THE CARIBOO SENTINEL.

Vol. 1. Barkerville, Williams Creek, British Columbia, Saturday, September 23, 1865. No. 17.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

BARKERVILLE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, '65

LETTER FROM VICTORIA.

Victoria, September, 1865.

Three wet days in Vancouver Island at this season of the year leads to the opinion that the "fall" is approaching, and that mining in British Columbia will have to yield to Jack Frost before long, and the miners seek Victoria and a more genial clime. It is to be regretted that the mining of this year has not been more profitable as well to the diggers as the merchants, but the cause being known is capable of removal, if the Government can be brought to see it, and think of the country more than of filling their coffers by the present system of exacting enormous amounts from very few people. Increase the population and then the taxes would be smaller upon individuals, but the sum total received would be greater. The population will not however increase except something extraordinary turns up, which no one, not even the Government, has any right to calculate upon, or unless the gold tax be removed and other taxes made to bear generally upon the public. When this is done British Columbia—the whole country—will once more flourish, and Vancouver Island reap no inconsiderable benefit, for the two must flourish, or the contrary, together. True it is that Vancouver Island has other resources in her Free Trade policy and commercial pursuits, as well as her coal, copper and iron mines, and the fisheries, as well those heretofore known as those of cod more recently brought to light, which will always give her a position and a respectable existence. British Columbia has nothing to depend upon but her gold mines, and should these fail, or hindrances thrown in the way sufficient to prevent their being worked, then she must fall. True she has abundance of land capable of producing ordinary agricultural products, but of what use would those products be if there were not a market for them! On account of the distance of the productive lands from the coast and the difficulty and expense of conveying the produce thereto, she cannot have any other market at present than one within her own borders, and that market is the consumption by the mining population and of those necessary to them. The greater the population the greater the demand in that market and the more produce will be required to supply it, and vice versa. The chief object of the Government should be then the encouragement of the market, viz: the mining and the mining population, and they being prosperous the whole country will prosper with them, and thus attract and be conducive to a fixed and permanent community who will enter upon and develope othe pursuits capable of maintaining the country when the gold mines fail. To get the mines worked it is necessary that there should be roads to them, as well to enable miners to get there as for the supplies necessary for them—the market must be capable of being reached otherwise there would not be consumers as there would not be producers. It is thus pretty plain that roads are not for the special benefit of the mining community, but are necessary for the country at large, absolutely necessary for the public generally and not specially for any particular portion of the public exclusively. The miners are merely an integral portion of the community having a peculiar calling—the country generally is made up of classes having peculiar callings, but mutually dependant upon each other. Why then should one class be called upon to bear almost exclusively taxes that should fall upon all in fair proportion, as all are either directly or indirectly benefitted? This observation will apply not only to the gold tax particularly, but to road tolls, postage on letters and some others, for I think some classes in British Columbia are not called upon to pay road tolls? However, why should a person living at a distance from the port pay more for his letters than a resident at the port? Are they not equally a portion of the population, are not the various portions of the population mutually dependant upon each other? Have the miners any special privileges to compensate for these special exactions? The ground yields gold, yields coal, yields copper, iron, &c., but none of these are of any use whilst in the ground—it is the labor necessary to bring them forth that is valuable, the articles themselves for the most part are valuable in proportion to the labor and demand. Are coal or copper taxed? No. The days of taxes upon exports have disappeared. The tax upon gold in British Columbia is an exception, and is one of the barbarous myths of "royalties," for Kings, which Britishers seem to have imported with their other old fashioned absurdities. The Kings of British Columbia have salaries paid by the people—they have then no claims for royalties. But is mining a peculiarly profitable busines in British Columbia? Ask the miners. Gold mining, speaking generally, is a loss; every ounce of gold produced in British Columbia has in labor and capital cost double its value! The half dollar tax upon the gold then produced is an exaction of three per cent. upon losses! or, if it cost double its value, really an exaction of six per cent! How many of the claims that produce the gold which is taxed pay expenses? The "Cariboo Sentinel" and those conversant with the subject say unhappily very few. If this be so, the Government to enrich itself sinks the losing men still deeper in misfortune—a very enlightened policy and one certainly calculated to encourage an enormous mining population. Mining for gold is the most precarious of enterprises, but as it is the only stay of the country, those who will should be encouraged to enter upon them, and so far from being more taxed than others they should indeed be less. How much would it have cost the Government, and that is, or ought to be, the inhabitants of the country (for the Government has no money but what it obtains from or upon the credit of the people), to have paid for prospecting the country, which the miners have literally done for nothing, and so enriched the country, as well by saving the Government the expense as by their discoveries. This is why the gold is taxed three, or if you like six per cent! These ideas have crowded upon me from reading the following portions of Gov. Seymour's parting address: "And in our Northern mines "the new duty on gold is not liked. The people, however, in Cariboo received the principal officer of my Government with every "mark of respect on a recent occasion, and "no expression reached his ear to which the "most sensitive ruler could take exception." Here is a confession acknowledging the gold tax to be disliked, but the Governor would say—who expects any tax to be liked, it is nothing more than would be looked for. Mark the remainder. Neither Governor Seymour nor any one else imagines or believes the mining population to be rowdies generally, who would abuse or pelt the principal officer of Government with rotten eggs or act in any but a respectful manner, it therefore means and is intended to convey to the public at large that the miners, although disliking the tax, made no loud complaints against it as being unfair to them, and ruinous and ruining the country, and therefore none to which "the most sensitive ruler could take exception." Now it is not known outside of Cariboo whether the mining population laid their grievances before "the principal officer of the Government" or not, or whether they had any time to do so. But if they have not done so, or do not intend to do so, it will only lend support to the Government to continue the gold and other taxes another year, for it has already been made a boast of "that a public meeting to express their grievances could not be gotten up in Cariboo when Gov. Seymour was supposed to be about to arrive." The miners and up country people generally know very well that the unfair taxes have prevented miners going into the country, and are driving those already there out again, such being the case, they are enemies to themselves and enemies to the country if they have not and will not make known the cause of its impending ruin. At all events when the extract above was written "the principal officer of my Government" had not arrived at New Westminster, and they only saw Gov. Seymour at Victoria a few days before he left for home. The next extract is a shuffle:—"The feelings of the people in each district "of the colony are entitled to every consideration, and I trust that a knowledge by the "inhabitants of Cariboo that twenty-three "thousand pounds are being spent in the improvement of the district, the gold of which "has only rendered three to the Crown, may "persuade the miners that the profit is on "their side in the new arrangement." This is called a "clincher" at New Westminster, an unanswerable argument! Doubtless it is very cunning, very diplomatic, well disguised and calculated to mislead all outside the colony or unacquainted with the subject. Admitted "that the gold tax has only returned £3000 to the Crown," it must be equally admitted that this is the produce of a special tax, and being £3000 for half the season will be £6000 for the whole. If the Governor had stated, that the miners paid as much to the revenue as other people (say £20,000), and £6000 additional by a special tax upon the gold they produced, no matter at what expense, he would not have misrepresented the case, but recorded a fact which certainly would not "persuade the miners that the profit is on their own side in the new arrangement." There cannot be a doubt that the district of Cariboo returns to the revenue or the Government ten times the amount from other sources, so that the revenue from Cariboo is not £3000, but more likely £30,000. The idea Governor Seymour intends to convey is that Cariboo by giving £3000 gets £23,000. It is not so. Gov. Seymour surely does not mean that the £23,000 spent in the improvement of the district has to be paid by the gold tax? Surely he would not lay a special tax upon miners for making roads to the mining regions? True such roads render access more easy and tend to cheapen provisions, &c., but is that for the special benefit of the miners? No. If those roads did not exist many of the mines would not be worked at all, and so the population would be less, and the country generally lose—the cheaper provisions can be laid at the miners' door the better for the country, because it will enable claims to be worked that could not be without them. The roads then are absolutely necessary for the country—the merchant, the packer, the traveller, the producer, none of which would exist without the miner, nor the miner without the roads, and therefore each is benefitted, and the special tax is unjust, impolitic and wrong, and cannot "persuade the miners that they have the profit of the new arrangement on their side." Governor, Governor, upon such a principle how can the £10,000 spent upon roads and what not at New Westminster be maintained. Has any special tax been levied there? No! on the contrary, the taxes there upon property have been diminished one per cent. This is the way "their feelings are respected" and "persuaded that the profit is on their side in the new arrangement." The tax paid by an inhabitant of the capital is three-fourths less than that paid by those distant from it. In Vancouver and most countries it is exactly the reverse. The fact is the excuse made is that since the introduction of Banks into British Columbia, and the purchase by them of the "dust," the collection of the gold tax has become comparatively easy. The injustice of the tax is attempted to be hidden, and the fact that it is bleeding the country to death the Government seems to be wilfully blinded to for the sake of present gain. Now the conclusion: "I can only repeat to them (the miners) what "I said last winter, 'let us give our measures of legis-"lation a fair trial.' Depend upon it the last thing the "Government of this colony would desire to do is to "drive the miners from the country or allow any large "portion of the population to lapse into a state of poli-"tical discontent." "The Government does not wish to drive the miners out of the country;" but whatever the wish, it has induced many and many to turn back from its portals, and those within will leave so soon as may be. Such is a nice result of special legislation—remove the causes and the effects after a while will cease. Encourage the miners in every possible way, and give up the folly of supposing they should bear the burdens of the country because they happen to be unfortunate enough to be gold hunters—gold exists in other places besides British Columbia. Let the Government ask whether it is worth while ruining the country for the sake of an unrighteous tax "which has only rendered £3000 to the Crown?" More than that has already been lost by the miners who turned back and went elsewhere, and still more by the bad name which British Columbia has obtained by reason of her suicidal policy. Doubtless there must be taxation—and that comparatively heavy. The miners will certainly willingly bear their just and due proportion—liberal they are,—but to unfair taxation they will not and need not yield. I have done with Governor Seymour's address, save and except that no where in it is the word "return," or "when I return" mentioned. It is certainly peculiar, and many people here have the conviction that Governor Seymour returns not again—it may be a mere fancy and indeed it is to be hoped it is, for as a private individual he is unexceptionable, and as such a worthy successor of Gov. Douglas. As an administrator he has made some very serious mistakes, but I take it he will be willing to remedy them if made known to him by the sufferers in a decided, fair and proper manner. 'Humanum.' 'The best man is he who is willing to acknowledge an error and correct it, 'est errare.' He however unfortunately is not here, had he been, most likely he would have consulted the wishes of the district of Cariboo. Acting Governor Birch, however, occupies his position and has the power of recommending the removal of the obnoxious measures. To recommend is equivalent to having them removed. Will Governor Birch sweep them from the statutes and thus help to save the country, which he knows to be fast dying of the Government San-grado treatment, or will he procrastinate and see the country inanimate? He has the power, "What will he do with it?" Great honor or disgrace may happen to him within the next few months.

Governor Seymour left here by last steamer. There are many rumors that he will not return (not that he cannot), and a New Brunswick paper states that W. S. Tilley is about to be K. C. B.'d and that he will probably be Governor of the United colonies of Vancouver Island and British Columbia. I do not think the slightest reliance or importance should be attached to these statements.

We learn with some surprise that the California steamers will cease coming to Vancouver Island, but will continue to go to Columbia river only. The S. Francisco hoats have been bought off by the owners of the "Active." The Active is to run between Victoria and Astoria, connecting there with the San Francisco steamers. She will also go to New Westminster if the Government will pay them for doing so. The British is a very nice Government for those colonies, when she leaves them and herself entirely at the mercy of Americans even for the carriage of her own despatches. The colonies are of no use or importance to her now-a-days. The California company is said to have received a subsidy to carry the mails to China, calling at the Sandwich Islands. How these rankees go ahead! It is the difference between English beer and Champagne.

The labor market here and in the neighborhood is over-stocked, therefore those who can get anything to do had better stop in the upper country—and, bye the bye, the sick had better gain admission to the British Columbian Hospitals. I say this because it is said people come down from Cariboo with orders for admission into Victoria Hospital. Victoria Hospital is supported by voluntary contributions and so cannot maintain the sick of two colonies, although indeed the authorities never seem to enquire to what country a man belongs.

There are a host of little "tit bits" which must be left till next time. Sir James Douglas has not gone to England.

"The Cariboo Sentinel,"

WEEKLY PAPER.

GEORGE WALLACE, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE—BARKERVILLE, WILLIAMS CREEK, CARIBOO.

Subscription, $1 per week,

(Including cost of delivery,) Payable to the Carrier.

HARDWARE.

The undersigned will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Hardware and Stationery

consisting of

BUILDING MATERIAL, viz: LOCKS, HINGES, BOLTS, &c., &c.;
CARPENTER'S & BLACKSMITH TOOLS;
HAND, CROSS-CUT & WHIP SAWS;
SAW FILES, all sizes, (SPEAR & JACKSON'S);
CAST STEEL SHOVELS, HOES & SLUICE FORKS;
HUNT'S AXES AND HATCHETS,
AXE, PICK, & DRIFTING PICK HANDLES, best quality;
CAST STEEL (COLLINS & Co.'s) SLEDGES, all sizes;
BLASTING POWDER & PATENT SAFETY FUSE;
NAILS—CUT & WROUGHT IRON, & COPPER, all sizes;
RIVETS—IRON & COPPER, all sizes;
SCYTHES & SNATHS, STONES, &c.;
BAR, SHEET, HOOP & BAND IRON;
SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
MANILLA ROPE, all sizes;
DUCK & RUBBER BELTING;
CAST IRON CAR WHEELS;
GOLD SCALES, 32 and 64 ozs., &c., &c.;

STATIONERY!

BLANK, POCKET, AND MEMORANDUM BOOKS, all sizes;
LEGAL CAP, NOTE, LETTER & FOOLSCAP PAPER;
ENVELOPES, INK, PENS, BLOTTING PAPER, &c.;
WEEKLY TIME BOOKS;
VIOLIN STRINGS, SONG BOOKS, &c.

A. MACKENZIE,
Barkerville, Williams Creek.

READING ROOM AND Circulating Library!

CAMERONTON, WILLIAMS CREEK.

THE TERMS OF SUSCRIPTION have been reduced to $2 per month; above 100 volumes of New Works have been only lately added to the circulating Library. Parties are solicited to subscribe.

JOHN BOWRON, Librarian.

Important to Miners!

The undersigned is prepared to

CLEAN BLACK SAND, BLOWINGS AND PANNINGS,

On Commission, or will purchase any quantity on the MOST LIBERAL TERMS, at the

Reading Room, Cameronton,

Subscriber is now well known on Williams Creek, and from the confidence reposed in him last Fall in the above business, he hopes to receive the patronage of the Mining community the ensuing season.

JOHN BOWRON.

Important to Prospectors for Quartz.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO ANALYSE ORES of any description brought to him for that purpose Charges moderate.

BLACK SAND, PANNINGS & BLOWINGS BOUGHT, or CLEANED on Commission, at the Aurora Company's Office.

P. E. PEVINE.

Agents for the "Cariboo Sentinel."

Van Winkle,	Barnard's Express
Mouth of Quesnel,	do
Wagon Road,	Barnard's Express
Clinton City,	do
Yale,	Mr. Evans, Barnard's Express Office
Lillooet,	F. W. Foster, do do
New Westminster,	Clarkson & Co
Victoria,	Thomas J. Burnes

TO ADVERTISERS.

The "Cariboo Sentinel" is published every Saturday evening, at 5 o'clock. Advertisements intended for insertion must be delivered at latest at eight o'clock, a. m., on the day of publication.

NOTICE.

Miners and others wishing to send "The Cariboo Sentinel" to their friends in Canada, England, the United States, or elsewhere, can have it mailed by leaving addresses at the publication office. Price, INCLUDING postage, $1.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents sending articles for publication under 'nom de plume' must entrust us with their names in confidence. To this rule we must rigidly adhere.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

BARKERVILLE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, '65

The Writ for the election of a member for Cariboo West is expected to arrive immediately, so that no time should be lost in making preparations for bringing out a proper person as a candidate for so responsible a position. Capt. Evans we believe is looked to as being the best qualified resident of the district to send to the Council to represent the wants and interests of the constituency. To all the points of the Cariboo "charter" he will give a faithful and energetic support, and the great experience which he has had of the country will fit him to express at all times an intelligent opinion. On the question of "Union" Capt. Evans has always recognized the advantages that are sure to flow from its consummation. As a practical miner he has felt the injustice of the "Gold Tax," and will do all in his power if returned to have it repealed. "The Adjustment of Taxation" will be one of the important subjects that must engage the attention of the House in the forthcoming Session, and there will be a great advantage in having a man from the interior whose own personal interest as well as duty it will be to have justice done to the residents of the upper country. We can safely vouch for Capt. Evans being in favor of "Economy in the Public Expenditure" and the lightening of the burdens that now oppress the tax-payers The monstrous "Civil List" that is eating into the vitals of the country he will attack vigorously, and the fault will not be with him if it is not pruned down to moderate dimensions. "Abolition of Road Tolls" he will advocate as a simple measure of justice to the enterprising people of the interior. "Reform of the Legislative Council," admitted as a matter of expediency by the Governor, Capt. Evans will force on the attention of the House. Although he may not be able to prevent it in the first Session, yet Capt. Evans will do all in his power to prevent "Officials voting their own Salaries." On the question of remodeling the "Tariff," no man is better qualified to speak than Capt. Evans, who was chairman of the great meeting of miners in Victoria last winter, to oppose and expose its injustice; and as to "Municipal Institutions," as an Englishman Capt. Evans must lend them his countenance and support. We earnestly urge the constituency to lose no time in bringing forward Capt. Evans, as the election is at hand. "Measures not men" must be the motto henceforward, and if the first opportunity is lost of returning the right man then the people deserve nothing better than to be kept in a state of political serfdom. Now is the time for action, and that man who neglects his duty at the present crisis deserves to be branded as a traitor to the country of his adoption.

COUNTY COURT.

(Before W. G. Cox, Esq.)

English & Co. vs. Tormet and Testaniere.—Action for £6 16s. balance of promissory note. Judgment by default.

Hainson vs. Keller.—Action for £10, amount of labor done in building an oven. Defendant had a set off for board which the Court allowed and gave judgment for £3 5s.

Shepherd vs. Milross.—Suit for £23 18s. 6d. balance of account. The plaintiff and defendant had been in partnership and their accounts being complicated the Court ordered the case to stand over till Monday next for examination of books in chambers.

CARIBOO HOSPITAL.—We understand that an effort will be shortly made to collect sufficient funds from the inhabitants of Williams creek to supply cordwood and lights for the hospital during the winter. So deserving and indispensable an institution as the hospital for the sick should receive the hearty support and assistance of this community.

GOLD COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

(Before W. G. Cox, Esq.)

Tuesday, 19th Sept.

W. Brocklebank vs. Foley & Easton co'y, per Geo. Kenny.—This was an action for $503, balance of wages due plaintiff for working on the Foley & Easton claim on Lowhee. Judgment for plaintiff, the amount to be paid from the first gold taken out of the claim.

Alex. McLean vs. Foley & Easton co'y.—This was an action for $413, also for wages. Judgment for plaintiff, payment to be made after Brocklebank's amount is discharged.

Friday, 22nd Sept.

Alpha co'y, Cunningham creek, per J. K. Suter, agent, vs. Samuel Sheldon.—This was an action for $167 68, amount of assessments due by defendant. Judgment for plaintiff.

Geo. Washington vs. Davis co'y.—This was a suit for $118, amount of a due bill for labor done on the Davis claim last year. The defendants denied their liability on the ground that nearly all the present members of the company bought in this year after being told by the secretary and others that they purchased free from debt. The Judge granted a decree against E. J. Johnson, the late secretary of the company, for the amount claimed. Mr. Walkem appeared for plaintiff and Mr. Walker for defendants.

Saturday, 23rd Sept.

Copland & Grogan vs. Pierre, Audlass & Ralph.—This case was for the possession of two interests in the Shenandoah claim, which defendants had taken up on the ground that they were abandoned. On a previous hearing one interest had been given one of the defendants, but from a misunderstanding the three interests had not been sued for. Since that decision the present plaintiffs had got their ground laid over and the commissioner said he could not alter his decision. The plaintiffs therefore got two interests.

A re-hearing of a case against the Antler Bed Rock Flume co'y for wages was going on when we were obliged to leave the Court.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27TH,

The Steamer "Enterprise"

WILL COMMENCE MAKING

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,

LEAVING QUESNELMOUTH

MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, & FRIDAYS,

AT 4, A. M.,

LEAVING SODA CREEK

THE SAME DAY AT NOON.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the delinquent Shareholders of the "CORNISH COMPANY" to come up to my office and settle Assessments until WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., if not the Foreman will institute suit against said shareholders.

By order of the Foreman,

F. NEUFELDER, Sec'y.

Richfield, September 14th, 1865. 17

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Williams Creek Bed Rock Flume and Ditch Company, Limited, having applied for privileges in addition to those already conferred by their charter, and a protest having been entered against granting the same, A MEETING will be held at the Magistrate's Office, Richfield, on Monday, the 25th inst., at noon, at which the members of the Flume co'y and those miners who entered the said protest will be expected to attend.

WM. GEO. COX,
Gold Com.

Richfield, 21st Sept. 1865. 17

Dissolution of Partnership

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between the undersigned under the firm of Mayer & Gronosky is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Nathan Mayer retiring from the firm. The business will be carried on in future by Levy Gronosky. Either party is authorized to collect outstanding accounts.

NATHAN MAYER,
LEVY GRONOSKY.

Barkerville, Sept. 18th, 1865. 17

Restaurant and Bakery IN BARKERVILLE FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers the old established Restaurant and Bakery carried on by him for sale. The stand is the best in Barkerville, and the trade attached to both branches of business is superior to anything in Cariboo. The house is commodious and comfortable, and a considerable sum was laid out this summer in improvements. If purchased within a month a very moderate price will be taken for the House and Lot, with good will of the business.

For price and particulars apply to

GEO. MILLER,
17 Restaurant and Bakery, Barkerville.

FOR SALE AT QUESNELMOUTH,

A CONCORD WAGGON, capable of seating 9 persons; also, a pair of AMERICAN HORSES, with Harness complete. For terms apply at the office of this paper, or to Mr. POLLOCK, Quesnelmouth. 17

Miners' Boarding House, LOWHEE CREEK,

PEARSON & CARTER, PROPS.

LIQUORS, of the best quality only, kept on hand.

☞ The House is situated at the Guittenden claim, on the west bank of the creek. 7

STOVES.

Adams, Pearcy, & Co.,

CAMERONTON,

have just received a supply of

CAST IRON COOKING STOVES

varying in size from 6 to 9 inch; they are of first rate quality, and warranted to bake well. Also, a well assorted stock of SHEET IRON, both Galvanized and Plain, TIN PLATE, SHEET ZINC, & COPPER. Always on hand—

Sheet Iron Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Hydraulic Pipes, &c.

☞ All work in our line done at reasonable rates and warranted to give satisfaction. 17

Dissolution of Partnership

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP business heretofore carried on by the undersigned has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

ROBT. R. CLARKE,
CHARLES E. TAFT.

Barkerville, Sept. 14th, 1865.

The above business will in future be carried on by Robt. R. Clarke, who is alone authorized to collect the debts due to the late firm and to whom the same are to be paid. The debts of the above firm will be paid by the said Robt. R. Clark. 16

COLUMBIA PALE ALE AND PORTER FROM Quesnelmouth Brewery.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully intimate that they are now prepared to supply in quantities the above highly recommended PALE ALE & PORTER, in cask and bottle, of their own brewing.

☞ A trial solicited.

KERR & DUHIG.

Quesnelmouth, 11th Sept. 1865. 16

FASHION HOTEL! —BY— Brooks & Patterson.

GOOD BEDS AT THE

FASHION HOTEL!

CONCERTS AT THE FASHION.

OYSTERS AT THE FASHION.

Victoria, September, 1865. 15

STOCK OF CLOTHING! THE LARGEST IN VICTORIA IS AT J. H. BROWN'S LATE ROPER & Co.,

Government Street, opposite the 'Chronicle' office. 15

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, VICTORIA, V. I.,

MATTHIESSEN & CO., Proprietors.

15

St. Nicholas Restaurant, VICTORIA, V. I.,

MATTHIESSEN & CO., Proprietors.

15

ST. NICHOLAS BILLIARD SALOON, VICTORIA, V. I.,

MATTHIESSEN & CO., Proprietors.

15

Oppenheimer & Co., WHOLESALE & RETAIL MERCHANTS

BARKERVILLE, WILLIAMS CREEK,

Have on hand a large stock of the following goods just arrived, which they will sell at the Lowest Market Rates, viz:

GROCERIES, (including Pickles, Jams, all kinds of Sauces, &c.),
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE, CROCKERY,
LIQUORS, WINES,
SEGARS, TOBACCO,
STATIONERY, CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
MINING UTENSILS, including
SHOVELS, FORKS,
DUCK, ROPE,
PICKS, &c., &c.

☞ Particular attention is called to our fine stock of LIQUORS, WINES & SEGARS.

Barkerville, 12th June, 1865. 10

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STORE! RICHFIELD.

LAUMEISTER & CO.,

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN

Provisions, Liquors,

And every other description of Goods required by the Mining community.

☞ Moderate Terms.

LOWHEE CREEK General Provision Store AND MINERS' BOARDING HOUSE,

situate on the East Bank, opposite the Washburne claim, Lowhee.

EDWARD SHEARER, Proprietor.

Lowhee, July 4th, 1865. 7

S. ELSASSER,

CAMERONTON, WILLIAMS CREEK, B. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
LIQUORS,
SEGARS,
TOBACCO,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
MINING UTENSILS,
STATIONERY,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

☞ Goods bought at my Store will be delivered FREE OF CARRIAGE to all portions of Williams Creek.

S. ELSASSER,

WAKE UP JAKE Bakery, Coffee Saloon! AND LUNCH HOUSE,

Barkerville, B. C.,
A. KELLY, PROPRIETOR.

Everything is done in connection with this establishment to give satisfaction to the customers.

GREAT ATTRACTION! EVERY EVENING, AT THE FASHION SALOON! BARKERVILLE.

ALL THE LOVERS OF FUN ARE INVITED to call and enjoy themselves, when a hearty welcome will be extended.

Music and Dancing.

Billiards, Excellent Refreshments and the best of order observed.

MARTIN & CO.

BUIE BROS., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LIQUORS, GROCERIES, AND General Merchandize, BARKERVILLE.

To the Gentlemen of Victoria, British Columbia, and Puget Sound.

ANDREW ROBERTSON, MERCHANT TAILOR!

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, (opposite the Bank of British Columbia) begs to announce that he has just received Ex Philomela from London, and per last steamer from San Francisco, French Doeskins, Beavers, Witneys, and a large assortment of English and Scotch Tweeds, West of England Broadcloths, (all shades), &c. The latest English and American Fashions regularly received.

ANDREW ROBERTSON,
Government Street.

14

In the County Court of British Columbia Holden at Richfield.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In re RICHARD CAMERON, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS, a petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 17th day of August, A. D., 1865, has been duly filed by Richard Cameron, of Williams creek, in the colony of British Columbia, Hotel and Eating House Keeper and Miner, and he having been declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Judge of the County Court, at the Court House, Richfield, on the 31st day of August instant., and on the 25th day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon of each day, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to M. G. Phillips, the Official Assignee.

Richfield, 21st August, 1865. 18

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we the undersigned have this day by mutual consent dissolved partnership. The business heretofore carried on by the firm of CRANE & HOUGH will be continued by R. HOUGH. All persons indebted to the said Crane & Hough are requested to come forward and settle, and all persons with contra accounts will send them in for settlement.

SAMUEL CRANE,
RICHARD HOUGH.

Lowhee Creek, Aug. 20th, 1865. 14

A CARD.

JOHN GLASSEY, Collector of Rents, Debts, &c., having commenced business, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage, and trusts that by prompt attention to business, he will secure the same, and give general satisfaction.

Money handed over as soon as collected.

Office—Government street, corner of Bastion.

References—W. S. S. Green, Esq., and M. W. T. Drake, Esq. 14

F. V. LEE,

Auctioneer, Mining Agent, and Collector, RICHFIELD.

☞ All Agency Business attended to.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

BARKERVILLE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, '65

GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.—The Cariboo Glee Club, assisted by all the principal Amateur performers (both vocal & instrumental) on the creek, will give a grand musical entertainment in the Parlor Saloon, Barkerville, on Thursday evening next, for the benefit of the Reading Room, Cameronton. The whole company have been busy practising for some time past and we can assure our readers that a rare musical treat will be given. The programme has been made out with great care and the pieces selected for performance evince both taste and judgment. The entertainment will be largely patronised by the ladies for whom reserved seats will be provided. We hope there will be a large attendance as apart from the entertainment itself being of a class to draw, the object for which the benefit is given should attract a crowd.

THE WEATHER.—For three weeks past more rain has fallen in British Columbia than has ever been known in any previous season. The most serious apprehensions have therefore been entertained that cereals as well as the hay crops would be entirely destroyed, and ranch owners became very uneasy. Fortunately the weather cleared up yesterday and there is now every prospect of a fine fall. Some wag who sympathized "not wisely, perhaps, but too well" with the ranch owners drew up a memorial to the Commissioner on the subject of "laying over" the crops, and the unique production has been handed to us for publication; of course we do not vouch for the authenticity of the signatures. The document is headed:

To His Honor THE GOLD COMMISSIONER,

"SIR,—The undersigned ranch owners and graziers in your district wish to apply to you to have their crops 'laid over' till the commencement of next mining season. In case this is not done we shall consider the Government responsible for any damage done by wet weather or other casualties.

We remain, your obedient servants,
Frank Way, F. Laumeister, E. F. Edwards,
M. P. Elmore, Menifee & Woodward, A. S. Bates,
John Galbraith, Walderon & Sellers, Yang Lang Fok.

To this application his honor replied that the wants of the country imperatively demanded the making of hay and grain, and he could not conscientiously consent to the request of the petitioners. He would however agree to give them till the 15th of next January to gather in their crops."

HOME MANUFACTURE.—We would draw attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Kerr & Duhig in another column. The Columbia Pale Ale and Porter are now for sale both at Quesnelmouth and here, and their quality is unsurpassed. Mr. Kerr, who is the brewer himself of the Columbia Ale and Porter has had an experience of forty years at the brewing business, and he ranks second to none on this continent for ability in his profession. We recommend all who wish a most refreshing beverage to try the home manufacture of Messrs. Kerr & Duhig.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to have to record a fatal accident which befell a young man named Charles McIsaacs, on Munro's new road, between Van Winkle and Williams creek, yesterday. McIsaacs was engaged in grubbing on the road when a large tree fell on him killing him instantly. Deceased was a general favorite among the workmen and the greatest regret is felt at his sudden and melancholy end. Mr. Cox, accompanied by Mr. Fitzgerald, chief constable, proceeded today to hold an inquest on the body.

VICTORIA LETTER.—We invite the attention of our fellow colonists to the very able letter of our Victoria correspondent in this day's issue. It will well repay attentive perusal. The arguments in regard to the iniquitous Gold Tax are unanswerable, and must carry conviction to the mind of every unprejudiced individual regarding the unsoundness of the Government policy and the necessity for its speedy reversal.

ASSAULT CASE.—A Chinaman summoned a white man named Oney before Mr. Cox yesterday, at the Police Court, for committing an assault upon him in his own house. It appeared from the evidence that the affray was a trivial one in which both parties were to blame, so the case was dismissed.

CHANGE OF TIME.—It will be seen by advertisement that the steamer Enterprise will leave Quesnelmouth for Soda Creek on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on and after Wednesday next, the 27th inst. This will be a great convenience to miners on their way down country.

NEW ROADS.—The Williams creek road will be finished in a very few days' time. Mr. Munro has his contract within half a mile of being completed. The contractors for both roads deserve great credit for their perseverance in getting their work carried on although the weather for some time past has been the most inclement ever experienced here.

☞ There is no change to note in the market prices this week.

☞ The Eastern news received by to-day's Express is unimportant.

LETTER FROM LILLOOET.

Lillooet, Sept. 14th, 1865.

THE NEW MINES.

The first official report from Mr. Jamieson, manager of the prospecting party, we have substantially the same account as sent to you in a previous note—it is worded with a due amount of caution so as not to create an unwarranted excitement. Judge Elliott arrived here on the 10th, having been four days on the back trip (distance about 100 miles). From a gentleman who accompanied him I have the following information of the doings of the party: They first went to Gallagers creek, where G. knew there was gold, they prospected the banks and found on a reef crossing the creek pay dirt which is guessed at the lowest estimate at about $10 a day to a rocker; they then turned the creek to try the bed, brought up a tail race and sunk a shaft 18 feet deep, without finding bottom, the first four feet yielded a few colors to a shovel; at 15 feet struck a seam of clay and sinking further were driven out by water—the pump they made was not sufficiently powerful to give anything like a chance, they therefore abandoned the shaft. In the vicinity were found several places on the banks that gave good sluicing prospects, but what amount of wash dirt I am unable to say. Judge Elliott brought in a sample of gold—it may be classed as heavy scale gold, more resembling that from Cottonwood river than Fraser. Mr. Gallager, one of the prospectors, states they have found two places half a mile a part on the same creek that will pay at least $20 slucinig a day to the hand. From Mr. Jamieson we hear he has found coarse or shot gold on three other creeks in the same vicinity. The party would have stayed and worked the payable ground found, but that is not the object Governor Seymour granted the dimes for—they seek to establish the fact of whether gold exists in such quantities in the district as to warrant miners coming with a tolerable certainty of profitable employment. To the present dates received, news may be condensed as, the creek first found is 40 miles long, double the width of Williams creek, shallow and rapid, runs through a flat 100 to 150 yards wide, timbered on the hills; the party had been on it sixteen days, have two claims for certain on the banks that will pay, and how many more that won't is for the curious in those matters to determine. Suffice, enough has been found to induce a trial—the world owes every man a living, and he can live there as cheap as any part of the colony. All gold mining may be considered more or less prospecting, a lottery where courage is capital; it requires very little of either to try luck in this section. You can look forward to Mr. Jamieson's next report, but we look out for ourselves—some Chinamen started this morning.

RISE OF THE FRASER.

The rains in the upper country have raised the Fraser higher than known at this season—it was three feet under high water mark on the 9th.

ACCIDENT ON SHUSWAP LAKE.

A canoe crossing Shuswap lake with three white men and two Indians was capsized in a squall and all hands were drowned. An Indian, whose brother was one of the ill fated, says they were on their way to Big Bend diggings.

STAGES.

Charley Chapman, of the steamer Lady of the Lake, is running a stage from here to Clinton. Barnard's runs as usual. Dietz & Nelson, of the Express, are running their stages through to Douglas twice a week, going through in a day.

TRAIL TO THE MINES.

A memorial has been sent down by us to the Government requesting a trail to be made to the newly discovered creeks—by a small outlay they might be reached in three days easily. We have no wish to emulate the notoriety of Kootenay, Big Bend, Sushap, or the Vancouver fizzles for our new gold fields. Miners who are "on it" can learn all the information possible, know they are right, and go ahead. F. W. F.

DISGRACEFUL ASSAULT.—A most violent assault was committed yesterday morning by an idle fellow named Tom O'Neill upon a man named Donald McDonald. It appeared that the parties were drinking in Chancellier & Co.'s Lager Beer Saloon, in Barkerville, when O'Neill attempted to take some money from McDonald, who was drunk. The latter accused O'Neill of stealing $15 from him. O'Neill then commenced a most violent assault upon the intoxicated man, and was only prevented doing him serious bodily harm by a bystander's interference. O'Neill was soon after arrested and lodged in jail. The case was before the Police Court to-day and McDonald presented a fearful spectacle from the abuse of the prisoner. The evidence as to the stealing not being conclusive, the charge of assault only was sustained. O'Neill was bound over to keep the peace for six months in two sureties of $250 each and himself in $500, in default imprisonment with hard labor for that term. The court animadverted strongly on the conduct of the saloon keepers for keeping a disorderly house and threatened to withdraw their license on the recurrence of any more rows. The most disgraceful, brutal and unruly scenes have been enacted in this house for some time past, and the bad character which Barkerville has obtained has arisen solely from the disgraceful scenes allowed in this house. It should most unquestionably be placed under the surveillance of the police.

☞ We have news from Kootenay to the 30th ult., but nothing of importance. There were about 500 men on Wild Horse creek, wages from $7 to $8 per day. Provisions were plentiful and cheap. The news from the Big Bend is not very encouraging.

☞ All who desire GOOD COFFEE and Fine Spices can have both by always asking for FELL & CO'S which can be had from all respectable Store keepers. Be sure you get it with our trade label on each package.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

WILLIAMS CREEK.

Mining has been going on during the present week rather slower than usual on this creek. There was a considerable freshet from the heavy rains, but fortunately there was no harm done to any of the claims.—The Bald Head co'y have commenced drifting again.—The Sheepskin shaft has been filled with water and work is stopped.—The Hibernia, Welsh, Hit or Miss and Australian companies are at work, but none of them are taking out large pay.—The Morning Star co'y are still troubled with surface water coming through.—The Aurora co'y are at work again in their own claim and have been taking out big pay during the week.—The Wake up Jake co'y are at work.—The Davis claim is yielding moderately.—The Cariboo, Never Sweat, Nevada Tunnel, North American Tunnel, and New York companies are working.—The Beauregard & Confederate, Cameron, Raby, Forest Rose, Dead Broke & Prince of Wales companies are working and some taking out pay. We fear that on the whole there will be a considerable falling off in the yield of gold this month, as the claims generally have not been doing so well as before the late floods in the creek. A considerable number of men have left the creek during the present week for Victoria.

CONKLIN GULCH.

The Ericson co'y have been doing very well during the week, and a dividend will be declared to-morrow.—The Saw Mill claim yielded 550 oz. for the week.—The Reid co'y have been getting good pay since our last.—The New Zealand co'y have got excellent prospects during the week; they are still drifting for the channel in the hopes of striking big pay soon.—The Britannia co'y are making about expenses.

THE NEW CREEK.

The creek to which reference was made in our last as discovered by the Grouse creek prospectors is north-east from Cariboo (on the opposite side of the Fraser), 200 miles above Fort George. On the way there the men prospected most of the streams, finding fair prospects on some and very large prospects on others. They were on the creek where Vaughan's party are located, and on it they obtained good prospects; Vaughan is sinking a shaft, and our informants think he will strike good diggings. The best prospects obtained were on the creek on the east side of the Fraser, where they took out three dollars and three bits to the pan. They will return to the place in the winter when the frost and snow set in and when the travelling will be easier than at present. The men think far more of the new district to the north-east as a gold bearing region than any they have ever seen in this country before. They consider they were about 140 miles distant from Williams creek in a direct line. On their return journey they saw a number of Indians who would not allow the white men to approach them; the natives were in a state of nudity except a skin round their shoulders. It is supposed they were part of the tribe that murdered poor John Rose.

CUNNINGHAM CREEK.

The news from this creek is not so encouraging as we would wish, or as we were led to anticipate as the result of the season's prospecting. A number of the claims have been laid over without being thoroughly tested, and very few men remain on the creek. Only one or two companies are taking out pay. It is probable that a little prospecting will be carried on upon the creek during the winter.

BURNES CREEK.

Work still goes on upon this creek briskly, and with the best of prospects. Some companies have lately got down to bed rock and the result was good prospects. Mining operations on the creek will be carried on vigorously for the remainder of the season.

LOWHEE CREEK.

The high water lately retarded mining operations on this creek. Several companies are at work, but not, we regret to state, making much thereby.

SUPREME COURT, VICTORIA—IN CHANCERY.—THE ERICSON CASE.—Mr. Ring and Mr. Wood instructed by Messrs. Drake and Jackson, appeared for the partners in the Ericson Mining Company, and moved that the writ of 'ne exeat regno' against his clients be discharged. Mr. McCreight, instructed by Messrs. Pearkes and Green, opposed on behalf of the Saw-Mill Company. The Court decided that the order should be set aside and the writ discharged without costs, and the money, $25,000, deposited with the Sheriff, returned. The Court would hear an application for the security of the plaintiffs' cost in the suit in equity on special motion.—Chronicle.

IMPORTANT TO MINERS.—After a season's hard toil there is nothing so refreshing for the body as a good Bath, Hair Cut, Shampoon, and Clean Shave, all of which can be obtained in a first class style at the SAN FRANCISCO BATHS, Government Street, near Yates, Victoria. The whole establishment has been newly re-fitted and no expense spared to make it the most comfortable place in the colony. Four first class artists are always on hand to attend the wants of the customers.

CURE OF HYDROPHOBIA.—The efficacy of Dr. Buisson's sudorific treatment of hydrophobia is confirmed by the 'Revue des Provinces,' which quotes the following from a journal printed in 1830:—"I remember," says the narrator, "a man who formerly lived in the same place as I did, and who was unfortunate enough to be bitten by a mad dog. Some time after he fell ill, and very soon appeared all the symptoms of hydrophobia, which became so violent that his friends resolved to terminate his sufferings by suffocating him. To accomplish that dreadful design, four of them extended a feather bed on the floor, threw the unhappy man upon it, and covered him with a second bed, on which they placed themselves to press upon and smother him. During this time his wife was held in the adjoining room by some of her relations. The state of this unhappy woman may be imagined during the struggles and groans of the sufferer. She remained at first apparently stupefied, but when a frightful silence had succeeded the tumult she seemed to break loose from her apathy; the full horror of the scene rushed upon her mind, and, with a shriek of despair, she rushed into the chamber of death. With superhuman force she threw aside the men who were holding her husband down, and pulled away the bed which covered him. Life had almost departed, but respiration was soon re-established, and at last he opened his eyes. The efforts he made had covered him with so profuse a perspiration that it ran in streams from the whole of his body. He was calm, and, a short time after, to the astonishment of all present, announced that the symptoms of his cruel malady had quitted him. This man lived long after, had a numerous family, and never felt any recurrence of the attack."

NOVEL JUDICIAL TEST.—A curious incident lately occurred in a French criminal court. A young woman, carrying a child less than a year old in her arms, was arraigned for having stolen three ten-franc pieces from the house of a lady where she called on business. The prisoner stated in her defense that her baby snatched the coins from a table without her knowledge and carried them home in its hands; that she had just discovered them there and was preparing to go back with the money when she was arrested. The defense was thought most improbable, owing to the child's age; but the president, in order to test its probability, ordered one of the ushers to lay three gold pieces on the edge of the dock, within the baby's reach. The moment the little creature saw the money it clutched the pieces firmly and attempted to put them in its mouth. This experiment satisfied the tribunal that the woman had told the truth, and she was in consequence acquitted of the charge.

THE SHOP IN COURT.—"One more question, Mr. Parks," said a counsel to a witness, who happened to be a tailor. "You have known the defendant a long time; what are his habits—loose or otherwise?" "The one he's on now I think is rather tight under the arms, and too short-waisted for the fashion," replied Parks. "Stand down," said the counsel.

THE "CARIBOO SENTINEL"

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Posters and Programmes for Balls and Theatrical Entertainments,

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch at this Office.

☞ Terms Moderate. ☜

"Cariboo Sentinel" Office, Barkerville, Williams Creek.

ANGLO-AMERICAN HOTEL.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

MR. M. C. BAILEY, begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed from the Orleans House to the ANGLO-AMERICAN HOTEL, corner of Yates and Douglas streets. Ladies, gentlemen and families visiting Victoria, will find good Board and Lodging on the most reasonable terms. Also, well Furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board. 14

BANKRUPTCY NOTICE.

In the County Court of British Columbia, Holden at Richfield.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In re FRANCIS DUSTIN, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS, a Petition of Adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 16th day of August, 1865, has been duly filed by Francis Dustin, of Williams creek, Licensed Victualler and Miner, and he having been declared Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to William George Cox, Esq., Judge of the County Court, on Friday, the 25th day of August, 1865, for a first examination, and on Monday, the 25th day of September, 1865, for a second examination, at the hour of one in the afternoon, precisely, on each day, at the Court House, Richfield, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose Creditors' Assignee and examine the Bankrupt. All persons indebted to the Bankrupt, or who have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to M. G. Phillips, Esq., Official Assignee, and give notice to Francis Dustin, or

F. V. LEE,
Agent for Petitioner, Richfield.

Dated August 16th, 1865. 12

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

BARKERVILLE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, '65

RECIPROCITY TREATY.

At the great commercial convention held lately at Detroit, the following resolution in favor of Reciprocity between the British Provinces and the United States was unanimously passed. The convention was attended by representatives of the Chambers of Commerce of all the principal cities of both the United States and British Provinces. There is no doubt that the decision of such a body must have great weight at Washington and lead to the adoption of a Reciprocity Treaty. We notice with great satisfaction that British Columbia and Vancouver Island are included in the resolution.

Resolved—"That this Convention do respectfully request the President of the United States to enter into negotiations with the Government of Great Britain, having in view the execution of a Treaty between the two countries, for reciprocal commercial intercourse between the United States and the several provinces of British North America, including British Columbia, the Selkirk Settlement and Vancouver Island, based on principles which shall be just and equitable to all parties, and which shall also include the free navigation of the St. Lawrence river, and other rivers of British North America, with such improvements of the rivers and enlargements of the canals as shall render them adequate for the requirements of the west in communicating with the ocean."

THE BRITISH ELECTIONS.

All attention in England was concentrated on the elections. To the evening of the 14th the number of contests completed was 421. Of these the liberals had 263 seats and the conservatives 158. Compared with the last Parliament the liberals, according to the calculations of the 'Times,' have lost 26 and have gained 35 seats; so that the net gain to the government thus far has been 9. Liberal gains are anticipated in Ireland, and on the whole the 'Times' looks for a great reinforcement to the liberal cause.

The 'Morning Herald' only admits a loss of four conservative seats and argues that this loss is more apparent than real, as the unseated members were conservatives only in name. There were still two hundred and thirty-three seats to be filled mostly by the counties, and the contests for these would extend over another week.

Lord Palmerston was of course returned for Tiverton but he has a conservative for his colleague instead of a liberal as formerly.

Lord Amberly, son of Earl Russell was unsuccessful at Leeds.

Mr. W. H. Gladstone, son of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, had been elected for Chester.

Mr. Jacob Bright (brother of Mr. John Bright) and Mr. Leatham, another relative, had failed at Manchester and Huddersfield respectively.

In view of the failure of Mr. Gladstone at Oxford, the the liberals had nominated him as one of the candidates for the southern division of Lancashire. There was a close contest in Liverpool, and the result was in favour of the two conseevative candidates Messrs. Horsfall and Greaves.

The elections in some places had been accompanied with rioting, but nothing of a serious nature had occurred; and, on the whole they may be said to have so far passed off satisfactorily.

☞ A man who has long been well known and much respected in Lithuania has just died at Wilna. His name was Szymel, and for the last thirty years he has wandered about the streets of Wilna asking alms. In the course of this period he is said to have collected no less than 90,000 roubles, not a kopeck of which he spent on himself. He made it his business to find out all the needy persons in the town, and to give them assistance in procuring work for themselves and an education for their children; and his judgment and experience were such that he was scarcely ever deceived by a pretended case of distress. His funeral, which took place at Wilna, was followed by an immense crowd.

☞ Gen. Lee has accepted the Presidency of Washington College Academy in a letter in which he expresses the following sentiments: "That it is the duty of every citizen in the present condition of the country to do all in his power to aid in restoring peace and harmony, and in no way to oppose the policy of the state or general Government, directed to that object, and that it is particularly incumbent on those charged with the instruction of the young to set an example of submission to authority."

MEXICO.—Intelligence from Mexico confirms reports of disasters to the Liberals. The strategetical combinations of Imperialists seem to exclude the hope of a prolonged resistance by Juarez. The retreat of the Mexicans from Chihuahua is confirmed. It is not probable that the Liberals can sustain their position or or persist in resistance without aid, which cannot be looked for. The French are receving reinforcements, and are now in a better position than ever.

☞ All who desire GOOD COFFEE and Fine Spices can have both by always asking for FELL & CO'S which can be had from all respectable Store keepers. Be sure you get it with our trade label on each package.

COLONIAL HOTEL,
New Westminster, British Columbia,
MESSRS. GRELLEY BROTHERS, - - Proprietors.

FORT HOPE.
GEORGE LANGVOIGT, General Dealer in GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., Fort Hope, B. C.

FORT YALE HOTEL,
Kelley & Lane, Proprietors,
GOOD BEDS, Good Accommodation and the Best of Liquors at the Bar; Stabling for Horses, &c. s

VAN WINKLE HOTEL.
VAN WINKLE, CARIBOO WEST.
THE above splendid Hotel is now open for the public, the proprietor having taken great pains through the winter to make it the most superior house in Cariboo. Good accommodations, with suits of rooms for ladies or private parties. Attached to this Hotel is a
FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT & BAR,
where can be obtained the most choice brands of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
N. L. McCAFFERY, Proprietor.

13 MILE HOUSE.
BETWEEN QUESNELMOUTH AND COTTONWOOD.
RICHARD S. CORMACK,
HAS JUST OPENED THE ABOVE HOUSE, AND would solicit a call from the Traveling Public, where will be found a Good Table, Liquors and Cigars of the finest quality and best brands.
☞ Good Stabling, Hay and Oats, &c.
N. B.—R. S. C. is not responsible for any debts contracted by the late Proprietors.
August 4th, 1865. 11-2w

111 MILE HOUSE.
BLAIR BROS., PROPRIETORS.
THIS HOTEL IS LARGE AND WELL FITTED UP for the comfort of travelers; the Table is supplied with the best of everything that can be had, and the cooking is not inferior to the best hotel in the lower country; Bedrooms for families; Stabling, Hay, and Oats. The Stage stops at the 111 Mile House over night on its way down country. s

93 MILE HOUSE.
WALTERS BROS.,
HAVE OPENED THE ABOVE HOUSE for the reception of travelers; the Table is well kept and the Liquors cannot be surpassed; the Beds are clean and comfortable; Stabling for Horses; Hay and Oats at moderate rates. s

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE--74 MILE POST
SERGEANT McMURPHY, PROP'R.
THE ACCOMMODATION which this House affords to travelers cannot be surpassed; the Table is well supplied with the best the market affords, and the Bar is stocked with the Purest Liquors; Beds, Stabling, Hay and Oats. s

CLINTON CITY.
FRANCOIS CHAPERON,
BAKER AND GENERAL STORE KEEPER.

LENEVUE & CO.,
Wholesale & Commission Merchants,
YALE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Hay and Grain at Lowest Rates; Good Stabling GRATIS to parties buying Feed. s

COLONIAL RESTAURANT,
QUESNEL MOUTH,
P. L. JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR,
Meals at all hours, and Cooking of the best description. s

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
QUESNEL MOUTH,
BROWN & GILLIS, PROPRIETORS.
Good Beds; Restaurant; Billiard Table, &c.
Stabling for Horses, Hay and Oats. s

GIROD & GUICHON,
OLD ESTABLISHED GENERAL STORE,
PROVISIONS, WHOLESALE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Storage, &c.--Terms most Moderate.
QUESNEL MOUTH. s

J. PERRODIN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PROVISION AND GENERAL MERCHANT,
Boots, Shoes, Tinware, Etc.
QUESNEL MOUTH. s

KWONG LEE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Importers and Dealers in CHINESE GOODS, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions.
QUESNEL MOUTH. s

J. McNerhanie,
HOUSE CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
BARKERVILLE, B. C. 8

E. C. GILLETTE,
MINING SURVEYOR & ENGINEER,
OFFICE—CAMERONTON. 10

NOTICE.

ROBERT EDWIN JACKSON, of the firm of Drake & Jackson, Government street, Victoria, Solicitors, has been duly appointed a Notary Public in and for the Colony of Vancouver Island, by commission, under the hand and seal of the Archbishop of Canterbury, bearing date the 7th day of June, A. D., 1865. 14

THE BANK OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Capital, . . . $1,250,000
IN 12,500 SHARES, OF $100 EACH,
With Power to Increase.

BRANCHES & AGENTS:
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND,
VICTORIA—Bank of British Columbia;
NANAIMO—Bank of British Columbia;
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA,
NEW WESTMINSTER—Bank of British Columbia;
YALE—Bank of British Columbia;
MOUTH QUESNEL—Bank of British Columbia;
IN THE UNITED STATES,
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of British Columbia;
PORTLAND, OREGON—Bank of British Columbia;
IN CANADA,
BANK OF MONTREAL,
BRANCHES & AGENCIES:
Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Cobourg, Belleville, Brantford, Brockville, Whitby, Peterboro, Ottawa, Guelph, Goderich, Stratford, Picton, Perth, Simcoe, St. Catherines;
IN ENGLAND,
LONDON—Bank of British Columbia—80 Lombard St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars.
Bills Discounted and Collected; and Bills of Exchange on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
Drafts issued on all the Branches and Agencies.
Government and other Securities received for safe custody; Interests and Dividends collected.

GOLD DUST AND BARS PURCHASED,
Received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.

ASSAY OFFICE.
GOLD DUST Melted and Assayed, and returns made within 24 hours.
Ores of every description carefully Assayed.
Cameronton, Williams Creek.

VICTORIA, February 24, 1865.
THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased the goodwill of the late firm of GUILD, DAVID & Co., will continue the Wholesale Provision and Commission Business, at the store, corner of Bastion and Wharf streets, under the firm of WEISSENBURGER & SCHLOESSER. Mr. JULES DAVID will act as Manager of said business. The business on Government street will be carried on as heretofore WEISSENBURGER & SCHLOESSER.

HICK'S HOTEL, LYTTON SQUARE, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., PHILIP HICKS, Proprietor. The above favorably known house is now open to the public; the Bar is constantly supplied with the choicest brands of Liquors and Segars. s

NOTICE.
ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and Shoes, can be bought cheaper at the store of the undersigned than at any other place in the colony. Every article marked in plain figures. Terms—CASH. N. B.—Orders from the upper country receive prompt attention. ARTHUR BULLOCK,
s Opposite Colonial Restaurant, New Westminster

E. MARKS, Watchmaker & Jeweler, Yates street, Victoria, V. I., keeps constantly on hand a superior stock of Gold and Silver WATCHES, Gold Chains, Buckles, Plated Ware, Clocks, &c. Particular attention paid to repairing Watches and Jewelry. All work warranted. Orders from the country promptly attended to. s

Fell & Co.'s Pure Coffee.

EDGAR MARVIN, CORNER FORT AND LANGLEY Street, dealer in IRON & HARDWARE. Agent for the sale of the Boston Rubber Belts. s

SPORBORG & RUEFF, Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES and PROVISIONS, Wharf street, Victoria. 3m

EDGAR & AIME, Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, Wharf street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

LOWE BROTHERS, Commission Merchants and Importers of PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, French Wines, Liquors, Havana Cigars, Naval Stores, Rope, Canvas, Oars, &c., Wharf street, Victoria. s

HIBBEN & CARSWELL, Importing Book-SELLERS & STATIONERS, constantly supplied and receiving from best sources, School, Standard, and Miscellaneous Books, and Staple and Fancy Stationery in all its Branches Corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

ALBION IRON WORKS, Victoria, V. I., Manufacture Steam Engines and Boilers of all sizes, Quartz Mills, Mining Pumps, Flouring Mills, Gang, Sash, Mulay and Circular Saw Mills, Iron and Brass Castings, and everything connected with the business.
s SPRATT & KRIEMLER.

SCOTCH HOUSE. A. McLean and Co., HOSIERS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS. Miners and others will find at the Scotch House a splendid stock of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and Dry Goods of every description, all of the best quality, and at very moderate prices. Fort street, Victoria, V. I. s

IF YOU WANT GOOD ALE ENQUIRE FOR BUNSTER. s

J. MOORHEAD and CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS and Importers of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, &c., Wharf street, Victoria, V. I. s

THOMAS ALLSOP, [illegible] and Agent and General COMMISSION AGENT, Government street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

JOHN WILKIE and CO., Merchants, Wharf Street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

DR. POWELL, has Removed his Office and Residence from Fort street to the premises lately occupied by the Mayor on Broad street, Victoria, V. I. Office hours 9 a. m. to 12, and 3 p. m. to 10. s

THE BANK OF
British North America.
ESTABLISHED IN 1836. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Paid up Capital, - - - $5,000,000
Undivided Net Profits, - - 600,000
HEAD OFFICE: 7, ST. HELENS PLACE LONDON.
ESTABLISHMENTS:
SAN FRANCISCO—F. H. Grain & W. S. Sutherland, Agents
NEW YORK—Walter Watson & James Smith, Agents;
Montreal; Quebec; Toronto; Hamilton; Kingston; London, C.W; Brantford; Halifax, N. S; St. Johns, N. B; Victoria, V. I.
AGENTS:
SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland;
IRELAND—Provincial Bank of Ireland;
FRANCE—Marcuard, Andre & Cio, Paris;
AUSTRALIA—Union Bank of Australia;
INDIA, CHINA & JAPAN—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.
DRAFTS ISSUED on London, New York, San Francisco, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and on all the Branches of the National Bank of Scotland and Provincial Bank of Ireland.
Bills of Exchange and Gold Purchased.
Interest on Special Deposits of Money allowed at the rate of a quarter of one per cent. per month.
☞ The Bank receives Gold Dust and Bars for safe keeping without charge; undertakes the purchase and sale of Stock; the Collection of Bills and other money business in the United States and British Provinces.

ASSAY OFFICE.
GOLD DUST Melted and Assayed, and returns made within 24 hours in Coin or Bars.
Ores of every description carefully Assayed.
N. B.—Any instructions as to the disposal of the proceeds of Gold Dust forwarded to the office in Victoria for Assay will be carefully attended to.
J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.
Victoria, V. I., May, 1865. 1s

CLARKSON & CO., DEALERS IN BOOKS, STATIONERY, Music and Musical Instruments, NEWS AGENTS, &c., Columbia Street, New Westminster. s

J. A. McCREA, Auctioneer, WHARF STREET, Victoria, Vancouver Island. 1

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, City Auction Rooms, Fort street, Victoria. Cash advanced on Merchandise, to any amount, consigned for sale. Reference—Hon. R. FINLAYSON, of H. B. Co and Lloyd's Agent. 1

J. P. DAVIES & CO., Auctioneers & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Fire Proof Stone Building, Wharf street, Victoria, V. I. Liberal Advances made on Consignments. 1

JOHN P. COUCH, Importer and General COMMISSION MERCHANT, Commercial Row, Wharf street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

GOLDSTONE and BROTHER, Agents for the Pioneer Flour Mills, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c., two-story Fireproof Building, Reid's Block, between the stores of J. Wilkie & Co. and Stewart & Co., Wharf street, Victoria. s

L. L'HOTELIER, Importer and Dealer in GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WINES & LIQUORS, No. 7 Wharf street, between Johnston and Yates, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

THOMAS SHOTBOLT, Dispensing Chemist AND DRUGGIST, Johnson street, (Victoria, V. I., respectfully solicits the attention of Miners and the public in general to his well assorted stock of pure English Drugs, Chemicals, and Perfumery; also to his Mixture for Rheumatism, which is an invaluable remedy for this distressing complaint. 1-s

EUGENE THOMAS, Yates street, Victoria, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in WINES, BRANDIES BEERS, & LIQUORS of every description. Goods forwarded to the Mining Districts. 1-s

HOTEL DE FRANCE, Victoria, V. I., JEAN BIGNE AND PIERRE MANCIET, Proprietors. The Restaurant is supplied with all the delicacies the market affords. In the Bar will be found the choicest LIQUORS. Furnished Rooms, &c. 1-s

GRELLEY & FITERRE, Victoria, V. I., Sole Agents for Napoleon's Cabinet Champagne, Pietresson de St. Aubin Champagne dry, Bouche do dry, Jules Mumm Champagne, Eugene Clicquot Champange, Bokers Bitters, Sainsevain's California Wine and Bitters, Hostetter's Bitters, Bancroft Cider, Lognac Claret, G. Preller Claret. A large stock of Bonded Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, and Liquors of every description always on hand. GRELLEY & FITERRE,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers,
1-s Junction Wharf and Johnson streets.

REMOVAL. J. L. Jungermann, Watchmaker and JEWELER, has removed to the Fireproof Brick Building, within one door of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office, Yates street, Victoria, V. I. s

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO., Commission MERCHANTS, Wharf street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. H. N. DICKSON & Co., London; DICKSON, DEWOLF & Co., San Francisco. s

HENDERSON & BURNABY, Importers and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Wharf street, Victoria, V. I., and No. 17, Gracechurch street, London. s

E. MALLANDAINE, COLLECTOR & GENERAL AGENT Government street, Victoria, Vancouver Island.

GUY HUSTON, DEALER IN GUNS, PISTOLS, FISHING TACKLE, POWDER & SHOT, Yates street, Victoria

JULIUS LOEWI & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS; Agents for Tilton & McFarland Fire and Burglar Proof Safes and Vaults, Victoria, V. I. s

KWONG LEE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Importers and Dealers in CHINESE GOODS, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions, &c., Cormorant street, between Government and Douglas streets, Victoria, V. I. s

H. F. HEISTERMAN, LAND AGENT, 38 Government street, two doors south of Fort street, Victoria, Vancouver Island. s

G. SUTRO & CO., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN CIGARS, TOBACCO, Meershaum Pipes, &c., S. E. corner of Yates and Wharf street, Victoria s

LEWIS LEWIS, CLOTHIER, YATES STREET, Victoria, opposite Bank of British North America. s