The Cariboo Sentinel.

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"The Cariboo Sentinel,"

SEMI-WEEKLY PAPER,

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY.

ROBERT HOLLOWAY, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE—BARKERVILLE, WILLIAMS CREEK, CARIBOO.

Subscription, $1 per Week.

(India free cost of delivery.) Payable to the Carrier

THE "CARIBOO SENTINEL"

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE STOCK OF THIS OFFICE, HAVING BEEN considerably augmented by the recent importation of a variety of new Ornamental Type, peculiarly suited for

Posters, Circulars, Cards,
Billheads, Programmes for
Balls, Concerts, and
Theatrical Entertainments.

Orders for any description of Job Work will be executed with neatness and despatch.

Terms moderate.

FUNERAL SERMON OF THE LATE THOS. D'ARCY McGEE.

The following is the sermon preached at the funeral of Thos. D'Arcy McGee, by the Rev. Mr. O'Farrell, from the text "How is the mighty man fallen that saved the people of Israel. I Maccabees 9th 21. He said:—Such dearly beloved, was the cry of sorrow that burst from the hearts of the Jewish people, that re-echoed along the plains and amongst the hills of Judea, when the doleful news was brought that Judas Maccabeus, their skilful captain, their heroic leader, had fallen at last upon the field of battle, fighting in the cause of his country's freedom, and all the people of Israel bewailed with great lamentation, and they mourned for him many days, and said how is the mighty man fallen that saved the people of Israel. May not, ought we not to give utterance to a similar outburst of grief on this most lamentable occasion, which has united us all here to-day, and in the presence of these poor relics of mortality which remind us so powerfully of one who by his brilliant genius, his soul-stirring eloquence, his far-seeing wisdom, contributed so much to the safety and the renown of this country. Shall we not say, as did the Jews of old, "How is the mighty man fallen that saved the people." He did not, it is true, perish on the field of battle, amidst the clang of arms and tumult of the conflict: but he died in as noble a field, although struck down by the foulest murder that ever darkened our annals; he died as certainly for the land of his adoption: and with a soul as unflinching, and a heart as brave as ever beat in a soldier's breast, and therefore the people of this land have bewailed him with great lamentations, and they sorrow for him, and shall not cease to mourn him for many days. When the illustrious French soldier, Latour D'Avergne, the first Grenadier of France, as he was simply yet honorably styled, died in the service of his country, his name was still retained on the muster roll of his regiment, and when called out by the commanding officer on service days, as if he were still present, the oldest soldier would step out of the ranks, and amid the solemn silence of his comrades reply in these touching words, "Died on the field of honour;" and so, my brethren, when the muster roll of the great of Canada shall be read out in future generations, to the name of Thomas D'Arcy McGee shall be added, as his best and most suitable epitaph, that he died on the field of honor. In the midst of the general grief, I have been requested to give utterance before this magnificent assembly of the rulers and statesmen and leaders of our country, to the feelings that have stirred to the very centre the heart of the nation; and although I well know that my words, feeble and languid, can serve but as a very imperfect echo to the emotions with which your hearts are throbbing; still, I have willingly accepted the invitation, because I admired and esteemed in the deceased the scholar whose mind was stored and enriched with the most varied information; the patriot who loved his country, his native as well as his adopted one, with the deepest and truest affection; the statesman whose mighty intellect soared above all merely local interests, and comprehended in his far reaching glance the necessities and advantages of the entire empire; but more than all, as a minister of God, I loved and admired the humble christian who devoted his talents to the noblest causes, whose faith in the doctrines of the Catholic Church shone out all the brighter and purer after the storms by which it had been tested, and towards the close of his life he especially showed the finest hope and the most touching confidence in the merit and mercies of his crucified Master.

If Mr McGee had proved recreant to his native land, no words of mine should ever sound in his praise, and I should allow him to remain, as a great writer said of him whose soul was dead to this generous feeling, "unwept, unhonored and unsung." Never was a fouler calumny uttered than that the deceased was a traitor to Ireland. There was scarcely a pulse of his heart that did not beat for her; scarcely a poem or a song, or more extensive work from his pen, that had not Ireland for its theme. There was scarcely a legend of the old land unknown to him; scarcely a monument or a ruin in it which was not celebrated by him either in verse or prose; not an association formed for the cultivation of her literature in which he had not some share; not a national movement for her prosperity which was not encouraged by him. I never knew a man who thought more constantly or more affectionately of Ireland. She was the inspirer of his verses, the theme of his prose. He loved her with a passionate ardor, like that of a lover for his mistress. He loved everything about Ireland except the shortcomings of her people. From his early boyhood his pen was devoted to her service; his warm imagination and passionate heart took fire at what he deemed unbearable wrongs, and he threw himself into a movement which we all know as foolish and most ill-timed. He loved Ireland then not wisely but too well; and when in after years he condemned his youthful impetuosity, did he then cease to love his country? Read over the passionate outpourings of his heart in verse; read over the list of his larger writings, and you will find that he has scarcely another theme. Look at his "Irish Settlers in America," the "Attempt to Establish the Reformation in Ireland," the "Life of Dr. Maginn," and greatest of all, his "History of Ireland," which is confessed to be the best that has been yet written, and, more wonderful, has been written upon a foreign soil with such scanty material as he could here procure. How then could some of our people come to be convinced that he had renounced and villified his native land? Ah, my brethren, the power of calumny is fearful! For a time every stray word, every unguarded expression that fell from his lips was taken hold of by his enemies and paraded and repeated again and again, until it sank into many person's hearts and became so deeply rooted there that nothing could eradicate it. Advantage, too, was taken of the honest, outspoken indignation with which he reprobated the nefarious attempts of a miserable, disgraceful conspiracy to enter into this peaceable land, and to avenge the wrongs of Ireland upon Canada, the happy homes of your children. Yes, if he was guilty of a crime against Ireland because he denounced the abominable plots of men who only bring shame and disgrace upon her, then I, too, am guilty of the same crime, for I denounce to-day, as vehemently as he could do, such vile, unprincipled means; and if it be proved that his death was the result of his enmity to those secret societies, then I call upon every honest man to stamp out with horror every vestige of them from amongst us. There must be no sympathy for such a dastardly crime. The man or woman who could feel any joy at such a diabolical deed would be as horrible to my soul as the assassin himself. Mr McGee, then, was not false to his own land, although he tried to serve to the utmost of his power his adopted one. I shall quote for you a sentence from his own speech on last St. Patrick's Day, in Ottawa, when alluding to this charge against him: "If I have avoided for two or three years much speaking in public on the subject of Ireland, even in a literary or historical sense, I do not admit that I can be fairly charged in consequence with being either a sordid or a cold-hearted Irishman. I utterly deny the audacious charge, and I say that my mental labors will prove, such as they are, that I know Ireland as well in her strength and in her weakness, and love her as dearly as those who in ignorance of my Canadian position, in ignorance of my obligations to my adopted country, not to speak of my solemn oath of office, have made this cruelly false charge against me." I deem it unnecessary to dwell longer upon a point which to my mind is of the clearest evidence, nor should I have treated it at all at such length if all the hatred which has been excited against the deceased, and which I fear has culminated in his death, so awful and so shocking, had not sprung from such unfounded, such base, calumnious charges, which were blindly believed in by some of my countrymen. But it is true that the heart of the deceased was large enough to admit of other affections. Besides the love of Ireland, there grew up in it another love almost as strong and enduring—the love of Canada; and, under the influence of that new feeling, his mind took a wider compass, his views became more enlarged and liberal, his glance became more far-reaching, and he rose from being the patriot of one country to be the statesman that embraced the entire empire in his views. Others shall tell you what he did to build up a public spirit in this country, what labors he underwent to infuse a great national feeling into all its inhabitants, how he strove earnestly to unite all nationalities and creeds together and to diffuse a common spirit of charity, good feeling and brotherly love among all the children of the soil.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fashion Saloon,
ADLER & BARRY,
BARKERVILLE, B. C.
May 1, 1868. 6m

WALKER & ISAACS,
Saloon and Restaurant,
CENTREVILLE,
MOSQUITO GULCH.
May 8, 1868. 6m

A. McPherson,
WATCHMAKER
AND
JEWELLER,
AT E. HODGENS' OLD STAND.
Barkerville, 1st May, 1868. 6m

WAKE-UP-JAKE
Restaurant and Bakery.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THIS WELL KNOWN establishment, in thanking the public and their numerous friends for past favors, would kindly solicit a continuance of their patronage, as they are now prepared to afford every satisfaction in their line of business. PATTERSON & GOODSON.
May 1, 1868. 6m

L. A. BLANC,
Photographic Artist,
HAS NOW OPENED HIS PHOTOGRAPHIC GALlery, and is prepared to do all kinds of Photographic and Jewelry work, executed in the highest style of the art.
Cartes de Visite, Timbre de Poste Portraits, Ambrotypes, Leather Pictures, Milanotypes, Views of Houses, Claims, etc., Single or Stereoscopic.
Portraits also taken on White Silk, Linen or Cotton Cloth.
Barkerville, May 1, 1868. 6m

NOTICE!
YALE MADE BOOTS!
PRICES MODERATE; WORKMANSHIP UNexcelled. Parties wishing Yale made Boots, will please send their orders to D. McQUARRIE, who keeps the best of French leathers always on hand. Orders from Cariboo and the upper country promptly attended to. D. McQUARRIE.
Yale, B. C., May 1, 1868. 6m

NOTICE
IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PARTIES INDEBTED to the late firm of Allan & Co., proprietors of the Cariboo Sentinel, that unless all outstanding accounts are paid to Mr W. F. Herre, Barkerville, on or before the 20th day of June next, proceedings will be instituted for the recovery of the same.
Barkerville, 18th May, 1868. my18 1m

EXPRESS & GENERAL
AGENCY!
ON THE ARRIVAL AT BARKERVILLE OF every Mail and Express, P. REID will leave Barkerville with an Express for the following places:—Mosquito and Red Gulches, Whip Saw Gulch, Lowhee Creek, Grouse Creek, Stevens Creek, California Creek and Antler. He will also leave regularly twice every week for the same places, with the CARIBOO SENTINEL on the mornings of its issue. He will attend to all kinds of commissions, etc., for miners, obtain licenses, record claims, examine records, etc. Collecting will also be attended to. He will also send out, three times a month, an Express to Keithley Creek, Forks of Quesnelle, Cedar and Black Bear Creeks. He will have an office at Barkerville, where all orders, etc., can be left.
May 5, 1868 6m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.
A FIRST-CLASS TWELVE HORSE POWER PORTable Engine, in complete order.
Apply to J. R. ADAMS, Soda Creek,
Or T. L. BRIGGS, Cameronton, B. C.
May 1, 1868. 1m

ELDORADO SALOON,
WILLIAM STIRLING,
PROPRIETOR. BARKERVILLE, B.C.

WILLIAM RENNIE,
Boot and Shoemaker
BARKERVILLE,
BOOTS MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING done with neatness and dispatch. Ready Made Boots kept constantly on hand. Next door to SENTINEL OFFICE.
May 1, 1868. 1m

HOTEL DE FRANCE,
BARKERVILLE, W. C.,
L'ECUYER & BRUN, PROPRIETORS.
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
Also splendid Bedrooms, and the best Wines and Cigars.
May 1, 1868. 6m

VAN WINKLE HOTEL
AND STORE.
THE ABOVE HOUSE HAVING BEEN REBUILT and fitted up for the accommodation of the public will be kept in a style to defy competition.
Goods sold at Wholesale or Retail and as cheap as the cheapest in Cariboo market.
Wholesale orders from outlying Creeks will be forwarded free of extra charge.
Van Winkle, May 1st, 1868. J. W. LINDHARD. my11 6m

I. WEILL,
San Francisco Store.
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER
— IN —
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE, CLOTHING AND BOOTS.
Barkerville, May 1, 1868. 6m

J. H. TODD & CO.,
BARKERVILLE, B. C.,
CONSTANTLY KEEP ON HAND A FULL STOCK of General Merchandise, of the very best quality, which they offer for sale at the most reasonable rates, comprising—
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Liquors and Cigars, Clothing, Hats, Leather Boots and Shoes, Rubber Boots, Coats and Hats; Blasting Powder and Fuse; Iron Steel and Borax; Rope, Glass, Putty, Candles, Coal Oil, and general Mining Tools, etc., etc. Thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
May 5, 1868. 6m

LONDON AND PARIS
HOTEL!
MRS. J. PENBERTHY BEGS LEAVE TO ANnounce that she has opened the above named well-known and comfortable Hotel, for the accommodation of the public.
REGULAR BOARD,
MEALS AT ALL HOURS,
GOOD BEDS.
The BAR will be kept stocked with the finest Liquors and Cigars.
J. PENBERTHY,
London and Paris Hotel,
May 5, 1868. Richfield, Williams Creek.

Selling Off! Selling Off!
AT
RED FLAG STORE,
RICHFIELD, - - BRITISH COLUMBIA,
Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods,
Hardware, Dried Vegetables, Mining Tools
Also, one splendid Bar Saloon Stove, &c., &c.
All accounts due to the undersigned must be settled before the 10th June next.
Richfield, May 10th, 1868. L. MOUTET. my11 1m

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

Agents for the "Cariboo Sentinel."

Van Winkle, . . . J. W. Lindhard.
Quesnelmouth, Mr. Goudie, Barnard's Express Office.
Soda Creek, . . . Barnard's Express.
Yale, . . . Mr. Evans, do do
New Westminster, . . . Clarkson & Co.
Victoria, . . . { E. Mallandaine. A. Lyne.

The "Cariboo Sentinel" is published every Monday and Thursday. Advertisements intended for insertion must be delivered at latest at 6 o'clock, p. m., the day before publication.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications must be accompanied by the real name and address of the writer, not necessarily with a view of publishing the same, but as security for his good faith.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ All Advertisements (not inserted for any definite period) will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

NEW ROUTE TO CARIBOO.

The proposition of any scheme or measure that will lessen the cost of travel and the transportation of goods to Cariboo should be gladly welcomed, not only by the miner and trader in Cariboo but by every one who has an interest in the prosperity of the entire country, regardless of local considerations or personal jealousies; and the bare mention of the possibility of such a desirable object being attained, to the people of Cariboo is next only in gratification to the intelligence of a newly discovered creek or a big strike. When, we a few days since, noticed the fact of a new steamer about to be built by the owners of the steamer "Enterprise" in order to extend water travel from Big Bar to Quesnel, we were not aware that any communication had been had with the Government on the matter, but since that time we have learned that such is the fact, and that the project of a new road has been favorably entertained. This, we are pleased to say, is as it ought to be, for in no way can the Government more satisfactorily make a recompense for the great mistake in building the wagon road a round-about distance of 177 miles from Clinton to Soda Creek, fifty miles of which being through a forest and over a summit of 4000 feet. Had it been supposed that the river was capable of steamboat navigation down to so low a point as it is now known to be, there is no doubt but the road would have been built by the river-route instead of through the timber, but the proposition of the spirited owners of the "Enterprise" puts the matter in such a clear shape now that we can not see how they can be met with a refusal to co-operate on the part of the Government. The very valuable letter from our correspondent at Bog Creek puts the advantage of such a road to the country in that direction in a much clearer light than we can, although we have passed through the section of country which the proposed road will open up, and well remember what a fine open level country it is, with the exception of the deep creeks which intersect it, none of which, however, interfere with the proposed road; but the great advantage to the miners and people in this part of the country, we consider, is one of the chief benefits which will accrue therefrom and one of the strongest reasons for urging on its consummation. For instance, the land travel to Cariboo would be lessened about 90 miles—three days travel; the average expense to each footman will be thus diminished $10. The cost of freight will probably be reduced two cents per pound below its present price, which, on say 2000 tons, would amount to $80,000—a direct saving to the miners of Cariboo. In addition to this direct advantage the quantity of agricultural land that would be opened up and occupied at once would be so great that, no doubt, within two years, as our correspondent says, flour will be selling in Barkerville at half its present rates. The whole of the region between Big Bar and Chimney Creek on both sides of the river is well adapted to the culture of grain. It is not subject to so early frosts as the Soda Creek region, and is not liable to the intensely dry summers of which the present is an example, and which has so nearly destroyed the crops in the Lillooet district. The opportunities for irrigating are numerous, and as far as our present experience in the country goes no crop ought to fail. In regard to the practicability of navigating the Fraser down to so low a point as Big Bar, no doubt but the owners of the new boat about to be built for that purpose are satisfied upon that point or they would not assume the risk of the trial. There are but three rapids on the river between Soda Creek and Big Bar, and neither of them is said to be as formidable as those that the steamer "49" passes on the Columbia river. The lower terminus of the steamer's trips is supposed to be at Crow Bar, about five miles above Big Bar; from this point a good wagon road might be made over open ground, to intersect the present wagon road at the 57-mile post, a distance of about thirty miles, at a probable cost of $25,000,—a sum so trifling, when compared with the immense benefit that would immediately accrue therefrom, that we do not think the Government would hesitate a moment in authorising the expenditure, nor need they have any fears about such a measure meeting the warm approval and support of the country at large, and more particularly the heavily taxed people of Cariboo. We feel so deeply the want of the great desideratum of easy and cheap access to the mines of Cariboo and inexpensive living to the miners, that we are reluctant to drop this subject. Cariboo wants a population of 10,000 people to prospect and open up its hidden and inexhaustable wealth, and in no way can this be realized until men can reach here at half the present cost, and live when here at half the present rates,—an end that cannot possibly be attained by the present circuitous and difficult land route. A way, however, is now proposed, and when private enterprise manifests itself so vigorously and confidently in a measure that promises so much for the general good, we hope it may not be said that the Government of the colony is unwilling to do its legitimate and incumbent duty in the matter.

Reciprocity.—The Committee of the U. S. Congress have unanimously reported in favor of "reciprocity" with Canada—how changed the "spirit of their dreams." That the Canadian Government will meet them half-way, on fair and equitable terms, we have not a doubt; yet we think, a renewal of reciprocal trade between the two countries will not be quite so one-sided in favor of the United States as the treaty which was by the latter abrogated. From the London Morning Star of April 8th, we clip the following:—"A better state of feeling now exists, and the time is ripe for a re-opening of negotiations with a view to the renewal of the treaty. Dr. Tupper says truly, that "deeply interested as are alike the United States and British America in commercial reciprocity, it seems incredible that the present restrictions on trade should long be maintained." It is, in fact, impossible that these restrictions can be maintained—that a policy of non-intercourse should be allowed to grow up in the teeth of every national and individual interest to the contrary; that what is virtually a state of war should be established in a time of Peace. Dr. Tupper visits this country as the accredited agent of the Government of Canada, and the Foreign and Colonial Ministers could not do better than avail themselves of his knowledge and experience, as well as of the free-trade sympathies which he has expressed, to promote a better commercial understanding between Canada and the United States. The revival of the Reciprocity Treaty is a boon which cannot long be withheld; but we would fain hope that the delay, which has already proved so injurious, may not be prolonged by any lack of vigor or earnestness on the part of the British Government." How much benefit will reciprocity be to British Columbia, outside of the Dominion? or what amount of money, or territory, would Uncle Sam take to extend reciprocity to this colony?

Martin the Wizard
HAS ARRIVED!

The World-renowned, Wonder-creating Wizard

MARTIN,

Will commence his Wonderful Exhibitions at

THEATRE ROYAL, BARKERVILLE,

This Evening, June 11th,

Turning, as if with a Magic Wand, this popular place of amusement into a Gorgeous and Enchanted Temple of Magic and Mystery; or, a Night in the Wonder World, together with innumerable and amusing incidents in

VENTRILOQUISM,
Second-Sight Mystery,
AND
MECHANICAL FIGURES

Admission, $1 50; Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Doors open at 8.30; performance to commence at 9.
☞ SEE BILLS. jel1

Whipsawyers Wanted

AT QUESNELMOUTH, to contract for the Lumber for a Steamer. About 40,000 feet required, principally large timbers and thick planking.

Apply, within ten days, to steamer Enterprise, Quesnelmouth, personally or by writing; or to E. A. Wadham, Barkerville; or F. Neufelder, Richfield.
May 30. jel 3t

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

AFTER THIS DATE, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the Express will arrive here every Sunday afternoon, and close again for below every TUESDAY, at TEN o'clock, A. M. ROBERT POOL,
Barkerville, May 28, 1868. Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Miners, Attention!

San Francisco Store.

I. WEILL

Has just received the Largest and Best assorted stock of

American Clothing,
Underclothing, &c., &c.,

That has ever been imported to Cariboo.

—ALSO,—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
FINE BRANDS OF TOBACCO & CIGARS.

Parties will find it their advantage to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.
jel1 I. WEILL.

Best Clothing Store
—IN—
VICTORIA,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE AND CUSTOM HOUSE.

WM. WILSON

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND AND IS MONTHLY importing the most complete assortment of

English Clothing,
Underclothing,
Gloves, Hats, &c., &c.,

which will be found lower in price and better in quality than any other in Victoria.

WM. WILSON is the only Importer in the Colony of

SILK OVERSHIRTS,
LEATHER COATS,
AND WEST END FANCY HOSIERY.

All orders, Wholesale or Retail, through Barnard's Express, will receive prompt care and attention. W. W.'s square dealing, both in Cameronton and Victoria, since '62, is a guarantee for good value. jel1

EDGAR DEWDNEY,
MINING ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR
F. V. Lee's Auction Rooms,
je8 6m BARKERVILLE.

HARPER & TORMEY,
IMPORTERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Live Stock of all kinds,
je8 6m BARKERVILLE, B.C.

FRESH BUTTER,
THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE COLONY, IN SIX POUND TINS.

HAMS AND BACON,
CORNWALL'S DECEMBER CURING,
Just received, and for sale by
E. PEARSON BROS.,
je8 Barkerville.

AUCTION ROOMS,
BARKERVILLE.

AN AUCTION WILL BE HELD AT THE ABOVE Rooms

Every Saturday, at Noon.

Goods sold on commission. Goods received on Storage. Money advanced on goods.
Merchants will please send Goods to Auction Rooms not later than Friday Evening for Saturday's sale.
je8 6m F. V. LEE, Auctioneer.

C. T. MILLARD. J. C. BEEDY.
MILLARD & BEEDY,
Importers and Dealers in
General Merchandise,
Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

AGENTS FOR
MERCHANTS' LINE PACKETS FROM
je8 6m SAN FRANCISCO.

Van Volkenburgh & Co.,
RETAIL BUTCHERS,

BEG TO INTIMATE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE public generally that they now have two Markets in Barkerville, one in Richfield and one in Centreville, all of which will be constantly and well supplied with good fresh meats, of the very best quality that can be bought in British Columbia, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to them.
Barkerville, B.C., May 22, 1868. jel 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

83 MILE STATION; one of the best localities on the wagon road from Yale to Cariboo. There is a fine substantial house and stabling on the premises. Apply to the proprietor on the premises. There is a good hay ranch attached to the property.
May 1, 1868. 2m

REMOVAL.

DR. CHIPP

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO THE NEXT DOOR but one below the Theatre.
At home for consultation daily.
May 8th, 1868. 1m

ADAMSON & HURD,
— DEALERS IN —
PROVISIONS, TOBACCO & SEGARS,
DRY GOODS AND LIQUORS.

[illegible] always on hand.
Barkerville, May 1, 1868. 6m

FRESH GROCERIES.
WM. DAVISON

HAS OPENED HIS NEW STORE IN THE POST Office building, and has the best assortment of Groceries ever offered for sale in Barkerville.

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER.

WM. DAVISON IS PREPARED TO MANUfacture every description of Jewelry, to execute Engraving and REPAIR WATCHES.
my25 1m

BUIE BROS.,
BARKERVILLE,

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO CLOSE OUT their business by 15th proximo, offer for sale, at reduced prices, FOR CASH, their entire stock of merchandize, consisting of—

Groceries, Liquors,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Hardware, Clothing, &c. &c.

ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.

We beg to request that all parties indebted to us will call and settle before FIRST JUNE, and any parties having accounts against us will oblige us by presenting the same for payment.
BUIE BROS.
Barkerville, May 8, 1868. 1m

STOVES! STOVES!
ADAMS & PEARCY,
BARKERVILLE,
Have just received a choice selection of
CAST IRON COOKING STOVES
SHEET COPPER, ZINC,
TIN PLATE AND SHEET IRON,
with various other articles in their line of trade.
☞ All Jobbing in the Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Zinc trade attended to, and warranted to give satisfaction. 6m

J. T. SCOTT. R. LIPSETT.
ARCADE
BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOON.
SCOTT & LIPSETT

TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO the public generally that they have purchased the Saloon, lately occupied by Mr. C. Fulton, and flatter themselves from their long experience in business to merit a liberal share of their patronage.
At the Bar will be found a full supply of the best
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
Barkerville, May 20th, 1868. je1 1m

C. STROUSS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER
—IN—
Groceries, Provisions,
HARDWARE, DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,
&c., &c., &c.
BARKERVILLE.
my23 6m

HEAVY IMPORTATION.
A. C. CAMPBELL,

HAS NOW ON THE WAY FROM VICTORIA ONE of the largest and best assorted stocks of
HARDWARE
Ever imported to Cariboo, consisting of shovels, hoes, axes, sluice-forks, nails, bar and bundle iron, flat and round, of all sizes; Naylor's cast steel, flat and octagon; car wheels, cast steel axles, double action; bolts, nuts and washers of all sizes; anvils, vices, bellows, and blacksmiths' tools generally; hay rakes, scythes and snathes; axe and pick handles; rope, saws, glass, scales, carpenters' tools, locks, hinges, screws, hasps, staples, hat and coat hooks, files and rasps; butchers' and hunting knives; cutlery in great variety, and every article necessary for a mining country. Horse and mule shoes and nails. Also a good assortment of stationery, all of which he is prepared to sell at prices which will defy competition.
May 5, 1868.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

RELIGIOUS.—The letter of our esteemed correspondent "J. E.," which appears to-day, we cordially commend to the careful perusal of our readers. A direct reply to some of the inquiries would involve a religious controversy, which we do not feel it our province to engage in. The Bishop of Columbia might give a more satisfactory answer to his most important question. We will therefore send that rev. gentleman a copy of the paper containing "J. E.'s" letter that he may have a knowledge of our friend's complaint. The appeal to the members of churches of different denominations, "scattered round," is made in a spirit of christian kindness and regard, which, we think, none who profess to be influenced by the pure principles of orthodox christianity, can well disregard, nor can we be aware of there being any obstacle to the exercise of their freedom of will in the matter. We do not feel competent to the task, however, of effecting what so many whose profession and sole office in such work have failed to accomplish. We beg to apologise to our esteemed friend for our neglect in not having noticed the commendable punctuality with which a small band of devoted worshippers meet in the Cambrian Hall on each Sabbath day; and we much regret that when so good an example is set, and so favorable an opportunity offered, that so few are to be found who prefer such a mode of spending the Sabbath to a less profitable enjoyment.

STRIKE ON ANTLER.—A very important strike has been made on Antler Creek which it is thought will lead to the discovery of the lost lead, for which there has been so much search and which has been so long shrouded in mystery. A prospecting party have struck a back channel on the opposite side from where the old lead gave out, in which they have found very rich pay dirt though they have not found the bottom. Mr Glover, one of the discoverers, came over on Sunday last to get the claims recorded and let the "cat out" to the ever watchful Adair, and early next day, before even the miners on Antler knew of the discovery, "Johnny" had fifteen hundred feet staked off for himself and partners and was back to Richfield in time to record the claim alongside of the discoverers and to witness the rush for the new diggings. The discovery has caused considerable excitement, and it is thought that Antler will again come up and equal its palmiest days.

ACCOUNTS from all parts of the gold diggings are of the most favorable character. For the past week we have not heard of a single shaft bottomed with disappointment, or a single claim abandoned, but, on the contrary, although we do not hear of many strikes, every report that comes in conveys something hopeful and cheering. Shafts are going down steadily and surely through slum and mud to the spot where previous prospecting has indicated where lies the hidden ore. The tunnels are fast approaching the back-channels where the "lost leads" are playing hide and seek. The bed-rock drain has had its trial and may now be considered safe for the season. The hydraulic pipes are again pouring their torrents upon the hill sides, which are gradually uncovering their deep hidden stoney base; and if we do not prove a false prophet in one short month we will be able to record the largest yield of gold that has ever been reported from Cariboo.

REFRESHING.—The rain on Tuesday night has given things quite a refreshing appearance after the week's hot sun which we have just had, and has assisted mother nature mightily in throwing her mantle of green over the hill tops and valleys of cold and cheerless Cariboo, and in a few more days we may expect to see each stump and rock that has for months stood bare along the steep and ruggid slopes of William Creek possessing a verdant covering which will greet the eye with pleasure rather than with offence.

MARTIN THE WIZARD will commence a series of entertainments, this evening, at the Theatre Royal, which will be continued for four nights, giving an opportunity to those on the various outlying creeks to come and see the inimitable tricks of one who can throw the feats of Signor Blitz and Professor Anderson into the shade. Sleight-of-hand and legerdemain are at a discount when attempted by any other than Martin, who seems to possess the key to perfect jugglery. Close up everybody, and go and see the Wizard to-night.

AMONGST the sports at New Westminster on the Queen's birthday were two races ran by three of her distinguished citizens. First race, one hundred yards, was between the Mayor, H. Holbrook, Esq., and the Hon. John Robson, the latter winning after a most severe contest in consequence of the Mayor breaking down a few yards from home with the cramp. The second race was between the same distinguished legislator and Dr. Black, who, being out of running condition, was beaten easily.

OPEN AT LAST.—The road between Barkerville and Van Winkle is open at last. Martin, the Wizard, succeeded in driving in the first wagon without unhitching. If the Wizard had only come along a day earlier it would have saved the Government a cost of $40 or $50.

TELEGRAPH—Mr Buie is pushing in the line. The wire is distributed as far as Cottonwood, and about nine miles of the line constructed. We may look for a 'connection' the first week in July. So much for private enterprise.

RECOVERING.—We are glad to learn that Captain Swanson is likely to recover from his severe fit of sickness. At one time his life was despaired of, but the crisis of his disease is past and he is now considered safe.

THE ship Manetta, lying at Capt. Stamp's mill, Burrard Inlet, took fire at half-past two on the morning of the 26th inst., and had to be scuttled. The captain of the vessel can give no clue as to the origin of the fire.

SAM BRANNAN, of San Francisco, who was shot by the squatters at Calistoga, has recovered. He was pretty well peppered wit buckshot, and had a loud call.

PACK TRAINS.—Two pack trains arrived yesterday with goods, one for the Hudson Bay Co. and the other for I. Weill.

THE Capital was formally proclaimed at Victoria on the 25th May amid great rejoicing.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—It is rumored here that the owners of the steamer Enterprise have made proposals to the Government to construct a steamer which will run from Crow's Bar to Quesnelmouth, on condition that a wagon road shall be made to connect with the steamer at its lower landing. If this should be done, a large tract of farming country would at once be occupied and improved. Already several farms have been located in anticipation, and in some places ditches are being dug to irrigate the soil next year.

The advantages of extending water communication to this section of the country are very evident. Upon both sides of the Fraser large quantities of grain would be raised, and easily taken to market. The Soda Creek mills would be able to grind it as soon as gathered; and in a short time after the reaper had done its work, it would be lying on William creek for the miners' consumption. The decreased rates of freight to Quesnelmouth, and the great additional quantity of flour produced, would lower the price, and in less than two years I predict that flour will sell at Barkerville at 12½ cents, less.

If such a proposal as this has been made to the Government, can they fail to accept it? I do not believe that so short-sighted a policy will be adopted. The few thousand dollars expended in a wagon road from the 57 mile post to Fraser river will be amply repaid to them by the increased revenue received from our additional population. The expense to each miner of getting up and down from Cariboo would be materially reduced, and in a very short time we should see a new impetus given to prospecting parties, from the reduced cost of provisions. I would, therefore, ask you to further this project through the columns of your paper, and try to show to the powers below the policy of encouraging any enterprise of this nature.

A FARMER.

DOG CREEK, June 1, 1868.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—In an outlandish place like Cariboo, where we have the fortune or misfortune to find our lot cast, where Dame Fortune takes a few of us under her special and kindly wing, while Miss-fortune seems to play rather roughly with the balance, or where at their will we are kicked from one to the other and handled with as little ceremony as paper shavings in a nor'wester, whilst, poor devils, we know or ought to know that in voluntary choosing the devil-may-care and precarious life of gold-seekers we are liable to such rebuffs, growl and consider ourselves "bilked;" but let us occasionally "bilk" the whole fortune family by throwing dull care in its teeth, taking a little fun when we can. In Cariboo, where recreation of an intelligent character is so scarce, and amusement productive of "hot coppers," etc., etc., in the morning is so plentiful, expensive and unsatisfactory, great praise is due to, and a great object wrought by any one producing an amusement both cheap, interesting and intellectual; and such praise every right thinking man in Cariboo must acknowledge is due to the ladies and gentlemen of our Amateur Dramatic Corps, and hope that their endeavors may be crowned with success—not in a pecuniary sense, for that I believe is the least of their objects—but that each coming performance may be looked for with interest and concluded with satisfaction and pleasure to themselves and audience; and that their little Theatre Royal may grow up and expand with the institutions of the creek and become a permanent and indispensable fixture. The public may rest assured that as yet it is not a source of profit to any one but themselves, and that very few if any persons on the creek would undertake the task of acquiring by heart the whole text of one single play, not to mention the trouble and expense of converting himself into a "Sam Savory," a "used up" and languid swell, a respectable old codger of 70 summers, or a "Chicken" without the potatoes, for the receipts of one performance. So let us take into consideration the trouble and expense the ladies and gentlemen of A. D. A. go to for our amusement—and their own, no doubt; make all allowances for their lack of time and practice to acquire that confidence so essential to become top-sawyers on the "boards," and acknowledge that for amateurs they are tip-top sawyers.

FUGENTE.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—Your pages are open for the advocacy of every good cause connected with the country, which shall be my apology for this trespassing on your limits. We find recorded in your columns all the information you can gather of the progress of mining on every creek; shafts sunk, tunnels driven, draining, hydraulicing, and amount of gold raised; progress of building, road-making, and the various incidents that happen in the course of the week; so that in one part of the country it may be known what passes in another. This is all very necessary; but there is one very important matter ignored. I do not lay the blame at your door. We have saloons in abundance, good stores and plenty of provisions at reasonable prices; and in the way of amusement we have occasional concerts and theatrical performances, to say nothing of the hurdy dancing. There is also one other marked improvement on former years, the cessation of Sunday labour, and one noted example in the right direction, given by the Hudson Bay Co., by closing their store on that day. May they not lose by it. But the question I would like to have some satisfactory reply to is: Are we to have no gospel preaching brought to bear on the masses that are approaching eternity as if the great aim of life be the gathering of gold and spending it, while the feather-bed "soldiers of the Cross," in the lower country, are indulging in good living and easy work, with hopes of a rich reward hereafter? It is appalling, in going through Barkerville on Sunday, to see the host of men lounging along the streets, with nothing open as an alternative but the saloons. I should mention one exception which ought to be more universally patronized—the Library. It is some two or three years since we were visited by a single protestant minister of any denomination. What is the Bishop of British Columbia about? I know large amounts have been subscribed in England for the colony; what has become of it? Was the object of the donors for it to be locked up in land speculations under the title of Church property? No; that would be preposterous. One would naturally conclude—looking at the way we are left, isolated from the rest of the world, toiling for the precious metal, with the whole colony dependent upon our success, and our spiritual wants entirely neglected—that religion is a thing of the past, or the pastime of fashionable societies, and not that which is most important and concerns all. The Wesleyans had once a chapel here, and preaching in it for awhile; but now all that can be found is the place where it stood. The Episcopal Church have two places standing; but no gospel sound is ever heard there. The Presbyterians had one also, and that, along with the rest, has been abandoned. The question now is, can anything be done by ourselves, by meeting together in some convenient place, holding Bible classes, prayer meetings and occasionally lectures on biblical subjects. I believe it can; yea, more, it is done, but should be more widely practiced. Some two years ago a few Welshmen that were church members in their respective homes, put their heads together and agreed to build a place for themselves for that very purpose. The money was collected among themselves and a few outside friends, and Hon. Mr. Cox, on behalf of the Government, granted a site. The place was built, named the Cambrian Hall, situated at the lower end of Barkerville, with religious meetings regularly held in it ever since. After a time, they invited some few English friends to join them, so that now, English and Welsh services are held every alternate Sunday evenings, with a mixed prayer meeting in the mornings and a Sabbath School in Welsh in the afternoons. Although there are no anointed ministers to preach, still there are good sermons delivered by assistant preachers, and occasional lectures by laymen; yet we never find any notice taken of it in the columns of our little friend. The object of this letter is to appeal to all religious friends that may be scattered round: "Go and do likewise." Scottish and Canadian Presbyterians, where are you? You are usually very zealous; can you not meet together and endeavor to counteract the corruptions growing around us. Methodists of Cariboo be up and work; it may be discouraging, but not more so than in the instance I have mentioned. There are amongst us the children of many prayers, with parents and friends in a far distant land, full of anxiety about their welfare. The seed may bring forth fruit even in Cariboo. Yea, perhaps, the prayers of those whose bodies are now crumbling in the dust may yet be answered. Hoping soon to find a practicable response to this suggestion,

I remain, &c., J. E.

FLOGGING in the English army in time of peace is abolished. The House of Commons, by a majority of twenty-five, has declared it illegal for a court-martial to pass this sentence. The officers of the army are generally opposed to the change. About 30 out of 40 of the members who had had connection with the army voted against the abolition of the lash. In commenting on the measure, the Manchester Examiner says:—"From whatever point of view it is regarded, the vote of the House on Friday night is not only a safe, but a wise one. It is a good thing in itself, and it is a still better for what, we trust, it will lead to. It is a tardy, but, we trust, a significant recognition on the part of the Legislature that the army does not consist of two wholly different classes of beings—one consisting of officers to be treated with every kind of consideration and indulgence, and the other, consisting of the privates, to be kept in order by unflinching severity and sheer physical pain. That will draw after it consequences that may be easily seen. If we are to endeavor to get good men into the ranks, and to keep them there, we must open out a career for them in the upper ranks of the service. They will not be satisfied with mere exemption from flogging; they will not in the long run be contented unless they find that intelligence and good conduct tell in military as they do in civil life. If there had been no reform in Parliament the Legislature would have been drawn on by its own concessions to make still greater ones. But in the Legislature, which will be elected, as the House of Commons was very appropriately reminded on Friday night, by the fathers and brothers of our private soldiers, the existing system will, we may be sure, have but a short life. Whether the new constituencies are willing to tolerate our existing military expenditure is a point on which very opposite opinions may be entertained and very plausibly supported. But we feel certain of this—that they will at any rate insist on having value for their money, and they will not submit to see plebeian efficiency cold-shouldered by gentlemanly inefficiency.

THE LATE DISASTER ON THE ERIE RAILROAD. The full extent of the liabilities incurred by the Erie directors in consequence of the wholesale manslaughter of Wednesday is not, it would appear from late revelations, wholly known yet. These revelations make it pretty evident that there were forty passengers in the burnt car, a fact which, if it be a fact, leaves 16 passengers still unaccounted for, and swells the number of the dead to 42. The employees of the road insist that there were only eight persons in that car. That the train was greatly behind time and going at an unusual speed when the disaster happened, is made more and more evident by the accumulating testimony of the passengers. Many of the passengers are yet suffering intensely from their injuries. Among the worst cases is that of Mr Snow, who, accompanied by his wife and children, was on his way from Ohio to California. His wife was killed [illegible] all the children more or [illegible] body of his wife was kept [illegible] be in order that his desire to [illegible] once more might be realised, [illegible] precarious position would not allow [illegible] his being removed at the time when burial had become necessary. A Mr Decker, who was rescued from the burning car after having been severely charred by the flames, lay for three days in his agony before the fate of his wife was ascertained. At last a relative who had come on from Elmira recognised some of the trinkets found with the remains of a charred body in the ruins as belonging to Mrs Decker. Newspaper correspondence asserts that many robberies of the dead and wounded were perpetrated at the scene of disaster, and intimate that these robberies were committed by employees of the road.—[N. Y. Cor. Bulletin.

PACKING FOR STEAM JOINTS.—Mr. J. A. Miller has remedied a difficulty long experienced by engineers in keeping steam-joints tight for a long time, without expensive rubber packing, by placing a thin sheet of muslin between the faincheс of the pipes, which are previously painted. The muslin is a receptacle for the paint, holding it in place, and preventing the steam from blowing it out, which is usually the case when paint alone is used. The paint preserves the cloth, and thus makes a permanent packing.

☞ Allow no one to put you off with any other Coffee than Fell's HERT. To be had from all respectable dealers.

CURIOUS MEDLEY.

By the lake where drooped the willow,
Row, vassals, row;
I want to be an angel,
And jump Jim Crow.

An old crow sat on a hickory limb,
None knew him but to praise;
Let me kiss him for his mother,
For he smells of Schweitzer kase.

The minstrel to the war has gone,
With the banjo on his knee;
He awoke to hear the sentries shriek,
There's a light in the window for thee.

A frog he would a wooing go,
His hair was curled to kill;
He used to wear an old gray coat,
And the sword of Bunker Hill.

Oft in the stilly night,
Make way for liberty! he cried;
I won't go home till morning,
With Peggy by my side.

I am dying, Egypt, dying,
Susannah, don't you cry;
Know how sublime a thing it is
To brush away the blue-tailed fly.

The boy stood on the burning deck,
With his baggage checked for Troy;
One of the few immortal names,
His name was Pat Malloy.

Mary had a little lamb,
He could a tale unfold;
He had no teeth to eat a hoe cake,
As his spectacles were gold.

Lay on, lay on, Macduff,
Man wants but little here below;
And I'm to be Queen of the May,
So kiss me quick and go.

A DARKEY was examined in a Washington court, recently, to prove the identity of a white man.

"Did you see the man?" asked the attorney.

"Yes, sah, I seed him."

"Was he a white man?"

"Dunno, sah."

"Do you say you saw the man and can't say whether he was white or black?"

"Yes, sah, I seed him, but dere's so many white fellers callin' derself niggers round here I can't tell one from de toder!"

Do you ever go to evening parties?"

"No," said my friend Tom, "I used to, but I am cured."

"How so?" said I, anxious to learn his own experience.

"Why, you see," said Tom, feelingly, "I went to one some years back, and fell in love with a beautiful girl. I courted like a trump and thought I had her sure, when she eloped with a tailor; but I swore vengeance. I patronised the robber of my domestic happiness, and ordered a full suit of clothes, regardless of expence."

"But your vengeance," said I.

"I struck the tailor in his most vital part. I never paid that bill; but those infernal clothes were the cause of my future misfortunes."

"How so?"

"Wearing them I captivated my present wife. She told me so; and I haven't seen a happy day since. But I am bound to be square with that wretched tailor on the long run. I'll leave him a legacy on condition that he marries my widow."

A PETITE blue-eyed maiden, who was nursing her fifth Christmas doll, and listening to her mother and some female friends talking about domestic broils and Chicago divorces, created rather a sensation by remarking,—

"Well, ma, I'm never going to marry! I'm going to be a widow!"

"MR. MANTILINI, do you hop?"

"Aw! no-a-mawm, I seldom haup—I pwefer to walk—perhaps, some day, if I should have the misfortune to lose my leg, I would weconcile myself to haup the rest of my loif."

A YOUNG candidate for the legal profession was asked what he should do first when employed to bring an action.

"Ask for money on account," was the prompt reply. He passed.

SYSTEM is a great thing; but the advertiser who deems it essential to preserve an alphabetical order rather "overdid" the matter thusly:

"Bibles, black-ball and butter; testaments, tar and treacle; godly books and gimlets, for sale here."

A SHARP talking lady was reproved by her husband, who requested her to keep her tongue in her mouth.

"My dear," responded the wife, "it is against the law to carry concealed weapons."

☞ Allow no one to put you off with any other Coffee than Fell' ours. To be had from all respectable dealers.

ROADSIDE ADVERTISEMENTS.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
QUESNELMOUTH,
BROWN & GILLIS, PROPRIETORS.
Good Beds; Restaurant; Billiard Table, &c
Stabling for Horses, Hay and Oats.
May 1, 1868. 6m

164 MILE OR DEEP CREEK HOUSE.
IS OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF THE Travelling public; the bedrooms are spacious and airy and the Beds cannot be surpassed for cleanliness and comfort by any in the lower country; the Table is always supplied with the best of victuals. Stabling for Horses; Hay, Oats and Barley constantly on hand.
May 1, 1868. 6m

LYTTON HOTEL,
LYTTON, B.C.
THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INFORMED that the above Hotel is now open for the accommodation of travellers. One of the best Cooks in the country is retained at this establishment, and the Bar is supplied with a choice assortment of Wines and Liquors.
The undersigned would also announce that attached to the Hotel he has an extensive Livery Stable. Saddle Horses for hire at moderate rates. Hay and Oats for sale cheap.
W. McWHA & CO., Proprietors.
my14 6m

CLINTON HOTEL,
Clinton City,
BRITISH COLUMBIA.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, FOR MANY YEARS PROprietors of the Twenty-Nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the Clinton Hotel property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.
Ample stabling for animals, and the best of feed constantly on hand.
They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.
Clinton, B. C., May 1, 1868 J. SMITH & CO.

Cariboo Literary Institute
J. S. THOMPSON, PRESIDENT
JAMES ANDERSON, VICE-PRESIDENT.
H. S. BLUNT, JOSEPH CLEARIHUE, JOHN MACLAREN, } DIRECTORS.
THIS INSTITUTION IS NOW OPEN AT BARKERville, where it is now fitted up with a view to the comfort and convenience of the people of Cariboo.
The Reading Room will be found supplied with the latest English, Scottish, Canadian, American and Colonial Papers and Magazines.
Terms of Subscription—$5 per Quarter, or $2 per Month. Single volumes loaned to non-subscribers at 50 cents per volume, with $1 deposit.
Persons not subscribers, visiting the Reading Room, and making use of the Books and Papers, 50 cents for each visit.
The Room will be open from TEN, A. M., till TEN, P. M. JOHN BOWRON, Librarian.
N. B.—A fine assortment of Books and Stationery is always kept for sale. 6m

DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES
JAMES P. TAYLOR
HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A CHOICE SELECtion of Drugs and Patent Medicines, including new made and Patent Pills, Trusses, Syringes, Cherry Pectoral, Sarsaparillas, and Jayne's Alterative, for purifying the blood.
Also Stationery, Red and Black Ink, Candy, Seeds, Billiard Chalk, and Pocket Knives. The celebrated Golden Balsam and Murphy's Mixtures for the complete cure of Secondary Syphillis and Rheumatism, and Crossman's and other specific mixtures for Gonorrhœa; a great variety of Toilet Articles, as Combs, Hair Oils, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powders, Tooth Picks, Sponges, Fancy Soaps, Bay Rum, Lubin's Extracts, and other perfumeries, etc., etc.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.
P. S.—As I ship up goods every spring and fall, parties requiring medicine may rely on obtaining it FRESH, and so ensure its having the desired effect.
Next door to Cunio's Brewery.
May 1, 1868. 6m Barkerville, B. C.

CENTREVILLE STORE,
RED GULCH AND MOSQUITO CREEK.
John B. Lovell & Co.
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY of
MINERS' TOOLS,
PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, &c., &c.,
And for sale at the
Lowest Current Prices.
Only one Cash Price asked, consequently no long credit given.
N. B.—Miners and Prospectors on Willow River, Sugar and other Creeks in that section of country can be supplied AS CHEAP and to better advantage than from Williams Creek. my8 6m

F. NEUFELDER,
MERCHANT,
RICHFIELD, B. C.
May 5, 1868. 6m

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS LETT STAHLSCHMIDT,
Importer and Commission Merchant,
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
May 1, 1868. 6m

G. SUTRO & CO.,
Corner of Yates and Wharf Streets,
VICTORIA, V. I.,
IMPORTERS OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO
May 1, 1868. 4m

ROBERT BURNABY,
LAND AGENT, ETC.,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
All business carefully and punctually attended to.
May 1, 1868. 6m

WILLSON & RICKMAN.
COFFEE ROASTERS,
— And Dealers in —
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, ETC.,
Fort Street, Victoria, V. I.
May 1, 1868. 6m

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
New York, California, and European Express,
And Exchange Company. Capital $10,000,000. Forward Letters, Packages and Treasure, to all parts of the Pacific and Atlantic States and Europe. Bills of Exchange drawn on San Fragcisco, New York, Boston, and London, at current rates.
Office—Yates Street, Victoria, V. I.
May 1, 1868. 3m

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.,
WILL FORWARD PROMPTLY, AT MODERATE TERMS,
English, American, French, German,
And other Newspapers and Periodicals.
SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADDING POSTAGE, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
May 1, 1868. 6m

GEORGE JAMES FINDLAY. JOHN HENRY DURHAM.
FINDLAY & DURHAM,
IMPORTERS,
And General Commission Merchants, Wharf Street, Victoria, V. I.
London Office—31, Great St. Helens, Bishopsgate, Str.
May 1, 1868. 6m.

WILLIAM G. JAMIESON,
WATCHMAKER
AND JEWELLER,
CLUB BUILDING,
Government Street, Victoria, V. I.
Jewelry of every description made to order.
May 1, 1868. 6m

A. GILMORE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
YATES STREET,
Third door below Government Street, Victoria, V. I.
Has on hand, and is constantly receiving a large assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, which he is prepared to make to order in the most approved styles.
All orders from Cariboo promptly attended to.
May 1, 1868. 6m

JESSE COWPER,
— DEALER IN —
CUSTOM-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 23 YATES STREET, VICTORIA,
(Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co's.)
Always on hand—Calf, Kip, Shoe Findings, etc., etc.
May 1, 1868. 6m

SCOTCH HOUSE,
FORT STREET, VICTORIA
A. McLEAN & Co.,
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
IMPORT CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS; also BOOTS and SHOES, direct from the best English and Scotch markets. Sell retail at wholesale prices for CASH. All orders sent through Barnard's Express, promptly attended to.
May 1, 1868. 6m

BAILEY'S
PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE,
Fort Street, Victoria, between Douglas and Broad Streets.
N. C. BAILEY BEGS TO INTIMATE TO THE public that he has purchased the building and furniture, as lately occupied by Mrs. Heal, which he has entirely refitted at great cost, and the premises will now be found replete with every convenience for the comfort of families and ladies and gentlemen. ☞ Terms moderate.
N. B.—In addition to the above, N. C. Bailey also continues to carry on the Hotel and Boarding House on Langley street.
May 1, 1868 6m

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. MALLANDAINE, COLLECTOR AND GENERAL AGENT, Government Street, Victoria, V. I.
May 1, 1868. 6m

E. WATSON, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver, Government street, next to the St. Nicholas Hotel, Victoria, V. I. Chronometers and Watches cleaned, repaired and warranted. Every description of Jewelry made to order. Plain and Ornamental Engraving neatly executed.
May 1, 1868. 6m

DAILY and WEEKLY "BRITISH COLONIST" and VICTORIA CHRONICLE." Orders for mailing either the Daily or Weekly issues of the above to any part of Europe, the United States, Canada, Australia, &c., left at this office or sent to Victoria will be attended to. TERMS in advance. WEEKLY, 12mos., with Postage, $7 50; 6mos. do., $4 75. DAILY, 12 mos. do., $22; 6mos do., $12 50.
May 1, 1868. 6m

HOTEL DE FRANCE,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
THE RESTAURANT is supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the sleeping accomodation is replete with every comfort. The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
J. BIGNE & CO., Proprietors.
May 1, 1868. 6m

PACIFIC TELEGRAPH HOTEL,
STORE STREET,
Between Herald and Fisguard, Victoria, V. I.
ANDREW ASTRICO RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the travelling public, that the above Hotel is the most commodious and clean hotel in Victoria. It is conducted on the European principle, and the table is supplied with the very best the market affords.
A restaurant being attached to the premises, meals can be had at all hours of the day. Private dining rooms for families. The rates of charges are as follows: Board and lodging per week, $6 50 to $6 50; ditto per day, $1 00; Single meals, thirty-seven and a-half cents; beds, 50 cents. Terms—Cash in advance. A fir-proof safe in the house.
May 1, 1868. 6m

LONDON HOUSE
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
J. H. TURNER & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
English & French Silks, Shawls, Dresses, Underclothing, Gloves, and every description of Drapery Goods.
Receive regular supplies by Express via Panama and by sailing vessels via Cape Horn.
☞ Particular attention given to all orders.
London Firm—J. P. TUNSTALL & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1858.
May 1, 1868. 6m

GRELLEY & FITERRE,
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
— Dealers in —
Fine English, French & American Liquors, Champagne, Claret and Brandies.
A LARGE STOCK OF BONDED WINES AND Brandies always on hand. To dealers purchasing in large quantities, a liberal discount will be made for CASH. All orders will receive prompt attention.
Grelly & Fiterre, Agents for Hostetter's Bitters, Bokers' Bitters, etc., and SOLE AGENTS for Napoleon Cabinet Champagne; Bouche do.; Jules Munim & Co., E. Clicquot, Prelle, Claret. Agents for Bouche Son & Co., of Marcuil sur Ay, champagne district, France.
To arrive—Gold Medal Champagne, from Bouche, Son & Co. ST. LAURENT & LAMBERT, Agents, Centreville.
May 1, 1868. 6m

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
SODA CREEK, B. C.
THE UNDERSIGNED, PROPRIETORS OF THE above well known and popular establishment, beg to inform their numerous friends and the public generally, that they are now prepared to afford every accommodation to the travelling community, at the most reasonable rate of charges. Good clean, airy bed-chambers.
The Bar is stocked with the very best brands of Wines, Spirits and Cigars.
The Table is supplied with all the substantials and luxuries the country affords, and meals are served at all hours.
The Stables are spacious, comfortable, and attended by first-class hostlers, and a constant supply of the best provender of all kinds.
In short, every convenience and facility conducive to the comfort of man and beast, will be found, and the proprietors will spare no effort in order to give entire satisfaction to all who may patronize their establishment. A. S. BATES & CO.
Soda Creek, B.C., March 19, 1868. my1 6m

GREAT REDUCTION!
COLONIAL HOTEL, SODA CREEK.
McLEESE & SENAY, PROPRIETORS,
BEG TO RETURN THANKS TO THEIR PATRONS for the past, and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz.:
Meals, $1 00; Beds, 75 cents; Board and Lodging per day, $3 50; Board and Lodging per week, $15 00.
Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give first-class accommodation in the eating and sleeping departments, they hope to merit an extended support in the future. Private rooms for families.
At the Bar will always be found the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
The Stable is clean, attended by a good hostler, and supplied with the best provender of the country. 6m
May 1, 1868.