BELLA COOLA COURIER

IF YOU WANT GOOD SPORT VISIT BELLA COOLA. EXCELLENT HUNTING AND FISHING.

WEATHER REPORT FOR FEBRUARY.

Compiled by Mr. C. H. Urseth, of the Bella Coola Observatory.
Temperature: Maximum, 35. Minimum, 22.
Highest Max. (27th) 59. Lowest Min. (1st) 4
Rainfall, 3.67 inches. Snow, 2.50 inches.
Rainfall for the year (1915) 34.33 inches.

VOL. 4—NO. 21 — *BELLA COOLA, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1916.* — $1.00 a Year

Collapse of Turkish Empire Impending

Athens, March 7.—The Turks are reported to be removing mines from the Dardanelles. The collapse of the Turkish Empire is impending, the Turks want peace.

Twelve Killed in Zeppelin Raid

London, March 7.—It is reported today that 40,000 German cavalry are concentrating near Ypres.

General Aylmer presses forward on the Tigris to the relief of General Townsend, who is besieged at Kut el-Amara, heavy fighting is in progress.

Lord Northcliffe visits Verdun and expresses himself as very optimistic.

Twelve killed, thirty-three injured and some property damaged was the result of a Zeppelin raid last night down coast from Yorkshire to Kent.

Germans Lose 10 Aeroplanes

Petrograd, March 7.—A Russian torpedo boat destroyer bombarded Trebizond. Germans lost ten aeroplanes yesterday in air raids on the Russian front.

Spanish Steamer Sinks

302 Passengers Unaccounted For

Santos, Brazil, March 7.—The Spanish steamer Principe de Asturias with 445 passengers aboard strikes a rock and sinks in five minutes. 143 survivors landed, the others are unaccounted for.

Receives Appointment

Ottawa, March 7.—Commissioner Black, Yukon, appointed provincial lieutenancy in 104th Regiment, New Westminster Fusiliers, qualifying in order to secure command of the Yukon corps it is proposed to raise this spring.

Dynamite Found at Regina

Regina, March 7.—Workmen unloading car machinery at the Imperial Oil Company's new plant discovered 3 large sticks of dynamite buried in snow near the plant.

102nd Up to Full Strength

Comox, March 7.—The 102nd Battalion, Northern B. C. Regiment, is now up to full strength and possibly over it. Its main camp will be at Courtenay.

Sloan to Run for Nanaimo

Vancouver, March 7.—It is stated by friends of Wm. Sloan, former federal member for the Comox-Atlin district, that he will be the Liberal candidate for Nanaimo in the next provincial election. It is rumored that he is slated for the position of minister of mines.

Germans Make No Impression

27 Large Train Loads of German Wounded Leave Verdun in One Night

Paris, March 7.—No infantry fighting took place north of Verdun last night. Bombardment in different sectors of Argonne, traversed by the Forest Cheppy and Malinscourt-Arocourt roads, is going on. The Germans are making vigorous efforts to capture Fort Tarranes, four miles north-east of Verdun, the French troops are resisting them resolutely and inflicting very heavy losses. Twenty-seven train loads of German wounded left Verdun battlefield last night for Germany.

French Immovable as a Rock

Having failed to make impression at Douamount and Vaux the enemy are now attempting to break through on the French left at Vacheraurille Wood and Cote-du-Poirre positions without any regard to the cost, by their best troops. The French are standing firmly and holding all ground immovable as a rock.

Asks Congress to Reject Bill

Washington, March 7.—President Wilson asks the Republican members of Congress to help defeat the armed ship resolution. House committee on rules has agreed to bring into the house today a special rule providing for a four hours debate on McLennon's resolution warning Americans off armed ships. William Jennings Bryan and others are actively at work in favor of the resolution.

Brewster Takes His Seat

Victoria, March 7.—H. Brewster was introduced to the House today. A. C. Flummerfelt resigns his appointment.

Death Sentence Commuted

Ottawa, March 7.—The minister of justice received a message this morning from the imperial authorities stating that the sentence of death had been commuted to life imprisonment in the case of Lieut. Coderre, who killed Sergeant Ozaime.

NOTICE.

The qualified voters of Mackenzie School District are hereby notified that a Special School Meeting, as authorized by the Public Schools Act, will be held on Saturday, March 18th, in the schoolhouse at 10 a. m. for the purpose of electing a trustee in place of H. G. Anderson, Esq., who has left the district.

By order of the board of trustees,

CHAS. TUCKER, Secretary.

Jottings of Bella Coola and District

S. S. Camosun on the northbound trip made her presence known by blowing the whistle about 9 o'clock Friday morning, March 3, being about 12 hours behind time. It was not stress of weather that delayed her this time, but the large amount of freight she had onboard.

This is her last trip north of Bella Coola this season. Next trip she will begin the summer schedule by leaving Vancouver on Thursday, March 16th, and every Thursday thereafter during the summer. Bella Coola will mark the end of her run, where she will be due every Sunday.

The passengers arriving at this time were: Vincent Clayton, Mr. and Mrs. W. Linnell and M. C. Lawler.

The departing passengers were more numerous, namely: I. Jacobsen, A. H. Tomlinson, H. E. Walker, Albert Hammer, Jock Williams, Frank Broughton and Antoine Capoose.

Vincent Clayton has spent a few days on a business trip to Vancouver and Victoria and returned on Friday.

W. Linnell who for several seasons has been the engineer of the cannery tug Kwatna arrived. He comes thus early to conduct an extensive overhauling of his craft. He was accompanied by Mrs. Linnell, who will spend the summer here.

M. C. Lawler, another arrival, is a timber cruiser and is here for the purpose of looking over some timber areas staked by Fields Bros., Victoria, some years ago.

I. Jacobsen after securing what fur was held by the local merchants departed for other fields of operation.

A. H. Tomlinson, H. E. Walker and Albert Hammer had been fretting and stewing around town for several days awaiting a lull in the prevailing gale to allow them to take a launch to carry them to Namu. They were all very anxious to reach Victoria in time to attend the Central Farmers' Institute, which was held there from the 8-10th of this month. But the wind did not yield in intensity until the steamer arrived. Although the Camosun would take them in a direction exactly opposite to their desired destination, they being exasperated at the involuntary detention, vowed they would go somewhere, anyhow, and therefore embarked for Prince Rupert. It is to be hoped they have reached Victoria before this and have made their presence felt in the councils of the farmers.

Jock Williams, after having spent a pleasant time visiting friends, very reluctantly took the steamer for Port Essington, where he will be engaged at the Cunningham cannery during the summer.

Frank Broughton, our energetic constable, went to Ocean Falls to get someone into trouble, but it is presumed everybody was law abiding at that prosperous burg as he returned during the week without any prisoners.

F. McRae, timber inspector, came in on his launch on Sunday night; he curtailed the constable's visit at Ocean Falls by offering him a ride, which he gratefully accepted.

In the absence of any information regarding the whereabouts of Lieut. Donald Moore it has been generally believed that he had been killed in battle.

From Prince Rupert Daily News we learn with deep satisfaction that such is not the case, but that the war department reports him as being a prisoner of war in Germany.

B. Brynildsen has been casting about all winter trying to find some place in his extensive possessions where he could expend some of his superfluous energy in extensive improvements. He finally decided to turn the former Palmer House inside out and upside down to make it after an arduous process into a modern dwelling, to be taken possession of as a residence for himself and family. A crew of carpenters are now at work on the premises disturbing the usual tranquility of the neighnors.

The attention of our farmer readers is called to the article in this issue on "Home Dairying," by H. E. Walker, provincial agriculturist. As the number of cows in the settlement does not warrant the establishment of a creamery for some time yet it will be necessary to put up our butter according to the directions given in order to procure for it a ready sale.

In spite of the darkness and almost impassable conditions of the roads a few people gathered at the Mackenzie School on Wednesday evening in response to the invitation to organize a committee to look after the interests of returning soldiers. At about eight o'clock Wm. Sutherland called the meeting to order and explained the objects of the contemplated organization as laid down by the Provincial Returned Soldiers Commission. The meeting selected Wm. Sutherland as chairman, and Iver Fougner, secretary.

In view of the small attendance and the necessity of carefully formulated plans for the future efficiency of the committee, a temporary committee on organization was after some discussion elected. As members of this committee the following persons were selected: Wm. Sutherland, chairman, Frank Broughton and C. Carlson.

It was suggested that the permanent committee when formed should include in its work also the collection of contributions to the Red Cross and Patriotic Funds.

It is the intention that the organization committee elected will meet immediately, and as soon as it is ready to report a public meeting in some centrally located place will be called, so that everybody in the valley may have an opportunity of taking part in the proceedings.

Without transacting any more business the meeting adjourned shortly after 9 o'clock.

The need of rubber boots for pedestrians has been very urgent during the greater part of the week. There came as a reminder of the winter a fall of snow of about eight inches and on the top of that a downpour of rain. The snow prevented a large quantity of the water from being drained off, with the result that every impression made in it and every hollow of the ground were filled with the water. Those who had to walk abroad without rubber boots confined their excursions to carefully selected routes, with very indifferent results.

The telephone and telegraph lines in the valley have been down the last few days and consequently no news received from abroad.

Antoine Capoose, Indian trader at Anaham Lake, brought down a large shipment of furs from the interior last week. It was estimated to be worth about $7000. He boarded the steamer to bring it to Vancouver. The catch of furs has been uncommonly good this winter.

Tollef Saugstad has resigned from his position as engineer at the Johnson Mill. He will be succeeded by Frank Strain.

The mill has been shut down for a few days this week, partly on account of the weather. The lull in sawing gave Mr. Johnson an opportunity to add some needed improvements to his plant.

Church Notice

Sunday School - 10:45 a. m.
Church Service - 7:30 p. m.

Preacher for Sunday—Rev. W. H. Gibson.

All Are Welcome.

Partisan feeling does not run very high in Bella Coola this year. The result of the by-elections in Vancouver and Victoria, with singularly few exceptions, is giving general satisfaction. Everybody thinks there is need of a change in government.

Herbert Sutherland, who has been residing at the doctor's residence since last summer, has established bachelor quarters at his former home. It is feared that the state of being a bachelor has become chronic in his case as he seems to prefer to be alone.

The renewed operations at Ocean Falls have had their influence on our community already. Quite a number of the Indians have gone to Ocean Falls, as they have been assured that they can secure handlogging contracts from the company.

Fred Hendricks has left for Ocean Falls in expectation of securing permanent work.

Frank Broughton, provincial constable, on his recent visit to Ocean Falls had his plans so well laid and evidence so conclusive in his possession against a party for the violation of the Game Act that he felt justified in asking J. W. Macfarlane in his capacity as justice of the peace to accompany him. And his confidence in the strength of his case proved justified, as the magistrate imposed a fine of $50.00 on the party accused.

Prince Rupert City Market.

In the endeavor to bring the producer and consumer nearer together without superflucus middlemen and the deduction of needless expenses and profits from the prices realized for products sold.

Prince Rupert, following the example of many other cities, has established a city market, under the management of a city purchasing agent. The city is prevented by its charter from directly engaging in mercantile enterprises, but in order to safeguard the shipper it requires the manager to give the city a bond of $2000. The market clerk must deposit the proceeds of the sales in a bank to the credit of the city treasurer, who will remit to the producer after deducting 7 1-2 per cent. commission and the cartage and freight from the amount of the sales.

It is desirable that shippers communicate with the city market the kind and quantity of of goods they have for sale in order that the market does not become glutted and prices demoralized.

If the farmers will co-operate with this enterprise much benefit will result both to producers and consumers.

The Courier

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1 Year $1.00

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FOR ADVERTISING RATES, APPLY AT OFFICE.

TO CORRESPONDENTS—While unobjectionable anonymous communications will be published, the name and address of every writer of such letters must be given to the editor. The Editor reserves the right to refuse publication of any letter. All manuscript at writer's risk.

"Salus populi suprema est lex."

SATURDAY, MAR. 11, 1916.

Cause of Tisdall's Defeat.

In the Conservative papers at hand the editors are trying to explain to their readers the causes of the defeat of Mr. Tisdall in Vancouver. Some of the reasons given seem to be well founded and no doubt contributed in some degree to the general result.

But the main reason; public dissatisfaction with the administration of the public affairs by the government, they will not admit. The New-Advertiser has this to say on that point: "The vote is not a condemnation of the government."

It is very seldom that a respected citizen who represents a constituency in parliament and receives the distinction of being elevated to the cabinet, in seeking the endorsement of his constituents meets with defeat. During our residence in the province we do not recall more than one instance where a member met with such humiliation at the hands of his constituents, and that was when our representative Hon. Wm. Manson sought the endorsement of the electors of Alberni when he, as a member for that district, had been appointed provincial secretary. We know that his defeat was brought about by the electorate having lost confidence in him personally, and was not in any way looked upon as dissatisfaction with the government. The McBride administration was at that time in the ascendancy in public favor.

But times have changed, the mighty ones have failed to retain their popularity. Mr. Tisdall as a citizen and as a representative, if you please, was as popular as any supporter of this government in his capacity as a member of parliament could possibly be.

As against the contention of the News-Advertiser we maintain that the vote in Vancouver was decidedly a condemnation of the government.

The Western Call, a newspaper of Vancouver, supporting the government in an article on "The Real Issue," immediately before the election, enumerates the good points in Mr. Bowser's pre-election program and then says: "Now if the new ministers are defeated that will be notice to the government that the people have no confidence in their program and that they must not go on with it." The Western Call argues that a defeat of the ministers would mean that the people, not of Vancouver, Victoria and Rossland only, but of the whole province, had no confidence in the program and therefore a defeat would be a notice on the government not to go on with it. While we cannot agree with the Western Call that a defeat of the government's candidate means a disapproval of their program, we do agree with the proposition that the expressed will of the electorate of the people at these by-elections is a slight indication of the will of the people of the whole province and which, we believe, will be still further emphasized in the general election. But the defeat of the ministers is not a dissapproval of the program so much, although it is open to criticism, but it is an indication of a lack of confidence in the men who propose to carry out the provisions of the program. The government is judged by its record and not by its promises. The people do not want this present government to serve them any longer.

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The Handwriting on the Wall.

The election in Victoria on Saturday last proved to be another landslide in favor of the opponents of the government. According to the first despatches received the total number of votes cast were 7253, of which Brewster received 4826 and Flumerfelt 2427, giving Brewster a majority of 2399.

This gives Mr. Brewster a slightly larger percentage of all the votes cast than that Mr. Macdonald received in Vancouver.

In another article in this issue mention is made of the News-Advertiser's assertion that the vote in Vancouver was not a condemnation of the government. The contention of the Western Call that an adverse vote in the by-elections would signify a condemnation of Bowser's program is also referred to. In spite of the argument of the News-Advertiser, there seems to be no question but what the votes in Vancouver and Victoria are strongly condemnatory of the administration and is so regarded by the rank and file throughout the province, it reveals a desire to bestow a well-deserved rebuke upon the government, which no doubt will be further emphasized in the general election by a summary dismissal from office, and the trust which they have so flagrantly abused.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
READ THE LABEL
NO ALUM

It is not to be expected that the government supporters care to admit that the voters of the province are dissatisfied with the government. They think it is not to their interest to do so. If it is admitted by the government that the people have lost confidence in them, they would according to our system of government have to dissolve the parliament at once and order a general election. And according to the reasoning of the Western Call this is virtually admitted. If the people by an adverse vote condemn the policy of the government they certainly do not want it carried out in legislation. The people do not merely elect their representatives to vote money for salaries and public works, but they also elect them to enact laws for the welfare of the country. The government's ideas in regard to what these laws ought to be are embodied in its platform or program. If the people condemn the program it is self evident that legislation cannot be enacted according to the popular will. And if the representatives no longer carry out the popular will, they are no longer representatives. They misrepresent the people and consequently should resign their positions.

The legislature which is now in session at Victoria does no longer retain the confidence of the people and is a travesty upon a "government of the people, for the people and by the people," and the longer they usurp the powers of government the more they will call down upon themselves the indignation of an outraged people.

It has been charged repeatedly by the government supporters that the Liberals are a lot of hungry politicians clamoring to get at the public crib; but if the government retain its hold upon the offices after having received such castigation as they did in these by-elections, they exhibit a hunger for office that cannot be rivalled by their opponents.

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Peace on Righteous Terms.

At this writing for more than a week the bloodiest battle ever known has been raging around Verdun in France.

The Germans in a supreme effort to break through the French lines have shunned no sacrifice. A military critic states that of 300,000 Germans engaged at the beginning of the battle probably very few were left after a week's fighting. In places the fallen and living soldiers were so crowded that those hit could not fall, but remained standing.

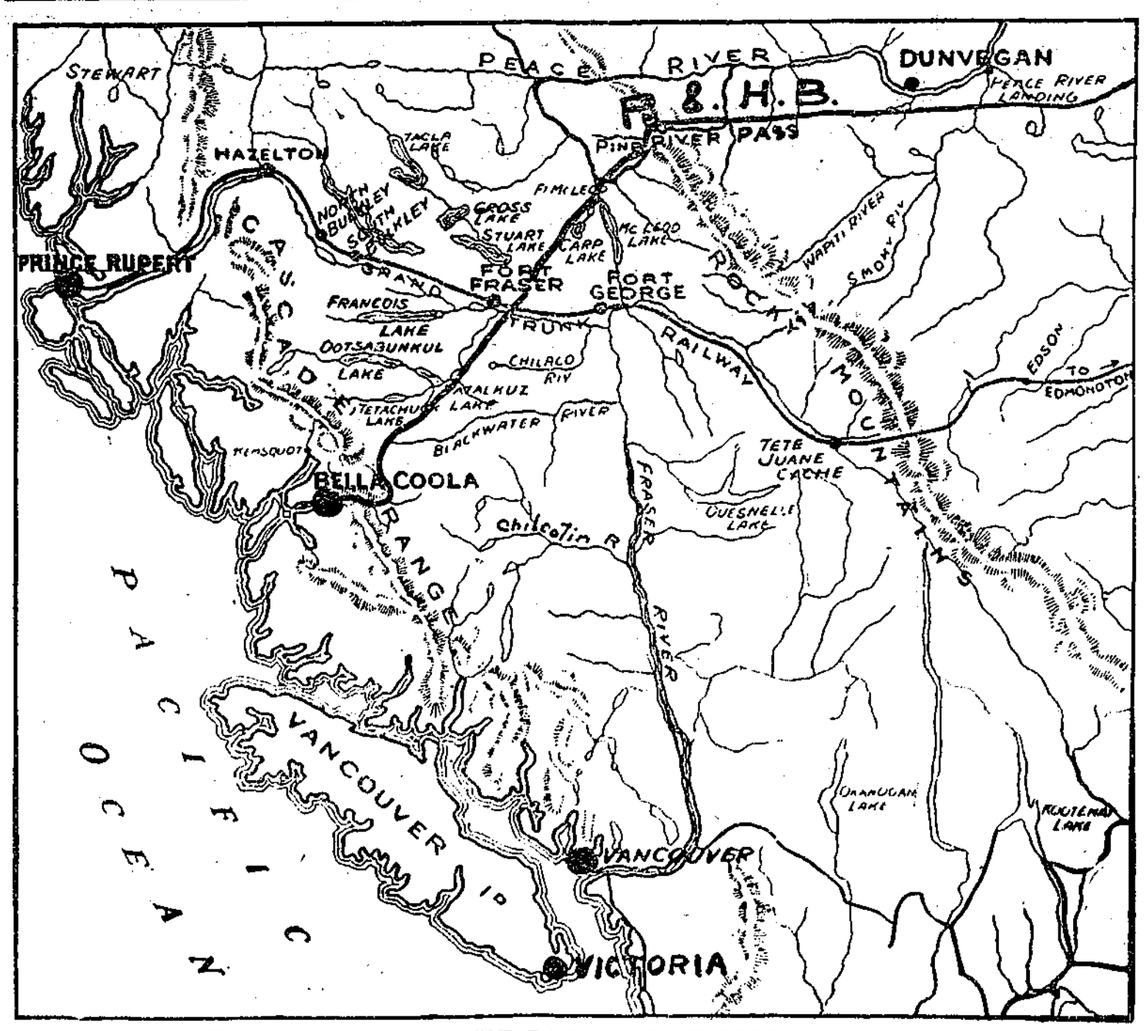
The ferocity of the soldiers was such that artillery and machine gun fire mowing them down like a scythe, could not stop their onward rush; fresh troops would be thrown into the gaps and finally the enemies came together in a hand-to-hand encounter similar to the battles of former times. The noise of the cannonade and bursting of bombs and shells was so terrific that the soldiers could not hear themselves speak, the light from the exploding shells made night as bright as day. During and through this horrible holocaust thousands of wounded were scattered over the fields of battle for days exposed to snow and cold, suffering unspeakable pain, and nothing could possibly be done for their relief because of the hail of shot and shell.

Although after more than a year and a half of fighting we are getting hardened to the misery wrought, yet all the people are earnestly longing for peace. And yet even though peace is wanted it must be on righteous terms.

Premier Asquith has found it necessary to repeat the terms on which the Entente Allies are willing to conclude peace. In the House of Commons on February 23rd last he said:

"What I said on November 9, 1914, I repeat now: We shall never sheathe the sword which we have not lightly drawn until Belgium, and I will add Serbia, recover in full measure all and more than they have sacrificed; until France is adequately secured against aggression, until the rights of the small nations of Europe are based upon an unassailable foundation and until the military domination of Prussia is wholly and finally destroyed.

Do good men of the type of Henry Ford and William Jennings Bryan, and christian journals like the one circulating in our midst



PROJECTED ROUTE OF THE PACIFIC & HUDSON BAY RAILWAY.

Mackay Smith, Blair & Co. Ltd.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Wholesale
DRY GOODS AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Manufacturers
OF "PRIDE OF THE WEST" BRAND
SHIRTS, PANTS, OVERALLS, MACKINAW
"MADE IN B. C."
Send for Catalogue *Prompt Attention Given Letter Orders*

Spend Your Vacation in Bella Coola where is found scenery unsurpassed

Mountaineering Amidst Eternal Snows

GRIZZLY BEARS, BLACK BEARS,
Goats and Deer in abundance

The reward of a three days' hunt in nature's wilds at Bella Coola.

Trout in all the Streams — Camping in a Fine Climate

Mr. Fred Hendricks, who has had a wide and varied experience throughout the continent in search of large and small game, offers his services as guide and guarantees "game, or no pay."

Bella Coola can be reached by Union Steamship Co.'s steamers from Vancouver every Thursday. Two days' sail through scenery rivalling the coast of Norway. A bus meets the steamer.

Modern Hotel accommodation, with hot and cold water, baths, etc., and last but not least Guides that will "guarantee" game.

Write to F. Hendricks, P. O. Box 63, Bella Coola, B. C., as to the best time to hunt the various game.

Gault Brothers Limited
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS
361 Water Street *Vancouver, B. C.*

¶ *Gault Brothers for over 60 years have successfully maintained wholesale warehouses throughout Canada*
¶ *The Vancouver stock is the largest and best assorted stock on the Coast, in some cases the best west of Toronto*

STAPLES — Ready-to-Wear — CARPETS
SMALLWARES — MEN'S FURNISHINGS — LINENS
RIBBONS — HOUSE FURNISHINGS — DRESS GOODS

MAIL ORDERS EXECUTED THE DAY RECEIVED

UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF B.C., LTD.

NOTICE

This will be the last trip of the S. S. Camosun on the Queen Charlotte Island run. Starting on March 14th, the Prince Albert will take up the Queen Charlotte Island run and will be operated by the Union Steamship Co. of B. C., Ltd. The Prince Albert will make two trips a month as usual.

The S. S. Camosun starting on March the 16th will take up the Victoria, Vancouver, Rivers Inlet, Bella Coola and Ocean Falls run.

S. S. "COQUITLAM" sails from Vancouver fortnightly, carrying Gasoline and Explosives, will call at Bella Coola by arrangement.

For rates of Freights, Fares and other information, apply to HEAD OFFICE, CARRALL ST., VANCOUVER; or GEO. McGREGOR, agent, 1003 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

want peace on conditions short of these?

Do they still claim the war is the outcome of a squabble between European monarchs? Do they still sympathize with Germany in her mad effort to obtain "a place in the sun," by the ruin of Serbia, the crushing of France, the degradation of Belgium and the crippling of Russia?

If they do, it is rather hard for a humble journal like the Courier to understand the christian principles by which they are imbued and which they advocate so ostentatiously in a land that is fighting for lofty ideals. Let us have less hypocrisy and more of true manhood.

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Fraud Exposed.

It must have been with considerable shock to their feelings the good people and journals who defend the liquor traffic discovered that the petition presented by the Merchants Protective Association to the government protesting against the granting of the people of the province a chance to express their will on the question of prohibition, contained nearly 20,000 bogus names. It really must be humiliating to a respectable honest citizen that in his earnest endeavor to help and defend what he believes to be a worthy and legitimate cause he finds he has been associating himself with a group of dishonest and altogether unworthy people.

It is very hard for these disinterested defenders of the liquor traffic, however, to become convinced that the traffic is bad and that as a consequence the class of people conducting it are and by necessity must be bad too. A tree is known by its fruits; the liquor traffic is known by its blighting effect upon those engaged in it and its customers. It was asserted by the antis that the petition in question contained the names of 34000 bona fide voters, this number being a majority of all the voters in the province. As a sample of the reliance to be placed on this assertion it may be stated that out of 1000 Vancouver signatories only 378 were qualified voters.

The Vancouver World has this to say in regard to this attempted fraud upon the people:

"This petition, we now see, is nothing more than a barefaced and deliberate attempt to mislead the people and the government of this province. It is a cheat, an impudent bluff, quite worthy of the liquor men who fathered it. And when we remember that it was got up for the purpose of preventing the people of British Columbia freely recording their opinion on a great public and patriotic question, namely, whether they want the iniquities of the liquor traffic to continue in their midst, the outrageous nature of the imposition needs no further emphasis.

The petition is worthless. It is discredited beyond recall. No government can pay the slightest attention to the demands of persons who stoop so low to achieve their own selfish ends, and to continue to make their selfish profit out of an immoral and debasing traffic.

The people of British Columbia will know how to deal with them when the time comes."

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The Premier Is Determined.

It goes without saying that the result of the election in the premier's home town was a great disappointment and probably also a surprise to him.

It is therefore natural that he may have been somewhat disturbed mentally and may have in the heat of the moment, said things which he, upon mature reflection, would find inconsiderate.

To people who are accustomed to the usages of a government of the people it does, in view of the decisive stand taken by the only people who were consulted upon the subject, sound rather out of place for the leader of the government, the acknowledged dictator of the legislative assembly, to make the assertion which the News-Advertiser attributes to the premier. To quote the News-Advertiser:

"We will proceed to carry out the policy which we have mapped out," announced Premier Bowser last evening, when asked what would be the effect of the defeat of Hon C. E. Tisdall, Minister of Public Works in the new cabinet."

Of course at the time when he made this statement he was ignorant of what would take place just one week later at Victoria. But if he adheres to his determination as he expressed it at the moment of great disappointment and wilfully defies the public opinion as expressed at the polls he will at some future time have occasion to rue it.

War Ravages Repaired.

Richard Harding Davis, the well known author, says that recently in visiting the area in France covered by the Marne campaign it was difficult for him to realize that this section had been touched by the hand of war. All the fields are under cultivation, the fences are in their accustomed places, the buildings have been so deftly repaired or rebuilt that it is hard to believe that most of them were wrecked by shell fire. Even the bridges across the river have been rebuilt. France is repairing the ravages of war with astonishing industry and skill.

Home Dairying.

By H. E. Walker, Provincial Agriculturist.

The question is often asked, "Why is it that Creamery butter almost invariably brings a higher price than that for the home dairy?" and there is no denying the fact that a large quantity of dairy butter of an inferior grade is placed on the market which lowers very materially the general average price.

The following notes are intended to draw the attention of the home butter maker to some reasons why the creamery is able to command a better market.

At the outset it may be men-

(Continued on page 4, column 2.)

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

COAL MINING RIGHTS of the Dominion, in MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN and ALBERTA, the YUKON TERRITORY, the NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES and in a portion of the PROVINCE of BRITISH COLUMBIA, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10.00 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—36090.

BUSINESS CARDS

GEOFFREY K. BURNETT C.E., B.C.L.S., D. J. McGUGAN B.A.S.C., B.C.L.S., ASS. M. CAN. SOC. C.E.

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(Successors to Geoffrey K. Burnett)
(Late Hill & Burnett)
CIVIL ENGINEERS and B. C. LAND SURVEYORS
Grand View Hotel, Bella Coola, B. C.
City address—New Westminster, B.C.
P. O. Box 886. Telephone 232.

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600 dealers and trappers of B. C., Yukon and Alaska have taken advantage of our *Fur Sales Agency* for 3 years.

Our sealed bid plan whereby 15 or 20 of the biggest fur buyers in the world bid on your fur instead of one individual house assures the highest market price always.

We hold sales monthly, but will advance 75 per cent. of value on receipt, sending balance immediately after sale. Our commission is only 3 to 4 per cent.

LITTLE BROS. FUR SALES AGENCY, LTD.
54 POWELL ST., VANCOUVER, B. C.

Dealers and Trappers

We pay highest price for your furs and castorium, also handle goods on commission, advancing 2-3 of value, our charges being 5 per cent. for handling.

THE EDMONTON HIDE & FUR CO.
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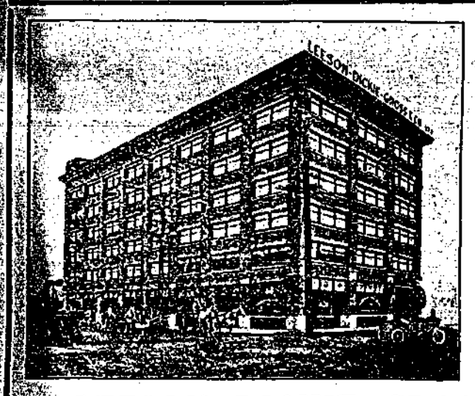
EDMONTON, Alta.
157 McDougall Ave.



A few lines we specially recommend

Duerrs—
Jams and Jellies

Huntley & Palmers
—Biscuits

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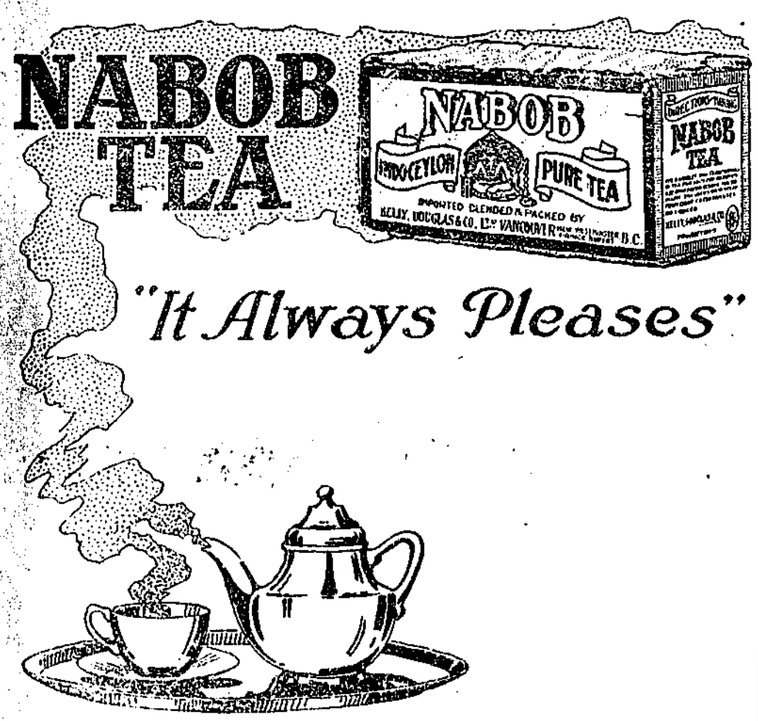

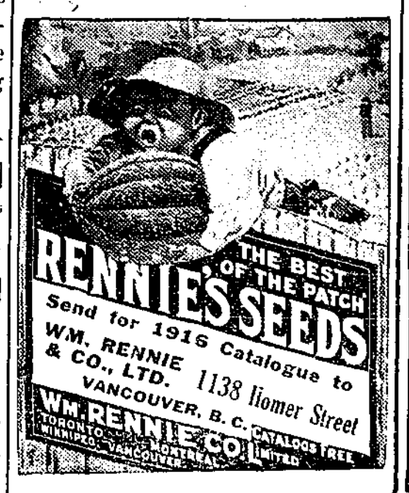

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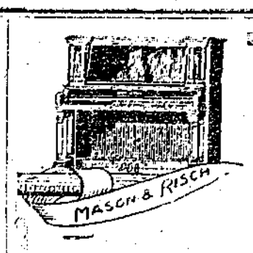

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tioned that the successful creamery butter maker is a man of training, and he does not guess regarding quantities, temperatures, etc. He has a complete outfit and gives careful attention to the ripening of the cream, churns it at the correct temperature, places the finished product in a neat package and makes a standard article.

If one is to produce good butter he must commence right. The cows must be healthy and clean. It is essential to supply them with plenty of pure water and clean, wholesome food and at all times give them free access to salt. It is not wise to feed such as turnips, rape, or decayed ensilage, as the flavor of the milk will be injured. The udder of the cow should be brushed off and wiped with a damp cloth just before milking, and the milking ought be done with clean, dry hands. Immediately after milking the milk should be strained and removed as soon as possible from the stable.

(The following notes are taken from Bulletin 17, Dairy and Cold-storage Commissioner Series.)

METHODS OF CREAMING.

There are three common methods of removing cream from the milk: the shallow pan, deep setting; and the hand separator. All these methods are used to some extent.

The shallow pan method has many defects and we do not recommend it. Cream from this method is apt to be too thin. The large surface exposed in the pans and the length of time that it stands favors the absorption of odors, etc. The best results from using shallow pans are obtained by setting the milk immediately after milking, in pressed tin pans without seams, about 3 inches deep, placing the pans on a cool surface or in a large pan through which cold water is allowed to run. Skimming should take place about 24 or 36 hours from setting.

The deep setting method is a very decided improvement on the foregoing. The best results are secured by putting the milk as soon as drawn into cans about 8 inches in diameter and 20 inches deep. The cans are then placed in a tank containing ice water and left for about 24 hours before skimming.

The hand-power cream separator is the most reliable and best method of skimming milk at the farm. Some of the advantages over the other methods are: less loss of fat in the skim milk, a better and more uniform quality of cream; and the skim milk is in the best condition for feeding young stock.

CREAM AND ITS CARE.

It is best to skim a rich cream as there is less can room required; less cream to cool; it will keep sweet longer than thin crem. other conditions being equal; it will churn more easily; and it will make better flavored butter.

The cream from deep setting will not require much cooling, but cream from shallow pans or from hand separators should be cooled to under 60 degrees immediately after skimming, and kept cool until about 12 hours before churning. If cream is allowed to stand at a high temperature (70 to 75 degrees) for any length of time the flavor will be injured, and it is apt to become lumpy. This condition will cause serious loss of fat in the butter-milk and the quality of the butter will not be fine.

Warm cream should not be added to cream already cooled. The cream should be stirred well each time a fresh lot is added, and occasionally until it is ready to churn.

Preparing the cream for churning. This means developing the proper acidity (sourness) and having the cream at the right temperature. No fresh cream should be added for at least 12 hours before churning. If the cream is sweet at this time, a small quantity (5 to 10 per cent) of clean, flavored sour skim milk may be added with good results and the cream kept at churning temperature for 12 hours. The appearance of the cream when ready to churn should be thick and glossy and pour like thick syrup; it should smell and taste slightly sour.

It cannot be definitely stated how high it may be necessary to raise the temperature of the cream to make butter under all conditions, the best rule that can be given is to raise the temperature high enough to bring the butter in about 25 to 30 minutes. It is nearly always necessary to have a higher churning temperature in the fall and winter than in the spring and summer.

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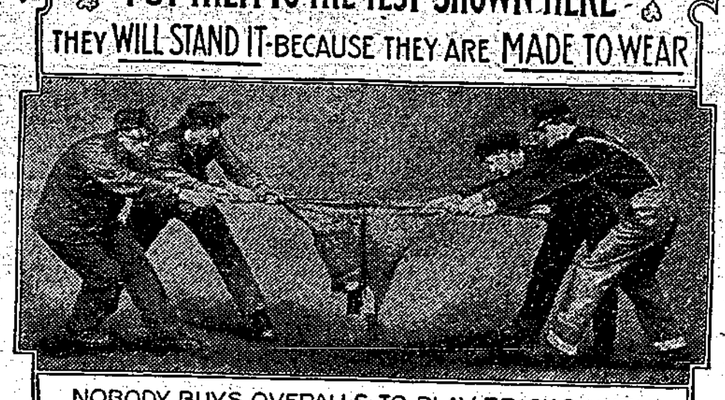

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