All Roads in East and West Kootenay Lead to Creston

ALL THE NEWS of the CRESTON DISTRICT

THE CRESTON REVIEW

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3RD YEAR. CRESTON, B.C., FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1911 SINGLE COPIES 5c.

APR 1 1911 VICTORIA, B. C.

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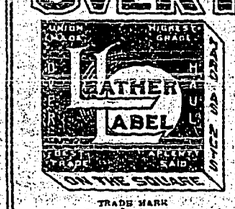

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S. A. Speers

Creston B. C.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

The Government road work will commence for the season on the 1st of April. The first work to be undertaken will be the grading of Gurd Avenue, and the erection of the bridge across the ravine, which will carry the road on to the gates of the new park.

Mr. W.E. Holmes, who, as announced in the Review some weeks ago, contemplates the erection of a country mansion on his property on Canyon Street opposite the home of Mr. W. H. Crawford, is expected to arrive in town this week. It is probable that Mr. Holmes will decide to have this mansion built of concrete blocks throughout, which will be made right on the spot, but the plans for same are not yet definitely accepted.

If you want the best in hats, see our line of J. B. Stetsons, direct from the factory. S. A. Speers.

Mr. Maurice Wisler, the signwriter and painter, left early in the week for Cranbrook to take up some contracts for painting and decorating work in R.R.Opolis.

The Creston Lumber and Manufacturing Company at Erickson, contemplates starting their saw mill up again very shortly and will clean up the material in the yard which will give them a run of about a month.

It is stated that agents of the Mexican Revolutionists are recruiting ex-veterans of the Boer War in Vancouver, at fancy wages, for service with the Insurrectos in Mexico.

For Sale or Rent—Furnished or unfurnished, that most beautiful property known as "Douglas Villa," which overlooks the Kootenay Valley, including about 5 acres of first class fruit land, also about 9 acres of bench, suitable for poultry farming. It is surrounded with all kinds of shooting, fishing, boating, and free grazing. Will sell at a sacrifice. Also other fine blocks of land for sale. Apply owner, John Darbyshire, 1312 Gladstone Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

Mr. J. Bradley, manager of the Creston Meat Market, purchased the dwelling and grounds adjoining property at the head of Victoria Avenue, formerly owned by M. Derthick, for a snug cash sum.

Mr. C. O. Rodgers has returned from a business trip to Spokane.

Just arrived at the Drug Store, a supply of Services New Book, also school supplies and new books for the loaning library.

Mr. Harry Leonard is back in town, having completed his painting contracts at Lethbridge.

The K.P.'s are figuring on giving a grand ball sometime during Easter.

Jacob Smith has commenced the erection of his new business premises on Wilson Avenue, next to the Review Office.

Seed Potatoes for Sale—A few extra good seed potatoes of the Bovee and Manitoba Wonder variety. These are fine cooking and keeping potatoes and are quite early. Samples can be seen at Mr. S. A. Speers store, also at the Creston Mercantile Co. Price 3½ cents per pound O. P. Wisler.

An unconfirmed rumor is current this week that the Great Northern Railway is contemplating building a substantial depot at the Great Northern crossing below the town.

Now that spring has arrived it would be a good thing to clean up the back yard before an epidemic breaks out. Now you spring cleaners, get busy.

Mr. R. Lamont, the enterprising real estate dealer, has now completed the erection of the storehouse on his property, twenty acres, close to town, and has placed his supplies of powder and tools in the building pending the commencement of his work of clearing up this property. It is possible that Mr. Lamont will make a trip to the Coast before he proceeds with the stump blowing, but in the meantime the addition of this nice building has materially added to the appearance of these holdings. Mr. Lamont is now busy making and planting a large number of new sign boards, with appropriate advertisements of the possibilities of the Kootenay Valley lands, in which he is interested.

Mr. Otis Wisler has taken over the management of the Creston Clothing House and will hereafter be sole manager of this business. The Creston Clothing House expects to open very shortly in new premises on Wilson Avenue next the new bakery and confectionery being erected by Mr. Jacob Smith.

Robert Laurie contemplates moving to Calgary at once. He says that Calgary is a veritable vortex of business activity and he expects to do well there. Mr. Geo. Laurie, who went to Calgary last year, is reported to be making things go some.

The Review understands that the Government has finally accepted the resignation of J. K. Johnson as Magistrate at Creston under the circumstances detailed in our last week's issue.

A large drove of cattle accompanied by their Indian owners and with Luke driving a load of fodder, passed the Review Office enroute for Cranbrook on Tuesday afternoon last. The crowd was followed by a number of the sportative dogs for which Creston is famous.

W. K. Gunn has accepted a position of timekeeper with the C. P. R. land clearing department under E. Mallandaine and left for Cranbrook on Monday last.

Toney Maribelli, brother of Alex. Maribelli, who has spent the past winter at his old home in Sunny Italy, will sail for America in the early part of April and will likely reach Creston towards the end of next month.

YAHK NOTES

These days Yahk is frequently visited by slight flurrys of snow, the remnants of the passing winter.

Mr E. Mallandaine paid a visit of inspection to Yahk this week, with a view to sizing up the situation. He anticipates making sales on behalf of the C.P.R. of several blocks of land which the company have partly cleared and is very enthusiastic about the future of Yahk.

Mr. Riley is contemplating enlarging his hotel.

The King Lumber Company is making rapid headway with the construction of their logging roads. They expect to have the engine here in a few days They have a big bunch of first class logs ready for hauling. It is the intention of the company to use a donkey logging engine this summer for skidding logs.

The snow in the foothills is melting rapidly and the streams are rising.

EDUCATED INDIAN FORGES CHECKS

Red Man Tries Frenzied Finance as a Short Cut to Wealth. Tribe Make Amounts Good and Punish Offender. Hay Wire and Starvation a Substitute for Prison.

Joe Goodman, a Creston Indian, has been creating quite a sensation among the members of his tribe as well as among the residents of Port Hill the past few days. It seems that Joe, who is a bright young Indian about 21 years of age and who was educated at the Mission at Creston, last Friday forged the name of Father Beck to a $72 check which he cashed at McClure's store at Port Hill. This check was drawn on a Spokane bank. He had another check drawn in the name of Glenn Wisler of Creston for $162 which he tried to cash at the store of H. A. French at Port Hill. When in Port Hill the young Indian told various stories, one to the effect that he had a few days before had a prize fight with young Wisler of Creston and he, Joe, had won the gate receipts of $162.

Provincial Constable Gunn went to Port Hill to inquire into the case for while the crime was committed across the line he thought that possibly he might obtain some evidence that might be of use to him should a prosecution later on be started on the Canadian side. However Mr. McClure does not want to prosecute the case on either side of the line as the Indians have agreed to refund the money. The Indians will however hold the offending red man a prisoner and will punish him according to the rules of the tribe. It is stated that the punishment that the young Indian will receive at the hands of his own people will be that he will be tied up with hay wire and left without food for several days. Young Joe Goodman heretofore has had a good reputation among his own people and his actions in forging these checks has created great consternation among the people of his tribe, who are now compelled to come forward and make good the money he had spent in Creston and Cranbrook Constable Gunn informed the Indians that should Joe Goodman be found guilty of any other offenses in the near future, this forgery case might be brought up against him in addition to any other offenses that he might be charged with.

Around the Ranches

THERE'S A CHIEL AMONG YOU TAKING NOTES, AND FAITH HE'LL PRINT 'EM.

(Continued from last week)

After saying goodby to the Duperry Ranch and its energetic proprietor, we kept along the Erickson road, and driving through the Creston Lumber Company's yard with its piles of cut lumber, drew up at the Erickson Hotel.

Close to the hotel, and running on each side of the C.P.R. parallel to the high road, is a fine property consisting of about 71 acres of the choicest fruit land in the whole of the Creston Valley, owned by Messrs. G. and E. Cartwright Of this area fifteen acres have been cleared and planted partly with potatoes whilst 1100 fruit trees have also been put in. The owners are proceeding to clear up further acreage here, but clearing operations were temporarily suspended and on our arrival we found all hands busy with the important work of spraying the trees. This property was purchased by the present owners from the Dan Babbit estate, since which time, thanks to the energy displayed by the new proprietors in clearing and improving same, the land has increased in value some 200 per cent. The land around Erickson is of the highest quality, being a deep rich loamy soil, and the Cartwright Ranch is a very valuable property.

The district around Erickson has been chosen by many of the more recent settlers in the Creston Valley as a location for homes, and a typical new comer is Mr. W. H. Kemp, who last year purchased some 22 acres, distant about half a mile from the railway. Mr. Kemp lived for many years on the prairie, but he became tired of the bitter winters of the Great Northwest and decided to seek home and fortune in the famous fruit country, and glorious climate, of the Creston District.

Having installed his family in the neat white house on his new property, he at once commenced to clear up the land, and has now 7 acres in good shape and ready for planting. 3 acres of this are already under trees and Mr. Kemp is arranging to plant out the remainder with Jonathan Wealthy and Spitzenberg apples. During the interval whilst these are coming to the producing stage, he will look for his profits to carefully cultivated patches of tomatoes and cucumbers. Mr. Kemp has found the climate and conditions at Creston admirably suited to the industry in which he is engaged, and indeed so firm is his faith in the future of the fruit industry, that he has been instrumental in inducing several of his friends to take up land in the vicinity of Erickson, and expects that others will shortly be following their example. By wise investment in this garden of Eden, Mr. Kemp has laid well and truly the foundations of his future prosperity and in the years to come, as the plans of the owner are realized, the Kemp home will take its place among the many beautiful country mansions of the Creston District.

(To be continued)

NO DANGER OF APPLE GLUT

The planting of apple orchards continues throughout the country, especially here in the irrigated west and only the other day we were told of a Colorado Springs concern that is arranging to put out 18,000 trees on 300 acres in San Juan county, New Mexico, in the spring time, says "Field and Farm." Years of continued high prices, netting fortunes to the owners of producing orchards and a good deal of hot air land boom has stimulated the planting of apple trees. Thousands of acres of new orchards are coming into bearing every year and likewise quite as many trees are falling into decay or are dug out in the east so that the law of compensation keeps steadily on the job. Anxiety has been expressed that this enormous sudden expansion may produce a surplus of apples and make the industry unprofitable. There are a number of reasons why this is a most unlikely contingency. One is that only in exceptional seasons is a full crop grown throughout the United States. If this should happen, it would effect that one year only. Another reason is the continually expanding market. Every year the people indulge more and more in the luxuries of life. Fruit, sugar and similiar commodities were luxuries, but a few years ago in thousands of homes where they are now necessities. Our continually growing population serves to still further increase our capacity for consumption. There are foreign markets as yet untouched. Apples, such as grow here in the west cost fifteen cents apiece in the city of Mexico, and a franc in Paris, and are seldom to be had at that price.

Writing of their success, hundreds of fruit growers, whose sales are largely local, cite instances where very niggardly buyers have been transformed into lavish buyers by persistent offerings of the choicest fruit, says "Canada Weekly Fruit Grower." Take this home to yourself and ponder on it as a suggestion for increasing your own profits, remembering always how much greater your own craving is for luscious, well ripened specimens of the best varieties than for tasteless, carelessly selected and shiftlessly grown fruit that actually offends the taste. The habit of eating fruit will certainly develop in a family or community if the grower, dealer or marketer persistently and regularly offers the kinds that "taste like more."

J. H. Hyde of Erickson made a business trip out of town on Wednesday last.

Spring is Here!

Get your home or store re-painted and keep up with the times

We are also expert sign and house decorators

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Car load of stumping powder and dynamite about APRIL 1st

Creston Mercantile Co., Ld.

OLD TIME RAILROADING

TRIALS OF THE DAYS WHEN THE ENGINES BURNED WOOD.

They Used to Dig Peat for Fuel at Montreal—Veteran Engineer Tells of Early Life on the Old Great Western—A Man Never Knew When He Would Be Back—Anything Was Liable to Happen.

In spite of white hairs and snowy moustache, his eyes shone clear and keen as in the days when on their ceaseless vigilance depended the lives of scores of passengers. As he reminisced to a reporter a far-away look came into those once watchful orbs, and the old engineer imagined himself as of yore, back at the throttle, gazing out of the cab window at the twin ribbons of steel along whose shining course the locomotive would rush quivering like a living thing.

"Railroading. Ah! It has changed a whole lot since I first started into it as a call boy over half a century ago in England. I got my first engine when I was only nineteen years old," said the veteran with pardonable pride. "Then, soon afterwards, I emigrated to this country and joined the Grand Trunk. There was no starting in as fireman in those days and working yourself up to engineer as they do now. No, sir, leastways on the old Great Western. A man had to know all about it before ever the officials would allow him to take a train out.

"They burnt peat in those days running out of Montreal. That was back in '69," said the old railroader. "Some of the officials had got hold of the big peat bogs around about the city, and they sold it to the company, and the dirty stuff was handed out to us to fire with. Leaving St. Lambert, we had our tenders to load up with this muddy fuel; but it didn't last long. You can bet the firemen knew how to get rid of it in a hurry, for just as soon as the tender got partly empty we could load on cord wood. You should have seen the way they dumped that peat out by the cart load. It lay so thick in places along the right of way that the company sent about special trains to gather it up.

"Well, one fine day, just about the time that every fireman on the road had got good and sick of the dirty, crumbly stuff which was just a mess composed of mud and grass roots cut into little square-like bricks, some fellow on a locomotive threw a piece of blazing cotton waste right into the big stack where over a thousand tons of peat were stacked. The whole thing caught fire. There was an awful blaze, and the windows of passing cars were cracked by the heat. But that was the end of our troubles. No more peat was used on the Grand Trunk.

It was well on into the seventies before Canadian locomotives began using coal to any extent. The years '73 and '74 saw its introduction, but it was not until about '80 that it came into general use. Before that the cumbrous looking old wood-burners familiar only to the present generation from pictures, lugged the trains of box-like cars.

"Those wood-burners were all smokestack, and they were a terror for puffing out hot cinders," said the old man. "That's why the Government made them put on those wire bonnets on top of the stacks. But they were very serviceable little engines, too, though they only weighed thirty-five tons. In those days each engineer had to look after his own locomotive and try and keep it in repair. He would get down out of the cab and tighten up a nut or adjust a bearing, and generally keep his eye on the whole machine. You didn't see any hammer marks on the wheels in those days. If the big drivers showed the least dint you can bet the engineer would hear about it. We were provided with lead hammers to do our testing, so that we wouldn't mark things.

"How did you ever manage in the days before the air-brake was invented?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, we did well enough. The engineer knew his crew, and when he whistled 'on brakes,' the boys were all on the job. It certainly seems pretty crude compared with what we have nowadays—the running along over the tops of moving cars, and the twisting and turning of the old 'Armstrong' brakes on the platforms, but we seemed to get along with it.

"And let me tell you," said the old man, "up to the time of the Great Western's amalgamation with the Grand Trunk, in '80, we hadn't had a single rear-end collision on my division—St. Thomas to the Falls and Buffalo. And there was lots of freight traffic over that line then, too. That was the great stock route from the American west. In those days there were big herds of cattle on the plains, and hundreds of train loads used to pass through from Detroit east."

But if collisions were few, accidents of other kinds there were aplenty. "The St. Thomas division was built in the early seventies," said my informant, "and the road was a sure enough rough one then. There was something running off the track all the time. It was only used for freight in the beginning; and I can tell you we freight crews had our own time of it.

"A man starting out never knew just when he was going to get back. Once I was a whole week making the round trip. Just think of it. St. Thomas to the Falls and back, seven days. There were five crews tied up all near each other for over a day. We hadn't any provisions with us, and had a hard time foraging for food at one of the few settlers' houses in the vicinity. Twenty hungry men finally deserted their trains and went over in a body to a farmer's place. We were nearly starved, being a good day and a half without food, and I can tell you the pork and potatoes that farmer set out for us fairly melted away when our gang got after them."

VERSATILE M.P'S.

Members of British House Who Can Write and Draw.

British lawmakers have included men of almost every calling, from manufacturers to miners, and from barristers to "bruisers"; but we scan the lists in vein to find a painter or poet of any note. Literature has at present many worthy prose representatives; but a wooer of the Muse of poetry is as rare as a black swan or a knight of brush and palette.

In looking through the House of Commons lists for the last twenty years it is difficult to find half a dozen members who by any stretch of courtesy could be dubbed painters; and of the half dozen there are no more than three who might have made a name in art.

If Sir Herbert Maxwell had not been heir to a title and large estates there is little doubt that he would have been more famous to-day by his brush than by his clever pen. Forty years ago he was one of the most diligent and promising students at South Kensington; for seven years he worked as hard at his painting, both in oil and water color, as if his living depended on his skill; and many of his canvases, chiefly landscapes, have found places of honor on the walls of the Scottish Academy.

Sir Herbert's art covers a wide range, from cartoons worthy of Punch and book illustrations in black and white to portraits and landscapes painted all over Europe; and all of it is excellent. In his younger days he traveled thousands of miles in pursuit of his art, and he tells remarkable stories of his adventures, not the least unpleasant of them being the story of his arrest as a spy when sketching outside the ramparts of Strasburg, and being taken through the streets followed by a howling, stone-throwing mob of Germans.

Another clever artist M.P. was Lord Granby (now Duke of Rutland), who has an enormous collection of pictures of every conceivable kind, painted as far apart as Khartoum and Canada. Lord Granby began to study art as a very small boy in knickerbockers, his teacher being Mr. J. C. Schetky, marine painter in ordinary to Queen Victoria, who, he says "taught me to draw marine subjects almost exclusively, and took infinite pains to initiate me into the mysteries of rigging and nautical matters of the like nature." So industrious and gifted was the youthful student that some of his best canvases, notably "A Newfoundland Cod Boat Among Icebergs" and "A Fishing Boat," might well have made him a Royal Academician.

But, few as M.P. artists are, they are more numerous than legislative poets, the best of whom would scarcely call himself more than a stringer of rhymes. The late Sir George Trevelyan wrote many very clever and amusing verses, notably a fragment after the manner of an old Athenian comedy, entitled "The Ladies in Parliament"; while that late king of good fellows, Sir William Allan, was far fonder of writing verses in his beloved Scots dialect than he was of making speeches.

Mr. Timothy Sullivan, for ten years an Irish member, produced hundreds of poems, pleasant and musical, including a volume of prison poems, written in Tullamore jail. And was there ever a more amusing and modest versifier than Sir Wilfrid Lawson, juggler in jingles and quips, whose last volume, "Cartoons in Rhyme and Line," gave infinite delight to his many friends, and was dedicated to "the best of wives from the worst of poets"?

Birds of Great Price.

The British working-man has done more than any other class to evolve and perfect the varied types of the canary. The largest specimens barely exceed one ounce in weight, yet one breeder obtained $150 and $250 respectively for pairs of birds matched for breeding, which, in the latter case, assuming the birds to average one ounce each in weight, would amount to $175 per ounce for live canaries. Here one might think the climax was reached. Not so!

This sum had been exactly doubled previously by a Norwich firm of breeders and dealers who disposed of a remarkably fine-crested canary, universally admitted the best of the breed ever produced up to that time, for $350. The same firm bought another notable crested canary for $100 from a workingman fancier who had only been in the fancy a short time.

Perhaps one of the keenest speculations in bird-breeding was that of a fancier who bought a Lancashire hen canary for thirty shillings, and from her bred several hundreds of pounds' worth of high-class crests.

Not Popular In England.

While the United Kingdom imported 363,000,000 pounds of apples, worth $10,654,000, in 1910, the imports of the dried fruit is a negligible quantity.

Apples are not dried in Great Britain, and the British consumer does not use them to any extent. The dried apples which find their way into the London market come from the United States and Canada, and are sold to cheap boarding houses, low-priced hotels and to firms dealing in ship's stores. One dealer in this commodity suggests that in an ordinary year London imports 50,000 to 60,000 boxes of dried apples at $6 to $9.75 per box. The year just closed, however, has been far below the average in this trade, and the imports into London are estimated at 10,000 to 30,000 boxes at a price much in excess of the average given.

Asquith's Clever Wife.

Mrs. Asquith was always something of a scholar. Prof. Jowett of Oxford counted it a privilege to talk with her on matters which could only interest the greatest scholars in Europe. Paderewski knew her as a musician who had mastered both the theory and practice of harmony; whilst in the world of politics Mr. Gladstone would chat by the hour with this Scottish visitor of his, who was privileged to pass in and out of his study at Hawarden when no one else would venture to cross the threshold.

SECRETS OF THE MINT

IS QUITE A DULL, SOBER PLACE AFTER ALL.

Place Where Britain's Loose Change Is Coined Is Not a Glittering Treasure-House, But a Plain Whitewashed Interior Where Everything Is Done In the Most Orderly Manner—Weighing the Coins.

A visit to the British Mint resulted in disillusionment to a representative of The London Express. The walls of what he had in imagination pictured as a sort of Aladdin's palace he found veiled with the whitewash of respectability, their dull, grey stone giving no hint of the millions they enshrine. Childhood's idea of the Mint workman, gloating over glistening gold, with difficulty restraining his hands from filling his pockets with the "saint-seducing" metal, proved a ridiculous dream. It was a case where familiarity breeds contempt.

You start with the melting rooms—one for gold, one for silver. The process is very similar in each. In the silver melting room stands a red-hot crucible of plumbago. Workmen clad in leathern gauntlets and aprons hover amid the fitful glare. Showers of sparks scintillate.

The molten silver is tipped from the crucible into steel moulds some twenty inches long. These are placed upright in a frame, which resembles an ugly and utilitarian umbrella stand. When hardened the silver — looking like bars of chocolate done up in dirty silver paper—is removed. Each bar weighs some 15 pounds.

The rolling-rooms comes next. Metal is rolled out in long "filiets," each to the exact thickness of the coin it is destined to make. The thickness of each is equalized throughout its entire length. Drawn through two accurately adjusted rollers, it does not vary by the ten-thousandth part of an inch.

Flopping, wobbling, clashing on every side are fillets of gold—22 carat gold. They are countless, and they all look just like the long brass slats that are used for beds or brass bandmeant to support, a muslin window-blind, and very unpolished at that. Each one is worth $15,000.

These fillets are passed through a little machine, which punches out circular discs at the rate of 150 a minute. The discs must next be furnished with a projecting rim, and the still brighter bit of mechanism which attends to this splits them out at the rate of 900 a minute.

These discs are too hard to be stamped. They must first be annealed or softened. They are placed in closed cases, not unlike the interior of a coal-box. Each of these is fixed to a rung of a strong iron endless ladder. Slowly the ladder travels down into a bath of water, passes beneath the water right through the heart of a glowing furnace and the discs arise, softened and subdued, through water at the other end.

A heap of dirty yellow counters lies in each case, or they might be the flat chocolates that you buy neatly done up in bronze paper. Each box happens to contain, say $14,000, but it is difficult to be enthusiastic about it. It looks so little like what you expect $14,000 to be.

The discs are dried in sawdust, and each $14,000 is neatly placed in a sack. If you try to lift one they will impress you for the first time. The little chocolates are a good deal heavier than they look — over 50 pounds, for 935 sovereigns weigh exactly 2½ pounds.

Even were it not for the elaborate weighing arrangements which ensure that exactly the same weight of metal sent out passes through each department, to return as finished money, it is evident that shoplifting is not a pastime to be indulged in with impunity at the Mint.

You pass into a room where twenty presses worked by electricity, whizz and whirr; there is a distracting jangle of falling coin. Hungry and insatiable machines consume the unassuming little discs—as many as 120 a minute; they glide down a tube, one after another, and halt for a second at the fatal spot—the obverse die, which is on the flat; the reverse comes down with great pressure—both impressions are thus taken at once—and the collar of the die is grooved so that the expansion of the metal forces its edge into this groove, and thus produces the milling — a three-fold operation at one blow.

Like Jupiter, who transformed himself into a shower of gold to win Danae, the modest discs go up by leaps and bounds in your estimation as they gush forth into a bowl on the ground; they are sovereigns at last—gold, "bright and yellow, hard and cold." They clink and glisten in bowls on every side, and on each gleams a portrait of King George V., the head turned to the left.

It is perhaps a wise guide who hurries you on before you have time to realize the fact that you are surrounded by millions.

Behind a glass partition in the following room sits a young man who seems to have so little to do that he whiles away the time by spinning coins in the air. But that is what he is paid for. He is the "ringer," and, allowing each coin to fall on a steel slab, he detects by the ring any cracked or flawed coins.

The greatest marvel of the Mint—quiet, unsensational, but none the less marvellous for that—is yet to come. The most delicate operation of all is performed in the weighing-room. Here are twelve machines, each costing $1,250, so sensitive that each is protected by the slightest draught by a glass case. They are driven by an air-engine actuated by a motor.

At one end of a beam hangs a glass disc that is as nearly as possible the exact weight of a sovereign; at the other is a hooked pendulum whose swing is limited to the thickness of three sovereigns.

Those of correct weight drop through a slot into the middle drawer.

Sir William Van Horne on Reciprocity

Writes Following Letter Expressing His Views on Reciprocity Agreement Between U. S. A and Canada

Sir,—I regret that, having to leave for England on Thursday I shall not be able to attend the meeting of the Anti-Reciprocity League next week, and to give my views in person on the question of reciprocity. What I have to say on the subject has no reference to party politics (for I have nothing to do with politics), nor to any particular interests. I speak only as an individual, who for the past thirty years has been working heart and soul for the upbuilding of this country, and one to whom the great development of the past two decades has been a source of immense pride and satisfaction.

To my amazement and distress and shame I now see the magnificent work of a generation traded away for a vague idea or a childish sentiment—the splendid commercial and industrial position we have reached and our proud independence bartered for a few wormy plums, and I feel it my duty to join in the protest which is heard from every section of the country. Today we are in an enviable position, with a commerce three times as great per capita as that of the United States, and without a cloud in our sky save the one which has just now been raised. Does not commonsense tell us to stay where we are and let well enough alone?

Was Heavy Blow

The termination of the old reciprocity arrangement by the United States in 1866 was a heavy blow to Canada, and the fourteen years which followed were full of trials and despondency, for Canada then had no west; she was thrown back on herself by the Great Lakes, and she had not in herself a great market for the support of any manufacturing concern of any consequences. She cut her trees, and lived as best she could. During these years annexationists were bred of hopelessness and many good and honest people urged annexation as the only future open to the country. Then came, in 1879, our national policy, and factory chimneys began to appear above our tree tops and their number rapidly increased; and then came the Canadian Pacific railway opening up our great west, and from that time Canada advanced by leaps and bounds.

The United States by the McKinley tariff added brick upon brick to her wall against us, but Canada prospered more and more. She was beginning to find herself. Then came the Dingley tariff, which crowned the United States tariff wall with broken glass bottles and barbed wire, and then Canada quite found herself. Hear what Senator Beveridge, the chief mouthpiece of the administration at Washington in the reciprocity matter, says about this policy of his government: "Not the Bourbons of France in the time of Louis XVI., not the Tories of England in the period of George III. ever insisted on a policy so blind so foolish, so ruinous as that so-called statesmanship which, instead of fostering a purchasing market in Canada is making Canada a manufacturing competitor." And hear Senator Beveridge again: "There must be reciprocity with Canada. Our tariff with the rest of the world does not apply to our northern neighbor. That policy already has driven American manufacturers across the Canadian borders, built vast plants with American capital on Canadian soil, employing Canadian workmen to supply trade.

Keep Capital at Home

"That capital should be kept at home to employ American workingmen to supply Canadian demand. We should admit Canadian wood pulp and Canadian paper free in return for Canada's admitting agricultural implements, our engines, pumps and other machinery free. We should freely admit Canadian lumber to American planing mills in return for Canada's freely admitting other American manufacturing products to Canadian markets.

"We should have a special tariff arrangement with this intimate neighbor and natural customer. This would mean millions of dollars profit every year to Canada's factories. Reciprocity would mean vast increases in Canada's purchases from us."

As I said twenty years ago in speaking of this same subject of reciprocity, it is not necessary that a small boy should be a school boy to know what all this means. And if Indiana, which is a second rate state, is to gain millions by reciprocity, what millions must the great manufacturing states gain? and who would pay all these millions? Canada. What else? The other day Mr. Fielding, in a cable message to the Canadian high commissioner in London, said that for fifty years the people of Canada, and both of its political parties had wished for reciprocity. That was true of the sixties and seventies, but it has not been true since. For the past twenty years we have heard only an occasional whine from some survivor of Canada's dark age. We have heard nothing for many years back of commercial union, reciprocity, and all these fads which grew from empty pockets.

Tariff Was Accepted

The Liberal party came into power eighteen years ago. The tariff was accepted by them as a national need. It was improved in many ways and with great intelligence, and preference was given Great Britain, and our whole country applauded and was content. Thousands of miles of railway were built, and our ocean steamships increased by hundreds. Our commerce and manufactures reached a height never before dreamed of. The government, and particularly Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding, had the respect and confidence and good will of everybody, even of their political opponents. Now out of a clear sky comes Mr. Fielding, plunging like Icarus into darkness and threatening to take us all with him.

Was there ever such an exhibition of crawling and cringing as Canada's representatives have just now given at Washington?

We have heard much of the dignified attitude of our government on the subject of reciprocity—a dignified attitude which was assumed after repeated snubs. We have been told that if there was anything more to be said about reciprocity it must be said at Ottawa. But at the first sign from Washington we have seen Canada's representatives hurrying there and without consultation with one of our business interests, and apparently without consultation with their colleagues, hastily assenting to terms vitally affecting our vast and complicated trade and commerce, and perhaps involving our political future.

Serious Consequences

I refuse to believe that our honored premier was a willing party to what has been done; but whether he was or was not, the certain consequences to the country are so serious as to quite overshadow all personal considerations and these consequences should be averted somehow. Anyhow, the well-being of the country and its self-respect are at stake, and the shameful thing that is proposed is surely against the wishes of four-fifths of its people, and I doubt if it would, if clearly understood, find a dozen supporters in the dominion. It is perhaps not possible to make a tariff quite satisfactory to every community, every interest and every individual, but rightly considered, our tariff has come pretty near to this. Some of the farmers in the Canadian north west want reciprocity in the hope that it will bring them better prices for wheat and cheaper agricultural implements. It will do neither to any appreciable extent.

They should remember that our tariff wall has made them prosperous. They have only to compare our exports of wheat and flour to foreign markets with our total production of wheat to realize the extent and value of this home market. And as regards to agricultural implements they have only to compare the prices paid immediately south of the boundary to see that in most cases the American manufacturer pays the duty and the extra freight; and he can do this because the cost of his works is only a fraction of what the farmers pay, nearly all the rest going to profit and to that of the middle man. Reducing the tariff will not cheapen the implements; it will only add to the American manufacturers' profit. But if a comparison is made with the selling prices south of the boundary cash prices should be compared with cash and not cash with credit prices.

Gain Very Slight

We are told that some farmers in the maritime provinces favor reciprocity in the expectation that it will bring better prices for their potatoes and apples. All the possible gain in that way may be easily known by looking at the prevailing prices of these things in the New England states. It isn't much and our neighbors expect reciprocity to bring the prices down. On the other hand, there are easily reached and ample markets for these things where the farmer of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick may with a little effort secure twice as much as they are now getting from their potatoes and apples, and at the same time quadruple the demand by reducing the prices one-half to the consumer. Take Cuba for instance, where a barrel of potatoes yielding the Canadian farmer 75 cents reaches the consumer at seven dollars, and so with apples. The Canadian trade commissioner at Havana will verify this statement. Our farmers count on exporting potatoes and apples to the United States while these same things are exported from the United States to Cuba and elsewhere. Ontario suffered in her butter, eggs, cheese and such things until the Dingley tariff compelled a turn to other markets, which proved to be more profitable. Aside from the fisheries, of which I do not know enough to speak, I do not believe there is any industry anywhere in Canada that cannot find a way to be better off without reciprocity than with it; and with many industries the question is a vital one. And even with our codfish, judging from the prices to consumers in the West Indies and Central America, it may be well that we are, as with potatoes and apples, overlooking what might easily be made our very best market.

Cannot Correct It

Let us not run away with the idea that if we make a mistake in this matter of reciprocity we shall be able to correct it at pleasure. We may not be permitted to do it. It should be remembered that there are such things as vested interests of nations, which, real or alleged, are terribly binding upon the weaker party. When Mr. Hill has extended his seven or eight lines of railway into the Canadian northwest—lines which have for some years been resting their noses on the boundary line waiting for reciprocity or something of the kind to warrant them in crossing, and when other American channels of trade have been established, affecting our territory, and when the American millers have tasted our wheat and the American manufacturers have got hold of our markets, is it probable that we shall be permitted to recede? Not a bit of it. We are making a bed to lie in and die in.—Sincerely yours,

(Signed) W. G. VAN HORNE

Down With 'Em!

Young Lord Fairfax, in a brilliant after-dinner speech at the clubhouse in Tuxedo, praised woman.

"Down with the misogynist,' said Lord Fairfax. "Down with that cynical type of male brute who says with the Cornish fisherman:

"'Wimmens like pilchards. When 'em's bad 'em's bad, but when 'em's good, 'em's only middlin."

"My husband is just awful when he wants to find anything. You never saw a man throw clothes around the way he does." "Where did he learn to be so untidy?" "Why, he was in the New York custom house for four years."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Cobweb designs in veils are not new, but hold their popularity.

Cold coffee may make the boarder hot.

All the trains for misfortune run express.

DOCTORS TELL HOW "CUTICURA" CURED SKIN DISEASES

One says, "I have Great Faith in Cuticura Remedies." Another, "They Always Bring Results."

"I wish to let you know of a couple of recent cures which I have made by the use of the Cuticura Remedies. Last August, Mr. ——— of this city came to my office, troubled with a severe skin eruption. At first I could not understand the nature of the case. I finally traced it to his occupation, as he was a painter and decorator. It was dermatitis in its worst form. It started with a slight eruption and would affect most parts of his body—thighs, elbows, chest, back and abdomen—and would terminate in little pustules. The itching and burning was dreadful and he would almost tear his skin apart trying to get relief. I recommended all the various treatments I could think of and he spent about fifteen dollars on prescriptions but nothing seemed to help him.

"In the meantime my wife who was continually suffering with a slight skin trouble and who had been trying different prescriptions and methods with my assistance, told me she was going to get some of the Cuticura Remedies. But as I did not know much about Cuticura at that time I was doubtful whether it would help her. Her skin would thicken, break and bleed, especially on the fingers, wrists and arms. I could do nothing to relieve her permanently. When she first applied the warm baths of Cuticura Soap and applications of Cuticura Ointment she saw a decided improvement and in a few days she was completely cured.

"I lost no time in recommending the Cuticura Remedies to Mr. ———, and this was two months ago. I told him to wash with warm baths of the Cuticura Soap and to apply the Cuticura Ointment generously. Believe me, from the very first day's use of the Cuticura Remedies he was greatly relieved and to-day he is completely cured through their use. I have great faith in the Cuticura Remedies and shall always have a good word for them now that I am convinced of their wonderful merits." (Signed) B. L. Whitehead, M.D., 108 Dartmouth St., Boston, Mass., July 22, 1910.

As though in confirmation of this most convincing statement, G. M. Fisher, M.D., Big Pool, Md., writes: "My face was afflicted with eczema in the year 1897. I used the Cuticura Remedies and was entirely cured. I am a practicing physician and very often prescribe Cuticura Remedies in cases of eczema, and they have cured where other formulas have failed. I am not in the habit of endorsing patent medicines, but when I find remedies possessing true merit, such as the Cuticura Remedies do, I am broad-minded enough to proclaim their virtues to the world. I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and must say I find your Remedies A No. 1. I still find the Cuticura Remedies as good as ever. They always bring results."

Cuticura Remedies are sold by druggists everywhere. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Mailed free, on request latest 32-page Cuticura Book on the speedy treatment of skin diseases.

He Got His

Standing by the entrance of a large estate in the suburbs in Glasgow are two huge dogs carved out of granite. An Englishman going by in a hack, thought he would have some fun with the Scotch driver.

"How often, Jock, do they feed those two big dogs?"

"Whenever they bark, sir," was the straight-faced reply. — New York Times.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Miss Dixon—"No, Mr. Hixon, I do not love you, but I respect you, and I am sure you will make some excellent woman a most excellent husband."

Mr. Hixon — "Well, won't you please give me a letter of recommendation to he woman?"

Shiloh's Cure quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

Gibbs — "What makes you think they had theatres in Pharaoh's time?" Dibbs — "Didn't Joseph's brethren remove him from the family circle and put him into the pit?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Excited old lady (to car driver)—Car Driver (an Irishman, quite confidentially) — "Troth, madam, and how cud I, on twenty-one bob a week?"

GREAT TRIALS ON TRANSCONTINENTAL

ALPHONSE JONELLE TELLS TALE FILLED WITH HUMAN INTEREST

Hardships attending work brought on Kidney Diseases which threatened his life—Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him.

Chicoutimi Ville, Chicoutimi Co., Que. (Special).—The trials of those men who push the great railroads through the obstacles Nature thrusts in their way have been proclaimed in many a page of fiction. But no story ever told is of more absorbing interest or teaches a greater moral than the actual experiences of Alphonse Jonelle, foreman on the Transcontinental, and well known here.

"I contracted Kidney Disease working on the Transcontinental, where I am a foreman," Mr. Jonelle states: "My skin had a harsh, dry feeling, and it itched and burned at night. I was always tired. Then came the pangs of rheumatism, and I finally got so bad I could not attend to my work. For five years I suffered, and in the end Bright's Disease developed. Then I began the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Six boxes cured me completely. Dodd's Kidney Pills also cured my wife who was suffering from Kidney Disease."

From all parts of Canada, and every day, reports come of Kidney Disease cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. There is never a case reported where Dodd's Kidney Pills have failed. They never fail.

W. N. U., No. 837.

GILLETT'S

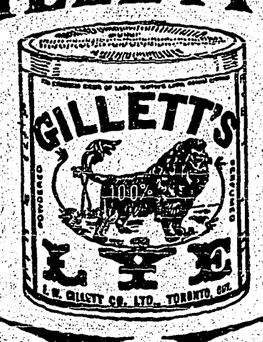
THE Standard Article

Ready for use in any quantity.

Useful for five hundred purposes.

A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.

Use only the Best.



SOLD EVERYWHERE

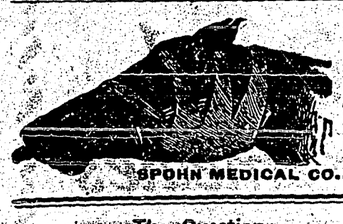
For Making Soap.

For Softening Water.

For Removing Paint.

For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE



COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE Give on the tongue or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. 50c and $1 a bottle; $6 and $11 dozen, of druggists and harness dealers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—15 years. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

The Question

Mazie—"Why, Argyl, papa would not raise his hand to a young man."

Argyl—"Does he feel the same about his feet?"

Shiloh's Cure quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents

A man may be working for all he is worth and not be worth much at that.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

"Your new butler seems clumsy." "For a butler, yes. But he may be a detective that my wife has engaged. In that case, I think he waits on table fairly well."—Washington Herald.

No Idle Time on His Hands

"Squire," asked the visiting friend, "how do you manage to occupy your time in this little village?"

The only justice of the peace in Skedunk leisurely bit off a large chunk of plug tobacco and chewed it in silence a few moments.

"Bill," he said, with a judicial solemnity, "I can beat any man in six counties pitchin' horseshoes."

To Men Who Live Inactive Lives.—Exercise in the open air is the best tonic for the stomach and system generally, but there are those who are compelled to follow sedentary occupations and the inactivity tends to restrict the healthy action of the digestive organs and sickness follows. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills regulate the stomach and liver and restores healthy action. It is wise to have a packet of the pills always on hand.

You can't always tell how glad a man may be to see you by the way he shakes hands.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp

The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

THE STEADY WHITE LIGHT

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

Appleford Counter Check Book Company, Limited.

Factory and Offices: HAMILTON, ONT.

(Not in the Trust.)

The best equipped factory for producing Counter Check Books in Canada.

Capacity 50,000 Counter Check Books per Day.

We are supplying the Largest users of Counter Check Books in Canada with our "IMPERIAL BOOKS."

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY, LIMITED.

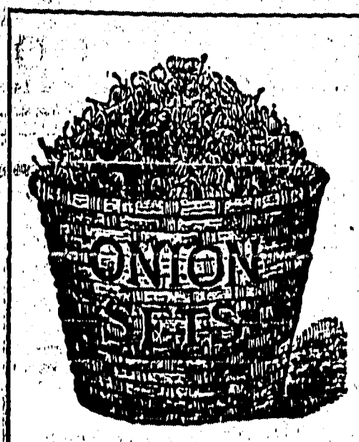
WHEN IT COMES TO PAPER BAGS and MATCHES

We are everywhere with the standard goods. Paper and Matches are our specialties. Let us know your wants—we'll do the rest.

The E.B. Eddy Co. Ltd

HULL, CANADA

TEES & PERSSE, LIMITED, Agents, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Fort William and Port Arthur.



BRUCE'S SEEDS SATISFY

Established 61 Years.

The excellence of our Stocks, which are carefully tested for purity and germination, our long experience and connection with the best Growers of the World, and the great care exercised in every detail of our business is the secret of our success. All we ask is a Trial Order.

SPECIAL OFFER.

We offer the best grade of Onion Sets as follows:

Dutch Sets, White..	30c quart
Dutch Sets, Yellow	25c quart
Top or Button Onions	35c quart
Multipliers, English Potato,	30c quart
Multipliers, White Potato,	30c quart
Mutipliers, Shallots.	25c quart
Heaped Measure. All Post Paid.	

Bruce's Seeds are Cheapest because they are the best.

FREE—Our handsomely illustrated 164-page catalogue of Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Poultry Supplies, Garden Implements, etc., for 1911. Send for it.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario

Established Sixty-one Years

FARM HINTS

Varied Items of Interest to the Farming Community.

BULLS.

Any man who pretends to feel an interest in his live stock, should guard well the health of the bull which heads his herd.

A sickly, ill-kept and half-starved bull will only give in return a like bunch of calves.

Good feed, good care and plenty of exercise are absolutely necessary to guarantee thrift and vigor to a sire.

One of the quickest and surest ways to make the herd deteriorate is to be lax in attention to your bull.

Hogs.

More than half the hogs raised in this western country never get the treat to good clean bedding.

Filthy pens with damp hard floors are an indication of slovenness on the part of the owner, and in addition to this shows very little forethought on his part.

It is generally thought that the pig is not a clean animal—this is a mistake. If given half a chance, the pig would demonstrate otherwise, and then too, as far as the farmer was concerned, he would find he was undoubtedly repaid by an increased price when he took his stock to market.

Brood Sows.

Along about March and April each year the complaints are pretty general with many farmers about tough luck they have had with their brood sows—small litters and a sickly-looking bunch of pigs.

The farmer then realizes his mistake in not making the proper selection of his brood sows before the winter began. He also figures that the sire wasn't much good either. He does not, however, figure that very little bedding and damp floors had a great deal to do with his present misfortune. Seldom do we ever count our own errors, it is always the other fellow's. As a matter of fact the damage in done, now to get on a good permanent footing for the future.

In picking brood sows bear this in mind:

Look for the past records—1st, prolific; 2nd, careful mothers; 3rd, good sucklers, and pass up the closely built gilts that are inclined to fatten.

Don't allow them to follow the cattle, they may get too fat.

Give them plenty of exercise, dry bedding and ventilation. Flesh forming and not fat-producing food is what they need.

Unless the sow is in good health at farrowing time, she stands a mighty poor chance of rearing a bunch of healthy pigs.

Shipping Dressed Poultry.

After the fowls have been dressed and are thoroughly cooled, they will be ready for packing. Poultry dressed for market should be kept off feed at least 24 hours previous to slaughter, and should be drawn before it is packed for shipment. The action of the air on the inside of the fowl will cause it to spoil, and make it impossible to keep in good condition. Use a flat box in which two layers of poultry can be packed. Wrap the head of each bird in paper so that any blood that may be left in the head will not come in contact with the body and soil it. In some cases the whole bird is wrapped in waxed paper.

Start a layer in the bottom of the box; take each bird separately and fold the head to one side, and place it in the box with the head up. Continue in this way until the bottom layer is filled. Put the upper layer in the same way except that the head is in the middle and the side of the box may be opened when it reaches the market and a nice uniform lot of poultry will meet the eye of the purchaser.

The poultry may be packed in barrels or larger boxes, but small flat boxes are preferred, because they are easier to handle and there is less danger of spoiling while they are being shipped.

It is a good plan to establish a permanent trade with some commission firm, meat dealer, or a large hotel, to supply them with poultry. This will insure a better price than when shipped only occasionally.

Poultry should be sent by express so as to be on the road the least possible time. The cases, when shipped, should be plainly marked for whom and from whom they are, the number of birds in the case, and the weight.

Mr. D—— went to the club, leaving Mrs. D—— with a lady friend, whose abilities as a scandalmonger and mischiefmaker were pre-eminent. When he returned he just poked his head into the drawing-room, and said, with a sigh of relief. "The old cat's gone, I suppose?" For an instant there was a profound silence, for as he uttered the last word he encountered the stony stare of the lady who had been in his mind. Then his wife came to the rescue. "Oh, yes, dear," she said "I sent it to the cat's home in a basket first thing this morning."

"So I hear you've made a lot of money on the Stock Exchange?" said the young man's uncle. "Yes, sir." "That shows how one may, with proper luck and promptness, succeed if he will only take advantage of his opportunities." "But I lost that and several thousand more to-day." "Young man, how often have I told you that such transactions are merely gambling, and that you are bound to come to grief sooner or later if you dabble in them?"

"The late Count Tolstoi loathed physicians," said a Russian diplomat at a dinner in Washington.

"You remember how Tolstoi ridiculed physicians in 'War and Peace?' Well, I heard him ridicule three of them to their faces over a vegetarian dinner at Yasnaya Polyana.

"'Physicians,' he said, bitterly, looking up from a plate of lentils, 'may be divided into two classes—the radicals, who kill you, and the conservatives, who let you die.'"

Too Easy

"A tradition," explained the teacher, "is something that has been handed down from father to son. Can you mention some familiar tradition?"

"Yes'm," promptly answered little Tommy Goodman, "my clothes are traditions."

"That's too threadbare, Tommy; you will remain half an hour after school is dismissed."

Mrs. Crawford—You can have all the bread and butter you like but no more cake.

Willie:—Say ma, how is it I can never have a second helping of any of the things I like?—Lippincott's.

Famous British Admiral.

Tells What Zam-Buk Did For Him.

Many famous persons have testified to the great value of Zam-Buk, and amongst the most recent is Admiral Rodney M. Lloyd. Writing from the Royal Naval Club, Portsmouth, England, Admiral Lloyd says:

"I have found Zam-Buk most reliable for healing cuts and abrasions; while for the relief of skin irritation it is invaluable."

Another famous user of Zam-Buk is Mr. Frank Scudamore, the War Correspondent, who supplied Canadian papers with their dispatches during the Boer war. Mr. Scudamore says: "Some poisonous dye on my underclothing came in contact with a small ulcer on my leg and blood poisoning set in. Inflammation, pain and swelling followed. My medical man's treatment did not seem to do any good, as ulcer after ulcer broke out, until my left leg from knee to foot was one mass of sores. I had seventeen deep ulcers at one time. I could not put my foot to the ground and was really in a pitiful state. A friend advised Zam-Buk, and I applied this herbal balm. It was really wonderful how it soothed the pain and aching and gave me ease.

"I continued with it, leaving off all other treatment, and at the end of a week's treatment my leg was not like the same. A few boxes of Zam-Buk healed all the sores, and bit by bit new, healthy skin covered the places which had been so deeply pitted and scarred by ulceration and blood poison. The limb is now perfectly healthy, and with no marks of the old ulcers. For this splendid result I have only Zam-Buk to thank."

Zam-Buk is a cure for piles, eczema, cold cracks or chaps, ulcers, ringworm, poison, cuts, abscesses, burns, children's rashes, abrasions, and for all skin injuries and diseases. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations and substitutes.

Little George—"Oh, mother, I made a fine swop with one of the fellows who goes to school. I've traded my mouth-organ for a spelling paper marked one hundred."

If a cough makes your nights sleepless and weary, it will worry you a good deal, and with good cause. To dispel the worry and give yourself rest try Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It exerts a soothing influence on the air passages and allays the irritation that leads to inflammation. It will subdue the most stubborn cough or cold, and eventually eradicate it from the system, as a trial of it will prove to you.

The creaking of a door can be stopped at once by rubbing on the hinge with a piece of soap or with the lead of a black pencil.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS. E. SHARP.

Hawkshaw, N.B., Sept. 1st, 1905.

Mrs. Woggs—What is the highest compliment a man can pay a woman?

Mr. Woggs—When a man says: "If she is on the committee at that church supper, I'll go."

"What has become of all the wire-pulling senator?"

"There is an improvement on it, my dear. Wireless pull."

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE 126 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont.

BRAIN WORKERS

who get little exercise, feel better all round for an occasional dose of

"NA-DRU-CO" Laxatives

They tone up the liver, move the bowels gently but freely, cleanse the system and clear the brain. A new, pleasant and reliable laxative, prepared by a reliable firm, and worthy of the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark.

25c. a box. If your druggist has not yet stocked them, send 25c. and we will mail them.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, MONTREAL. 21

Coal More Important

"Edison says some chemist will presently discover how to manufacture gold."

"What good will that do as long as nobody finds out how to make hard coal?"

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exerminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

"Where you goin', Mamie?"

"Why, I'm just goin' to make a bon-fire of dis box of love-letters from my former admirers. I'm engaged now, and I promised my fiance that I'd destroy 'em."

Scratched for 40 Years.

Used D. D. D. Six Months—All Itching Gone

This is the actual experience of Anne Croman, Santa Rosa, Cal., with the wonderful D.D.D. Prescription.

D.D.D. is the proven Eczema Cure, the mild wash that gives instant relief in all forms of skin trouble.

Cleanses the skin of all impurities—washes away blotches and pimples, leaving the skin as smooth and healthy as that of a child.

Write today for a free trial bottle of this wonderful Excema Cure to the D.D.D. Laboratories, Dept. T.F., 49 Colborne Street, Toronto. It will give you instant relief.

(For sale by all Druggists)

"What kind of an appointment do you want?" "Well," said the applicant, "what I'd like is one of those positions in which a man can make a bit by seeing that nobody else has a sinecure."

A SEVERE CASE OF NEURALGIA

Cured After Long Years of Suffering by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is an excellent reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured the most severe cases of neuralgia, sciatica, and other complaints in the group that are known as disorders of the nerves. This group also includes St. Vitus dance and paralysis, and the common state of extreme nervousness and excitability. Each of these complaints exist because there is something the matter with the nervous system. If the nerves have tone—are strong and healthy, you will not have any of these complaints. The reason Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders is that they restore weak, run-down nerves to their proper state of tone. They act both directly upon the nerves and on the blood supply. The highest medical authorities have noted that nervous troubles generally attack people who are bloodless and that the nerves are toned when the blood supply is renewed. It is thus seen that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure nervous disorders by curing the cause of the trouble.

Mrs. J. C. Adams, Norris Lake, Man., says: "I am writing you at my husband's request to let you know the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to him. He is a river driver and therefore much exposed to all kinds of weather and wetting. As a result he had an attack of rheumatism, and then to add to his misery a severe type of neuralgia set in, locating on the left side of the face, and causing him such terrible pain that it would drive him almost wild. He was treated by several doctors, and finally went to Winnipeg, where they blistered his head and applied hot plasters which really only added more to his misery, and he returned home still uncured. In this way he suffered for nearly six years, trying all sorts of medicine, but never finding a cure. One day while he was suffering I went to a store to get a liniment, but they did not have the kind I wanted, and the storekeeper asked me what I wanted it for. I told him about my husband and how he suffered, and he placed a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills on the counter saying, "Take my advice, this is what your husband should take." I took the Pills home with me and my husband started taking them. I am not sure how many boxes he took, but one thing is certain, they completely cured him, and he has never since had a touch of those torturing pains. You can tell how much he suffered when I say that the hair on the side of his head in which the pain was located turned quite gray. It looks odd, but he says it does not matter since the pain is gone. I believe he would not have been living now had Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not cured those terrible pains, and you may be sure we gratefully recommend them to all our friends and all suffering ones."

Sold by all dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mr. James Payn, speaking of individual interpretations of general rules, says that, in going his rounds one night with the officer on guard at one of the English dockyards, he heard the original views of the Irish sentry on this point. "If you see a convict escaping," said the officer, "what is it your duty to do?" "Sure sir, and I'm not to fire till the last extremity." "Quite right. But what do you consider the last extremity to be?" "Just around the corner of the dockyard there, sir," was the practical reply.

As Good as an Inch

"Do you call getting within a mile of the pole discovering it?"

"Well, it's as near as I should want to come to discovering it, and have to get back."

BLOOD BAD IN THE WINTER

Indoor Life, Too Little Exercise, Breathing Impure Air, Eating Artificial Foods.

Is it any wonder that the system becomes poisoned with impure waste matter in the winter time, when you think of the artificial life we lead?

With doors and windows tight shut we breathe the same air over, and over again until it is incapable of purifying the blood.

In vain effort to cast the poisons out of the system the liver and kidneys are worked overtime until they too are played out. Then comes the pains in the back, the headaches, the attacks of constipation and indigestion.

The quickest and most certain way to overcome this condition is by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They act definitely and directly on the liver and kidneys, awaken them to renewed energy, in filtering poisons from the bowels and remove the cause of indigestion, backache and other body pains.

You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are unique in their combined action on the liver and kidneys and for this reason stand without a rival as a means of purifying the blood and cleansing the filtering and digestive systems.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A man feels important about most anything that seems of no importance to others.

'Tis a Marvellous Thing.—When the cures effected by Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil are considered, the speedy and permanent relief it has brought to the suffering wherever it has been used, it must be regarded as a marvellous thing that so potent a medicine should result from the six ingredients which enter into its composition. A trial will convince the most skeptical of its healing virtues.

Outside the sun is shining,
The sky is clear and blue;
Don't let tomorrow's forecast
Get anything on you.

You will sneeze, perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it. Take a dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

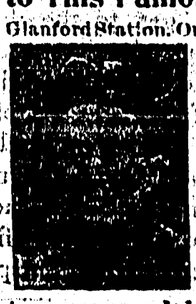
Reuben: "Josh says that city feller gev him a hundred an' some odd dollars fer that horse of his'n."

Silas: "You ain't heerd the hull of it. When he took them dollars to the bank he found they was all odd."

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Glanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of the uterus, and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully until I began taking your medicine. It has also helped other women to whom I have recommended it."—Mrs. HENRY CLARK, Glanford Station, Ontario.



Gardiner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Maine.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

If you want special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT
ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER

CAPITAL, - $10,000,000 REST, - $7,000,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application.

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. 231

PERCY B. FOWLER, Manager, Creston Branch

The Creston Review

Published every Friday at Creston, British Columbia, by the Creston Publishing Co., at their office, Wilson Avenue, Creston.

J. K. JOHNSON - Manager. RALPH G. SCRUTON - Editor.

Subscription, $2.00 a year, in advance.
30-Day Notices, $5; 60, $7.50; 90, $10

The Review is the acknowledged advertising medium of the Creston valley, circulating in over one thousand homes throughout the Creston district. Our columns are open to correspondents on live questions of local interest. Contributions must be brief, written on one side of the paper only and signed, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith. We invite support in our endeavours to increase the usefulness of the Review by bringing in your advertisements, subscriptions and news. Complaints from subscribers as to non-receipt of paper will be promptly attended to. Address all communications to the editor

THE ECHO OF A CHINESE LEGEND

Now that the deal for the property has been completed, and no harm can be done to an intending investor in Creston. there is no objection to stating facts, which have been known to the proprietors of the Review for some time, but which have not been published before for fear of preventing the deal.

Some weeks ago there appeared in the columns of the "Echo" a statement in the form of a news item, to the effect that a Chinaman had purchased the lot next to the Review office close to the C.P.R., on Wilson Avenue, for the purpose of erecting a laundry. This malicious lie was obviously intended to knock the value of business town property on Creston's foremost business street, to the disadvantage of those including S. A. Speers, the Creston Drug & Book Co., and other business men who have been enterprising enough to invest hard cash in this locality.

The parties who circulated this story, do not themselves, own a single foot of business property in the town of Creston, whilst it is their constant and chief aim to discredit any honest investor who shows his faith in the future of the town by purchasing and improving property, and paying a hundred cents in the dollar.

Since the Creston Publishing Company purchased business property on Wilson Avenue, the value of the lots on that street has increased 200 per cent, a lot which could have been purchased for $200 is now listed at $600, and the new and attractive buildings being built on these sites, together with the improvements planned, will still further increase the value of these properties.

The Chinaman who will build on the lot which the Echo had advertised as a laundry site, will be a white man and a merchant, who will be a credit to the town. The men behind the Echo would do betterif they showed their faith in Creston by investing money here themselves. instead of trying, from purely personal spite, to down the business men who are making Creston into a city.

BOY SCOUTS TO CORONATION

Boy Scouts from the Overseas Dominions will have official standing in the Coronation procession, although provision had not at first been made for them. How detachments are to get to the old country and who is to pay the expenses of the trip is another question. The Canadian Century of Montreal is sending a squad of twenty, the boys to be drawn from all parts of Canada, and it is not unlikely that Colonel Sherwood and the Dominion Council will arrange to send a second squad. The Century party will sail on the Empress of Ireland with the Canadian Coronation Contingent of Canada's official delegation and will travel like real soldiers under transport of war conditions.

Work on the new Canadian Bank of Commerce building will be commenced early in April. A contract for the gravel required for the cement basement has already been allotted, Mr. H. McCreath being the fortunate successful contractor, and the contract for the excavation will shortly be let. The new building will be thoroughly up-to-date in every respect. The size of the block will be approximately 40 feet by 60 feet, two storey. The cement basement will be the first of its kind in Creston, whilst the upper storey will be equipped as living rooms for the members of the clerical staff of the bank. It is anticipated that the building will be completed by the middle of May.

Mr. Glenn Wisler has completed his concrete work on the new home erected by Mr. Hockley, and will leave on Monday for Settler, Alberta, where he possesses a valuable homestead.

Creston Hotel

The Leading Hotel of the Fruit Belt

Our Guests Call Again

YOU will make no mistake when you get off the train if you sign the register at the Creston Hotel. Travelling men will substantiate this. We study the comfort of our guests. The rooms are well furnished in a manner up-to-date.

Rooms reserved by Telegraph.

Headquarters for Mining Men, Lumbermen, Ranchers, Tourists and Commercials.

J. B. Moran - - Prop.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, N. H. Platt, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains West of the Northeast corner of Lot 8174, being the Southwest corner, thence running North 40 chains, East 80 chains, South 40 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less. Located this 18th day of January, 1911.

NETTIE H. PLATT, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 18, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Stella Warson, of Rossland, B. C., occupation Spinister, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about four (4) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275, South of and adjoining James Morrison's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

STELLA WARSON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mary Bilfor, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about four (4) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 on West side of Mosquito Creek South of and adjoining James Morrison's location, thence South 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MARY BILFOR, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mamie Long, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about three (3) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of Harry Brauer's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 20 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 20 chains, to point of commencement and containing 160 acres more or less.

MAMIE LONG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, William Rumley, of Patterson, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Southeast corner, thence running North 80 chains, West 60 chains, South 40 chains, East 40 chains, South 40 chains, and East 20 chains to point of commencement and containing 480 acres more or less.

WILLIAM RUMLEY, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Nellie Stark, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Nurse, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains East of the southwest corner of Otho Ralston's location and about four miles in a Southwesterly direction from the Southwest corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence running South 40 chains, East 40 chains, North 40 chains, and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

NELLIE STARK, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 9, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Tom Charles, of Patterson, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about six (6) miles in a Southwesterly direction from the S.W. corner of Lot 9323 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains, from a point about 10 chains West of where said post is planted, thence East 80 chains, South 80 chains, and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

TOM CHARLES, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 11, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Pearl Peltier, of Algoma, Washington, occupation Housekeeper, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about ten (10) chains East of the Southwest corner of Lot 8176, being the Northeast corner, thence South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

PEARL PELTIER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 21, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Otho Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation House Decorator, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about two and a half (2½) miles in a Southwesterly direction from the S. W. corner of Lot 9323, being the Northwest corner, thence running South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

OTHO RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February, 9, 1911.

Money to loan on ranch or town property at low rate of interest. Apply to Johnson & Scruton at Review Office.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I Alfred Regansburg, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N. W. corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of M. Flannigan's location, thence North 20 chains, East 40 chains, South 20 chains and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 80 acres more or less.

ALFRED REGANSBURG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, James Morrison, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N. W. corner of Lot 4275 and adjacent to the Northeast corner of M. Flannigan's location, thence South 80 chains, thence East 40 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

JAMES MORRISON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Wm. R. McWhirter, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted on the East shore of Mosquito Lake at or near the Northwest corner of Lot 8402 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains, along shore of said lake, thence East 40 chains, South 80 chains and West 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

WILLIAM R. MCWHIRTER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 21, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay

Take notice that I, John Kyle, of Ymir, B. C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northwest corner of Lot 9323 being the Northeast corner, thence running South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

JOHN KYLE, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 22, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mike Flannigan, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about five (5) miles in a Northerly direction from the N.W. corner of Lot 4275 on East side of Mosquito Creek being the Northeast corner thence South 80 chains, West 80 chains, North 80 chains and East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MIKE FLANNIGAN, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Walter Demer, of Ymir, B.C., occupation Lumberman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted at the S. W. corner of Tom Charles' location about six (6) miles in a S. W. direction from the S. W. corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence running South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and contains 640 acres more or less.

WALTER DEMER, Applicant
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 11, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Harry Brauer, of Rossland, B.C., occupation Diamond Driller, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about three (3) miles in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275, West of Mosquito Creek, thence south 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence North 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

HARRY BRAUER, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 12, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Samuel W. Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Photographer, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Southwest corner of Lot 8148, being the S.E. corner, thence running North 80 chains, West 40 chains, South 80 chains and East 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres more or less.

SAMUEL W. RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 19, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Oliver J. Long, of Spokane, Wash., occupation Contractor, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted about one (1) mile in a Northerly direction from the Northwest corner of Lot 4275 and about 10 chains West of West Bank of Mosquito Creek, thence North 80 chains, thence West 80 chains, thence South 80 chains, thence East 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

OLIVER J. LONG, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date February 14, 1911.

PIANO.—Now at railway station near Creston, will be sacrificed for $250 cash. Never been used. Lady unable to keep it.—Apply in first instance Mrs. A. G. MUNGEAM, 2040, Columbia street, Vancouver, B.C.

"Oh! Mercy! Has Anybody Seen My Cat?"

This particular cat, so the story goes, having found a bottle of N. B. C. Beer, preferred its joy-bringing qualities to a place by "his own fireside." But you don't need "to wonder" to taste the pleasures of N. B. C Beer.—Sold at all hotels in Creston.

Nelson Brewing Co., Ltd. Wm. Gosnell Manager.

International Veterinary Remedies

We have now on hand a large stock of the above well known goods, below will be found a list of the goods and the prices.

Poultry Food 25 and 50 cents
Louse Killer 35 cents
Stock Food 50 cent packages
Distemper cure 50 cents
Honey and Tar Foot Remedy 50 cents
Pheno-Chloro Disinfectant 50c
Colic Cure 50 cents
Worm Powders 50 cents
Healing Oil 50 cents
White Liniment, Dan Patch 50c
Heave Cure 50 cents

Save this list for future reference. Ask for a Veterinary Chart.

Creston Drug & Book Co.

FROM FINEST GRAPES TO THE PUREST WINE

A cool glass of rich, luscious fragrant wine with your meals insures appetite, good digestion, health, and pleasure.

OUR STOCK OF WINES AND LIQUORS

is well chosen, and every drop is well aged and splendidly blended. You should have your wine closet well filled with our viands. You will then be recognized as a good judge of liquors.

Creston Wine & Spirit Co. S. POOLE Prop.

The Creston Barber Shop

Billiards and Pool Room | Hot or Cold Baths At Any Hour

Cigars and Cigarettes | Razors Ground and Set

SAM HATFIELD, Prop

Transfer, Livery and Feed Stables

(Best equipped Livery in Town)

All class of TURNOUTS supplied at short notice. The latest styles of CUTTERS and BUGGIES for sale and hire. Saddle and pack horses a Speciality.

Feed for sale. Agent for the McLaughlin Manfg. Co. Horses for sale

I am prepared to fill all orders, both by wire and mail, and meet all trains at any hour of the day or night. Commercial men and landseekers, will receive prompt attention

H. S. McCreath, Prop

Phone 56 Sirdar Avenue Box 14

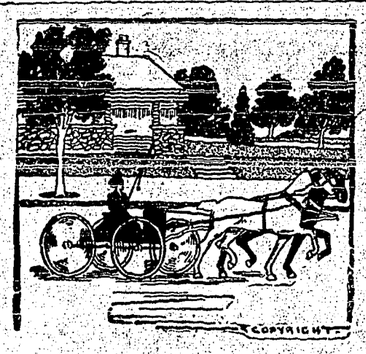
. . . NEW . . .

BLACKSMITH SHOP

AND CARRIAGE WORKS

Buggies, Democrats, Gigs and Cutters for sale at reasonable prices
We do all kinds of repairing and wood work with dispatch
Our shop is located near the Creston Mercantile Co.
We are also agents for the Oregon Nursery Company and handle First-class Fruit Trees

W. K. BROWN



If You Like to Drive

you can indulge yourself by engaging a team from this livery stable for as long and as short a time as you desire.

This Livery Stable

is also prepared to send a carriage to meet trains, to take you shopping or calling, or to convey you to any June weddings you wish to attend.

Cameron Bros.
CRESTON LIVERY

A. MIRABELLI
THE CRESTON SHOEMAKER
Best Workmanship
Boots and Shoes made to Order
A Speciality

Starkey & Co.
Wholesale
Provisions, Produce, Fruit
General Commission Merchants
NELSON - B.C.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

Turbans, Hats and Bonnets in the Latest Styles. Fancy Mounts Plumes and Flowers in all the new Winter Shades

Children's wool and bearskin hoods, jackets, mitts, gloves, overalls, etc. in great variety

MRS. M YOUNG
Millinery and Fancy Store
Fourth Street, Creston, B.C.

Always on Hand

A complete stock of
Fresh Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb and Pork.

Sausage, any kind

Hams and Bacon, Butter and Eggs, Lard, Beef Dripping, Etc.

Fresh Fish every Friday.
Smoked Fish all the time.
Our Smoked Salmon and Halibut is choice.

P. BURNS & Co.
Limited
CRESTON - B.C.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take Notice that I, Laura A. Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Northwest corner, thence South 80 chains, East 80 chains, North 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres more or less.

LAURA A. RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Mabel Ralston, of Harrisonburg, Virginia, occupation Schoolteacher, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Northeast corner of Lot 9323 being the Southwest corner, thence running North 80 chains, East 80 chains, South 80 chains and West 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

MABEL RALSTON, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 20, 1911.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

The strike of the coal miners throughout the Alberta and Interior B. C mines, as prophesied in the Review some time ago, is now a practical certainty, and seven thousand miners are expected to lay down their tools on the 1st of April. The men with the big wood pile can now legitimately wear the smile that won't come off, but for merchants and others in the coal towns, the prospect is a very gloomy one.

Ring up phone No. 85, Ed. F. Johnson when you need an experienced plumber.

What about those English sparrows, as the Review said all along, it was purely a case of "A printer's error." Mr. Heath may come from guessdom, but he guesses right sometimes.

Fruit Ranch for Sale—Fifteen acres in good state of cultivation, planted with 1300 trees consisting of apple, plum, peach and cherry trees. Good five room house and stable one and a half miles from Creston. Apply to Walter V. Jackson, Phone 91, Creston, B.C.

Mrs. Reil will leave at the end of next week for Portland, Oregon, where she will pay an extended visit to her adopted son, who is a resident in the City Beautiful of the Oregon coast. From Portland she will proceed to Vancouver and put in the balance of the summer visiting her son Mr. C P. Reil, and friends residing in the vicinity of the Sunset City. She expects to return to Creston in the fall.

Do you know that Ed. F. Johnson has been appointed sole agent for Fairbanks & Morris gasoline engines and Centrifugal pumps?

Mr. F. Jackson is moving onto his ranch at Canyon City for the summer and will plant several hundred trees at once consisting of Spy and Spitzenberg. This land was purchased last fall by Mr. Jackson and is already cleared, stumped and seeded down, ready for planting. Mr. Jackson states that the demand for Wagner trees for planting has been so heavy that he was unable to secure that variety for this year's planting. This is evidence of the increasing popularity of the Wagner in British Columbia.

For Sale—Eggs for hatching from Martin's Famous Regal Strain of White Wyandottes. Two dollars per setting of fifteen. Mrs J. Boyd, P.O. Box 4.

FOUND—A place to get my suit cleaned, pressed and repaired, at the Creston Clothing House.

Rev Sarkissian preached at Canyon City last Sunday, and Rev. Rutherford will be holding service at Appletown this Sunday.

MUSIC.—Miss Johnson is prepared to take a limited number of pupils for tuition in music. For terms apply to J. K. Johnson, residence on Victoria Avenue

What Little Things Will Do

Little drops of water poured into the milk give the milkman's daughters lovely gowns of silk. Little grains of sugar mingled with the sand makes the grocer's assets swell to beat the band. Little bowls of custard, humble though they seem, help enrich the fellow selling pure ice cream. Little rocks and boulders, little chunks of slate, make the coal man's fortune something fierce and great. Little ads. well written, printed nice and neat, give the joyful merchant homes on easy street.—Walt Mason.

For Sale—A seven room house, supplied with hot and cold water, centrally located on Victoria Avenue. For price and terms apply to Cartwright & Hyde, Erickson, B.C.

Mr. H. McCreath suffered a severe loss last week, when he was compelled to shoot a valuable horse worth some $350, owing to same being attacked with paralysis of the muscles of one of its limbs.

Costumes in the latest styles, tailored or otherwise, to suit the ladies' taste, made on the premises by Madame Garrett, the Creston Costumier, Victoria Avenue.

S. A. Speers made a business trip to Nelson on Monday last, returning on Tuesday.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay

Take Notice that I, Emma Ferguson, of Nelson, B.C., married woman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the north bank of Summit Creek, about 100 feet south of road post No. 495, and about one-half mile south-westerly from the mouth of Topaz Creek, thence 20 chains north, thence 20 chains east, thence 20 chains south, thence 20 chains west, to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less,

Dated January 3rd, 1911
EMMA FERGUSON, Applicant
22-32 EDWARD FERGUSON, Agent.

Nelson Land District—District of West Kootenay.

Take notice that I, Elphrata Harris, of Carson, Washington, occupation Married Woman, intend to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:-

Commencing at a post planted adjacent to the Southwest corner of Lot 8149, being the Southeast corner, thence running North 40 chains, West 80 chains, South 80 chains, East 80 chains and North 40 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres more or less.

ELPHRATA HARRIS, Applicant.
JAMES FISHER, Agent.
Date January 18, 1911.

NOTICE

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 22nd day of April, 1911, at 5 p.m., for the purchase of Block 27, Subdivision of Lot No. 541, Group one New Westminister District, situated in the City of Vancouver, and being the site of the old Provincial Court House. Each tender must be enclosed in a registered letter and must be addressed to the undersigned, and plainly marked "Tender for old Vancouver Court House Site," and must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for ten per cent of the first payment of the purchase money. Payment for the property will be accepted in installments of one-quarter of the purchase money. The first of such installments to be paid within thirty days after the acceptance of the tender, and the other three annually thereafter, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. In the event of the person whose tender is accepted failing to complete the first installment within thirty days of the notice of such acceptance the sale to him will be cancelled and his ten per cent deposit forfeited. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. No commissions of any kind will be allowed.

WILLIAM R. ROSS, Minister of Lands.
Department of lands, Victoria B.C.
March 7th, 1911.

Now is the time to make arrangements for that bath room. Call and interview Ed. F. Johnson the plumber.

Hyomei
A Breatheable Remedy for Catarrh

The ratianal way to combat Catarrh is the Hyomei way, viz: by breathing. Scientists for years have been agreed on this point but failed to get an anteseptic strong enough to kill catarrh germs and not destroy the tissues of the membrane at the same time, until the discovery of Hyomei (pronounced Highó-me).

Hyomei is the most powerful yet healing antiseptic known. Breathe it through the inhaler over the inflamed and germ-ridden membrane four or five times a day, and in a few days the germs will disappear.

A complete Hyomei outfit, including the inhaler costs $1.00 and extra bottles, if afterwards needed, cost but 50 cents. Obtainable from your druggist or postpaid from The R. T. Booth Co, Ltd, Fort Erie, Ont. Hyomei is guaranteed to cure asthma, croup, sore throat, coughs, colds or grip or refund your money back. Sold and guaranteed by the Creston Drug & Book Co.

BLOOD DISEASES CURED

Drs. K. & K. Established 20 Years

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

BEFORE TREATMENT

He was surprised at how the sores healed—"I took your NEW METHOD TREATMENT for a serious blood disease with which I had been inflicted for twelve years. I had consulted a score of physicians taken all kinds of blood medicine, visited Hot Springs and other mineral water resorts, but only got temporary relief. They would help me for a time, but after discontinuing the medicines the symptoms would break out again—running sores, blotches, rheumatic pains, looseness of the hair, swellings of the glands, palms of the hands scaling, itchiness of the skin, dyspeptic stomach, etc. I had given up in despair when a friend advised me to consult you, as you had cured him of a similar disease 8 years ago. I had no hope, but took his advice. In three weeks' time the sores commenced to heal up and I became encouraged. I continued the NEW METHOD TREATMENT for four months and at the end of that time every symptom had disappeared. I was cured 7 years ago and no signs of any disease since. My boy, three years old, is sound and healthy. I certainly can recommend your treatment with all my heart. You can refer any person to me privately, but you can use this testimonial as you wish. W. H. S.

AFTER TREATMENT

We treat NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, VITAL WEAKNESS, BLOOD, SKIN and SECRET Diseases, URINARY, BLADDER and KIDNEY complaints of Men and Women.

READER Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you intending to marry? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. Consultation Free. No matter who has treated you write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. Charges reasonable. Books Free—(Illustrated) on diseases of Men.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Home Treatment FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave., and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:
DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.
Write for our private address.

According to Government Estimates **$100,000,000.00** *Was Made in Western Town Property During the Year 1909*

Did you participate in these huge profits or did you "pigeon-hole" the propositions submitted to you by your western friends for future consideration? In short, are you the man who made a profit or the unfortunate one who had the chance but did not possess sufficient judgment to recognize the opportunity or sufficient courage to close a deal? The man or woman entitled to sympathy is the one who says: "Five or ten years ago I had a chance to buy this or that property at $100 or $500, and now it is worth $10,000." The average person sneers at the person who makes such a statement and says: "I would have bought and made that money." Are you going to say five years from now that you had a chance to buy a lot in Poe, Alta., at from $50 to $100 each, or are you going to be the man who will have from $1,000 to $10,000 in cash as a result of having bought property in this town in this year of grace, 1911.

Poe a Coming Commercial Centre.

Poe is located on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway between Edmonton and Saskatoon. It is located in one of the finest farming districts in Western Canada. The surrounding country is settled by a progressive type of farmers and consequently will become the market centre for Northern Alberta. Poe district possesses rich coal mines, is close to rivers and lakes and large forests are easily accessible from this point. These natural resources insure for the residents of the town, first, low cost of living, and second, great commercial activity, two essentials in the upbuilding of a large town, thus creating valuable real estate.

Poe as a Manufacturing Centre

This townsite and contiguous territory has the requirements outlined by large manufacturing concerns for the location of large factories of large enterprises of any kind employing large numbers of people. The rivers and lakes furnish water, the coal fields and forests furnish fuel and cheap building material, the fine farming lands furnish farm products, enabling the residents to live at a low cost.

The town is located on the main line of a transcontinental railway, assuring the necessary transportation facilities. These combined conditions will furnish cheap labor, one of the most important features of a manufacturing centre.

Poe townsite was recently placed on the market and already over 200 lots have been sold, and many of these lots have already changed hands at a substantial increase in price. Most of these lots were purchased by representative business men throughout Canada, who are now profiting by their foresight.

The townsite is high and dry and very suitable for building purposes.

Opportunity

is useless unless you possess the courage to act. You might possess great wisdom, you might read a good deal or travel much and thus see all kinds of opportunities to make money, but unless you have the courage to act on your judgment and wisdom all of these desirable qualities are entirely useless.

Lots in Poe are a good investment at present prices. The town is bound to grow rapidly. Owing to the easy terms of payment you have the ability to buy and if you do not buy now it is because you are lacking in courage, and the chances are you will never be like the man you now admire most, rich, courageous and wise.

Torrens Title

Poe townsite is held by us under the Torrens system of title. Under this system the title is guaranteed by the Government, therefore absolutely safe.

Prices and Terms

Prices of lots range from $50 to $100 each, and they can be purchased on terms of one-tenth cash, balance in eighteen equal monthly payments; or quarter cash, balance in six, twelve and eighteen months.

Information

We have issued an attractive circular giving full information pertaining to the town and its prospects, together with map showing lots for sale. If you wish to receive this attractive circular cut out and fill in the attached coupon and mail it to us today.

Information Coupon

Gentlemen,—With a view to buying property in Poe, Alta., please send me full information, with map and price list, and oblige.
Yours Truly,

.....
Name

.....
P. O. and Province

The Walch Land Co.

Lana Townsites and Investments. Union Bank Building, Winnipeg, Canada

PISO'S
IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes
AND GRANULATED LIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00.
Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, $1.00.
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Special Notice
TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.
Agents Wanted by B. SHRAGGE, 396 Princess St., Winnipeg, to purchase for him scrap copper and brass, cast and wrought iron, old rubber boots and shoes and crown lager quart, pint and whiskey bottles.

ABSORBINE
will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Bruises, Soft Bunches. Cure Boils, Fistula or any unhealthy sore quickly; pleasant to use; does not blister under bandage or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Horse Book 7 D free.
ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, $1.00 per bottle. Reduces Varicose Veins, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Goitre, Wens, Strains, Bruises, stops Pain and Inflammation.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 137 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.
LYMANS, Ltd., Montreal, Canadian Agents.
Also furnished by MARTIN BOLE & WYNNE CO., Winnipeg; THE NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Winnipeg & Calgary; and HENDERSON BROS. CO., Ltd., Vancouver.

FREE
Practical Model Steam Engine given free for selling post cards.
The above cut shows our new upright engine. Height 9 inches. Base 4 inches. It has Blued Steel Boiler with iron Fire Box and Metal Base, handsomely finished in colors. Every engine is thoroughly tested before packing and is fully guaranteed. We give it free for a few hours work selling our postcards. Write us today for $2.00 worth of our beautiful Litho-Art postcards to sell at 3 for 5c. Sell them and return money and we will send engine to you all charges paid.
Western Premium Co., Dept. 100. WINNIPEG, MAN.

When Buying Gitts
Remember that there's something in silver for everybody. To be sure of giving silver that is perfect in design and finish see that the trade mark
1847 ROGERS BROS.
is stamped on spoons, forks, knives and fancy serving pieces.
"Silver Plate that Wears"
Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped
MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

Here's a Home Dye That ANYONE Can Use.
HOME DYEING has always been more or less of a difficult undertaking—Not so when you use
DY-O-LA
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS
Send for Sample Card and Story Booklet 98 The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Can.
JUST THINK OF IT!
With DY-O-LA you can color either Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye. No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods you have to color.

The Smart Pupil

Teacher — "Name three heavenly bodies directly associated with our earth."

Pupil—"Monoplanes, biplanes, and dirigibles."

A Remedy for Bilious Headache.—To those subject to bilious headache, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as the way to speedy relief. Taken according to directions they will subdue irregularities of the stomach and so act upon the nerves and blood vessels that the pains in the head will cease. There are few who are not at sometimes subject to biliousness and familiar with its attendant evils. Yet none need suffer with these pills at hand.

To speak of them as "sleeping cars" is to violate the purity of our language.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

The more a woman deserves to have a man love her the more she can love him.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PR

A SKILFUL ARCHITECT.

The Canadian Muskrat Is Cleverer Than the Beaver.

When it comes to ingenuity in construction and system in domestic arrangements the beaver, master builder that he is, can give the little Canadian muskrat few pointers. In building its house the muskrat selects a spot on the low marsh land that will be flooded at high tide or high water if on non-tidal margins. The animal tunnels from the bank of the stream or lagoon or pond, as the case may be, beginning below the edge of low water mark, to the site it has selected for its home.

These preliminaries completed, the muskrat cuts with its chisel-like teeth the broad, strong stalks and leaves of the flag and long, coarse grass. These materials the busy little builder carries to the building site, where it braids and twists them together in circular form and builds them layer upon layer, gradually narrowing the structure until a firm, cone shaped house is the result. This is further strengthened and made comfortable by a liberal mixture of mortar made by the muskrat out of the marsh mud.

The interior of a muskrat's house is always divided into two floors or stories. Sometimes it will have as many as four apartments, one above the other. The number is believed to be regulated by the expected height of the water. Access to them from below is by a chamber or gallery built around the inner edge of the house and rising like a spiral stairway. The muskrat expects and wants the ground floor of its house to be flooded, but there must always be a dry, warm room at the top. The interior is lined with a sheathing of dry grasses and leaves. The only entrance and exit to the house is the subterranean passage from the bank of the water, the ground floor being on a level with that tunnel.

The Irishman Had Him.

John Tolmie, who represents North Bruce in the House of Commons, tells among his good stories, of the time when the joke was neatly turned on him.

An Irishman, who knew that Mr. Tolmie was Scotch and that he had been a politician for a great many years, asked why it was that Scotchmen showed such great ability in opposite directions. "Scotchmen are either preachers or politicians," said the Irishman.

"The Irish are just as remarkable," said Mr. Tolmie. "They are either policemen or—". The remainder of the remark was drowned by the laughter of the listeners.

At a gathering of the Bruce Old Boys' Association in which most of the people were Scotch, Mr. Tolmie told how he had got back at the Irishman. But an Irish Old Boy at the gathering turned the laugh on Mr. Tolmie. Said the Irishman: "I must admit that it takes about half the Irish as policemen to keep the other half out of jail, but Mr. Tolmie mustn't forget that it takes half the Scotch as preachers to keep the other half out of Hades."

Too Careful.

In politics as well as in business it is sometimes necessary to do things with a rather free hand, and it was perhaps the lack of ability to so rise to the occasion that made a former occupant of a Cabinet position in the Ontario Legislature not altogether suited to his position.

When this man was appointed, a newspaper man got from him some information for a write-up. The Minister was asked if he would like a few copies of the paper in which the write-up was to appear, and he said, "Yes, send me a dozen."

The newspaperman saw the Minister a few days later and said: "I've given you a pretty good show in that write-up. Don't you think you ought to get quite a number of papers and send them to some of the country editors?"

"It's a splendid idea," said the Minister enthusiastically. "How many papers did we arrange for you to send me?"

"Oh, we said about a dozen."

"Well," said the Minister in a tone indicating great decision, "send me two dozen, and send the bill to me."

A Lucky Find.

Charles T. Currelly, the well-known Canadian archaeologist, tells of a curious piece of luck which befell him on one occasion. He was working with a party of one hundred men on the excavation of a number of important tombs in Egypt, when a native came to him with the story of an interesting discovery some distance away. Leaving the work on which he was engaged, he went to the place described by the native, only to find that it was a wild-goose chase. On the way back, however, from this fruitless expedition he noticed a pile of gravel which appeared to him to be of an unnatural arrangement. He stopped and sunk a pit. To his surprise and delight, a tomb was discovered which proved to be that of the Pharaoh "which knew not Joseph." This monarch had completely hidden his tomb, building it in an out-of-the-way place, and like that of the poorest peasant; underground, however, a veritable palace had been constructed.

New Brunswick Amendments.

J. K. Pinder, one of the present members of York County in the N.B. House of Assembly, once did some work for the old Conservative Government on Grand Island Bar in the River St. John, which was very severely criticized by his political opponents.

Some years later Mr. Pinder was making some remarks in the House which rather ruffled the temper of a member on the opposite side, who called out: "What about Grand Island Bar?"

"I do not wonder at the question," replied Mr. Pinder, "for all of the honorable member's troubles in life have sprung from the work on 'bars,' but there is this difference, that there is plenty of water on Grand Island Bar."

BUY COCKSHUTT DRILLS
CASTINGS ARE RIVETTED TO FRAME. NO BOLTS TO SHAKE LOOSE IN ROUGH LAND.

Young Wife—"Oh, Edward, you do believe that I am always thinking of economy, don't you?"

Young Husband—"Mabel, your shilling telegram this afternoon, telling me where to go and save threepence on a carpet-broom, warns me that you are thinking of it too much."

MIRACULOUS RESULTS IN DUNVEGAN, C.B.

GIN PILLS Brought Relief

"I suffered untold misery even when under treatment from the best doctors for over ten months, and nothing seemed to do me any good or relieve my painful condition. My trouble was Inflammation of Kidneys and Bladder.

I finally determined to go to the Victoria Hospital, Halifax, for treatment.

Two days, however, before my intending departure, a neighbor called and happening to have a GIN PILL in his pocket, insisted on my taking it. I did so and six hours after taking it, the results and benefits I derived were simply nothing more or less than miraculous. Instead of going to the hospital, I sent for a box of GIN PILLS with the result that I am a cured man. I recommend GIN PILLS to everyone suffering from Kidney Trouble."

Lewis MacPherson.

Take GIN PILLS on our positive guarantee that they will cure you or money promptly refunded. 50c. a box—6 for $2.50—sent on receipt of price if your dealer does not handle GIN PILLS. Sample box free if you write us. National Drug and Chemical Co., Dept. N.U., Toronto. 52

A grape fruit is a lemon that has had a chance.—Puck.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia

All the trains for misfortune run express.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

One never hears of a lawyer going to law on his own account.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County:
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

True beauty is sweetness, and sweetness is the spiritualizing of the gross, the corporal, and the earthly.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

A little girl fell from a ladder. Her mother picked her up in terror, exclaiming, "Oh, darling, how did you fall?" "Vertically," replied the little girl, without a moment's hesitation.

SEND FOR THIS BOOK BEFORE YOU BUILD ANOTHER BUILDING

Concrete is the Best Material
—from every standpoint—wherewith to build things about the farm. This recently-published book, "*What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete*," will prove to you the superiority and "in-the-long-run" economy of
"CONCRETE" as a Building Material
You, as a progressive farmer, owe it to yourself to read this book before you attempt any further improvements.
The retail price of the book is 50 cents——but we will send it, absolutely free, to any farmer who will fill out and send to us the coupon below.
CANADA CEMENT COMPANY, Limited
51-60 National Bank Building, Montreal
You may send me a copy of your book, "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."
Name .....
Address .....

Too Much

"Your wife has received some sudden shock. What has happened?"

"I don't know, doctor. I came home early last night——"

"Ah, that probably accounts for it."

AN INVALUABLE MEDICINE FOR ALL BABIES.

Mrs. R. McEwen, Thamloe, Ont., writes: "I think Baby's Own Tablets an invaluable medicine for little ones. I used them for my own child when he was small and last summer when I had a baby visitor whose food did not agree with him, I sent for another box of the Tablets and they quickly helped him." It is testimonials such as this that have made Baby's Own Tablets popular—that have shown them to be an invaluable medicine for little ones. The Tablets always do good—they can never do harm. Once a mother has tried them for her litle one she will have nothing else. For with the Tablets she feels safe. They are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain no harmful drugs. Baby's Own Tablets may be had at Medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"How are you getting on with your new motor car?"

"Oh, I'm all right," replied Mr. Cruggins. "But I'd feel a lot more comfortable if the streets were not so full of careless pedestrians."

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.
CALGARY :: WINNIPEG :: REGINA
The Largest Printers' Supply House in Canada. We Carry in Stock Cylinder Presses, Job Presses, Paper Cutters, Type and Material. Can Fill Orders for Complete Equipment from our Stock. We are the Largest Ready Print Publishers in the West. We Publish Ready Prints from our Winnipeg, Calgary and Regina Houses. : :
Order From Nearest Branch

The Teacher—"Willie, can you tell what steam is?"

Willie—"Sure—it's water gone crazy with the heat."

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

A student of human nature declares that most men like to be jollied and are willing to pay for it.

Heart-Breaking

Mrs. Bridely—"Am I your little pet?"

Mr. Bridely—"Nope."

Mrs. Bridely—"Boohoo! Reginald!"

Mr. Bridely—"I'm not allowed to keep pets in this flat."

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

Most of the words the baby can say he can't, but you fib about them.

"ONLY MY WIFE"

"Walked out next—letting his wife follow."

"They wait until mother is seated."

A BRIGHT-EYED, wide-awake girl supplies the pivot of today's Familiar Talk.

"I stepped into the elevator of our apartment house this morning," she tells me, "and found already there a man and his wife who live upon the floor above us. I know them by sight as fellow-dwellers in the building, but I have not so much as a speaking acquaintance with them. I bowed slightly in entering the elevator, and the man instantly removed his hat and kept it off until we reached the lowest floor. Then he moved aside to let me pass out of the elevator and himself walked out next, leaving his wife to follow.

"That man is a highly respectable lawyer and moves in excellent society. He dresses and looks like a gentleman. I forgot to say that he had an unlighted cigar in his mouth when I first caught sight of him, and he jerked it out as he pulled off his hat. The two walked up the street ahead of me. He stopped at the first corner to strike a match and smoked furiously as far as I could see them, the wind blowing the smoke right into his wife's face.

"The incident set me to thinking. Is there any reason why one should cease to be a gentleman because he is married?"

I said: "I once asked that question of one of the truest gentlemen ever made, after witnessing a similar instance of boorishness on the part of a husband. He answered promptly and with a fine disdain that did him credit. 'If a man has never been a gentleman until he is married, then is his opportunity to make himself one.'"

The hero of the elevator episode was probably assiduous in the practice of loverly attentions during his courtship. He, so to speak, took off his hat whenever he thought of the girl he spent months in convincing that she was an angel and all the rest of it. And, having won her by courtesy and tender devotion, he shows her less respect in demeanor and speech than he manifests toward strangers of her sex.

By one of the synchronized happenings we misname "coincidences," there flashed into my mind while the girl was still talking a message I had to deliver to a business man, and with a brief apology I went to the telephone.

"Who wishes to speak to him?" asked the clerk in the man's outer office, stationed there to protect his principal from useless interruptions.

I gave my name. In perhaps three minutes the person wanted spoke at the other end of the wire. He is the pink of courtesy in society and to clients—or so I thought—and his surly response was a surprise. The "Well, what is it?" was very like a growl.

When I spoke I could almost feel the clearing of the atmosphere. His tone was laughingly apologetic.

"Oh, is it you? I got the name wrong. I thought it was my wife who called. Names get queerly mangled through the receiver. What can I do for you?"

I gave my message, hung up the receiver, and faced my young friend with a sad smile.

"One more illustration," I said. "When he thought it was only his wife he snarled. His mistake discovered, he cooed like a dove. Yet, as I chance to know, he is very fond of his wife, and she is devoted to him. They are rated as a model couple."

"Roses such as you used to send her."

Neither of these men is a deliberate deceiver. When they were in love, and in hot pursuit of the one woman upon earth who, they fondly believed, could make them perfectly happy, they were in dead earnest. Every vow was sincere; the promises of future devotion were honest. Marriage was disillusion.

In his very clever novel, "The Married Life of the Frederic Carrolls," Jesse Lynch Williams says, among other notable things, in dealing with this inevitable disillusion:

"A mere boy and girl, carefully trained to be uncongenial, utterly unacquainted, but thinking they knew each other well, because they had wanted each other so much. Did they propose to keep on sighing and dying for blisses and kisses? With the best intentions, it is difficult to keep on longing for what one already has."

When I read the extract to my young visitor, she added sagely in up-to-date prose:

"You don't run after a street car when you have caught it!"

Every word of all this is true. It must be, or everybody would not be so certain that courtship and wedlock are two utterly different states. I did not begin this plain talk with John with any hope of disproving the accepted fact. What I am driving at is to plead for the wife's lawful rations of gentle speech and civility. Being loyal to the core of her heart, she may never admit to herself that you have ceased to respect her now that you knew her for what she is. Still less would she listen to the suggestion that the suitor played a part systematically during the wooing and the betrothal. She clings to her faith in your nobility of spirit, your rectitude and high ideals, as she holds to her existence. She turns a deaf ear to the mass of evidence to the contrary hurled at us by cynical bachelors, divorced husbands and poets of every age and degree.

When Tennyson says of the Locksley Hall lover:

"He will hold thee, when his passion
shall have spent its novel force,
Something better than his dog, a little dearer than his horse—"

the woman into whose hands you have committed the keeping of your name, your honor and your house resents the implication that her John is of the same strain. When you snarl at her over the telephone and uncover your handsome head to a wisp of a girl you chance to encounter in the elevator, while you sit in your wife's parlor with your hat on by the hour; when you find fault with dinners of her cooking and tell her, as I heard one man say to the wife who had been a bride eighteen months before, that the gown selected with express reference to his taste "looks like the devil"; when day after day goes by without a word of appreciation of her continual efforts to serve and to please you—be sure she will excuse you to her own bruised sensibilities and would fight with her own mother were she to censure you.

More than one of your friends has remarked upon the "quiet tastes Mary has developed since her marriage. And what a lively, flyaway girl she was!"

Do you tempt her to be anything but sedate and domestic? You come home tired, irritable and hungry. It is the acknowledged duty of the wife to meet you with a smile and to rack invention for devices for cheating you into cheerfulness. How do you greet these fond tricks?

"When the little wife laughs and makes cheer—"

do you untie the knot in your forehead and curve the straight line of the tight lips? Do you recognize your favorite dessert with a grateful smile at the head of the table? Do you set the boys an example of affectionate deference to the pale woman, who, as one loving son told me of his invalid mother the other day, "laughs when any other woman would whine"? She slept badly last night and had a headache when you went downtown after breakfast. If you had not been so absorbed in thoughts of the perplexities and cares that might beset you in office or shop, you would have noticed that she ate nothing but a bit of toast and washed it down with a cup of strong coffee. If you had cast your thoughts back to preceding days, you might have recalled that she had the very slenderest of appetites, although never complaining. Do you guess what it would have been to the appetiteless woman to receive during the day a plump squab or tender broiler or fresh sweetbread, a basket of fruit or a box of roses such as you used to send to her every Saturday when you were engaged; or a magazine or book you know she would never think of buying for herself?

"'Oh, is it you? I thought it was my wife.'"

Some writer, whose name deserves to be recollected, tells what he calls "a pretty romance" of a gentleman of the old school, who made it a point always to cut out the tenderloin from a steak and send it to his wife at the other end of the table before he helped anybody else.

I am proud to say that I know of three households in which neither father nor child ever draws up his or her chair to the table until the father, himself, and in his absence one of the boys, has seated the mother in her place of honor. I remark as a significant—if trifling—circumstance, that in none of these homes has the mother ever appeared en dishabille at breakfast, or failed to dress becomingly and carefully for dinner. One man, in commenting upon this, said that "for his part, he had no time for frills at home. He was dog-tired by the time night came, and liked to come to the table in his shirtsleeves, if he felt like it."

It never occurred to him to inquire how his wife liked the sight of a sloven opposite to her, or what effect his disregard of decencies—alias "frills"—had upon growing children.

If catechized upon this head, he would have answered that his wife "was too sensible to care about show of any kind."

If this be true with her, she is the one and only wife I have ever seen who did not "care." It has been said that we attach more importance to keeping up appearances than men. I put the feminine characteristic in a different form. We have all heard the sad little tale of the New England woman who lay dying in the farmhouse she had managed for fifty years. Her husband—a rugged Puritan of the hardest grain—hung over her, with moist eyes and faltering voice:

"Oh, Betsey! you have been a good wife to me!" he groaned out.

The glazing eyes opened wide upon his; the dried lips moved. He put his ear to them to catch the parting words:

"Why didn't you tell me that before?"

Don't wait so long, dear John of the unseeing eye and lagging tongue! I don't think it is possible for you or for any other man to guess how we women hunger and thirst for recognition of what we do and what we feel for those to whom we minister all our life long. Nor how hard it is to train ourselves to take your love for granted. If we are good wives we want you to tell us so before we are laid upon a deathbed. If you respect us in your heart, we long for exhibitions of that respect. Put it to yourself how differently you comport yourself toward your neighbor's wife and toward your own. Your wife "ought to know it all by now."

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

IMPORTANT NOTICE

BECAUSE of the enormous number of letters sent to the Exchange, I must ask contributors to limit their communications to 100 words, except in cases of formulas or recipes which require greater space. I want all my correspondents to have a showing in the Corner, and if my request in this respect is complied with it will be possible to print many more letters.

Salt-Rising Bread

I AM going to tell "Troubled Housewife" how to make salt-rising bread. My brothers made and sold it for years and seldom had any bread that was not nice and sweet and white. They nearly always went to the mill and got coarsely ground meal, but I have made my bread with the fine cooking meal, and it is just as good.

First, have ready a quart bowl, a two-quart basin with a cover and a bread pan. Do not use these for anything else, as the bread spoils if put into any receptacle that is not perfectly sweet. At noontime put a little meal—perhaps a small teacupful—into the bowl, add a quarter teaspoonful of ginger and soda and a teaspoonful of sugar, but no salt. Scald the meal well. This is where some persons make a mistake, for the scalding must be thoroughly done. Be sure that every grain is scalded, and even if the mixture looks too thin it will thicken while rising. I set my bowl in a pail and hang this on the clothes bars over a gas fire. It will not be light until the next morning. We made a place to keep it warm, such as my brothers had, by cutting a hole in a bread tin, setting the bowl in the other end of the tin and putting a lighted lamp under the hole after nailing the tin to the wall and covering with another tin. Salt-rising bread will stand more heat than cold, and to keep it at the temperature just below scalding is all that is wanted. I sometimes have had the bread pan so hot that I could scarcely handle it when the sponge was rising. In the morning put into the two-quart basin a little water and the light emptyings if they are light (as they should be); stir in enough flour to make a good sponge and set on the stove bracket until light. Watch the mixture to keep it from scalding and do not let a draught strike it. Have flour in your bread pan; shake it down and make a hole in the center, and, when the sponge is light, put it into the hole, with as much water as is required to make the desired quantity of dough, and add a little salt. Stir again to a stiff batter and sprinkle the top with flour. When light, mold until the dough is smooth. Fill tins about two-thirds full, and when the dough has risen until it begins to peep over the edge of the pans, bake.

When the bread is rising in the bread pans and in the loaves, keep it high up on top of the cupboard or on the upper shelf, as it will not stand cold or a draught.

I hope "T. H." will have good bread, and I am sure that she will if she follows directions. ELLEN BIT. (Limestone, N. Y.).

I have given this letter at length. There have been so many different recipes, and so many conflicting testimonies with regard to salt-rising bread, that I am sure there are not a few housemothers who will be glad to have the minute directions of one who knows whereof she speaks. One may, as the children say, "begin at the beginning" with this "helper" and follow the various stages of bread-making from dough to perfect loaf.

Mint Jelly

Kindly give a recipe for mint jelly.
H. S. W. (Philadelphia).

Use as a foundation for the mint jelly a plain apple jelly, and in winter, just before taking it from the fire, flavor with essence of mint, to be purchased from grocers and druggists. In summer one may bruise and press the leaves of fresh mint, adding just enough scalding water to make the green juice flow freely. The success of the winter product depends upon the excellence and quantity of mint essence used. Be sure to have the apple jelly foundation stiff enough to permit the addition of the mint juice without making the jelly too thin.

Recipe for Nut Filling

Please tell me how to make a dressing for nut sandwiches.

Kindly tell me also if grape juice is a temperance drink.
E. B. (Germantown, Pa.).

Do you not mean a nut filling instead of a nut dressing? Watch the Corner for a recipe for nut sandwiches.

Yes, unfermented grape juice is certainly a temperance drink.

Homemade Ginger Ale

I notice that you say a recipe for homemade ginger ale has been printed in your Corner. I failed to see it. Will you mail it to me soon?
Mrs. J. A. N. (St. Nicholas, Pa.).

I have explained to you by post that with upward of 100 letters a day to be answered it is impossible for me to send recipes by mail. Nor do I recall the particular one to which you refer. Will any reader having trustworthy directions for a home brew of ginger ale supply the want of our correspondent?

Lard Instead of Butter

Some time ago some one asked if a good cake could be made with lard instead of butter. You said you thought it would taste of the lard, but you wished some expert cake maker would try it and let the result be known. Since then I have tried it twice, and each time the cake—a white one—was delicious. I had a half dozen people sample each cake without telling them why I wanted them to express their opinions. Every one pronounced the cakes fine.

Can you tell me why light bread sets dry so soon? In two days after making it it is dry, although I keep it in a tight tin breadbox. My rolls and bread are perfect but the bread will dry so quickly. I make it with water.
Mrs. K. E. T. (Louisville, Ky.).

I am sure that other housewives besides myself will be interested in knowing of your success in using lard in your cake. The information you give is welcome in this day when prices are soaring high, and when the cost of butter is a considerable item to the frugal housewife.

One reason your bread dries out quickly is because you mix it with water instead of with milk. The oily matter in milk and in shortening—be it lard or butter—is an effective agent in keeping bread moist and fresh. The fact that many bakers put little or no shortening into their bread accounts for the fact that the "baker's bread" of commerce dries out so much more quickly than does the wholesome homemade loaf.

Guava Jelly

"P. E. M.," of Los Angeles, asks for a recipe for guava jelly, which I now send:

Prepare the fruit by washing and steaming. Place in a double boiler, allowing "pound for pound" of fruit juice and sugar, with not a drop of water at any stage. Allow the mixture to boil over a moderate fire for about half an hour, and the result is a delicious jelly.

I tried "Tannie M'C.'s" "pickled rind," also "H. E. G.'s" "chutney sauce," and found them both excellent.
N. Y. (California).

Thanks for your clear and satisfactory letter. I hope that "P. E. M." will see the good recipe for guava jelly.

Angel Charlotte Russe

A correspondent signing herself "N. M. P." asks for the reprint of the recipe for "Angel's Charlotte Russe." I inclose a printed recipe which I cut from a newspaper and which I think is the one asked for.

Angel Charlotte Russe

One and a half tablespoonfuls of gelatine, ¼ cup of cold water, 1 cup of sugar, ½ dozen stale macaroons, rolled; 1 dozen marshmallows cut into small pieces, 2 tablespoonfuls of chopped candied cherries, ¼ pound of chopped and blanched almonds, ¼ cup of boiling water and 1 pint of heavy cream. Soak the gelatine in cold water and dissolve in boiling water. When the mixture is cold add cream beaten until stiff, almonds, macaroons, marshmallows and cherries. Flavor with vanilla or cooking sherry. Turn into a mold first dipped into cold water and chill. Remove from the mold and serve with angel cake.

The recipe sounds delicious. Thank you!

Edible Snails

The following letter shows how cosmopolitan we are becoming, as it tells how one of our readers, a New Yorker, cooks and serves snails in her own home. While I know that snails can be bought at French restaurants I had not appreciated the fact that they are served in American homes. I thank this correspondent for her interesting letter and well-written recipe.

In reply to "Grace D.": Snails do not require feeding, as the edible variety grow on grapevines and feed themselves. The small gray ones are the best, although they spoil and die more quickly than the large variety. I will herewith add a creole recipe for 100 snails:

Five cents' worth of parsley, 3 dried red peppers, 1 pound of butter, 1 large clove of garlic. Hash these ingredients very fine until well blended, and add salt. Soak the snails in strong salt water for twelve hours, or until the "white wall" which they build over themselves is softened. Wash several times and put into a kettle, and cover with boiling water to which has been added a sprig of parsley, a bit of thyme, 2 or 3 cloves, an onion, ½ cup of vinegar, or, if one prefers it, a pint bottle of white wine (sauterne). Boil for twenty-five minutes; remove and drain. With a toothpick or nutpick take each snail from its shell, breaking off the tail, or soft end, which is to be thrown away, as it is the refuse. Place the snails in a cool place until the next day. Now thoroughly clean and brush the shells, which is the only troublesome part of the preparation. Lay them cavity side down until they are drained of all water. In each shell place a snail, pushing it as far back as possible with the nick or the finger, and cover with the hashed preparation. Dip each filled shell in finely grated stale breadcrumbs, and about five minutes before the time for serving place in a hot oven. Eat immediately, as they become tough if allowed to stand. They are delicious. And while I am almost ashamed to confess it, my husband and I could eat 75 or 100 at a meal. The seasoning must be very strong in garlic.
Mrs. A. L. (Fordham, N. Y.).

Genuine Spanish Soup

Seeing that one of the members wants a recipe for genuine Spanish soup, I give you the following recipe, which I follow very often:

For a family of six boil in enough water to supply all six slices of toast. In another vessel brown until crisp a head of garlic in a half cup or salad oil. When well browned take out the garlic, pour the boiling water and the toast into the oil and let all simmer slowly for a few minutes, adding salt and pepper to taste. Serve in individual bowls, putting in the bottom of each bowl a raw egg before pouring in the soup.

This is the genuine "sopa de ajo" which my husband, being Spanish, takes every evening.

I will gladly give to any of the members recipes for Spanish or Mexican dishes.
B. de B. (Mexico).

I receive so many queries with regard to Spanish dishes that I am sure many of our readers will be glad to avail themselves of your kind offer. I thank you, in their name and my own, for your letter and your kind suggestion.

An Inexpensive Pie

May a California member contribute a recipe she knows to be trustworthy?

Pineapple Pie

One cup of sugar, 2 eggs, 3 tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, piece of butter the size of an egg.

Stir all into the juice of one can of pineapple; boil together for 5 minutes. When cold, add the pineapple cut into small pieces. This will make filling for two pies. Bake the crust first; put in the pineapple mixture and cover with whipped cream.
EDITH N. (San Francisco, Cal.).

A tempting dessert and easily made. And if you will examine it you will perceive that it is not expensive. Our California member is invited to favor us again.

Lard in Cake

In answer to "R. P." (Chicago) I can say confidently that lard may be used in making plain cake. I have so used it for five years.

Butter is much nicer, of course, but I would never, under any conditions, use a cupful or even half a cupful of lard. A heaping tablespoonful is plenty and safe. No one could detect it. Many of the farmers' wives hereabouts use it. It was by chance that I first learned of the practice, as I am from Brooklyn, N. Y., and have lived here but nine years. The cake in which the heaping spoonful of lard is used calls for from 2 to 3 cupfuls of flour. As a rule, the cooks and housekeepers here do not care to admit that they use lard in this way, but they do!

And why not? It is as wholesome, and cheaper than butter.

Please tell me how the baking soda is added in the recipe for never-failing cake. Is it mixed with the cream or with the flour? I am anxious to know.
S. S. (Alden, Ill.).

I should stir the soda into the cream, and be sure it was dissolved before adding it to the rest of the ingredients. The old way of dissolving it in hot water meets with little favor nowadays.

How to Cook Snails

A correspondent asks for recipes for cooking snails and you refer the query to a committee of the whole. It is a pleasure to respond to the best of my ability. Only the large shelled or "Roman snail" is used as food, or rather as a delicacy, in southern countries. They are used in the winter alone. During that season a lid is formed which makes the shell air-tight. None with this lid open should be eaten. Here it is:

Wash and boil twenty-five unopened snails in salt water for one hour. While they are still hot pull out the boiled snails from the shells. Chop them and add 2 ounces of butter, 2 tablespoonfuls of breadcrumbs and the same of cream, 1 tablespoonful of parsley; salt, pepper and spice to taste. *Refill the cleaned shells, reheat and serve hot.*
LOUISE E. H. M. (Chicago).

Foreigners who eat and like snails ask, in return for our exclamation of wondering disgust, "Why not, as well as oysters and shrimps?

"Or, for that matter, why is a clean land snail more objectionable as an edible than your diamond-backed terrapin, your soft-shelled crab and the bullfrog legs you rate as a delicacy?"

It may be, as they affirm, a matter of prejudice and custom that we despise the snail and enjoy clams and turtle. It is possible that, dispassionately considered, the grayish, glutinous, grewsome mass devoured in my sight by a Russian count opposite me at a Roman hotel was not a whit more offensive to him than a bowl of oyster bisque to me. All the same, prejudice and custom are mighty and prevail in the American cuisine and home. Your method of disposing of the crustacean creepers is the least objectionable of which I have any knowledge, and we thank you for the recipe.

Limewater

STATISTICS prove that a large proportion of all the babies born die while teething. It becomes a serious question to the anxious mother how she can aid nature at this critical time. When the tooth is almost ready to appear, a judicious rubbing, or allowing the child to bite hard, safe substances, is often healthful and beneficial.

Have you never been alarmed at some sudden attack of sickness, and, when your good doctor was summoned, had him affirm the cause to be teething, when nothing in the appearance of the mouth would indicate the coming of a new tooth? We think any mother who has taken careful observation will say that often, when the tooth is first forming, the whole organization is more disturbed than when the tooth is about ready to make its appearance.

Now, how can we help matters more than by supplying a child what its little system most needs in tooth-making? If we take the trouble to look into the matter, we shall find that every tooth is composed largely of lime.

As soon as your baby has reached a suitable age for cutting teeth, put a few drops of limewater in its milk at each meal. By thus supplying your child with just what he needs at this critical time, you will aid nature in her work, and prevent many troublesome, if not fatal, results.

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We have $200,000 for investment in the Creston District which we will loan in sums of from $500 to $10,000 on improved or unimproved fruit lands, also on improved and unimproved town property.

If you want capital to improve your land, call and see us for a loan.

Why pay rent when you can borrow money through us to build your own home with. Should you want to improve your business property, call and see us regarding terms on a loan.

We have the money to invest.

Johnson & Scruton
Wilson Ave. P. O. Box 38. Phone No. 73 Creston, B. C.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

As Monday's noon east bound train was running between Moyie and Wattsburg at a rate of thirty-five miles an hour the trucks of the tender left the track and the train ran for some distance in that way. No damage was done. The news of this narrow escape from a bad accident was sent to the Review by a passenger on the train.

For the newest lasts and perfect fitting shoes, see our line of fine shoes. S. A. Speers.

Robert Laurie left on Wednesday last for Calgary where he will in the future reside. Mrs. Laurie left on Tuesday for Cranbrook and had arranged to meet her husband and proceed to the prairie city with him on Wednesday. Mr. Laurie shipped a car of goods including several head of horses last Tuesday. He says that the growth of Calgary is phenominal.

Have you seen the assorted stock of Enamel ware at Ed. F. Johnson's hardware store on Fourth St.? If not drop in and inspect for yourself.

On Tuesday evening last in the Methodist Church the Rev. E. W. Morgan, B A., Superintendent of Asiatic Missions in B. C., and Fong Dickman, assisted by the Rev. F. J. Rutherford, gave quite an interesting and instructive entertainment consisting of lantern slides of the work in central China Mr. Morgan gave a short lecture on conditions in the East, while Fong Dickman addressed the meeting just before its close very briefly, and the Rev. Rutherford handled the lantern slides with apparent dexterity. At the close of the meeting a collection was taken up and those present had an opportunity of subscribing what they choose towards the Missions.

FOR SALE.—Lots 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, Block 3, Dow's Addition. Send offer to owner, Mrs. W. Wilson, 551 Fifth Street, Brandon, Manitoba.

The business of the Creston Clothing House has changed hands and will now be run under the name of The Wislers' Tailor Shop at the old stand on Sirdar Avenue, until later on they expect to move onto new premises on Wilson Avenue.

Have you tried the "Rising Sun" flour at the Cheap Cash Store. T. D. Bunce.

The countryside will shortly be dotted with something new in the way of advertising signs, which will be put out by R. Lamont, the live real estate dealer of Creston.

For Sale.—320 acres of crown-granted excellent Fruit Land on Kootenay Lake, Lot 913. Apply, C. P. Hill, Hillcrest Mines, Alberta 15-th

Meals at all hours at the Wigwam Cafe on Fourth St., a short distance from Sam Hatfield's pool room.

The concert and entertainment in aid of the Boy Scouts will be held at the Mercantile Hall on Wednesday, April the 5th next, at 8 p. m. A full program consisting of songs, drills, recitations and comedies will be presented. Tickets 50 cents, children 25 cents. Tickets can be obtained from any of the Boy Scouts.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Creston Park and Recreation Association Company will be held on Friday, this evening, March 31 st inst., in the office of Robert Walmsely. Business—The eeection of directors and the appointment of an auditor, etc.

See the beautiful Easter cards and novelties at the Drug Store.

M. C. Wisler, a practical sign writer and painter, has embarked upon a painting and signwriting business, his store is on Sirdar Avenue. See his ad elsewhere in this issue.

Eggs for Sale—From thoroughbred R. C White Wyandottes. Good laying strain. $1.50 a setting. J. Cook, Creston.

Mr. W. P. Stark, who arrived last week from Basingstoke, England, together with Mr J. Heath, paid a visit to Nelson early in the week, returning to Creston Wednesday.

Mr. Stark called in at the Review Office whilst waiting for the train and discussed his plans for the improvement of the Devon Ranch during the coming spring. Incidentally he informed us that the flow of emigration from England continues unabated, and even the news of Lloyd George's impending retirement through suffering from a swollen throat, the result of his recent prolonged course of Limeousing, has not sufficed to stop the rush.

Mr. Stark, after a careful survey of his holdings in Creston, is more than ever satisfied with his investment, and intends to pursue an energetic policy of developing his fruit lands to their highest capacity.

He states that some of his acquaintances who have been foolish enough to purchase goat ledges around about the Kootenay and Arrow lakes, under the impression that they were getting fruit ranches, are already beginning to repent of their bargains, and regret they did not follow his example and purchase in the genuine fruit district surrounding Creston.

Spring is here, order your spring costume from Madame Garrett, the dressmaker, Victoria Avenue, opposite the Methodist Church.

Last Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Rose Riel entertained a few of her lady friends being members of the Ladies' Altar Society of the Roman Catholic Church, while last Friday a number of the ladies of this same society spent an enjoyable afternoon t the home of Mrs. J. McPeak on Victoria Avenue. This little gathering was in honor of of Mrs. Rose Riel on the eve of her departure to visit relatives at Portland and the coast.

Government Agent W. F. Teezel and Jake Searsen, Bridge Superintendent paid Creston an official visit this week.

Four hundred four year old Wealthy and Spitzenberg apple trees transplanted from the Watson ranch are this week being planted on Sam Hatfield's orchard land joining the town limits.

Word has reached here this week that quite a large number of prospective investors in fruit lands will reach Creston in April. Then will be the time when lands will change hands and if you can't sell to them yourself, don't knock your neighbor's land, for by your so doing you will simply drive the investors out of the district.

Mr. and Mrs. Andy Miller will move onto the ranch this week, having resided in town all winter.

It is expected that still another business will be started on Wilson Avenue next to Mr. Jacob Smith's bakery and confectionery in the near future. Wilson Avenue will this spring be graded as far as the tank of the C.P.R., and while it may be a short street it is becoming a very busy street as any passer by can see.

Who will be the next Stipendiary Magistrate at Creston? Without a Stipend, is the question that is bothering not a few at present.

Mr. Botterill is improving his ranch and will plant fruit trees on his five acres just cleared, he having purchased the trees through Walter. V. Jackson, agent for the Riverside Nurseries. Mr. Botterill will also start the erection of a handsome dwelling, which he expects to complete by May 24th. His land is situated in a garden spot of the valley about one mile from town.

Mr. Okell is very disconsolate these days, he lost his bet, it was an English sparrow after all.

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JOB PRINTING

Services Next Sunday.
Presbyterian Church
Services will be held in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next. Morning service, 11 a m.; Evening service, 7:30 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. You are cordially invited to join our Bible Class
S. H SARKISSIAN, Pastor.

Methodist Church
Services on Sunday next: Service at 11 a.m., Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p.m.; Evening Service, 7:30 p.m.
F. J. Rutherford, Pastor.

Mr. J. Grafton, the well known real estate dealer, who is interested in fruit lands in the Creston District, arrived in town on Tuesday with a party of land seekers, who will tour the valley under his supervision, with a view to investing here.

We understand that Mr. Gra ton will bring in a large party of land seekers, it being expected there will be some fifty or so possible investors, during next week, who will come principally from the coal towns of the Crows Nest.

With the impending strike, and the general dissatisfaction now rife among the residents and business men who live in the towns where prosperity depends upon the regular payment of wages by the various companies, many of the well to do miners are contemplating quitting burrowing underground for a livlihood, and instead will purchase fruit lands in the Kootenays. Creston should make a powerful appeal to this class of citizens, we have in this district everything which they can require, the fruit lands of our glorious valley offer to them an opportunity to gain wealth, health and independence, and they could count on receiving a hearty reception from the citizens of this district.

The Review is informed that recent legislation effecting telephone companies requires that all ordinary telephone service shall be discontinued after 12 o'clock noon on Sundays. This new regulation will take effect at the local telephone office at noon on Sunday next.

Mrs. F. K. Hurrey returned home from Nelson on Wednesday last.

Mr. Rose of Sarnia, Ont., is paying a visit to his son F. J. Rose.

For Rent.—100 acres of land suitable for Dairy, Poultry and Hog Farming situated within 1½ miles of five large Mines. House. Barn, etc. Easy terms Apply C. P. Hill, Hillcrest Mines, Alberta. 15-tf

The newest patterns and all shades in prints can be had at Speers Store.

The Ladies' Auxilliary of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. H. S. McCreath on April 7th.

We are glad to report that Miss Grace Quaife is now recovering from her recent illness.

Mrs. Trombly, mother of S.E. Trombley, is rapidly recovering from the effects of her recent accident.

Mrs. Pochin, Sr., has returned from a three weeks' visit to her son A. D. Pochin, at Canyon City.

A substantial fence is now being built around the Presbyterian Church and manse under the supervision of Rev. S. H. Sarkissian.

Henry Watson came in from Wardner last Saturday.

W. R. Beatty
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