The Cariboo Sentinel.

Vol. 4. Barkerville, Williams Creek, B. C., Thursday, May 9, 1867. No. 2.

VICTORIA LETTER, No. 1.

Victoria, 22nd April, 1867.

OUR MAILS.

It is a thousand pities that years ago, when the Labouchere was still afloat, and the Forwood available, and did us good service in lowering rates of freight and passage, it is a pity, I say, that arrangements were not made for the conveyance of mails. Thousands of dollars for foreign aid would have been saved to the colony, or expended here, and an increased population would have been the result. While on this subject, had government from four to six years ago, paid a steamer to ply between Victoria and the settlements, with the regularity that now characterizes the Sir James Douglas, dozens of cheerful and thriving settlements would now dot our coasts and austere wild lands, instead of the twos and threes we can now count up. It is a farce and fallacy to talk of protection to farmers in the same breath as duties on articles of foreign produce. What protection does a farmer want with the necessaries of life at the prices they have all along fetched here? Good bacon at this moment is 37½ cents per lb.! It used to be 17 to 20 cents; butter is constant at 62½ to 75 cents; and pork stands first in the list for price of meats, beef being cheapest. On poultry, if the keeping of them be made a business, 200 to 300 per cent can be realized.

EDUCATION

Is the all-engrossing topic for political agitators. It appears that Governor Seymour has not pleased a great many by his precious message on the education question; the majority of his opposers seem to have fastened on the opinion that he is strongly opposed to the education of the masses. But first of all let us fall back on our definitions. In using the term education, most of those in whose mouths it is most common, do not, I fear, use it in the enlarged acceptance of the term. In their minds, the idea is limited to secular instruction. All the grander and more responsible and fuller meaning conveyed by the word, is not intended by them. They simply mean instruction as regards learning by means of book or voice, something which shall convey intellectual information. But moral training, good conduct and manners seem never to have entered their list of requirements. Non-sectarian teaching with them means non-religious. There can be no common neutral ground of mere Bible teaching and Christian morality on which the Baptist could meet the Wesleyan, and the latter the Church of England man. There is no quiet, "no man's land," in which the Protestant can peaceably converse with the Romanist, holding a mutual Christian belief. No, the firebrand of altercation and religious animosity would at once be kindled, doctrinal points must be instilled, as if with the sole object of carrying out the prophetic words of the author of our religion, "think not that I am come to send peace on the earth; I came not to send peace, but a sword." It is wished by some that the minds of youth shall be left innocent of any religious training at all, until they shall voluntarily take up a full-grown system of their own; for which they will no doubt be thoroughly competent, for though utterly ignorant of the merits of the various systems, they will be so entirely without bias! Specious, very, but these theorists forget that the youthful mind is very much like the ground; if not occupied by wholesome plants, it fills spontaneously with noxious weeds.

OFFICIALS.

Great dissatisfaction prevails at losing two popular officials. I allude to the Treasurer and the Chief Justice. The former is no doubt a man thoroughly well adapted for his responsible post; and the latter, one of the few who has given thorough satisfaction in the discharge of his onerous duties. I think that the Chief Justice, though strictly speaking not sent away, but superseded, very contrary to all anticipations, is indeed an ill used man. When he came out here to fill the post of judge, he had not the remotest idea that the engagement would be but for a year or two. The legislature, though not the same legislature that brought him out and voted his salary, the legislature, which in this case would be the Executive, should make it their business to award compensation in the case of a Judge brought out by the popular will, being superseded through no fault of his own, but owing to political changes brought about by members of the very Assembly that were instrumental in sending for him. But the case is very different with regard to the Postmaster's late assistant, and the Treasurer, Mr. Watson. To assert that either of these gentlemen have a claim for compensation for being no longer in government employ, is to utter nonsense. They were both fortunate in so long holding appointments, though certainly with credit to themselves; but when discharged or superseded, as hundreds are every day in private employ, I should like to know whence arises the right to compensation. Had their services been gratuitous, and had resulted in loss of any kind to themselves, a pecuniary or other compensation might have been admissible. But simply that their occupation and its attendant pay has lapsed, however it may call for the sympathy of private friends, is in my opinion, no case for public compensation or feeling.

The mail per Sparrowhawk has just come in, and I append a few items. I must limit my assertion to the English mail, for not finding United States and Canada mails in the British consul's office, the astute Mr. Mason did not think, I suppose, of crossing the street to ask for them.

JAMAICA OUTBREAK.

Staff surgeon Morris, of Jamaica notoriety, has been tried by court martial, in Jamaica, for shooting, or being accessory to the shooting of a man. By the evidence called for the defence, the case was put in a very doubtful light. But the sentence will not be known till it emanates from the War Office, after receipt of the report of the court martial.

HONDURAS.

The Indians of the south-western portion o Yucatan, commonly called the Chichiwha Indians, have been laying claim to all the north west portion of Honduras (British), as far south as the Belize River and have been demanding payment for mahogany cut there. As a party of workmen failed or refused last year to comply with the demand, they were, with all the women and children, numbering 70 persons in all, at once carried off; one man was killed in the scrimmage. Camel, the chief, demanded $12,000 ramson, and obtained $3,000, which was paid by government An English force of soldiers and volunteers set out for the Indian village, San Pedro. When out seven days, the Indians suddenly appeared, and though unintentionally on our part, firing commenced, and Lieut. Ferguson at once fell. The major in command, thinking himself surrounded, at once ordered a retreat, which soon broke into a disgraceful flight; a river soon covered the troops from the enemy. But the same night, the major continued his flight without his men, leaving ammunition, rockets and doctor's stuff. The editor of the Colonist (not DeCosmos or Higgins) was with the expedition, and being lame, has not since been heard of. The beauty of the matter is, that the Indians were to the full as frightened as the colonists, for they at once fled in the opposite direction; but only numbered 30 men to our 140, so it was more excusable. 300 men have since started to give them a lesson.

FENIANISM.

Sixty-nine Fenians were captured on board of two steamers from England for Dublin, the Alexandra and the St. Columbia. At the sight of the constables on the wharf with drawn cutlasses, they had thrown most of their revolvers, &c., overboard. It is intended to drag the river (Liffey) to recover them. The cavalry force will be kept up to seven regiments. Total number of troops about 20,000.

PAPAL STATES.

Outside of Rome, and within the Papal territories, the state of things is fast becoming intolerable. The brigands, when crossing the frontier (to Italy) were driven back by the Italian troops, and the unfortunate inhabitants were not sure of a day's tenure of their lives or properties. There was an encounter between fifty brigands and six gendarmes and six soldiers. When three of the latter had been killed, the nine others, overwhelmed by numbers, surrendered. With fiendish atrocity the captors at once tied them to trees, and deliberately quartered them alive! save one whom they allowed to go free, to spread the news. One soldier, young and unused to the sight of blood, at the sight of his mangled comrades, went into convulsions, and died before being himself dismembered. Such is a part of Italy now.

ADIOS.

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For Big Bend, Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

Conveying Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels. 1-s

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☞ MEALS, $1 50 EACH. ☜

The stabling for Horses is all that could be desired, and the charges are very moderate. Hay for Horses per day, $2; Oats and Barley at the cheapest market rates.

The undersigned has a large quantity of OAT HAY on hand, for sale in large or small quantities.

1-s JOHN PELLETIER, Proprietor.

FOSTER, OF LILLOOET,

CHEMIST.

HAS FOR SALE, and constantly on hand, a well assorted Stock of Drugs, all the Chemicals used by Physicians, Photographers, Assayers and Mechanics. Also the popular Patent Medicines, and Druggists' sundries.

Retorts, Crucibles, Muffles, Cupels, Ingot Moulds, etc., etc

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mal Chemist.

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Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Posters and Programmes for Balls and Theatrical Entertainments,

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch at this Office,
☞ Terms Moderate ☜

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SEMI-WEEKLY PAPER,

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY.

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Subscription, $1 per Week.
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ENTERPRISE

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS

LEAVES QUESNELMOUTH

—ON—

Thursdays and Sundays,

AT SIX O'CLOCK, A. M.,

LEAVES SODA CREEK

—ON—

Tuesdays and Fridays,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

Quesnelmouth, May 2nd, 1867. 1

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

QUESNELMOUTH,

BROWN & GILLIS, PROPRIETORS.

Good Beds; Restaurant; Billiard Table, &c
Stabling for Horses, Hay and Oats. s

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Meals at all hours, and Cooking of the best description. s

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Storage and Forwarding!

YALE, B. C.

PARTIES SHIPPING GOODS BY THE YALE-LYTTON ROUTE, are advised that

KIMBALL & GLADWIN

Have erected an extensive Storehouse and Dock at Yale, and are prepared to Receive, Store, and Forward Goods. Goods re-packed, and freights engaged at the LOWEST RATES.

Parties shipping goods through us will please mark to the care of

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J. S. DEAS,

FRONT STREET, YALE, B. C.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE to the inhabitants of Cariboo that he intends to forward (as soon as the state of the Roads will permit), a large and well assorted stock of COOKING STOVES, which he will dispose of at PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Yale, 8th April, 1867. 1

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE!

PARTIES DESIROUS of shipping freight WITH DISPATCH, will find it to their advantage by giving us a call before engaging elsewhere.

ALWAY & BAILEY.

Yale, April 8th, 1867. 1-s

W. H. Sutton,

DEALER IN WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c.,

AGENT FOR BUNSTER'S ALE!

In Bbls. and half Bbls.

Yale, April 18th, 1867. 1-s

BENJAMIN DOUGLAS, Successor to A. C. WELLS, SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, Yale, B. C.

☞ A complete assortment of Stock constantly on hand. 1-s

VAN WINKLE STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the miners and residents in & around Van Winkle that he will in future keep an assorted and GOOD STOCK on hand, and hopes by close attention to business, and by selling at LOWER RATES than heretofore, to meet the patronage of all.

Orders from outlaying creeks accompanied with the CASH, will be forwarded with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Terms CASH, without distinction.

1-s J. W. LINDHARD.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1867.

Agents for the "Cariboo Sentinel.

Grouse Creek,		A. McWha
Quesnelmouth,	Mr. Goudie,	Barnard's Express Office
Yale,	Mr. Evans,	do do
Lillooet,	F. W. Foster,	do do
New Westminster,		Clarkson & Co
Victoria,		E. Mallandaine A. Lyne.
Big Bend,	Jas. Bullock,	French Creek

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications must be accompanied by the real name and address of the writer, not necessarily with a view of publishing the same, but as security for his good faith.

TO ADVERTISERS.

The "Cariboo Sentinel" is published every Monday and Thursday. Advertisements intended for insertion must be delivered at latest at 6 o'clock, p. m., the day before publication.

☞ All Advertisements (not inserted for any definite period) will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

MAIL SUMMARY.

Although most of the news contained in our Eastern exchanges has already been anticipated by telegraph, still a recital of the details on some of the topics may not prove uninteresting to the general reader. The all-absorbing question which excites comment and discussion, both in and out of Parliament at this moment, appears to be the Reform Bill. The course which the government is pursuing in this matter seems to have produced great discontent through all the large towns and cities in England. Indignation meetings have been held at Manchester, Bradford, Leeds, Bristol, Wolverhampton, Southampton, Newcastle-on-Tyne and other places, where the language used was rather warm. In the House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer (Disraeli) in the course of a speech of three hours' duration, proposed a series of 13 resolutions, in which he proposed to confer four new franchises, applicable to boroughs and counties, an education franchise, a £30 savings bank franchise, the possession of funded property to the amount of £50, and the payment of seventy shillings a year of direct taxes. It was contended that these various franchises would add 80,000 votes to the borough, and 124,000 to the county constituencies. It was proposed also to reduce the borough franchise to a £6 rating, and £20 for counties, which would add 130,000 voters to the former, and 80,500 to the latter constituencies, making in all 400,000 new voters. It was also intended to disfranchise Lancaster, Reigate, Yarmouth and Totnes, which would leave seven seats vacant, and by taking a representative from each of the boroughs, with a population under 7,000, 23 more seats would be obtained, returning two members each; of these 30 seats 14 would be bestowed on new boroughs of large populations. The Tower Hamlets to have four members, the remaining 13 seats to be given to certain counties not named, and the thirtieth seat to the London University. Lord Derby has had a meeting of his supporters, and in his address to them he is reported to have stated that if defeated on the Reform Bill, nothing would induce him again to accept the Premiership.

The recent Fenian outbreak at Kerry has induced the government to prolong the suspension of the habeas corpus act in Ireland until the 1st June. The scene of this abortive insurrection lies at the south-eastern extremity of Ireland, in a district exceedingly wild and desolate, but well known to travellers from its natural beauties. Its events were confined to the 45 miles of road between the squalid village of Cahirciveen and the town of Killarney, in the county of Kerry. Cahirciveen is on the coast at the head of Valentia Harbor. On a certain night, a party of Fenians of unknown number, but said to be well armed, advanced along the road from Cahircaveen to Killorglin. They were met at Kells by a mounted orderly of the constabulary force, who had been sent to warn the police station at Cahircaveen of the coming danger. He was stopped by a body of sixty or seventy armed men, and not obeying their summons to surrender, his horse and despatches was wounded and captured. They then advanced on a small coast guard station, and demanded its surrender to the "Irish Republic," which not being complied with by its single occupant, they fired upon him, without doing him any hurt, and then proceeded onwards till within a few miles of Killarney, when they discovered that the town was protected from attack, and that their design must be abandoned. They took to the mountains in the neighborhood, pursued by the military, where they have since been endeavoring to conceal themselves. The leaders of the movement are supposed to be Irish Americans. They were commanded, it is said, by J. J. O'Connor, formerly an officer in the United States army.

Lieutenant Brand, of Jamaica notoriety, whose insulting letter to Mr. C. Buxton, caused his recall and disgrace, has apologised to that gentleman in a most satisfactory manner.

A terrible calamity had occurred on the Lancaster and Carlisle railway near Penrith. A wagon which contained 5 tons of gunpowder was thrown across the line, and while it was still there, another luggage train coming up, ran into it and the powder exploded. The driver and stoker of the second train were killed and immense damage was done to the property which was being conveyed. The Eastern question will be solved, not by the Western Powers, but by Turkey, who will emancipate the Christians, re-establish a good understanding with the Mussulmans and convoke a national assembly. Although the well known case Yelverton vs. Yelverton stands first in order of the cases set down for hearing in the House of Lords, it is understood the case will not come on at present. Intelligence lately received in St. Petersburg states that the works of the Russo-American Telegraph are being actively carried on; it is expected that the line will be open by 1870. In the Chinese section of the Paris Exposition there is to be a restaurant kept by two women from the Celestial empire. The emancipation of the Russian serfs is still far from being completed; according to an official return just published there were at the beginning of the present year no fewer than 3,965,410 peasants still under obligation. The answer of the Porte to the Servian demand for cession of the fortress of Belgrade, is of a most conciliatory character, and affords every hope of a satisfactory solution to this long vexed question. The mayor and other leading inhabitants of Bath are raising a fund for defraying the cost of an excursion by the working men in that city to the Paris exhibition. Consternation has been carried into the ranks of female fashionable life in Paris by the article recently published in the 'Lancet' on the infected nature of the chignon, and it is fully expected that this ornament will, in consequence of the unpleasant discovery, soon be discarded. The season tickets for the Paris Exhibition are going off but slowly, the price charged being considered rather high, 100 francs for gentleman and 50 francs for ladies. The building was being hurried on towards completion, but it was doubtful whether it would be finished by the first of April, the day the opening ceremony would take place. The distribution of prizes and awards will come off on the first of July, and at the end of October the Exhibition will be closed in state, the building will be pulled down and the park dismantled. The English collection, which is intended to illustrate the history of the industrial arts in all its branches, has been classified. The first epoch is to include the British Isles (Albion and Ierne), anterior to the use of metals—the stone age; 2nd anterior to the Roman invasion of Britain; 3rd under the dominion of the Romans in Britain; 4th from the departure of the Romans (409) to the reign of Egbert (828); 5th down to the Norman conquest (1066); 6th till the end of the Plantagenet dynasty (1485); 7th the Tudor dynasty to the accession of James I. (1603); 8th the Stuarts down to George I. (1714); 9th the House of Hanover down to the accession of George III. (1750); 10th the reign of George III. down to (1800).

TEMPERING MINING PICKS.

There is probably no service to which steel can be put, which so effectually tests its value as in mining picks. The tempering of a pick is a very nice piece of work, and should be done with great care. In the first place, a good charcoal fire is necessary, next good steel, then a good light hammer, with a smooth-faced anvil, and lastly a man is needed with a good keen eye, considerable experience and excellent judgment. No good pick can be turned out if any of the above essentials are wanted in the process.

A pick should never be "upset," nor hammered endwise, nor raised above a full red heat. The steel should moreover be heated as quickly as possible, as long exposure to heat—even if that heat is not in excess—injures its texture. Many blacksmiths find great difficulty in tempering picks, because they do not choose good steel. After being heated, the pick must be worked with care, special pains being taken, in drawing it out, to hammer on all sides alike—in one place as much as another.

When ready for hardening, it should be heated in the blaze of a charcoal fire until red hot, and then plunged into cold rain water, and kept there until it is nearly cold; but if kept too long in the water, or until it is quite cold, the corners are liable to fly off. Some blacksmiths use salt water. No salts, of any kind, should exist in the water; but the water should be cold; if the water be warm, if a little ice should be thrown in to cool it, the tempering will be all the better. Pure soft water for hardening will make a tough pick, and one less liable to crack at the edges, than where salt water is used.

The last hammering of a pick should always be given on the flat sides, and across close to the edge, and then up each side about an inch. By so doing the corners will be less liable to crack off. The same process will work well with all edge tools. These directions have been gathered from various sources; mostly from writers in the Scientific American, at different times. Only such have been given above as all appear to agree in. Should the careful experience of any of our readers disprove anything of the above, or suggest anything new, we should be happy to report the same. Good, well proportioned and well tempered picks, in mining operations, is a most important consideration; and their "sharpening" should never be trusted to unskilful hands.—M. & S. Press.

NAMES NOT THINGS.—So Canada is not only to have a new system of government, but a new name. It is to be called, when all the provinces have been united in one confederation, the "Dominion of Canada." "Dominion" is good, but we have grave doubts as to the unanimity with which the people of that dominion will progress in the path of national prosperity. They tell us that Prince Arthur, the third son of Queen Victoria, and who has among his numerous other names that of Patrick, is to be placed at the head of this new dominion. He is about seventeen years of age, we understand, and will rule over about four millions of people, about a million and three quarters of whom are in Upper Canada, a million and a quarter in Lower Canada, nearly half a million in Nova Scotia, and over a quarter of a million in New Brunswick. New Foundland, Rupert's Island, Prince Edward's Island, British Columbia, and the vast Northwest territory are not to be included in the confederation at present, but provision is made for them to come in at a future time. What title Prince Arthur will assume as the head of this confederation is not yet known; but as he will possess royal powers, that puts an end to all present dreamings about the annexation of Canada to the United States.—'Sunday Times.'

A NEW SEARCH FOR AN OPEN POLAR SEA.—Mons. Gustave Lambert, a member of the French Geographical Society, has projected an expedition, the object of which is to reach the open Polar sea. He believes that the existence of great currents running north and south in high latitudes, can only be explained by the hypothesis of such a sea. He prefers the route by the west coast of Nova Zembla. He says "the route is staked out by the monsters of the deep," alluding to the whales, which, when steadily pursued northward, run for the Polar Sea.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NOTICE.

MR. HENRY SHIRLEY BLUNT HAS BEEN APpointed AGENT for this Bank at Barkerville, in place of Mr. Robert Greig, who has left the Bank's service.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, April 25th, 1867. 1-1m

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED NOT TO negotiate a Note made by me, bearing date the 25th July, 1866, in favor of GEORGE REID, for $250, as I have not received value.

JOSEPH EVANS.

Cameronton, B. C., April 8th 1866. 11-3in

THE UNIVERSAL PRACTICE of mixing Chicory and other adulteratives with Coffee, has very much damaged in public estimation, what ought to be the most delicious of Beverages. So effectually have the public been drugged with such mixtures that the true properties have been lost sight of, and many prefer a black and thick infusion to a drink rich in spirit and aroma. General as is the use of Coffee, it is little known that in condensing the vapors extracted from the berry in roasting, a liquor is obtained of the most nauseous taste, and of a scent the most unbearable. Under such circumstances it is evidently important that all the gases and fluids extracted by roasting should be carried off as quickly as possible, in order to prevent their returning again to the Coffee, which is the case in the confined cylinder. This object is admirably accomplished by the new and patent "Conical Coffee Roaster" as used by FELL & CO., Victoria, in which the berry is directly exposed to the radiated heat, and the vapor extracted carried off instantaneously. In addition to the advantage to be derived by the rapid removal of the steam containing the objectionable properties, the pure aroma of the Coffee is retained, the essential oil being preserved and not exhausted as in the Cylinder Roaster, where the Coffee is required to remain a much longer time in consequence of the steaming it undergoes by the confined steam. It is chemically impossible to retain the qualities or arrest the deterioration of Coffee when ground. The heat engendered by the process of roasting, and especially of grinding, creates an action in the elementary parts which gradually destroys its fitness for drink. But to retain the essential oil which it contains we have it encased in tins containing from 1 lb. to 28 lbs., and which can be had from any of the respectable dealers. We can confidently recommend those who have hitherto been obliged to refrain from taking Coffee on account of its ill effects that they may use our Coffee, roasted in the Conical Roaster, being recommended by all medical men under whose notice it has been brought, and by numerous other testimonials in its favor.

FELL & CO.,
Coffee Merchants, Yates St., Victoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENERAL MERCHANDIZE!

To be sold before the arrival of the Pack Trains, to make room for new stock.

25,000 lbs. of MERCHANDIZE!!

Miners, Merchants, and Restaurant Keepers, take a chance.

NO HUMBUG! GOOD FRESH BUTTER @ $1.25 per lb.

L. MOUTTET & CO.

Richfield, 1st May, 1867. 1-s

August Steimpehl,
SHOEMAKER,
BARKERVILLE.

A large assortment of Boots and Shoes always on hand. 1

C. STROUSS,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CLOTHING,
ETC., ETC.,
BARKERVILLE. 1

A Rare Chance for Investment.

THE "OCCIDENTAL HOTEL," BARKERVILLE, together with Restaurant, Bar and Fixtures, Range, Cooking Utensils, Furniture, Beds and Bedding, will be sold cheap for cash. Apply on the premises to ELIZABETH THURBER.

Barkerville, Williams Creek, April 30th, 1867. 2w

LOST.

ON THE ROAD BETWEEN THE BLUE TENT AND Lake La Hache, on or about 20th March last, a Pocket Book, containing $75 in money, and four notes of hand, drawn by Denis Murphy and F. J. Barnard, in favor of John Selmon, amounting to $1,100. Any person who will deliver the same at this office, will be suitably rewarded.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating said notes.

Blue Tent, 17th April, 1867. 1m

FOUND.

ON THE WAGGON ROAD, BELOW LAKE LA Hache, a note drawn by Dugald McLean, in favor of John Shaw, for $50, dated 9th May, 1863. The owner may have the same by applying at this office.

1st May, 1867.

W. Winnard,
BLACKSMITH,
BARKERVILLE. 1

PARIS AND LONDON HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
RICHFIELD.

The undersigned have refitted this well known house which is now open for the accomodation of the public.

The Bar will be supplied with the best brands of LIQUORS and CIGARS.

☞ Meals and Beds furnished at all hours.

G. FONTAINE,
FELIX POUCHOT,
Proprietors.

Richfield, 1st May, 1867. 1

NEW ELDORADO SALOON
BARKERVILLE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST OF ROBERT DEXTER in the above-named Saloon, the undersigned would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage bestowed on the late firm, which by a strict attention to business he will endeavor to merit.

The TERPISCHOREAN ART is nightly practised at this Saloon, and the Bar is stocked with the choicest LIQUORS and CIGARS.

☞ Boys please give us a call.

JAMES BURDICK,
1 Proprietor.

HERTLEIN & CO.,
BREWERS,
BARKERVILLE.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A GOOD STOCK OF Beer, Liquors and Cigars.

They would invite their friends to give them a call.

4th May, 1867. 1

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT HAVING BOUGHT THE interest of James Thurber, in the "Occidental Saloon," together with House and Fixtures, this is to caution any person from negotiating for the same, either to buy or rent, as I shall not encourage the same, it being solely my property.

WALTER E. LAWLESS.

Barkerville, May 3, 1867. 1-3

NOTICE.

Estate of Honore Lions, deceased.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE SAID ESTATE on the co-partnership account with DODERO, or that have any of the property, are notified to pay and deliver the same forthwith either to

PETER MANETTA,
or CHAS. DODERO, proprietor,
Cameronton, B. C.

Dated 5th February, 1867. 11-3

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1867.

FAREWELL BREAKFAST.—W. R. Spalding, Esq., who has filled the office of Gold Commissioner here for the past five months, being about to return to New Westminster, was entertained by a number of his friends and well wishers to a breakfast in the London and Paris hotel, Richfield, on Monday morning last. Mr. Oppenheimer occupied the chair; among those present we noticed Messrs. Burrell, Blunt, Nuttall, Buie, Parsons, Van Vleck, Monro, Polmere, Fitzgerald, &c. The chairman, in a neat and appropriate speech, proposed the health of the guest, which was drank with all the honors in bumpers of champagne, and feelingly responded to by Mr. Spalding, who said that the kindness now shown him would never be forgotten by him, wherever he went, and that although he now left Cariboo, he hoped to meet again with all now round the board. He had heard before he came here the people characterized as a very rowdy set, but he could cheerfully bear testimony to the fallacy of such a report, for in all his intercourse with the miners in this community he had ever found them an intelligent and order loving class. He would therefore propose a toast to the merchants and miners of Cariboo, which met with a hearty response. After bidding the gentlemen a parting "good bye" the company withdrew.

MINING AND SCIENTIFIC PRESS.—We have before us a file of this useful and instructive mining journal, published by Messrs. Dewey & Co., San Francisco. Besides containing a summary of the mining news from every State and Territory on the Pacific coast, its pages are devoted to articles on geology, metallurgy, mechanics and other scientific subjects, together with descriptions and illustrations of recent improvements in quartz mining, machinery, &c., which are highly interesting to the practical miner, to whom we would recommend its perusal. As patent solicitors, Messrs. Dewey & Co. have had long and extensive experience, and are therefore in a position to render valuable services to inventors.

FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.—An English paper states that the steam frigate Alatea, 20 guns Capt. the Duke of Edinburgh, left Plymouth Sound on 26th March for Lisbon, Gibraltar and Malta, after a sojourn of a few months in the Mediterranean she will proceed to Australia, after which Bombay, Calcutta, China, Japan, and British Columbia will be visited.

SCHEME TO COLONIZE BRITISH COLUMBIA.—At a meeting of the Board of Trade in Ottawa, Canada, recently, resolutions were adopted to promote a scheme for the colonization of British Columbia and Vancouver Island, and the adoption of the Homestead Law recommended to stimulate emigration. It was also proposed to give free maintenance to colonists settling in Victoria.

BRITISH COLUMBIA IN LONDON.—A private letter from London says that Mr. Klaucke's immigration scheme will meet with no encouragement. A notice in the Daily Telegraph cautions people not to invest in British Columbia bonds, because the country is "clean gone in."

FLOUR.—The Lillooet Co. and Mr. Scott's Mills have ground this season about 200,000lbs of flour, which is being offered for sale at 24cts. ℔. lb. At Soda creek, Mr. Adams' Mill has ground up to the present time about 70,000 lbs., of which about 15,000 lbs. have been bought here. It is a very superior article.

MADOC MINES.—Great excitement prevails in Canada respecting these gold mines. One nugget weighing 45 and another 10 ounces had been obtained from the same shaft. A great deal of the precious metal is found in lignite, an imperfect coal in strings and scales.

☞ We were in error in stating in our last issue the dimensions of the Fire Company's tank to be 12x2x3. This measurement applied to the trough to be placed on the street from which the water would be used.

TAIL SWIMMING.—It is reported in late English papers that several members of English swimming Clubs have determined to swim across the channel on their way to the Paris Exhibition.

☞ The Cariboo co'y washed up yesterday as the result of 2½ days' work, 92½ oz. They found a nugget containing a little quartz weighing 9½ oz. The Bald Head co'y also washed up yesterday 55 oz.

☞ Two British steamers are now on their way to Panama to enter into competition in the carrying trade with the American steamers between that port and San Francisco.

ROAD TRAVEL.—Up to the 1st May. 260 white men and 50 Chinamen had passed the 74-mile post this season, bound for these diggings.

☞ The Express closes this evening at 9 o'clock.

VICTORIA ITEMS FROM "COLONIST AND CHRONICLE."

Copland's two brick houses with lot, on Pandora street, were sold for $1550, and a lot on Waddington alley for $600.—It is reported that Government is negotiating with the owners of the Active for carrying our mails at an advance on the $500 a month proposed by the Council.—The H. B. Co.'s steamer Alexandra has been fitted up for doing duty on the north-west coast survey, and is under the command of Captain Pender.—The owners of the steamer New World contemplate making a trip to Sitka if they can get a sufficient number of passengers.—The furniture of the St. Nicholas hotel was to be sold on the 26th ult.—Gowan & Laumeister's Mill was ready to grind the first barrel of flour on 25th.—A large quantity of lime was being shipped from Orcas Island to Portland.—The Steamer Oriflamme is to sail from San Francisco on 1st June for New Archangel and Sitka, touching at Victoria en route.—The Soiree in aid of the Orphans of St. Ann's proved to be a great success, the net proceeds amounted to $428.—The body of an Indian woman and two half-breed children had been found hanging to a tree on Whidby Island.—Hosre Races are to be run on Beacon hill on the Queen's birthday.—Freight from Victoria to New Westminster has been raised to $4 a ton and passage $5.—A passenger on the New World while eating a plate of beans was nearly strangled by one of the seeds sticking in his gullet.—A telegraph line is about to be constructed between Victoria and Esquimalt. Mr. C. W. Wallace is the projector.—The schooner Spring Vale was sold by auction for $615.—The last Amateur Dramatic performance of the season, for the benefit of Jenny Arnot, was well attended.—It is reported that the Governor, who arrived at Victoria on 26th ulto., was about to give a ball at Government House.

ITEMS FROM "COLUMBIAN" AND "EXAMINER," NEW WESTMINSTER.

A regatta is to come off at New Westminster on the 24th.—Many of the shares of the new theatre building have been taken.—An Indian had been arrested for burglary.—His Excellency the Governor has postponed the contemplated pic-nic to Yale and Boston Bar until 14th.—The Sparrowhawk made the run from San Francisco to Esquimalt in 79 hours. It is reported that Mr. Sanders is about to resign and return to England.—A seal, weighing 226 lbs. had been caught in the Fraser river.

STOCK.

The business of stock raising is now attracting the attention of farmers throughout the country. The superior advantages which the extensive valleys and plains of British Columbia hold out for the establishment of cattle and sheep runs, are at last inducing many to embark in this enterprise, and if a little precaution is only exercised in growing sufficient food to provide against the contingencies of the winter months, the enterprise will undoubtedly be crowned with success. An instance of the absence of such a provision is to be found in the case of Messrs. Cornwall, of Ashcroft, who lost 19 head of stock last winter through sheer starvation, occasioned by the freezing and crusting of the snow, which enveloped the whole of the whole of the Bonaparte valley to a depth of two feet, for several weeks. Fortunately, by dint of good luck, they were able to save 290 head of cattle, and 60 cows.

That portion of the country lying between the 100 mile post and Williams Lake, on the line of the wagon road, seems to be better adapted for stock raising than for farming; and this is the light in which the settlers appear to view it, for every ranch has its quota of stock. Among those who are actively engaged in this business, may be mentioned the following gentlemen:

Mr. Manson,	111 Mile Post,	80 head of cattle
Mr. McKinlay,	Lake La Hache,	50 "
Do.	do.	200 head of sheep
Mr. Anderson,	do.	80 head of cattle
Mr. Murphy,	141 Mile Post,	200 "
Mr. Toomey,	150 "	250 "
"	"	25 head of horses
Mr. Bates,	Deep Creek,	200 head of cattle

Complaints are freely indulged in by the settlers generally, about the want of some law for compelling the owners of bulls to prevent them herding with stock at improper seasons of the year. A remedy ought at once to be applied to put a stop to this, as great loss and inconvenience is often experienced by settlers through the negligence of their neighbors in this respect.

It is certainly a very singular circumstance that while butter is selling in this market at $1.75 per lb., no enterprising dairyman can be prevailed on to turn his attention to the production of this article. Surely the price ought to be sufficient inducement to invite a trial.

☞ Who buys Fell's Coffee? Why every one who knows what good Coffee should be! (See you get it.)

THE CROPS.

Along the line of wagon road between Yale and Cariboo a large quantity of grain is being put in by the farmers this spring, owing no doubt to the very remunerative prices obtained for feed during the past winter, as well as the facilities now afforded the farmers by the establishment of grist mills at convenient points within the colony. Above Yale the first Ranch of any importance is that owned by Messrs. Boothroyd Bros., on which some 30 acres of Oats and Timothy Hay will be raised; the soil and climate being unsulted for the cultivation of any of the other cereals with advantage. At Lytton, in addition to the cultivation of the usual quantity of Barley, Oats and Root crops, we were pleased to learn that Mr. Sayward intends to try the Peanut, a plant that thrives well in California, where it is in great demand; the soil around Lytton is supposed to be favorably adapted for its growth. At Oregon Jack's Ranch, owned by Mr. Darling, over one hundred acres will be put under crop this season, consisting of Barley, Oats and Wheat. Pumpkins, Water Melons, Indian corn, &c., have been successfully raised on this Ranch, the climate being very favorable for their cultivation, owing to the total absence of frost during two or three of the summer months. Messrs. Cornwall, at Ashcroft, will sow about 75 acres in Oats, Barley and Wheat. They are now retailing Barley at 5cts. ℔. lb. The Grist Mill owned by these gentlemen, has been turning out an excellent quality of Flour lately, and although its grinding capacity is only equal to 200lbs. per hour, we are informed that there is sufficient grain in the neighborhood to keep it in constant employment for the next three or four months. Preparations are being made at McLean's, on the Bonaparte, and around the Junction, for raising a good deal of grain this Spring. At Lake La Hache, Mr. Anderson will sow with Oats and Barley, about 40 acres. Mr. Murphy, at the 141-Mile Post, intends putting in from sixty to seventy acres, in Oats, Barley and Wheat. Mr. Toomey, of the 150-Mile Post, will raise 60 acres of grain, of which 50 acres will consist of Oats and the balance in barley. Mr. Moffat, at Soda Creek, will sow 40 acres of wheat. On the river trail and around Williams Lake, a large area will be devoted to the cultivation of Wheat this season, in consequence of the inducement held out by the erection of Mr. Adams' Flour Mill at Soda Creek. We have as yet been unable to learn the exact number of acres that will be laid down on the various Ranches. The following are a few of those heard from:—

Chimney Creek,	Rose & Co,	50 acres
Dog Creek,	Wygate,	40 "
Alkali Lake,	Bowie & Co,	100 "
Will'ams Lake,	Minnaffee & Co,	100 "
Do.	Pinchbeck & Co,	100 "
Soda Creek,	Colbraith & Co,	150 "
Total,		540 "

The proprietors of the Australian Ranch, above Fort Alexander, raised an excellent crop of Wheat on a piece of low river bottom last season, their success has induced them to enlarge the extent of the area this season; no difficulty is experienced in clearing the land, the only appliance necessary for this purpose is the pruning hook, by means of which hundreds of acres, now covered with cottonwood saplings, might in a short time be made to yield a bounteous harvest of golden grain.

Mr. C. Donaldson, at Quesnel, is sowing a large quantity of Oats and Barley; Barley commands 15cts. ℔. lb. wholesale, and 25cts. retail, at this place. Ranches who had much stock on hand have done well this spring, as grain of every description has fetched good cash prices. At Cottonwood Ranch and Messrs. Boyd & Heath's the usual quantity of Hay, together with Turnips, Carrots, and other esculent roots is being raised.

Everywhere the farmers appear to be beginning to believe in the permanency of our mines, and are impressed with the assurance that a steady and remunerative market will always be open in this district for the disposal of their produce, while at the same time it must be obvious to them that under the present protective system farming in all its branches will and must prove a very lucrative business.

TO FIX PENCIL WRITING.—Pencil writing may be fixed almost as indelibly as ink, by passing the moistened tongue over it. Even breathing slowly over the lines, after writing, renders them much less liable to erasure than when not subjected to that process. This fact may be of importance to persons who may wish to carry a memorandum book for a long time. In ordinary use, the pages of such a book often become very much defaced by the erasure and diffusion of the pencil marks over the entire surface of the paper. A trial of the experiment will readily satisfy any person of the utility of the idea.—S. & M. Press.

THE Suez canal is practically opened to commerce. Large steam tugs have already passed through, bearing the products of Asia into European waters.

BARKERVILLE.—The busy din of the hammer and saw of the carpenter that greets the ear incessantly from morn till eve, as building after building rises around us, tells in emphatic sounds the improvements that are being carried on in our midst. Within the last few months the town has increased to double its former proportions, and scarcely a spot is to be found from the lower end of the street on either side, up to China town, that is not occupied by a building of some description. All the public buildings of the district are centred here now, with the exception of the Court House, which must soon follow. Its Banks, Express and post offices, library, billiard and dancing saloons, bowling alleys hotels and stores, point to the fact that this town is destined to become the emporium and depot of supply for the whole of the upper country. Some of the structures are of stately proportions, and in external appearance and internal comfort would compare favorably with those of towns having greater pretensions. Since our notice of the 15th, several additions have been made to the southern extremity of the town, most prominent among which is the saloon and bowling alley of our old friend Fulton, who has moved his establishment from Cameronton, and is reconstructing it in a style to suit the times; the whole building occupies a frontage of 103 feet, and when completed, will form one of the most attractive places of resort in the town. On the north side of this building, Mr. Parker is fitting up a very comfortable dwelling, to be occupied as a boarding house; on the south side, Mr. King is erecting a blacksmith's shop, and in front, Mr. Kerr, from Quesnelmouth, is putting up a brewery, and Mr. W. Moore, late of the steamer Alexandra, is erecting a dwelling house, all of which are nearly finished. The only fault we find with the situation of the town is its close proximity to the creek, which will render it liable to periodical inundations, by which considerable inconvenience will be experienced; but if a street were laid off on the hill side, and there is no doubt this will eventually be done, we would then be safe from any apprehension of danger by an overflow of the creek at high water.

ASCENT OF MOUNT HOOD.—At the last meeting of the Royal Geographical Society, a paper was read by Mr. Hines, describing his perilous ascent of Mount Hood, asssmed to be the highest mountain in North America, in July last with a small party. It is estimated to be 17,500 feet high. The highest point is the ridge of the crater of an immense volcano which gave indication of recent eruption by the volumes of steam that issued from the bottom. One side of the crater is broken down, and masses of snow and ice resting within it were melted near the lower part and converted into steam. The difficulties of the ascent were represented to have been all but insurmountable, and at one part a crevasse of fathomless depth, and eight feet wide, was leaped across by Mr. Hines. The mountain was composed of sienite and other primitive rocks.

DEATH FROM RELIGIOUS EXCITEMENT.—The death under singular circumstances has occurred at Mount Hawk, Cornwall, of a poor woman, aged 47 years, the wife of a farm laborer. A short time ago the deceased was 'taken down' at a revival meeting held in the Wesleyan chapel. The excitement on the occasion produced a desponding state of mind and concern for her soul, which ended in lunacy. When a medical man was called to see her he found her in too exhausted a state to be removed to any asylum, and after an obstinate refusal to take food for twenty-one days she died of starvation.

GOLD IN NORTH WALES.—A discovery has been made in the new mine of Vigra and Cloggan, at about the same depth where the rich branch of ore was found in the old mine, which produced upwards of £30,000 worth of gold. This ore has been opened up at the point indicated by Mr. Arthur Dean, the company's manager, some months since, and some idea may be formed of its value when it is stated that 3 quarters of ore yielded 62 ounces of gold.

BEEVES are now slaughtered by a stab between the head and the first vertebra of the neck. The spinal marrow is pierced, and the animal drops at once. It is then suspended by the hind legs and bled. The old way of knocking on the head was attended with such a shock as to prevent free bleeding. By the "pricking down" process, the meat is made more tender, and is believed to be more wholesome.

☞ Hon. R. Finlayson arrived here on Monday last. We understand he has purchased for the H. B. Co. the premises occupied by Mr. Strouss, in this town, for $2,000, which will be opened by the Company as a store, on or about the 15th of next month.

TRAINS ON THE ROAD.—The following trains have been passed on the way up: Oppenheimer & Co., 2, Nelson & Co., 2, H. B. Co., 1, Kirkpatrick, 2, Riley, 2, G. Robinson, 1, Arthur, 1, and three others.

THE GAME OF LIFE.

This life is but a game of cards,
Which mortals have to learn ;
Each shuffles, cuts and deals the pack,
And each a trump doth turn ;
Some bring a high card to the top,
And others bring a low ;
Some hold a hand quite flush of trumps,
While others none can show.

Some shuffle with a practised hand,
And pack their cards with care,
So they may know when they are dealt,
Where all the leaders are.
Thus fools are made the dupes of rogues,
While rogues each other cheat ;
And he is very wise indeed,
Who never meets defeat.

When playing, some throw out the ace,
The counting cards to save ;
Some play the deuce, and some the ten,
But many play the knave.
Some play for money, some for fun,
And some for worldly fame,
But not until the game's played out,
Can they count up their game.

When hearts are trumps, we play for love,
And pleasure rules the hour,
No thoughts of sorrow check our joy,
In beauty's rosy bower ;
We sing, we dance, sweet verses make,
Our cards at random play,
And while our trump remains on top,
Our game's a holiday.

When diamonds chance to crown the pack,
The players stake their gold,
And heavy sums are lost and won
By gamblers young and old ;
Intent on winning, each his game
Doth watch with eager eye,
How he may see his neighbor's cards,
And beat him on the sly.

When clubs are trumps, look out for war,
On ocean and on land ;
For bloody horrors always come
When clubs are held in hand ;
Then lives are staked instead of gold,
The dogs of war are freed—
Across the broad Atlantic now,
See! clubs have got the lead !

Last game of all is when the spade
Is turned by hand of Time ;
He always seals the losing game
In every age and clime.
No matter how much each man wins,
Or how much each man saves,
The spade will finish up the game,
And dig the player's grave.

A TOUCHING STORY.

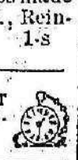
The Cincinnati 'Gazette' tells the following sad story, the moral of which is evident: We once knew a man to struggle for years to colour a particularly obstinate meerschaum pipe. He smoked incessantly. He tried all the different kinds of tobacco; put a "button" in it, boiled it in tobacco juice, but all to no avail. It wouldn't color. He grew morose and sour, shut himself up by himself and smoked, muttering savagely between his teeth "Color! I say. D——n ye. I'll c-o-l-o-r ye!" He gave up all business, and devoted himself wholly to smoking, determined as he said, to color the pipe or die in the attempt. One day he failed to make his appearance at breakfast. His room was opened and there he sat in his chair, dead, the fatal meerschaum clutched tightly between his teeth. The meerschaum was as white as when it first emerged, Venus-like, from the foam of the sea, but the man was turned to a rich dark brown. The meerschaum had colored him!

An Arch of Iron and Coal.—When Queen Victoria made her recent visit to Wolverhampton, England, to dedicate the statue to Prince Albert, her cortege pessed under six triumphal arches on their way through the principal street. The chief of these arches was one of iron and coal, being hewn in blocks weighing two tons each. There was also an arch composed of hardware and japanned goods, among which coal scuttles were quite conspicuous.—'M. & S. Press.'

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. FRANKEL, Victoria, V. I., Dealer in Furs, Skins, Hides, Wool, &c. Liberal advances made on Furs consigned. Reference—G. Sutro & Co., Reinhart Bros. Victoria, V. I. 1-s

E. WATSON, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Yates street, above Government street, Victoria, V. I. 1-s



KWONG, LEE & CO., Commission Merchants, Importers, and Dealers in Chinese Goods, Victoria, V. I., Yale, Lillooet, Quesnelmouth, and Williams Creek. 1-s

G. SUTRO & CO., Importers and Dealers in Cigars, Tobacco, Meerschaum Pipes, &c., S E. corner of Yates and Wharf street, Victoria. s

E. MALLANDAINE, COLLECTOR AND GENERAL AGENT, Government Street, Victoria, V. I. 1-s

JULES RUEFF, Commission Merchant, Royal Hotel Building, Wharf street Victoria, V. I. 1-s

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STOVES! STOVES!

Adams, Pearcy & Co.,
BARKERVILLE,
Have just received a choice selection of
CAST IRON COOKING STOVES
SHEET COPPER, ZINC,
TIN PLATE AND SHEET IRON,
with various other articles in their line of trade.

☞ All Jobbing in the Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Zinc trade attended to, and warranted to give satisfaction. 1

PENFOLD'S SALOON,
BARKERVILLE.

Mr. Penfold begs to announce to his friends that his new BILLIARD SALOON is now open, where every attention will be paid to the comfort of his visitors.

THE BEST LIQUORS & CIGARS
That can be obtained in the market will always be found at the BAR.

READING, CHESS AND CARD ROOMS,
With private entrance, are attached to the Saloon.
Barkerville, 1st May, 1867. 1-s

WAKE-UP-JAKE
Restaurant, Bakery,
— and —
LUNCH HOUSE,
BARKERVILLE,
PATERSON & GOODSON, Proprietors.

In announcing the re-opening of this house for the season, the proprietors wish to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will spare no pains in order to merit the patronage of all who give them a call.

Meals at all hours. 1

NEW TIN SHOP.

The undersigned have commenced in the above business next door to Mundorff's stables, Barkerville, and solicit a share of public patronage.

CAST IRON STOVES
Always on hand.
New Work and Jobbing
Done at reasonable rates.

☞ Our Teams run regularly between Yale and Cariboo and all orders in our line of business carefully attended to.

1 E. PEARSON & BROS.

JAMES P. TAYLOR,
Druggist,
BARKERVILLE.

Has constantly on hand a choice selection of Drugs and Patent Medicines, including the celebrated Golden Balsam, and Murphy's Mixtures, for the complete cure of Secondary Syphilis. Also a great variety of Sarsaparillas, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Combs, Tooth Powders, Sponges, Fancy Soaps, Lubin's Extracts, Rose Water and other Perfumeries, Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Just received—an assortment of Stationery, Pocket Diaries for 1867, and Billiard Table articles.

P. S.—Prescriptions carefully compounded. 1

A. McPherson,
WATCHMAKER
— and —
JEWELLER,
AT E. HODGENS' OLD STAND.
Barkerville, 1st May, 1867. 1

Dissolution of Partnership

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved, by limitation.

All debts due to the late firm may be paid to either party, both being authorized to receipt for collections made, and all liabilities will be liquidated by F. NEUFELDER, who will continue the business at the old stand.

F. NEUFELDER,
J. J. BRAMLEY.
Richfield, 1st May, 1867. 1

A CARD.

Victoria, V. I.,
April 8th, 1867.

MR. G. WILSON,

Sir,—I was very much surprised at your being in such a hurry to make the first deposit; it will be impossible for me to reach Williams Creek by first May, but I shall be sure to be up before July, when I will fight you on the terms you propose I am very sorry I could not come to time, but my business prevents me, hoping when I do arrive, everything may be satisfactory, and that we may have a square thing and no favor.

mal JOE EDEN.

OPPENHEIMER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
— and —
RETAIL MERCHANTS,
BARKERVILLE.

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

LONDON HOUSE.
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. H. TURNER & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
English & French Silks, Shawls, Dresses, Underclothing, Gloves, and every description of Drapery Goods.
Receive regular supplies by Express via Panama and by sailing vessels via Cape Horn.
☞ Particular attention given to all orders.
London Firm—J. P. Tunstall & Co. 1-s
ESTABLISHED 1858.

VICTORIA
SEED STORE,
Corner of Langley Alley and Yates St.
MESSRS. JAY & BALES
Have opened the above premises with a
LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK
OF
FRESH
Agricultural, Vegetable,
AND
FLOWER SEEDS.
The business of the late firm of Jay & Co., Fort St., and Springfield Nursery, will be carried on by them in all its branches.
Fruit Trees and Bushes, Evergreen and Deciduous Shrubs, Bulbs and Flowering plants of every description. 1-1s

OUR COFFEE.
WE ARE FORWARDING A
FIRST CLASS ARTICLE TO CARIBOO,
Packed in Tins of from two to twenty-five pounds each.
WILSON & MURRAY,
1-s Fort street, Victoria.

THOS. WILSON & CO.
IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH MERCHADIZE
Wholesale and Retail,
DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, &C.,
Masonic Hall Government Street Victoria. 1-s

J. C. BEEDY,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING AGENT,
Will pay particular attention to selecting, purchasing, or forwarding Goods for the upper country.
Any commission entrusted to his care, will receive prompt attention.
References:—W. A. Meacham, E. A. Wadhams, T. Harper, T. Bromly.
Victoria, April, 1867. 1

HOTEL DE FRANCE,
Government Street, Victoria, V. I.
The RESTAURANT is supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the sleeping accomodation is replete with every comfort. The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
1-s J. BIGNE & CO., Proprietors.

A. W. PIPER,
CONFECTIONER,
Government Street, opposite the Theatre.
Candies of every description manufactured and sold, Wholesale and Retail. 1-s

Free Port for Ever!
We the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to our numerous customers and the public, that we will supply them with the best French Leather Boots (duty free) ever offered in B. C.
☞ At our old Stand, Government St., Victoria, V I
1-s CHARITY & BUTLER.

A. BULER & CO.'S
Cheap Store. Ladies' and Gent's cast off Clothing bought and sold. Secondhand Watches, Guns, Pistols, &c, for sale.
☞ Government street opposite the Theatre. 1-s

Daily and Weekly "British Colonist and Victoria Chronicle." Orders for mailing either the Daily or Weekly issues of the above to any part of Europe, the United States, Canada, Australia, &c., left at this office or sent to Victoria will be attended to. Terms in advance. Weekly, 12mos., with Postage, $7 50; 6mos. do., $4 75. Daily, 12 mos. do., $23; 6mos do., $12 50.

A. Casamayou begs leave to state that he has removed his stock of Goods consisting of Groceries, &c., from Wharf street to the Brick Building on Yates street, adjoining Cowper's Boot Store, opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.
He will sell his Goods by Wholesale, at the lowest rates, for cash. 1-s

D. Cleal's Coffee House and Restaurant, Government Street, Victoria, V. I. This is the cheapest, most comfortable, and best attended Establishment in the City
The BAR is always supplied with the choicest of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. 1-s

William Zelner, dealer in Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, &c. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded and orders answered with care and dispatch. Victoria, V. I. 1-s

Henry Greenbaum, Wholesale Liquor Store, Importer of Fine Meerschaum Pipes, Stems Mouthpieces, Cigars and Tobacco, Johnson street, Victoria, V. I. 1-s

ROADSIDE ADVERTISEMENTS.

STABLING for HORSES.
WILLIAM McWHA,
LYTTON CITY, B. C.,
Begs to inform the public generally that he has
STABLE & CORALL ACCOMODATION
On his premises for upwards of 200 Horses.
Hay and Oats for Sale cheap.
GOOD SADDLE HORSES FOR HIRE.
TERMS MODERATE. 1-s

BOSTON BAR
International Hotel.
This well known house is now open for travellers. The Table is supplied as formerly with the best the market affords, and the Cooking cannot be excelled. The Bar is stocked with the finest Liquors and Cigars. GOOD BEDS.
WILLIAM CHARTERS
1-s Proprietor.

C. E. ROMBROT,
BOSTON BAR, B. C.,
Wholesale and Retail Merchant in
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
LIQUORS, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c. 1s

FOREST HOUSE.
35 MILE POST.
BETWEEN YALE AND LYTTON, B. C.
Travellers will find every accommodation at this Hotel. Excellent Cooking. GOOD BEDS.
STABLING FOR HORSES.
TIMOTHY HAY and OATS at Lowest Rates.
BOOTHROYD BRO'S,
1-s Proprietors.

THE ASHCROFT HOUSE
MESSRS. CORNWALL'S.
At this well known house, half-way between Spence's Bridge and Clinton, on the Yale Route. Travellers will find Good Accommodation. The best of living, of Liquors, and of Wines Fresh Butter, Milk and Vegetables. Good Stabling and cheap feed. 1-s

The Bonaparte House,
Semlen & Parke, Proprietors, at the Junction of the Cariboo and Big Bend Roads, is now open for the accommodation of the public. Distance from Clinton, 26 miles; from Savanas Steamboat Landing, 22 miles; from Spence's Bridge, 30 miles. Travellers will find prices and accommodations to suit the times. Give them a call. Stabling, Hay & Grain; attentive hostlers. Stages leave here regularly for Yale, and Cariboo 1-s

LOCHLOMAND OR 74--MILE HOUSE
This old and well known house has been recently opened by the undersigned, who will make it his constant study by using every endeavour to accomodate the traveling public, to deserve a share of the patronage bestowed on the former occupants.
☞ The Bar contains nothing but the very best of LIQUORS and CIGARS. Give him a call
1-s EDWARD TROFATTER

111 MILE HOUSE.
AGE IS NOTHING!
BLOOD WILL TELL!
This hotel is large and well fitted up for the comfort of travelers; the Table is supplied with the best of everything that can be procurd, and the cooking is not inferior to any on the road; Bedrooms for families; Stabling, Hay, Barley and Oats.
☞ The trail to Cedar and Horse-Fly Creeks leaves the Wagon Road at this place.
1-s WM. HENDERSON.

122 MILE HOUSE,
LAKE LA HACHE.
T. F. WALTERS, formerly of the 94 Mile House, having purchased this Ranch, is now prepared to accomodate the traveling public with GOOD MEALS and BEDS at moderate rates. 1-s

COLONIAL HOTEL,
SODA CREEK.
A GREAT REDUCTION has been made in the charges at this establishment, so as to suit the times.
Meals, $1; Beds, 75 Cents.
McLEESE & SENAY,
Proprietors.
May 1st, 1867. 1-s

164 MILE OR DEEP CREEK HOUSE,
Is open for the accommodation of the Travelling public; the bedrooms are spacious and airy and the Beds cannot be surpassed for cleanliness and comfort by any in the lower country; the Table is always supplied with the best of victuals. Stabling for Horses; Hay, Oats and Barley constantly on hand.

COLD SPRING HOUSE
BOYD & HEATH, Proprietors,
This house is situated 26 miles from Quesnelmouth. The proprietors having lately fitted up bedrooms and good Beds are now prepared to afford every accommodation for Travellers; the Table is furnished with all the luxuries that can be procured; the Bar is well supplied with the best brands of Liquors and Segars; good Stabling, Hay, Oats and Barley. ☞ The CHEAPEST House on the Road. 1-s