VICTORIA
Provincial Library

The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

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K. K. AUTO REPAIR SHOP

HAS the Reputation for giving its customers the very best workmanship and a first-class service. We lead and others follow. Those who have dealt with us claim that our expert mechanic, Frank Brown, is the right man in the right place.

We have added GASOLINE, TIRES and OILS to our full line of Ford parts.

See the K. K. Auto Repair expert when you have any car troubles.

Seven passenger Cadillac FOR HIRE.

Farmers' Phone—One short, one long, one short
B. C. Long Distance—35. 19 M—Residence Phone

SHORTER HOURS AND FOOD PRODUCTION

For years the city has outbid the farm—the lights and the people—good sidewalks and paved strets have a great attraction, says a Hatzic writer in the World, especially for the young; but above everything the short hours of labor has drawn into the cities, not only the man hired, but the boys and girls raised on the farm, thus swelling the ranks of union labor and leaving our farms half manned.

Talk about reconstruction! There is no other place in Canada where it is needed as badly as on the farm. No sane young man will choose to go on a farm and work twelve to fourteen hours a day and seven days a week, to produce food for men who are willing to work only six or eight hours a day and only five days a week, to supply clothing for the farmer. Union labor demands a good living for thirty hours labor per week while farmers today are paying from eighty to ninety hours labor and getting nothing more.

What proportion of our population will stay on our farms under these conditions? Farmers' organizations are not generally a success—we must go to union labor and learn how to organize, not to labor. If the farmers will cut four hours work from their average day's work, shorten production and get these thirty-hour union labor gentlemen a little hungry, they will find it much easier to do business with them on equal terms. Also it will help hold the boys and girls on the farm and make life better worth living.

DEWDNEY DYKING AFFAIRS ADJUSTED

Victoria, March 11.—The financial affairs of Dewdney dyking district which have been in a somewhat confused condition, are placed upon a stable footing by a bill which Premier Oliver introduced yesterday.

The district now owes $150,000, divided into three bond issues and in addition is indebted to the C. P. R. $25,000 for construction work.

Under the arrangement now made $50,000 of these bonds are to be paid in thirty years with interest at 5 per cent., instead of 6 per cent.. $80,000 will be paid for forty years, with interest at 4 per cent., instead of 6, and $20,000 will be paid in forty years at 2½ per cent., instead of 6½ per cent. The indebtedness to the C. P. R. is to be liquidated by a fourth issue of obnds for $17,500 for forty years at 3½ per cent.

What One Teacher Did

Illustrating what one patriotic and enthusiastic school principal has done to encourage the habit of thrift among his pupils and incidentally showing what others can do to further the success of the War Savings Campaign, Mr. James Gordon, principal of the Kelowna Public School, has organized a scheme for the benefit of his own scholars. Every Thursday the children bring their quarters to the school and purchase Thrift Stamps, Mr. Gordon buying sufficient from the local bank to satisfy requirements. When the pupil has acquired 16 Thrift Stamps, these are exchanged for a War Savings Stamp. The total sales are published in the local newspapers each week, and thus the children and their parents are kept in touch with the progress of the War Savings plan. Mr. Gordon commenced with a very satisfactory week, and confidently predicts increased returns as the interest has grown considerably.

RESPECTING INVESTMENTS

To the average man—some one is bound to get your spare dollars, to say othing of your spare 25 cent pieces. The question is—who will it be? Will it be some one with a "gold brick" or will it be the Government which, in return, will pay you good intrest? That's the question.

You know that in the making of investments you have made bad mistakes. You have put hard earned money into things that never will and never could give you a return. More than this, you have lost your principal. You can't afford to do this any longer.

You had better let the Government have your spare dollars; it will even accept 25 cents from you. In buying War Savings Stamps you let it have the use of your money for five years for which it pays 4½ per cent compounded half yearly.

DEFINES SCOPE OF TRAFFIC BY-LAW

Coquitlam municipal council has defined what is meant by extraordinary traffic in its road bylaw, as all loads of over 1200 feet of board measure of tie lumber or timber; or more than one and a quarter cords of wood or shingle bolts; or more than 4000 pounds of any articles on vehicles with tires of more or less width than four inches.It was also declared that all roads in the municipality come within the scope of the extraordinary traffic regulation and this goes into effect immediately.

HOLDS INTERESTING MEETING

(From Fraser Valley Record.)

A very interesting meeting of the Board of Trade was held in the council rooms on Monday evening last with a very large attendance. With the return of brighter business prospects a feature of the meetings recently has been the number of new members which have joined, making the Board of Trade now more representative of the business interests of the community than it has for some time. There is yet room for more new members.

A large amount of correspondence was read, showing the secretary to be a busy man. One of John Oliver's letters appears elsewhere.

The question of Horne crossing and the C. P. R. was again brought to the attention of the board in a letter from Premier Oliver who gave evidence at Victoria as to the priority of the road and the C. P. R. rights. Mr. Oliver was tendered a vote of thanks for having attended to the matter so efficiently, thereby protecting the interests of the townsite and the province.

DEATH OF A PIONEER

The funeral of the late Mr. Silas Card was held on Monday, March 10, to the Mountain View cemetery at Vancouver,

The deceased who had been sick only a short time, died on Saturday morning last at the General Hospital.

He was born in Nova Scotia some 68 years ago and came west to British Columbia in 1880, settling for the time being at Victoria, but on the construction of the C. P. R., he came to the Mainland receiving work from the company at his trade, that of a stone cutter, remaining with them until about six years ago when he was pensioned.

His work was highly appreciated by the C. P. R., and among the pieces of work allotted to him was that on the monument erected at Banff to the late Sir James Hector, which was considered an excellent piece of workmanship.

The deceased, who was highly respected by all, was one of a family of four boys nd three girls, Mr. W. L. Card of Mission City, being a brother.

CO-OPERATIVE MEETING HELD AT HATZIC WEDNESDAY

(From the Fraser Valley Record)

The shareholders of the newly organized Co-operative Association, The Fruit and Mercantile Exchange, met on Wednesday afternoon last, Mr. W. J. Manson presided. It was decided by an unanimous vote to proceed with the incorporation of the company. The bylaws governing the operation of the Association under the Co-operative Associations Act were read and discussed and adopted. The Company will be capitalized at $20,000 with a paid up capital of $5000 made up in shares of $100 each. At present offices will be established at Mission and Hatzic. Construction of warehouse and pulping plant will commence at once on the trackage leased at Hatzic. Prices for Cannery berries have been set and are: Strawberries 16¢, raspberries 17¢ per lb. F. O. B. The Association are controlling over 75 per cent of the cannery fruit of the Mision-Hatzic-Dewdney Districts.

The box subject was discussed and the Company will handle the box requirements of the district. The secretary-treasurer Mr. G. H. Moody is preparing an estimate of the box needs of the district and forms will be mailed to the growers to be filled in. Everyone interested should attend to this matter as soon as possible and co-operate.

A general meting of the members will be held in the hall at Hatzic on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 p.m. Come and join up.

PERSONALS

Miss Ina Fraser and Miss Clarice Trothewey returned home on Friday evening for over Sunday from school in Vancouver.

Miss Vera Hunt was home for the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Gazley are in Abbotsford at present.

Mrs. N. Hill was a visitor to Vancouver for a few days last week.

The Ladies Aid met at the home of Mrs. Kenedy on Wednesday, the weather being perfect. There was a large gathering—many more than usual. A motion was made that the annual social be held again at the home of Mrs. Hannah Fraser on St. Patrick's night, Monday March 17th. All remember the pleasant time spent there on previous occasions. Proceeds will go to the Ladies' Aid.

The Collingwood football team is expected to play Abbotsford team in Abbotsford on Saturday. The girls are providing dinner for the players.

The Red Cross Society has finished its work dating from Thursday March 13th. 62 pairs of socks, 2 hospital socks, 11 suits of pyjamas were packed ready for shipping. There is some wool and flannelette left over and any one wishing to buy it can get it at Mrs. McMenemy' Tickets will be sold for a quilt to be raffled next Friday night.

Mr. Duncan Dundas was in Abbotsford for a while but has gone again.

Mrs. Shore is visiting her sister who is ill in town.

Mr. Hadrill was a visitor to Vancouver this week.

Mrs. Plommer and Mrs. Ball were visiting in Vancouver a few days.

Mr. Alanson has bought a house in Mission City so we will soon be having them back to the Valley.

Word was received here on Tuesday of the death of Mr. Alex Johnson who has been ill since the death of his wife, about a month ago. He neglected his own health during Mrs. Johnson's long illness.

Don't forget the concert in the hall Saturday night. Hear Miss Nickawa

Mr. R. J. Shortreed, Snr., of Abbotsford and Miss Grace Scisson of Indiana, U. S. A., were united in marriage in Seattle on Thursday last and arrived at their home here on Saturday. The Customs Officers and their wives gave them a little surprise welcome home.

Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Smith were visitors to Vancouver last week.

The Women's Auxiliary met at the home of Mrs. Swift for their monthly meeting on Thursday afternoon. There was a largely attendance. Arrangements were made for a sale of work on April 21st.

The Red Cross Society are putting on a whist drive on Friday night, March 21st, commencing at 8:30 sharp.

R. A. & I. DISTRICT DIRECTORS ARE NAMED

Among the district directors of the R. A. & I, New Westminster are to be found the following:

Coquitlam—Reeve L. E. Marmont, R. Graham, D. Montgomery, J. Rennie.

Dewdney— W. J. Manson, S. Smith F. M. Shook.

Maple Ridge—Reeve W. H. Ansell H. Ferguson, J. H. Laity, John A. McIvor.

Matsqui—Reeve McCallum, A. Cruickshanks, H. F. Page, John Alsh.

Mission—Reeve Catherwood, E. Osborne, Rev. C. McDiarmid, W. T. Abbott, C. J. Ward, J. A. Bates.

Mount Lehman—Wiliam Merryfield, J. A. Morrison.

Port Coquitlam—Mayor Mars, D. McLean, R. C. Galer, James Mars.

Nicomen—H. A. Thompson, Harvey Johnson.

Sumas—Reeve Fooks, Angus Campbell, A. J. Street, Jay Starr.

Port Hammond—J. Alexander, A. H. Anderson, A. O. Morrison, L. Platt.

SWIMMING UP STREAM

It is a live active fish that swim up stream. The weaklings drift with the current or seek the quiet pools when the water is rough. It's the aggressive business that pushes the sales when times are dull. It's the live, hustling, modern busiess man who harvests the profits. You will see the names of the live ones in the advertising columns of the local paper. They deserve support and are working for it. They are makers of good times. They are the live fish swiming up stream.

Now is Your Chance

We want your trade—and to get it and keep it we will work mighty hard! We carry everything you want all the time, and pirce is just as low as consistent with making a living. You can't ask for lower prices, can you?

We want to see you this week and every week!

Spring Boots have arrived. The kind WE GUARANTEE.

CROCKERY and DISHES, a new shipment just placed in Stock.

MEN'S SUITS (20th Century Brand) made to measure.

Our Grocery business has doubled which speaks for itself (Satisfaction or your money back). A Trial is all we ask.

Complete Stock Butterick Patterns kept up to date.

Both Phones *Both Phones*

F. J. R. WHITCHELO

Canada Food Board Licence No. 8-19707
Farmers' Phone B. C. Phone

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

Published Every Friday

J. A. Bates, Editor and Proprietor

FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1919

The rather contradictory statement that it will be difficult to determine the personal responsibiliy of he ex-Kaiser for the war and that, if he cannot be extradited from Holland, an international indictment branding him as the world's greatest criminal, will be published, will not satisfy the world.

If the responsibility cannot be fixed, how can he with any show of logic be branded as the world's greatest criminal?

Merely "branding" Wilhelm will be only a slap on the wrist—unless the branding should be entrusted to a western cow-puncher expert in the kind of branding that would give the Kaiser a taste of the real thing.

If he is the greatest criminal in history then William Hohenzollern should be made to answer for his crimes. The thug who kills a man from motives of robbery hangs. The ex-Kaiser plotted for years to kill and rob millions, and he perpetrated his crimes.

The world is in no mood to stand for any pussy-footing policy in regard to the ex-Kaiser. Next to his own crimes, hradly a greater one against civilization could be perpetrated that that he should escape to live the peaceful life of a country gentleman.

The greatest anomaly in the world today is Wililam Hohenzollern, a free man and th emost contemptible crimnial in history.

If the peace conference cannot find the means of bringing the arch criminal to trial and punishment the world will be inclined to minimize its respect for anything else it does, or omits to do.

Punishment of other higher-ups will not condone failure to punish the "all-highest" criminal of them all.—Sun.

Shorter hours with higher pay appears to be the one big ambition of the working man of today. The greatest fault we see about this is that there is a wonderful lack of education among men who carry with them this all absorbing idea. It may not be the kind of education found in books, but it is that kind of education which tends to broaden the vision of men's view of esnse and justice—a fair day's work for a fair day's pay. The manager of one of our large shipyards the other day struck the keynote when he intimated that the men did not give full value for the money they were paid.

WHICH SAVES THE BABIES

"It's war on the stoop and the slouching gait
We're waging from East to West.
Since we learned the truth ere it came too late,
That our baby crop pays best."

The difference between head belief and heart belief is being shown most strikingly in Britain today. There has never been a time in the modern history of the island when any one were not entitled to argue that babies were not entitled to all the food necessary and of the best qualities. That is head belief. The proof that head belief alone is not a guarantee of baby welfare is furnished in the fact that for the first time in the modern history of Britain there is milk enough for all the babies and good milk.

Those people who believed with all their hearts that babies must be fed on the very best and in sufficient quantity have managed to compel the rest of their fellow men to allow this obligation to be translated into concreto form. They have simply commandeered the milk. They have secured the passage of a bill whereby any adult patron of an eating house who uses milk as a beverage is fined £5 and the proprietor is subject to a similar fine. Mathematical proof in favor of a heart belief in baby welfare consists in the fact that the death rate among children under five years of age has been reduced one-half during the time the law just quoted has been in force.

If one were to collect all the "conviction" the expressions of head belief, that have been formulated in Canada as to the desirability, the necessity, the patriotic duty of conserving child life the total would fill a good sized volume. But the real, practical working out of these so-called convictions is easily computed and takes the form of local baby welfare stations, more or less efficient, more or less generously supported according to the completoness of the heart belief that exists locally in regard to baby welfare.

It all goes to show that baby welfare work if it is raised to the plane here it belongs must become a patriotic undertaking and every factor which is necessary to conservation of child life must be commandeered. No one must be allowed to use anything which belongs by the natural process of things to a baby. It will never be posible to compel every one to work whole heartedly for baby welfare because the world is too full of selfish people who will never exert themselves in anyway for other's comfort or well-being. But these dead weights must be moved away from the place they now occupy. They must be taken from the highway of progress and made to contribute to the welfare of the nation by being compelled to "eat at the second table".

Maple Ridge

A petition is being extensively signed throughout Hammond townsite protesting against any special assessment or frontage tax for sidewalks advocated at the Municipal Council by several councillors. The Hammond ratepyers urge that they are assessed as high as $2000 an acre for farm land, and claim that this revenue should exempt them from a special local improvement tax. Anther argument advanced is that with few exceptions there are no rigs or automobiles owned by property-holders in Hammond, and the only benefit they get from their large payment of taxes is a few sidewalks. The petitioners also point out that the sidewalks along Dartford street was only built when a special contribution of $10 from each property holder fronting it was insisted upon.

The annual session of the British Columbia Grand Lodge A. O. U. W. begins in Vancouver on Thursday, March 13, in the Oddfellows' Hall, and Messrs E. Pope, grand foreman; A. L. Lazeuby and John McIver are the delegates from Maple Ridge No. 17.

Mrs. J. M. Dale and Mr. Russell Dale have been spending a couple of week in Seattle on a visit to Mrs. H. V. Wickersham. They are expected home on Wednesday.

Two old-timers are unfortunately laid aside from business by illness. Messrs. Jim Wilson and John McFarlane are both down with lumbago.

A dance to derfay the cost of a piano for use in the agricultural hall will be held St. Patrick's night in the hall. The patronessess will be: Mrs. E. E. Adair, Mrs. T. Paterson, Mrs. J. Irving, Mrs. A. Tapp and Mrs. A. Morrison. The committee comprises Mssrs T. Patterson, A. Morrison and H. W. Hall.

At a special meting of the ratepayers' association last week the following resolution was passed and ordered to be forwared to the legislature . Owing to the very heavy traffic on the River Road and considering its almost impassable condition at the present time we, the members of the association hereby petition your honorable body to improve the said road throughout the municipality.

THAT PROBLEM

Speakers and writers have rather overdone the task of presenting the returned soldior as a problem. We parted with these brothers, children and friends of ours only a little while ago, and now those who have been spared are coming home. Several things have happened since they left us, and we who remained have changed about as much as htey. But it is pleasant to find that the boys and men we know can be recognized quite easily as the same persons who went away. They are not the new species that we hear about from certain romantic reconstructionists, who would think it too commonplace to deal with everyday people, and so have invented the returned soldier phenomena.

No starange race of human beings has come to dwell among us. The returned men are in fact a good deal such a problem as they were before they went to war, and such as those are who could not go. All men and women are ploblems. The average citizen who has done his duty abroad does not wish to be exhibited as one who has lost his identity, and is set apart from his fellows. It is found that he wishes to get out of uniform as soon as possible, that he prefers to talk of other subjects that his experience overseas, that he is trying to find a place in the life of the country where he may resume his old activities or enter upon new ones.

Most of these men need a little time to adjust themselves to the routine of home life. But most of these who have come through without permanent injury from wounds or shock or sickness will not need to be treated as problems They will require no guardians. The best of them will be more capable men than they were before they went away.

Brigadier-General Griesbach, one of the Canadian officers who have made a great record in this war, spoke in this sense to the men of his brigade when he parted from them a month ago. This is part of his special order of the day:

"You are about to return to Canada to be absorbed again into the national life. This is sometimes referred to as the 'Returned Soldier Problem.' To me there is no such problem. Men of the Canadian corps will return to Canada with a wider vision and a finer conception of Canada, its opportunities and destinies, than they ever had before. The national life of Canada will be enriched by your return and by your participation in the affairs of the country.

"You have seen war and the destruction which war brings and you will be determined to keep war far away from Canada. You have seen countries reduced to the utmost misery and you will be quite clear in your minds that we want no autocracy in Canada. You have seen the squalor, poverty and vice of great European cities, and you will have none of that in the life of Canada if it can be avoided. You have heard and have seen something of the attempts to rectify these coditions by violence riot and disorder, and you will not tolerate in Canada the revolutionist or the Bolshevisc.

In days to come you will realize that we have conditions and opportunities in Canada which do not exist elsewhere, and it will be your duty to safeguard these conditions and exploit these opportunities to the common advantage of all the people of Canada. You have seen something of the might and power of the Great Empire to which we belong and you will return to Canada persuaded that this great Empire is an instrument of righteousness and a safeguard of the life, property and liberties of the whole world. Bearing these facts in mind, and having adventured your lives in defence of the great principles which brought us into this conflict, I am certain that your absorption into the national life of Canada will result in great benefit to the Canadian nation."

The real soldier problem is that of the invalids and dependents. This will call for sympathetic and constructive statesmanship of the highest order. The able-bodied citizen soldiers will be less of a future problem than the same number of immigrants who were brought in every year for the period before the war. The main Canadian problem, after the question of the invalid soldiers, will be that of the Canadians who remained at home.—Province.

THE TELEPHONE INFORMATION GIRL IS HUMAN

We had a complaint the other day that "Telephone Information" could not answer a question regarding a person's phone number, she having replied that there was no listing under the name mentioned. It was finally ascertained from the enquirer that the person wanted lived in a furnished house and the telephone was listed under owner's name, not under the name of the tenant. Consequently "Information" could not oblige, as she had no record showing who occupied the house.

If a person has a telephone, you will find that "Information" can always give you the number. Her aim is to serve you.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE Co. Limited

Oxy-Acetylene Welding

Our up-to-date Machine Shop and Welding Plant gives us the advantage of making difficult repairs on the premises, saving you the expense and delay by sending to town. We weld metals of all kinds. Bring your broken machinery to us, we will save you money.

Our stock of Ford parts and accessories is large. We also sell Chrevolet and Gray Dort gaskets, Fan Belts, etc.

When your car goes wrong. Don't walk. Ring up Mission Garage.

FREE AIR AT ALL TIMES

MISSION GARAGE

Windebank Blk., Mision City

"The Saturday Evening Post" for less than five cents a copy, $2.50 a year. "The Country Gentleman" for less than four cents a copy, $1.75 a year, including postage. A. R. Dorais 632 Broadway West, Vancouver, B.C.

There's a difference between looking for work and going after it.

"I do not know any better way for the advertiser and the seller of a reputable article to get to the man on the piazza or in his back office than to go to him with the thing that he take to his piazza or his back office that represents the human interest of his own town, and that is a newspaper.

"I think that is a strong argument in favor of the newspaper.

"There is no newspaper in the world that has a circulation maintained that has not got a reason for that circulation.It is the reason that makes the paper successful."—Nat Olds.

This paper has a circulation that is "maintained". It is an especially valuable circulation to advertisers, because it is maintained without the use of premiums, but strictly on the merits of the publication as a newspaper. No advertiser can afford to not use its columns. The columns of this paper has been a good booster for many a man, if you have the goods to back your advertising up advertise in this paper.

Another reason why we want the peace conference to sign up is that we hope the coal man will hear about it.

The worst feature of the "no beer, no work" slogan in New York's view, is that 400,000 laborers in Manhattan say they really mean it.

25,000 No. 8 ENVELOPES At $4.50

Per THOUSAND, Printed with your Name and Address on them

These Envelopes are a Bargain at the above figure, considering ordinary market prices. The shipment has just been received from the East, and we may not be able to duplicate it. Had we purchased them from Vancouver wholesalers we could not have sold them for less than $5.50 per thousand.

We are ordering some paper for Letter Heads and will be able to give you some bigger bargains in Letter Heads than you have had since the war began. Hold your orders for this shipment of paper, or better still let us have the order now and be first on the list. It will pay you.

J. A. BATES,
PRINTER.
MISSION CITY - - B. C.

Dr. G. A. Pollard
Dentist

433 HASTINGS Street, W.
(Over C.P.R. Tick. & Tel. Offices)
VANCOUVER - B.C.
It is always well to write or phone for appointments

J. H. JONES
Funeral Director
AGENT FOR HEADSTONES
Phone Connection. Mission City

Have you bought your THRIFT STAMPS We sell them

Put your THRIFT STAMPS on an Earning Basis

Remember, when you are filling up your Thrift Card, that the 25 cent Thrift Stamps, which you can buy wherever you see the above sign, are simply a means to an end.

Thrift Stamps earn no interest.

The interest begins when your Thrift Card, filled with 16 Stamps, is taken to the Money-Order Post Office, Bank or other place displaying the Beaver-Triangle sign, and exchanged as $4.00 in the purchase of a War-Savings Stamp, which costs $4.02 this month.

War-Savings Stamps earn 4½ per cent compound interest, being redeemable on January 1st, 1924, for $5.00 each.

BUY W-S S WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

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BELGIUM AND HOLLAND

The long standing territorial difference existing between Belgium and Holland are about to be settled by the peace conference, a settlement which promises to be more or less satisfactory to Belgium and altogether unsatisfactory to Holland. Belgium will gain and Holland will lose, but justice and expediency are on the side of Belgium.

The two countries have nothing in common save their topography. The one is made up of Dutch Protestants the other of Belgian Catholics; one is a commercial nation, the other is devoted to agriculture and manufacturing. The dynastic juggling of the past, the interests of Spain, Austria and the House of Orange, all conspired to make one country out of the two antagonistic peoples, but the Waloons and the Flemings could not be fused with the Dutch. The forced union of the congress of Vienna was shortlived. The French revolution of 1830 afforded the Belgians their opportunity, and they made good their determination to have no further relations with the House of Orange. This was followed by the London conference of the powers, which recognized the independence of Belgium and from which issued the guarantee of neutrality, to which Prussia was a signatory until the "scrap of paper" incident.

This decision enraged Holland and the bellicose Dutch were not disposed to recognize it. They only submitted to a combined threat from England and France, and in 1839 reluctantly agreed to a division of territory. This division of territory has never been satisfactory to Belgium, either from a territorial or an ethnic standpoint. Holland holds territory on the west side of the west mouth of the Scheldt which by any geographical appraisement should be given to Belgium. As matters now stand, Antwerp's territory, not by reason of any geographical necessity, but because in 1839 Belgium was forced to sacrifice certain rights in order to gain greater ones. And Great Britain and France, while recognizing the justice of Belgium's claims, were nevertheless anxious for peace, and as it was, they were brought to the verge of war to secure for Belgium her minimum demands.

That Holland will take kindly to these revisions of old treaties is not to be expected. That is not in human nature; but there is not, we believe, in all the muddled squabbles of Europe a more simple case than that of Belgium. This may be said without any consideration of Belgium's heroic action during the war. The facts stand out for themselves entirely independent of our gratitude and our friendship.

The easiest way to prove that heat expands is to give the average man a little hot air.

END STOMACH TROUBLE, GASES OR DYSPEPSIA

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs surely feel fine in five minutes.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach-headache, you can get relief in five minutes by neutralizing acidity. But get rid of such stomach distress now by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how nicely it can relieve from indigestion, dyspepsia or any other disorder caused by food fermenting in the stomach.

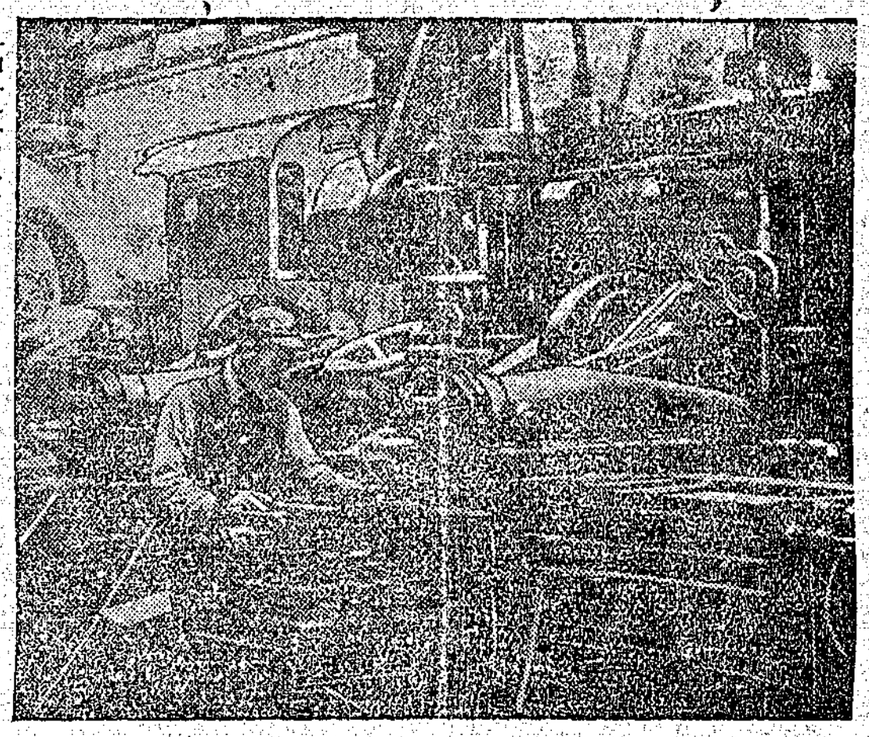
Training Disabled Soldiers

ABOUT 18 months ago it first became possible for a returned soldier, who had been so disabled by service that it was impossible for him to resume his former civil occupation, to take a course of training under government supervision and pay, which fitted him for some new occupation, the pursuit of which would not be prevented by his disability. In other words, his case was carefully considered, his disability taken into account, and his training arranged so that in his new occupation he could develop 100% efficiency. As an example take a machinist who had lost a leg; obviously his disability was such that he could not resume that occupation. He had a knowledge of blue prints and drawing and some latent ability in a drawing line. He was passed for a course as a mechanical draughtsman. At the termination of his course he was employed at a wage nearly equal to his wage as a machinist. The loss of a leg was no handicap as his new occupation did not call for any moving around. Thus this man, seriously handicapped as a machinist, was enabled to overcome his handicap and compete successfully with any other draughtsman.

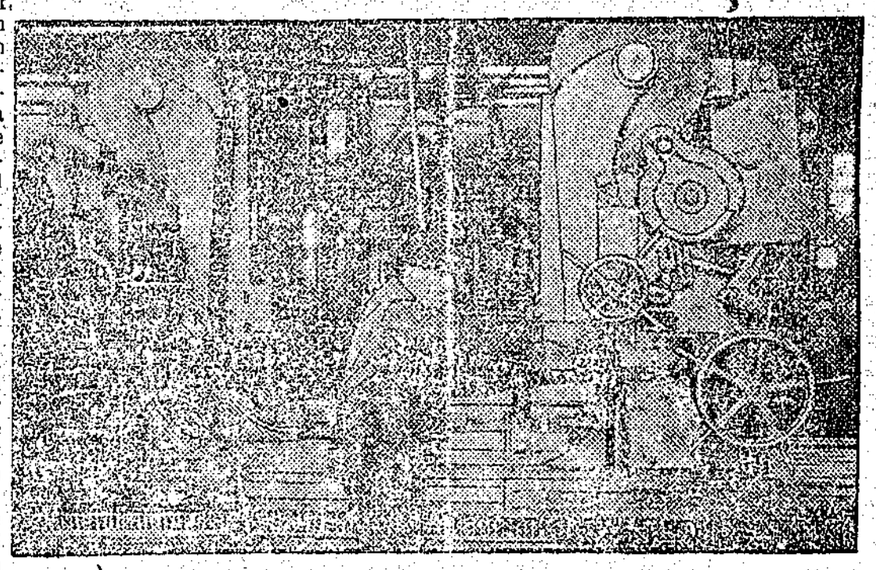
Owing to the increasing number of different trades and occupations in which it was necessary to train such men it became imperative that training places should be found. Obviously if a man was to be trained for a position in a machine shop, the place to train him was right in the particular machine shop in which he would eventually be employed. This resulted in the institution of industrial surveys. One of the first industries in Montreal to be surveyed was the Angus Shops (Canadian Pacific Railway). It can readily be understood that these shops, employing thousands of skilled men, in practically all kinds of mechanical work, offered great opportunities for the training of disabled men. The above mentioned industrial survey consisted of a detailed report on every position in the Angus Shops; it showed among other things the exact nature of the work done and what disabilities would hinder a man from doing the work. This survey was a guide to the District Vocational Officer, as a reference to it showed immediately what mechanical work a disabled man would be physically able to do without being troubled by his disability.

From the outset every official of the C. P. R. who was approached expressed great interest in the work and by co-operation rendered most material assistance in the re-instating of disabled soldiers in civilian occupations.

The general scheme of training adopted by the Invalided Soldiers' Commission is to give any man taking a machine shop training about three-quarters of his course in the machine shop at McGill University, then place him out with an industry such as the Angus Shops to finish that course and gain the necessary practical experience. During the time that the man is taking this training, he is drawing full pay and allowances from the Invalided Soldiers' Commission so the firm with which he is working is not called on to pay him anything. In this way the man becomes accustomed to his work in a place where he will probably be employed at the termination of his course, and the employer, having had the man under him for some time, knows something about his work. This method generally results in disabled men being absorbed into the industries for which they have been trained with no gap between termination of course and employment and is thus satisfactory to all concerned.



Finishing a locomotive link and union bearing cap.



Operating a double headed vertical slotting machine.

It might appear from the foregoing that the employment offered by the C. P. R. to men being trained by the Invalided Soldiers' Commission is confined to positions in the Angus Shops. Such however is not the case. Every department has taken on men, clerks, draughtsmen, telegraphers.

In some industries there has been a tendency to fight shy of the returned men, the reason stated being his inability and apparent lack of power of concentration on his work. Not so with the C. P. R. Every consideration is shown the returned man and every possible allowance is made which will assist him in re-establishing himself in civil life. The attitude taken by the higher officials of the C. P. R. in regard to disabled soldier students is mirrored in the following letter of instructions issued to foremen:—

THE RETURNED SOLDIER AS AN EMPLOYEE.

How do you treat a returned soldier working under you? Do you consider him as an ordinary workman, let him shift for himself and look on his mistakes only as you would an ordinary employee? If so, you are assuming that he is in all respects just a normal man and should be able to do the same work as quickly and as well as the average employee. If you do, you are wrong.

Many returned soldiers' constitutions are broken down. They have been gassed, shell shocked and tortured by wounds, and consequently are highly strung and nervous and will be for some time to come. What they make of themselves depends on you. If one of these men make a mistake and is roughly reprimanded, he is likely to shake like a leaf, get excited, etc., and be very difficult to make anything of; this is wrong. The greatest tact, care and attention that you can give these men in helping them to become useful employees is what the Company expects, and, moreover, you owe it to them.

There are bound to be some exceptions and some men will fail to make good. The success or failure of the majority, however, depends on you, and it is your privilege to help your country in this national crisis by endeavoring to make useful citizens out of the nerve-shattered men that are commencing to come back to us from the front.

Is further proof of the interest of the C. P. R. necessary? No!

Now for results. Of the first hundred men to complete Industrial Reeducational Courses in this unit, ten were employed by the C. P. R. on the termination of their courses. Up to date, about two hundred men have completed courses and now many of these men are employed by the C. P. R., i. e.: These men have taken courses in no less than 12 different trades, so it is obvious that the C. P. R. is assisting splendidly.

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Best prices given for HOGS, VEAL, ETC.

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Port Coquitlam

Sergt. Major George Flood former city foreman, arrived home this week and went through to New Westminster. He left Port Coquitlam with the B. C. Horse in 1914 and was subsequently enrolled with the 5th battalion. He was shot through the lung at the second battle of Ypres and has since been on the staff in England and Mrs. Flood will join her husband soon.

Corp. Sam Verner was one of the returned men who alighted at the Junction and proceeded to New Westminster. Corp. Verner joined a Forestry battalion in April 1916 and was on duty in France where he sustained severe facial injuries.

The funeral of T. Madden who dropped dead in the C. P. R. yards on Tuesday afternoon took place yesterday to Sapperton cemetery. A large number of C. P. R. employees paid their last respects to the memory of their old comrade by attending the obsequies.

The results of the February examinations in the Central School are as follows: Div. 1, entrance 1 Edna Routley, 2 Bessie Jones, 3 Celia Millard, 4 Juanita Arnold, 5 Eva Irwin Junior fourth: 1 Shyrel Wells, 2 W. Lee Dan, 3 Mae Walker; Div. II. (Miss Irvine); senior III. 1 Beatrice Wingrove, 2 Ernest Hayes, 3 Bruce Sutherland, 4 George Woodburne, 5 Alex Ballard, Intermediate III. 3 Orville Hemphill, 4 Teddy Watson, 5 Harold McKendry; junior III. 1 Violet Wilson, 2 Norah Wingrove. Div. III. (Miss Bowden) senior II., 1 Edythe Harris, 2 James Wells, 3 Elizabeth Knowles, 4 Constance Young, 5 Edgar Johnston; junior II, 1 Ernest Willows, 2 Ernest Prentis, 3 Adrian Strong. I Reader, 1 Vera Vandrishe, 2 Mary Galer. Div. IV. (Miss Macintosh) First Primer, 1 Bruce McArthur, 2 Pearl Hemphill, 3 Robert Hay senior Primer, 1 Dorothy Millard, 2 Eva Routley, 3 Annie Scott and Reta Silearer, equal.

At a largely attended meeting of the Donald McLean Chapter of the I. O. D. E. Mrs. W. Spencer was presented with an address and a silver fruit spoon and Mrs. Rumball with an address and cut glass and tray. The regent Mrs. J. Kliener read the addresses and the secretary Mrs. Dr. Sutherland handed the gifts to the recipients. Mrs. Spencer is leaving for Edmonton and Mrs. Rumball for Revelstoke.

Mission Council

The regular meeting of the Mission Council was held in the council chambers on Saturday last with all members of the board present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The correspondence was then read and on motion of Councillors Clark and Wren the following were ordered filed:

From J. Oliver, Public Works Department, H. L. Johnson, Royal Columbian Hospital, Municipal Journal, Gold Stripe, Women's Political Association.

Knight-Thompson that the assessment roll as now returned be accepted from the assessor.

Knight-Thompson, that the school estimates for 1919 be accepted.

Thompson-Knight, that the Loan ByLaw No. 81 be read and passed for the first, second and third reading.

Clark-Wren that Bylaw No. 82 be read and passed for the first, second and third readings.

Clark-Wren that the council purchase two graders for road repairs, one for the east end of the municipality and one for the west, and that a committee be appointed to purchase same, and that Councillors Clark, Knight and the reeve be a committee.

Wren-Clark, that the council write asking the C. P. R. to have trains No 9 and 10 stop at McCallum's corner for the farmers between Mission and Silverdale for shipping milk and other produce. Attention will be drawn to the fact that there will be considerable milk and produce shipped should a stop be made.

Knight-Thompson that the reeve and Finance Committee and clerk be authorized to sign a note in favor of the Bank of Commerce for $200 to cover accounts.

CLARK-WREN that this council is not in a position to make a grant to the Canadian Patriotic Fund at this time.

Clark-Wren that the clerk write the W. P. C. of Canada thanking them for their prompt attention to the request for a crossing over their railway; also sanctioning the agreement re the street lights and requesting them to have them put up as soon as possible.

Knight-Thompson that this council continue to follow up the north Shore Fraser River Municipalities Soldiers Settlement Association; and that every effort be put forward to have vacant lands in the Fraser Valley settled up by returned soldiers and that representatives attend the meeting on the 12h.

Knight-Thompson that $100 be appropriated for the Mt. Mary Ann road $200 for the Ketcheson and Hickling road; $200 for the Edwards road; $200 for the Saker Brealey road; $100 for the Richards-Doyle road; $300 for gravel for the Trunk road from Stave River east.

Knight-Thompson that $600 be appropriated to fight the Mosquito pest if needed and that the council have a ditch dug and tiled in to drain the water out of the slough south of the C. P. R. at Hatzic as this is a very bad mosquito pond; also that the making of the ditch be left in the hands of the reeve and Coun. Knight.

Knight-Thompson, that this council ask the provincial government to maintain the portion of the Silverdale road from Mission to Silverdale; also Dewdney Trunk road through the municipality. It was pointed out that the government collects auto taxes throughout the municipality and that they should build and maintain the through roads. Also that the agreement was with the former government to build and maintain roads and the Mission municipality purchased the right-of-way. Through traffic had reduced the standard of the through roads so that now they were not nearly as good as they used to be. Now the war is over the municipality will look to the government to maintain the through roads as formerly.

$100 for Beales road to cut down hill $150 for the Herd road for gravelling $50 for the Nelson road; $50 for the McCrea road; $200 for the Silverdale road from Cedar Valley to Chester's; $50 for the McCallum road.

Thompson-Knight that $100 be expended on the Mandale road for grading also that a scow load of gravel be bought for it.

That $50 be sepnt on the Cade-Barr road for brushing and ditching

Thompson-Knight that $60 be spent on the Mrs. Smith road for grading and ditching and one box of powder.

That $50 be spent on the road from the trunk road to Tunbridge's for gravel; and $30 on the Mission road for gravelling and widening the road.

Thompson-Knight that $60 be spent on the McIntyre and Hide road for grading; $700 on the Cedar Valley road for gravelling; $50 on Cherry street; $50 on Cherry street for grading.

Knight-Thompson that $250 be appropriated for the Knight Hill to cut off both sides of the grade and put in some culverts.

$250 to cut out the hill on Cherry street and gravel from Mt. Mary Ann south along the Apps place and to grade up the road along Tibble's place on Stave Lake; $200 to gravel the Barr road south of the new mill; $200 to cut down Ferndale road up to school; $200 for the Watt road; $50 for the Sorley road; $30 to slash out Cherry street from Stave Lake road to the Cade Barr road.

OPERATIONS for Appendicitis may be avoidd. Gallstones removed in 24 hours without pain. Mrs. Geo. Almas, 524 Fourth Ave. N., sole manufacturer; not sold by druggists. Saskatoon, Sask.

NOTICE

In the Matter of the Estate of John McEwen, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that all persons having any claim or demand against the estate of the above named deceased, late of Abbotsford, in the Province of British Columbia, who died on the 9th day of November 1918, are required to send in particulars of their claims, properly verified, to James Adam McGowan and John Franklin Boyd, executors of the will of said deceased, addressed to the said James Adam McGowan, at Abbotsford, B. C., on or before the 20th day of March, 1919, after which date the aid executors will proceed to distribute and deal with the estate having regard only to such claims as shall have been received on the said date.

Dated this 30th day of January, 1919.

HARRIS, BULL & MASON,
Solicitors for the Executors
17-m22.

Pure Food Grocery

We have been doing business so long in Abbotsford we know the requirements and tastes of all of our customers. You pay for Pure Food Groceries when you buy from us, and we are mighty particular that they are Pure Food Groceries—We buy and sell no other. Our Pure Food Bread and Cakes are the delight of all our customers.

CANADA FOOD BOARD

License No. 8-22538 License No. 5-1088

ALBERT LEE, Grocer and Baker

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Etc., Etc.

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A. McCallum
Abbotsford

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We have a large supply of Butter Wrappers for

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