

The Abbotsford Post



With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

VOL. XV., No. 2.

ABBOTSFORD, B. C. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1917

8 \$1.00 PER YEAR

HILL'S STORE NEWS

Vol. I.

Our Goods are the Best

No. 35

NEW GOODS

Grey Union Flannel, per yard 50¢
All wool, good weight English Flannel, per yard \$1.00
Heavy Cotton Shirting per yard 30¢
Good strong Bath Towels, per yard, 75¢ and \$1.00
Men's Tweed Caps with Fur pull-downs, 75¢ to \$2.00

Boys' worsted ribbed stockings, a pair, 75¢ and \$1.00
Women's Cashmere stockings, a pair, 65¢ and 85¢
Men's Heavy Wool and union sox, a pair, 25, 35, 40, 50¢ and 75¢

Men's Heavy Ribbed Undersuits, per garment \$1.60
Boys' Penman, Cotton mixture, per garment 75¢
Ladies' Waists, each 75¢ to \$2.25

Best and Purest Stock of Groceries
always on hand.

"Trade where the Trading is Good"

HILL'S STORE
Gazley Block ABBOTSFORD, B. C.

BELLEVUE HOTEL HAS A FIRE MACHINERY IS WORKING WELL

On Wednesday evening about six o'clock the Bellevue Hotel was notified on fire and the alarm was given. It was not long until the big hose was playing on the flames with the Mission Light and Power Company's force behind it.

The fire started in the western part of the new building and watching it one was reminded of the fire there several years ago. It seemed to be a renewal of the old scene. The cause of the fire is not known.

The building is pretty well dilapidated and so far no decision has been made as to whether it will be rebuilt again, as was done after the previous fire.

There was about \$6000 insurance on the building and contents.

Part of the building, west of where scene of the greater part of the conflagration was is very old, the building of it dating back several thousand years after the great electrician, Noah, made the arc light. The eastern part of the building is not much damaged, except by water from the two big streams.

Considerable of the furniture and the near beer were saved.

Mr. Firlotte and Mr. Hector McKenzie have taken over the livery barn.

Mrs. Thomas had a telegram from Skytomish saying her sister is very ill. She has gone to be with her.

Ottawa, Nov 5.—Successful operation of the machinery placed throughout the country for the enforcement of the Military Service Act is reported from all points. The rush of the men in the first class to be medically examined and to get into touch with the authorities began as soon as the medical boards were established and has continued steadily ever since.

Since the proclamation was issued on October 13th the men have been going to Post Offices in large numbers to comply with its requirements.

As was expected a large number of men are seeking exemption. A comprehensive system of handling these exemptions claims has been established and it is expected confidently that no trouble will be found in dealing with each case satisfactorily. The officials charged with putting the Act into operation—and in connection the postmasters of the country are playing an important part—will be exceedingly busy until November 10, the last day for answering the call.

The W. A. socials will be held on Friday evenings in the future for this year at any rate.

The True Blues gave a farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, presenting Mr. Campbell with a safety razor.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Salt, on October 30, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Dave Higginson a son.

PERSONALS

Mr. Harry Eby was a visitor to Vancouver last week.

Mrs. Elmer Campbell of Bellinham visited her sister Mrs. Coogan a few days last week.

Mr. Hector McKenzie from Vancouver was in town on Saturday.

Pie. T. Walters and Pie. Nat Rucker were home for the week end.

Mr. Coburn was in town on Saturday on business.

Mr. Sumner is back in the store again after being laid up for about a month with a sore leg and now Mr. Martin is sick.

Mr. Emery had a sale on Saturday. Rev. Mr. Diarmid of Mission City conducted the services in the Presbyterian church on Sunday in Abbotsford and Huntingdon.

Mr. Joe King motored to Ladner on Friday taking Mr. Frank Sutherby and family back to their old home.

Mr. Fred Sutherby and wife have come to Abbotsford to live on the Sutherby place.

Mr. P. R. Peele was a visitor to New Westminster last week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have gone back into Mr. Emery's house.

Mrs. Kite has moved into Mr. Alder's house.

Mr. J. Vanetta has been sick some time with a bad cold and cough but we all expect to see him out again soon.

Miss Graham, the teacher who took Miss Percival's place while the latter was sick, is now sick and Miss Steede is teaching.

Mr. and Mrs. Winson of Huntingdon visited the Misses Steede on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence McCallum motored to Vancouver last Saturday morning and remained over Sunday.

Mrs. Ryall was visiting in New Westminster last week end at her son's, Mr. Everett Ryall.

Mr. Dan Smith, Mrs. Dave Campbell and Mrs. Emery motored to Vancouver on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alanson and friends motored to Chilliwack on Sunday.

Mrs. John McPhee has been on the sick list for a while is now around again.

Mr. Dennison and Mr. Clarence McCallum are the next to be sick with a cold.

A fire broke out in the home of Mr. Lacmanac last Monday forenoon while Mrs. Lacmanac was down to the store. They lost house and everything in it.

Some of the Clayburn people gave a little play last Friday night. It was very good and they took in a nice little sum for the British Red Cross.

Miss Steede played for them between the acts, later the playweek between the acts. After the play all those who assisted were invited to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Plummer's to supper, which they enjoyed very much.

A surprise party was given to Mr. and Mrs. Campbell at Mrs. Fraser's home last Friday evening. There were a large number present considering the weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell were invited to Mrs. Fraser's for supper that evening.

A fine programme was given. Mrs. McGowan gave two piano solos; Mrs. Knox a piano solo, Mrs. McGowan and Mrs. Bedlow two piano duets; Mrs. Groat, solo; Miss Kennedy a solo; Miss Evelyn McMenemy and Miss Jessie Coogan, two piano and violin selections; Miss Evelyn McMenemy and Miss Thelma Taylor two piano and violin selections, Miss Margaret Hutchison a reading, Mrs. Fraser president of the Ladies Aid made a very nice speech and Mrs. Kennedy presented Mrs. Campbell with a very handsome purse or hand bag, from the Ladies Aid.

Mrs. Campbell made a most suitable reply, regretted leaving Abbotsford which they had come to look upon as home with strong ties.

Mr. Campbell, also, made a speech. Mr. McGowan made a few remarks and told a little story. A nice lunch was served and all joined hands and sang "Auld Lang Syne" then "God Save Our King", bade a hearty good night to Mr. and Mrs. Campbell and Mrs. Fraser.

The W. A. social was not so largely attended last week only nine tables of whist were played. Mrs. Swift got the first prize and the recruiting officer the gentleman's first; Miss Graham the gentleman's consolation and Mrs. Shore the ladies consolation.

Miss Urquhart has her sister with her for a visit.

HOW COALITION WAS AFFECTED

Col. Taylor Reviews Features of Formation of Union Government

One of the splendid features of the morning session of the Liberal-Conservative convention held at Mission City last Thursday was the interesting address of Senator Taylor, who spoke while the credential committee and the resolutions committee were arranging the preliminary details of the convention.

Col. Taylor was received with loud applause. He first thanked the electors for the unvarying kindness extended to him by the whole district during the fourteen years he had carried the banner of the party. He could say without reservation he had left it without any sore feeling between any single elector and himself Liberal or Conservative. If there were any personal ill-will he had yet to learn of it. Referring to his appointment to the Senate, Col. Taylor said that if that had not occurred he would have sought nomination at that convention.

Canada today had a unique situation—the first Union government formed since Federation regardless of party. That situation was a tribute to the genius for leadership of Sir Robert Borden, the prime minister. After Sir Robert had returned from England he was convinced that something radical must be effected in Canada to increase and keep up their fighting forces in France and that there was no prospect of doing so by voluntary enlistment. He was also convinced that no single party could pass conscription in Canada and that co-operation of the two great parties was essential.

Overtures to Sir Wilfrid Laurier failed. Sir Wilfrid laid it down in the beginning of the session of 1916 that he would not stand for conscription in Canada, that it would never come with his consent and that notwithstanding that the course of events had altered the situation, Sir Robert's fixed purpose was to get the best union government. He had accomplished that and he had now got every province in Canada represented in the cabinet, with the exception of Prince Edward Island and British Columbia, by outstanding Liberals. In New Brunswick by Frank Carvell, the fiercest and most uncompromising opponent of the Borden Government. He had fought right up to the last minute before the House closed. From Nova Scotia by Mr. McLean, the former attorney-general there, when Premier Murray could not respond to the invitation.

Ballantyne from Quebec, who had resigned the commission of the Montreal harbor board, because the Conservatives replaced the Liberals in 1911. The great national crisis had altered his attitude of a few years ago. From Ontario they had the official leader, Hon. N. W. Rowell, one of the rising men of Canada, a man of the highest type in every respect, reputed an idealist; also, Major-General Mewburn, recognized as a stalwart adherent of his party and Hugh Guthrie, who distinguished himself in the House of Commons by the vigorous manner in which he supported conscription. From Manitoba, Mr. Crerar, head of the Grain Growers' Association, representative of the greatest single factor in Canadian commercial life. Without their co-operation it would be impossible to guarantee the success of any government of this kind in the prairies where the representation has been largely against the Borden government up to the present. Saskatchewan was represented by Mr. Calder,

one of the most active figures in Canadian Liberalism. Premier Stinson came from Alberta where he had shown great skill in the government of that province.

Col. Taylor considered they could not have a more complete coalition. He referred to Senator Bostock's absurd assertion that B. C. had been ostracised, as they had only Mr. Burrell and no Liberal representative. Mr. Bostock must have spoken without reflection as Saskatchewan had no Conservatives. In New Brunswick, Mr. Hazen had given place to Mr. Carvell, a Liberal. Upon analysis it would be seen, therefore, that there was no ground for local grievance in B. C.

When these ministers had joined the Borden government a working agreement had to be arrived at to avoid factional strife in the constituencies. It was agreed to accept as a government candidate for each constituency any member who had supported the military service act. There were 24 vacancies by death and other wise and 23 new seats. It was resolved to give a larger representation to Liberalism to make the coalition more acceptable. It was decided to give the Liberals four seats in B. C. One of the four seats was from the old district of New Westminster. They have left it to them to accomplish that but the minister expected them to get together and form the two new constituencies return one Liberal and one Conservative.

The military service act is the great issue of this election, declared the former member. They had two B. C. battalions broken up to reinforce others because B. C. was unable to obtain recruits to maintain them under the voluntary system. All over Canada there was a shortage and unless they got men they could not maintain their four divisions in the fighting line. The voluntary system had failed and it was for them to choose between the Union government and Laurierism, to decide to support compulsory service or Laurier Liberalism. If Laurier were returned to power he said, he would make another attempt to secure recruits by volunteering; if that failed have a referendum, or an appeal to the Imperial government as to what was the best course. His actions would be governed by these referendums. The Senator then showed wherein he believed the voluntary system was not equitable. The sparsely populated province of B. C. had sent more men to the front than the whole of Quebec and B. C. had only seven parliamentary representatives and Quebec had 55. Everything in connection with the government of Canada had been administered in that proportion, yet B. C. had sent more men to fight the battles of the Empire than Quebec. Voluntaryism should not be perpetuated because it was a rank injustice to all Canada. No one part of Canada should be allowed to stand out. It should be made to do its duty, proportionately, like the rest.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's attitude was stay at home, provide food, munitions, etc.

The responsibility of providing men should rest upon the state and not upon individuals. Another most important question was the provision for the dependents of soldiers. Pensions were utterly inadequate. Their soldiers were not regular soldiers. They owe far more to their own men. They must restore them to the same position of relative comfort he occupied before the war and maintain his dependents as if the soldier had remained at home. The taxation for such must be distributed over the community.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

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Our Shibboleth—Neither for nor against the Government.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9 1917

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has issued his manifesto to the electors of Canada. It would appear to us that it is now about a year behind the times in the all important question now before the people of Canada—conscription, or the question of keeping the ranks of Canada's four divisions supplied with men. We consider that the Borden government was a little slow, but we hope to see the war over before any scheme, as proposed by Laurier's manifesto, could be brought up to the same stage as the present system now being put into force. Time appears to be an important factor in getting the men across the Atlantic into the war-stricken France.

True Australia did not quit when conscription was defeated, but it was at a less, all thought, important stage in the big war. At that time few in Canada thought of conscription. But the longer the war continues the justice of conscription appeals more and more to the people.

There is, however, one matter that Laurier has been successful in his appeal—most successful, we should say, and that is his appeal to the disgruntled and the slackers.

Sir Robert Borden was not elected as a war premier. But at a time when the united energies of all the people are needed for the carrying on of the war he stands out as the one man in public life who has unflinchingly stood for unity and a subordination of party ambitions. It is for this that men of all parties are uniting under his leadership. He alone among outstanding men in public life stands as the author and advocate of conscription, without which Canada would fall of her duty in the war. It is for these things, and because he is a man of high purpose, of unswerving loyalty, because he is above all things an eminently safe man to whom to entrust the conduct of affairs at this crisis that his leadership is no longer seriously called in question.—Winnipeg Tribune.

The Montreal Gazette regards it as possible that the expectations of those who anticipate a solid Quebec contingent against the government of Sir Robert Borden, may be disappointed. The Gazette says:

"There are extreme men in Quebec, and they have made much noise of late. Extreme men of another sort in other provinces have been making opposing noises. Those who confound noise with movement are liable to be misled. In the latest parliamentary by-election in this province, in Dorchester, a member of the Borden government was returned by a fairly substantial majority; and nothing that has since been said or shouted against conscription has been more bitter than was said or shouted against Mr. Seigney when he took the responsibility of the government's acts upon his shoulders, and sought and secured the approval of the voters."

The Gazette goes on to say that Quebec has always been a province of conservative views, and that even its most successful Liberal administrations have always been conducted on lines calculated to secure the approval of the conservative elements in the constituencies. It sees in the furious anti-conscription campaign, prosecuted in Quebec by certain politicians, the possibility of a situation arising that will drive men of conservative views from the side the disturbers uphold. In the Gazette's opinion an appeal to the cooler judgment of the solid elements of the province by men of repute in their constituencies is likely to be productive of results that will be entirely disappointing to those who expect to profit politically by rounding up a solid Quebec, and making that province an Ishmaelite in the confederation.

Whether or not the Gazette's judgments turn out to be correct one thing is clear. The time is bound to come, and may be regarded as not far distant, when the fomenters of riot, lawlessness, and discord in Montreal and Quebec, will become anathema to the people of the French-Canadian province. No enduring cause has ever been founded upon violent revolutionary agitation in any part of the British dominions. When the re-action comes in Quebec it will overwhelm the false leaders who have recently brought that province into such disrepute. The first phase of the reaction will come with the application of the very moderate

What Will Canada's Answer Be?

OVER in the sodden trenches amid the bursting shells and the roar of artillery where Canada's boys are fighting and dying.

—they are waiting for Canada's answer when the sale of Victory Bonds begins.

CANADA'S soldiers expect that we at home will put up the millions they need to keep on fighting.

—the millions they must have to win Victory for freedom, home and Canada.

What answer will Canada make?

What answer will you make?

Shall it be said that Canada spares not her sons from the sacrifice of battle, yet withholds her dollars to give them victory?

Rather will it be said that Canada, once more, for the fourth time in three years, cheerfully puts up her millions upon millions for the cause of freedom, righteousness and justice.

Canada's answer must be,

—that the Canadian hand to the plow of Victory holds steadfast and firm.

—that Canada is in deadly earnest when she says the "last man and the last dollar."

That is the answer Canada will give to our boys in the trenches, our kinsmen in Britain, and our Allies everywhere.

That is the answer we will give to the Huns who thought and said that Canada would desert the Empire before she would fight or pay.

Every bond you buy is an answer. Let the millions of answers from Canada's loyal men and women make a chorus of Victory to ring around the world.

Canada's Victory Loan Campaign opens on Monday, November 12

"Canada's Victory Loan All About It"

is the title of a pamphlet that should be in the hands of every man and woman in the country.

Mail this coupon at once and get your copy

Chairman, Provincial Committee, Canada's Victory Loan, Vancouver.

Kindly send me a copy of pamphlet entitled:—"Canada's Victory Loan, All About It."

Name.....

Street or R.R.....

P.O.....

Prov.....

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

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EXEMPTION TRIBUNALS

MILITARY SERVICE ACT 1917

For the Attention of Class One Men

The location of The Exemption Tribunals in this district is as follows:—

Tribunal B. C., No. 52—Abbotsford

No. 82—One Hundred and Fifty Mile House

These Tribunals will commence to deal with claims for exemption on November 8th.

All claims for exemption must be made not later than November 10th.

Those who make or have made their claim for exemption in writing through the Post Office will receive notice by registered letter of date on which their claim will be dealt with.

Those who neglect to make use of the Post Office must present themselves in person at a Tribunal on November 8th, 9th or 10th, and they will then be informed as to when their claims will be dealt with.

Reports for service must be made on or before November 10th through the Post Office.

Severe penalties are provided by law for failure to report for service or claim exemption as above.

Issued by
The Military Service Council.

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provisions of the selective conscription law. When the people come to understand the measure in the right actual experience, they will realize how much misrepresentation and falsehood has been preached from the hustings and printed in the press concerning it. When eventually the conclusion of the war brings a clearer perspective of the present situation to the people of Quebec and the other provinces of Canada, the wisdom and sanity and justice of the policy of selective drafts will appeal with compelling force to all Canadians, and when that time comes, Canadians, whether of British or of French origin, will be able to compare and contrast the action of Canada's opposing political leaders in the presence of a crisis, whose magnitude and importance will then be thoroughly understood. The strength of Sir Robert

Borden's position is that it is right. Such being the case, the Prime Minister, his associates in the government and his supporters in the country may look forward with absolute confidence to the future.—Sydney, N. S., Daily Post.

GRAPHOLOGY By CISSY

NONO. Sanguine temperament, possesses qualities that would make him excel in out door sports: e. g. cricket, golf, etc., as he has size, weight, and distance, self-confident, benevolent generous, economical, dutiful, mystic and very high in social attributes.

KERENSKY. Clear mind, reflective powers, thirst for knowledge, energy executiveness, sense of supremacy, firmness, hope, sublimity, sympathy and love of system. Thank you, and also Nono for your extra donations.

SWEETNESS. Shows much fortitude and endurance, self-assertion, yet not much pride, prudence, strong religious tendencies, appreciation of harmony, order and beauty, content, calmness and argumentativeness.

THE MARQUIS. Thoroughly dislikes struggle, needs encouragement and approval to bring out his talent, imaginative, clannish, good-humored, lacking initiative, rather affected, possesses directness of insight, artistic perception, and musical talent.

POPPY. Calmness, tenderness, sympathy, aestheticism, fondness of ease and pleasure, the will easily dominated, possesses courage, some recklessness, good-humor, large heartedness and far-sightedness.

A union convention is slated for Abbotsford next Friday; and the Liberals will hold a convention at Port Coquitlam on the 15th.

Word was received this week that A. J. Millar of Clayburn is reported "Missing; believed killed".

Pte. Stebbing has returned from the front.

ABBOTSFORD AND DISTRICT

XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX

HONOR ROLL

XXXXXXXXXX
XXXXXXXXXX

Abbotsford and District has done magnificently in sending her sons to fight for the freedom and rights of the British Empire and her Allies.

The following are the names:

W. A. Ferguson, killed.
H. E. Lloyd, killed.
J. McDonald, killed.
H. R. Gray, killed.
E. O. Collinson, killed.
A. Ames, killed.
J. F. Green, killed.
Chas. Wooler, (Killed)
A. Witchell (Killed)
M. Mallalue (Killed)
R. Hughes (Killed)
H. Green (Killed)
O. Kidwell, killed.
John Gillen, (Killed)
Sergt. C. T. McPhee (K'd)
Geo. Knox, died, pneumonia.
A. J. Munro, (Prisoner)
L. Trethewey, (Gassed)
Wm. Morgan (Invalided)
S. McPhee (Wounded)
D. Campbell, (Wounded)
Albert Davenport (Wound'd)
F. Brown, invalided.
A. G. Adams.
E. Anderton.
J. Aitken.
Stanley Attwood
H. Arnold.
F. Beale.
Steve Beebe
C. Bayes.
Hilliard Boyd.
Ed Barrett.
J. Bousfield.
W. Bowman.
A. A. F. Callan.
D. Campbell
J. H. Campbell
W. Campbell.
Tom Campbell.
E. Chamberlain.
E. A. Chapman,
Alex. Chisholm
Fred Colbourne
M. W. Copeland.

T. Davis.
T. Donnelly.
J. Downie.
A. C. Dudden.
Paul Dutase
Andy Ellwood.
Wm. Evans
Norman Evans
Geo. Fadden
A. A. Fermor.
A. A. Fermor
S. Finch.
A. F. Flummerfelt
J. Fraser,
Ernest Gazley.
Clarence Gazley.
D. Geddes.
E. B. de la Giroday
Robert Gillen
G. N. Gillett.
H. Gordon.
G. Gough,
H. Green
H. Grimley.
J. Hands.
G. E. Hayes.
A. Healey.
A. Hicks.
O. Hicks.
Robt. Higginson
Matt Higginson.
A. Hill-Tout.
Charles Hill-Tout
Willie Hill-Tout
R. Hughes.
T. M. Hutton
C. Hulton-Harrop.
V. Hulton-Harrop.
K. Huggard.
H. Johnston.
J. Kirkbride.
S. Knott.
Fred Knox.
Henry Knox.
W. Laird.
Geo. E. Leary

Roy Mains
T. Mawson.
Frank McCallum
J. McCormack.
Kenneth McGillivray.
Stewart McGillivray.
H. McKinnon
Wm. McIntyre
P. D. McLagan
Matt Nelson.
Jack Parton
Peter Pearson.
A. Pegram.
T. Perks.
R. Peters.
Major B. Pottinger
S. Ramsay
John Rhodes
M. Rhodes.
Geo. Sharp.
Robt. Sim.
H. Skipworth.
J. L. Sansom
John Sinclair.
R. Smart.
T. Smeeton.
B. W. Suthern.
A. Teng.
W. W. Thaw
L. Trethewey.
T. Usher.
Walker Wallace
Gordon Walters
Harold Walters
Thos. Walters
J. Welch.
A. Williams.
J. O. Williams.
Percy Wilson.
Frank Wooler
Manlius Zeigler

P What are we, who are left behind, going to contribute towards the Canadian Patriotic Fund, as our share, to equal the sacrifice of those who have died or enlisted for Overseas Service. Give a monthly subscription.

YOU CAN IMPROVE YOUR OWN TELEPHONE SERVICE?

Leading telephone engineers have made the following statements:

When speaking into a telephone the best results are obtained with the lips very close to the transmitter—just so that they do not touch it. Removing the lips from the transmitter has the same effect as lengthening the line in use as follows:

One inch lengthens the line 57 miles.
Two inches lengthens the line 128 miles.
Three inches lengthens the line 179 miles.
Four inches lengthens the line 218 miles.

Co-operation by subscribers is earnestly requested in everything which will give to them BETTER AND MORE EFFICIENT TELEPHONE SERVICE.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE Co.
Limited

EMPLOYEES SAFEGUARDED

Ottawa, Oct. 31.—Amongst the penalties provided for information of the Military Service Act is a very necessary and useful instrument designed to guard employees from employers who make a reduction of wages or some such alteration in working conditions as a condition for applying for the exemption of a man or men in their employ. Any employer guilty of such conduct is liable to a fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment for six months.

The honorable course for employers to adopt under the act is to apply for exemption faithfully and loyally for the men whose work is essential to the success of their business and who cannot be replaced, or who have special qualifications not to be duplicated, and not to make the application for any indirect or improper purpose, whatsoever. Exemption Tribunals will not be deceived, and the system will provide for all, sooner or later.

ABBOTSFORD HELPS TO MAKE THE BOYS "COMFY"

The members of the W. C. T. U. at this centre are delighted with the response which met their call for money for cocoa fund, and take this opportunity of thanking all who contributed.

The nice little sum of one hundred and fifty-four dollars was realized.

The following were the donations: Abbotsford Timber and Trading Co., per Mrs. Boyd \$75; Clayburn Mill and station per Mrs. Ham \$37.50; Abbotsford school per Mrs. Parton \$15; Clayburn village per Mrs. Kirkpatrick \$13.50; Huntingdon per Mrs. Skinner \$4; W. C. T. U. Treasury \$8.00.

J. H. JONES

Funeral Director

Furnisher of Funeral Supplies

Phone Connection, Mission City

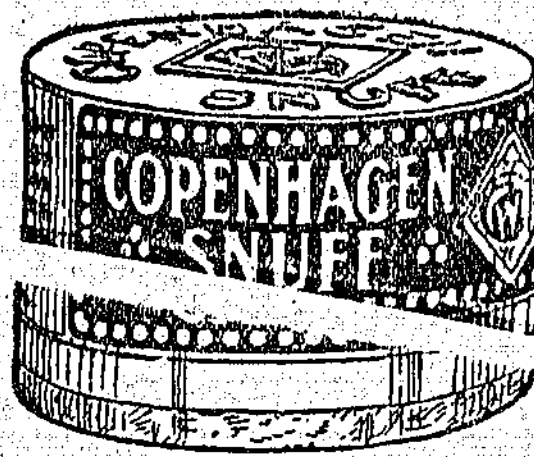
BUY YOUR

**BACON, HAM, LARD
SALT FISH, ETC.**

From **J. G. COPPING**, the Pioneer Butcher,
ABBOTSFORD, B. C.
AND SAVE MONEY

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

Our Groceries are the Freshest

\$8.00 CHEQUE GIVEN AWAY

A number is given with every pound of Malkin's Tea.
You might hold the lucky number.
You need the pound of tea in any case. Buy now from Albert Lee.

Our Bread is the Very Best

ALBERT LEE, Grocer and Baker

See me now about that Insurance

FIRE :: LIFE

Etc., Etc.

I have a large and splendid supply of Raspberry Canes for sale at low prices. Finest quality.

A. McCallum
Abbotsford

The Military



Service Act, 1917

DON'T DELAY! Do It TODAY

THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT is passed; the Proclamation issued October 13th. It is now the bounden duty of every man in Class One to report for service or claim exemption. This includes all bachelors and widowers without children (not otherwise excepted) who were 20 years old on the 13th October, 1917, and whose 34th birthday did not occur before January 1st, 1917.

What To Do

Go to your Post Office and ask for the form for reporting for service or for claiming exemption. The form contains clear instructions for filling in. Do this not later than **NOVEMBER 10th**.

Beware of the Last Minute Rush

With so many thousands of reports and claims to be dealt with, the rush of Class One Men will grow heavier day by day. You will waste less of your time and serve your own best interests if you avoid the inevitable rush on the last days.

The law is being enforced with the Government and the People firmly behind it. Obey the law. Do it today.

Issued by
The Military Service Council

ABBOTSFORD DISTRICT BOARD OF TRADE

President, Hope Alanson Secretary, N. Hill
of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

Write the secretary regarding manufacturing sites with unexcelled shipping facilities and cheap power or information regarding the farm and fruit lands of the district, and industries already established.

Alexandria Hotel

Farmers' and Travelers
trade solicited.

**Newly Furnished
Thoroughly Modern**

M. MURPHY, PROPRIETOR
HUNTINGDON, B. C.