched at some points over night. So light a frost might do no perceptible damage, and there is so large a proportion of the crop cut, and the balance either ready to cut, or so near maturity that the report of the light frost had no effect on the mind or sentiment of the well informed trader. The fact is our crop is safe from frost damage, except to a very small percentage, probably not exceeding five per cent. If, however we were to have much wet weather in the immediate future, we might have a considerable deterioration in quality, but with practically no loss in quantity of average good milling wheat. We have seen no recent estimates as to the aggregate yield of our Western wheat crop, but we consider we may look for around at least 200,000,000 bus. with a very large proportion of it in the high grades. There is already some thrashing being done in early districts, and new wheat is being shipped. Today the car inspections of wheat at Winnipeg numbered 98 cars, of which 58 cars were new crop. Of the 58 cars 31 inspected 1 Northern, 14 inspected 2 Northern, and 2 inspected 3 Northern. The other 11 cars inspected rejected, owing to too much mixture of other grain to allow them into regular grades. These figures show the high average grade of this crop.

As regards the market situation over the world there has come about a distinct reaction in sentiment from a week ago. Last week the United States speculative markets were quite depressed by the liquidation of September wheat. Minneapolis lost 3c. in three days on September, other markets declining about 1½c. While however, liquidation is September, was depressing the markets, it began to be noticed that other things were happening which would have a counteracting effect, and on the last two days in August in spite of belated liquidation the markets took on a stronger tone. Yesterday the U.S. markets and Winnipeg were closed owing to its being Labor day holiday, but today the tone was strong and a further moderate advance in prices was made. There seems good reason to expect some further advance, but we do not at present see that it can be more than temporary because in a week or two there is almost certain to be very large movements of new wheat for export in Canada, the United States and Russia. At the present time there is a lull in these movements but it cannot last long, and there is no doubt but the world is raising a larger wheat crop this year than ever, depending always on the yield of the Argentine and Australian crops now growing. In the meantime there is seen a large falling off in the primary receipts in the United States in the last half of August. In July and first half of August the winter wheat farmers marketed their new crop on a large scale, but during the last three weeks they stopped hauling out wheat and turned to ploughing their fields for the new crop, and to other work. In the United States spring wheat country the movement is considerably under last year, for in Minnesota and South Dakota farmers have stacked a great deal of their wheat and are going on with ploughing and fall work instead of threshing. The great difference in the primary movement in the United States is seen in the visible supply statements. During the five weeks ending with August 16th, the United States visible supply increased 15,269,000 bushels but in the two weeks ending August 30th, there was an increase of only 104,000 bushels. At the same time exports of wheat and flour from the United States have been very large. Liverool and other European markets have been quiet and easy-going for some time but they have also become quite strong and advancing in the last three days. Russia has not begun yet to export its new crop to any extent and probably European traders seeing the prospects of smaller exports from America for a few weeks at any rate, and no immediate increase from Russia are supplying themselves in haste and so advancing prices. Of course it will be well to remember that this year the United States has no record crops like last year, except wheat. Their corn, oats, barley, potatoes and hay are all considerably short of last year's crops, and the prices of these commodities are bound to have a strengthening effect on wheat values. Present wheat prices are moderate and if farmers only supplied the market with it according to consumers nearby requirements, prices would never likely be any lower and might easily be kept on a higher level all the time.

There has been very little doing on our Winnipeg market in cash wheat for old stocks are practically cleaned up. At end of last week the stocks of wheat all grades included, in store Fort William and Port Arthur amounted to only 762,384 bushels against 2,511,401 bushels a year ago, and of this year's stocks only 5074 bushels is 1 Northern. Trading in futures has been fairly active for the time of year, and prices at lowest point of the week showed a decline of around 2¼c., but have made a small recovery since. Quotations for cash wheat are now on the basis of new crop and these today are 1 Nor., 88c; 2 Nor., 85½c; 3 Nor., 83c; No. 1 Alberta Red Winter, 89¼c; 2 A.R.W., 88c; 3 A.R.W., 84½c. Futures closed October 87c; December, 85⅝c; May, 90⅜-⅝c.

Oats—

The price of cash oats declined during the week 2c. but have had a good recovery and look stronger, and future deliveries show advance over a week ago. Today's cash prices are 2 Can. West., 34½c; 3 C.W., 33½c; ex. 1 Feed, 34c; 1 Feed, 33½c; 2 Feed, 31¾c. Futures closed October, 35⅞c; December, 35⅞c; May, 39⅝c.

Barley—

The barley market is quiet but the feeling is stronger. Today's prices are No. 3, 46c; No. 4, 44½c; Rejected, 41c; Feed, 41c.

Flax—

The flax market is easier with the demand quiet and prices about 1½c. under a week ago. Today's cash prices are 1 Nor. West. Can., 130½c; 2 Can. West., 127½c; 3 C.W., 115½c. Futures closed October 133c; December, 132c.

All prices quoted above are based on delivery in store Fort William and Port Arthur.

Effect of Nanking Fall

Peking.—The fall of Nanking will result in a great change in the situation, the rebels there having been cut off and doomed to defeat for several weeks. The government contemplates going slowly in the work of suppressing the remaining rebels in the various provinces.

Doherty Coming West

Ottawa.—Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, will leave for a tour of the west at the end of the month, [illegible] federal institutions administered by his Department. It will be Doherty's first visit to the west since the formation of the present government.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON XI. — THIRD QUARTER FOR SEPT. 14, 1913

Text of the Lesson, Ex. xx, 12-21. Memory Verses, 12-17—Golden Text, Luke x, 27—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Continuing our study of the two tables given to Moses, we will look first at the six remaining commandments and then at what is written concerning the relation of the whole to the sinner and the saint. The fifth command is repeated and applied to believers to day in Eph. vi, 1-3. In reference to the sixth: Thou shalt not kill; our Lord taught that it was dangerous even to be angry, and in I John iii, 15, we read that 'whosoever hateth his brother is a murderer. In reference to the seventh Matt. v, 28, teaches that it may be broken by even a look. As to the eighth, the question is asked in Mal. iii, 8: Will a man rob God? and the answer is: Ye have robbed Me in tithes and offerings.

Many a man who would not be guilty of stealing a dime or a nickel robs God of His Sabbath day by finding his own pleasure in it and is meaner than Jacob in refusing to give back to God at least a tenth of that which God has so bountifully given to him. A good comment on the ninth is found in Zach. vii, 10; viii, 17, where we are forbidden even to imagine evil in our hearts against a brother or a neighbor. If any testify falsely against us it gives us fellowship with the Lord Jesus, against whom false witnesses were hired to testify even as it had been predicted. False witnesses did rise up; they laid to my charge things that I knew not (Ps. xxxv, 11; Matt. xxvi, 59-61).

As to covetousness, it was on that point that Paul saw his sinfulness (Rom. vii, 7) and afterward wrote that covetousness is idolatry (Col. ii, 5). Our Lord said: Take heed and beware of covetousness for any man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth (Luke xii, 15). From the voice of God and the thunderings and the lightnings and the noise of the trumpet the people removed and stood afar off, and Moses alone drew near (verses 18-21). The law is holy and just and good (Rom. vii, 12), and sets forth the holiness without which no man can see God. It is so holy that no mere mortal man ever kept it or could keep it, for it brings us all in guilty before God and shuts every mouth, for by the law is the knowledge of sin (Rom. iii, 19, 20).

If there had been a law given which could have given life, verily righteousness should have been by the law (Gal. iii, 21). But it is evident that no man is justified by the law in the sight of God, for as many as are of the works of the law are under the curse, for it is written: Cursed is every one that continueth not in all things which are written in the book of the law to do them. But Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us. The law brings us all in guilty and leads us to Christ that we might be justified by faith (Gal. iii, 10-13, 24, 25). He alone of all men kept the law perfectly in thought, word and deed and became the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth, but there always have been and still are those who, being ignorant of God's righteousness and going about to establish their own righteousness, have not submitted themselves unto the righteousness of God (Rom. x, 3, 4).

Such are all those who talk about salvation by character and the Golden Rule as their creed and the Sermon on the Mount good enough for them. They have not noticed that the first utterance of Christ on that occasion shuts their mouths, for where is their poverty of spirit while they talk of how good they are and how much good they do?

Let us consider the giving of the law more fully, for in this series of lessons we have nothing in connection with the tabernacle, every whit of which uttereth His glory and speaks of Him who is the true Tabernacle (Ps. xxix, 9, margin; Heb. viii, 2). The principal vessel in the tabernacle was the ark of the covenant, and it was made to contain the law, which Israel so quickly broke, as we shall see in our next lesson. Moses and Aaron, Nadab and Abihu and seventy of the elders of Israel went up into the mount, and it is written that they saw God and did eat and drink (Ex. xxiv, 9-11). This, in the light of John i, 18, tells us that they saw the Son of God.

Joshua seems to have waited somewhere, for we do not read of him again till Moses comes down from the mount, after forty days and nights, with the tables in his hands. He had received full instructions concerning the tabernacle and its furniture. As they came down from the mount the people, who had promised to do all that God had said are seen worshiping the golden calf, and Moses, to impress upon them what they were doing, threw down the tables and broke them.

By the command of the Lord he made two tables like the first, went up into the mount again and remained another forty days and nights, while God wrote again the ten words, but this time he was told to put them in the ark that they might be kept unbroken (Ex. xxiv, 9-18; xxiv, 1-3, 28; xxxii, 17; Deut. ix, 10, 11, 17; x, 1-5). What the people could not do the ark did. Christ is our ark, and our mercy seat, and our priest, and our sacrifice.

New G.T.P. Branch

Calgary.—Engineer Carleton, of the Grand Trunk Pacific, announces that his road will undertake the construction of a line through Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, through the Crow's Nest country into southern British Columbia. The Calgary-Edmonton line will be extended south to make connection with the proposed line, work on which will be commenced in the spring.

To Resign Presidency of China

St. Petersburg.—Provisional President Yuan Shi Kai, of the Chinese republic, has issued a decree announcing his intention of resigning office as soon as peace is restored, according to a telegram from Mukden.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C. Subscription: $2 a year in advance; $2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, AUG. 28

Passing of the Pope.

Troubles rarely come singly. Throughout the world Roman Catholics are mourning the death of Pope Pius X., for the past eleven years head of the church, who passed away on Thursday last in his seventy-ninth year.

He was the son of a peasant born at Riese, in the Venetian province of Theviso, and was a parish priest until almost forty years of age. In 1893 he was created a cardinal.

His election to the Papacy in 1903 came as a complete surprise to the outside world to whom his name was hardly known. His administration of the high office has been exemplary, marked by earnest piety and simplicity.

Much criticism was aroused by his encylicals against Socialism and the modern spirit of the church, but it is possible that these were productive in part, at least, of the results for which he hoped.

History may not give him a conspicuous place among the great popes, but it must accord him high rank among the best.

Particularly did Pius X. stand forth among the nations, and with all the power at his command did he strive to bring the day of universal amity nearer.

That his death should occur at the beginning of the most gigantic war struggle ever staged among the nations of Europe, and that in some measure it is due to that struggle, is one of the saddest circumstances in the melancholy affair.

Penalizing Belgium

The Germans have demanded a war imposition of $40,000,000 from Brussels.

The treasurer of the city states that "no possible coercive measures will give them even a fraction of that sum."

It is reported that exhorbitant demands have been made on other Belgian towns and cities in the hands of the kaiser's army.

The kaiser's levy on Brussels means $55 per head for every man, woman, boy and girl in the city. That is an average of nearly $250 for every family in the place.

All the papers in London denounce the German levy in Brussels. The Germans also ask $10,000,000 from the city of Liege.

The papers declare that such an assessment is opposed to all ideas of modern warfare and is worthy of the robber barons of the middle ages.

It is supposed that the demand was accompanied by threats to destroy the beautiful public buildings of the towns and cities.

The Business Outlook

Sir William VanHorne is out with the prediction that Canada's stimulated export of war supplies will bring a remarkable revival of trade in Canada.

Certain it is that the more trade Canada can develop in this time of crisis the greater will be her influence when peace is again reached.

Those who work for local consumption have no reason to go into a panic; on the contrary, they will have a larger field, because they will have no German competition.

And there is no fear of a monetary panic. The measures taken by the federal government are sufficient to dissipate all fears in that regard.

Looking at the matter from a provincial standpoint conditions in Europe are expected to result in higher prices for wheat, cattle and other exportable food products which should increase the buying power of the Canadian fruit consumer.

The British Columbia Fruit Grower's Association, however, points out that the effect of this on fruit prices will not be felt immediately; in fact the demand for fruit will probably be light for at least a few weeks.

Germany Feeling the Pinch

In any intelligent discussion as to how long the war will last the big factor is the food supply.

While some authorities claim Germany is prepared to survive longer in her position of splendid isolation than had been thought, German newspapers do not speak so confidently.

The issue of the Cologne Gazette which reached London on Friday last paints a terrible picture of the industrial workers' conditions in Berlin.

A conference has been held at the Ministry of the Interior to discuss the great unemployment problem in Berlin among women. The stores have dismissed most of their employees and will soon dismiss more. The costume trade is at a standstill, and home workers are starving.

The pinch of food is being felt in Berlin and other large towns, and the police have had to intervene in some places between provisioners and customers.

The town of Gelsden Girchen has bought $160,000 of foodstuffs to be sold at shops. It is estimated that there are 17,000 families. each with three members, who need help, which will cost the town $50,000 a month.

As we pointed out last week, the full dinner pail is a prime necessity not only with those on the firing line but also with the men. women and children at home. If, as the Gazetee states. the food problem is already becoming serious in Germany, it is bound to directly affect the length of time the Kaiser can continue the war.

All the experts admit General Hunger will prove the strongest soldier.

Unfortunate Germany

In the midst of trouble more trouble comes.

The emperor of Japan has declared war on Germany, and the Japanese fleet and land forces are ready for the struggle around Kiaochau, the German protectorate in China.

Whatever idea the Italian government may have had at one time of standing by Germany, there is certainly no disposition in that direction now.

Neither does it seem likely that Austria will be more than a broken reed in the struggle.

An important Servian victory over an Austrian army of 80,000 men is confirmed. This must have a potent influence upon the course of Austria and news of mutiny among Austrian troops should not occasion surprise.

So far as news has been allowed to filter through the hands of the censors, it seems that the Austrians have lost even their ambition to conquer the Servians.

Certainly they are making no progress against them, nor are they lending any particular aid to Germany.

Chances are that in a very short time there will be so much trouble in Austria, and among the Austrians themselves, that that nation will cease to be a fighting factor in the big events.

What it Costs

The first cost of the war to Canada is $50,000 per day, says the Colonist. By the first cost we mean the outlay involved in connection with the expeditionary force of 25,000 men who will soon be gathered at Valcartier.

The daily pay at $1.10 per man will be $27,500. The extra allowance for officers will increase this amount to more than $30,000 per day.

Provisions and other supplies for the force will cost about $20,000 per day, making a total of approximately $50,000.

The grand total, however, will be much greater. Guns, ammunition and transport will run into large figures.

Besides, there are thousands of troops under arms who do not belong to the foreign service force and who are in receipt of the statutory allowance.

We question if the total cost to the country will be less than $150,000 per day, in which case the war loan of $50,000,000 to be raised by the government will not be at all unreasonable.

CURRENT COMMENT

Get married, fellows, and then when you don't enlist for war blame it on your wife.

There are 75,000 Russian reservists in Canada. They have not yet been called home, but they are applying in great numbers to be sent there.

And yet, come to think, on the records there ought to be enough bachelors in the country to make up half a dozen contingents—and then some.

Rejected by the recruiting officer there is no reason why fight-loving Canadians shouldn't be in the heat of battle so long as the admiralty keeps calling for stokers for the warships.

Herald: Issuing orders for general mobilization of troops is child's play compared with the ticklish task which now confronts Col. Sam Hughes—selecting officers for the mobolized troops.

Herald: I hate to mention it, but really there seems to be something the matter with female patriotism when Canadian wives in such large numbers refuse to let their husbands go to war.

Ledge: In America several millions of men are fighting the European war. The fighting is principally from store counters and arm chairs, while the weapons used are war bulletins and ozone more or less heated.

There is a silver lining to the darkest cloud. In districts visited by the army worm the hens are increasing their output of eggs, while the broilers are ready for market in half the usual time. Chicken feed cost nothing.

The corn cob is doing for Missouri what beer has done for Milwaukee. The corn cob of commerce manufactured in that state and exported to all parts of the world brought to the manufacturers last year the sum of over half a million dollars.

Los Angeles Times: Of the kaiser it may be said, as a California highwayman once spoke of himself, that he never likes to cause annoyance, but "he is just hell" when he is angry. The Montreal Mail adds that the comparison is apt, William II. is the crowned highwayman of Europe.

DOES ADVERTISING PAY?

When a duck lays an egg she waddles off her nest as unconcerned as you please without making any noise.

When a hen lays an egg she makes a whale of a noise, and keeps it up for some time.

SHE ADVERTISES

Hence, the greater demand for hens eggs than duck eggs.

SOME PEOPLE

Are just like the duck, they never let the buyer know what they have for sale---Hence they are not making a success of their business.

ADVERTISE!

Creston Hotel

The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

Our Guests Call Again

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercials.

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CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

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The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application. 425

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Phone 53 Sirdar Avenue Box 14

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LIVERY AND TRANSFER

Wood for Sale Phone 85

News of the District

Already Fernie citizens have paid up $4,000 of 1914 taxes.

The Michel coke ovens have closed down for an indefinite time.

Four marriage licences were issued at Fernie for week ending Aug. 20.

All the sawmills in the Baynes and Waldo districts are still in operotion.

Blairmore had the heaviest rainstorm of the year Monday of last week.

Nelson looks for an attendance of some 90 pupils at the high school this term.

The government agent at Rossland has received notice to refuse to issue gun licenses to either Germans or Austrians.

Ten million feet of cut timber was destroyed in the recent forest fires at Bull River.

Nelson merchants are refusing their customers credit for a longer term than thirty days.

J. McCullough of Greenwood is making a motor cycle trip tour of Spokane and Vancouver.

Rossland Miner:—The Sisters' Hospital would like to have somebody give them a good watch dog.

In B. C. last year bounties were paid on 58 golden eagles, 232 cougars, 277 wolves, and 1618 coyotes.

Lardo quary has closed. The marble the company was getting out was the best so far encountered.

Greenwood water supply is not good and the citizens are compelled to boil all water used for drinking.

Every incoming train into Kaslo brings down men from the mines up the lines who have been laid off.

The first carload shipment of this season's apples from the valley left Grand Forks on Thursday for Alberta.

The independent company of Grand Forks sharpshooters is holding itself in readiness to entrain at a moment's notice.

The diamond drill on the coal mine at Midway, B. C, has drilled through two seams of coal, both about nine feet in width.

In Kootenay, the Bluebell. Rambler, Standard and other mines are temporarily closed down until the smelter can handle their ore.

A. B. Trites came up from Waldo to Fernie in his car the other day in an hour and ten minutes. This constitutes a record for this trip.

What are reliably stated to have been a couple of silver-tip bears were sighted a few days ago by a Phoenix resident a few miles from town.

Considerable complaint is made at Kaslo of the ravages of the of the festive cut worm in local gardens. The pest eats up all kinds of green stuff.

At Cranbrook the manual training school will not be opened until the return of Principal Webb, who is delayed in England on account of the war.

Several of Kaslo's hitherto unused shacks around town are being made use of by the miners who are out of employment as a result of the shut down.

R. G. McConnell has been appointed acting deputy minister of mines to temporarily at least fill the vacancy made through the resignation of R. W. Brock.

Enterprise;—A Montreal tea company estimates that Canada's supply of tea will last only three weeks. It may be a month before the Blairmore brewery will supply the substitute.

Bears are reported to be quite numerous in the vicinity of Kaslo. Embret Myrvang of Mirror lake was attacked near A. Leet's ranch by one ugly brute which he killed with a pick axe.

At a meeting of Nelson trades and labor council a committee was appointed to interview the city council in regard to looking after the unemployed and to go into the question of the high price of foodstuffs.

The boxing bout at Rossland between Farrell and Maxwell, scheduled for Thursday night did not come off owing to the gate being too small. Farrell wanted to go on for ten rounds but Maxwell would not.

Kaslo's board of licence and police commissioners has served an ultimatum to hotel keepers, stating that if intoxicated men are found on their premises, or issuing therefrom, the penalty will be the immediate cancellation of the licence of the offending innkeeper.

King George Hotel

THE HOME OF THE TRANSIENT
COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS
THE BEST AND MOST POPULAR HOTEL IN THE KOOTENAYS

Run on strictly up-to-date lines. Unexcelled service in all departments. Kitchen staff (including cook) all white ladies. Every comfort and attention given to guests The bar is supplied with only the best brand of goods.

Porters Meet Trains

W. A. HERON, MANAGER

The Star theater at Greenwood has been closed.

Horse thieves are active in the country around Midway.

191 indoor patients were treated at Golden hospital last year.

The Frank Lime Company have ceased operations indefinitely.

The post office building in Greenwood will be finished next month.

Nelson schools will refuse admittance to pupils under six years of age.

C. P. R. policemen are guarding the bridge at Wardener and trespassing is forbidden.

The mines of British Columbia have distributed in dividends $1,252,131.46 so far this year.

The Presbyterian summer school at Elko was a decided success. It will be repeated in 1915.

Fifty special refrigerator cars have been ordered to carry fish east from Prince Rupert.

Twenty-four new mining claims have been recorded in Nelson mining district during the past week.

Grand Forks ratepayers are paying their 1914 taxes in large number to take advantage of the 10 per cent rebate.

One of the Italians offering for enlistment at Fernie, but who was refused, offered $100 to be allowed to enlist.

Greenwood smelter will probably blow out this week. It will resume operations when the price of copper reaches a higher point.

The sale of gun licenses in B. C, last year brought the government $99,225. The fines for breeches of the game act amounted to over $4,000.

Fernie police magistrate had nine cases last week: four drunks, two vags and three breakers of the cow by-law.

In the month of May the B. C. Copper Co. smelter at Greenwood produced 528,458 pounds of copper, 2114 ounces of gold and 9337 ounces of silver.

One man was killed in the coal mines of British Columbia during the last three months. Eight men were killed during the first six months of this year.

The suggestion has been made by W. J. Astley of Nelson that a supply of Kootenay apples should be provided for the members of the Kootenay contingent.

The boxing contest between Chas. Lucca and Young Maxwell, which was booked for Fernie last Tuesday night, failed to come off owing to the small box receipts.

A particularly wet season has been experienced in the northern section of the province and there has been little damage in that portion of the province from forest fires.

The Canadian Pacific Railway in view of the decrease in the passenger traffic during the past few weeks has decided to take off one of their transcontinental trains now being operated daily each way.

D. P. Kane of Kaslo has a tree in his orchard which produces a pitless plum. The plums are small and contain a small seed encased in a light husk. They are said to be excellent for preserving purposes.

Fernie Free Press;—Govt. Agent Stalker has received instructions that no gun licences are to be issued to Austrians and Germans. Owing to these instructions Mr. Stalker has been having a very lively time with citizens of these countries who have been in the habit of taking out gun licenses.

Blairmore will celebrate Labor Day with a picnic and sports.

A large number of foreigners leave Blairmore by every train for the east.

Two fisherman were fined in the Greenwood police court last Friday for catching undersized fish.

At Greenwood owing to the extreme dry weather it has been found necessary to employ a night watchman.

The final game in the Crow's Nest football league game the championship to Coal Creek who beat Frank 2-0.

The normal training and domestic science branches of the Nelson public school course have been discontinued for the fall term, at least.

MINERAL ACT

(Form F.)

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE

Dickinson and Buckless Mineral Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located:—On the northwest slope of Summit Creek about four miles above the mouth of the north fork.

TAKE NOTICE that I, A H Green, acting as agent for H P. Dickson. Free Miner's Certificate No. 81379B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 7th day of July, A. D. 1914

A. H GREEN

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINIG REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta the Yukon Territory, the North west Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. —30690.

WHAT ECHO ANSWERED.

I STOOD within a wooded glen
Before a mountain wall,
And, ringing to my ear again,
The echo mocked my call.
"O Spirit of the Glen," I cried,
"Will all be bliss divine
When fast the nuptial knot is tied
And Phyllis shall be mine?
Beneath the lamplight's rosy glow
At even shall I sit
And watch her fairy fingers sew
Or mend or hem or knit?"
And echo answered, "Nit!"

"When to my cozy home I haste
For dinner or for tea
What dainty dishes rare of taste
Will she prepare for me?
Of 'boarding out' I've had my fill.
My appetite's a-quiver.
Oh, say what precious morsel will
Her skill to me deliver?"
And echo answered, "Liver!"

"In peaceful, placid streams of love
Will all our moments flow
As clear as summer skies above
Or summer seas below?
Will both our natures sweetly chime?
Will all be perfect quiet?
What will we do, O Spirit? I'm
In love a neophyte."
And echo answered, "Fight!"

"And will I rule the roost," said I,
"And always have my way?
And will my precious Phyllis try
To honor and obey?
Shall I be leader of the band
Or will my rule be wrecked?
I pray thee, tell me how I stand
To her in that respect."
And echo answered, "Pecked!"

—Puck.

In Time of Peace.

The new "beast," or under class man, at West Point had never heard a heavy siege gun fired. The first class man was solicitous.

"You have never been close when one of these guns was fired, eh?" he inquired.

"No."

"No, sir," commented the first class man.

"Yes, sir. No, sir," replied the "beast."

"Um-m. It's liable to bust your eardrums for life. See here, don't tell him I told you, but go to the commandant and ask him for"— The upper class man was so solicitous that he whispered the rest of his communication.

A few minutes later the raw cadet presented himself before the commandant.

"Please, sir," he said, "I want some guncotton for my ears."—New York Evening Post.

Noncommittal George.

George was caught napping.

A pair of soft little hands covered his eyes, and a sweet voice commanded, "Guess who it is!"

Nothing very dreadful for George in this, you think; but, then, you don't know that George has two sweethearts, and for the life of him he couldn't decide whose voice it was which made it a very embarrassing situation for him. A wrong guess would lead to complications awful to think of. But a happy thought inspired George, and he announced, "It's the dearest, sweetest little girl in all the world."

"Oh, you lovely boy!" gurgled the satisfied one as she removed her hands.

And now George thinks of applying for a diplomatic post, feeling that his talents would be wasted in any other field.—Tid Bits.

Tree Talk.

Sentimental Young Lady—Ah, professor, what would this old oak say if it could talk?

Professor—It would say, "I am an elm!"—Fliegende Blatter.

Trouble Amidships.

Nanny Goat—I thought father had a perfect digestion.

Billy—He has ordinarily, but awhile ago he ate a lot of adjectives off a circus poster.—Puck.

WINCHESTER

Rifle, Revolver and Pistol Cartridges

THE RED W BRAND

TRADE MARK REG. IN U. S. PAT. OFF.

Except the powder, everything that goes into Winchester cartridges is made in our own plant under our careful supervision. This system enables us to produce ammunition which is superior to all other makes. To get it anywhere 'tis but necessary to ask for Winchester make and look for the Red W on the package.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

W. L. U. 967

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? *All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.*

Zam-Buk
FOR ALL SUMMER SORES.

Reasonable Mistrust.

"Now let us try," she said, "to keep the other passengers from discovering that we are a bride and groom."

"All right, dearest," he replied. "How shall we deceive them?"

"Buy a couple of magazines and we will pretend to be busy reading them and avoid noticing each other."

"That's a fine idea, sweetheart. I'll get them right away."

Twenty minutes later:

"Lovey!"

"What is it, dearest?"

"You are holding your magazine upside down."

"Oh, George! If you are going to begin being critical now how shall I ever be able to please you after we have been married for five years?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Good Reason.

It was a red letter day at one of our large schools, and the boys were under examination in "optics." The point under illustration was that, strictly and scientifically speaking, we see not objects, but their images depicted on the retina. The doctor, to make the matter plainer, said to the wag of the class:

"William, did you ever actually see your father?"

Bill promptly replied: "No, sir."

"Please explain why you never saw your own father."

"Because," replied Bill, very gravely, "he died before I was born, sir."—New York American.

High Finance.

A man sent his neighbor's little boy to the drug store to buy five postage stamps. He handed him two dimes, the extra one being for himself. Some time afterward the boy came back blubbering and said he had lost one of the dimes.

"But why didn't you buy me the stamps?" asked the man.

"Because, mister," replied the boy, "it was your dime I lost."—Judge.

Quite Obvious.

"My dear," said Mrs. Snaggs to her husband, "what is a canard?"

"Don't you know what a canard is?" queried Snaggs rather sneeringly. "Why, the word itself conveys its own meaning."

"Does it? Well, really, I can't see it. What does it mean, dear?"

"Why, a canard is something one canardly believe, of course."

"Oh, to be sure! Why couldn't I think of that?"—Savannah News.

A Human Machine.

"Do you give any credence to the claims of some radicals that man is becoming little more than a human machine?" asked the friend.

"Yes. At times I feel that I am becoming simply a lawn mower," answered the suburbanite.—Buffalo Express.

Nice Family, This.

Wife (reminiscently) — I remember when you asked me to say the word that was to make you happy for life how I hesitated.

Hub (grumpily) — Hesitated! Huh! You never did say it.—Boston Transcript.

No Question About It.

A child adopted from an orphans' home was being ridiculed by the other children because he had no real parents. The conversation went about as follows:

"Aw, you haven't got any real father and mother."

"Maybe I haven't, but the ones I have got love me as much as yours do you."

"They do not. Ours are our real parents."

"Well, mine love me more than yours do you, 'cause mine picked me out of a hundred other babies, and yours had to take what they got," replied the adopted son.—Life.

The women were in power, and even the police force was a skirted brigade.

Two blushing coppers dragged a male crook into the police station.

"What is the charge?" asked the sergeantess.

"Carrying concealed weapons," replied Officer Mayme Hogan. "We found this hidden under his coat."

And she produced a cage filled with mice.—Exchange.

Sacred.

Suffragette (just home after strenuous day and expecting important correspondence)—Have any letters come for me?

Daughter—Yes, mother, but I tore them up for a doll's paper chase.

Suffragette—Tore them up! I never heard of such behavior. Haven't I often told you that letters are sacred things?—Punch.

Wisdom.

"This is a fool world," remarked the cheerful idiot.

"What's the matter now?" asked the boob.

"Why, we spend half our lives trying to save time and the other half trying to kill time," replied the cheerful idiot.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

HOW LONDON GETS MILK

When the Biggest City Had a Famine

So much milk is sent up to London and the price is so high that poor people in country districts have simply to go without it, was the startling statement made by Lady Meyer at the conference of the National Food Reform Association the other day.

But it is not so surprising after all when we remember what a mighty volume of milk the people of the metropolis consume every year—about 112,000,000 gallons for which they pay annually about five million pounds. There is no city of magnitude in the world that can compete against London with its milk supply.

About fifty years ago the milk that was consumed in London mostly came from districts within the metropolitan area. But foot and mouth disease broke out among the cows, and it was then that London experienced a real milk famine. It was at this time that a far-seeing man—Sir George Barham—thought of getting milk from the healthy cows in Wilts and Hants.

London's greatest supply of milk comes from Wilts, but large quantities come also from Derbyshire, Staffordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Hampshire and Surrey. Milk has come to London even from Wales, Ireland and Penzance, and in a few instances from Scotland. The following figures represent approximately the number of churns which are brought by different railways to London every year (each churn contains about 14 gallons of milk): Great Western Railway, 1,200,000 churns; Great Northern Railway, 400,000 churns; Midland Railway, 341,000 churns; London and Brighton Railway 235,000 churns.

All these railways took to the enterprise from the beginning and what then proved an ill-paying item is now one of the most flourishing, and keen competition exists in counties which are traversed by more than one railway company. Special trains led to the building of special milk vans and the movement towards sanitary insulation led to improvements which were not dreamt of at an earlier day.

Every line has its refrigerating vans with special accessories for excluding dust and all kinds of germs. The latest pattern of milk van belongs to the London and Southwestern Railway. They are fitted like modern Pullmans, with Westinghouse and vacuum brakes and oil gas lamps, and the inner ventilation is ever better than that of the best passenger coach.

The farmer, or his assistant, rises early in the morning, not solely out of consideration for the crowing of the cock or rising sun; it is the exigency of railway traffic which sets the alarm. The patient kine await in the sheds the milkmaid, or maid, or boy, or automatic milking machine.

Patent strainers and coolers prepare the milk for transport. The cooler has taken the place of an old practice of surreptitiously dusting boracic acid into the churns.

In the summer, for an imperial gallon, the farmer receives 7d. and 8d., and in winter 9d. and 10d., delivered at the London terminus, and the transportation costs him one penny per gallon.

Not a Bad Bargain

A certain young farmer, returning from market, was pulled up by the urgent appeal of a pedestrian.

Hullo! that you, Tom? Want another situation? Why, I thought you were living with Captain Bird, as his coachman, eh?

So I was, sir, but it wasn't a fair bargain. As you know, sir, we were never to get drunk both at once.

Well, that seems fair enough, any way, said the young farmer.

Fair, guv'nor? Why, the captain was drunk the whole blessed time!

New Orleans requires all bread offered for sale to be securely wrapped to protect it from flies.

Dispensation of Providence

A teacher, instructing her class on the composition of sentences, wrote two on the blackboard, one to exemplify a misstatement of fact and the other to illustrate bad grammar. The sentences thus read as follows:

The hen has three legs. Who done it?

The teacher then called to one of the children. Harry, she said, go to the blackboard and show where the fault lies in those two sentences.

Harry slowly approached the blackboard, evidently thinking hard. Then he took the chalk and wrote: The hen never done it. God done it.

My husband doesn't care for grand opera.

But I notice he applauds vigorously.

He does that to keep awake.

THE DOCTOR'S GIFT
Food Worth Its Weight in Gold

We usually expect the doctor to put us on some kind of penance and give a bitter medicines.

An Eastern doctor brought a patient something entirely different and the results are truly interesting.

"Two years ago," writes this patient, "I was a frequent victim of acute indigestion and biliousness, being allowed to eat very few things. One day our family doctor brought me a small package, saying he had found something for me to eat.

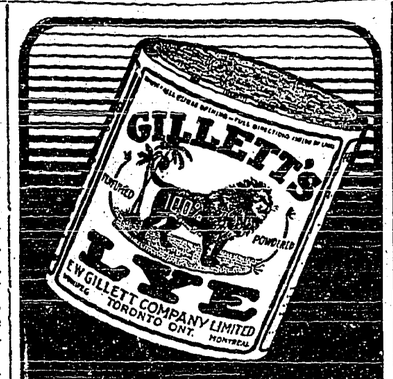
"He said it was a food called Grape-Nuts and even as its golden color might suggest it was worth its weight in gold. I was sick and tired, trying one thing after another to no avail, but consented to try this new food.

"Well! It surpassed my doctor's fondest anticipation and every day since then I have blessed the good doctor and the inventor of Grape-Nuts.

"I noticed improvement at once and in a month's time my former spells of indigestion had disappeared. In two months I felt like a new man. My mind was much clearer and keener, my body took on the vitality of youth, and this condition has continued."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



THE STANDARD ARTICLE SOLD EVERYWHERE REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

An Obliging Horse

A doctor and a clergyman were exercising their horses one morning in a country lane, when an argument arose between them as to which of the animals possessed the sweeter disposition.

I'll wager that if their respective tempers could be tried, said the doctor, mine would be far away the better.

That's all nonsense, retorted the clergyman. My mare has the best temper of any horse in the neighborhood.

Well, here's a stiff hedge, let us try their leaping capabilities, suggested the doctor.

Right you are, agreed his friend.

The doctor's hunter quietly refused the jump, although put at it again and again. The clergyman's little mare also refused, but at the same time threw back her ears and exhibited considerable ill-temper. When repeatedly urged to jump she finally accomplished a clever buck-jumping feat, which threw her master straight over the hedge. Strange to relate, the reverend gentleman was quite unhurt, and scrambling to his feet commenced to scrape the mud from his broadcloth, whilst the doctor laughingly remarked:

Perhaps you are convinced now that my animal has a better disposition than yours.

Not at all! replied the clergyman. My mare is such an unselfish little brute that, although unable to take the fence herself, she had no desire to keep me from going over. In fact, she facilitated the mode of my transit whilst your horse displayed a dog-in-the-manger temperament by not going himself and not allowing you to go either.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Handicapped by Fashion

The time has passed, said the orator haughtily, when any man can hide himself behind a woman's petticoats.

You bet, commented the cynic in a back seat. Those X-ray skirts have stopped that.

Ought to Work

I'm afraid these boiled eggs ain't very fresh.

Write the name Genevieve on one of them, suggested the head waiter. Mr. Wopsey is romantic and that will distract his attention if the eggs are not so good.

Playing the Game

A pompous director of a large railway company once landed at a small station and requested the porter to carry his bag. The stationmaster was quick to notice the importance of the arrival, and as the porter passed him struggling with the heavy Gladstone, managed to whisper: Be careful, Bill! That's Lord Blank, one of the directors.

The porter's chance of a tip vanished with this information, but subsequently upon relinquishing the bag, he was astonished to find himself the recipient of a shilling.

Momentarily surprised, he stared at the coin in his palm, and the director thinking his behaviour savored of dissatisfaction, remarked: Under the company's regulations you are not supposed to accept gratuities.

Yes, sir — no, sir, stammered the porter, and then, recovering his self-control and closing his left eyelid, he said: But one employe never splits on another!

It was a crowded car. Among those who could not find seats was a young lady. Close to where she stood an old man was sitting. He struggled as if to arise. The young woman cast a glance of scorn at one or two men hiding behind newspapers. Please do not get up, she said to the old man, I beg you don't. The conductor rang the bell and the car went on. The old man's features worked convulsively and he mopped his face with his handkerchief. At the next stopping place he again tried to rise, and again the young woman tried to stop him. I would much rather stand, she said continuing to block his way. I don't care whether you would or not, said the old man crimson with fury, I want to get out. You've made me come half a mile too far already. Here you stop the car. But it was too late, the bell had already rung and he had to wait until the next stopping place was reached.

What to do with a day in June? asks the poet. We don't know—unless it is praise for a man who has been dead a year.

Where the Danger Was

The train was undoubtedly a record-breaker for speed. It held the slow-traveling championship of the States. The passenger who had been fidgeting in his seat for several hour got up at last and strolled along the corridor to the front of the train, where he came upon the guard playing marbles with the engine-driver.

Hallow, there! he called. I suppose you don't mind a bit of good advice if it's given in a friendly spirit?

The conductor pocketed two marbles and said he didn't.

Then why, said the pale passenger, don't you have the cow-catcher taken off the front and put on the back.

The conductor stared hard and suspiciously.

Why should we? he asked at length.

Why, responded the pale passenger, for fear a cow might come along the track and bite somebody.

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

Oil the Future Fuel of Navies

There can be no doubt that the naval future lies with oil as against coal. A given tonnage of oil as against an equal tonnage of coal will enable the same ship to steam much faster, to get up speed quicker and to travel 40 per cent. farther; moreover, the supply can be replenished in a small fraction of the time, and on the high sea in nearly any weather instead of in port.

When you add that per knot steamed the cost is about the same, and that the world's visible supply seems as infinite for any near future as the coal supply, the case seems conclusive. The objection that coal is a home product while oil is imported, is of no relevance from a naval or strategical point of view, because if we were prevented from importing oil we could not import any other necessity of national existence.

This and other objections will no doubt continue to be urged, since the withdrawal of the British navy's consumption, followed as it must be by that of foreign navies, will be a serious thing for the steam-coal producers in our midst. Theirs are powerful interests, but not interests in whose favor the admiralty could properly forego the highest naval efficiency.—London Chronicle.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Now, Johnny, said his mother, we shall have company to dinner today, and I don't want you to say a word while they are here, then no one need find out that you are so silly.

The guests came. After some desultory remarks, a gentleman, who is passionately fond of children, turned to Johnny, whose mother, being busily engaged in another part of the room, did not hear the conversation that ensued.

Well, my son, said the gentleman, pleasantly, how old are you?

Johnny, obeying orders, sat like a sphinx.

Can't you tell me your age? said another, thinking the boy a little diffident.

Still Johnny spake not.

I can make him talk, said a bright young lady. You like the girls better than you do those horrid men, don't you, Johnny? Now, come over here beside me and tell me how old you are.

Silent as the grave.

Why, I believe the boy is an idiot! said the gentleman who had first addressed him, in a bantering way.

There, ma, said he. 'Tain't no use! I hain't opened my mouth, and they all know it already!

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A Budding Financier

Outside it was snowing hard and the teacher considered it her duty to warn her charges.

Boys and girls should be very careful colds at this time, she said, solemnly. I had a darling little brother only seven years old. One day he went out in the snow with his new sled and caught cold. Pneumonia set in and in three days he was dead.

A hush fell upon the schoolroom; then a youngster in the back row stood up and asked:

Where's his sled?

Clothe woman with the ballot! exclaims Senator Sheppary of Texas. Wouldn't you like to see a woman wearing a ballot?

Under the hedge sat Robert the draper, taking long pulls at a beer-bottle. The new curate eyed him sadly, then approached and spoke. Tell me, my man, said the new curate, is that all you have to drink?

Robert nodded.

And you drink it all day, and every day?

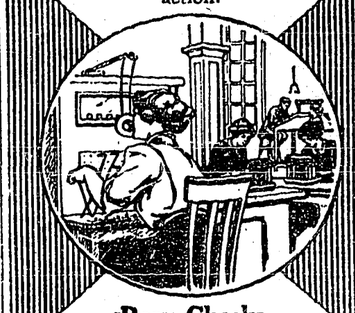
Again Robert nodded, and the new curate cast up his hands. Then he extracted sixpence from his waistcoat and said: Take that, my man, it will buy you something better.

Thanks, guv'nor—thanks, murmured Robert, deeply affected. I reckon a pint o' beer is more friendlylike than this cold tea.

For Women Who Work

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

is the best tonic. It prevents headaches and biliousness by stimulating the liver and digestive organs to natural action.



Rosy Cheeks

follow its daily use—because this pleasantly bubbling drink is mildly laxative in its action and clears the blood of impurities.

Take a Bottle Home To-day. 33

Sold by druggists and stores throughout Canada

Price 25¢ & 60¢

This Should Hold Him Awhile

Two Missouri editors who have waged a word battle for some time seemed to have about exhausted themselves. One of them hurls this bludgeon as a climax to the feud:

He now lies buried in his own mud. Not even a turkey buzzard remains above the horizon of ooze to mark his burial spot. A turkey buzzard has got some sense. It knows when it has got enough. Nobody would have gall enough to ask a buzzard to put a clamp on its nose and make a meal of pure mud. We feel it a high honor to be attacked by him in any way. If we had not been denounced by him and his sort we would feel that we had been derelict in our duty and had fallen short of life's ideals.

UPTON'S PURE FRUIT JAMS
Are Pure Jam improved by the addition of Pure Apple Jelly
Try It. All Grocers

Richest Spot in Canada

In Toronto, Canada, there are two blocks on King Street, between Yonge and Bay streets, and including the corners of these two cross streets, which composes the richest strip of property in Canada. The land alone in these two blocks is worth on an approximate estimate, $16,000,000, while the buildings are worth $9,500,000. New structures to cost $6,500,000 have been started, or will be under construction this year. Thus, including the natural advance in land values that may be expected, this 1,500 feet of frontage in the heart of the city of Toronto will have, by the end of the year, a value closely approaching $35,000,000.

All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfitted for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

Pat and Jim were trudging along the dusty road when a big touring car passed them with a whiz like a roar of a gigantic rocket, and disappeared in a cloud of dust.

Gorry! exclaimed Pat, thim chug waggons must cost a hape a cash. The rich in this country is fairly burning money.

Indade, thin, replied Jim, be the smell av it, it must be that tainted money we do be hearing so much about.

Towne—Do you make your cook pay for what she breaks.

Suburbs (in amazement)—Make her pay? I should say not. Why, every month, besides paying her salary, we reward her liberally for what she did not break.

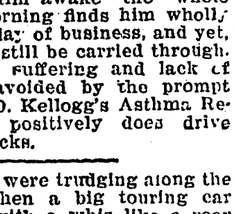
Mrs. Bagrox—Tell me, professor, will my daughter ever become a great pianist?

Herr Vogleschnitzle—I gannot dell.

Mrs. Bagrox—But has she none of the qualifications necessary for a good musician.

Herr Vogleschnitzle—Ach! Yah, matam; she has two handts!

The Stomach Is the Target



Aim to make that strong—and digestion good—and you will keep well! No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No man is stronger than his stomach. With stomach disordered a train of diseases follow.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

makes the stomach healthy, the liver active and the blood pure. Made from forest roots, and extracted without the use of alcohol. Sold by druggists, in liquid form at $1.00 per bottle for over 40 years, giving general satisfaction.

If you prefer tablets as modified by R. V. Pierce, M. D., these can be had of medicine venders or sent box by mail on receipt of [illegible]

WILD RIOTS IN DUBLIN

SCENES OF VIOLENCE WITNESSED IN IRISH CAPITAL

Tramway Strikers Attack Police, and Five Hundred Wounded Men are in the Hospitals—Irish Press Denounces Capitalists for Causing Trouble.

London.—Dublin is at this moment a city of terror, and desperate rioting, arising from the tramway strike which brought 500 people into the hospitals for treatment. A correspondent who was an eye witness says: A mob numbering 1,000 started to tear up the tramway track in open defiance of a dozen police on duty. Soon reinforcements of 70 police appeared, but far from inspiring wholesome fear on the mob they appeared to be welcome, for they were so many more targets for bricks and lumps of granite. When the police at length charged at the double from Bishop street to the corner of Cuffe street there was no retreat. The mob kept to the open street and appeared to enjoy the attacks of the police. Women were screaming hysterically. Baton charges could hardly be counted and took place every five minutes, each after a fusillade of missiles, and each, too, with an accompaniment of screaming women, crashing windows, thuds of stones and bricks as they landed now and again on the nickel plated device with which the policemen's helmets are equipped.

Toward midnight there was a spectacle like a hideous nightmare. Armed with iron bars and table knives the mob rushed the doors of shops and looted all they could while they destroyed where they could not loot.

Piteous wails came from half a dozen strong constabulary men as they found themselves hemmed in by stone throwers on every side just as depraved boys hem in a cat and stone it to death. I shrank with horror from the scene.

What is happening in Dublin may happen in Belfast for labor all over industrial Ireland seems fretful for a fight with capital. Even the Unionist journals condemn the Dublin Tramway Company for refusing to recognize the trade unions and revise the hours, wages and general conditions of labor.

Kier Hardie and other labor leaders bitterly condemn the rigorous treatment of the strikers by the Irish executive under Lord Aberdeen. Hardie says: It is a form of action against trade unionism which is very common in America but I did not expect to find in a law abiding country like our own that the anarchist precedent of the United States courts would have been followed. Apart altogether from the merits of the dispute with the Tramways Company, the men will have behind them the entire trade union movement of Great Britain in opposing what we regard as an unconstitutional action from Dublin Castle.

Germany's New Foreign Trade Policy

Berlin.—The Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts publishes a remarkable scheme which has been organized quietly in the interests of Germany's foreign trade policy. The paper obtained possession of a confidential letter, which a number of deputies addressed to the foreign secretary, Herr Jagow, asking for his support to be given a new daily paper through which it was intended to organize the foreign overseas press. Fifty newspapers had agreed to publish weekly letters on German affairs. The promoters of the scheme maintain that Germany has been wilfully misunderstood. It is stated that $2,500,000 has been promised in subscriptions. The Vorwaerts says that the subscribers include four shipbuilding and armament firms.

Voted for Twenty Presidents

Seattle, Wash.—Very few men in the United States today have the distinction of having voted for twenty presidents of the United States. One of the few—if not the only man alive today—who holds this honor, is Thomas Wardell, who recently celebrated his ninety-eighth birthday. Wardell was born during the Presidency of James Madison and cast his first vote for William Henry Harrison in 1836. Since that time Wardell has voted in every Presidential election. He has always taken the liveliest interest in national and local politics. Attending the birthday celebration were ten members of the Borrowed Time Club, whose ages aggregate 804 years.

Customs Revenue Increase

Ottawa, Ont.—The customs revenue for the Dominion still shows a steady increase. The receipts for August were $10,838,666, as against $10,147,908 for the corresponding month of last year. This shows an increase of $690,757. For five months of the present fiscal year ending August 31, the customs revenue was $49,737,999, as compared with $46,397,937 for the same period during the former fiscal year. This shows an increase to date of $3,340,062.

Huerta to Quit

Mexico City.—That General Huerta intends to quit the presidency in favor of Trevino and become a candidate at the October elections, is the statement made by the well known Mexican close to the administration. General Trevino is making his way to the capital and little effort has been made to disguise the fact that he had been officially summoned. Just how the contemplated succession is to be brought about has not been disclosed.

ADVANCED METHODS

Toronto Will Enforce Sanitary Conveniences in all Workshops

Toronto.—Ten thousand dollars is to be spent this year by the local board of health in the installation of sanitary conveniences in buildings whose owners are unable to pay for them immediately out of their own pockets.

Dr. Hastings pointed out that the municipality is authorized by the Public Health Act to install such conveniences at the expense of the owners and to collect for the same with interest at five per cent. within five years.

AMERY'S VIEWS

Why Canada Gets More Immigrants Than Australia

Sydney, N.S.W.—Mr. L. C. M. S. Amery, M.P., a member of the House of Commons for South Birmingham, and of the British parliamentary party has arrived from South Africa.

Speaking on the question of Immigration which was referred to in Canada some members of the party say it is a sore point with home Britishers. Mr. Amery expressed the view that the causes led up to exodus from England to North America. Easier distance was the material point, but he placed more importance on the fact that Canada carried out extensive schemes for advertising throughout Great Britain as one Government and not as was done in the case of Australia by several governments.

Indian Agent Tells of Buffalo

Edmonton, Alta.—There are fully 500 head of wood buffalo west and north of Fort Smith, on the Peace and the Great Slave rivers in the extreme northeastern part of Alberta, at the 60th parallel of latitude, said A. J. Bell, who has charge of the northern Indian agencies, on returning to Edmonton from the silent north, where he is guardian of 3,000 Indians of the Yellow Knife, Dog Rib, Chipewyan and Cariboo Eaters tribes.

Mr. Bell who has been continuously in the north since the winter of 1911, was accompanied to civilization by Mrs. Bell and their two children, born at Fort Smith, and Nathaniel Gear, chief herder of the government's reindeer, brought from St. Anthony, Newfoundland, to northern Alberta, and Mrs. Gear. The two last named are natives of the Labrador coast. Gear learned the management of the reindeer from the Laplanders and formerly had charge of Dr. Grenfell's herds in Newfoundland.

Some time ago I made a proposal to the Dominion government that the buffalo in the Fort Smith district be confined by a fence in the peninsula between the Peace and the Great Slave rivers, Mr. Bell said. This would afford better protection to the animals. The fence would cost about $103,000.

Railways Converge on Future Shipping Centres

Swift Current, Sask.— With every prospect for two new branch lines of the G.T.P. operating out of Swift Current within the coming year, in addition to the two branches of the Canadian Northern on which construction work has made very rapid progress this season, grain growers and large shippers are already considering the probable effect of an entire transformation in the traffic situation in this section of the West. Upon the closing of the gap between Broadview and Brandon the handling over the through route of 930 miles from Swift Current to Fort William will have become an actuality. In the meanwhile grading on the Weyburn-Lethbridge line is showing rapid progress, and much is expected in a business way from the opening of the immense territory to the south of Swift Current which this new line will traverse.

Militia is Increasing

Ottawa.—Militia is becoming more pronounced in Canada. Figures compiled in the Department of Militia and Defence show that the established active militia today stands at approximately 37,000 officers and men. As permanent forces have an establishment of about 3,500, the establishment of the whole of the militia of Canada somewhat exceeds 77,000.

It must be borne in mind that the establishment of corps is the maximum number of men for whom pay can be drawn. The number of men actually present and drawing pay never quite comes up to the establishment. Some 56,000 have been trained this year, this number constituting a record. In 1912 the number trained was 49,000 and in previous years it never much exceeded 46,000.

THIEF RELENTED

Radium Was Returned to Vancouver Doctor Through the Mails

Vancouver.—The tiny particle of radium, worth about $3,500, which was stolen from the offices of Dr. G. L. De Verteuil recently, was returned through the mail this morning. It is thought that the thief having read of the deadly effects that radium had in inexperienced hands upon the human body became frightened and decided to return the precious metal, or else heard that a man's life depended upon it.

BUNDLE OF BONES

Lone Tragedy of Yukon Trail Just Come to Light

Vancouver.—Advices from the north country state that a bundle of human bones were found in an old tent a few miles from the Donjek Landing, on the way to Dawson in the Yukon. The man had evidently been dead for many years. In the Beaver district, not far away from this place, were found the bones of another man, whose name is believed to have been Milan or Nylus, said to have been a trapper.

Fund Increasing

Ottawa.—The movement originating in Quebec to assist the French-Canadians in Ontario in their fight for the propagation of bilingual schools has so far netted $12,000. A check for that amount was received by Chairman Boudrealt, of the Ontario Educational association from Oliver Asselin, head of the St. Jean Baptiste society of Montreal.

Eaten by Cannibals

Brisbane, Australia. — Word has reached here that John Henry Warner, a mineralogist of German-American descent has been killed and eaten by cannibals in an unexplored region of Papua. He was heading an expedition in search of radium.

Prince Rupert Fish

Vancouver, B.C.—During the month of August half a million dollars' worth of fish has been handled in the port of Prince Rupert. The salmon weighed 8,418,000 pounds, and there were a million pounds of halibut

TO TRANSPORT GRAIN

NATIONAL TRANSCONTINENTAL READY TO HANDLE THE CROP

Hon. Frank Cochrane Makes This Announcement on Arrival in Winnipeg—Is Very Optimistic Over the Crop Outlook and Financial Situation Generally.

Winnipeg.—After an inspection of the National Transcontinental Railway from Cochrane to Winnipeg, Hon. Frank Cochrane announced on his arrival here that the line would be ready to handle this year's grain crop. Mr. Cochrane is in the west to inspect the entire G.T.P. system. On the financial situation Mr. Cochrane is optimistic over the crop outlook, and believes it will materially help to loosen the money situation. In the party with the minister of railways are Senator Geo. Gordon, E. J. Chamberlain, President of the Grand Trunk system; Molson MacPherson, the only other director of the G.T.P. resident in Canada; Albert Grigg, M.P.P. for Ontario; Charles MacRae, M.P.P., Ontario; Hon. W. H. Hearst, Minister of Mines for Ontario; and W. R. Smythe, M.P.P.

A. W. Smithers, chairman of the G.T.P. directors, left the party at Cochrane to return to London. Before going, however, he sent this message to the west:

The country of Canada and in particular the western territory was never looked upon in a more favorable light in the old country than at the present time. There is an area of prosperity looming up ahead of the country.

Mr. Chamberlin, in explaining the purpose of the trip, said that the new line is in excellent shape considering the circumstances, and that it will be in full operation next year. The line will be able to carry grain to the east this fall if necessary.

Homestead Laws May be Changed

Edmonton, Alta.—Delegations from Edmonton, Vegreville, Wetaskiwin, Consort and other points in northern Alberta waited on the Hon. Dr. Roche minister of the interior, on his arrival in this city.

Representations for the establishment of new land agencies and subagencies at various points were made and the question of pre-emption conditions discussed.

The minister stated that in the course of his trip through the west, he had received numerous delegations regarding the abolition of the $3 per acre charge on pre-emption homesteads, but representations from northern Alberta asking for the reduction of the three years' addition on all homestead duty to one year provided necessary improvements were made, was a new side to the question. He stated that in all probability a number of changes would be made in regard to homestead and pre-emption conditions at the next session of parliament. He had made this trip in order to hear at first hand the views of the settlers in the west. He had been inquiring into the question of recognizing the right of a homesteader in certain areas to prove up by placing stock on the land. In regard to grazing leases, the minister said that in the main the recommendations of the royal commission, which held sittings throughout the west, would be adopted. Those recommendations would shortly be presented to parliament.

Rushing Laying of Steel

Edmonton, Alta.—With reasonably good weather, steel on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway is expected to reach the western end of Lesser Slave Lake this fall and trains will be put in operation between Edmonton and Mirror Landing, a distance of 130 miles. This announcement is made by D. J. McArthur, president of the road, who is here on a trip of inspection. One hundred miles of steel has already been laid on the line and ballasting gangs are busy getting the grade in shape for the commencement of operations

St. Petersburg.—Three deaths from Asiatic cholera have occurred at Kherson since August 30.

UNSELFISH HEROES

Obscure Mariner's Deed Recognized by President of U.S.

Ottawa.—Unselfish heroism of two obscure Nova Scotia mariners has been fittingly rewarded by the President of the United States. In the month of October last year, Captain James and Seaman Richardson, of the little fishing village of Pubnico, N.S., rescued at the risk of their lives the captain and crew of the United States schooner 'Henry R. Tilton,' which had become disabled in an Atlantic Coast hurricane.

In due time the brave rescue reached the ears of President Wilson, with the result that there reached the Department of Marine and Fisheries a solid gold watch and medal. Upon the watch was engraved: From the President of the U.S., in recognition of bravery in effecting the rescue of the master and crew of the schooner Henry R. Tilton, on the Northern Atlantic.'

There is a request that the watch be forwarded to Captain James. The medal is also suitably engraved, and is for Seaman Richardson.

Prison Reform on Program

Ottawa.—Supervision of prison reform in Canada will likely be Hon. Arthur Meighen's first assignment as Solicitor-General, says the Evening Journal.

It is understood in this connection Mr. Meighen will be given absolute charge of the work of penal investigation and reform. It is also understood that, included among Mr. Meighen's duties will be that of arguing important Government cases in the courts and before the judicial committee of the Privy Council. These cases are generally looked after by the Deputy Minister of Justice, but the Department has become so overcrowded with work during the last few years that the head officials need to be relieved of considerable of their present duties.

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Sons & Co., Grain Merchants. Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Sept. 2.—The past week over the United States and Western Canadian spring wheat country has generally been of the most favorable character for the progress of harvest work, and the maturing of late grain. In our own country the cutting of the ripened grain never proceeded with greater rapidly than it has done last week. We stated in our last week's report that with dry weather the whole of our wheat crop would be cut by end of the present week. This seems likely to be accomplished all except late fields and a moderate proportion of the crop in backward districts. The favorable growing and maturing weather over our country in the last half of July and all August, has been the means of swelling out our crops in a most gratifying manner, and the result is a comparatively high average yield and high average quality as well. Quality however, is still to some extent dependent on the weather we may have from this time onward, until all of the crop is threshed. There has been no frost in August to damage grain so far as is known, but this morning's weather reports mentioned that the frost line had been touched at some points over night. So light a frost might do no perceptible damage, and there is so large a proportion of the crop cut, and the balance either ready to cut, or so near maturity that the report of the light frost had no effect on the mind or sentiment of the well informed trader. The fact is our crop is safe from frost damage, except to a very small percentage, probably not exceeding five per cent. If, however we were to have much wet weather in the immediate future, we might have a considerable deterioration in quality, but with practically no loss in quantity of average good milling wheat. We have seen no recent estimates as to the aggregate yield of our Western wheat crop, but we consider we may look for around at least 200,000,000 bus. with a very large proportion of it in the high grades. There is already some thrashing being done in early districts, and new wheat is being shipped. Today the car inspections of wheat at Winnipeg numbered 98 cars, of which 58 cars were new crop. Of the 58 cars 31 inspected 1 Northern, 14 inspected 2 Northern, and 2 inspected 3 Northern. The other 11 cars inspected rejected, owing to too much mixture of other grain to allow them into regular grades. These figures show the high average grade of this crop.

As regards the market situation over the world there has come about a distinct reaction in sentiment from a week ago. Last week the United States speculative markets were quite depressed by the liquidation of September wheat. Minneapolis lost 3c. in three days on September, other markets declining about 1½c. While however, liquidation in September, was depressing the markets, it began to be noticed that other things were happening which would have a counteracting effect, and on the last two days in August in spite of belated liquidation the markets took on a stronger tone. Yesterday the U.S. markets and Winnipeg were closed owing to its being Labor day holiday, but today the tone was strong and a further moderate advance in prices was made. There seems good reason to expect some further advance, but we do not at present see that it can be more than temporary because in a week or two there is almost certain to be very large movements of new wheat for export in Canada, the United States and Russia. At the present time there is a lull in these movements but it cannot last long, and there is no doubt but the world is raising a larger wheat crop this year than ever, depending always on the yield of the Argentine and Australian crops now growing. In the meantime there is seen a large falling off in the primary receipts in the United States in the last half of August. In July and first half of August the winter wheat farmers marketed their new crop on a large scale, but during the last three weeks they stopped hauling out wheat and turned to ploughing their fields for the new crop, and to other work. In the United States spring wheat country the movement is considerably under last year, for in Minnesota and South Dakota farmers have stacked a great deal of their wheat and are going on with ploughing and fall work instead of threshing. The great difference in the primary movement in the United States is seen in the visible supply statements. During the five weeks ending with August 16th, the United States visible supply increased 15,269,000 bushels but in the two weeks ending August 30th, there was an increase of only 104,000 bushels. At the same time exports of wheat and flour from the United States have been very large. Liverool and other European markets have been quiet and easy-going for some time but they have also become quite strong and advancing in the last three days. Russia has not begun yet to export its new crop to any extent and probably European traders seeing the prospects of smaller exports from America for a few weeks at any rate, and no immediate increase from Russia are supplying themselves in haste and so advancing prices. Of course it will be well to remember that this year the United States has no record crops like last year, except wheat. Their corn, oats, barley, potatoes and hay are all considerably short of last year's crops, and the prices of these commodities are bound to have a strengthening effect on wheat values. Present wheat prices are moderate and if farmers only supplied the market with it according to consumers nearby requirements, prices would never likely be any lower and might easily be kept on a higher level all the time.

There has been very little doing on our Winnipeg market in cash wheat for old stocks are practically cleaned up. At end of last week the stocks of wheat all grades included, in store Fort William and Port Arthur amounted to only 762,384 bushels against 2,511,401 bushels a year ago, and of this year's stocks only 5074 bushels is 1 Northern. Trading in futures has been fairly active for the time of year, and prices at lowest point of the week showed a decline of around 2¼c., but have made a small recovery since. Quotations for cash wheat are now on the basis of new crop and these today are 1 Nor., 88c; 2 Nor., 85½c; 3 Nor., 83c; No. 1 Alberta Red Winter, 89¼c; 2 A.R.W., 88c; 3 A.R.W., 84½c. Futures closed October 87c; December, 85⅝c; May, 90⅜-¾c.

Oats—

The price of cash oats declined during the week 2c. but have had a good recovery and look stronger, and future delivery show advance over a week ago. Today's cash prices are 2 Can. West., 34½c; 3 C.W., 33½c; ex. 1 Feed, 34c; 1 Feed, 33½c; 2 Feed, 31¾c. Futures closed October, 35⅞c; December, 35⅞c; May, 39⅞c.

Barley—

The barley market is quiet but the feeling is stronger. Today's prices are No. 3, 46c; No. 4, 44½c; Rejected, 41c; Feed, 41c.

Flax—

The flax market is easier with the demand quiet and prices about 1½c. under a week ago. Today's cash prices are 1 Nor. West. Can., 130½c; 2 Can. West., 127½c; 3 C.W., 115½c. Futures closed October 133c; December, 132c.

All prices quoted above are based on delivery in store Fort William and Port Arthur.

PRINCE ALBERT, THE KING OF ENGLAND'S SECOND SON.

Prince Albert, who was born in 1896, entered the Naval College at Osborne, four years ago. He remained there two years, afterward completing two more years' training at Dartmouth

Effect of Nanking Fall

Peking.—The fall of Nanking will result in a great change in the situation, the rebels there having been cut off and doomed to defeat for several weeks. The government contemplates going slowly in the work of suppressing the remaining rebels in the various provinces.

Doherty Coming West

Ottawa.—Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, will leave for a tour of the west at the end of the month. While in the west he will inspect the federal institutions administered by his Department. It will be Doherty's first visit to the west since the formation of the present government.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON XI. — THIRD QUARTER FOR SEPT. 14, 1913

Text of the Lesson, Ex. xx, 12-21. Memory Verses, 12-17—Golden Text, Luke x, 27—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Continuing our study of the two tables given to Moses, we will look first at the six remaining commandments and then at what is written concerning the relation of the whole to the sinner and the saint. The fifth command is repeated and applied to believers to day in Eph. vi, 1-3. In reference to the sixth: Thou shalt not kill; our Lord taught that it was dangerous even to be angry, and in I John iii, 15, we read that 'whosoever hateth his brother is a murderer. In reference to the seventh Matt. v, 28, teaches that it may be broken by even a look. As to the eighth, the question is asked in Mal. iii, 8: Will a man rob God? and the answer is: Ye have robbed Me in tithes and offerings.

Many a man who would not be guilty of stealing a dime or a nickel robs God of His Sabbath day by finding his own pleasure in it and is meaner than Jacob in refusing to give back to God at least a tenth of that which God has so bountifully given to him. A good comment on the ninth is found in Zach. vii, 10; viii, 17, where we are forbidden even to imagine evil in our hearts against a brother or a neighbor. If any testify falsely against us it gives us fellowship with the Lord Jesus, against whom false witnesses were hired to testify even as it had been predicted. False witnesses did rise up; they laid to my charge things that I knew not (Ps. xxxv, 11; Matt. xxvi, 59-61).

As to covetousness, it was on that point that Paul saw his sinfulness (Rom. vii, 7) and afterward wrote that covetousness is idolatry (Col. ii, 5). Our Lord said: Take heed and beware of covetousness for any man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth (Luke xii, 15). From the voice of God and the thunderings and the lightnings and the noise of the trumpet the people removed and stood afar off, and Moses alone drew near (verses 18-21). The law is holy and just and good (Rom. vii, 12), and sets forth the holiness without which no man can see God. It is so holy that no mere mortal man ever kept it or could keep it, for it brings us all in guilty before God and shuts every mouth, for by the law is the knowledge of sin (Rom. iii, 19, 20).

If there had been a law given which could have given life, verily righteousness should have been by the law (Gal. iii, 21). But it is evident that no man is justified by the law in the sight of God, for as many as are of the works of the law are under the curse, for it is written: Cursed is every one that continueth not in all things which are written in the book of the law to do them. But Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us. The law brings us all in guilty and leads us to Christ that we might be justified by faith (Gal. iii, 10-13, 24, 25). He alone of all men kept the law perfectly in thought, word and deed and became the end of the law for righteousness to every one that believeth, but there always have been and still are those who, being ignorant of God's righteousness and going about to establish their own righteousness, have not submitted themselves unto the righteousness of God (Rom. x, 3, 4).

Such are all those who talk about salvation by character and the Golden Rule as their creed and the Sermon on the Mount good enough for them. They have not noticed that the first utterance of Christ on that occasion shuts their mouths, for where is their poverty of spirit while they talk of how good they are and how much good they do?

Let us consider the giving of the law more fully, for in this series of lessons we have nothing in connection with the tabernacle, every whit of which uttereth His glory and speaks of Him who is the true Tabernacle (Ps. xxix, 9, margin; Heb. viii, 2). The principal vessel in the tabernacle was the ark of the covenant and it was made to contain the law, which Israel so quickly broke, as we shall see in our next lesson. Moses and Aaron, Nadab and Abihu and seventy of the elders of Israel went up into the mount, and it is written that they saw God and did eat and drink (Ex. xxiv, 9-11). This, in the light of John i, 18, tells us that they saw the Son of God.

Joshua seems to have waited somewhere, for we do not read of him again till Moses comes down from the mount, after forty days and nights, with the tables in his hands. He had received full instructions concerning the tabernacle and its furniture. As they came down from the mount the people, who had promised to do all that God had said are seen worshiping the golden calf, and Moses, to impress upon them what they were doing, threw down the tables and broke them.

By the command of the Lord he made two tables like the first, went up into the mount again and remained another forty days and nights, while God wrote again the ten words, but this time he was told to put them in the ark that they might be kept unbroken (Ex. xxiv, 9-18; xxiv, 1-3, 28; xxxii, 17; Deut. ix, 10, 11, 17; x, 1-5). What the people could not do the ark did. Christ is our ark, and our mercy seat, and our priest, and our sacrifice.

New G.T.P. Branch

Calgary.—Engineer Carleton, of the Grand Trunk Pacific, announces that his road will undertake the construction of a line through Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, through the Crow's Nest country into southern British Columbia. The Calgary-Edmonton line will be extended south to make connection with the proposed line, work on which will be commenced in the spring.

To Resign Presidency of China

St. Petersburg. Provisional President Yuan Shi Kai, of the Chinese republic, has issued a decree announcing his intention of resigning office as soon as peace is restored, according to a telegram from Mukden.

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DUCK CREEK NEWS

Miss Andestad spent Wednesday in Creston.

T, Butterfield was a Creston caller Thursday.

Mr. Bathie left on Wednesday for Cranbrook.

School reopened on Monday with a very fair attendance.

O. J. Wigen was a visitor to Creston and Erickson, Monday.

Guy Lowenburg paid Duck Creek a visit Tuesday morning.

Miss Gladys Mason of Alice Siding was a Duck Creek caller Wednesday.

The largest shipment of tomatoes from this place was sent out on Monday. 109 cases were sent out in all. 100 of which were grown by Carl Wigen, the remainder by Paul Ofner and J. J. Grady.

On Friday night August 28, there will be a dance at the social club house. Everyone is asked to be present as this event will take the form of a farewell dance to two of our popular young ladies who leave on Saturday for Calgary.

The prospects for a good hay crop this year seems to be practically nil. Paul Hagen who returned from his hay camp on Wednesday, says he can find no horse hay at all, and that the rushes are so flattened out as to make cutting almost impossible.

A most enjoyable day was spent on Sunday last when over 60 people of Duck Creek and Alice Siding went for a picnic on the bank of the lake below Bob Dixon's ranch. The day was very warm and the crowd found plenty of amusement in boating and strolling around. Towards the latter part of the afternoon and throughout the evening when it was cooler, races and games were indulged in. Great merriment was caused by some novel kinds of races such as the Jack Rabbit race and the 3 legged race which ended in a mighty Jack pot on the ground everyone piled up in a heap.

Talks Reclamation

Great minds run in the same channel. About the time the members of the Creston Board of Trade were wrestling with the rerolution concerning the reclamation of the Kootenay flats, the editor of the Bonners Ferry, Idaho, Herald was having some correspondence with United States Senator Brady on the same business.

In passing it can do no harm to remark that the election primaries are being held in Idaha on Tuesday, and that Senator Brady is one of the four candidates seeking the Republican nomination for that office. At such a time one would naturally expect him to "deliver the goods" as he is doubtless anxious to make his calling and election sure. His letter reads:—

"We are making splendid progress in that matter. I expect parties to be there and make an examination of the situation in a very few days—in fact, I have an idea that one of them will be there by the time you receive this letter. I have now gotten the Secretary of the Interior to take the matter up with the government of British Columbia and do not think there is any doubt but what we will get that government to co-operate with us. If we do our success is assured. There is nothing in the world that will do me more good than to be the cause of having this beautiful valley drained."

"You can rest assured that I will leave no stone unturned to have that valley drained, and this is no political talk either. I want the help of every man in this work, it does not matter whether they are Democrats, Social, ists, Progressives, or Republicans. Let us all put our shoulders to the wheel and drain that valley. This is not a political proposition. It is a simple business proposition, and should be done and done along business lines, and as a business man I am going to see to it that it is done."

Sincerely Yours,
JAMES H. BRADY

If, as the senator assures the Herald, the U. S. Secretary of the Interior is already in touch with the British Columbia authorities in this matter the Creston Board of Trade's memorial might be more effective if the board played off its own bat and sent this particular resolution direct to Victoria.

In the numerous recommendations the associated boards will have to forward the government the one anent reclaiming the flats may not get the special attention it deserves. This is a big question and the government should be everlastingly reminded of its duty in this connection.

Death of Mrs. Francis

The death of Annie, the beloved wife of Harold P. E. Francis, occured at Sparta, Ontario, on August 4th, after a long and painful illness.

The deceased died without a tremor, her husband and one sister remaining with her till the last. Mrs. Francis was a member of the Society of Friends, with whom she has always taken an active part when opportunities allowed.

The burial rites were conducted by Mr. Samuel P. Zavitz of Poplar Hill, near London, assisted by Miss Emily Atkinson of Morristown, N.J., Miss Stover of California, and the two resident ministers, Rev. Westill and Kengham. Each speaker bore testimony to the beauty of her life.

She leaves her husband and their six year old daughter, Eva, who mourn their loss.

The beautisul tributes of flowers to the deceased were marked by their simplicity of love. H.F.

Sturgeon Fishing Profitable

Bonner's Ferry Herald: But few people of the Kootenai Valley realize the number of sturgeon which are caught each year in the Kootenai river. The sturgeon fishing in this vicinity is not only carried on for the sport but also for the financial returns as sturgeons command a fair price in the markets of surrounding cities.

C. W. and S. M. Skeels are among the most prominent sturgeon fishermen in this vicinity and have caught eighteen sturgeon so far this season. Three of them weighed under 100 pounds and the others weighed from 100 to 300 pounds. The Skeels brothers have a line stretched across the Kootenai river just below the K.V. Railway bridge and have from three to eleven hooks set all through the season.

They Prefer Ymir

A special meeting of the Proctor and District Conservative Association was held on Monday to discuss the proposals made before the provincial redistribution commission in Nelson that the West Arm as far as Proctor should be included in the Nelson electoral district instead of the Ymir electoral district and a very strong protest was passed and forwarded to W. P. Ogilvie, secretary to the commission.

Sidelights on the War

The London Chronicle states Germany is calling out her last reserve.

It is now stated that at least in the early stages of the war no call for the mounted policemen to report to the colors will be made.

The Royal Bank of Canada has announced that it will grant leave of absence on full pay for the full term of their enlistment to all members of its staff, who may go upon active service.

The U. S. government is generally commended for opposing the floatation of a French loan in New York. This would pave the way for a possible German loan later on, with the effect of prolonging the war.

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Sabbath School and Adult Bible Class at 10:30 a. m.

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Come and you will be made welcome
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Mass 10:30
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Every first Sunday of the month.
Father John O. M. I.

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