Legislative Library
LIBRARY, LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, VICTORIA, B. C. NOV 5 1912

All Roads in East and West Kootenay Lead to Creston

ALL THE NEWS of the CRESTON DISTRICT

THE CRESTON REVIEW

SENT TO ANY ADDRESS FOR $2.00 A YEAR

No. 11, 5th Year. CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY NOV. 1, 1912. SINGLE COPIES 5c.

RIFLE ASSN. HAS GOOD SEASON

PRIZES STIMULATE INTEREST

Thanksgiving Day Shoot Lost to Opponetns With Close Score

By ARTHUR S. FITZGERALD

Thanksgiving day brought to a close the shooting season with a match between the Fernie and the Creston-Erickson Civilian Rifle associations on the home range. The local association denoted a Challenge cup to be competed for annually by the neighboring rifle associations from Nelson (inclusive) eastward along the Crows Nest. The Crawford Bay association was unable to accept this year and though Nelson assosiation accepted they wired the last moment saying they were unable to attend: So instead of a meeting extending over two days as was anticipated, the winners of the cup for 1912 had to be decided in the match between Creston and Fernie, the latter winning by 8 points.

The scores were as follows out of a possible 105 points for the three distances, 200, 500 and 600 yards:

Creston		Fernie	
C. Moore	83	Price	93
A. S. FitzGerald	91	Winton	89
E. Botterill	95	Newick	77
E. Cartwright	90	Beau	89
J. Hayden	88	McIntyre	91
G. Gunn	79	Gould	95
	526		534

After three hearty cheers, the captain of the winning team expressed hope that we would meet again next year on their range and try to win back the cup to Creston.

Thanksgiving day also decided J. J. Hayden the winner of a cup given by the association for the best average throughout the season taken from not less than ten scores.

The winner of the Silver Plate presented annually by the Dominion Government has not yet been decided upon.

Hitherto it has been found very difficult by those endeavoring to stimulate a friendly spirit of rivalry so necessary between members in range in shooting, to create sufficient attraction to insure a regular attendance. At our annual meeting held last March, a proposed programme for the coming season was submitted which after a few minor alterations was approved and passed.

To induce members to attend the range more often certain days throughout the season were set aside for prize shooting. Eighteen small prizes were open for competition, so arranged that beginners and inferior shots have as good a chance of winning one as the others, and at the same time sufficient inducement was given them to improve their standard of shooting. The effect this has had is evident, for men whose scores in previous years hovered uncomfortably in the seventies are now on the verge of the nineties.

On Dominion Day, July 1, in response to an invitation from the Fernie Rifle association, a team was sent to compete for a Silver Cup donated by the "Fernie Athletic Association." Three teams representing the rifle associations of Fernie, Hosmer and Creston met in a friendly struggle for this cup in which Fernie ultimately came out the winners. The day seemed to be an occasion of general jolification, the whole town bubbling over with all sorts of amusement, giving us an impression of the keen enterprise of the coal town which a few years ago was a mass of blackened ruins.

On the 27th of July a team representing the Crawford Bay Rifle association met us by invitation on our own range and though we lost the match, we gained by the experience and solemnly declared that before the dawn of another season we would equip ourselves with the latest pattern aperture sights, which are not issued with the rifles by the government, if we hope to hold our own with teams already using them.

Thanksgiving Day brought to a close by far the most interesting sea son in the history of the Creston-Erickson Civilian Rifle association.

On behalf of the Association I take this opportunity of expressing their thanks to the public who have so generously come forward in helping to make the season a success.

—Just arrived, new stock of rubber boots and shoes. A. Mirabelli.

HERE and THERE

Fines to the amount of $500 were inflicted in several cases of selling liquor to boys, in the Hoffman Hotel at Rossland. The owners of the hotel, the lessee, and two bar tenders were involved. The proprietor of the Central Hotel was also fined $300 for having his bar opened on Sunday morning.

The Department of Agriculture has sent out circulars denying the report circulated several weeks ago, that the government intends to supply stumping powder free of cost to the farmer. The government at present supplies the ranchers powder at reduced rates when it is purchased through the Farmers Institute or other farmers organization, and will continue to do so.

On Tuesday Louis Coderre took the oath of office as the new Secretary of State to succeed Hon. W. J. Roche.

Shooting in the annual matches of the Sixth D. C. O. C, Monday, Captain F. M. Farrisk made a new record for the British Empire for six ranges, making a total of 201 out of a possible 2 0. The best previous record in the competition was 199.

Latest reports from the seat of war in southeastern Europe tell of decisive victory for the Bulgarian army. A great Turkish army, estimated at over 200,000 men, has been defeated and is retreating. Constantinople is believed to be at the mercy of the Bulgarians.

James S. Sherman, Vice President of the United States, died of bright's disease on Wednesday. The republican national committee will meet in Chicago, November 12 to name a new candidate for the place.

—LADIES, call at our store and look over our supply of McCalls patterns just recieved. S. A. Speers.

—See the large assortment of masks and wigs on display in the Drug store for the Masquerade dance.

LOCAL NEWS

C. C. S., SIGNAFIES CRANBROOK CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

A Hallowe'en surprise party was given in honor of Miss Ida Gunn last evening by a number of her friends. A most pleasant evening was spent in games and dancing.

—See our windows for chinaware. The Cash Store.

On and after Monday, Nov. 4 Dr. Primrose Wells will be found at the rooms over what was formerly known as Trombley's boarding house, to see patients, between 11 and 1 or at other times by appointment.

—For the next week all the stock on hand at the late J. H. Howarth's jewelry store will be sold at cost.

F. G. Little received a complimentary ticket to the conservative convention and banquet held at Revelstoke last week.

—The C. C. S. of Cranbrook is selling Iron Beds with mattress and spring for $11.

C. W, Lester of Crescent Valley is again in town looking for cattle to purchase.

—Pedigreed Airdale pups for sale. J. E. Hayden.

J. D. Reid, the insurance agent, is again spending a few days in Creston.

—All kinds of vegetables and fruit for sale. I will deliver your order. Jim Kee Creston.

Roosevelt spoke a half hour with a shot in him. "That's nothing," says a local punster, "one of Creston's orators after speaks two hours with seven shots in him."

—Stanfields underwear at the Creston Mercantile.

The west bound passenger train has changed time and is now due at 15:46 The new office hours at the station are from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

—General purpose, black team for sale.—J. Compton.

Mrs. Geo Johnson and daughter Zella spent Thanksgiving in Cranbrook.

—LADIES, call at our store and look over our supply of McCalls patterns just received. S. A. Speers.

A. Miller, who is engaged at scaling logs in various parts of the Province spent a couple of days this week in town

—Economy Can Sealers, finest in the world, for sale by the Creston Hardware & Furniture Co., sole agents in the Kootenay Valley.

Mrs. Sam Scott of Erickson spent the first of the week here visiting with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Dodds.

—STOP and look over our line of Dry Goods. The Cash Store.

Mrs. P. C. Hayman, who with her husband has been spending the summer in the Old Country, returned to Creston Tuesday. She has been visiting in Toronto on her way home and was accompanied from that city to Creston by her sister, Miss Paffard, of Queens Bay.

—70 inch all linen tabling for 50c Very special at the Mercantile.

A masquerade ball will be held on the 5th of November under the auspices of the Creston L. O. L. Admission 75 cents. Prizes will be given.

—Send for our prices on furniture, we pay the freight. C. C. S.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Harrison of Yahk spent Thanksgiving with friends and relatives at Erickson.

—Registered Yorkshire White Boar, Oak Lodge Duke of Agassiz—36278, bred by the director of the experimental farm Agassiz, B. C., is for service at Valley View ranch.

A large number of Indians went to Cranbrook this week to attend the Feast of All Souls.

—Our new fall shapes in Mens Hats have arrived Creston Mercantile Co.

The Dry Farming exhibit committee and a number of other Crestonites returned from Lethbridge the first of the week. They report Creston's exhibit a decided success.

—We pay the freight, and if you are not satisfied with the values received from us, we will pay the freight back and refund full amount of your purchase. C. C. S.

PATHFINDER TELLS STORY OF LONG TRIP

First Attempt To Cross Canada by Auto A Success

By Thomas W. Wilby
[Canada's first Ocean to Ocean Motorist]

The Canadian Highway is a fact! Out of the haze of dreams, out of the realm of visions, the Canadian Highway emerges, proved feasible on the first attempt at a transcontinental journey.

The tour officially ended at Victoria on October 18, on the return from the west coast of Vancouver Island, when a banquet was given to Mr. Wilby by the president of the Automobile Association Mr. A. E. Todd, and at which Mayor Beckwith, W. W. Foster, Deputy Minister of Works, and other leading citizens were present.

The actual tour from coast to coast occupied forty-nine days elapsed time, the start having been made from Halifax about four o'clock in dull, cold, weather, and the arrival at Vancouver, by a co-incidence, was made at the same hour and under the same weather conditions. The actual running time was forty-one days and the mileage was 3-900 miles, which gives and average of 95.12 miles per day.

Road conditions were bad, owing to the immense rainfall in every part of the country. Many parts of the country, especially Manitoba, were turned into swamps and quagmires; this reduced the daily average considerably.

In addition to the 3.900 miles, 700 miles covered under other than the car's own power, owing to the absence of trail or road; this applies particularly to New Ontario. As far as North Bay no shipping had to be undertaken, although this was the first car that had ever come through all the way from Halifax to that point.

At first it was not difficult to keep up an average of 120 miles a day, but from the prairie provinces on, this was reduced to as low as sixty miles. The highest daily run was made in Alberta-185 miles, between Maple Creek and Lethbridge, the lowest in Manitoba-14 miles, from Winnipeg to Headingly, owing to the wretched state of the gumbo roads. The car was running on an average of ten miles to the gallon, sometimes as much as fifteen miles to the gallon was made, but in some parts of British Columbia, five miles to the gallon was good going. The number of broken links in the road through British Columbia necessitated running on the ties in some places; taking a steamer on Kootenay Lake on another, and running for a few miles through the United States in another place.

The cost of crossing from Halifax to Vancouver averaged about $2.50 a day per person. The expenses of the car were about $5.00 per day exclusive of repairs. On two occassions the driving shaft having been twisted.

The gumbo roads of Manitoba were in such bad condition that the drivers went on strike in Winnipeg, causing a three day delay. Owing to the absence of roads many detours had to be made, amounting to 600 miles altogether, of which 300 were in Ontario and 300 in British Columbia.

The enthusiasm for the Canadian Highway all along the road was marked Towns and cities did their best to welcome the pathfinder and besides presenting pennants of their town and entertaining the motorist, passed resolutions pledging unqualified co-operation in any scheme for the Canadian Highway from coast to coast.

Chains were seldom used Block and tackle were often in requisition. On one occasion a bridge had to be built to get the car over, and teams were necessary to pull the car out of the bad spots.

The motorists, however, were always able to get shelter for the night and never lacked food or gasoline.

Scarcely any macadam roads were found on the journey, the majority was earth and the rest gravel. The best roads were in British Columbia and in Ontario, the worst in Manitoba, the earth roads of the Maritime Provinces and Alberta and Saskatchewan were of about equal merit.

Mrs. G. A. M. Young and Miss Jennie Arrowsmith returned last Saturday from Seattle.

—A full line of guns and ammunition at the Mercantile.

The opening gun of the fifth National Apple show will be one of the most unique events ever held in the west. At noon Monday, November 11, the Mystic Order of Enakops will give their big parade, in which the free "apple-pie-fest" will be featured. A huge kettle, 18 feet high, 10 feet in diameter, and weighing 3,500 pounds, will head the parade. It will be drawn by 16 white horses, and 1,000 Enakops, dressed as waiters, will constitute a bodyguard. On arriving at the apple show grounds, 500 bushels of apples will be placed in the kettle and made into sauce to be used in pies. The pies will be distributed free to the public.

SCHOFIELD PAYS CRESTON VISIT

NOTES DEVELOPMENT IN DISTRICT

Taken by Automobiles on Trip to Port Hill

J. H. Schofield, Member of Provincial Parliament, on last Saturday, Sunday and Monday, made an unofficial visit to his Creston constituency. As he was taken over the district he made many comments on the improvements and rapid developement in the district.

On Sunday, Guy Lowenberg and R. S. Bevan, in their automobiles, with a number of other people, took the representative for a trip to Port Hill. On Monday Mr. Lowenberg took Mr. Schofield to Kitchener, where after looking over the country he took the west bound train for Nelson.

A number of the prominent members of the local Conservative association were out of town at the time and therefore the representative did not get the royal reception he should have had,

Canadian vs U. S. Fruit

The air is now full of protests by Canadian fruit growers against the action of wholesale fruit merchants buying so much fruit from the United States, and the latter protest as strongly that they prefer Canadian fruit when they can buy it at a right price and put up properly in attractive packages. If the Canadian fruit growers would only be more loyal to their own co-operative organizations, learn the lesson of united action with mutual respect for one another's interests, and put up their goods in a thoroughly up-to-date manner, they could compel a square deal and get a good price.

Speaking on this subject, Mr. Thomas Cunningham, Chief Fruit Pest Inspector for B. C., says:

"The foreign fruit grower seems to have got control of the Vancouver market, which is the best cash market on the Pacific Coast. There was more fruit shipped in this year than last and more last year that year before, which shows that the consumption on foreign fruit is on the increase. Unfortunately the same cannot be said of the home-grown article. The explanation is not in the inferiority of our own fruit, because in exhibition tests either in the United States or the Mother country, British Columbia fruit generally carries off the bulk of the prizes. No, the fault lies in the high freight rates and the faulty system of distribution. The question is one that should be looked into. The local fruit power, given equal conditions can hold his own with any competitor but he is not given a fair chance by any means.

"The production of small fruits in this province has gone behind. Vancouver Island produced more strawberries seven years ago than it does today, and yet it has the best strawberry soil in the world. Why is this? Unfair transportation rates, lack of co-operation between growers, and poor delivery. It costs more to bring fruit from Vernon than it does from across the border in Wenatchee. This is discrimination. Cheaper transportation, quicker delivery and more co-operation will go far to improve the situation."

The Fruit Magazine

Injustice

By Arthur Applin

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto.

(Continued)

He had just been speaking of the past to the woman he loved—of twenty years ago, when he had been seated on the stool of a lawyer's office, old Samuel Saintsbury's in danger of being strangled by red tape, his heart crowded with ambitions and dreams, his pockets empty of the proverbial penny.

Then he remembered, dimly. Once again he heard himself laugh, but there was no joy in the laughter. It was a laugh of denial, which rang false.

He did not hear the front door bell ring. He did not even hear the drawing-room door open nor the rustle of a woman's petticoats, nor the voice of the woman, the woman he loved—the woman who in forty-eight hours was going to start with him on a journey to the land of El Dorado. Not until he felt a hand on his shoulder did he start back from the journey into the past and see her eyes, blue as the Southern seas, looking anxiously into his own.

Jim—what's the matter, dear? Anything wrong?

He did not reply; he scrunched the paper in his hand, and dropped it into his pocket. The front door bell rang again, but he did not hear.

Jim, something's happened, what is it?

He put his arm around her, then suddenly withdrew it as if conscious of a guilty action. I don't know, he said in a toneless voice. I don't quite understand. Your brother's waiting for you in the car. You had better go now, Iris, it's all right—I'll write to you tonight.

They were standing in the drawing room again. The servant passed through the hall and opened the front door.

Jim, Iris cried, my dear one, something's happened. I'm not going until you've told me. My dear one, look at me, tell me quickly. We have no secrets.

With a great effort he pulled himself together, looked at her and smiled bravely. Of course we haven't. I'm only a bit puzzled, Iris. I can't explain you. You must trust me and do as I ask you. Run away, I'll write to you tonight as usual. He bent down and kissed her. Quick, there's someone else coming to see me.

She hesitated a moment, I'm not going, Jim.

The servant again entered the room. Saintsbury, sir. He knew you were at home, and said he must have a word with you. He's in the dining-room.

I'll come at once, Francks replied. Then he took Iris by the hand and tried to lead her to the door. It's all right now, he said unsteadily. I think I understand.

But Irish went back. I'll wait here until you've seen Mr. Saintsbury, then you must tell me, Jim.

For a moment he looked in her eyes then he turned his head away. Very well, dear.

Without another word or a glance he left the room. Iris opened wide the windows and sat down by them, and picking up a newspaper fanned herself.

Francks found Samuel Saintsbury in the dining-room. The lawyer was known to his intimates as Sainty; the frivolous called him a beast, but a just beast. He was very tall, very thin, angular, with a brown moustache which drooped over his upper lip, and a prominent forehead; small beady eyes partially hidden by shaggy eyebrows. He was a man of about sixty five years of age, a man who had labored all his life in a city office. He exuded the atmosphere of deeds and red tape, the type of man who a few centuries ago would have cheerfully burnt his enemies or stoically perished for his beliefs.

Good day, Mr. Francks, he said as Francks entered the room.

Francks shut the door, then turned the key in it. I think I know why you're here. He took the crumpled piece of paper from his pocket and held it out. And now I know who's responsible for this. But haven't you made a mistake?

The lawyer shook his head. He looked exceedingly pained and opened his hands deprecatingly. I never make mistakes.

It was twenty year ago, Francks spoke in a steady, level voice. The lawyer thought he detected a touch of anxiety in it.

That makes no difference. So you admit the crime?

Crime! Be careful what you are saying, Mr. Saintsbury.

The lawyer clasped his lean hands together. That is the right name. You are a criminal, Mr. Francks, one who has so far escaped the law. It is my painful duty—

Stop that, Francks cried harshly. How much do you want?

You make a mistake, the lawyer replied with dignity. I have not come to blackmail you, or to demand money.

Then what have you come for? Out with it, quickly. Because I'm in a hurry.

Twenty years ago you entered my office as an articled clerk—

You don't want to go into that, Francks interrupted impatiently, the point is, what do you want now.

Justice.

Justice? he flung the word back at him. It looks suspiciously like revenge, and rather a paltry one.

You may call it by what name you like. Twenty years ago you committed a crime. No man can commit a crime and go unpunished. Of course if you had confessed at the time and asked my pardon—

I wrote to you.

I take no notice of anonymous contributions. You ran away. I tried to trace you in vain, until eighteen months ago.

You could have found me if you had wanted to. Three years ago I met your wife and your daughter. I called at your house twice.

Knowing I should be at my office.

I'm afraid I never gave you a thought, Francks sneered. As for that miserable boyish indiscretion, why, I had forgotten all about it.

The lawyer slowly shook his head to and fro. I daresay you have also forgotten that you made love secretly to my daughter, promised to marry her, and then broke your promise. I might have called you to account for that, but I preferred not to.

Francks rolled up the strip of paper the constable had given him, and flung it at Saintsbury's feet.

I'm really beginning to understand Perhaps you think to stop my marriage with Miss De Fontaigne?

The lawyer allowed a grim smile to cross his face. I'm afraid it will have to be postponed until you have been tried for that crime which you call a boyish indiscretion. You are perfectly aware that, if I choose, I might have given information against you, and had you arrested. I preferred the more merciful course.

Thanks, Francks sneered. Justice tempered with mercy, eh? May I ask why?

Because I wish to give you an opportunity of repairing your past folly, and of keeping the promise you made to my daughter.

The expression of Franck's face changed. His self-confidence was gradually disappearing. Fear shone in his eyes now, and the lawyer saw it. And his own eyes grew hard and cruel.

To put it briefly you wish to stay my marriage with Miss de Fontaigne, and force me to marry your daughter?

The lawyer shrugged his shoulders. I suggest that would be an honorable course to pursue. I will then withdraw the summons and the matter will be at an end.

Franck's forced a laugh. And if I refuse?

I fear the law must take its course.

Francks crossed the room and stood beside the lawyer, almost touching him. Thursday is my wedding day.

I know.

There was another silence, the two men looked steadily into one another's eyes, each trying to read the inmost thoughts of the other.

Franck whipped out a cheque book from his pocket. How much will you take?

Not a penny.

Then you may do your worst, you miserable hypocrite. You shall not have the pleasure of seeing me in the police court on Thursday. I shall be starting on my honeymoon.

Again the lawyer slowly nodded his head. You mean you will run away. A warrant will be instantly issued for your arrest. Think well, Mr. Francks, what are you doing Think of the woman you are going to make your wife, you will bring shame and disgrace on her, ruin irretrievable.

My God!

Francks buried his face in his hands. There was a long silence only the ticking of the clock on the mantelshelf, the song of London rising faintly from the streets below. The glad, mad song of youth, of love, of life.

(To be Continued)

Binks What kind of a fellow is Smith?

Jinks—Why he will pass up ten opportunities to make a thousand dollars in order to indignate over a dime that got away from him.

Pimples So Bad He Was Ashamed

Tried Everything but Did It No Good. One Box of Cuticura Ointment Took Pimples Away.

"About seven years ago pimples broke out all over my face and neck. When they would first come out they would be big and red, then after a while they would turn white, and matter would come out. Sometimes they would itch so I could hardly sleep. I was ashamed to go down street, my face looked so bad. I went to several doctors and got medicine, which did me no good, and bought ointment, salves and patent medicines, but none of them would cure my face and neck. A friend advised me to try Cuticura Ointment. I got one box, and it took the pimples away before I had it all used up. I can say it is a wonderful remedy. Any sufferer who has pimples should use Cuticura Ointment if they want a sure cure. I never had any soap equal to Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Aylmer Mathers, Parkhill, Ont., Dec. 24 1910.

Sores All Over Baby's Body

"When my baby boy was six months old, his body was completely covered with large sores that seemed to itch and burn, and cause terrible suffering. The eruption began in pimples which would open and run, making large sores. His hair came out and finger nails fell off, and the sores were over the entire body, causing little or no sleep for baby or myself. Great scabs would come off when I removed his shirt. We tried a great many remedies but nothing would help him, till a friend induced me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment but a short time before I could see that he was improving, and in six weeks' time he was entirely cured. He had suffered about six weeks before we tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, although we had tried several other things and doctors too. I think the Cuticura Remedies will do all that is claimed for them, and a great deal more." (Signed) Mrs. Noble Tubman, Dodson, Mont., Jan 28, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Send [illegible] Ave., Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. booklet.

COMMERCIAL CENTER. C.P.R. TRANSCONA
A Great Industrial City in the Making.

Directly across the street the C.P.R are spending millions in establishing immense Railway Yards, Terminal Elevators, Round Houses, Car Shops, etc., etc. Besides this many other immense manufacturing industries have secured locations, and assure employment for thousands of workmen.

Choice locations from $175 per Lot up. Terms $25 cash, balance $10 per month. Clear Title. No Taxes for 1912.

Write for Booklet. Agents Wanted at all Points

To Exchange—Automobiles, Houses and Clear Title Lots for Farm lands. What have you to offer?

SCOTT, HILL & CO.,
22 Canada Life Building. Winnipeg, Man

Famous Statesmen who have Done Time

Because he has been a successful train robber, Mr. A. L. Jennings, of Oklahoma, U.S.A., has been chosen by his fellow-citizens to stand for the important post of Public Prosecutor. He was serving a ten years' sentence when Mr. Roosevelt pardoned him.

I have stolen $50,000 from one train, declares the ex-bandit, in his election address, and I have ridden away with it tied behind my saddle in a seamless sack. Now my ambition is to prove that I can be as good an official as I was a train robber.

If Mr. Jennings is elected, as seems probable, for his graphic stories of brigandage are arousing extraordinary enthusiasm amongst the electors, he will not be the first ex-criminal to be chosen to hold high office in America

There was once a certain John Morrisey, a noted prizefighter and gambler, who came straight from jail and put up for election as Mayor of New York. At first the better class of citizens treated his candidature as a huge joke, but they soon found that it was no joking matter.

All the thugs and thieves in the city were his friends, and they rallied round him. So, too, did the keepers of gambling dens and other even more questionable resorts. The police, strange as it sounds to our ears, also sided with him, for they knew that once he was elected they would be given a free hand in their favorite occupation of levying blackmail. And so it came to pass that in the end he was elected and an era of corruption set in that has probably never been equalled in any city in the world.

Then there is Sir Jameson, Bart, C.B., better known, perhaps, as "Dr. Jim," who, as all the world knows, led the famous raid into the Transvaal in 1895, after the failure of which he was tried in London and sentenced to ten months imprisonment. Less than ten years afterwards, in 1904, that is to say, he was chosen Premier of Cape Colony.

His was, of course, a political offence. So was that which caused Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, some time Premier of Victoria, to be branded as a felon. He was implicated in the Irish rebellion of 1848, a fact which was afterwards to gain him the enthusiastic support—and the votes—of all his compatriots in Australia when he elected to go in for politics.

Another Australian Premier who did time was Sir Charles Dibbs. He served a sentence in Darlinghurst Jail, Sydney, for contempt of Court. Afterwards, when a turn of fortune's wheel made him Prime Minister of New South Wales, he had to appoint a new Governor of Darlinghurst. He selected for the post the warder who had charge of him as a prisoner.

Edward Gibbon Wakefield, another famous Australian statesman, was actually at one time a convict, his offence being the abduction of an heiress, a fairly common crime in England seventy or eighty years ago, but one which the law always regarded seriously and punished severely. The Australians of his day, however, were many of them ex-convicts or the descendants of such, and these did not regard his offence as reflecting on his honour in any way, while the romantic circumstances surrounding it gained him many sympathizers among the ordinary colonists. On his release these rallied round him, and before long he became the most powerful political personage in the subcontinent.

Yet another old convict who rose through politics to high honor in Australia, after having served out there the sentence of imprisonment passed on him, was Dr. O'Doherty. He was convicted and transported for treason, and on his release he became a popular hero. He sat in both Houses in the Queensland Parliament, and afterwards filled several high official posts in that colony.

Obvious

What is your favorite flower, Duke, asked the heiress. But I ought to know that without asking.

Well, what should it be?

The marigold.

Scorcher (to country artist engaged in painting a landscape)—Rather rum copy, ain't it? I expected to find some artists here. I started to come yesterday, but I broke my chain.

The Artist (not in a very pleasant mood)—Oh, indeed, and have you bitten anyone yet?

Reminded Him

Peck—You will never get the dog to mind you, my dear.

Mrs. Peck—I will with patience. You were just as troublesome yourself at first.

De Rich—The thing my uncle left me in his will is the reason I'm wealthy now.

Friend Jones—What did he leave you?

De Rich—An alarm clock.

In Lisbon the straw coat has become very fashionable. It is a rather cumbrous garment, but the Portuguese find that it serves admirably the purpose of a mackintosh. It is made entirely of straw, and the wet runs down the individual straws, and so drops to the ground.

Including the High Court of Justice the Court of Appeal, and the Court of Criminal Appeal, the total cost of the Law Courts for the year ending March 1912, was nearly $3,500,000, while the receipts were some $1,000,000 short of this sum.

Advice Not Taken

Don't eat that stuff, the doctor said,
Or you will soon be with the dead.
But when the doctor had his say,
The patient ate it anyway—
And he's living yet.
Don't buy that run-down business friend,
Or your career will shortly end,
Thus spoke the man who'd have his say;
The buyer went his headstrong way—
And now he's rich.
You can't raise hay on such poor land,
You'll starve before you get a stand,
Observed the neighbor on the right,
The farmer planted day and night—
He's rich as Croesus now.
There's not one chance in ninety-nine
For you to strike a copper mine,
Said the bent old man to the fresh young guy.
But the youngster said he'd have a try—
Now he owns the State.
They can't put you in jail for that,
Exclaimed the lawyer, sleek and fat
The man in prison groaned a groan,
And the lawyer man left him alone—
But he stayed in jail.

More Boy Wanted

The little mother was distracted.

Really, Tommy, she cried, that's the very last piece of cake you must have Now, don't disobey me.

But Tommy's objections to this severe sentence were pithy and to the point.

Why? bellowed the greedy little boy.

His mother looked over at him wearily.

For just this reason, she replied: There once lived a little boy exactly like you, who went on eating cake, till one day he burst. And his death was caused by eating too much cake, Tommy.

The youthful scion of the house pondered this while bolting the remaining crumbs on his plate; then—

I don't believe a little boy could eat too much cake, he remarked serenely.

But, darling, said the tired little mother, he must have done, because he burst.

Ugh! cried her promising youngster scornfully. It wasn't that there was too much cake—there wasn't enough boy! And he stretched over for another piece.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Yes, mused the thoughtful thinker, it's a sure sign.

What's a sure sign? was asked.

That when a young man begins to know that he doesn't know as much as he thinks he knows, then he begins to know something.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

Lazy, or Not Lazy

A lawsuit was recently in full swing and during its progress a witness was cross-examined as to the habits and character of the defendant.

Has Mr. M—— a reputation for being abnormally lazy? asked counsel briskly.

Well, sir, it's this way—

Will you kindly answer the question asked? struck in the irascible lawyer.

Well, sir, I was going to say it's this way. I don't want to do the gentleman in question any injustice. And I won't go as far as to say, sir, that he's lazy exactly; but if it required any voluntary work on his part to digest his food—why, he'd die from lack of nourishment, sir.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

An umbrella made thief-proof by being locked in such a manner that it cannot be opened has been invented by a London cloak-room attendant. The locking device consists of a metal collar one end of which may be slipped down over the rib tips, and is securely locked to them by revolving the three metal rings. These rings bear the letters and numerals of the secret combination.

A Ready Weapon Against Pain.—There is nothing equal to Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil when well rubbed in. It penetrates the tissues and pain disappears before it. There is no known preparation that will reach the spot quicker than this magic Oil. In consequence it ranks first among liniments now offered to the public and is accorded first place among all its competitors.

A free grant of 100 to 200 acres of forest land is made by the Canadian Government, on the simple conditions of residence and cultivation, to any settler over eighteen years of age, in the provinces of New Brunswick and Ontario, and 160 acres of land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Yukon, and some parts of British Columbia.

Sophia (sentimentally)—I dearly love to listen to the ticking of a clock. It seems to me that a clock has a language—you might say a dial-ect.

Maypole Soap

THE CLEAN HOME DYE

Gives rich, even colors, free from streaks and absolutely fast. Does not stain hands or kettles 24 colors, will give any shade. Colors 10c, black 15c, at your dealer's or [illegible] booklet "How to Dye" free. 107

F. L. BENEDICT & CO. Montreal

NA-DRU-CO. NDCG TRADE MARK

Prepare Yourself For Winter's Worst

Don't wait till you have caught one of those nasty colds—fortify yourself against them by taking a course of

Na-Dru-Co Tasteless Preparation of Cod Liver Oil

This "builder-up" is rich in the medicinal and nutritive properties of the best Norwegian Cod Liver Oil—without the disagreeable taste. It also contains Extract of Malt, Extract of Wild Cherry and valuable Hypophosphites, which tone up the whole system and particularly strengthen the Lungs, Throat and Bronchial Tubes.

In 50c. and $1.00 bottles, at your druggist's. 305

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

PERRIN GLOVES

Famous wherever gloves are worn. Noted for their Fit and Finish

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
PETER JANSEN COMPANY
Grain Commission Merchants Winnipeg, Manitoba
Make Bills Lading read: Port Arthur or Fort William. Notify Peter Jansen Co., Winnipeg.
Liberal Advances Prompt Returns Best Grades

More About The Loading Platform

The present generation of Western farmers will never know the difficulties and vexations experienced by their predecessors in the earlier years when no one could get a carload of grain shipped in bulk except by loading it through an elevator The system forced the majority of farmers to sell their grain to the elevator owners at arbitrary prices, and oft times to submit to heavy dockage and other annoyances, causing continual dissatisfaction. Now, however, the distribution of cars as fixed by the Grain Act, and the use of the loading platform, provide facilities which enable the farmer to secure satisfactory treatment in the disposal of his grain, and the highest market prices at time of sale. Every farmer therefore, should more and more endeavor to use the loading platform in shipping his grain to the terminal elevators. It is the safeguard of the farmers' freedom in disposing of his grain to the best advantage for himself. If farmers refrain from using the loading platform freely, it might result in its being done away with, because railway companies and elevator owners are strongly opposed to it. It is easy to understand why elevator people desire the loading platform abolished. The railway people on their part say it delays the loading of cars and helps to ensure car shortage. This we know to be nonsense, because frequently after cars are loaded, whether with grain, coal, lumber, or other merchandise, they are sidetracked for days and even weeks instead of being promptly moved forward to destination. It is engine shortage and shortage of competent train men that mostly causes grain blockades on railways and not lack of cars. Let every farmer therefore, do all he can to use the loading platform and become an independent shipper. In subsequent advertisements we will state in detail the savings and other advantages of direct loading into cars compared with loading through elevators.

We handle the farmers grain strictly on commission, make liberal advances on car bills of lading, supervise the grading at time cars are inspected, secure the highest prices at time of sale and make prompt returns when sold. Write us for shipping instructions and market information.

Thompson Sons & Company

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS

701-703 Y. GRAIN EXCHANGE. WINNIPEG, CANADA.

Confounding a Braggart

At the time when Louis Napoleon was President of the French Republic the commander at Lyons was General Castellane, an old soldier whose stern rule kept in check the riotous spirits of that disorderly city.

One of the most boisterous of the latter was a barber, who openly boasted that he only waited for the opportunity of ridding the city of its stern commander.

The general heard of the threat, and one afternoon ordered his coachman to drive to the barber's shop. Leaving his carriage, the general entered the shop unattended, took a seat in a vacant chair, and desired the barber to shave him.

The astonished braggart performed the operation as well as his nervousness would permit. When he had finished the general, while paying him, quietly said:—

"Monsieur, since you have not availed yourself of the opportunity to cut my throat which I have given to you would it not be wise for you to refrain from uttering threats that you have not the courage to carry out?

A sage and reverend gentleman was examining a small school.

In the course of the examination the particulars of the five senses presented themselves. Now, children, what is the ear the organ of? the examiner asked.

Hearing, was answered by many.

What is the eye for?

Seeing.

And the nose?

Smelling.

And the tongue?

No answer.

Come now, said the examiner, in a kindly voice, what do you say the tongue is for?

For puttin' out!

I hate flattery, she said.

Of course you do, he replied. Every pretty girl does.

Then she drew a long, deep sigh, and permitted him to press her cheek against his own.

Blobbs—My wife thinks it's wicked for me to play bridge.

Slobbs—It is—the way you play it!

India has 147 vernacular languages, the chief of which are Hindi, Bengali, Bihari, Marathi, Panjabi, Tamil, and Telugu.

So long ago as 1349, Edward III, passed a Statute ordering the sheriffs to suppress football in England, and thirty-five years previously to that Edward II. issued a proclamation forbidding the populace to hustle over large balls in the streets of the City of London.

My son, do you think this kind of life will pay you?

No, father; but I'm hoping you will!

Take in Time

the proper help to rid your system of the poisonous bile which causes headaches, flatulence and discomfort. By common consent the proper—and the best—help is

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c

In the Treatment of
COLDS
COUGHS
SORE THROAT
BRONCHITIS
TONSILITIS
LARYNGITIS
Scott's Emulsion is nature's nourishing, curative food, prompt, sure and permanent.
Rely on SCOTT'S and insist on SCOTT'S.

Quaint Old Wedding Ideas

Superstition never clustered round any episode of life more than that of the wedding-day, especially in olden times.

Then it was customary for the bride to present her future husband with a bunch of rosemary, tied up with ribbons, on his first appearance on the wedding morning. This was supposed to secure his love and loyalty, and to make her happy for ever.

In Yorkshire the old superstition still abounds that nothing more unlucky could happen than for a newly-made bride to leave the church by a different door from that by which she entered.

Another quaint custom, for which there is no known origin, is that practised in some of the Midland and Northern counties. This is to ring a merry peal of the church bells at the first reading of the banns of an intending matrimonial couple. It is called the spur peal, which in old Anglo-Saxon means simply "ask."

Of course, it is well known that it is the height of luck for a bride-to-be to dream of fairies the night before the actual ceremony. So much was this idea believe in, that many girls would peruse fairy tales before going to sleep.

The Rev. R. P. Tyson, known as the carpenter-parson, is superintending the erection of the new Taylor Memorial Methodist Church at New York, and will do much of the carpentering work himself. He was a builder before he became a minister.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Little Willie's grandmother had been telling him Bible stories, his favorite being that of Daniel in the lion's den. At the age of four he was taken to a circus for a time When the lion-tamer put his head into the lion's mouth little Willie's excitement knew no bounds. Jumping up and down, he gleefully screamed: Oh, my! That knocks spots off Daniel!

A Thorough Pill.—To clear the stomach and bowels of impurity and irritants is necessary when their action is irregular. The pills that will do this work thoroughly are Parmelee's Vegetable Pills which are mild in action but mighty in results. They purge painlessly and effectively, and work a permanent cure. They can be used without fear by the most delicately constituted, as there are no painful effects preceding their gentle operation.

Bobbie—My dance, I think!

Madge—I'm sorry; it's Duncan's dance.

Bobbie—Oh, that's all right! I bought you from him for two shillings.

Her Father Scored

Miss Rosy Nehall had just returned from a finishing school and had evidently fulfilled all that was required of her in the scholastic line.

She and her father were sitting in the dining-room.

That air—, remarked her relative.

Father, dear, interrupted Rosy, it's vulgar to say that air. You should say that something here, or preferably, just that.

Well, this ear—, commenced her father; but he was cut short again.

No father, shdrked the dutiful daughted. That's just as vulgar You must avoid such expressions as this 'ere—

Father became irate.

Look here, my girl, said he, I'm going to say what I mean. That air is bad for this ear of mine, and I'm going to shut the window!

And after that Rosy said no more.

CLEAN HANDS

15c a Tin.

Don't let them fool you with a cheap imitation ... CLEANER. Will remove grease and stains of all kinds.

SUCCESS OF WINNIPEG PERMANENT EXPOSITION

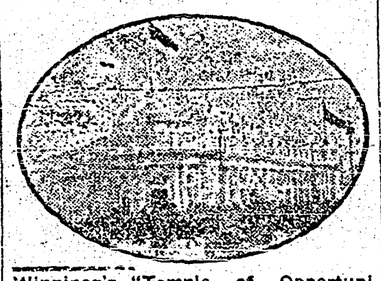
Industrial Bureau's Big Display of Industries and Natural Resources Attracts Thousands

Community advertising has been adopted so generally throughout West-Canada, that the subject is one of general importance, and methods successfully carried to completion are of absorbing interest to many Western Canadians.

No other city on the American Continent has a finer or better equipped permanent exposition, featuring industries and the Natural Resources of the country, than has the city of Winnipeg. This big permanent and free exposition, conducted under the auspices of the Winnipeg Industrial Bureau, was started last Spring and during the past six months, Commissioner Chas. F. Roland estimates, has been visited by 700,000 people. In addition to the fifty-four exhibitors of local industries, there are now 24 districts of the West, which have secured space and are advertising their communities in this exposition. The places represented at the present time in this handsome and conspicuous edifice on Main Street, are:—Brandon, Man.; Portage la Prairie, Man.; Regina, Sask.; Saltcoats, Sask.; Dauphin, Man.; Melfort, Sask.; Souris, Man.; Yorkton, Sask.; Melita, Man.; Prince Albert, Sask.; Emerson, Man.; Oak Lake, Man.; Camrose, Alta.; Selkirk, Man.; Moose Jaw, Sask.; Birtle, Man.; Lemberg, Sask.; Virden, Man.; Lacombe, Alta.; Swan River Valley, Man.; Vermillion, Alberta.; Swift Current, Sask.; Estevan, Sask., and Battleford, Sask. In addition to these there are handsome and costly exhibits of the Natural Resources of the West, by the Dominion and Manitoba Provincial Governments and the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian Northern railways.

With this splendid representation of farm, forest and mine of the Canadian West, arranged in attractive form in easily accessible and central position in the metropolis of the prairies, its value as a factor in the settlement of the country cannot well be over estimated, and so popular has the Exposition become as an adjunct to local methods of publicity, that the Industrial Bureau are now completing extensive additions to the floor space. This will accommodate a number of exhibits of "Made in Winnipeg" goods and will provide another opportunity for a limited number of ambitious communities to secure space.

In Winnipeg, the gateway city of the West, all the year round will be



Winnipeg's "Temple of Opportunities"

found visitors from all parts of the World, in search of opportunity in the many attractive forms this land of promise presents. In the permanent exposition that city has exactly what it needed to arrest the immediate attention of the stranger. Indeed this "temple of opportunities" as it has been called, is usually one of the first places the sightseer visits in Winnipeg. Here the visitor may catch, almost at a glance, a good idea of the sort of city Winnipeg is, and what sort of country lies between the capital of Manitoba and the Rocky Mountains. Here he will obtain information, maps, photographs and actual products of the soil of the district in which he is interested, perhaps thousands of miles away. Specific information may be obtained on enquiry, and the railways represented will show how the district may be reached or a tour of inspection conducted in, the best possible way. If such a visitor is interested along industrial lines he has before him ocular demonstrations of what is being done locally and will be told of opportunities offered in his particular line. This sort of investigation, which previously might have taken days, can be conducted with the aid of the Bureau's Exposition and staff in a few hours, and reliable information secured regarding sources of supply and raw material, transportation facilities, freight rates, trade possibilities, and in short all manner of information pertinent to his enquiry, under one roof and obtainable without effort on his part.

Of course the building has other uses, combining instructive displays of "Made-in-Winnipeg" goods, museum and art section and numerous meeting places, including a large Convention Hall capable of accommodating 4500 people and other features of local interest, and it is indeed, becoming the public forum and centre of civic life in Winnipeg.

Here, visitors from Western Canadian points are also made welcome, for it is the belief of the Winnipeg Industrial Bureau that the development and progress of Winnipeg are closely identified with that of the great agricultural West.

In the matter of fares the Trans-Siberian puts all other railways to shame. For first-class the charges are about two-thirds of a penny per mile; second (only a little inferior), less than a halfpenny for the distance while if you care to risk a third-class journey you get your four miles for a penny. Even this is the height of extortion when compared with the emigrant rate. This works out at something like a shilling for a hundred miles, and if the emigrant does not possess the shilling the Government will lend it him.

He—Does a woman when she's married expect her husband to tell her his business affairs?

She—I don't know, but a woman expects a man to talk business when he's courting her.

WHEN JACK FALLS ILL

The Sad Side of a Life on the Ocean Wave

He tosses feverishly in his narrow bunk in the dim-lit, evil-smelling fo'c's'le. Above and below and around him are similar bunks. Some are occupied. Of others, the owners are sprawling on the floor, gossiping and swearing in foreign tongues or playing cards.

This is how the sailor on board an ocean-going cargo steamer finds himself situated when he falls sick of anything but an infectious disease the symptoms of which are easily recognised by a layman, for a cargo steamer is not compelled to carry a doctor. As a result the only person to decide whether a sailor is malingering or really ill is the captain, who, though legally responsible for the proper care of all on board, may or may not know anything of the subject. The latter is generally the case.

As a rule, a sailor will delay reporting sick until the last moment. One reason is that his mates are inclined to believe that he is anxious to shirk his work, and so leave the more to be done by them. The other reason is that most sea captains have one stock remedy—a powerful dose of salts—which quite possibly may make the complaint considerably worse instead of better. And you have got to take those abominable salts, whether you like it or not.

It must not be forgotten that the captain's position is very difficult. If he is nice and sympathetic, and ever ready to grant absence from work, he will have half the crew laid up with indefinable maladies.

And, on the other hand, if he fails to recognize that a man is really bad, and death or a serious illness results as often happens, he can hardly be blamed for ignorance of a difficult subject in which he has received no instruction.

Any sailor of experience will tell you stories of sickness at sea that would considerably startle the average landsman. There was the case of an Irishman, who, in the course of a voyage from San Francisco to Liverpool asked for exemption from duty because he had severe pains in his legs. He was accused of malingering, compelled to continue his duties and when his legs literally gave way under him, he was left unnoticed for some hours.

On being carried to the hospital at port, the doctor found that he was suffering from gangrene arising from neglected frostbite, and both his legs had to be amputated. This would have been avoided if he had received proper treatment when the pain first started.

The worst part is that, even if the captain does realise that the man is really ill, the most he can do is to grant exemption from duty. It is impossible for him to give the invalid anything like proper and efficient medical attention.

The great majority of cargo steamers are undermanned. When one man falls sick his loss is immediately felt, and if two more were taken from duty to look after him, the ship might well become unnavigable.

Handkerchief Esperanto

It may not be generally known that a handkerchief language exists which is extremely simple, as well as being the language of exceeding excellence for the lover. Here it is:

Should a man or damsel press the handkerchief against the lips, it signifies that they wish to become acquainted with one another. To let it fall is a stage further, and means, "Shall we be friends?" If held to the right cheek the answer is Yes; to the left cheek, No. But should either hold it in both hands, it simply shows indifference.

However, by holding it in the left hand, the lady who does not wish to go any further in the matter speaks, though dumbly, the words, I wish to get rid of you. On the other hand, if she folds the dainty bit of cambric, it signifies her wish to speak Again, she may hold it at the opposite corners, which means just Wait! By throwing it over her right shoulder she gives permission to be followed. Rubbing it against the cheek is a declaration of love, while drawing it through the hands is one of intense dislike. Wrapping it round the first finger betokens an engagement, round the middle finger, marriage.

85,253 Miles an Hour

Been out for a stroll—eh? Well, and how far do you think you have travelled? Perhaps you will reply that you haven't walked fast, and you have only been three miles or so.

But wait a minute. You know that the earth turns once on its own axis in the course of twenty four hours. Taking the circumference of the earth at roughly 24,000 miles, during your hour's strolling you have covered twenty-fourth part of this distance—i.e., 1,000 miles.

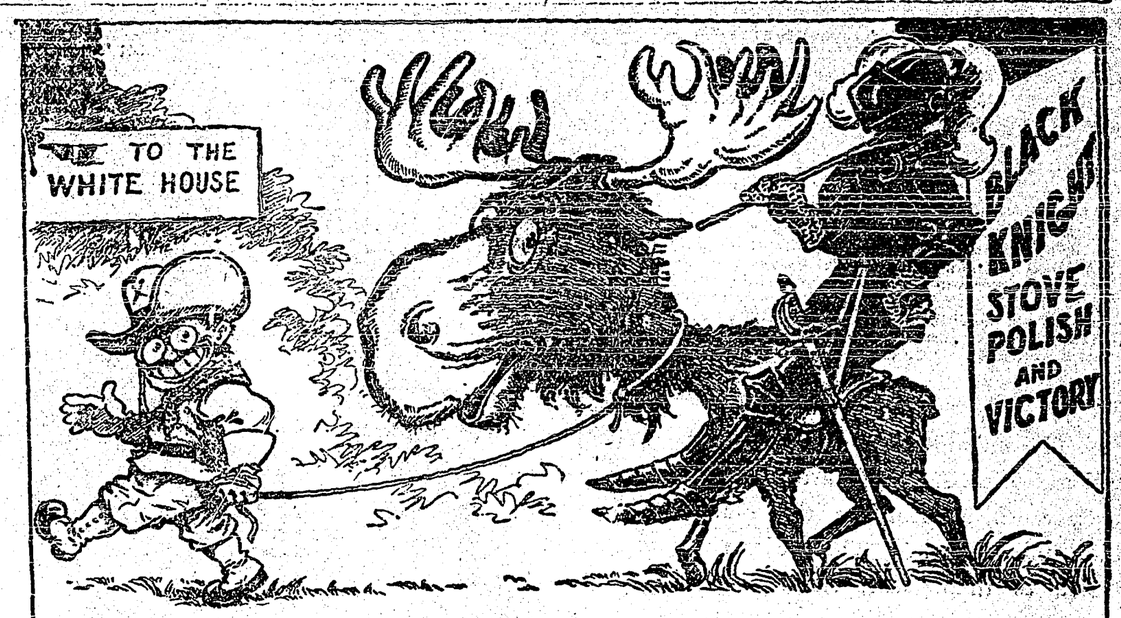
Again, the earth travels round the sun once a year. It completes a circle of 578,000,000 miles. Divide this by 365, and the result by 24, and you will find that in the hour you have travelled in round figures 66,000 miles

Still there is more. The sun and the surrounding planets are passing through space all the time at the rate of 18,250 miles an hour.

So, altogether, during your little stroll, you have travelled something like 85,253 miles.

An act, none the less brave for being distinctly novel and ingenious, was performed by Policeman Lowe, with the co-operation of Policeman Mallon, of the New York City Force. A fire was raging in Broome Street, and two men on the sixth floor were crouching on the fire-escape unable to pass the flames and smoke below. Mallon and Lowe, observing them, hurried to the roof of an adjoining building and across the roof of the burning one.

Mallon then seized Lowe's ankles, and though almost choked by the rising smoke, he managed to grasp the rails of the fire-escape and instructed the men to climb up his body. The feat was accomplished in safety and Mallon then pulled his companion from his trying position and they fled as quickly as possible to the safety of the next roof, and thence to the the street.



The Bull Moose Party believes in Woman's Suffrage and other appeals to women.

Not a powder or a hard cake—but a soft paste, ready to use.

Black Knight

10c.—STOVE POLISH—10c.

No hard work about "Black Knight". A few rubs bring the shine.

44

FREE OF LUMBAGO

Because He Took GIN PILLS

Mr. H. A. Jukes of Winnipeg writes: "I have been a sufferer from Lumbago for some years past. I met your Mr. Hill and he advised me to take GIN PILLS. I have been taking them at intervals during the early part of the present winter, and up-to-date have had no return of my old trouble—in fact I feel better than I have for years, and think that my old enemy has vanished for good and all."

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 130

WANTED

Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay; work sent any distance, charges prepaid, send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

Clever Business Men

The ability to seize an opportunity when it presents itself is a useful business asset.

The following is an instance of how disaster was turned to good account by a French cloth manufacturing concern. This concern actually doubled its profits through a balloon disaster near Rouen. In this disaster the car of the balloon had broken away.

The aeronaut and his elder son were thrown downwards; but the son had been caught by a hook that pierced his coat.

He was carried in this way for some miles and at last came safely to the ground. His coat was re-purchased by the makers and hung in the show-windows with a full description of how it saved the wearer's life.

A Welsh miller had lost a sovereign piece in a bin of flour, and after spending many hours in unavailing search for it, told a friend of his misfortune.

Perhaps it will turn up in one of the sacks, suggested the friend. Whereupon the miller was seized with a brilliant idea. He advertised his loss in the local papers, offering a reward to the finder of the gold piece. His sales trebled in a week or so, and he was paid many times over for the loss of his sovereign.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Holloway's Corn Cure, which is entirely safe to use, and certain and satisfactory in its action.

A talking clock has been placed on the market at Berlin. Instead of striking periodically the clock calls out the exact time every quarter of an hour in a clear human voice. The mechanism can be so adjusted that these announcements cease at a certain time and continue again automatically after a stipulated interval.

French Post Offices will in future be provided officially with stamp moistening appliances, an innovation which is hailed by the Press as a hygiene reform.

In England and Wales there are thirty-five Parliamentary boroughs which contain a population of 100,000 and upwards.

Take Good Care Of The Colts

It's cheaper to *raise colts* than to *buy horses*. But it's *costly* if you *lose* the colts. Keep a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure handy. For thirty-five years has proved it the safe, reliable remedy for spavin, splint, curb, ringbone, bony growths and lameness from other causes.

Kendall's Spavin Cure

Fort William Ont.

"I have cured one Spavin with your Spavin Cure, and am now trying it on another with good results. I am highly pleased with your medicine." F. WYTENES.

At all dealers, or address. Ask druggist for free copy of "the Horse" or write

Dr. B. J. Kendall Company 73
Enosburg Falls, Vermont. U. S. A.

No Use

In the telephone office there was one girl who was always late in the morning.

Time and time again the local manager requested her to be more punctual; but her tardiness still continued until he was moved to use desperate methods.

Now, Miss—, said he, as he came to her exchange board one morning carrying a package in his hands, I have a little scheme that I hope will induce you to arrive at the office in time. I have bought this fine alarm clock for you. Please promise me that you will make proper use of it.

The young woman promised, and the first night set the alarm at the required hour for rising the next morning.

At the indicated hour the clock set up a tremendous whirring, loud enough to awaken the whole house But the sleepy little lassie turned over in bed, and said in her sweetest tone: Line's engaged; please call again.

MOTHERS NEED CONSTANT STRENGTH

To Care for the Growing Family and Her Household Cares

When there is a growing family to care for and the mother falls ill, it is a serious matter. Many mothers who are on the go from morning to night whose work apparently, is never done, heroically try to disguise their sufferings, and keep an appearance of cheerfulness before their family. Only themselves know how they are distressed by headaches and backaches, dragging down pains and nervous weakness; how their nights are often sleepless, and they arise to a new day's work tired, depressed and unrefreshed. Such mothers should know that these sufferings are usually due to a lack of good nourishing blood. They should know that the thing above all others they need to give them new health and strength is rich, red blood, and that among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their blood-making, health restoring qualities. Every suffering woman, every woman with a home and family to care for should give these pills a fair trial, for they will keep her in health and strength, and make her work easy. Here is strong proof that these Pills do what is claimed for them. Mrs. Henry Thomas, Dryden, Ont., says: "When my second child was born I was so weak and run down that I could scarcely walk across the room. My baby was small and weak also, and cried and worried night and day until I discovered that the child was starving, as my nurse had turned almost to water. My husband got me a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I began taking them. The first beneficial effects were noticed in that my child began to thrive, as my nurse began to improve, and baby slept better and naturally. It was not long until I began to feel the improvement myself, and I daily gained new strength, and baby was growing very rosy and fat. I continued using the Pills while I was nursing him and found myself with all the vigor of good health, and able to easily do my housework, which had been so great a drag on me before. I am now never without Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the house, and take an occasional dose when I feel tired. I can strongly recommend these Pills to all nursing women, especially if weak or run down."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lives lost in connection with the British mercantile marine last year totalled 1,021, of whom only twenty-four were passengers. There were nearly 250,000 seamen engaged in British merchant ships.

A detachment of soldiers was about to attack the enemy, who awaited them drawn up in battle order. A seasoned old sergeant noticed a young soldier fresh from home visibly affected by the nearness of the coming fight. His face was pale, his teeth chattering and his knees tried to knock each other out. It was sheer nervousness, but the sergeant thought it was downright funk.

Tompkins, he whispered, is it trembling we are for your own dirty skin?

No, no, sergeant, said Tompkins, making a brave attempt to still his shaking limbs. I'm trembling for the enemy. They don't know Tompkins is here.

Fully Warranted

"GORED BY A BULL"

Many a farmer has been seriously injured by vicious cattle. Don't run risks. Dehorn yours with the KEYSTONE DEHORNER Quick—easy—humane—makes clean, sharp cut from 4 sides. Costs little. Write for free booklet.

R. H. McKENNA,
219 Robert St. Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

LION BRAND MAPLE BUTTER

All grocers 25c. lb. Tin

CANCER

Book Free. A simple Home treatment removed lump from this lady's breast. Old sores, ulcers and growths cured. Describe your trouble; we will send book and testimonials.
THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, Limited
10 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

COMING EAST THIS WINTER?

After the busy season is over, pack up and come east and spend three months in one of our schools. Business education will help you to win out. It costs but little to get it. Write us for our new curriculum and plan to let us help you. Address W. H. Shaw, President, "Shaw's Schools," Toronto, Canada.

Home Dyeing Has no terrors for me.—It's simply my delight

Even Professional Dyers can't equal my Perfect Results That's because I use

DY-O-LA
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE, one can buy—Why you don't even have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of.—So Mistakes are Impossible.
Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors.
The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

WHAT'S AT THE BOTTOM OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

There are many causes at the bottom of an attack of kidney trouble,—over-eating, over-drinking, heavy colds,—those and other causes often cause illnesses such as kidney trouble, gall-stones, kidney-stones, gravel, lumbago. But no matter what is at the bottom of the disease, there is now a sure and safe cure, one that acts quickly and without fail. That remedy is Sanol, which is already well-known to the medical profession of Canada as well as to thousands of sufferers from the disease named above. One Winnipeg lady who is well and widely known, was cured of Gall-stones by SANOL after suffering for 12 years. So grateful was she, that she has sent to us a large number of people to be relieved of similar complaints. We do not care where the reader of this paragraph resides, we can give him or her names and addresses of people in his own town and locality who have been cured by SANOL. We will also give the name and address of the lady referred to, whose complaint had troubled her for such a long period, and who is now completely cured.

SANOL is manufactured only by the SANOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD., 977 Main Street, Winnipeg. For sale by all druggists or direct from the manufacturers at $1.50 per bottle.

SANOL IS SAFE AND SURE

Mrs. Fitzbrown (to her husband)—Do you remember dear, that before we were married you always offered me your left arm?

Fitzbrown—Yes, I wanted to have my right hand free. You see I had a lover's fear that someone would try to take you from me, and I always kept it in readiness for defence.

Mrs. Fitzbrown—How sweet! But how is it that now you generally offer me your right arm?

Fitzbrown—Well, I am not so afraid of losing you as I was.

Cyprus, under a convention of 1878, pays an annual tribute of £500,000 to the Sultan of Turkey.

The Creston Review

Published every Friday at Creston, British Columbia, by the Creston Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd.

W. B. McCLURE - - Editor and Manager

The Review is the acknowledged advertising medium of the Creston valley, circulating in nearly one thousand homes throughout the Creston district and reaching out in a broad manner into other communities. Our advertising rates are based on the scale of the Kootenay and Boundary Printers' Board of Trade. Land purchase and land lease notices, $7 for statutory time. Display advertisements, $1 per inch per month; other advertising 10 cents per line first issue and 5 cents per line in succeeding weeks. Subscription rates $2.00 a year in advance. Our columns are open to contributions dealing in matters of local interest and the welfare of the community. Contributions must be brief and

The municipality meeting to be held tomorrow night will undoubtedly be interesting as there is considerable difference of opinion in the matter between the ranchers and business men. The majority of business men seem to desire to incorporate the town but do not want to go in for a rural municipality, while most of the ranchers who have given the matter thought, want a municipality.

Prominent among the reasons Creston should incorporate is the fact that the health of her citizens is dependent upon the proper sewerage and this question can be handled rightly only after Creston is incorporated. Should Creston become a part of a rural municipality, the outlying districts where no sewer is needed, would not want to be assessed for a sewer for the town and would therefor, by their votes, prevent the advance step in the town. The same would be true in the case of street lights, city waterworks and other things which a growing town like Creston needs and soon must have. A good sewerage system should be installed before another fall with its dangerous diseases, comes.

If the ranchers want to go in for a rural municipality, which will give them power to tax themselves and to expend the funds thus secured, there is no reason they should not do so, but let them make the move independent of Creston. For the health and convenience of its citizens, Creston should then take immediately take steps to incorporate.

CALGARY HERALD LAUDS CRESTON

LIKENS VALLEY TO GARDEN OF EDEN

Representative of Paper Visits This District Then Writes of It

In the issue of the Calgary Herald of October 18, there appeared an article so well written and so laudatory of this district that we decided reprint the same to show our readers the impression which the Creston valley gives to strangers. The article is written by a representative of the Herald, who spent several days in the district. There were write-ups also of Nakusp and Windermere but they were very brief so it is evident that Creston stands highest in the mind of the writer. The article follows,

(Continued from last week)

According to Creston growers there is no difference in the volume or quality of fruits and vegetables that can be grown in any portion of this district The apples, in color, quality and volume are not excelled in all British Columbia This year trees seven years of age produced from eight to nine forty pound boxes of apples per tree. The Creston Erickson and Port Hill sections this year shipped 18,000 boxes or thirty carloads, of apples. In 1910 the value of fruit handled in the district through the fruit growers association was $5,000. In 1911 the value was $17,000, and this year it will total $55,000. Next year it is conservatively estimated that the value of the local fruit and vegetable crops will will be upward of $100,000. One instance of good ranching is given in the experience of a resident of Creston, who this year produced seven tons of onions of an average weight of one pound piece, from 1-9 of an acre of land.

All growers who want to contract the crops can do so in the winter months for the coming summer. This has been and is being done, The yield of large and small fruits, also vegetables and tomatoes, has proved to have exceeded all records. Strawberries yield as high as fiae hundred crates to the acre, the crates containing 24 boxes each, each of which boxes or cups contains four-fifths of a quart, Raspberries yield 706 crates to the acre and sell for $2.25 per crate. Tomatoes yield from 1600 to 2000 crates to the acre and sell at 60c per crate. Pears, apricots, quinces, cherries and grapes do remarkably well, even scoring higher in quality than any other district. Fifty thousand fruit trees have been planted this summer in the Crestou district.

Creston though new as compared with other districts, enjoys all the necessaries and many of the luxuries aud convenieniences of modern life. There are few towns or districts like Creston that are providad with water works, telephones to nearly every business house and fruit grower's residence. Hotels are of high class and comfortable, and stores are stocked with every possible requirement. Individual poverty is quite unknown and general prosperity is the prevailing condition for none need go idle or peniless who are able to work. Representatives of all the Christian denomonations are here and there are few communities that have such churches of all creeds and resident Clergymen as Creston. Creston also has two opera houses and one lodge hall, where four different fraternal organizations meet, besides seveal public halls. The Creston Review was started a little over a year ago, and is growing to be a newsy paper. There is also a Fruit Growers' association a Farmers' Institute which are under the auspices of the deputy minister of agriculture. These associations are

(Continued on Page 5)

Creston Hotel

The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

Our Guests Call Again

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercials.

J. B. Moran - - Prop.

Know What You Are Taking

With every Nyals Family Remedy you purchase, you may know what drugs are used in its Composition, by referring to the "Nyals Family Chest" a Booklet supplied Free, ask for it.

Nyals Kidney pills Cure Backache.

Creston Drug & Book Co.
Phone 51

WEBER THE TAILOR

Agent for Semi-Ready Tailored Clothes--Gents Furnishings

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

(Best equipped Livery in Town)

All class of TURNOUTS supplied at short notice. The latest styles of CUTTERS and BUGGIES for sale and hire. Saddle and pack horses a Speciality.

Feed for sale. Agent for the McLaughlin Manfg. Co. Horses for sale

I am prepared to fill all orders, both by wire and mail, and meet all trains at any hour of the day or night. Commercial men and landseekers, will receive prompt attention

H. S. McCreath, Prop

Phone 56 Sirdar Avenue Box 14

Anniversary Services

The sixth anniversary and Thanksgiving service of the Creston Methodist church will be kept Sunday, Nov. 3 when the Rev. A. E Smith, B. A., of Nelson will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p m. Special music is being prepared by the choir for both services. On Monday evening the ladies will serve the hot dinner from 6 to 8 p. m., and an excellent program is under way which is expected to be about the best yet given by local talent. Don't forget the date, Nov 3 and 4.

FREE to those who fill out and mail this coupon AT ONCE Sample of our expert penmanship and facinating lesson in short hand.

THE BLAIR BUSINESS COLLEGE
Spokane, Wash.

I am interested in Business Education Please send me full information about your College, and especially about the subjects checked below:

....Bookkeeping ....Shorthand
....Typewriting ....Penmanship 2
....Quick Figuring ....Letter Writing

I can begin a course about .....
Name .....
Address .....

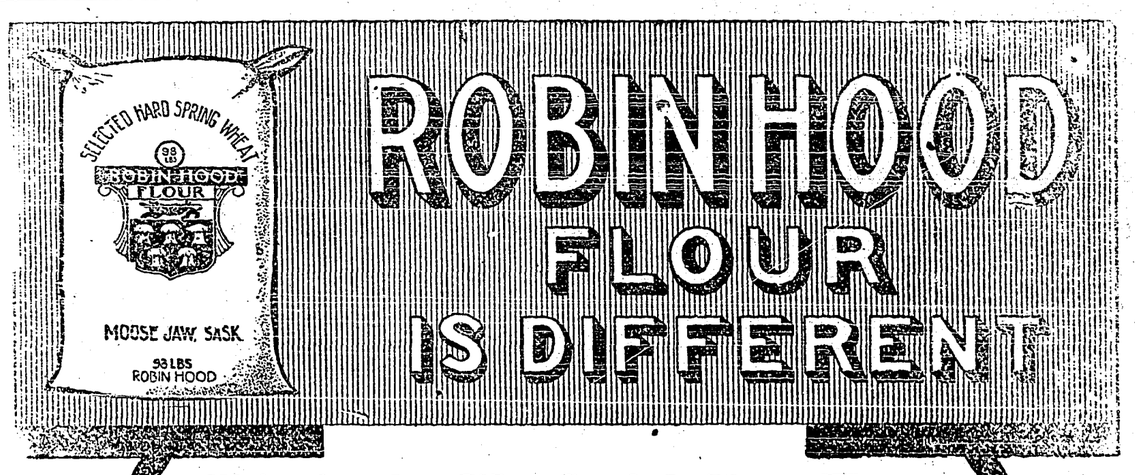
BURN'S COMPLETE Animal Fertilizers

ARE MONEY SEEDS

Sow Burns' Fertilizers And Reap Dollars.

Call or send for our New Pamphlet which is full of useful information for Fruit Growers etc.

P. BURNS & Co. Limited
CRESTON - B.C.
Head Office
CALGARY; VANCOUVER; EDMONTON.



ROBIN HOOD FLOUR IS DIFFERENT

This is the Wonderful New Flour

that has made such a sensation throughout Western Canada.

Made of highest grade Saskatchewan wheat, in the newest, best-equipped, largest mill on the prairies.

Made with the determination to give users better flour-value, greater certainty of baking-success, fuller satisfaction with the final result, whether with biscuits, cake or bread.

Housewives throughout all the West admit that Robin Hood Flour gives all this. Therefore, Madam, it is the flour for you.

This flour cannot be described in an advertisement. We use this paper merely to give the introduction—to say:

"Let us make you acquainted with Robin Hood Flour."

It is the guaranteed flour. If you are not satisfied with it after two fair trials, ask your grocer for your money back. He will give it to you.

Add more water than usual when using Robin Hood Flour. Made of such hard, dry wheat, it absorbs more moisture—producing a larger, whiter loaf.

The difference between Robin Hood Flour and other flours you have to find out for yourself. That there is a difference every woman who now uses Robin Hood admits.

ROBIN HOOD MILLS, Limited
Calgary Moose Jaw

For Sale by CRESTON MERCANTILE CO.

WHY should you get your job printing done away from your home town when it can be done here in just as neat a style as anywhere, on as good quality of paper and at reasonable prices. We will have your work ready when promised. CRESTON PTG & PUB. CO.

Semi-ready
Tailored Suits

SOLD at the same price everywhere in Canada—the name in the pocket.

Send for samples of $20 "King's Own" serge and $25 Biltaine learn—also style book.

Ask the clothier in your town or write direct—Semi-ready, Limited, Montreal.

Semi-ready Tailoring.

G. Fred Johnston, Fernie, B. C.

PROFESSIONALS

CHAS. MOORE, C.E.
B. C. LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT
Plans and Specifications
CRESTON - - - B.C.

DENTISTRY
H. E. HALL D. D. S.
Office over Frank Parks Hardware Store—Baker Street.
CRANBROOK, B. C.

GUY LOWENBERG
CONSULTING ENGINEER
CRESTON - - B.C.

MR. & MRS. CROMPTON
Teachers of
Piano, Violin, Singing
Music Supplied for Concerts & Dances

OKELL, YOUNG & CO.
Real Estate and Insurance.
HOUSES TO RENT
CRESTON - - B.C.

JAS. H. SCHOFIELD
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance
REAL ESTATE, Etc.
TRAIL - - - B.C.

Starkey & Co.
Wholesale
Provisions, Produce, Fruit
General Commission Merchants
NELSON - B. C.

W. R. Beatty
CRANBROOK - B. C.
The
Funeral Director

Before Letting The Contract.
For the building of your New House, Store, Office, Workshop or other building, write or call on me. Estimates given on all kinds of work.
Repairs & Alterations
A SPECIALTY
Charges reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed on All Work
JOHN BOYD, Creston

A. Mirabelli
Saddle and Harness Repairing
A SPECIALTY
Dealer in high class boots and shoes.

Get your Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Pouches, Pipes, etc., at the
Creston Wine & Spirit Co.
S. Poole, Prop.

very valuable to the amateur fruit grower, as from time to time lectures are given by experts and practical demonstrations made on the pruning, spraying and packing of fruit and the cultivation of land.

Creston affords excellent educational opportunities. The schools of which there are three, are strictly non-sectarian and are efficient.

The sportsmen will find in the Creston district a greater variety of game than in most other parts of the province. There are, indeed, few regions that can boast of anything like the same variety of species. Whether with rifle, shot-gun, or rod, there is an almost bewildering choice. To the northeast of Creston in the watershed of Goat river and the White Grouse mountains, caribou, bear, mountain goat, cotton tail and black tail deer are to be found. For caribou the White Grouse country is without doubt the one of the finest in the province, and it is there that the only specimens of white caribou have been obtained.

(To be continued)

DUCK CREEK NEWS

Much amusement was caused here on Sunday when a Thanksgiving duck shoo was indulged in, the ducks being supplied by Paul Hagen. The lucky ones were, Walter Johnson 3, Victor Sandvig, 1, Paul Hagen 1, T. Butterfield 1.

Miss Crotch is visiting with her sister Mrs. Butterfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Butterfield were host and hostess at a Thanksgiving dance on Monday night. About 28 guests were precent. Dancing and games were indulged in, the music was supplied by Messrs Monrad and Joe Wigen. The party broke up about 1 o'clock after a most enjoyable evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Carr were visitors at the Wigen ranch on Sunday.

Work is going on apace on the new road and crossing at Duck Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. Embree spent the week end visiting with friends in Creston.

Joe Wigen and Mat Hagen were visitors, at Creston on Monday.

Mr. Johnson is visiting his uncle August Johnson of Wynndel.

Tax Sale of Mineral Claims

I hereby give notice that on Monday, the 4th day of November, A. D. 19 12, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, Nelson, B. C., I shall offer for sale by public auction the Mineral Claims in the list hereinafter set out, of which Crown Grants have been issued, for taxes remaining unpaid and delinquent by persons on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1912, and for costs and expenses of said sale, if the total amount due is not sooner paid.

OWNER.	CLAIM.	Lot Number.	Tax.	Costs and Expenses.	Total.
S. S. Fowler	Alma	2162	$10.75	$2.00	$12.75
S. S. Fowler	Alexandria	2165	9.75	2.00	11.75
B. C. Standard Mining Co., Ltd.	Aurora	6064	12.00	2.00	14.00
Wm. Coffey	Atlin (Bear and Wild Horse)	4800	7.00	2.00	9.00
Wm. Coffey	Atlin Fraction No. 2	9336	5.25	2.00	7.25
James A. Nowell	Bullion	2190	12.00	2.00	14.00
Falls View G. M. Company, Ltd.	Bodie Fraction	4162	1.00	2.00	3.00
Falls View G. M. Company, Ltd.	Bodie	4164	11.00	2.00	13.00
New North Fork Gold Mining Co.	Ben Hassen	3633	11.75	2.00	13.75
K. L. A. Keller, et al.	Blye	2924	13.00	2.00	15.00
A. H. Kelly	Cleopatra	387	10.75	2.00	12.75
James A. Nowell	Crouch Hall	2189	4.75	2.00	6.75
Chas. P. Hill	Czar Fraction	5833	1.75	2.00	3.75
Chas. P. Hill	Czar	5796	12.50	2.00	14.50
Luzetta Field, et al.	Corinthian	2090	11.50	2.00	13.50
E. Dumont, R. Legault and L. Niven	Central	4801	9.25	2.00	11.25
E. Dumont, R. Legault and L. Niven	Central Fraction	4802	1.50	2.00	3.50
Montie Julian Morgan	Collins (9½ miles from Salmo)	10004	13.00	2.00	15.00
B. C. Standard Mining Co., Ltd.	Double Standard	2213	11.00	2.00	13.00
Benjamin Fallows	Davenport	9164	9.75	2.00	11.75
A. H. Kelly	Exchequer	391	8.00	2.00	10.00
Fairmont Gold Mining Company, Ltd.	Evening Star	3778	10.00	2.00	12.00
P. N. Thompson, et al.	Emerald	2907	7.75	2.00	9.75
C. P. Hill	Emerald Fraction	5834	8.75	2.00	10.75
C. P. Hill	Emperor	5797	13.00	2.00	15.00
C. P. Hill	Emerald	5798	13.00	2.00	15.00
John A. Gibson, et al.	Free Coinage	3586	11.00	2.00	13.00
B. C., Rossland & Slocan Syndicate	Falls View	4997	12.00	2.00	14.00
Ymir Gold Mines, Limited	Golden Horn	1711	7.50	2.00	9.50
B. C., Rossland & Slocan Syndicate	Grey Copper	4999	12.75	2.00	14.75
S. S. Fowler	Gibraltar	2164	6.50	2.00	8.50
C. P. Hill	Golden Crown	5543	10.50	2.00	12.50
C. P. Hill	Golden Cap	5544	11.00	2.00	13.00
C. P. Hill	Golden Eagle	5545	12.25	2.00	14.25
George C. Schmidt, L. E. and J. E. MacFarlane and A. Sostad	Henry Clay	4200	9.25	2.00	11.25
B. C., Rossland & Slocan Syndicate	Homestake	4998	13.00	2.00	15.00
British Lion G. M. & Dev. Company	Highland Chief	5620	11.25	2.00	13.25
B. C. Standard Mining Company	Hunter V.	2212	12.50	2.00	14.50
S. S. Fowler	Inkerman	2163	12.75	2.00	14.75
A. E. Rand	J. M. B.	902	2.25	2.00	4.25
Falls View G. & S. Company, Ltd.	Jupiter	4165	12.75	2.00	14.75
Juno Gold Mining Company	Juno	3161	11.50	2.00	13.50
Juno Gold Mining Company, Ltd.	King of the Forest	3160	10.50	2.00	12.50
Juno Gold Mining Company, Ltd.	Kirkwall	3162	11.00	2.00	13.00
Ymir Gold Mines, Limited	Lawrence Fraction	2303	2.00	2.00	4.00
T. D. Garrison, J. A. Graham and P. Aspinwall	Lake View	3245	12.75	2.00	14.75
G. W. Coppen, et al.	Morning	104	4.75	2.00	6.75
Ymir Mines, Limited	Mugwump	1714	8.75	2.00	10.75
New North Fork Mining Co., Ltd.	Maud S.	3662	9.75	2.00	11.75
C. P. Hill	Morning Glory	5836	12.75	2.00	14.75
B. C. Standard Mining Company	Mercia Fraction	2224	4.75	2.00	6.75
Benjamin Fallows	Moline	9165	13.00	2.00	15.00
Ymir Gold Mines, Ltd.	Nora Fractional	2301	.75	2.00	2.75
Geo. C. Schmidt	Nellie N.	5057	8.00	2.00	10.00
A. D. Westby	Ore Hill	2073	13.00	2.00	15.00
Ymir Mines, Limited	Pountrey Fraction	2302	2.75	2.00	4.75
M. Egan, et al.	Princess Ida	3279	12.50	2.00	14.50
Golden Strand M. & D. Company	Pug	1363	12.50	2.00	14.50
B. C., Rossland & Slocan Syndicate	Park	4995	13.00	2.00	15.00
P. N. Thompson, et al.	Porcupine	2908	10.75	2.00	12.75
J. H. Love and Alex. Macdonald	Promise	5081	6.25	2.00	8.25
Queen Mines, Limited	Queen	1076	8.75	2.00	10.75
Ymir Mines, Limited	Rockland	1709	8.25	2.00	10.25
Ymir Mines, Limited	Robertson Fraction	1712	.25	2.00	2.25
Relief Mining Company	Relief Fraction	2469	1.00	2.00	3.00
C. P. Hill	Rattler	5837	13.00	2.00	15.00
C. P. Hill	Rambler	5838	7.50	2.00	9.50
L. Field	R. and L.	2089	11.50	2.00	13.50
J. Love and Alex. Macdonald	Rainbow	5080	11.00	2.00	13.00
M. S. Davys	Royal Seal	3204	13.00	2.00	15.00
Relief Mines, Limited	Star Shine	2466	7.50	2.00	9.50
Falls View G. M. Company	Standard	4163	13.00	2.00	15.00
Rose McGlynn and W. R. Caldwell	Stirling	2026	12.75	2.00	14.75
B. C., Rossland-Slocan Syndicate, Ltd.	Skylark	4994	12.50	2.00	14.50
B. C. Standard Mining Co.	Silver Bullion	3421	12.00	2.00	14.00
B. C. Standard Mining Co.	Tugulla	3419	5.75	2.00	7.75
William H. Sherrod	U. B.	2018	6.25	2.00	8.25
P. N. Thompson	Victor	2906	12.75	2.00	14.75
B. C., Rossland & Slocan Syndicate	Victoria	4996	9.00	2.00	11.00
B. C. Standard Mining Company	Vulgar Fraction	3420	.75	2.00	2.75
James A. Nowell	Woodside	2188	13.00	2.00	15.00
Ymir Gold Mines, Limited	Ymir	1708	10.25	2.00	12.25
Queen Mines, Limited	Yellowstone	3651	12.75	2.00	14.75

Dated at Nelson, B. C., this 5th September, 1912.

STEPHEN H. HOSKINS,
Deputy Assessor and Collector,
Nelson Assessment District.

The BURTON HOTEL
W. H. JOHNSON Proprietor

THE HOME OF THE TRANSIENT
COMMODIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS

This Hotel is one of the best known and popular Hotels in the Kootenays.

The dining room is strictly up-to-date and the bar supplied with only the best brand of goods.

Creston, B.C.

LAYRITZ NURSERY
VICTORIA, B. C.
The Largest Nursery in the Province

Fruit trees shade and ornamental trees, shrubs, vines, creepers etc.

Our stock is exceptionally clean. Grown without irrigation and guaranteed true to name.

We make a specialty of Dwarf Apples and Pears. These bear the next year after planting and are especially recommended for city gardens and fillers for the commercial orchard.

PRICES RIGHT

W. K. BROWN, CRESTON, B. C.
LOCAL AGENT

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINIG REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta the Yukon Territory, the North west Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

A masquerade ball will be held on the 5th of November under the auspices of the Creston L. O. L. Admission 75 cents. Prizes will be given.

Renewal of License

Liquor License Act (section 42)

Notice is hereby given that, on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for a renewal of the Hotel License to sell Liquor by Retail in the hotel known as the Burton Hotel, situate at Creston, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated this 4th day of October, 1912

"The Creston Trading Company",
William H. Johnson
Manager

Transfer of License

Liquor License Act (section 48)

Notice is hereby given that, on the First day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the transfer of the license for the sale of Liquor by retail in and upon the premises known as the Burton Hotel, situate at Creston, British Columbia, from William H. Johnson to William Arthur Heron of Creston, British Columbia.

Dated this 4th Day of October, 1912.

(SIGNED) Wm. H. Johnson
Holder of License

(SIGNED) Wm. A. Heron
Applicant for Transfer

For "The Creston Trading Company."

—LADIES, call at our store and look over our supply of McCalls patterns just recieved. S. A. Speers.

RENEWAL OF LICENSE

Liquor License Act (Section 18)

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of December next application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the renewal of License for the sale of Liquor by wholesale in and upon the premises known as Creston Wine & Spirit Co., situate at Creston, B. C., upon the lands described as Lot 32, Block A.

Dated this 25th day of October, 1912

Sidney Poole
Applicant

TRANSFER OF LICENSE

Liquor License Act (Section 48)

Notice is hereby given, that on the 1st day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the Transfer of the License for the sale of Liquor by wholesale in and upon the premises known as Creston Wine & Spirit Co., to the premises to be known as the same, situate at Creston, B. C., upon the lands described as Lot 2, Block A.

Dated this 25th day of October, 1912

Sidney Poole
Holder of License

—LADIES, call at our store and look over our supply of McCalls patterns just received. S. A. Speers.

STOREY'S
EXTRA BIG
SHIRTS
Large Body—Long Sleeves. Just the Shirt for Big Men
For sale by Dealers Everywhere
Made by
W. H. Storey & Son, Acton, Ont.

BROKEN CYLINDERS AND ALUMINUM CRANK CASES
and all Metals, welded to perfection by the Oxy-Acetylene Process
THE HUB WELDING CO.,
Rear of 253 Sherbrooke Street, Winnipeg

Veribrite Venoil
THE WORLD'S BEST WOOD POLISH
Cleans and disinfects everything in your home from the cellar to the attic. Put it on your duster and dust Hardwood Floors, Woodwork, Linoleums, Pianos, Furniture, etc. Makes everything just like new. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Made by the
DOMESTIC SPECIALTY COMPANY, LIMITED.
Hamilton, Canada.

If your Clothier does not sell
SANFORD'S SOVEREIGN
BRAND CLOTHES
see the other fellow

THE 'ALBERTA' HOTEL
715 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG
A few doors south of C.P.R. Depot
Rates $1.50 to $2.00 per day
Cuisine unexcelled
Hot and cold water in every room
Hotel practically Fireproof
All Outside Rooms

THE JOHN INGLIS CO., Limited
Engineers and Boilermakers
Boilers of all kinds—Engines, Pumps, and Heavy Plate Work
Write us for Prices
14 Strachan Ave., Toronto, Canada

ARLINGTON'S CHALLENGE WEARING COLLARS
Are the best ever made and are guaranteed to give you satisfaction. At all dealers, or send us 25 cents stating style and size required.
The Arlington Co., of Canada, Ltd.,
96 Fraser Ave., Toronto, Ont.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Sappho Up to Date

Encouraged by success in the small towns, a budding manager decided to take out a Sappho company for a tour of the second class cities.

To play it right we will have to carry our own stairway, his stage manager told him.

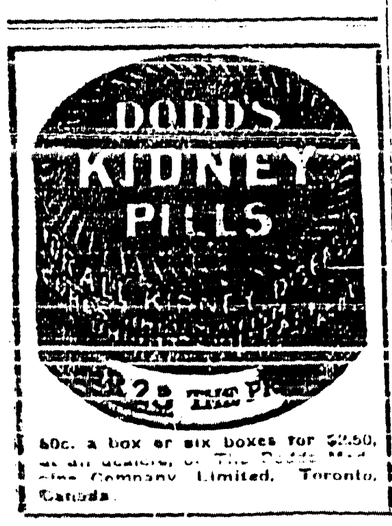
Stairway nothing, replied the manager, this is going to be a city show. Get an elevator.

Too Much Competition

I have decided to quit smoking said Mr. Higgins, seriously.

Doctor's orders?

No. I'm tired of hearing the various members of my family wrangling over the kind of pictures and certificates I shall be compelled to collect.



50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or The Dodds Medicine Company Limited, Toronto, Canada.

PREACHERS' PREDICAMENT

By the Rev. Forbes Phillips, Author of "Cassock and Comedy," etc.

To discover suddenly that you are distributing a pack of ordinary playing cards among your congregation is disconcerting enough. It happened to a clergyman once.

The old man was fond of a quiet game of patience, and had slipped a pack into his cassock-pocket, for a lonely game in the vestry, where he had some time to wait after the service, before taking a wedding. Just before giving out his text, he had occasion to use his handkerchief. He pulled it out with a jerk. The next moment his cards were fluttering down from the pulpit to the pews.

On one occasion, just before the sermon, a curate noticed that the electric light was fading. He entered the pulpit quickly, then calmly gave out the text: "And there was darkness." Three seconds afterwards there was, for the electric light was extinguished altogether, but the people thought it had been done purposely. The humor of the situation was forthcoming in an angry letter from the bishop to the curate, demanding to know what new ritualistic idea was this!

A cathedral dignitary in the North had left him by his great uncle, an Irish dean, among other things a number of sermons in manuscript. One Sunday morning he preached one of these, and the congregation were startled and amused by hearing him say: I remember being in Florence in the year 1792. There was a slight titter. "Says the Dean of St Patrick's," added the preacher with a smile. Another Sunday he spoke of the "beneficent rule of our sovereign, George IV," but with a slight cough he corrected this saying: "Victoria, by the grace of God!"

A young minister, on his way to a camp meeting, stopped and bought a couple of meat-pies, which he put in his frock coat. A hungry dog, attracted by the scent, followed, making snaps at his tails. Arriving at the gathering, he ascended the wagon, and began his discourse. A worthy elder tugged his coat-tail at the end of half an hour; then he tugged again, just to remind him that he was exceeding his time.

A few more seconds, and the official pulled the preacher's coat-tail once more. This time he received a back kick from the young minister. Without looking round, the minister began an explanation. The fact is, he said, I have two pork pies in my pocket, and that beast has been trying to get them for the last hour.

A dear old country parson was taking a holiday with a rich old rector. One Sunday morning his host said: How fortunate you are here! There's a message from the next parish. The vicar is ill. Will you take his place?

I don't mind taking the service, but I have no sermon with me, he said. That's all right! was the reply. Help yourself to one of mine—which he did. Later he found himself preaching a sermon on the "Value of Time." He was a nervous man. Presently to his consternation, he discovered that he was offering to give a clock to this particular church.

The preacher perspired, lost his head, and went on committing himself wholly to a somewhat generous responsibility. He comforted himself with the idea of explaining matters afterwards, but when he entered the vestry, the churchwarden seized his hand. Fortunate thing our vicar is taken ill. We have wanted a clock in this village for years.

Meanwhile the news had spread far and wide, and a grateful people cheered him as he drove away. He gave the clock. There was no other solution to the problem.

How it Feels to Fly

Dr. von Schrotter, a doctor practising in Vienna, describes the curious sensations encountered by aviators when in the air.

He says that apart from the strain on the nervous and physical organs, the sudden change of the pressure of the atmosphere, and consequently of its oxygen component, affects the circulation as the gradual ascent in mountain climbing does.

The powerful draught causes a keen sensation of cold, which is the first symptom complained of, and deafness is very soon experienced. The reduced supply of oxygen caused by the rapid movement and the fall of the atmospheric pressure gives rise to vomiting and visual hallucinations.

A dangerous and frequent symptom is the desire for sleep, occurring some time during flying, in spite of the aviator's strenuous efforts to keep awake.

A very unpleasant sensation is that of dizziness caused by the altitude of the aeroplane, the result being that objects on the ground appear to be distorted, displaced, or in rapid unwonted movement, and that the aviator is often at a loss as to his actual position. Perhaps this condition is responsible for inexplicable falls of aeroplanes from a moderate height. Sometimes the aviator does not know whether he is in the horizontal position or not, especially when he is surrounded by clouds.

The late Mr. Latham told Dr. von Schrotter that on one occasion he was completely bewildered after a few minutes' experience of this kind, and came to the ground without his knowledge. It is believed that flying may easily cause a nervous breakdown.

The statistics of French insurance companies prove beyond question that women live longer than men; nor is the feminine advantage in longevity a matter of a few months, or even years. The difference is one of almost a third. Thus the average age of death for women annuitants on the books of one company is seventy, and for men a bare fifty. Another company has several centenarians, all women, on its books. This company is now thinking of revising the tariffs and making one law for the man and another for the woman.

Trying a case over the telephone is the novel method adopted by a New York coroner in order to save time. Mr. Hellenstein, a coroner, took the evidence of witnesses, listened to arguments and gave his decision without leaving his study chair.

Rates and the Cost of Living

A citizen of Western Canada is breakfasting at an Ottawa hotel on bread and butter, bacon, eggs and coffee. The waiter hands him the bill, which is more than it used to be when he was there a few years ago, and, of course, he lays the blame on rail rates.

Let us consider the facts. The rate on flour from Winnipeg to Ottawa in car-load lots, all-rail, is 30 cents per 100 pounds, say 60 cents for a barrel of 196 pounds. Manitoba flour being strong and well-matured, the Ottawa baker is able to make 196 loaves, each weighing 1½ pounds, from a barrel, the addition of water and yeast accounting for the seemingly miraculous increase in the flour. Assuming that our friend eats heartily of bread, we get down to this sum in Rule of Three:—If the rail rate on the principal raw material of 196 loaves is 60 cents, what portion of it is paid by the consumer of half a loaf.

The hotel pays five cents or so per loaf, but may charge him twice or three times that much for half a one. In any event it is evident that the rail rate constitutes the merest fraction of the first cost of the bread. That a barrel of flour should be carried 1300 miles for 60 cents is, if one comes to think of it, nothing short of wonderful. In Eastern Canada it costs 25 cents or thereabouts to move a barrel by horse and wagon from the railway station to the nearest house in town.

The bacon is brought to Ottawa from Toronto and the Canadian Pacific rate for car-load lots is 20 cents per 100 pounds. The butter and eggs come from Smith's Falls and the rate for less than car-load lots is 15 and 19 cents per 100 pounds respectively. We need not trouble ourselves about the coffee.

Bacon retails in Ottawa just now for 25 and butter for 30 cents per pound, and eggs for 30 cents per dozen. Once more, therefore, the rail rate is a wholly insignificant factor in the composition of the price, and consequently in the Westerner's hotel bill.

Here, however, we see the beneficent working of the principle of charging what the traffic will bear, which he says is an outrageous principle because it means that the railways mulct the settler for all he can pay and live. In reality it means quite the opposite. The bacon, butter and eggs pay a higher rate by a good deal in proportion to length of haul than the flour, in order that the flour may be shipped from Manitoba to distant markets and leave the miller and the farmer a tolerably good profit. But for this system the Canadian West would still be to a great extent a desert place.

Dragged Down by Asthma.—The man or woman who is continually subject to asthma is unfitted for his or her life's work. Strength departs and energy is taken away until life becomes a dreary existence. And yet this is needless. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought a great change to an army of sufferers. It relieves the restricted air tubes and guards against future trouble. Try it.

Visitor—That's the village doctor, isn't it?

Native—Yes.

Visitor—Is he a good doctor?

Native—Oh, he's all right if you've got a strong constitution.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

The Other Half

The parish tea was over, and the curate stood up to say a few words to the recipients before they dispersed. He spoke in eloquent terms of the impecuniosity of curates in general and then went on to say, in apparently touching tones: Why, even as I stand before you now I have only half a shirt on my back.

A few days later the reverend gentleman received a parcel containing half-a-dozen new shirts, accompanied by a card bearing the name of one of his fair (though, alas! no longer young) parishioners. At the earliest opportunity he called upon the lady, and thanked her for the gift, and then proceeded to ask what had prompted the kind action.

Why? she replied, you told us the other night that you had only half a shirt to your back.

True, he answered, but the other half was in front.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

An extraordinary scene was witnessed at Calcutta recently when a small trolly, studded with rows of iron spikes, on which a Hindu was lying at full length, was being pulled through the streets. A large crowd was following. Inquiries elicited the information that the man was doing penance, and was on his way to the temple of the goddess Kali at Kalighat. The Hindu had been several days on the journey, and was in a terrible condition. The spikes, which numbered about 150, were quite sharp, and the man wore only a loin cloth. He must have been suffering acute pain from the fact that his body was bruised and lacerated all over as a result of lying on the sharp nails. Neither the police nor any passer by made any attempt to stop the self-imposed torture.

Fully Explained

Look here, stormed the customer, pointing to the tureen, what is the meaning of that dead fly in the soup?

I regret, sir, said the waiter, politely, I cannot supply you with the desired information. I am only supposed to serve the soup, not explain the ingredients.

But a dead fly, man, persisted the customer, a dead fly! How did it happen?

I am sorry to say, sir, replied the waiter, I have no idea how the poor creature met its fate. Possibly it had not taken any food for a long time, and fluttering near the soup, found the flavour particularly pleasing and, rolling too heavily, contracted appendicitis or some kindred ailment, which, in the absence of an opportunity for the application of the X-rays and the resultant operation, caused its untimely end.

Pertaining to Parks

In England the first large park open to the public was Woodstock, formed by Henry 1, in 1125. Of modern times the most famous parks known to dwellers of the metropolis are Regent's and Hyde.

The former was originally the grounds of a palace belonging to good Queen Bess, while Hyde Park belonged to the Abbey of Westminster, and became Crown property in 1535, when the Abbey was dissolved.

The United Kingdom, however, cannot rival America for the size and splendor of its public parks. The famous Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, consists of no fewer than 3,300 square miles, and includes mountains, forests and volcanic geysers.

Another wonderful product of America is a park built by a Mr. Duke, a wealthy tobacco manufacturer, of Somerville, New Jersey. It cost $15,000,000 to form. In its grounds are 40,000,000 plants and trees, and the fountains are the most magnificent in the world.

DISTRESS FROM INDIGESTION
TRIED IN VAIN TO GET A CURE—ALL MEDICINES FAILED
Aid Trouble Disappeared When the Liver and Bowels Were Set Right by
DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS
You cannot make a greater mistake than to think that indigestion is confined to the stomach. It is a disease of the liver and bowels, and it is only by getting these organs healthy and active that you can ever hope to cure chronic indigestion.
Here are two cases reported by Mr. Skinner which will tell of continued failure to cure indigestion by dosing the stomach. Both were cured thoroughly by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.
Mr. A. C. Skinner, Atlantic St., Hardwoodhill, Sydney, C.B., writes:—"My wife was troubled with indigestion and tried all sorts of medicines in vain. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, I got her to try them, and to our great delight she was cured. We would not think of being without them in the house for use when the liver and bowels became sluggish.
"I told a friend about them and gave him a box. He had suffered from indigestion for years and tried most everything he could get. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills were also successful in his case, and he says they beat any medicine he ever came across."
Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c. a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Ostrich Plums in Jars

There is no place like a pawnshop for picking up useful hints, said the improvident man. Every time my circumstances compel me to patronize one I glean some item of general information that almost reconciles me to the necessity of being there. On my last visit I saw a man redeeming ostrich feathers. Our uncle brought them out tightly sealed in a glass jar.

What did you can them for? the man asked.

So they wouldn't spoil, said the pawnbroker. A glass jar is the safest thing on earth to keep feathers in. Moths and dust cannot get at them. Besides, you can keep an eye on them easily, and any trouble that might have been breeding when the feathers were brought in can be discovered and nipped in the bud.

That hint I consider worth going to a pawnshop for. The way things look now nobody belonging to me will ever have any ostrich plumes to take care of, but if we ever have any I shall know what to do with them.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

Australian Government's Gift of 1,000 Acres

Speaking at a meeting of the Child Emigration society at Belgrave square, London, under the presidency of Lord Greville, J. H. Jefferson, of the executive committee, said that the Australian Government was so pleased with the society's scheme that they had given them 1,000 acres of land outright, and 160 acres had already been taken up in Perth. Buildings were being erected, and they hoped to send out the first party of children in September. They intended that each child should become a sharer in the profits of the farm. He would not be paid much per week, but the balance of the amount he earned would be banked, so that when the child left them he would have something to commence life on. They intended, too, to bring up the children as a family, and any taint of institutionalism would be eliminated.

The society wanted to draw upon the 115,000 children whom it had been stated were under the care of the poor law. They wanted to emigrate them—both girls and boys—to Australia, where they would be brought up on the land, which would in future be their home, and be thoroughly trained in all departments of farming. They wanted to get hold of the children while they were between the ages of eight and ten years, and keep them until they were 16, so that there should be no danger of their being exploited as child laborers. Alongside the technical instruction would go elementary education, which the Australian Government had promised to give, and indeed, to erect schools if necessary.

GILLETT'S
PERFUMED LYE
FOR MAKING SOAP, SOFTENING WATER, REMOVING PAINT, DISINFECTING SINKS, CLOSETS, DRAINS, ETC.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

He Understood

A Scottish duchess, and in order at a supper party a certain young dandy was sitting next to gain her good graces affected a knowledge of the Scottish tongue, declaring there was not a Scottish phrase he did not understand.

Rax me a spraw o' that bubbly-jock, replied the duchess, scarcely moving a muscle of her face.

The exquisite looked appalled, and then slunk away in confusion, while the commission was executed by a cavalier hailing from north of the Tweed. The duchess wanted a turkey wing.

A WELL-KNOWN MAN
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Dear Sirs,—I can recommend your MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.
Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St John.

It all Depended

Fair Elizabeth tripped blithely into the country post office.

Now, I want to know, she demanded, with a tell tale blush, as she handed the clerk a pink communication addressed to her lover, how long it will be before I get an answer to this letter?

That depends, he answered. If he's in jail they will let him write once a week, or maybe once a month only. If he's dead broke he'll have to wait till he can earn the price of a stamp, and I have no data upon which to base an opinion of his earning capacities. If he's ill in bed he may not care to dictate his heart's sentiments to a cold disinterested third party; and if it's smallpox they won't let him write at all; ditto if he's dead. Then again, if he's got a new girl—

At which moment he realized that the fair Elizabeth had flown.

Superstitious people in France are worried by the new method of counting the hours. Trains which start at 1 p.m. (now thirteen o'clock) are much less crowded than others, especially on Fridays. It is curious how the superstition of thirteen persists. Massenet never dated his letters on the fatal day. Even his manuscripts he numbered thus: 12, 12 bis, 14. By a strange coincidence or fatality the great composer died on the thirteenth of the month in a year whose figures added up amount to thirteen.

Sims—While in Paris I paid $3.75 in tips alone.

Waiter assisting him on with his coat)—You must have lived there a good many years, sir.

A REMARKABLE MIGRATION

The migration of the goose from the North to the South, and again back from the South to the North, is one of the mysteries of nature which has not yet been explained, but the big annual excursion migration of Western Canadians to Great Britain, Eastern Canada and the United States is more easily explained.

The migration is looked forward to by all the big railroads interested in the traffic. It was started 25 years ago and has been growing in volume yearly since.

Hosts of passenger traffic solicitors from the railroads in the United States and Canada invade Western Canada at this time of year to point out the undoubted advantages of their lines with sure and certain conviction that their revenues will be boosted.

This year the Canadian Northern Railway is helping the migration by strong arguments put up in dainty booklets, distributed by their agents. These booklets contain full information regarding the very low fares to Eastern Canada and England, when and where tickets may be purchased, details of time tables and choice of routes.

GUARD BABY FROM COLDS
The mother can guard her little ones from colds during the damp, cold fall days by the use of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets act as a gentle laxative, keeping the bowels working freely and the stomach sweet—that is the secret of preventing colds. The Tablets will not only prevent or banish colds, but will cure constipation, indigestion, expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain no harmful drugs and may safely be given to the newborn babe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

An Oklahoma resident has petitioned the authorities to have all the street lamps turned out by midnight, alleging that his fowls feast all night on the grasshoppers attracted by the electric lights. The hens are drowsy next day and do not lay.

A Helping Hand

Mistress (hurrying frantically)—Mary, what time is it now?

Maid—Half past two.

Mistress—Oh, I thought it was later. I still have twenty minutes to catch the steamer.

Maid—Yes, mum, I knew ye'd be rushed, so I set the clock back thirty minutes to give ye more time.

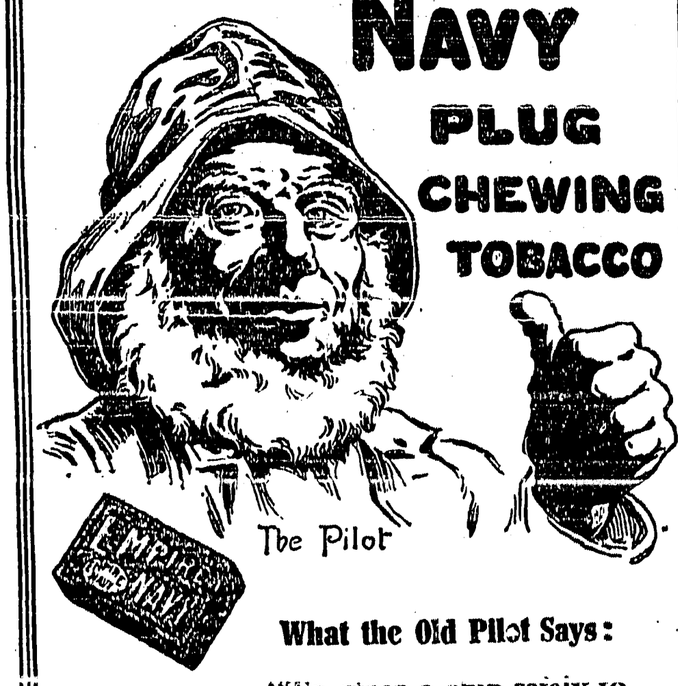
At a recent birthday party a young lady began a song:

The autumn days have come; ten thousand leaves are falling.

She began too high. Ten thous—she screamed, and then stopped.

Start her at five thousand, cried an auctioneer who was present.

EMPIRE
NAVY
PLUG
CHEWING
TOBACCO



What the Old Pilot Says:
"To steer a ship safely to port is no easy job. On or off duty, there is great comfort in Empire Navy Plug Chewing Tobacco."

HAVE FAITH IN ROAD

GREAT SUCCESS FOR H.B. LINE IS PREDICTED

Retired H.B. Factor Gives his Opinion of the Possibilities of the Road, and Railway Contractors say Road Will be Easier to Build Than C. P.R.

Le Pas, Man.—G. Halcrow, retired factor of the Hudson's Bay Co., who has resided for 43 years in this district, has lived for eight years at Hudson Bay and travelled through the straits several times, at the settlers' banquet, ridiculed the statement made by eastern papers and other interests that navigation there is impossible for the greater part of the year. In his opinion, and judging from personal observations, he believes that navigation can be kept open for eight months of the year.

In an interview N. K. Boyd, of McArthur & Boyd, who have the contract for the Hudson Bay railway, made the statement that were it not that the bridge over the Saskatchewan is not completed they would have been in a position to lay steel on the road as far as Cormarant Lake this fall. They now have 150,000 ties out and have arrangements completed for 500,000 more to be cut this winter, they have a ten foot sleigh road cut from mile 70 to mile 100 and expect to have it extended by Christmas as far as Thicket Portage, and as far as the Manitou Rapids on the Nelson by spring.

J. P. Gordon, assistant to Chief Engineer Armstrong of the Hudson Bay railway, who was with Hon. Frank Cochrane on his trip through Hudson Bay last summer, made the statement that as far as ice was concerned there could be no trouble. The ministerial party had found none in Hudson Straits and on the coast of Labrador the straits of Belle Isle were the only places where any had been found. The government steamer Minto is to stop at Port Nelson to the end of November.

Mr. Boyd, of McArthur & Boyd, contractors for the whole of the Hudson Bay railway was also present, having just returned from an inspection of the line in company with Assistant Engineer Gordon. In his opinion the Hudson Bay road will be much easier to build than was the C.P.R., and no doubt should be as great a success as the C.P.R.

G. R. Bancroft, who has mining interests north of Le Pas, said he believes that the possibilities in minerals in New Manitoba were great.

Norway Has Rumor of Anglo-German Crisis

Chicago.—A cablegram from Bergen, Norway, to a Chicago newspaper, under date of Oct. 22, says:

Confidential information has been received by leading ship brokers here from influential firms in England, that a clash between Germany and Engand is imminent. The Norwegians are urged to charter steamers with coal and grain for use in the coming winter. Coal is indispensable and as for grain if importation were stopped for eight weeks, famine would result.

It is declared by these alarms that a naval conflict between Germany and England may occur off Norway, and in that case the belligerents would be tempted to seize a port, say Christiania or Bergen, and use it as a base of operations, and for repairing and refitting. It is necessary, according to this view of the possibilities that Norway be supplied with special stores of coal and food and otherwise prepared to enforce its neutrality.

WOMEN JOCKEYS IN RACE

Six Compete and Two Lead From Start to Finish

Paris.—The most attractive event in a race meeting at Clairfeuille, in the department of Orne, was a flat race for women jockeys on hunters over a distance of nine furlongs. This event, the first of its kind in France, brought out a field of six of the best known women in the district, and there was a large attendance to see the race.

Those who entered were the comtesse D'Ideville, Baronne La Caze, Mme. Felix Petit, Mme. Garin, Mme. Jeanne de la Palme, and Mme. Bonnefonds.

Mme. de la Palme, on her thoroughbred Boulangere, led from the start and keeping close to the rails, made the pace all the way. Starting home she was challenged by Mme. Bonnefonds, and a spirited finish was the result. The starter gallantly dispensed with the formality of weighing in.

Preventing Mine Disasters

Berlin.—The German Emperor is giving his closest personal attention to the prevention of mine disasters and hopes by means of chemistry to find a practicable safety device. In a speech he delivered at the dedication of the chemical institute of the Emperor William Scientific Foundation, he explained that his idea contemplated a harmless chemical compound a change in which would warn miners plainly of the danger of fire damp.

The emperor was said to have applied to the technical schools of Germany for suggestions in this direction after the mine disaster at Boehun, on August 8, when 103 men were killed. He has now repeated his request to the leading German scientists.

Duke's Term to be Extended

London.—According to the terms of his appointment, the Duke of Connaught should complete his term of office as Governor-General of Canada next year.

It is slightly probable, however, that unless something unforseen takes place, the appointment will be extended for another two years or so. Should this be the case, the duke will not leave the Dominion until he concludes his service there, but the Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia are expected to be in England next year for a few weeks.

The Duke is anxious that the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert should visit Canada while he is in office, and the matter is receiving the consideration of the King.

YOUNGEST LORD MAYOR

For First Time of City's History Jew is Chosen as Chief Executive

London.—One of the youngest in the long line of English lord mayors will be Arthur Michael Samuel, who at the age of 38 has been elected lord mayor of the city of Norwich for next year. Incidentally he will be the first Jew who has ever been chief magistrate of the city.

Despite the fact that the Samuel family is one of the oldest families settled in East Anglia, having first come over with Robert of Normandy as artificers in metal and armor makers, this has not saved them from persecution in past centuries.

Norrich was the scene of a famous ritual murder accusation against the Jews—a form of persecution which even now occasionally crops up in Russia.

The compliment which the city now pays to Mr. Samuel forms a striking comparison to the treatment it meted out to some of his ancestors. One of them, Aaron Samuel, a worthy citizen of Norwich, was burned to death in the hog market of the city during the persecutions of the middle ages.

When the religious persecutions died away, the members of the Samuel family took an active part in the administration of the city's affairs Gradually their star rose, until an uncle of Mr. Samuel became sheriff of the city. Now his nephew has sealed the triumph of popularity over persecutions by becoming its first citizen.

Mr. Samuel has contested the Stretford division of Lancashire three times in the Unionist cause, and is a keen tariff reformer. He is also an authority on subjects so diverse as etchings and foreign bills of exchange. He is the author of a fine book on Piranesi, the Italian etcher, and he is also a director of the Apollinaris Company.

CHOOSE MODEL FARMS

Commission of Conservation Has Selected 28 in the Dominion

Ottawa.—The commission of conservation has selected 28 model farms throughout Canada for purposes of illustration, and next summer the commission's agricultural experts will supervise demonstration and lecture work on the best methods for gaining the greatest possible returns from the soil while at the same time conserving its richness.

These farms are neither purchased nor leased; they have simply been chosen by the commission for illustrative purposes by courtesy of their owners, and are provided as free demonstration grounds for districts surrounding them, the owner operating them as formerly.

In Manitoba there are three, in Saskatchewan one, in Alberta two, in Ontario eight, in Quebec four, in New Brunswick four and in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island three each, no provision having yet been made in British Columbia.

In Manitoba the farms chosen are those of Jarvis Jickling, of Morden; J. B. Lyon of Carberry and Charles Penny of Hamiota.

In Saskatchewan the farm of D. Lang of Indian Head is the only one yet chosen, while in Alberta that of James A. Sutherland, of Namao, and G. H. Jaurnick of Stavely are the choice so far.

F. G. Munnick, agriculturalist of the commission, and John Fixter, former farm superintendent of Macdonald college, are responsible for the choice and will superintend the demonstration work.

McBRIDE ON NAVAL POLICY

Canada Should Take Action in Like Manner to Australia and New Zealand

Victoria.—In an address given in his honor at Field, Premier McBride made a strong pronouncement on the naval question. The portals of the empire on the Pacific coast, he said, are easily accessible to a third power and we are doing little or nothing to insure the necessary protection for these shores in the case of European complications. I am strong in the advocacy of immediate and tangible action on behalf of Canada to contribute ships or money to the mother country in like manner to Australia and New Zealand. This is a matter of a national character and should be settled by Canadians as a unit so that, in addition to providing adequate naval defence, we in the Dominion should be placed in a position to render aid in case of the emergency to the mother country and thus help to carry the Union Jack to victory.

Withdrawn From Homestead Entry

Edmonton, Oct. 23.—The commissioner of the department of the interior at Ottawa has telegraphed A. Norquay, Dominion land agent here to withdraw the advertisement announcing that township 89, range 9, west of the fourth meridian, is to be thrown open for homestead entries on November 9.

The commissioner instructs the land agent not to open the Fort McMurray township for entry that day. It appears that the department has not been advised by the surveyor concerning the squatters who have claims upon quarter sections in the township. The affidavits of all these squatters are not yet in the hands of the department. Until they are, homestead entries cannot be filed with certainty.

This is one of the two Fort McMurray townships for which the big rush is expected on November 9.

Ottawa.—The Railway Commission has decided to make a western trip in November, as soon as the freight rate and telegraph toll enquiries are over. It will probably be the end of the month before they can get away.

They may take evidence in the freight case in the western points.

Earthquake in Quebec

Quebec.—News has been received here that a severe earthquake shock was felt between Bersimis and Pentecost, on the north shore of the river St. Lawrence. No fatalities are reported, but several houses were badly shaken, and all the residents between both places received quite a scare.

ALLIES MEET SUCCESS

TURKISH TROOPS ARE REPELLED IN MANY PLACES

Victories of the Allied Forces Against the Turks Still Continue, Although in Many Instances Victory has Been Purchased by Heavy Sacrifice.

London.—A considerable number of Bulgarian troops have been detached from the second army corps for the purpose of repelling any further attacks by the Turkish forces on the towns of the Black Sea coast, says a Sofia dispatch to the Times.

There is reason to believe, the dispatch adds, that an accident which occurred recently on the Smyrna Adena railroad resulting in the death of 200 Turkish soldiers, was the work of the Macedonia emissaries, sent to Asia Minor to impede the dispatch of the Asiatic troops to European Turkey.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Times, referring to the fighting in the Adrianople district, says it appears to be the intention of the Turks to fight in a position of their own choosing, on their own soil, with the ambitious hope that the issue will enable them to change a successful defensive into an overwhelming offensive action.

Belgrade.—The capture of Novipazar by Gen. Jankovitch was preceded by three days desperate fighting, the Turks holding strongly fortified positions.

Gen. Zovokitch reports that the Servian losses in the capture of Pristina were extraordinarily large, but that the Turkish losses were still greater.

Some alarm is felt here lest the supply of cartridges should run out. The factory at Makriko is working day and night but can produce only a quarter of a million daily—quite insufficient for the troops engaged.

London.—The news from the seat of war tells of the continuous success of the allies. The Servians have captured Novipazar and are the virtual masters of Kumanova. The victories, however, have been purchased at heavy sacrifices.

The situation in Thrace is becoming clearer. A great battle is being fought over a wide semi circle front before Adrianople, upon which town the Bulgarians are gradually closing in. On the east they have occupied Vasilika and Tirnovo and are continuing their advance southward.

On the west the Bulgarians have reached the Arda River, close to Adrianople which is being vigorously bombarded. Already the two outer forts have fallen. Some positions to the north of Adrianople are also said to have been taken after fighting of the severest character.

Death Penalty for General Diaz

Mexico City.—Gen. Diaz, Col. Ordoiaz and all the officers of the rebellious troops and marines will be haled before a court martial and will doubtless suffer the death penalty. Orders have been issued for the convening of the court which will be presided over by Gen. Beltran.

Gen. Diaz, although not now a member of the army, is amenable to such court under the law which provides for such trial of any civilian under like conditions.

The soldiers of the rebellious troops will be decimated—one in ten being executed, they being chosen by lot to pay the penalty for all.

The collapse of the Diaz movement one week after its inception with a minimum of fighting and bloodshed, has created the greatest surprise here. In administration circles where optimism has been the keynote since the beginning, the outcome is regarded as the highest possible vindication of the confidence always expressed in the loyalty of the army.

ASLEEP IN FACE OF DEATH

Motorboat Chase to Save Fisherman From Breakers

Belfast.—Found fast asleep in a small sailing boat, a lobster fisherman, named Breen, has just been rescued when within fifty yards of almost certain death.

It is to the prompt action of James Nelson, a ferryman, that Breen owes his rescue. Nelson saw the sailing boat drifting helplessly toward Strangford bar at the entrance to Strangford lough, County Down, where the tide ebbs at a speed of twenty miles an hour.

Seeing the heavy breakers big enough to swamp a large schooner, Nelson promptly went in pursuit in a motorboat, and reached the sailing boat when it was within fifty yards of the breakers. Breen was found fast asleep in his boat, and was safely towed to Portaferry.

Uniform Naturalization Law

London.—The question of the anomalies of the naturalization laws was raised in the House of Commons when Sir E. Grey declared that persons naturalized in Canada did not thus become British subjects in the strict sense of the term. They are only naturalized as within the limits of the Dominion. Replying to a further question, Sir Edward Grey said those inequalities had been recognized and a measure will be introduced during the present session which will seek to uniform the law for the whole Empire.

Kaid Belton Resigns

Ottawa.—Kaid Belton, famous for his war exploits in Morocco and for the past year attached to the permanent militia force in Canada, has resigned his position with a view to taking up a business appointment in the United States. Lieut. Belton was appointed by the minister of militia and defense last year to help in the organization of the cadet force in which he took a great interest.

Sample Market Authorized

Ottawa.—An order in council was passed by the Council today, authorizing the establishment of a sample grain market at Winnipeg and Fort William as provided by the Canada Grain Act passed last session.

The establishment of these grain markets was recommended by the Grain Commission.

INDIANS HOLDING OWN

Native Population of Canada Shows Increase for Past Year

Ottawa.—The total Indian population of the Dominion on March 31, 1912, was 104,956, according to the annual report of the superintendent of Indian affairs, issued. In addition there are 4,600 Eskimos within the confines of Canada, making a native population of 109,556. This is practically the same as for the previous year, there being an increase of only a few hundreds.

The general health of the Indians for the year is reported as good, being confined to outbreaks of measles on several reserves in Quebec and the west. Grippe was also somewhat prevalent among the redmen, but the number of fatal cases was small. It is noted that tuberculosis continues to prevail and will continue to do so until there is a wider acceptance by the Indians of the information given them on the measures necessary for the prevention of the disease.

It is noted that the efforts of the department to have the Indians engage in agricultural pursuits is meeting with gratifying success. There has been a considerable increase in the amount of land brought under cultivation as compared with the previous year.

It will perhaps surprise many people to know that the earnings of the Indians of the Dominion aggregate over $5,000,000. The pursuit of agriculture leads the list with a total of $1,484,347 to its credit. Then the redmen receive $1,616,049 in wages paid by white employers.

There was a total of 325 Indian schools in operation during the year, an increase of only one, as compared with the previous year. The Roman Catholics lead the list with 80 day 38 boarding, and 9 industrial schools, while the Church of England is a good second with 77 day, 13 boarding and 4 industrial schools. The total enrollment for the year was 11,303 pupils 5,648 boys, and 5,655 girls, a slight increase as compared with 1911.

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Sons & Co., Grain Merchants, Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Oct. 16.—During the week under review the grain markets have had the experience of a genuine European war scare which, however, at date of writing, has quieted down again. Any war scare is a fickle and uncertain thing in its influence on the grain markets, but in the present instance conditions were such as to occasion an unusually good opportunity for its being effective in causing prices to advance. Owing to the large crops this year in the United States, Canada and Russia, it was evident that wheat and all other grain would be plentiful, and sentiment in the speculative markets was all ranged on the bear side, with the result that a great deal of wheat had been sold for future delivery at gradually lower prices. When, therefore, it was announced that the disturbed political situation in the Balkan peninsula had come to a crisis by Montenegro declaring war against Turkey, the short sellers in all the speculative markets in Europe and America quickly advanced prices in their efforts to buy in wheat to cover their contracts, and of course, other operators not on the short side considered it a good opportunity to buy for investment, and so everyone wanting to buy and no one wanting to sell, unless at higher prices, the advance started and continued. The first spurt on the war reports came on the 9th inst., although for a few days before that the markets had been stiffening in anticipation of something happening. The top of the late advance, however, did not come until the 14th inst., and it was brought about by the report that Turkey and Italy could not agree on terms of peace to end the war that had been going on between these countries during the past twelve months. Turkey and Italy had been bargaining about peace terms for some time and unless Turkey could get settled with Italy she was going to be terribly handicapped in her new war with the Balkan States. But even after Montenegro had declared war against Turkey the latter held back from making terms with Italy, and, of course it would have created an ominous state of affairs if Turkey were going to have Italy to cope with along with the Balkan States at the same time. Turkey was, no doubt forced to make terms with Italy, but this was not done until yesterday, and on Monday the situation seemed so serious that all European markets became very much excited. The stock Exchanges came near having a panic, and all kinds of securities suffered a big decline in price while grain markets all made big advances amid much excitement. Wheat on the Liverpool market was 2c. to 3½c. higher, and on the Paris market 3¾c. to 4¾c. higher for the one day. Yesterday, when it was definitely known that Turkey and Italy had signed an agreement of peace, the war scare was all off for the time being, so far as the markets were concerned. Stocks and shares advanced and grain declined and this continued today. On the week there have been advances of 1½c. to 2c. at the top point, followed by declines of 2½c. to 3c., so that at close of markets today prices are around 1c. lower than a week ago. This refers to markets on this side of the Atlantic, the decline in European markets is not so much. Outside of the war influences nearly the whole grain situation as it stands at present naturally implies lower prices, and had it not been for the war developments prices would undoubtedly have gone lower than they were at the beginning of October. The weather in both Europe and America has been much improved in the last two weeks, and all kinds of farm work has been making good progress. In our own country and to the south of us threshing and hauling of grain is at last in full swing in the midst of fine October weather. The result is a big movement of grain eastward on the railways, mostly of wheat, of course. The receipts of wheat alone passing through Winnipeg now are 1100 to 1200 cars per day, and this will be kept up for some time if the railways are equal to the task. Should the war continue, even if it be confined to the Balkan peninsular, it will have a tendency to cause a larger demand from western Europe for American and Canadian breadstuffs in preference to depending on Russia. But the United States and Canada have a big lot of wheat to market this crop year, and a big lot of other kinds of grain besides, and we must not forget that the Argentine and Australia are coming on with what may turn out to be record crops, although of course, much depends on the weather they will experience in the next two or three months. The new crop in India is also beginning to make good progress. In the U.S. the winter wheat is practically all seeded and the early fields are showing green and the seeding has been done under generally favorable conditions. The same applies to Europe, for all over the continent and in the United Kingdom the weather and soil conditions have been seasonably favorable for about three weeks.

There has been large trading and a good deal of excitement in our Winnipeg market. The prospect of a large yield in western Canada had caused very free selling for forward delivery, especially in the October future and the spells of bad weather had made great delay in the movement. Shippers and exporters had vessels engaged to load at Fort William and Port Arthur and very little wheat in sight for them, so that our prices had been kept above Minneapolis and Duluth prices all along, and still there was a great shortage of actual wheat. Just when the weather over the west had become fairly settled so that threshing made steady progress and receipts had begun to increase in earnest, the war scare came along and shorts bolted to cover and prices shot upward.

The excitement culminated on Monday, but with the subsidence of the war scare and the advent of big receipts, prices have dropped 3c. to 3½c in two days. If the weather continues favorable for large movement it will be difficult to keep our prices up to present level, war or no war. Of course if war scares are wanting, prices are practically bound to go lower, as an immense quantity of wheat will be marketed in the next two months and as it is impossible to pass it all on to the consumers as it comes along, somebody will have to put up money to carry it, and the cost of carrying it comes off the value of the wheat. Today's cash prices are 1 Nor., 90½c; 2 Nor., 87½c; 3 Nor., 86¼c; No. 4 Wheat, 83c; No. 5, 73c; No. 6, 63c; Feed, 58c Tough wheat and wheat rejected for smut or on account of having too much mixture of seed or other grain is worth 4½c. to 5c. under the straight grades. Alberta Red Winter No. 1, 90½c; A.R. No. 2, 87½c; A.R. No. 3, 86¼c. Futures closed Oct., 90⅝c; Nov., 89⅞c; Dec., 86⅞c; May, 91½c.

Oats—

The good weather has permitted large increase in receipts of oats and prices have declined sharply. Today's cash prices are No. 2 C.W., 38½c; 3 C.W., 37c; Ex. 1 Fd., 37½c; 1 Fd., 37c; 2 Fd., 36½c. Futures closed Oct., 38½c; Nov., 35¼c; Dec., 33⅞c.

Barley—

Receipts of barley are liberal but a good demand has arisen for all grades and prices have now advanced. Today's prices are No. 3, 56½c; No. 4, 51½c; Rejected, 48c; Feed, 48c.

Flax—

Recognition that the flax crops of the United States and Canada have produced more seed than required for domestic markets, has given our flax prices a drop of 7c. to 13c. on the week and they close today at 1 N. W., 139c. Futures closed Oct., 139c; Nov., 138c; Dec., 132c.

Prices are basis delivery in store Fort William, Port Arthur and Duluth.

NAVAL AND MILITARY LEAGUE

Honorary Secretary E. T. Scammell, of Toronto, Receives Much Encouragement

Toronto.—E. T. Scammell, honorary secretary of the Naval and Military Emigration League, has returned from the west greatly encouraged by the reception given to his proposals by the various governments and public bodies before which they were laid. Mr. Scammell addressed meetings at Vancouver, Calgary and Winnipeg and conferred with many prominent people at other centres.

Col. Steele, in command of the Winnipeg military district, has agreed to send out letters asking for information by which men may be encouraged to settle on the land, and as to the industrial opening offered. It is the intention that the local militia officers shall look after the soldier immigrants till they get settled.

Bruce Walker, Dominion immigration commissioner at Winnipeg, told Mr. Scammell that the proposals of the league furnished the most sane, sensible and practical scheme ever submitted to the department.

Dutch-American Alliance

Berlin.—It is being asserted in certain official quarters here that the Netherlands government has opened confidential informal negotiations with the United States with a view to a Dutch-American colonial alliance in the Far East. It is stated that the project, which originated with the Dutch war minister, is of a purely defensive character and aims at the mutual protection of the Dutch and American colonies in the Pacific.

The danger of a Japanese attack, which Queen Wilhelmina's government fears to be as real in the case of the Dutch East Indies as in the case of the Philippines, is said to be the basis of the proposal.

New Parks Commissioner

Edmonton.—The newly appointed commissioner of Dominion Parks, P. C. Barnard Hervey, of Calgary, has arrived in Edmonton to assume his new duties.

London.—Regarding the report from Ottawa, published in Montreal, Lord Roberts tells the Canadian Associated Press that he has made no arrangements to visit Canada.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON V.—FOURTH QUARTER FOR NOV. 3, 1912

Text of the Lesson, Mark viii, 11-26. Memory Verses, 14, 15—Golden Text John viii, 12 (R.V.)—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Having again crossed the sea after He had fed the 4,000, the Pharisees and Sadducees came to Him, tempting Him and asking Him to show them a sign from heaven. He called them a wicked and adulterous generation and said that no sign would be given unto them, but the sign of the prophet Jonas (verses 11, 12; Matt. xvi, 1-4). This was his second reference to Jonah. On the former occasion He spoke of his experience in the belly of the fish and said that so He would be three days and three nights in the heart of the earth (Matt. xii, 12-40). The Pharisees believed in angels, spirits and the resurrection, but were self righteous formalists, hypocrites, covetous and did their works to be seen of men.

The Sadducees did not believe in the resurrection (Mark xii, 18). His spirit was grieved because of them, so He left them and again went across the sea with His disciples, having only one loaf in the boat with them, for the disciples forgot to take bread as He charged them to take heed and beware of the leaven of the Pharisees and of the Sadducees and of Herod. They thought that he was referring to their forgetfulness in the matter of bread. What a suggestive lesson for us who are apt to think more of the health of the body than of the health of the soul, careful concerning what we eat and drink, but receiving the most poisonous things for our minds in the way of doctrine and from the daily papers and magazines. How they could think that lack of bread would be at all perplexing to Him whom they had seen feed 5,000 and 4,000 with a few loaves and fishes seems indeed strange, and we do not wonder that He reminded them of these events and said: Having eyes see ye not? And, having ears, hear ye not? And do ye not remember? How is it that ye do not understand? (Verses 17-21; Matt. xvi, 8-12). When He said plainly, I spake not to you concerning bread, then they understood that He referred to the doctrine of the Pharisees and of the Sadducees.

In addition to what we said above concerning these two classes of people, it might be added that the Pharisees denied any necessity for Christ's first coming, and the Sadducees denied His second coming, saying there is no resurrection, neither angel nor spirit, nor future rewards and punishments (Acts xxiii, 8). The leaven of Herod suggests worldiness in every form, with a bit of religion, for Herod feared John the Baptist and observed him, and did many things but kept right on in sin and would rather please sinners than do what he knew to be right (Mark vi, 20, 26). Let me again emphasize what I firmly believe—that there is no place in the Bible where leaven ever means anything good, and therefore to speak of anything good as the leaven working is altogether unscriptural. It is easily so seen in our lesson; in the passover story of Ex. xii, in the sacrifice of Lev. ii, 11; in the thanksgiving offering of Lev. vii, 12, 13; Amos 4, 5, where they were told that to offer leaven was just like them, and in I Cor. v, 6-8.

Those who think that our Lord meant something good when He said "The Kingdom of Heaven is like unto leaven which a woman took and hid in three measures of meal till the whole was leavened" (Matt. xiii, 33), should study carefully the four parables of which this is the last and note that our Lord was speaking not of the kingdom when it shall have come but of this present age of the mysteries of the kingdom (Matt. xiii, 11), while He and it are both rejected and the church is being gathered. Not one of the four parables gives any encouragement to look for a converted world in this age, and the story of the leaven teaches that the woman, the professing church, will thoroughly corrupt her food. Let any one consider the Sunday topics of the majority of preachers of the present day and then say whether the people are getting pure water from the fountain of life or something from the preacher's own mind and not from God.

The conclusion of our lesson, found only in Mark, is the record of His healing a blind man at Bethsaida. Some one has said that all miracles are acted parables and that all physical infirmities are suggestive, if not actually typical, of spiritual troubles. All blind people suggest the blindness that holds all who have never seen Jesus Christ as God, and as the great sacrifice for their sins, whom He calls blind, advising them to anoint their eyes with eye salve that they may see.

Some blind people received their sight by a word from Him. One had clay put upon his eyes and was sent to Siloam to wash. Some had clear vision instantly, but this man received his sight gradually. We must not covet an experience similar to another, but be quite content to have the Lord deal with us as He pleases. This man He took by the hand and led him out of the town. What a picture—the Creator of all things taking a blind man by the hand and walking with him along the street, the author of life and light, Himself the life and light, touching human blindness.

REAL STAGE FIGHT

Knives are Drawn in Earnest, and Police Have to Stop Conflict

Paris.—A stage conflict, intended to form the subject of a cinematograph film at an establishment in the Rue de Malte, took an unexpected turn.

Two rival bands of youths were engaged in a combat, when one youth used his fists with exaggerated vigor. His adversary retaliated, and in a moment the fight was proceeding in deadly earnest. Knives were drawn and the combat was only stopped by the arrival of the police. During the fight two supers were badly cut.

HEWSON'S UNSHRINKABLE UNDERWEAR

Unshrinkable Combinations. Made from choicest wools—fits smoothly and snugly to every line and curve of the figure—yields freely to every movement. No rough seams–each seam being bound. The next time you want underwear. don't ask for underwear, ask for **Hewson's** Unshrinkable.

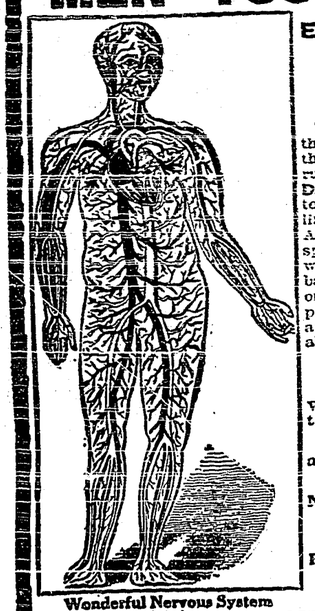
S. A. SPEERS

The Creston Barber Shop

BILLIARDS AND POOL, HOT OR COLD BATHS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND CONFECTIONS. RAZORS GROUND AND SET.

SAM HATFIELD, Prop.

MEN-YOU NEED NERVE



Wonderful Nervous System

EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND EXCESSES HAVE UNDERMINED YOUR SYSTEM

The nerves control all actions of the body so that anything that debilitates them will weaken all organs of the system. **Early Indiscretions** and **Excesses** have ruined thousands of promising young men. **Unnatural Drains** sap their vigor and vitality and they never develop to a proper condition of manhood. They remain weaklings, mentally, physically and sexually. **How you feel?** Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, debilitating dreams, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, etc.

This is the condition our New Method Treatment is GUARANTEED TO CURE

We have treated Diseases of Men for almost a lifetime and do not have to experiment. Consult us **FREE OF CHARGE** and we will tell you whether you are curable or not.

We guarantee curable cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, GLEET, BLADDER URINARY AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

Free Booklet on Diseases of Men. If unable to call write for QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: **DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.**

Write for our private address.

The Riverside Nurseries

Comprising 125 Acres *GRAND FORKS, B. C.*

Pears Plums APPLE TREES Peaches Cherries

GUARANTEED HOME GROWN

Cellared—Roots in earth, no danger of winter killing

"We can hold your trade."

Established 1900 by the HON. MARTIN BURRELL Minister of Agriculture

ALL STOCK DELIVERED TO YOUR RANCH AT CATALOGUE PRICES

For Catalogue and Price list, write to—

WALTER V. JACKSON, Agent, Creston, B. C.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President

ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager — JOHN AIRD, Assistant General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 REST, $12,500,000

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Interest at the current rate is allowed on all deposits of $1 and upwards. Careful attention is given to every account. Small accounts are welcomed. Accounts may be opened and operated by mail.

Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons, withdrawals to be made by any one of them or by the survivor. 8.7

Percy B. Fowler, Manager Creston Branch

Church Notices

METHODIST CHURCH

Services will be held every Sunday as follows:

Morning	11:00 a. m.
Evening	7:30 p. m.
Sabbath School	2:20 p. m.

You are welcome to tarry with us.

Fred L. Carpenter
Pastor

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Service every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sabbath School at 2:30 p. m.

Adult Bible Class at close of evening service.

W. G. Blake
Minister

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Christ Church

Oct. 27 (21th Sunday after Trinity)

Harvest Thanksgiving

Matins Holy Communion	11 a. m.
Sunday School	3 p. m.
Evensong, Sermon	7:30 p. m.

Philip C. Hayman (Vicar)

Communication

Editor Creston Review :-

Two weeks ago you published an item under Canyon City News what appeared to be news of an unsavory nature, which was furnished you. Allow me as an outsider to state that I think it is now time the news agents would first be positive of the matters they send to the press before committing same to the paper, thereby causing ill feeling among families and misleading the public in general.

There is also another kind of scandal which can never be seen in print but has a strong tendency to cause considerable trouble. This is a matter that one and all should take hold of and endeavor to locate the guilty parties and make them known to the community. By this method we might be able to put a stop to trouble which is only to freely coming our way in many homes.

A Staunch Sympathiser.

—All sizes in Stanfield's underwear at the Creston Mercantile Co.

Land Notice

Nelson Land District. District of West Kootenay

Take notice that Levi Bent of the City of Cranbrook, occupation a laborer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted 80 feet distant in a Westerly direction from the North West post of Mannerio's Lot. Thence North 20 chains; thence West 20 chains; thence South 20 chains; thence East 20 chains containing forty acres more or less.

Levi Bent,
Applicant

Dated October 1, 1912.

CANYON CITY NEWS

The Rev. J. Hamill of Crows Nest spent Thursday and Friday with Mr. and Mrs. White, on his way to his new appointment at Burton City.

Some druggist will do a rushing business in Hair Tonic shortly. "A ladies aid has been organized.

The ladies gathered at the home of Mrs. White on Thursday last to have a sewing bee in aid of the W. C. T. U. Those present were the Mrs. Willis, Hall Corneil, Knott, Burritt, Carfra, McInnis, Blair, Chambers Weylett, Bliss, and Langdon. Miss and Master Corneil and Miss Adams of Vancouver. A jolly afternoon seemed enjoyed by all. Tea was served.

Miss Adams has returned to Vancouver after spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Burritt.

The yellow fever has got quite a hold in Canyon City. The sight of a two bit piece brings relief for the time.

For sale an organ. Oh you church organ.

Chas. Crabb, who had his foot seriously cut with an ax last week while working for the C. C. L. Co., is slowly improving.

While out hunting one day last week Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Kifer had the good luck of shooting two deer "Oh you deer!"

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Bliss and family who have been cooking at the Canyon City Lumber mill for the past year have resigned and moved back on their property near Port Hill, Wednesday evening.

The mill has shut down for a few days to make necessary repairs for the winter run.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

ANNUAL EASTERN EXCURSIONS

Special Rail Fares in connection with **Trans-Atlantic Tickets**

Round trip rate from Creston to Montreal, $82.65, to St. John, $90.65.

Dates of Sale, Nov. 7 to Dec. 31, '12

Return limit 5 months from date of issue.

Liberal Extension Privileges

For further information, rail and steamship tickets, apply to local C. P. R. agent, or write to,

R. G. McNEILLIE,
Dist. Passenger Agent,
Calgary, Alta.

—LADIES, call at our store and look over our supply of McCalls patterns just received. S. A. Speers.

Renewal of License

Liquor License Act (Section 42)

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial police for a renewal of the Hotel License to sell Liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Creston Hotel, situate at Creston in the province of British Columbia.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1912.

J. B. Moran, Proprietor.

RENEWAL OF LICENSE

Liquor License Act (Section 42)

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial police for a renewal of the Hotel License to sell Liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Erickson Hotel, situate at Erickson in the province of British Columbia.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1912

Walter W. Hall, Proprietor.

Ford

Prices reduced on Ford Cars

Touring Car	$750
Runabont	675
Commercial Roadster	675
Town Car	1,000
Delivery Car	775

F. O. B. Factory

2 cars of Massey-Harris implements shipped. 1 car of sleighs.

Kootenay Garage Co., of Creston, R. S. Bevan, Mgr.

FRUIT TREES

AND ORNAMENTALS

Coldstream Estate Nurseries

VERNON, B. C.

All our trees are Home Grown and guaranteed true to name. We carry all the leading varieties most suited to this district. Our specialty is budded stock on three-year-old whole roots.

For further particulars apply to our local Agent.

J. Blinco, Box 29, Creston, B.C.

- - FALL - -

Footwear

For Infants, soft sole shoes and slippers

35c up

For Children, we carry all sizes and weights in AMHURST, FASHION, WILLIAMS and other Reliable makes, in Pebble, Box Calt and Kid.

$1.40 up

Misses Sizes, 11 to 2. in Kid and Box Calf

$2.00 to $2.25

Ladies shoes in several reliable makes

In Men's shoes we features **"INVICTUS"** made by G. A. Slater Co., also AMHURST, WILLIAMS and other guaranteed lines.

A Full Stock of Rubbers from the smallest size to the heavy. Stub proof shoe for lumbering and farm work.

CRESTON MERCANTILE COMPANY

RENEWAL OF LICENSE

Liquor License Act (Section 42)

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial police for a renewal of the Hotel License to sell by retail in the hotel known as the Sirdar Hotel, situate at Sirdar in the province of British Columbia.

Dated this 18th day of October 1912.

Wm. Morris, Proprietor.

RENEWAL OF LICENSE

Liquor License Act (Section 42)

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial police for a renewal of the Hotel License to sell Liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Kitchener Hotel, situate at Kitchener in the province of British Columbia.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1912.

Gust Andeon, Kitchener Hotel.