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The Abbotsford Post

With which is incorporated "The Huntingdon Star"

Vol. XV., No. 17. ABBOTSFORD, B, C. FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1918 8 $1.00 PER YEAR

THIS SPACE
FOR SALE

TITLES MAY BE ABOLISHED IN CANADA

Ottawa, Feb. 21.—Judging by the comment of new western members who have recently visited the capital Captain J. H. Burnham, member for West Peterboro, will receive considerable support for his bill to abolish titles when it is introduced in Parliament. The Ottawa Journal Press in an editorial today approves of the measure of Mr. Burnham in the following terms:

"It is to be hoped that the proposed bill to prevent the conferring of hereditary titles on Canadians will be carried by the New Dominion Parliament with an impressive majority. The matter may be, a constitutional one over which Parliament has no control, but whether constitutional or unconstitutional a clear out anti-hereditary declaration from the new House of Commons would have to be taken notice of in London.

"Simultaneously with such a declaration there should be a thorough parliamentary airing of just who is responsible for any titles conferred upon Canadians other than soldiers in the field. The Journal is not enamoured of Bolsheviki or long-haired, wild-eyed ideas, but we think the Canadian landscape is becoming a little too thickly and a little too discriminately dotted with 'Sirs.'

"There is a growing feeling that these titles have been passed out so rapidly and indiscriminately of late that they have ceased to have much value."

Don't conclude that you have never had any opportunities in life.

Mourns the Death Of Their Father

(From Fraser Valley Record.)

John Bruce Manson, news of whose death at Sadwick, Scotland, has been received here, was head ot a widely known British Cloumbia family. He leaves four sons, all residents of British Columbia, viz. Mr. William J. Manson, of Mission; Mr. Laurence Manson, of Nanaimo; Mr. Michael Manson, of Vancouver; and Mr. John Manson, of Cortez Island. Mr. William Manson, of Nanaimo, is a brother. Deceased was in his 87th year.

Land Assessment Reduced 20 Per Cent

Rate of Assessment Will Naturally Be Much Higher

(From Fraser Valley Record.)

The Court of Revision for the Mission Municipality and Mission City Townsite was held for 1918 in the house on the O. M. I. property in Mission Municipality on Thursday last, February 21st, 1918, with all members of the council present who made the declaration before the clerk of the municipality, Mr. J. A. Barr.

Wren-Thompson that the assessment of all land in the municipality and townsite be reduced 20 per cent. Carried; Couns. Clark and Knight dissenting.

PERSONALS

The concert and lecture held Monday evening in the Alexandra Hall in connection with the tenth anniversary of St. Andrews church was most enjoyable. A musical programme was first given. Tapp orchestra gave a selection while waiting the arrival of the others. Mrs. W. W. Robertson of South Vancouver was the soloist. She was enthusiastically received and responded to repeated encores with Irish, Scotch and modern songs Miss Mabel Nelson was the efficient accompanist and gave a fine piano solo and responded to an encore. The Tapp orchestra added to the program with good musical selections.

The lecture "Rambles Through Scotland" by the pastor, Rev. W. Robertson was eloquent and interesting with humorous incidents.

Miss Stewart of Vancouver has been visiting her cousin Mrs. Martin this week.

Mrs John Starr of Sumas and Mas-Chilliwack has been visiting with her mother Mrs. Fraser a few days.

Mrs. John Starr of Sumas and Msr. Fraser York of Huntingdon were over to the lecture and concert on Monday night and were the guests of Mrs. Thomas over night.

The embroidery club met at the home of Mrs. Longfellow last week. They have turned it into a knitting club at present and knit socks for the soldiers.

Mr. Fred Sutherby is clearing his land and making quite a number of improvements.

Mr. Johnson motored to Bellingham on Sunday.

Pte. Murray Rhodes has returned from the front, looking well but thin. He has been in the hospital since August. He enlisted August 17th, 1914—one of the first from here.

Lieut. W. Cruickshank returned on Tuesday last from the front.

Mr. Gatenby unfortunately had a another horse killed last week. The horse fell and before he could be gotten up drowned with his head in about a foot of water.

Mr. and Mrs. Godson celebrated their first wedding anniversary last week.

The Misses Steede are visiting their brother and sister-in-law in Pt. Alberni.

Rev. Wm. Robertson went to Vancouver on Thursday morning to attend a meeting of the Presbytery.

Reeve A. McCallum and Coun. Phinney of Matsqui attended a meeting in New Westminster called for the purpose of considering amending Municipal Clauses Act.

Miss Kate Parton entertained a number of her girl friends last week to a birthday party and all report a good time.

Miss Irene King entertained twelve girl friends this week to her twelfth birthday.

Mrs. Carpenter of Bellingham has been visiting her father and mother Mr. and Mrs. Anderson.

A few of the old timers will remember Mr. Humphry Beaumont. He went eovrseas with the Bantams. He has been gassed and had shell shock and returned to his home in Nanaimo last week.

Mr. Trethewey has purchased a new McLaughlin six.

Mr. McMenemy got a new car this week—a Ford.

Mrs. Hannah Fraser entertained Mrs. W. W. Robertson Monday night after the concert.

Mr. Martin is working for J. J. Sparrow.

Mr. McInnes was in Mission City on Wednesday and was Mr. McMenemy's guard while returning with his new car.

The Ladies Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Ryall on Wednesday. It being Missionary Day Mrs. Fraser read her report of the Missionary Convention held at Kerrisdale which was excellent.

Mrs. Maguire's friends will be glad to know she is well again and able to resume he rduties with the sick in the hospital.

Mrs. Copeland went to Bradner on Saturday for a short time.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bell on February 18th, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. N. Hill February 25th, a son.

Miss Rucker is well again after her brief illness and back in Mr. Hill's store.

Mr. Milstead, Snr., has been seriously ill for some time.

Mrs. Chudleigh, well known around Abbotsford died in the hospital on Sunday morning. She has been in poor health for some years. She has a husband and daughter in England and one son serving in the army

Mrs. (Rev.) Wm. Robertson and her daughter, Mrs. Fraser, will receive at the manse next Wednesday March 6th from 3 to 6 in the afternoon.

HELPING RED CROSS

A very successful dance was held on February 15 by the pupils and teachers of Musselwhite. A bridge cloth was raffled during the evening 28 being the lucky number. Mrs. L. Munroe won the cloth. The sum of $25.30 the proceeds was turned over to the Red Cross. The pupils and teacher are to be commended for their good work.

HUNTINGDON

At annual meeting of St. Paul's the following were elected on the board: Mr. F. Munroe, chairman. Messrs Owen, A. E. Skinner, Sidney Skinner, F. J. Tapp treasurer and Perry Pratt secretary. Mr. Owen was elected to superintendent of the S. School and Mrs. Skinner, assistant.

A knitting class for girls in support of the local branch of the Red Cross is held every Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. Laxton's. Mrs. York and Miss Elderkin are responsible for much of the success attained.

Three members of the Land Settlement Board, Messrs Nelems, Munroe and McDonald met the local advisory board, composed of Messrs Blatchford, Campbell and Fookes this week It is understood that the matter requiring their attention was in connection with the Sumas reclamation scheme and the hearing of reports on behalf of the parties interested.

Invitations are issued for a dance to be given in Cobley's hall next Friday, the proceeds of which will be devoted to war work.

Mr., Mrs. and Miss Bowyer of Mission were visitors to Mrs. M. Murphy iats week.

Miss Bernard entertained her brother and sister for the week-end at the home of Mrs. Purvis.

Mr. and Miss Harris of Deroche were visitors here on Saturday.

Mr. A. E. Skinner made a trip to Vancouver on Monday.

Serbian

The condition of Serbia and Montenegro, and their peoples, must make the strongest appeal to every person of sympathy or imagination. Their peoples are destitute; many of their 200,000 prisoners are dying in prison camps, and there are also in these camps hundreds of children in the most abject and piteous plight

Serbia and Montnegro are ravished by hunger and disease; their population decreases daily. Thousands of women and children have been turned over to the Turks. There may be no Serbs left alive to benefit by reparation and restitution unless something is done in the meantime to save them. Serbia's fate is many times worse than Belgium's. And besides all this, the Serbian army is waging ceaseless warfare on a most difficult and dangerous front.

It is to help these splendid countries that an appeal is made on behalf of the Canadian War Hospital Fund to establish Candian hospitals ambulances and dispensaries in Serbia, Montnegro and Macedonia.

As one who knows the needs of these worthy people I appeal to all sympathiers of Serbia to help in this work, and, by sending a donation, to assist in caring for the sick, feeding the hungry, clothing the naked, and caring for the orphans.

FRED W. E. BURNHAM

You can't tell much about a woman by the things that appeal to her sense of humor.

Conditions For Successful Bee-Keeping

The first requisite for successful bee-keeping is that the owner of the bees should be interested in them. He will then study their ways and will learn to manage them well. He will learn from bee books and journals as well as by experience, and also, perhaps from the friendly advice of a bee-keeping neighbor.

Another important condition is an abundance of honey-producing flowers within a mile or two of the apiary. There is hardly a place in the settled parts of Canada where this condition is not fulfilled to some extent. The kinds of plant that produce the bulk of the surplus honey are not many. By far the most important are alsike and white clover found on almost every farm, and most plentiful, of course, where they are grown for hay, pasture or seed. In Southern Alberta and the dry interior of British Columbia clover yields first place to Alfalfa, and in the semi-cleared lands of the north to fireweed (Epilibium angustifolium) a promising honey plant which is now the subject of a special investigation by the Bee Division of the Experimental farms. Among minor sources of surplus honey are buckwheat and basswood in southern Ontario and south-west Quebec; golden rod and aster, principally in eastern Canada; wild raspberry, swet clover, Canada thistle and various weeds. Red clover is an example of a plant containing abundant nectar in which the flowers are too narrow and too deep for the bees to collect it.

A third factor of great importance is suitable weather for the development of the honey plant and for the secretion and ingathering of the nectar. In the case of most plants, including white and alsike clover, a moderately wet spring followed by fine, warm weather when the plants are in full bloom, produce the best results. In such a season it is not unusual to get 150 pounds of honey per colony in a good clover district On the other hand continuous rain or broken weather during the honey flow, may prevent the production of any surplus honey. We cannot forcast the weather in any part of the country, so that the honey crop is as uncertain as any farm crop. In 1915 the highest yield per colony from clover was obtained in Nova Scotia; in Ontario the crop was only moderate, and in the lower mainland of British Columbia a failure. In 1916 Nova Scotia gave less than the average, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba far above the average, and the lower mainland of British Columbia again a failure. In 1917 Nova Scotia recorded a failure: southern Ontario almost an avarage; Quebec and Manitoba below the average and the lower mainland of British Columbia a bountiful crop. The shifting of the good yield from one region to another was due to weather conditions. In the aggregate returns, however, Ontario and Quebec led, the Maritime Provinces same next, and British Columbia third, a comparison of considerable importance to the specialist but less to the amateur

The rise in sugar has been reflected in the honey market. In the last two years the demand for honey has been very great; the price has risen 3 to 5 cents a pound within the past few months, and white extracted honey at the time of writing is being quoted at 14 to 17 cents per pound wholesale.

Bee-keeping needs but little capital, can be carried on anywhere, even in a vacant lot in the city, and is not particularly laborious. The bees require attention only in pleasant weather, knowledge and foresight being needed to do all that is necessary until the weather is again likely to be favorable.

Mrs. John Stanton, formerly of Mission City, but now of Green Bay, Wis., is mourning the loss of her mother, who died at her home there of pneumonia.

The best place for a man to have a boil is in the tea kettle.

THE ABBOTSFORD POST

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Our Shibboleth—Neither for nor agin the Government.

FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1918

The organiation of women labor for the fruit growing season has begun and Okanagan is leading the way.

It is said that the provincial government has promised its support.

The best support that the provincial government can give to the securing of women and girls for the fruit picking in this part of the Fraser Valley would be to encourage and support the municipalities in the proper distribution of oil to prevent the breeding of the mosquito during the coming season. Few or no mosquitoes would mean plenty of fruit pickers.

An amendment of the provincial Elections Act provide for the personal registration of every voter, on much the same system as put in effect for the recent Dominion contest. This would do away with the present voters' list and would entail the registration of every person in the province who was entitled to vote. This system has also been in vogue in some of the prairie provinces for some time. In the event of a coming provincial election many from the outlying districts would have to get very busy or have no vote.

The P. G. E. embroglio has been settled for the time being and the friends of Hon. John Oliver think he has done the very best under the circumstances. Under the proposed agreement the government will take over the railway, the lands and the holdings of the company except the properties of the P. G. E. Development Company. The company pays half a million dollars right away, a quarter of a million in four months and $350,000 additional within a stated period. An option at the same time will be given the government under which it may, within two years, take over the assets of the P. G. E. Development Company and thereby release Messrs Foley, Welch and Stewart from their liability for the $305,000 payment.

Now the government will call Mr. Welch of Foley, Welch and Stewart into consultation, so report has it, and arrange probably with him to complete the road under government supervision. What was to prevent the government, without making such a fuss, assuming supervision over the road before, thus saving twelve months to hasten the completion of the road? All the hot air of the past twelve months has delayed the connecting up of the road with Fort George, and yet the road is an absolute necessity in the development of the country. But the big "I" in Oliver had to be encouraged in its growth and brought out prominently before the public.

The cost of the completion of the road will provide enough election material to send the Minister of Railways back to the Delta and political oblivion. Watch and see.

And mor erailways are to be built. Clinton and Ashcroft are to be linked up. It is approximately 50 miles and it is estimated will cost something in the neighborhood of $42,000 a mile. Lucky Ashcroft. It will yet be a railway centre.

British Columbia is now without a Stork. The Prince Rupert man has been counted out by a Peck of soldier votes. How cruel of the soldiers to leave B. C. without a Stork. But then it may be all right as an up-country paper is advertising "Private Stork" in a whisky ad.

Down in New York an eligible married his mother-in-law thinking he would not have to enlist. This ought to be enough to exempt any man from duty as a soldier; or may be it is a pity to lose to the country the services of such a brave man.

Better Methods Must Be Adopted

Local Distribution of Foodstuffs to the Consumer is Far Too Expensive

Figures here quoted show that it costs two-fifths of a cent to bring a can of cheap salmon from Vancouver to Winnipeg and more than nine cents to get it from the Winnipeg railway station to the table of the wage earner.

It is suggested that the intelligence of the nation might devise some more efficient method of making this local distribution.

In a period of peace this burden could be borne—in a time of world war and increasing scarcity, the present situation demands most careful consideration.

If the figures here quoted are correct, a problem is presented which demands solution. If they are incorrect, the Free Press asks that the inaccuracy be pointed out.

Each day emphasises the increasing cost of staple commodities each day the loss of man power from the factory, the warehouse, the office and the railway by voluntary enlistment or draft, each day the necessity for some more economical system of distributing the necessities of life.

The figures already quoted by the Free Press in a previous issue are suplemented today with further details on the cost of distribution of canned salmon in Winnipeg from the car to the consumer.

Canned salmon is a staple article used by all classes. Like other commodities it carries an increased cost of production at the seaboard. Twine cordage, fishermen's wages, gasoline for boats, tin, solder, have all increased abnormally. Every factor in distribution has probably increased abnormally. Every factor in distribution has probably increased proportionately. The question, however granting all this, is, have we a method of distribution that can be improved? Are unnecessary handlings by a superfluous middleman taking a toll from the consumer that might be avoided if our methods of distribution wer reorganized, so that the maximum results would be obtained with the minimum of effort and men?

The food controller's attention is particularly directed to "Pinks" the cheapest of the various brands of salmon, and consequently the purchase of those least able to pay, 10 5-14 cents per tin at Vancouver with a transportation charge of 2-5th of one cent for a haulage of 1,470 miles from the coast to Winnipeg, nearly doubles in cost before it reaches the table. Surely some more economical method is available by which this intolerable addition to the cost of food can be removed.

Red Spring

	Cents
Salmon, canned, Red Spring manufacturer's price, Vancouver	14 7-12
Railway carriage ,Vancouver Winnipeg 1,470 miles	2-5
Cost of distribution, car to consumer	8 1-60
Retail cost at Winnipeg	23

Percentages

Manufacturer's cost	63.41
Railway freight	1.74
Cost of distribution	34.85
	100

Cohoes

Salmon, canned, Cohoes, manufacturers price, Van	13 13-28
Railway carriage Vancouver to Winnipeg 1,470 miles	2-5
Cost of distribution, Winnipeg, car to consumer	11 9-14
Retail cost at Winnipeg	25

Percentage

Manufacturer's cost	53.86
Railway freight	1.60
Cost of distribution	44.54
	100

Pinks

Salmon canned pinks manufacturer's price, Van	17 17-24
Railway carriage, Van to Winnipeg. 1,470 miles	4-5
Cost of distribution, Winnipeg car to consumer	11 59-120
	30

Percentage

Manufacturer's cost	59.03
Railway freight	2.67
Cost of distribution	38.30
	100

Pinks

Salmon canned, Pinks manufacturer's price, Van	10 5-14
Railway carriage, Vancouver to Winnipeg 1,470 miles	2-5
Cost of disthribution, Winnipeg car to consumer	9 17-70
Retail cost at Winnipeg	20

Percentage

Manufacturer's cost	51.79
Railway freight	2.00
Cost of distribution	46.21
	100.

Relatives have money but relations are poor.

Don't go untidy on the plea that everybody knows you.

JAPS ON GUARD AT VLADIVOSTOK

With ammunition and war supplies piled up mountains high for three miles out of Vladivostok the Japanese fleet has been outside the harbor, keeping watch and ward over the millions of dollars' worth of property, with the chance that Japanese troops have already landed for protective purposes, acording to the stotement made to the World at the Hotel Vancouver by Mr. J. Howden, old timer of the Yukon, Canadian South Africa war veteran and traveller, who has recently returned from Russia, and who is now staying in the city before joining the forces to go to France, if he is found physically fit.

Mr. Howden said that at Vladivostock for three miles out of the town there were shells, amunition, automobiles, knock-down railway cars, and everything that could be imagined that was useful in war. When he was there there were some 14 Japanese men of war just outside the harbor where nothing could pass without it being known what it was. If this booty fell into the hands of the Germans it would be invaluable, and it was for the purpose of preventing this that the watch was kept. No doubt the Japanese were acting in accordance with arrangement with the other Allies.

There were many American and Canadian railroad men in Rusia, but since trouble started no construction had been carried on, and doubtless they were coming out of the country now.

Mr. Howden did not think that the Germans, even if they got Petrograd and took possession of much territory would be able to press Russians into their service to fight against the Allies for it was generally felt that the country had done as much as it could against the interests of those who were on her side. Trotsky, it was known, was at one time a waiter and pot washer in a New York restaurant.

POLYGAMY IN GERMNAY

The Berliner Tageblatt devotes considerable space to a discussion on the question of intrdoucing polygamy after the war, with special reference to the statements of British Ministers in Parliament on the problem.

The Tageblatt, while denying the reports that such a movement has the official support of the German authorities admits that polygamy exists all over Germany. There is, for instance an 'Eden' colony, established for the sole purpose of breeding noble specimens of the numan race (edelmensch) ,not to mention a few other whose avowed objects are the practice and dissemination of the doctrine of free love. There is the German Society for the Regeneration of the Race, the new Order of Templars, and the Ariana Society.

All these organizations concludes the article, 'desire to improve the German birthrate figures by a rabbit like multiplication of the people."

Don't underrate anything because you don't possess it.

The woman who has ceased to weep is no longer young.

Little Jimmie passed up for his third helping of puddig on Christmas Day.

"Jimmy, a little boy burst once from eating too much pudding," said his mother.

"There ain't no such thing as too much pudding," replied Jimmy.

"There must be or why dit he burst?"

"Not enough boy."

Even an old hen can appreciate a toothsome dainty.

Sympathy is the only charitable gift of some people.

After a girl reaches the age of 25 her birthday anniversaries occur three years apart.

Men who are long on words are apt to be short on deeds.

Many a plausible tongue is operated by a deceptive brain.

There is nothing flatter than flattery that doesn't flatter.

If a woman is unable to preserve her complexion she begins to pickle it.

All men realize that marriage is a lottery, but each one imagines he is going to win a prize.

Forgive your enemies, but if you have no enemies, forgive a few of your friends.

Never milk with wet hands.

Never mix warm with cold milk.

Never take chances with the bull.

Never close a can containing warm milk.

Never try to break a kicker with a club. Try kindness.

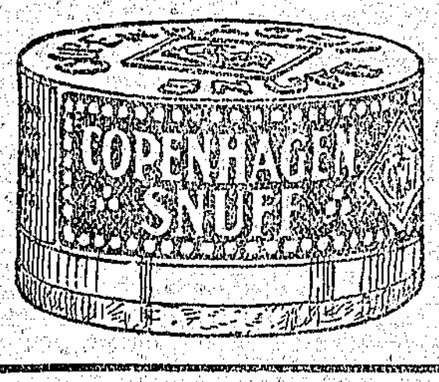
Never form the habit of feeding and milking at irregular hours.

Never allow the cans to stay in the dairy while being filled with milk

The young pig makes the best gain

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

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President, Hope Alanson Secretary, N. Hill of Abbotsford, B. C.

Meeting Held First Monday of Each Month

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BUSINESS STATIONERY?

A FIRM IS OFTEN JUDGED BY ITS STATIONERY. WHY HAVE CHEAP PRINTING WHEN WHEN YOU CAN GET NEAT PRINTING DONE ON GOOD PAPER AT THIS OFFICE, ALMOST AS CHEAP AS PLAIN PAPER. BRING IN YUR ORDERS FOR

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IT CAN BE DONE AT THIS OFFICE ON SHORT NOTICE.

HAVE THE FRASER VALLEY RECORD SENT TO YOUR FRIENDS. $1.00 Per Year.

J. A. BATES Printer and Publisher MISSION CTY, B C

BUTTER WRAPPERS

Now is the time to get your supply of Butter Wrappers for summer months.

Get them at BATES' PRINTING OFFICE.

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ABBOTSFORD AND DISTRICT

HONOR ROLL

Abbotsford and District has done magnificently in sending her sons to fight for the freedom and rights of the British Empire and her Allies.

The following are the names:

W. A. Ferguson, killed.
H. E. Lloyd, killed.
J. McDonald, killed.
H. R. Gray, killed.
E. O. Collinson, killed.
A. Ames, killed.
J. F. Green, killed.
Chas. Wooler, (Killed)
A. Witchell (Killed)
M. Mallalue (Killed)
R. Hughes (Killed)
H. Green (Killed)
O. Kidwell, killed.
John Gillen, (Killed)
Sergt. C. T. McPhee (K'l'd)
Geo. Knox, died, pneumonia.
A. J. Munro, (Prisoner)
L. Trethewey, (Gassed)
Wm. Morgan (Invalided)
S. McPhee (Wounded)
D. Campbell, (Wounded)
Albert Davenport (Wound'd)
F. Brown, invalided.
Sid Montgomery (Killed)
J. L. Sansom, (Returned)
Joe Mathers (Killed)
Arthur Croke, (Prisoner)
E. A. Chapman (Killed)
T. M. Hutton, Killed) M. M.
Stanley Attwood (Killed)
A. C. Dudden (Shell Shock)
M. W. Copeland (Gassed) M.(
A. F. Flumefelt (Killed)
Robert Gillen (Wounded)
G. N. Gillett (returned)
G. Gough (Gassed)
A. Healey (Returned)
C. Hulton-Harrop, M. C.
Fred Knox (Wounded)
P. D. McLagan (Killed)
J. C. Parton (Killed)
A. Pegram, (Wounded)
Maj. B. Pottinger (Killed)
B. W. Suthern (Pris. of War)
Walker Wallace (Wounded)
J. Welch (Died of Wounds)
Percy Wilson, (Returned)
Manlius Zeigler (Returned)

Wm. Hunt (killed)
Joe. Willet (wounded)
A. G. Adams.
E. Anderton.
J. Aitken.
H. Arnold.
F. Beale.
Steve Beebe
C. Bayes.
Hilliard Boyd.
Ed Barrett.
J. Bousfield.
W. Bowman.
Wm. Bonar
A. A. F. Callan.
J. H. Campbell
W. Campbell.
Tom Campbell.
E. Chamberlain.
Alex. Chisholm
Fred Colbourne
T. Davis.
T. Donnelly.
J. Downie.
Paul Dutase
Andy Ellwood.
Wm. Evans
Norman Evans
Geo. Fadden
A. A. Fermour.
J. Fermor
S. Finch.
J. Fraser,
Clarence Gazley.
D. Geddes.
E. B. de la Giroday
H. Gordon.
H. Grimley.
J. Hands.
G. E. Hayes.
A. Hicks.
O. Hicks.
Robt. Higginson
Matt Higginson.
A. Hill-Tout.
Charles Hill-Tout
Willie Hill-Tout
V. Hulton-Harrop.

K. Huggard.
Ed Hunt
H. Johnston.
J. Kirkbride.
S. Knott.
Henry Knox.
W. Laird.
Geo. E. Leary
Roy Mains
Louis Di Lalli (wounded)
David Mathers
T. Mawson.
Frank McCallum
J. McCormack.
Kenneth McGilivray.
Stewart McGillivray
H. McKinnon
Wm. McIntyre
Matt Nelson.
Peter Pearson.
T. Perks.
R. Peters.
T. Porter
S. Ramsay
John Rhodes
M. Rhodes.
N. Rucker
Geo. Sharp.
Robt. Sim.
H. Skipworth.
John Sinclair.
R. Smart.
T. Smeeton.
H. D. Straiton
A. Teng.
W. W. Thaw
T. Usher,
Walker Wallace
Gordon Walters
Harold Walters
Thos. Walters
Andrew Wells
A. Williams.
J. O. Williams.
Percy Wilson.
Warren Welch

P What are we, who are left behind, going to contribute towards the Canadian Patriotic Fund, as our share, to equal the sacrifice of those who have died or enlisted for Overseas Service. Give a monthly subscription.

Many Appeals Heard Before Judge Howay

The Provincial Court of Revision for Mission City Townsito, Dewdney Abbotsford and Nicomen was held in the Court House, Mission City, before Judge Howay on Wednesday February 27th beginning at 10:30.

Mr. J. W. Creighton was there to defend his assessment.

There were quite a large number of appeals—many more than usual, but were disposed of very satisfactorily to the complainants.

Probably one reason for so many appeals this year was the prevalent idea that the present amount of taxation would be doubled by the government, the same as last year—another surtax. Of course Judge Howay could not make any definite statement on this matter, and the best he could do was say 'we all hope not' and explain that the present tax this year included both the tax and the surtax; that the government wishing to increase the taxes had made them retro-active, adding a second tax last year and making the one tax include both this year.

The assessor, Mr. Creighton came through the ordeal, maybe not with flying colors—but with credit, as under such a belief being with the taxpayer, there were bound to be more appeals than in previous years. At one per cent instead of half that amount a man's taxes look awfully big. A number of reductions were made.

Mrs. Fraser of Abbotsford appealed. Lott 777A on Essendene Avenue with two stores was not reduced. It was explained that last year the buildings were not assessed.

Lots 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on side street opposite the Royal bank, assessed at $150; three lots reduced to $100.

Lots 29 and 31 were reduced to $100 each; while others near the G. N. R. were not reduced.

Messrs Worth and Norrish of Dewdney, had no particular complaint against the taxes but had a complaint for "lack of access". They were told to complain to the member for the Dewdney riding, but stated that they had "exhausted that source" and if they did not get access to their property would have to 'get a new country.', or something to that effect. Judge Howay saw that they were making "an official complaint for lack of a road" and promised to do what he could for them.

Mr. Cyrs of Hatzic Prairie made appeal. His land was assessed at $25 per acre which the court did not think was too much.

Mr. Malcolm, who lives near the mouth of the Harrison River and on the banks of the Fraser, stated that his orchard of 12 acres had been all destroyed except about 1-4, and in a couple of years might be brought up to one-half of producing value to what it was before the sivler thaw. Assessor Creighton promised to take this into consideration next year when making the assessment and Mr. Malcolm was satisfied. Mr. Malcolm when he appealed was under the impression that there would be a surtax this year again.

H. Fooks, Agassiz, had J. A. Catherwood appear for him. A reduction of $200 was made

Mrs. Christie appealed on the assessment of Lots 7 and 8, Blk. 7, saying they were 50 per cent too much. This was allowed to stand over.

Mr. Appleby appealed on lots 3 to 18, Block 8. Doubl etaxation here again was the cause. Being no surtax Mr. Appleby really had not much complaint.

He also appeared for Miss Randolph which was not reduced.

Mr. Beharrel appealed on his residence. It was the same valuation as last year but would there be a double taxation this year again.

The appeal of Mrs. Midleton was allowed to stand over.

Mr. Christie appeared on behalf of the Bellevue Hotel as one of the executors. The assessment was reduced from $9000 to $8000.

The apepal of George Cade was laid over. Mr. Verchere appeared on behalf of Mr. Cade. He thought the high asessment on waterfront lots in Mission City was assessing 'great expectations' and was not the value of what it ought to be. Laid over the court to view the property.

Mr. McRae was not present.

Mrs. Hallam's assessment was reduced $200 on the valuation of the house.

Wm. Abbott's was reduced $2000.

N. C. Fraser thought the value was all right but the rate was wrong, if there was to be a surtax again

Jos. Hallday's appeal was put before the court by J. A. Catherwood and the house valuation was reduced $400.

The valuation on Mrs. Chell's house was reduced $400 and the lots to $100 each.

W. W. Whistler had his assessment reduced $200, being now $4440

Jas. Osborne was absent when his name was called.

The O. M. I. appeal was dismissed.

A. M. Verchere's acre was reduced to $250 an acre.

T. H. Northcote complained of the destruction of the recent 'silver thaw' and said his land would not be as valuable to him this year as last year. Assessor Creighton said he woul dmake a note of this when the next assessment was made.

One of the thre elots os corner of the Stave Lake road and Washington street was reduced and the three lots reduced from $3200 to $1900.

The appeal of Thos. R. Smith was not allowed.

The appeal of Mr. George Wharton was left with the court for consideration.

Perishable Crops

Co-operation Needed For Profitable Marketing of Products

The profitable marketing of perishing crops is a man's job. The producing, packing and grading of your crops is also a man's job. It seldom hapens that the same man can successfully do the dual work, as the care and worry of the latter operation prevents the grower from devoting the neiessary time and attention to study the market, needs and sell his products intelligently.

In a general way, it is safe to say that wherever the two parts of the fruit game has been handled by the individual grower, failure to secure a profit has resulted; hence it is necessary to have an organization to meet the dual need. If the British Columbia grower could sell or turn over to his association for sale all his produce, and if he could give his undivided attention to the many problems of preparing his wares for the market after it is suhcessfully grown he could apply all his energies to that and have great pleasure in so doing. But after all his struggle to bring his produce to the marketing stage, he is often compelled to leave his farm and waste time hunting up a market for it. He has not the time to get in touch with the demand an invariably he sells under the fair market price, which results is a personal loss as well as having a bearing effect on the market.

The chief difficulty, however, lies in the fact that his total crop is seldom a factor in the market's demand Its coming on the market at all is merely an incident in the day's work of a jobbing-house, and more often than not it is a disturbing incident.

There is need, in catering to the market, of having sufficient supply, and this volume the jobber must maintain, so he turns his attention to where this supply is assured. This leaves the individual grower at the mercy of the retail traders and large individual consumers. These dealers in turn sell as they buy, and as the jobbers require a profit the sale to the retail trade, even at the wholesale price, tends to lower the market.

The complaints we hear that farmers are unable to secure the cost of the production for their produce can be traced by investigation to the want of system or organization. Every non-member of the local organization is a contributing unit in his own destruction. A study of the Prairie market bulletin issued last season from Calgary will disclose this condition very clearly. It will be found that in many cases the retail prices were less than those obtained by wholesalers on given dates.

This was made possible by individual shippers consigning produce direct to the retail trade, who in turn proceeded to set the market price they had nothing to lose they invariably featured such consignments as a trade drawing card for their other wares.

Your markets Commissioner had on several occasions to interveiw dealers and call their attention to the injustice of this practice, which these independent shippers fostered by trusting the distant merchant rather than their own association secretary. The difference is obvious between the two opposing conditions. The said manager of the association holds his job by virtue of being able to secure satisfactory returns for his members. The merchant's business depends on attractive prices and it is only human that he is not going to undersell the goods that he buys at the same price as others, but the underpriced consignment is his meat.

The individual shippers suffer for their acts, but the misfortune does not end with their loss; they are usually sufficient to draw the market down with them, and they cause loss to all their associated neighbors.

This has been going on in all parts of the country for years, until the ruinous prices obtained either drove the producers out of business or compelled them to organize to prevent its repitition.

The Kennicwick district in Washington furnished a striking illustration a few years ago. This famous district was threatened with desertion. The farmers were on the verge of pulling up their fruit, as the price realized was unsatisfactory for a period of years. The organized growers and the unorganized stood about 50-50 for and against. The town is supported by fruit-growing and the merchants became alarmed. They hired a band and flags, and in a procession of motor-cars they visited farmers and pleaded with them to save the town by organizing. They secured 95 per cent. the first day, and before another day had passed the other 5 per cent. applied to be taken in out of the cold. From that time on the farmers have prosperous times in Kennicwick; the organization has been maintained, and today they are reckoned one of the model districts.

Similar conditions can be found all over Washington and Oregon. They have passed the unorganized stage but the passing has cost them a very large sum of money. It is up to British Columbia growers to pay the same price for experience, or profit by the experience of others and be on level with them.

Organization to be fully effective should be a buying and selling agency, and members by co-operative buying should buy on the cheapest market and sell on the highest, all being controlled by the law of supply and demand and regulated by a trained manager.

In conclusion, it may be in place to briefly summarize the main advantages of organisation to growers:

(1) It provides for the distribution and marketing of fruits in an orderly economical manner, eliminating ruinous competition.

(2) Secures the services of an experienced sales manager who is as well informed as the buyers.

(3) Secures a uniform and dependable pack.

(4) Gives growers control of their crop from orchard to market, which ensures them power to secure the handling of their crops through legitimate channels of trade at a just cost.

Gives them a uniform and reliable pack; and assures a large choice of varieties, a range of season, and an even distribution.

Co-operation will build up a district and make an indifferent community into a happy, prosperous one.

J. H. JONES
Funeral Director
AGENT FOR HEADSTONES.
Phone Connection, Mission City

LET THERE BE MORE LIGHT

(From Fraser Valley Record.)

After two weary long months the juice was tuned on in Mission City on Wednesday afternoon again

The men are at Abbotsford for a few days giving that town light; and will also attend to Sumas. Matsqui has been in the lime light for some time.

The outlying lines of Mission City and the street lights will be connected up in the next few days.

The editor's "tin Lizze" is now out of commission as a power plant and it seems fine to have the real natural power once more.

In the course of a couple of weeks all the line will be reconstructed, and everybody will have light.

During all this time the Mission Light and Power Plant has been supplying light to the company's customers, and was only out of commission a very short time after the storm—running the next day if we remember rightly.

Hatzic W. I.

The regular monthly meeting of the Hatzic W. I. was held in the Hatzic Hall on February 21st, Mrs. Ferguson presiding. The suggested programme for the year was presented by the directors and met with the approval of the members. It was unanimously decided this year not to serve refreshments at the monthly meetings unless we entertain guests from a distance.

Miss Hodgson's paper "How to Make a Hot Bed" was very much enjoyed and gave us many new ideas.

After an interesting session the members parted having agreed to meet on Thursday to pack the parcels for our Hatzic boys doing their bit in France and elsewhere.

Our deepest sympathy is with the man of few words married to a woman who does a continuous monologue.

A woman would rather people thought she was tailor made than self-made.

It is easy for a man in an upholstered rocker to stand pat.

The young widow begins to talk about her late husband early in life.

A woman's eyes are never too dim to detect the paint on another's face.

If a man is devoted to his wife the neighbors say he is soft, and if he isn't they say he is a brute.

THE TELEPHONE BRINGS HOME NEAR

"When I must be out of town," said a seasoned traveller, "There's nothing so helpful in keeping me at high working pitch as the feeling that home is no further distant than the nearest telephone. I do like to get the daily "all's well," from home And weighed against the comfort and help it gives me, the small sum of the toll charge doesn't count at all."

The telephone highway is always the shortest way home.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE Co. Limited

While wishing you a prosperous Year, might we also suggest that LEE'S BREAD AND GROCERIES are always fresh and of high quality.

ALBERT LEE, Grocer and Baker

See me now about that Insurance

FIRE :-: LIFE

Etc., Etc.

I have a large and splendid supply of Raspberry Canes for sale at low prices. Finest quality.

A. McCallum
Abbotsford

Alexandria Hotel

Farmers' and Travelers trade solicited.
Newly Furnished
Thoroughly Modern

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HUNTINGDON, B. C.