The Cariboo Sentinel.

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THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

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Soda Creek,	Barnard's Express
Clinton,	Barnard's Express
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THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Cards, Circulars, Posters and Programmes for Balls and Theatrical Entertainments

Executed with neatness and dispatch.

Terms moderate.

MINING RECORDS.

LITTLE PINE CREEK.

Sept. 13—Recorded in favor of J. Z. Hough, Joseph Devlin, John Clendinnin, Wm. Stephenson, John Bowron, Wm. McCormick, R. B. Devlin, 7 creek claims on Little Pine creek, about 9 miles from Barkerville, on Bear lake trail, commencing about 30 feet above mouth, and running up stream; 350 feet additional reserved by Gold Commissioner, subject to discovery of gold in paying quantities.

PINE CREEK.

Sept. 18—Recorded in favor of Martin Anderson, the whole of the Discovery co. Re-record.

LIGHTNING CREEK.

Vulcan co.—Sept. 14—Recorded in favor of John Dawson, half interest. Re-record.

Gem co.—Sept. 16—Recorded in favor of Walter Urquhart, 1 interest. Re-record.

International co.—Sept. 18—Recorded in favor of T. R. Pattullo, 2 interests; R. H. Brown, J. Oppenheimer, J. H. Todd, B. Van Volkenburgh, Wm. Dixon, Wm. Davison, Dan. Mills, Wm. Forrist, Wm. Tucker, James Hocking, James Brown, M. Carrothers, H. Anderson, S. Pearcy, 1 interest each. Re-records.

NELSON CREEK.

Sept. 19—Recorded in favor of A. Jacquemont, 1 hill claim, commencing at upper line of Guillotean's claim, running up stream.

BURNS CREEK.

New Found Out co.—Sept. 21—Recorded in favor of Jas. Stephens, Walter Forster, F. G. Forrist, John Black, Adam Steele, Robert Lipsett, 6 hill claims on east bank, commencing about 150 feet above Blythe co., running up stream.

ANTLER CREEK.

Sept. 19—Recorded in favor of Joseph Rawley, Robert Neil, 2 creek claims, commencing at Boyd & co.'s upper line, running up stream.

LOWHEE CREEK.

Victoria co.—Sept. 18—Recorded in favor of Paul Hohm, Jos. James, S. Fellows, T. L. Riggs, J. H. Todd, John James, G. Isaac, 10 hill claims on right bank, commencing about 500 feet above old Victoria ground, running up stream, to form part of Victoria co.

Calaveras co.—Sept. 22—Recorded in favor of Geo. Dougherty, 1 interest; re-record.

CONKLIN GULCH.

Bowmanville co.—Sept. 13—Recorded in favor of James Heal, Henry Knight, Robert Heal, 3 hill claims on left side, commencing at lower corner of gulch, running up stream; and in favor of James Heal, in trust for company, the old Point co.'s ditch.

WILLIAM CREEK.

Innerdale co.—Sept. 18—Recorded in favor of Robt. W. Summers, 1 creek claim, 100 feet in width, commencing at lower line of Innerdale co., to form part of same.

Cariboo co.—Sept. 18—Recorded in favor of George Trueman, 1 interest, abandoned by George Taylor.

Welsh co.—Sept. 20—Recorded in favor of M. Prager, N. Grunbaum, F. Bissonnette, G. M. Morris, Louis Morgan, 5 creek claims, running from McPherson co. 150 feet up stream to Murray claim, from Murray northeast corner 100 feet, and from southwest corner 250 feet.

Cornish co. [Water]—Sept. 20—Recorded in favor of Cornish co. 100 inches water from William Creek, nearly opposite court house. Re-record.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—As it will be of interest to the merchants and others of British Columbia to know of the great number of miners who are on their way to Omineca from Montana, Blackfoot and other places, I write you a few hurried lines. I am now at the Spokan bridge, Spokan river, Washington Territory. This is the place where nearly all the travellers pass in going from Portland to the Montana country, and all have also to pass here from Montana, Blackfoot and other places who are bound for Peace river, and it is some 650 or 700 miles from Cariboo. I travelled all the way over the mountain trails to Spokan on horseback, and had a good opportunity of seeing all who passed on their way to British Columbia, and I assure you that the number was great. I have been here three days, and during that time at least fifty men have passed, and they inform me that a thousand men are now on their way between here and the Montana mines, all bound for Germansen creek; and from what I have seen of them I will try and describe the class of men they are. In one respect they are quite unlike many who went to Cariboo in the early days of '62, for the majority of those poor fellows went on foot with their packs on their backs, and without the means to prospect after getting into the country. But these men, with few exceptions, are all young, hearty and able-bodied, ride good horses, and, I should judge, well fixed to prospect for new creeks and give the old ones a good shake up, for they have been used to a mining life, and are now leaving a country, to use their own expression, "played out." They are steering north with glad hearts, and I hope they won't be disappointed in finding plenty of gold; but if they do not succeed there is a chance another way of making money, and certainly a more certain and easy method than mining,—that is, to take up ranches in British Columbia and raise stock, as many did who went to Big Bend and were disappointed. I will name you some of them: Mr A. S. Fortune, of Spallumcheen, near Shuswap lake, has 720 acres of as fine land as any person need wish to see; he had this year 114 acres of grain, and he informed me that he put it all in with one team. He has not had to do any clearing, only plough his ground and cast his seed, and expects at least a yield of 20 bushels to the acre. Mr Whitfield has also a good ranch. Those who have settled on the South Fork of the Thompson have equally as good a place; and from Kamloops up the north and south forks of the Thompson, and across the country by Okanagan lake to the Customs house at the boundary line, people are settled all through in good cosy circumstances, with from 50 to 500 head of cattle and horses, and many of them will tell you that they started without anything. Mr Lowe, Customs officer at Osoyoos lake, and his partner, Mr Haynes, of Kootenay, have got 900 head of cattle and a large band of horses; and it is no wonder that settlers in that country are getting rich, for it is a fine stock-raising country and offers a good opening for many yet.

I have had a very pleasant and profitable trip, and intend to travel from here down through the Walla Walla, Clickitat and Yakoma valleys, and then return by Portland and Victoria home this fall.

D. SIDDALL, Dentist,
Of Barkerville, B.C.

Spokan Bridge, W.T., Aug. 30, 1871.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED

AT RENNIE'S.

A large supply of

Fine Underclothing,

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S

BOOTS SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

New Goods will be received every week during the season.

BOOTS, SHOES,

Clothing and Groceries,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

For sale at the Store of the undersigned in Barkerville, opposite the Bank of British Columbia.

W. RENNIE.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

jel7 as usual

COMMISSION, STORAGE,

AND

General Agency.

JAMES WICKHAM,

ap15tf Barkerville.

A. PENDOLA,

BARKERVILLE,

COMMISSION & STORAGE.

Groceries, Provisions and Liquors.

DEPOT FOR

DOG CREEK EXTRA FLOUR.

my20

EXPRESSES, STEAMERS, &c.

Ho! for Cariboo and Omineca.

BARNARD'S STAGES

MAKE THE BEST TIME!
DRIVE THE BEST STOCK!
USE THE BEST COACHES!
HAVE THE MOST COMPETENT DRIVERS!
CARRY THE MOST PASSENGERS!
DO THE LARGEST BUSINESS!

And guarantee to connect with the Steamers at each end.

Leave Barkerville on Monday at Six a.m., reach Yale Thursday at Six p.m., and arrive at Victoria on Saturday at Four p.m.

FOUR DAYS AHEAD OF H.M. MAILS!

REMEMBER THIS!

Travellers by the FAST LINE SAVE FROM TWELVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS by not loitering, as other lines do, on this road.

je17 F. J. BARNARD.

Gerow & Johnson's Stages

WILL LEAVE BARKERVILLE EVERY WEEK, connecting with the Steamers at Quesnelmouth and Yale, with H.M. MAIL, EXPRESS and Passengers

FOR YALE & INTERMEDIATE PLACES.

GEROW & JOHNSON'S

Express and Stage Line

CARRIES

LETTERS, TREASURE, VALUABLES, EXPRESS FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

AT REDUCED RATES.

Collections, Commissions and General Express business done with punctuality and dispatch.

Office of the Cariboo Agency at MR DAVID KURTZ'S STORE, Barkerville.

ap29

Steamer Victoria.

ON AND AFTER THE 18TH MAY, THE STEAMER Victoria will

LEAVE SODA CREEK

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

Connecting next day with the Steamer ENTERPRISE at Cottonwood Canyon.

WILL LEAVE QUESNEL

On the down trip every

TUESDAY MORNING.

Freight from Soda Creek to Upper Canyon	2½ cts.
" " Quesnel " "	1½ cts.
Fare from Soda Creek to Upper Canyon	$10
Fare from Quesnel to " "	5
Fare from Soda Creek to Quesnel	5

Quesnel, May 12, 1871. my20

Vanwinkle Store,

LIGHTNING CREEK.

MINERS AND TRADERS will find it to their advantage to purchase at this Store, where there is

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS

Of the very best description on hand, and the Stock constantly replenished by new arrivals. The proprietors will sell Goods

AS CHEAP AS ANY IN CARIBOO.

Orders promptly filled, and forwarded with dispatch

J. W. LINDHARD.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

SATURDAY, SEPT. 30, 1871.

PROTECTION.

In our last issue we endeavored to lay before our readers as explicitly as in our power the advantages to be derived from the immediate adoption by the next Legislative Assembly of the Canadian Tariff. We showed from the statistics of imports for last year that the saving to the province by its adoption would be about $68,000 per annum when compared with the present Tariff, or about $21,000 when compared with Dr. Helmcken's visionary modification; and yet with these facts staring them in the face, there are people still to be found whose reasoning powers have been rendered so obtuse by prejudice as to inveigh in bitter terms against the change, and worship as their guiding star the ignis fatuus "Protection.'

We should not have recurred again to this subject at present had we not been struck by an article in the Mainland Guardian of 13th inst., headed "*Protection,*" which takes directly the opposite side of this important question, and advocates the retention of our present Tariff, bewailing in sad accents the melancholy ruin inevitably resulting from the change. Our contemporary, however, fails to bring any reasonable arguments to support his cause. He brings no proof to substantiate the theory that the present Tariff has been beneficial to the farmers, or that they would be injured by its repeal; but apparently struggling against the conviction of common sense, indulges in absurd invectives against all who maintain that a saving of $68,000 annually would be a benefit to our small community. He states "*that by the immediate application of the Canadian Tariff we should be at once placed in competition with the farmers of the neighboring States, which means simply annihilation to our own farmers, who have neither the capital or the labor-saving machinery with which our neighbors are amply furnished, hence incapable of existing as competitors.*" This point, in the first place, we dispute; the main article affecting the farmers on which there would be a material reduction of duty we have already shown to be flour, and with all the protection afforded by the present Tariff we find that now foreign produce to a very great extent supplies the demands of the lower country. East of the Cascades it is different; our farmers are capable of furnishing all that is required for the consumption of the interior, and ask no protective duty; the distance from the coast insures them in a great measure from foreign competition, and, with proper facilities for reaching the home markets of the Fraser and Victoria, the lower country farmers ought to be able to compete with their neighbors across the line if they possess land suitable for the cultivation of wheat, while if they do not it is not fair that the miners, lumbermen, mechanics and other classes should be taxed in order to support them in a struggle against nature. On other articles of agricultural produce, irrespective of flour and wheat, the difference of duty would be about $6000, and we should like to know if this reduction would be so disastrous as to necessitate the payment to Canada of three times the amount annually which would be taken off farming produce of all descriptions.

Our contemporary goes on to say:

"If we go in for free trade it will not do to stop at farming produce—it must be extended to every branch of trade. Where then would be our brewers, distillers, wagon and farming implement makers, and a number of other industries that only exist by the imposition of duties on such articles as are manufactured by them?"

This we call pure and unadulterated nonsense. If such trades exist only by duties extorted from the community at large, the sooner their existence terminates the better. But let us look at the question in a critical manner and see how it will stand impartial scrutiny. First take the brewers. Ale and porter under the Canadian Tariff pay a duty of 10 per cent. ad valorem, and also a specific duty of 5 cents per gallon in wood and 7 cents per gallon in bottle. This would make no great reduction on our present rates; and as it appears that in spite of protection these same brewers are now compelled to import over half a million pounds of barley, on which they would save about $1300, it is hard to see how they would be much injured.—Next, the distillers. They would share in the benefits to be derived from cheaper barley, though certainly the reduction of the duty on spirits might work badly for them; their choice brands of cognac and other "foreign" liquors which they now manufacture might not fetch as good a price as now, but we question much if it is advisable to pay away $35,000 a year for the protection of this description of home manufacture. Then we are told wagon and farming implement makers would be ruined. How is this? Agricultural implements under the British Columbia Tariff were admitted free! and yet we are gravely told that the abrogation of that Tariff would ruin their manufacturers. Here is consistency in argument;—the farmers would be crushed by the reduction of duties and the implement makers by their increase! Wagon materials were also imported free, on some portions of which duty would hereafter be chargeable. Their total value for the last year amounted, however, to only $3178. Wagons which under the old rates paid 20 per cent. would under the new pay 15; and what do the imports amount to? In 1870 to no less than 15 carriages and wagons of all descriptions, paying the enormous duty of $719, on which there would be a reduction of $181, which would, we are asked to believe, drive the enterprising wagon makers out of the province. What the number of other industries are that exist only through duties we are at a loss to make out.

The farmers, we are next told, "by the assistance of protection are enabled to eliminate immense sums from the soil, which go to enrich the province and assist in developing the numerous other resources of this favored country. Destroy by the removal of protection this source of wealth, and we should be reduced to the produce of our mines, always subject to exhaustion; but failing the creation of capital from the cultivation of the land, the yield of the precious metals would inevitably be materially reduced in consequence of the absence of the means to work them." This is almost too ridiculous to need comment, but we do not wish to allow the false impression to be engendered in the minds of parties abroad which might be created by reading the above—namely, that the farmers support the mines or contribute towards their development. We should like to know what they have spent in prospecting Cariboo? No; to the energy of the miners alone, who explored the mountains before we had any farms in the country, must be given the credit of what has hitherto been done in this direction. The farmers finding a profitable market for their produce followed in the miners' footsteps: they exist upon the miners, and not the miners upon them.

Now let us look at the gloomy picture of desolation which our contemporary draws. The reduction of the present Tariff, he foretells, would be "immediately followed by the exodus to the shores of the adjoining republic of all the bone and sinew now so bravely employed in creating smiling farms from our forests and prairies. That any intelligent man should recommend such a suicidal policy as that of abrogating the present moderate (!) Tariff even for any temporary advantage, pecuniarily or politically, is almost incredible. It may be that ruin to the thoughtless opponents of our own Tariff would not be the immediate result, but it must ultimately revert upon them; and although they might enjoy a momentary satisfaction at the thought of the triumph these enemies to the country would achieve, it must terminate as the fall of the temple did with Sampson, in their own destruction."

Alas! alas! if there be any truth in the above rhapsody the Guardian's own days must be numbered.

"The sunset of life imparts mystical lore,
And coming events cast their shadows before"

Farewell, poor bone and sinew! By all means, now that the citizens of the United States are groaning under excessive taxation, and many of them fleeing from their burdens and ranging themselves under our protecting British banner, by all means leave this province because our taxation is about to be reduced, and fly to a more congenial clime where you can indulge in the luxury of having your pockets drained legally or illegally to the fullest extent. You have our sympathy, but we fear that there are not enough "intelligent men" in the province to prevent the consummation of the "suicidal policy" the Guardian dreads, even with the awful vision before their eyes of the tottering fabric of our Provincial Temple, threatening to overwhelm the sacrilegious innovators who dare to advocate retrenchment and free trade.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

MR JOHN MUNDELL WILL OPEN A NIGHT School, at the William Creek School House, on Monday Evening, 9th October, at Seven o'clock.

Five Classes will be held weekly.

☞ Terms of Tuition $5 per month. se 30

William Creek Fire Brigade.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BRIGADE WILL be held, in the Fireman's Hall, on FRIDAY, 6th October, at EIGHT o'clock sharp, for the Election of Officers for the ensuing year.

se30 W. DAVISON, Captain.

Dissolution of Partnership

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the business heretofore carried on at Barkerville by the undersigned, as Builders and Carpenters, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN BRUCE will collect all debts and pay all liabilities of the late firm.

JOHN BRUCE.
JAMES G. MANN.

Barkerville, September 30, 1871. se30 1m

Election of School Board.

IN COMPLIANCE with Section V. of the Common School Ordinance, 1869, a

PUBLIC MEETING

of the residents of the Williams Creek School District will be held at the Theatre Royal, Barkerville, on SATURDAY, 7th October, at Seven o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of Electing a School Board for the ensuing year.

J. S. THOMPSON,
Chairman of School Board.

September 30, 1871. se30

NOTICE.

UNLESS THE SUM OF $27 50, ASSESSMENTS due on the Half Interest of THOS. HARVEY in the Lady of the Lake Company, Grouse Creek, is paid in Five Days from date, application will be made to the Gold Commissioner for an order to sell said Interest.

J. POMEROY, Foreman.

23d September, 1871. se23

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name of BOYD & HEATH, Cold Spring House, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

John Boyd assuming all liabilities of the Firm and collecting all debts and demands due the Firm, and who will conduct the business in future in his own name.

JOHN BOYD.
C. H. HEATH.

Cold Spring House, Sept. 13th, 1871. se23 1m

Grand Raffle!

TWELVE SPLENDID PRIZES!

Value, - $1500!

300 CHANCES, - - $5 EACH CHANCE.

Consisting of

Horse, Buggy, Robes and Harness, complete, 1st Prize.

GOLD REPEATER! GOLD WATCHES!

SPECIMENS, CHAINS,

&c., &c., &c.,

The Raffle will take place at the ANTELOPE RESTAURANT, on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, 1871.

A Raffle for Chances will be held every evening till filled. se2

Barnard's Express.

OUR ENVELOPES

Properly Stamped, are now reduced to

12 1-2 Cents each, or $10 for 100.

Our Agents at way places use all diligence in seeing that letters are promptly forwarded to points beyond the regular stage routes.

se16 F. J. BARNARD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Chance!

IES PREPARING FOR WINTER

WILL SAVE MONEY!

By calling at the

Second-hand Store,

Where they will find a fine assortment of

Tinware & Stoves,

—ALSO,—

MINERS' & CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
ZINC, LEAD PIPE,
SHEET IRON (all gauges),
STOVE POLISH,
REVOLVERS, GUNS,
BALLS, CAPS, SHOT,
POWDER, POWDER FLASKS,
SHOT BAGS,
DOOR LOCKS, PADLOCKS,
BASTARD & MILL SAW FILES

And other articles too numerous to mention.

FORCE PUMPS and BEER MACHINES put up and warranted.

☞ STOVES MADE TO ORDER at moderate prices.

Repairing of Metals done as usual.

THOS. FLETCHER,
Barkerville.

Oppenheimer Bros.,

YALE AND BARKERVILLE,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
WINES & LIQUORS,
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
STATIONERY,
HARDWARE & CROCKERY,

And a complete assortment of

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, &C.

Oppenheimer Bros. beg to inform Traders, Miners and Farmers requiring a stock of Goods that they hold a large and well selected assortment, and are prepared to sell at the Lowest Market Prices.

☞ We invite inspection of our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ NEW GOODS are being received continually.

Fresh Ranch Butter,

OF BEST QUALITY,

RECEIVED BY EVERY EXPRESS.

OPPENHEIMER BROS.

my27 3m

The Last Chance for Photographs!

L. A. BLANC

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Cariboo that all wishing to have their Likenesses or Views of their Houses or Claims taken, must call at

THE PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

BARKERVILLE,

On or before 15th September.

☞ No one who intends wintering in Cariboo should miss the present opportunity.

au5 td CHARGES MODERATE.

FOR SALE,

The Best Hydraulic Claim

NOW WORKING in British Columbia, the property of Sharp, Draper and Emerson, situated on Cunnyngham Creek, and having a large extent of hill mining ground. There are three large Ditches upon the ground, affording an ample and never-failing supply of water.

For terms and particulars apply to the owners, on the Claim, or to

JAMES WICKHAM,
Barkerville.

se9 1m

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

SATURDAY, SEPT. 30, 1871.

PASSENGERS.

By Barnard's Express, arrived 29th Sept. From Yale—Mr and Mrs Campbell, to Cache Creek; J. Saul, to Clinton; 5 Chinese to 150 mile house; Wo Lee, to Barkerville. From Quesnelmouth—R. Sylvester, Jas. Black, Wing Sing.

By Gerow & Johnson's Express, arrived Sept. 23—C. A. Noltemeier, from Yale; C. McCallum, from Quesnelmouth; several way passengers to Quesnelmouth.

Down—By Barnard's Express, left 24th Sept.—W. C. Ward, Bank B. C.; John Dribble, H. Took, for Yale.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

WILLIAM CREEK.

The Forest Rose co. last week washed 245 oz. The Ballarat co. washed 95 oz. The claims along the creek from Cameronton up have been considerably troubled with the freshet.

LOWHEE CREEK.

The Black Bull co. have now plenty of water and expect to do well while it lasts.—The Victoria co. have been running a drain ahead, and are now breasting out. The Brown co. are making over wages.

ANTLER CREEK.

The Tudor co. are making good headway with their drain.

LIGHTNING CREEK.

The South Wales co. last week washed 271 oz. The Vancouver co. have broken their belt. The Victoria co. are getting a good deal of water. The Vanwinkle co. are making steady progress with their drain tunnel.

COOPER'S CREEK.

The company which have been prospecting on this creek all summer have found indications of a channel in the hill, and have got some gold.

MINING COURT.

[Before H. M. Ball, Esq., Gold Commissioner.]

THURSDAY, Sept. 28.

F. NEUFELDER VS. JAMES GALLEN.—Action to compel defendant to record a certain trust deed given for a fourth portion of the Black Jack co., or give a mortgage on the same. In the summer of '69 a bill of sale was given to defendant by Henderson and F. Neufelder, defendant to work the ground, and after receiving certain wages, to pay $125 to Henderson and $250 to Neufelder, together with all book debts due the latter, before acquiring a clear title to the claim. The deed was never recorded by defendant, who has, since recorded the ground in his own name.

Mr Park, counsel for plaintiff, argued that the defendant being merely a trustee, was compelled to render an account of the receipts of the claim, as well as to record the deed. He proved that he had applied to defendant on several occasions for an account, and also for the production of the deed; he said he could not find it—either that Mr Lallier had it or that it was lost; he did not give any correct account of his days' work or how the matter stood; Henderson, foreman of the company, gave an account of what money defendant had drawn; after repeated applications defendant positively refused to produce the deed and denied having it in his possession.

Mr Walkem, counsel for defendant, stated that defendant had gone to Mr Neufelder last year to ask for provisions, as the claim had not paid him anything, otherwise he would be compelled to abandon the claim. Mr Neufelder advanced $40 more of provisions, and afterwards declined to give any more, as he did not think the ground would pay, by which he virtually accepted the abandonment of the trust and rescinded the agreement, on the strength of which Mr Lallier supplied defendant with provisions. He argued that defendant had given notice of abandonment in accordance with the deed. Plaintiff should have had the deed drawn in duplicate and recorded at his own expense, or if he wished defendant to record it he should have tendered him the recording fee.

Mr Neufelder denied that he had ever abandoned or intended to abandon the security; he had given defendant provisions in 1869-70 to the amount of $400, but refused him more in winter; in spring of 1870 let him have $40 worth, after which he refused to give any more; had a conversation with Mr Lallier about the matter, but could not recollect the exact particulars; might have said that he had no confidence in the ground and thought it better to lose what he had spent than spend more on it, but never said that he abandoned or gave up the claim; when he gave the last provisions to Gallen did not know in whose name the claim was recorded, but supposed that the deed of trust had been recorded.

Defendant, James Gallen, testified:—In the spring of 1870, when Neufelder refused me any more provisions, asked him how I was to work it? he said he did not know; I told him I would have to abandon it; he said he had lost confidence in the claim, had spent hundreds of dollars already on it, and wanted to know if he was to go on till it amounted to thousands, and then have to give it up after all; asked him if he remembered promising to supply me; he said he did, but did not think it would be for so long a time; told him if he would give me $5 per day for the time I worked before the agreement he might have the claim; he then said he would give me no more credit, so I might take the claim and do the best I could, as he would have nothing more to do with it; he gave me no receipt or discharge; Mr Lallier has since given me supplies on credit, without which I should have had to abandon the claim; have always intended to pay Mr Neufelder when able; know that Mr Robertson advised Mr Lallier not to produce the deeds.

F. Lallier testified that J. Henderson, foreman of Black Jack co., told him Neufelder would give Gallen no more provisions; went to Neufelder and had a conversation; told him I thought he had better continue; he said he though he had better give up this sort of credit; he finally said he would give $40 more, but unless the claim paid then he would stop; some time afterwards Gallen came to me and said he could get no more provisions; asked him to see the agreement he had with Neufelder; I saw it was not recorded; he left it with me, and I have supplied him ever since; never asked Neufelder if he had given up his mortgage; he said he had given enough on the claim and would go no further.

The Commissioner said that he did not consider from the evidence that Mr Neufelder had abandoned his claim. The trust deed still held good, but should have been recorded before, and he thought plaintiff should have taken a duplicate for his own protection. He would order the deed now to be recorded at plaintiff's expense, each party to pay their own costs.

FRIDAY, Sept. 29.

J. SORRACO VS. A. BELLICH—Suit for $298, balance of wages. Defendant admitted a portion of the debt, but claimed some set-off for board and other payments. Judgment by consent for $204.

FIRE.—On Monday morning, about five o'clock, an alarm of fire was given. The fire bell was immediately rung, and the Brigade turned out in quick time, and a bright blaze being seen above Barkerville the hose was run out to the upper end of town. The hooks and buckets were then hurried up the road to the building on fire, which proved to be a log cabin a little below the mouth of Stout's gulch, belonging to Patrick McCabe, who is at present in Omineca. When the Brigade reached the spot the fire had gained too much headway to permit of saving the house. There were, however, two houses immediately below, one of which had already caught fire, and to save them attention was immediately directed. A line having been formed to the creek, buckets were passed by the firemen and volunteers, and the fire in the second house extinguished in a few minutes. The hooks were then brought into requisition, and the burning house, which was very strong and solid, torn down. The origin of the fire is a mystery, as no person has been living in the house lately, and Mr McCabe's brother last week had boarded up the window to keep out intruders. This must have been broken open by some one, probably with the object of robbery, and the house then set fire to either intentionally or by accident.

CARIBOO VEGETABLES.—There is a prevalent idea in the lower country that the mountains of Cariboo are too sterile to produce anything but fir timber and gold. Experience, however, shows that with a little trouble the hill sides can be made to produce most sorts of hardy vegetables, such as turnips, lettuces, radishes, &c., which do not require a long season, and are not easily injured by summer frosts. We saw this week a splendid white turnip, weighing over 7½ lbs., from the garden of Mr George Dakin, between Barkerville and Cameronton. It was perfectly solid and firm, and having tasted it when cooked we can safely say that it was of excellent quality. This was not a solitary specimen either, a large quantity having been grown in a very small space of ground.

THE RAILROAD EXPLORATION—Two of Mr Mahood's surveying party arrived here this week for the purpose of driving out the winter's supply of cattle. They report the party when they left making good headway along Swamp river and the nature of the country improving, the timber, which is principally hemlock and maple, being much less dense. They are now probably across the divide. The band of cattle, numbering 15, will start to-day.

ACCIDENT ON THE ROAD.—On Sunday afternoon, as Harry Wilmot and John Baker were on their way to Barkerville with freight from Quesnelmouth in four-horse teams, when about the summit, five miles from Richfield, Wilmot stopped to fix his harness when his leaders broke away, and running down the hill came in contact with Baker's team, which was ahead, and frightened the horses, which started off at full speed through the canyon and at last went over a steep pitch, wagon and all, into the ravine alongside the road. Strange to say, the horses were got out uninjured, and the only damage done to the wagon was that the pole was broken, though from the nature of the capsize it might have been expected that the horses would have been killed and the wagon smashed to pieces. The load, which consisted of vegetables, was brought to town next day in good order.

THE TRAIL TO LOWHEE.—The residents of Lowhee creek complain seriously about the condition of the trail from Barkerville. Late last year, on the recommendation of the Grand Jury, a new trail was made to that creek, which during the winter was a great convenience. Being located, however, near the base of the hill, the wet weather this summer, with the large amount of travel constantly going on, has rendered it very bad, and the miners, who are compelled to wade through the mud, as well as the packers who have to navigate it with their animals, think that some attention should be paid to it.—Lowhee, though but a small creek, has several good claims still, which promise to hold out for years, and contributes a large amount annually to the revenue of the district, and surely deserves to have a good road for the accommodation of its inhabitants.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—Another atrocious attempt at incendiarism has been made this week in a small house at the upper end of Barkerville, which has been unoccupied for some time. On Wednesday morning the party in charge of the house found that the door had been broken open and the window blind and a broom set fire to behind the door, but fortunately they had burned out. The building is slight and of very inflammable materials, and situated among a nest of cabins principally occupied by Chinese and Indians. The general idea is that the perpetrator of the outrage hoped to start a conflagration, which would draw the Fire Brigade and citizens generally to the scene, in order to get a chance of robbing some of the stores in town during the absence of the proprietors.

FROM OMINECA—Mr Sylvester, with the express, arrived last night. He reports nothing new of consequence. On Mansen creek about 200 men, making $5 to $50 per day. On Slate creek about 50, making $5 to $20. On Lost creek, three companies doing well. On Germansen creek the old companies getting pay, but the creek not turning out equal to expectations. A great many leaving by the Skeena. Met a number going up by the trail.

ENCOURAGING.—An interest in the Two Sisters' company on Jack of Clubs creek, the property of a party who was obliged to leave some time since for California, was sold by auction this week for $425. Considering that this is only a prospecting claim, which has not yet struck bedrock, and that there were also assessments due, this shows a confidence in the creek which we hope is not misplaced.

ROAD SLIDE—The heavy rain on Wednesday night brought down a great deal of water from the hill side on the road through the canyon, and a portion of the cribbing having given way over forty feet of the road slid clean away. Mr Green and a party of men are now repairing the break. Loaded teams will not be able to come to Barkerville till it is fixed.

☞ RAILROAD BOOT AND SHOE STORE (nearly opposite the Government Assay Office, Barkerville).—This store has been opened by Mr C. A. Noltemeier, and great bargains in the best qualities and latest styles of boots and shoes are to be had.

THE ELECTIONS.—A proclamation in the Gazette announces that the writs for the Local Elections will be issued on 2d October, returnable by 20th November, except for Cariboo and Kootenay, which will be returnable on or before 20th December.

THE WEATHER.—We have had heavy rain all this week till yesterday, causing quite a freshet. There is some snow in sight on the mountains. Yesterday there was a change to clear, pleasant weather.

THE GRAND RAFFLE.—A few tickets in the $1500 Raffle, which will come off next Friday, are still for sale. A raffle for tickets will be held at the Antelope this evening.

THE Prince Alfred, from San Francisco, arrived at Victoria 20th inst. The steam engine for the Black Bull Co. arrived by this trip.

BARNARD'S Express arrived at 9:30 last night. Gerow & Johnson's Express had not arrived up to the hour of our going to press.

POLICE COURT—In the Police Court on Monday, F. McKinney, arrested a week previously for being disorderly in Barkerville, was discharged with a caution.

☞ SYLVESTER'S EXPRESS will leave on Sunday morning.

THANKS.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—James E. Smith wishes to thank the people of Cariboo for their kindness and liberality in aiding him to get to Victoria. He has been sick all summer, during which time he has been under the kind care and attention of Dr. Bell, of whom he speaks in the highest terms of gratitude. G. W. Syms collected $69 75, various persons giving him from $2 to $5, making in all $75 or $80, and a mercantile house cancelled a bill against Mr Smith for $8; for which favors he sincerely and earnestly thanks the people of Cariboo. JOHN ANDERSON.

To the Electors of Cariboo and Lillooet.

GENTLEMEN,

In pursuance of the terms of Union you will shortly be called on to elect a member from our joint Districts to represent you in the House of Commons of Canada. For this position I now offer myself as a candidate, and should you do me the honor of returning me as your Representative I shall, to the best of my ability, strive to prove that your confidence has not been misplaced.

If elected I shall use my best endeavors to promote the interests of our Province so far as they can be affected by Federal Legislation, and above all to expedite the grand bond of Union—the Trans-continental Railroad.

With reference to general political matters, I can only say at present that if honored by your suffrages, I shall go to the House of Commons untrammelled by party obligations, save that I shall consider it my duty, and the duty of every member from this Province, to lend a cheerful support to the Ministry to whom we owe our new birth and political enfranchisement.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
J. SPENCER THOMPSON.

Barkerville, Sept. 9, 1871.

WAKE-UP-JAKE
RESTAURANT
AND BAKERY.

THIS OLD AND WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT is always supplied with the best of everything that can be procured in Cariboo.

Board, - - $12 per Week.
Single Meals, - - - - $1.

BREAD MADE FROM THE BEST FLOUR

The Celebrated

FRESH GROUND COFFE,

A superior article to any which can be had from below, Roasted and Ground on the premises from the best selected berries, and warranted free from adulteration.

je17 J. G. GOODSON

ANTELOPE
Restaurant & Saloon
MASON & DALY

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE REMOVED to the spacious premises formerly known as the St. George Saloon, where they will be at all times prepared to furnish

BOARD AND MEALS
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

The BAR furnished with the finest WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Board, - $12 per Week.

je17 6m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. C. BEEDY and J. W. LINDHARD has been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be carried on by J. W. Lindhard, who will pay all the liabilities of the firm and collect all outstanding accounts.

J. C. BEEDY.
J. W. LINDHARD.

Vanwinkle, B.C., Sept. 26, 1871. 6-9 1m

THE WELSH-COLONY IN PATAGONIA.

Some correspondence laid before Parliament gives a curious account of the Welsh settlement on the River Chupat in Patagonia. A party of about 150 Welsh people—men, women and children—betook themselves to this unknown land in 1865, under the superintendence of Mr Jones, an Independent minister of Bala, North Wales; and after many reverses, privations, and desertions, and 25 new arrivals, about 150 still remain, in good health and spirits, and making fair progress. They are separated from all mankind except the Patagonian Indians; and their occasional communication and commerce with Buenos Ayres having been interrupted by a two years' drought making the journey impossible, her Majesty's gunboat Cracker was sent round to the mouth of the Chupat in April to ascertain whether these adventurous people were still in the land of the living and doing well. The visit was most welcome; and but for the commander being able to spare them a considerable quantity of provisions, it might have gone ill with some of them by this time. They had been without any description of groceries for ten months, living chiefly on bread, butter and milk, and what guanaco and ostrich meat they could obtain by hunting, their few (300) cattle being far too valuable to be used for food at present. The men have land allotted to them, on which they cultivate wheat and a little barley, and rear cattle and horses, and the women manage the dairies. The settlement extends for some ten miles along a valley of rich alluvial soil, only requiring irrigation, which they are giving as well as they can. A disastrous flood was followed by the two years' drought; but under favorable circumstances, the virgin soil yields thirty-fold of wheat. There is good promise of minerals in the mountainous country from which the Chupat arises. Small vessels can come up the river to the colony, but the bar is difficult, and, in fact, the traffic with New Gulf is chiefly by road or track, of 40 miles, traversed by unshod horses. There are many things they have at present to do without. They have no shop or "store," and are very short of clothing. They have no doctor; a mechanic, a self-taught herbalist, has charge of the medicine chest. They have "no lunatics, blind, deaf or dumb;" no Poor Law, no currency, except ostrich feathers, no taxation. The colony belongs to the Argentine Confederation, and in the absence of any representative of the National Government they elect annually by ballot a few municipal officers. They have no prison, and, substantially, no crime; the adult male population, or "militia," on one occasion turned out en masse to enforce settlement of a debt, and this is the only display of force there has been. They are on good terms with the Indians and traffic with them. They have also occasional commerce with Buenos Ayres (a land journey of 200 miles, where little or no water is), sending thither Indian products, skins, ostrich feathers, &c. The climate is very healthy, and the colonists feel sure of success as an agricultural settlement, only needing—that great need of a new colony—communication with the rest of the world. In future, the man-of-war going to the Falkland Islands is to call annually at New Gulf and present the compliments of the outer world, and make kind inquiries.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT—A soldier at Galveston, Texas, stole a Limburger cheese of his comrades, the other day. They sentenced him, in mock court-martial, to buy another cheese of the same size, and eat the whole at once without having anything with which to wash it down. When he had consumed one-third, his powers of swallowing became exhausted, and he begged for and obtained a reprieve.

ALL AGREED—A country clergyman, paying a visit to a dying neighbor, who was a very churlish and exceedingly unpopular man, put the usual question, "Are you willing to go, my friend?" "Oh, yes," said the sick man. "Well," said the simple-minded clergyman, "I am glad you are, for the neighbors are willing."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. GILMORE,

Merchant Tailor,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V.I.

HAS ON HAND, AND IS CONSTANTLY receiving, a large assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which he is prepared to make to order in the most approved styles.

☞ Parties on William Creek can have their measures taken by Mr McCallum, Barkerville.
☞ All orders from Cariboo promptly attended to.
my6 1m

Albion Iron Works,

VICTORIA, B.C.,

MANUFACTURE STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, either High or Low Pressure,

MINING AND PUMPING MACHINERY,

Grist, Quartz and Saw Mills, and in fact anything connected with the Machine business. Iron and Brass Castings of all descriptions. On hand and for sale, a large assortment of Sheet, Bar and other Iron, Boiler Bolts, Jack Screws, Brass Cocks, Globe Valves, Cemetery Railings of different Patterns, Car Wheels with Iron and Steel Axles, Steam Pipe Fittings, &c.

All orders promptly attended to. Terms Cash, at our Works in Victoria.

my13 6m SPRATT & IRVING, Proprietors.

Pacific Telegraph Hotel,

Store Street (between Herald and Fisgard)

VICTORIA, B.C.

ANDREW ASTRICO, - - - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The most commodious and clean Hotel in Victoria. It is conducted on the European principle. The table is supplied with the very best the market affords.

Meals at all hours of the day. Private Dining Rooms for Families.

Board and Lodging per week, $5 50 and $6 50. Per day, $1. Single meals, 37½ cents. Beds, 50c.
☞ Fire proof Safe in the House. my6 6m

LUMBER! LUMBER!

MESSRS. MEACHAM & NASON are prepared to furnish Lumber at their Mills, William Creek, or deliver it to order.

LUMBER DELIVERED ON LIGHTNING CREEK AT THE SAME RATES AS ON WILLIAM CREEK.

Having a Planing Machine in operation they will also furnish Dressed Lumber at satisfactory rates.

STANLEY HOTEL.

J. J. ROBERTSON

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE HAS OPENED A

HOTEL AND BOARDING HOUSE

AT STANLEY, - - LIGHTNING CREEK.

The Table will always be supplied with the best articles that can be got in Cariboo, and the Bar with the

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Stanley (Mouth Last Chance Creek,) April 20, 1871. ap22

Van Volkenburgh & Co.

Retail Butchers,

BARKERVILLE, RICHFIELD

—AND—

VAN WINKLE.

A SUPPLY OF THE

BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MEATS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. P. TUNSTALL & Co., 8 BOW CHURCH YARD, LONDON. J. H. TURNER & Co., VICTORIA, B.C.

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods and Commission Merchants.

☞ Goods bought in the European Markets to order, and consignments of Goods from British Columbia sold in London.

REFERENCES IN

LONDON—London and Westminster Bank, Lothbury.
Messrs. Copestake, Moore & Co., 5 Bow Church Yard.
VICTORIA—Bank of British North America. my6 6m

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR,

FOR SALE AT CLINTON MILLS

SODA CREEK,

QUESNELLE, and

BARKERVILLE

J. HARPER,

P. MANETTA,

Miners' Provision Store.

BARKERVILLE.

AT THIS STORE will always be found a well-selected stock of the

FRESHEST GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS IN CARIBOO.

BEST JAVA COFFEE

Roasted and Ground daily.

Branch Store at Last Chance,

Where a good assortment of Goods will always be found.

I trust by strict attention to business and fair and square dealing, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me. f64

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO INFORM HIS friends and the public, that he has fitted up some

COMFORTABLE BED-ROOMS

in his new building, where he is prepared to give good Beds at a reasonable price. Those who will favor him with their patronage, may depend on the cleanness and comfort of his house.

He takes also this opportunity to remind the Carlbooites that his Brewery has received the FIRST PRIZE of the Colony for his celebrated

XXX ALE,

And the true amateurs will be able to judge by themselves that such honorable prize has been justly awarded to him.

N. B.—A large front room to let.
Barkerville, Jan. 23, 1869. N. CUNIO

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

I HAVE been requested by several respectable parties, who can testify to the efficacy of my system, to again make public the fact that

Moses' Hair Invigorator

WILL PREVENT BALDNESS,
RESTORE HAIR THAT IS BECOMING THIN OR FALLING OFF, and effectually CURE SCURF OR DANDRUFF.

This is not a mere assertion on my part, as I have in my possession numerous testimonials certifying to the success of my remedy.

I do not of course pretend that I can make the hair grow on heads which have been bald for years; but I will guarantee to stop the hair from falling off, to increase its growth, and effectually remove Scurf or Dandruff.

W. D. MOSES,
Barkerville, B.C.

CERTIFICATE.

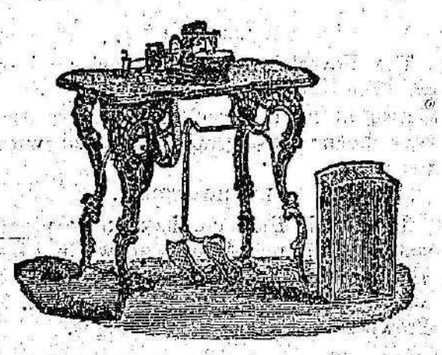
This is to certify that during last spring my hair was rapidly falling out and my head was fast becoming bald, when I applied to Mr W. D MOSES, Barber, Barkerville, who in a few weeks restored my hair to its former healthy state [DAVID GIBBONS
Barkerville Dec. 29, 1866. no26 1y

NOTICE.

MR GEORGE BYRNES, Sheriff of the District, holds my Power of Attorney. All persons indebted to me are requested to make immediate payment to him to save further trouble.

DAVID H. BONNEY.
Barkerville, August 26, 1871. se2 1m

FLORENCE



The FLORENCE is the best Sewing Machine for Family use, because it so seldom gets out of order. If there is one not working well in

CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
NEVADA,
IDAHO,
ALASKA,
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
MEXICO,
JAPAN,

Or CHINA, if informed of it, I will fix it without any expense to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

No. 19 Montgomery Street, South,

GRAND HOTEL BUILDING,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Send for Circulars and samples of the work. Active Agents wanted in every place.

R. BEAVEN, Agent.
je10 6m Victoria, B.C.

LEA & PERRINS'

Celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs to be

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

Caution against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to procure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER, and BOTTLE.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

SYLVESTER'S Omineca Express

SYLVESTER'S EXPRESS FOR OMINECA will hereafter leave QUESNELMOUTH on or about the 1st and 15th of each month, making regular trips twice a month.

☞ A general Express business conducted.
au5 RUFUS SYLVESTER.