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ALL THE NEWS of the CRESTON DISTRICT

THE CRESTON REVIEW

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No. 32 3RD YEAR. CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1911 SINGLE COPIES 5c.

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S. A. Speers
Creston B. C.

Fruit Growers Monthly Meeting

SUNDAY MAIL. SMALL FRUITS AND APPLE COMMITTEES APPOINTED. LIME ORDERS TAKEN. SEASON'S BOXES ARRANGED FOR. DO EXPRESS RATES DISCRIMINATE AGAINST CRESTON?

The members of the Creston Fruit and Produce Association were a little slow in arriving and it was 8:45 p. m. before President Timmons called the meeting to order, there being some 20 persons present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were passed as read. Several letters were read in acknowledgement of the resolutions against reciprocity, including short replies from Primier McBride and Sir Wilfred Laurier. Senator Bostock was in favor of the reciprocity, Mr. A. S. Goodeve expressed himself as strongly opposed to same.

The matter of a Sunday mail during the shipping season was touched upon in a communication from the post office inspector, who stated that the request had been referred to the Superintendent of railway mail service, Calgary, for attention.

President Timmons then called upon the members to proceed with the election of the apple committee and small fruit committee, five shippers to comprise each committee.

Small fruits was defined to include everything except vegetables, apples and pears, and the following were unanimously elected: W. G. Littlejohn, W. S. Watson, W. K. Brown, W. V. Jackson and J. Heath. The apple committee consisting of J. F. Rose, J. Compton, A Duperry, D. Learmonth and W. V. Jackson. A long discussion then took place as to the duties of these committees, in which Messrs Timmons, Compton, Rose, Cooke, Fairnead and others took part. Mr. Lindley stated that the meeting of these committees weekly, as suggested by the president, would mean his attending four meetings per week of these committees alone, besides the usual Association meetings, and in the heighth of the season it would be impossible for him to find time to do all this detail work and efficiently supervise the vital work of shipping and attending to orders as salesman of the Association. A motion was made and seconded that the committees meet at the call of the salesman, or of any member of the committee.

The secretary, replying to questions, stated he had already written to the secretary of the Central Association, for a supply of boxes for the coming season, and expected a reply any mail. Mr. F. J. Rose called attention to the fact that the time was now here when lime should be procured for spraying and other purposes, and the secretary took orders from those members requiring supplies.

Mr. A. Lindley drew attention to the fact that certain firms with whom the Association had been dealing, had made statements that competitive points, especially points in the Okanagan, were receiving more favorable express rates than Creston, altho Creston was much nearer the markets, and that this fact influenced them in placing orders away from the Creston District. A long discussion took place. Mr. R. G. Scruton, by the courtesy of the meeting, explained what action the Board of Trade had taken regarding "Express Rates."

A motion by R. Long, seconded by J. Rose, was adopted, "That the Central Association be requested to furnish information on the express rates between interior points and the prairie market points."

After an open discussion of various matters of interest to the fruit growers, the meeting adjourned at 10:30 p.m.

For Sale or Rent—Furnished or unfurnished, that most beautiful property known as "Douglas Villa," which overlooks the Kootenay Valley, including about 5 acres of first class fruit land, also about 9 acres of bench, suitable for poultry farming. It is surrounded with all kinds of shooting, fishing, boating, and free grazing. Will sell at a sacrifice. Also other fine blocks of land for sale. Apply owner, John Derbyshire, 1312 Gladstone Avenue, Victoria, B C.

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ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Messrs Jones and Townshend, who last year purchased fruit lands from Messrs Okell, Young and Company, close to Erickson, are busy clearing up their ten acres, and preparing for planting. In spite of the fact that they are thus fully occupied, these gentlemen find time to put in a good word for the district, and in the Overseas Daily Mail of the 25th February, there appears a short but well written account of the opportunities presented to settlers in the Erickson District. The letter is over the signature of Mr. F. C. S. Townshend, and is written in an easy straight to the point style, which would appeal to the average reader.

Just arrived at the Drug Store, a supply of Services New Book, also school supplies and new books for the loaning library.

The slaughter house for the P. Burns Co., which has been in course of erection for the past eight days, is now completed, and the workmen left town on Thursday.

The new pamphlet "British Columbia and its Opportunities" issued by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, contains under the heading of West Kootenay, a short but exceedingly well written and complimentary article on Creston.

FOUND—A place to get my suit cleaned, pressed and repaired, at the Creston Clothing House.

Mr. M. McCarthy returned from Vancouver, where he has been holidaying since the marriage of his daughter, Mona, to Mr. C. Faas, the Creston merchant, which took place Monday, 6th of March. Mr. McCarthy states that the coast metropolis is booming. Among old residents of Creston now located at the coast and who are doing well are Mr. C. P. Reil and Mr. Bert Northey. Mr. Reil is now in business in Newwestminister, where he is erecting a handsome residence. The coast looks good to Mr. McCarty, who would have stayed longer and prolonged his holiday but he was wired for and will leave Creston in a few days to resume his duties as foreman in charge of the C. P. R. steam shovel outfit working just a few miles this side of Cranbrook.

Costumes in the latest styles, tailored or otherwise, to suit the ladies' taste, made on the premises by Madame Garrett, the Creston Costumier, Victoria Avenue.

On March 31st, the Elocutionary Medal Contest will be held by the W.C.T.U. in the Auditorium. There are seven contestants in the field. These are Jennie Nichols, Laura Edmundson, Margaret Atherton, Bessie Harry, Bert Arrowsmith, Vida Gobbett and Gertrude Knott. The following have been asked to be judges: Mrs. Mallandaine, Rev. Mr. Hayman and R. O. Fitzgerald. Music will be provided by Mrs. Knott, Miss Johnson, Mrs. Lindley, Miss Ruth Klingensmith, Miss Ella Dow and Miss Lillian Cherrington. A nominal admission fee of 25c for adults and 15c for children will be taken at the door. An invitation is extended to all to be present.

Now is the time to make arrangements for that bath room. Call and interview Ed. F. Johnson the plumber.

The Creston Board of Trade in Regular Meeing

EXPRESS RATES AND SEWERAGE. PETITION REMOVAL OF ERICKSON STATION.

There was a moderate attendance of members of the Creston Board of Trade in the Speers Hall at 9 p.m. on Wednesday evening. In the absence of President C. O. Rodgers, Vice President S. A. Speers took the chair.

The minutes of the last meeting were passed as read. A letter was read from J. H. Schofield, M P.P., acknowledging receipt of the wire and communication from the Board, re the proposed reciprocity agreement, in which Mr. Schofield gave particulars of the resolution upon this subject introduced into the B. C. Legislature.

The Nelson Board of Trade forwarded copy of a resolution, thanking the Creston Board of Trade for the reception and entertaining of the delegates to the Central Board Convention.

Several small bills were ordered to be paid as soon as the treasury will permit.

A petition bearing the signatures of many prominent ranchers in the Erickson and Canyon City districts, was presented by Mr. R. J. Long, with a motion that the same be endorsed by the Board. The petition requests that the present C.P.R. Station at Erickson be moved to the east to a position where the Government Road crosses the railway right-of-way. The petition is signed by some 36 settlers. Mr. Long explained that the residents were strongly in favor of the proposed changed and requested the support of the Creston Board of Trade. After a long discussion in which various members took part, a resolution was unanimously adopted, that the petition be forwarded to the C.P.R. with the unanimous recommendation and support of the Board.

The meeting then passed on to unfinished business, and Mr. R. S. Bevan drew attention to the situation as regards the express rates, the express rates previously complained of and which discriminate against Creston to the extent of 15c per 100., as compared with Okanagan points, are still in force, and have not been reduced, altho we were given to understand by Mr. Helme that our rate would be reduced from 2.40 to 2.25 to Calgary, thus putting us on an equal footing with Okanagan points.

Acting on this implied promise, Mr. Bevan pointed out that contracts for the coming season's berry crop had been made, and now we are informed that the rate will not be adjusted.

A long discussion took place, the feeling of the meeting seemed strongly against the action of the express company in continuing, thus to discriminate against Creston, altho the distance to Calgary is only practically one-half the distance from Okanagan points which receive the cheaper rate, thus practically shutting Creston fruit out from its natural market.

A resolution instructing the secretary to again take the matter up with the express company, and explaining that the coming season's contract had been made on the basis of the fair rate, was unanimously adopted.

Mr. J. B. Moran brought up the question of sewerage, and suggested that the Board might do something to help the matter forward, as there seemed to be a deadlock. That a sewerage system is badly in need in Creston is self evident, and a resolution calling upon the Government to appoint a public health officer for Creston, with power to enforce the sanitation laws, was adopted, the idea being that such an officer will at once compel the provision of some system for the disposal of sewerage, and be able to enforce the same.

Mr. Bevan drew attention to the fact that many cuts and photos supplied for preparation of the Board of Trade pamphlet, were still in the hands of the printers, and the secretary undertook to issue an order for same to be returned to the Board.

The meeting adjourned at 10 p.m.

Around the Ranches

THERE'S A CHIEL AMONG YE TAKING NOTES, AND FAITH HE'LL PRINT 'EM!

Hughie shook his head sadly, when we broached the subject of getting a rig to take us over the country, and murmured that with 350 fine days in a year, it was strange we were bound to make these trips just at the worst time, when the sleighing was over, whilst the roads were still almost too soft for wheels. But my companion only had two days at his disposal, in which as the traveling representative of a great financial institution, he was scheduled to tour the district and investigate land values in the famous fruit country of which Creston is the center, so Hughie relented, and at 1:30 p.m. we found ourselves seated in one of the comfortable livery rigs supplied by the McCreath Stables, whilst the wheels were making deep cuts into the soft roads, en route around the ranches. A little out of town, and we had left most of the mud behind us, with the exception of some that persisted in sticking to the rig, and occasionally struck patches of snow on the roads.

We found Dave Larmonth working with both feet and hands, keeping an unstable footeold on the top of a high ladder, whilst he kept the scissors snapping, pruning his trees.

After calling down sundry blessings upon our heads, for driving over his strawberry patch hidden under the snow, (another little bill for Hughie) he suspended judgment and talked about apple growing. Dave has 40 acres close to town, and which some day, when Creston grows, will be subdivided into city lots. Now it is an acknowledged fact that insurance men can talk some, but before Dave had been speaking for five minutes he had my companion of the "Great West Life" absolutely bazzytogged. The pictures he drew of cellars filled to bursting point with thousands of boxes of apples, whilst streams of five spots flowed like a river into the rancher's pocket in payment for the product of the small fruit and vegetable patches, took the wind right out of the sails of Superintendent Petty, and left him absolutely speechless. Mr. Learmonth is a practical man, with a shrewd eye to the future, and he is ready to show anyone the profit which can be made from Creston fruit lands. In this forty acres he states and he is ready to prove it, he possesses a safety deposit for his surplus earnings, a security against unemployment, and an old age pension, all rolled into one, whilst by the very fact of his keeping away from the business cares and worries of the cities with their rush and bustle, and getting out into God's fresh air and sunshine in the healthiest climate in the world, he is insuring his life for at least an additional twenty years over the average age.

He is only sorry that he did not profit more by the experiences of others, and plant only two or three standard varieties of apples in his orchard, but he figures that the rows of Starks, Wagners, Peters and Jonathans which will soon be into bearing, will rectify his early mistakes, and will more than compensate for the time lost in the experimental days.

Mr. Learmonth has not much faith in berries, even in those big juicy strawberries which some Creston growers have found so profitable. He says there is too much labor about those small fruits, and pins his faith to selected varieties of the big red apple.

He considers there is more money in the "Wagner" than in any other variety, and will go nap on that standard apple from this time on. With a parting injunction to us, to keep well to the high ground, and a wave of the hand, he resumed his pruning, and we ploughed our way through the soil that grows fortunes, back to the high road.

(To be continued)

Mr. Hockley is building a neat residence on his ranch within half a mile of town, and is also considering the advisability of importing a team of oxen to use in the clearing of the ground. One of the chief features about this new residence will be the large concrete cellar, and which is one of the first cellars of this material to be built in the Valley. After a tour around the ranch and the new house, our representative was compelled to the opinion that the building was far to elaborate for a mere bachelor establishment, and we should not be surprised if the wedding bells are shortly heard ringing in the Creston Valley.

Mrs. Helena Garrett

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We expect a car on or about 20th March

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A KNIGHT IN SPAIN

The Sequel to the Dream of Little Miss Mouse.

By KEITH GORDON.

The partition was not very thick, and the girl often heard him whistling or singing in the next room. His repertory was extensive and confusing. "She's the bestest girl that is, and I need her in my biz," would float in to her, followed perhaps by the strains of "Samson et Dalila" or some music equally fine.

One knew the sort of man who would sing coon songs with gusto; also the sort that would hum bits from the grand operas. The puzzling thing was to know what sort of man would take an impartial delight in both. So in the intervals of her work she began to speculate about her unknown neighbor.

At the end of two months she tabulated her knowledge of him. He was gay and debonair. Witness the scraps of song that floated in to her. He was carelessly indifferent to women. This she gleaned from the fact that five days out of seven she could hear him tunefully asserting:

If she be not fair to me,
What care I how fair she be!

He smoked inveterately—a pipe, she fancied. Sometimes the faint, elusive spirit of the thing seemed to float about her hall bedroom, and she sniffed again and again, her small head well in the air, but could never be quite sure. The partition bore her startled scrutiny imperturbably, but—well, she was sure she smelled smoke.

He was about thirty. This she divined from the freshness of his voice and his boyish delight in the chatter of the elderly chambermaid, whose Irish wit would send him into peals of laughter.

Also he was a man of the world, since she heard him come in early many evenings and move about his room as if dressing for dinner. Then at half past 6 or 7 he would go out again, leaving her with an absurd sense of desolation.

They never encountered each other in the halls, much to her satisfaction, but she came to have a very distinct idea of his appearance. He was tall, broad and straight, with a clear cut face and an air of knowing his way about.

"Sure, an' he's a foine gintleman," Maggie informed her once; but, though she might have verified her idea of him, she refrained with a fine sense of personal reserve. Sometimes through the open door she caught a glimpse of his room, and her interested eyes took in the dark green walls, covered with handsome photographs, the low bookcases on either side of the fireplace and the low, broad table with its litter of books and papers.

"It certainly looks as if he were an interesting man," she thought to herself, and thereupon she entered her own room, and, taking out a sheet of paper bearing the mystical heading "My Knight In Spain," she wrote:

"Evidently educated—a college man; profession, law, literature or something of the kind."

"Maggie, is there any one in the next room?" she heard him inquire one Sunday morning. Then in answer to Maggie's muffled reply: "Little Miss Mouse, I should call her. I didn't know there was any one there, though once or twice I've thought I heard some one."

The girl blushed guiltily. Apparently he had no idea how plainly she could hear him. Then she smiled to herself. So he would call her Little Miss Mouse. Well, it was fair enough, since she called him her gentleman of Spain.

For awhile after this she noticed a decided effort on her neighbor's part to go softly. In the midst of a stave he would cease abruptly, only to begin afresh and stop again with an impatient exclamation, as if he were annoyed at not being able to remember to be quiet. At all of which, in the seclusion of her room, Little Miss Mouse laughed immoderately, though in silence.

Then one morning Maggie found her in bed, her usually pale face flushed, her heavy hair covering the pillow in a tossed and tangled mass.

"It's nothing, but perhaps you'd better get a doctor!" gasped Miss Mouse. "My head's so queer, and, oh, I'm so warm!"

Soon after a serene faced nurse in a striped uniform and white apron was installed in the room, and to her Little Miss Mouse, down with brain fever, talked an unending jargon.

"If you can have a castle in Spain you can certainly have a knight in Spain, can't you?" she demanded over and over again.

"Of course you can," soothed the nurse.

"I'd be very lonely if he vanished, as castles in Spain do," she said at another time, with wistful, puzzled eyes. "You don't think he will vanish, do you? Because I'm *all alone* here. He's the only person I really know.

"Don't you ever tell, upon your honor," she rambled on. "It's very strange. I don't just understand it, but actually I have never seen him! Can you believe it, I've never seen him, and yet I know him so well? I don't understand it, and my head is *splitting. Hold it! Hold it!*"

The man in the next room was very quiet these days. From Maggie he had learned of the little artist's illness, and from her also he heard of the strange hallucination about the man in Spain. When she told him he shot a quick, piercing look from his deep set eyes, but evidently there was no connection in her mind between the sick girl's fancy and himself.

Instinctively he knew the truth. "Poor little girl," he mused, "lonely, struggling, with nothing to feed her love of companionship and romance upon but the sense of fellowship with the unseen occupant of the next room! It is well that she hasn't seen this ugly mug of mine," he concluded grimly.

So he fell into the way of stopping to inquire about her of the nurse each morning and then of sending great bunches of violets, upon which the sick girl's half conscious eyes rested later on with dreamy pleasure.

"Who picked them?" were her first intelligent words when the fever left her and she became herself. Then, realizing where she was and what had happened, she laughed weakly and corrected herself. "Who sent them, I mean?"

At the reply a faint color crept into her cheeks, and she murmured something the nurse did not catch.

Then came the days when she sat up, feeling like a new creature come to a new world, though in appearance she was more than ever like a frail child.

"Come in; I think she would like to thank you," said the nurse when one day the man stopped to make his usual inquiry, and a moment later he was standing before Little Miss Mouse, his heart thumping at the gaze of two dark fringed eyes that reminded him of violets.

She stammered out her thanks, scarcely knowing what she said, so great was her astonishment, for, in fact, the knight in Spain, whose face she thought she knew as well as her own, was dark and most uncompromisingly ugly. Besides, he was old—forty if he was a day—and—and—

In another moment her surprise was forgotten. A big, strong hand was holding hers, and the voice that she liked so much was speaking. There was a vibrant tenderness in it that she had never noticed before—that seemed personal, that suggested, outlandish as the idea was, that to her of all the women in the world would be ever speak in just that tone.

* * * * * * *

It was on their honeymoon that, longing to hear over and over again the beautiful truth, he questioned:

"You're sure you don't regret marrying an ugly brute like me?"

She laughed softly, laying her cheek against his, but she did not speak. With quick pain he pulled the face down where he could look into the depths of those dark fringed eyes. His lips touched her hair, and he murmured brokenly, "Oh, Little Miss Mouse!"

The Meaning of Millions.

In astronomical calculations it is most difficult to grasp the meaning of millions of miles, but some idea in this connection may be gathered from the statement of the time that would be consumed by an express train or the shot from a cannon to cover celestial space. Now, the distance from the earth to the sun is about 92,000,000 miles, and light traveling from the solar luminary comes to us at the rate of 186,700 miles a second in vacuo. It traverses this distance in eight and a quarter minutes, but a railway train proceeding at sixty miles an hour would take 175 years to cover the distance to the sun. The circumference of the ellipse forming the orbit of the earth around the sun is about 577,760,000 miles in length, and the earth covers this distance in 365¼ days, traveling at the rate of 65,910 miles an hour or 1,098 miles a minute, or nearly 1,100 times as fast as a train going at a mile a minute. It is therefore clear that a train proceeding at this speed would require nearly 1,100 years to accomplish the journey around the earth's orbit.—London Tit-Bits.

Hard Penance in Mexico.

The Mexicans are extremely religious, and their faith enters into their daily lives to a remarkable extent. During Holy Week the native women who are anxious to do penance for their sins go on their knees from one shrine to another, devoting hours to the painful task. At this time temporary shrines are set up, and in the remote villages it is no infrequent sight to see half a dozen parties of penitents traveling in this manner over the sharp stones and gravel from one shrine to the other, apparently oblivious to the burning rays of the sun and the discomforts of their progress. Sometimes an attendant spreads a serape or blanket before them to protect their knees, but this is considered to detract from the merit of the penance, and most of the women—it is always the females who undertake the task—go through with it scorning any such protection.—Wide World Magazine.

The Slaves of the Hoop.

Amusement was to be found in the fashions of three centuries ago no less than in those of today. When the Infanta Isabel traveled from Spain to her kingdom of the Netherlands in 1599 nothing (her biographer, Mr. L. Klingenstein, tells us) diverted her so much as the enormous hoops affected by the ladies of Lorraine. "On one occasion, when the infanta and her hostess were forming a procession of ladies, they remained struggling amid a confused mass of 'those devilish farthingales' for more than an hour, while the infanta and those ladies who were without these powerful defenses were almost 'squeezed out of shape' by their hooped sisters. Each had three attendants to help her to move her skirt about, and when they sat at a meal two men held the farthingales over the arms of the chair."

LENGTH OF PARLIAMENTS.

The Longest and Shortest That Have Sat In England.

The shortest Parliament on record is that which on September 30, 1399, deposed Richard II. The very act of deposition dissolved the Parliament, and six days later Henry called together without the formality of an election all the old members. He gravely styled it a new Parliament. The fourth Parliament of Charles I. sat only for three weeks, and this after the country had been without the blessings of representative Government for eleven years. But his fifth Parliament atoned for the brevity of the previous one. It sat off and on for nineteen years, "a Parliament which many, before that time, thought would never have had a beginning, and afterwards that it would never have an end." Opinion, as we know, differed as to the character of this renowned long Parliament. Macaulay declared it to be entitled to our "gratitude and reverence," while Corbett described it as the "scourge of the nation."

One of the shortest lived of administrations was the "Ministry of All the Talents," which only lasted thirteen months. It was on Feb. 5, 1806, that Greville formed his Cabinet, which had to include Charles James Fox. King George III. is reported to have said to that unwelcome Minister, "Mr. Fox, I little thought that you and I should ever meet again in this place, but I have no desire to look back upon old grievances; and you may rest assured that I shall never remind you of them." Fox died in the following autumn. When the King demanded an assurance that the Premier would initiate no measures for the relief of the Catholics Greville resigned. This action prompted Sheridan to remark: "I have known many men knock their heads against a wall, but I never before heard of a man collecting bricks and building a wall for the express purpose of knocking out his own brains against it."

The shortest period that a member of Parliament has represented a constituency is two hours, this remarkable record being achieved by the Right Hon. Lord George Hamilton. Having been re-elected as member for the Ealing division of Middlesex on his having been appointed Secretary of State for India in 1895, the Parliament to which he had been elected was dissolved within two hours of his election. Sir Matthew White Ridley, who had been appointed the new Home Secretary, ran him very close, for he was elected to the old Parliament and again to the new Parliament for the Blackpool division of Lancashire in the same week, in both cases unopposed. Mr. C. T. Ritchie was returned on July 5 unopposed for Croydon, his re-election having been necessitated by his appointment to the post of President of the Board of Trade. Parliament was dissolved on July 8, so that Mr. Ritchie only represented his constituency for a whole week-end.

The shortest lived "party" that ever obtained a footing in Parliament was the Tichborne claimant's counsel, Dr. Kenealy, who was elected for Stoke-on-Trent in February, 1875, solely on the Tichborne issue, polling 6,110 votes to the Liberal candidate's 4,168 and the Conservatives 3,901. He lost no time in carrying out his mandate, moving on April 23 for the re-opening of the case before a royal commission. But in spite of all his eloquence he would have had no one to count if Major O'Gorman had not himself taken pity on him, and the noes were 433.

Cutting Retorts.

The Duke of Connaught has a peculiar dislike of slovenliness in personal attire. To a young officer who apologized for the state of his sword upon inspection the duke said: "Your excuse is so good that you must be an old offender, sir." "Sold tea, eh?" he repeated, in his hard voice, when a subaltern's grandfather's business was laughed over at an officer's mess. "Well, that's not so bad as a grandfather who sold promotions." The words were spoken in the presence of a general whose grandfather had been notoriously venal. A dispute as to the sobriety of a certain colonel was summarily settled by His Highness. "Just able to walk straight, was he?" repeated the duke. "That's sober enough for a civilian, but it's very drunk for a soldier."

Walking Sticks.

Probably the patriarch's staff was the first adaptation of the walking stick, and from its first inception to the present day it has undergone almost endless changes. In 1701 in England footmen attending gentlemen were forbidden to carry swords, these being replaced by a porter's staff. Thirty years later gentlemen were forbidden to carry swords, but allowed to carry large oak sticks. Before many years varnished and polished woods with ornamental heads came into use and in one form or another have held their own.

Coroners in England.

In early times the coroner in England was a revenue officer of the crown, and his business was to find out the criminals, extort their confessions and confiscate their goods to the crown. From records it appeared that King Alfred had a predilection for hanging his coroners because they did what was unjust.

At the present time practically the only office of coroners is to hold inquests on dead bodies and on treasure trove and to pronounce judgment in outlawry.—London Telegraph.

Suits to a T.

The clause "It suits to a T," meaning it fits exactly, is as old as the familiar instrument, the T square or T rule (so-called from its resemblance to the letter T), used by mechanics and draftsmen for making angles true and for obtaining perpendiculars. The expression was in common use in the time of Dr. Johnson, who is quoted by Boswell as saying of Warburton, "You see they have fitted him to a T."

Pains That Make Misery.

A Talk With Our Lady Readers.

Have you ever noticed how miserable and unhappy the little pains and aches make one? A stinging cut, badly chapped hands, a nasty burn, a sore foot, a poisoned finger—none of them wounds or ailments ever likely to cause serious trouble, which come to every woman—and man, too—and are just sufficient to take the edge off one's temper and give one a "grouch."

Zam-Buk is just the thing at such times. As soon as you put it on to a sore, a cut, a burn, or any skin injury, it stops the pain, and the smarting and starts up healing. Don't make the mistake that because Zam-Buk is so widely used by medical men, by nurses, and for serious skin diseases and accidents, that it is only for serious cases. Keep it handy and use it immediately you get some trivial injury or have some little sore.

Mrs. Chas. H. Barrett, Harmony Road, Truro, N.S., says: "I had an ingrowing toe nail, which caused me acute agony. Sometimes the pain was so severe I could not sleep. It became so bad that I feared blood-poisoning had set in. I was advised to try Zam-Buk and bound up the sore toe with it. In a few days it was much easier, and I continued the treatment. The result is that today the toe is sound and I have no more trouble with it. We always keep Zam-Buk in our house, and I would strongly recommend it to every housewife."

Zam-Buk is just the thing, too, for the little ones. Pure in its composition, and herbal in nature, it is suitable for the most delicate skin. It also cures piles, eczema, varicose ulcers, cold sores, abscesses, blood poisoning, ring-worm, and all similar skin diseases. Sold everywhere at 50c a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price.

Mixed Emotions

A Bostonian tells of a clean, well-set young Irishman who formerly saw service in the British navy, but who is now engaged in business at the Hub.

"When are you going to get Home Rule in Ireland, John?" asked the Bostonian idly.

The only way that we'll get home rule in ould Ireland," said the Celt, "will be if France—an' Russia—an' Germany—an' Austria—an' maybe Italy—if they would all join together to give these blackguards of England a rare ould batin'. That's the only way, sir, we'll get home rule."

Then as he looked cautiously round, a twinkle of cunning was added to his expression. "An' the whole lot of 'em together couldn't do it sir. Oh, it's the grand navy we've got!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

The Right Number

A teacher in giving a lecture to the members of her junior hygiene class, had cautioned them against eating anything hard, such as nuts, hard candy, etc. A small boy held up his hand.

"What is it, Sammie?" she inquired.

"Say, did you ever see any of these here candy jaw-breakers?" he asked.

"Ye-s, I believe so," she hesitated wonderingly.

"Well, Willie here," indicating another boy in the class, "stood right in front of Georgie's store yesterday and et five of them right down."

"Ate," corrected the teacher.

"Aw, was it eight? I was thinkin' it was only five."

THE PATIENT BRAIN.

A tireless worker so long as supplied with rich, red blood.

The brain is one of the most patient and industrious organs of the body. It can be induced by good treatment, to perform prodigies of work.

But it is sensitive and will not brook abuse. It responds to the lash at first, but if the lash is laid on too hard it balks.

The brain insists on having plenty of good, red blood wherewith to renew its waste and from which to manufacture the nerve force supplied to the whole body.

Nervous trouble is generally brain trouble, and no suffering is to be compared to mental suffering, with the accompanying dread, suspicion, and melancholy.

One-fifth of the blood in the human body is consumed by the brain, so make the blood rich and red by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and you will overcome diseases of the nerves.

There is no other way. Stimulants arouse false hope. Narcotics deaden the nerves, and temporary relief is followed by a condition which is worse than the first.

Get the blood right and the nervous system will adjust itself. Headaches will disappear, irritability will go, digestion will improve, and weakness and despondency will give place to new hope and courage, new vigor and energy.

Mrs. Geo. Fuller, Lakeland, Man., writes:—"Dr. Chase's Nerve Food cured me of nervous headache, from which I was a great sufferer, and I am no longer troubled with twitchings of the nerves in the arms and legs."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food will enable you to avoid such extreme nervous trouble as prostration and paralysis. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates and Co., Toronto.

W. N. U., No. 831.

REAL SOLID WEALTH.

Cart Wheel Currency of the Island of Stone Money.

In a land where food and drink and ready made clothes grow on trees and may be had for the gathering it is not easy to see how a man can run very deeply in debt for his living expenses. But in "The Island of Stone Money," W. H. Furness explains that nature's ready-made clothes are not ornamental and the soul of man, especially of woman, from the equator to the poles demands personal adornment.

Like all adornments, polished shells, tortoise shell, variegated beads, and so forth, demand labor in the making. Here, then, the natives of Yap, one of the Caroline Islands, have solved the problem of political economy and found that labor is the true standard of value. But this medium must be enduring and, as their island yields no metal, they have had recourse to stone—stone on which labor in fetching and fashioning has been expended and as truly representative of labor as the mined and minted coins of civilization.

This medium of exchange they call fei. It consists of large, solid, thick stone wheels, ranging in diameter from a foot to twelve feet, having in the centre a hole varying in size with the diameter of the stone, wherein a pole may be inserted sufficiently large to bear the weight and facilitate transportation.

These stone "coins" are not made on the island of Yap, but were originally quarried and shaped in one of the Pelao Islands, 400 miles to the southward, and brought to Yap by venturesome native navigators in canoes and on rafts over the ocean by no means as pacific as its name implies.

A noteworthy feature of this stone currency, which is also an equally noteworthy tribute to Yap honesty, is that it is not necessary for its owner to reduce it to possession. After concluding a bargain which involves the price of a fei too large to be conveniently moved its new owner is quite content to accept the bare acknowledgment of ownership, and without so much as a mark to indicate the exchange the coin remains undisturbed on the former owner's premises.

There was one family whose wealth was acknowledged by every one, and yet no one, not even the family itself, had ever laid eye or hand on this wealth. It consisted of an enormous fei which was lying at the bottom of the sea. Many years ago an ancestor of this family secured this remarkably valuable stone, which was placed on a raft to be towed home. A violent storm arose, and the party was obliged to cut the raft adrift, and the stone sank out of sight.

When they reached home they all testified that the fei was of magnificent proportions and lost through no fault of the owner. It was therefore conceded that a few hundred feet of water over it ought not to affect its market value. The purchasing power of that stone therefore remains valid.

The Pumpkin.

Despite the fact that the pumpkin in all its forms has found its fullest meed of popular appreciation in Canada, it is by no means certain that the plant had its first home on this continent. Some authorities claim that it did and produce evidence to show that the aborigines of North America planted it among their maize. Others contend that it is of Asiatic origin, and still others point out that pumpkins have been cultivated either as a curiosity or as an article of food in England since the year 1570. Even to-day we have not a monopoly of pumpkin culture. The orange hued orbs of joy are grown in various European countries, notably in France, where the market gardeners in the vicinity of Paris go to the trouble of sowing their pumpkin seeds in April in a hotbed under glass and nurture them carefully until they are transplanted in May.—Christian Herald.

When Water Was Avoided.

Until comparatively recent times there was a medical prejudice against drinking water. Sir William Vaughan in his "Natural and Artificial Directions For Health" declared that water "ought seldom to be drunk." Another doctor admitted that it might be healthful for children, but not for men—"except some odd, abstemious one among a thousand perchance, degenerate and of a doggish nature, for dogs of nature do abhor wine." Indeed, the recommendation of water as a beverage was supposed to be the sign of the quack. Even Wesley in his "Primitive Physic" wrote of it with caution: "Drink only water if it agrees with your stomach; if not, good, clear, small beer."

Ganjah Smoking.

In Jamaica ganjah, a variety of Indian hemp, is smoked by the natives with terrible results. It is stated that it was this weed that was used by the leaders of the Indian mutiny to drive the sepoys into the passions of raging mania which they exhibited during that campaign. Ganjah smoking affects the beginner in a peculiar way. While under its influence his senses of time, sound and distance are obliterated. A single minute may seem a month, a child's voice sounds like the rattle of a machine gun, and a little finger may seem a mile long. Continued use, it is said, causes cataleptic fits and eventually idiocy or raving homicidal madness.

Office Ornaments.

"Yes, ma'am," commented the office factotum whom long tenure of office had made a bit censorious, "some of these here young ladies about this office does precious little work. They seems to think they's intended for office ornaments."

Then, seeing a shade cross the lady manager's face, he hastened to add, reassuringly, "But, ma'am, you ain't no ornament."

Well Disguised.

"Miss Jones isn't looking at all like herself this evening."

"Oh, no; she never does."

Woman's World

Millinery Professor Says "Make Your Hats and Let Ballot Go."

Photo by American Press Association.

MRS. EVELYN TOBEY.

"I would advise women to make their own hats and let the ballot go." This was the pertinent answer given recently by the professor of millinery at the Teachers' college, New York city, when asked for her views on the "votes for women" question.

A professor of the art of bonnet making is a comparatively new chair in the college world, but that it is a popular course and a profitable one from the pupils' standpoint one has only to drop into the pleasant room where the students work from 9 to 12 three mornings in a week to be convinced of the fact that the highbrows are looking to their millinery laurels as well as to purely mental achievements.

The millinery course at this institution is immensely popular for two reasons—first, because it is practical and meets everyday requirements and, second, on account of the charming personality of the instructor, Mrs. Evelyn Tobey, who is a Barnard graduate. The course, by the way, counts for as much as any of the elective studies in the college curriculum.

In the workroom there is an air of suppressed enthusiasm, an atmospheric feeling of everybody trying to do her best, and the ideal held up by Mrs. Tobey is a high one.

"We never," she said, "let go our efforts on even the most hopeless looking hat. We alter the shape and rearrange the trimming until the most critical member of the class pronounces a satisfactory verdict on the creation." And the weekly class criticisms are dreaded by the pupil whose handiwork is the target for the aims of her sister workers.

Taking a special course under the expert guidance of Mrs. Tobey are college girls, society matrons, staid housewives and pupils from fashionable finishing schools. The work starts in with the making of a real hat; designs are first made in paper and then carried out in fabrics. The first hat made is the simple street model, and next comes the dressy confection.

"Rather a good looking hat, is it not?" said the professor with pardonable pride, holding up for inspection a stunning picture hat, the recent work of an advanced pupil.

It was a study in Gainsborough lines constructed from royal blue satin covered with black malines and trimmed simply with plaited ruffles of cream colored lace banded with narrow lines of sable fur and a pale pink satin rose tucked lovingly at one side of the wide brim.

But Mrs. Tobey considered the facing of the hat and the artistic manner of its manipulation the master touch of the creation. And not the least interesting of the many wonderful things done in the school is the making of frames from a willow fabric that is damped and pulled and clipped into condition over the wire foundation. Indeed, the material is molded and shaped much as the sculptor models his clay. Just before the holidays the girls were busily working on fabric neck and muff sets and lovely party bonnets. Work of this nature fills in the hiatus between winter and spring styles.

Mrs. Tobey impresses upon her class that the study of millinery like most women's work is never done. Each season brings its special needs in the basic laws of hats that the successful artist must accept or become that dreaded of all things—a sartorial back number. One of the girls pathetically remarked that she was surely becoming a one idea creature and that her dominating thought was hats—every woman's chapeau, from a Bowery travesty of the modes to a Fifth avenue masterpiece, claimed her attention.

Marriage Maxims.

Marriage for love is risky, but it's right.

Marriage is either kill or cure.

GILLETT'S

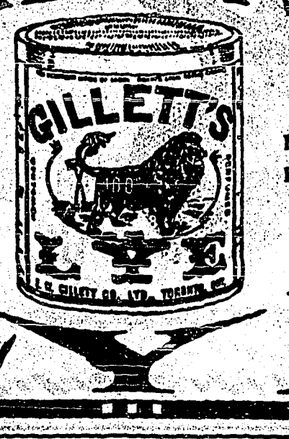
THE Standard Article

Ready for use in any quantity.

Useful for five hundred purposes.

A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

Use only the Best.



SOLD EVERYWHERE

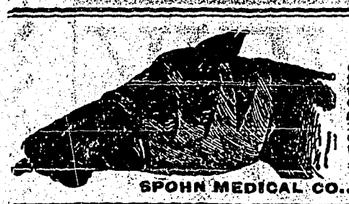
For Making Soap.

For Softening Water.

For Removing Paint.

For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE



COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE Give on the tongue or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. 50c and $1 a bottle: $6 and $11 dozen, of druggists and harness dealers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—15 years. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

No Going Back

"You say the elopment was sort of forced upon you?"

"Yes; after she came down the rope ladder her dad pulled it up."

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

When a girl knows she isn't pretty, she must be clever; in fact, clever enough to know she isn't pretty.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Argentina's Government spends as much on education as on its army and navy combined.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

The greatest factor in sending up the price of sardines which are imported from Europe is the rapidly rising price of the bait.

Enough to Go Around Then

If some one would tell us how to kill chickens so that they would not keep in coldstorage we could all eat chicken.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

"We ought to simplify our law practice."

"That's right."

"Suppose we agree that a man is to be considered innocent until he has been convicted, say, three times."—Washington Herald.

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of expert chemical experiments, undertaken to discover a preventive of inflammation of the lungs and consumption, by destroying the germs that develop these diseases, and fill the world with pitiable subjects hopelessly stricken. The use of this Syrup will prevent the dire consequences of neglected Colds. A trial, which costs only 25 cents, will convince you that this is correct.

Strong minds are much more anything than agreeable.

Cape Colony will import fifty thousand telephones from Sweden to meet an increasing demand.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.

CALGARY :: WINNIPEG :: REGINA

The Largest Printers' Supply House in Canada. We Carry in Stock Cylinder Presses, Job Presses, Paper Cutters, Type and Material. Can Fill Orders for Complete Equipment from our Stock. We are the Largest Ready Print Publishers in the West. We Publish Ready Prints from our Winnipeg, Calgary and Regina Houses. : :

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WHEN IT COMES TO

PAPER BAGS and MATCHES

We are everywhere with the standard goods. Paper and Matches are our specialties. Let us know your wants—we'll do the rest.

The E.B. Eddy Co. Ltd

HULL, CANADA

TEES & PERSSE, LIMITED, Agents, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Fort William and Port Arthur.

W

WINCHESTER

.22 CALIBER CARTRIDGES

Winchester .22 Caliber Cartridges both Black and Smokeless powder are unequalled for accuracy and uniformity in shooting. The Smokeless powder cartridges are loaded with Winchester Greaseless Bullets which makes them clean to handle and prevents the powder from losing its strength. Try them next time. Ask for Winchester make—the Red W Brand.

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

H

What's in a Name?

Zeke was driving a passenger to the hotel from the railway station in a small southern town when his horse went lame for a few steps and finally stopped in the middle of the road. Zeke rubbed the lame leg for a minute or so and got back into the vehicle.

"Git up dah, Autermobile; git up," he commanded, enforcing the order with the stub of a last year's whip.

"That's an odd name for a horse," ventured the passenger. "Why do you call him that? Is he horseless?"

"No, suh, not exactly, sah—yit," chuckled the darky, "but he's got sumpin de matter wid him mos' all de time, suh, en he needs so much fixin' to make him go."

The matinee performance was about half over when a distracted-looking woman with a curly-haired youngster of six sought out the man in the box office.

"There are boxes on your chairs in there," she began, "and they say drop a nickel in and get a box of candy."

"Yes, I see," asserted the man in the box office.

"Well," she continued indignantly, "I dropped a nickel in for my little girl."

"And couldn't you get the candy?" queried the box office man. "Wait, I'll see if we can get it out."

"Oh, yes," answered the woman, "I got the candy all right, but I couldn't get the nickel out."

And to the ticket man at least this remark furnished a more dramatic comment than any in the play.

As Good as Having a Doctor in The House

That is what thousands of mothers say of Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets promptly and surely cure all the minor ills of babyhood and childhood, and what is more they are absolutely safe—they have never been known to harm the youngest baby—they never will harm anyone—they are good for babies of all ages. Concerning them Mrs. Wm. Higgins, Karn, Ont., writes:—"I shall never be without Baby's Own Tablets in the house as long as my children are small. They are a wonderful medicine and are as good as having a doctor in the house. I gave them to my little boy for colic and they quickly cured him. I am always glad to recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

There are but few who would not appear a trifle bored if compelled to listen a second time to a sermon. This weariness might be somewhat alleviated, however, if repeaters of sermons would bear in mind the remark of a little daughter of a preacher, who was asked the question

"Does your father ever preach the same sermon twice?"

After a moment's contemplation she replied:

"Yes, but I think he hollers in different places."

Gyer—Windig had an athletic stroke yesterday.

Myer—Athletic stroke! You mean paralytic stroke, don't you?

Gyer—No, I mean just what I said. He got mixed up with a professional boxer.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The tough customer was struggling with a tough steak in a tough restaurant.

"Say, you," he finally roared at a waiter. "I ain't used to eatin' rhinocerous hide. Fetch me something a little more nourishin' in a hurry!"

"Aw, fade away, little one!" said the pugilistic waiter, witheringly. "What do you t'ink this joint is—a diet kitchen?"—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Small but Potent.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are small, but they are effective in action. Their fine qualities as a corrector of stomach troubles are known to thousands and they are in constant demand everywhere by those who know what a safe and simple remedy they are. They need no introduction to those acquainted with them, but to those who may not know them they are presented as the best preparation on the market for disorders of the stomach.

Defining a Phenomenon

An English workman endeavoring to explain to one of his mates what a phenomenon was, made the following attempt:

"It's like this: Suppose you were to go out into the country and see a field of thistles growing."

"Yes," assented his friend.

"Well, that would not be a phenomenon."

"No, that's quite clear," agreed the other man.

"But suppose you were to see a lark singing away up in the sky."

"Yes."

"Well, that would not be a phenomenon"

"No, that also seems clear."

"But imagine there is a bull in the field."

"Even that would not be a phenomenon."

"No."

"But now, Bill, look here. Suppose you saw that bull sitting on them thistles whistling like a lark — well that would be a phenomenon!"

Precautionary Measures

Exchange—"What's the idea of keeping your playing cards in the refrigerator?"

"It's a little precaution the boys agreed on," replied Three Finger Sam. "Some pretty queer hands were played, so we keep changing the pack, and if any stray cards get into the deal we can tell 'em by the temperature."

FOOD FOR A YEAR

Meat	300 lbs.
Milk	240 qts.
Butter	100 lbs.
Eggs	27 doz.
Vegetables	500 lbs.

This represents a fair ration for a man for a year.

But some people eat and eat and grow thinner. This means a defective digestion and unsuitable food. A large size bottle of

Scott's Emulsion

equals in nourishing properties ten pounds of meat. Your physician can tell you how it does it.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE 126 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

"I punished you merely to show my love for you," said the father.

"T-that's all r-right," sobbed the little fellow. "It's a g-good thing I ain't b-big enough to return your l-love."

ON THE VERGE OF A BREAKDOWN

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the Only Hope for Weakened Nervous People

This warning will be read by thousands of people who only just succeed in getting through the day's work without a breakdown. If you feel always tired out, have but little appetite, and a poor digestion, cannot sleep well, suffer from headaches, backaches and nervousness, it may mean that you are on the verge of a serious breakdown.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure weak nervous, troubled men and women because of their direct action on the blood. Every dose of these Pills helps to make new, rich blood, which tones the vital organs, strengthens the nerves and brings renewed health and strength. Mr. Geo. Johnson, of Lequille, N.S., suffered for some years as a result of over work and strain, but found no help for his condition until he began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Johnson says:—"While working on a railway handling heavy ties I hurt my back and had to give up work. Later I was able to do light work, but for about six years I suffered from dreadful pains in the back and down my legs. This condition became aggravated by indigestion and chronic constipation, and my life was one of constant misery. During those years I was treated by different doctors, but did not get any help. One day a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and proved his faith in them by presenting me with a box. It was more to please him than from any belief that they would be of service to me that I began taking the Pills. Before the box was finished, however, they seemed to be helping me; the pains in my back and legs grew less intense and the bloating in my stomach, caused by the indigestion disappeared. I continued taking the Pills until I had used over a dozen boxes, when I found myself fully restored to my former health. I am now able to do heavy farm work, and for the past year have not lost a day, or had the least symptom of my former troubles, and I attribute it entirely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Caller—It must have taken a lot of will-power for your husband to stop smoking.

The Hostess—Yes, indeed, my dear; it took all I had, for six months.

Shiloh's Cure

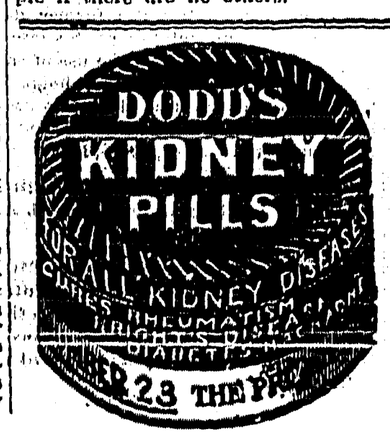
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

"Why," protests her husband, "should woman have the monopoly of the low neck?"—London Bystander.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Cure is available.

A Welsh rabbit may be cooked on an electrical chafing dish at an expense of 1 1-2 cents for current.

Vanity will dress up for blind people if there are no others.



A LOST DIPLOMAT.

Recently Found Skeleton May Be That of Young Benj. Bathurst.

One November evening a British envoy, returning home from Vienna, took his way through a Prussian forest. He was never seen again. That was 100 years ago. The other day in that forest a skeleton was found which is supposed to be that of the missing man. He was Mr. Benjamin Bathurst, a son of Dr. Bathurst, Bishop of Norwich, 1805-37, and he was in 1809 envoy to the Court of Vienna, and had been following the campaign between the Austrians and French. He seems to have been incomprehensibly afraid of falling into the hands of the French, and as soon as the treaty between Napoleon and Austria was signed he fled from Vienna, making for Hamburg, whence he intended to reach London. In November, 1809 he had arrived at Berlin, spent several days there, and continued his journey, in the slow fashion of the times, by coach. With him traveled his secretary and a confidential servant. On the 25th inst. he arrived at Kletsche, the last posting station before Perleberg, which is to-day a railway station between Magdeberg and Berlin. Here, when asked for his passport and papers, he declared he was a Berlin merchant named Koch. While awaiting a relay of horses, he put a number of questions to the postmaster concerning the safety of the roads, and if he should be likely to meet any French patrols. He seemed altogether to be in a very nervous condition. Those in the posting house saw Bathurst pull a pair of pistols out of his pocket and watched him adjust and readjust the trigger continually. He was warned twice that the horses were ready, but he seemed lost in terrified conjectures, and took no notice. Finally, on being reminded that the hire of the horses began from the moment they were harnessed, he made a start.

At half-past five he arrived at Perleberg, and here he left his carriage and insisted on being conducted to the house of the governor of the district, from whom he again inquired with much anxiety about the security of the roads, begging to be told the shortest route, saying he had a terrible fear of French patrols and customs officers, who had twice already tried to poison him. The governor recognized that Bathurst was suffering from dementia, and did his best to reassure him. The British envoy left and started for the posting house. Two girls living next door to the posting house watched him pass their window, but nothing more was ever seen of Mr. Bathurst. The next day the diplomatist's cloak was found hidden under a pile of wood in the posting house, and a fortnight later his riding breeches were found by two women gathering dead leaves in the forest of Quitznow, close to Perleberg. The prevailing idea was that Bathurst had been assassinated by French soldiers, who were after his despatches. His wife appealed to the Emperor Napoleon to give her every facility to seek her husband, and this was done, all the resources of the country being at her disposal. The hat of the lost diplomatist was found on the edge of the River Stepnitz, and this was consequently dragged for his body, but in vain. Recently some wood cutters in the forest of Quitznow discovered a skeleton in a good state of preservation, not far from the spot where Bathurst's riding breeches were found. The bones are thought to be those of the envoy, whose disappearance has always been a mystery.

A Fighting K.C.

Sir Edward Carson, the famous K.C., who challenged Mr. Asquith recently to an open debate on Home Rule, has always been noted for his strenuous fighting qualities. He is at his best when there is a difficult case to be won or a severe party battle to be fought. He has been a fighter all his life. Even during his schooldays in Dublin he displayed decidedly pugilistic tendencies. The cricket team of which he was captain, so the story runs, challenged the team of a regiment to a match. A dispute arose and as neither side seemed willing to give way, the future K.C. suggested that the best method of settling the matter would be for him and the captain of the regimentals to fight it out. But for some reason or another the soldier declined the proposal.

Sir Edward was a great athlete in his younger days. At Portarlington School he was in the first cricket eleven and the first football fifteen, and one year he carried off the championship cup for all-round athletics, winning most of the races from the 100 yards to the mile, as well as the high jump, the long jump, and throwing the cricket-ball. Sir Edward started life, by the way, as an architect.

The Oldest New Year Custom.

Every New Year's Day an interesting custom is observed at Malmsbury. The story is romantic.

In 937 the Saxon King Athelstan won a great victory at Brunanburg over a combined army of Danish vikings, wild Scots, and Welshmen.

The men of Malmesbury did yeoman service on this occasion, and Athelstan was not ungrateful. He not only gave the Wi[illegible] *town a charter*, but also pre[illegible]ted it with a large piece of land to be held as common, and to this day the commoners keep up the old custom of the grant.

On the first of each January the Commoners are taken, one by one, by the steward of the manor to their allotments. The tenant digs a small hole, and the steward places at the bottom of it a new shilling. He then strikes the tenant three times on the back, and repeats these words:

"I give this to thee as freely as King Athelstan gave it to me, and hope a loving brother thou wilt be!"

Adam's Polite Act.

Mrs. Benham—Men aren't as chivalrous as they used to be. Benham—Oh, I don't know; I never heard of Adam giving up his seat in a street car to a woman. Mrs. Benham—Perhaps not, but he gave up his rib to one.

PISO'S

THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

DR. WINTERS

Cures all chronic diseases. Write him. His valuable advice will cost you nothing.

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Reduced Fares for Steamship Passengers.

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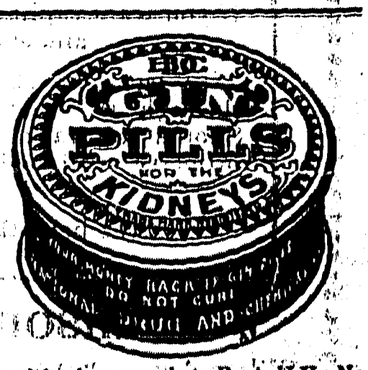
Small quantities of Japanese canned beef are being shipped to this country for consumption by Japanese residing mostly on the Pacific coast.

A thousand red cars have been ordered for the Vermont husking bee in Boston. And how many chaperons?—Boston Herald.



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$10, $20, $50, $100 and $200, 235

and may be obtained on application at the Bank.

In connection with its Travellers' Cheques The Canadian Bank of Commerce has issued a booklet entitled "Information of Interest to those about to travel", which will be sent free to anyone applying for it.

PERCY B. FOWLER, Manager, Creston Branch

The Creston Review

Published every Friday at Creston, British Columbia, by the Creston Publishing Co., at their office, Wilson Avenue, Creston.

J. K. JOHNSON - Manager. RALPH G. SCRUTON - Editor.

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The Review is the acknowledged advertising medium of the Creston valley, circulating in over one thousand homes throughout the Creston district. Our columns are open to correspondents on live questions of local interest. Contributions must be brief, written on one side of the paper only and signed, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. We invite support in our endeavours to increase the usefulness of the Review by bringing in your advertisements, subscriptions and news. Complaints from subscribers as to non-receipt of paper will be promptly attended to. Address all communications to the editor

Lime Sulphur Spray--Its Uses

A WASH THAT MEETS ALL REQUIREMENTS AND CAN BE MADE AT HOME OR PURCHASED IN THE COMMERCIAL FORM —ARSENICALS MAY BE MIXED WITH IT TO CONTROL INSECT PESTS.

For many years "Lime Sulphur Wash" has been used for spraying purposes; originally to control the San Jose Scale, but now for combating many other insects as well, and also several varieties of fungous diseases. Its field of usefulness is still gradually enlarging year by year and before long we may find it occupying the position of what is known as a "cure-all." A universal remedy would be a valuable find and indeed the lime-sulphur wash, combined with some poisonous material, such as lead arsenate, practically now meets this requirement.

There are three well-defined lime-sulphur washes: (1) Home-boild; (2) Self-boiled; (3) Concentrated; (a) Commercial; (b) Home-made.

HOME-BOILED WASH

This is a winter wash and is used in the spring before the leaves and blossoms appear. It is made as follows: 20 gallons of water are placed in a barrel and steam from an engine or boiler run into it through an iron pipe reaching almost to the botton of the barrel. While the water is heating, 20 lbs. of fresh stone lime and 15 lbs. of flour of flowers of sulphur are weighed out and dumped into the barrel with the water. The mixture will now soon commence to boil. The steam is allowed to pass through fast enough to keep up a strong and vigorous boiling, and this continued for an hour. At the end of this time the mixture will be sufficiently cooked, and water can be added enough to make the volume up to 40 gallons. The mixture, sediment and all, is now strained through a brass wire strainer with 30 to 40 meshes to the inch, into a spray tank, and is ready to apply at once. The straining is to remove any large lumps of lime which might be present, and which would probably clog the pump and nozzel if left in.

OTHER METHODS OF BOILING

For those who have not an available supply of steam on hand for cooking the wash, the "pot" or "pan" method of boiling can be used wherein the directions of proceedure are exactly the same, except that the boiling is done by direct heat. A suitable form of pot is the ordinary potash kettle used for soap-making; and of the pan a good strong wooden box shaped like a sap evaporator and with the bottom covered with sheet iron. The pan can be supported on a brick or stone arch in the ordinary way.

The quantity of wash made at a time will depend on the capacity of the vessel in which the boiling is done, and can be made in a large or small bulk as desired, so long as the proportion between the lime, sulphur and water is kept the same.

SELF-BOILED WASH

This wash is especially adapted to summer spraying It is of such a nature that it can be applied to trees and shrubs in foliage without causing any destruction to the latter. To make this wash, a lime of first class quality must be used, and it must be freshly burnt so that it will slake very rapidly and vigorously. Fresh burnt Beachville lime is excellent for this purpose. It is made as follows:

Place 32 lbs. of lime in a barrel and pour on enough water to almost cover it. As soon as slaking begins add 32 lbs. of sulphur (sifted flowers of sulphur to get rid of lumbs). Stir the mixture constantly while slaking and add more water to form a thick paste, and then gradually a thin paste; six or eight gallons are usually required for the whole thing. The slaking will cause several minutes' boiling. As soon as slaking is over add water to cool, strain into the spray tank, and then add enough water to make the whole up to 160 gallons. Smaller quantities can be made to suit conditions.

CONCENTRATED WASH

This form of the wash is very strong and must be diluted with a great deal of water before spraying. It can, by adding the suitable quantity of water, be made into either a summer or winter wash. The advantage of this wash is that it is very convenient since it can be stored away in any quantity desirable at any time of the year, and when any spraying is to be done all that is necessary to do so is to dip some of the concentrate out, add water, and it is ready to spray.

This wash can be bought (Commercial), or it can be made at home (Home-made), at less expense.

To make the home-made concentrate, proceed in the same way as in making the home-boild, except that larger quantities of lime and sulphur are used, and further that the lime must be of good quality, and must be freshly burnt

ADDITION OF LIME TO DILUTED CONCENTRATE

Those concentrates bought without the sediment present in them do not mark the tree sufficiently when sprayed, and consequently some orchardists add slaked lime to them to overcome this. This practice is not objectionable if the lime is not added until after dilution and only just before spraying. About four lbs. of good stone lime are slaked and strained, and this then added to the spray in the spray tank, and agitated in order to mix it in well. This is the quantity we use for each 40 gallons of spray. Besides acting as a marker, this lime also prevents the wash from dripping so much from the tree and also adds sticking quality.

In order to do away with a separate and additional spraying operation for applying poison for eating insects, such as the codling moth, an arsenical is often added to the lime-sulphur spray and applied along with it in the same operation. This usually quite a safe practice, but lead arsenate is the only arsenical which is recommended for this purpose. The quantity of arsenate used varies, but usually averages about four lbs. to every 40 gallons of wash. It is worked up into a thin paste with water and then added to the tank and agitated until well mixed with the spray. Paris green and arsenate of calcium have been used in this connection, but the former decomposes the lime-sulphur wash a great deal and weakens it, and the use of the latter has often caused much damage to foliage, hence the use of both is condemned.—H. L. Fulmer, Demonstrator in Chemistry, O. A. C., Guelph.

For the newest lasts and perfect fitting shoes, see our line of fine shoes. S. A. Speers.

Miss J. Ramsey, sister of Mrs. Mallandaine, who is spending the winter visiting her sister and friends in the interior of B. C., left on Wednesday's train for Fernie to pay a short visit to relatives there.

Money Money

We have $200,000 for investment in the Creston District which we will loan in sums of from $500 to $10,000 on improved or unimproved fruit lands, also on improved and unimproved town property.

If you want capital to improve your land, call and see us for a loan.

Why pay rent when you can borrow money through us to build your own home with. Should you want to improve your business property, call and see us regarding terms on a loan.

We have the money to invest.

Johnson & Scruton

Wilson Ave. P. O. Box 38. Phone No. 78 Creston, B. C.

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The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

Our Guests Call Again

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Rooms reserved by Telegraph.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercials.

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A complete stock of

Fresh Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb and Pork.

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Hams and Bacon, Butter and Eggs, Lard, Beef Dripping, Etc.

Fresh Fish every Friday. Smoked Fish all the time. Our Smoked Salmon and Halibut is choice.

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This particular cat, so the story goes, having found a bottle of N. B. C. Beer, preferred its joy-bringing qualities to a place by "his own fireside." But you don't need "to wonder" to taste the pleasures of N. B. C. Beer.—Sold at all hotels in Creston.

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We have now a big selection of books for our loaning library, and you can rent a book for 10 cents, returnable in one week. Come in and choose one.

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Well Pleased you indeed are. Really, my dear sir, I can't see how you could be otherwise.

He's a royal good fellow that handed you that cigar. So he is, and we're royal good sellers of

Best Out, Best Smoking "Royal Good," Low Priced Cigars.

Cigars from here are always satisfactory.

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Hot or Cold Baths At Any Hour

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Feed for sale. Agent for the McLaughlin Manfg. Co. Horses for sale

I am prepared to fill all orders, both by wire and mail, and meet all trains at any hour of the day or night. Commercial men and landseekers, will receive prompt attention

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Buggies, Democrats, Gigs and Cutters for sale at reasonable prices
We do all kinds of repairing and wood work with dispatch
Our shop is located near the Creston Mercantile Co.
We are also agents for the Oregon Nursery Company and handle First-class Fruit Trees

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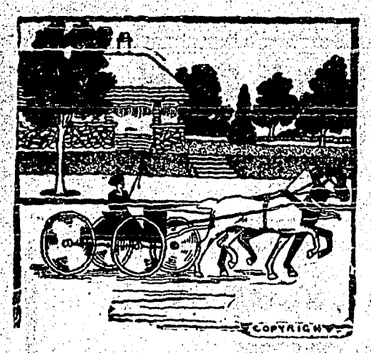

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you can indulge yourself by engaging a team from this livery stable for as long and as short a time as you desire.

This Livery Stable

is also prepared to send a carriage to meet trains, to take you shopping or calling, or to convey you to any June weddings you wish to attend.

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THE CRESTON SHOEMAKER
Best Workmanship
Boots and Shoes made to Order
A Speciality

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FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

Turbans, Hats and Bonnets in the Latest Styles. Fancy Mounts Plumes and Flowers in all the new Winter Shades

Children's wool and bearskin hoods, jackets, mitts, gloves, overalls, etc. in great variety

MRS. M YOUNG
Millinery and Fancy Store
Fourth Street, Creston, B.C.

COMING TO CRESTON

In the Times of Orillia, Ontario, the follow appears. Do any of our readers know these young people who will reside here?

MALCOLM—HOSSACK

"Another Orillian who is doing well in the West claimed I is bride in the old home town yesterday, when Mr. Louis H. Hossack and Miss Margaret Craw Malcolm, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Malcolm, were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents, Marry street. The ceremony took place at 12:30 noon, and was performed by Rev. A. W. Craw, minister of the Presbyterian church at Bracebridge. Mrs. H. G. Pack presided at the piano and played the wedding march. The parlor and dining-room were prettily decorated with pink and white carnations, ferns and smilax. The bride looked charming in her travelling suit of navy blue broadclôth, with hat to match and mink furs. Mr. and Mrs. Hussack left on the 4:25 train for a trip, before leaving for their home in Creston, B. C. Both young people are very popular in town, and the good wishes of a hoste of friends will follow them to the West."

A FINE GREEN-HOUSE

Mr. T. M. Edmundson has one of the best green-houses in the district. The Review reporter made a personal inspection of it this week. The green-house is 12x40 feet and contains 58 boxes of young onions, each box holding 400 young onion slips, also 22 boxes of tomato plants, containing in all 8000 young tomato plants. Mr. Edmundson heats the green-house artifically when needed, buc at this time of the year the sun is almost sufficient.

Indigestion

If you are suffering from indigestion and the attendant distressed stomach, you should give Mi-o-na, the guaranteed remedy a trial. Mr. William Shafer of 230 Queen's St. S., Berlin, Ont., says: "For years I have been a sufferer from acute indigestion, which caused the most distressing pains in my Stomach. I decided to try Booth's Mi-o-na Tablets and they have done me more good than anything I have ever used, I am now more free from this trouble than I have been for years. I am pleased to endorse and recommend this remedy to all who suffer with stomach trouble."

Rembmber Mi-o-na Tablets are guaranteed to cure acute or chronic indigestion and turn the old stomach into a new one in a few weeks. All druggists 50c. a box or pastpaid from The R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by the Creston Drug & Book Co.

MINISTER OF RAILWAYS

Victoria, B C., March 11.—An interesting ceremony took place yesterday when the Hon. Thomas Taylor of Revelstoke was formerly sworn in as British Columbia's first minister of railways by Lieut.-Governor Patterson Premier McBride, the Hon. Dr. Young, provincial secretary, and the Hon. William Ross, lands minister, were present at the function, and all of them accorded their new ministerial colleague their heartiest congratulations.

The new department over which the Hon. Mr. Taylor will preside was created during the last session of parliament. It is expected that the new chief of the new department will start in right away and get his staff into an organized condition so that work can be commenced wi'hout delay.

It is understood that the staff will be an expensive one as well as an extensive one. Its seniors will be men of expert engineering knowledge. The senior posts are deputy minister and chief engineer, and it is understood that candidates have already been selected to fill them.

SCHOOL REPORT

The following is a report of the Erickson Public School for the month of February:

Prescribed number of days 20. Days in session 20. Pupils enrolled 18. Average daily attendance 15.5. Average ac ual attendance 15.37.

Perfect attendance: Willie Long, Janie Long, May Littlejohn, Lewis Littlejohn, Harold McKelvey, Stella McKelvey, Paul Stinson, Edith Littlejohn and Gerald Timmons.

In order of mirit, Sr. IV. Willie Long and Willie Hall.

Intermediate. Janie Long, Katherine Hamilton, May Littlejohn, Elsie Stinson, Lewis Littlejohn and Frank Martin.

Grade II. Harold McKelvey, Stella McKelvey and Stella Stinson, equal, and Paul Stinson.

Grade I. Anceline Keenan, Walter Long, Hugh Graham, Gerald Timmons, Edith Littlejohn and William Graham.

J. E. King, Teacher.

Fruit Ranch for Sale—Fifteen acres in good state of cultivation, planted with 1800 trees consisting of apple, plum, peach and cherry trees. Good five room house and stable one and a half miles from Creston. Apply to Walter V. Jackson, Phone 91, Creston, B.C.

The choir of the Methodist Church has been re-organized, and will meet from now on weekly, for regular practice.

YAHK NEWS NOTES

There has been considerable warm rain at Yahk the last week.

M. McLeod's new store is about completed. He expects to move in and commence business this week.

The King sawmill has been closed down the last few days for repairs.

Mr. J. Hutchinson met with a nasty accident whilst at work a few days ago, cutting his foot. He went to the Cranbrook Hospital to have the foot dressed, and will be unable to work for at least a week.

The King Lumber Company have 9000 logs in the bush ready for hauling. They have commenced to build new bridges on Meadow Creek, and figure on hauling logs on the logging roads as soon as the snow is gone.

Our worthy postmaster and wife made a business trip to Cranbrook last week.

SAD, THIS NEWS!

Victoria, March 16.—Pupils attending the public schools throughout British Columbia will learn with deep regret that instead of having only Good Friday and Easter Monday as holidays this Easter, they may in all probability be forced to abstain from attendance at their respective schools during the entire period of Easter week. The Provincial Teachers' Institute is to assemble in this city for its annual convention on the Tuesday after Easter, and all schools will be closed during the continuance of the session where the teachers find it possible to attend as delegates.

Whilst the other great self governing dominions have tabled many weighty matters to be discussed at the approaching Imperial Conference in London, it is significant that Canada has no suggestions to make of any nature whatsoever. Last year the Laurier Government spent over $250,000 in attracting immigrants from the United States, being within a very small amount of the money spent in the whole remainder of the world, and practically equal to the amount expended in Great Britain. These are straws which show the direction in which the wind is blowing at Ottawa, Sir Wilfred is getting away more and more from Imperial Politics, and is turning his face to a policy of continentalism, which means ultimate union with the great Republic.

Do you know that Ed. F. Johnson has been appointed sole agent for Fairbanks & Morris gasoline engines and Centrifugal pumps?

The Crows Nest Mining Centers will be tied up shortly by a long strike of the miners, it being exoected that the men will down their tools about the middle of April, when the present agreement between the operators and the Miners' Union expires.

There is no danger of the thousand landowners who comprise the backbone of the producers of the Creston Valley, going on strike, and the troubles of the coal barons will not bring any wrinkles to the brows of the business men of the glorious valley.

Meals at all hours at the Wigwam Cafe on Fourth St., a short distance from Sam Hatfield's pool room.

Mr. and Mrs. Connally, of Spokane, were visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Rodgers this week. They returned to Spokane on Monday last.

A very pleasant surprise party was held at the home of Mrs E Mallandane on Friday evening last, when the Ladies Auxilliary of the Presbyterian Church, composed the guests. During the evening, which was spent in games and music, Mrs. J. W. Dow, who is president of the Auxilliary, read an address to Mrs. Mallandaine, while Mrs. S. A. Speers presented her with a handsome cut glass berry bowl, while the ladies present all expressed regret at Mrs. Mallandaine's retiring from the Ladies Auxilliary in which she has been such a useful and prominent member for the past few years. Mrs. Mallandaine replied and thanked the ladies for the handsome present and good wishes.

FOR SALE.—Lots 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Block 3, Dow's Addition. Send offer to owner, Mrs. W. Wilson, 551 Fifth Street, Brandon, Manitoba.

NERVOUS, LIFELESS
DEBILITATED MEN

YOUNG MEN AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN, the victims of early indiscretions and later excesses, who are failures in life—you are the ones we can restore to manhood and revive the spark of energy and vitality. Don't give up in despair because you have treated with other doctors, used electric belts and tried various drug store nostrums.

Our New Method Treatment has snatched hundreds from the brink of despair, has restored happiness to hundreds of homes and has made successful men of those who were "down and out." We prescribe specific remedies for each individual case according to the symptoms and complications—we have no patent medicines. This is one of the secrets of our wonderful success as our treatment cannot fail, for we prescribe remedies adapted to each individual case. Only curable cases accepted. We have done business throughout Canada for over 20 Years.

CURABLE CASES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

READER Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you intending to marry? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion. Free of Charge. Books Free—"Boyhood, Manhood, Fatherhood." (Illustrated) on Diseases of Men.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything Confidential. Question List and Cost of Treatment FREE FOR HOME TREATMENT.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:
DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.
Write for our private address.

According to Government Estimates $100,000,000.00 *Was Made in Western Town Property During the Year 1909*

Did you participate in these huge profits or did you "pigeon-hole" the propositions submitted to you by your western friends for future consideration? In short, are you the man who made a profit or the unfortunate one who had the chance but did not possess sufficient judgment to recognize the opportunity or sufficient courage to close a deal? The man or woman entitled to sympathy is the one who says: "Five or ten years ago I had a chance to buy this or that property at $100 or $500, and now it is worth $10,000." The average person sneers at the person who makes such a statement and says: "I would have bought and made that money." Are you going to say five years from now that you had a chance to buy a lot in Poe, Alta., at from $50 to $100 each, or are you going to be the man who will have from $1,000 to $10,000 in cash as a result of having bought property in this town in this year of grace, 1911.

Poe a Coming Commercial Centre.

Poe is located on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway between Edmonton and Saskatoon. It is located in one of the finest farming districts in Western Canada. The surrounding country is settled by a progressive type of farmers and consequently will become the market centre for Northern Alberta. Poe district possesses rich coal mines, is close to rivers and lakes and large forests are easily accessible from this point. These natural resources insure for the residents of the town, first, low cost of living, and second, great commercial activity, two essentials in the upbuilding of a large town, thus creating valuable real estate.

Poe as a Manufacturing Centre

This townsite and contiguous territory has the requirements outlined by large manufacturing concerns for the location of large factories of large enterprises of any kind employing large numbers of people. The rivers and lakes furnish water, the coal fields and forests furnish fuel and cheap building material, the fine farming lands furnish farm products, enabling the residents to live at a low cost.

The town is located on the main line of a transcontinental railway, assuring the necessary transportation facilities. These combined conditions will furnish cheap labor, one of the most important features of a manufacturing centre.

Poe townsite was recently placed on the market and already over 200 lots have been sold, and many of these lots have already changed hands at a substantial increase in price. Most of these lots were purchased by representative business men throughout Canada, who are now profiting by their foresight.

The townsite is high and dry and very suitable for building purposes.

Opportunity

is useless unless you possess the courage to act. You might possess great wisdom, you might read a good deal or travel much and thus see all kinds of opportunities to make money, but unless you have the courage to act on your judgment and wisdom all of these desirable qualities are entirely useless.

Lots in Poe are a good investment at present prices. The town is bound to grow rapidly. Owing to the easy terms of payment you have the ability to buy and if you do not buy now it is because you are lacking in courage, and the chances are you will never be like the man you now admire most, rich, courageous and wise.

Torrens Title

Poe townsite is held by us under the Torrens system of title. Under this system the title is guaranteed by the Government, therefore absolutely safe.

Prices and Terms

Prices of lots range from $50 to $100 each, and they can be purchased on terms of one-tenth cash, balance in eighteen equal monthly payments; or quarter cash, balance in six, twelve and eighteen months.

Information

We have issued an attractive circular giving full information pertaining to the town and its prospects, together with map showing lots for sale. If you wish to receive this attractive circular cut out and fill in the attached coupon and mail it to us today.

Information Coupon

Gentlemen,—With a view to buying property in Poe, Alta., please send me full information, with map and price list, and oblige.
Yours Truly,

.....
Name

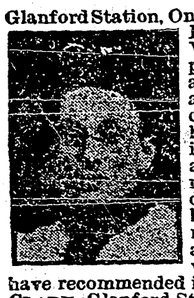
.....
P. O. and Province

The Walch Land Co.

Lana Townsites and Investments. Union Bank Building, Winnipeg, Canada

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.



Glanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of the uterus, and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully until I began taking your medicine. It has also helped other women to whom I have recommended it."—MRS. HENRY CLARK, Glanford Station, Ontario.

Gardiner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Maine.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

The Best Silver

is readily distinguished by this trademark—

"1847 ROGERS BROS."

It appears on knives, forks, spoons and fancy serving pieces of the heaviest grade of plate.

Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped

MERIDEN BRITA CO.

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

"Silver Plate that Wears"

Military Instructor — "What is meant by hereditary enemies?"
Recruit—"Your relations."

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

"Did you know that there are germs in kisses?"

"I knowed there was somethin' in them that made 'em mighty good, but I didn't know that it was germs."

DISFIGURED FOR LIFE!

Mothers Should Realize What Neglect of Skin-Troubles May Mean to Children.

A lifetime of disfigurement and suffering often results from the neglect, in infancy or childhood, of minor affections of the skin and scalp. A mother overlooks a little rash or attempts some simple treatment and in a day, perhaps, the little one is covered with severe eczema or a similar distressing eruption. Then the struggle for a cure begins.

A multitude of remedies are tried, doctor after doctor consulted and hospitals visited, but too often the suffering extends, without substantial relief, from days to weeks, weeks to months and months to years. Added to this is the ever-present fear that the itching, burning and disfiguration will become chronic, marring future welfare and making life miserable.

In the prevention of the simple skin troubles from which all this suffering so often arises and in establishing a condition of skin health that makes eruptions impossible, mothers are assured that nothing is purer, sweeter or more effective than Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. And greater still, if possible, is the success of these simple household remedies in the treatment of the severer skin affections themselves. With the first warm bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment, the itching and burning of eczema cease, the child falls into a refreshing sleep, the mother rests and for the first time, possibly, in many weeks peace falls on a distracted household. Frequently a single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are sufficient.

Positive as is this statement, it is justified by more than thirty years of pronounced success. To quote but a single instance, Robert Mann, of Proctor, Minnesota, says:

"Our boy was born in Toronto on Oct. 13, 1908, and when three months old a slight rash appeared on his cheek. What appeared to be a water blister would form. When it broke, matter would run out, starting new blisters until his entire face, head and shoulders were a mass of scabs and you could not see a particle of clear skin. We tried about every advertised remedy without avail, indeed some of them only added to his suffering and one in particular, the ——— Remedy, almost put the infant into convulsions. The family doctor prescribed for him and told us to bathe the baby in buttermilk. This did not do any good, so we took him to a hospital. He was treated as an out-patient twice a week and he got worse, if anything. We decided that it could not be cured and must run its course and so we just kept his arms bandaged to his side to prevent his tearing his flesh. We left Toronto and shortly after our arrival in Duluth, the Cuticura Remedies were recommended. We started using them in May, 1909, and soon the cure was complete. You would not think he was the same child for Cuticura made his skin perfectly clear and he is entirely free from the skin disease. There has been no return. We still use only Cuticura Soap for baby's bath."

Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Pills are sold by druggists everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for a free copy of their latest 32-page Cuticura Book on treatment of skin diseases.

BRAVE BOYS IN BLUE.

Courageous Constables Who Have Been Killed on Duty.

The recent tragedy in Houndsditch recalls many similar examples of police heroism in the face of terrible odds, all going to show that the men in blue have never hesitated to risk their lives in the course of their duty.

Constable Davey of Acton, so far as record shows, was the first policeman to be shot dead by a thief. Davey suspected a man named Brookes to be implicated in a certain robbery, and Brookes knew that Davey was on his track. Brookes called at Davey's house at night, and shot him down.

In the seventies a policeman was shot at Whalley Range, near Manchester, and two brothers, named Habron, were accused, and sent to penal servitude for life. It was afterwards discovered that they were innocent, and that the real assassin was the notorious Charles Peace. Peace shot at and wounded P. C. Robinson in his last exploit, before his daring career was brought to a close.

Again, in 1881, P. C. Atkins surprised a gang burgling a house standing in its own grounds at Kingston, and was shot down.

Up to the time of this affair burglars had rarely used revolvers, but now the practice became common, and, in the following year, P. C. Cole was murdered at Dalston. The murderer was Orrock, a young man who was a member of the Baptist chapel he was breaking into when Cole came upon the scene, and was considered quite a model youth. But two years went over before justice was done, and then Orrock was run to earth quite by accident.

He had left his chisel behind him at the chapel, and on the blade was scratched the word "rock," and when, some months after the murder, a man named Orrock was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment for housebreaking, a detective got into conversation with one of Orrock's friends — also "doing time"—and learned something which brought the murder of Cole to his mind. The chisel was then examined under a microscope, and underneath the word "rock" was found another, which the microscopist made out to be "Orrick."

This was enough to hang the murderer, and hanged he was accordingly.

Following the murder of Cole, further regulations were made to enable the police to meet the new class of desperadoes on something like equal terms. Double patrols were arranged in certain places, constables were allowed to have revolvers when it appeared necessary, and whistles were given them.

In the year of the Dalston murder there was a desperate affray in Hoxton. James Wright, a hardened villain, shot three policemen, wounding them severely. The case which followed over roofs of houses, where the ruffian kept his pursuers at bay with a revolver for more than two hours, forms one of the most exciting episodes in police annals.

Inspector Simmons, of the Essex Constabulary, the following January, was shot at Romford by one of three men whom he had been watching. His murderer, James Lee, was tracked owing to his stupidity in pledging his pistol at the pawnbroker's shop where he had previously pawned it.

One of the men with Lee was an ex-convict who had been concerned in shooting at two policemen in Gloucestershire, and another was a member of the gang who burgled Netherby Hall, Cumberland, and whose subsequent flight furnishes an intensely dramatic story.

The gang were pursued from place to place until they were run to earth, twenty-four hours afterwards, and captured, fighting desperately. During their flight they shot four policemen, wounding three, and killing one outright.

Then, in July, 1885, there occurred a terrific fight between a young constable and a masked burglar, whom he surprised on the roof of a house in Kensington. Four shots were fired at the officer, who was subsequently found insensible. Holland, another constable, was assailed by three burglars in St. Marylebone Churchyard, in August, 1886, and was shot in the leg by one of them.

A burglary at Muswell Hill, in 1889, when a gang, armed with revolvers, severely wounded one of the inmates, led to the old, heavy regulation boots being discarded for boots with india rubber soles for night duty; and after this affair came a cessation of murderous outrages with the burglar's revolver until London was startled by the extraordinary affray at Tottenham, in 1908, which is sufficiently recent to be remembered by everyone.

How "T. P." Rests.

It would not be an easy matter to find a man who works more strenuously than Mr. T. P. O'Connor. When, a short time ago, he went to America to collect the funds for the Irish Party which have furnished so much talk and discussion, he traveled 12,000 miles in eight weeks, delivering speeches almost every day. Then the doctor ordered him complete rest. "T.P." rested for two days: then he got restless, wrote a long magazine article, delivered two speeches, each of nearly one hour's duration, and afterwards wrote another short article, which he posted himself between one and two o'clock in the morning. Mr. O'Connor writes everything with his own hands on a typewriter. He has one machine in his library and another by the side of his bed, and each typewriter lasts him little more than twelve months.

Dangerous Work.

Cordite, used by the British soldiers, is the outcome of a strange paradox—the result of mixing two most powerful explosives in a smokeless, slow-burning powder of great velocity. Nitroglycerine and guncotton mixed together with a little petroleum jelly make cordite. In the factory women knead the two deadly explosives into paste with the same unconcern as if they were kneading dough for bread. Indeed, machines similar to those used in bakeries take up the work, and knead the buff-colored cordite paste for seven hours.

BUY COCKSHUTT DRILLS

CANADA'S DISTINCTIVE, MODERN SEEDING MACHINES.

Fishy

Mother—"Johnny, you said you'd been to Sunday school."

Johnny (with a far-away look): "Yes, ma."

Mother—"How does it happen, then, that your hands smell fishy?"

Johnny—"I carried home the Sunday schol paper, an—an' the outside page is all about Jonah an' th' whale."

Dear Old Lady (with a view to a little moral teaching)—"Now, do either of you little boys say naughty words?"

Elder Brother—"Well, mum, I ain't much of a 'and at it myself, but young Bill here is a treat. Cuss for the lady, Bill."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

"I suppose that you are one of those men that think women are as fickle as the weather."

"Oh, worse than that. I think they are as unreliable as the weather records.

A Standard Medicine.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, compounded of entirely vegetable subtances known to have a revivifying and salutary effect upon the digestive organs, have through years of use attained so eminent a position that they rank as a standard medicine. The ailing should remember this. Simple in their composition, they can be assimilated by the weakest stomach and are certain to have a healthful and agreeable effect on the sluggish digestive organs.

"Before we were married you bought me much handsomer presents."

"My general expenses were lighter then. You lived on your father, and I lived on free lunch."

STILL ANOTHER POSTMASTERS TELL

WHY HE PINS HIS FAITH TO DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Doctors failed to cure his Bright's Disease, but he found relief in the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Clam Point, Shelburne Co., N. S. (Special)—Joshua Nickerson, postmaster here, is among the many in this neighborhood who tell of pains relieved and disease banished by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I am sixty-two years old," says the postmaster, "And I'll tell you why I think so highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Owing to a bad cold my Kidneys commenced to bother me, and the trouble developed into Backache, stiffness of the joints, and finally Bright's Disease.

"I was treated by a doctor, but that did not help me much, and it was six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills that brought me relief."

Everywhere you go in Canada people tell you of the great work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing, and everyone who tells you can give the reason why. That reason simply is that there is no case of Kidney Disease Dodd's Kidney Pills cannot cure.

These people have tried them and proved this true. Backache, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Diabetes, Lumbago, Heart Disease and Bright's Disease are some of the more serious troubles that Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure, simply because these are all either Kidney diseases or are caused by diseased Kidneys.

Maud—"Why don't you prefer Harry to Will? Harry is capable of big deeds."

Gladys—"Yes, but Will owns some.

Concrete Stairs Need No Repairs

Easy to Build and Last Forever

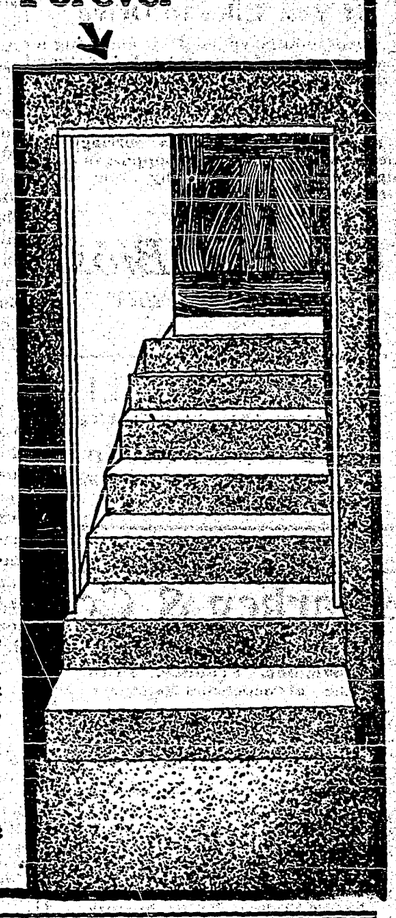
NO matter how you view it wooden stairways can never be considered economical.

Wood deteriorates rapidly under ordinary usage, and requires frequent, and often extensive, repairs to keep it in good condition.

Concrete stairs will be as good fifty years later as the day they are first put up. Age, which proves so destructive to wood, serves only to intensify the strength and hardness of concrete. Needing no repairs or painting, concrete first cost is last cost.

Let us send you our new illustrated book free—"*What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete.*" Photographs and diagrams show many examples of concrete work as applied to the construction of farm utilities. Much of this work you'll find you can do in your spare time. **Write for the book to-day.** It may save you dollars, though it only costs a cent.

Canada Cement Co.
Limited
51-60 National Bank Building
Montreal



Daughter—Yes, mother, he's rich and I think well of him. But I can never wed him!"

Mother—Why not, foolish girl?"

Daughter—We're both dark, and I think only opposites should marry."

Mother—Dear child, can't you either shake off your foolish superstitions or buy a bottle of perox-de.—Cleveland Leader.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

It is never smart to be smart at the expense of another's feelings.

"What is your favorite wild game?"
"Football."

Minard's Liniment Cure Diphtheria.

"What do you mean by calling him 'a doctor of the new school?'"

"Why, he doesn't make a practice of saying that he was summoned just in time."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

He—"How often a woman's face is her fortune."

She—"Yes, and how often a man's cheek is his."

"Man," she sighed, is never interesting."

"No?"

"No. In the summer time he talks nothing but baseball; in the winter nothing put politics."

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Lady Customer—"Do you keep coffee in the bean?"

New Clerk—"Upstairs, madam! this is the ground floor."

Diphtheria, Quinsy and Tonsilitis begin with sore throat. How much better to cure a sore throat in a day or two than to be in bed for weeks with Diphtheria. Just keep Hamlins Wizard Oil in the house.

They who forgive most shall be most forgiven.

Fresh Supplies in Demand.—Wherever Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has been introduced increased supplies have been ordered, showing that wherever it goes this excellent Oil impresses its power on the people. No matter in what latitude it may be found its potency is never impaired. It is put up in most portable shape in bottles and can be carried without fear of breakage.

"Why was Binks put out of the football game yesterday?"

"He hadn't shaved and was disqualified for unnecessary roughness."

Canadian Pacific WESTERN EXCURSIONS

SINGLE FARE

Plus $2.00 for the Round Trip

From all stations in Ontario, Port Arthur and West, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to

VANCOUVER VICTORIA AND WESTMINSTER

Tickets on sale December 15, 16 and 17, 1910; January 20, 21, 22 and 23, and February 14, 15 and 16, 1911; good to return within three months from date of issue.

Apply to nearest C. P. Ry. agent for full information.

The man with the grudge is usually able to hold his own.

VEGETABLE SURPRISES for WINTER

THE housekeeper who makes a pleasure as well as a business of catering for her family wishes longingly she could give them fresh vegetables all winter. From her own sensations she knows how they must weary of the round of potatoes, turnips, carrots, beets, cabbage and other winter vegetables. If she lives in the city she may once in a while treat herself and them to a higher-priced dish of fresh vegetables brought from the south or grown under glass, but she pays for them not only with money, but with a pain in her economical conscience.

Do you women who undergo this experience ever stop to think of the variety you can achieve without this extra expense? Do you know how unnecessary it is to have the monotony you dislike? Do you know the changes you can make by preparing the stock vegetables in unusual ways and by the use of those which come to us in tins? "Canned vegetables!" I hear you say scornfully. "If I can't have the fresh, I don't want those which are embalmed."

This is just where you make your mistake. Your prejudice may be grounded upon unfortunate experience in the past, before the pure-food law and public opinion combined moved the manufacturers to more care and wholesomeness in the preparation of canned vegetables. Or it may have for foundation the canned food which has been served to you without proper treatment. If you open a can of any sort of vegetable just before it is to be eaten, warm it hastily, and turn it unseasoned and undrained into a vegetable dish, you cannot blame the can or the food for unappetizing qualities. The freshest of fresh peas or beans would be insipid if boiled and served with no treatment beyond mere cookery. Why not give to those which come from a tin a little reasonable service before you condemn them?

A can of green peas, for instance. How do you cook them? Do you open the can half an hour or more before they are needed, empty the contents into a bowl or dish, and let them get rid of the close taste before you put them over the fire? Do you drain off the liquor which surrounded the peas in the can and put fresh water with them with a pinch of soda and half a teaspoonful of sugar? Do you pour this off when they are hot through, dress them with butter, salt and pepper and then serve them in a well-heated vegetable dish? If not, try them prepared in this fashion and see if you do not change your opinion of canned peas.

"'Canned vegetables!' you say scornfully."

Something like this should be done to all canned vegetables. Precisely the same course should be followed with string or lima beans. Corn should be made hot and dressed with milk and butter, to which, if you choose, you may add a little thickening. Tomatoes should be chopped, if lumpy, and rubbed smooth. If they are stewed for a few minutes with a sliced onion, which may be removed after it has done its work of flavoring; a little sugar put in to temper the acidity, salt and pepper used at discretion and, if needed, a little thickening, canned stewed tomatoes will be a very different thing from the lumpy, watery dish often served.

Try canned vegetables again, if you don't believe in them. Get them from a trustworthy manufacturer, whose name is a guarantee of honesty, and give them a chance to see how good they may be if properly cooked and seasoned.

Don't satisfy yourself with having them always served in the same fashion, either. There are many pleasing novelties latent in canned vegetables if you only know how to develop them.

Canned peas, for instance. Do you ever give your family pea pancakes, or fritters, or croquettes, or souffle? If not, have them now and see if there is any complaint that the dishes are not made with fresh peas.

What is done with peas may be done with other canned vegetables. What is better than a corn pudding made of canned corn—unless it may be corn fritters? Scallop your tomatoes sometimes instead of stewing them, or cook them with corn or with macaroni. Serve your asparagus creamed, or in shells made of rolls with the crumb scooped out, crisped a little in the oven and then filled with the asparagus served in a well-seasoned white sauce. See what you can do with canned spinach. Until you have used it you will not know how good it is. When it is properly prepared it cannot be distinguished in flavor from the fresh greens; and the same is true of canned young beets. They may be served with butter and vinegar, or with a cream sauce, and are excellent in whatever way they are cooked.

"Do you serve rice in croquettes?"

But it is not essential to rely wholly upon canned vegetables, excellent as they may be. Even without their help the bill of fare need not be monotonous so far as vegetables are concerned. See how many different ways there are of cooking the old standbys in the way of winter vegetables.

How do you serve onions, for example? Boiled plain or with milk, or perhaps fried? Do you ever have them baked, or scalloped, or with a custard? Do you serve rice plain, or in croquettes or with tomato, or a savory gravy, or as Spanish rice, or molded? Do you give your family scalloped cabbage and baked, plain or with tomato sauce, or with cheese, or fricasseed? Do you have stewed and fried celery as well as the fresh? Do you ring the changes on the different methods of cooking hominy and macaroni instead of contenting yourself with one way all the time? Finally, do you make plain boiled or mashed potatoes a regular dish, or do you experiment in the innumerable ways of cooking sweet and white potatoes in order to achieve the variety you crave?

If I were to attempt to give you here all the recipes at my command for making the bill of fare differ from the ordinary menu in the department of vegetables I should have to fill not only a page, but a whole section of the paper—and even then there would probably be an overflow meeting in some other department! I am giving a few which may lead you on to make other excursions into the unfamiliar field, in the hope that you may find those presented of sufficient value to encourage you in your exploration and discoveries.

Green Pea Fritters

Drain the liquor from a can of peas, warm them a little, mash them with a couple of tablespoonfuls of melted butter and salt to taste. To a cup and a half of milk add 2 eggs beaten light and a half cupful of flour, first sifting with this a teaspoonful of baking powder and a pinch of salt. Mix this with the mashed peas, beating all the time, and drop by the spoonful into hot fat. The fritters will swell up and brown. They are delicious when properly made.

Green Pea Souffle

Mash the peas with 2 tablespoonfuls of butter, as directed in the previous recipe. Put with them a pint of milk and 3 beaten eggs, season to taste with salt and pepper and after beating hard, bake, covered, in a well-greased pudding dish for twenty minutes. Do not have the oven too hot at first. Uncover, brown lightly and serve at once.

Corn Pudding

Chop the contents of a can of corn in a wooden chopping tray. Put with it 2 eggs beaten light, 1 tablespoonful each of sugar and of melted butter, a little salt and 1 cup of milk. Bake in a greased pudding dish half an hour, uncover and brown.

Creamed Asparagus

Cut the soft part of the asparagus into inch lengths, make a sauce by cooking together a tablespoonful each of flour and butter until they bubble and pouring a cupful of milk upon them, stirring all the while. When this sauce is thick and smooth season to taste with pepper and salt, put the asparagus in it and make all very hot. Serve on toast.

Scalloped Onions

Cook the onions tender in two waters, drain them and cut them into small pieces. Grease a pudding dish, put a thick layer of the onions in the bottom of this, strew salt and pepper over them and bits of butter. Over these sprinkle crumbs and moisten the layer with milk. Repeat the process, and when the dish is full make a top layer of crumbs plentifully sprinkled with little pieces of butter. Bake covered half an hour, uncover and brown.

Savory Rice—No. 1

Boil the rice in plenty of boiling water until the grains are soft, although still retaining their shape. Turn into a hot dish and pour over it a big cupful of well-seasoned gravy, lifting the rice with a fork that the sauce may go all through it. This is especially nice when made with giblet gravy.

"Open the can half an hour before needed."

Savory Rice—No. 2

Prepare as in the foregoing recipe, but pour tomato sauce over it instead of the gravy, stirring a large tablespoonful of grated cheese into the sauce. Stew more grated cheese over the top and set the dish in the oven for five minutes before it goes to the table.

Baked Cabbage

Boil cabbage until it is tender, changing the water when the cabbage is half done. Chop it fine and put with it 2 beaten eggs, 2 tablespoonfuls of melted butter, ¾ of a cup of milk, salt and pepper to taste. Put into a buttered pudding dish, strew crumbs on the top, dot with bits of butter and bake to a good brown. If you wish, you may sprinkle a little grated cheese on over the crumbs.

Fricasseed Cabbage

Cook together a tablespoonful each of butter and flour, pour upon them a cup of milk, cook to a smooth sauce, season with salt and paprika, stir into this 3 cupfuls of boiled and chopped cabbage. Make it very hot and serve.

Marion Harland

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

IMPORTANT NOTICE

BECAUSE of the enormous number of letters sent to the Exchange, I must ask contributors to limit their communications to 100 words, except in cases of formulas or recipes which require greater space. I want all my correspondents to have a showing in the Corner, and if my request in this respect is complied with, it will be possible to print many more letters.

Rhubarb for Rheumatism

WILL you tell the correspondent who recommended rhubarb root for rheumatism that the prescription is worth its weight in gold? It has done for me what hundreds of dollars had failed to do. In fact, I think the continued use of it with my raw egg and lemon juice daily has entirely cured me of the painful malady from which I had suffered long and much.

Let me add for the benefit of those troubled with varicose veins that this same rhubarb root will be very helpful to them. Let them eat an inch of it every night, and in a month (or less) they will forget the swollen veins entirely. No outward application will work the change effected by this, which acts directly upon the blood.

I speak from experience, having had varicose veins in their worst form for years. I believed that I could not walk without two elastic stockings. I do not wear them now, and the veins no longer trouble me unless, when I overdo, standing or stitching on the machine. For a long, long time I could not use the sewing machine at all, my legs were so painful.

This treatment requires time and patience, particularly when one has been accustomed to drugs, as I had been.

I wish that this may do others as much good as it has done me.

M. E. G. (Boston, Mass.).

One mother whom I know tells me that her materia medica has, with experience, narrowed down to four simple prescriptions. The chief of these is a mixture of rhubarb *and soda*. The soda corrects disorders of the stomach; the rhubarb, as the gentlest of aperients, removes clogging and irritating matter from the system and acts—still gently—upon the blood. Our correspondent would seem to have arrived by different pathways at the same end. Rhubarb is one of nature's best simples.

Individual Diets

Will you not take pity upon us and tell us if there are recognized authorities among those who lay down rules for a proper diet?

Do give us a short—a very short—bibliography on the subject of diet! What are we to eat, without sinning against health laws, and what should we leave untouched?

I heard but yesterday of a woman lecturer in one of our large cities—a woman who has a national reputation and who would be by very many regarded, I suppose, as a prime authority—saying that two pounds of sugar should last a family for a year! When naked how one could make cake upon that allowance, she retorted: "Cake? Do I look like one who eats cake? I should not be here to tell the tale if I ate cake!"

She went on to warn meat eaters to be sparing in the use of sugar.

On the other hand, a recent magazine article upon the drink habit declares that careful scientific experiments show that alcoholic stimulants, so far from giving one increased muscular strength, decidedly decrease it, while small doses of sugar have the desired effect. Other magazine essays tell of experiments made by the German army, proving that sugar was of great help in sustaining the vigor of soldiers in forced marches, and that it would hereafter be issued as part of their rations.

Such discordant theories, upon this subject in particular, and upon many others, are constantly confronting the distracted housewife. Yet she feels that she has vital need of a few plain and settled principles. Where is she to find them, and by whom are they laid down?

I have faith to believe that you will speak with authority upon the vexed question.

DISTRACTED (Sparta, Wis.).

A man of wide experience in the scientific world, and who had a cool, "level" head, used to say that "Every radical is more or less of a fool. We can't do without radicals," he was wont to explain. "They are the pioneers who blaze the way for those who know how to make use of discovery and invention. As a class, they are notoriously unpractical, and lack the balance wheel of sober judgment."

What might be called "the hobby-jockey" in the line of reforms of all kinds comes under this head. One man finds that coffee disagrees with him, and jumps to the conclusion that it is rank poison to every human stomach. Another is made ill whenever he eats lobster or crabs. Ergo, shellfish are unfit for the diet of any man or woman. He would make the sale of them unlawful. Your woman lecturer belongs to the hobby-jockey guild. All scientific writers agree that sugar has nutritive qualities, and that the craving for saccharine matter is a natural and proper instinct. That one person in every 10,000 cannot assimilate it without discomfort, or dislikes sweets of all sorts, does not disprove the universal rule. That some children and a few old people have an abnormal craving for candy and other saccharine comestibles does not discount the value of a judicious use of the same in our food.

Sugar is nourishing; it contains an agreeable combination of acid and alkali which corrects gross fats in the dietary. Hence fruit jellies are served with meats, and sugar or candies with nuts make them digestible to those with whom they disagree when eaten alone.

You ask if there is any fixed authority upon this subject of what to eat and what to leave alone. There are general rules for the guidance of normal appetites. For sporadic cases and abnormal cravings there is no guide except individual experience. I cannot specify any one article of human food that is warranted to agree with everybody.

English Plum Pudding

And still another P"ton come to judgment upon the plum pudding question!

Some time ago I saw an article in the Exchange respecting English plum pudding. Sundry recipes for the same have appeared later. Among these was a criticism of the use of carrots in the genuine pudding, dear to the palate and memory of every English-born reader.

Now, as an English Londoner and foodmaker of twenty-six years' standing, fifteen of which have been spent in America, and in defense of the good old national dainty, I should like to say this is the first time I ever heard of putting potatoes in it.

Carrots? Yes! and they are a fine addition to it, if it be made O. K. We also make a carrot pudding proper, and it is delicious. I will send formula if you wish it. I likewise inclose a pudding recipe, which, while it calls for Valencia raisins, imported sultanas, English mixed spices and Jamaica rum, may be made equally good with our California seeded fruits.

This was given to the writer by Mrs. Stevenson, cook to A. W. Peal, speaker of the house of parliament.

English Plum Pudding

Two and a half pounds of Valencia raisins, seeded; the same quantity of imported sultanas; 3 pounds of currants; ¾ of a pound of citron peel; ½ pound each of orange and lemon peel; 4 pounds of beef kidney suet, chopped, not ground; 5 ounces of cream of tartar baking powder; 12 eggs; 3 pints of milk; 2½ pounds of granulated sugar; 3 pounds of flour; 3 pounds of raw ground carrots; 1 ounce of fine salt; 1 ounce of ground quill cinnamon and the same of ground cloves; ¼ ounce of nutmeg; ¾ of an ounce of allspice; 3 ounces of Jamaica rum. This last ingredient may be omitted if you wish.

Mix in the usual way into medium-sized puddings. Tie loosely in cloths and boil from 6 to 8 hours.

Serve with or without brandy sauce.

R. G. A. (Haywards, Cal.).

It is a pity you did not add to your sprightly letter and valuable recipe instructions as to what number of "medium-sized puddings" may be made from the bountiful supply of materials here cataloged. For a private family, these would work up into an appalling sum total.

Insects on Geraniums

Keeping house in these days brings untimely gray hairs to many of us. In my case it does, I am sure. I am trying, without increase of income, to keep within my allowance and feed my four growing children upon what they crave and need. I side with those who think it almost impossible to manage upon four or five dollars per week in providing for the table. It may be done in farming countries, where the prices of eggs, butter and vegetables are not so high as with us. We raise nothing but copper and potatoes. Naturally, everything else has to be brought from a distance and brings high prices.

I had some fine geraniums in the garden, and thought I would try to keep them all winter in the house. After being indoors four weeks, they began to lose their leaves, and I see they are covered with tiny green insects. What can I do to save them?

A WELL WISHER AND CONSTANT READER (Calumet, Mich.).

I cannot lift the high prices, although I remark, in passing, that we whose habitations are not set in mining regions have an idea that "copper" stands for wealth.

I think I may be able to help you with the geraniums. If you have a hot-air furnace and burn gas in your rooms, the falling leaves are accounted for. And the insects ("aphides" in scientific parlance) breed fast in heated rooms. Set the pots in a large closet from which you have removed clothing—or provisions. Break two great handfuls of refuse tobacco into an iron vessel and set it on fire. When you are getting a good thick "smudge" from the ignited weed, shut the closet-door and do not open it again for twelve hours. By then the tobacco will have burned into cold ashes and every trace of insect life will be destroyed. The plants will not be harmed by the fumes. Sweep up the dead aphides and burn their remains. Take your geraniums into the bathroom and water the earth in the pots with a very weak mixture of soft water and household ammonia—allowing a tablespoonful to the gallon. This will refresh the soil and kill the eggs of the pests that may be in the earth. When this has been done, spray the foliage abundantly with pure water from a watering pot held some feet above the plants.

Restore them to their sunny window. Geraniums require more sun than a majority of house plants.

Coffee Cake

One egg, ½ cup of sugar and the same of sweet milk, 1 tablespoonful of melted butter, ½ teaspoonful of salt, 2 teaspoonfuls of baking powder, ½ cupful of flour.

Spread lightly and evenly over the top of the cake, before baking, this mixture: A teaspoonful of melted butter, 3 tablespoonfuls of sugar and 1 teaspoonful of cinnamon. Mix well together.

The oven should not be quite as hot as for biscuits.

Oatmeal Cookys

Cream ¾ of a cup of butter with 1 cupful of sugar, add 3 well-beaten eggs, ½ teaspoonful of salt, 1 teaspoonful of cinnamon, ¾ of a teaspoonful of baking powder sifted with 2 cupfuls of flour.

To the above add 3 cupfuls of uncooked oatmeal and 1 cupful of seeded raisins, or half raisins, half nuts, chopped rather coarsely.

Bake in a moderate oven.

A word of explanation may be necessary in connection with the second of these recipes.

The batter, or dough, will be very stiff when all the ingredients are in, and cannot be rolled like that for other cookys. Dip up a little in a spoon and, with well-floured hands, pat and mold into shapes. These may be as large or as small as you like. Lay in a well-buttered pan, not too close together. If they run together in the pan when baked they may be cut into any size and shape, and if somewhat irregular in form they taste as good as if they were more shapely.

G. B. (Nelson, Ga.).

To Pickle Olives

Will you please publish a recipe for pickling olives?

A CALIFORNIA HOUSEMOTHER (Los Angeles, Cal.).

I am so fortunate as to be able to repeat here a recipe for which we had to thank a California woman a year ago. She vouches for the correctness of the formula.

A can of lye to ten gallons of olives; dissolve lye and mix very well with the water (enough to cover the fruit) before putting in the olives. Otherwise the alkali may blister them. Leave in the lye four days. Then cut into an olive to see if the pit is colored. If so, the lye has penetrated to the core. Lay in fresh cold water to extract the lye. Leave in this for ten days, changing the water three times a day.

German Cakes

In further responses to querists we give some German recipes:

Loeb-Kuchen

1 quart of N. O. molasses or honey; ¼ pound of citron, cut very fine; ¼ pound of almonds; the rind of two lemons; 2 tablespoonfuls of butter; 2 of powdered cinnamon and 1 of powdered cloves; 5 cents' worth of cardamom seed; 1 even teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in a little milk; enough flour to roll out. Cut into strips three inches long and two wide. Allow plenty of space in the pan when baking. When cold, ice them, flavoring with vanilla.

HOUSEWIFELY (Chicago).

(To be continued.)

Requested Recipe

Herewith please find recipe for Spanish soup asked for by "C. B. Z." (San Francisco, Cal.).

Spanish Soup

Soak a pound of white beans overnight. Next morning, boil tender. Add one large white cabbage cut up small; a bit of bacon; a whole red pepper and some salt. Boil slowly one hour. Heat some drippings in a saucepan and fry in it a sliced onion. Put this into the soup, a little at a time. Stir steadily with a wooden spoon. A little olive butter and a small clove of garlic make this as near as may be like that served in Spain.

M. C. F. (Chicago, Ill.).

A novel recipe for which we are grateful debtors. It bears authenticity upon the face. That clove of garlic is a Spanish touch. Our taste would hardly approve the unskimmed fat that must rise to the surface.

"Snowballs"

I saw a request in the Exchange for "snowballs" and for liquid bluing. I offer two recipes, both of which I know to be good. Also, one for homemade baking powder, which I have used for years and know to be always trustworthy. I should like to put in a petition for sour-cream salad dressing.

I hope these may help a little. In obedience to your injunction, I have made them as brief as possible.

Snowballs

One-quarter of a cup of butter; ¾ of a cup of sugar; 3 cups of flour; ½ cup of milk; the whites of 2 eggs; 2 level teaspoonfuls of baking powder.

Cream butter and sugar; add milk, flour and baking powder; finally, the whites of 2 eggs beaten stiff. Steam in buttered cups for three-quarters of an hour. Serve with strawberries or any crushed fruit.

Liquid Bluing

Two ounces of soluble bluing, 1 quart of water.

Baking Powder

Half a pound of cream of tartar; ¼ cup of baking soda; ½ cup of cornstarch. Sift several times. Keep in a jar with a close cover and in a dry place.

Mrs. J. R. N. (Buffalo, N. Y.).

You set an example of brevity and explicitness worthy of imitation. I could print ten times as many recipes as I now have room for if each were severely edited and "boiled down" by the writers before mailing it.

I have but one criticism of your work to submit. Since you weigh the cream of tartar, it would be well to do the like with the soda. Cups vary in size. A safe rule in preparing baking powders is half as much of the alkali as you have of the acid. The old recipes used before baking powders were thought of read: "One teaspoonful of soda to two of cream of tartar."

Reading Matter for Shut-Ins

I want the address of the shut-in who desires literature—reading matter—and who can afford to pay transportation charges. I have a quantity of periodicals and magazines—good—which I should be glad to have somebody enjoy.

Mrs. T. R. K. (Uvalde, Tex.).

We cannot identify that particular shut-in unless you can give us the signature attached to the application. In the hope that he or she may recognize himself or herself from your description, or that some other book-hungry invalid may apply for the gift, I insert the generous offer.

When Preserving Eggs

Kindly let me know what proportion of water glass is used in one gallon of water in order to preserve eggs for winter use.

Mrs. J. E. R. (Beresford, S. D.).

Allow 14 parts of water to 1 of "waterglass" (silicate of soda). Mix thoroughly; pour into a stone crock in which you have packed the eggs, small ends upward. The liquid must cover the eggs an inch deep. Fit on a close cover and keep in a cool place.

A Home Wanted

I am requested to insert the following. Without going into particulars, I commend the lonely woman to whom the prospect of companionship is alluring to send to me for the address of the weary girl.

A minister's daughter wants rest from office work. She would like to receive an offer from some respectable, lonely woman of free board in return for a companion's services and society.

L. M. C. (Demopolis, Ala.).

P. S.—Kindly let me have address of Mrs. J. B. W. (Flagstaff, Ariz.).

The address for which you ask is not at our service. If "Mrs. J. B. W." is willing that we should pass it over to you she will please notify us of her acquiescence in the proposal.

When Traveling at Night

I expect to take a journey and to spend one night in a sleeper. Disrobing what garments are removed? Is a nightgown worn with a kimono over it?

Mrs. B. O. M. (Rockford, Ill.).

The best garment to wear is a double dressing gown that will be both loose and warm. Remove, in the dressing room, your tighter undergarments; put them into the "sac de nuit" you have taken from your seat in the car into the retiring room. Put on the neat wrapper, belted to the figure, and slip back to your berth. Once behind the curtain, you dispose of your bag at the foot of the berth and go comfortably to bed.

Culture

THUS there is a climbing scale of culture, from the first agreeable sensation which a sparkling gem or a scarlet stain affords the eye, up through fair outlines and details of the landscape, features of the human face and form, signs and tokens of thought and character in manners, up to the ineffable mysteries of the intellect.

Wherever we begin, thither our steps tend; an ascent from the joy of a horse in his trappings, up to the perception of Newton, that the globe on which we ride is only a larger apple falling from a larger tree; up to the perception of Plato, that globe and universe are rude and early expressions of an all-dissolving unity—the first step on the scale to the temple of the mind.—Emerson.

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Services Next Sunday.

Presbyterian Church

Services will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next. Morning service, 11 a.m.; Evening service, 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. You are cordially invited to join our Bible Class.

S. H. SARKISSIAN, Pastor.

Methodist Church

Services on Sunday next: Service at 11 a.m., Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p.m.; Evening Service, 7:30 p.m.

F. J. Rutherford, Pastor.

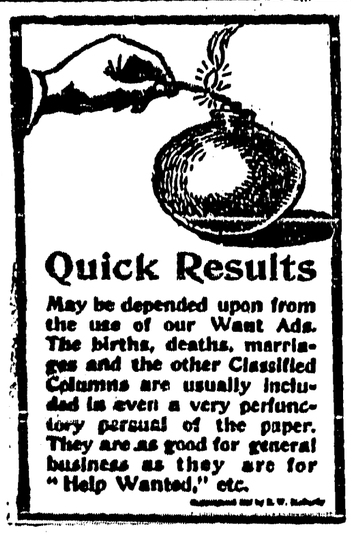
LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

The Review building is receiving a coat of paint, and will shortly be further embellished with a gold letter sign, advertising the home of the great family weekly of the Creston District.

For Rent.—100 acres of land suitable for Dairy, Poultry and Hog Farming situated within 1½ miles of five large Mines. House. Barn, etc. Easy terms Apply C. P. Hill. Hillcrest Mines, Alberta. 15-tf

We understand that a deal is being closed this week for a ten acre lot in Block 55.

One of the coming events of this year is a General Election, it being thought in political circles that Sir Wilfred Laurier will dissolve the House and go to the country, on the reciprocity agreement.



Quick Results

May be depended upon from the use of our Want Ads. The births, deaths, marriages and the other Classified Columns are usually included in even a very perfunctory perusal of the paper. They are as good for general business as they are for "Help Wanted," etc.

Work on the new Canadian Bank of Commerce building is expected to be commenced early this spring, and the erection of this large business block on the central site on Canyon Street, will constitute a notable addition to the architectural appearance of the town. The plans have not yet been published, but the building will doubtless be well up to the high standard of the business premises erected by this great financial corporation in other growing cities of the west.

FOUND—A scarf pin, blazed with the mystic letters "A.O.U.W." The United Workman, who has lost this neat pin, can secure same on proving ownership to Sam Hatfield, at the Creston Barber Shop, and setting 'em up for the crowd.

The Apron Bazaar of the Ladies Auxiliary of the Presbyterian Church has been postponed until some date in April which will be announced later in the columns of this paper.

For Sale.—320 acres of crown-granted excellent Fruit Land on Kootenay Lake, Lot 913. Apply, C. P. Hill, Hillcrest Mines, Alberta 15-th

C. O. Rodgers went to Nelson on Tuesday on a business trip.

Seed Potatoes for Sale—A few extra good seed potatoes of the Bovee and Manitoba Wonder variety. These are fine cooking and keeping potatoes and are quite early. Samples can be seen at Mr. S. A. Speers store, also at the Creston Mercantile Co. Price 3½ cents per pound. O. P. Wisler.

Mr. Riel, father of C. P. Riel, has sold his residential property on Fourth Street to a resident of Medicine Hat who will move his family here at once. Mr. Riel will likely leave in a short time for Alberta where he and his son George, will take up homestead lands.

Have you tried the "Rising Sun" flour at the Cheap Cash Store. T. D. Bunce.

If you want the best in hats, see our line of J. B. Stetsons, direct from the factory. S. A. Speers.

The fight bug has bitten several of the young men of Creston again. The discovery of another "White hope" in Creston is one of the coming events which is casting its shadow before.

MUSIC.—Miss Johnson is prepared to take a limited number of pupils for tuition in music. For terms apply to J. K. Johnson, residence on Victoria Avenue.

The Review understands that a movement is on foot to organiza a lodge of "Oddfellows," there being many members of this great order in the Creston District.

The newest patterns and all shades in prints can be had at Speers Store.

M. C. Wisler, a practical sign writer and painter, has embarked upon a painting and signwriting business, his store is on Sirdar Avenue. See his ad elsewhere in this issue.

PIANO.—New at railway station near Creston, will be sacrificed for $250 cash. Never been used. Lady unable to keep it.—Apply in first instance Mrs. A. G. MUNGEAM, 2040, Columbia street, Vancouver, B.C.

Spring is here, order your spring costume from Madame Garrett, the dressmaker, Victoria Avenue, opposite the Methodist Church.

Mr. J. Petty, inspector of the Great West Insurance Co., spent the major portion of the week in Creston in the interests of his company, which is one of the foremost life insurance companies in Canada.

Money to loan on ranch or town property at low rate of interest. Apply to Johnson & Scruton at Review Office.

TO RENT.—A three roomed cottage, at $8 per month. Apply to the REVIEW Office.

6 Year Old Girl

CURED OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Mrs. Alex. Moore, of James St, Oxford, N. S., says: "Booth's Kidney Pills cured our little daughter, Christian, age six years, of many symptoms of kidney weakness. She complained of a sore back, the kidney secretions were frequent and uncontrollable, especially at night. Her stomach was weak and her appetite poor. This caused her to have frequent headaches, and the least exertion would tire her. We had tried many remedies, but she did not improve Finally we learned of Booth's Kidney Pills and procured a box. In a short time she was well and does not now complain about her back, the kidney secretions have become normal, and she plays around the house with no apparent fatigue. We always recommend Booth's Kidney Pills."

Booth's Kidney Pills

Booth's Kidney Pills carry a guarantee that if you derive no benefit your money will be refunded. Booth's Kidney Pills are a specific for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. Sold by all druggists, 50c. box, or postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by the Creston Drug & Book Co.

By a typographical error, the name of Mrs. Spiker was omitted from the list of guests who were present at the Card Party at the Brown home last Wednesday evening.

Have you seen the assorted stock of Enamel ware at Ed. F. Johnson's hardware store on Fourth St.? If not drop in and inspect for yourself.

For the newest lasts and perfect fitting shoes, see our line of fine shoes. S. A. Speers.

R. Lamont is making rapid progress with his store house building and expects to have same completed by the end of this week.

FOR SALE.—Lots 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Block 3, Dow's Addition. Send offer to owner, Mrs. W. Wilson, 551 Fifth Street, Brandon, Manitoba.

Hyomei

A Breatheable Remedy for Catarrh

The rational way to combat Catarrh is the Hyomei way, viz: by breathing. Scientists for years have been agreed on this point but failed to get an antiseptic strong enough to kill catarrh germs and not destroy the tissues of the membrane at the same time, until the discovery of Hyomei (pronounced High-o-me).

Hyomei is the most powerful yet healing antiseptic known. Breathe it through the inhaler over the inflamed and germ-ridden membrane four or five times a day, and in a few days the germs will disappear.

A complete Hyomei outfit, including the inhaler costs $1.00 and extra bottles, if afterwards needed, cost but 50 cents. Obtainable from your druggist or postpaid from The R. T. Booth Co, Ltd, Fort Erie, Ont. Hyomei is guaranteed to cure asthma, croup, sore throat, coughs, colds or grip or refund your money back. Sold and guaranteed by the Creston Drug & Book Co.

NOTICE

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 22nd day of April, 1911, at 5 p.m., for the purchase of Block 27, Subdivision of Lot No. 541, Group one New Westminister District, situated in the City of Vancouver, and being the site of the old Provincial Court House. Each tender must be enclosed in a registered letter and must be addressed to the undersigned, and plainly marked "Tender for old Vancouver Court House Site," and must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for ten per cent of the first payment of the purchase money. Payment for the property will be accepted in installments of one-quarter of the purchase money. The first of such installments to be paid within thirty days after the acceptance of the tender, and the other three annually thereafter, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. In the event of the person whose tender is accepted failing to complete the first installment within thirty days of the notice of such acceptance the sale to him will be cancelled and his ten per cent deposit forfeited. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. No commissions of any kind will be allowed.

WILLIAM R. ROSS, Minister of Lands.
Department of lands, Victoria B.C.
March 7th, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay

Take Notice that I, Emma Ferguson, of Nelson, B.C., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of Summit Creek, about 100 feet south of road post No. 495, and about one-half mile south-westerly from the mouth of Topaz Creek, thence 20 chains north, thence 20 chains east, thence 20 chains south, thence 20 chains west, to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

Dated January 3rd, 1911
EMMA FERGUSON, Applicant
22-32 EDWARD FERGUSON, Agent.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Walter Demer, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted at the S. W. corner of Tom Charles' location about six (6) miles in a S. W. direction from the S. W. corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence running South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and contains 640 acres more or less.

WALTER DEMER, Applicant
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 11, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mike Flannigan, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N.W. corner of Lot 4275 on East side of Mosquito Creek, being the Northeast corner thence South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MIKE FLANNIGAN, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay

Take notice that I, John Kyle, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northwest corner of Lot 9323 being the Northeast corner, thence running South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

JOHN KYLE, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 22, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Wm. R. McWhirter, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted on the East shore of Mosquito Lake at or near the Northwest corner of Lot 8402 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains along shore of said lake, thence East 40 chains, South 80 chains and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

WILLIAM R. MCWHIRTER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 21, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, James Morrison, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N.W. corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of M. Flannigan's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

JAMES MORRISON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay

Take notice that I, Alfred Reganburg, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N. W. corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of M. Flannigan's location, thence North 20 chains, East 40 chains, South 20 chains and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 80 acres more or less.

ALFRED REGANBURG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Elphrata Harris, of Carson, Washington, occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Southwest corner of Lot 8149, being the Southeast corner, thence running North 40 chains, West 80 chains, South 80 chains, East 80 chains and North 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

ELPHRATA HARRIS, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 16, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Otho Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation House Decorator, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about two and a half (2½) miles in a Southwesterly direction from the S. W. corner of Lot 9323, being the Northwest corner, thence running South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

OTHO RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February, 9, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Pearl Peltier, of Algoma, Washington, occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains East of the Southwest corner of Lot 8176, being the Northeast corner, thence South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

PEARL PELTIER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 21, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Tom Charles, of Patterson, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted about six (6) miles in a Southwesterly direction from the S.W. corner of Lot 9323 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains, from a point about 10 chains West of where said post is planted, thence East 80 chains, South 80 chains, and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

TOM CHARLES, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 11, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Nellie Stark, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Nurse, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains East of the southwest corner of Otho Ralston's location and about four miles in a southwesterly direction from the Southwest corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence running South 40 chains, East 40 chains, North 40 chains, and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

NELLIE STARK, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 9, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, William Rumley, of Patterson, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Southeast corner, thence running North 80 chains, West 60 chains, South 40 chains, East 40 chains, South 40 chains, and East 20 chains to point of commencement and containing 480 acres more or less.

WILLIAM RUMLEY, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mamie Long, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about three (3) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of Harry Brauer's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 20 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 20 chains, to point of commencement and containing 160 acres more or less.

MAMIE LONG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mary Bilfor, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about four (4) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 on West side of Mosquito Creek South of and adjoining James Morrison's location, thence South 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MARY BILFOR, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Stella Warson, of Rossland, B. C., occupation Spinister, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about four (4) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275, South of and adjoining James Morrison's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

STELLA WARSON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, N. H. Platt, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains West of the Northeast corner of Lot 8174, being the Southwest corner, thence running North 40 chaint, East 80 chains, South 40 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less. Located this 18th day of January, 1911.

NETTIE H. PLATT, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 18, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Oliver J. Long, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Contractor, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about one (1) mile in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 and about 10 chains West of West Bank of Mosquito Creek, thence North 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

OLIVER J. LONG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 14, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Samuel W. Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Photographer, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Southwest corner of Lot 8148, being the S.E. corner, thence running North 80 chains, West 40 chains, South 80 chains and East 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

SAMUEL W. RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 19, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Harry Brauer, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Diamond Driller, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about three (3) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275, West of Mosquito Creek, thence south 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

HARRY BRAUER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Ring up phone No. 85, Ed. F. Johnson when you need an experienced plumber.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mabel Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Schoolteacher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains, East 80 chains, South 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MABEL RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take Notice that I, Laura A. Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

LAURA A. RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

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