All Roads in East and West Kootenay Lead to Creston

ALL THE NEWS of the CRESTON DISTRICT

THE CRESTON REVIEW

SENT TO ANY ADDRESS FOR $2.00 A YEAR

No. 33, 5th YEAR. CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY. AUG. 22. 1913. SINGLE COPIES 5c.

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Creston District Will Have Fruit, Vegetable and Poultry Show This Fall

Most Encouraging Outlook For Creston's Fruit, Vegetable and Poultry Show

Attend the Public Meeting Saturday Evening and Boost for the Three Strings to Creston's Bow

At a meeting held Saturday evening it was unamiously decided to hold a fruit, vegetable and poultry show this fall and a committee of five was appointed to make collections of prizes and funds for the carrying on of the fair.

The attendance was not very large but great enthusiasm was manifest right from the moment that Chairman Reid and Secretary W. V. Jackson took their places, until the motion to adjourn was put and carried and even after that the meeting broke into groups to discuss the plans and prospects.

A public meeting is called on Saturday evening next to arrange date and complete other arrangements and it is hoped that a larger attendance will be in evidence and that the ranchers generally will lend their counsel to the arrangements of what should be the greatest show in the history of the valley, and there is no reason why it should not be, all that is required is the co-operation of the ranchers with the various committees appointed and we will be able to produce a show which in quality and completeness will rival that of our larger but poorer situated sister towns.

SIRDAR NOTES

A most enjoyable evening was spent last Thursday when a social organized by the school trustees and ladies interested in the church work, took place in Sirdar

The Chairman, Mr. Loasby, in opening the musical part of the program said that the object of these gatherings, which they hoped to have regularly throughout the winter months, was to foster the social life of Sirdar and to raise sufficent funds to enable the trustees of the school to carry out a plan by which the school might be more efficiently equipped for the education of the children. Part of that equipment he said must of neccessity be a musical instrument and as the church services were held in the school the ladies attending the services were combining with the trustees in an effort to obtain the neccessary funds for the purchase of an organ. He hoped that they would all have an enjoyable time and that their visitors who were always welcome, would go away with pleasant memories of the evening.

The musical program was then proceeded with and the manner in which the audience repeatedly called for encores is a sufficient index to the excellence of the program given as follows: Maple Leaf Forever, By all; Solo, The Song That Reached my Heart, by Mrs Bysouth; Sweet Bunch of Daisies, by all; Solo, Some Day When Dreams Come Trui, by Mrs. Dennis; Quartet, Some Day I'll Wander Back Again Solo, Love's Old Sweet Song, chorus by all by Miss Anderton; Instrumental, Lumley; Solo, Back at Dear Old Sweet Home, by Miss Cartwright; Instrumental, by Mrs. Seaman; Grey Bonnet, by the Old Folkes; Medley, by all.

After this had ended refreshments consisting of coffee, ice cream and cake were served by the ladies, and then the room was cleared and dancing was the order of the evening.

Those who had the good fortune to be present at one of these enjoyable socials held at Sidar cannot but appreciate the hearty manner in which the residents enter into the arrangements of the program, the decoration of the school and the hospitality extended to the visitors. Many could do worse than make a point of being present at one of these gatherings where all are heartily welcomed.

FOBESTRY BUILDING AT VANCOUVER FAIR

Entering the west gate one is confronted by the new Forestry Building erected this year at a cost of $30,000 to the association. This building is two stories high, and is eighty-five feet wide and one hundred and eighty feet long. Only logs have been used in construction and the entire effect is that of a log cabin built on a colossal scale. And, by the way, this is the largest building of its kind in the Dominion.

The Forestry Building will contain on the lower floor the forestry exhibit of the province, and the manufactured wood products made in the province, in addition to novelties of all kinds. Pulp and paper made in the province will be shown, as well as articles made into furniture and household utensils. On the upper floor will be exhidited the minerals of British Columbia, the district displays of the varied resources of the province. There will also be a museum covering the fauna and the flora of the province.

When you want your next job of printing done, no matter what the job is, bring it to the Review office. We guarantee a first-class job and our prices are right.

Miss Jessie H. Cameron returned to Spokane on Wednesday after spending her holidays with her mother Mrs. Forward. She was accompanied by her friend Miss C. A. Cameron of Vancouver who has been spending the past two weeks in Creston.

NEWSY LOCAL NOTES.

For Sale—1 bay mare, 5 years old, weight 850 lbs. Apply to A. Mirabelli

C. C. S., SIGNAFIES CRANBROOK CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

F. A. Robson, of Fernie, was in town Monday.

Mr. Bradley of the Fruit Growers Union, returned home Tuesday having spent a week on the prairies in the interest of Creston and district.

—The C. C. S. of Cranbrook is selling Iron Beds with mattress and spring for $11.

Room To Let—On Victoria Avenue Apply to Mrs. W. K. Brown, Creston B. C. 33-34 p,

A. McL. Fletcher, Government Fruit Inspector, spent a few days in town last week, returning to his home at Hosmer, Saturday.

The Creston Junior Ball team is trying to get a game with Cranbrook, we expect great things from our Junior Nine.

Dave Elmer, of Vancouver, was telling stories and cracking chestnuts with Creston friends Tuesday. The trouble is Dave doesn't get around here often enough.

—House to Let.—Apply to A. N. Coulling, 4th Stree, Creston.

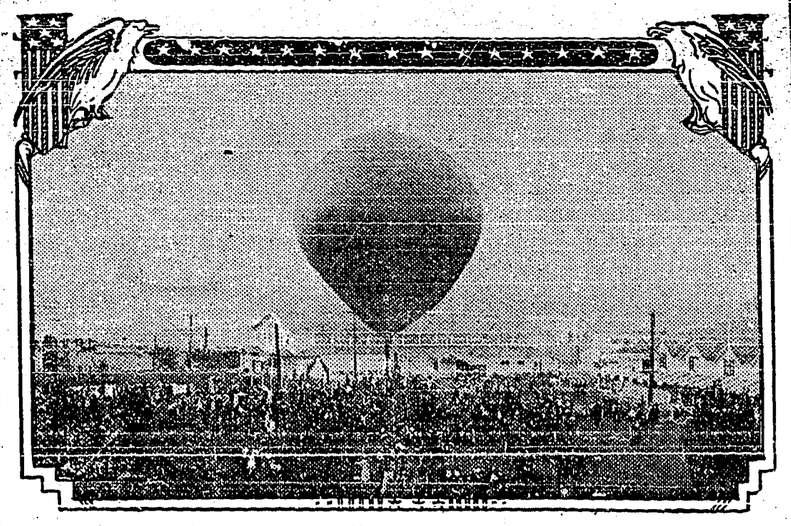
Mr. S. A. Amey, of Napanee, Ont., who is making a trip through the west is visiting his sisters Mrs. Forward and Mrs. Walmsley Creston.

Mr. McBean, our local druggist is a very busy man these days. Just take a look at the store and see for yourself the cause of the extra work and say if you do not think the new show cases a great improvement. Progression is Mac's middle name.

R. J. Flynn, of Calgary, who looks after Ford Motor Car interests, here, there and elsewhere, stopped off to see Dick Bevan Saturday but had a sudden call to Cranbrook Sunday. He reports a very good time while here and expects to return later.

Printing as you like it at the Creston Review.

Mr. W. K. Brown, who has been ill for some time has entirely recovered and is able to be around again with his usual smile.



A large captive baloon will be one of the attractions at the Spokane Fair

It is estimated that at least a tenth of the total agricultural products of the United States is annually destroyed by injurious insects. It is estimated that $300,000,000 is a conservative approximation of the loss sustained each year.—Conservation.

Forty years in use; 20 years the standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For Womans ailments, Dr. Martel's Pills, at your druggist.

This week we welcome to the editorial circle The Independent, Nelson's latest editorial venture under the management of J. L. Thomas. May you live up to all that is suggested in your name and make many friends is the wish of the Review.

FOR SALE Democrat, only used five weeks. Cost $125.00 E. A. Penson Erickson, B. C. 33-36

Some of our fisherman who had projected a fishing trip up the Summit Creek returned in disgust bringing the information that some miscreant had dynamited the best pools in the creek and the dead fish lay all around. Such wanton slaughter should be stopped. A certain party is suspected and will be watched.

—Send for our prices on furniture, we pay the freight. C. C. S.

You should be interested in the Review Ad. on page 5. We mean business, Come and See.

Local Masons and their families will picnic on the flats today

Miss Creelman is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. Cood, of Bankgrove Orchard.

Geo. Johnson, manager for P. Burns & Co., is away for a couple of weeks on a vacation at Revelstoke His place is being filled by J. Kennedy, of the Cranbrook branch.

A. W. Baird, Cashier of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, left Thursday for a two weeks vacation at Vancouver. During his absence the cage will be occupied by J. C. Dow, of the local branch.

The Methodist Sunday School picnic was held in Huscroft's Grove Wednesday and the Presbyterian yesterday, both report a very fine time and a splendid turnout.

Choice assortment of Tea Pots, also Flower Pots Just arrived at Creston Mercantile, Co.

Neff Has Preliminary Hearing-- Is Remanded for Trial

The old school house was well filled Monday afternoon when the Court assembled for the preliminary trial of Chas. Neff, held in connection with the murder of Ernest Twigg last week. There was subdued excitement and keen interest as the proceedings of opening Court progressed.

Magistrate Lowenburg was on the bench and C. R. Hamilton, K. C., of Nelson, represented the Crown.

The story of the crime was substantially that as told in the Review last week, the only additional fact of consequence being the conversation between Neff and Twigg which was overheard by Fire Warden Reymel on the night of the murder, in which Neff threatened Twigg and the latter answered "If you want to fight put up your dukes, I am a good Johnny Bull," but received no direct answer from the accused, who, having procured a sack from somewhere nearby, went away, saying, as he crossed the track, "I'll get you yet."

The prisoner looking haggard and showing the strain of a week's confinement, sat immovable throughout the hearing and although given the opportunity to cross-examine each witness, waived the privilege, saying he was on the defense and had nothing to say here. But when the witnesses told of the deep solicitude of the men for the condition of their comrade after he had been stricken down, his stoicism was broken, he showed signs of distress, his lip trembled and tears welled up in his eyes.

Crown Attorney Hamilton in his own precise and kindly way encouraged the men to tell the story just as event succeeded event and the facts as brought out were the simple happenings as told by the comrades of the murdered man. Each told it in his own way and yet the stories fitted into each other in a train of evidence which cannot fail to bring conviction.

Tuesday Constables Black and Forrester took the prisoner to Nelson to await trial at the Fall assizes.

DUCK CREEK NEWS

Carl and Joe Wigen, Carl Carlson, E. and R. Uri, E. Butterfield, C. H. Black and Matt Hagen were Creston callers Friday last.

T. and D. Butterfield and Miss E. Johnson were in Creston Saturday,

The dance given by the Social Club on Saturday night was quite up to the usual standard. A large crowd was present and everybody felt good. with the result that everyone had a thoroughly good time. The hall was most tastefully decorated with evergreens and red white and blue crepe paper, for which we have to thank the Misses F. Bathie, A. Hagen and G. V. Mason.

A party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Black and son, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Edward and Miss P. Butterfield Mr. E. J. May, Miss Emma Johnson and Mr. Carl Wigen left Duck Creek on Sunday's westbound for Sanca Creek on Kootenay Lake, where they will spend a week under canvas. We expect to hear great fishing yarns when they return.

A party of six girls and six boys went down by train to Kootenay landing on Sunday to see the campers off after the boat left they returned to Sirdar for supper, and then walked back to Duck Creek. It was a most enjoyable afternoon and evening and we hope that it will be the first of many such outings.

Messrs. R. and E. Uri left on Sunday for Erickson where they will work in the tie camp.

John Bathie returned from Cranbrook Tuesday.

W. J. Cooper was a Creston caller Thursday.

Carl Carlson was a Creston caller Tuesday.

Miss Bertha Pease arrived in Duck Creek Tuesday to spend a few days with Miss A. Hagen.

What is the attraction in Creston? The Misses Anna Hagen, Bertha Pease Olga Wigen, Amy Johnson, Annie Johnson and Florence Bathie, also Carl Carlson and Matt Hagen were visitors to Creston Wednesday.

Peter Andestad has nearly completed his contract for clearing and plowing the Wynndel school site. We hope to see a fine new school house erected very soon now.

The Duck Creek Social Club will hold another dance on Saturday Aug. 30. Carl Carlson is floor manager.

Our attention has been drawn to the fact that the ferry over the river is out of commission and has been for more than a week causing inconvenience and actual loss to some of the ranchers who live across the river and have to depend on the ferry to get across. The government is at the expense of keeping a man to run the ferry and his time now is a complete loss. Why should not the same government for the little extra expense keep an extra cable on hand in case of emergency. This looks like a case of penny-wise, pound foolish policy, and ought to be avoided in the future. There is now no assurance that the same inconvenience will not occur again at any time should the cable break.

A. Mirabelli returned yesterday from a business visit to Cranbrook.

H. J. Dennis, of Calgary, passed through on Wednesday's Eastbound on his return home from a vacation at the coast.

Our ball team had a game arranged with Port Hill for Sunday, but it has been postponed to the following Sunday, Aug. 31st.

George Ferguson, Dan Spiers, George Smith, Fred Hurry and Dick Bevan took a run down to Port Hill in Dick's auto Tuesday evening.

FOR SALE—An all round good ranch mare, drive single, double or saddle. All steel low truck wagon, and Empire Cream Seperator. Apply M. Creston Review.

Injustice

By Arthur Applin

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto.

(Continued)

Francks' trembled, not with fear, but with anger. Take care, Mr. Roberts, you're going a step too far. Tell me what you want of me—or go before I throw you out!

The Jew did not reply at once. He stood with his back to Francks, looking out of the window, looking down on the red and white lights of the Embankment and the countless shadowy forms drifting to and fro along the pavement the great army of failures, or fools, thieves and felons—the army which he had predicted the Honorable Fred Scribner would shortly join.

Just listen to me for a few moments the Jew continued.

Francks heard him attentively, but when Roberts had finished he shook his head. I'll not take the risk, he said quietly. Rather than that I'll take your life. I shall have to go out branded as a murderer anyway, hated and despised of all men. And Iris— his voice faltered.

Aaron Roberts rose and turned his face to the East. I swear by the God of Abraham, Isaac—

You'll go down to Abingdon Villas now and see Miss de Fontaigne first, and Reuben afterwards.

The Jew nodded, he could hardly trust himself to speak. As he reached the door he turned and looked towards Francks. The latter was standing with his back to him, his face hidden.

You'll not take your own life? Roberts whispered.

Not yet.

But as soon as he was alone, Jimmy Francks took the revolver from his pocket and fingered it thoughtfully.

CHAPTER XXIV

Aaron Roberts had not been long gone before Jimmy Francks with a sigh as of regret put away the revolver, then going to the telephone rang up Mr. Ernest Laughton at his private address.

Now Ernest Laughton was Francks' family solicitor. He was still a young man and had succeeded to his father's business, a sound old-fashioned one. He had to some extent revolutionized it, for though he was steady and careful, he was a keen business man and believed in moving with the times. If Laughton's father had been rung up by a client late in the evening while he was eating dinner amid the circle of his family, he would have been overcome with indignation, and probably have refused to speak at all to the unfortunate client.

But young Mr. Laughton had made it his business never to be surprised, and never to be indignant. Had he been rung up in the middle of the night, he would have cheerfully given his advice through the medium of the telephone—and doubled his fee. He had already written a letter of regret and condolence to Jimmy Francks on the sudden and mysterious death of his wife, and he had been a little surprised at not hearing from him, although he knew that very naturally some of Francks' business had been transferred to Mr. Saintsbury's hands.

Can I come up to the Savoy and see you tonight? he said into the receiver of the telephone, repeating Francks' question. He hesitated a moment and glanced at his watch. I have nearly finished dinner. I think I can be with you in forty minutes, perhaps less, will that do?

As quickly as ever you can, Francks answered, it's important.

The lawyer was young enough and keen enough to feel slightly curious as he hastily finished the last course and putting on his hat and coat called a taxicab.

In the meanwhile, Francks had no sooner rang off, than sitting down at the writing-table he commenced to scribble a somewhat lengthy letter to the man who had just left him, Aaron Roberts. Then he wrote one to Iris, even longer, and this gave him much thought and no little trouble to compose. He had just finished both letters, and was handing them to a messenger boy, when Mr. Laughton was announced.

This is very good of you, Francks said gripping the lawyer's hand tightly. Of course, it's business on which I wished to see you; nevertheless I warn you I shall make a great demand on your friendship. I shall probably want you to do certain things for me for which monetary payment would be wholly inadequate. He hesitated a moment and took a deep breath. You know me, and know my family pretty well, so while you are quite in the dark, I am going to ask you whether you feel inclined to do it.

Mr. Laughton smiled. He was clean shaved, with jet black hair and eyes almost as dark, a firm mouth, thin lipped; and a rather prominent nose.

I am certainly very much in the dark, but I don't think there is anything you can ask me, either as a professional man or as a friend, which I would refuse to do for you. As for payment, why—

Francks, interrupted him. I can never repay you. I daresay my request will seem pretty simple; I haven't much time to waste, so I'll come to the point. I want you to make a fresh will, signed and sealed, within the next twenty-four hours. With the exception of a few legacies which will be the same as those in the will at present existing, I want to leave my whole fortune to Mrs. de Fontaigne in trust for her daughter Iris and her son Reuben.

The lawyer displayed no outward or visible sign of surprise; he looked a little more keenly, a little more closely, at Jimmy Francks.

The latter shrugged his shoulders. Don't think I'm mad, I'm not. Can this be done?

Laughton nodded. Certainly. But surely that's not all; some more pressing reasons made you ring me up tonight.

Francks nodded. A wealthy man has generally plenty of friends. I thought I had more than the average number a few months ago. I've been walking up and down this room trying to think of one man I might trust implicitly, whom I can trust with something more precious than my whole fortune, more precious than life itself. Laughton, I can't find that man—unless it's you.

Still the lawyer's face expressed neither surprise nor pleasure; he simply looked just what he was, a keen business man receiving instructions from a trusted client.

Is the need of a friend so imperative at the present moment?

A curious look came into Jimmy Franck's face, one that the lawyer remembered to his dying day. To be sure of such a friend I would sell my soul, Francks whispered, as if speaking to himself. Now, listen to me; to-morrow the inquest takes place. I hope it will be adjourned so that I may have time—

Time? I don't quite understand.

The lawyer drew a cigar from his case, deliberately cut and lit it. His eyes never left Francks' face. He was not a keen smoker, and he rigorously denied himself the luxury of tobacco during business hours. But he was beginning to feel a sense of impending evil.

Francks watched him with a smile. Yes, you had better smoke—steady your nerves, Laughton. I want time to put my house in order. You're not a man who listens to idle gossip but even you must have been surprised when I married Saintsbury's daughter and apparently jilted the woman I loved. Well, my wife's dead, and to-morrow or the next day, or the day after, I may be accused of causing her death, in short, find myself arrested for murder.

The lawyer blew a wreath of smoke towards the ceiling. Nonsense, man.

Now, before I'm arrested, Francks continued—very probably on my own confession—

The lawyer half rose to his feet with a muttered exclamation, then resumed his seat.

Before I am arrested I want to properly dispose of my estate real and personal. I want to send Miss de Fontaigne and her brother out of town into the country where they won't hear what's going on, and where they will be free from prying eyes, from ugly gossip. You remember the place I bought a little while ago, The Grange?—I had intended to go down there the day after to-morrow, it is ready to receive us, all the servants are there. The housekeeper, Mrs. Rich, who was my old nurse, I can trust implicitly. Now, directly Iris and her brother have given evidence at the inquest tomorrow I want you to take them down to The Grange with Mrs. de Fontaigne, see that they have everything they want and give Mrs. Rich the instructions I shall prepare for her.

His voice faltered for a moment, but he quickly got possession of it again. Then when I am arrested, and Iris discovers the truth, as she will eventually, I want you to see her daily but she mustn't attempt to see me or write to me. She must be convinced of what I suppose is the truth, that I killed my wife in a moment of mental aberration. It will be a shock to her, for she still loves me, Laughton. You must help her to bear the burden that will fall on her shoulders.

Turning away he stood with his back to the lawyer for a few moments. Will you do this for me, or am I asking too much?

Laughton did not reply at once. He continued to smoke his cigar slowly and meditatively, his eyes were veiled and his thoughts still hidden.

It's a peculiar request, he said at last, but I'll gladly do as much for you or any member of your family [illegible] to ask me no further instructions?

Francks was silent.

Do you really expect me to believe you killed your wife, that her death was not the result of an accident? If so, you're asking the impossible.

You must believe, Francks cried, turning on him quickly, for it's the truth. You must make Miss de Fontaigne realise that it's the truth, too. That's one of the things you have to do. He held out both his hands impulsively. Oh, you won't fail me; there's no one else I can rely on, strange as it may seem. Look at me I'm perfectly calm and know what I am saying. I am not mad now—undoubtedly I was mad when I put that poison into my wife's glass.

(To be Continued).

DANDRUFF WOULD LIFT OFF IN SHEETS

Hair Dry and Lifeless. Almost All Hair Out on One Side of Head. Used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. Hair Coming in Nicely and Scales All Gone.

176 Adelaide St., St. John, N. B.—"I cured my little boy of a bad case of dandruff with Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

The dandruff formed on his head soon after birth. The hair was dry and lifeless and almost all out on one side of his head. I washed the little head twice a day with warm water and Cuticura Soap, dried it, and very carefully applied the Cuticura Ointment and in about an hour took a very fine little comb and the dandruff would lift off in sheets and some of the hair would come too. Then I would put some Cuticura Ointment on and let it remain till time to wash the head again. I used a large Box of Cuticura Ointment with the Cuticura Soap and his hair was coming in nicely and the scales all gone. Today he has as nice a head of hair and as free from dandruff as you would wish to see." (Signed) Mrs. C. P. Keen, May 9th, 1912.

A single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are often sufficient when all else has failed. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post card Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. [illegible], Boston, U.S.A.

W. N. U. 999

FLEET FOOT

Outing Shoes

For Everybody

THE PERFECT SHOE FOR SUMMER SPORTS

ASK YOUR DEALER.

Water In the Farmer's House

One of the features of life on the farm most dreaded by visitors from the city is the traditional absence of a convenient and ample water supply and of the privilege of the real bath.

There was a time when it was thought impossible to supply these conveniences. But as the comforts of civilization have spread and sanitary engineers have given their attention to the subject, it has been found entirely practicable, and not excessively expensive, to instal in the farm homes almost identically the same appliances as are now found in the homes of the city.

The most popular type of country water supply is the air pressure system. It is quite simple, consisting of a specially constructed steel air-tight tank, the size most commonly used being about thirty inches in diameter by eight feet in length; a force pump either hand or power propelled and an air pump for furnishing the pressure, and the necessary pipe connections with the source of water supply—either well, spring, cistern, lake or stream—and with the bathroom and kitchen of the home. Sometimes the system is extended to the barn and other outbuildings and to tanks in the barnyard.

Given this installation, the house equipment should include a complete bathroom outfit, with tub, closet and lavatory of the latest style plumbing, a kitchen sink and range boiler; the waste being drained off into a cesspool placed at the proper distance from the house.

While it is impossible to give an accurate estimate on the cost of such an improvement without going carefully over the place, getting the dimensions of the desired plant, the depth of the well, distance from the house and all the other details, it would be safe to say that such an outfit could be put in at a cost to the average farmer of $350 to $400, as an outside figure. Of course the item of freight will vary considerably and will affect the cost appreciably.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Accidentally

I wonder how so many forest fires catch? said Mrs. McBride.

Perhaps they catch accidentaly from the mountain ranges, suggested Mr. McBride.

They say the Czar's enormous expenses baffle imagination.

Oh, I don't know. I spent over $200 on my vacation trip.

FOUND A WAY

To be Clear of Tea and Coffee Troubles

"Husband and myself both had the coffee habit, and finally his stomach and kidneys got in such a bad condition that he was compelled to give up a good position that he had held for years. He was too sick to work. His skin was yellow and there didn't seem to be an organ in his body that was not affected."

Tea is just as harmful because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.

"I told him I felt sure his sickness was due to coffee and after some discussion he decided to give it up.

"It was a struggle, because of the powerful habit. One day we heard about Postum and concluded to try it and then it was easy to leave off coffee.

"His fearful headaches grew less frequent, his complexion began to clear, kidneys grew better until at last he was a new man altogether, as a result of leaving off coffee and taking up Postum. Then I began to drink it too.

"Although I was never as bad off as my husband, I was always very nervous and never at any time very strong, only weighing 95 lbs. before I began to use Postum. Now I weigh 115 lbs. and can do as much work as anyone my size, I think."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular Postum (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling, but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like **strong** things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with [illegible]

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

The Submarine Violin

The navy department has adopted a submarine violin for the transmission of messages between submarine torpedo boats and shore stations or other vessels. Exhaustive tests of the apparatus have been made in a submarine at Hampton Roads, Va., and three sets of the signal device have been ordered on as many vessels.

The mechanism is an adaption of the violin. From one side of the submarine project two steel stays. From the ends of these is stretched taut a piano wire. Touching the wire is the roughened rim of a wheel which, when it revolves, sets up vibrations in the wire. The wheel is controlled by a motor inside the hull of the submarine and the motor, in turn, is controlled by a Morse Key. When the key is pressed the motor begins to revolve, the exterior wheel scraping the wire precisely as a bow agitates a violin string. The hull of the submarine acts as a sounding board. The key is used precisely as an ordinary Morse key and dots and dashes are hummed on the wire as the key is released. About eight words per minute is the best speed so far attained.

The receiving apparatus is the ordinary telephone receiver. The end under water may be connected by insulated wires to a fort, shore station or another vessel.

The experiments at Hampton Roads showed that the vibrations may be heard clearly at a distance of five miles. Naval officers believe that the device can be perfected so that the range of the mechanism may be greatly extended.

Christian Berger, an Australian, is the inventor of the submarine violin. He attempted to get the Australian Government to make tests of it, but failed. Coming to the United States he succeeded in convincing the Navy Department officials of the practicability of the scheme.

The signal is a simple device and does not get out of order easily. It is available at all depths. It is expected to add not only to the ease of communication with submarines operating in harbors or in close proximity to war vessels in time of war, but will aid materially to the safety of the men who go down in submarines the most dangerous type of war vessel yet devised.—Scientific American.

The Elephant's Trunk

When such authorities as Rudyard Kipling and Professor A. S. Woodward disagree on such a question as the origin of the elephant's trunk who is to solve this ticklish zoological problem.

Long ago, Mr. Kipling in the fifth of the Just So Stories, told us how the elephant's child—who once had a bulgy nose as big as a boot, went, full of satiable curiosity, to ask the crocodile in the Limpopo river what he had for dinner. And the crocodile told the elephant to stoop down and then seized his nose between those terrible jaws and pulled. The elephant's child and the bi-colored-python-rock-snake pulled too, and so hard that when the crocodile let go, his bulgy nose had been stretched into a trunk.

So much for the romancist; the man of science tell quite another story.

Elephants, according to Professor Woodward's lecture at the Royal Institution, London, recently, were originally little creatures which, for some reason or other, were succeeded by creatures in which the legs were growing longer and longer, while the neck remained the same length, or in fact, got shorter. They could not reach the ground without lengthening the jaw; the growth continued, and they were going rapidly toward a mechanically impossible position. Eventually they had to increase the length of their face enormously.

The elephants, Professor Woodyard added, only saved their career by shortening up the mandible, and survived solely because the long face took on a new function and became the mechanism by which they were able to feed.

There you have the choice of two explanations—the pulled-out nose, or the face that grew down. Perhaps Mr. Kipling will oblige us with the authorities for his explanation—which is certainly the more pleasing to the unscientific person.—London Daily Mail.

Not long ago I gave an Irishman a box of pills and cautioned him carefully with regard to adhering to the instructions on the box cover. These instructions read: Take one pill three times a day.

Next day the man came in and placed the pills on my desk, and when I asked him what was the matter, he said:

I couldn't carry out the instructions.

What's the reason? I asked.

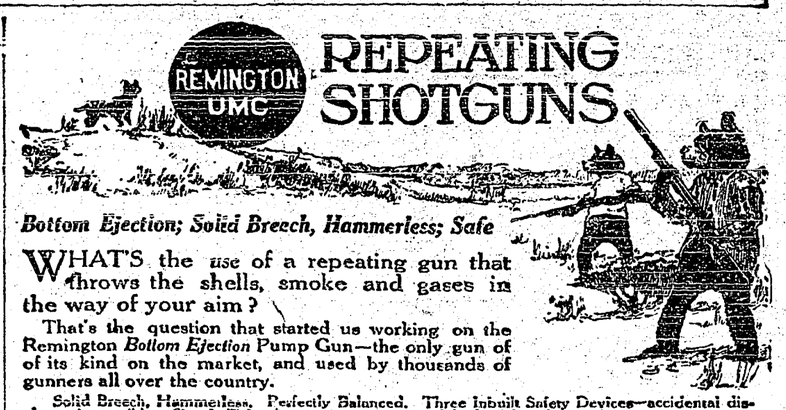
I took the first pill all right, was the reply, but I couldn't get it up to take it the other two times.

Starting a Creamery

In a recent bulletin published by the dairy department of the University of Nebraska, the question of how to raise money to start a creamery is discussed as follows:

The most satisfactory way of raising the money is for each member to sign an agreement and to be jointly responsible for the amount borrowed. When such an agreement is signed by a goodly number of responsible farmers, the money can generally be secured at a reasonable rate of interest and with this money a creamery can be erected and equipped. As soon as the creamery begins operation, arrangements can be made for a deduction of one or two cents per pound of butter, to go into a sinking fund out of which the debt is paid. The payment is so gradual that the farmer hardly notices it. This plan has the advantage of requiring each patron to pay exactly in proportion to the amount of butter manufactured for him.

According to an exchange, the garden of Senator de Veber in Lethbridge conclusively proves that roses in many varieties can be grown in the West. [illegible] loaded with buds and blossoms, including Killarney, Earl Dufferin, Mrs. Sherman Crawford, La France, Magna Charta and other choice varieties.



REPEATING SHOTGUNS

Bottom Ejection; Solid Breech, Hammerless; Safe

WHAT'S the use of a repeating gun that throws the shells, smoke and gases in the way of your aim?

That's the question that started us working on the Remington *Bottom Ejection* Pump Gun—the only gun of of its kind on the market, and used by thousands of gunners all over the country.

Solid Breech, Hammerless, Perfectly Balanced, Three Inbuilt Safety Devices—accidental discharge impossible. Simple Take-down—a quarter turn of the barrel, *without tools.*

We will be glad to send you a booklet that explains simply many technical points of gun construction which are well worth your closest study. Your name and address on a postcard brings it by return mail.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co., Windsor, Ontario

Tickling a Shark

Tickling a shark in order to make the fish amenable to capture is a singular practice among the natives of the island of Tahiti. A writer in the New York Sun, who watched the hazardous sport while seated in a canoe manned by two natives thus describes it:

Peering into the clear water, where you can see to a depth of four or five fathoms, you catch a glimpse far down among the sea ferns and coral cups of the long, lithe tail of a shark, and of a huge pectoral fin that sways continually with a sidewise motion, and sends up little ripples to the surface.

The native diver picks up a coil of cocoanut fibre with a slipnose already tied in it, seizes a knife in his teeth, and quietly slips into the water. It is done with wonderful skill. The native keeps close to the reef and lets himself down through the water by means of the sea growths till he is right over the waving tail. Slowly a black hand stretches out, and starting behind the pectoral fin, begins to run his hand along the body of the shark and the fin sways more rapidly.

Again the hand moves forward, and as it strokes the fish, the other hand leaves the slipknot hanging loosely near the spread of the tail. Then the native comes quietly to the surface, and the spectator breathes freely again. The sail is set, the steersman takes his place on the outrigger, and the diver in the bow, with a yell of Hula, pulls hard on the rope.

On the occasion that I speak of, the shark splashed about in wild frenzy for a moment or two, and then settled down to a tour of the lagoon. Twice he circled about, and the canoe plowed along, with the water bubbling and frothing at the bow where the keen-eyed native intently watched the tightening rope. Suddenly it slackened and the diver went over the side like a flash, with a knife in his hand. A minute later the surface of the water was a brilliant red and the native was scrambling back into the canoe. We towed the shark to the beach and measured him. He was sixteen feet long.

Faultless in Preparation.—Unlike any other stomach regulator, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of long study of vegetable compounds calculated to stimulate the stomachic functions and maintain them at the normal condition. Years of use have proved their faultless character and established their excellent reputation. And this reputation they have maintained for years and will continue to maintain, for these pills must always stand at the head of the list of standard preparations.

Two Irishmen were among a class that was being drilled in marching tactics. One was new at the business, and turning to his companion, asked him the meaning of the command, Halt! Why, said Mike, when he says Halt! you just bring the foot that's on the ground to the side of the foot that's in the air, an' remain motionless.

At last! New York, the Mecca of Dennis O'Brien's desire. Here he would show them in the ould country how he could work, and what a name he would make.

Almost immediately he obtained employment in the erecting of a new building and the following epistle found its way to Erin:

Faith, this is great! All that I have to do is to climb up and down a forty bar ladder with bricks and mortar, and begorra, the men on the top do all the work.

You've made a mistake in your paper, said the indignant man, entering the editorial sanctum. I was one of the competitors at the athletic match yesterday, and you have called me the well-known lightweight champion. Well, aren't you? said the editor. No, I am nothing of the kind, and it's kind of awkward, because you see I'm a coal merchant.

You are getting very bald, sir, said the barber.

You, yourself, retorted the customer, are not free from a number of defects that I could mention if I cared to be personal.

Nowadays

Have you packed the sanitary drinking cups?

Yes.

Put in the sanitary towels?

Yes.

Put in the antiseptic soap where we can get at it quickly?

Yes.

Stored away the individual combs and brushes.

Yes.

Got the peroxide in the grip?

Yes.

Then come along. I guess we will be safe to spend a day or two in the country.

Like a Grip at the Throat.—For a disease that is not classed as fatal there is probably none which causes more terrible suffering than asthma. Sleep is impossible, the sufferer becomes exhausted and finally, though the attack passes, is left in increasing dread of its return. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful curative agent. It immediately relieves the restricted air passages as thousands can testify. It is sold by dealers everywhere.

Europe Has 160,000 M.D.'S

The Moniteur Medical has just compiled statistics on the number of physicians in Europe. The total number is given as 160,000, divided as follows:

England has seven physicians for every 10,000 inhabitants; Germany, 5; France, 5.1; and Italy 5. Of course the larger numbers of physicians are found in the cities and among them Brussels has the largest, 24 for every 10,000 inhabitants, while Amsterdam has only two in the same proportion.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—Last August my horse was badly cut in eleven places by a barbed wire fence. Three of the cuts (small ones) healed soon, but the others became foul and rotten, and though I tried many kinds of medicine they had no beneficial result. At last a doctor advised me to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and in four weeks' time every sore was healed and the hair has grown over each one in fine condition. The Liniment is certainly wonderful in its working.

JOHN R. HOLDEN.

Witness, Perry Baker.

The Quest of Health

I suppose you take excellent care of your health?

No, replied Farmer Corntossel, I tried every kind of medicine I could get hold of, for a while. Then I gave up and forgot about my health and I have felt better ever since.

"What is Good For the Kiddies is Good for You"

Is proven in the use of

UPTON'S PURE FRUIT JAMS

Ask your grocer for it

For a whole hour the captain had been lecturing his men on the duties of a soldier, and he thought that now the time had come for him to test the results of his discourse.

Casting his eye around he fixed on Private Murphy as his first victim.

Private Murphy, he asked, why should a soldier be ready to die for his country?

The Irishman scratched his head for a while; then an ingratiating smile flitted across his face. Sure, Captain, he said pleasantly, you are quite right. Why should he?

An invitation to a wedding should be printed on heavy white paper, folded once, and enclosed in an envelope of the same size, and this placed in the address envelope. The address should never be typewritten, no matter how many invitations are issued. Special written invitations are often sent, and these should be immediately acknowledged in a few words of acceptance or a note of regret if unable to attend. An invited guest need not necessarily send a present, but it is a pretty courtesy to do so, even though the offering be but a bouquet of flowers, as a token of cordiality and congratulations.

Facts in Nature

FOR centuries it has been known that Nature's most valuable health giving agents for the cure of disease are found in our American forests. Over forty years ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N.Y., used the powdered extracts as well as the liquid extracts of native medicinal plants, such as Bloodroot and Queen's root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Cherry bark and Mandrake, for the cure of blood diseases. This prescription as put up in liquid form was called

DR. PIERCE'S

Golden Medical Discovery

and has enjoyed a large sale for all these years in every drug store in the land. You can now obtain the powdered extract in sugar-coated tablet form of your medicine dealer, or send 50c in one cent postage stamps for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., and tablets will be mailed, postage prepaid.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" makes rich, red blood, invigorates the stomach, liver and bowels and through them the whole system. Skin affections, blotches, boils, pimples and eruptions—result of bad blood—are eradicated by this alterative extract—as thousands have testified.

Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, clothbound

ADDRESS DR. R. V. PIERCE, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Zam-Buk

is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food!

All Druggists and Stores.—50c.

The Most Modest of Men

Abraham Lincoln felt deeply the responsibility that rested on him as president of the United States, but he shrank from assuming any of the honors, or even the titles of his position.

After years of intimate acquaintance, public man testified shortly after Mr. Lincoln's death that he could not recall a single instance in which he spoke of himself as president, or used that title for himself, except he acted in an official capacity.

He always spoke of his position nad office vaguely, as this place, here, or in other modest phrase. Once, speaking of the room at the Capitol used by the president of the United States at the close of a session of congress, he said: That room, you know, that they call—dropping his voice and hesitating—the president's room.

To an intimate friend who addressed him always by his own proper title, he said: Now call me Lincoln, and I'll promise not to tell of the breach of etiquette—if you won't— and I shall have a resting spell from Mr. President.

All persons agree that the most marked characteristic of Mr. Lincoln's manners was his simplicity and artlessness, but his native dignity never forsook him, and with all his angularities and disregard of conventionalities distinguished foreigners were invariably impressed by his fine fibre.

A diplomat, whose knowledge of courts was more perfect than that of the English language, said:

He seems to me one grand gentilhomme in disguise.

When Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to a corn or wart it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

Along in the sixties Pat Casey pushed a wheelbarrow across the plains from St. Joseph, Mo., to Georgetown, Col. Shortly after that he struck it rich, in fact he was credited with having more wealth than anyone else in Colorado. A man of great shrewdness and ability, he was exceedingly sensitive over his inability to read or write. One day an oldtimer met him with:

How are you getting along, Pat?

Go away from me, now, said Pat, genially, me head's bustin' wid business. It takes two lead pencils a day to do me wurruk.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

An English physician, being annoyed by the talk of a pedantic, self-conceited bore until he could stand it no longer, remarked: My friend, you and I know all that there is to be known.

How is that? asked the bore, highly pleased.

Why, said the doctor, you know everything except that you are a fool, and I know that.

Overtime

The Irate Intruder—Look here, you have been in here half an hour and never said a word.

The man in the Telephone Booth—I am speaking to my wife, sir.

There is one odd thing about children.

What's that?

When their parents find they are bright, they send them to college to get polished.

Why don't you join in cleaning up our fair city?

What's the use? The suburbanites will track mud right into town again.

A Sweet, Crisp, Delicious "Bite-To-Eat"

Post Toasties

Dainty bits of pearly white corn, perfectly cooked and toasted to delicate "brown."

Usually eaten direct from package with cream and sugar.

Or, sprinkle Toasties over a saucer of fresh berries---- then add the cream and sugar---a dish to remember.

Post Toasties are sold by grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

For the Earache

I am afraid I have greatly interfered with my own practice, said a celebrated aurist, by giving the following advice to many of my friends: At the first symptoms of earache, let the patient lie on the bed with the painful ear uppermost. Fold a thick towel and tuck it around the neck; then with a teaspoon fill the ear with warm water. Continue doing this for fifteen or twenty minutes; the water will fill the ear orifice and flow over the head, let the water run out, and plug the ear with warm glycerin and cotton. This may be done every hour until relief is obtained. It is an almost invariable cure and has saved many cases of acute inflamation. The water should be quite warm, but not too hot.

NERVOUS TROUBLES ON THE INCREASE

They Are Due to an Impoverished Condition of the Blood

Nervous exhaustion—or neurasthenia, as medical men call it—is one of the greatest evils of the present day, for it is destroying the life and energy of thousands of men and women, or worse, driving them to insanity. The causes of this trouble include overwork, mental strain, worry, indiscretions, and sometimes it follows la grippe. The signs of this trouble are usually great weakness after any exertion, nervous headaches, trembling hands, shakiness in the legs, irritability of temper, weak digestive power, insomnia. The life of the sufferer become full of miseries.

The true treatment for this trouble must consist of a building up process, for the above signs mean that the exhausted nerves are calling for more nourishment from the blood supply. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new rich blood that feeds the starved complaining nerves, and in this way they have cured thousands of times neurasthenia, neuralgia and other nervous disorders, and have restored strength and nerve-energy to despairing people. Mrs. Isaac Wilson, Calabogie, Ont., gives thanks for having been restored to health through the use of this medicine, she says: "When I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was a nervous wreck; I couldn't do my work, could not sleep at night, suffered from nervous headaches, and the least noise would completely upset me. Only those who have suffered from nervous trouble can tell what I endured. I doctored for a time, but did not get any benefit. Then I learned of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and sent for a half dozen boxes. By the time I had used these I was almost well, and a couple more boxes completely restored my health, and I have had no return of the trouble. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to those who suffered from any form of nervous trouble.

If you are weak, nervous or out of health begin to cure yourself today with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get them from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The London Daily Citizen publishes the following joke on itself: They are telling a good story about The Daily Citizen in Fleet Street, and as this is a paper not afraid of a joke against itself I shall be forgiven for repeating it. A bricklayer in a tramcar near the Elephant and Castle was reading The Daily Citizen, and a member of the staff who happened to be in the car was gratified by the fact. It is pleasant to see workers reading their own paper and learning about the conditions of their fellow workers. He leaned forward and got into conversation with the bricklayer and commented on the title of the journal he was looking at. Ay, ay, said the loyal reader, it's not a bad paper, not half a bad paper. It would be quite bright if they didn't have all this stuff about labor in it.

The servants were abed and the doctor answered the bell himself. A colored man stood on the steps holding a large package.

Is Miss Matildah, the cook, at home, sah? asked the man.

Yes, but she has retired, returned the doctor.

Can I leab dis fo' her, sah?

Certainly, said the doctor.

He took the bundle from which flowers and buds were protruding, and after bidding the man good night, carefully carried it to the kitchen, where he deposited it, paper and all, in a pan of water.

The doctor thought nothing more of the affair until he heard Matilda's angry voice raised in conversation with the maid.

Ef I had do pusson heah, cried the cook, dat put mah new spring hat in dis yer dishpan, I'd scald 'im for sho.

Building Good Roads in Michigan

Here is the way that the State of Michigan got good roads: In one day 8,000 men, with 4,000 teams and 750 automobiles, having volunteered for the purpose, built 250 miles of good roads passing through forty-four townships. This means is open to any community which can develop the right kind of public spirit.

New Rifle Tested

King George was an interested spectator at Aldershot of trials with a new service rifle slightly longer than the one generally in use and having as an additional feature an aperture sight. The King thus saw a firing squad at work with the new rifle at 500 yards. The targets used were a foot square, made of solid steel, three-eighths of an inch thick. One of them which had been in use was shown to the King and Queen. It had four bullet holes in it, perfectly drilled as if the metal had been punched out with a machine tool.

Eight men of the Suffolk Regiment, who had been drawn from the same company, and were not picked marksmen, fired with the new rifle at twenty-four targets. Each man had twenty rounds, and when their ammunition was exhausted all but one of the targets had been brought down.

Funny Mixups

Two of the boys were discussing blunders made by nervous or absentminded people. Tom told one about the rattled bridegroom who asked the clergyman if it were still Kistomary to cuss the bride, when Robert recalled the story of the woman who said to the usher in the church: May I occupew this pie? which so rattled the usher, who replied: No, but I'll sow you to another sheet.

Tom met this story with one about the Fourth of July orator who referred to George Crossington washing the Delaware. Then Robert came back with the story of the young actor who was expected in a particular play to rush on the stage in great excitement and say: The queen has swooned!

He showed the necessary excitement and called out: The swoon has queened! and then corrected himself and said: The sween has quooned, and when the audience began to laugh he tried again with: The quoon has sweened, when he was dragged off by the stage manager. As he disappeared he was heard to say something for which in Queen Elizabeth's day he would have been beheaded.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

An old Scotch lady was compelled to carry an ear trumpet with her wherever she went. Upon visiting a small church in Scotland not long ago she was watched very suspiciously by the sexton until she reached her seat. Then, as if he could stand the suspicion no longer, he went over to her and shaking a warning finger emphatically, he said: Madam—one toot, and you're oot.

The Request

Did Baron Fucash ask you for my hand, father? asked Gwendolin.

No, replied Mr. Cumrox, he called to discuss a marriage settlement. He didn't ask for your hand, he asked for my pocketbook.

Irrigating the Desert

The common opinion that there is no water in the desert of Sahara is quite incorrect, for in all parts of the great desert that are inhabited there is plenty of water. The trouble is to find it, for it lies at unknown depths below the surface of the sandy waters.

It is the mission of a party of artesian well diggers operating in the south of Algeria, to discover and make use of this hidden water, and in February last one of these engineers opened a well that has claimed the world's record, having a flow of 8,000 gallons a minute.

This is in the oasis of Tolga, about 22 miles west of Biskara. The water rises in a fountain six feet high and forms a small river that will make it possible to irrigate about 8,000 acres of land.

During the past ten years wells have been bored which produce 46,000 gallons of water a minute, making 116,000 gallons since the French have occupied the land. This makes it possible to irrigate 1,800,000 date palms in which lies the wealth of Southern Algeria.

WERE TRIED AND STOOD THE TEST

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS MAKING A REPUTATION IN THE WEST

Saskatchewan Man Tells How They Cured Him After Four Months' Suffering from Backache and Other Forms of Kidney Disease.

St. Phillips, Sask.—(Special)—In a new country where changes of climate and impure water are among the difficulties to be surmounted, kidney trouble is prevalent. It is the kidneys, the organs that strain the impurities out of the blood, that first feel any undue strain on the body. Consequently, Dodd's Kidney Pills have been well tried and tested in this neighborhood.

They have stood the test. Many settlers tell of backache, rheumatism and urinary troubles cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Otto Olchewski is one of these. In speaking of his cure he says:

"I suffered from kidney disease for four months. My back ached, I had heart flutterings, and was always tired and nervous. My skin had a harsh, dry feeling; my limbs were heavy; and I had a dragging sensation across the loins.

"I consulted a doctor, but, as I did not appear to improve, I decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I used six boxes, and now I am all right."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always stand the test. Ask your neighbors.

Invention of Stethoscope

The first public demonstration of the uses of the stethoscope was made by Dr. Laennec, the inventor, in a Paris hospital ninety-seven years ago. Auscultation, or diagnosis of the condition of internal organs by the sense of hearing, was used by the ancients, but it was not until a little over a century ago that physicians realized its great importance in incipient affectations of the chest, and tapping the chest with fingers, were the original methods used, but Laennec found that by rolling a quire of paper into a kind of cylinder, and applying one end to the patient's chest and the other to his own ear, much better results could be had than by the immediate application of the ear. This led to his invention of the stethoscope, or breast explorer. The whole subject of auscultation has been vastly elaborated and the stethoscope greatly improved since Laennec's time, and continued investigation has only served to demonstrate more fully the value of this method of diagnosis.

Gas From Trees

An interesting phenomenon, says a writer in American Forestry, is the escape of gas from cavities at the base of hardwood trees in the Ozarks when the trees are cut down. When the cavities are cut into, the gas escapes with a whistling sound, and if lighted it will burn with a faint yellow flame. Decomposition of the heart wood of the tree is supposed to cause the formation of the gas.

VICTIMS OF OPIUM

Gilded Palaces Bring in Huge Sums to Their Proprietors—Luxurious Dens in West End

A newspaperman accompanied by an ex-inspector of Scotland Yard, dressed in the plainest of plain clothes spent several days and nights in exploring the fashionable haunts where many Englishmen imitate the habits of the Chinese and their researches proved that, without a doubt, the opium den is as well, if not better, patronized by the fashionable West Enders as it is by his more humble and poverty-stricken brother in the east end of London.

In the East end the Chinaman or his opium-drugged English brother lies in an open cubicle upon a none too clean mattress. For the privilege of paying a few pence he is allowed to squat in a grimy hole, where he rolls his opinion into his beloved pea, lights it at the flame, plugs it into his pipe, and sucks until he is literally wafted into the opium maniac's heaven. But the difference between an east end and a west end opium den is almost as vast as the area which divides the North Pole from the South.

In a so-called fashionable West End den some sort of introduction is essential before a visitor is allowed within the sacred precints of the exclusive circle. Indeed it is safe to say that rarely, if ever, has a casual visitor effected an entrance on his own footing.

However, the detective stated that there are, not a hundred miles from Piccadilly, numbers of touts who act in the capacity of introducing agents to the proprietors of these opium palaces. Those who are familiar with the haunts of Englishmen infected with an insatiable taste for opium would, indeed, be amazed at the luxury and elaborate upholstering which characterizes the West End headquarters of the opium fiend. Everything breathes of comfort. The most elaborate Eastern hangings adorn the walls, while Turkey carpets into which the feet sink almost ankle deep cover the floors.

In various parts of the room divans, couches and settees are scattered around, it would be almost impossible to imagine any Eastern palace more luxurious in every detail. Morning, noon and night there is always a staff of waiters ready to administer to the wants of privileged patrons, whose requirements are faithfully carried out in every detail. For the proprietor of a fashionable opium den amasses a small fortune in a very short time, and, therefore, it pays him well to study the whims of those who come to him to satisfy their cravings.

The most curious thing about opium dens in London, said the Scotland Yard man, is the rapidity with which they spring up and flourish. Indeed they seem to become widely known almost as soon as they are founded. Your opium den runner, strangely has no need to advertise his ensign. He needs no advertisement; give him a couple of customers and sure enough in less than a week his clients will increase and multiply as carrion flock to the carcase.

Perhaps the most striking feature of London's opium dens is their indescribable art of secreting themselves. Indeed, it is safe to say that hundreds of thousands of people pass by these havens of rest daily, and yet not one person in a thousand would believe that this respectable-looking house is an opium den.

Tide-Predicting Machine

A necessary part of every mariner's education is an acquaintance with the tides. He may not know it from personal knowledge, but he must be supplied with a book which will tell him under ordinary circumstances how high the water will be at a certain time. The preparation of this book is another function of the Coast and Geodetic Survey. About every year it issues a large volume giving the tides for every day in the year for practically every harbor a ship may encounter—more than 3,000 in all.

The survey's knowledge in this matter is the result of years of study and labor, resulting in a apparatus which can predict what the tides will be at any given place in the world. The machine which the survey has constructed represents fifteen years' work. This tide-predicting machine is one of two in the possession of the survey, the other having been built in 1832 by an official of that office. Only four others of any merit exist, of which England possesses two. The one at the survey, however, is acknowledged to be the best in the world.

In order to perfect this apparatus a minute and prolonged study of actual tidal conditions in the ports of the world was necessary. Charts were made by means of a float to which was attached a pencil. When the water rose, the pencil did likewise and described an upward curve, and vice-versa when the tide fell. All the charts so obtained were assembled and studied. Then came mathematical deduction in connection with the machine. The idea was to perfect a machine which, when certain dials were set to represent conditions at any given port in the world, would, when the machine was started, predict what the tides would be in advance, always taking as granted that the weather conditions are normal. That was accomplished, but no apparatus can predict storms in connection with the tides.—Washington Star.

Now that little George had attained the age of six, the great problem of his education became the burning question of the hour. The family declared that little George must go to school immediately. Little George himself firmly maintained that he would do nothing of the sort, and henceforth the mere mention of the word school had very much the same effect upon him as a red rag is alleged to have upon a bull. Granny, however, who knew nothing of the difference of opinion in the family, ventured to remark one day: Your father tells me, George, that you are going to school next week. Then father's talking rot! the boy replied. Why, granny, I can't read and I can't write so what good should I do at school, I would like to know?

WINCHESTER

"Leader" and "Repeater"

SMOKELESS POWDER SHELLS

Carefully inspected shells, the best combinations of powder, shot and wadding, loaded by machines which give invariable results are responsible for the superiority of Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Factory Loaded Smokeless Powder Shells. There is no guesswork in loading them. Reliability, velocity, pattern and penetration are determined by scientific apparatus and practical experiments. Do you shoot them? If not, better try the W brand. They are the FIRST CHOICE OF THE BEST SHOTS.

POISONOUS MATCHES ARE PASSING AWAY

Dangerous chemicals are not used in tipping EDDY'S Ses-qui Safe Light matches.

See that you get EDDY'S and no other "just as good."

Safety—in its complete sense—is absolutely guaranteed, but you must ask for EDDY'S new

Your Dealer Has Them

"Ses-qui" Matches

TETLEY'S

Makes Better Tea and More of It

TEA

He Got the Earth

Some months ago excavations were being made for new tracks on the line of a certain famous railway. At one point a nearby resident obtained permission to remove a quantity of turf to resod his premises, the section boss being instructed to notify the excavating gang when the resident should have secured all he desired. The Hibernian's report is as follows: The man that wanted the earth has got it.

Dugald was ill, and his friend Donald took a bottle of whiskey to him. Donald gave the invalid one glass and said:

Ye'll get anither yin in the morning.

About five minutes elapsed, and then Dugald suddenly exclaimed:

Ye'd better let me hae the ither noo, Donald, ye hear o' sae mony sudden deaths nooadays.

On a recent examination paper in civics was the question: If the president, vice-president, and all the members of the cabinet should die, who would officiate?

Robert, a boy of twelve, thought for some time, trying in vain to recall who came next in succession. At last a happy inspiration came to him and he answered: The undertaker.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Smokers on Front Seats

Are not the rudest men those of the pipe and cigarette who seize the front seats of omnibusses, etc. and annoy their fellow passengers by belching smoke of sometimes horrible quality from mouths which may be worse—to say nothing of sparks and ashes? The same rudest men prevent many people from visiting or enjoying certain entertainments where no specially ventilated section of the building is provided for them. Thus tobacco is being regarded as once was snuffing.

Impressions of Polo

A technical sporting writer is credited with this description of the recent international polo game:

As I looked back at it afterwards the affair seemed to me a combination of a cavalry charge, a turkey trot, a subway rush on horseback a bad life insurance risk, Custer's last stand and the Brooklyn bridge at 5.30 p.m. on a week day.

Bad Blood

is the direct and inevitable result of irregular or constipated bowels and clogged-up kidneys and skin. The undigested food and other waste matter which is allowed to accumulate poisons the blood and the whole system. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills act directly on the bowels, regulating them—on the kidneys, giving them ease and strength to properly filter the blood—and on the skin, opening up the pores. For pure blood and good health take

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

Quicksand Frozen In

In excavating recently for the foundation of a large building in Berlin, the workmen found it necessary to go 10 feet below the foundations of the adjoining buildings. They rested on quicksand, which would have flowed from under them had the builders not used an ingenious method to keep the sand from slipping away. It consisted in solidly freezing the sides of the new excavation. Five-inch freeze pipes, closed at the bottom, were sunk three feet apart all around the edges of the pit. The pipes contained one-inch pipes that were open at the bottom and connected with a supply header at the top. The five-inch pipe was connected with a drain header. Brine, which was pumped from a refrigerating plant, passed down the one-inch pipes, up the five-inch pipes, back into the drain header and thence to the brine tank.

He Explains

I hear you passed my wife on the street the other day and said she was not much for looks.

I can explain, old man. You see my wife was along and she asked me if I didn't think your wife a perfect beauty. As a married man yourself you know that was my cue to disagree.

The explanation was accepted.

Scribbler—Whatever the critics may say about my novel, they can't say I have stolen any other man's ideas.

Tootsie—I should try that next time Bertie, if I were you.

And Mothers, Too

Mother, said the small boy at the piano, may I quit practicing for a while?

Why? Are your hands tired?

No. My hands aren't, but my ears are.

Anaemic Condition or Bloodlessness

A peculiar pallor or even ghastliness of the skin is the marked symptom of anaemia. The eyelids, gums and lips appear to be almost bloodless. The cause of this condition is the absence of red corpuscles from the blood.

The anaemic patient is usually thin and weak, but may be fleshy and inclined to dropsy. Stomach troubles and weakness of the bodily organs are accompaniments.

Red corpuscles must be added to the blood, and this can best be accomplished by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

This great food cure is so gentle and natural in action that it is admirably suited for the use of women and girls suffering from anaemic or other diseases which arise from an impoverished condition of the blood.

It is readily assimilated, enters the blood streams and carries health and strength to every organ of the body.

The vigor of the digestive system is quickly restored, and the food taken into the body is properly digested and nourishment supplied to the whole system.

To get well and keep well you must supply the body with an abundance of pure, rich blood. Nothing can help you so well as

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

The Creston Review

Published every Friday at Creston, British Columbia, by the Creston Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd.

The Review is the acknowledged advertising medium of the Creston valley, circulating in nearly one thousand homes throughout the Creston district and reaching out in a broad manner into other communities. Our advertising rates are based on the scale of the Kootenay and Boundary Printers' Board of Trade. Land purchase and land lease notices, $7 for statutory time. Display advertisements, $1 per inch per month; other advertising 10 cents per line first issue and 5 cents per line in succeeding weeks. Subscription rates $2.00 a year in advance. Our columns are open to contributions dealing in matters of local interest and the welfare of the community. Contributions must be brief and signed.

A. B. S. Stanley - - - - Editor and Manager

The Review in its issue of August 8 made mention of an attack on the Canadian Bank of Commerce by the Moose jaw times and quoted dispatches from the Mayor of Moose-jaw and others to show how unwarranted was the attack, and how futile. Now the same paper makes a most scurrilous attack on the town of Fernie, in the following terms:

"Fernie is a small one-horse town in British Columbia noted for its dirt also for the fact that it was burnt out, and that some of its inhabitants seem to have done pretty well out of the relief fund.

Everywhere else in Canada that we know of an hotel man who tried to run the city or town in which he lived would be politely told to get out. Fernie has such respect for the licquor traffic, however, that it has a hotel man as its Mayor.

The way in which Fernie runs its civic affairs is open to question. There have also been some complaints about its hospital management. Its morals are notorious, as is only natural in a town run by the liquor interests.

Fernie is, however out with a big axe on the subdivisions of Toronto, Moosejaw, and other places. It attacks a number of real estate men as sharks. Some of the firms its Press and Board of Trade are attacking are very respectable people. Others might bear investigation, more particularly those which are selling British Columbia fruit lands, which happen to be one of the most bare-faced swindles which have ever been palmed off on the Eastern public, and have the subdivision wild catting beaten a mile.

The town of Fernie is a wide open town, like so many other towns in the jurisdiction of that famous Tory, Attorney-General Bowser. We fancy that the Fernie Press would be better employed cleaniug up there own town and reforming the morals of their none to chaste community before exciting themselves about subdivisions in Moosejaw. One thing it is safe to predict, and that is that any subdivision we know of on the Moosejaw map will have more people in it in the next five years than there will be in the whole of the smokey little hole in the mountains which is notorious from one end of Canada to another for being an open den of vice run by the liquor interests."

There are a great many things about this most unwarranted attack that challenge attention.

1st the writer must be very ignorant of Fernie and of British Columbia or he would know that Fernie is not a smoky little hole but an incorporated city about a third the size of Moosejaw. Nor is Fernie a one horse town but one of the livest small cities in the biggest province in the Dominion of Canada. It is estimated that Fernie has been paying in the neighborhood of $50,000 a month to out of town real estate men and Moosejaws fake subdivisions have received a very fair share of that amount.

2nd. Fernie has not been out with an axe for Toronto and The Times must have lost its reason altogether when it ranks Moosejaw with Toronto and other places. Fernie has used Toronto as a model of what a city ought to be before it offers it subdivision stuff to the general public. Fernie has had no axe out for any legitimate real estate proposition, but Fernie has had the courage of her convictions and has made one of the greatest expositions of the most colossal frauds in the history of real estate in Canada and it is significant that the little three and a fraction horse town of Moosejaw should figure so prominently in the denouement.

3rd. If British Columbia fruit lands have been wildcatted it has been done by men on the prairies not by Btitish Columbians the fact is (probably unknown to our ignorant writer in Moosejaw) that we of the mountains have so much real good fruit land to sell that we would be cheating ourselves if we tried to unload any of the stuff that lines up in the catigory with Moosejaw subdivision property.

Lastly, we of the mountains have attained an altitude, mentally, morally and "really" so far above the inhabitants of a certain "really" notorious prairie town that we can afford to look down upon certain writers with complacency and as the editor of the much abused Fernie Free Press has said: "We will not be so unfair as to judge Moosejaw by the author of the article "Fernie the Critic!"

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The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

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YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercials.

J. B. Moran - - Prop.

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CAPITAL, $15,000,000 REST, $12,500,000

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8.8

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Farm and Garden

HELPING CABBAGE ALONG.

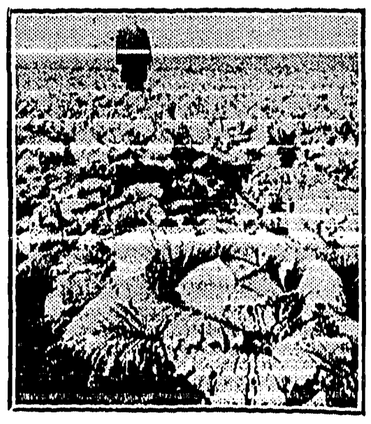
Fertilizers That Bring the Big Heads Some General Advice.

At the approach of the growing season the development of the cabbage should be stimulated by applying a side dressing of 150 to 200 pounds of a fertilizer carrying a high percentage of nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia with little or no phosphoric acid or potash in it.

While cabbage will thrive upon a wide diversity of soil types, the soil which is usually selected for truck farm operations is what gardeners call a "quick soil"—one composed of sand with a small percentage of clay. Much of the soil of the important trucking region of the Atlantic seaboard consists of the type denominated "Norfolk sand" or "Norfolk sandy loam." This soil cannot be said to be ideal for cabbage, but suits it better than would the more retentive soils because of the season at which the crop is desired.

The soil for cabbage should, if possible, be an area upon which a green crop or a liberal application of stable manure can be turned under previous to planting in the fall. If fertilizers are used at planting time they should carry normal quantities of phosphoric acid and potash, but only a small percentage of nitrogen. There are two reasons for this: (1) A slow vegetative growth is desired at this season in order that the plant may be prepared to withstand the most trying period of the winter; (2) nitrogen, if applied liberally when the plant is small, will, because of its solubility, be lost, as the plant will not be able to use it as fast as it becomes available. Then, too, a liberal amount of nitrogen available at this period would induce a rapid, succulent growth, which would make the plants tender and unfit them for passing the severe weather of the winter.

A satisfactory fertilizer for the planting season will carry 1½ or 2 per cent of nitrogen, 6 to 8 per cent of phosphoric acid and about 10 per cent of potash. This fertilizer should be scattered broadcast over the area at the rate of 1,000 to 1,500 pounds per acre.—Bulletin United States Department of Agriculture.



Photograph by Wisconsin agricultural experiment station.

CABBAGE IN THE FIELD.

One Way With the Labor Problem.

A good way to solve the labor problem which threatens to become so serious is to build comfortable cottages, provide conveniences for them; plant orchards, lay out gardens and employ a man with a family, one who appreciates the value of a comfortable home in addition to his wages. There is reliable labor for farms, but it is difficult to induce men to accept fair wages and live without home comforts.—Farm and Ranch.

For San Jose Scale.

Ground lime is not as good as stone or lump quicklime for making lime-sulphur wash, but it can be used. Increase the relative proportion of lime about one-fourth and boil more thoroughly. Use twenty to twenty-five pounds lime, fifteen pounds flowers of sulphur and boil for one and a half to two hours with enough water to cover. Strain and dilute to fifty gallons.—Ohio Farmer.

DOLLAR IS NOT EVERYTHING.

Every business farmer has to look out for the dollars. They come handy at certain times. But in looking at the business side don't forget to see the beauty of a fine pasture or a well turned animal. There is lots of pleasure in handling good crops or good stock.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINIG REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta the Yukon Territory, the North-west Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Generally the man who bores us to death is the one who is going out of his way to do us, in his opinion, a distinctive favor.

BURN'S COMPLETE Animal Fertilizers

ARE MONEY SEEDS

Sow Burns' Fertilizers And Reap Dollars.

Call or send for our New Pamphlet which is full of useful information for Fruit Growers etc.

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SECRETS OF HOME LIFE

Statements made by patients taking the New Method Treatment. They know it Cures

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CONSTITUTIONAL BLOOD DISEASE.

Patient No. 16474. "The spots are all gone from my legs and arms and I feel good now. I am very grateful to you and shall never forget the favor your medicines have done for me. You can use my name in recommending it to any sufferer. I am going to get married soon. Thanking you once more, etc."

SAYS TWO MONTHS CURED HIM.

Patient No. 16765. Age 23. Single. Indulged in immoral habits 4 years. Deposit in urine and drains at night. Varicose Veins on both sides, pains in back, weak sexually. He writes:—"I received your letter of recent date and in reply I am pleased to say that after taking two months' treatment I would consider myself completely cured, as I have seen no signs of them coming back (one year).

THE WORLD SEEMS DIFFERENT.

Patient No. 15023. "I have not had a regular Emission I don't know when and am feeling fine. The world seems altogether different to me and I thank God for directing me to you. You have been an honest doctor with me."

VARICOSE VEINS CURED.

Case No. 16988. Symptoms when he started treatment:—Age 21, single, indulged in immoral habits several years. Varicose Veins on both sides—pimples on the face, etc. After two months' treatment he writes as follows:—"Your welcome letter to hand and am very glad to say that I think myself cured. My Varicose Veins have completely disappeared for quite a while and it seems a cure. I work harder and feel less tired. I have no desire for that habit whatever and if I stay like this, which I have every reason to believe I will. Thanking you for your kind attention," etc.

GAINED 14 POUNDS IN ONE MONTH.

Patient No. 13522. This patient (aged 58) had a chronic case of Nervous Debility and Sexual Weakness and was run down in vigor and vitality. After one month's treatment he reports as follows:—"I am feeling very well. I have gained 14 pounds in one month, so that I will have to congratulate you." Later report:—"I am beginning to feel more like a man. I feel my condition is getting better every week." His last report:—"Dear Doctors—As I feel this is the last month's treatment that I will have to get, I thought at one time I would never be cured but I put confidence in you from the start and you have cured me."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

We treat and cure VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES and all Diseases peculiar to men.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department as follows: DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, WINDSOR, ONT.

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Run on strictly up-to-date lines. Unexcelled service in all departments. Kitchen staff (including cook) all white ladies. Every comfort and attention given to guests

The bar is supplied with only the best brand of goods.

Porters Meet Trains

W. A. HERON, MANAGER

MAKE THE MONEY CERTAIN.

Every crop rotation must contain crops that make money for the farmer. Few farmers can afford to experiment. This must be left to the experiment stations. The crops grown must be those best adapted to the type of farm and to the location. If a farmer can make more money out of one crop than out of any other, then that crop must form the basis of his rotation, and other crops may be added in such proportions as to make the best balance of labor, product and fertility.—Kansas Industrialist.

Hint For Stock Raisers.

A well bred animal costs very little more to purchase and generally less to feed than a bad one, while the progeny is always salable.

"ADAM WAS A GARDENER."

Plenty of fine tomatoes can be had without any trouble if hardwood ashes are used as a fertilizer and are also sifted on the leaves to keep off the little black flies.

Avoid the use of too much water on the lettuce plants. It may cause them to damp off, and it will tend to produce soft and splindling plants. Stocky plants are an important factor in producing a good crop of lettuce.

Mustard and cress are two of the finest salads we have. Sow in shallow drills three or four inches apart. Cut three weeks from date of sowing with shears. Wash and serve with salt and bread and butter or with a mayonnaise dressing.

A fertilizer that contains about 4 per cent of nitrogen and about 8 to 10 per cent of each of the mineral elements is well adapted to general trucking or market gardening. If additional nitrogen is needed it can be supplied by top dressing with nitrate of soda at the rate of 100 to 200 pounds to the acre.

Clover and Manure Are Partners.

The belief that use of clover and manures or mineral fertilizers as two separate and independent schemes of maintaining the fertility of the soil has led to many wrong conclusions as well as badly depleted soils. These two must work together for good.—Farm Progress.

Alfalfa For the Silo.

Any crop of alfalfa may be put into the silo, but the first one is usually the best because, first, it is coarser than the following crops, and, second, it comes on at a season of the year when there is more or less rain to interfere with curing a crop of hay.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Only the pessimist will think of coal bills at the time that he is paying the iceman.

Some persons can't go far wrong because they are too slow to make much headway.

There are men who are born foolish others attain the same condition by falling in love.

The successful man is the one who knows when to lead trumps.

SPOKANE INTER STATE FAIR
SEPT. 15 TO 21 1913

SPOKANE INTER STATE FAIR
SEPT. 15 TO 21 1913

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Daily Games between Canadian and American Teams
$35,000 in Premiums & Purses
Competition open to the World
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Approved by U. S. Government
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A reliable French regulator; never fails. These are generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at $5 a box, or three for $10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Church Notices

CATHOLIC CHURCH
Sunday School every Sunday at 2:30

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
Christ Church
Sunday School at 10:15 a.m.
Morning Prayer at 11:00 a. m.
Evening Prayer 7:30 p. m.
R. AXON, Student in charge

METHODIST CHURCH
Beginning the first Sunday in May
Junior Congregation and Bible Class 11 A. M.
Public Worship, 7:30 P. M.
Come and help us to help you.
Fred L. Carpenter
Pastor

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Service every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School at 2:30 p. m.
Adults Bible Class meets every Thursday evening.
W. G. Blake
Minister

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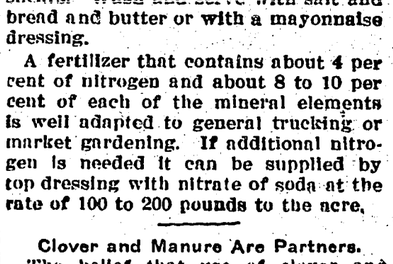

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

WANTED at once

Persons to work for us in spare time at home. No experience required with our NEW ART COLORING PROCESS Easy and fascinating work. Good pay. No canvassing. Write for instructions (free).

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Cleans and disinfects everything in your home from the cellar to the attic. Put it on your duster and dust Hardwood Floors, Woodwork, Linoleums, Pianos, Furniture, etc. Makes everything just like new. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Made by the

DOMESTIC SPECIALTY COMPANY, LIMITED, Hamilton, Canada.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1 No.2 No.3

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER No. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co, 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. Co, HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE

THERAPION SAFE AND LASTING CURE.

SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

Very Bad, Indeed

Francis Wilson, at a luncheon in Grammercy Park, was congratulated on his French pronunciation.

I've been taken in my time, said Mr. Wilson, for a Parisian. This shows what perseverance will do. I had a hard time in the beginning to learn French.

In fact, in the beginning I was as hopeless as the chap whose French teacher said to him: Hereafter monsieur I can only teach you by correspondence.

Why? asked the pupil.

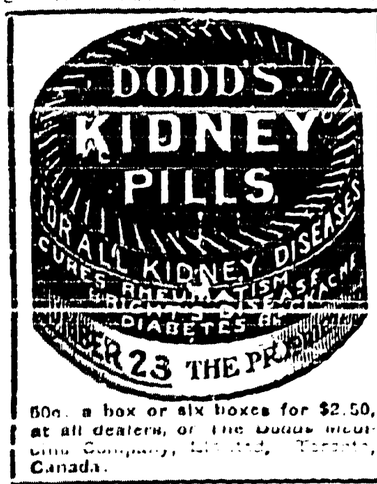
Because, said the teacher, if we keep on this way, your pronunciation will spoil mine.

I tell you, old man, there's always room at the top, said Jimpsonberry.

I haven't a doubt of it, said Languish, but the worst of it is there is never any elevator to take you up.

A Billion for Music

A statistician or a man who delights in computations, has figured out that in Canada and the United States, a billion dollars a year is spent upon music. How he arrives at his conclusion is not very succinctly set forth. If New York, he says, spends $100,000,000, it is putting the figure very low to suggest that the remainder of the North American continent spends $900,000. This is undoubtedly probable, but a billion dollars is a vast sum and takes a deal of making up. If so great a sum really is spent in this way there is one thing pretty sure, namely, that it could not be better applied.



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W. N. U. 959

An Indian's Bravery

A striking story of the courage and self-sacrifice of which the American Indian at his best is capable is given by Mr. O. H. Mills in the Des Moines Register and Leader. It was told to the white men by the famous Sac chief, Black Hawk, who himself saw the incident.

It all began with an unfortunate quarrel between an Iowa and a Musquakit, in which the latter killed the former, and then in a moment of frenzy scalped his victim. The two tribes were at peace, and this act, allowable only in time of war, was in Indian eyes an intolerable breach of good faith.

The Musquakies offered all sorts of reparation but the Iowas would accept nothing but the person of the offender to be tortured and put to death in propitiation of the outraged spirit of the dead man. To this the Musquakies agreed on condition that the culprit be given a month to fortify himself for his terrible ordeal. But just as the month was about to expire he fell ill with a raging fever. In that condition he could not be carried across the prairie but a failure to produce him at the appointed place would arouse the suspicions and perhaps the hostility of the Iowas.

A council was called to debate the matter, before which appeared Cono, a brother of the sick man. There are no squaw-men in our family, he declared. I will go in his place.

The others tried to dissuade him, and described to him the tortures he would have to undergo; but he insisted upon making the sacrifice. Accordingly, an escort was selected to accompany him, at the head of which Black Hawk, then a young but widely respected chief, was placed.

I never saw a more pathetic scene said Black Hawk, than the parting of Cono and his father and mother and other relatives. The whole tribe was overwhelmed with gloom.

In the middle of the afternoon the party arrived at the Iowas' village. Cono had asked that his identity should not be disclosed, but one of the Iowas, who was present at the time the young Indian was slain, saw that the guilty party was not being delivered and Black Hawk told the whole story. The Iowas accepted it as true, and after a brief council, consented to the arrangement. The death circle was staked out and patrolled with armed guards, and Cono was placed in its centre, while his escort was entertained in the tepee of the chief. It was a chill November day, and the sun was just sinking behind the cliffs of the Des Moines River when the escort left the camp.

They paused on a hill about a half-mile distant from the camp. They could see that the fires had been lighted round the death circle, and in the hush of the evening came the plaintive sound of Cono chanting his death song.

Having travelled some two hours, they halted and made camp. About midnight they heard the clatter of horses' feet, and in a moment more a single horseman rode up. It was Cono! This was his remarkable story:

The fires of the death circle were burning brightly, and the squaws with their burning sticks were preparing to make the first attempt to extort a cry of pain and agony, when an old man, the father of the dead Indian, raised his voice.

Stop! he said, let me speak. I am the one that has suffered, my son was killed and scalped by a Musquakie. I was hungry for revenge, and were the one that killed and scalped him here, would shout with joy at his tortures. But this young man is brave. Never have I seen such bravery before. He is too good a man to torture and kill. Release him and let him return to his own people.

Although the entire village a few hours before had been eager for revenge, there was a murmur of approval, as the old man gathered his blanket about his hand and took his seat. Without anyone's making a single objection Cono was removed from the circle and given food and drink. A few hours later he was led from the camp, allowed to mount his own pony and depart in peace.

Orient of the West

There were features of picturesqueness and beauty in the region named Chinatown as it existed of old in San Francisco. A sketch in the Craftsman presents these interesting pictures.

It is said that between 10,000 and 40,000 people according to the season of the year lived in the eight solid blocks of this old Chinatown—lived as they might have back in Canton, a real life of genuine homes and quiet industry. There was a Chinese Chamber of Commerce in their midst and the whole Pacific coast reckoned with the body. There were merchants fabulously rich.

There were wonderful festivals in the days of old Chinatown where the Chinese ladies came forth in myriad colored robes with trousers of pale shades with gorgeous embroidered coats, with jade and gold in their hair—garments taken from cedar chests and worn only on great occasions. The Chinamen of these old days, a writer tells us, were an honest people, honest beyond our strictest ideas. They attended to their own business and did not interfere with ours. They were people of dignity and cleanliness. American merchants learned that none need ever ask a note of a Chinaman in a commercial transaction—his word was his bond.

Billy, while being reprimanded by his teacher for some misdemeanor, sat down, leaving her standing.

She reminded him that no gentleman should seat himself while the lady, with whom he is conversing remains standing.

But this is a lecture, replied Billy, with a grin, and I am the audience.

Tourist—You have an unusually large acreage of corn under cultivation; don't the crows annoy you a great deal?

Farmer—Oh, not to any extent.

Tourist—That's singular, considering you have no scarecrows.

Farmer—Oh, well, you see I'm out here a good part of the time myself.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace

Your fuel bills will be *lower* and you'll get *more* heat, evenly distributed all over the house, if you install a *McClary Sunshine Furnace.* The *Sunshine pays for itself* in a very few years by the *saving* it effects. Call on the McClary dealer or write our nearest Branch for full information.

351

LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, N.B., HAMILTON, CALGARY, SASKATOON, EDMONTON

New Rifle Sight a Boon to Hunters

Brainerd, Minn.—Recent trials made by A. H. Porsch and Fred Britton with the Remington Arms Company's new negative angle sight have proven quite satisfactory, says the Daily Dispatch. Using a target two feet wide and three feet high with a six inch bulls eye, each of these men fired eighty shots at the several ranges for which the sight is intended, and scored eighty hits each which, had the target been a deer, would have made a kill in each instance. Groups of five shots were made in several instances within a space that could have been been covered with a twenty-five cent piece.

When the fact that the conditions under which these men made their trials were most aggravating, is considered, there being a strong wind of varying velocity blowing across the line of fire, the results obtained are admittedly most remarkable.

These men have proven to their satisfaction that the Remington negative angle sight is a success if used as it is intended to be used. It is a good sight for the man who shoots a rifle only occasionally and who is therefore rather unfamiliar with the judging of distances and the adjusting of sights to the distance estimated. Practice with a rifle on a fixed target should be indulged in by all hunters before going into the woods in order to familiarize themselves with the gun they expect to use and if more practice were indulged in by hunters before going to the woods there would be a larger percentage of kills made with a lower percentage of accidents.

The sight has not yet been placed on the market.

Miller's Worm Powders, being in demand everywhere, can be got at any chemist's or drug shop, at very small cost. They are a standard remedy for worm troubles and can be fully relied upon to expel worms from the system and abate the sufferings that worms cause. There are many mothers that rejoice that they found available so effective a remedy for the relief of their children.

Praise for Young Astor

When Vincent Astor says: It is better to have dead grass in the parks than dead children in the tenements, he proves that a young man can inherit millions without getting soft hands and a hard face, to use Mr. Roosevelt's expression.

It is especially gratifying to know that this particular young man, who is in a position to do great good, has broad sympathies and a real understanding of the purposes of public playgrounds.

If more young men of the same sort took this same democratic attitude Park Keeper Stover would receive fewer complaints from people who think it more important to have grass above the ground than children above ground.

Vincent Astor has inherited good sense and sound Americanism.

Young Astor has inherited vast properties in New York, many of them tenement properties. His attitude in the matter of the parks gives promise that these will be administered on humanitarian principles and that the great influence he can gain in municipal affairs will be exerted in behalf of people not so fortunately born as he.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Duel Scars Without a Duel

A German business firm has printed an advertisement in which it offers to imitate the scars obtained in university duels. Every one knows those facial disfigurements which are so prized by the Teuton, but it is difficult to say which is the more striking the enterprise of the German firm which offers to decorate men's faces with imitation wounds of honor, or the vanity of the men who accept the offer.

In Germany these scars are held to enhance manly beauty, and they confer a special cachet on the disfigured one. But hitherto scars have been the result of sabre wounds and not of a process without pain or interruption to business.

How the Leader Was Drilled

As the motor car approached the street corner a young man sprang directly in front of it, and waving his arms, cried: Now come on, will you? The car struck him squarely in the chest and threw him 10 feet ahead. Rising quickly he rushed at the car again and was thrown ahead again. He was about to make another rush when a policeman caught hold of him. What's the matter with you? growled the constable. Off your head? Not at all, replied the young man. I have been appointed to lead the suffragettes' next big raid and I was only just getting myself into condition.

Stan. V. Henkels, an auctioneer, was talking about the wonderful Hale autographs which he sold last month.

Benjamin Franklin's autographs, said Mr. Henkels, showed him as always shrewd and witty. It was Franklin, you know, who replying to a revolutionary letter, which said: The cream of the English army is now in the field, answered.

I suppose you mean the whipped cream.

When a man can travel as far on his nerve as others can on an excursion ticket the railways are sure to lose money.

The only building material that has not increased in price is

CANADA Portland CEMENT

It makes concrete that you can depend upon for satisfactory results, whether you use it for a silo or a garden walk.

High quality and low price are made possible by efficient organization and manufacturing economies due to a large and growing demand.

See that every bag of cement you buy bears the "Canada" label—it is your guarantee of satisfaction.

Canada Cement Company Limited, Montreal

Write for a free copy of the book "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

Pipe Stems

It seems curious to reflect, in view of the universal use of vulcanite as pipe mouthpieces, that this material was quite unknown a few years ago. Prepared, as everybody knows, from India-rubber, it is undoubtedly the most durable and serviceable material pipe mouthpieces. For many years these were made from the vulcanite run into moulds while hot, and afterwards trimmed and polished. A very great improvement was effected, says the Cigar and Tobacco World, when it was discovered that a much harder and better article, and one capable of taking a higher polish, could be produced by cutting from the solid block of vulcanite. The so-called block is a slab of about four feet by two feet and 1-2 inch or 3-4 inch in thickness. These slabs are first cut by fine circular saws into narrow strips of the required size, sub-divided as to length, turned in the lathe, trimmed by files, bored and finally polished in readiness to be affixed to the pipes. A little heat carefully applied is all that is necessary for bending vulcanite.

An Oil Without Alcohol.—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils compose the famous Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting. There is no medicinal oil compounded that can equal this oil in its preventive and healing power.

At present, says Mme. Claire de Pratz in 'France from Within,' many Frenchwomen who have been educated in the public laicized schools refuse to wear this symbol of their bond (a wedding ring), so that there are many married women in France who wear no wedding ring at all—a terrible heresy indeed, in the eyes of some Anglo-Saxons. The French wedding ring, the author adds, is generally made in two parts, the wife wearing one and the husband the other, both rings being blessed at the altar when there is a religious ceremony.

Father—You have no sense; I am going to cut you off with a million.

The Son—If you do I'll disgrace the family by riding round in a second-hand auto.

It was an arduous task for the teacher to drum into her youthful pupils the principles of arithmetic.

Now, listen, she said. In order to subtract, things have to be in the same denomination. This is what I mean: Now, you couldn't take three apples from four peaches, nor eight marbles from twelve buttons. It must be three apples from four apples and so on.

Do you understand?

The majority seemed to grasp the idea. One perky little youngster in the rear, however, raised a timid hand.

Please teacher, he inquired, couldn't you take three quarts of milk from two cows.

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If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids, Doesn't Smart —Soothes Eye Pain—Acts as Nature's Murine Eye Remedy. Liquid, 25c, 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books Free by Mail.

An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Ferry Across Panama Canal

Paradoxical though it seems, the first task for the army engineers after they have succeeded in severing the continents of North and South America by the Panama canal will be to re-establish the connection. It is necessary that communication by rail be retained unimpaired between the north and south banks of the canal, especially if the railway systems of North and South America are to be linked so as to afford unbroken connection between New York and Buenos Aires. Bridges high enough above the canal to permit of the passage of ocean-going vessels with their lofty masts, are out of the question, while a plan to tunnel under the canal has been abandoned because of the great cost. Finally the decision has inclined to a system of large steam car floats constituting a gigantic ferry, which probably will be located near Camp Elliott.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

One of the things which helps swell the traveller's expenses, both in this country and abroad, is the extra. It may or may not be charged in the bill, but it is sure to be paid for. Probably even the most generous traveller however, will have some sympathy for the gentleman in the following story, who was made to pay liberally for a certain annoying privilege.

During his stay at the hotel the weather had been very hot.

Charles, said the landlord to the clerk who was making out the bill to be presented to the departing guest, have you noticed that the gentleman in No. 7 has consulted the thermometer on the piazza at least ten times every morning during his stay here?

Charles replied that he had.

Well, said the landlord, charge him the price of one dinner a day for the use of the thermometer.

A Direct Hint

Well, Johnny, my dear, how are you getting on with your French?

Oh, very well, uncle. We translate quite nice sensible sentences now, such as: My uncle never allows my birthday to pass without giving me a present, or it is certain that my uncle will give me something quite splendid this time.

Georgia lawyer (to colored prisoner)—Well, Rastus, so you want me to defend you. Have you got any money?

Rastus—No; but I'se got a mule and a few chickens, and a hog or two.

Lawyer—Those will do very nicely. Now, let me see, what do they accuse you of?

Rastus—Oh, a mule, and a few chickens, and a hog or two.

Canada as an Egg Importer

Canada is a fine agricultural country and hens thrive in every province. Also we have abundance of cheap feed. Yet Canadian farmers fall far short of supplying the number of eggs that Canadian egg eaters demand. During the ten months ending Jan. 31, 1913, Canada exported $30,466 worth of eggs and imported $2,327,921 worth. That is to say, while we were asking the other fellow to pay us $1 for our eggs, we were paying him $76 for his.

True love talks little and acts foolish.

Hats and Architecture

It has been pointed out that the form of the hat bears a certain relation to buildings of a primitive nature—huts. A distinguished architect has invited attention to the curious resemblance that has existed and that is still to be found in many countries between headgear and habitations or other buildings. It may be that the same taste, or the lack of it, has given rise to the similarity of style, or in the beginning the designer of the hat may have taken the hut as a model.

In the Hawaiian Islands long before the inhabitants took the trouble to clothe themselves, they built grass houses, and at the present time the characteristic Hawaiian hat is remarkably like the hut.

The turbans of the dignitaries of the Eastern Church are still of the shape of those worn by the high priests among the Jews of olden times, and they are extraordinarily like the characteristic domes that surmount mosques. Again, it is pointed out, the high pointed spires of Gothic churches were contemporaneous with the high hornlike headdress known as the hennin. It is believed, too, that like results may be found after a comparison of other styles of architecture with the headgear of the period wherein they flourished.

An old darkey was encountered by the expedition sent by Uncle Sam for the relief of sufferers by the Mississippi floods. Uncle Eph was in a dilapidated looking skiff or dugout, which he was having considerable trouble to keep afloat. He was busy paddling with one hand and bailing out his craft with the other when the relief boat came within hailing distance of him. The captain of the relief boat called to him: Hello there, uncle! What do you want? Nothing but wings, boss, was the answer.

Our new bookkeeper can't seem to see a mistake when it's pointed out to him.

He's a ball fan. Don't allude to them as mistakes; allude to them as bonehead plays. He'll understand that all right.

The information editor received this letter from a fresh youth:

Kindly tell me why a girl always closes her eyes when a fellow kisses her.

The editor replied:

If you will send us your photograph we may be able to tell you the reason.

HOME COURSE IN FRUITS AND BERRIES

RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS AND GOOSEBERRIES.

By LE ROY CADY and K. A. KIRKPATRICK of the Minnesota Agricultural College.

THE raspberry will succeed on any good corn soil. It likes a great deal of moisture. A north slope is accounted best. The presence of an abundance of humus in the ground chosen is desirable.

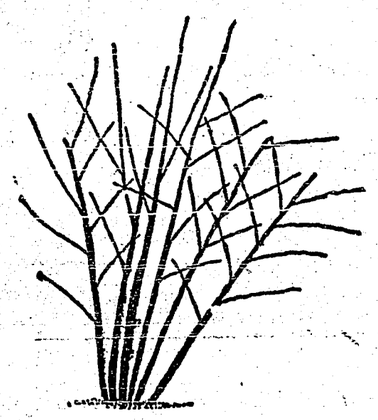
The best fertilizer to use is stable manure comparatively free from straw or foul weed seeds. Apply a fairly heavy dressing to clover or timothy stubble in the fall and plow under. If the ground is already quite rich in nitrogen it may be desirable to grow a crop of roots or potatoes previous to setting the plants or even to dispense with the manuring altogether.

It is desirable to plow in the fall and allow full weathering. If plowing must be done in the spring the top portion of the soil should first be thoroughly stirred with a disk or other harrow. In the spring, if the plowing has been done in the fall, as soon as the top of the soil dries sufficiently it should be dragged. Follow with a disk or spading harrow, working the surface up thoroughly. Some growers prefer to apply well rotted stable manure just previous to this treatment.

Time to Plant.

The upright or suckering varieties may be set with good results in the fall. The black caps, or the tip growing sorts, must be planted in the spring. Wait until good, large sprouts have started from the tip plant.

Practicable raspberry propagation is done only by means of sucker plants



TYPICAL RASPBERRIES AFTER PRUNING.

and tip plants. To obtain sucker plants the planter should dig up the little sucker sprouts which stand in the outer part of the hills or rows. Care should be taken to get a good portion of the running underground root. But the best possible results will usually be secured by digging up several large, thrifty plants in the fall. Cut the roots in three inch pieces and stratify them over winter. In the spring sow these in shallow drills in well prepared garden soil. This method requires a year.

For the tip plants the tips of the growing canes may be allowed to droop and touch the soil in the latter part of July. If the soil is loose and extremely dry they should have earth placed over their tips with a spade or hoe. In late fall they will have rooted nicely. When laying down the canes for the winter a foot or more of the cane should be cut free and allowed to stick up, to mark their position.

Planting.

Two methods of planting are in vogue—the hill and the continuous row. We believe the check hill system is better.

Cultivation.

Cultivation should be begun as soon as the plants are set. It should be shallow, but kept up all summer long. The soil should never be allowed to bake or crust. The best tool is the horse five shovel or fourteen tooth cultivator.

The patch should never be seeded down, nor should grass be allowed to creep in. If one wishes to ripen the canes in late summer millet, oats or buckwheat may be sowed thickly to take up the moisture in the soil. If it is desired to enrich the ground for the coming year, soy beans or Canadian peas may be used.

Mulching is sometimes used as a substitute for cultivation, but its success is doubtful.

Pruning and Thinning.

Not more than two shoots should be allowed to grow from each plant the first year. The second and succeeding years each hill of the suckering kind will produce a great many shoots. Only four or five of the strongest should be allowed to develop.

The drooping sorts throw out their shoots from the root near the crown. The treatment for the first year is similar to that for the suckering kinds. The second and succeeding years five or six canes may be allowed to develop.

The canes which have borne fruit should always be removed soon after the crop is harvested.

If one wishing to grow the berries without laying them down in winter the young shoots should have the tops pinched out of them when they are about fifteen to twenty inches high. Laying them down in winter is always cheap insurance.

Varieties should be limited. Pests and diseases are usually not present or they are readily controlled.

Currants.

The currant must have a moist, cool soil. The best results are got on a strong clay loam or even on a stiff clay if it is in a good state of cultivation. A cool northern exposure is best, and comparatively low, moist ground, with some shade, will often be most desirable. Planting among orchard trees is practicable.

A dozen plants will furnish sufficient fruit for the ordinary family. They should not be set out along fence rows and allowed to grow up in weeds and grass. Large quantities of barnyard manure should be worked into the site before and after setting the plants.

Plants.

Currants can be grown from seed, but the method is not used except by the plant breeder. Plants are usually procured from nurserymen.

The plants used are grown from cuttings of the ripened wood or from layerings. The cuttings are made from the current season's wood in August or September after the leaves have fallen. These are made seven or eight inches long and are planted in well prepared garden soil, with only an inch above ground, four inches apart, in rows three feet apart. By winter root growth will have started, and in the spring they will start off and grow strongly. They should be kept well cultivated in the growing season to conserve the moisture. They are sometimes planted when one year old, but the best results will be obtained by allowing them to grow for two seasons before setting.

The branches may be rooted by bending them down and covering with soil, leaving the tips exposed. After one season they should be cut loose, lifted and grown in nursery rows for one season before being planted out. They are also layered successfully by cutting off the clump, encouraging as many young shoots as possible and then mounding soil in and about them to a height of eight or ten inches.

Planting.

In large plantations the best plan is the check system. Use a single plant to establish a hill and plant 6 by 6 feet for best results. Where continuous rows are used the plants should stand 3½ or 4 by 6 feet.

Cultivation and Mulching.

The currant must not be cultivated deeply, for it is a shallow rooted plant. The necessary moisture must be maintained by continual surface cultivation or by mulching.

Ashes, sawdust, straw and manure are used for mulching. Hardwood sawdust, if not worked into the soil, is probably the best. Apply to a depth of several inches. Manure is good and tends to keep a supply of plant food always at hand. The best method of mulching is to confine the application to the hills and within the row, where the continuous row is used. The space between the rows is cultivated.

Pruning and Thinning.

The plants probably produce the best fruit and the larger portion of it on the two and three year old wood.

In practical field culture four to eight main stems are allowed to develop, and a system of renewing by cutting out the wood over three years old is followed. The greater part of the fruit is borne near the base of the shoots. For this reason it is advantageous to nip back the growing shoots in the summer season when they have reached about eighteen inches.

Harvesting and Marketing.

The currants, if to be sold, should never be stripped when one is picking. The stems of the bunches should be cleanly severed from the branches. The fruit is said to make better jelly when picked just as the currants are ripening and while the fruits on the tips of the bunches are green.

Winter Protection.

Currants will usually be sufficiently protected in the northwest if the branches are simply gathered up and tied in a bundle.

Pests and Diseases.

The greatest pests of the currant are the currant worm, currant borer, leaf spot and mildew. Directions for controlling them may be obtained from any agricultural experiment station.

Gooseberries.

The gooseberry is closely related to the currant. It is largely used green for sauce, for pies and for canning. For jam and preserves it is usually preferred ripe.

The cultivated sorts are derived from European sources, the native wild species and hybrids of these species. Those of European and hybrid species are larger and heavier bearers, but are more susceptible to mildew. However, this once insuperable foe is now readily controlled by proper methods of planting, cultivating and spraying.

The gooseberry is generally quite hardy in the northwest and will succeed alongside the currant. The propagation and planting are the same as for that fruit. In fact, identical treatment may be given it, with the following variations:

The production will be larger and the size and appearance of the fruits will be better if one third to one-half of the new growth is cut off each year. The berries must be picked with gloved hands, a stick being used in the left hand by some pickers to spread or hold the bushes apart. They are marketed in the ordinary quart boxes, although in some localities the large English sorts are packed in ten pound trays. When so packed they are faced in the receptacle, just as are the large western sweet cherries when opened up on the city market.

A Surprise For Her.

One of the greatest singers of France was returning from New York on a German liner. One evening, glancing at the program of the concert that was to be played at dinner, she saw a triumphal march celebrating the German victory of 1871.

She immediately conceived that the selection of such a piece was an insult to her and announced to a friend that she would express her disapproval at the proper time.

The captain noticed the great artist's agitation and glanced at the program to see what caused it; then, with a faint smile, he spoke to one of the waiters in a low tone.

At the moment when the German triumphal march was due to begin the French singer, who could not control her agitation, prepared to leave the table.

The first chord was played, the artist arose and stood, pale, agitated and amazed, while the officers and other passengers also got up and smiled sympathetically at her.

And the band played "The Marseillaise!"

Prompt Lesson.

Some years ago there was in a certain town a judge whose ideas of the majesty of the law at the time of his accession to office were unbounded, and his sense of his own importance as the representative of justice was also great. At one time two persons quarreled in the judge's presence. One man struck the other, and the judge immediately ordered his arrest on a charge of assault and battery.

On the day of the trial the defendant pleaded not guilty.

Instantly the judge, who was a short, stout man, was on his feet, crimson faced and puffing with indignation.

"What do you mean?" he demanded of the prisoner without any preamble. "What do you mean by saying that, when I saw you and had you arrested? I fine you $100 for breach of peace and another $100 for contempt of court, sir. I reckon," said the judge, his nostrils dilating with rage and injured dignity —"I reckon that'll teach folks to be careful how they call this court a liar!"

Not a Thunder Expert.

The masterful manner in which some people evade an issue was mentioned at a recent dinner when this one was recalled by a naval official:

"In New Orleans one night," the officer said, "there was a man on the stage who offered to answer by mental arithmetic any question that might be asked by the audience. Just so long as the questioner remained in the expected channel the sailing was easy, but finally one man got beyond the bearings.

"'If you please, sir,' said the man, rising from his seat. 'How far off can you hear thunder?'

"'I can't tell you, sir,' was the prompt response of the wonder on the stage.

"'You can't tell me?' responded the fan. 'Why, I thought'—

"'Not about thunder,' replied the stage party, doing a quick piece of dodging. 'You see, I am a lightning calculator.'"—Washington Post.

Would Take a Long Chance.

John D. Rockefeller once called two little boys over to him. He said to one: "Johnnie, if I give you a dollar what will you do with it?" Johnnie said: "I'll put it in the bank and let it draw interest until it gets to be a hundred, then a thousand and so on until I get as much as you got." "Very good," said John D. "Here's the dollar. Now, Tommy, what would you do with a dollar?" Tommy said: "First I would change the dollar into two halves, the two halves into four quarters, the four quarters into ten dimes, the ten dimes into twenty nickels, the twenty nickels into a hundred pennies." "Why would you do all this?" asked John D. Tommy replied, "Well, somebody may make a mistake."—Kansas City Star.

Oyster Liquid.

Only one oyster opener in fifty seems to know that the best thing by far about an oyster is the liquid in its shell. Watch the other forty-nine and you will see them wantonly wasting this precious, fragrant liquid, and in many cases they will serve the oyster on the flat shell, so that you get no juice at all. Always ask for them on the shell, and don't be afraid after you have transferred the morsel to your mouth to drink the liquid from the shell. It may not look elegant, but elegance be hanged!—Henry T. Fink's "Food and Flavor."

Now and Then.

A young wife after a stormy scene cried:

"It was different before we married. Ah, yes, you loved me then—and now!"

"I love you now and then," said her husband calmly. "Revised version, don't you know."

A Mystery.

"There's one thing I can't understand."

"What's that?"

"Why any man ever makes up his mind to be a cook."—Detroit Free Press.

Always Something.

I find this life upsetting, quite. Things never seem to come my way. It's hard to get asleep at night and hard to keep awake by day—Washington Herald.

Argument.

Blobbs—When it comes to an argument a man generally gives in. Slobbs—Yes. But have you noticed that a woman seldom gives out?—London Tit-Bits.

A MODERN HERO IN WAR.

He Meets the Demands of Duty and Is Greatly Honored.

The general beckoned to the aid.

"Have you found the man who led the forlorn hope, the first man to scale the enemy's earthwork?"

"He is here, general."

The man came forward. The general unpinned the medal from the breast of his coat and held it out to the hero.

"Take this, my brave fellow," he said, and his voice shook with emotion as he extended his arm.

There was a sudden click.

"Thank you," said the stranger. "That ought to be first class. Easy, natural, dignified. Thank you again."

The general stared.

"How is this?" he demanded. "Just as I am about to hand to you the jeweled emblem of surpassing bravery you draw a camera on me. Are you not a soldier?"

"Me a soldier! No, no. I'm not brave enough for a soldier."

"But you led the forlorn hope?"

"Because it was my duty."

"I don't understand."

"I had to do it or get scooped."

"Then what are you?"

"I'm a staff photographer, general!"

And just then the headquarters band began playing "See, the Conquering Hero Comes," and the photographer ran out and photographed the band.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

How It Happened.

"I have a wife and four children in Chicago, and I have never seen one of them," remarked a Chicago man one evening.

Mrs. Dodge, who was noted for her inquisitiveness, looked toward him in great surprise. After a moment's pause she asked:

"Were you ever blind, Mr. Evans?"

"No, madam," was the reply.

"Did you marry a widow?" the woman inquired.

"No, indeed," he said.

There was silence again while the inquisitive woman tried to solve the problem to her satisfaction. Failing to do so, she asked:

"Didn't I understand you to say, Mr. Evans, that you had a wife and four children in Chicago and had never seen one of them?"

"Yes; that was what I said."

"How can it be that you never saw one of them, Mr. Evans?" asked the woman.

"Why, madam," replied the man, "one of them was born after I left."—Harper's Bazar.

Everybody Happy.

A wealthy young woman from the west was recently wedded to a member of the nobility of England, and the ceremony occurred in the most fashionable of London churches, St. George's, Hanover square.

Among the guests was a cousin of the bride, as sturdy an American as can be imagined. He gave an interesting summary of the wedding when asked by a friend whether the marriage was a happy one.

"Happy? I should say it was," said the cousin. "The bride was happy, the mother was overjoyed, Lord Stickleigh, the groom, was in ecstasies, and his creditors, I understand, were in a state of absolute bliss."—Lippincott's.

Losing Faith.

Old Lady—I don't believe this sure cure tonic is a-goin' to do me any good.

Friend—It's highly spoken of in the papers.

Old Lady—Yes, but I've taken forty-seven bottles, and I don't feel a bit better. I tell you what it is, Sarah; I'm beginning to think these newspaper editors don't know everything.—New York Weekly.

Goodby to the Old Home.

"Is your son coming back to the farm when he completes his college course?" asked the minister.

"I dunno," said the old man; "I dunno. The money he has to spend fer books an' board ain't goin' to leave no farm fer him to come back to, I'm afeerd sometimes."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

That's Different.

Jones—James, I heard you using profanity to the horses this forenoon.

Coachman—No, suh; no, suh! I's very careful ob de hossis, suh! I wuz talkin' to my wife, suh.—Chicago News.

Power of Mind.

"I was out motoring the other day."

"So?"

"Yes, and I came to a river, but could find no means of getting my machine across."

"Well, what did you do?"

"Oh, I just sat down and thought it over."—Sphinx.

A Minor Part.

"I didn't hear you say one word at the strawberry festival. Why don't you come forward and show some public spirit at these affairs?"

"I did play a minor part. I gave the strawberries."—Washington Herald.

Spending.

Spending is merely puffing out your personality. It is like the trailing feathers to a peacock—like the long train to a fashionable woman. Why does the barefoot negro boy acquire four yellow dogs? They add to his personality. Why do we all—shopgirls and plumbers, fashionable literary hacks and gentlemanly financial pirates—spend every cent we get, honestly and dishonestly, wisely and otherwisely? We stretch out as far as we can, and vanity, my friend, is the only balloon that never bursts. Why does the stag grow horns until it can hardly make its way through the forest? And why did Absalom wear his locks so long that they caught in an oak tree and held him until Joab and his men came up? Vanity! Vanity! In some tribes they worship the fat man, who has put much food under his glistening skin. Among other tribes they worship you for the servants you employ without using, for the food you purchase without eating. To spend to use is vulgar; to spend to waste is the only admirable and admired spending. Finis!—Walter E. Weyl in Saturday Evening Post.

Necessities of Life.

A merchant in the West Thirties takes pride in selling novelties, tricks and puzzles—things that wiggle or waggle or wuggle or woggle. He buys instanter those clever mechanical inventions, toys and devices. They are originated daily and die perhaps as quickly. You know the kind. When you see them on the sidewalks you stop and look, then dig your hand in your pocket and say, "That's pretty clever. I'll just take one of those home." Then you make it wiggle or waggle or wuggle or woggle for the family, and the next day the spring is broken.

How to display these things and make a department of novelties was a poser. Finally, however, he lumped them in one corner of his establishment and hung over them this description:

"These are things you don't know you are obliged to have until you see them." And standing room in that corner is at a premium.—New York Post.

A Safe Topic.

In his book "The Balkan War" Mr. Philip Gibbs, the war correspondent, says that the official regulations for war correspondents who were sent out to the Balkans were appallingly severe.

Mr. Gibbs found that he was forbidden to describe the disposition of troops, to give the names of generals, the names and numbers of the wounded, the success or failure of Bulgarian troops, the state of the soldiers' health, the conditions of the climate, and so on. When the censor had told him all this Mr. Gibbs asked him politely:

"Will you tell me, sir, if there is anything about which we shall be allowed to write?"

The censor thought deeply for a moment and then answered quite gravely:

"There is much interest in Bulgarian literature."

"Perhaps," Mr. Gibbs suggested sarcastically, "I may also be permitted to describe the song of the birds?"

"By all means," said the censor cordially.

Official Cats.

Nowadays there do not appear to be any human rat catchers on the establishment of the civil service, but some government offices maintain cats for this work. At the general postoffice, for example, there is a staff of cats charged with the duty of protecting his majesty's mails from rats. In return they are provided, out of the public purse, with free board and lodging. The staff of the Deptford victualing yard includes cats. In France cats are specially trained for government employment. To fit them for service among military stores they are at first sent for one or two voyages on a warship. If they prove equal to killing the rats always found in the holds of large ships they are promoted to a shore billet.—London Standard.

Drops and Minims.

Drops vary in size according to the conditions under which they are produced. Some are large and some are small, some long and some short. The drop of the druggist is called a "minim," of which 480 go to make a fluid ounce and 76,800 to make a gallon. An actual experiment in filling a one ounce measure will probably show that 400 drops makes a fluid ounce. The average drop is 20 per cent larger than the minim.

Pompey's Example.

Pompey, being commissioner for sending grain to Rome in time of dearth, when he came to the sea found it very tempestuous and dangerous, insomuch as those about him advised him by no means to embark, but Pompey said, "It is of necessity that I go, not that I live."—Lord Bacon's "Apothegms."

Balked.

"There are some things," said the man with the high brow, "that money won't buy."

"I s'pose there are," replied the one with the overlapping chin, "but there's no use tryin' to use 'em to get an extension of your credit."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Lincoln's Desire.

Die when I may, I want it said of me by those who know me best that I always plucked a thistle and planted a flower where I thought a flower would grow.—Abraham Lincoln.

To travel hopefully is better than to arrive and the true success is to labor.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Milady's Mirror

After a Day in the Open.

After a blowy, dusty jaunt outdoors it is necessary to remove whatever grime the skin may have collected, but if a good face bath with hot water and soap is taken at night, as it should be, this temporary scrub can be done with cold cream. Pick up a good dab of the cream with the fingers of the right hand, smear those of the left and work the unguent into the skin with both hands, going round and round over each spot with the finger tips.

After the skin has absorbed as much of the cream as it will, wipe it as dry as possible with a clean cloth and then go over it with another rag dipped in some good toilet water made hot. Rosewater, violet or lavender will do, but the heat is required for a good effect, the warm perfume acting as an astringent.

When washing the face during the day in this manner the throat should also receive the same treatment so as to keep its condition up to that of the face.

But if the skin does not respond well to the cleansing with cream a teaspoonful of the following lotion might be used in a small quantity of clear warm water:

Tincture of benzoin	1 ounce
Tincture of musk	2 drams
Tincture of ambergris	4 drams
Rectified spirits	5 ounces
Orange flower water	1¾ pints

Add the tinctures to the spirits, then mingle with the perfume water. If only a small quantity of the lotion is needed have it put up by a druggist, as in this way the proportions are certain to be measured correctly.

This lotion is cooling and refreshing to the skin, astringent, bleaching and softening, and if the teaspoonful is put in only a cupful of warm water it will have a better effect than if a larger quantity of water were used.

The effect of massage upon the face skin is magical. If the massage is done at home care should be taken not to drag down the muscles of the cheeks or to work the throat in such a way that the skin will be loosened too much under the chin. The movements needed are very simple. The tips of the fingers of both hands are put at the center of the forehead first and worked round and round. They are then run toward the temples in the same manner.

The cheeks are massaged upward, the throat away from the center toward the ears, and after the rite is over a cold spray and a rub off with cold water and benzoin are needed for astringent purposes, as, together with the unguent required with such manipulation, massage is loosening to the skin.

New Gospel of Prettiness.

Serenity, not vivacity, is the chief aid to beauty.

Dr. Bertha Scher, a Viennese beauty adviser, says:

"Brainstorms, envy, nagging, nervousness and jealousy, all these things women must stamp out of their lives if they would be healthy and fair.

"Serenity is more than a fad among up to date women who make the most of themselves. After years of wasting nervous energy American women are beginning to understand how inimical to good looks and well being are the habits of hurry and worry.

"Poise and good cheer are now being practiced as religiously as deep breathing exercises and gymnastics. 'Vivacity at any cost,' which used to be the motto of the fashionable woman, is no longer observed.

"And, thanks to the change, we are less afflicted with nervous gigglers and empty chatterers than formerly. In view of present improvement in woman's self control and manner we may even hope for a time when an afternoon tea in full swing won't sound like a babel of phonographs.

"In New York, where I have spent several years, the women are even more carefully groomed than those whom I knew in Paris, where matrons actually fifty-five years old deemed it a disgrace to look more than thirty years old. With proper habits of living, thinking and grooming, any woman can be young and attractive looking even at the grandmother period.

"To me there is something sad in the appearance of a woman who seems to be surrendering meekly to the touches of time. A woman too stout or too thin, who merely combs her hair any old way and allows lines and sagging muscles to disfigure her face, is really pathetic."

The Sun Bath.

Select the sunniest window in the house, one with a southern exposure preferable. Throw up the shade to the top—better yet, open the window—and spend your working hours in the light instead of poked off in some dark corners.

Do not say you have no time. You may have to take time to be ill, and your days drag when you feel sluggish and heavy from lack of light and air.

It is not necessary to sit in idleness by your sunny window. Here the mending basket can be emptied, books read and fancy work finished.

If the spring sun tempts you to lazy ease don't feel you have committed a crime in yielding to it. Loaf and dream in fresh air and sunshine part of each day and you will be better wives, mothers and housekeepers.

The Riverside Nurseries

Comprising 125 Acres *GRAND FORKS, B. C.*

Pears Plums **APPLE TREES** **Peaches Cherries**

GUARANTEED HOME GROWN

Cellared—Roots in earth, no danger of winter killing

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All our trees are Home Grown and guaranteed true to name. We carry all the leading varieties most suited to this district. Our specialty is budded stock on three-year-old whole roots.

For further particulars apply to our local Agent.

J. Blinco, Box 29, Creston, B.C.

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Complete New Stock Just Arrived

Calsomining, Painting, Paper-hanging, Carriage and Sign painting. Let me give you advice and estimates on your work. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Harry Leonard

Shop on Sirdar Ave., next to McCreath's Livery

YOU WILL SAVE MONEY BY GETTING MY ESTIMATES

SOME FALL FAIR NOTES

At the last meeting of the Board of Trade it was decided to assist the organization of a full fair. That will help some.

At Saturday night's meeting the remark was made that local poultry were not as well looked after as they might be. There are a number of fanciers who have some very good birds but have had no opportunity to show them here and the coming fair will stimulate them to renewed interest, so that we may expect some good exhibits in the future.

The committee on collections for the Fair is as follows: Callender, Bevan, Pochin, Monrad Wigen and Roy Staples a very strong aggregation and some of them will doubtless call on you before long.

There will be a number of prizes and some cups to be won three years in succession. This ought to interest some of our people.

It is a long lane that has no turning and Creston District is at last coming into her own. The Fair this fall is going to be an eye-opener to some people and a real good advertisement for the district.

POULTRY HINTS FOR MONTH OF AUGUST

Keep the Chicks growing.

Be sure and give them plenty of fresh water.

If the natural shade in their enclosure is insufficient supply artificial shade of some kind.

Feed only the best good sound grain and keep up as much of a variety as possible if you want best results.

All the early chicks should be housed in colony houses by this time and in no case allow over fifty chicks in one house. If possible separate the cockerels from the pullets.

Get the young chick to roosting as quickly as possible, otherwise they are bound to crowd in the brood coops and more flesh will be lost at night than they can possibly take on during the daytime.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK AT SPOKANE

Dogs, poultry and cats gathered together by the thousand under one roof. Wow! It cannot be done you say. Dogs, cats and chickens will not mix.

Well, they will not be mixed at the Spokane Interstate Fair this year, but they will be there just the same. Last year the Fair had 1,228 entries in the Poultry Department, an increase of 308 over the previous year, and it showed as an attraction 237 of the best dogs in the Northwest, an increase of a half hundred over the year 1912. This year the prizes for chickens and dogs have been increased, and at the same time there will be a cat show, which will be the first of its kind in the Inland Empire. There will be Angoras, Tabbies, Maltese, all the blooded kind, and then a maze of just plain cats. The entry list is open to any one anywhere, and the show will be held the last three days of the Fair, Sept. 19, 20 and 21. The complete lists of prizes for this show have already been issued, and one can be had for the asking at the Spokane office.

JANITOR WANTED

Sealed tenders for the care of Creston Schools will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on September 1st, 1913. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For particulars about the work apply to the Trustees of the Creston School Board.

CRESTON SUPERIOR SCHOOL REGULATIONS

Pupils attending Superior School will be required to pay the following tuition fee:

Residents from outside the Creston School District, per month $3 00

Residents of Creston School District, per month..... 2 00

Payable in advance, to the teacher in charge, who will issue receipt for money received.

This charge will not apply to those attending the entrance class

By Order of

The Trustees of Creston School Board

ANTI-ORIENTAL AGITATION

We call the following from the Nelson News of recent date:

Boards of trade throughout the Okanagan valleys are extensively taking up the problem of giving white land owners the preference over Chinese and in this connection will shortly recommend to the provincial government the passage of a bill the provisions of which will be similar to the California land bill, recently passed by the California legislature, under which it is impossible for Japanese to become land oweers in that state.

The feeling against Chinese and Japanese is very strong at the present time, in spite of the fact that the Orientals engaged in farming here are very industrious and are successful in their farming operations. The board of trade of Duncan, B. C. which started the new movement has sent a copy of the resolutions dealing with the question to practically every other board of trade in the province and immediately these have been heard from the government will be approached."

JAKE SERSON'S FUNERAL

After an illness of only a few days, Jacob Serson, Provincial Superintendent of Bridges and a resident of Kootenay for nearly 30 years, died Wednesday of last week at Nelson. He was about 69 years of age.

The funeral took place Monday from St. Saviour's Church, Nelson. Rev. F. H. Graham conducted the funeral service at the church, and Masonic rites were conducted at the grave by W. M. James H. Lawrence, of Nelson Lodge No. 23, A. F. and A. M. About 50 of the brethren were in attendance.

The pallbearers were: J. H. Schogeld, M.P.P., Trail; Geo. M. Benney and Robt. Z. Long, Creston; Geo. Graham, Sloean City; Fred Irvine and John Hamilton, Nelson.

W. H. Huscroft, one of our local octogenarians, evidently doesn't believe in the Osler theory, for he has just placed with Dick Bevan an order for a Ford machine to be delivered at once. Mr. Huscroft is very enthusiastic about the machine and it is evident that now the "Pioneer" will have to look to his laurels.

Unless the baby cuts a tooth or the cow falls in the well or something else of moment happens, don't let anything keep you from attending the meeting in the auditorium on Saturday evening. The arrangement of a Fruit, Poultry and Vegetable show is no small affair and will need the advice and co-operation of everyone. There will be committees to appoint and the more representative these committees are the better. Now is the time that a little push from all over the district will push the Creston Valley into the place of pre-eminence that is hers.

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at $5 a box, or three for $10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Can.

Goin' Fishin'?

See us first for outfit. We have a complete stock, can sell you rods from 50c up to $3.50. Everything reduced in the line of

Fishing Tackle

We have everything for Summer Wear but you should see our complete line of

OXFORDS Children's, Youths' and Men's Oxfords, $1.00 and $1.25

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Long Experience, Ample Capital and Up-to-date facilities enable us to produce the best grade possible. Our "ONE-YEAR" TREES on "THREE-YEAR WHOLE ROOTS" Excell all others

We Guarantee Satisfaction in Every Transaction

We are now represented in this district by Mr. A. Miller, of Creston, who will call upon the planters for their orders in the near future. It will pay you to see him before placing your order

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Nothing to It.

"Green and Brown are having a terrible row down the street."

"What seems to be the matter?"

"I don't know, but they are calling each other 'thief and 'liar'"—

"Did you say Green and Brown?"

"Yes?"

"I thought so. They are just having a friendly political discussion. Come on; let's go home."

Sad Case.

"He's a hard man to get along with."

"Well, why don't you do the other thing?"

"What is that?"

"Get along without him."

"Because he insists on going along with me. He's my husband, you see."

The Only Kind That Will.

"Angelina is a great friend of mine."

"Awfully fascinating, I suppose?"

"Oh, no; but she is so comforting. She always helped me out of all my difficulties."

"Geo! Is she as homely as that?"

Up to Date.

Maud Muller on a summer's day
Determined she would wed.
She started out to rake the hay,
But raked the judge instead.

MINERAL ACT
(Form F)

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Skookum Mineral Claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located—on Summit Creek adjoining the Bayonne Mine. Take Notice that I, A.H. Green, acting as agent for Joseph Campbell, Free Miner's Certificate No. 40310B intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate fo Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, Must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 5th. day of May, A.D. 1913.

A.H. GREEN

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. **Phosphonol** will make you a new man. Price $5 a box, or two for $9. Mailed to any address. **The Scobell Drug Co.**, St. Catharines, Can.