

# THE CRESTON REVIEW

Vol. VIII. CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1916 No. 14

## Sirdar

The Deschamps camp is growing rapidly and men are arriving daily as the necessary accommodation is got ready for them. Already much timber has been cut. Things certainly look busy around the North and Cherboranches, where the camp is located.

Mesdames Good, Tuohy, Loasby and Dennes were Creston callers on Tuesday.

Bob Dixon of Wynndel was a Sirdar visitor on Wednesday.

The Casey-Jones motor, owned by C. M. Loasby, is in the Kootenay garage at Creston, undergoing repairs.

The coming of spring and warm weather seems to be a terribly slow process this year.

J. Healey was a Creston caller on Sunday.

Mrs. Antonio Pascuzzo, an oldtime resident of Sirdar, died in the St. Eugene Hospital at Cranbrook on Sunday. Much sympathy is felt for the family in their bereavement.

## Alice Siding

Miss Buckston, from Sheffield, England, arrived in Creston on Tuesday, on a visit to her brother-in-law, H. Mather, of the firm Reed & Mather.

Potatoes planting has started in these parts. R. Stewart was busy the early part of the week putting in the Irish apples.

Mrs. Mason, Misses Gladys Mason and Alice Carr, and Messrs. Carr, Boydell and Earl Pease were the Siding's representatives at the Wynndel box social on Saturday night.

Notwithstanding the severe winter the raspberry canes in these parts seem to have come through the cold spell in rare good shape, and strawberries never looked more promising.

School closed for the Easter holidays yesterday, and will re-open on May 1st.

Clem Fayette is moving from Creston this week into the former Compton home, just vacated by the McMurtrie's.

John Miller appears to be about the only local rancher who is setting out any new trees this spring. He is putting in about 200 apple trees.

Ben Palmer of Cranbrook was here on Saturday for his annual visit to his 40-acre plot that adjoins the Compton ranch to the east. He may be back a little later to do some clearing, set out some trees, and put up a small house.

Scotty Todd, who has been working in Creston for the past couple of months, returned last week for the summer on his ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McMurtrie, who have been occupying the Compton house since their home was destroyed by fire at the end of December, are

## Conservatives, Notice

A special meeting of the Creston Conservative Association will be held at

Creston Mercantile Hall

SATURDAY, APRIL 29th at 8.30 p.m.

to name a candidate to submit to the nomination convention to be held at Kuslo, B.C., and to elect such further and other delegates to attend the said convention as may be necessary.

By order of the Executive Board,

W. A. M. YOUNG, Secy.-Treas.

this week moving into the new house being erected on their ranch, a part of which has been rushed to completion to accommodate them.

Victor Carr and Guy Lowenberg each invested in a new work horse this week. The former's is one of the blacks of the P. Barns team.

Mr. Fairbairn of Winnipeg, owner of the Swanson ranch, is here on a visit to his property this week. There are in the neighborhood of 11,000 trees on the place, which will soon be coming into bearing.

## Wynndel

E. Uri was a visitor to Canyon City on Sunday.

J. Bathie was a Creston caller on Monday.

The tennis court was used for the first time this season on Sunday. The members enjoyed a long afternoon at the royal sport.

Strawberry planting is all in the fashion these days. Many ranchers are increasing their acreage of this fruit considerably.

Mrs. Butterfield received a telegram on Tuesday from the militia department stating that Pte. Philip Butterfield had been wounded in the left arm and also suffering from a contused foot and had been admitted to No. 23 General Hospital at Epales. No further information has yet been obtained by the militia authorities.

The usual good time was enjoyed by the crowd of visitors from Creston, Canyon City and Alice Siding besides, of course, the local crowd, at the basket social here on Saturday night. With the advantage as to numbers being with the men this caused the bidding at the auction to be brisk and lively, and a good deal of amusement was caused in the auctioning of the baskets. Of the seventeen offered for sale the highest fetched \$3.25 and the lowest \$1.25, while the lot realized a grand total of \$39.57—an average of \$2.32 each. The ladies certainly proved to everyone's satisfaction that their decorative genius was as good as their culinary abilities which, speaking from experience, we can say can not be beat.

## Canyon City

Harry White returned home from the Continental Mine at Port Hill on Sunday.

Grover Kifer received a letter from John Carfra, from "somewhere in France" last week. He was with the C.M.R. and had not seen any fighting, nor mentioned anything about being a sniper as was reported.

There is no definite word as to when the roadwork will commence. It is reported that about the same amount will be spent this year as in 1915.

Six teams are engaged hauling lumber to the Siding, making four trips daily.

J. W. Wood left on Sunday for Nelson.

Most of the bridge crew have been engaged getting out square timber, 25-foot posts and cedar braces. Only some ten men are now working.

Grand Forks ice cream parlors opened for business last week.

Vernon will have a rose show in June as well as its regular flower show in August.

Lately from five to 22 carloads of coke have been arriving daily in Greenwood.

Owing to the measles outbreak the junior rooms in the Rossland schools will be closed until after Easter.

The moving picture theatre proprietor at Grand Forks has notified his patrons that they cannot have their dogs with them when seeing the show.

The horticultural authorities will operate seven power sprayers in the Okanagan country this season in an effort to get the best of the coming moth trouble.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

### Again That Foremost Debate

EDITOR REVIEW:

SIR.—Will you kindly grant us the needed space to add a few words relative to the criticisms that "foremost debate" has brought to your columns from prophet, priest and functionary. Our worthy Wynndel critic states that he has no axe to grind except his "Makers;" no object except to attempt to place this discussion on its true basis. Let us here state in reply that while grinding his "Maker's" axe may be a very laudable occupation to the mind of some, yet we do not follow exactly.

The axe we are more concerned about here and now is this earthly master's (or exploiters) axe as wielded by the ruling class of today through a social system of injustice and exploitation, whereby they exact tribute or profit from all who toil, denying to every man but the small end of the whole loaf which honest labor has produced, and to which it is justly entitled; until grinding poverty is their portion, and anxious care their pillow; and that midst a world of plenty. Mid such conditions behold our worthy critic busying himself grinding his Maker's axe, and apparently content perceiving this to be his whole duty, as doubtless do the sanctified saints.

This eternal emphasizing the "Maker's" side to the neglect of the "Man's" side of things is exemplified in some measure by what is transpiring in Europe today. This cart before the horse style; this supernatural before the natural; this theology before sociology; this inner and spiritual before the outer and temporal goes to explain why we are where we are today, existing under a system of society that is a transparent fraud and worse to any sane thinking mind free from blind belief, and the darkness of superstition's starless night.

Further on we read, "Churches are crystallizations. They represent some phase of truth, which has become overlaid with much that is merely irrelevant." Yes, we certainly agree, there is such an overlaying accumulation of creeds, forms, ceremonies, beliefs, traditions, dogmas, doctrines and divinity, form without substance, that truth made its departure disgusted ages ago, as faith without works is dead.

Again he says, "I say nothing about the many forms of Socialism which are offered for our selection (like the advertisements for quack medicines), except, that they all agree in this, that none of them offer us any constructive policy," etc. Well, well, and at this stage of human enlightenment, such a thought is either begotten of ignorance or wilful misrepresentation. None so blind as those who won't see. We gently refer him to what we had to say regarding Socialism, its aims and objects, as a world-wide international movement standing for the same principles and actuated by the same spirit the world around. Apparently he has never been introduced, or made acquainted with its platform as a practical political movement; we will see to it that this state of affairs is remedied, and that without delay, particularly so since he reminds us that he has no animus against Socialism or Socialists, let us simply add a remark here that actions talk louder than words, "He who is not for us is against us," and this is determined in practical politics when election day comes around. Truth backed by the ballot shall set us free. Are you for freedom? If so, then come with us.

Now we come to what Father Maguire has to say, and the free title of "upstart historian" he so graciously bestows upon us, to the which we may become the more, or less, deserving before we get through. For ourselves let us say that it is the truth and not titles that we are concerned about; we are of the positive school and not theological abstractions. Father Maguire imagines that in the field of speculative thought, past or present, that he, or the church he represents, is the proprietor of the truth, and what isn't. We respectfully decline to submit to any such ruling; to surrender our mind and reasoning faculties to another, and become a corpse.

From whence, might we enquire, cometh this superior knowledge and wisdom, whereby he presumes to make us believe he is invested with. Through Apostolic Succession, doubtless; all from the realm of the supernatural and speculative. Well, we have just about as much belief in the efficacy of the Apostolic Succession, or kissing the Pope's toe, as we have in witchcraft, purgatory, or that there are two suns shining on this world, or to give medicine to dead men. Neither do we consider it really essential to conjugate the Greek verbs before one can come to conclusions as to the probability of dead people getting out of their graves. Nothing but education, scientific education, can benefit mankind, which puts superstitions and blind belief out of court.

However, "We wish you to observe that modern religion as preached today, and Christianity as preached and practised by its Founder 20 centuries ago, are as far apart in principles and truth as the poles are asunder." A most astounding assertion, indeed, says Father Maguire, Maybe, truth is oftentimes found to be stranger than fiction.

Members of the Creston Fruit Growers' Union and other independent growers and shippers of fruit and vegetables from Creston district are asked to attend a public meeting of farmers on Monday, April 24th, at 2 p.m. at the Auditorium, Creston, when plans for the co-operative marketing of the season's output will be laid before the meeting by the manager of the Okanagan United Growers, Mr. Jackson, J. J. Campbell of Willow Point, and possibly W. E. McTaggart, the prairie fruit markets commissioner, and others representing the government.

## Meet Monday to Discuss Selling

There never was a time when co-operative action by the farmers and fruit growers in the marketing of their produce was more urgently needed than at present. Increase cost of production on the farm from scarcity of labor must make it plain to all that united action for effective marketing without ruinous competition and overlapping of distribution is of utmost importance. Let us put individualism aside and fraternize for the common good of the whole in this time of worldwide stress. Nations do it. Laborers and all other industrial and commercial classes do it. And how can we as farmers and fruit growers—the basic industries on which all nations' industries are built—become firm and solid without interlocking unity. The time has come when we should cast aside personal frictions and individualism and move as a body in one direction for our own uplift and the nation's solidity. O.J.W.

Father Maguire says there are some 200 million benighted Catholics who will be eternally beheld to the writer if he first states very clearly those truths and principles preached by the Founder 20 centuries ago and those preached by the Catholic Church today. We had an idea that we had already expressed ourselves on this point relative to the lowly Galilean, the principles he stood for and died for. However, to enlarge a little further upon the matter, taking the natural man and his earthly life altogether free from the deification and supernatural since attributed to him, we find in Him the virile exponent of a practical, temporal, social gospel exemplified by himself through a life of social service toward his fellow man and their social salvation. His was a temporal Gospel of Deeds not Creeds, a gospel concerning life here and now, based upon liberty and justice, truth and fraternity, for common humanity; and not a gospel of sin, soul and salvation since manufactured and attached to Him.

In this connection note the following taken from the "printed page" "Most people imagine that the creeds we have come from the brain and heart of Christ. They have no idea how it was made. They think it was all made at one time. They don't understand that it was a slow growth. They don't understand that theology is a science made up of mistakes, prejudices, and falsehoods."

Let us tell you a few facts: The Emperor Constantine, who lifted the Christian religion into power, murdered his wife and his eldest son the very year that he convened the Council of Nice to decide whether Jesus Christ was man or God, and that was not decided until the year of grace 325. Then Theodosius called a Council at Constantinople in 381, and this Council decided that the Holy Ghost proceeded from the Father. You see that there was a little doubt on that question before this was done. Then another Council was called later to determine who the Virgin Mary really was, and it was solemnly decided that she was the Mother of Christ. In 431, and then in 451, a Council was held in Chalcedon by the Emperor Marcian and that decided that Christ had two natures—a human and a divine. In 680 another council was held at Constantinople; and in 1274 at Lyons, it was decided that the Holy Ghost proceeded not only from the Father but from the Son, and when you take into consideration the fact that a belief in the Trinity is absolutely essential to salvation, you see how important it was that these doctrines should have been established in 1274, when millions of people had dropped into hell in the interim solely because they had forgotten that question.

And thus we might go on ad infinitum, but suffice it to say that this shows some thinking as to how religions are made and miracles are manufactured, and the Apostolic Succession evolved. On the other hand as to what is preached and practiced by the Church in contrast with what the lowly Nazarine taught and practiced, there is a book entitled "Fifty Years in the Church of Rome," by Father Chiniquy, which covers this phase of matter somewhat fully, and we refer the enquirer to read its pages for the desired information along this line.

We have no inclination or intention of being drawn into the dark abyss of speculative thought and dogmatical creeds and beliefs, any further than to answer the question by saying, "Behold cathedrals and domes, chimes and chants, temples frescoed and carved and gilded with gold, altars and tapers, censer and chalice, ensuable, paten and alb, organs and anthems, and incense rising to winged and blest, maniple, amice and stole, crosses and crosiers, tiaras and crowns mitres and missels and masses, roses, relics and robes, martyrs and saints, doctrines and dogmas, purgatory and sacrament of penance, infallibility and auricular confession—all this, and much more, find no part in the life, and social gospel and every-day religion (if you wish) of the Man of Nazareth; and as an "upstart historian" we venture to say that were He here today we would not find him in the churches discussing moth-eaten theology, traditions or doctrines, but perchance on the street corners, or Socialist propaganda meeting where matters pertinent to human society, and humanity here and now are felt and realized to be live questions, and that of a truth.

Enough said, and as a last word "Let the dead past bury its dead." We are for life and the future of humanity on this earth. What we have had to say stands as spoken by the individual, and in no wise as in behalf of Socialism as a movement, which views religion as a matter entirely and absolutely as for the individual judgment, and of private concern.

We have no axe to grind other than as a member of the human family on behalf of humanity, and to do our little as a social duty in heaving the way to freedom, as the light of truth and reason enable us so to do, priests, popes and pontiffs notwithstanding. This closes the discussions insofar as we are concerned. Thanking you Mr. Editor for granting us the opportunity.

J. A. LINDAULT



**INFLUENZA** Catarrhal Fever, Pink Eye, Shipping Fever, Epizootic

And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured; colts and horses in same stable kept from having them by using Spohn's Distemper Compound, 3 to 6 doses often cure; one bottle guaranteed to cure one case. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. Sold by the bottle or dozen. Any druggist or delivered by manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

# COWAN'S Supreme Chocolate

A pure, unsweetened, cooking chocolate. Easily melted and mixed, containing that rich chocolate flavor that can only be obtained from the finest and most expensive cocoa beans. For years the most satisfactory cooking chocolate in Canada.

Sold everywhere. Made in Canada.

A-17

**Delicious with Blanc Mange**

Have you ever tried "Crown Brand" with Blanc Mange and other Corn Starch puddings? They seem to blend perfectly—each improves the other—together they make simple, inexpensive desserts that everyone says are "simply delicious".

**EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP**

is ready to serve over all kinds of puddings—makes a new and attractive dish of such an old favorite as Baked Apples—is far cheaper than butter or preserves which spread on bread—and is best for Candy-making.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 LB. TINS.

**THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED**  
Head Office = Montreal

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup—more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". Perhaps you would prefer it.

### Sells Land in Arctic

Government Disposes of 26 Acres on Bylot Island to Gold Syndicate

The Dominion government is doing some real estate business in the Arctic seas. It has sold for one dollar per acre some twenty acres of land on Bylot Island in Baffin Bay, in north latitude 72 degrees, 53 minutes, to the Arctic Gold Exploration Syndicate, Ltd., of Toronto. The land is, of course, yet unsurveyed, and the sale is subject to the proviso that the surveyor-general may later determine the boundaries. Apparently the syndicate has found traces of gold in the far north.

### A Great Asset

According to Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture in Alberta, the pedigreed bull "Director," formerly of the Rothschild herd in England, and now in the western province, is the finest bull in the country. The minister says he is more than proud of the animal, which is quite to his credit. Prize cattle are a great asset to any province.—Montreal Gazette.

### THE FIRST TASTE

Acquired the Habit When a Boy

If parents realized the fact that tea and coffee contain a drug—caffeine—which is especially harmful to children, they would doubtless hesitate before giving them tea or coffee to drink.

"When I was a child in my mother's arms and first began to rattle things at the table, Mother used to give me sips of coffee. And so I contracted the coffee habit early.

"I continued to use coffee until I was 27, and when I got into office work I began to have nervous spells. Especially after breakfast I was so nervous I could scarcely attend to my correspondence. (Tea produces about the same ill effects as coffee, because they both contain the drug, caffeine.)

"At night, after having had coffee for supper, I could hardly sleep, and on rising in the morning would feel weak and nervous.

"A friend persuaded me to try Postum. "I can now get good sleep, am free from nervousness and headaches, and I recommend Postum." Name given by Dr. J. C. H. Williams, M.D., Montreal, Que.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water, and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly, 25c and 50c tins.

Both forms are equally delicious and can be used in the same way. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

W. N. U. 1097

### Economy Campaign Starts in Britain

The National Organizing Committee on War Savings, has issued an appeal to all employers of domestic servants in large houses to drastically reduce their staffs and close part of their houses.

The committee also urged that simpler meals be served, and that garden luxuries, especially from hot-houses, be sacrificed in order to save money and release domestic labor for more useful purposes.

### Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., TOLEDO, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### A Passport

The archbishop of Canterbury was to officiate at an important service in London. The main entrance to the Abbey was opened, and a great space roped off so that the dignitaries might alight from their equipages unmolested. When a dusty four-wheeler crossed the square, driven by a fat, red-faced caddy, hobbles rushed out to head him off.

"Get out of 'ere," one of them called briskly. "This entrance is reserved for the archbishop."

With a wink and a backward jerk of his thumb, the irresponsible caddy replied cheerfully:

"I 'ave the old duffer inside."

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

### No Slackers in Manitoba

The provincial treasurer, Mr. Brown, voiced the innermost feelings of our citizens when he said that we, as a province, "are ready to pledge our resources to the limit for the defence of the empire. Every blade of grass, every bush of scrub, every acre of land, every stick of timber, and the cattle that roam these prairies shall, if necessary, be pledged to maintain the liberties which our forefathers purchased at such a great cost."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"I hope you are not guilty, traitful, Norah."

"I am on my own account, mind, I only tells lies to the callers for the family."

### Disfigured Soldiers Have Faces Remade

Noted British Sculptor is Putting His Genius to Unique Use

Derwent Wood, the distinguished British sculptor, who enlisted as a private in the Army Medical Corps at the beginning of the war, is now turning his talent to a unique use. All his leisure time is at present employed in replacing the parts of men's faces destroyed by wounds in battle. These include mouths, jaws, and even eyelids, all of which he has made to move naturally.

He has just finished remaking a nose for a soldier which was blown away below the bridge. His addition, which he prepared of electrically-treated metal, is so perfect that where it is joined is absolutely imperceptible, and the patient has regained his sense of smell.

Wood is now giving up most of his time to this work, and is able to treat ten cases daily. Surgeons who never thought that a sculptor's art could be adapted to this work are now absolutely amazed at the remarkable results Wood has obtained.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, infant or in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without a qualm of the stomach, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

### Des Moines and Booze

A Year Without Saloons the Most Prosperous in the History of the City

After going a year without saloons the city of Des Moines makes this report through the Register and Leader: "One year ago today, the eighty-six saloons of Des Moines closed their doors, and there are few men in touch with the affairs of the city who are not ready to say that the past year has been the best, most prosperous, and most orderly in the history of Des Moines.

"Des Moines does not need to rely on general impressions, however. The record of bank clearances is sufficient proof of a new high record in business prosperity. Police and county records show a 50 per cent. decrease in crime and disorder. A walk through the business district reveals the absence of untenanted store rooms. The demand for houses, coupled with extensive building operations, demonstrates the continued growth of Des Moines.

"Other cities of Iowa can logically expect to duplicate the record made in Des Moines, both as to the condition of the city and the growth of public sentiment, favorable to the closing of the saloons. Unless the confused state of politics turns the control of law enforcement agencies to unfriendly hands, recognition of the improved condition of affairs will be universal before many months have passed."—Nebraska State Journal.

### Just a Straight and Simple Story

MISS BLANCHARD TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

They Cured Her Kidney Troubles and Other Sufferers Can Learn From Her Experiences How They Can Find a Cure.

Paquetville, Gloucester Co., N.B.—(Special)—Simple and straight to the point is the statement of Miss Justine Blanchard, of this place. She has tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and found them good and she wants everybody to know it. Miss Blanchard says:

"I suffered for a long time with my kidneys. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me completely."

One simple statement like that is worth a dozen learned dissertations on kidney disease. It tells the sufferer from kidney trouble just what he or she wants to know—that a cure can be found in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

For Dodd's Kidney Pills are no cure-all. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. The reason why they cure Rheumatism; Lumbago, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Heart Murmurs, Dropsy, Pain in the Back, and other diseases is that all these are either kidney diseases or are caused by disordered kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure them by curing the kidneys.

### Germany's Threat

When Germany has recovered from the war she will undertake a widespread, well engineered work of education in America as to the relative merits of Germans and Britons. If necessary the mailed fist will also be applied to American aberrations.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

Attendant (to small man behind fat lady in theatre): Opera glasses, sir? Staffite: No, thank you, but I'll take a periscope if you have one.—Judge.

"Why are you asking me for help? Haven't you my close relations?" "Yes. That's the reason why I'm appealing to you."

HOME TREATMENT. Describe your disease, and we will tell you how to cure it. THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, LIMITED 10 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

**GILLETT'S LYE**

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

### England's Public Record Offices

Twenty-five Miles of Shelves Full of Historical Records.

Unknown to the millions who pass through the city of London every week a work of unparalleled magnitude at what is known as the public record office in Chancery Lane, has been going on for a number of years. In this office, there are twenty-five miles of shelves, all full of historical material, going back through the centuries as far as "Domesday Book."

It costs over £26,000 a year to keep up the record office, the keeper of the records being the master of the rolls. The office was established by the public records act in 1838, and the records were taken there from the tower, the chapter house, Westminster, the rolls chapel, and elsewhere. Ever since that time the office has been constantly receiving accretion from

the law courts, the government departments, and from various other quarters.

All sorts of records are kept, legal, historical, genealogical, statistical, and so varied are the contents of the office that antiquarian research of almost every kind can be made. There you will find the records of the star chamber and the old wards and liveries. State papers, domestic, colonial and foreign, formerly preserved in the state paper office in Whitehall, are also to be seen there. Usually fifty or sixty students are seen working in the record office every day, and at any time there is the fascinating thought that one of them may make some interesting historical discovery.—London Tit-Bits.

## NEURASTHENIA THAT FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Rest and a Tonic is the Proper Treatment Distinguished Medical Authority Says.

There is a form of neurasthenia that follows la grippe. Doctors call it "post-grippal" neurasthenia.

One of the foremost medical authorities of New York city in a lecture in the international clinics, said:

"Broadly speaking, every victim of la grippe will suffer from post-grippal neurasthenia also. Lowering of nervous tone with increased irritability is the most striking effect of the disease, languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere. The treatment calls for rest and a tonic."

If you have had la grippe read those symptoms again: "Languor of mind and body, disturbed, fitful sleep and vague pains in the head and elsewhere." If you have any or all of them it means that you are still suffering from the effects of la grippe and that you will not be well and free from

danger of relapse until your blood is built up.

The treatment, says the distinguished physician, quoted above, is rest and a tonic. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a non-alcoholic tonic, are particularly suited for building up the blood and strengthening the nerves after an attack of grippe. The rich, red blood expels the lingering germs from the system and transforms despondent grippe victims into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women.

If you have had la grippe do not wait for a relapse or for the neurasthenia that so often follows grippe, but get a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now from the nearest drug store and begin the treatment at once.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Scouting in English Schools

Hundreds of Boys Go Under Canvas During the Summer

Scouting is becoming a part of the curriculum of the English schools. E. Young, head master of the county school at Harrow, has turned his whole school, which contains some hundreds of boys, into one large troop of scouts, the scheme being so arranged that the same organization of patrol and patrol leaders holds good both for school work and for scouting. During the summer the patrols take it in turn to camp on the school grounds, under the supervision of the head master from fifteen to twenty-five boys being always under the canvas. When in camp the boys have to do their own cooking and look after themselves, the only exception being that they have a substantial meal provided for them in the middle of the day. Manchester Grammar School is taking up scouting in a similar way. It has been decided to start a troop consisting entirely of boys in the school, and it is expected about 150 will be enrolled.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

### War Widows to be Settled in Canada

Commissioner D. C. Lamb of the Salvation Army, who came to Canada in connection with a project to settle British widows and their families in the overseas dominions, in an interview intimated that war widows would form the majority of those to be settled in Canada by the Salvation Army. In connection with this proposed work, General Booth is calling for a fund of a million dollars.

**Sunlight Soap**

Sunlight Soap is made for the housewife's profit, for only thereby can the makers hope to profit. Sunlight Soap makes your work lighter, your clothes whiter, your home brighter. It is mild and pure and does not harm either hands or fabric.

**Sunlight Soap**  
5 CENTS

# WAR WILL RESULT IN A FIRMER WELDING TOGETHER OF EMPIRE

## WILL EFFECT DESTINY OF THE WHOLE WORLD

### Premier Hughes of Australia says the Destiny of the Whole World Is Trembling in the Balance, and Every Nation and Every Man Must Take a Part in the Struggle.

Addressing a gathering of the Canadian Club at Ottawa recently, Premier Hughes of Australia paid a very strong tribute to the work of the British navy. "We would not be here, free men, today," he said, "if it were not for the British navy." The navy had stopped the commerce of Germany, while from every part of the empire ships laden with provisions, munitions and war supplies of all kinds, made their way in safety to the mother land.

"If Great Britain," he said, "had been as well prepared on land as on sea, this war would not have been." The British navy had made of the great German navy a sort of glorified canal boat.

The speaker declared emphatically that the British empire would never lay down its arms until Germany had been beaten. The German army had already been ringed in with walls of steel. He spoke with deep feeling of the splendid heroism of the Australian troops on the Peninsula of Gallipoli, instancing one charge in which an Australian battalion went forward knowingly to certain death after its members had left their last farewells with those who stayed behind. This splendid act, he said, far outshone the famous charge of the Light Brigade at Balaclava.

Premier Hughes, referring to his inclusion as a member of the Canadian government, said: "I hold this position in trust for the Australian people." The war, he went on to say, had found the empire a scattered family of nations. It would leave it a homogeneous whole.

"We could have purchased an ignoble peace," Premier Hughes asserted. "The Germans were prepared to treat Canadians as an independent nation and to confer a like favor on Australia. In this attitude they were like the man-eating tiger which deals with its victims separately. Germany now knows that she is fighting not only England, but also the men of adventure and resolution in all the British Dominions, who will fight to the end alongside those who gave them their traditions. We shall not quit while life remains in us."

"The issues at stake are vital," continued Premier Hughes. "Although some may look on with an air of indifference, and hold themselves aloof, they are being enveloped, against their will, in this great struggle, which, like some great tidal wave sweeps resistlessly over the whole earth and cannot be dammed here or there by the act of any man or any nation. The destiny of the world is trembling in the balance and every nation, and every man, must make up its or his mind on which side to take a stand."

This war would leave the world different from what it found it. The war had come at once as a mighty spur, a sedative, a corrective—perhaps needed by our race for its salvation. It would profoundly affect the destiny of the whole world. If by any malign stroke of fate the issue should turn against us, the clock of civilization would be set back a hundred years. The war fell upon the empire menaced with turmoil. But at the first rattling of the sabre turmoil died down, dissension ceased and we were a united people. There was not a man from Dan to Beersheba, there was no place from one end of the empire to the other where the people did not stand four square against the common enemy.

The premier said that during the eighteen months of the war Australians and Canadians had on the field of battle proved that the ancient valor of their sires still burned in their veins. Canadians and Australians had both proved themselves to be men. They realized that it affected their very existence. He stood there as a representative of labor and the most democratic government on earth.

"All the ideals that you and I jointly cherish," he said, "and those ideals that are peculiar to labor—all these rest upon the foundation of liberty. We in Australia and you here in Canada, have fought, are fighting and will continue to fight to the end, for those free institutions which to free men are dearer than life itself."

"This one lesson must be learned," said the Commonwealth premier, "from this great war. Some day the wings of the dove of peace may beat a sort of lullaby throughout the land. But that day is not yet. Until that day dawns it is the duty of free men to be able as well as willing to defend their country. Neither liberty nor our national rights can ever be safe when we neglect the defence of our country." It could not be left to volunteers, for as it concerns all so must it apply to all.

### A Hot Time

"What is the reason they can't get along together?"  
"A matter of temperament."  
"Matter of temperament, I should think."

## British Officer's Ruse a Success

### "Putting One Over" the Germans During a Bombing Duel

Private Burridge of a gun battery now in France, tells a good story of a British officer's ruse that "put one over" the Germans.

"During a bombing 'strafe' at a German sap," he says, "somehow the fuses of our bombs were a little damp. And hardly a bomb exploded at all. But the Germans re-lit the fuses, and began to throw the bombs back."

"Then our bombing officer had an idea. He took the damp fuses from the bombs and put in some instantaneous ones—with the result that when the Germans put a light to them, after our fellows had thrown them over, they immediately exploded."

"I think they spent the most miserable half-hour of their lives lighting instantaneous fuses and blowing themselves up with them. They did not disturb us for weeks after that."

"At many parts of the line you are within easy speaking distance of the enemy, and many amusing conversations, generally ended by a few bombs, have taken place. We called over one morning, 'Hallo, Fritz! What's the menu for breakfast?' The answer we received was, 'Cocoa, d— you, cocoa!'"  
"At another place we could throw 'bully' over. We threw two tins, and presently one of them shouted back, 'Hurry up with the biscuits!'"

## The Real Farmer

### The Man With High Ideals and Who Lives Near to Nature

The plants which grow in our fields may be classified as flowers, crops and weeds. A similar classification may be made of the farmers who till the soil. The farmer who is not noted especially for the remarkable results of his large farm and large herds, but with whom making money, while carried on effectively, is secondary to living a life full of helpful deeds to his fellow man, may be classed as a flower in the rural community.

Rural life may be lacking in many things, but of all the things lacking the greatest lack is in life ideals. The rush for dollars from early morning until late at night with a view only of expanding the farm and possessing more wealth than the neighbor is one of the evils which has come with modern commercial agriculture. The farmer with higher ideals should be more appreciated, for "in proportion as riches and the rich men are honored in the state, so are virtue and virtuous disordered, and what is honored is cultivated, and what is dishonored is neglected," according to Plato. The following is the definition of a "real farmer," written by one of the flowers of southern Wisconsin's rural life, a man of whom every citizen of Wisconsin should be proud:

"And who is this real farmer? The man who farms, simply to see how many dollars he can get out of his year's labors? Not for a moment. That is all too narrow a conception of the real farmer. Rather, it is the farmer to whom farm life and farm surroundings constitute the ideal of human happiness; the farmer who knows as well how many children he has as how many cattle and hogs; the farmer to whom it is as great a pleasure to find in his rambles afield a baby calf, colt, lamb or litter of pigs, with attendant manifest maternal affection, as it is to grasp the price of a fatted steer; the farmer who finds satisfaction in binding up a broken leg and oftentimes succeeds when the veterinarian said, 'Oh, shoot it; setting will never succeed'; the farmer to whom every horse, dog, cat, and even the diminutive bantams look to, and justly so, as a friend; the farmer who finds pleasure in the realization that a great part of his mission is to feed the world—this type alone constitutes the real farmer."—H. C. Taylor, University of Wisconsin, in the *Breeder's Gazette*.

### Cost of Living in Canada

During January the cost of living in Canada increased materially, according to the report of the department of labor for the month. The index number of wholesale prices went up during the month ten points, due to considerable rises in metals, chemicals, grain, potatoes, textiles, coal, gasoline and many other commodities. In retail prices of flour, beans and potatoes showed some increase. The cost of a weekly budget of family commodities, the report says, showed a considerable increase over the previous month, and a noticeable increase when compared with the cost of the same budget in January, 1914.

## Typographical Errors

### How it is Found Possible for Mistakes to Occur in Newspapers

Newspaper readers frequently call attention to typographical errors, and are somewhat given to saying that they "don't see how such a mistake occurred." The wonder is that so few mistakes occur. The Philadelphia Public Ledger recently reviewed the story that the Oxford edition of the Bible was read and re-read ten times, and that immediately after its publication a reward of 50 pounds was offered to any one who should discover a typographical blunder. One was found in the first chapter of Genesis. There is another tradition that the man who read proofs on the Lord's Prayer for that edition went insane for fear he would make a mistake.

One of the great dictionaries published in this country, a standard authority, was read in proof eleven times, and some of the most learned men in the United States were constantly engaged in revising it, yet typographical errors may still be found in the completed work. Blunders in publications of ordinary books, no matter from what publishing house, are common, though they are carefully read and re-read.

In a newspaper plant, operators of typesetting machines set from the original "copy," considerable speed must be maintained; proof is taken of the matter thus set and is read—never more than twice—by a proof reader, who marks on the margin such corrections as may be necessary. The lines marked are reset, and the new lines of type substituted for those in which errors were found. Then the type goes into the forms and impression is made.

Therefore newspaper men smile when they hear, "I don't see how such a mistake occurred."—Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch.

## Money in Poultry

### Eggs Marketed During the Winter and Early Spring Bring Big Profits

Whether hatched in an "apparatus" or under a hen, a winter-laying fowl is a paying proposition in our country, at least. To support my statement, I wish to mention a few of the many cases in the county where the humble hen is doing her part in keeping the profit and loss balance on the right side of the account, says a writer in an American farm journal.

One farmer, who could not possibly be called a professional poultry man, as he owns, operates and lives upon a 1,800-acre farm and markets potatoes and grain by the carload, is very enthusiastic over the profits realized from the flock of 100 Barred Rocks which he keeps through the winter. The strain is not "fancy" nor is their housing or feeding carried on according to book. They are just plain hens, cared for as many farmers' hens should be; hatched early, fed and watered regularly, with free range in summer and a warm house in winter. This man assures us that chickens pay well on the farm.

Another very aggressive farmer reports that the eggs marketed through the winter and early spring enabled him to keep a bit ahead of his grocery bill all the time, and the family at his table numbered sixteen. On this farm, like the other, the poultry industry is not emphasized; the fowls are given comfortable quarters and ordinary care, but the owner knows that they are giving good returns for the capital and labor invested.

There are other instances which I might mention, where the egg money from a small flock was practically all the cash new settlers saw during their first season in the country; and still others where the actual profits from an entire farm consisted of the good wife's egg money.

I do not love chickens except in pot pie or roasted; I know of no other living creature which has so many different ways of being irritating as the hen allowed unlimited indulgence in her natural proclivities. But when restricted in her range, and given half a chance, she will make it all up in the number of "strictly fresh" she will keep in the egg basket.

## Butter Fat in Milk

### Milk Testing the Only Way to Determine Value of Product From Each Cow

Most of our dairy farmers are well accustomed to hear of milk "testing" so much, either high or low, understanding thereby that it contains a certain percentage of fat. What is not quite so clear to the majority, is the fact that milk varies considerably in its test, or content of fat, from day to day, even from one milking to another on the same day, and from month to month. This applies to mixed herd milk and more particularly to milk from single cows.

Thus, if milk is valued according to its fat content, it is evidently of extreme importance to every dairy farmer to know what the milk does test; further, he needs to know, whether selling cream or pooling milk, if Spot's milk tests 2.5 or 4.8, if Blossom's milk tests 3.1 or 5.2 per cent. of fat. In one herd where six samples of milk from each cow were tested each month, it was found that three cows averaged only 1.8, 2.3 and 2.7 per cent. of fat for the whole year. Do your cows give real milk or only skim milk variety? You need quality as well as quantity, and you get it only by testing. Cow testing is necessary for your peace of mind.

# CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE PRAIRIE SOIL WILL YIELD BEST

## LACK OF MOISTURE IS THE GREATEST PROBLEM

### Prof. Bracken of the University at Saskatoon, Demonstrates the Wisdom of Rotation of Crops — Lowest Yields Follow a Wheat Crop, Highest After Summer Fallowing.

It was in 1885 that the prairie provinces were first linked up with each other and with the outside world by the completion of the line of railway. Their agricultural history may therefore be said to date from that time and the thirty year period of growth is often pointed to with pride as a wonderful record of development. To bring under cultivation an acreage capable of producing a crop of nearly a thousand million bushels of grain is no small accomplishment. Yet if the whole history of the thirty years were written it would contain many records of failures and setbacks that would be discouraging if considered in full detail. The statement has been made that the present areas under cultivation have to a large extent been settled upon twice, the first arrivals having given up the struggle when faced by a short crop. This can be true only in a general way. It would probably be more correct to say that over the dry belt a large percentage of settlers failed to make a permanent home.

The same sort of experiences have been recorded in all of the western states. Kansas, which is now the foremost wheat producing state of the Union has a history almost tragic. Droughts, cyclones and insect plagues followed one after the other and the farm population was several times reduced to a fraction of what it had been in prosperous years. The valiant few who held on through all the dark years had the satisfaction of winning out in the end. It was a natural selection of those who were able to adapt their methods to the new conditions which confronted them not unlike the tests that were applied to the men of Gideon in the olden time.

Of the difficulties that face the prairie farmers the most formidable is the lack of moisture in certain seasons. Frosts and rust are to be reckoned with but in the majority of years the supply of moisture is the deciding factor. The past year was an exception in this regard and the fact that heavy yields were obtained on lands that had very indifferent preparations may lead to wrong conclusions as to the best methods. It was a season when the usual sign failed and the miraculous happened. With the abundance of rain during the growing season there was cool weather which retarded the ripening of the grain. Had the early fall frost come at the usual time it would have reduced the quantity and quality of the crop to a considerable extent. As it was harvesting and threshing were completed with very little damage.

Good authorities have been agreed that for the best results in dry districts a succession of wheat crops are not desirable and that summer fallowing every few years or the judicious rotation with other crops is the safest plan. Even in 1915 the force of many of these teachings was exemplified. At the University Farm at Saskatoon, Prof. Bracken has been conducting a large number of experiments on the yields as affected by the previous crops, showing that the lowest yield was following a wheat crop and the highest after summer fallowing. Next to summer fallowing as a preparation for wheat is corn or roots, this being in accordance with results obtained at other experimental farms.

With oats the same general results were obtained, those on stubble giving 81 bushels as compared with 68 bushels on wheat ground. Other crops showed a corresponding increase on fallow as compared with wheat ground, the percentage gains being 24 for barley, 10 for flax, 49 for rye and 50 for potatoes.

Among eleven differently cultivated plots of wheat stubble the one that was burned in the spring and double disced, packed and harrowed, returned more net profit than any other, and yielded more bushels per acre than any other treatment except early shallow fall plowing that was well worked down. This statement applies to the effect of this tillage on the yield of not one crop only, but on the yield of each of six different crops—wheat, oats, barley, rape, potatoes and corn.

Fall plowing, due probably to the unusual late fall rains of 1914, produced slightly more than spring plowing in 1915. For the year 1914 the opposite was true.

Next to the favorable effect of intertilled crops on the yield of succeeding ones, the influence of the time of breaking on the yield of cereals is perhaps the most interesting of the results this year at Saskatoon.

The yield of barley:  
On spring breaking was 18 bushels 4½ lbs.  
On breaking previous September, 25 bushels 12½ lbs.  
On breaking previous August, 33 bushels 20 lbs.  
On breaking previous July, 38 bushels 20 lbs.

Wheat:  
On early breaking yielded 22 bushels 15 lbs.  
On breaking previous September, 28

bushels 8 lbs.  
On breaking previous July, 33 bushels 37 lbs.  
On breaking previous June, 37 bushels 1 lb.

Ordinarily fall breaking and spring breaking result in a partial failure, even when well done. These yields represent the relative value of breaking done at different times, but are more favorable to late work than they would be in normal years.—Montreal Family Herald and Weekly Star.

## Railway Expenditures

### Railways Have Cost Canada a Half Billion Dollars

The Dominion government's expenditures on railways to the end of the last fiscal year was \$648,205,427, and on canals \$150,205,770. The revenues from railways and canals since Confederation were \$222,183,757.

The annual report of the department of railway and canals shows the total expenditure on the National Transcontinental Railway for construction is \$152,802,745.

The total expenditure on the Grand Trunk Pacific mountain section, approved and certified up to the end of March, 1915, is given as \$87,119,153, while \$15,556,482 was spent on the prairie section up to the end of October, 1907, no further certificates having been issued for this section.

The total railway expenditure during the fiscal year to March 31, 1915, was \$42,747,532, including the outlay on the Quebec bridge construction. This total includes \$18,101,809 on the Intercolonial Railway, \$1,168,757 on the Prince Edward Island Railway, and \$10,071,479 on the National Transcontinental Railway.

The Canal expenditure amounted to \$7,314,131. The total outlay for the year on railways and canals was \$50,063,988. The revenue derived from government railways and canals was \$12,577,120, including \$12,143,357 from railways, and \$427,763 from canals.

The operation of the Intercolonial Railway for the year resulted in a profit of \$49,965 on total earnings of \$11,444,873.

## Gigantic Aeroplanes

### Weight of Each Fully Equipped Will be 21,000 Pounds

Ten triplanes that will be super-dreadnoughts of the air have been ordered by the British government from the Curtiss Company for fighting Zeppelins, according to a "flying" publication devoted to aviation.

The machines will be larger than any now in use, and their planes will tower high, with a spread of 133 to the wings and a body sixty-eight feet long. Each machine will have little difficulty in supporting its full weight, fully equipped, of 21,000 pounds. With this weight its speed will be 75 miles an hour.

The machine hull and motor will weigh 12,000 pounds. It will carry eight men, 2½ tons of gasoline, oil and a dead weight of 3,000 pounds of bombs. With a lighter load the triplane can make 100 miles an hour and have a radius of 750 miles. Four 250 horsepower motors will furnish power for two tractor propellers and one pusher. The climbing tower will be unusual, enabling it soon to reach 10,000 feet, the height of the night raiding Zeppelins.

There will be a sixty horsepower screw, for use when the machine is on the water. The engines will be self-starting, and the machine will be heavily armored. Each machine will carry a 3½-inch rapid fire gun and torpedoes of a new kind. The triplanes will cost \$50,000 each.

### A Three Years War

We took Lord Kitchener literally, observes the London Standard, when, with his usual calm wisdom, he spoke of a three years' war. Regarding the war as a purely military problem, that estimate holds good. It was, of course, always on the cards that Germany might not consider it worth while to persevere to the bitter end, or that she might be reduced to submission by economic pressure; and those possibilities still exist. But when we reflect what defeat means to Germany, and especially to the Hohenzollern regime, it seems foolish optimism to count on any factor but sheer superiority in arms to bring about the desired result. The war is still undecided. But we have every reason to believe that the present year will see a decline in Germany's strength, and that the victory of the allies will be organized, if it is not actually accomplished, before another winter has come and gone.

"Recovered from your attack of the grip, old man?"  
"Not entirely."  
"Why, you look as well as ever."  
"Yes, but I owe the doctor \$18."

Friend—I hear that you're gone away up.  
Druggist—It's the bitter truth.

**THE CRESTON REVIEW**

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C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, APRIL 21

**Land for Soldiers**

While a Dominion-wide committee (embracing a couple or three representatives from each of the provinces) has been in existence for several months now, battling with the problem of what to do for the soldiers returning from the war unfitted, either physically or by temperament, to return to their former vocations, few if any observations have emanated from these gentlemen except the general suggestion that the man be put on the land.

Apropos of this policy being seriously attempted Chas. Moore made a very timely suggestion in a letter in THE REVIEW of April 7th, that the attention of those entrusted with the task of devising this employment scheme be called to the advantages and attractions of horticulture, poultry and some lines of live stock raising in this section of B.C.

Assuming that this committee is desirous of placing those of the returning soldiers who have a liking for the life on the land in a community where they can follow their bent with a minimum of labor and the maximum assurance of success—financially in particular—undoubtedly this part of B.C. has the best of any other centre in the province and should have the most serious consideration of those entrusted with the task of working out the salvation of our returned soldiers.

Gentlemen of the board of trade, farmers' institute, Conservative and Liberal associations, and citizens generally, what are you going to do about it? Isn't the Valley's land, climate and marketing advantages worth a little shouting about, in such a worthy cause particularly?

**Long Looks Likely**

While to the extremists in the other political parties—and, no doubt, even to some of the Tories—last week's announcement that R. J. Long has finally consented to allow his name to go before the Conservative nominating convention in the Kaslo constituency, will do little to shake their confidence of the inability of any government candidate to carry the riding, there can be no reasonable doubt as to the good fortune of the party in inducing him to stand for nomination.

Unquestionably he is the most popular standard bearer in sight at this end of the riding, and there is considerable evidence that he enjoys considerable popularity in some of the other sections. His active identity with the ranching industry, at which he has achieved considerable success, will stand him in good stead, too, in these days when most everyone is shouting for more agriculturists in our legislative halls.

Everybody likes him. He pays his debts, minds his own business. In his official duties in the forestry department he has dealt squarely on all occasions, has given good value for salary received, and never padded the expense account so far as we have heard or heard it hinted.

He lives in the constituency and his personal interests are identical with those of 90 per cent. of his fellow citizens hereabouts. At the same time he has a grasp of the industrial situation in its effects on the land and should be

qualified to see that the various interests of the constituency are not prejudicially affected by legislation emanating from Victoria.

Of course R. J. is no spellbinder, though we are confident if favored with the nomination he will develop sufficient oratory to see him through. And, seeing absolute perfection is out of the question in any candidate, this short suit in speech-making is not likely to prove the handicap some imagine.

All and sundry of the critics to the contrary, THE REVIEW cannot help but feel that in R. J. Long the Conservatives have the right type of candidate for this campaign especially; a standard bearer who, if given the united support of his own party, on his personal worth, standing, all round popularity and campaigning experience has better chance of holding Kaslo in the Tory column than any of the other resident prospects so far enumerated—with a non-resident's prospects about as hopeful as those of a snowball in Hades.

And in connection with non-resident candidates it is but fair to state that Mr. Mackay, the sitting member for Kaslo, has given positive assurance that he will not consider re-nomination. Had he decided to again seek legislative honors in these parts it is hardly likely Mr. Long would have been persuaded to allow his name to go before the convention.

**Goose Shooting**

The closing of the goose shooting season on April 1st again brings forward the rather absurd feature of the game regulations that makes the killing of these birds unlawful from April 1st until some time in September. So far as this part of the province is concerned there should be no close season for geese.

These birds go south in the winter, arriving here for a short stay at a time when little or no hunting can be done with real comfort, and are shot at will, with little or no restriction, by American sportsmen. On their flight north in the spring they arrive too early for reasonable hunting and by the time conditions—climatic and otherwise—are rather favorable the close season is upon us, the birds passing on to their feeding grounds where they in turn are prey to hunters further north who enjoy at least a couple of months killing before the southern trek is commenced.

With his facility for juggling the regulations which permit of certain sections killing grouse this year and denying that privilege in other communities, and other irregularities in dates for open and closing the seasons, Game Warden Williams cannot confound things much worse than they are at present by providing this open the year round season for geese in those parts where conditions correspond with those hereabout.

**Creamery Considerations**

Failing the establishment of a butter factory in the Creston Valley this season the real dairymen in these parts will hear with satisfaction that they are shortly to have opportunity to discuss with the manager of the Cranbrook creamery the question of shipping cream to the buttermaking plant in that city for two reasons.

1. They will get first hand information from the man in authority as to the prices that will be paid for cream, the expense of shipping, the day or days of each month payments will be made and such other information as may be of interest. They will meet and converse face to face with the man

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who will test the cream, on which test the price paid will depend, and this personal-meeting feature will, doubtless, strengthen the confidence patrons will need to have in the man in charge of such an industry.

If the financial standing of the creamery appears sound and the price allowed for cream is sufficiently high, the creamery should be given a tryout. It will save labor at a period when the time so saved can be spent to good advantage in several other directions, and the cash thus received should help solve the average rancher's shopping problems to some extent. Besides, it will get the creamery habit going as well as enlarging the dairying industry in the Valley—provided the returns are satisfactory, of course—both of which details are devoutly to be hoped for in view of the not distant date when the Creston Valley creamery will be a reality.

**Trust the People**

One of the favorite arguments of prohibition journals against even a ballot box pronouncement re compensation for the liquor trade in case B.C. votes "dry" at the forthcoming plebescite on the question is that Ontario, Manitoba, Alberta and other provinces never gave heed to this phase of the question, therefore, why should British Columbia be so considerate. On the face of it the theory is plausible, but that's about the best one can say for it. After all the powers that be, the Dominion over, generally give us, in a matter of this sort particularly, legislation that means most votes for the party, but merely because any or every other province in Canada has not seen fit to take compensation into consideration does not bind B. C. to follow their example. Pontius Pilate deemed it good policy to act along that same line when he delivered the Christ over to be crucified but few there be who care to defend his action of giving the people what they thought they wanted. This attempt to head off popular expression as to compensation may be good tactics on the part of the "dry," though to wait would seem their opposition is bound to give not a few the impression that they're something in it which there is. If the people can be

trusted to say whether or no they want a "dry" era, surely they can be also trusted to pronounce intelligently on compensation also. The compensation feature to the ballot cannot possibly do any harm—and should the majority be against it look what a feather it would be in the cap of prohibitionist campaigners in general, and those of B.C. in particular.

**Local and Personal**

Both socially and financially the Social Club basket social at Wynndel on Saturday night was a large success. Baskets sold from \$3.25 down to \$1.75, and not quite enough of them to supply the demand. \$40 was realized, which will put the club out of its present financial difficulties. Some half-dozen Creston young people were in attendance.

The Creston baseball talent had its first workout on Sunday with a scratch nine from Erickson. The latter town is rather short on baseball material this year, Messrs. Roy Stocks, "Smoky" Embree, and Jim Long either being overseas or in training for the European war. Ed. Botterill, another of their utility men, has also removed during the winter.

Postmaster Gibbs has quite prominently displayed at the postoffice a brand new notice expressing in very brief, but much to the point terms, that smoking, spitting, loitering, loud talking, or noisy behaviour of any sort is absolutely forbidden in the building. Now that the fine weather is here the rail along the O.P.R. depot platform should begin to have its attractions and thus relieve some of the pressure at O.H.M.S. headquarters.

Hedley Gazette: The government power sprayer has been taken from the Creston district and given to the Okanagan. Inspector Clarke failed to include Kootenay and Boundary applies when he made up his display for San Diego fair, consequently Creston ranchers feel bad. It is this system of discrimination in public affairs that makes trouble in the province. One district has as much claim to recognition as another, bonthead officials to the contrary notwithstanding.

All game licenses expired on April 1st, and already there is some demand for the 1918-17 series, Jack Stevens and George Hendren being the real early birds this year. There is now no close season for bear for another four years according to a recent announcement. The department is also going to cut the bounty on coyotes from \$2 to \$1.50 or possibly \$1. So many of these animals were killed last year that at least \$10,000 more than provided for in the estimates was required to pay bounties earned.

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**Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations**

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territory and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated. In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

**NEWS OF KOOTENAYS**

Cranbrook Methodist Ladies Aid raised \$415 last year.

Grand Forks creamery is paying 40 cents a pound for butterfat.

M. A. Henderson & Co. will do Fernie's municipal auditing this year for \$600.

City clerk Roberts of Cranbrook has had his salary raised to \$125 per month.

Trail Red Cross is shipping about 200 pairs of socks monthly to the soldiers overseas.

Nelson hospital is to be enlarged, the addition providing room for at least 60 more beds.

The government has made a grant of \$7,500 to Trail's proposed new \$15,000 school.

For this year Fernie council will pay street laborers \$2.75 per day. The foremen get \$3.

Rossland Red Cross workers ship about 100 pairs of socks monthly to the overseas soldiers.

Frank mines are turning out 1100 tons of coal per day, the largest output in its history.

Rossland Conservative Association has enlarged its executive from seven to twelve members.

Riverside Nurseries have given 270 silver maples to beautify the Grand Forks fair grounds.

Cranbrook's new creamery will be in the vacant grocery building opposite the city hall.

Grand Forks merchants are starting the Wednesday half holiday in May, to run five months.

Someone stole 27 apple trees from the J. E. Kennedy ranch near Cranbrook since last fall.

The concentrator at Rosebery is running night and day now, handling about 60 tons daily.

Kaslo Women's Institute will attempt to establish a weekly public market in that town.

Silverton sawmill is operating again, cutting about 20,000 feet a day with a crew of eleven men.

The government grant for roads and bridges in the Kaslo constituency is \$4,000 less than in 1915.

Thirty-four men, recruited at Cranbrook for the 102nd Regiment, have transferred to the 225th.

Greenwood school, with attendance of 100 scholars, raised \$8.70 for the Patriotic Fund in March.

Cook Avenue school, Rossland, is giving five cents per pupil per month to the Belgian relief fund.

Rossland council will spend \$1,500 in purchasing and overhauling a motor truck for the fire department.

It has been finally decided that the 1916 salary of the Trail aldermen will be \$150. The mayor gets \$300.

There is such a scarcity of houses in Trail that many employees of the smelter will make their homes in Rossland this summer. A special auto bus will carry them back and forth.

Postmaster Kane at Kaslo has discarded the electric lights and installed a gasoline illuminating system.

Cranbrook council will put in a water trough for the accommodation of farmers utilizing the market.

Cranbrook's street cleaning will cost \$60 a month this year—after the April clean up, which will cost \$250.

The Bishop of Kootenay held confirmation service at Cranbrook on Sunday last. There were 23 candidates.

The dealer at Grand Forks has already sold seven Ford cars this year. Four of the city aldermen now own autos.

The upkeep of Kaslo's high and public school last year cut up close to \$7,500. The public school principal drew \$1,560.

Trail Knights of Pythias Lodge is getting ready to build a \$20,000 lodge room—the lower flat to be used as a general store.

Both Cranbrook and Elko are after the militia authorities to make these centres the training camp for the 225th Battalion.

Operations have commenced on Kaslo's public school garden, nearly all the pupils having a plot of their own to cultivate.

Kaslo Kootenayan: What's going to happen? There have been no appendicitis operations in this burg for at least two weeks.

For six months ending March Cranbrook council was at no expense whatever for laborers. The jail birds did all this sort of work.

There is some prosperity in the laundry business at Cranbrook. Mat Jim has just started for China on a six-months holiday trip.

Eight furnaces are now in operation at the Granby smelter at Grand Forks and will have an output of 15,000,000 pounds of copper this year.

During the past three months Trail Red Cross workers have spent almost \$3,000 on materials which they have made up into soldiers comforts.

Revelstoke is almost flat broke according to Mayor McKinnon and will likely go into the law courts to compel people to at least pay their 1913 taxes.

Free Press: The Orpheum entertained the school children of Fernie yesterday to a free matinee. Over 700 children attended and it was necessary to run two shows to accommodate them all.

**Strawberry Plants**

Hardy, northern-grown stock of the following varieties:

Senator Dunlap, Parson's Beauty, Glen Mary and Magoon

100 Plants, postpaid, \$1.50

1,000 Plants, f.o.b. here, \$6.50

Gold Coin Seed Potatoes

SELECTED STOCK \$1.50 per 100 pounds

**Monrad Wigen**  
Wynndel, B. C.

**Wynndel Box Factory**  
WYNDEL, B. C.

MANUFACTURES

Boxes and Crates

Rough and Dressed Lumber

**Production and Thrift**

"To win the war with the decisiveness which will ensure lasting peace, the Empire will require to put forth its full collective power in men and in money. From this viewpoint it is our true policy to augment our financial strength by multiplying our productive exertions and by exercising rigid economy, which reduces to the minimum all expenditures upon luxuries and non-essentials. Only in this way shall we be able to make good the loss caused by the withdrawal of so many of our workers from industrial activities, repair the wastage of the war, and find the funds for its continuance. It cannot be too frequently or too earnestly impressed upon our people that the heaviest burdens of the conflict still lie before us, and that industry and thrift are, for those who remain at home, supreme patriotic duties upon whose faithful fulfilment our success, and consequently our national safety, may ultimately depend."—SIR THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.

**PRODUCE MORE, SAVE MORE.  
MAKE LABOUR EFFICIENT.  
SAVE MATERIALS FROM WASTE.  
SPEND MONEY WISELY.**

**LET US PRODUCE AND SAVE—**

The war is now turning on a contest of all forces and resources—men, munitions, food, money. The call to all is to produce more and more. It may be necessary to work harder. The place of those who enlist must be taken by those at home, men and women, old and young. The more we produce the more we can save. Produce more on the farms and in the gardens. Save more and help to win the war.

**LET US NOT WASTE OUR LABOUR—**

In this war-time all labour should be directly productive or should be assisting in production. Make it as efficient as possible. If your labour is on something that can be postponed, put it off till after the war and make your labour tell now. Making war is the first business of all Canadians. Efficiency in labour is as important as efficiency in fighting.

**LET US NOT WASTE MATERIALS—**

Begin at home. The larger portion of salaries and wages is spent on the home—food, fuel, light, clothing. Are any of these things being wasted? \$20.00 a year saved from waste in every home in Canada will more than pay the interest on a war debt of \$200,000,000.

**LET US SPEND OUR MONEY WISELY—**

Are you spending your money to the best advantage? What do you think of extravagance in war time? Tens of thousands of Canadians are daily risking their lives for us at home. Is it not our duty to be careful and economical? Canadian dollars are an important part of the war equipment. Make them tell. Have a War Savings Account. Buy a War Bond.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA  
THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

**Jackson's Teas at 45c. and 55c. lb. have no equal in Creston**

**Easter for the Little Folks**      **Dancing Pumps**

will be brighter and have a truer meaning if you surprise them with some of our Easter Eggs. They are candy, of course, and come in a variety of sizes and in all the colors of the rainbow, assorted to please all. Be sure and see them whether you buy or not.

The Red Cross Ball on Easter Monday will be the social event of the season. Don't mar its pleasure by going with a pair of unsatisfactory dancing shoes. We are showing a nice line of Dancing Pumps for both ladies and gents that cannot be excelled for style and comfort, and the price is very attractive.

We respectfully beg to notify our customers and the citizens generally that commencing MAY 3rd THIS STORE WILL CLOSE EVERY WEDNESDAY at 1 o'clock prompt, and will remain closed until Thursday morning.

**Frank H. Jackson**  
General Store Phone 81 Creston

**Creston Hotel**

**The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt**

**Our Guests Call Again**

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercial.

J. B. Moran - - Prop.

**THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE**

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President  
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Asst. General Manager

**CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$13,500,000**

**FARMERS' BUSINESS**

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application.

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

**Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables**

Shipment of McLaughlin Sleighs and Cutters on Hand  
**TEAM SLEIGHS**

Harness, Single and Double and Supplies on Hand  
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness

Sleighs and Cutters **COAL FOR SALE**

**H. S. McCreath, Prop.**

# CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

## WITHIN THE LAW

BY MARVIN DANA

(Copyright)

(Continued)

There was another single step made by Griggs toward the door. Mary's eye caught the movement, and her lips soundlessly formed the name: "Griggs!"

The man strove to carry off the situation, though he knew well that he stood in mortal peril. He came a little toward the girl who had accused him of treachery.

"He's lying to you!" he cried forcibly, with a scornful gesture toward Dick Gilder. "I tell you those tapestries are worth a million dollars."

Mary's answer was virulent in its sudden burst of hate.

"You stool pigeon! You did this for Burke!"

"I swear I didn't! I swear it!"

"It's a frameup!" Garson broke in ferociously. His tones came in a deadened roar of wrath.

On the instant, aware that further subterfuge could be of no avail, Griggs swaggered defiance.

"And what if it is true?" he drawled, with a resumption of his aristocratic manner. He plucked the police whistle from his waistcoat pocket and raised it to his lips.

He moved too slowly. Garson had pulled the pistol from his pocket, had pressed the trigger. There came no spurt of flame. There was no sound—save perhaps a faint clicking noise. But the man with the whistle at his lips suddenly ceased movement, trembled horribly and in the next instant crashed to the floor, dead.

In the first second of the tragedy Dick had not understood. But the falling of Griggs before the leveled weapon of the other man, there to lie in that ghastly immobility, made him understand. He leaped toward Garson—would have wrenched the pistol from the other's grip. In the struggle it fell to the floor.

Before either could pick it up Chicago Red called his warning.

"Somebody's opening the front door!"

Garson sprang to the octagonal window as Dick took possession of the pistol.

"The street's empty! We must jump for it! Come on, Mary," he cried.

Already Chicago Red had snapped off the lights of the chandelier, had sprung to the window, thrown open a panel of it and had vanished into the night, with Dacey at his heels. As Garson would have called out to the girl again he was interrupted by Dick.

"She couldn't make it, Garson," he declared coolly and resolutely. "You go. I'll take care of her!"

"If she's caught—" There was an indescribable menace in the forger's half uttered threat.

"She won't be."

"If she is, I'll get you, that's all," Garson said as he dropped out of sight.

### CHAPTER XV. Within the Toils

The going of Garson left the room deathly still. Dick turned to Mary and took her hand in his. His arm swept about her in a protecting embrace—just in time or she would have fallen.

A whisper came from her quivering lips. Her face was close to his, else he could not have caught the uncertain murmuring. The muscles of her face twitched as if bereft of any strength of body or of soul. Yet, in the intensity of her utterance, the feeble whisper struck like a shriek of horror.

"I—I never saw any one killed before!"

Before he could utter the soothing words that rose to his lips, Dick was interrupted by a slight sound at the door. Instantly he was all alert to meet the exigencies of the situation. He stood by the couch, bending forward a little as if in a posture of intimate familiarity. He heard the noise again presently, now so near that he made sure of being overheard, so at once he spoke with a forced cheerfulness in his inflection.

"I-I-I never saw any one killed before!"

"Everything's going to be all right for you and me. It was bully of you to come here like this."

**MURINE, Granulated Eyelids,** for eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust. **YOUR EYES** quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting. No Stinging. At Your Druggists. 40¢ per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Talcum 25¢. For Book of the Eye Free Write: Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago.

The girl made no response. Dick, in nervous apprehension as to the issue, sought to bring her to a realization of the new need that had come upon them.

"Talk to me," he commanded very softly. "They'll be here in a minute. When they come in pretend you just came here in order to meet me. Try, Mary. You must do it!" Then again his voice rose to loudness as he continued: "Why, I've been trying all day to see you. And now here we are together, just as I was beginning to get really discouraged. I know my father will eventually—"

He was interrupted by the swift swinging open of the hallway door. Burke stood just within the library, a revolver pointed menacingly.

"Hands up, all of you!" The inspector's voice fairly roared the command.

The belligerent expression of his face vanished abruptly as his eyes fell on Dick standing by the couch and Mary reclining there in limp helplessness.

"What are you doing in this house at this time of night?" Dick demanded.

"I recognize you, Inspector Burke. But you must understand that there are limits even to what you can do. It seems to me, sir, that you exceed your authority by such an intrusion as this."

Burke waved his revolver toward Mary.

"What's she doing here?" he asked.

"You forget yourself, inspector. This is my wife. She has the right to be with me—her husband!"

"Where's your father?" he questioned roughly.

"In bed, naturally," was the answer. "I ask you again, What are you doing here at this time of night?"

"Oh, call your father," Burke directed.

"It's late," Dick objected. "I'd rather not disturb him, if you don't mind." Suddenly he smiled very winningly and spoke with a good assumption of ingenuousness.

"Inspector," he said briskly, "I see I'll have to tell you the truth. It's this: I've persuaded my wife to go away with me. She's going to give all that other sort of thing up. Yes, we're going away together. So, you see, we've got to talk it over. Now, then, inspector if you'll come back in the morning—"

As he spoke the white beam of the flashing searchlight from the tower fell between the undrawn draperies of the octagonal window. The light startled the inspector again as it had done once before that same night. His gaze followed it instinctively. So within the second he saw the still form lying there on the floor.

There was no mistaking that awful, motionless, crumpled posture. The inspector leaped to the switch by the door and turned on the lights of the chandelier. In the next moment he had reached the door of the passage across the room, and his whistle sounded shrill. His voice bellowed reinforcement to the blast.

"Cassidy! Cassidy!"

Cassidy came rushing in with the other detectives.

"Why, what's it all mean, chief?" he questioned.

"They've got Griggs!" Burke answered. There was exceeding rage in his voice as he spoke from his kneeling posture beside the body, to which he had hurried after the summons to his aids. "I'll break you for this, Cassidy," he declared fiercely. "Why didn't you get here on the run when you heard the shot?"

"But there wasn't any shot. I tell you, chief, there hasn't been a sound."

Burke rose to his feet. His heavy face was set in its sternest mold.

"You could drive a hearse through the hole they made in him," said Cassidy. Burke wheeled on Mary and Dick. "So," he shouted, "now it's murder! Well, hand it over. Where's the gun?" He nodded toward Dick as he gave his order. "Search him!"

Dick took the revolver from his pocket and held it out.

At this incriminating crisis for the son the father hastily strode into the library. He had been aroused by the inspector's shouting and was evidently greatly perturbed.

"What's all this?" he exclaimed.

Burke in a moment like this was no respecter of persons.

"You can see for yourself," he said grimly to the dumfounded magnate. "So," he went on, with somber menace in his voice, "you did it, young man." He nodded toward the detective. "Well, Cassidy, you can take 'em both downtown. That's all."

The command aroused Dick to remonstrance against such indignity toward the woman he loved.

"Nor her!" he cried imploringly. "You don't want her, inspector! This is all wrong!"

"Dick," Mary advised quietly "don't talk, please."

"What do you expect?" Burke inquired truculently. "As a matter of fact, the thing's simple enough, young man. Either you killed Griggs or she did."

The inspector with his charge made a careless gesture toward the corpse of the murdered man, Edward Gilder looked and saw the ghastly, inanimate heap or flesh and bone that had once been a man. He fairly reeled at the spectacle, then found a wild and catatonic hand until he laid hold on a chair, into which he sank helplessly.

"Either you killed him," the voice repeated gratingly, "or she did. Well, then, young man, did she kill him?"

"Good God, no!" Dick shouted, aghast.

"Then it was you!"

"No, no! He didn't!" Mary's words came frantically.

(To be continued)

## WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

### Its War Time Aspect.

London, Eng. The women of England are doing their duty. They are taking care of the wounded, or if they cannot assist in work of that kind they are adding their savings to promote the good work. They are knitting and sewing for the soldiers at the front. The suffragists have given so little trouble to the government that it will undoubtedly soften the hearts of those in Parliament, since the "militants" have turned all their energies to aid the fighting men of England, and so suffrage may soon come after this terrible war is over.

Thousands of women in Canada have overcome their sufferings, and have been cured of woman's ills by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This temperance medicine, though started nearly half a century ago, sells most widely to-day, because it is made without alcohol or narcotics. It can now be had in tablet form as well as liquid, and every woman who suffers from backache, headache, nervousness, should take this "Prescription" of Dr. Pierce. It is prepared from nature's roots and herbs and does not contain a particle of alcohol or any narcotic. Its not a secret prescription for its ingredients are printed on wrapper.

Many a woman is nervous and irritable, feels dragged down and worn out for no reason that she can think of. In ninety-nine per cent. of these cases it is the womanly organism that requires attention; the weak back, dizzy spells and black circles about the eyes, are only symptoms. Go to the source of trouble. When that is corrected the other symptoms disappear.

St. Thomas, Ont.—"I wish to say for the benefit of other women who suffer that I recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a great help. I have personally recommended the same to many who in turn have helped a great deal by its use."—Mrs. F. J. BOWDEN, 19 Oliver St., St. Thomas, Ont.

## Agricultural Plans for England After the War

### To Prevent Young Men From Emigrating to the Colonies

Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for the colonies, speaking at the London school of economics, discussed the problems that will arise after the war, referring particularly to agriculture. He declared that it was necessary for England to adopt a broad programme of agricultural development to prevent a too great number of men emigrating to the colonies.

"The government engaged in carrying on the war," said the Unionist leader, "has no easy task, but the government which shoulders the duty of reconstruction after the war will have work no less difficult. The war has shown us that agriculture is still the most important of all our industries and in the British Isles we must have healthy agriculture."

"After the war large numbers of soldiers will not be willing to go back to tame industrial life. We know how important is the strength of the imperial colonies, and we wish to see them grow in population with men of our own race and ideals, but we don't want to see the best and most vigorous of our people leaving these shores even for the colonies. For that reason it is essential to make real efforts to place agriculture here on an attractive and profitable basis."

## EUREKA HARNES OIL

puts new life in your harness. Keeps it from drying up and cracking. Makes it soft, pliable and strong. Contains no animal or vegetable fats to become rancid. It makes harness last longer.

Distributors Everywhere  
The Imperial Oil Company Limited  
WHOLESALE IN ALL CITIES

## Slow But Sure Victory for Allies

### Allies Are Moving Little by Little to a Successful Conclusion of Hostilities

"The success so far attained has been due to the indomitable spirit, dogged tenacity which knows no defeat, and the heroic courage so abundantly displayed by the rank and file of the splendid army which it will ever remain the pride and glory of my life to have commanded during over sixteen months of incessant fighting." So writes Sir John French in the stirring message in which he takes farewell of the army in France. Sir John is not of opinion that the great qualities to which he bears tribute have been wasted on a profitless enterprise. On the contrary, he declares his conviction that a glorious ending to these heroic and splendid efforts is not far distant. We hope these words will be taken as more than conventional rhetoric of a farewell message. They remind us of an aspect of the war which is forgotten by the impatient spectator who has got into the habit of talking and thinking as if the war in the west were an interminable waiting in trenches with no prospect of conclusion or solution. It is, on the contrary, a prolonged and unceasing struggle in which two vast armies are perpetually at grips, in which for many months the allies held on desperately against superior forces, in which for many months more they struggled for equality, and are now at length struggling for ascendancy. It is a war in which the occasional battles are on a bigger scale than the greatest recorded in history, a war which needs unceasing vigilance and prolonged preparation for every movement. We get only occasional glimpses of its realities, but long after the event we learn that a few lines in a daily communique have conveyed the news of a battle as big as Sedan, and that a single "quiet day" has been varied by incidents of unsurpassed courage and daring. The popular habit of calling this warfare "stalemate" does most serious injustice to the armies and the generals and the governments which are laboring to supply their needs. We get a superficial idea of apathy and weariness when the reality is incessant fighting, unrelaxed strain, feverish activity of attack, defence and preparation. The belief that it is fruitless and endless is an illusion of the civilian. The soldiers know by a thousand unrecorded signs that they are moving, little by little, to a conclusion in which one army will prove definitely stronger than the other, and the weaker be obliged to evacuate its positions. They know that there is no other way than that of the "indomitable spirit and dogged tenacity which knows no defeat," and though the war is long and weary and dangerous, it is not from them that we get the cries of impatience or dissatisfaction, the demand for new and sensational methods to cheer the public with announcements of victories on newspaper posters.—Westminster Gazette.

## British Railroads Do Great Service

One of the Finest Feats of Organization During War is Shown

Calculations just finished for the first year of the war show that the working of the British railroads is probably the greatest feat of British organization during the war. It cost the government only the comparatively trifling sum of ten million dollars, whereas millions of British troops were transported to all parts of the country, while the regular passenger service scarcely showed any signs of the outbreak of war.

All the railroads are under government control, and are worked by a committee of managers, payment being calculated according to the difference between the net receipts of 1913 and the receipts during wartime. Considering that some of the railroads carried occasionally fifty troop trains in one day, as well as supplying innumerable trains for military supplies and material, the cost to the government is amazingly small. The low expense is only attributable to the extraordinary economical methods of the committee, who abolished all wasteful competition while maintaining adequate passenger service.

The success of the committee on railroad management is bound to lead to a strong agitation to nationalize the railroads after the war, and the proposal is likely now to meet with little opposition from the directors and shareholders.

The satisfaction of government officials and the railroad managers over the showing found a ready response with the public. The British point out that their railroad methods rival Germany's vaunted system, and that the feat is all the more remarkable because British lines were built with an eye to peace purposes, while the German network of lines always had had military advantages in view.

While travel broadens a man, it isn't necessarily fattening.

## Diseases Carried by Dogs

### Every Dog Has His Day and Also His Germs

Dr. M. C. Hall of the U.S. Bureau of Animal Industry, has just published a bulletin on parasites and diseases carried by dogs, in which he points out that the domestic status of the dog has not yet been adapted to hygienic requirements of modern life, and declares that the destruction of all superfluous dogs, including those that are ownerless or whose owners do not keep them at home and in a sanitary condition, would mean an annual saving of hundreds of human lives and an increase of millions of dollars in the wealth of the nation.

He points out especially the danger of letting dogs take too great liberties with human beings; as, for example, licking the baby's face or the children's candy. Important diseases conveyed by dogs to man and the domestic animals include rabies, hydatid, gid, muscular cysticercosis, or so-called "measles," in sheep, tapeworm in man and especially in children, roundworm in man, tongue-worm in man and stock, etc.

Fair Hostess (entertaining wounded soldier)—And so one Jack Johnson buried you, and the next dug you up again and landed you on the top of a barn! Now what were your feelings? Tommy—if you'll believe me, ma'am I was never more surprised in all my life.

Pessimism is another name for Indigestion.

## Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

### Why They're Bought

"I can certainly say the Gin Pills have done a lot of good for me. Some four years ago I could not walk up stairs, my feet and ankles were so swollen, but I took three boxes of Gin Pills and the trouble has never returned. My mother, 82 years of age, is taking them and feels fine."

MRS. J. B. SALSURRY, Camden East.

GIN PILLS are 50¢ a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50 at all druggists. Sample sent free if requested.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

## Don't Forget—

that when constipation, biliousness or indigestion is neglected, it may cause a serious illness. Act upon the first symptom—keep your digestive organs in good order by the timely use of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

**RAW FURS**  
We Pay Highest Values  
Write for Price List and Shipping Tags.  
Siere Fur Co. Ltd.  
King and Alexander, WILMINGTON, Canada  
WE BUY ALL FURS AND SKINS

## LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

## EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

### Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

#### CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature



### CLIFTON CLOTHES

are high-class, well-made, and perfect fitting. All ordered clothing made to measure. Agents wanted in every town. The Clifton Tailors, Limited 20 Hayter St., Toronto, Ont.

### Veal's Cotton Roof Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, \$1; No. 2, \$2; No. 3, \$3 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Winter)

### BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Cutter's Blacking Pills. Low price, free trial. Prepared by Western stockmen because they prefer where other varnishes fail. Write for booklet and London, 10-dose pkgs. Blacking Pills \$1.00 50-dose pkgs. Blacking Pills \$4.00. See any index or catalogue to over 15 years of specializing in varnishes and serums only. Write to Cutter's. It's unobtainable, order direct. THE CUTLER LABORATORY, Berkeley, California.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 2, N.S. THERAPION Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES, HEMORRHOIDS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, ALL SKIN AFFECTIONS, ALL WOUNDS, ALL BURNS, ALL SCALDS, ALL SORES, ALL FROSTBITE, ALL CHILBLAINS, ALL BRUISES, ALL SWELLINGS, ALL PAINS, ALL INFLAMMATIONS, ALL IRRITATIONS, ALL ITCHINGS, ALL BURNS, ALL SCALDS, ALL SORES, ALL FROSTBITE, ALL CHILBLAINS, ALL BRUISES, ALL SWELLINGS, ALL PAINS, ALL INFLAMMATIONS, ALL IRRITATIONS, ALL ITCHINGS.

SELLING AGENTS WANTED In every town in Canada to sell "Sterling Clothes" to measure. They are absolutely guaranteed. Write for particulars. STERLING TAILORING CO., 635 College Street Toronto

"The Drink or the Job" Business of the country, more than ever, is conforming to the new standard, "The Drink or the Job."

Let him protest, and seek elsewhere for employment, the worker is everywhere confronted with that requirement; there is no escape!

The want ad. columns of the daily newspapers tell the same story:—"Wanted—Sober, reliable men. No others need apply."

Time was when the drink went hand-in-hand with the job—easy, indulgent times of jolly good fellowship; but business has come to realize that there can be good fellowship on a sober basis, and that to have all-round good times there must be conformity to a better business standard as to sobriety.

The statesman must conform to that standard; he is no longer lightly referred to as having been "in his cups," his constituents do not condone that any more; he, too, recognizes that it is "The Drink or the Job."

The people of the populous cities—the town builders everywhere—city district and country district—seem to be getting in line with that proposition; and because of it and their acceptance of its restrictions there are better conditions everywhere—money in pocket and happiness in home.

It is coming to be "The Drink or the Job" the world over.—Atlanta Constitution.

First Frau—My poor boy Fritz is having a dreadful time. He is with the army in Russia.

Second Frau—And what about you other boy, Hans?

First Frau—Oh, he's all right. He's in the navy.—Bylander.

Have you Catarrh? Is nasal breathing impaired? Does your throat get husky or clogged? Modern science proves that these symptoms result from run-down health. Sniffs and vapors are irritating and useless. The oil-food in Scott's Emulsion will enrich and enliven the blood, aid nutrition and assist nature to check the inflammation and heal the sensitive membranes. Shun Alcoholic mixtures and insist upon SCOTT'S.

Remarkable Heroism of Italian Airman Details now made public concerning the recent Italian air raid on Laibach reveal the heroism of Capt. Salomone, pilot of one of the Italian aeroplanes. On his return journey Capt. Salomone's machine was attacked by five Austrian Fokkers. He was severely wounded in the head and temporarily blinded by blood, while two other officers aboard the aeroplane, one of whom was Lieut.-Col. Barbieri, were killed outright.

Despite the difficulty of steering, the bodies of his dead comrades having fallen over the levers, Salomone refused to surrender. He succeeded in returning and landed at Talmanova. Salomone is now recovering in a hospital. A medal has been awarded to him for valor.

Spurgeon was once asked if he thought that a man who learned to play the cornet on the Sabbath day would go to heaven.

The reply of the great preacher was characteristic. "I don't see why he should not," he answered, "but I doubt very much if the man who lives next door will."

### Lame Back Strengthened, Stiffness Taken Right Out

### Was Relieved in an Hour, and Cured Over Night

All lame back? Quite unnecessary. All you have to do is to rub on Nerviline. It's simply a wonder for backache—relieves after one rubbing. "Nothing possibly could cure an aching back faster than Nerviline," writes Mrs. Arthur Kobar, of Lower Chelsea, N.S. "I caught cold and was so prostrated with pain I could not bend over. We always have Nerviline at home, and I had the painful region rubbed thoroughly with this grand liniment. At once the pain departed. The lameness was rapidly reduced and in an hour I was able to be about my housework. I was rubbed again just before retiring, and awoke as usual in the morning without a sign of my back trouble."

There is no sort of muscular pain that Nerviline won't cure quickly. Thousands swear by it for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica and lumbago. It sinks to the core of the pain—right through muscle, tissue and nerve—it penetrates where no oily, greasy liniment can go and invariably cures quickly. If you have an ache or a pain anywhere—use Nerviline—it will cure you. Family size bottle, very large, 50c; trial size 25c at all dealers.

Mrs. Youngwedd (a doctor's daughter)—Did papa say he would do anything for you? Youngwedd—Yes; he said he would operate upon me at any time free of charge.

A Simple and Cheap Medicine—A simple, cheap and effective medicine is something to be desired. There is no medicine so effective a regulator of the digestive system as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple, they are cheap, they can be got anywhere, and their beneficial action will prove their recommendation. They are the medicine of the poor man and those who wish to escape doctors' bills will do well in giving them a trial.

War's Link of Brotherhood There has never, in the history of the British empire, been a time when barriers of all kinds, as between man and man, have been so broken down as now. Never was the feeling of brotherhood so strong. It is only those who are worthless to the community who do not feel this and who deny the common brotherhood of the world. Every soldier who fights, fights for us all. Every victory is ours. Every wounded man, every soldier's funeral, all ours. It is for us then to see, after the war is over, that this link of brotherhood is not broken.—Royal Gazette, Bermuda.

### An Excellent Remedy For the Children

Mrs. Laura Jackson, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets such an excellent remedy for children that I have no hesitation in recommending them to all mothers." Thousands of mothers say the same thing concerning the Tablets. Once a mother has used them she would use nothing else. They are for sale at all druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"No, suh," said Mr. Frastus Pinkloy from behind the bars of the village lockup. "Ah wouldn't 'a' got into no trouble wif de constable, suh, ef it hadn't ben fo' whimmen's lub ob dress." "What on earth has dress got to do with it?" asked the amazed visitor. "Well, suh, my whimmen folks, dey wasn't satisfied wif eatin' dat chicken. Dey had to go an' put de foddors on deir hats an' p'rade 'em as circumstantial evidence."

### Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Uncle Mose was making a great fuss while trying to round up a lot of hens and roosters that had escaped from their pen in his back yard. "Why all the excitement?" asked a good natured passer-by. "Ah want to git 'em all back in right away," explained Uncle Mose. "But why not wait until evening? Chickens come home to roost." "Yes," replied Uncle Mose, with a grin, "an' dey goes home, too."

# It's Bovril they want

Bovril makes other foods nourish you. It has a Body-building power proved equal to from 10 to 20 times the amount of Bovril taken.

Church service was over, and three prominent members of the congregation walked home together, discussing the sermon.

"I tell you," said the first, enthusiastically, "Dr. Blank can certainly dive deeper into the truth than any preacher I ever heard." "Y-es," said the second man, "and he can stay under longer." "Yes," said the third, "and come up drier."—Windsor Magazine.

Externally or Internally, it is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissue as few liniments do, touching the seat of the trouble, and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

Much of the original sin to be observed about us doesn't show many signs or originality.

Irrigation is more profitable when applied to the soil than to the throat.

### Mouth Organs Come Back

The plaintive melody of the Jew's harp and the wild free syncopation of the harmonica will mingle in the London airshafts.

Old-fashioned melodies from penny piccolos will lull London to sleep and the town will wake up to rags blared out on jitney mouth-organs.

Musical instruments that cost more than a shilling are now viewed as luxuries and as such to be foresworn during the war.

Those costing less than a shilling are in royal favor. A Royal proclamation published in the London Gazette announces that mouth-organs and musical instruments the value of which does not exceed a shilling are exempt from import duty. Engineers' hand tools as motor car accessories are put in the same class.

We have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in our home for a number of years and use no other Liniment but MINARD'S, and we recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to anyone.

JOHN WAKEFIELD, LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N.S.

Nervous Country Gentleman (as taxi just misses pedestrian)—Do drive carefully, please. I'm not accustomed to taxis.

Driver—That's funny! I ain't used to 'em, neither. As a matter o' fact I've only taken this on for a bet.—Punch.

Praises This Asthma Remedy.—A grateful user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though for thirteen years he had sought other help. Years of needless suffering may be prevented by using this wonderful remedy at the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple, its cost is slight and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

It was the recreation hour at school. "Tommy," said the teacher pleasantly, "do you know 'How Doth the Little Busy Bee'?" "No, ma'am," said Tommy. "But you betcher life I know he doth it."

# PILES

Are you a sufferer? Know that terrible aching, dragging-down pain, that robs you of pleasure, even of rest, and makes life miserable? Don't you believe in the law of average? If a remedy has cured hundreds of people, don't you think it likely it might at least cure you?

Just give Zam-Buk a fair trial! Mr. J. McEwen, of Dundas, suffered from piles for fifteen years. He says: "I tried pretty nearly everything, but got no permanent relief until I tried Zam-Buk. This balm relieved the pain; continued use completely and permanently cured me."

The rich herbal essences of which Zam-Buk is composed, quickly remove congestion, relieve the dull, gnawing, burning pain, and cure. All druggists and stores, or post-paid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price, 50c. box, 3 boxes \$1.25.



### How to Read the Newspaper

How many undergraduates are there who can trace clearly and concisely even without going much into detail, the main developments in the war? How many can talk intelligently on European relations during the war and produce any real facts to back up their statements? How many have at their tongues' end much other important and useful information? With the college man the remedy for his lack of perspective is not more time spent with the newspaper, but the application to his newspaper reading of the same principles he applies to reading done in connection with a college course—memorizing important facts, and continual co-ordination of events.—McGill Daily.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A lie will travel faster than the truth, but it will not be the first to arrive at the destination, because it must double on its tracks so often.

I had awful sharp pains in the lower part of back and left hip— Could only walk

## Rheumatism and Lumbago

Mr. Wm. Parker, 105 Cayuga street, Brantford, Ont., tells in the following letter of his remarkable experience with Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills:—"My doctor treated me for some time for Sciatica, Rheumatism, Lumbago, but to no purpose, for I had to lay off work. The visiting officer of Sick Benefit called to see me and advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, stating that he had been cured of the same trouble by their use. I asked the druggist about them and he recommended them highly. Not being satisfied with this, I went back to my doctor, and when he said they were good I began their use. The promptness with which they enlivened the action of the kidneys and bowels was wonderful, and it was not long before I was rid of all my trouble. I had awful, sharp pains in the lower part of my back and left hip, and was so bad that I could only walk by hanging on to a chair or the wall. My wife had to lace my shoes. Only those who have had this ailment can realize the way I suffered. I am writing this letter to let people who have my trouble know of these pills. You are at liberty to use this letter, and if anyone interested will call or write to me I will give every detail."

When you have pains and aches put Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to the test. By enlivening the action of liver, kidneys and bowels they cleanse the system of all poisons, and thereby remove the cause of rheumatism, lumbago and other painful diseases.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box; all dealers, or Edmansson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

# Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free, if you mention this paper.

# Wall Paper

We are carrying a line of WALL PAPER in stock, so you can pick out your paper and take it home with you, thus avoiding a long wait, and sometimes disappointment.

See our lines before buying elsewhere.

**Creston Drug & Book Co.**  
PHONE 67 - CRESTON

# P. BURNS & Co.

Limited CRESTON B.C.

Head Offices  
CALGARY; VANCOUVER; EDMONTON.

Dealers in

## MEAT

Wholesale and Retail

Fish, Game, Poultry,  
and Oysters  
in Season

We have the goods, and our prices are reasonable

## Growers of Canyon City, Erickson, Creston, Wynndel Districts

TAKE NOTICE that the HOUSE OF QUALITY is again on the map as a Commission House for disposing of the Fruit and Vegetables from the above districts.

**A. LINDLEY**  
BOX 31 CRESTON, B.C.

## Boar for Service

Registered Large English Berkshire Boar, Creston Boy, for service. Fee \$3. STOCKS & JACKSON, Mountain View Ranch.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC

## Easter Excursions

Fare and One-Third for the round trip.

Tickets on sale

April 20-23 inclusive  
Good returning April 25

For tickets and information apply any C.P.R. Ticket Agent

R. DAWSON,  
Dist. Passenger Agent  
Calgary, Alta.

## Local and Personal

**COW FOR SALE**—Milking. R. J. CHAMBERS (CANYON), Erickson P.O.

**GIRL WANTED** for general house work—Apply Mrs. W. H. Crawford.

Although not definitely announced it is expected all the stores in town will start the Wednesday half-holiday on May 3rd, and continue the same till the end of August or September.

The tea at Mrs. J. M. Craigie's on Thursday afternoon last under W.C. T.U. auspices netted \$3 for the Vancouver rescue home work. The next meeting is at Mrs. Stocks, on May 11th.

The provincial authorities having made Saturday a legal holiday Manager Bennett and the staff at the Bank of Commerce will be on vacation from Thursday afternoon until Tuesday morning.

Miss Merle Reid returned on Saturday from the Cranbrook hospital, where she had been for two weeks for an operation for appendicitis, from the effects of which she is on the high-road to recovery.

Miss Snider of Moyie will assist the Misses Cartwright at the Red Cross 10-cent tea the latter are giving in Speers' Hall on Saturday afternoon. In addition to the tea there will also be a sale of homemade candy.

The bank staff was at home to a number of the young set in the apartments over the bank on Friday night. Cards and dancing were the features, Messrs. Squires and Manford proving themselves hosts par excellence.

The Red Cross Auxiliary treasury was swelled to the extent of \$2.40 on Tuesday, the entire proceeds of a sale of daffodils by Miss Dorothy and Master Arthur Stark. There was a brisk demand for the blooms at 10 cents a bunch.

The C.P.R. appear to be getting ready to launch their new no-trespassing regulations. This week the section crews have been at work tearing down the stiles leading into ranches that abut the tracks both east and west of Creston.

The government returns show the Creston Farmers' Institute to have closed the year with the sixth largest cash balance on hand of all the Institutes in the province. In the matter of membership they are seventh on the list.

The school trustees have decided that owing to the few weeks that intervene between the Easter vacation and the closing for mid-summer holidays no new pupils will be accepted at the Creston school until the term opens in August.

The second casualty to members of the 48th Battalion, who have been in the fighting for almost six months now, was posted on Tuesday, when word arrived that Philip Butterfield had been slightly wounded in Sunday's fighting "somewhere in France."

Another operation for appendicitis was performed at the St. Eugene Hospital, Cranbrook, on Tuesday, on Miss Louise Bevan, who was taken to that city the day previous by Mrs. Bevan. Latest word is that Louise came through the ordeal nicely and is recovering in good shape.

Mr. Fairbairn of Winnipeg, owner of the Swanson Ranch, was here the early part of the week on an inspection of the property. There are almost 11,000 trees on the place, some of which should be bearing next season. The mice did considerable damage during the winter, some 500 trees being more or less barked.

Next week's attraction is the Presbyterian Ladies' presentation of "An Oldtime Ladies' Aid Business meeting," in the Mercantile Hall, on Friday, the 28th. This feature alone is well worth the admission charged—35 and 10 cents—but for good measure there will also be several musical and literary numbers. Curtain at 8.30 prompt.

Easter Sunday will be appropriately observed, both morning and evening, in the Creston Presbyterian Church. At 11.15 there will be a special children's service, when Rev. Pow's subject will be, "Consider the Lilies." At 7.30 the music will be distinctly appropriate to the day, as well as the address. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

Only routine matters were up for consideration at the April meeting of the school board on Monday afternoon, at which Trustees Mrs. Mallandaine and Jackson were in attendance. The salaries of the teachers and caretaker up to the end of March were ordered paid, as well as all the accounts in hand up to the same date. There were no new developments in connection with the proposed new high school.

C. O. Rodgers paid Nelson a business visit yesterday.

Good Friday (to-day) and also Monday are statutory holidays and the general delivery wicket at the post office will be open from 4.30 to 5.30 p.m. only.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Simpson and family arrived from Calgary, Alta., on Monday, and are this week taking possession of the Lindley ranch, which they have leased.

Entertainment promoters will note that the band has booked the evening of May 24th for another of their popular dances with a box social attachment, maybe.

The Red Cross depot will be open as usual on Tuesday afternoon. The work turned in this week was socks from Mrs. H. Hamilton, Mrs. Nicholls and Mrs. Sherwood.

George Meade is reported to have sold his 16-acre ranch, opposite Fred Smith's, to Capt. Passmore of Blairmore, who will have part of it got ready for crop and also build a cottage on it.

About twenty per cent. of the local Indian population were chaperoned to Cranbrook by Conductor Joe Jackson on Wednesday. They are having their Easter celebration at Fort Steele this year.

Ranchers should not overlook the meeting on Monday afternoon in the Auditorium, at 2 o'clock, when a proposition to sell the 1916 fruit and vegetable crop through the Okanagan selling agency will be submitted.

Billy Truscott, who pulled out a couple of weeks ago for the Boundary country, has landed a job with the Western Pine Lumber Co. at Grand Forks, and is also playing the E-flat tenor in the town's newly organized band.

Capt. Mallandaine returned to duty at 225th Battalion headquarters at Fernie yesterday, after spending a couple of days in town. He is in charge of the battalion during Easter, Col. Mackay being at home for the holidays.

Mrs. Baines, who has been at St. Eugene Hospital, Cranbrook, for the past three weeks, for an operation for cancer of the breast, was sufficiently convalescent to return home on Sunday, and is spending the week with Mrs. Payne.

Owing to all the ticket sellers not having made their returns the Red Cross raffle for the Duperry violin could not be held last Saturday evening, but is scheduled for this Saturday afternoon at the Misses Cartwright's tea in Speers' Hall.

H. Nelson of Nelson was here on Tuesday looking after the shipping of the zinc concentrates from the Alice Mine concentrator, the last of which was shipped the next day. There was close to 120 tons in the lot. It went to Oklahoma for treatment.

The pile drier and a small crew of men are at work at present building a 200-foot approach to the Goat River bridge, south side. Hitherto the water has had a tendency to lie there to some depth after high water, and this new work will make the crossing high and dry all season.

Chief Alexander and Albin White got home from their two week's trapping expedition at the Landing and Kuskanook on Friday. Between them they gathered in a few over 400 muskrat pelts, which they expect will average them at least 30 cents apiece. They also captured a very few mink.

Creston Conservative Association has a meeting in the Mercantile Hall on Saturday evening, April 20th, to select delegates for the nominating convention and also to choose a candidate from this section to place before the said nominating convention. A full attendance of all Conservatives is desired.

The Red Cross dance in Mercantile Hall is attracting much attention and if the weather is right the attendance will be large. It will be in charge of Andy Miller, with the band furnishing the music, and all the ladies are asked to bring refreshments. Gentlemen \$1, ladies unattended 25 cents. The Red Cross ladies will serve sherbet and lemonade.

B. Palmer of Cranbrook was a Saturday visitor to Creston, giving his 40 acres that adjoin the Speers' ranch his usual spring lookover. Mr. Palmer is Cranbrook's foremost poultry fancier, with a weakness for Buff Orpingtons, and tells that for the whole of 1915 his eggs sold at an average price of 42 cents a dozen. In addition to being good layers, if handled properly, he believes the Orpington hard to beat as a table fowl.

I will buy calves two days old and older.—C. O. RODGERS.

**HAY FOR SALE**—One ton, timothy and clover, \$10. Come early—Chas. Moore.

The school closed for the Easter vacation yesterday, and will re-open on Monday, May 1st.

Mrs. C. M. Lousby and Mrs. R. Dennes of Sirdar were Creston callers on Tuesday. Mrs. Aspey was a visitor on Wednesday.

Capt. Passmore of the 192nd Battalion, Blairmore, returned to duty on Monday, after spending the week with his wife and family here.

Creston's export of hides is running ahead of last year's figures to this date. Up to the present the 1916 export is over the two-ton mark.

Ernest Parker, mail clerk on the Crow line run out of Medicine Hat, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ned Parker, here.

Creston anglers report that the rainbow trout have already started their spring run of the Goat. Their season in this regard is a little later than in 1915.

# Thursdays 11 a.m.

The last forms of THE REVIEW close at noon on Thursday of each week.

Reading notices of any and every description must reach us before 11 a.m. Thursday to ensure insertion.

Changes of advertisements must reach us by Tuesday noon.

# Crompton's a la Grace Corsets

New Styles of the above in all sizes

No. 173	\$1.00
1269	1.25
297	1.25
369	1.50
451	1.75
573	2.00

All the new Wash Goods for Spring and Early Summer, including—

English Prints and Gingham  
Lawn, Vestings, Muslins  
Crepes, Ducks, Etc.

are all here, opened up for your inspection

**Creston Mercantile Company**  
LIMITED

## You Can Buy at Canyon City

- LUMBER, \$10 per M. and up.
- SHINGLES, \$2 per M. and up.
- BRAN, \$1.10 per hundred.
- SHORTS, \$1.20 per hundred.
- 2 cans CORN for 25c.
- 2 cans PEAS for 25c.
- 2 cans BEANS for 25c.

**Canyon City Lumber Company**  
LIMITED