

THE CRESTON REVIEW

VOL. VIII.

CRESTON, B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1916

No. 1

Legislative Library Jan 25 9

Canyon City

BIRTH—On January 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Crawford, a son.

For two weeks straight now the mercury has been registering below zero every day.

F. Knott has purchased C. Blair's grey pony, formerly owned by T. S. Watson, Creston. Mr. Knott is the only resident here to undertake any slashing so far this year.

R. Walmsley with his genial smile is handling the ribbons behind the black team during C. O. Rodgers' absence on the prairie.

Mr. and Mrs. G. School (nee Ashworth) left on Wednesday on their long trip to Pouce Coupe, in northern B.C., where they will make their home.

Fraser Bros. unloaded a car of alfalfa at the Canyon this week.

Mrs. and Miss Whitehead are now occupying the R. Turner house.

F. H. Price of Creston has his team on the lumber haul here now.

The thermometer at the mill registered as low as 22 below zero during the past two weeks. Snowbanks several feet deep are something never before experienced here.

La grippe seems to be an unwelcome visitor in most homes in Canyon City.

T. H. Hilton, who has lived here the past two years with his sons, leaves in a few days for London, England. His youngest son, Frank, is at Bramshott Camp training with the 54th Battalion.

C. O. Rodgers is away on the prairie buying more horses. We hear the company has orders for a few million feet of lumber all to be delivered this season.

Mrs. Colthurst of England, who has spent the past fifteen months with her daughter, Mrs. Pochin, has sent to Ottawa for passports and expects to return home next month.

Wynndel

O. J. Wigen was a Creston caller on Monday. P. Anestad, J. J. Grady and J. Hindley were in on Wednesday.

Misses Vesta Smith and Barbara Mawson of Creston were visitors here on Saturday for the dance.

E. Pease of Alice Siding is living in these parts for awhile, employed by Monrad Wigen to help haul in the season's cut of logs.

It would seem that our friends at Alice Siding cannot get the best of us, even at a dance. The affair here on Saturday night took on much the aspect of the weather, to wit, a freeze out. The few who did venture out assert they had the time of their lives.

From letters received we gather that Christmas passed quietly at the front. Pte. Douglas Butterfield assures us Fritz was very quiet, hardly firing a shot all day, though the British artillery was blazing away all the time.

W. A. Pease of Alice Siding was seen riding around this district on Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Co-Operative Fruit Growers' Association will be held on Saturday, January 22nd, in the dance hall, commencing at 7.30 p.m. Business: Election of officers, manager's report, and financial statement. A full attendance of members is urgently requested.

When Alice Siding has officially given up its claim to being the original Garden of Eden since that nasty wind came along and buried everything under snowdrifts. We cannot print the name they now use as the editor is a god fearing man. Likewise modesty forbids us making any claim like the above, but it is worth mentioning that Wynndel has had no wind, or snowdrifts, or any barbaric displays of the elements. We leave it to our readers to award the honors.

Over 100 men have enlisted to date at reason for the recent Battalion. There is a like number at Cranbrook.

Kitchener

Ed. Miller spent a few days in Nelson last week on business.

Mrs. Carlson of Cranbrook, who has been the guest of Mrs. Oleson for the past week, returned home on Saturday.

P. R. Johnson of Moyie returned home Tuesday last after spending a few days in town swapping compliments of the season with old college chums.

Our street car service is sadly out of joint during this cold spell.

Owing to the inclemence of the weather Mr. McGoveru has cancelled his temperance meetings. James considers a ride on the water wagon neither pleasant nor healthy during the cold season.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson were Erickson visitors for the week end.

Bob Long of Erickson paid us a short visit on Sunday last.

The cold wave played havoc with water pipes and kept amateur plumbers busy. However, we hope to be able to announce that our telephone line did not suffer any damage during the recent storm.

Mr. Hunt has moved all his stock from camp to town and will be staying in town the rest of the winter.

Things to worry about: An ample supply of fuel for this zero weather, to say nothing of a summer supply.

Alice Siding

Although the weather has been almost as cold here as at Wynndel the school attendance has kept up well, 12 of the 16 pupils enrolled being on hand most every day.

Our old friend La Grippe is paying us his annual visit this month. Everyone has had a touch of it but the worst case is that of Walter Carr who is under Dr. Henderson's care at present.

Mrs. Martin and son, Frank, of Erickson were Sunday visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Pease. T. and E. Butterfield of Wynndel were visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Mason that day.

The cold weather is not seriously affecting the egg output of local poultry fanciers. W. Trevelyan reports that his clutch of 34-1915 pullets are averaging 21 hen fruit per day right along.

As soon as the weather shows signs of moderating, even for a few days, the Social Club hard times dance will be announced. In the meantime get busy getting your costume ready.

If he is able to adjust some business affairs satisfactorily we hear J. Boydell intends returning to England early next month with F. B. Callander.

Earl Pease has taken out a card in the teamsters union and is now log hauling for Monrad Wigen at Wynndel.

Erickson

BIRTH—At Mrs. Levesque's maternity home, on January 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Fraser, a daughter.

Mr. Staples, sr., who has been under the weather for a few weeks, is now reported to be recovering nicely.

Any day soon will do for the January thaw this year.

H. Bothwell, who has been on the prairies for some months at harvest work, went through last week to Sirdar, to visit his parents.

Messrs. G. & E. Carthwright are skedding up a stock of logs which will keep the Bevan powersawing machine busy for a few days converting them into stove wood.

R. S. Beyan, who has been doing custom wood sawing for some local ranchers finished a two weeks' cut on Monday, and closed down the plant temporarily.

Mrs. Martin and son, Frank, were Sunday visitors with Alice Siding friends.

Mrs. John Graham is under Dr. Henderson's care at present, suffering with hemorrhages. At writing her condition is improving.

R. J. Long was a Kitchener visitor last week. He states it is 23 years since we had so much snow and so extended a cold spell. As for the snowdrifts Bob never saw their equal before in the Valley.

Sirdar

Ike Lewis was a Sirdar visitor Tuesday last.

Miss Swanson and Mr. Morris were Creston visitors last week.

Mr. Hans Haag of Kuskanook was a Sirdar caller last weekend.

Mr. Brown and daughter left for Cranbrook last Sunday, where the former will resume work with the C. P. R. George will be missed by his many friends in Kootenay Landing and Sirdar.

Price McDonald of Sanca was in Sirdar last Monday. Mr. McDonald reports that this cold snap is the severest since 1909.

Mesdames Loashy, Dennes, and Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Gallant were Creston callers last Monday.

Edgar Wright of Kuskanook returned from town on 513 Tuesday.

Joseph Daly left on Tuesday for Nelson. We understand his ultimate destination is to be Honolulu.

The lowest temperature record during the last week was 2 below.

Local and Personal

Tom Bundy, who has been relieving at Bull River since September, has been transferred for duty at Crows Nest.

It was a bit milder than usual on Monday night. We know it—our water pipes did not freeze that evening.

That hardy annual, the January thaw, will be welcomed most any time it puts in an appearance. The sooner the better.

The first sitting of the County Court at Creston will be held on Tuesday in the police courtroom. Judge Forin of Nelson will preside.

The Red Cross depot will be open on Tuesday afternoon as usual. Every officer and committee member is asked to attend on January 25th.

Rev. J. T. Ferguson, superintendent of Presbyterian Missions, will preach at the morning service in Creston Presbyterian Church on Sunday.

The Red Cross Auxiliary announce their patriotic whist drive for Friday evening, February 4th, in Speers Hall, to be followed by dancing, 25c. admission.

The brand new Dominion 3-cent stamps were placed on sale at the Creston postoffice on Monday morning—a 4,000 lot of them coming in the day previous.

According to meteorological recorder Dr. Henderson the Creston Valley has been favored with a total snowfall of 66 inches to date. Two thirds of this arrived during December.

Geo. Pacey left on Monday for Calgary to bring back three or four teams of horses. C. O. Rodgers purchased there for logging operations of the Canyon City Lumber Co.

The new officers and directors of the Creston Farmers Institute have their first session to-night. Something definite on the season's lime-sulphur spray supply matter will likely be announced.

C. O. Rodgers was a Calgary visitor the early part of the week on a horse purchasing trip. The Canyon is a hive of industry in all departments these days, the company having 75 or 80 men on the pay roll.

Mr. Ontway arrived from Cranbrook on Tuesday and is now permanently in charge of the Creston Drug & Book Co. drugstore, succeeding Mr. Haslam, who has gone back to the divisional city to work.

J. B. Haslam, of the drugstore, who has had an even break with an attack of la grippe for almost a week, was forced to take the count on Sunday, leaving the following day for his home at Cranbrook to recuperate.

So as not to interfere with a meeting of the growers at Grand Forks on the 20th, A. Lindley advises us that the Kootenay-Boundary selling agency convention has been postponed till Friday, February 4th, at Nelson.

Safe, Sane and Satisfactory Growth Very Much in Evidence During 1915

From The Nelson Daily News Industrial Edition, January 15, 1916.

While development in Creston valley in some lines during 1915 has not been up to the high standards of previous years, yet from the agricultural and horticultural standpoint the 12 months just closed have witnessed a substantial and satisfactory growth in our basic industries. In only one direction has there been a let up in the expansion of our varied activities, and that concerns the bringing of new areas under cultivation. Due to the somewhat slender returns from the fruit crop of 1914, combined with the higher prices for stumping powder, and the inability of financial institutions in general to oblige with the wherewithal to prosecute this work our ranchers were compelled to abandon plans for clearing up and cropping new land, and have had to devote their energies to stimulating greater production on an area very much the same as to size as obtained the year previous.

The outstanding advance along agricultural lines is shown in an increased export of live stock and dairy produce as well as in the shipments of live poultry and eggs. On the score of live stock shipping it is said that 1915 is almost the first year that Creston has had a worth-mentioning number of cattle to send to outside markets. Heretofore the P. Burns Co. were wont to bring dressed meat into Creston rather than ship it out in car lots live weight. Of course the shipping has not been heavy, six carloads being the grand total, though this does not include a quite considerable export of dressed beef to Crows-Nest points.

In dairy produce the month of June found more butter available than the local market could consume, and a moderate estimate is that during the months of June, July and part of August, the Creston valley dairying ranchers were bringing in at least half a ton of butter which found a ready sale at Crowsnest points. And the best possible evidence that it has been found a desirable and profitable sideline is shown in the fact that an active campaign is now being waged to secure the erection and operation of a creamery in the valley.

before in the valley's history has the supply of eggs to the local stores been so heavy, while at the same time A. Lindley, and later the Fruit Growers' union, were supplying eggs to Crowsnest points, at the height of the season a weekly export of from 200 to 300 dozens being a usual thing. Fruit Growers' union officials state that the trade in live chickens is at least 40 per cent. greater than in 1914.

While the valley makes no claim to being a horseman's country, in passing we would note that during the year visiting buyers picked up over three carloads here—largely Indian stock, of course. Consequent upon the increased herds of dairy stock and beef cattle, has come a larger demand for feed, which the local rancher has in part met by cropping a good deal of his orchard area to clover. While the crop grown on Kootenay flats is more than ample to supply the demand for that class of fodder Huscroft Bros., on the Reclamation farm, put up over 400 tons of this grade of hay alone and are finding a ready sale for any surplus at \$15 a ton.

Horticulturally considered 1915 has been about as satisfactory a year as the valley has ever known. Outside of potatoes, and a few other vegetables prices have been better than normal and yields generally well up to the season's expectations, considering 1915 was an off year. For the strawberry grower 1915 was a banner year both in the size and excellence of the yield as well as for the financial returns.

Until the end of the year figures showing the complete fruit and vegetable export of the year are not obtainable, though we have been fortunate enough in securing the small fruit shipments through the Wynndel Co-operative Fruit Growers' association.

In 1914 Wynndel had an export of strawberries and raspberries totalling 3767 crates. In 1915 the shipments totalled 7820 crates, with a revenue of \$17,244 in 1915, as compared with \$10,561 in 1914, and \$7011 in 1913 from 5548 crates. It is only fair to state that the Wynndel district specializes to some extent in the growing of strawberries. In 1915, almost, to harvest in 1916, in

Wynndel's case it is interesting to note that this year gave the valley the distinction of becoming a car-lot shipper of strawberries, two straight cars going out from there during the season. Owing to better prices per crate in small lot shipments the practice of sending berries out in car loads is not resorted to except at the height of the season.

While the year's total export of apples will exceed the 1914 yield of 16,927 boxes, due to an excessively wet June the grade was not nearly so high as a year ago, much of the fruit going out as canted apples. Notwithstanding this deficiency in quality prices on all grades of apples ruled almost 40 per cent. higher than in 1914, due largely to the smaller supply and also, in some measure, to the early-season merger of the Lindley-Fruit Grower's union selling agencies, under the sales management of the former gentleman. With this house the Wynndel agency worked in harmony, as did also D. S. Timmons, who did some independent selling of his own and a few friends' produce.

Such vegetables as the prairie is capable of producing have found rather a poor sale this season, particularly in the case of cabbage and even cucumbers, while potatoes are in poor demand at a drop of almost 100 per cent. over one year ago's quotations. A considerable improvement over 1914 tomato prices is noted this year, due to the Fruit Grower's union establishing a packing house at Erickson and marketing two grades "Standard Pack" and "Home Pack"—the former guaranteed as to grade and quality. The venture has more than proved its worth and its scope will be considerably extended in 1916.

While, as stated at the outset, our most noticeable development has been amongst those lines appertaining to the land, we have some commercial activity also to record.

That we have attained some importance as a judicial centre is evidenced in the announcement from Victoria that starting in January we are to have quarterly sittings of the county court under Judge Forin. Creston has long been a judicial centre, but it is not until the announcement that the court will sit here that the importance of the town is fully appreciated. [Continued on Page 5]

CANADA GIVES \$50,000

Will be Used in Building Hospital in the Czar's Domains

The Dominion of Canada has contributed \$50,000 toward the care of the wounded. The money which will go toward the equipment of a Canadian hospital, represents the first direct contribution by the Dominion of Canada towards Red Cross work in the Czar's empire.

Canada has already hospitals in England and France, and the proposed establishment of one in Russia will be a step forward to closer cementing the bonds which unite the allied nations in the present conflict. The offer has been made through the usual diplomatic channels and formal acknowledgement has been made by the Russian government.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, ss. Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1915.

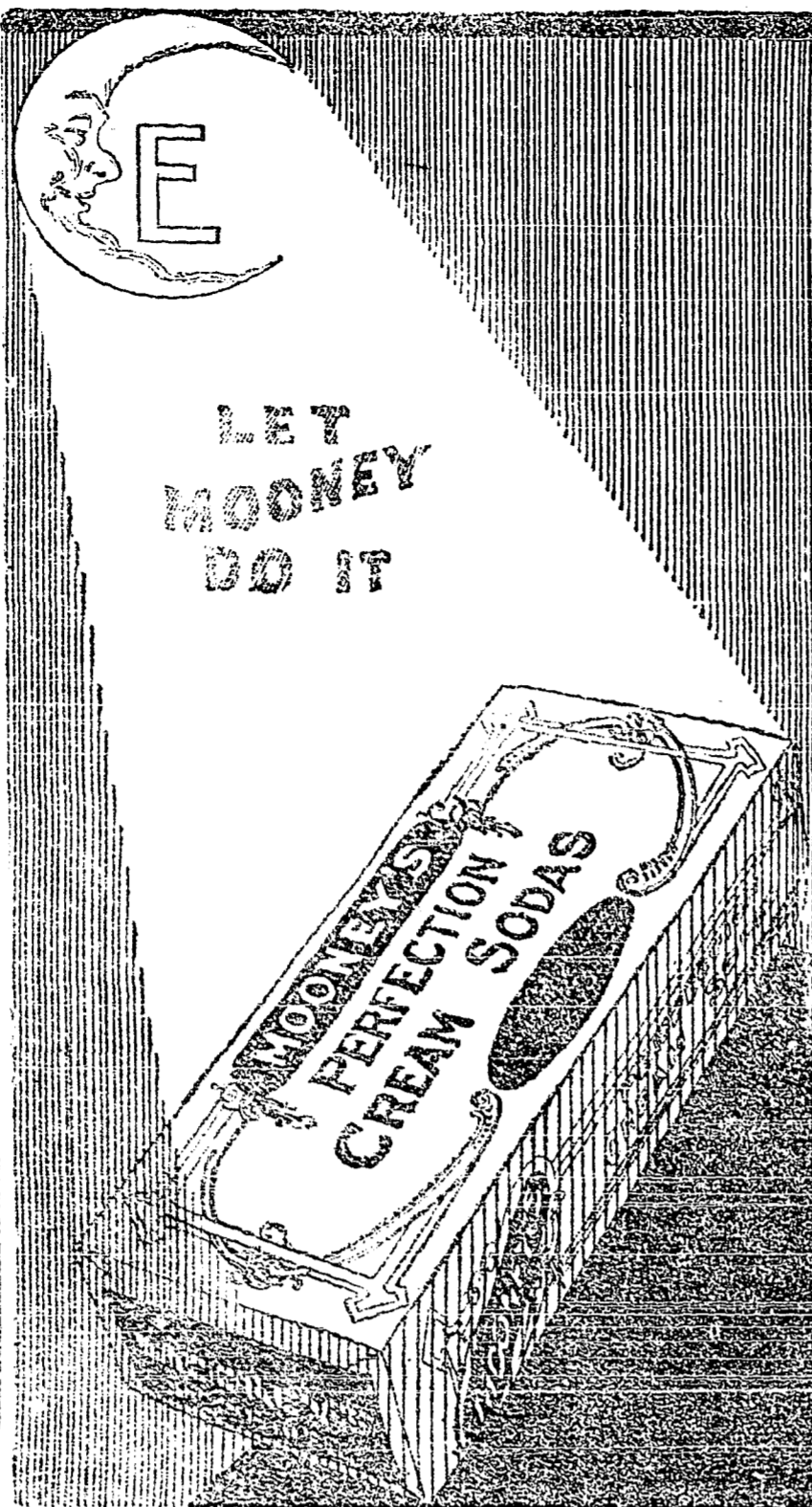
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

General Gallieni, the new French minister of war, and General Joffre have embraced, shaken hands, and made friends. For thirty years they have not spoken, an old quarrel having been maintained for all that time.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Editor—Do you know how to run a newspaper?
 Applicant—No, sir.
 Editor—Well, I'll try you. I guess you've had experience.



LESS TIME IN THE KITCHEN

MORE TIME IN THE FRONT ROOM

That's your reward if you let MOONEY'S BISCUITS take the place of the bread and biscuits you bake yourself.

You'll find MOONEY'S a delightful substitute for your own best efforts—the family will like them. Because

MOONEY'S PERFECTION SODA BISCUITS

come to you straight from the oven in the big Winnipeg factory.

They have that freshness and crispness only to be found in a newly made biscuit. No other biscuit can come to your table as fresh from the oven as MOONEY'S.

Get the big package or the sealed tin—both of them damp proof, dust proof, dirt proof—and

"LET MOONEY DO IT"

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick

Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. S. Carter

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Wood's Peppermint Cure

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Weakness, Depression, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Fainting Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package on receipt of price. No pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Wladar.)

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Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 4 inch stick—"THE EDDY-STONE TORCH" for outdoor use—"WAX VESTAS" for the smoker, and other varieties.

For home use the most popular match is the "SILENT 5," but for every use

BUY EDDY'S

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, MINARD'S THERAPION

Dangers in High Places

"King George fell from his horse; perhaps the Kaiser will now get a kick in the wrist from the chank of his automobile."—Detroit Free Press. And perhaps after that, President Wilson will get squirted in the eye while filling his fountain pen for another note.—London (Ont.) Advertiser.

Looking Old Too Soon

The Condition of Too Many Women and Too Many Girls

Too many women and too many girls look old long before they should. Their faces become pale and drawn; wrinkles appear and their eyes lack brightness. Can this be wondered at when they so frequently have headaches, backaches and a general feeling of wretchedness and weakness? In most cases it is the blood that is to blame. From one cause or another the blood has become thin and watery and it is a fact that anaemia (bloodlessness) more than any other cause, gives women their prematurely aged appearance. It is important that the blood supply of girls and women be regularly replenished and important not only on the score of looks, but to restore robust health, which is of greater value. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood and restore the system shattered by overwork or worry. These pills give a glow of health to pale faces and make tired, weary women and girls feel bright and happy. With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at hand there is no need for any woman or any girl to look ill or feel ill. Mrs. J. McDonald, Jr., Hay, Ont., says: "I honestly believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life. Some years ago I had anaemia, and as I did not realize the seriousness of the trouble I soon became a complete wreck. I got so weak I could hardly walk. I neither ate nor slept well, and could not go upstairs without stopping to rest. At times I had an almost unbearable pain in my back and would have to remain in bed. I suffered almost constantly from a dull headache, and when awake, I would stoop to pick up anything I would get so dizzy that I would have to catch hold of something to keep from falling. At times my heart would beat so fast that I would have a smothering sensation. My eyes were sunken and my hands and limbs would be swollen in the mornings. I tried several kinds of medicine without benefit and my friends thought I would not recover. Then I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before long could see and feel that they were helping me. I gladly continued the use of the pills until I was completely cured and I cannot say enough in their praise, and I strongly recommend them to all run-down girls and women."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicines or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mary and Tommy had been to hear a missionary talk at Sunday school. "Did he tell you about the poor heathen?" father inquired at the dinner table.

"Yes, dad," answered Mary. "He said they were often hungry, and when they hear on their tum-tums it could be heard for miles."

Go Or Give

We should send to the front every man that we can induce to enlist and that we can train and equip. As for those who cannot go, whose services would not be accepted if they were offered and who cannot boast since we are not to be tested, we should give every dollar that we can spare beyond the decent support of our families to hospitals, to the Red Cross or patriotic funds, to the various agencies and organizations which in the words of Lincoln, strive "to bind up the nation's wounds, to care for him who shall have borne the battle and for his widow and his orphan." Any man who makes money in these days is disgraced. Any man who seeks to be richer at the end of the war than when the war began is an traitor to those who offer their lives for his protection.—Toronto News.

A Remedy For Earache.—To have the earache is to endure torture. The ear is a delicate organ and few care to deal with it, considering it work for a doctor. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil offers a simple remedy. A few drops upon a piece of lint or medicated cotton and placed in the ear will work wonders in relieving pain.

"Don't you come across a good many things in the Bible that you don't understand, like the problem of Cain's wife, for instance?" queried the layman as he sat at a city restaurant table.

"Oh, yes, of course," acknowledged the clergyman.

"Well, what do you do about it?" "My dear friend," replied the minister, laying down his fork. "I simply do just as I would while eating a nice fresh herring. When I come to the bone I quietly lay it on one side, and go on enjoying the meal, letting any idiot that insists on choking himself on the bone do so."

A Safe Pill For Sufferers.—There are pills that violently purge and fill the stomach and intestines with pain. Parnelle's Vegetable Pills are mild and effective. They are purely vegetable, no mineral, purgative entering into their composition and their effect is soothing and beneficial. Try them and be convinced. Thousands can attest their great curative qualities because thousands owe their health and strength to timely use of this most excellent medicine.

Two wealthy Americans had rented a shooting in the Highlands at war rates, and, full of anticipation, arrived on the scene with their guns, etc. The first day there they walked into the village, where they got into conversation with an ancient Highlander. "Is the sport good about here?" asked one of the visitors. "Ay, no sae bad" replied the be-whiskered native cautiously. "Er are there any deer in the neighborhood?" asked the American eagerly. "Weel," replied the Highlander, still more cautiously, "there wis yin a year or two back, but the gait's yis ago shooting at the pul' heastie, an' Aw think it left the deestrie!"

MURINE Granulated Eyelids. Eyes inflamed by exposure to Cold Winds and Dust quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's. 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free write Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

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 War claims less than 3% of surplus
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Your Trip to Toronto
 When you are preparing to visit the Queen City of Canada you do so knowing that there is much of importance to you connected with your visit. It is a matter of business or social importance, and you will get more real value out of your trip if you have no worry about your accommodation. The management of the Walker House, Toronto, anticipate your needs and are prepared to receive you and any others of the family that may accompany you. Being Westerners ourselves we appreciate highly the patronage of Westerners. Every home comfort, service that takes care of the most minute detail and meals at rates so reasonable that you will really be surprised. Give your baggage checks to the Walker House porters that meet all trains at the depot. Register at the Walker House, "The House of Plenty," Toronto's Famous Hotel. Rates—\$2.50 per day up, American Plan; \$1.00 per day up, European Plan. Special attention to the comfort of ladies and children travelling unescorted.
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ENLIST NOW With the army of satisfied Shippers who ship Grain to
PETER JANSEN COMPANY, LIMITED
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS. HIGHEST PRICES—BEST GRADES
 Make bills of lading read Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Fort William or Fort Arthur, notify Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Winnipeg

New Experimental Farms
 J. H. Grisdale, director of experimental farms has returned east from an inspection trip of the experimental farms throughout the west and reports that the past season has been the most successful in the history of the experimental farms. While in Winnipeg he announced that it is the intention of the department to shortly establish two more experimental farms in the west one of which will be located in the northern part of Manitoba, and the other in southwestern Saskatchewan.

I was cured of painful Gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
 BAYARD McAULIN.
 Chatham, Ont.

I was cured of Inflammation by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
 MRS. W. A. JOHNSON.
 Walsh, Ont.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
 J. H. BAILEY.
 Parkdale, Ont.

Paris Honors Miss Cavell
 The Paris city council has decided to name streets after Miss Edith Cavell and Emile Despres, executed by the Germans in Belgium.

Complete in Itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fall to do its work.

Unconditional Surrender
 "How," asked the captain of the train robbers, "did you manage to go through so many passengers alone?" "I had only," rejoined the ordinary brigand, "to carry a whole train in my hand and they suspected nothing."

RAW FURS
 We Pay Highest Values
 Write for Price List and Shipping Tags
Steele Fur Co. Ltd.
 King and Alexander, WINNIPEG, Canada
 We Also Buy Hides, Skins and Rabbits

"Bliggins is a remarkable fisherman."
 "Yes, I honestly believe it's more wonderful for a man to think up the stories Bliggins tells than it would be actually to catch the fish."

Note Your Increase in Weight

By making the blood rich and red Dr. Chase's Nerve Food forms new cells and tissues and nourishes the starved nerves back to health and vigor.
 By noting your increase in weight while using it you can prove positively the benefit being derived from this great food cure.
 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edman, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

FEARFUL HORRORS OF ARMENIAN MURDERS ALMOST SURPASS BELIEF

GHASTLY SCENES ENACTED BY HEARTLESS TURKS

Viscount Bryce Makes Public the Details of Further Massacres of the Hapless Armenians, Which, he says, Surpass in Horror What Has Been Previously Published

Viscount Bryce has made public the details of further Armenian massacres which, in a letter accompanying them, he says "surpass in horror, if that were possible, what has been published already."

"I feel," his letter continues, "that such crimes ought to be exposed to the utmost, and that the charity of other nations will more than ever be drawn to the unhappy refugees when it is known what their friends and fellow countrymen have suffered."

Viscount Bryce says the details confirm and amplify the ghastly history of deportations by which Armenians in northern and eastern Anatolia were driven to a death of fendish cruelty. The first part of the evidence, he says, was received by the committee of enquiry in the United States, and the second part comes from an Armenian gentleman at Tiflis, who received it from refugees where the events happened.

"The sufferers of the peasants and mountaineers in the region of Van, Mush and Sanum," Viscount Bryce says, "seem to have been more terrible than were those of the peaceful townfolk, described in part one of the report. Every successive piece of evidence increases the horror of the story and confirms the dreadful certainty of its truth."

After giving part of the evidence received from the United States, Viscount Bryce says that the following extracts were taken from his correspondent at Tiflis:

"Toward the end of May Djvedet Bey, the military governor, was expelled from Van. Djvedet fled southwards and entered Sairt, with some 8,000 soldiers, whom he called 'butcher battalions.' He massacred most of the Christians of Sairt, the details of which nothing is known. On the best of authority, however, it is reported that he ordered his soldiers to burn in the public squares the Armenian bishop, Eglise Vartavard, and the Chaldean bishop, Addai Shor."

"On June 25 the Turks surrounded the town of Bitlis and cut its communication with neighboring Armenian villages. Then most of the able-bodied men were taken away from their women by domiciliary visits. During the following few days all the men under arrest were shot outside the town, and buried in deep trenches dug by the victims themselves. The young men and children were distributed among the rāks. The remainder, 'the useless lot,' were driven to the south, and are believed to have been drowned in the Tigris."

"It is in such a fashion that the Turks disposed of about 15,000 Armenians at Bitlis. At Mush, early in July, the authorities demanded arms from the Armenians, and a large sum in ransom of notables of the town. The head men of the village were

subjected to revolting tortures. Their finger nails and then their toe nails were forcibly extracted; teeth were knocked out, and in some cases noses were whittled down, the victims thus being done to death under shocking lingering agony.

"The female relatives of the victims who came to their rescue were assaulted in public, before the very eyes of their mutilated men. The shrieks and death cries of the victims filled the air, yet they did not move the Turkish hearts."

"In the town of Mush itself the Armenians, under the leadership of Gotoyan and others, entrenched themselves in churches and stone-built houses, and fought for four days in self defence, but Turkish artillery, manned by German officers, made short work of all the Armenian positions, and every one of the Armenian leaders, as well as their men, were killed in the fighting."

"The ghastly scenes which followed may seem incredible, yet these reports have been confirmed beyond all doubt. The shortest means employed for disposing of the women and children in the various camps was by burning. Fire was set to the large wooden sheds in Alijan, Mograkom, and other Armenian villages, and the absolutely helpless women and children were roasted to death."

"Many women went mad and threw away their children. Some women knelt down and prayed, amid the flames which were burning their bodies. Other shrieked for help, which came from nowhere, and the executioners, who seemed unmoved by this unparalleled savagery, grasped infants by one leg and hurled them into the fire calling out to the burning mothers, 'Here are your lions.'"

"Turkish prisoners, who apparently witnessed some of these scenes, were horrified and maddened at remembering the sight. The odor of burning flesh, they say, permeated the air for many days."

"In the hilly country of Sasun the surviving warriors found themselves surrounded at close quarters by 30,000 Turks and Kurds. Then followed one of those desperate heroic struggles for life which have always been the pride of the mountaineers. Men, women and children fought with knives, scythes, stones, and anything else they could handle. They rolled blocks of stone down the steep slopes, killing many of their enemies. In the frightful hand-to-hand combats, women were seen thrusting their knives into the throats of Turks."

"When every warrior had fallen, several of the younger women, who were in danger of falling into the hands of the Turks, threw themselves from the rocks, some of them with infants in their arms."

Portable Houses For the French

Circular Sent to all Lumbermen, Mills and Factories in Ontario

To present to the French government a number of portable houses as a gift, in order to relieve French people who have been driven out of their homes and deprived of most of their property during the advance of the German armies towards Paris last year, is the suggestion of a committee formed and operating to help the people. In the portion which lies this side of the present line of the armies large districts thus ravaged are being re-inhabited by their people, who are under conditions of great privation and distress.

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, minister of lands, forests and mines, for Ontario, has sent a circular on the subject to lumbermen, mills and factories in the province. In the course of the communication he says:

"A gift from the great lumber provinces in the shape of a number of these houses labelled as a gift of Canada and denoting the province from which they come, would serve not only insofar as their number was concerned, to meet the wants of the people but would stand as a very excellent advertisement of what could be done in this direction and the cost at which it could be done."

"The factory people are, I believe, prepared to make a very large number of these and to send representatives to Belgium and France at the proper time to undertake business negotiations. Could not this government, the lumber mills, and factories unite in making a presentation of a certain number of these houses in knocked down condition, the factory men putting the final processes on the lumber cut to dimensions, the lumber mills providing as their part the lumber necessary, and the government of the province, say, undertaking the cost of transport either to the port of shipment or to the port of destination."

It is pointed out these houses should be on hand for early spring of next year.

German Kultur

There Appears to be a Vast Difference Between Culture and the German Kultur

Kultur is a word that has become familiar since the beginning of the war in Europe. Germany defended the war by saying that it was necessary to extend its Kultur to all the world. At first it was assumed that Kultur was identical with culture, and many who admired German literature and scholarship were quite prepared to admit that the spread of German culture to all peoples might be a good thing. But it is only now beginning to be understood that Kultur does not mean culture, but the distinctive German spirit and methods of life. It means the death of democracy and the extension of governmental control to the minutest features of social life. It means the abolition of private choice and initiative, and the subjection of all personal aims to participation in a national purpose and the means of executing it. It means that order of things which has made Germany the best prepared military nation in the world and enabled the German government to include all the private resources of the nation in its military operations. German Kultur, as now explained, has no place for free will except the will to conform to the spirit and methods of the state.—Prof. W. H. Allison in New York Times.

A Hero's Death

Men Were Inspired by Their Captain's Gallantry

Among the many gallant deeds of this world war none stand out more prominently than the charge, led by Captain Langdale, against the Hohenzollern Redoubt. The men were ranged in the trench to his right and to his left all ready and waiting for the word to leap up the parapet and rush through a hundred yards of German machine gun fire and rifle fire. Capt. Langdale inspired every soldier in sight by quietly sitting on a camp stool smoking a pipe as though nothing of moment was about to occur. Once he felt the pipe and took a few puffs. Then, rising with a shout, he yelled, "Come on, Leicestershires!" as he leaped over the parapet, while all his men dashed after him. Within a rush of twenty yards they met the storm, which decimated but did not check them. When they were half way to the goal the German fire partly ceased, and they could be seen retreating to their further line. Still the central figure, well ahead, kept yelling his encouragement. Then came a mad rush for the captured trench. Many failed to reach it, and those that did found their gallant leader missing. He was among the dead some thirty yards behind.

"Minto" Sold to Russia

The Canadian ice breaking steamer Minto has been sold to the Russian government for use in keeping the port of Archangel open during the winter. She sailed recently with a Canadian crew for Archangel where she will be handed over to the Russian government. A year ago the Canadian ice breaker Earl Grey was sold to Russia and has been rendering splendid service.

Cutting Off Military Luxuries

Generals and other high officers of the French army must get along with fewer automobiles and horses hereafter by order of Gen. Gallieni, minister of war.

EXPEDITION AGAINST THE TURKS FIGHTING IN THE GARDEN OF EDEN

WONDERS OF THE BRITISH ADVANCE ON BAGDAD

Marching Through the Land of Adam and Noah to the Ancient City of Bagdad, There Could be no More Striking Episode in the Conflict Beyond Europe

We learned recently the surprising news that a mixed British and Indian force was within a hundred miles of Bagdad. Should our troops reach their goal, they will have performed one of the most dramatic exploits in the history of war. They will have marched over 400 miles from the Persian Gulf, throughout the lands of Adam and of Noah, to seize the place which even the Turks still call "the glorious city." Unless the allies take Jerusalem, there could be no more striking episode in the conflict beyond Europe.

The operations which have thus developed began modestly enough last November with a joint naval and military advance from the head of the Persian Gulf up the Shatt-al-Arab, the river formed by the confluence of the Tigris and Euphrates. After one important action the expedition reached Bussorah, sixty miles from the sea, and, perhaps the oldest seaport in Asia.

From the quays of Bussorah daring Arab navigators sailed many centuries ago and sacked Canton, in the days when Arabia held the secret of the sea.

It was the port whence Sindbad the Sailor, whose chronicles are plainly the exaggerated record of many genuine voyages, roved the eastern seas. Nelson himself has left on record that he visited Bussorah as a lad in the "Seahorse." Yet though the East Indian Company had warehouses there, never before has the port down an European flag.

The British chased the Turks fifty miles farther up the river to Kurna. One column went up the River Karun into Persian territory to save the admiralty oil pipe line. Another has recently pushed its way for a hundred miles through the swamps and lagoons formed by the old channel of the Euphrates, and shattered a large Turkish force at Nasiriyeh. A third column has steadily advanced up the Tigris, and is now at Kut-el-Amara, only 100 miles from Bagdad by land though 200 miles by the winding course of the river. Long before it reached Kut the expedition was well past the worst obstacles—the shallows and rapids—on the Tigris. Though the river is at present at its lowest, there should be good water all the way to Bagdad, if we are relying on water transport, which is not clear.

The region in which our troops are now operating is of extraordinary interest, although the immense alluvial plain between the Tigris and the Euphrates contains not a single hill and hardly a tree. It is an endless flat, yellow expanse of the silt of countless ages, the richest soil in the world, the granary of early civilizations, where wheat grew wild when man first found himself. Somewhere in this area lies the traditional site of the Garden of Eden. The Arabs place it at Kurna, where our troops have been encamped since January; but Sir William Willcocks pins his faith to Hit, a place far above Babylon, on the River Euphrates.

There are very few corners of the world where the British army has not marched and fought before, but this is one of them. For a parallel to the European invasion of Chaldea we have to go back to the days of Alexander the Great. The British force is traversing land over much, if we are to accept the inviting theories of Sir William Willcocks, the ark of Noah must have floated. It has passed by the sites of cities where dwelt the Sumerians, that wonderful race whose very existence was unsuspected by scholars until recent years. It is today within a two hours' run "by air."

Britain's Prompt Action

Why the German Walkover Did Not Materialize

Viscount Haldane, the former war secretary, speaking at Ilamstead, declared that the Germans would have reached Paris and perhaps Calais, had not the government taken prompt action upon the warnings which he himself and others had given of the German intentions.

The British government, he said, did everything possible to get aggressive ideas out of the heads of the other nations on the continent, but that did not prevent the government from taking precautionary measures. Great Britain was not taken unawares, but was able to mobilize the army and navy at the first moment of the outbreak of the war.

Lord Haldane expressed the belief that there is not a single government among the powers that has not been wholly surprised and taken aback by the magnitude and duration of the struggle which has since developed, and that nobody has been so much surprised as the German general staff, which "had expected a walkover in about three months."

33,000 British Prisoners of War

The number of British prisoners of war in Germany is now approximately 33,000. These figures were given in response to a question in the British House of Commons by Her Majesty's Premier, parliamentary under-secretary for war.

more motorcar" of the enormous series of mounds which are all that is left of the mighty city of Babylon. It should soon be tramping through the desolate ruins of Seleucia, where once the Greeks ruled over a million souls. Its footsteps will ring within the gigantic vaulted hall of Ctesiphon, the last relic of the winter palace of the Parthian kings.

And then at last, if all goes well the expedition will sight the gilded dome and minarets of the mosque of Kasim, and all the flat roofed houses of Bagdad, standing amid groves of date-palms and orange trees. From the first chapter of the Book of Genesis it will pass at a stride to the very heart of the "Arabian Nights," and sweep through the shady bazaars where Haroun al-Raschid loved to roam.

The fall of Bagdad would resound more loudly throughout the east than all the battles fought between Warsaw and Ostend. Bagdad was once, in the eyes of all Asia, the most splendid city in the world. It was the home of the Caliphate, the centre of Islam, the abode of Moslem literature and art and science, a capital which is said to have had a population of two millions. Tradition survives decay in Asia far more than in Europe, and though the Bagdad of today has shrunk to a place sheltering about 120,000 people, it still has a fame and a prestige surpassing Delhi or Peking. It is incomparably older than any city in India or China, it is mentioned in the records of Assurbanipal and Tiglath-Pileser, and on one of its quays may still be traced an inscription of Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon.

Let it never be forgotten that we British were in the Persian Gulf, and thus on the border of these ancient lands, before the Turks. Though the Turks extended their rule long ago to the borders of Mesopotamia, they are comparatively newcomers in Chaldea. They took Bagdad less than three hundred years ago. They have never really conquered the Lower Tigris and Euphrates. Below Bagdad they have been taxgatherers and sentinels and nothing more. There have never been many Turks in either Bagdad or Bussorah, save soldiers and a few officials. To all the people of these regions they are oppressive and rapacious aliens, and it will not be surprising if the Bagdad populace hails the British as deliverers from the Turkish yoke.

The loss of Bagdad would inflict an irreparable blow upon Turkish prestige, but the greatest result would be that it would strike at the very heart of the German dream of ultimate dominion in Eastern Europe and Western Asia, which largely contributed to bringing about the present war. The Bagdad railway was one of the central features of German world policy. The dreams are shattered, Great Britain is nearing Bagdad, and at Bussorah she holds the gate by which Germany had expected to emerge upon the shores of the Persian Gulf, if it is not too soon to speculate upon the future consequences of this memorable conquest. With a revival of irigation Chaldea ought to become again one of the granaries of the world, while Bussorah should be made an Eastern Hamburg. These questions belong to the still distant period of peace.

The advance on Bagdad is a daring feat of arms, but it must not be forgotten that the Turks may send reinforcements down the Tigris. The army of India, which has heavy normal responsibilities, is endeavoring to do a great many things at once.—Lovat Fraser, in the London Daily Mail.

Germany Loses Nearly Four Million Men

Official Lists up to Nov. 22 Issued by Germany Show This Fact

Special cables to the New York World from London, say:

"Three million seven hundred thousand is the total number of casualties in the German army during the war up to and including November 22 last. That the killed, wounded and missing amount to this vast number is shown by the official lists of German casualties including No. 800, which has just been received in the London office of the New York World.

"Embraced in these lists are 10,306 pages. The newest list maintains a daily average of 2,000.

"The localities where the losses are suffered are not mentioned in the lists. Entire companies of German infantry continue to be wiped out wholesale. The 10th prov. Inf. No. 798, dated November 20, announces that Major-General Friese, of Magdeburg, has been seriously wounded and captured, and that Major-General Von Semmern, of Blakenburg, has been wounded slightly.

"Heavy losses of non-commissioned officers remain the feature of almost every casualty roll. Casualties among battalions of Landwehr and Landsturm troops, are conspicuous in all the lists of Prussian, Bavarian, Wurttemberg and Saxon contingents."

Providing for the Maimed Soldiers

Canadians to be Placed in Institutions to Receive the Best Treatment

Soldiers returning from the front, according to the plans of the hospitals commission, will not be sent home, but will be placed in the convalescent institutions provided for the purpose.

Since the influx of disabled men began, it has been found that their tendency is against going into homes. They wish to go to their own people. The homecoming celebrations do not always stimulate their recovery.

In view of the fact that the government will have to pay these men a pension in permanency, the commission proposes to exercise its authority and in all serious cases place them in institutions where they may be properly and scientifically cared for and their condition ameliorated. This, it is felt, is particularly desirable because of the fact that the pension is to be based upon the nature and extent of the permanent injury.

By way of overcoming another complaint it has been decided that the pay of an invalided man shall not cease when he reaches Canada, but shall be continued until such time as his pension begins.

British Wounded Well Cared For

Major Yardley Weaver, of the Canadian forces, writing to his father in Manchester, says:

"The wounded are extraordinarily well cared for. All the medical arrangements are splendid. If an officer or man receives a wound at all serious, he is sent to England at once.

"The army service corps and the supply are wonderful. We have hot meat in the trenches, besides tea, cheese and a nip of rum twice weekly."

New York's Population

A police census of the city, just completed, shows that the greater city has 5,253,888 inhabitants in its five boroughs. The state census last July gave the total population as 5,065,112 but some dissatisfaction was felt with this count and at the instance of the health department the police were employed to compile a new census.

German Gas Machine Gun

Its Use in War Was Decided Upon Some Years Ago

Among other valuable and curious things captured from the Germans during a recent retreat was the paraphernalia of an ambulance.

A complete post was taken, including doctors, nurses, and apparatus. The most interesting object of all is a machine for curing sufferers from gas poisoning.

It consists of a cylinder with two compartments, one containing oxygen, the other an alkaline substance now being analyzed. Full instructions for its use were found, and the French greatly admired the technical perfection both of this machine and of the great supply of surgical instruments. But the most significant detail was an inscription on the cylinder itself. It is there described as "Pattern D 1915, improved from Model C 1912, improved from Model A 1910."

This would seem to be proof that the use of chlorine gas in the meditated war was settled at least as early as 1910.

At the same place and time the French also captured an elaborate machine for distributing poisonous gas. It is worn as a knapsack over the back, and very much resembles some of the new patterns of fruit sprayer. From the cylinder flexible pipes come round under the arms of the wearer, enabling him to spray the gas in any direction he pleases. He himself wears a helmet very much of the pattern used by divers. Below the chin is a sack of oxygen, and the man breathes the air he manufactures.

These knapsack sprayers are apparently supplied only to engineers attached in various forces to different divisions.

One More German Trick

Until the allies hold Germany in their grip there is but one way in which to deal with talk about peace—to regard it as what it is, one more German trick, and an old and favorite one with Blamareck. A trick to gain time. A trick to confuse the minds and encourage the sentimentalists. A trick, above all, to veil a more vigorous prosecution of the war. London Daily Mail.

THE CRESTON REVIEW

Issued every Friday at Creston, B.C.
Subscription: \$2 a year in advance;
\$2.50 to United States points.

C. F. HAYES, Owner and Editor.

CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, JAN. 21

Some Money in Hens

J. R. Terry, the government poultry expert, who is quite well known throughout the Valley, has just given out a decidedly interesting balance sheet covering the conduct of the recent twelve months egg-laying contest handled by the department at Victoria.

In the campaign were 240 birds who produced a grand total of 39,757 eggs at a total cost for feeding of \$527.38. The eggs were marketed at an average price of 32½ cents per dozen, making the total receipts for the hen fruit \$1,076.75, thus providing a profit over the cost of feeding of \$549.37.

The statement shows that the birds averaged 165 eggs each during the twelve months, which were sold at close to \$4.50, and that the cost of feeding each bird was \$2.19—a margin of profit of over 100 per cent.

It were absurd, of course, to argue that local poultry fanciers could do equally well as the birds in this contest were more or less hand picked from points in the U.S. as well as B.C., and of course, were housed, fed and cared for under the best possible conditions. In the matter of grain feed, too, it is likely this was bought to better advantage than Valley ranchers could secure it.

As against the cheaper grain the local man scores in that from the average kitchen considerable refuse daily accumulates that helps to cut down the feed bill and we think, too, for 1915 the average price of eggs has been slightly over 32 cents right here in Creston.

Even admitting one can only do half as well as the government in this little matter poultry that is reasonably well cared for is a worth while money maker any rancher can handle to pretty good advantage. And the experts are agreed that for 1916, at least, prices will equal, if not excel, those of the year just closed.

Too Much Okanagan

A news paragraph, which appeared in all the B.C. dailies toward the end of last week, that has given rise to considerable speculation, was the announcement that "R. G. L. Clarke, Dominion fruit inspector, has received an order to ship 1000 boxes of British Columbia apples to the exposition at San Diego. These will be obtained from the Okanagan and Keremeos districts."

While it is, indeed, gratifying to know that the Dominion department of agriculture has found it good business to specialize in B.C. apples in its fruit exhibit at this rather important exhibition, people are a bit curious to learn why Mr. Clarke is going to select the display from the Okanagan country only—Keremeos being in that section, as well.

We have it on the best of authority that at the apple shows, either on this or the other side of the line, wherever the Creston Valley apple has been shown in competition with the Okanagan product, the Creston article has always held its own in size, color, flavor and in the other details that make for attractiveness either in display or eating. For on more than one occasion Mr. Clarke, personally, has assured us that our apples will hold their own in any company.

All of which, naturally, leads up to the query. Why all this prof-

erence for the Okanagan products when publicity work is undertaken? And, by the way, wasn't it the same old story when the San Francisco fair display was gathered? One can almost anticipate Mr. Clarke's explanation, which will be to the effect that it really doesn't matter where they came from. The display will be placarded "Apples from British Columbia," and thus the fruit areas at Elko, Kaslo and Revelstoke will reap as much benefit as the other really producing centres in Kootenay, Boundary and other parts.

All of which looks good, but it won't wash. B.C. is a considerable bit of country. Naturally, those really interested in this display will want to know which particular part of the province the fruit was grown in, and as those in charge of the exhibit will be men of utmost probity—now that we have a business men's administration at Victoria—they will reluctantly have to confess the fruit is from the Okanagan and Keremeos districts, and the quite-natural conclusion the enquirers will draw is that these two sections are the worthwhile fruit centres of B.C.

The Creston Valley with all its natural advantages, coupled with the quantity and quality of its output is now too big a factor to be sidetracked on an all-important occasion such as this. If those at the head of things horticultural are so convinced of the Okanagan's superiority it's time we were told this part is of secondary importance, when it comes down to brass tacks, so we can mend our ways accordingly—or endeavor to secure better consideration from those in authority through various means at our disposal. A little less Okanagan and a little more Kootenay is very much in order in higher-up horticultural circles—provincial and federal—and the sooner the better for the general welfare.

Doing Good Work

After a lapse of a year the Nelson News is again to the fore with its Annual Mining Review Number, as it officially calls the publication, which came to hand on Saturday.

This number, like those that have preceded it, very thoroughly reviews the mining, lumbering, horticultural and agricultural industries of the Kootenay and Boundary country, presenting the facts in all these fields in very readable fashion for even the uninitiated, with numerous illustrations, with a general printorial get up that makes the issue valuable alike for the information contained and the manner and appearance of its presentation.

Speaking for our own constituency we unhesitatingly state that the Creston Valley, not only in these special numbers but in the every day issues of the Nelson News, has been given volumes of the best possible publicity—the dollars and cents value of which would be unmeasurable—all without money and without price, and sorry we haven't sent them more of it on the same terms. And as with Creston so has it been with the Kootenay and Boundary country as a whole.

So generous has been the News' treatment of us that it were impossible to recall another Canadian daily that has so unselfishly labored for the greatest good to the greatest number in so large a constituency boasting rival interests of those of Nelson itself, as well as the other and numerous industries that obtain in its field of circulation.

While, possibly, its has erred or seemed to err occasionally in its good work those slips, we are assured, were due to ignorance rather than intent. In every department of its news dissemination

the News has a broad grasp of a daily newspaper's true function (its politics included or excluded, as you prefer) and deserves the commendation and support of Kootenay people of all classes.

Can it be Done?

While off-hand the call on British Columbia and the Yukon to furnish 36,000 additional troops for overseas service does not really seem to even border on the impossible, some writers who have gone deeper into the question seriously inform us that the province will burst itself if it ever makes good at the task.

This field, according to an Ottawa return, has already enlisted 21,703 men. Thus, if 36,000 more are raised we will have recruited over 57,000 men—or 19 per cent. of our population if our Indians and non-recruitable foreign citizens are excluded; a ratio no country in Europe has reached, nor can reach without enlisting school children, women and very old men.

According to the last census the total number of males over twenty-one years of age in British Columbia alone was 49,639. The total in this province and the Yukon was about 55,000. The number of males over eighteen, of course, would be larger, but, on the other hand, we must exclude from our reckoning men of more than forty-eight years of age. We also must exclude the males between eighteen and forty-eight of the total foreign and Indian population of 90,000. We must further exclude the physically and mentally unfit.

These eliminations would reduce the aggregate of available male effectives of military age at the outbreak of war to a figure which probably would not exceed 40,000 and which, allowing for the increase of the male population since the last census, certainly would not be greater than 45,000. Our total enlistment, however, is expected to be 57,000, and obviously it, or nothing like it, can be raised even by forcibly enrolling every physically fit man of military age in the province.

NEWS OF KOOTENAYS

Rosslund admits having it 11½ below zero last week.

Cranbrook's total snowfall to date is close to five feet.

Rosslund had 39 fires in 1915 with a total loss of \$1,618.

The Star admits it was 42 below at Golden on the 11th.

The snowfall in the hills at Kaslo is the deepest in 20 years.

H. Clever, butcher, will instal a cold storage plant at Silvertown.

Cranbrook has four rinks at the Fernie curling bonspiel this week.

Moyle had it the coldest in 17 years on Wednesday last—35 below zero.

Rosslund will have its usual winter carnival from February 7th to 11th.

Nelson city-owned electric light plant shows a profit of \$10,613 for 1915.

Golden has organized a dancing club limited to 50 members at \$2 for the season.

Barrister Maenil of Fernie has taken a partner into his law business in G. J. Spreull.

At Grand Forks the moving picture theatre is only open three nights a week now.

Grand Forks' city auditor claims the town's assets exceed the liabilities by \$75,000.

It was real cold at Nelson one day last week. The News admits it was 8 below zero.

At Cranbrook, since Christmas Day, the thermometer has never been above zero.

The 1916 ice harvest is on at Cranbrook. The frozen fluid is about 24 inches thick.



This Quality Sign Is On My Window

THIS store of ours is a business with a purpose—and if you have been dealing with us for any length of time, you will have guessed what that purpose is.

The shortest way we can state it is that we aim to give standardized service in standard goods.

By "service" we mean a good bit more than handing you what you ask for and punching the cash register—more than courteous treatment and quick deliveries.

It means keeping alive—up with the new things. It means looking for better grades, wider assortment, progress all along the line.

It means going a little further than many a hardware store usually thinks of going.

It means carrying bigger stocks, more satisfying range, greater freedom of selection—and every article backed by us, to give satisfaction to the customer.

In Arms and Ammunition, for instance, it means that we make a feature of REMINGTON-UMC Rifles, Shot-guns, Cartridges, Shot Shells. It means keeping right up-to-the-minute in our display of guns—the new models as they come out. And in Ammunition it means that our stocks are always fresh—often replenished, boxes clean and ammunition dependable.

If you are interested in shooting, come in and let us show you our REMINGTON-UMC Display.

S.A. Speers
General Merchant, Creston

LYNX

Get "More Money" for your LYNX! MUSKRAT, FOXES, WOLVES, BEAVER, FISHER, WHITE WEASEL and other Fur bearers collected in your section.

SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the leading house in the world dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FUR. A reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for "more than a third of a century." A long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper" the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published. Write for it—NOW—IT'S FREE.

A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. DEPT C 1937 WAGO, U.S.A.

January 11th was Greenwood's coldest day—33 below zero. The ice is a foot thick.

Kaslo elected its 1916 council by acclamation. James Anderson is this year's mayor.

For three days last week the Great Northern was unable to get trains in or out of Fernie.

At Otter Lake, west of Princeton, the Great Northern Railway is putting up 60,000 tons of ice.

F. Amos of Kaslo has re-entered the Presbyterian ministry and is now in charge at Fernie.

From all sources the Fernie district paid in \$2,751 to the Patriotic Fund during December.

Kaslo lost a local Methusalem last week in the person Kong Lee, a 70-year old Chinaman.

22 rinks are playing in the curling bonspiel in Fernie this week. 12 of them are from Fernie.

Blairmore civic council pays its secretary-treasurer \$300 a month. The chief of police gets \$60.

Trail is to have a company of home guards. Already 80 have signified their intention of joining.

The News claims practically every home in Vernon has had at least one case of la grippe this winter.

Lawyer McCreedy of Cranbrook has moved to Fernie where he has gone into partnership with Barrister Banwell.

After 10 years in the drug and stationery business in Rosslund Good-ave & Co. have sold out to a Vancouver firm.

The Fernie-Post Stock Brewing Co. has gone into voluntary liquidation, but the business will continue as usual.

John J. Malone has been re-elected mayor of Nelson by a majority of seven over F. D. Gault. This is his third term.

A. Milton, a Mirror Lake rancher, will discontinue the growing of clover between his apple trees. He finds it produces too much scab.

Although the News claims it was only 8 below at Trail last week, the school was closed on Monday because of the heating system being frozen up.

The Ledge says Police Magistrate Hallett, at \$300 a year, is an unnecessary luxury for Greenwood, and Premier Bowser is advised to get the hook.

The government thermometer says 35 below is the worst the weather man has done for Fernie this year—on January 12. This is their coldest snap since 1912.

**Thursdays
11 a.m.**

The last forms of THE REVIEW close at noon on Thursday of each week.

Reading notices of any and every description must reach us before 11 a.m. Thursday to ensure insertion.

Changes of advertisements must reach us by Tuesday noon.

MINERAL ACT
FORM F
Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

wdrift, Golden Eagle, and Blue Bird Claims, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of Kootenay District. Where located:—near head of Fawn Creek.
Take notice that I. W. M. Myers, acting as agent for D. G. Williams, Free Miner's Certificate No. 90788B and F. L. Murdoff, Free Miner's Certificate No. 90787B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.
And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this 28th day of October, A.D. 1915. W. M. MYERS

MINERAL ACT
FORM F
Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Minoru, Searchlight, Lone Star and Cook Fractional Mineral Claims situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located:—On Gold Creek, a tributary of Sheep Creek.
Take notice that I. W. M. Myers, acting as agent for the Nugget Gold Mines Limited, Free Miner's Certificate No. 9030C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this 22nd day of October, A.D. 1915. W. M. MYERS

MINERAL ACT
FORM F
Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Happy Jean, Caledonian Fractional, Hillside, Riverside, Golden Belle, Riverside Fractional, Golden Belle Fractional, Alturas, Starlight, Daisy, Sunshine Fractional, Daisy Fractional, Beaver, Lodestone, Margaret and Twilight Fractional Mineral Claims situate in the Nelson Mining Division of Kootenay District. Where located:—On the North Side of Sheep Creek, near mouth of the North Fork.
Take notice that I. W. M. Myers, acting as agent for D. G. Williams, Free Miner's Certificate No. 90788B and F. L. Murdoff, Free Miner's Certificate No. 90787B, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.
And further notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.
Dated this 28th day of October, A.D. 1915. W. M. MYERS

Wynndel Box Factory
WYNNDEL, B.C.
MANUFACTURES
Boxes and Crates
Rough and Dressed Lumber

GET YOUR
Plumbing, Tinning and
General Repair Work
Done by
W. B. Embree

A. Mirabelli
DEALER IN
High class Boots and Shoes
Saddle and Harness
Repairing a Specialty

Safe, Sane and
A Satisfactory

[Continued from Page 1

has been extended through from Nelson to this point. And the best possible evidence that our population is on the increase is evidenced in the move to create two new polling subdivisions in the valley for the next election. Another of our new year gifts is the organization of a Women's Institute, which will be officially inaugurated on January 8th. At yet another point the valley came into its own 1915. In November, Dr. Hall, dentist, located here permanently. During the year, too, a jeweler and watchmaker opened out here.

Industrially the year has been to some extent notable. The Wynndel box factory and sawmill got into operation for the first time in July and although too late for any strawberry business had a total output of almost 25,000 boxes and crates, in addition to a small cut of lumber. The Canyon City Lumber Co. mill which shut down in April, 1914, re-commenced cutting in September, 1915, and to-day is employing some 75 men at logging, sawmill and shipping operations.

During the year the Creston Waterworks company spent in the neighborhood of \$2500 in extending and improving its pipe line and water supply. The board of trade had a useful year, among its accomplishments being the passing of a pound law governing the area in which cattle may run at large. It also succeeded in inducing the C. P.R. to stop its eastbound express trains at two points between Creston and Wynndel for the accommodation of shippers—obviating a drive to Creston with perishable fruit.

During the year, too, the local newspaper passed into new hands and as a result Creston now claims the brightest small town weekly in all the Kootenays. In addition to keeping Creston to the front through the medium of his paper editor Hayes is seeing to it that all possible publicity is given the valley via the several western dailies for which he corresponds.

The Creston school has had an enviable reputation during the year just closed. At the midsummer entrance examinations former principal Macdonald graduated ten pupils out of a class of that number, while the attendance at the opening of the fall term as compared with the June closing figures shows an increase of over 20 per cent. In fact the superior school is so well filled that the department is urging the ratepayers to immediately erect a high school and have the now superior and public school two distinct institutions. It is worthy of note, too, that at the entrance examinations Miss Lydia Johnson, a Creston pupil, captured one of the governor-general's bronze medals, ten of them being commended for throughout the whole province.

Perhaps the proudest boast the valley has to make is of the splendid response it has made to the call for men for empire defense. Up to the present the Creston valley has contributed almost 50 men for active service and has four more in training with the 102nd battalion. Of these at least four have laid down their lives for the cause, two or three are prisoners of war, and several have been more or less severely wounded.

In our response to the patriotic fund appeal Creston's showing has been unique. Asked by the fund authorities at Victoria to raise \$800 during the year Creston responded with a payment in December of amounting to a little over \$800 and has assured the authorities that another \$1400 will be sent in before the time limit expires. In the Red Cross work the ladies of the valley have done splendidly. In addition to sending out each month a generous supply of socks, shirts, pyjamas, etc., during their financial year over \$500 in cash was collected and disbursed in various Red Cross interests.

In closing we would briefly call attention to the fact that at no point in the province can be found a more self-contained section than is to be found here. At Sledron on the extreme west we have the O.P.R. terminal, with its payroll of considerable proportions. Coming on east we find Wynndel (or Duck Creek as it is more commonly called) whose splendid adaptability for small fruit growing is too well known to necessitate recounting. Next we have Alice Siding which is becoming prominent in dairying as well as for apples and other fruits. Creston, the hub of the valley, is next, and here, as at Alice Siding, dairying and poultry raising is to the fore, along with fruit culture. Here, too, such thorough aptarists as Messrs.

Blinco, and Stocks & Jackson are giving the valley a name as a beekeeping country, while the town itself with its numerous commercial interests stands ready to promptly accommodate all, with a splendid superior and public school, churches, band and every possible mercantile line well represented. The next stop is Erickson, tributary to which is a country specially adapted to vegetable growing where in 1915 over 4400 crates of tomatoes alone were shipped, besides quantities of other vegetables, much small fruit and apples. Further on comes Canyon City where mixed farming is almost exclusively in evidence, some ranchers there having holdings up to 240 acres with from 40 head of cattle on down, being wintered. In this community, which has about 40 bona fide-on-the-land settlers, close to 100 milch cows were guaranteed for the proposed Creston valley creamery, with prospects of double that number if the factory starts. In addition this point has the sawmill of the Canyon City Lumber company that right now is employing 75 men in its various departments. On the extreme east is Kitchener, renowned for its fishing, hunting and scenic beauties, with some timbering also.

In view of these varied activities, all of which is beyond the infancy stage, plus the splendid shipping facilities and Creston's ideal location next door to a big prairie market, there can be no denying that our citizens are building on the surest foundations, and this combination of agriculture, horticulture, lumbering and an undeveloped mining area spells out a future greatness and prosperity in letters bold enough that he who runs may read—with no mention at all of the 40,000 acres of overflow lands in the Kootenay valley, tributary to Creston, that are altogether too fertile to much longer go unreclaimed.

Local and Personal

FRESH MILK FOR SALE—Ten cents per quart, if called for.—P. G. EBBUTT, Creston.

11 below zero is the worst the mercury has shown in town up to noon yesterday. At Sirdar 2 below is the lowest thus far.

By way of a little variety, and to keep his hand in, the weather man favored the Valley with a few inches more snow yesterday.

T. H. Hilton, who has been associated with his son, W.H., in ranching operations here for two or three years left for a trip for London, England, yesterday.

Mayor Little, still side stepping weather predictions, observes that there may be many cures for la grippe but about the only sure one is death. Needless to say it is not strongly recommended.

The winners at the Roman Catholic ladies whist drive at the rectory on Wednesday night were Mrs. Timmons and Mr. Hall of Calgary. Owing to the continued cold the attendance was lighter than usual.

The zero atmosphere put the all-boat trip between Kootenay Landing and Nelson out of business on Friday. The west arm is now frozen solid and its a case of running the boat to Proctor and thence train to Nelson.

H. K. Oatway, graduate druggist and chemist, arrived here on Tuesday to take charge of the Creston drug-store. In the course of two weeks he expects to have the stock in good shape and complete in all lines, so your varied wants will be satisfactorily supplied.

Revelstoke rather imagines it can support a creamery. 12 members of the farmers' institute have guaranteed 127 cows.

St. Mary's, the Roman Catholic separate school at Cranbrook, has been closed. The pupils will attend the public school.

Rossland's chief of police has notified the business men of the town to lock their store or office doors after closing hours and thus save the police force considerable extra worry.

They have the dog nuisance at Vernon also. Says the News: "Several residents of Maple Street now on the sick list find the barking of dogs in that vicinity a great annoyance, almost a nuisance at night."

The Star claims women have enough worthless dogs to feed an army corps for a long siege. And so bold are the mongrels that they refuse to diverge from a narrow path to allow even children to pass where the walking is best.

EXTRA SPECIAL—Ginger Snaps, fresh stock 25c
best quality, while they last, 2 lbs. for

SNAPS! SNAPS! SNAPS!

—no reference to the weather, of course, though it is to some extent responsible for our close prices on

Mackinaw Coats, Heavy Socks, Sweaters
Lumbermen's Shirts, Felt Insoles

and other Heavy Dry Goods. We have only a limited quantity and they are going at cost to clear. The goods are great wearers. See them this week.

45c. ALWAYS SPECIAL—Jackson's Teas 55c.
Nothing in town to equal their Flavor

Frank H. Jackson
General Store Phone 81 Creston

Creston Hotel

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercial.

The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

Our Guests Call Again

J. B. Moran - - Prop.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$13,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. \$53

C. G. BENNETT Manager Creston Branch

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

Shipment of McLaughlin Sleighs and Cutters on Hand
TEAM SLEIGHS
Harness, Single and Double and Supplies on Hand
Several Sets of Second-Hand Harness
Sleighs and Cutters **COAT FOR SALE**

H. S. McCreath, Prop.
Phone 54 Sirdar Avenue Box 14

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY • 10 CENTS PER PLUG

WITHIN THE LAW

BY MARVIN DANA

(Copyright)

(Continued)

For that reason Aggie Lynch was not actively offensive, as were most of the others. She was a dainty little blond, with a baby face, in which were set two light blue eyes of a sort to widen often in genuine wonder over most things in a surprising and naughty way. She had been convicted of blackmail, and she made no pretense even of innocence. Instead, she was inclined to boast over her ability to bamboozle men at her will. She was a natural actress of the ingame role, and in that pose she could unflinchingly beguile the heart of the wisest of worldly men.

She had been reared in a criminal family, which must excuse much. Long ago she had lost track of her father, her mother, she had never known. Her one relation was a pick-pocket. One principal reason of her success in leading on men to make fools of themselves over her, to their everlasting regret afterward, lay in the fact that in spite of all the gross irregularities of her life she remained chaste.

The girl saw in Mary Turner the possibilities of a ladylike personality that might mean much financial profit in the devious ways of which she was a mistress. With the frankness characteristic of her, she proceeded to paint glowing pictures of a future shared by the undoing of ardent and cautious swains. Mary Turner listened with curiosity, but she was in no wise moved to follow such a life, even though it did not necessitate anything worse than a fraudulent playing at love. So, she steadfastly continued her refusals. She would live straight. "You will find that you are up against an awful frost," Aggie would declare brutally.

Mary found the prophecy true. Back in New York she experienced a poverty more ravaging than any she had known in those five years of her working in the store. She had been absolutely penniless for two days, and without food through the gnawing hours, when she found employment in a milliner's shop. Followed a blessed interval in which she worked contentedly, happy over the meagre stipend, since it served to give her shelter and food honestly earned.

The police informed Mary's employer concerning her record as a convict, and she was at once discharged. The unfortunate victim of the law came perilously close to despair then. Yet, her spirit triumphed, and again she persevered in that resolve to live straight. She found a cheap position in a cheap shop, only to be again persecuted by the police, so that she speedily lost the place.

DANGER SIGNALS.

No engineer would be mad enough to run by the flag which signaled danger. What the danger was he might not understand, but he would take no chances. It is different with the average man or woman. They attempt constantly to run by the danger signals of nature and that attempt costs thousands of lives every year. When the appetite becomes irregular or entirely gives out, when sleep is troubled and broken, when there is a loss of flesh, when there is a constant feeling of dullness and languor, nature is hoisting the danger signal. The stomach and its allied organs are failing in their work and the body is losing the nutrition on which its strength depends.

Such a condition calls for the prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It is the world's proved blood purifier. It's not a secret remedy for its ingredients are printed on the wrapper. Start to take it to-day and before another day has passed, the impurities of the blood will begin to leave your body through the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, and in a few days you will know by your steadier nerves, firmer step, keener mind, brighter eyes and clearer skin that the bad blood is passing out and new, rich, pure blood is filling your arteries. The same good blood will cause pimples, acne, eczema and all skin eruptions to dry up and disappear. It's a tone and body builder. Get it to-day in either liquid or tablet form or write Dr. Pierce, Invaluable Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

W. N. U. 1024

A third time she obtained work and there, after a little, she told her employer, a candy manufacturer in a small way, the truth as to her having been in prison. The man had a kindly heart and he ran little risk, so he allowed her to remain. When the police called his attention to the girl's criminal record he paid no heed to their advice against retaining her services. The police brought pressure to bear on the man. They even called in the assistance of Edward Gilder himself, who obligingly wrote a very severe letter to the girl's employer. In the end, though unwillingly enough, he dismissed Mary from his service.

It was then that despair did come upon the girl. She had tried with all the strength of her to live straight. Yet despite her innocence, the world would not let her live according to her own conscience. It demanded that she be the criminal it had branded her, if she were to live at all. She still walked the streets falteringly, seeking some place, but her heart was gone from the quest. Came an hour when she thought of the river and was glad.

So she went through the long stretch of ill lighted streets, crossed some railroad tracks to a pier, over which she hurried to the far end, where it projected out to the fierce currents of the Hudson. There, without giving herself a moment's pause for reflection or hesitation, she leaped out as far as her strength permitted into the coil of waters. But in that final second natural terror in the face of death overcame the lethargy of despair—a shriek burst from her lips. On the side of the pier a man had just tied up a motorboat. He stood up in alarm at the cry and was just in time to gain a glimpse of a white face under the dim moonlight as it swept down with the tide, two rods beyond him. He threw off his coat and sprang far out after the drifting body. He came to it in a few furious strokes and caught it.

Then began the savage struggle to save her and himself. The currents tore at him wrathfully, but he fought against them with all the fierceness of his nature. What saved the two of them was the violent temper of the man. Always it had been the demon to set him aflame. His rage mounted and gave him new power in the battle. Under the urge of it he conquered and at last brought himself and his charge to the shore.

Mary revived to clear consciousness, which was at first inclined toward hysteria, but this phase yielded soon under the sympathetic ministrations of the man. His rather low voice was soothing to her tired soul, and his whole air was at once masterful and gently tender. When finally she was able to stand and to walk with the support of his arm she went forward slowly at his side without so much even as a question of whither.

Joe Garson had performed, perhaps, his first action with no thought of self at the back of it. He had risked his life to save that of a stranger. The sensation was at once novel and thrilling. Since it was so agreeable he meant to prolong the glow of self-satisfaction by continuing to care for this waif of the river.

Joe Garson, the notorious forger, led the dripping girl eastward through the squalid streets until at last they came to an adequately lighted avenue, and there a taxicab was found. It carried them farther north, and to the east to an apartment house that was rather imposing, set in a street of humbler dwellings.

Here Garson paid the fare and then helped the girl to alight and onto the hallway. Mary went with him quite unafraid, though now with a growing curiosity.

The two entered and went slowly up three flights of stairs. On the landing beyond the third flight the door of a rear flat stood open, and in the doorway appeared the figure of a woman.

"Well, Joe?" who's the skirt?" this person demanded as the man and his charge halted before her. Then, abruptly, the round, baby like face of the woman puckered in amazement. Her voice rose shrill. "Well, if it ain't Mary Turner!"

"Aggie!" was the reply. In the life that followed Mary lived in the flat which Aggie Lynch occupied with her brother Jim, a pick-pocket much esteemed among his fellow craftsmen. The period wrought transformations of a radical and bewildering sort in both the appearance and the character of the girl.

Joe Garson, the forger, had long been acquainted with Aggie and her brother, though he considered them far beneath him in the social scale, since their criminal work was not of that high kind on which he prided himself. But as he cast about for some woman to whom he might take the hapless girl he had rescued his thoughts fell on Aggie. He was relieved rather than otherwise to learn that there was already an acquaintance between the two women, and the fact that his charge had served time in prison did not influence him one jot against her.

Mary let herself drift. It seemed to her that she had abandoned herself to fate in that hour when she threw herself into the river. Afterwards, without any volition on her part, she had been restored to life and set within an environment new and strange to her, in which, to her surprise, she discovered a vivid pleasure. So she fought no more, but left destiny to work its will, unhampered by her futile strivings.

For the first time in her life, thanks to the hospitality of Aggie Lynch, secretly reinforced from the funds of Joe Garson, Mary found herself living in luxurious idleness, while her every wish could be gratified by the merest mention of it. She was fed on the daintiest of fare, she was clothed with the most delicate richness for the first time as to those more mysterious garments which women love. In addition, there were as many of books and magazines as she could wish.

Her mind, long starved like her body, seized avidly on the nourishment thus afforded. In this interest Aggie had no share—was perhaps a little envious over Mary's absorption in printed pages. Aggie took a vast pride in her guest, with the unmistakable air of elegance, and she doted on dream of great triumphs to come, though as yet she carefully avoided any suggestion to Mary of wrongdoing.

In the end the suggestion came

TWO NERVOUS WOMEN

Made Well By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I had a severe case of nervous prostration, with palpitation of the heart, constipation, headaches, dizziness, noise in my ears, timid, nervous, restless feelings and sleeplessness.



"I read in the paper where a young woman had been cured of the same troubles by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so I threw away the medicines the doctor left me and began taking the Compound. Before I had taken half a bottle I was able to sit up and in a short time I was able to do all my work. Your medicine has proved itself able to do all you say it will and I have recommended it in every household I have visited."—Mrs. MARY JOHNSTON, 210 Siegel Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Another Bad Case.

Ephrata, Pa.—"About a year ago I was down with nervous prostration. I was pale and weak and would have hysterical spells, sick headaches and a bad pain under my shoulder-blade. I was under the care of different doctors but did not improve. I was so weak I could hardly stand long enough to do my dishes.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me well and happy and I have begun to gain in weight and my face looks healthy now."—Mrs. J. W. HORNBERGER, R. No. 3, Ephrata, Pa.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

from Mary Turner herself, to the great surprise of Aggie, and, truth to tell, of herself.

There were two factors that chiefly influenced her decision. The first was due to the feeling that, since the world had rejected her, she need no longer concern herself with the world's opinion or retain any scruples over it. Back of this lay her bitter sentiment toward the man who had been the direct cause of her imprisonment, Edward Gilder.

The factor that was the immediate cause of her decision on an irregular mode of life was an editorial in one of the daily newspapers. This was a scathing arraignment of a master in high finance. The point of the writer's attack was the grim sarcasm for such methods of thievery as are kept within the law. That phrase held the girl's fancy, and she read the article again with a quickened interest. Then she began to meditate.

It was the law that had worked the ruin of her life, which she had striven to make wholesome. In consequence she felt for the law no genuine respect, only detestation as for the epitome of injustice. Yet, she gave it a superficial respect, born of those three years of suffering which had been the result of the penalty inflicted on her. Now, in the paragraph she had just read she found a clue to suggestive thought, a hint as to a means by which she might satisfy her rancor against the law that had outraged her, and this in safety since she would attempt nothing save that within the law.

(To be Continued)

Pat and Mike were crossing the river on a ferry boat. They were watching intently a big dredging barge that was sending its mammoth scoops under the water and bringing up tons of mud.

"Pat," said Mike, "wouldn't you like to be a workin' over there on that mud digger?"

"Yes," said Pat, "but, begorra, I'd hate to be one the fellers under the water that's fillin' up this shovels."

The Saskatchewan Yield

Wheat Crop This Year Greater Than Any Since 1901, Says Department

In a final report on the grain crop of Saskatchewan, the provincial department of agriculture states the average yield per acre is 25.2 bushels of wheat, 45.9 bushels of oats, 33.2 bushels of barley and 11.2 bushels of flax. In 1901 the wheat averaged 25.4 bushels to the acre, the only time the yield was greater than this year. Oats exceeded this year's yield in 1909.

Wheat—Acreage, 6,884,874 acres; average yield, 25.2 bushels; total yield, 173,723,775 bushels.

Oats—Acreage, 2,846,949 acres; average yield, 45.9 bushels; total yield, 130,910,048 bushels.

Barley—Acreage, 272,299 acres; average yield, 33.2 bushels; total yield, 9,043,813 bushels.

Flax—Acreage, 539,674 acres; average yield, 11.2 bushels; total yield, 6,060,499 bushels.

Land prepared for the 1915 crop, 10,543,796 acres.

Land prepared for the crop of 1916—New breaking, 729,553 acres; summerfallowing, 2,043,841 acres; fall plowing, 1,731,497 acres; total prepared for 1916 crop, 4,504,981 acres.

Electricity "Pinched" From Germans

For downright ingenuity and daring, the following incident, told by Captain C. W. Thrussell, of the Royal Irish Rifles, has few parallels:

"On one occasion our telephone linesman happened to find two live cables on the ground in the rear of our trenches. No one happened to know to whom they belonged or whence they came; rumor had it that the generating station was somewhere in the German lines. Without asking leave from the German authorities, our linesman promptly fitted wires and carried them to the battalion headquarters, the dressing station, officers' dug-outs, etc. Lamps were found in the deserted houses of a village just behind, and for many weeks a first class electric installation was in full working order with power 'pinched' from Germany."

"The spirit of the navy remains unchanged whatever the dangers which confront it," writes Mr. Ashmead Bartlett, "I do not think I can describe it better than by quoting what was found by the censor in the letter of a young bluejacket:

"Mother, it is sometimes very hot out here when the shells are dropping all about you and the submarines are hovering round, and you may strike a mine at any minute. At first I was a bit scared, but I remembered the words of the padre last Sunday, when he said, 'Men, men, in times of trial and danger look upwards.' I did look upwards, mother, and if there wasn't a blooming aeroplane dropping bombs on us!"

Sir Adam Beck, who is the chief of the remount department for the Canadian government, states that no more horses were being bought for a while at least. There are enough remounts in England, he said, to supply all the units and meet any wastage for some time to come.

Must Have Passport

Better Not Try to Leave Country Without Necessary Document

Since the announcement of the department of external affairs that all British subjects travelling to Great Britain must secure passports, there have been prepared by the under-secretary as to the method of procuring them.

Forms of application for passports have been prepared by the under-secretary of external affairs. Forms may be secured at his office by writing, but in order to prevent delay application blanks have been sent to most of the Canadian banks and British steamship agencies. These forms, giving particulars of citizenship, description of traveller, etc., must be accompanied by a declaration made by either a mayor, magistrate, minister of immigration, barrister, physician, surgeon, solicitor, or notary public.

There must also be forwarded two photographs of the applicant. There is no delay at the department in forwarding the passport, which is usually mailed the same day the application form is received.

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE

Licensed and Bonded Dealers' DIRECTORY

It pays to ship your grain to a reliable Commission Firm. Best attention given to consignments.

GOODERHAM & MELROY CO., LTD. Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

Ship to SAMUEL SPINK, Pioneer Grain Commission Merchant, for best results. Grades carefully watched—Sales made to best advantage. Prompt returns. Try us. Shipping bills on request. 206 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man. Reference—Union and Royal Banks.

Ship Your Grain To

BARTLETT & LANGILLE Grain Commission Merchants, 510 Grain Exchange. A reliable firm who aim to give satisfaction. Special attention given to grading. Liberal advances made.

RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, LTD. Grain Commission Merchants, Winnipeg.

Grain Exchange, Minneapolis, Duluth

THOS. BRODIE, S. A. HARGRAFF, Manager, Union Grain Company, Ltd., Grain Commission Merchants, Winnipeg, Man.

602 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.

THE CONTINENTAL GRAIN CO., LTD. Licensed, Bonded, solicits your grain consignments. Liberal Advances—Prompt returns. 227 GRAIN EXCHANGE.

WINNIPEG, MAN.

For good results and best service ship your grain to this aggressive and experienced Commission House, always ready to buy your grain on track. BLACKBURN & MILLS.

535 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' DIRECTORY

BREEN MOTOR CO., WINNIPEG. Factory distributors for Manitoba and Saskatchewan for Studebaker Cars. Good territory open for live agents.

Flupmobile LOWER IN PRICE Greater in Value

Get the 1916 Catalog JOSEPH MAW & CO., LIMITED, WINNIPEG.

COWAN'S Supreme CHOCOLATE

Little Miss MAIDEN CANADA

Your friends all love chocolate fillings



366



Sunlight Soap is made for the housewife's profit, for only thereby can the makers hope to profit. Sunlight Soap makes your work lighter, your clothes whiter, your home brighter. It is mild and pure and does not harm either hands or fabric.

Sunlight Soap
5 CENTS



Edwardsburg "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup

POUR IT ON PORRIDGE

YOU can't imagine how delicious a dish of Oatmeal Porridge becomes when it is sweetened with "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup.

Have it for breakfast to-morrow—watch the kiddies' eyes sparkle with the first spoonful—see how they come for 'more'.

Much cheaper than cream and sugar—better for the children, too.

Spread the Bread with "Crown Brand"—serve it on Pancakes and Hot Biscuits, on Blanc Mange and Baked Apples—use it for Candy-Making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". You may prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—in 2, 5, 10 & 20 LB. TINS.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
Makers of the Famous Edwardsburg Brands.
Works—Cardinal—Brantford—Fort William.
Head Office—Montreal

HOTEL CARLS-RITE TORONTO

Opposite the Union Station. We call it "The House of Comfort," because of the many innovations and modern improvements designed to give our guests "maximum comfort at minimum cost." Then again all of our employees take a personal pride in doing something to add materially to the comfort of our guests. Rates—American Plan, \$2.50—\$3.00 per day without bath; \$3.00—\$3.50 per day with bath; also European Plan if preferred. Say "Carls-Rite" to the Red Cap at the station and in one minute your journey has ended.

How Turkey Entered War

"It will be remembered that Turkey got into the war by one of her battle cruisers firing on a Russian port in the Black Sea," says Mr. Bouck White, who has lately returned from Constantinople. "The Turkish minister of marine, a Young Turk of prominence, was in a club in Constantinople playing cards. A messenger entered, and told him that one of the boats in his navy had fired on the Russians, thus creating a casus belli. The face of the minister went white. 'I didn't know anything about it!' he gasped out; 'I didn't know anything about it.' Ever, the war minister, at the behest of his German owners, had forced the issue over the heads of fellow members in his own cabinet and to their entire ignorance."

Clean Milk Wanted

The sediment test is the best method of detecting dirt in milk. This test should be used wherever milk is sold. It shows the dairyman the degree of cleanliness of his milk.

In order that as little dirt as possible may adhere to the cows, their udders, flanks and tails should be kept clipped; all loose dust can then be easily brushed off with a damp cloth before milking. Never should anyone be allowed to milk wet, as it is a filthy exercise.

From tests with open and covered pails it has been found that a covered pail closed about two-thirds with a hood will keep out at least 75 per cent. of the dirt. These pails are just as convenient to use as the ordinary ones and cost little more.

A strainer will not take out the fine sediment in milk, but is useful for taking out hair and other large foreign stuff, and also serves for detecting the dirty milk. Luck to the one who uses a very good strainer cloth. All cans and utensils should be washed and scalded every time used and given their daily sun bath to keep them sweet.

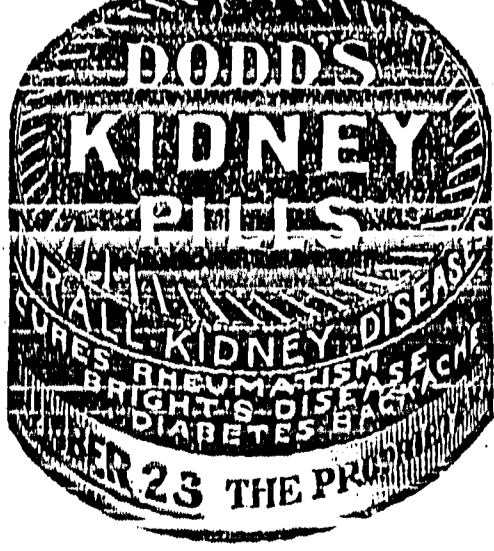
Producers and consumers should co-operate and see that a premium is paid to those that produce clean milk.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Better to Have Rich Cream

Cream for butter making should be rich. If the cream separator can be brought to skim only a rich cream, and to skim it closely, there is a lot of saving effected. It takes less room in shipping and there is less weight to be handled per pound of butter resulting from it. If it is sent to the creamery there is so much more milk to be fed at home. It costs less per hundredweight of butter to churn thick cream, it costs less to pasteurize it, less ice to cool it, while some butter makers express the conviction that thick cream keeps better, that there is less loss of butterfat, and that the grade of butter made from it will be better than that made from a thin cream of a similar quality.

Exhausted From Asthma. Many who read these words know the terrible drain upon health and strength, which comes in the train of asthmatic troubles. Many do not realize, however, that there is one true remedy which will surely stop this drain. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful check to this enervating ailment. It has a countless record of relief to its credit. It is sold almost everywhere.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

GRAVEL, RHEUMATISM, ACID, BRONCHITIS, DIABETES, ETC.

W. N. U. 1034

Praise For Western Horses

Col. A. D. McTae, Canadian remount commissioner, who is now in camp at Shorncliffe, states that the western prairie horses are ahead of all others he has seen in England. He has seen the mounts bought in the United States, Argentine, Australia, and New Zealand, but those from Western Canada top the list. They are well shouldered up and are being selected for officers' mounts and chief positions. The heavy horses also are giving splendid service in transport work and have made a name for themselves.

Among the many remarkable yields of wheat in Alberta this year that of Mr. L. Carpenter of Three Hills will take a prominent place. The field was measured and the grain weighed showing the average to be 55 bushels per acre.

Agricultural Education

Need of Professional Training For Teachers of Agriculture

At recent conferences of agricultural education men from various departments of education, the necessity of professional training in education for instructors of agriculture in colleges and high schools has been emphasized. At a meeting recently held at Columbus, Ohio, under the auspices of the U.S. office of experiment stations, it was resolved that the minimum requirement of such training for teachers of agriculture in secondary schools should be ten per cent. of the total credit hours for graduation from a standard agricultural college or its equivalent. This means the passing of the day when an agricultural teacher need be merely a graduate from a farmer's course in an agricultural college. The teacher of agriculture in both college and high schools needs to have a general training, a scientific or technical training, and a professional training. The numerous failures of agricultural college graduates as teachers in the secondary schools, also in colleges, is rapidly forcing the issue. The necessity for pedagogical training is being recognized by those who are in a position to note the successes and the failures of young teachers who have had the threefold training above indicated, and of those who have not had such training.—Rural Educator.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Canada and the Rebuilding of Belgium

During 1913, in a time of peace, says "Canada Lumberman," Belgium imported building and rough furnishing materials to the following extent: From Germany, 332,256,736 kilogrammes (1,000 kilogrammes approximately being equal to one ton); from the United Kingdom, 156,033,642 kilogrammes; from France, 145,096,746 kilogrammes; from the Netherlands, 38,073,465 kilogrammes; from the United States, 9,361,973 kilogrammes. Germany had a strangle hold upon the trade.

The Belgians are determined not to take up again their business relations with the Germans. All the great volume of trade with Germany will cease and the building materials which made up her 1913 exports to Belgium amounting to over 322,000,000 kilogrammes, must come from other countries.

Canada should certainly have a look in at this important trade.

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

Letters on Dead Germans

An official French communication contains "two crushing documents"—letters found on the bodies of German soldiers—which furnish a confession of cynical brutality which is opposed to all the laws of humanity and of war, viz., that the Germans are making no more prisoners.

One letter dated September 24, reporting the capture of a French trench says: "We made no prisoners. One has got to finish off this vermin once and for all."

The second letter, written five days later, and announcing the assault of another French trench, says: "We took no prisoners; we bayoneted the lot. I showed no mercy. These filthy French must be stamped out. They must either sign peace or all be killed."

A lady in a crowded tram car in Boston, Mass., had no seat. A polite old negro got up and offered his seat to the lady.

"Oh, sir," said she, "I do not wish to deprive you of your seat."

And the kind old darkey promptly replied: "Dat's all right, ma'am, it's no depravity, no depravity at all!"

A FRIENDLY GROCER
Dropped a Valuable Hint

"For about eight years," writes a lady, "I suffered from nervousness—part of the time down in bed."

"Sometimes I would get numb and it would be almost impossible for me to speak. At other times I would have severe bilious attacks, and my heart would flutter painfully when I would walk fast, or sweep."

"I have taken enough medicine to start a small drug store, but without permanent benefit. One evening our grocer was asking my husband how I was, and urged that I quit coffee and use Postum, so he brought home a package and I made it according to directions and we were both delighted with it. We quit coffee altogether and used only Postum." (Tea produces about the same effects as coffee, because they both contain the drugs, caffeine and tannin).

"I began to get better, and in a month's time looked like another person. The color came back to my cheeks, I began to sleep well, my appetite was good and I commenced to take on flesh and become interested in everything about the house."

"Finally I was able to do all my own work without the least sign of my old trouble." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in 2 cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.



MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM

We unhesitatingly recommend Magic Baking Powder as being the best, purest and most healthful baking powder that it is possible to produce. All ingredients are plainly printed on the label.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W.GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG, MONTREAL

The Weakening Enemy

Hilaire Belloc in "Land and Water"—The enemy has no source of new energy. He cannot increase his power of munitionment; he cannot increase his dwindling reserves in men. This is a plain piece of arithmetic which everyone throughout Europe knows, and no one better than the enemy's commander. One new force of energy, and one only, has the enemy any prospect of tapping, and that is the having upon his side forces hitherto neutral such as Bulgaria.

Pleurisy Pains Vanish!
Chest Colds Cured!

Nerviline Has Never Failed To Cure

Nerviline Is Your Relief

Nerviline just rubbed on, lots of it, will ease that drawn, tight feeling over your ribs, will destroy the pain, will have you smiling and happy in no time.

"I caught cold last week while motoring," writes P. T. Mallory, from Linden. "My chest was full of congestion, my throat was mighty sore, and I had the fiercest stitch in my side you could imagine. As a boy I was accustomed to have my mother use Nerviline for all our minor ailments, and remembering what confidence she had in Nerviline, I sent out for a bottle at once. Between noon and eight o'clock I had a whole bottle rubbed on, and then got into a perspiration under the blankets. This drove the Nerviline in good and deep, and I woke up next morning fresh as a dollar and absolutely cured. Nerviline is now always part of my traveling kit, and I will never be without it."

The large 50c family size bottle is the most economical, or you can easily get the 25c trial size from any dealer.

School Saving Banks

A million and a quarter dollars are on deposit in school savings in the United States. The money is distributed among 217,000 school children, who are learning lessons of thrift for use in later life.

Belgium has the honor of originating the school savings bank system, and a native of Belgium put the school savings banks on a permanent footing in the United States.

Several methods in vogue for collecting and banking the savings of the children are practised. Usually the co-operation of a well established savings bank in the school community is first secured. Forms and blanks are provided by the banks. When the amount reaches one dollar the child is given a bank book and becomes, through the school, a regular patron of the bank. When the deposit reaches \$3 or \$5 (as the banks elect) it draws interest at 3 or more per cent.—Rural Educator.

Miller's Worm Powders will eradicate the worm evil that bears so heavily on children and is believed to cause many fatalities. They are an acceptable medicine to children and can be fully relied upon to clear the food channels thoroughly of these destructive parasites and restore the inflamed and painful surfaces to healthfulness. They are an excellent remedy for these evils.


"Some collection box" is how an American religious paper describes a unique collection box said to have been invented by an Oklahoma man. If a member of the congregation drops into it a 25 cent piece or a coin of larger value there is silence. If he contributes a 10 cent piece a bell rings, a 5 cent piece sounds a whistle and a cent piece a blank cartridge. If anyone pretends to be asleep when the box passes it awakens him with a watchman's rattle, and a kodak takes his portrait.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

"From your letter I gave a distinguished German firm, writing to a customer in a neutral country, we are sorry to see that you have not the slightest idea of the sad position of German transmarine business at the present time. Meanwhile I have to reckon with the impossibility of sending you consignments through neutral countries. We reckon the value of the business which has been destroyed through England's commercial war, on a moderate estimation, at the capital value of the average profits of the last ten years."

Cost of Horse Labor

The annual cost of keeping a horse was found to be \$90.40 in one county in Minnesota, \$87 in another and \$75.07 in a third. These figures are averages for the years 1904-1907. In the first county these charges were as follows: Interest on investment, \$5.54; depreciation, \$5.56; harness depreciation, \$2.10; shoeing, \$1.22; feed, \$63.49; labor, \$11.13, and miscellaneous, 40 cents, making a total of \$90.40. These costs have increased. This emphasizes the need of keeping the horses busy and of having no idlers on the farm.



KEEP THEM WORKING

A horse in the field is worth two in the barn. You can't prevent Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, or Curb from putting your horse in the barn but you can prevent these troubles from keeping horses in the barn very long. You can get

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

at any drug store at \$1 a bottle, 6 for \$5, and Kendall's will cure thousands of farmers and horsemen will say so. Our book "Treatise on the Horse" free. 104

Dr. S. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt.

Thousands Take

this mild, family remedy to avoid illness, and to improve and protect their health. They keep their blood pure, their livers active, their bowels regular and digestion sound and strong with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

DIAMOND DUST RAZOR SHARPENER

Will sharpen your Razor Better and Quicker than can be done in any other way. Lasts a Lifetime. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded post free 25 cents. Pony Razor Strops 75 cents, O. K. Strops \$1.50—Best Made.—Canada House Co., Waukesha, Wis., U.S.A.

A Hard Winter in Europe

At the request of the French army authorities, a government meteorologist has drawn up a forecast of the weather for this coming winter, according to the Paris correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, in which he prophesies that the season will be the worst ever known.

The meteorologist visited the Alps and obtained the views of experienced mountaineers. The latter told him that the Alpine field mice, instead of burrowing some ten or twelve inches, as usual, in order to pass the winter comfortably, have gone down fully three feet.

Trees and plants point to the same conclusion, the ash and heather being particularly emphatic in their weather signals.

The army authorities already have acted on this advice in preparations for clothing the troops during the cold months.

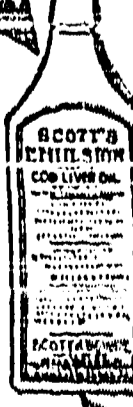
Have you Catarrh?

Is nasal breathing impaired? Does your throat get irksome or clogged?

Modern science proves that these symptoms result from run-down health. Smells and vapors are irritating and useless.

The all-fool in Scott's Emulsion will enrich and enliven the blood, aid nutrition and assist nature to check the inflammation and heal the scabulous membranes.

Shun Alcoholic mixtures and insist upon SCOTT'S.



Special Values for Cash

SEE OUR WINDOW

BOOKS, reg. value up to \$1.50, your choice 75c. each.
 CHINA, values 45c. up. at very special low prices.
 CALENDARS, regular value 35c. Your choice 25c. each or 2 for 45c.
 TOYS, GAMES, DOLLS. Etc. at reduced prices.
 FANCY CHOCOLATES—We still have a few fancy boxes at special prices.

Creston Drug & Book Co.
 PHONE 67 CRESTON

P. BURNS & Co.
 Limited

CRESTON B.C.
 Head Offices
 CALGARY; VANCOUVER; EDMONTO.

Dealers in
MEAT
 Wholesale and Retail

Fish, Game, Poultry,
 and Oysters
 in Season

We have the goods, and
 our prices are reasonable

Boar for Service

Registered Large English Berkshire Boar, Creston Boy, for service. Fee \$3. STOCKS & JACKSON, Mountain View Ranch.



Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territory and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

No publication or publication of advertisement will not be paid for.

Local and Personal

The 1916 vital statistics for Creston Valley are: 33 births, 9 marriages and 10 deaths.

Carl Gill of Cranbrook spent the week-end with J. B. Haslam, returning on Monday.

MILCH COW AND CALF FOR SALE—Cow is three years old and calf seven months. Will sell right for cash.—Apply REVIEW OFFICE.

Due to the cold weather and sickness among the contestants, the W.C.T.U. ladies have decided to indefinitely postpone their silver medal elocutionary contest scheduled for to-night.

Capt. Mallandaine was in from Morrissey on Wednesday, returning the following day. He states those 42 below zero dips feel almost like 420 after so many winters in the balmy Creston Valley.

EYE TROUBLES—Mr. J. J. Walker the well-known optician of Nelson, will pay Creston a professional visit on Monday, January 24th, at the Mercantile store, prepared to test and treat all cases of defective eye sight.

Creston will have another visitor on temperance and social service work on February 2nd, in the person of Rev. Hugh Dobson. This is a work he is devoting his entire attention to, and something worth while is assured.

A. Okell, an old-timer in these parts, left on Friday last for Kamloops, where he will make his headquarters in future at the Old Men's Home. Provincial Constable Forrester accompanied him, returning on Wednesday.

If weather conditions are normal and the water is not too high Wynndel growers expect to export almost 12,000 crates of berries this season. O. J. Wigen, manager of the selling agency has placed an order for 300,000 pint cups.

The local flocks of pheasants that have found it rather hard scratching to get a living, owing to the excessive snowfall, are now faring better. On the advice of deputy game warden Callander ranchers and citizens are putting out grain and other feed for them regularly.

The annual meeting of Christ Church vestry, scheduled for Wednesday night, has been set over to January 24th, owing to Rev. Mr. Mahood being in Rossland at a deanery meeting on the 19th. The ladies will serve refreshments and a social evening will follow the business session.

At only a fairly-well attended meeting of the Fruit Growers Union shareholders on Saturday night the question of sending delegates to the Kootenay-Boundary growers convention at Nelson on February 4th, was up for discussion. On the chairman's casting vote it was decided to send no delegates.

The Canyon City Lumber Co. is branching out into sheep raising on a small scale at the stock farm at Camp No. 2. Some 18 purebred animals have been secured and if the venture proves a success, as it should if the coyotes, etc., can be kept out of the feeding grounds, the company will go into the industry more extensively.

The provincial prohibition campaign opens in Creston to-night (Friday) in the Methodist church, at 8 o'clock. The speaker of the evening will be A. E. Smith of Brandon, who has a reputation of being an authority on temperance, socialism, labor questions and kindred subjects, who will be glad to answer questions at the close of his address. All are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Rose entertained very informally at a small progressive whist on Tuesday night. There were three tables and the honors for high scoring fell to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Huscroft, while Mrs. Hayes and Mr. W. K. Brown were returned the booty winners. During the evening the hostess favored with several musical numbers in her usual pleasing way and refreshments were served. A thoroughly social at-home was the unanimous verdict of all.

Creston Loyal Orange Lodge No. 2095 have chosen the following officers for the ensuing term:

W.M.—W. V. Jackson.
 D.M.—D. Learmonth.
 Chap.—A. Miller.
 Rec. Sec.—Rev. F. L. Carpenter.
 Fin. Sec.—J. Sherwood.
 Treas.—G. Broderick.
 P. of C.—T. D. Bance.
 Lecturer—J. Spratt.
 Tyler—Bros. Levesque and Johnson.
 Now that general conditions are improving it is expected the usual 12th of July celebration will be held at some point in East Kootenay this year.

Floyd Rodgers left on Friday on a visit to friends at Spokane, returning on Wednesday.

TIMOTHY AND CLOVER HAY FOR SALE or exchange for good milch cow.—R. LAMONT, Creston.

The next dance of the series the band is giving this winter will be on St. Valentine's evening, Monday, February 14th, in Mercantile Hall.

Mrs. J. W. Dow is at Cranbrook this week on account of the death of Mrs. Brooks, the mother of Mrs. T. Bamford, a one-time resident of Creston.

At a very informal supper after lodge on Wednesday night, Andy Miller, I.P.M. of Creston Masonic Lodge was made the recipient of a past masters jewel from the members of the lodge.

According to the Cranbrook Herald, Father Kennedy, Creston's new R.C. parish priest, spent several years as a professor at Ottawa University prior to coming here. He will make his home at Cranbrook.

Creston Presbyterians have their annual congregational meeting in the church on Tuesday night. After the business of the evening is disposed of the ladies will serve refreshments and an hour or so of sociability prevail.

Exactly 335 tickets were sold on the recent drawing for calf donated the Patriotic Fund, netting the cause \$30.25 after all expenses are met. The committee hope to clear up the Health violin drawing within the next couple of weeks.

J. T. Goodwin of Port Hill was in town Sunday, returning from a visit to some mining property he is interested in at Salmo. He says Port Hill has 39 inches of good sleighing on the ground now, and some 14 below zero weather was encountered last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. Scholl (nee Ashworth), who were married at Canyon City on December 21st, left on Wednesday for Edmonton, from whence they start north for Ponce Coupe, a section of the Peace River country in B.C., where they will make their home.

The Creston Red Cross Auxiliary made its initial 1916 shipment of supplies to Nelson on Tuesday. In the parcel were: 10 pairs hand-knit socks, 1 pair pyjamas, 1 grey shirt, 3 face cloths, 3 knee caps, 3 mufflers and 12 pairs store socks—the latter a donation from Mrs. S. A. Speers.

Ticket No. 206 was the lucky paste-board on the drawing for the calf donated by R. Lamont to the patriotic fund. Mrs. F. H. Jackson was the fortunate possessor of the winning coupon. The drawing was done by Bert Long before a crowded house at the Mercantile store on Saturday night.

Local Indians have taken up Mayor Little's discarded mantle as weather prophet, and assure us the cold snap will last into February. The muskrats have built their mud huts three feet high, in some instances—an unfailing sign of plenty of cold and snow according to Pee Ell—who, by the way is selling wood at present.

The directors of the Women's Institute have been successful in securing Mrs. St. Jean as secretary for this term. The post is an important one, particularly when the organization is just getting started. Mrs. St. Jean's handling of the same work with the Red Cross Auxiliary at its inception is sufficient guarantee that the work will be carefully looked after.

Word from Jack Smith, the early part of the week, tells of his transfer from trench fighting to pioneer corps work—putting up wire fences and other entanglements by night to impede possible German attacks. He states the men in the trenches are now equipped with rubber hip boots which makes wet weather campaigning more comfortable. Russell Lenny is still in an English hospital suffering from trench fever.

HALL
 The Jeweler

Watch, Clock, and Jewellery
 Repairing promptly attended to. Mail Orders solicited. We guarantee satisfaction.

CRESTON B.C.

King George Hotel

THE HOME OF THE TRANSIENT
 COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS
 THE BEST AND MOST POPULAR HOTEL IN THE KOOTENAYS

Run on strictly up-to-date lines. Unexcelled service in all departments. Kitchen staff (including cook) all white ladies. Every comfort and attention given to guests. The bar is supplied with only the best brand of goods.

H. DOYLE

Manager

Special Values in Men's and Boy's WOOL GOODS for the Cold Weather which includes Warm Underwear, Etc., Etc.

Tweed Shirts that will give good wear
 Mackinaw Coats
 Arctic Sox
 Sweater Coats
 All kinds of Heavy Sox and Stockings
 Our stock is complete and the prices are right. We invite your most careful inspection.

Creston Mercantile Co., Ltd.

Tommy Needs Smokes



You can send four times as much tobacco through the OVERSEAS CLUB TOBACCO FUND as you can privately because the British Government delivers the parcels with the men's food. You are always sure they get the quickly.

"THANK YOU" CARDS—Each parcel contains a post card addressed to the donor, to enable the soldier to acknowledge the gift direct.

25 CENTS will send 50 Canadian Cigarettes, 4 ounces of Canadian Tobacco, Cigarette Papers and Matches, and a return post card.

DO YOUR BIT TO-DAY. Send or leave your contribution at the BANK OF COMMERCE, Creston, or the Postmaster, Duck Creek.

Parcels may be sent to any soldier you wish who is at the front.

DO IT NOW!