The Cariboo Sentinel.

Vol. 10. Barkerville, William Creek, B.C., Saturday, April 1, 1871. No. 22

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

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ROBERT HOLLOWAY.

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" " one month, - -	5
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" " one month, - - - - - -	8

Agents for the "Cariboo Sentinel."

Van Winkle, - - -	Mr J. W. Lindhart
Quesnelmouth, - - -	Barnard's Express
Soda Creek, - - - -	Barnard's Express
Clinton, - - - - -	Barnard's Express
Yale, - - Mr. Evans,	do do
New Westminster - - -	Clarkson & Co
Victoria, - - - - -	John Collens
J. P. Fisher, - - - -	San Francisco
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THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

Cards, Circulars, Posters and Programmes for Balls and Theatrical Entertainments

Executed with neatness and dispatch. Terms moderate.

THE GERMAN BUGBEAR.

In forecasting the political future of Germany, and with it, to some extent, that of continental Europe, the friends of progress are apt to conclude that absolutism will from the close of the present war date a new lease of power. In coming to this conclusion, however, a few data may have been omitted; and if the premises are incomplete the conclusion can hardly be sound. There can be no doubt that the personal qualities and predilections of potentates have much to do with hastening or retarding the course which their prerogatives have to run. In England this was shown both under the Tudors and the Stuarts, and has been felt to some extent under the present House of Hanover. It has been seen in France and in Spain, and doubtless will hereafter be manifested in the case of the Prussian Monarchy. Under this dynasty, the idea of reigning by divine right seems to have culminated with the present King. It will have been insensibly strengthened by the policy of a bold and domineering Minister; and fostered by military success, combined with a strong sense, real or affected, of an all-directing Providence—whose good pleasure, it is presumed, it has been to watch over Prussia, and to promote to Imperial honor its House of Hohenzollern.

But we must not stay here and suppose we have solved the riddle, or made aright the calculation in which there are yet other and unaccounted for factors. The very next in order of succession—the Crown Prince of Prussia—is not likely to run a career taking its shaping impulse from Bismark, like the ball from the hand of a skilful player. In 1863 the Prince protested against the unconstitutional interference of the Government with the rights of Parliament and the freedom of the Press. In May and June, 1868, he wrote letters to the King and to Bismark, protesting against the evasion of the charter of the people. At that time he offered to resign his commission and retire from Berlin and from the Court, rather than refrain from uttering what he thought and felt on behalf of the constitution which the people had fondly deemed was to be inviolable. On that occasion he concluded a letter to the King with the words, "I entreat your Majesty not to touch the laws." There are many who will remember his words still more recently to certain French gentlemen who were brought into his presence immediately after the battle of Woerth. He said: "I do not like war, gentlemen. If I should reign I would never make it. If it only depended on myself this war would end here. It is your Ministers and the Emperor who would have it; it was not I who wanted it."

And this man must soon be Emperor. A dutiful and chivalrous son; who dared go into the ranks of opposition to his royal father and his redoubtable minister. Is it not likely, then, that his dominant endeavor, when he shall fill the throne, will be the peaceable advancement of his country's welfare, and a quiet consolidation of its victories already won? Is he likely to obstinately stand in the way of the domestic freedom of other nations, or to attack that of his own? We think not. On the contrary, the personal character and antecedents of the Prince and future Emperor give occasion to believe that Germany will become a bulwark against despotism, and that its future influence will be ennobling and beneficent, rather than dwarfing and malign.—[Montreal Witness.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY.

M. Grevy, who has been elected to the important position of President of the French Constituent Assembly, has already been conspicuous in French politics. He was born in 1813, in the department of the Jura, and went from college to Paris, where he studied for the Bar. He took part in the revolution of July, 1830, and was one of the combatants who captured the Babylone barracks. He was admitted to the Paris Bar, and soon distinguished himself in defending political prisoners, and notably by his defence of the companions of Barbes, who was tried in 1839. In 1848, he acted as Commissary of the Provisional Government in the Jura, and gave general satisfaction by his prudent and conciliatory conduct. Owing to his great popularity, he was elected to the Constituent Assembly of 1848, by 65,000 votes, and was thus the first on the list of the eight representatives from the department.

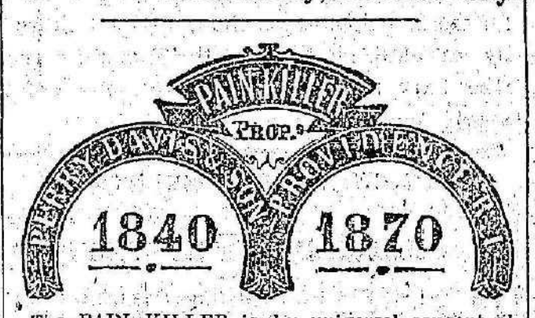
In the Assembly, he served on the Committee on Justice, and acted as Vice-President. He spoke frequently from the tribune, and was regarded as one of the ablest and most forcible of the orators of the democratic party. While he maintained an independent position between the Socialist and Mountain parties, he usually voted with the ultra-radicals. He became remarkable by an amendment which he proposed to the Constitution, giving the Executive power to a citizen, to be known as the President of the Council of Ministers, who was to be elected by the National Assembly for an unlimited term, but removable at pleasure. This amendment was rejected at the sitting of October 7, 1848, by 643 to 158 votes. After the election of Louis Napoleon, he continued in opposition to him, and disapproved of the Roman expedition.

M. Grevy was elected to the Legislative Assembly, where, without making common cause with the Mountain party, he was one of the principal opponents of the Government. After the coup d'etat he returned to the practice of his profession. Within the last two years he returned to public life, and, as a democratic opposition candidate, was elected to represent a district in the Jura in the Corps Legislatif by 22,000 out of the 32,000 votes cast. This was the first time that the administration was so completely defeated in the country. This success was regarded as so decisive that the Government placed no official candidate against him at the next election, when he was re-elected by a great majority. The career of M. Grevy shows that he has always remained on the side of the people, and although sometimes impracticable in his views, he erred only on the side of liberty. Coming from a provincial district, and independent of party, he seems well adapted for the responsible position to which he has been chosen.—[N. Y. Tribune.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

DIVORCES.

Absolute Divorces legally obtained in New-York, Indiana, Illinois, and other States, for persons from any State or country, legal everywhere; desertion, drunkenness, non-support, etc., sufficient cause; no publicity. No charge until divorce is obtained. Advice free. Address, MOORE & RICHARDSON.
Counsellors at Law,
180 Broadway, New-York City.



The PAIN KILLER is by universal consent allowed to have won for itself a reputation unsurpassed in the history of medical preparations. Its instantaneous effect in the eradication and extinction of Pain in all its various forms incident to the human family, and the unsolicited written and verbal testimony of the masses in its favor, have been, and are its own best advertisements.

The ingredients of the PAIN KILLER, being purely VEGETABLE, render it a perfectly safe and efficacious remedy taken internally, as well as for external applications, when used according to directions. The stain upon linen from its use is easily removed by washing with alcohol.

This Medicine, justly celebrated for the cure of so many of the afflictions incident to the human family, has now been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and has found its way into almost every corner of the world; and wherever it has been used, the same opinion is expressed of its medical properties.

In any attack, where prompt action upon the system is required, the Pain Killer is invaluable. Its almost instantaneous effect in Relieving Pain is truly wonderful; and when used according to directions, is true to its name, a PAIN KILLER. mh4

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR,

FOR SALE AT CLINTON MILLS

SODA CREEK,

QUESNELLE, and

BARKERVILLE

J. HARPER,

Van Volkenburgh & Co.

Retail Butchers,

BARKERVILLE, RICHFIELD

—AND—

VAN WINKLE.

A SUPPLY OF THE

BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MEAT

ALWAYS ON HAND.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TIN SHOP.

Sheet and Cast Iron Stoves

TIN PLATE & SHEET IRON.

ALL JOBBING WORK IN TIN, COPPER, Sheet Iron, Zinc and Lead Piping, attended to with promptness, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Hardware Iron & Steel

Blasting Powder,

HARNESS, ETC., ETC

FOR SALE.

E. PEARSON & BROS.,

BARKERVILLE AND QUESNELMOUTH.

DR. SIDDALL,

Physician & Dentist,

Has returned to Barkerville, and may be consulted at his old stand.

Dr SIDDALL returns many thanks to the people of the Lower Country for their kindness and patronage while on his professional tour, and by strict attention to business trusts to retain the confidence previously bestowed upon him by the people of Cariboo.

In all branches of Dental work he warrants to give satisfaction or return the money, and pay the patient for the time lost while sitting in his chair.

Teeth extracted in a style that will defy the world to excel, and Teeth filled with pure Gold and Silver or with the Os Artificial Filling, which will save any tooth, even when introduced upon a bleeding nerve.

Teeth put in upon plate and upon pivots. Parties who may require the Doctor's services would do well to make an early call, as he does not intend to remain long in Barkerville.

☞ Remember that the charges are moderate, and he off ce opposite the Assay Office, Barkerville.

VAN WINKLE STORE,

LIGHTNING CREEK.

MINERS AND TRADERS will find it to their advantage to purchase at this Store, where there i

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS

Of the very best description on hand, and the Stock constantly replenished by new arrivals. The proprietors will sell Goods

AS CHEAP AS ANY IN CARIBOO.

Orders promptly filled, and forwarded with dispatch

BEEDY & LINDHARD,
Van Winkle, Proprietors

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO INFORM HIS friends and the public, that he has fitted up some

COMFORTABLE BED-ROOMS

n his new building, where he is prepared to give good Beds at a reasonable price. Those who will favor him with their patronage, may depend on the cleanness and comfort of his house.

He takes also this opportunity to remind the Cariboolites that his Brewery has received the FIRST PRIZE of the Colony for his celebrated

XXX ALE,

And the true amateurs will be able to judge by themselves that such honorable prize has been justly awarded to him.

N. B.—A large front room to let.
Barkerville Jan. 23 1869. N. CUNIO

SAWNEY'S LETTERS

AND

CARIBOO RHYMES!

BY JAMES ANDERSON.

PRICE, - - - ONE DOLLAR

For sale at the SENTINEL Office and forwarded by post, free of charge. my 29

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1871.

OMINECA.

Mr R. Sylvester, with an express, left here on 29th inst. for Germansen creek. The tide of emigration from this section has lulled considerably of late, and the probability is that scarcely any more men will leave till the river navigation is open, and they would be very foolish if they did, as from Mr Sylvester's account of the amount of provisions on hand, published in our last, it will be evident to any one that even supposing the men wintering above are all fully provided for until supplies are got in, there is not more than sufficient to supply those already gone up, if they have the money to pay for them, as most of them we believe have.

The immigration from below appears to be setting in briskly already, and no doubt a large number will be ready at Quesnelmouth to avail themselves of the breaking up of the ice to make the earliest start. Of these a good many will, we expect, find employment, if the route is pronounced favorable, on the contemplated wagon road over the Giscome portage and improvements in river navigation on Crooked and Omineca rivers, which, if to be made at all, should be pushed forward energetically without an hour's delay, so as to gain for our inland route the prestige of being able to defeat competition from the coast before supplies can be got in from the Skeena route, as it is always much easier to maintain the superiority of a means of travel once opened than to break down the barrier of prejudice which every established route must inevitably enlist in its favor. From present appearances, we are inclined to think that though a considerable number of men must leave Cariboo this spring for the new diggings, still there will not be the universal exodus which was predicted some time ago, the number of claims now paying and the prospects of the section in general being such as to convince many who at first were seized with the "Peace River Fever" that the chances for prospecting are still as good in Cariboo as in Omineca or any other portion of the colony, and very few who have sufficient grounds to anticipate the realization of a remunerative season's work will be tempted to abandon anything approaching a certainty for the dazzling hopes of fortune which are placed before their vision at a distance.

Rumors have been prevalent here for the last week of new creeks and diggings having been struck this winter, and of excellent prospects having been found on Germansen creek in deep diggings, but we have not been able to trace them to any reliable source; and from the fact that Sylvester possessed no knowledge of anything of the sort, we can only set them down as the chimeras of some excited brain.

Shooting Affray at Sumass—Telegraphic advices have been received at Quesnelmouth of one of those bloody affrays from which, thanks to the prompt justice meted out to offenders when caught, our colony has hitherto happily enjoyed almost an immunity. From the accounts received, it appears that a man well known in Cariboo and throughout the country by the cognomen of "Oregon John," formerly a packer, and who bears the reputation of being a desperate character, though he has never come within the pale of the law in this colony before, had an altercation with an ox teamster named Anderson at Sumass, in which he is reported to have assaulted Anderson. The latter left for Westminster to lodge a complaint, and returned in company with a constable—George Wilson, the Cariboo ex-pugilist. They attempted to arrest Oregon John, who being armed with a double barreled shot-gun, fired upon them and wounded both. It is not yet known what the extent of the men's injuries are. The perpetrator of the crime is reported to have made good his escape across the line to Washington Territory.

The Weather—"March comes in like a lion and goes out like a lamb" is an old saying; and if the snow which fell all day yesterday is to be taken as emblematical of the lamb's snowy fleece, the proverb may be considered as holding its own even in Cariboo. In other respects there has been little of the lamb to boast of lately; the weather during the month though never getting as cold as we have seen before in March, having been generally disagreeable with a great deal of snow, what has fallen for the last few days being very soft. The roads in this neighborhood keep good, no thaw having set in yet; below Cottonwood they are becoming bad.

Quesnelmouth—Things at Quesnelmouth, we learn, are more lively than they have been for a long time on account of so many men being in town getting ready to start for Omineca. There is quite a fleet of boats of various sizes and descriptions ready to start as soon as navigation commences. The river is now clear in the middle as far as can be seen, and in another week or ten days will probably be free of ice. The snow has all disappeared and there has been some rain. Brown & Gillis' old established favorite hotel is crowded with boarders. Charles Danielson continues in a precarious state.

Theatre Royal—It will be seen that the Amateurs intend giving a performance on this day week, on which occasion the well known favorite play of "State Secrets, or, The Tailor of Tamworth," will be presented for the first time in Cariboo, to be followed by an entertainment by the Minstrel corps, who have not been before the public for nearly four months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dissolution of Partnership

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CARRIED ON AT Barkerville between T. de Nouvion and David Kurtz, under the name of DE NOUVION & KURTZ, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, David Kurtz having purchased the interest of T. de Nouvion therein.

David Kurtz will collect all debts due to the firm and pay all liabilities of the same.

T. DE NOUVION.
DAVID KURTZ

Barkerville, March 27, 1871. apl 1m

NOTICE.

A BOX OF CLOTHING AND OTHER ARTICLES having been left at the Court House, Richfield, in the year 1866, marked on the outside J. MORRIS, notice is hereby given that unless the said J. Morris or his authorized agent shall claim the same on or before the 30th day of APRIL, 1871, the same will be sold by Public Auction.

H. M. BALL,
Stipendiary Magistrate.

Richfield, B.C., March 30, 1871. apl 1m

NOTICE.

MR. G. BYRNES, Sheriff of this District, has our Power of Attorney for the collection of all notes and accounts due us. All persons, therefore, indebted to the undersigned will please pay him.

JAMES H. KERR & SON.

Barkerville, April 1, 1871. apl 1m

Mining Claim for Sale.

ONE-THIRD OF THE SAN JUAN CLAIM, above the Sawmill on William Creek.

Apply to THOS. POTTER,
Or at the Sentinel Office. mh18

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ANY PERSON or persons found destroying or damaging the Telegraph Poles or Wires will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the Law.

By command,

B. W. PEARSE.

Lands and Works Department,
Feb. 9th, 1871. mh18

NOTICE
To Miners and others requiring Machinery.

DR. CARRALL having stated in the Legislative Council that the Foundry in Victoria was not of sufficient capacity to manufacture the machinery required by the Lane & Kurtz Co.; and in order that the public may not be misled by such statements, and in justice to ourselves, we have to state that our Foundry, with the present Tools, can manufacture Machinery of TEN TIMES the capacity of the machinery imported by the Lane & Kurtz Company, and as Cheaply as it can be imported from San Francisco.

SPRATT & IRVING,
Albion Iron Works.

Victoria, B.C., January 27. mh25 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

British Columbia Savings Bank.

STATEMENT of the position of the British Columbia Savings Banks, at 31st December, 1870, published pursuant to the provisions of the "Savings Banks Ordinance, 1869."

GENERAL BALANCE.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.	
Due by the Bank to Depositors, viz.:			Cash in hand at Head Office and Branches,	$ 675 00
At Head Office,	$62,280 93		Cash in Bank of British Columbia,	3,307 52
" Nanaimo Branch,	9,295 39		Amount invested with the Government of British Columbia,	79,000 00
" New Westminster Branch,	7,004 90		Amount advanced on Government Securities (Exchequer Debentures),	3,000 00
" Yale Branch,	832 97			
" Cariboo Branch,	5,742 82			
		$85,157 01		
Balance at credit of Profit and Loss,		825 51		
		$85,982 52		$85,982 52

Victoria, British Columbia, February 21st, 1871.

PHILIP J. HANKIN,
E. GRAHAM ALSTON,
F. J. ROSCOE,
} Commissioners of Savings Banks.

I certify that I have examined the Accounts of the British Columbia Savings Banks for the year ended 31st December, 1870, and have found the above Abstract to be correct.

ROBERT KER,
Auditor General.

Audit Office, February 21st, 1871.

I hereby certify that the sum of Seventy-nine Thousand Dollars ($79,000) is the balance standing at the credit of the Commissioners of the British Columbia Savings Banks, in the Books of the Government of British Columbia, at the 31st December, 1870.

JOHN GRAHAM,
In Charge.

Treasury, British Columbia,
February 21st, 1871.

THÉATRE ROYAL.

MANAGER, - - - J. Z. HOUGH.
SECRETARY, - - - G. N. MARSHALL

THE CARIBOO AMATEURS

Will give a performance on

Saturday Even'g, April 8,

Commencing with the celebrated and laughable farce of

STATE SECRETS.;
OR, THE TAILOR OF TAMWORTH.

Hugh Neville (a Soldier in the Parliamentary Army under Gen. Fairfax,	Gomar Johns.
Harry Calverton (alias Calverton Hal, a Cavalier in the Army under Prince Rupert),	John Bowron
Gregory Thimblewell (the Tailor of Tamworth),	J S Thompson
Humphrey Hedgehog (a wealthy Miller and Landlord of the Black Bear Arms),	Edwd Pearson
Robert Hedgehog (his son),	G. N. Marshall
Maude Thimblewell (the Tailor's wife.)	Florence Wilson
Letty (daughter to Hedgehog),	Mrs S. P. Parker

Lecture on Women's Rights

To be followed by a

GRAND MUSICAL AND BURLESQUE PERFORMANCE

By the

CARIBOO MINSTRELS,

WITH NEW SONGS, &c., &c.

☞ Particulars hereafter.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock; performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission $1 00. Reserved Seats, $1 50.

Tickets for the Reserved Seats to be had of Mr Marshall, Barkerville.

A. GILMORE,
Merchant Tailor,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V.I

HAS ON HAND, AND IS CONSTANTLY receiving, a large assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which he is prepared to make to order in the most approved styles.

☞ Parties on William Creek can have their measures taken by Mr McCallum, Barkerville.

☞ All orders from Cariboo promptly attended to. fe16 tf

IF ARTHUR BYAM,

WHO WAS AT THE CARIBOO MINES IN 1868, and is still believed to be in British Columbia, will communicate, either personally or by letter, with the PRIVATE SECRETARY, Government House, Victoria, V.I., he will receive valuable information.

March 25, 1871. mh25 1m

FLORENCE
Sewing Machines.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,

19 MONTGOMERY STREET, SOUTH,

Grand Hotel Building,

SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ SEND FOR CIRCULARS. mh25

P. MANETTA,
Miners' Provision Store,

BARKERVILLE.

AT THIS STORE will always be found a well-selected stock of the

FRESHEST GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS IN CARIBOO.

BEST JAVA COFFEE
Roasted and Ground daily.

Branch Store at Last Chance,

Where a good assortment of Goods will always be found.

I trust by strict attention to business and fair and square dealing, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me. fe4

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS HERETOFORE CARRIED ON BY the undersigned at Yale and Barkerville, British Columbia, has been sold to Mr CHARLES OPPENHEIMER, of Yale, to whom all outstanding accounts in respect to the abovementioned business are to be paid.

C. STROUSS.

Victoria, Jan. 31 1871. mh18 1m

THE CARIBOO SENTINEL

SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1871.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

WILLIAM CREEK.

The Ballarat co. last week washed 46 oz. The Raby co.'s lower ground had about 100 oz. The McPherson co., in upper part of Raby ground, about wages. The Forest Rose co., in one drive rocking, are making about customary pay. The Romance of the West and Pinkerton companies had 58 oz. The Alert co. are making about an ounce per day to the hand.

CONLIN GULCH.

The White Pine co. last week washed 38 oz.

LOWHEE CREEK.

The Brown co. last week washed 48 oz. The Victoria co. are running ahead with their drain. The Russell-Robinson co. are making over expenses. The Black Bull co. are raising where they got pay in the blind shaft, intending to open out.

GROUSE CREEK.

The Talisman and Heron companies are getting small pay.

JACK OF CLUBS CREEK.

Preparations are being made for prospecting the deep ground thoroughly where the recent prospects have been struck. The First Chance co. have advertised for tenders for putting up a wheel, and some of the newly located companies are going to help them. The Woodside co., which is a considerable distance above, has advertised for tenders for a shaft. Town lots are being staked off, and if things turn out this summer equal to anticipations, a lively little mining camp will be in existence on this so long neglected creek.

LIGHTNING CREEK.

The Spruce co. last week washed 94 oz., and for first half of this week 68 oz. The Lightning co. last week washed 92 oz.: they are now putting in their iron pump and sinking their new shaft above, which is progressing favorably. The Eldorado is looking better; they are now making about wages. The Whirlpool co. are getting good pay. The South Wales co. have struck through the bedrock into gravel, but are not yet in the bottom of the channel. As a proof of the high opinion in which this company is held, a half interest in the Lightning co. was traded last week for a half interest in this company and five hundred dollars boot. The Vancouver co. will probably be the next company to strike through into gravel. The Point co. are sinking a shaft.

FRENCH CREEK.

The North American co. after drifting some distance have lost bedrock, and find that there is deeper ground in the channel than where they bottomed with the last blind shaft. The Ambrose co. are sinking a blind shaft.

HARVEY CREEK.

The Minnehaha co. struck some pretty good pay but could not work to advantage on account of water, and have been obliged to continue their drain.

KEITHLEY CREEK.

Nothing having been struck this winter, most of the miners have been seized with Peace river fever, and very few men are now left on the creek.

MINING RECORDS.

LIGHTNING CREEK.

Roman Eagle co.—21st March—Recorded in favor of G. Velatti, 100 feet on right bank adjoining upper line of Massenot and Guilloteon's claim, to form part of same.

Point co.—24th March—Recorded in favor of Hugh Gilmore, one bill claim adjoining lower line of Point co.: to form part of same.

Spruce co.—March 27—Recorded in favor of T. R. Pattullo, A. Townsend, L. Wintrip, James Reid, M. Carothers, each 1-10th; W. Hitchcock, R. H. Brown, B. Van Volkenburgh, A. Kelly, Edgar Marvin, A. Barlow, P. Glendinning, John Polmere, each 1-20th; George Byrnes, 3-40ths; D. McDonald, 1-40th. Record.

STEVENS CREEK.

25th March—Recorded in favor of Ah Sigh, Ah Lee, Ah Choie, three creek claims on Stevens creek, commencing about half a mile from mouth, running up stream.

JACK OF CLUBS CREEK.

Vaillancour co.—March 21—Omission in last: Recorded in favor of James Griffin, one interest.

LAST CHANCE CREEK.

March 21—Recorded in favor of H. Moleur, one bill claim of 50 feet, above upper line of Dominion co.

MINING COURT.

(Before H. M. Ball, Esq., Gold Commissioner and County Court Judge.)

SATURDAY, March 25, 1871.

CARIBOO CO. VS. ROMANCE OF THE WEST CO., per J. Pinkerton, foreman.—Suit for $125, balance due on a strip of mining ground sold by plaintiffs. Mr Park, counsel for plaintiffs; Mr Barnston, for defendants.

Ben Jose, foreman of Cariboo co., deposed that about the beginning of February Mr Harper, who along with Mr Pinkerton owned the Romance of the West ground, adjoining the Cariboo, came and asked if the Cariboo would sell a strip of ground alongside; he offered $250; next day Pinkerton came and inquired about it; after consulting the shareholders of the Cariboo, agreed to sell it on condition of being paid one-half the money taken out of the Romance of the West till the amount was paid; a bill of sale was drawn by the Secretary in favor of Robert Summers, in trust for Romance co., as desired by Harper; Harper paid $40 afterwards, and T. McDougall, who was working in the claim, made two payments, amounting to $85; Harper came subsequently and said that the boys to whom they had sold the ground had backed out, and he supposed they would have to take it back, and asked if the Cariboo would not throw $50 off; the shareholders refused to do so; Harper then said Pinkerton must pay; on asking Pinkerton, he said he did not know whether he ought to pay or not; afterwards said he would pay something next week, but when the time came he refused to pay any more.

Joseph Hunter, Secretary of Cariboo co., proved having drawn the bill of sale and given receipt for $125 paid by Romance of the West co.

Robert Summers—Did not know that the bill of sale was drawn in his name, not having been directly interested in the ground; thought Harper handed it to McDougall in his presence; had an agreement along with other parties with Harper and Pinkerton about working the ground, which has since been cancelled.

Thos. McDougall—Was working in the Romance of the West ground under a conditional bill of sale from Pinkerton and Harper; wanted to run a drain through the Cariboo, but was refused the privilege; Harper and Pinkerton said the Cariboo would sell the strip for $250; agreed to take it on nearly the same conditions as the other ground—half the gold taken out to go in payment; a drain was run through the strip and a car track laid, but finding the ground did not pay so well as expected, gave back possession to the original holders and returned the bill of sale got from them; do not know where the bill of sale from Cariboo co. is; it is probably in the cabin; neither bill of sale was recorded; on giving up possession paid Harper $58, which was all the money left after paying outside expenses, and told him we gave up the Cariboo ground as well as the other.

For the defence, Mr Barnston put in the bill of sale made by Harper and Pinkerton of 100 feet of ground to Summers and others, which stipulated that the amount agreed on should be paid before 1st July out of half the money taken out or possession restored. The parties not being successful had now given back the ground, but he contended that his clients had nothing to do with the purchase from the Cariboo, and that the other parties, for whom Mr Harper had merely acted as agent, were alone responsible.

John Pinkerton deposed to having sold the original ground of the Romance of the West co. to Summers and others on the conditions already mentioned; when these parties cancelled the agreement and forfeited the ground Harper and I resumed possession, and now form the company; consider that the ground originally transferred was all that was restored, and that the Romance of the West co. consists now of only 100 feet; the Cariboo co. can have the piece of ground purchased by Summers & Co. if they want; would take it from them at a certain price, but would not give $125. Had an argument with Jose, and told him I did not know if I was entitled to pay anything at all or not; do not consider myself responsible for the debt to the Cariboo co.; Harper and I are partners, but the ground was bought not for us but for the parties to whom we had made the transfer; the $58 which McDougall paid us was not half what his company had taken out, but it was all he had remaining after paying his outside expenses, so I agreed to accept it and cancel the agreement; consider that I was entitled to this money and not the Cariboo co.; have learned that several members of the Cariboo co. never knew of the bill of sale or authorized any ground being sold; there is a drain from the Romance of the West co. through the strip of ground in question, and we have a car track running through it to the shaft we are working from; consider we are entitled to use the ground for drainage and running track when required, under terms of agreement, by which we leased a shaft from the Cariboo co.; more money has been taken out than would settle the sum now claimed.

Geo. Taylor—Never knew of the bill of sale referred to; believe I am a member of the Cariboo co.; gave the foreman authority last summer to put a man to work my interest, but did not authorize him to sell any ground, and heard nothing of the sale previous to this suit.

Mr Park produced records of the Romance of the West co., showing that Harper and Pinkerton had been and still were the owners. He maintained that the conditional bill of sale to Summers & Co. had no effect on the case, but that the ground was bought for the company, and that the company as now constituted was liable.

The Commissioner, in giving his decision, remarked that Harper and Pinkerton had transferred their right to any money coming out of the claim by sanctioning the payment of $250, as taken out, to the Cariboo co. Before this sum had been paid, however, they had cancelled the bargain with Summers & co., retaining the $58 paid by McDougall, and they still continued to use the strip of ground for drainage and running their car. He was of opinion that had they paid the Cariboo co. this money, and notified them at the same time that they had abandoned the piece of ground, there would have been no case against them; but by retaining the money and use of the ground they rendered themselves liable to pay the balance of the purchase money when taken out. Plaintiffs were entitled to judgment.

COUNTY COURT.

FRIDAY, March 31.

SAM. WALKER VS. SAM. GRAY—Suit for $39 50, balance due for meals, postponed from last Court for production of books.

Plaintiffs produced his books and testified that the amount sued for was due, and also $2 omitted in posting into ledger. The total amount of indebtedness for meals and liquors incurred by defendant between 5th Sept., 1869, and June, 1870, and now sued for was $107. Of this he had paid $67 50. The amount of liquor bill had been credited as paid in full, and balance put to credit of board account.

Mr Barnston, for defence, contended that the amounts paid at different times should have been credited to the board account, and that in any case the Court would give judgment only for such meals as had been got after all amounts entered in general account had been paid and credited, and give no costs, as defendant had offered to settle the grub bill if an account was rendered.

S. Gray deposed that about 26th Sept., 1869, he paid $34 50 to plaintiff, which he believed settled all he owed then; went to work on French creek prospecting, and when in town afterwards had some occasional meals; in November paid plaintiff $6, which he thought was about as much as he owed; in 1870 paid $27 or $28; if these amounts were credited on the boarding bill there would be nothing now due; when Walker came on Lowhee and asked for balance due for meals and drinks, told him if he were to make out his board bill would pay him anything there might be due on it, but as he owed other grub bills the account for drinks must stand till they were settled: Walker threatened to whip him, but he (witness) did not attempt to use any axe in return nor threaten to plead the Tippling Act; said if he was brought into Court he would repudiate some of the amount, as he thought he was charged too much; could not say how much the liquor bill was; offered to pay Mr Park $30, without costs, in full settlement.

Mr Park, for plaintiff, produced authorities to show that when money is paid to a creditor he can appropriate it to any particular items owing to him, unless otherwise specified at the time; and even if an account for liquors and other articles is kept in one general account, he can separate them and credit the money as he chooses at any time before suit is commenced.

The Court decided that any amounts paid before 24th October, 1869, which was the first date of any liquors being charged, should go to the board account, after which plaintiff had the right to appropriate all payments to the liquor account if he chose. The books were kept in a manner in which it was very hard to separate the two accounts, but from the dates in account presented judgment must be given for $31 50 and costs of Court, payable in weekly instalments of $15.

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH & Co. vs. H. GILMORE and A. STEELE—Provision account, $432 49. Judgment confessed. Ordered to be paid in one week.

LAMBERT & BISSONNETTE vs. ROBERT WESTMORELAND—Judgment summons, $12 25 and costs. Defendant alleged that all the wages he had received since date of judgment, fifteen days ago, had been applied in purchase of gum boots, shirts and provisions. Ordered to give an order to foreman of claim where he works for $7, and pay $5 weekly.

REGISTER OF THERMOMETER

At Richfield, from 11th to 24th March, 1871, taken at 9 a.m. each day, showing the highest and lowest range for the preceding 24 hours:

	MAX.	MIN.
March 11,	40	0
12,	39	8
13,	42	13
14,	38	0
15,	37	18
16,	38	10
17,	40	14
18,	41	10
19,	39	6
20,	44	2
21,	47	0
22,	38	4
23,	44	4
24,	42	10
25,	44	10
26,	42	14
27,	44	15
28,	44	8
29,	42	2 below zero.
30,	50	12 above zero.
31,	43	16

The mean temperature for March was 24.30°; the maximum being 50° on 30th, and the mininum 4° below zero on 10th.

EXPRESS MOVEMENTS—Contrary to expectation, we have had no express in this week. Telegraphic advices at Quesnelmouth announce that both Barnard's and Johnson's Expresses left Yale last Saturday with full loads of passengers, some sixty persons having, it is said, come up on the first steamer from New Westminster to Yale, bound for Cariboo and Omineca. We may anticipate lively times now between the rival expresses this spring, and parties bound up country will benefit by the opposition, fares having been very materially reduced.

LATEST STRIKE ON GERMANSEN CREEK.—From reliable information, we learn that another strike has been made on Germansen creek lately; a party well known in Cariboo, who was engaged in whipsawing lumber in company with a Frenchman, having, it is said—no doubt wishing to emulate the deeds of Von Moltke and his subordinates—struck the unlucky Gaul on the head with a frying pan.

ARRIVALS—Messrs. T. Elwyn, from Alkali lake; Thos. Barry, from the 150-mile house, which has been sold by Messrs. Adler and Barry to Mr A. S. Bates; and W. Dodd, from Quesnelmouth, arrived on the creek this week.

FRESH PROVISIONS—Messrs. Van Volkenburgh & Co. have sent below for a supply of sheep and beef cattle for the spring trade, some of which are expected to arrive in a few days.

PETTY ROBBERIES.—Some contemptible thieves have of late taken to the practice of robbing clothes'-lines at night, to the great disgust of the victimized washerwomen. Moral—Take in the clothes at night.

ROAD TO JACK OF CLUBS—Messrs. Meacham & Nason are cutting a road from the wagon road down Jack of Clubs creek, for the purpose of hauling lumber to the different claims

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PAIN KILLER

PERRY DAVIS & SON PROP.S PROVIDENCE R.I.

1840 1870

The Great Family Medicine of the Age.

THIRTY YEARS

Have elapsed since the introduction of the Pain Killer to the public, and yet at the present time it is more popular and commands a larger sale than ever before. Its popularity is not confined to this country alone; all over the world its beneficial effects in curing the "ills that flesh is heir to," are acknowledged and appreciated, and as a PAIN KILLER its fame is limited to no country, sect nor race. It needs only to be known to be prized.

THIRTY YEARS is certainly a long enough time to prove the efficacy of any medicine, and that the PAIN KILLER is deserving of all its proprietors claim for it, is amply proved by the unparalleled popularity it has attained. It is a SURE and EFFECTIVE remedy. Sold by all Druggists.

Directions accompany each bottle. ppl

A DUTCHMAN WHO DON'T UNDERSTAND THE INSURANCE BUSINESS.

The Pittsburg (Pa.) Leader tells a good story of one Schmidt, a Dutchman in that city, who took the precaution to insure the life of his wife for $5000 and his stable for $900, believing the former might die and the latter be burnt, and he could not get along without some compensation for the loss. Both policies had been taken from the same agent. In a few months after the stable had been insured it was destroyed by fire. Schmidt quietly notified the agent and hinted to him that he should expect the money at the earliest possible moment. The agent at once sent a carpenter to ascertain the cost of erecting a new stable of the same dimensions, having ascertained that the building was insured for more than it was worth. The builder reported that he could replace the stable with new material for $500, but fortunately there was an ordinance preventing the erection of frame buildings—the old stable having been of wood. He was asked to estimate the cost of a brick stable, and reported the amount at $750.—The agent then notified Schmidt that he would build him a new brick stable in place of the old frame one; but Schmidt became indignant at the proposition, saying: "I do not understand this insurance business. I pay you for $900, and when my shtable burn down you make me a new one. I do not want a new shtable—I want $900.

The agent tried to reason with Schmidt, but all to no purpose.

When the stable was nearly finished, Schmidt went to consult a lawyer, thinking that he still could get the amount of the policy, besides having the new stable. The lawyer, however, informed him that the company had a right to make good the loss by building a new stable, and expressed surprise at the idea of bringing a suit against them.

"But," said Schmidt, "I insure for $900, and dis feller put up dem stable for $750. I do not understand dis insurance business."

Finding he could not compel the payment by law, he became disgusted with the insurance business altogether. Calling upon the agent, Schmidt said:

"Mr Agent, I vant you to stop dem insurance on my frow. I do not pay monish dat way; I not understand dis insurance business."

Agent (surprised). "Why, Mr Schmidt, you do a very foolish thing. You have paid considerable on the policy already, and if your wife should die you will get five thousand dollars."

"Yah, dat ish what you tell me now," said Schmidt. "Ven I pays you on my shtable. you say I get nine hundred dollars if it burn. So it vas burn, and you not give me any monish. You say: 'Oh, dat was an old frame shtable—ish not word anydings! I make you a brick shtable; and you no pay me nine hundred dollar. Ven my frow die, den you say to me: 'Oh, she was an old Dutch woman—she not word anydings; I get you a new Eng ish wife!' And so I lose mine five thousand dollars. You not fool Schmidt again. I not understand dis insurance business."

His Answer—A school teacher spelled out the word "g-r-a-c-e," and asked a scholar to pronounce it. He gave it up, when the teacher, to refresh his memory, asked him, "What did your father say this morning before eating breakfast?" The boy thought a minute, and finally said, "Pa said, d—n those eggs, they're rotten."

No Wonder—"Loss of a China packetship!" exclaimed a literal-minded old lady, as she laid down a newspaper. "No wonder, when even iron ones are not always safe!"

Knows the Reason—An uncle left in his will eleven silver spoons to his nephew, adding, "If I have not left him the dozen he knows the reason." The fact was, the nephew had some time before stolen one.

A Query—Can an unvarnished tale be considered in any way an unpolished production?

MARK TWAIN ON JUVENILE PUGILISTS.

We find in the Buffalo Express the following paternal objurgations by Mark Twain:

"Yes, I've had a good many fights in my time," said old John Parky, tenderly manipulating his dismantled nose, "and it's kind of queer, too, for when I was a boy the old man was always telling me better. He was a good man and

HATED FIGHTING.

When I would come home with my nose bleeding, or with my nose scratched up, he used to call me out in the woodshed, and, in a sorrowful and discouraged way, say: "So, Johnny, you've had another fight, hey? How many times have I got to tell ye how disgraceful and wicked it is for boys to fight? It was only yesterday that I talked to you about the sin of fighting, and here you've been at it again. Who was it with this time? With Tommy Kelly, hey!? Don't you know any better than to fight a boy that weighs 20 pounds more than you do, beside being two years older? Ain't you got a spark of sense about ye? I can see plainly that you are determined to break your poor father's heart by your

RECKLESS CONDUCT.

What ails your finger? Tommy bit it? Drat the little fool! Didn't ye know enough to keep yer finger out of his mouth? Was trying to yerk his cheek off, hey? Won't you never learn to quit foolin' 'round a boy's mouth with your fingers? You are bound to disgrace us all by such wretched behavior. You'e determined never to be nobody! Did you ever hear of Isaac Watts—that wrote. 'Let dogs delight to bark and bite'—sticking his finger in a boy's mouth to get 'em bit, like a fool? I'm clean discouraged with ye. Why didn't ye go for his nose, the way Jonathan Edwards, and George Washington, and Daniel Webster used to, when they were boys? Couldn't cause he had you down!—That's

A PURTY STORY

to tell me! It does beat all that you can't learn how Socrates and William Penn used to gouge when they was under, after the hours I've spent in telling you about those great men. It seems to me sometimes as if I should have to give you up in despair. It's an awful trial to me to have a boy that don't pay any attention to good example nor to what I say What! You pulled out three or four handsful of his hair! Did he squirm any? Now, if you'd a give him one or two in the eye—but, as I've told ye, many a time,

FIGHTING IS POOR BUSINESS.

Won't you—for your father's sake—won't you promise to try and remember that? H-m, Johnny, how did it—ahem—which licked?

"You licked him! Shoo! Really? Well now, I hadn't any idea you could lick that Tommy Kelly! I don't believe John Bunyan, at ten years old, could have done it!—Johnny, my boy, you can't think how I hate to have you fighting every day or two. I wouldn't have had him lick you for five, no, not for ten dollars? Now, sonny, go right in and wash up, and tell yer mother to put a rag on yer finger. And, Johnny, don't let me hear of your fighting again!"

"I never see anybody so down on fighting as the old man was, but somehow he never could break me from it."

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

I HAVE been requested by several respectable parties, who can testify to the efficacy of my system, to again make public the fact that

Moses' Hair Invigorator

WILL PREVENT BALDNESS,
RESTORE HAIR THAT IS BECOMING THIN
OR FALLING OFF, and effectually
CURE SCURF OR DANDRUFF.

This is not a mere assertion on my part, as I have in my possession numerous testimonials certifying to the success of my remedy.

I do not of course pretend that I can make the hair grow on heads which have been bald for years; but I will guarantee to stop the hair from falling off, to increase its growth, and effectually remove Scurf or Dandruff.

W. D. MOSES,
Barkerville, B.C.

CERTIFICATE.

This is to certify that during last spring my hair was rapidly falling out and my head was fast becoming bald, when I applied to Mr W. D. MOSES, Barber, Barkerville, who in a few weeks restored my hair to its former healthy state DAVID GIBBONS.

Barkerville, Dec. 29, 1866. no26 1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

LEA & PERRINS'

Celebrated

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs to be

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

Caution against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER LABELS, STOPPER, and BOTTLE.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

Wholesale and for export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c. and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

WAKE-UP-JAKE

Restaurant and Bakery.

THE Proprietor of this old and well-known establishment would respectfully thank his numerous friends and the public for the extensive patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and trusts that by his usual strict attention to business to merit a continuance of their confidence and support.

Meals, $1. Board, $14 per Week.

BREAD MADE OF THE BEST FLOUR

I recommend to the public my

GROUND COFFEE,

which is a much superior article than any which can be had from below. I Roast and Grind it myself and choose the best berries, consequently the public may be sure of its being free from adulteration.

J. G. GOODSON.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

MESSRS. MEACHAM & NASON are prepared to furnish Lumber at their Mills, William Creek, or deliver it to order.

LUMBER DELIVERED ON LIGHTNING CREEK AT THE SAME RATES AS ON WILLIAM CREEK.

Having a Planing Machine in operation they will also furnish Dressed Lumber at satisfactory rates.

For Sale,

MOST EVERYTHING THAT IS USEFUL!

At Low Prices,

—AT—

THOS. FLETCHER'S

Second-hand Store,

BARKERVILLE. jel1

CHEAP GOODS!

COMPRISING—

Boots, Shoes Clothing and Groceries,

OF THE BEST QUALITY,

For sale at the Store of the undersigned in Barkerville, opposite the Bank of British Columbia.

W. RENNIE.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

se4 tf as usual

MEDICAL.

To Physicians.

NEW YORK, August 15th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopœ, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.

With a feeling of profound confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 19 Year's Experience.

(From the largest manufacturing Chemists in the world.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WIGHTMAN.

Firm of Powers and Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found Indisposition to Exertion. Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude. Prostration and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society

THE CONSTITUTION

once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure.

USE

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

in all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1 25 per bottle, or 6 Bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe Symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS

H. T. HELMBOLD,
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

oc29 H. T. HELMBOLD.