LIBRARY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
MAR 13 1913
VICTORIA, B. C.

The Abbotsford Post

VICTORIA
Provincial Library

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE GRAND LOYAL ORDER OF BOOSTERS

VOL. VI., No. 17. ABBOTSFORD, B. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1913 8 $1.00 PER YEAR

CORRESPONDENCE

To the Editor:

Sir,—I believe the lending of money to farmers and bona fide settlers on their high bench lands of the Fraser Valley by the Government, at long time, and low rate of interest, would go a long way to solve three problems before us:—

First—Making good roads.

Second—Settling the country and making bush lands productive.

Thirdly—Supplying local markets with the necessities of life—butter, eggs, potatoes, fruit, etc.

For the sake of argument, let us say that the Government appropriates $1,000,000 for that purpose.

No individual loan to be more than $1,000, said loan to run for 20 years, interest at 4 per cent., loans to be issued at the sums of $100, $200, etc., monthly, quarterly or yearly, at the discretion of commissioners who have charge of said work and according to fulfilment of agreement by farmers and settlers.

With the aid of $1,000 I believe an average of five acres could be cleared and brought into a state of thorough cultivation; a settler with five acres in cultivation should then be able to make a living and clear the rest of his holding (if not too large) and refund said loan.

By that means 5,000 acres could be brought into a state of thorough cultivation inside of five years, bringing in a net revenue of $50,000 to $75,000, which at present does not produce 5 cents.

Now, going back to the problems. Roads are a costly undertaking in this province.

To build good roads, taxes are imposed, which fall a great deal on unproductive land, thus crippling the farmer from making further improvements.

For example, take a block of 5,000 acres of unproductive land, at present values $100 per acre, taxed at 1 per cent., which means $500 per annum to be met, which the land does not produce and which the farmers or settlers have to get on the outside, the difference, 5,000 acres of productive land bringing in a revenue of $50,000 per annum, treble the rate, and the burden would not be so great.

Second, we must remember the man who is going to buy bush land and settle the country; must be in most cases one not richly endowed with cash, but must have muscle and determination, if he buys 10 acres at present values of $100 per acre and up, it will be a long time before he clears and owns it unless he has capital. With assistance by a long time loan and low interest he could reclaim and produce revenue of $250 to $1,000 per annum inside of five years from land hitherto lying waste; would need better roads, and would not feel the burden of taxation to improve them.

Thirdly, supply markets. We must all acknowledge that the urban districts of British Columbia are fast outgrowing that of the rural; if so, more produce must be imported both from the south and east of us. Given a chance, I believe the lands of British Columbia could supply that demand, but conditions of those lands are such, on account of clearing, the acidity of soil, the lack of certain plant food, and time required to master all these difficulties, makes it imperative that the Government should come to the aid of the country.

SETTLER OF TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

SPRINGTIME
and
Garden Seeds
are synonymous

Our choice selection of Garden and Flower Seeds includes almost every known kind.

All lines are now full but will not remain so for long. Get your supply now.

B. B. SMITH
The Pioneer Store

CHEAP MONEY FOR THE FARMER

To the Editor:

The question of cheap money for the farmer rests on a security basis and all government loans for this purpose must of necessity be on the understanding that the security, whether in land, stock and implements, or co-operative guarantee is such as a bank or private firm would accept for a mortgage. The difference being that instead of for 5 years at 8 per cent. the loan should be repayable over a long period at a low rate of interest. In the Orange River Colony settlers can purchase farms from the land commissioner at about $75 an acre, the payments extending over 25 years at 4 per cent. interest. These lands require no clearing, the initial expenses consist of sinking a well, buildings, fencing and purchase of stock.

To assist him meet this expenditure for every $100 spent by the settler (with the approval of the land commissioner) he can (within certain limits) obtain a similar amount as a loan at 4 per cent. repayable in 5 years, which period may be extended at the commissioner's discretion. As security for the loan a mortgage is given on all the farm and stock.

Although there is no available government land in this district, and present owners would scoff at the idea of terms extending over 25 years at 4 per cent., yet it ought not to be impossible to devise some similar scheme to meet the demands of this valley.

First, we will consider land as a security.

The prices of land in the valley are too high to enable the average settler with a small capital to make fair interest on his money. How many new farms have been opened in the Matsqui and Sumas districts during the past two years? I do not mean newcomers who have replaced old timers, but settlers who have broken new land. The number could I think, be counted on one's fingers and the reason is that the price of uncleared land is too high.

Similarly with improved farms, the owners of some sold out because they saw a chance of making a good profit, but many have quitted the district because they found they could get a better percentage on their money by investing it in first mortgages on city property than by working hard on a farm, proving that the prices paid for improved farms are under present conditions too high.

The same state of affairs existed a few years ago in Australia and was followed by a big slump in land values.

While a firm believer in the agricultural possibilities of this valley, I cannot disguise the fact that a similar slump might occur in this district. Under these circumstances, the government, as custodians of public moneys, would not be justified in granting loans on the security of farm lands, beyond the value at which they are assessed for municipal taxation.

In a mixed farming and fruit-growing district the value of the stock, etc., of the average settler is as a rule small, but combined with the value of buildings could be considered as a security for loans.

Co-operative guarantee is possible only in such districts where co-operation exists for marketing produce, and want of co-operation is one of the most serious defects in the agricultural conditions of this valley.

Without co-operation the individual farmer pays more for produce he buys and receives less for produce he sells, in addition to which his expenses for profit and handling are greater.

The causes of this lack of co-operation are apathy of old settlers, and the want of time and business ability of individual members to manage a concern and also the comparatively small and widely scattered community.

Co-operation has been successful at Chilliwack and Cowichan but both of those districts became closely settled when land was cheap.

This valley is competing for settlers not only with the rest of British Columbia, but with the whole Empire and unless we can offer new-comers the same advantages as they can obtain elsewhere we shall not be able to secure them. I have met several men who came out to see the valley with a view of farming, but after inspection decided to go elsewhere, not because the soil was poor, not because freight rates were high and marketing facilities were bad, but because the price of the land was too high when the cost and difficulty of clearing were taken into consideration.

The Royal Commission on Agriculture now collecting evidence, may by its recommendations secure legislation to help agricultural interests, their investigations will be very thorough and it is quite possible that when they learn the price of land in this Valley and compare its value with other vacant lands in the Province they may recommend that loans granted to new settlers shall be conditional on taking up Government Land or on paying a price which a Land Commissioner considers fair and reasonable.

The result of such a policy would be that these districts would be left out in the cold while new comers settled in other parts of the Province.

From a settlement point of view, roads are just as important as Railways, the arteries in our bodies would be of little use were it not for the innumerable veins that feed them. The present policy of the Provincial Government in constructing main roads and unconditionally leaving to Municipalities their maintenance and the construction of branch roads does not meet with universal approbation. The system of day labor on construction is more expensive and less satisfactory than contract, and I hope in the near future to see all road construction given out to contract by the Provincial authorities and while the alignment of new roads would be left to Municipalities, the provincial grants would be conditional to a proportional amount being provided from Municipal funds.

The Commission referred to is collecting evidence regarding marketing, etc., of produce. Opinions they may form on this subject must of necessity

(Continued on Page Two.)

MATSQUI-SUMAS BOARD OF TRADE

The regularly monthly meeting of the Matsqui-Sumas Board of Trade was held on Monday evening last. In the absence of the president, Mr. Hill-Tout, Vice-President Alanson occupied the chair.

The Board is doing good work for the district, and that each member, through his individual efforts, is materially assisting, is recognized by the full attendance at the meetings during the last month. Secretary Morley read the minutes of last meeting, which were adopted. In regard to the Hazel Street crossing controversy between the Railway Commissioners and the townsite, the following letters were read:

Chas. Hill-Tout, Esq., President Matsqui-Sumas Board of Trade:

I have your letter of the 25th ultmo. and in reply I am directed to say that the Board's right to carry highways over a railway is limited to highways that have an existence either in law or from long usage making the highway a public way of communication without Municipal or Government action.

No one appeared at the hearing at Vancouver on the 29th November last in support of the application, but it was gathered that no highway had ever been laid out either by Municipal or Government authority. The local authority referred to in my letter of December 12th last, means, in the first instance, an organized municipality; there is no municipal corporation at the point in question. In that case, the petitioners should apply to the Minister of Public Works of the Province of British Columbia, at Victoria.

So far as the British Columbia Electric Railway is concerned, it is claimed that this company is not subject to the Board's jurisdiction. Under these circumstances the British Columbia Government itself can give the right to cross the tracks of that company.

Yours truly,
A. D. CARTWRIGHT,
Sec. R. R. C.

A. P. Cartwright, Esq., Board of Railway Commissioners, Ottawa, Canada:

Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge and thank you for your letter of the 12th inst. The Board of Commissioners has apparently not understood that the street we desire to have opened across the railway is a gazetted street in the subdivision of the townsite of Abbotsford, registered in the Land Office in New Westminster. I understand, therefore, that this street has an existence in law as well as in fact, and answers your objection No. 1. As far as the crossing of the B. C. Electric Railway track is concerned, we have their written consent to do so, and do not need to seek permission from the Government. The B. C. Electric Railway are at one with us in this matter.

I would like to point out again that the lack of the second crossing is a great hardship to the public, inasmuch

Continued on Page Four.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST.

Published Every Friday by The Post Publishing Company.

A weekly Journal devoted to the interests of Abbotsford and surrounding district.

Advertising rates made known on application.

LEGAL ADVERTISING—12 cents per line for first insertion, and 8 cents a line for all subsequent consecutive insertions.

Our Shibboleth—Neither for nor agin the Government.

Friday, March 7, 1913

The Board of Trade is again up against the question of opening the Hazel Street crossing. It should have been opened before and the sooner the better, for it is the rights of the property holders that they should have another crossing. Elsewhere we publish two letters, one from the Railway Commission and another from the president of the Board of Trade. The president of the Board was appointed a delegate to attend the sitting of the Railway Commission at Vancouver and he failed to be there for some unaccountable reason which has never been explained. Correspondence in these matters will never open the street. Actual attendance at the board is what counts. If our memory serves us aright, and we are speaking from memory, the delegate has now missed three sessions. Perhaps he will be ready for the fourth session or sitting. It is hoped so, and should he not be it is hoped that he will give place to a representative of the board that will be present. No attempt is made to publish any particular reasons given from mouth to mouth, but he fact remains that he was not present and in the reports of the different meetings of the board given this paper by the secretary, no explanation has been forthcoming.

CHEAP MONEY FOR THE FARMER

(Continued From Page One)

be based on figures but on other points the individual or collective opinions of farmers and Associations will carry weight, so that witnesses should be prepared not only to state the trammels under which agricultural enterprise is at present laboring but also their opinions as to the best means of overcoming them. The Progress Club is doing excellent work in this direction for the Province as a whole. We look to the Fraser Valley Publicity Bureau to supplement this as far as our local needs are concerned. Representatives of Farmers' Institutes and Boards of Trade will also express their opinions, but new ideas emanating from individual members will receive equal consideration, so that all who desire to express their opinions should make a point of giving evidence when the Commission reaches this district.

We do not all see eye to eye in these matters and many of my suggestions may meet with opposition, but as Abbotsford does not possess a debating society where such topics might be threshed out and adequately discussed, I append them for what they are worth:

1. A Land Commissioner's office in Vancouver to advise and assist new comers. Land owners to be at liberty to list their properties with him (provided he approves of the price) the commission chargeable being only sufficient to cover necessary expenses in this line.

2. A wild land tax, assessable by Provincial authorities, on a sliding scale, so that a farm on which a fair proportion is annually cleared would pay little or no tax.

3. A heavy tax on all land, cleared or uncleared, which in the opinion of the Land Commissioner is not being profitably utilized.

4. A free issue of fruit trees, seeds, or potato tubers from experimental farms sufficient for planting each new tract of land cleared and brought under cultivation.

5. Gangs with stumping outfit to be organized by Government under Municipal management. The cost of maintaining the same being made by a loan from Provincial Funds, the interest and sinking fund for which could be levied in the form of a tax on all land cleared by these means.

6. A fund, similar to that of the Irish Land Commission, by which the Land Commissioner would be empowered to purchase the Agreement of Sale of the outstanding balance on a farmer's land. The amount and interest being recoverable from the Farmers over a long period, say 25 years.

7. Loans to farmers (the expenditure of which would be subject to the approval of the Land Commissioner) at 4 p.c. interest repayable in 10 years, on the security of half the value of their stock and buildings and the proportionate paid up value of their land as assessed for Municipal taxation.

8. A representative of the Horticultural Department to be attached to one or more Farmers' Institutes not only to lecture on agricultural subjects but to advise and help by practical demonstration the members of the Institute.

The cost of this might be great, but part of the large Dominion grant for technical agricultural education might well be utilized in this manner.

9. Provincial managers to start and work co-operative societies, till in the opinion of the Land Commissioner they were on a satisfactory basis or not generally desired by the farmers. The capital outlay to be provided from Provincial funds at a low rate of interest, running expenses and the whole or greater part of the salary of the manager to be paid for by members.

10. The bonds of Rural Municipalities to be taken up by the Provincial Government at 4 p.c. (within certain limits.)

11. All Roads to be constructed and maintained by Provincial authorities, the provincial grant expended in any one municipality being proportionate to the amount contributed from Municipal Funds.

The land problem presents great difficulties to all governments and I hold the view that the present conservative administration has hitherto signally failed to deal with the Provincial Land question in a satisfactory manner, and the motto of the Hon. Edward Blake in Eastern Canada 31 years ago, "The land for the settler, the price for the public," still remains the motto of the Liberal Party.

EDWARD POTTINGER,

EGGS STILL FALLING

MARKETS

Owing to improved weather conditions the regular weekly market this morning was characterized by an increase in both supply and demand, a briskness being prevalent which has not been noted for some weeks past. The prices in meat, fish and poultry departments were steady, but a slight decrease was noted in the value of vegetables. Throughout the market, however, there was a solidity which was pleasing to both buyer and seller. Spring weather is already asserting itself in the remarkable increase in the supply of eggs and it is noted that today for the first time in months fresh red spring salmon has been offered for sale.

The supply of poultry, although somewhat larger than last week, did not affect the prices, pullets still being offered for from $12 to $15 per dozen. A small supply of fresh duck eggs was noted, 75c per dozen being received for this commodity. Eggs showed signs of a further weakening in price, falling from the opening price of 40c to 35c, and it is expected that they will be sold for 30c per dozen shortly. Butter remained stationary at 40c per pound.

Potatoes continued to weaken in price, the supply on hand at the market being offered at from 65c to 70c per sack and from $10 to $12 per ton. for 75c per sack, while turnips, onions Beets and carrots were also offered and parsnips remained stationary. There was little fruit on the market, the apples which were offered bringing from $1.25 to $1.40 per box. No change in the price of meats was realized and there was little indication of any immediate change.

Two fresh red spring salmon were offered at 20c a pound or two pounds for 35c, while white spring salmon, of which there was a more plentiful supply, brought 15c a pound. This is the first fresh red spring salmon of the season.

A large supply of flowers was also noticed, tulips, hyacinths and daffodils being the chief feature.

The Prices.

Eggs, retail, doz.	30c to 35c
Chickens, per dozen	$12 to $13
Pullets, per dozen	$15
Young birds, per dozen	$6 to $8
Broilers, per dozen	$8 to $10
Poultry, live weight	24c to 25c
Ducks, per doz.	$12 to $24
Ducks, per lb.	20c to 22c
Poultry, dressed, per lb.	30c
Turkey, per lb. live weight	33c to 35c
Geese, per lb. live weight	20c to 23c
Turkey, dressed, per lb.	40c
Geese, dressed, per lb.	23c to 25c

Vegetables.

Potatoes, ton	$10 to $12
Beets, per sack	75c
Carrots, per sack	75c
Parsnips	$1.00
Cabbage, wholesale, per lb.	3c
Cabbage, per head	10c to 15c
Onions, per sack	$1.25
Celery, per crate	$1.50
Turnips, per sack	75c

Small Fruits.

Apples, per box	$1 to $1.40
Apples, 5 lbs.	25c
Pears, per box	$1.00

Eggs and Butter.

Eggs, wholesale	30c to 35c
Duck eggs, per dozen	60c
Young birds, per dozen	$6 to $8
Butter, retail, per lb.	35c to 40c
Honey, per comb	25c

Wholesale Meat.

Pork, per lb.	13c to 13½c
Lamb, per lb.	12 1-2c
Mutton, per lb.	12½c to 13c

Retail Meats.

Beef, best rib roasts	20c to 22c
Beef, loin	26c to 27c
Beef, round steak	20c to 25c
Boiling beef	14c
Beef, short loin	28c
Beef, post roast	18c
Pork	20c to 25c
Mutton	20c to 22 1-2c
Sugar cured corned pork	20c
Homemade pork sausagge, lb.	20c
Salted pigs' head, lb.	8c
Pickled pigs' shanks, lb.	10c
Pickled pigs' shanks, lb.	15c
Sugar cured hogs' heads, lb.	8c
Sugar cured corned beef, lb.	15c
Pure lard	15c
Sugar cured bacon	20c

Fish.

Salmon, cohoes	15c, 2 for 25c
Steelhead salmon, per lb.	15c
Sturgeon	15c
Halibut	10c
Smelts	10c
Oolichans, per lb.	10c
Cod, per lb.	10c
Herring, 3lbs.	25c
Sole	10c
Salmon, frozen, per lb.	15c
Halibut, per lb.	12 1-2c
Herring, 3 lbs.	25c
Spring salmon, red, lb.	20c
Spring salmon, white, lb.	15c

Individual, Distinctive, Rare, Exquisite !

These words mean different things to different people. Taken together they will, in a measure, describe for all the people the quality of

B. J. GERNAEY HARNESS

Get that cash discount of 10 per cent on Harness.

B. J. GERNAEY, Abbotsford, B. C.

Abbotsford
Livery, Feed and Sales Stables

When you require a comfortable rig; one that feels good and looks good; ring up

CURRIE & McKENZIE

NOTICE !

Having disposed of our business to H. Alanson, we have opened an office with H. McKenzie, next the livery stable, where all outstanding accounts will be settled.

Abbotsford Hardware Co.
ABBOTSFORD, B. C.
Jas. Elliott **Manager**

MATSQUI-SUMAS BOARD OF TRADE

President, Chas. Hill-Tout Secretary, S. A. Morley
of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

Write the secretary regarding manufacturing sites with unexcelled shipping facilities and cheap power or information regarding the farm and fruit lands of the district, and industries already established.

For Sale

Thoroughbred white Plymouth Rock Cockerels. None better anywhere and the prices are right.

For some real good buys in Abbotsford call and see

A. McCallum

Spring and Summer 1913

¶ We have just received a complete collection of the very latest designs and shades in Suitings, Trouserings and Spring and Fall Overcoatings, etc., for Made-to-measure Clothes.

As Easter comes early this year, we would urge you to call and make your selection as soon as possible, so as to make sure of the pattern of your choice.

Geo. C. Clark
Abbotsford

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

J McELROY & Co.

LIQUORS, WINES AND CIGARS OF THE BEST QUALITY

Cor. Essendene Ave. and Oscar St., CITY

ABBOTSFORD HOTEL

ABBOTSFORD, B. C.

Strictly first-class in every respect. The bar is stocked with the best of wines, liquor and cigars,

RATES, $1.50 TO $2.00 PER DAY

A. J. HENDERSON & SONS PROPRIETORS

A. M. KING
BUTCHER

Pork, Mutton, Beef, Veal, Pork Sausages, Weinies and Balogna always on hand. Fish every Thursday

HARRON BROS.
Embalmers and Funeral Directors
Vancouver, Office and chapel—1034 Granville St., Phone 3486
North Vancouver, Office and Chapel—116 2nd St. Phone 134.

STRAYED—To my place, a Grade Jersey Heifer, about seven months old, on December 1st. Owner can claim same by paying for notice and board. G. C. Kenney, 1¼ mile east, ½ mile north of Vye Station.

25 CENTS

Pays for Three Months Subscription to

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

"How dear to my heart is the steady subscriber,
Who pays in advance at the end of the year,
And never says stop it, but instead says: 'Send it,
For with its glad presence comes a halo of good cheer.'"

¶ Send The Post post-haste to friends in the East. They might learn to like Abbotsford and finally decide to come west to live.

¶ Nice to have your old friends close to you. Easy when

25 CENTS DOES THE TRICK

Leave Subscription with King, the Butcher.

LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and Miss Messick were Sumas visitors last week.

Mrs. Campbell was a Chilliwack visitor this week, where she interviewed the road superintendent in regard to opening up a new street on her property.

Mr. Morgan is fitting up a temporary store near the post office to be used as a grocery store until the new building on Essendane avenue is erected.

The Western Canada Power Co. is erecting poles to supply power and light to the Municipality of Matsqui. Power will be supplied to any part of the municipality where desired.

The football boys suffered their third defeat of the season at the hands of Chilliwack on Saturday last, simply owing to the fact that half of their best players were unavoidable absent from the line-up.

Mr. W. Atkinson, the popular auctioneer for Messrs. Hart & Co., New Westminster, held a very successful auction sale at Mr. Harrup's ranch on Tuesday.

Messrs. W. Towlan and P. Jackman, from Mt. Lehman, were business visitors to Abbotsford on Tuesday.

Mr. Wm. Elliott, of Riverside, attended the sale Tuesday last.

"Murray" has ordered a three storey wedding cake, with the understanding that the ingredients must be all Canadian products. Mr. "Peter," who recently nearly caused a riot in town by stating that he was going to attend church, has the matter under his supervision.

Miss Gladys Fowler of Sumas spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. C. Baker, at Matsqui.

Mr. W. Nicholson of Murray River, P.E.I., was the guest of Mr. L. Mc Phee this week.

The farmers have started plowing on both Sumas and Matsqui prairies.

The Ladies' Aid, in conjunction with the board of management of the Presbyterian church, met at the home of Mr and Mrs. Alex. Johnston, Monday evening last for the purpose of bidding farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Elliott, on the eve of their departure for Nanaimo.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Elliott have taken an active interest in church work and the congregation took this means of showing their appreciation.

A most enjoyable evening was spent in music, songs, etc., while the refreshments served by the ladies was unexcelled.

During the evening's enjoyment Mrs. Elliott was presented with a nugget pin from the Ladies' Aid. Mrs. Fraser made the presentation, while Mrs. Campbell made a neat speech.

Mr. Elliott was also the recipient of a handsome pearl stick pin.

Rev. J. L. Campbell made the address while Mr. McCullough presented the gift on behalf of the board of management of the church.

Matsqui-Sumas Board of Trade

(Continued From Page One)

as the shunting of the cars by the C. P. R. every afternoon frequently causes us who come in from the west side of the town to lose our car in travelling by the B. C. Electric Railway, or leave baggage behind, as the Essendane Avenue crossing is often blocked for ten or fifteen minutes at a time in the afternoon, when the railway is cutting out lumber cars for the customs inspectors.

The school could be better reached from the west side of the town by the way of Hazel Street than by Essendane Avenue, and our school children are frequently driven to crawl beneath the cars to get to school in time. This, we contend, should not be necessary. Our town is growing and developing so fast that Hazel Street crossing has become an actual necessity. It is our second important street, and we are much inconvenienced by the lack of a crossing here.

We trust, therefore, the commission will favorably considered our claims and issue the necessary order upon the C. P. R. to open up this second street. In enclose you a map of our townsite showing the crossing we are

I do not understand that we need to apply to the Provincial authorities in the circumstances, but if the Board requires their consent to the opening of the crossing before acting, we shall have no difficulty in securing it.

Awaiting a favorable reply from you, I am respectfully yours,

CHAS. HILL-TOUT,
President.

A communication from the Chilliwack Board of Trade was read regarding a postal service on the B.C.E. Railway. The secretary was instructed to communicate with the postal authorities in regard to this matter.

A communication from the Minister of Agriculture, Victoria, offering to rent a portion of the government's space for the display of exhibits from this district in the Progress Club rooms, Vancouver, was received and filed.

Mr. Alanson, as chairman of the water committee, laid before the board a proposition in detail in regard to the installation of a water system, showing cost, etc.

Mr. Boker, of the Canadian Pipe Co., Vancouver, who was present, spoke on the question and demonstrated to the Board the advisability of having a good water service. In his remarks he stated that providing the citizens would raise $5000 towards the scheme his company would be prepared to go ahead with the installation and completion of the scheme, taking a mortgage for a long term of years. The system proposed would be capable of serving all the householders in and adjacent to the Townsite and would be efficient for fire protection, which in itself would be worth a great deal as insurance rates would be materially lessened.

It was decided to go ahead with the proposition and the following gentlemen were authorized to sell shares: Messrs. B. B. Smith, H. Alanson, C. Hill Tout, J. A. McGowan, Geo. Clark, W. Taylor, A. J. Henderson, J. McElroy.

The following were elected as new members: Rev. J. L. Campbell and Rev. C. F. Yates, honorary members; Messrs. F. C. Wiggins, R. A. Trethewey, J. Hutchinson and F. J. Walsh.

SCHEDULE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS ACT.

Notice is hereby given that the List of Voters for the Chilliwack Electoral District has been cancelled and that applications to be placed on the Voters' List will be received at my office at Chilliwack, B. C., where printed forms of affidavit to be used in support of an application to vote will be supplied. The list of persons claiming to vote will be suspended from and after the seventh day of April, 1913, and a Court of Revision will be held on the nineteenth day of May, 1913, and notice of objections to the insertion of any name on the Register of Voters must be given to me thirty clear days before the holding of the Court of Revision.

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1913.

JUSTINIAN PELLY,
Registrar of Voters for the Chilliwack Electoral District.

Winton-Campbell.

At the home of the bride's parents, near Peardonville, B.C., on Wednesday, February 26, Miss Margaret Elizabeth, edest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Campbell was united in Marriage to Mr. Daniel McMillan Winton, of Abbotsford. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. J. L. Campbell, of Abbotsford, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the bride. Miss Rachel Campbell, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and Mr. Thomas DeLair, of Abbotsford, was groomsman. The bride was given away by her father to the strains of the wedding march. The parlor was beautifully decorated with ivy and smilax. A beautiful arch surmounted by a large bell formed a canopy for the young couple during the ceremony. The bride was the recipient of numerous valuable gifts. After a honeymoon in Bellingham and Vancouver Mr. and Mrs. Winton will reside in Abbotsford.

Sumas Lodge, No. 1084, L.O.O.M.

The Lodge meets every Thursday in each month. All visiting brethren are invited to attend.

W. C. Bonds, Dictator; E. W. Young, Secretary.

FOR SALE.—Eggs for hatching. White Wyandottes, prize winners at all the local exhibitions; also a few choice pullets and cockerels. Apply C. B. HILL TOUT. P.O. Box 63.

OUR DAILY BREAD

is a mighty industrial factor in this community

as it furnishes the power that moves the man that keeps the machinery of business going. Just think of it when you are enjoying our fresh daily bread

ALBERT LEE, The Abbotsford Baker

Feed BREWERS' DRIED GRAINS

Cheaper, better than Bran

Order from

H. Windebank, Mission City, B.C. J. J. Sparrow, Abbotsford, B.C.

Matsqui Hotel

MISSION CITY, B.C.

This hotel makes a specialty of home-like comforts for Commercial Travellers. Comfortable sitting-room and best of hotel service Cuisine Unexcelled.

Rates: $1.50 to $2 per day

CHAS. E. DeWITT, Proprietor

E. O. Brundage

Painter and Decorator

If you want any artistic work in Painting, Paperhanging and Decorating give us a call.

Practical work at practical prices

Gladys Ave. - - - Abbotsford

If you want the best in House Painting Paper Hanging Kalsoming and Graining and Carriage Painting go to

ABBOTSFORD DECORATING Co

W. Davey, Manager

Workshop in rear of S. Kravoski's Blacksmith Shop.

Henderson & Taylor

(Associate Members Can. Soc. C. E.)

Civil Engineers

R. A. HENDERSON

B. C. LAND SURVEYOR

Office, next P. O. P. O. Box 11

: Spring Cleaning :

Now Is the Time to Purchase

Furniture Polish Alabastine

Varnishes Paints

Linoleums Carpets Matting

At City Pricss

H. ALANSON

Hardware and Furniture

FOR SAALE—5 young milch cows to freshen from the 27th of this month. Apply to R. OWEN, one mile south of B. C. E. R., Mount Lehman.

CORN

Whole, Crushed or Meal

$35 per Ton

Abbotsford Feed Store

NOTICE.

APPLES FOR SALE.

No. 1 N. Spies, per box.....$1.25
Russets, per box.....1.25
B. Davis, per box.....1.00

Kindly leave your order with Geo. C. Clark, and they will be delivered to any address in Abbotsford.

McNABB & GELLETT.

J. H. JONES

Builder and Contractor

Estimates Given Free

Phone Connection Mission City

City Blacksmith Shop and Carriage Building

S. KRAVOSKI PROPRIETOR

For Horseshoeing, General Blacksmithing, Wagon-Making and Repairing, Carriage building and Expert Carriage Painting

Give us a Trial

We will use you right.

W. Kravoski

Abbotsford

S. KRAVOSKI
Blacksmith

Electric Light

For the Residence, Store or Office.

Electric Power

For Factories and Industrial Plants

Convenience Comfort Economy

Attention will be given to all applications for service from our lines.

Detailed information concerning service will be furnished on application to the offices of the Light and Power Dept. located at

Vancouver B. C. Electric blk. Abbotsford New Westminster B. C. Electric blk.

British Columbia Electric Railway Ltd