The Cariboo Sentinel.

Vol 17 Barkerville, William Creek B.C., Saturday, April 17th 1875. No. 24

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

Published every Saturday by

ROBERT HOLLOWAY.

Subscription - - 25 Cents per Week.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

For one square (one inch), first insertion, - $3
" " one month, - - 1
For two squares first insertion, - - - 5
" " one month, - - 3

Agents for the "Cariboo Sentinel."

Van Winkle, - - - - Lindsay.
Quesnelmouth, - - - Barnard's Express
Soda Creek, - - - - Barnard's Express
Clinton, - - - - Barnard's Express
Yale, - - - - do do
New Westminster - - John Murray.
Victoria, - - - - Mr Shakespeare
G Street, - - - 30 Cornhill, London, E.C.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Cards, Circulars, Posters and Programmes for Balls and Theatrical Entertainments.

Executed with neatness and dispatch.

Lumber! Lumber!

MEACHAM & NASON

Are prepared to furnish Lumber at their Mills, William Creek, or delivered to order.

LUMBER DELIVERED ON LIGHTNING CREEK.

Having Planing Machine in operation they will also furnish

DRESSED LUMBER

Van Volkenburgh & Co

Retail Butchers,

BARKERVILLE AND LIGHTNING CREEK.

A SUPPLY OF THE

BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MEATS

Je20 Always on hand.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS OF LAND

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1874," that the following lands situate in the District of New Westminster, have been subdivided by survey, and the Map thereof has been deposited in the office of Mr H. V. Edmonds, New Westminster:

TOWNSHIP NO. 13.

Sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35, and 36.

TOWNSHIP NO. 14.

Sections 8, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 31 and 32.

TOWNSHIP NO. 18.

West half of Section 1.
East half of Section 2.
West half of Section 12.
East half of Section 11.
Southwest quarter of Section 13.
Southeast quarter of Section 14.

GROUP III.

Lots 6 and 8 on Burton's Prairie, in Township No. 18.

GROUP I.

Lots 233, 234, and 235, near Port Moody.

And that claimants of any portion of this land who have not obtained Crown Grants thereof, should prove up their claims in accordance with Clause 21 Land Act, 1874.

Forms of Proof and Declaration can be obtained at the office of the Commissioner, New Westminster.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner, Lands and Works

Lands and Works Office,
Victoria, Dec. 24, 1874.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Winter Arrangement.

Barnard & Co.'s EXPRESS,

(Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,)

LEAVES VICTORIA BY STEAMER ENTERPRISE

WEDNESDAY EACH WEEK

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER.

Reaching Yale in time to connect with the

STAGES LEAVING YALE ON MONDAYS

arriving at Clinton on Wednesdays and Barkerville on Saturdays.

DOWN TRIP.

Sleighs leave Barkerville on Sundays, arrive at Clinton on Thursdays and Yale on Saturdays.

Connects at Cache Creek with Vance's Express for Okanagan.

At Clinton with Ferguson's Express for Lillooet.

And with Gallagher's Express for Dog Creek.

At Quesnelmouth with Sylvester's Express for Omineca.

F. J. BARNARD & CO.

Freight and Passengers carried through at reasonable rates.

For rates of Freight and Passage, apply to
GEO. BYRNES, Agent,
Barkerville.

no7

Appointments.

Private Secretary's Office,
17th December, 1874.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint ALBERT NORTON RICHARDS, Esquire, a Barrister of British Columbia, to be a Notary Public.

Private Secretary's Office,
10th December, 1874.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor was on the 9th June, 1873, pleased to appoint HENRY CLASSON COURTNEY, Esquire, Attorney and Solicitor in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, to be a Notary Public.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint ALLAN GRAHAM, of Manson Creek, Esquire, to be Coroner in and for the District of Omineca.

His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to place ALLAN GRAHAM, of Manson Creek, Esquire, on the Commission of the Peace in and for the District of Omineca.

ROAD TAX.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a List of all persons within the

KEITHLEY CREEK POLLING DIVISION

of the Cariboo District of Barkerville who are liable to pay Road Tax for the year 1875 has been posted at the following places:

Mr Smith's old Store, Harvey Creek.
Messrs. Veith & Co.'s, Keithley.
Government Office, Forks of Quesnel.

OLIVER HARE,
Collector.

Forks of Quesnel, Jan. 1, 1875.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the reservation of Land in the New Westminster District, dated 18th July, 25th July, and 2d December, 1871, so far as applicable to land included within the boundaries of Townships No. 1, 2, 4, 5, 8, including Westham, Tilbury, and Dean Islands, Block 3 North, Range 6 West, and the block of Land situate between Lots 129, 132, 135, 138, 141, 147, Group 1, and now known as Lots 205 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, Group 1, has been rescinded.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner Lands and Works

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, 10th February, 1875.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. TODD

HAS ON HAND
A WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF
GROCERES,
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,
CLOTHING,
PATENT MEDICINES,

COME ALONG WITH YOUR CASH AND GET BARGAINS.

my9

Rogers & Wilson,

(Successors to D. Kurtz & Co.,)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
Dry Goods and Clothing.

CLINTON EXTRA FLOUR.

All Goods of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Prices.

Barkerville, May 9. my9 6m

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD TERMINUS STORE,

Quesnelmouth, B.C.,

Where there are still plenty of the best brands of British Columbia

FLOUR,
LILLOOET BEANS of 1873,

And other Farm Produce, at VERY LOW RATES.

Also, a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE and DRUGS.

Commission, Storage and Forwarding business done at reasonable rates.

my3 'm JAS. REID.

Beedy & Townsend,

—AT THE—

OLD VAN WINKLE STORE

LIGHTNING CREEK,

Keep on hand everything

REQUIRED IN A MINING CAMP.

[illegible] the old firm
[illegible]

HOTELS, RESTAURANTS &c.

Bark'rville Brewery

N. CUNIO
PROPRIETOR.

The Celebrated XXX Ale

will be manufactured and sold by Wholesale and Retail. Its purity, and

The best Liquors & Cigars

constantly kept on hand.

The Lodging Department

will be always carefully attended to, and the best Beds and accommodation provided for their customers

de16

Frank Perrett,

(NEXT DOOR to TIC TIC OFFICE)

INVITES YOU TO CALL AND SEE HIM, and get as much comfort for the inner man as any other man can provide for the same amount of cash in the shape of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

N.B.—To fill up the time, I will attend to the

TAILORING BUSINESS.

And SEWING MACHINE work of every description will be done at the shortest notice at reasonable charges.

no7 FRANK PERRETT.

ANTELOPE Restaurant & Saloon

MASON & DALY

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE REMOVED to the spacious premises formerly known as the St. George Saloon, where they will be at all times prepared to furnish

BOARD AND MEALS
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

The BAR is furnished with the finest WINES LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Board, - $12 per Week.

e17 6m

Cosmopolitan RESTAURANT AND BAKERY,

STANLEY, - LIGHTNING CREEK.

The above Restaurant is now Opened at the upper end of town, where Board can be had by the week or single meals. A fine Saloon is also attached, supplied with

The best Liquors & Cigars.

FRESH BREAD, PIES and Cakes daily.

no28 3m JOHN MAHER.

Half-Way House.

SAM. SINCOCK

HAVING ADDED A GOOD STABLE TO THE Half-Way House, is now prepared to offer good accommodations to Teamsters. A supply of Oats and Hay will always be kept on hand and sold at reasonable rates.

The Bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1875.

CROWN GRANTS.

For the information of parties who have applied for Crown Grants under the Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1873, we publish a letter from Mr John Evans, who has made it his business while in Victoria to inquire as to the delay in forwarding the deeds. The cause of the delay was no doubt satisfactorily explained to Mr Evans, which we suppose must be attributed to the immense increase of work in the Lands and Works Department during the past twelve months. The following letter from the department to a gentleman who applied for a Crown Grant for a set of mining claims in his own right, shows that a mistake has been made by individual miners in filling up and forwarding the wrong form of application. Form E has been used instead of Form C. Form C is to be filled up by individual miners making application for grants, form E by unincorporated companies of free miners. But according to section 9 of the Mining Amendment Act, a free miner is only entitled to apply for a deed for a single mining claim or one full interest, although the law at the same time allows the individual miner to hold any number of claims by purchase.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, Nov. 26, 1874.

SIR,—I have the honor to inform you that the Law Officers of the Province are of opinion that the form E certificate issued to you does not comply with section 10 Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1873, inasmuch as an individual cannot be an unincorporated company. I therefore am unable to issue in your name a Crown Grant for the ——— claim until the Act is amended.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner Lands & Works.

DEATH OF DR. BELL.—We regret to announce the death of an old and respected resident, Dr. Thomas Bell, which sad event took place at the hospital on Thursday morning last. The deceased gentleman had long been suffering from paralysis, and his death had been hourly expected for the past two or three weeks. Dr. Bell came to Cariboo in 1863, and a few months after his arrival was placed in charge of the hospital, which he conducted, until within a short time since, to the satisfaction of the public. There have been few more energetic prospectors in Cariboo than the doctor was. Claim after claim was tried, too often without success, and year after year brought disappointment after disappointment, until at length the weary brain succumbed under the pressure of the excitements and the disappointments which nearly every person engaged in gold mining experiences, and the result was the paralysis which caused his death. Dr. Bell was about 53 years of age, and was a native of England, where his wife and family reside. His remains were interred in the Cameronton cemetery this afternoon, and were followed to the grave by a large number of people.

THE ROADS.—The sudden and continuous thaw which set in last Saturday has made the roads almost impassable for travelling. The mail sleigh which left Barkerville at 4 o'clock last Sunday morning did not reach Beaver Pass until Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock—a distance of 20 miles. Since then teams have been three days going from Cottonwood to Quesnelmouth—26 miles. The road through the Lake la Hache valley and the Green Timbers is also in a very bad state owing to the unusual depth of the rapidly melting snow. For the next two or three weeks we must expect some irregularity in the arrival of the mails, as until a few feet of the snow has disappeared from the road it is impossible to tell how long it will take to get through from here to Quesnelmouth.

JUSTICES' COURT.—A case of using threatening and abusive language was heard before a resident Justice of the Peace, Mr Jonathan Nutt, at Richfield on Tuesday last, and the defendant bound over to keep the peace.

CHINA.—Measures are in course of adoption by the Chinese Government to utilize the abundant native supplies of coal and iron, instead of continuing to procure these indispensable commodities from Europe. The London Times devotes a leading article to the subject, and says that many will have felt that these measures in several ways imply changes which to Great Britain are of no ordinary importance. It is, however, more obvious what effect they will immediately produce on our general Eastern trade than how they may ultimately affect our domestic industries. We are gradually becoming accustomed to the loss of our former monopoly in the economical working of coal, and we have no reason to anticipate any but beneficial effects from the opening of the unlimited coal fields of China. The result will obviously be to economize and to cheapen coal in our own market, and to stimulate our general steam trade in the Pacific and Indian Oceans. The present design of the native administrator, under whose commission Mr Henderson has arrived in England is, indeed, limited to rendering the Chinese Imperial armaments independent of foreign supplies; but it is obvious that if capital and skill are once successfully employed in working the inexhaustible supplies of coal and iron which the soil of China affords, not only will they speedily go beyond this point, but it is impossible to set limits to the development of an industry so likely to acquire a firm establishment. China, roughly speaking, includes within its limits about a fourth of the human race, more homogenous, more industrious, and perhaps hardly less enterprising, when the opportunity occurs, than the inhabitants of any of the more modern nations which have hitherto outstripped her in the path of wealth and civilization. She is no longer a remote and forgotten corner of the earth. She lies in the very centre of the modern world, as Constantinople lay in the centre of the world of fifteen hundred years ago. From America, Australia, Russia, and India, as well as from Western Europe, modern ideas are now irresistibly impressed on this slumbering nationality. It is not easy to forecast exactly the ultimate result of introducing the vast industrial forces of China into the general current of commercial enterprise and competition; but if such a portentous change should in process of time be made, the value of labor throughout the world must as necessarily fall as the value of silver fell with the discovery of the mines of Peru. With regard to our own commercial interests, of course, the free competition of the huge population of China would revolutionize some conditions of our native industry. But such an effect must be very gradual; and in the meantime the mere influx of English skill could not fail in producing a beneficial effect on our ordinary trade and other relations with China, and a connexion so close as that which bids fair to be established would certainly lead to an increase, on the part of China, in the desire of communication with this country. Our iron trade, though comparatively less independent, cannot be affected for many years to come, though it is quite possible that this nation may, sooner than has been anticipated even by those who have threatened us with an approaching exhaustion of our coal fields, be destined to undergo a struggle for her commercial supremacy. We may, perhaps, hope that this prospect will afford matter for some serious consideration to English capitalists and laborers in the midst of the disastrous and suicidal struggles which have become almost epidemic among us. The edifice of our trade has not been built up by the blind operation of unintelligent force, nor by the mere calculation of proportions, balances and per centages. Minute economy, prudence and enterprise are as necessary to sustain as to found a commercial system, and those qualities are no longer so conspicuously developed as they once were in those with whom lies the maintenance of the main trade which has given us our present sovereignty in the markets of the world."

THE COUNTY COURTS.—It is stated that the Canadian Government will send from Canada three lawyers to preside in the County Courts of this Province, and that three of the present occupants of the bench here will be pensioned and retire from the service. As a natural consequence, the legal gentlemen of the Province feel that not only is a slight thrown upon them, but that it is an injustice, and a perpetuation of the Colonist doctrine—British Columbia is not for British Columbians.—[Standard.

NEW ADVERTISEMETS.

CARD.

THE undersigned desire to tender their most sincere and heartfelt thanks to the people of Cariboo for their generosity in responding so liberally to the appeal made to them to assist Peter McDonald.

The unfortunate recipient of the public favour will always entertain the most grateful recollection of the sympathy and kindness extended to him in his misfortune,—a feeling shared by the undersigned, who had the honor to solicit subscriptions on his behalf, the total sum received amounting to $2,105 50.

T. R. PATTULLO.
JOSEPH DENNY.
R. LIPSETT.
JOHN McLEAN.
JOHN MARTIN.
WM. FORRIST.
ROBT. McNAB.
GEO. VEITH.

RAFFLE.

A Large Solitaire Diamond Ring, and
Cluster Diamond Pin,

Will be raffled at the VULCAN SALOON STANLEY, on Saturday, the 24th of April.

100 chances, $5 a chance. The highest throw to take the Ring, the lowest the Pin.

Both articles are first-class, the Ring being one of the most valuable in the country.

Tickets can be obtained at the Vulcan Saloon, and of Joseph Denny, Lightning Creek

Public Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE

LANDS IN THE NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT

offered for sale by Public Auction on the 8th March and unsold, are now open for sale at the rate of

ONE DOLLAR PER ACRE,

on the following terms, viz.: A deposit of 50 cents per acre to be paid on application, and the balance in twelve months.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, March 20, 1875. ap10

F. Neufelder & Co,

(ROYAL HOTEL BUILDING,)
WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,

Commission Merchants and Importers
OF
AMERICAN, CANADIAN & EUROPEAN GOODS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
LEVI STRAUSS & CO.'S
Patent Clothing.

N.B.—This Patent is secured for the United States, Canada, England and Germany.
ap10

A large supply of the best American Coal Oil at J. H. Todd's

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a List of all persons within the Richfield, Lightning, and Quesnelmouth Polling Divisions of the Cariboo District who are liable to pay Road Tax for the year 1875 can be seen at the following places:

Court House, Richfield.
Telegraph Office, VanWinkle.
Post Office, Quesnelmouth.

JAMES LINDSAY,
Collector.
Barkerville, Feb, 8th, 1875,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. BYRNES,

BARKERVILLE,

Auctioneer, Commission and Mining Agent,

APPRASER AND CONVEYANCER.

☞ Goods received and stored in FIRE-PROOF CELLAR, and liberal advances made on same, at reasonable rates. my 8

Albion Restaurant,

BARKERVILLE.

CHEAP BOARD!

The price of Board at this Restaurant has been reduced to

Eight Dollars Per Week

SINGLE MEALS, - FIFTY CENTS.

BEDS, - FIFTY CENTS.

Cheap Grub!

BEEF AND MUTTON

From 6 to 12½ cents per lb

FLOUR, - - - - $8 per 100 lbs.
BUTTER, - - - 60 cents per lb.

AND ALL KINDS OF

VEGETABLES.

SAM. WALKER.
de5 Barkerville.

A. PENDOLA,

Barkerville & Richfield,

Importer and Dealer in

LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, GROCERIES, and PROVISIONS

WHICH HE WILL SELL

Cheap for Cash.

do

FOR SALE,
THE
Danielson Ranch,
QUESNELMOUTH.

Apply to
THADDEUS HARPER,
fe13 3m Clinton.

No more Cold Feet!

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S WINTER BOOTS
GENT'S, LADIES' & CHILDREN'S RUBBER OVERSHOES.
TWEED WATERPROOF CLOTH FOR LADIES' DRESSES.
CHILDREN'S MITTS & GLOVES.
LADIES' HOODS & CLOUDS, BLACK VELVET HATS, HOSE, &c., &c.

I will during the winter receive other Goods selected from the best Houses in Victoria.

☞ All orders from outlying districts promptly attended to and thankfully received.

All the above Goods Cheap for cash.

W. D. MOSES.
Barkerville, Dec. 5. de5

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, APRIL 17, 1875.

BY TELEGRAPH

CLINTON.

Clinton, 16th.—Barnard & Co.'s Express arrived here last Wednesday from Yale with the following passengers:—Wm. Shower, C. P. Pilgrakt, Thad. Harper, for Clinton; J. H. Ward for Soda creek; Thomas Potter, for Barkerville.

The roads above here are in a fearful state! B. VanVolkenburgh left here this morning. He intends going to Fraser river and taking up some beef cattle for the Cariboo market.

CANADA.

Montreal, 15th—The difficulty between the Merchants' Bank of Canada and the Detroit Railroad has resulted in the placing of the railway in the hands of a receiver.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY—WORK ON THE TELEGRAPH LINE SUSPENDED.

Ottawa, April 15th—Surveyors, with a large staff of assistants, will leave here next week for British Columbia to locate the Pacific Railway from the Rocky Mountains. Other parties are also being organized to prosecute the location surveys.

The Telegraph Line from Edmonton to the Pacific is not to be built until the railway is finally located.

EUROPE.

London, April 11—Paul Boynton did not make the entire distance to Boulogne by swimming. He was taken on board the Press steamer yesterday against his own will and within eight miles of the coast. The Queen and the Lord Mayor of London sent their congratulations to Boynton. The reports published declare that Boynton's discontinuance was solely at the remonstrances of his friends because of the increasing darkness and roughness of the channel. He fully proved his powers to succeed in ordinary circumstances. He was able to paddle fully six hours longer, and he was not visibly distressed.

Paris, 12th—Government has seized a number of Courbett's pictures under a decree confiscating his property to defray the expense of restoring the Vendome Column.

London, 12—The Bessemer steamer, constructed to overcome the motion of the sea, had a satisfactory trial trip from Gravesend to-day.

A Shanghai dispatch says two steamers engaged in the local trade came into collision, and the sudden sinking of one caused great loss of life.

In the Commons to-day, Levi Lewis asked what course the Government would take if the independence of Belgium was imperilled in consequence of her rejection of Prussian demands?

Disraeli said there had been great misrepresentation and exaggeration in the matter. The Prussian note to Belgium was not a menace, it was only a remonstrance. No reply had been made to Belgium's answer, and he believed the question was concluded. Germany had shown her cordiality for England by communicating to her the correspondence. In conclusion, Disraeli declared that were Belgian nationality threatened, and her Majesty's Government were prepared to do their duty to their sovereign, he could not fear to meet Parliament.

Berlin, 12th—The Berlin Post states that the article of the 8th inst. indicating possible war, was not inspired by the Government.

A Paris paper says the Pope has made representations through the Patriarch of Vienna to the Emperor of Austria that the persecutions of Germany were becoming more and more unbearable, and that if the unreasonable demands of Germany are not resisted by the Catholic Powers, the latter will lose their influence and become subject to the German Government, which is endeavoring to bring the whole German nationality under one sceptre. The Emperor, replying to this through the Austrian Ambassador at Rome, deplores the struggle between Church and State, and advices prudence.

Berlin, 13th—The North German Gazette accepts as reassuring the disavowal of warlike intentions by the French Press.

The Berlin Post says the draft has been completed of a bill prohibiting religious orders in Prussia, except those engaged in succoring the sick.

London, 14th—Twenty thousand persons yesterday witnessed the experiments of Paul Boynton with his life saving apparatus in the harbor of Bologne.

Baron Brunow, a Prussian diplomatist, died to-day.

The Newmarket handicap was won to-day by St. Ledger, Peeping Tom second, and Lord Gowery third.

Berlin, 16—In the Upper House of the Prussian Diet to-day, the Bill withdrawing the State grant from the Roman Catholic clergy was debated. Bismarck made a speech in which he declared that since the Vatican Council the Bishop's were merely the Pope's puppets. He said he was not an enemy of the Roman Catholic church; he fought only against the Papacy, which had adopted the principle of extermination of heretics, which was in enmity with the Gospel as well as with the Prussian State.

The French Government has made contracts in Bohemia for 10,000 horses to be delivered next June.

Hendaye, 14th—The Carlists have surprised Asht, near Santandre, and captured 200 prisoners and four guns.

Berlin, 14th—Government journals give tranquilizing assurances in regard to the relations of Germany with foreign powers.

Vienna, 14th—It is reported that the Turks have murdered 350 christians in Roumania and Bulgaria during the last three months, and that the names of the victims have been communicated to foreign representatives in Constantinople.

London, 15th—Bullion in the Bank of England increased £380,000 the past week. The proportion of Bank reserve to liabilities is 38½ per cent.

Paris, 15th—The French Academy elected Edward Sabine, an English General, corresponding member of the class of photographs and navigation, in the place of Chas. E. Leanhead.

London, 15th—Mr Taylor, a revivalist from California, will commence a series of meetings in the Victoria Theatre on Sunday next.

In the House of Commons to-day there was a long and excited debate on the petition praying for the dismissal from the Bench of the Judges who sat in the Tichborne trial, on the ground of partiality and corruption, and for the impeachment of the Speaker of the House of Commons for similar reasons. On motion of Disraeli the petition was rejected.

The annual Budget was submitted to the House to night by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It shows that the surplus of receipts over expenditure for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1875, was £593,833; the expenditures for the current fiscal year are estimated at £75,268,000; revenue at £75,685,000, leaving a surplus of £417,000. The Chancellor states that the estimates were liable to be changed by supplementary estimates in connection with Irish educational measures and other matters. The only change in taxes he proposes is a readjustment of stamps and brewers' licenses, through which he expects the surplus to be reduced to £300,000.

Childers said the estimates were too finely drawn, and he anticipated a deficit.

The Budget included the following plan for the reduction of the public debt: The interest for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1876, is estimated at £27,115,000, this charge is to be gradually increased until it amounts to £28,000,000 in 1877, at which figure it shall permanently remain. The yearly surplus which is not required for payment of interest shall be applied for the redemption of the debt; thus in 30 years £213,000,000 of the debt can be cancelled.

MINING INTELIGENCE.

CONKLIN GULCH.

The Ferguson co. have commenced washing on top. The Ontario co. are fixing up. Cora co. on good pay, and will put on two shifts next week.

WILLIAMS CREEK.

Most of the claims on the line of the drain have been obliged to stop work in consequence of the increase of water. The drain is considered to be in good order. The water in the different creeks is raising fast, and we may expect the freshets at least two weeks earlier than usual.

JACK OF CLUBS.

The Two Sisters co. started on their drain this week.

LIGHTNING CREEK.

VanWinkle co. 190 oz last week, 117 oz. on Wednesday. Victoria co. 800 oz. last week. Vancouver co. 206 oz last week; not washed up this week. Vulcan co. 70 oz. last week; 30 oz. on Wednesday. Costello co. 17 oz. last week, 13 oz. on Wednesday; this company got a prospect of $30 to the shovel last week, but as the ground in which the prospect was struck is lower than the drain, it will probably be another week before they can test it. The water is rising in the creek, and it is feared if the hot weather continues, that the claims will have to shut down.

BY EXPRESS.—A further supply of drugs, patent and proprietary medicines, has been received at the Barkerville Drug Store. Dr. Chipp will attend on Lightning every Sunday up to noon as usual.

WILLIAMS CREEK FLUME ORDINANCE EXTENSION ACT, 1875.

Following is a copy of the Act recently passed to extend the charter of the Williams Creek Bed-Rock Flume and Ditch Company:

AN ACT to amend and extend the provisions of the "Williams Creek Flume Ordinance, 1866."

Whereas it is expedient to renew for a period of ten years, from the 29th day of March, 1876, all and singular the rights, privileges and benefits conferred upon the Williams Creek Bed-Rock Flume and Ditch Company (limited) by the "Williams Creek Flume Ordinance, 1866;"

Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:

1. The "Williams Creek Flume Ordinance, 1866," is hereby amended by striking out the word "ten" wherever it occurs in the said Ordinance, and substituting the word 'twenty' in the place thereof.

2. The Ditch privileges shall be subject to Clause 111 of the "Gold Mining Ordinance, 1867," but without prejudice to the rights of the Company to use all the water stored by them, independent of the natural flow from Jack of Clubs creek.

3. This Act shall be cited for all purposes as the "Williams Creek Flume Extension Ordinance Extension Act, 1875."

Clause 111 of the "Gold Mining Ordinance, 1867," reads as follows:

Every grant of a ditch or water privilege in occupied creeks, shall be subject to the right of such registered Free Miners as shall at the time of such grant be working on the stream above or below the ditch head, and of any other person or persons whatsoever who are then in any way lawfully using such water, for any purpose whatsoever.

EDITOR SENTINEL:—May I beg of a space for a few lines to inform the various parties interested in the claims that I surveyed for Crown Grants, that I have lost no time in making the necessary inquiries on their behalf on my arrival in Victoria last November, and again on my return from San Francisco. Various reasons are assigned for the delay. However, Hon. Mr Beavens informed me yesterday that they are put in hand for completion. The Deadwood and Black Bull deeds have been sent on, and others will soon follow. I have made an appointment to call on my return from Saanich in about a fortnight and give any assistance that may be needed before starting up. As this is a question concerning so many, and has caused so much uneasiness already, it will be a sufficient excuse for my troubling you.

JOHN EVANS.

Victoria, March 26, 1875.

P.S.—Many have written to the Lands and Works Department and complain of having had no satisfactory reply. This letter will, I have no doubt, allay all fears of any intention on the part of the Government to take any undue advantage. J. E.

BENEVOLENCE.—The people of Cariboo have always been noted for their benevolence. To be able to assist the distressed is a great pleasure to the good man, unfortunately, however, few are always in a position to gratify their inclinations in this respect; but when we bear in mind, that a large proportion of the handsome sum raised for Peter McDonald was given by men who could ill afford their donations, we must say that the most admirable of all the Christian virtues, Charity, is deeply engrafted in the hearts of our miners. The sum raised amounts to $2105 50, and in a card published in another column the collection committee, on behalf of the recipient, thank the public for their generosity.

THE EXPRESS left Quesnelmouth at 10.30 this morning, and it is expected will be able to get as far as Cottonwood with the sleigh. From thence the mails and express matter will have to be packed in by Indians. The mail cannot therefore be expected to arrive at Barkerville before to-morrow night or possibly Monday morning. In order to make the usual connections, the down mail will close at 9 o'clock to-night.

THE C. P. R. TELEGRAPH LINE.—An Ottawa dispatch says the section of this line between Edmonton and the Pacific will not be built until the railway route is located. We suppose, however, that the present British Columbia Telegraph line will be extended as far as Kamloops. It is evident from recent developments that the Bute Inlet route will be adopted for the railway.

AUDACIOUS IMPOSTORS.—The trial of two audacious impostors who had defranded tradesmen and others of considerable sums was concluded lately at Marseilles, France. One of them was the illegitimate daughter of a merchant named Jaures and the wife of a M. Saulnier, foster-brother of the Emperor Napoleon and a Sub Prefect under the Empire, and from whom she had been separated since 1862. Her accomplice was a homœopathic doctor named Boissy. The former first appeared in the town as an opera singer, styling herself Mdlle. Stellani; but she represented herself as the daughter by a secret marriage of the Austrian Archduchess Matilda, and entitled on reaching her 40th year to estates worth £300,000 a year. She gained admission to the best society, General Espivant, the Commandant, inviting her to his table and to his box at the Opera. Boissy, it is believed, was at first her dupe, but ultimately her accomplice, and they cohabited together, though there is no proof of the marriage ceremony having been performed. Boissy dubbed himself Marquis de Boissy, passing himself off as the representative of one of the oldest families in France, and they obtained letters of introduction to the Comte de Chambord, their visit to whom at Bruges strengthened the belief in their high rank. Boissy got up several bubble companies, using the names of real or fictitious English and Austrian Generals and Admirals as directors. They lived in the greatest style, not only obtaining everything they wanted on credit, but borrowing considerable sums on the strength of letters purporting to be addressed to them by the Emperor of Austria, and forged wills bequeathing them property. One witness alone lent them more than £5,000. On their Marseilles creditors becoming clamorous they removed to Paris, hiring a mansion at Passy, and living at the rate of £1500 a year. Their credit became at length exhausted, and they were apprehended as swindlers. At the trial, Boissy's counsel represented him as a dupe, stating that the other prisoner unintentionally revealed her rank to him while mesmerized, and he proposed that Boissy should mesmerize her in an ante-room of the court in the presence of the Judge, who, however, was naturally unable to see that this would throw any light on the case. On behalf of the female prisoner, letters were put in addressed to her by M. Gounod and other composers and musicians, and it was shown that she gained a first prize at the Paris Conservatoire by her skill on the violoncello. Her musical talents, indeed, were admitted to be great, and it appeared she had performed in London and other capitals, sometimes adopting the names of Genlis and Lagrange. The prisoners were both convicted and sentenced to five years' imprisonment, with a fine of 1,000 francs and five years' suspension of civic rights.

GLARING IMPERTINENCE.—Referring to the correspondence arising out of Mr Walkem's mission to England, it is refreshing to see that the interests of the Province have not been overlooked by outsiders. In a report of a committee of the honorable the Privy Council of Canada, 1874, the following sentence occurs: "An application was made by one prominent gentleman, an ex-member of Parliament, to the Government here, to know if the proposals made by Mr J. D. Edgar would still be adhered to. If so, he pledged himself to secure their compliance by the bulk of the people of British Columbia." The gentleman referred to in this report is clearly the late juvenile representative for Victoria city (Mr Henry Nathan). We ask the electors of this, the principal constituency of the Province, if they can contemplate placing the welfare of the entire community in the hands of such an unimportant individual?—[Victoria Standard.

DISALLOWED.—The Land Act, 1874, has been disallowed by the Dominion Government. The Land Ordinance, 1870, is therefore again in operation.

HIGH WATER ON LIGHTNING.—The Victoria and Vancouver companies were obliged to shut down to day. The Victoria washed up before so doing, and had 560 oz.

THE ICE on Quesnel and Fraser rivers has broken up.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a List of all persons within the District of Clinton and Williams Lake Division of the Cariboo District who are liable to pay Road Tax for the year 1875 has been posted at the following places:

Court House, Clinton.
Mr Yeates', Soda Creek.
Post Office, 150 Mile House.
Post Office, Dog Creek.

C. E. POPE,
Collector.

Clinton, Jan. 18, 1875.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAMUEL SMITH,

STANLY, - - LIGHTNING CREEK,

Has on hand a choice stock of

Prvisions, Groceries,

LIQUORS, CIGARS, CLOTHING, &C.

which he will sell,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

au1

Christmas Presents,

Mechanical Toys,

Diaries, Illustrated ALMANACS,

GOLD PENS, FANCY STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, and other iktas.

A large stock of

Drugs & Patent Medicines

AT THE

BARKERVILLE DRUG STORE.

SURVEYING.

PARTIES INTENDING TO AVAIL themselves of the new Mining Law and to purchase their ground, can have the Survey of the same and Maps made by addressing

CAPT. O. J. TRAVAILLOT.

Notice to Claimants of Land.

LILLOOET DISTRICT.

TOWNSHIP NO.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the provisions of the "Land Act, 1874," the following lands situate in the District of Lillooet, opposite Big Dog Creek, right bank of Fraser River, have been subdivided by Surveys and Maps thereof have been deposited in the Office of C. E. Pope, Esq., Clinton:

Sections 1, 2, 2.
East half of Section 4.
" " " 9.
Sections 10, 11, and 12.
Fractional Sections 13, 14.
West half of Section 15.
North half of Section 16.
Sections 20, 21, 22.
Fractional Section 25.
Sections 26, 27, 28, 29, 34.
South half of Section 35.
Fractional Section 36.

And that claimants of any portion of this land who have not obtained Crown Grants thereof should prove up their claims in accordance with Clause 21, "Land Act, 1874."

Forms of proof and declarations can be obtained at the office of the Commissioner, Clinton.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Office,
Victoria, Dec. 19, 1874. ja7

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following land in New Westminster District are hereby reserved until further notice:

TOWNSHIP NO. 1.

Block No. 1 North, Range 1 West, Sections 25, 26, 36 of Section 1.
Block 1 North, Range 1 West, Section 27 of Sec. 2.
Northeast fractional quarter of Section 28, known as Lot 17.

TOWNSHIP NO. 4.

Southeast quarter of Section 6.
Southwest quarter of Section 6.

TOWNSHIP NO. 5.

Group 2, Lot 169.

R. BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner Lands and Works.

Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, Feb. 12, 1875.

THE FOLLOWING IS AN

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER

dated 15th May, 1872, from an old inhabitant of Horningsham, near Warminster, Wilts:

"I must also beg to say that your Pills are an excellent medicine for me, and I certainly do enjoy good health, sound sleep, and a good appetite. This is owing to taking your Pills. I am 78 years old."

"Remaining, Gentlemen, yours very respectfully, L. S."

To the Proprietors of

NORTON'S CAMOMILE PILLS, London

NOTICES.

Public Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following are the Boundaries of the Land Recording Districts in the Province of British Columbia:

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

The Land Recording District of New Westminster shall be bounded on the South by the Southern Boundary of the Province (the 49th Parallel of North Latitude) to a point about 65 miles East from the shore of the Gulf of Georgia, said point being the South-Eastern corner of New Westminster District, and the South-Western corner of the Yale District; on the East by a line (being also the Western boundary of the Yale District) running North from the said South-Eastern corner, crossing Fraser River about 8 miles above the mouth of Harrison River, to a distance of about 45 miles, and thence North-West by North about 50 miles, at an average distance of about 10 miles East from the general course of the Douglas Portage, to the North-Eastern corner of said District, which is also the North-Western corner of Yale District; on the North by a line (being also the Southern boundary, in part, of the Lillooet District), thence running West from said last named corner, crossing Lillooet Lake at a point about equi-distant from either end, and touching the extreme Northern point of Jervis Inlet (which is the South-West corner of Lillooet District) thence to Forbes Bay on the shore of Desolation Sound; and on the West, by a line running through the middle of Homfray Channel to Sarah Point; and thence in a straight line Southerly to the most Westerly point of Savary Island; thence to mid channel of Gulf of Georgia; thence to the centre of Sabine channel to the boundary of Nanaimo Land Recording District, following through the centre of said channel to a point opposite Point Upwood. Texada Island: thence following the mid channel of the Strait of Georgia to the North-Eastern corner of Cowichan District; thence West on the 49th Parallel to point of commencement, and shall include the following Islands:—'Roffy,' 'Mary,' 'Melville,' 'Morgan,' 'Otter,' 'Mink,' 'Rugged,' 'Savary,' 'Harwood,' 'Texada,' 'Hardy,' 'Nelson,' 'Captain,' 'Pearson,' 'Thormandy,' 'Trail,' 'White,' 'Anvil,' 'Defence,' 'Woolbridge,' 'Gambier,' 'Keats,' 'Bowen,' 'Pasley,' 'Popham,' 'Woolcombe,' and 'Passage,' and all other small Islands not enumerated within said boundaries.

DISTRICT OF YALE (YALE DIVISION).

The Yale Land Recording Division shall be bounded on the West by a line commencing on the 49th Parallel of North Latitude 65 miles East from the Gulf of Georgia, being also the South-Eastern corner of New Westminster Land Recording District; thence North about 45 miles; thence North about 45 miles; thence North-West about 50 miles to a point being the North-Easterly corner of New Westminster District; thence East about 37 miles to a point near the junction of the Thompson and Nicola Rivers; thence in a South-Easterly direction, running parallel to the general course of the Nicola River, and distant about 7 miles therefrom, for a distance of about 35 miles to Goldwater River; thence in a Southerly direction along the trail to a point 2 miles West of Princeton; thence due South to the 49th Parallel, about 36 miles; thence along the said parallel to the point of commencement.

DISTRICT OF YALE (KAMLOOPS DIVISION).

The Kamloops Land Recording Division shall be bounded on the South by a line commencing at a point 2 miles West of Princeton, running due East to the South point of Okanagan Lake; thence on the East by a line running Northward, and following the Eastern shore of Okanagan Lake to its head; thence due North to Round Lake; thence on the South by a line running due East to the Eastern boundary of Yale Electoral District, being also the Western boundary of Kootenay District; thence following the Western boundary of Kootenay District, to the North-East corner of Yale Electoral District; thence on the North by the Southern boundary, in part of Lillooet District, running West from the said last named corner, and passing about three miles North of Seymour, to a distance of about 20 miles; thence in a direct line about 65 miles, to a point on the North Thompson River (Meridian Bend) about 15 miles North of Kamloops; thence in a direct line about 15 miles North of Kamloops; thence in a direct line about 50 lines to the 114 mile post on the wagon road from Yale to Clinton; thence in a direct line 60 miles to the South West corner of the said Yale Electoral District, being also the North-East corner of New Westminster District; thence following the Northern and Eastern boundaries of the Yale Land Recording Division to the point of commencement.

DISTRICT OF YALE (OSOOYOOS DIVISION).

The Osooyoos Land Recording District shall be bounded on the South by the 49th Parallel, commencing at a point (being also the South-East corner of the Yale Land Recording Division); thence running West to the Western boundary of Kootenay District thence running Northward along the said Western boundary to the South-East corner of the Kamloops Land Recording Division; thence following the Southern and Eastern boundaries of said Land Recording Division, to the South-Western corner of the said Kamloops Land Recording Division; thence due South along the boundary of the Yale Land Recording Division to point of commencement.

LILLOOET DISTRICT.

The Land Recording District of Lillooet shall be bounded on the East by a line (being also the Western boundary, in part, of the Kootenay District) commencing from the North-Eastern corner of Yale Electoral District; thence following a course parallel to the general course of the Columbia River and about ten miles distant therefrom, 50 miles to a point on the 52d Parallel of North Latitude, which is the North-Eastern corner of said Lillooet District, and the South-Eastern corner of Cariboo District; on the North by the said 52d Parallel (being also the Southern boundary of Cariboo District) crossing the Cariboo Road at the 138th mile post, for a distance of about 220 miles, to a point on the 124th Meridian, which is the North-Western corner of said Lillooet District, and the South-Western corner of Cariboo District; on the West by the said 124th Meridian, a distance of about 125 miles, to the point where the said Meridian intersects the Northern boundary of New Westminster District, at the Northern extremity of Jervis Inlet; on the South by the Northern boundary of New Westminster District, to the North-Eastern corner of said District (which is also the North-Western corner of Yale Electoral District) and thence by the Northern boundary before described, of said Yale Electoral District, to the South-Eastern corner of said Lillooet District, which is also the North-Eastern corner of Yale Electoral District.

DISTRICT OF KOOTENAY.

The Land Recording District of Kootenay shall be bounded on the West by the before described Eastern boundaries of Yale Electoral and Lillooet Districts up to the North-Eastern corner of Lillooet District, which is also the South-Eastern corner of Cariboo District, and thence by a line (being also the South-Eastern boundary of Cariboo District) following the general course of the Columbia River, and distant from it about 10 miles, for a further distance of about 50 miles, to a point on the 118th Meridian, about 15 miles North-East of the Boat Encampment, and thence by the 118th Meridian (being also the Eastern boundary, in part, of Cariboo District) to the summit of the Rocky Mountains the Eastern boundary of the Province; on the East by the said Eastern boundary of the Province; and on the South by the 49th Parallel, the Southern boundary of the Province.

DISTRICT OF CARIBOO.

The Land Recording District of Cariboo shall be bounded on the West by the 124th Meridian, which is also the Eastern boundary of the Coast District; on the South by the 52d Parallel, which is also the Northern boundary of Lillooet District; on the South-East by the before described boundary, in part, of Kootenay District; on the East by the 118th Meridian of West Longitude (being also the Western boundary, in part, of Kootenay District) to the summit of the Rocky Mountains and thence Northward by the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and by the 120th Meridian of West Longitude, the Eastern boundary of the Province; and on the North by the 60th Parallel of North Latitude, the Northern boundary of the Province.

DISTRICT OF OMINECA.

The Land Recording District of Omineca shall be bounded on the South by the 54th Parallel of North Latitude; on the East by the 124th Meridian of East Longitude; on the North by the 56th Parallel; and on the West by the 127th Meridian of East Longitude.

DISTRICT OF CASSIAR.

The Cassiar Land Recording District shall be bounded on the South by the 56th Parallel of North Latitude; on the East by the 124th Meridian of West Longitude; on the North by the 60th Parallel; and on the West by Alaska, a Territory of the United States of America.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Chief Commissioner Lands & Works,

Lands and Works Office,
Victoria, July 18th, 1874. se5

LEA & PERRINS'

Celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs to be

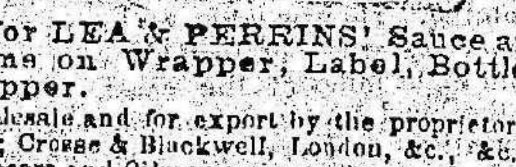
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

Caution against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to procure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER, AND BOTTLE.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.



Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

Pubic Notice.

PRIVATE BILLS.

All applications for Private Bills, properly the subject of legislation by the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, within the purview of "The British North America Act, 1867," whether for the erection of a Bridge, the making of a Railroad, Turnpike Road, or Telegraph Line, the construction or improvement of a Harbor, Canal, Lock, Dam or Slide, or other like work; the granting of a right of Ferry; the Incorporation of any particular trade or calling, or of any Joint Stock Company; or otherwise for granting to any individual or individuals any exclusive or peculiar rights or privileges whatever, or for doing any matter or thing which in its operation would affect the right or property of other parties, or relate to any particular class of the community; or for making any amendment of a like nature to any former Act, shall require a Notice, clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object of the application, to be published as follows, viz.:

A Notice inserted in the British Columbia Gazette, and in one newspaper published in the district affected, or if there be no newspaper published therein, then in a newspaper in the next nearest district in which a newspaper is published.

Such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks, during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the petition.

Before any Petition praying for leave to bring in a Private Bill for the erection of a Toll Bridge is presented to the House, the person or persons intending to petition for such Bill shall, upon giving the notice prescribed in the preceding Rule, also at the same time, and in the same manner, give notice of the rates which they intend to ask, the extent of the privilege, the height of the arches, the interval between the abutments or piers for the passage of rafts or vessels, and mentioning also whether they intend to erect a drawbridge or not, and the dimensions of the same.

J. ROWLAND HETT,
ju4 Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Gold Commissioner's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on and after the

FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT,

all Claims in the Cariboo District may be laid over until the 20th May, 1875, subject to the 9th Section of the Gold Mining Amendment Act, 1872.

H. M. BALL,
Gold Commissioner.

Richfield, 7th October, 1874. oc10

Government Assay Office

BARKERVILLE.

FROM THIS DATE THE ASSAY Charge for lots of Gold Dust of Fifteen Ounces or under is

REDUCED TO TWO DOLLARS,

and for

MINERAL ASSAYS TO FIVE DOLLARS,

the latter payable in advance.

W. HITCHCOCK.

Aug. 26th 1874. se20lm