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The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

Vol. XIV., No. 2. ABBOTSFORD, B. C. FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917 8 $1.00 PER YEAR

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HILL'S STORE NEWS

Vol. I. Our Goods are the Best No. 22.

Special Values in Men's Overalls in Blue, Black and Khaki ..... **$1.25** Pair

Men's Tweed Pants .. $2.25 and **$3.50** Pair

Men's Well Made Grey Sox ..... **25c** Pair

Men's Work Shirts 75c, $1 and **$1.75** each

SUMMER FOOTWEAR

Children's and Misses Leather Sandals Per Pair ..... $1.25, $1.40, and **$1.65**

Children's and Misses White Canvas Sandals (Rubber Soles) .... 90c and **$1.00** Pr.

Women's Canvas Pumps $1.50 and **$1.75**

Women's Canvas Tennis Boots **$1.50** Pr.

Men's Canvas Work Boots Heavy Rubber Soles ..... **$2.50** Pair

OUR GROCERY STOCK IS MOST COMPLETE. OUR GROCERIES ARE FRESH OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

HILL'S STORE

Gazley Block *ABBOTSFORD, B. C.*

MAY DAY

The following is the result of the races on the 18th, May Day, held on the school grounds.

Messrs Murphy and Heath deserve great credit for the way in which they started the boys and girls and were assisted at various times by a number of others, who also helped the boys and girls to enjoy themselves:

Boys' Races

Under 7 years: 1, Norman Sumner; 2, J. Jones.

Under 8 year: 1, H. McKinnon; 2, F. Healey.

Under 8 years: 1, H. McKinonn; 2 N. Sumner.

Under 10 years: 1, H. Curtis: 2, J. Kirkpatrick.

Under 11 years: 1, G. Kirkpatrick 2, H. Sutherby.

Under 12 years: 1, J. Kirkpatrick; 2, N. Grimmett.

Under 13 years: 1, N. Grimmett; 2, A Conner.

Under 14 years: 1, D. Cooper; 2, N. Grimmett.

Under 15 years: 1, F. Boulter; 2, D Cooper.

Three-Legged race: 1, F. Boulter and M. Keeping; 2, A. McKinnon and R. McNab.

Sack Race: 1, N. Grimmett; 2, O. Zeigler.

Sack—Second Heat: 1, F. Boulter 2, G. Plummer.

Mixed Sack Race: 1, H. Richmond; 2, F. Boulter.

Girls' Races

Under 7 years: Dodo Walters; 2, Flo Roberts.

Under 8 years: 1, G. Healey; 2, D. Soles.

Under 9 years: 1, M. Adams; 2, M. McConnell.

Under 10 years: 1, V. Peardon; 2, M. Davenport.

Under 11 years: 1, R. Olsen; 2, E. Andrews.

Under 12 years: 1, R. Olsen; 2, K. McLean.

Under 13 years: 1, R. Olsen; 2, S. Higgins.

Under 14 years: 1, H. Olsen; 2, C. Gillis.

Under 15 years: 1, H. Olsen; 2, C. Gillis.

Potato Race: 1, B. Healey; 2, C. Gillis.

Needle and Thread Race: 1, Mrs. Alanson and Mr. Morgan.

Driving Spike: 1 Mrs. J. J. McPhee.

Sawing Wood: 1, Mrs. Murray and Mrs. McKinnon.

Relay (Substitute for Obstacle Race): V. Eby, P. Peele, M. Keping and F. Boulter, all won.

Standing Jump: G. Hart.

Best decorated building: The Abbotsford Hotel.

Knitting Contest: Mrs. Walters.

The best little Mother: Gladys Taylor. (Mrs. Taylor made objection but Mr. McGowan beat her to it by making the announcement from the platform.)

The vening programme was an excellent one and carried out as advertised much to the amusement and enjoyment of all present.

CHANGING ONE'S MIND

It ought not to be a source of pride to any one who has lived through the last two years and has not changed his mind about the war A mind that would not be changed by the multitude of unexpected things that have happened since 1914 must be made of armor plate without any blow holes in it. An elastic mind will have changed so much that it would not recognize its old self. One remembers that many wise old newspaper editors, as well as many professors and authors of books who look down on Newspaper editors as intelectual inferiors, predicted that the war could not last more than three months. We were all sagacious in those days, and the only fault with our prophecies were that they did not come true. But these things need not be humiliating. To have reached permanent conclusion about everything is as luxuriously tiresome as to have too much money. Half the fun of life is learning new things. Happy is he who is young enough to be continually discarding old ideas and taking up with new ones. Some remain as young as this until they die. Others are old in this respect before they are 25. They do a great deal of useful work too, but they do not set the Thames on fire. It is the inconsistent people, whose successive thoughts are a patchwork quilt of contradictions, who do that.

PERSONALS

Mr. W. W. Green was a visitor in town for May Day and over the week-end.

Word has been rocei ed by Mr. Davenport that his son Albert has a bad gunshot wound in the right leg.

Miss Jean Gray of Vancouver, a cousin of Mrs. Bert Taylor, was here for May Day and for the week-end. She gave two resitations at the concert.

Mrs. Campbell of Bellingham has been visiting her father, Mr. Frank Wooler, for a few days.

Mr. Frank Wooler has been to Vancouver on business and joined up with the Home Guards.

Mr. Earnest Gazely has gone back to his position in the C. P. R. freight sheds in Vancouver. He came home on account of his father's death. Mrs. Gazley expects to go to him sometime in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Salt and family were to Bellingham on Sunday.

Mr. Boulter and family were at Dewdney on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Bousfield and babe are visiting in Abbotsford. The Bousfield family had a reunion on Sunday.

Mrs. Bobbie Shortreed left on Sunday night for Simon's Bay, where she will join her husband. He has been there sometime.

Miss Gertie Payne was a guest of the Fraser family for May days last week, returning to Vancouver on Sunday evening.

George Blair was a visitor to Abbotsford May Day.

Miss Steede was riding home on her bicycle when the wheel skided She is recovering from the accident.

The Tapp orchestra gave all their music free on May Day. They deserve praise for it was good music to.

The Red Cross made $25 in their booth May Day with their oranges and candy. The A. T. and T. Co. donated the oranges.

Mr. Bruce preached an excellent sermon Sunday evening in the Presbyteran church.

Miss Jean Kirkpatrick of Clayburn was the guest of Miss Annie McCrimmon May Day and remained for the dance.

Miss Jackson was the guest of the Misses Steede on Monday.

Both Mr. Storm and Mr. King have rented houses

Mrs. E. N. Ryall has moved to Vancouver.

Mrs. H. Smith was a visitor to Vancouver this week.

Mrs. McMaster and her two little girls from Bellingham are visiting Mr and Mrs. McMaster in Abbotsford. Miss McMaster is home with her parents just now.

Mrs. Thomas was a visitor to Sumas on Wednesday.

Mr. R. Storms and Mr. Ralph Henderson motored to Vancouver on Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid was held at Mrs. McMasters on Wednesday afternoon A large number were out, about 25 in number. It was Missionary Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Salt anad boys were visitors to Vancouver this week.

Mrs. Parton was a visitor to Whatcom this week.

Master Freddie Taylor has taken Master Fred Parton's work at the drug store. Fred has another position.

The Misses Steele were in Bellingham on Sunday to sacred concert. "The Messiah" given by the Bellingham choral society in aid of the Red Cross.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Lee on May 13th, a daughter.

Pte. Morgan and Pte. T. Walkers are home for a holiday.

Mr. J. A. McGowan is in Vancouver hospital undergoing a slight operation.

Wanted a Complete List

The Post would like to have a complete list of the names of the boys at the front. Our list is somewhat out of date, and we will esteem it a favor if those knowing names that we have not will send them to us or leave them with Mrs. Taylor of Abbotsford.

Gordon Catchpole of Mission City has also been killed in action.

COME! GIVE ABBOTSFORD AND MISS McPHEE A BIG BOOST

A dance will be given in aid of Miss Florence McPhee, Abbotsford's Patriotic Girl, on Friday evening next.

All are invited to attend at the Masonic Hall. You owe to her and Abbotsford.

MATSQUI COUNCIL

A meeting of the Council was held in the Agricultural Hall, Gifford on Saturday, May 19th, 1917.

From R. Butler, Sec. of the peoples Rural Phone Company of Peardonville, B. C., asking permission to erect poles starting at the corner of the Northward Road; thence along the boundry Line Road to the Ross Road on the north side; thence on Ross Road to the Huntingdon Road east; thence on the Huntingdon Road to coun. Melander on the north side. Another proposed line will run from the Peardonville school on the Mt. Lehman Trunk Road to the Peardonville Post Office; thence continue on the Ross Road to Mr. Baines or further. Permission was also asked to cut from the road limits any suitable timber for poles. On motion of Couns. Melander and Phinney the above mentioned company was granted the privilege to erect the required phone poles; also to cut and use any suitable poles standing on the road limits.

E. A. Wilmot, Inspector of Dykes, asking for the names of property holders in the dyke area entitled to the protection of the War Relief Act. The Clerk was instructed to ask for a list of those in arrear.

Mission Municipality, asking cooperation in fighting the mosquto pest this year; also that an appropriation of $300.00 had been made for that purposes, and that in applying the oil free labor had been promised. The Clerk was instructed to write that Coun. Aish would interview the Reeve of Mission. Also to write Sumas Municipality with reference to the steps now being taken against the mosquito pest.

The Clerk reported on his meeting with Glen Valley Dyke Commissioners and the nature of the complaints made. The report was received and filed

The following tenders for road work were received: Mt. Lehman Trunk road; W. J. Murphy $300.00; D. Coombs, $380.00; R. Peardon; $300.00; Chas. Gophart, $550.00. On motion of Couns. Melander and Phinney the contract was awarded to W. J. Murphy for $300.00.

Township Line road; Henry Fredrickson $134.00. On Motion of Couns. Phinney and Aish. Henry Fredrickson was awarded the contract for $134.00.

Moved by Coun. Owen, Sec. by Coun. Aish and carried that Coun. Melander be authorized to have the fencing of the Municipal Hall grounds performed by day labor; as also the necessary grading required in connection with the said fence

Moved by Coun. Owen, Sec. by Coun. Melander and carried that Mr. Phillips be allowed 300 lbs of barbed wire and 30 lbs wire staples for the fencing due to the diversion of Phillips hill.

Moved by Coun. Aish, Sec. by Coun. Owen and carried—to insert in the Dead the provisions agreed upon by the Agricultural and Horticultural Association and the Council to the effect that the Association have the use of the Hall, Grounds and other buildings for Agricultural Exhibitions and otherwise to further the Agricultural industry within the Municipality.

The Clerk was instructed to pay off the $1000.00 debt standing against the Agricultural property.

Henry Fredrickson made application for the cost of fencing in D. L. 407. The Clerk was instructed to search the records for the council's action when the road wahs opened.

The Council then adjourned to meet on Saturday, June 2nd, in the Municipal Hall, Mt. Lehman at 10 a. m.

TO LET YOUR ENGINE SMOKE IS WASTEFUL

A smoking exhaust comes from two sources, burning to much gasoline or using to much lubricating oil; usually the latter. Excessive use of gasoline comes from faulty carburetor adjustment or poor design of carburetor, or intake manifold or keepng the engine cylinder at too low a temperature, because of the water being to cold in the cooling system.

In the latter case the carburetor may vaporize the gasoline properly, but it condenses in the cylinder and does not burn well and the part which is not consumed passes off in a black smoke which issues from the exhaust pipe.

We must have a certain amount of oxygen to consume the gasoline entirely. The size of the cylinder limits the amount of air (from which oxygen is taken) which may be taken in and if the carburetor is adjusted to feed too much gasoline there may not be enough oxygen present to consume it all. Practically speaking, what is not consumed form carbon of smoke.

The obvious remedy is to supply heat to the ingoing air at the mixing chamber of the carburetor so that vaporization will be complete, or adjust the carburetor so that no more gasoline will be feed to the engine than is required to run it. This latter of course is the economical thing to do.

WAS OBLATE PIONEER

The death has occured of another of the Oblate Pioneers, Rev. Alphone M. Carion, after a long life spent in missionary work in British Columbia, who passed peacefully away on Saturday at St. Marys Mission, Mission City, surrounded by some of the orders veterns who, in their prime assisted in the work of Indian Colonization.

Born ni Belgium 70 years ago, the deceased made his novitiate partly in his native land, partly in Nancy, France. When the Germans assailed France in 1870 the young student came to New Westminster where in 1872 he was ordained priest In succession he was in harness in the Okanagan and Williams Lake.

In 1892 he was appointed to the important work of training the young Indians at Kamloops, and for twenty-three years he was known throughout the dry belt. About two years ago, failing health compelled him to sever connection with the Indian school, and he came to St. Marys Mission to spend his declining years, as Master of Novices, a post for which he was eminently qualified by his kindly nature and life training.

This morning, following a High Mass of Requiem, sung by his rector and life long friend, Rev. Father Rohr, O. M. I., the remains of the kindly old priest were laid to rest with those of his fellow-workers in the petty little graveyard overlooking the pretty grave-yard overlooking

KILLED IN ACTION

Word was received on Thursday the Sergt. Charles Tupper McPhee had been killed in action between the 5th and 7th of May.

He had been recommended for the Commission as Lieutenant and was about to leave any day for a short training before taking up the commission.

He was about 22 years of age and was a general favorite with all in Abbotsford, young and old. He was one of the young men of whom Abbotsford has been very proud of, and the fact that he paid the supreme sacrifice Somewhere in France will be greatly regretted by a host of of his friends and friends of the family.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

Published Every Friday by The Post Publishing Company
A weekly Journal devoted to the interests of Abbotsford and district
Advertising rates made known on application
Our Shibboleth—Neither for nor agin' the Government

J. A. BATES, - - Editor and Proprietor

Cash F. O. B. For Produce

The marketing end of fruit and vegetable raising has in the past been the growers greatest problem Producing the commodity has of course it attendant difficulties such as pests, shortage of labor, unfavorable weather conditions etc., but the grower is usually willing to take these responsibilities on his own shoulders and in most cases knows how to combat them.

In other words, the production of the commodity is the growers outlook and takes that responsibility fully on himself. His responsibilities should end there, but they don't. Why is it that after months of toil, of careful attention and protection that the grower cannot receive his returns on a f. o. b. basis? The only answer we have been able to get to this question is that it is'nt done, is not customary. Therefore the grower after producing his stuff and delivering for shipment has to take the risk in transit, the further risk of inspection at long-distance points, the risk of congested markets at point of consignment and the risk of getting his money sometime between now and snowfall In other words his returns hang in the balance in some cases until the produce reaches the consumers hands. In order to obviate the risk to the grower and the wholesaler, we are blessed with brokers. It is the brokers privilege to handle the stuff on a percentage basis between grower and buyer. It is also his privilege to buy at a cash price and sell to whoever he likes at whatever he likes. In the past it has been the brokers privilege to get lots of stuff and sell it at what it will bring, particular pains being taken to see that selling price covered full brokerage expenses. While are brokers who never buy outright, there are others who thro correct buying are in the field to pay a fair cash f. o. b. price to grower and thus releving him of the risk of long-distance marketing. This is a good move in the right direction and a boon to the fruit and vegetable industry of the province. Whether it will prove a successful venture and continued will depend largely upon the extent of competition at the selling end caused by cosignment stuff.

Every car or every lot shipped out without a stated price being given by the buyer, causes unfair competition against the cash buyer and eventually destroys that which the fruitgrower realizes to be the solution of his many troubles, the cash f.o.b. price.

UNITY OF ACTION BY AUTOISTS IS URGED

Provincial Organization Respecting

All Organizations to Press for Better Roads is Suggested.

Efforts are being made for bringing into closer co-operation the various automobile clubs of the province and is being recognized by autoists in British Columbia as elsewhere that road improvements will soon be brought about by the formation of one strong association which will be able to speak with direct force to the provincial and municipal authorities.

Vancouver, Victoria, and New Westminster have automobile clubs. Others the spoken of in other parts of the country and there is now a strong movement for lining them up in one organization with an executive authority which knows what it wants and how to go after it. Greater concentration of effort and united purpose will bring results where individual action is of no avail and the mounting figues of provincial income derived from automobiles show with what justification British Columbia automobilists can press for such objects as the completion of the interprovincial highway by surmounting the gap between Princeton and Hope.

Good Roads Congress

Linked up with this movement is that for holding this year a good roads congress. It is hoped to bring overybody interested in good roads in the province to this convention, including government officials and officers of automobile clubs. Plans, mapped out by Mr. H. W. Davidson and Mr. D. A. Hamilton, were temporarily interrupted, but a committee is to be called together soon to set a date for the convention and outline the subjects to be discussed.

Western Washington is proposing to conserve its strength by banding its different organizations together and about it this comment is made by a Seattle motor magazine:

"Now there comes this highly sensible plan by which a clearing house for the road problems and plans of all those in Western Washington is formed; doubtless, in a short tome every phase of highway work will feel the benificial results of this action many bodies will be working for the same ends; unity of thought will accomplish, as ever, the greatest possible results. Strength will be conserved, ammunition will be expended carefully and by calculation; there will be no more duplication of effort; no more unfinished "tag ends" due to official misunderstanding or the interruption of an administration."

Back in Eastern Canada there are already two or three different organizations with national names but divided strength and certainly not representative of motorists the Dominion over. With each province forming a definitely recognized provincial organization, it will become easy to join all in a Dominion organization able to put all its weight behind its representatives.

BUSINESS TAKES A MORE SERIOUS VIEW OF THE WAR

The securities market during the last few days has shown the effects of the realization of the plain truths about the seriousness of the German submarine menace, and the internal strength of Germany and internal possesions in Russia. The probability is for a longer period of war than generally anticipated. The opinion is now being more generally accepted in business and financial circles. However, the actual business out look is not seriously affected. While the war lasts there will be a strong demand for foodstuffs and for military supplies. The recent disquietude represents uncertainty as to what strain may be caused by conditions in America more approaching actual war than any yet experienced, uncertainty as to what the extent of war taxation may be, and uncertainty as to the extent to which trade with Europe may be interfered with should the submarine menace become more acute.

Reports show little change in business conditions, although the rising prices of commodities are creating more and more industrial problems and the advance of foodstuffs and of the manufactured products to the consumer is checking consumption. Still so long as high pices prevail for our natural products, and there is a demand for labor at high rates, the buying power of the public should continue at a high level.

The New War Taxes

The executive heads of the various companies which are likely to be affected by the increased profits taxation imposed by the government, are accepting the situation in a philosophical spirit.

POULTRY DISEASE INSPECTOR

Experimental Farms Note

It will be of interest to poultry keepers throughout Canada to know that there is now an expert who devotes all his time investigating the diseases of poultry. Dr. A. B. Wickware, Assistant Pathologist to the Work by Dr. Torrance, Veterinary Director general.

Dr. Wickware is by no means a novice in poultry diseases. For several years, under Dr. Higgins, Dominion Pathologist, he has devoted some of his time to the diseases affecting poultry and has given special attention to Black Head. Realizing the importance of investigation in poultry diseases, Mr. J. H. Grisdale, Director of Experimental Farms and Dr. Torrance arranged for Dr. Wickware to take up this question exclusively. He is therefore now cooperating with the Poultry Division, Central Experimental Farm, where since last fall, he has been conducing experiments along this much needed and very important line of work.

Continued attention is being given to Black Head in turkeys and many new investigations are being started. These relate to chick disease as well as to general diseases of poultry, including parasites of all kinds.

The annual losses that occur from poultry diseases and parasites are tremendous. No person knows what the amount is but it is well into millions of dollars each year. Dr. Wickware's work will no doubt, do something to eliminate part of this, but the co-operation of all poultrymen who have any disease in their flock will be appreciated.

As usual, communications to the Experimental Farm re diseases of poultry will be welcomed and with Dr. Wickware now giving all his time to this matter, even more information will be available. Specimens of sick birds should be sent where practicable and may be expressed collect if addressed to Biological Laboratory, Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

AN OLD FRIEND

A local newspaper is absolutely necessary in any community. It is the home paper that keeps the people of the community in touch with each other by giving them all the news of their own neighborhood and country. For that alone they are of value and worth far more than the small subscription price. They keep the local pride and progressive spirit aroused and in various ways are worth far more to a community than a community ever spreads them. The daily paper, with its large news service and quicker facilities over-shadows the weekly, but the weekly home paper fills a place that the daily cannot fill. It comes to your home as an old and tried friend while the daily enters as a stranger.

INTERESTING TO SMALL GIRLS

Can We Add To Our Height After We Are Thirty? It is Likely Says Science.

Animals fed on a certain diet by Drs. Mendel and Osborne, in their recent researches on growth, show that some of them can be made to resume growing long after the period of maturity. This period corresponds to 20 or 21 years of age in human beings, and a corresponding comparison would bring the resumation of growth to the thirtieth year and over.

Growth itself depends upon the health of the body, inherited power of tissue to such in nutriment form the blood, to renew themselves and to wash away the used-up stuff

The investigators, professor Mendel and Dr. Osborne, always used two parallel sets of victuals in each series of experiments. One was to retard growth, the other to promote growth after it had been stunned.

Rats that had been dwarfed in the latter way were kept dwarfed for a time, which might be roughly compared to the years of twenties of human beings. Then the growing diet of yeast, fresh milk, butter eggs meat bread, vegetables and fruit with certain materials which dissolve in fats and in water.

This produced growth nearly a year or more after the animals had been dwarfed. Indeed, one of the rats began to grow more than a year and a half after it had become completely pygmytized.

Once the pygmies were fed upon the growth producing diet their length and height grew apace. These and other results of their experiments prove that it is possible to grow tall, to reach a height originally intended, months or years after tobacco, liquor drnking, lack of correct food, disease and accidents have arrested a boy's or girl's growth, providing the correct combination of yeast, butter, meats milk, sugar, fats eggs and minerals are supplied in the

In the story of the fathers who opposed Confederation something ought to be said about Christopher Dunkin. He was not a minister in Canada before Confederation, but he had been two terms in the house, and was afterwards the first treasurer of the province of Quebec and the second minister of Agriculture of the Dominion. He deserves mention because of his speech in the Legislature was perhaps the ablest argument against the Union. The first place belongs either to him or to Mr. Dorion.

It took Mr. Duncan two days to get through with his analysis of the terms, his general attack, his detailed criticism and his interesting forecast of the disastrous etaoinrffb ces. Most of the things which he fore saw have not happened

Results which he deprcated. such as the excessive influence of the Maritime Provinces, have not been so bad as to smash the Union. Trained to think of the Upper and Lower Canada and the double majority Mr. Dunkin reached the conclusion that nothing could be enacted in the Dominion Parliament without the consent of the majority from each province. He truly concluded that a majority from each province could not be found for many necessary measures. As a matter of fact governments do not have a majority from all the provinces at once, but they manage to get along without.

Mr. Dunkin was perhaps, the best scholar of the last parliament of old Canada. He was English by birth a student who had been educated at London University and then at the University of Glasgow. He proceeded to classics and subsequently taught Greek in that University. At the age of 25 he removed to Montreal where he became editor of a daily paper. Lord Durham found him when he came to Canada and caused him to be appointed secretary to one of his commissions. From this post he graduated into the Civil Service where he remained several years. At thirty-five he was called to the Bar, having studied law while in official life. Mr. Dunkin got ahead rapidly in his profession, and seems to have escaped, or resisted the temptation which Sir John Rose, Sir John Abbot, Sir Alexander Galt, Sir A. Dorion and Mr. Holton to become annexationists at the time of the withdrawal of colonial preference

As representative of Brome Mr. Dunkin introduced and carried through parliament the Local Option Temperance Act which bears his name, and was a kind of ancestor of the Scott Act. He did not oppose Confederation on party grounds. He was a supporter of Cartier and would have naturally gone with him. But he was one of two or three men in public life who condemned the Union of the provinces from the first time he heard it mentioned. When Galt went into the Government demanding a Confederation policy, Dunkin sent word he would support the measure otherwise but would fight that measure. He carried out his programme until Parliament endorsed Union. Then he went in to make the best of it.

They had finished the first dance and he was leading her back to a seat.

"I could dio dancing couldn't you? he asked.

"No," she replied. "There are pleasanter ways than be-ing trampled to death."

Could Postpone Pleasure

Enthusiast (at party): "We shall hear more of this young man."

Sufferer: "Not to-night I hope."

Their Destination

She: "I wonder where those clouds are going?"

He: "I think they are going to thunder!"

Not Receiving

Caller: "Is your husband in, Mrs. Maguire?"

Mrs. Maguire: "Yis sor."

Caller: "I'd like to see him."

Mrs. Maguire: "Ye can't sor. He's in for three months."

See me now about that Insurance

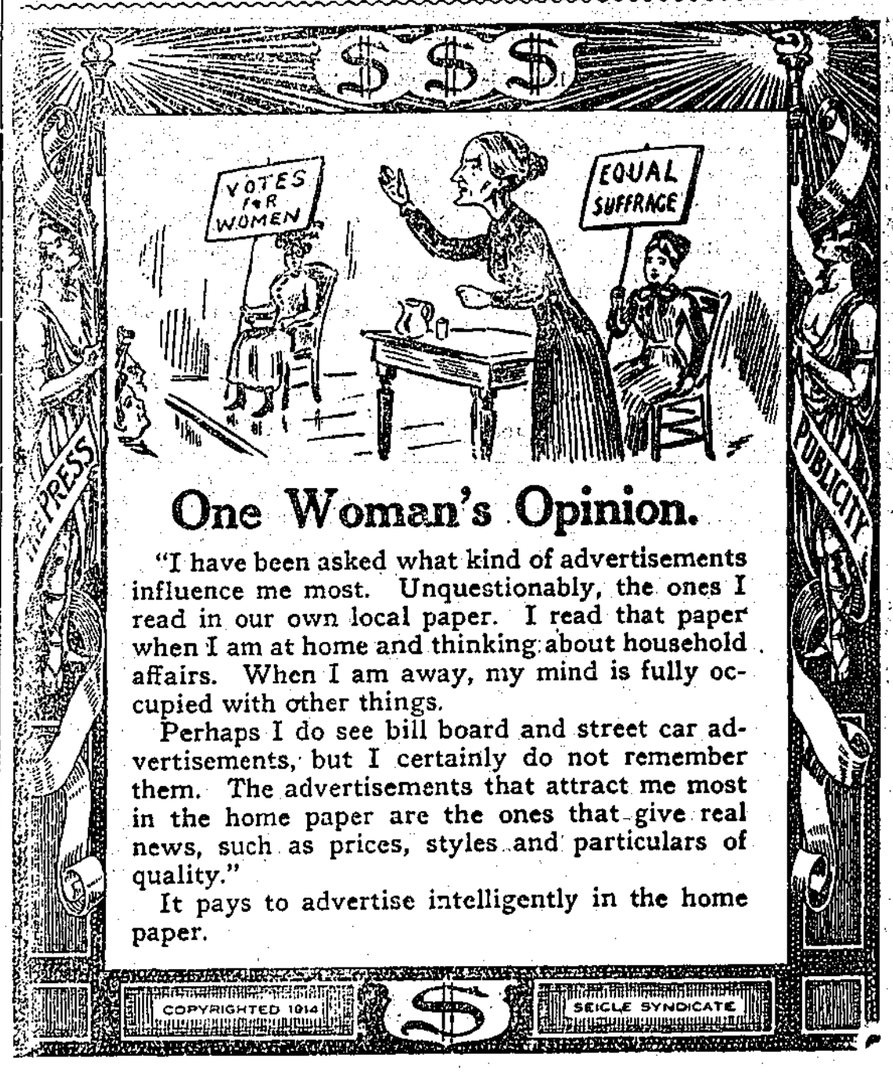
FIRE :-: LIFE

Etc., Etc.

I have a large and splendid supply of Raspberry Canes for sale at low prices. Finest quality.

A. McCallum

Abbotsford



One Woman's Opinion.

"I have been asked what kind of advertisements influence me most. Unquestionably, the ones I read in our own local paper. I read that paper when I am at home and thinking about household affairs. When I am away, my mind is fully occupied with other things.

Perhaps I do see bill board and street car advertisements, but I certainly do not remember them. The advertisements that attract me most in the home paper are the ones that give real news, such as prices, styles and particulars of quality."

It pays to advertise intelligently in the home paper.

ABBOTSFORD DISTRICT BOARD OF TRADE

President, Hope Alanson Secretary, N. Hill
of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

Write the secretary regarding manufacturing sites with unexcelled shipping facilities and cheap power or information regarding the farm and fruit lands of the district, and industries already established.

ABBOTSFORD HONOR ROLL

Abbotsford and District has done magnificently in sending her sons to fight for the freedom and rights of the British Empire and her Allies.

ROLL OF HONOR

Unveiled With the Names of More Than Seventy Names February 6th, 1916.

Rev. J. L. Campbell of the Presbyterian Church on Sunday February 6th unveiled a roll of honor in respect and memory to the volunteers and soldiers who have gone to the front from Abbotsford and district. The text from which he spoke was "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend," and as an illustration the famous painting "The Great Sacrifice" was used. The roll contains over seventy names, the first seven named having already given their lives for 'King and Country.'

The following are the names:

W. A. Ferguson, killed.
H. E. Lloyd, killed.
J. McDonald, killed.
H. R. Gray, killed.
E. O. Collinson, killed.
A. Ames, killed.
J. F. Green, killed.
Sergt. Chas. Tupper McPhee (Kld)
F. Brown, invalided.
H. Grimley.
A. Teng.
A. Hill-Tout.
L. Trethewey.
J. Fraser,
S. McPhee.
C. Hulton-Harrop.
G. E. Hayes.
M. Rhodes.
A. Hicks.
O. Hicks.
Chas. Wooler.
G. Gough,
A. R. Flummerfelt.
J. Kirkbride.
A. C. Dudden.
D. Geddes.
H. Johnston.
P. J. McLagan.
J. Hands.
S. Knott.
W. Laird.
H. Gordon.
A. G. Adams.
G. N. Gillett.
J. Aitken.
O. Kidwell, killed.
R. Hughes.
T. Usher.
T. Perks.
A. Pegram.
B. Pottinger.
B. W. Suthern.
E. A. Chapman.
M. W. Copeland.
A. Mallalue
A. Healey.
J. Welch.
A. A. Fermoor.
T. Donnelly.
E. Anderton.
A. A. F. Callan.
J. Bousfield.
C. Bayes.
R. Peters.
T. Davis.
T. Mawson.
Geo. Knox, died, pneumonia.
Henry Knox.
Fred Knox.
R. Smart.
S. Finch.
W. Bowman.
E. Chamberlain.
K. Huggard.
J. Munro.
T. Smeeton.
A. Williams.
J. McCormack.
John Gillen.
Hilliard Boyd.
D. Campbell
J. Downie.
Percy Wilson.
Manlius Zeigler
Ed Barrett.
V. Hulton-Harrop.
W. Campbell.
Stewart McGillivray.
E. B. de la Giroday
Jack Parton
H. Skipworth
R. Ramsay
A. Mitchell.
Peter Pearson.
Geo. Sharp.
F. Beale.
H. Arnold.
Tom Campbell.
Robt. Sim.
H. Skipworth.
J. O. Williams.
Ernest Gazley.
Clarence Gazley.
Andy Ellwood.
J. L. Sansom
John Sinclair.
Albert Davenport.
Harold Walters.
Guthrie King.
Matt Nelson.
Matt Higginson.

The following have recently enlisted for overseas service:

Robert Gillen
Frank McCallum
Walker Wallace
Charles Hill-Tout
Willie Hill-Tout
H. McKinnon
Kenneth McGilivray.
H. Green
A. A. Fermor

? What are we, who are left behind, going to contribute towards the Canadian Patriotic Fund, as our share, to equal the sacrifice of those who have died or enlisted for Overseas Service. Give a monthly subscription.

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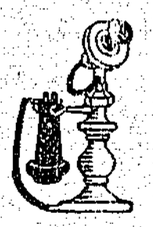

These are days of speed. People demand rapidity in everything. The jitney found a place in urban traffic because it gave quicker transportation. The automobile revolutionized commercial conditions.

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The Biggest Dollar's Worth in the Fraser Valley Fourteen 14oz- Loaves For $1

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OVER EIGHTY BILLS PASSED

Legislature gets Through Gig Mass of Business From March 1 to Saturday, May 19.
Amendments and New Laws Important.
House Sat for Eleven Weeks—Many Night Sessions Held.

VICTORIA, May 21.—Sixty-seven of the 80 odd bills brought down by the legislative during its 67 cittings between March 1 and last Saturday night, received the royal assent shortly before eleven o'clock and became effective simultaneously. In the order read to Lieutenant-governor Barnard they are as follows:

No. 2—An act to amend the British Columbia Railway Act.

No. 7—An act to amend the Pharmasy Act.

No. 9 An act to amend the Supreme Court Act.

No. 10—An act respecting the Dolly Varden Mines Railway.

No. 11—An act to make provision for mineral resources of the said province,, including provisions in aid of prospectors and miners and for the protection of wage earners and investors.

No. 12—An act respecting civil service.

No. 13—An act to amend the water Act, 1914.

No. 14—An act fo the better protection of Sheep.

No. 15—An act respecting the marketing of cattle and horses

No. 17—An act to amend the Eggs Marks Act.

No 18—An act to amend the law relating to the guardianship and custody of infants

No. 20—An act to amend the Animals Act.

No. 21—An act respecting a certain by-election holden in Vancouver City electorial district on the 26th day of February, 1916.

No 22—An act to amend the contagious Disease (Animals) Act.

No. 23—An act to amend the Succession Duty Act.

No. 24—An act to amend the Com plex Ore process Aid Act.

No. 26—An act to amend the Sale of Goods Act.

No. 27—An act to amend the Assignment of Book accounts Act.

No. 28—An act to amend the Timber Royalty Act.

No. 29.—An act to amend the Forest Relief Act.

No. 30—An act to amend the Forest Act.

No. 31—An act to amend the Vancouver and Districts Joint Sewerage and Drainage Act.

No 32.—An act to amend the Trust Companies Act.

No. 33—An act to amond the Taxation Act.

No 34—An act to provide for the Collection of a tax on persons.

No. 35.—An act to increase the revenues of the crown for the year ending thirty-first December,1917.

No. 36.—An act to provide for the collection of a tax on persons attending places of amusement.

No. 37.—An act to promote increased agricultural production.

No. 38.—An act to amend Public Schools Act.

No. 39.—An act to validate certain sales of land for arrears of taxes.

No 40.—An act respecting dentistry.

No. 41.— An act for enabling bodies corporate to hold property in joint tenancy.

No. 43.—An act to amend North Vancouver City Incorporation Act, 1906.

No. 44.—An act to amend the Vital Statistics Act.

No. 45.—An act to authorize the conveyance by the crown of certain lands for public and patriotic purposes.

No. 46.—An act to amend the Fort George Incorporation Act.

No. 47.— An act to amend the Land Registry Act.

No. 48.—An act to amend the War Relief Act.

No. 49.—An act to amend the Companies Act.

No. 50.—An act to amend the Vancouver Incorporation Act, 1900.

No. 52.—An act to amend the land Act.

No. 54.—An act for the establishment of public sampling and concentrating plans, custom smelters and refineries, and to make provision in aid of the treating or buying of ores.

No. 55.—An act respecting a certain election holden in Fort George electorial district on the Fourteenth day of September, 1916

No. 56.—An act to amend chapter 35 of the statutes of 1915.

No. 57.—An act to amend the Administration Act.

No. 58.—An act to amend the Agricultural Act, 1915.

No. 59—An act to amend the Execution of Trusts (War Facilities) Act

No. 60.—An act to amend the Mechanics Lien Act.

No. 61.—An act to amend the Municipal Act.

No 63.—An act to amend the Industrial home for girls Act.

No. 64.—An act relating to the soldiers Homestead Act.

No. 65—An act to amend the Local Improvement Act.

No. 66.—An act to amend the Municipals Election Act.

No. 67.—An act to provide auditing public accounts for the province

No. 68.—An act respecting the department of labor.,

No. 69.—An act to borrow the sum of two million dollars for the purposes therein specified.

No. 70—An act to amend the Constitutional Act.

No. 71—An act to amend the Revenue Act.

No. 72.—An act to amend the Dyking Assesment Adjustment Act, 1905.

No 73.—An act allowing Municipalities to adopt proportional representation in municipal elections.

No. 74—An act to provide for the investigation of methods of taxation and for the creation of a permanent head of taxation.

No. 75.—An act respecting the semi-monthly payment of wages.

No. 76.— An act to amend the drainage and dyking Act.

No. 78.—An act to amend the Vancouver Island Settlers' Right Act, 1904.

No. 79.—An act to provide for the investigation of the overseas vote in connection with the British Columbia Prohibition Act.

No. 80.—An act to amend the Administration Act.

No. 81.—An act to amend the public Inquiries Act.

JUST HOW TO BREW YOUR COFFEE

Coffe is good. bad or undrinkable according to the way it is brewed. what the brand is makes some difference, to be sure, but this difference to one who is not a connoisseur of coffees is practically negligible.

In the majority of American homes coffee is brewed so atrociously that the full, rich natural flavor is unknown. Coffee well made is an education to the taste, just as music well played is an education to the ear.

The greatest part of our trouble lies in the fact that so few of us ever make drip coffee. The three usual ways of making coffee are by the percolator, by boiling or by steeping. They permit too long contact with the coffee thus bringing out of the grounds that twangy, undesirable element of coffee, tannin. The tannin is essentially different from the oak tannic acid, but it is related to it and, therefore is anything but the right sort of acid to take into the system.

The drip process requires from a third to half less coffee than the others and the production of tannin is entirely eliminated. There is the right amount of filtration and no more.

By the drip method water at the boiling point is poured quickly over the grounds, which have been finely granulated. The boiling water extrats from a third to twice the flavor and color from a given weight of coffee than do the other methods with their courser grinds and water below the boiling point.

Caffeine is the nonreacting stimulant which is brewed from the coffee. The drip process gets just as much of this caffeine as does any of the other processes.

Oftentimes housewives think that the various shades of the roast have an appreciable effect upon the caffeine and the tannin, but chemical analysis shows only slight differences between light, medium and the very dark Italian roasts. The Italian method partially chars the coffee berry however, and is destructive to the flavor. The aromatic flavor in coffee is developed entirely in the roasting.

The relative digestive merit of hot and cold milk and cream with coffee has not been scientifically investigated. To coffee lovers, however, black coffee well brewed and perfectly plain, even unsweetened, is the most delicious.

The color of the coffee does not always indicate its strength. In all methods the measure of coffee to the cup should be governed by the strength desired, but drip coffee, being purer and smoother in taste, can be taken darker in color and stronger in flavor without that twang or bitter taste.

Coffee is like other articles of diet —it is all right for you if taken in moderation and according to individual capacity. Frequently those who blame coffee as being harmful would find it almost as innocent as milk if they had it well brewed.

PROMISE OF ABUNDANCE OF BERRYPICKERS

(From Fraser Valley Record

Should the conditions this year be such that the town people will be able with comfort to pick berries this year there is promise that many people, women and girls, will be available for this purpose.

The district was visited last week by Mrs. Kemp, of the B. C. consumer's League; Mrs. Peter, of the Y. W. C. A.; and Mrs. Turban of New Westminster. Y. W. C. A., who were guests of the Mission City Board of Trade.

These ladies were shown over the district, and as it was a fine day, they saw Mission and Hatzic in all its beauty, for both are beautiful especially at this time of the year. On their return to Vancouver they reported that they were greatly encouraged by the many expressions of appreciation for the co-operation of the women in this work. They found the nature of the spring weather had delayed much of the usual work, but on the whole everything was in shape for an immense fruit crop. It was estimated that from 1500 to 2000 pickers would be required.

During the tour through the district some of the growers very wisely tried to impress upon these ladies the importance of using home grown fruit. If pickers from the coast cities come to this district this year which they will so far as we can see at present, there will follow for loyalty to the home grown fruit than ever before, as these pickers cannot be otherwise than boosters for this district when they return to Vancouver and New Westminster after a berry picking season.

Pte. R. Appleby of Mission City, has also been wounded, word to that effect being received Friday morning.

Pte. Albert Davenport is among the wounded.

Miss Alice Maner attended May Day Day festivities at Abbotsford on Friday last. She reports a pleasant time.

Title to same revested in United States by Act of Congress dated June 9, 1916. Two million three hundred thousand Acres to be opened for homesteads and sale. Timber and Agricultural lands. Containing some of the best land left in the United States. Now is the opportune time. Large Map showing lands by sections and description of soil climate rainfall, elevations, etc. Post paid one dollar. Grant Lands Locating Co. Box 610. Portland, Oregan.

NOTICE

To whom it may concern

TAKE NOTICE that the partnership heretofore existing between T. A. Swift and C. A. Ryall under the firm name of Abbotsford Garage Co. at the town of Abbotsford, in the province of British Columbia has this day by mutual consent been dissolved.

The business will be carried on by the undersigned to whom all account should be paid.

Dated at Abbotsford, B. C. this 29th day of March, A. D. 1917.

T. A. SWIFT

J. H. JONES
Funeral Director

Furnisher of Funeral Supplies
Phone Connection. Mission City

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General Blacksmith
And Horseshoer

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Automobile Repair Work
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ABBOTSFORD, B. C

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Thoroughly Modern

M. MURPHY, PROPRIETOR
HUNTINGDON, B C.