The Cariboo Sentinel.

Vol. 4. Barkerville, Williams Creek, B. C., Thursday, August 22, 1867. No. 32.

(From our Travelling Correspondent.)

Boston Bar, August 1st, 1867.

Sir,—After a fearfully long and boisterous passage on board the good steamer Onward, Capt. Irvine, and the many hairbreadth escapes from being swallowed up by the gaping ocean, thank my stars I arrived safe at Yale. The Onward is a fine river boat, and the captain is a singular customer, very witty for an old salt, but a great steamboater. My appearance in Yale I must confess was the cause of no little inquiry, my style being so very different, and my bearing exhibiting such a foreign appearance compared to that of the Yaleites, that their curiosity was somewhat excited, and a tall, sixfooter of a Yank accosted me thus, ah, how do you do Major! Stranger in this country I reckon. Just arrived from Boise or Montana. Sir, said I, my name is not Major, I am not from Boise nor yet am I from Montana; my name, sir, is Reese, I am a butcher by trade, and have just arrived from the Paris Exposition having been employed at that institution as a killer, and now bound to Cariboo with the intention of entering into mining speculations. Upon the receipt of this information, my long friend and rather rawboned acquaintance muttered something about namesake and struck up a hightoned opera air, in the execution of which I left him alone in his glory and proceeded to Sutton's to clear for Cariboo.

My business in the upper country being of an urgent nature, without any unnecessary delay I got on board the craft that was to carry me to Cariboo, which was lying in Dunbar's dock. In order to discover the local attraction, if any, I swung my cayuse in the stables before leaving, not knowing but the alterations lately made in her hull by Pat. McIntee, with regard to iron fore and aft, might have a tendency to disarrange or disturb my true bearing, hence the precautions. With quite a reasonable cargo on board, I took my departure at 7 a. m., from Yale steering N. N. W. a little N. up the grand trunk. Weather—light rain with fog.

Although keeping a good look out, at about 10, p. m., breakers were discovered ahead. I at once gave the order to back her, but before I could utter the command, the confounded cayuse ran into a wood pile, and burst a hole with her figurehead in one of the windows of the house of Braily Bros., at the saw mill. I backed off, and the only explanation I could offer for a disaster which no human skill, experience or precaution could have prevented, was that it arose from the local attraction of the mill machinery; the boys were satisfied. Sounded the well, water in hold as usual; made short stretches until daylight, between Barney Ray's ranch and Peter Farley's, then came to anchor, took cross bearings, and discovered a local variation of 2½ points, less or more; observed an azimuth to find the difference in degrees between Mag's pole and Polly's, everything in apple pie order; weighed anchor, and shaped my course for Spuzzum lighthouse, where I arrived in a few hours. The keeper of this house, little Frank, was delighted to see me arrive safe after my miraculous escape from becoming a total wreck among breakers at the saw mill. He was very kind, furnishing me with all the necessaries to continue the voyage, on a bottomry bond, although he said his principle generally was to do business on a cash basis; however, he felt well satisfied, the cayuse was good security. The next place I brought up at was Chapman's bar; this bar is well buoyed, there being two, one called Lu and the other Al, which points to the stranger the deepest water. In crossing this bar, you leave Lu on your starboard hand; luff up two points, run in a direct course for Al, when you will find yourself in safe anchorage. Craft drawing considerable water, bound up, very often kedge over the bar. In order to discover whether or not the iron bound coast I was sailing along would cause a variation locally, I carried my magnetic companion to the top of Boston Bar mountain, and then climbed the highest tree, with a tell tale at the base, and in this extraordinary elevation could see no difference between the apex and the base, with regard to bearing. Boston Bar is a safe harbor, and well sheltered; I shall stop here for a few days. I am staying ashore at the saloon of the the French consul, who is always happy to wait upon his guests. Barnard's regular mail packet, collect on delivery, Capt. S. Tingly, arrived here this afternoon, having on board His Excellency Governor Seymour and suite, going to Cariboo on business of importance. The C. O. D. is one of the finest ships of the line, and is commanded by a gentleman of great experience in these waters, the navigation of which is so difficult in heavy weather.

When you hear from me again, I will be at Quesnelle, from which place you shall have a round unvarnished tale, of my whole course of travel, and all remarks that will in any way tend to interest you. Yours, etc.,

Capt. Bamsby.

To the Editor of the "Cariboo Sentinel."

Savana's Ferry, 30th July, 1867.

Dear Sir,—I have hitherto had no news worth reporting, and have consequently been unable to act as your correspondent in these parts. A complete stagnation of everything like business has paralyzed this section, owing partly to high waters, and partly to want of means, where no credit could be obtained. Miners on Tranquil river and Scotch creek, have had a hard time of it. The prospect is, however, brightening; the yield growing from $2 50 and $3 to $7 per diem—Duprat makes this last amount. Tom Bright and co. were just about completing their hydraulic, having had to wait for nails from Yale. All business is done for cash, and several hundred dollars of dust has made its way down. On Scotch creek they keep steadily at it, but what they make they keep very quiet. All we know is, they pay in nice looking gold, very like Lowhee dust. From Cherry Creek silver mine the news is good, so much so that several extra hands have been engaged from Kamloops and Seymour; the favorable results of the assays below, and the rich indications up here, are giving great confidence, and stimulating the works. There are several parties prospecting for silver, indications of which have been found in several places; amongst others, near Scotch creek. We have heard nothing from the prospecting party who went up the north fork, and no news we interpret as good news. They would have been back long ago, we conclude, had they not struck something; they were well provided with all necessaries. The crops are very fine; the wheat on Martin's farm is a perfect picture; the spring wheat is over six feet high, the fall wheat four, and well headed out. At the Okanagon, by last accounts, the wheat was beautiful, especially on Chappin's ranch. Never were these hills so green, nor feed so plentiful; warm showers have kept everything growing. The crop on Doc's., Boston's, and Cornwall's farms, never looked more promising. We have just received good news; Mr. Bissett, one of the most enlightened and indefatigable officers of the Hudson Bay Company, has discovered a pass by the South Arm, to the Columbia, which will be twelve miles shorter, although debouching lower than the Seymour route. It is only four hundred feet higher than the lake, perfectly level on the top, and will be therefore free from snow early in the season. It is also said that Mr. Bissett will prospect, on his return, a trail from Kamloops by Green lake to Williams creek. Not only is this route shorter than the wagon road, but their steamer will be able to ascend the north fork a considerable distance. Yours truly,

Savana.

New Gold Field in Australia.—The Melbourne correspondent of the Times says the reports touching the alleged new gold field at the Barrier Ranges, near Mount Murchison, in Riverine, have been during this month (March) most conflicting. By successive reports we were informed first, that 400, secondly that 700, diggers were assembled on the ground, and that it was expected to turn out a large and productive new gold field. The latter reports, made by a messenger sent up by the Adelaide government, contradicted in toto these favorable accounts. That there is gold in those ranges seems tolerably certain, but their distance and the want of water will be serious obstacles in the way of extensive or systematic mining in such a region.

An Irishman who had left his native country, and sought an asylum in America because it was a land of liberty, was attacked on his first arrival, in December, by a furious mastiff. He stopped to pick up a stone to defend himself, but the stone was frozen down. "By my sowl," says Pat, "what a swate country, where the dogs are let loose and the stones are tied."

A Great Slander.—An exchange says: The girls in some parts of Pennsylvania are so hard up for husbands that they sometimes take up with printers and lawyers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE "CARIBOO SENTINEL"

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

The stock of this office having been considerably augmented by the recent importation of a variety of new Ornamental Type, peculiarly suited for

Posters, Circulars, Cards, Billheads, Programmes for Balls, Concerts, and Theatrical Entertainments.

Orders for any description of Job Work will be executed with neatness and despatch.

☞ Terms moderate. ☜

A. McPherson,

WATCHMAKER

— AND —

JEWELLER,

AT E. HODGENS' OLD STAND.

Barkerville, 1st May, 1867. 1-s

F. V. LEE,

Auctioneer, Collector,

— AND —

MINING AGENT.

Goods sold on Commission. Office, Richfield.—Salesroom, Barkerville. 5-s

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E. STEPHENS,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.

Having taken an office in Richfield, Williams Creek, is prepared to execute Surveys, Plans, Levels, Sections, &c., &c., committed to his charge, with care, despatch, and on REASONABLE TERMS.

3 ☞ Office, centre of Richfield. ☜

FARE REDUCED!

BARNARD'S STAGES WILL LEAVE YALE EVERY

MONDAY,

With H. M. Mails, Express and Passengers, for Lytton, Clinton, Soda Creek, Quesnelle and Barkerville, with branches to Savana's Ferry and Lillooet.

Barnard's Express carries Letters, Treasure, Valuables, and Express Freight to Big Bend, Cariboo and way stations.

FARE TO SODA CREEK, - - $60

FARE TO BARKERVILLE, - - $85

(Exclusive of Steamer's fare.) 1-s

Cariboo Literary Institute

J. S. THOMPSON, President.
JAMES ANDERSON, Vice-President.

JOHN MacLAREN,
JOSEPH CLEARIHUE, } Directors.
JOSEPH PARK,

This institution is now open at Barkerville, where it is now fitted up with a view to the comfort and convenience of the people of Cariboo.

The Reading Room will be found supplied with the latest English, Scottish, Canadian, American and Colonial Papers and Magazines.

Terms of Subscription—$5 per Quarter, or $2 per Month. Single volumes loaned to non-subscribers at 50 cents per volume, with $1 deposit.

Persons not subscribers, visiting the Reading Room, and making use of the Books and Papers, 25 cents for each visit.

The Room will be open from TEN, A. M., till TEN, P. M.

JOHN BOWRON,
Secretary and Librarian.

N. B.—A fine assortment of Books and Stationery is always kept for sale. 13-s

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NEW TIN SHOP.

The undersigned have commenced in the above business, in Barkerville, and solicit a share of public patronage.

CAST IRON STOVES

Always on hand.

New Work and Jobbing

Done at reasonable rates.

☞ Our Teams run regularly between Yale and Cariboo and all orders in our line of business carefully attended to.

1-s E. PEARSON & BROS.

August Stampehl,

SHOEMAKER,

BARKERVILLE.

A large assortment of Boots and Shoes always on hand. 1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"The Cariboo Sentinel,"

SEMI-WEEKLY PAPER.

Published Every Monday and Thursday.

ALLAN & CO., Proprietors.

Office—Barkerville, Williams Creek, Cariboo.

Subscription, $1 per Week.

(including cost of delivery,) Payable to the Carrier.

STOVES! STOVES!

Adams, Pearcy & Co.,

BARKERVILLE,

Have just received a choice selection of

CAST IRON COOKING STOVES

SHEET COPPER, ZINC,

TIN PLATE AND SHEET IRON,

with various other articles in their line of trade.

☞ All Jobbing in the Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Zinc trade attended to, and warranted to give satisfaction. 1

WAKE-UP-JAKE

Restaurant, Bakery,

— AND —

LUNCH HOUSE,

BARKERVILLE,

PATERSON & GOODSON, Proprietors.

In announcing the re-opening of this house for the season, the proprietors wish to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will spare no pains in order to merit the patronage of all who give them a call.

Meals at all hours. 1

REMOVAL.

C. STROUSS,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CLOTHING,

ETC., ETC.,

BARKERVILLE.

Has removed to his NEW STORE, opposite OCCIDENTAL HOTEL. 13

EXPRESS!

DIETZ & NELSON'S

BRITISH COLUMBIA

AND VICTORIA EXPRESS,

Connecting at Victoria with WELLS, FARGO & CO., for California, Oregon, the Atlantic States and Europe.

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

For Big Bend, Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

Conveying Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels: 1-s

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QUESNELMOUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

THE STEAMER

ENTERPRISE

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVES QUESNELMOUTH ON

Thursdays and Sundays,

AS SIX O'CLOCK, A. M.,

LEAVES SODA CREEK ON

Tuesdays and Fridays,

AT FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

Quesnelmouth, May 2nd, 1867. 1

COLONIAL RESTAURANT,

QUESNELMOUTH,

P. L. JOHNSON, Proprietor,

Meals at all hours, and Cooking of the best description. 8

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

QUESNELMOUTH,

BROWN & GILLIS, Proprietors.

Good Beds; Restaurant; Billiard Table; &c.

Stabling for Horses; Hay and Oats.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1867.

WILLOW RIVER.

Last season we placed before our readers, our views in relation to the most practicable manner of reaching the vast wealth which lies buried beneath the "Meadows," in the lower portion of Williams creek, and later experience has only tended to confirm us in the opinion then expressed. That the mineral riches above referred to, will be disinterred sooner or later, we do not entertain the least doubt; it is only unfortunate that enterprising capitalists are not to be found at the present moment to undertake the work. An enormous amount of wealth is thus lying dormant, that would otherwise give another aspect to the entire colony. A similar, but much more attainable scheme, is the one of which we are about to treat, touching the exploration of the Willow river mines; that, excepting the attempt to which we shall presently refer, have been entirely neglected. Of all the streams in this vicinity, this river is the recipient of the greatest number of auriferous tributaries, in proportion to its size, and from all we can learn from those familiar with its entire course, is undoubtedly the depository of a vast amount of the precious metal. The great objection to its being properly tested, has been the apparent difficulty of coping with the water; but this obstacle is more imaginary than real, with our improved appliances, and late experience. The only attempt made to prospect the bed of the stream occurred some years ago, when a company expended about $15,000 in cutting a tail race, sawing lumber, building a wheel, etc., but after sinking about fifty feet in their shaft, they found the water to be in greater force than they calculated on; and despairing of getting down, they abandoned the enterprise. Doubtless the company thought they had done all that they were justified in doing, with the limited experience then possessed by our miners, but in these days they would have been laughed at, if they had expended so much money and time, and accomplished so little. The fact is they did not take advantage of what most of our miners would now avail themselves (particularly those who have had much mining experience in California) the placing of a dam in the stream, so as to carry the water to the opposite side from that where they purposed sinking. This could be easily done on Willow river, as it possesses in many places sufficient fall, and numerous low bars well adapted for that purpose, and always contains a good, useful body of water. That the ground is rich, there can be no doubt, as rich prospects have been obtained whenever a pan of dirt has been tried, near the high bed rock. The facilities for achieving success on Willow river, are much better than on Williams creek, supposing the same mode of operations were followed as in California, at least in relation to the high rock, on which there are excellent indications of good pay. By diverting the stream by means of dams, the portions of the river thus left dry, could be easily worked by means of wheels and tail races, and when exhausted, the river diverted to suit the position of the altered work. That portion of the stream immediately below its confluence with Williams creek, is peculiarly adapted for this system of mining, and if examined by any miner who had previously worked in that way, the fact would be at once apparent. The extent of ground that could thus be brought into profitable working, would employ hundreds of miners for years to come, so that we have here another instance of the want of energy on the part of our workmen, otherwise the late complaints about the lack of employment would not have been heard in our community. Let us again impress on our people that no men need be idle in this country, who have the will to work. There are plenty of places like Willow river, where by a little well applied industry, a man may realize good remuneration for his labor. Of course it will be fully worked in time, but like soldiers, our miners require a leader, and any company with means sufficient to open the ground, and take out a little pay, would soon be joined by numbers of men who require their neighbors to think for them. Our impression is, however, that the best way to secure the proper utilization of the Willow river mines, will be by the formation of a company with a capital sufficient for the purpose, divided into shares of moderate amount say $20 paid up. Thus our citizens generally would participate, and the capital be raised even beyond our district. The company should then employ a foreman or manager, with all the requisite knowledge and experience, who would take a reasonable number of the shares; and the workmen would also take a proportion, in payment for their labor. By this means, the undertaking would be principally beneficial to the class that is of the greatest value to the country—the working miner. That the undertaking would be a profitable one, we have not the slightest reason to doubt, and would offer a notable contrast to certain monopolies that we could point out, with which this country is trammeled, and the miner sacrificed. We do not for a moment expect that the poor miner who is without the means of procuring the necessaries of life, will be first to form the company we speak of, although its formation will be for his especial benefit. It must be organized by our merchants and tradesmen, who will subscribe each for a small number of shares, and so enable the men to pay off old scores, and buy their goods for cash. It is a great mistake for our traders to allow men to be idle, when there is scope for employment, and profit to themselves, within reach. The risk to each would not exceed the average of the too numerous amounts lost as bad debts, by miners unable to pay, from want of employment. For their own protection and advantage, our merchants should start some such scheme; calls might be paid in provisions, or tools, so that the investment would be profitable in every way. These suggestions not only apply to the schemes we have already suggested to our readers, but numerous other schemes, such as flumes, and extensive hydraulic operations, for the profitable working of which we have plenty of plans to offer. Our desire to see all our miners earning good wages, has caused us to stray somewhat from our text, and we now return to the hidden treasures of Willow river which we strongly urge our readers to keep well before their attention. The small streams and gulches that have been for ages pouring their waters into that river, have been also carrying the disintegrated gold of the neighboring mountains into its bed. The gold is of a very superior quality, being of the same value as that of Lowhee, and we leave our readers to judge of the great amount of money that is ready to be brought to the surface, so soon as the requisite labor shall be applied. We would also point out the advantage of commencing operations at the present stage of the water, which could be dammed so much more easily now, than at an earlier part of the season. The expenditure, apart from labor, would be a mere trifle, and the materials are readily obtainable on the spot. We must say that we lose much of our sympathy for traders who will not avail themselves of the best method of securing ready money customers, by a small investment, and this last a profitable one.

VICTORIA ITEMS FROM COLONIST.—A subscription to the amount of $40 has been raised for the relief of the wife and family of the man Rowbottom, who was accidentally killed here.—Admiral Hastings has issued an order that no more of his men who may be undergoing terms of imprisonment in jail, shall be sent out to work with the chain gang—News was received that Dr. Sproule, and nineteen of the men of H. M. S. Scout, had died of yellow fever at Panama.—Mr. Duncan, of Metlakatlah mission, will be assisted in future by rev. Mr. Owens, who lately arrived from England.—A miserable specimen of humanity named J. Shields, was arrested for selling liquor to Indians, and at his own request allowed three days in which to leave the country.—Peter Bolton, ship carpenter, of Nanaimo, was beaten by a man named Williams so badly, that his life is despaired of.—Water is to be conveyed in pipes from the Spring Ridge works to Gowen & Laumeister's grist mill.—D. Norcross, Esq., editor of the San Francisco Age, and D. Scholessinger, Esq., editor of the German journal, at Portland, are at Victoria on a visit.—The Active took away a cargo of 270 tons, consisting chiefly of wool, hides and bottles.—At a cricket match between eleven Victorians and eleven of the fleet, which came off at Colwood, the Victorians were beaten by one point.—The Queen Charlotte coal company have run a tunnel over 300 feet, and will reach the seam, it is thought, when they have gone thirty feet further.—John King has been awarded the contract for building a cottage dwelling house at the British military post, San Juan. for $2,010.—The rev. Mr. Cridge has gone on a visit to Metlakatlah mission.—The Columbia Chapter, No. 120, R. A. M., under the register of the Supreme Grand Royal Arch Chapter, of Scotland, has been duly organized in Victoria.—The city corporation have declared war on the Scotch thistle, and made an appropriation for their extermination.—H. M. S. Malacca has been ordered south.—A party of prospectors left Seattle to prospect for gold in the vicinity of Mount Rainier, W. T.—A complimentary dinner was given to D. Norcross, Esq., by the Odd Fellows, at the St. George Hotel.—The out-put of coal at Nanaimo is 100 tons daily.—The Comox coal seam has been finally abandoned by the California company.—The man Williams, who brutally assaulted P. Bolton, at Nanaimo, was fined by Mr. Spalding $25 for the assault, $10 as compensation to injured man, and $9 costs.—Two men were drowned off Lazo Point, by the capsizing of a canoe, names unknown.—The Goldstream bridge has been destroyed by fire.—Messrs. Hunter and Dick have got the contract for putting down the new bore on Chase river plains, near Nanaimo.—A very bright meteor was observed on the evening of the first inst., which shot across the eastern horizon with great rapidity, emitting a blue and yellow light.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. F. GRADY,
SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS LEAVE TO NOTIFY THE inhabitants of Barkerville and vicinity, that he is located at THE HOTEL DE FRANCE, where he will be able to perform all operations on the Teeth, in the latest and most scientific manner.

Teeth extracted without PAIN, by the use of the KHIGOLINE SPRAY.

CHARGES MODERATE—TERMS CASH.

August 19th, 1867.

A CARD.

I BEG TO RETURN MY THANKS TO MY FRIENDS for the kindness I have received since I came here, and to inform them that I leave to-day for Quesnel, to go into training, and that I have authorized Mr. H. SHEPPARD to transact my business during my absence. Hoping my friends will stick to me, I will do my best to pull through. JOE EDEN.

Williams Creek, B. C., August 12, 1867. 4

L. A. BLANC,
Photographic Artist,

HAS NOW OPENED A PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY at RICHFIELD, and is prepared to take

Cartes de Visite, Timbre de Poste Portraits, Ambrotypes, Leather Pictures, Milanotypes, Views of Houses, Claims, etc., Single or Stereoscopic.

Portraits also taken on White Silk, Linen or Cotton Cloth.

Richfield, 12th August, 1867.

F. DALLY,
Photographic Artist,

IS NOW PREPARED TO TAKE VIEWS OF MINing Claims, Houses, Groups, Scenery, and all kinds of out-door Photography.

All orders, if left in writing, at the Bar of the Hotel de France, Barkerville, will be promptly attended to.

In a few days, he will have on view and for sale, Photographs of the Mining Towns, etc., of Williams and other creeks.

F. Dally will remain for ONE MONTH only.

August 12th, 1867.

Information Wanted,

OF JOHN FRASER, WHO LEFT WILLIAMS Creek about three weeks ago, for Black Bear Creek, and has not since been heard of. Any one knowing his whereabouts, and leaving a note of same at this Office, will confer a favor on his friends.

August 8th, 1867. 2w

FRESH BUTTER,
FROM SUMASS DAIRIES,
Put up in SIX lb. Tins.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
E. PEARSON & BROS.,
August 1st, 1867. 1m Barkerville.

Chassot & Edmondson,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS
AND CATTLE DEALERS,
Barkerville and Richfield,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION of the Public to their fine stock of MEAT, which they will dispose of at prices to suit the times.

Prime Beef from 20c. to 25c. per lb.
Mutton, 25c. to 35c. per lb.

August 1st, 1867. 1m

Thos. L. BRIGGS & Co.,
CAMERONTON,
Have just received, and offer for Sale,
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
AT LOW RATES FOR CASH,
200 CASES CHOICE BRANDS OF LIQUORS
— CONSISTING OF —

Brandy—Martell, Hennessey, and Otard Dupey.
Wines—Port, Sherry, Burgundy, and Claret; Santerne's French White Wine; Sansevaine's California White Wine.
Champagnes—Bouche and Napoleon's Cabinet.
Bitters—Boker's, Sansevaine's, Orange and Hostetter's, Vermouth, Absenthe, Peppermint and Annisette.
Old Tom, Gin, and Scotch Whisky.

Also on hand—500 gallons choice brands of Brandy, Wines, Whisky, Rum, etc.

Goods received on STORAGE or COMMISSION, at the lowest market rates.

1st July, 1867. 2m

THE SNUG SALOON,
BARKERVILLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED THE above Saloon, would respectfully invite their friends and the public to step in and sample their ALES, WINES and LIQUORS, the quality of which, they flatter themselves, will suit the tastes of the most fastidious. The best brand of CIGARS always on hand. SCOTT & McHARDY.

29th June, 1867. 2m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. WEIR,
San Francisco Store.
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER
— IN —
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE, CLOTHING AND BOOTS.

NEXT DOOR TO THE SENTINEL OFFICE.

Barkerville, 29th June, 1867. 17

Grouse Creek Express.

W. F. HERRE WILL RUN A DAILY EXPRESS between Barkerville and Grouse Creek. Orders, small parcels, letters, collections, etc., etc., attended to, on moderate terms. Special attention given to demands for subscriptions to the CARIBOO SENTINEL, or any other Newspaper.

Offices: On Grouse Creek, at M. Prager's Store. In Barkerville, at W. F. Herre's domicile, SENTINEL OFFICE.

July 29, 1867.

THE
CARIBOO EXCHANGE
HOTEL,

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF the mining community, and the public generally. No expense has been spared to render the house all that could be desired, for comfort and convenience. The Bar is supplied with a complete stock of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

WELL AIRED BEDS

may be had at a moderate charge. E. ORD,
July 1, 1867. 2m Proprietress.

COSMOPOLITAN
Restaurant and Bakery,
BARKERVILLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING THOROUGHLY RENOVATED his Establishment, has re-opened the same for the accommodation of the Public, and trusts to merit a share of their patronage. His Bakery has also undergone repair, and he is now ready to execute orders from all who wish good bread.

JACOB VELTE, Proprietor.

June 10th, 1867. 11-s

FENTON SALOON,
RICHFIELD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HOPES HIS OLD PIONEER friends will give him a turn, as he has experienced heavy weather lately. E. F. EDWARDS,

June 6th, 1867. Formerly of Edwards' Ranch.

EXPRESS NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, BARNARD'S EXPRESS IS not responsible for damage on LIQUIDS shipped in Tin or Glass, unless by special contract.

Until further notice, the Express will arrive here every SUNDAY AFTERNOON, and close for below every WEDNESDAY, at NINE o'clock, A. M.

ROBERT POOL,
Agent.

Barkerville, May 29th, 1867. 8

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate and Effects of FRANCOIS CASSE, late of Williams Creek, Cattle Dealer, deceased, intestate.

ALL PERSONS WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE above Estate, are required to pay the amounts due forthwith; and all persons who have any claims against the above Estate, are required to send in their accounts, on or before the FIFTH DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1867, to CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Official Administrator.

Dated Richfield, 25th June, 1867.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate and Effects of REMI DAZET, late of Williams Creek, Cattle Dealer, deceased, intestate.

ALL PERSONS WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE above Estate, are required to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all persons who have any claims against the above Estate, are required to send in their accounts on or before the EIGHTH day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, to CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Official Administrator.

Dated Lytton, 8th June, 1867. 13

NOTICE.

In the matter of the Estate and Effects of JAMES PURDIE, late of Williams Creek, Blacksmith, deceased, intestate.

ALL PERSONS WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE above Estate, are required to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all persons who have any claims against the above estate, are required to send in their accounts on or before the TWENTY-SIXTH day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, to CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Official Administrator.

Dated Richfield, 27th June, 1867.

In the matter of the Estate and Effects of DAVID WHITFORD, Free Miner, late of the Reid Claim, Conklins Gulch, deceased, intestate.

ALL PERSONS WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE above Estate, are required to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all persons who have any claims against the above Estate, are required to send in their accounts on or before FIRST NOVEMBER, 1867, to CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Official Administrator.

Dated Richfield, 1st August, 1867.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

THURSDAY, AUGUST 22, 1867.

THE various ground sluice companies above Richfield took advantage of the low stage of the water during the past two days, to clean up their tail flume, from which they obtained 250 ounces, quite a handsome sum to divide among 21 shareholders. This flume was put in last season for the purpose of draining the ground of the respective companies, and the amount of gold saved by it then was more than enough to compensate for the labor and expense of laying it, so that what was taken out yesterday is all clear gain. This shows conclusively that in creeks where the dirt is difficult to wash, this description of flume proves to be equally as remunerative as those of a similar character in California, and we shall not be surprised to see the same experiment tried on other creeks and gulches soon.

POLICE COURT.—I. Dixon, H. Knight and Geo. Wells appeared before the magistrate yesterday, to answer a charge preferred against them by William Smith for committing a violent assault on him at Grouse creek, on Tuesday last, by biting him and striking him with stones, etc. The magistrate after hearing the evidence or both sides, bound all parties over in their personal bonds of $100 each to keep the peace towards one another and remarked that if any more trouble occurred among them they would be sent to jail.

WE are requested by the acting agent for George Wilson to state that he hopes those parties who have promised him assistance in making up the original stakes for the coming match with Eden, will not fail to be on hand next Saturday evening and comply with these promises, as their failure to do so will be a serious disappointment to Wilson, in his absence.

A. T. STEWART, the prince of New York merchants, is about to build himself a mansion, which for elegance of design and internal magnificence, will eclipse anything of the kind in that city. Its estimated cost is said to be $3,000,000. He is also preparing to enlarge his store on Broadway, the estimated cost of which is set down at $1,500,000.

NEW WESTMINSTER TOWN COUNCIL.—The annual election of town councillors took place on the 7th inst. when the following gentlemen were declared elected: Messrs. Hugh McRoberts, R. Seabrook, D. Withrow, W. J. Armstrong, H. Holbrook, John Brough, Thos. Price, H. W. Smith, R. Dickinson, L. F. Bonson, R. Rylatt, and W. D. Ferris.

THE MOSQUITO.—Each female lays annually about 300,000 eggs. Being deposited on the surface of water, they are devoured by fish and other acquatic animals, in such quantities as to greatly lessen the evils which follow their propagation.

MESSRS. W. Johnston and D. Withrow have been elected, the former as chief, and the latter as assistant engineer, of the New Westminster fire department.

A CELEBRATED French astronomer predicts that we shall have a shower of meteors this month, that will surpass in brilliancy and extent the display a year ago.

LARGE MAIL.—The down mail which left yesterday, was larger than any that has been dispatched since last winter; the Postmaster's receipts amounting to $70.

THERE are now in operation in Chili, ten gold, twelve silver, and about one hundred copper mines.

A half interest in the once famous Cameron claim was sold the other day at Sheriff's sale for $25.

THE Cornish co'y washed up for last week 138 ounces, and the Six-toed Pete co'y 40 oz.

THE population of London is estimated at 3,080,000.

AMERICA has 80,000 miles of telegraph wire Europe 60,000, and India 3,000.

THE Ne'er do Weel co'y on Grouse creek took out $1300 last week.

GOLD COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

(Before H. M. Ball, Esq.)

Monday, 19th August, 1867.

Reid Co., Grouse Creek v. Idaho Co.—Action—Defendants to show cause why they should not allow 100 inches of water, recorded in the name of Eliza Steel, as trustee for the plaintiffs, to run uninterruptedly through plaintiffs' ditch; and why they should not pay plaintiffs $200 damages, for depriving them of the use of said water. Judgment for plaintiffs, with costs. The Reid co. are entitled to 100 inches of water from Grouse creek, under their record dated 8th September, 1866, before the claims of the Big Gun and Idaho companies for water, as a creek claim.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CARIBOO SENTINEL."

SIR,—In your issue of Monday last, you give a report of certain proceedings in the Gold Commissioner's Court, on Saturday 17th inst., in which the Grouse Creek Flume Co. were plaintiffs and the Canadian Co. defendants. Convinced as I am that the report, as chronicled in your paper, is a true and faithful one, I am constrained to confess that I am utterly mystified by the course adopted, the rules of law laid down, and the doctrines enunciated by our worthy resident magistrate and Gold Commissioner on that occasion. The facts connected with the case are simply as follows:

A party of free miners located a certain piece of ground on Grouse creek, on the 25th July last, under the title of the Sparrowhawk Co., recorded their claim in proper form as prescribed by law, and went to work thereon; and I do not hesitate to affirm that the said Sparrowhawk Co. has continued to hold possession of and work the ground in question, from the date of their record until the present moment, without let or hinderance from any party or parties whatever; consequently the Sparrowhawk Co. have never been before the court, and knowing as I do that they are an industrious party of men, I will not at present interrupt their legitimate avocations by further dragging them before the public.

Now sir, I am aware that Christians of every denomination believe that the ceremonies prescribed by the Mosaic code have long become obsolete, and I have hitherto held the opinion that their observance was not commanded either by the mining laws of this colony or the common law of Great Britian; but in the case above referred to, it would appear that the Jewish code has been again revived; a sacrifice must be made, and the unfortunate Canadian Co. is selected as the scapegoat for the sins of the people.

It seems that an affidavit was made and filed in the Gold Commissioner's court by one Isaiah M. Sparrow, alleging that certain parties, who he believed were members of the Canadian Co., were working on ground belonging to the Grouse Creek Flume Co.; from a perusal of this affidavit, I conclude that a considerable portion of it is based upon what is commonly called "hearsay" evidence, as when a man says or swears he has been told and verily believes a certain thing to be the case. On the strength of this affidavit, backed by a motion made by Geo. A. Walkem, Barrister-at-Law, an injunction was issued out of the Gold Commissioner's court at Richfield, addressed to the Canadian Co., (I presume as a body), and to certain individuals specially named and to all other parties whatsoever or whomsoever, restraining them from working on the ground claimed by the Flume Co.

On this injunction being served, Mr. Murdoch and myself waited upon Mr. Commissioner Ball, and protested against the legality or regularity of issuing an injunction against a company that was not interfering with the ground, or against any individual parties, when it was a fact obvious to the most obtuse intellect, that the parties working the ground were doing so by authority of the Sparrowhawk Co., and that there was no one in possession of any portion of it under any other title than that of the Sparrowhawk Co., acquired legally, by location, record, and representation.

Mr. Ball, at that interview, evinced a desire that a motion should be made to set the injunction aside, and that the case should be argued by counsel before him. Although conscious of the illegality and absurdity of the order or injunction as against themselves, and contrary to the advice of counsel, the Canadian Co., with no other object than as far as possible to comply with the orders of the Court, and the wishes of the Gold Commissioner, appeared by counsel, on Saturday, 17th inst. You have already reported the proceedings, and I now take the liberty of examining the evidence, and commenting upon the decision.

1st—I am at a loss to know what was the object in dragging the Canadian Co. into the affair at all.

2nd—I am anxious to learn where the law is to be found that authorizes a Gold Commissioner to issue sweeping injunctions against whole communities, on the strength of an affidavit made up of hearsay evidence, and without any action pending either in law or equity.

3rd—Is the evidence of Murdoch, Springer and Booth, sufficient to prove that the Canadian Co. are not parties to holding or working the ground in dispute?

4th—Did I. M. Sparrow, on his cross-examination, or any other party, produce any evidence to show that the Canadian Co. were directly or indirectly interested in the working of the ground in dispute? Or did Sparrow, or any other party, at any time, produce any evidence to weaken or set aside the evidence of Murdoch, Springer and myself?

5th—You state that the judge weighed the arguments in the case. My experience has taught me that the weighing of evidence is paramount to the weighing of arguments, in the duties of a judge.

6th—Mr. Ball's lucid explanation as to the rights of parties to, and the powers of injunctions, is doubtless very correct and instructive; but as the Canadian Co. sets up no title at present to the ground in dispute, the present injunction, or any responsibility attached thereto, cannot possibly apply to them.

7th—If within the range of your knowledge would you be kind enough to let me know where the authority is to be found that empowers a blundering magistrate, by his mere decision, to give a title to property to any party; had Mr. Ball stated that the Flume Co. had acquired a title to the property in question, by law, or by a charter, I could understand him; as it is, I confess I cannot. But although, at present mystified, I feel disposed to place implicit reliance on any opinion expressed by a Gold Commissioner. Should, however, any person unclothed with magisterial authority, tell me that legal titles can possibly emanate from such a source, I should hold his opinion on British law or justice in very small esteem.

8th—The Canadian Co. did not care whether the injunction was set aside or confirmed, nor do they at present trouble themselves about it, as it in no way affects them.

9th—Mr. Ball rules that the Sparrowhawk Co. should bring an action of ejectment against the Flume Co.; but in the name of common sense, why should they do so? They are at present working their ground without molestation, while the Flume Co. have not attempted to work or represent it since the 20th July, five days before the date of the Sparrowhawk Co.'s record. The Flume Co.'s charter calls for continuous working during the mining season, but although no attempt was made to interfere with their title to the piece of ground now held by the Sparrowhawk Co., they, by failing to represent it, virtually abandoned it; there are hundreds of claims in Cariboo which have been legally held and afterwards abandoned, and if every taking up such a claim again, were compelled to bring actions of ejectment against every previous owner, there would be no end to litigation or no virtue in the law regarding forfeiture of title by abandonment.

And now one word in conclusion, touching the tirade of abuse lavished on the members of the Canadian Co. The incalculable amount of falsehoods vended about them and their actions, the bloodthirsty counsel unasked for given to the Government relative to them by the Colonist, Columbian, and Examiner, I can only say that the members of the Canadian Co. sympathise with the conductors of the abovenamed journals, feeling confident that ignorance alone could have induced those gentlemen voluntarily to place themselves in such a false and ridiculous position, and while pitying their credulity, they sincerely regret that honest men should allow themselves to be so easily made the tools of designing knaves; and that any portion of a press presumed to be the exponents of truth and pure and independent advocates of justice, could be prostituted to such ignoble ends. Property, liberty, yea probably even life are at stake in this contest, and woe be to the party on whose side truth and justice are not found when the day of reckoning comes.

CORNELIUS BOOTH.

Grouse Creek, August 21st, 1867.

THE express left yesterday afternoon, carrying $43,000 in treasnre for the Bank of British Columbia, and a number of passengers, viz., Madame Francois, Miss Taylor, and Messrs. F. J. Barnard, O. Parsons, F. LeLaire and M. Caux. The Indian prisoner, Chil Pecken, who gave Queen's evidence in the Morgan murder case, was sent below in charge of the express.

TELEGRAPHIC.

[From the Colonist and Chronicle.]

San Francisco, July 30.—No Eastern news—Between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning, Samuel C. Hopkins went into A. J. Pate's gunstore on Sacramento street, and said he desired to purchase a derringer pistol, a pair of which were shown him, and he asked to have them loaded. This was done. He then said one would answer his purpose. They then told him they could not break a set, and the pistols were put away. A smaller one was then shown him, and he said that would do. It was loaded for him, and while this was being done he walked up and down the room, but no other peculiarity of conduct was noticed. When loaded, the pistol was handed to him and the proprietor turned towards his desk. In an instant the report of a pistol was heard and Hopkins was seen with the smoking weapon against the right side of his head. He staggered backward and fell to the floor, the brains and blood oozing from the wound near his right temple and over the ear. No cause is assigned for the suicide. He never spoke after the shot was fired. Mr. H. was well known in San Francisco, and was formerly in good circumstances.

Seventeen persons, passengers on the British ship Burlington, Coward, commander, from the port of Sydney, New South Wales, have libeled that ship in the United States District Court, for a violation of the passenger contract, in the matter of furnishing proper and sufficient food and water on the voyage from that port to this. The plaintiffs also allege that the master of the vessel allowed thirteen kangaroo dogs to wander at pleasure over the vessel to the discomfort of the passengers; and threatened on several occasions to sink the ship, and did in fact, on one occasion, run the vessel on the point of a group off Kingsville island; that he was often too drunk to command the ship, and used in the presence of the passengers, male and female, the most immoral and disgusting language; wherefore they claim $15,000 damages against the vessel. Another passenger libels for the same reasons, and claims $10,000 damages. John Conrad, the master intervenes in behalf of the owners, John Lechett & Sons, of London, and prays that the court will decree a restitution.

San Francisco, July 30.—The most horrible tragedy for some time past occurred near Oakland. A man named Sanfly has resided with his wife and one child at Oakland Point, Alameda county, and followed the business of raising and selling stock. Last evening he and his wife went to a neighbor's house on a visit and left the child at home with a Chinese servant. About 11 o'clock they returned and found everything about the house apparently as they left it, and retired. About one o'clock this morning four men entered the house, attacking Sanfly and wife in their bed. They used a hatchet or other dull weapon, or a bloody murder would have been instantly accomplished. The blows were aimed with savage fury at the heads and faces of the victims, inflicting some horrible and ghastly wounds, which may yet prove fatal. Mr. Sanfly, after the first storm of blows, was barely able to cry for help. The Chinaman then sprang out of bed and ran into the room when the four assassins fled in haste, leaving Mr. Sanfly unconscious, and his wife writhing in agony. The Chinaman did not run at once to alarm the neighbors, but took such means as he could to staunch the wounds of Mr. and Mrs. Sanfly. At four o'clock he left the house and called on neighbors for help. People hastened to the house and found Mr. Sanfly and his wife in the bed in a helpless condition, the former still unconscious, but Mrs. Sanfly was able to speak and give some particulars of the horrible affair. She describes four white men, and says the blows were inflicted with an axe or hatchet. The tragedy created intense excitement in Oakland and vicinity, and the police and citizens are making every effort to get on the track of the perpetrators. A few days since Mr. Sanfly was paid a considerable sum of money, and this fact may have tempted the robbers to their bloody work.

New York, August 5.—A Council of War is now being held in Russia between the staffs of the Russian armies under the Presidency of the Czar himself. Plans of a campaign, suggested by the probable coalition between France and the other States, are under consideration. It is further asserted that Prussia is about to begin a movement immediately before France can get into an attitude Russia inclines to a postponement, which, however does not render the strife less inevitable.

The Cork Examiner, of July, says there is every indication of war between France and Prussia.

One hundred and ten Californians are stopping at the Grand Hotel in Paris.

Auburn, July 26.—Seward and Sir Frederick Bruce arrived yesterday.

Niagara, July 27.—The remaining portion of Table Rock was blown off to-day with two hundred pounds of powder.

Richmond, July 29.—Gov. Pierpont was assaulted at the executive mansion this morning by Mrs. Driscol, because he had pardoned the man who had killed her son. The Governor was not injured.

New York, August 5.—Pierpont spoke the entire day in the Surrat case and concludes to-morrow. The case will go to the jury.

Salt Lake, August 8.—The Indians are encamped in force within two miles of Plum creek, on the Union Pacific Railroad. It is hoped that a party will get through from Fort McPherson to-morrow.

Julesburg, August 8.—We have the following particulars of the capture of a train of cars lately reported. The Indians captured a party of five men with a hand car on their way to repair the telegraph line. Two of the party were killed and one wounded the others escaped. They then managed to throw a freight train, coming west, off the track, when then they pounced on the men, they killed them all except the conductor, and burned the entire train, with contents. No trains have passed the break. A passenger train due here yesterday, is expected to arrive this evening. No train left here yesterday or to-day.

SIXTY-THREE years of age is said to be the grand climacteric, or turn of life, a critical period for masculine humanity, more men dying at that age, or near it, than at any other, leaving accidents and violent deaths aside. A like critical period for feminine humanity is forty-seven years.

"DAUGHTER, why do you not wear your rings?" "Because, papa, they hurt me when anybody squeezes my hand." What business have you, I would like to know, to have your hand squeezed?" "Certainly none; but still you know, papa, one would like to keep it in squeezable order."

A letter bearing the following inscription was dropped into the Newark Post-office without any stamp: "Bummer's letter; shove it ahead; dead broke and nary red. Postmaster, put this letter through; when I get rich I'll pay you."

A CLERGYMAN gave a toast that was not very gallant, at a late fireman's celebration: "Our fire engines—may they be like old maids, ever ready, but never wanted!"

A LADY said to a little boy, on looking at a very correct ambrotype of the latter, "Why Arthur, is this you?" "No, but it is like me."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FASHION SALOON,

BARKERVILLE,

WILLIAMS CREEK.

THE PROPRIETORS BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE to the public that they have enlarged, refurnished, and thoroughly renovated their capacious and fashionable saloon, sparing neither pains nor expense for the comfort of their Patrons.

This is now the largest and most complete Saloon in British Columbia; consisting of three large separate apartments, viz.: CARD ROOM, BAR ROOM, and BILLIARD SALOON, containing three superb BILLIARD TABLES.

The best LIQUORS and CIGARS obtainable, are served here. This establishment is under the immediate superintendence of the Proprietors.

ADLER & BARRY.

June 6th, 1867. 4m

PARIS AND LONDON HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,

RICHFIELD.

The undersigned have refitted this well known house which is now open for the accomodation of the public.

The Bar will be supplied with the best brands of LIQUORS and CIGARS.

☞ Meals and Beds furnished at all hours.

G. FONTAINE.
FELIX POUCHOT,
Proprietors.

Richfield, 1st May, 1867. 1

W. Winnard,

BLACKSMITH,

BARKERVILLE. 1

W. D. MOSES

TAKES THIS METHOD OF INFORMING HIS friends and the public generally, that he has enlarged and fitted up his SHAVING SALOON, in a superior manner, having secured the services of an efficient assistant, he is now prepared to operate in a satisfactory manner in all branches of the TONSORIAL ART.

He also begs to call the attention of the ladies to his fine selection of Perfumery, which he is constantly in receipt of, from Langley & Co., Victoria, viz., Pomades, Powders, Oils, Combs, Brushes, and other articles for the Toilet.

He also calls attention to his unrivalled Hair Restorative, guaranteeing to stop hair from falling out, in one week, and in reasonable time restoring Hair to its former state and color.

Also Gentlemen's furnishing Goods; finest assortment of Shirts, Underclothes, Neck Ties, Scarfs, etc.

27th May, 1867 s

BUIE BROS.,

DEALERS IN

PROVISIONS, GROCERIES, TOBACCO,

CIGARS, LIQUORS,

Clothing and Hardware,

BARKERVILLE.

June 27, 1867.

M. A. BENRIMO,

Accountant, Collector,

— AND —

COMMISSION AGENT,

BARKERVILLE,

OFFICE.—OPPOSITE N. CUNIO'S BREWERY.

June 17, 1867 13

Steele's Restaurant,

RICHFIELD.

H. STEELE BEGS TO INFORM HIS OLD FRIENDS and Patrons, that he has opened his OLD STAND, where he will be glad to see them.

☞ MEALS AT ALL HOURS ☜

June 10th, 1867. 11-s

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES P. TAYLOR,

Druggist,

BARKERVILLE.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A CHOICE SELECTION of DRUGS AND PATENT MEDICINES, including the celebrated Golden Balsam, and Murphy's Mixtures, for the complete cure of Secondary Syphilis. Also a great variety of Sarsaparillas, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Combs, Tooth Powders, Sponges, Fancy Soaps, Lubin's Extracts, Rose Water and other Perfumeries, Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Just received—an assortment of Stationery, Pocket Diaries for 1867, and Billiard Table articles.

P. S.—Prescriptions carefully compounded. 1-s

FOSTER, OF LILLOOET,

CHEMIST.

HAS FOR SALE, and constantly on hand, a well assorted Stock of Drugs, all the Chemicals used by Physicians, Photographers, Assayers and Mechanics. Also the popular Patent Medicines, and Druggists' sundries.

Retorts, Crucibles, Muffles, Cupels, Ingot Moulds, etc., etc

PRESCRIPTIONS FAITHFULLY PREPARED.

F. W. FOSTER,
Chemist.

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YALE ADVERTISEMENTS.

BENJAMIN DOUGLAS, Successor to A. C. WELLS, SADDLE AND HARNESS Maker, Yale, B. C. ☞ A complete assortment of Stock constantly on hand. 1-s

J. S. DEAS,

FRONT STREET, YALE, B. C.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE to the inhabitants of Cariboo that he intends to forward (as soon as the state of the Roads will permit), a large and well assorted stock of COOKING STOVES, which he will dispose of at PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Yale, 8th April, 1867. 1

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE!

PARTIES DESIROUS of shipping freight WITH DISPATCH, will find it to their advantage by giving us a call before engaging elsewhere.

ALWAY & BAILEY.

Yale, April 8th, 1867. 1-s

W. H. Sutton,

DEALER IN WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c.,

AGENT FOR BUNSTER'S ALE!

In Bbls. and half Bbls.

Yale, April 18th, 1867. 1-s

Storage and Forwarding!

YALE, B. C.

PARTIES SHIPPING GOODS BY THE YALE-LYTTON ROUTE, are advised that

KIMBALL & GLADWIN

Have erected an extensive Storehouse and Dock at Yale, and are prepared to Receive, Store, and Forward Goods. Goods re-packed, and freights engaged at the LOWEST RATES.

Parties shipping goods through us will please mark to the care of

1-s KIMBALL & GLADWIN.

VAN WINKLE STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the miners and residents in & around Van Winkle that he will in future keep an assorted and GOOD STOCK on hand, and hopes by close attention to business, and by selling at LOWER RATES than heretofore, to meet the patronage of all.

Orders from outlaying creeks accompanied with the CASH, will be forwarded with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Terms CASH, without distinction.

1-s J. W. LINDHARD.

BLUE TENT,

— OR —

127 MILE HOUSE.

THE UNDEDSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED THIS desirable property, is now Prepared to accommodate the travelling public. The table is supplied with the very best of viands. The bedrooms and beds are as comfortable as could be desired, and the BAR contains nothing but the best brands of LIQUORS and CIGARS.

A good stock of Grain and Hay always on hand.

3rd May, 1867. 3 W. WRIGHT.

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. BULER & CO.'S

CHEAP Store. LADIES' and GENT'S CAST OFF Clothing bought and sold. Secondhand Watches, Guns, Pistols, &c, for sale.

☞ Government street opposite the Theatre. 1-s

A. CASAMAYOU begs leave to state that he has removed his stock of Goods consisting of GROCERIES, &c., from Wharf street to the Brick Building on Yates street, adjoining Cowper's Boot Store, opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.

He will sell his Goods by Wholesale, at the lowest rates, for cash. 1.s

WILLIAM ZELNER, dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES and CHEMICALS, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, &c. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded and orders answered with care and dispatch. Victoria, V. I. 1-s

ROADSIDE ADVERTISEMENTS.

STABLING for HORSES.

WILLIAM McWHA,

LYTTON CITY, B. C.,

Begs to inform the public generally that he has

STABLE & CORALL ACCOMODATION

On his premises for upwards of 200 Horses.

Hay and Oats for Sale cheap.

GOOD SADDLE HORSES FOR HIRE.

TERMS MODERATE. 1-s

C. E. ROMBROT,

BOSTON BAR, B. C.,

Wholesale and Retail Merchant in

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

LIQUORS, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c. 1s

164 MILE OR DEEP CREEK HOUSE.

IS OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF THE Travelling public; the bedrooms are spacious and airy and the Beds cannot be surpassed for cleanliness and comfort by any in the lower country; the Table is always supplied with the best of victuals. Stabling for Horses; Hay, Oats and Barley constantly on hand.

COLD SPRING HOUSE

BOYD & HEATH, Proprietors,

THIS HOUSE, is situated 26 miles from Quesnelmouth. The proprietors having lately fitted up bedrooms and good Beds are now prepared to afford every accommodation for Travellers; the Table is furnished with all the luxuries that can be procured; the Bar is well supplied with the best brands of Liquors and Segars; good Stabling, Hay, Oats and Barley. ☞ The CHEAPEST House on the Road. 1-s

122 MILE HOUSE,

LAKE LA HACHE.

T. F. WALTERS, formerly of the 94 MILE HOUSE, having purchased this Ranch, is now prepared to accomodate the traveling public with GOOD MEALS and BEDS at moderate rates. 1-s

THE ASHCROFT HOUSE

MESSRS. CORNWALL'S.

AT THIS WELL KNOWN HOUSE, half-way between Spence's Bridge and Clinton, on the Yale Route. Travellers will find Good Accommodation. The best of living, of Liquors, and of Wines. Fresh Butter, Milk and Vegetables. Good Stabling and cheap feed. 1-s

COLONIAL HOTEL,

SODA CREEK.

A GREAT REDUCTION has been made in the charges at this establishment, so as to suit the times.

Meals, $1; Beds, 75 Cents.

McLEESE & SENAY,
Proprietors.

May 1st, 1867. 1-s

FOREST HOUSE.

36 MILE POST,

BETWEEN YALE AND LYTTON, B. C.

TRAVELLERS will find every accommodation at this Hotel. Excellent Cooking. GOOD BEDS.

STABLING FOR HORSES.

TIMOTHY HAY and OATS at Lowest Rates.

BOOTHROYD BRO'S,
Proprietors.

1-s

The Bonaparte House,

SEMLEN & PARKE, Proprietors, at the Junction of the Cariboo and Big Bend Roads, is now open for the accommodation of the public. Distance from Clinton, 26 miles; from Savanas Steamboat Landing, 22 miles; from Spence's Bridge, 30 miles. Travellers will find prices and accommodations to suit the times. Give them a call. Stabling, Hay & Grain; attentive hostlers. Stages leave here regularly for yale, and Cariboo 1-s

BOSTON BAR

International Hotel.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOUSE is now open for travellers. The Table is supplied as formerly with the best the market affords, and the Cooking cannot be excelled. The Bar is stocked with the finest LIQUORS and CIGARS. GOOD BEDS.

WILLIAM CHARTERS
Proprietor.

1-s

COTTONWOOD RANCH

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW PREPARED TO afford every accommodation to the travelling public, and hopes by a strict attention to business, to merit a share of the patronage bestowed on the former proprietors. This is one of the most comfortable and commodious Hotels on the road, containing as it does warm and well furnished bed rooms with good beds. The TABLE is supplied with every delicacy it is possible to procure in the upper country. The BAR is stocked with the best of Liquors, and the choicest Cigars.

☞ MEALS, $1 50 EACH. ☜

The stabling for Horses is all that could be desired, and the charges are very moderate. Hay for Horses per day, $2; Oats and Barley at the cheapest market rates.

The undersigned has a large quantity of OAT HAY on hand, for sale in large or small quantities.

1-s JOHN PELLETIER, Proprietor.

VICTORIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICTORIA SEED STORE

Corner of Langley Alley and Yates St.

MESSRS. JAY & BALES

Have opened the above premises with a large and well assorted STOCK

— OF —

FRESH AGRICULTURAL, VEGETABLE

AND FLOWER SEEDS.

The business of the late firm of Jay & Co., Fort St., and Springfield Nursery, will be carried on by them in all its branches.

Fruit Trees and Bushes, Evergreen and Deciduous Shrubs, Bulbs and Flowering plants of every description. 1-1s

LONDON HOUSE,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. H. TURNER & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

English & French Silks, Shawls, Dresses, Underclothing, Gloves, and every description of Drapery Goods.

Receive regular supplies by Express via Panama and by sailing vessels via Cape Horn.

☞ Particular attention given to all orders.

London Firm—J. P. TUNSTALL & Co. 1-s

ESTABLISHED 1858.

J. C. BEEDY,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING AGENT,

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO SELECTING, purchasing, or forwarding Goods for the upper country.

Any commission entrusted to his care, will receive prompt attention.

References:—W. A. MEACHAM, E. A. WADHAMS, T. HARPER, J. J. BRAILY.

Victoria, April, 1867. 1

HOTEL DE FRANCE,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

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